# AUDITOR

## SANDUSKY EDUCATIONAL SERVICE CENTER SANDUSKY COUNTY

**REGULAR AUDIT** 

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1999



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#### REPORT OF INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS

Sandusky Educational Service Center Sandusky County 500 West State Street Fremont, Ohio 43420-2579

To the Governing Board:

We have audited the accompanying general-purpose financial statements of the Sandusky County Educational Service Center (the Service Center) as of and for the year ended June 30, 1999, as listed in the table of contents. These general-purpose financial statements are the responsibility of the Service Center's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these general-purpose financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the general-purpose financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Service Center, as of June 30, 1999, and the results of its operations for the year then ended in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 23, 1999 on our consideration of the Service Center's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grants.

Jim Petro Auditor of State

December 23, 1999

#### Sandusky County Educational Service Center Combined Balance Sheet All Fund Types and Account Groups As of June 30, 1999

	Governmental Fund Types			Account Groups						
						General	General			Totals
		General		Special Revenue		Fixed Assets		ong-Term bligations	(M	emorandum Only)
Assets and other debits:		General		xevenue		7135Ct5		ongations		Omy)
Assets:										
Equity in pooled cash and										
cash equivalents	\$	499,392	\$	106,565	\$	-	\$	-	\$	605,957
Receivables:										
Accounts		15,166		-		-		-		15,166
Intergovernmental		446,545		35,000		-		-		481,545
Fixed assets (net, where applicable,										
of accumulated depreciation)		-		-		436,966		-		436,966
Other debits:										
Amount to be provided from										
general government resources		_						118,554		118,554
Total assets and other debits	\$	961,103	\$	141,565	\$	436,966	\$	118,554	\$	1,658,188
Liabilities, fund equity and other credits:										
<u>Liabilities:</u>										
Accounts payable	\$	1,545	\$	4,111	\$	-	\$	-	\$	5,656
Accrued wages		315,304		3,432		-		-		318,736
Compensated absences payable		9,987		-		-		98,198		108,185
Intergovernmental payable		44,816		353		-		20,356		65,525
Total liabilities		371,652		7,896				118,554		498,102
Fund equity and other credits:										
Investment in general fixed assets		_		_		436,966		_		436,966
Fund balance:						430,700				430,700
Reserved for encumbrances		303		36,657		_		_		36,960
Unreserved, undesignated		589,148		97,012		-		-		686,160
Total fund equity and other credits		589,451		133,669		436,966		_		1,160,086
Total liabilities, fund equity and other credits	\$	961,103	\$	141,565	\$	436,966	\$	118,554	\$	1,658,188
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See accompanying notes to the general purpose financial statements

#### Sandusky County Educational Service Center Combined Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances All Governmental Fund Types For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 1999

		Governmenta				
	G	eneral	Special Revenue	Totals (Memorandum Only)		
Revenues:						
Intergovernmental	\$	4,002,039	\$ 319,870	\$	4,321,909	
Interest		32,428	-		32,428	
Tuition and fees		5,550	1,875		7,425	
Miscellaneous		51,266	 		51,266	
Total revenues		4,091,283	 321,745		4,413,028	
Expenditures:						
Current:						
Instruction:						
Regular		76,642	-		76,642	
Special		2,268,421	3,716		2,272,137	
Vocational		-	42,630		42,630	
Support services:						
Pupils		898,171	50,932		949,103	
Instructional staff		455,545	184,877		640,422	
Board of education		18,403	-		18,403	
Administration		188,162	-		188,162	
Fiscal		82,567	7,090		89,657	
Pupil transportation		4,092	-		4,092	
Central			 7,348		7,348	
Total expenditures		3,992,003	 296,593		4,288,596	
Excess of revenues over expenditures		99,280	 25,152		124,432	
Other financing sources:						
Refund of prior year expenditures		10,066	 -		10,066	
Total other financing sources		10,066	 		10,066	
Excess of revenues and other financing sources						
over expenditures		109,346	25,152		134,498	
Fund balances at beginning of year	-	480,105	 108,517		588,622	
Fund balances at end of year	\$	589,451	\$ 133,669	\$	723,120	

See accompanying notes to the general purpose financial statements

Sandusky Educational Service Center
Combined Statement of Revenues, Expenditures
and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual
All Governmental Fund Types
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 1999

	Governmental Fund Types						
	Revised Budget	General Fund  Actual	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)				
Revenues: Intergovernmental Interest Tuition and fees Miscellaneous	\$ 3,186,125 27,000 5,000 892,264	\$ 4,086,592 32,620 5,550 36,276	\$ 900,467 5,620 550 (855,988)				
Expenditures: Current: Instruction: Regular Special Vocational Support services: Pupils Instructional staff Board of education Administration Fiscal Pupil transportation Central	4,110,389  88,121 2,324,439  928,494 490,247 19,543 204,651 93,568 5,327	75,402 2,255,807 875,853 458,638 18,403 193,920 80,282 4,076	50,649  12,719 68,632  52,641 31,609 1,140 10,731 13,286 1,251				
Total expenditures  Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures	4,154,390 (44,001)	3,962,381	192,009 242,658				
Other financing sources: Other financing sources  Total other financing sources  Excess of revenues and other financing sources over (under) expenditures	6,800 6,800 (37,201)	10,066 10,066 208,723	3,266 3,266 245,924				
Fund balances at beginning of year	287,043	287,043	-				
Prior year encumbrances appropriated	1,778	1,778					
Fund balances at end of year	\$ 251,620	\$ 497,544	\$ 245,924				

See accompanying notes to the general purpose financial statements

Special Revenue Funds   Variance   Revised   Budget   Actual   (Unfavorable)   Budget   Actual   (   \$ 681,751   \$ 284,907   \$ (396,844)   \$ 3,867,876   \$ 4,371,499   \$ 27,000   32,620	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)
1,875	503,623 5,620 550 (855,988)
683,626 286,782 (396,844) 4,794,015 4,447,820	(346,195)
88,121 75,402 39,257 38,814 443 2,363,696 2,294,621 49,763 42,630 7,133 49,763 42,630	12,719 69,075 7,133
57,888     51,893     5,995     986,382     927,746       282,879     185,026     97,853     773,126     643,664       -     -     19,543     18,403	58,636 129,462 1,140
204,651 193,920 7,590 7,590 - 101,158 87,872 5,327 4,076	10,731 13,286 1,251
10,830     7,439     3,391     10,830     7,439       448,207     333,392     114,815     4,602,597     4,295,773	3,391
235,419 (46,610) (282,029) 191,418 152,047	(39,371)
	3,266
<u>-</u> <u>-</u> <u>6,800</u> <u>10,066</u>	3,266
235,419 (46,610) (282,029) 198,218 162,113	(36,105)
112,055	-
\$ 347,833 \$ 65,804 \$ (282,029) \$ 599,453 \$ 563,348 \$	(36,105)

Notes to the General Purpose Financial Statements For the fiscal year ended June 30, 1999

#### NOTE 1 - DESCRIPTION OF THE SERVICE CENTER

The Sandusky County Educational Service Center (the "Service Center") is a body politic and corporate established for the purpose of exercising the rights and privileges conveyed to it by the constitution and laws of the State of Ohio.

The Service Center is a County Educational Service Center as defined by Section 3313.01 of the Ohio Revised Code. The Service Center operates under an elected Board of Governors (5 members). Board members must be residents of the local school systems located in Sandusky County. The Service Center provides educational services to the local school systems in Sandusky County as well as city school districts which have a contractual relationship with the Service Center. The Service Center employed fifty-six certificated employees and twenty-nine non-certificated employees at year end.

#### NOTE 2 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of the Service Center have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting entity for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The Service Center's significant accounting policies are described below.

#### A. Reporting Entity

The reporting entity is composed of the primary government, component units and other organizations that are included to ensure that the financial statements of the Service Center are not misleading. The primary government consists of all funds, departments, boards and agencies that are not legally separate from the Service Center. For the Service Center, this includes only the general operations of the Service Center.

Component units are legally separate organizations for which the Service Center is financially accountable. The Service Center is financially accountable for an organization if the Service Center appoints a voting majority of the organizations' governing board and (1) the Service Center is able to significantly influence the programs or services performed or provided by the organization; or (2) the Service Center is legally entitled to or can otherwise access the organizations' resources; the Service Center is legally obligated or has otherwise assumed the responsibility to finance the deficits of, or provide financial support to, the organization; or the Service Center is obligated for the debt of the organization. Component units may also include organizations that are fiscally dependent on the Service Center in that the Service Center approves the budget, the issuance of debt or the levying of taxes.

The Service Center is associated with the Northern Ohio Educational Computer Association, which is defined as a jointly governed organization. A jointly governed organization is governed by representatives from each of the governments that create the organization, but there is no ongoing financial interest or responsibility by the participating governments. Information regarding this organization is presented in Note 11.

Notes to the General Purpose Financial Statements For the fiscal year ended June 30, 1999

#### B. Basis of Presentation - Fund Accounting

The Service Center uses funds and account groups to report on its financial position and the results of its operations. Fund accounting is designed to demonstrate legal compliance and to aid financial management by segregating transactions related to certain Service Center functions or activities.

A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts recording cash and other financial resources, together with all related liabilities and residual equities or balances, and changes therein, which are segregated for the purpose of carrying on specific activities or attaining certain objectives in accordance with special restrictions or limitations. An account group is a financial reporting device designed to provide accountability for certain assets and liabilities not recorded in the funds because they do not directly affect net expendable available financial resources.

For financial statement presentation purposes, the various funds of the Service Center are grouped into the generic fund types under the broad governmental fund category.

#### Governmental Fund Types

Governmental funds are those through which most governmental functions of the Service Center are financed. The acquisition, use, and balances of the Service Center's expendable financial resources and the related current liabilities are accounted for through governmental funds. The following are the Service Center's governmental fund types:

<u>General Fund:</u> The general fund is the operating fund of the Service Center and is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The general fund balance is available to the Service Center for any purpose provided it is expended or transferred according to the general laws of Ohio.

<u>Special Revenue Funds:</u> The special revenue funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are legally restricted to expenditure for specified purposes.

#### Account Groups

To make a clear distinction between fixed assets related to a specific fund and those of general government, and between long-term liabilities related to specific funds and those of a general nature, the following account groups are used:

<u>General Fixed Assets Account Group:</u> This account group is established to account for all fixed assets of the Service Center.

<u>General Long-term Obligations Account Group:</u> This account group is established to account for all long-term obligations of the Service Center.

Notes to the General Purpose Financial Statements For the fiscal year ended June 30, 1999

#### C. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

The accounting and financial reporting treatment applied to a fund is determined by its measurement focus. All governmental fund types are accounted for using a flow of current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities are generally included on the combined balance sheet. Operating statements of these funds present increases (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and decreases (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) in net current assets.

Basis of accounting refers to when revenues and expenditures or expenses are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. Basis of accounting relates to the timing of the measurements made.

The modified accrual basis of accounting is followed for the governmental funds. Under this basis, revenues are recognized in the accounting period when they become both measurable and available. "Measurable" means the amount of the transaction can be determined and "available" means collectible within the current fiscal year or soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current fiscal year. The available period for the Service Center is sixty days after year end.

In applying the susceptible to accrual concept under the modified accrual basis, the following revenue sources are deemed both measurable and available: investment earnings, customer services, grants and entitlements, and fees.

The Service Center reports deferred revenues on its combined balance sheet. Deferred revenues arise when a potential revenue does not meet both the measurable and available criteria for recognition in the current period. In the subsequent period, when both revenue recognition criteria are met, the liability for deferred revenue is removed from the combined balance sheet and revenue is recognized.

The measurement focus of governmental fund accounting is on decreases in net financial resources (expenditures) rather than expenses. Expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred, if measurable. The costs of accumulated unpaid vacation and sick leave are reported as fund liabilities in the period in which they will be liquidated with available financial resources rather than in the period earned by employees. Allocations of cost, such as depreciation and amortization, are not recognized in the governmental funds.

#### D. Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

The budgetary process is prescribed by provisions of the Ohio Revised Code and entails the preparation of budgetary documents within an established timetable. The major document prepared is the appropriation resolution which is prepared on the budgetary basis of accounting. The appropriations resolution is subject to amendment throughout the year with the legal restriction that appropriations cannot exceed estimated resources. All funds are legally required to be budgeted and appropriated. The primary level of budgetary control is at the object level within each function. Any budgetary modifications at this level may only be made by resolution of the Governing Board of the Service Center.

Notes to the General Purpose Financial Statements For the fiscal year ended June 30, 1999

#### **Appropriations:**

The Governing Board of the Service Center must submit an annual appropriation of operating expenses to the State Board of Education for approval in accordance with ORC Section 3317.11. Part of the Service Center's operating expenses are apportioned among the member districts under the basis of the total number of pupils in each district and deducted from funds allocated to local districts under the State's School Foundation Program. Prior to the passage of the Annual Appropriation Resolution, the Board may pass a temporary resolution to meet the ordinary expenses of the Service Center. Appropriations by fund must be within the estimated resources and the total expenditures and encumbrances may not exceed the appropriation at any level of control. Any revisions that alter the total of any fund appropriation or alter total function appropriations within a fund, or alter object appropriations within functions, must be approved by the Service Center.

The Board may pass supplemental fund appropriations so long as the total appropriations by fund do not exceed estimated resources. During the year, an annual and final appropriation measure was legally enacted; however, none of these changes were significant.

The budget figures, which appear in the statements of budgetary comparisons, represent the final appropriation amounts, including all amendments and modifications. Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year for all funds, other than agency funds, consistent with statutory provisions. Under Ohio law advances are not required to be budgeted.

#### **Encumbrances:**

As part of formal budgetary control, purchase orders, contracts and other commitments for the expenditure of monies are recorded as the equivalent of expenditures on the non-GAAP budgetary basis in order to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation and to determine and maintain legal compliance. Expenditures plus encumbrances may not legally exceed appropriations. On the GAAP basis, encumbrances outstanding at fiscal year end are reported as a reservation of fund balance for subsequent-year expenditures for governmental funds.

#### **Lapsing of Appropriations:**

At the close of each fiscal year, the unencumbered balance of each appropriation reverts to the respective fund from which it was appropriated and becomes subject to future appropriations. The encumbered appropriation balance is carried forward to the succeeding fiscal year and need not be reappropriated.

Notes to the General Purpose Financial Statements For the fiscal year ended June 30, 1999

#### E. Cash and Investments

To improve cash management, all cash received by the Service Center is pooled in a central bank account. Monies for all funds are maintained in this account or temporarily used to purchase short term investments. Individual fund integrity is maintained through Service Center records. Each fund's interest in the pool is presented as "Equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents" on the balance sheet. During the fiscal year, investments were limited to overnight repurchase agreements which are reported at fair value. Under existing Ohio statutes, all investment earnings accrue to the General Fund except those specifically related to certain trust funds, unless the Board specifically allows the interest to be recorded in other funds.

For purposes of the presentation on the combined balance sheet, investments of the cash management pool and investments with original maturities of three months or less at the time they are purchased by the Service Center are considered to be cash equivalents. Investments with an initial maturity of more than three months are reported as investments.

#### F. Fixed Assets and Depreciation

General fixed assets are not capitalized in the funds used to acquire or construct them. Instead, capital acquisition and construction costs are reflected as expenditures in governmental funds, and related assets are reported in the general fixed assets account group. All fixed assets are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost) and updated for additions and retirements during the year. Donated fixed assets are recorded at their fair market values as of the date received. The Service Center capitalizes assets with an original cost of at least one hundred fifty dollars and an estimated useful life of five to twenty years. The Service Center does not possess any infrastructure.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an asset's life are not capitalized. Improvements are capitalized. Assets in the general fixed assets account group are not depreciated. The Service Center's policy is not to capitalize interest costs associated with construction.

#### **G.** Intergovernmental Revenues

For governmental funds, intergovernmental revenues, such as grants awarded on a non-reimbursement basis and entitlements, are recorded at the time of receipt or earlier if the susceptible to accrual criteria are met. Reimbursement type grants are recorded as receivables and revenues when the related expenditures are incurred and all other grant requirements have been met.

Notes to the General Purpose Financial Statements For the fiscal year ended June 30, 1999

The Service Center currently participates in several State and Federal programs, categorized as follows:

**Entitlements** 

<u>General Fund</u> State Foundation Program

Non-Reimbursable Grants

Special Revenue Funds

Drug Free Schools School-to-Work Entry Year Parent Mentor Learning with Technology Watch Them Grow Nutrition Education Postponing Sexual Involvement Children's Trust Fund Preschool Disabilities Arts Start Artist

#### H. Compensated Absences

Vacation benefits are accrued as a liability as the benefits are earned if the employee's rights to receive compensation are attributable to services already rendered and it is probable that the Service Center will compensate the employees for the benefits through paid time off or some other means. Sick leave benefits are accrued as a liability using the vesting method. An accrual for earned sick leave is made to the extent it is probable that benefits will result in termination payments. The liability is an estimate based on Service Center employees who are considered eligible or potentially eligible to retire.

Accumulated vacation and sick leave of employees paid from governmental funds has been recorded in the appropriate governmental funds as a current liability to the extent that the amounts are expected to be paid using expendable available financial resources. The balance of the liability is recorded in the general long-term obligations account group.

#### I. Accrued Liabilities and Long-term Obligations

In general, governmental fund payables and accrued liabilities are reported as obligations of the funds regardless of whether they will be liquidated with current resources. However, claims and judgments, compensated absences, contractually required pension contributions, and special termination benefits that will be paid from governmental funds are reported as a liability in the general long-term obligations account group to the extent that they will not be paid with current available expendable financial resources.

Notes to the General Purpose Financial Statements For the fiscal year ended June 30, 1999

#### J. Interfund Transactions

Quasi-external transactions are accounted for as revenues, expenditures or expenses. Transactions that constitute reimbursements to a fund for expenditures/expenses initially made from it that are properly applicable to another fund are recorded as expenditures/expenses in the reimbursing fund and as reductions of expenditures/expenses in the fund that is reimbursed.

Nonrecurring or nonroutine permanent transfers of equity are reported as residual equity transfers. All other interfund transfers are reported as operating transfers.

#### **K.** Fund Equity

The Service Center records reservations for portions of fund equity which are legally segregated for specific future use or which do not represent available expendable resources and therefore are not available for appropriations for expenditures. Unreserved fund balance indicates that portion of fund equity, which is available for appropriation, in future periods. Fund equity reserves are established for encumbrances.

#### L. Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

#### M. Memorandum Only - Total Columns on General Purpose Financial Statements

Total columns on the general purpose financial statements are captioned "Total Memorandum Only" to indicate that they are presented only to facilitate financial analysis. Data in these columns do not present financial position, results of operations, or cash flows in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles. Neither is such data comparable to a consolidation. Interfund eliminations have not been made in the aggregation of this data.

#### **NOTE 3 - BUDGETARY BASIS OF ACCOUNTING**

While reporting financial position, results of operations and changes in fund balance on the basis of generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP), the budgetary basis as provided by law and described above is based upon accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts and disbursements.

The Combined Statement of Revenue, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances, Budget and Actual, All Governmental Fund Types is presented on the budgetary basis to provide a meaningful comparison of actual results with the budget. The major differences between the budget basis and the GAAP basis are that:

(a) Revenues are recorded when received in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when susceptible to accrual (GAAP basis).

Notes to the General Purpose Financial Statements For the fiscal year ended June 30, 1999

- (b) Expenditures/expenses are recorded when paid in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when the liability is incurred (GAAP basis).
- (c) Encumbrances are treated as expenditures/expenses for all funds (budget basis) rather than as a reservation of fund balance for governmental fund types (GAAP basis).

Adjustments necessary to convert the results of operations at the end of the year on the Budget Basis to the GAAP basis are as follows:

Expe	enditures and O	ther Financing	Uses	5
				Special
		<u>General</u>		<u>Revenue</u>
GAAP Basis	\$	109,346	\$	25,152
Revenue Accruals		69,755		(34,963)
Expenditure Accruals		31,470		3,962
Encumbrances (Budget Basis)				
Outstanding at year end	_	(1,848)		(40,761)
Budget Basis	\$	208,723	\$	(46,610)

#### **NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS**

State statutes classify monies held by the Service Center into three categories.

Active deposits are public deposits necessary to meet current demands on the treasury. Such monies must be maintained either as cash in the Service Center Treasury, in commercial accounts payable or withdrawable on demand, including negotiable order of withdrawal (NOW) accounts, or in money market deposit accounts.

Inactive deposits are public deposits that the Board of Governors has identified as not required for use within the current two year period of designation of depositories. Inactive deposits must either be evidenced by certificates of deposit maturing not later than the end of the current period of designation of depositories, or by savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts.

Interim deposits are deposits of interim moneys. Interim moneys are those moneys which are not needed for immediate use but which will be needed before the end of the current period of designation of depositories. Interim deposits must be evidenced by time certificates of deposit maturing not more than one year from the date of deposit or by savings or deposit accounts including pass book accounts. Interim moneys may be invested in the following obligations provided they mature or are redeemable within five years from the date of settlement:

1. United States treasury bills, notes, bonds, or any other obligations or security issued by the United States treasury or any other obligation guaranteed as to principal and interest by the United States:

Notes to the General Purpose Financial Statements For the fiscal year ended June 30, 1999

- 2. Bonds, notes, debentures, or other obligations or securities issued by any federal government agency or instrumentality. All federal agency securities shall be direct issuances of federal government agencies or instrumentalities;
- 3. Written repurchase agreements for a period not to exceed thirty days in securities listed above that mature within five years from the date of settlement;
- 4. Bonds and other obligations of the State of Ohio;
- 5. No-load money market mutual funds consisting exclusively of obligations described in item (1) or (2) above and repurchase agreements secured by such obligations, provided that investments in securities described in this division are made only through eligible institutions;
- 6. The State Treasurer's investment pool (STAR Ohio); and
- 7. Certain bankers' acceptances and commercial paper notes in an amount not to exceed twenty-five percent of the interim moneys available for investment at any one time and for a period not to exceed one hundred eighty days.

Protection of the Service Center's deposits is provided by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation, by eligible securities pledged by the financial institution as security for repayment, by surety company bonds deposited with the Treasurer by the financial institution or by a single collateral pool established by the financial institution to secure the repayment of all public moneys deposited with the institution.

Investments may only be made through specified dealers and institutions. Payment for investments may be made only upon delivery of the securities representing the investments to the Treasurer or, if the securities are not represented by a certificate, upon receipt of confirmation of transfer from the custodian.

<u>Deposits</u>: The carrying value of the Service Center's deposits was \$405,957 and the bank balances of the deposits totaled \$507,072. Of the bank balance, \$100,000 was covered by federal depository insurance. \$407,072 was collaterized with securities held by the pledging institution's trust department or agent but not in the Service Center's name.

<u>Investments</u>: GASB Statement No. 3 "Deposits with Financial Institutions, Investments and Reverse Repurchase Agreements" requires that the Service Center's investments be classified in categories of risk. Category 1 includes investments that are insured or registered or for which the securities are held by the Service Center or its agent in the Service Center's name. Category 2 includes uninsured and unregistered investments for which the securities are held by the counterparty's trust department or agent in the Service Center's name. Category 3 includes investments for which the securities are held by the counterparty, or by its trust department or agent but not in the Service Center's name.

All interest is legally required to be placed in the General fund. Due to these provisions, the General fund received \$32,620. If these provisions were not in effect, this fund would have only been allocated approximately \$27,026, based on a distribution proportionate to an average fund balance.

Notes to the General Purpose Financial Statements For the fiscal year ended June 30, 1999

The only Service Center investment at year end was a repurchase agreement. It is a Category 3 investment, with a carrying value and a fair value of \$200,000.

#### **NOTE 5 - RECEIVABLES**

Receivables at year end consisted of accounts (tuition and excess costs), interfund and intergovernmental grants and entitlements. All receivables are considered collectible in full due to the stable condition of State programs, and the current year guarantee of federal funds. The general and special revenue funds' intergovernmental receivable at year end consisted of \$446,545 and \$35,000, respectively.

#### **NOTE 6 - FIXED ASSETS**

General Fixed Assets: Changes in general fixed assets during the fiscal year were as follows:

	Balance <u>July 1</u>		<u>Additions</u>		<u>Deletions</u>	Balance <u>June 30</u>
Furniture, fixtures, and equipment	\$	421,496	\$	16,247	\$ 777 \$	436,966

#### **NOTE 7 - RISK MANAGEMENT**

The Service Center is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft or damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. These risks are covered by commercial insurance purchased from independent third parties. There have been no settlements paid in excess of insurance nor has insurance coverage been significantly reduced in the past three years.

The Service Center provides life insurance and accidental death and dismemberment insurance to its employees.

The Service Center has contracted with the Ohio Mid Eastern Regional Educational Service Agency (OME-RESA) to provide medical/surgical and dental for its employees and their covered dependents. The OME-RESA is a shared risk pool comprised of multiple entities. The Service Center pays monthly contributions that are placed in a fund from which eligible claims are paid for employees and their covered dependents. Claims are paid for all participants regardless of claims flow. In the event of termination, all participating entities' claims would be paid without regard to their individual account balances. The OME-RESA Board of Directors has authority to return monies to an exiting entity subsequent to the settlement of all claims and expenses.

The Service Center pays the State Workers' Compensation System a premium based on a rate per \$100 of salaries. This rate is calculated based on accident history and administrative costs.

Notes to the General Purpose Financial Statements For the fiscal year ended June 30, 1999

#### **NOTE 8 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS**

#### A. School Employees Retirement System

The Service Center contributes to the School Employees Retirement System of Ohio (SERS), a cost-sharing multiple employer defined benefit pension plan. SERS provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided by state statute per Chapter 3309 of the Ohio Revised Code. SERS issues a publicly available, stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained by writing to the School Employees Retirement System, 45 North Fourth Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215-3634.

Plan members are required to contribute nine percent of their annual covered salary and the Service Center is required to contribute an actuarially determined rate of fourtenn percent of annual covered payroll. The contribution requirements of plan members and employers are established and may be amended, up to the statutory maximum amounts, by the SERS Retirement Board. The Service Center's required contributions for pension obligations to SERS for the fiscal years ended June 30, 1999, 1998, and 1997 were \$122,530, \$109,564, and \$91,540, respectively; seventy-five percent has been contributed for fiscal year 1999 and 100 percent for the fiscal years 1998 and 1997. \$26,605 representing the unpaid contribution for fiscal year 1999, is recorded as a liability within the respective funds and the general long-term obligations account group.

#### **B.** State Teachers Retirement System

The Service Center contributes to the State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio (STRS), a cost-sharing multiple employer defined benefit pension plan. STRS provides basic retirement benefits, disability, survivor, and health care benefits based on eligible service credit to members and beneficiaries. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided by state statute per Chapter 3307 of the Ohio Revised Code. STRS issues a publicly available, stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained by writing to the State Teachers Retirement System, 275 East Broad Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215-3771.

Plan members are required to contribute 9.3 percent of their annual covered salary and the Service Center is required to contribute an actuarilly determined rate of fourteen percent of annual covered payroll. Contribution rates are established by STRS, upon recommendation of its consulting actuary, not to exceed statutory maximum rates of ten percent for members and fourteen percent for employers. The Service Center's required contributions for pension obligations to STRS for the fiscal years ended June 30, 1999, 1998, and 1997 were \$309,609, \$286,887, and \$295,485, respectively; eighty-five percent has been contributed for fiscal year 1999 and 100 percent for the fiscal years 1998 and 1997. \$46,117 representing the unpaid contribution for fiscal year 1999 is recorded as a liability within the respective funds.

Notes to the General Purpose Financial Statements For the fiscal year ended June 30, 1999

#### **NOTE 9 – POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS**

Comprehensive health care benefits are provided to retired teachers and their dependents through the State Teachers Retirement System (STRS). Benefits include hospitalization, physicians' fees, prescription drugs and reimbursement of monthly Medicare premiums. All benefit recipients and sponsored dependents are eligible for health care coverage. Benefit provisions and the obligations to contribute are established by the STRS based on authority granted by State statute. Most benefit recipients are required to pay a portion of the health care cost in the form of a monthly premium.

By Ohio law, the cost of coverage paid from STRS funds shall be included in the employer contribution rate, currently fourteen percent of covered payroll. The retirement board currently allocates employer contributions equal to eight percent of covered payroll to the Health Care Reserve Fund from which payments for health care benefits are paid. For the Service Center this amount equaled \$178,469 during the 1999 fiscal year. The balance in the Health Care Reserve Fund for the STRS was \$2,156 million at June 30, 1998, (latest information available). For the year ended June 30, 1998, the net health care costs paid by the STRS were \$219,224,000 and eligible benefit recipients totaled 91,999.

For the School Employees Retirement System (SERS), coverage is made available to service retirees with ten or more years of qualifying service credit, disability and survivor benefit recipients. Members retiring on or after August 1, 1989, with less than twenty-five years of service credit must pay a portion of their premium for health care. The portion is based on years of service up to a maximum of seventy-five percent of the premium. For this fiscal year, employer contributions to fund health care benefits were 4.98 percent of covered payroll. In addition, SERS levies a surcharge to fund health care benefits equal to fourteen percent of the difference between a minimum pay and the member's pay, pro-rated for partial service credit. For fiscal year 1998, the minimum pay has been established at \$12,400. The surcharge, added to the unallocated portion of the fourteen percent contribution rate, provides for maintenance of the asset target level for the health care fund. For the Service Center, the amount of employer contributions used to fund health care equaled \$37,298, which includes a surcharge of \$20,356 during the 1999 fiscal year.

Health care benefits are financed on a pay-as-you-go basis. The target level for the health care reserve is 125% of annual health care expenses. Expenses for health care at June 30, 1998, (latest information available) were \$111,900,575 and the target level was \$139.9 million. At June 30, 1998, the SERS's net assets available for payment of health care benefits was \$160.3 million, at cost. The number of participants receiving health care benefits was approximately 50,000.

Notes to the General Purpose Financial Statements For the fiscal year ended June 30, 1999

#### **NOTE 10 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS**

Changes in long-term obligations of the Service Center during the fiscal year were as follows:

	Balance <u>July 1</u>		<u>Additions</u>		<u>Deletions</u>			Balance <u>June 30</u>		
General Long-Term Obligations										
Compensated absences	\$	108,431	\$	-	\$	10,233	\$	98,198		
Employer pension obligations		18,021		20,356		18,021		20,356		
Total General Long-Term Obligation.	\$	126,452	\$	20,356	\$	28,254	\$	118,554		

<u>Compensated absences:</u> Sick leave benefits will be paid from the fund from which the person is paid. Additions and deletions of accrued vacation and sick leave are shown net since it is impractical for the Service Center to determine these amounts separately.

<u>Employer pension obligations:</u> Employer pension due to the School Employees Retirement System will be paid from the fund from which the person is paid.

#### **NOTE 11 - JOINTLY GOVERNED ORGANIZATIONS**

Northern Ohio Educational Computer Association (NOECA) is the computer service organization or Data Acquisition Site (DAS) used by the Service Center. NOECA is an association of thirty-seven public school districts and five county educational service centers in a geographic area determined by the Ohio Department of Education. The purpose of the consortium is to develop and employ a computer system efficiently and effectively for the needs of the members. All service centers and school districts in the consortium are required to pay fees, charges, and assessments as charged.

A board made up of superintendents from all of the participating districts and service centers governs NOECA. An elected Executive Board consisting of five members of the governing board is the managerial body of the consortium and meets on a monthly basis. The Service Center does not maintain an ongoing financial interest or an ongoing financial responsibility. Payments to NOECA are made from the General Fund. During fiscal year 1999, the Service Center contributed \$632 to NOECA. Financial information can be obtained from Betty Schwiefert, who serves as Controller, 2900 South Columbus Avenue, Sandusky, Ohio 44870.

#### **NOTE 12 - CONTINGENT LIABILITIES**

The Service Center has received federal and state grants for specific purposes that are subject to review and audit by the grantor agencies or their designee. These audits could lead to a request for reimbursement to the grantor agency for expenditures disallowed under the terms of the grant. Based on prior experience, the Service Center's management believes such disallowance, if any, will be immaterial.

Notes to the General Purpose Financial Statements For the fiscal year ended June 30, 1999

On March 24, 1997, the Ohio Supreme Court rendered a decision declaring certain portions of the Ohio school funding plan unconstitutional. The Court stayed the effect of its ruling for one year to allow the State's legislature to design a plan to remedy the perceived defects in the system. Declared unconstitutional was the State's "school foundation program", which provides significant amounts of monetary support to this Service Center. During the fiscal year ended June 30, 1999, the Service Center received \$1,284,304 of school foundation support for its general fund.

Since the Supreme Court ruling, numerous pieces of legislation have been passed by the State legislature in an attempt to address the issues identified by the Court. The Court of Common Pleas in Perry County has reviewed the new laws and, in a decision issued on February 26, 1999, determined they are not sufficiently responsive to the constitutional issues raised under the "thorough and efficient" clause of the Ohio Constitution. The State has appealed the decision made by the Court of Common Pleas to the Ohio Supreme Court. As of the opinion date of these financial statements, the Ohio Supreme Court has not rendered an opinion on this issue. The decision of the Court of Common Pleas in Perry County has been stayed by the Ohio Supreme Court. As such, school districts, including this Service Center, are still operating under the laws that the Common Pleas Court declared unconstitutional.

As of the date of these financial statements, the Service Center is unable to determine what effect, if any, this decision will have on its future state funding under this Program.

#### **NOTE 13 – THE YEAR 2000 ISSUES**

The year 2000 is the result of shortcomings in many electronic data processing systems and other equipment that may adversely affect the School District's operations as early as fiscal 1999.

The Service Center has completed an inventory of computer systems and other equipment necessary to conducting Service Center operations and has identified such systems as being financial reporting, payroll and employee benefits, equipment inventory and education management information reporting.

The Service Center uses the State of Ohio Uniform School Accounting System (USAS) for financial reporting, the Uniform Staff Payroll System (USPS) for payroll and employee benefits, the Equipment Inventory System (EIS) for equipment and vehicle inventory and the Education Management and Information System (EMIS) for educational statistics reporting. The State of Ohio distributes a substantial sum of money to the Service Center in the form of "Foundation" and federal and state grant payments. Further, the State processes a significant amount of financial and non-financial information about the Service Center through EMIS. The State is responsible for remediating these systems.

The State is solely responsible for any costs associated with the Foundation processing and EMIS systems.

Because of the unprecedented nature of the Year 2000 issue, its effects and the success of related remediation efforts will not be fully determinable until the year 2000 and thereafter. Management cannot assure that the Service Center is or will be Year 2000 ready, that the Service Center's remediation efforts will be successful in whole or in part, or that parties with whom the Service Center does business will be year 2000 ready.

Notes to the General Purpose Financial Statements For the fiscal year ended June 30, 1999

#### **NOTE 14 – FUND DEFICITS**

As of June 30, 1999, one fund had a deficit fund balance. This deficit was caused by the application of generally accepted accounting principles. The general fund provides transfers to cover deficit balances in other funds; however, this is done when cash is needed rather than when accruals occur. The Children's Trust special revenue fund had a deficit at year-end of \$239.



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### REPORT OF INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS ON COMPLIANCE AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL REQUIRED BY GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Sandusky Educational Service Center Sandusky County 500 West State Street Fremont, Ohio 43420-2579

To the Governing Board:

We have audited the financial statements of the Sandusky County Educational Service Center (the Service Center) as of and for the year ended June 30, 1999, and have issued our report thereon dated December 23, 1999. We conducted our audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

#### Compliance

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Service Center's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grants, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

#### **Internal Control Over Financial Reporting**

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the Service Center's internal control over financial reporting in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements and not to provide assurance on the internal control over financial reporting. Our consideration of the internal control over financial reporting would not necessarily disclose all matters in the internal control over financial reporting that might be material weaknesses. A material weakness is a condition in which the design or operation of one or more of the internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that misstatements in amounts that would be material in relation to the financial statements being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions. We noted no matters involving the internal control over financial reporting and its operation that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, we noted other matters involving the internal control over financial reporting that do not require inclusion in this report, that we have reported to management of the Service Center in a separate letter dated December 23, 1999.

Sandusky Educational Service Center Sandusky County Report of Independent Accountants on Compliance and on Internal Control Required by *Government Auditing Standards* Page 2

This report is intended for the information and use of management and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Jim Petro Auditor of State

December 23, 1999



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# SANDUSKY EDUCATIONAL SERVICE CENTER SANDUSKY COUNTY

#### **CLERK'S CERTIFICATION**

This is a true and correct copy of the report which is required to be filed in the Office of the Auditor of State pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in Columbus, Ohio.

**CLERK OF THE BUREAU** 

Susan Babbitt

CERTIFIED JANUARY 25, 2000