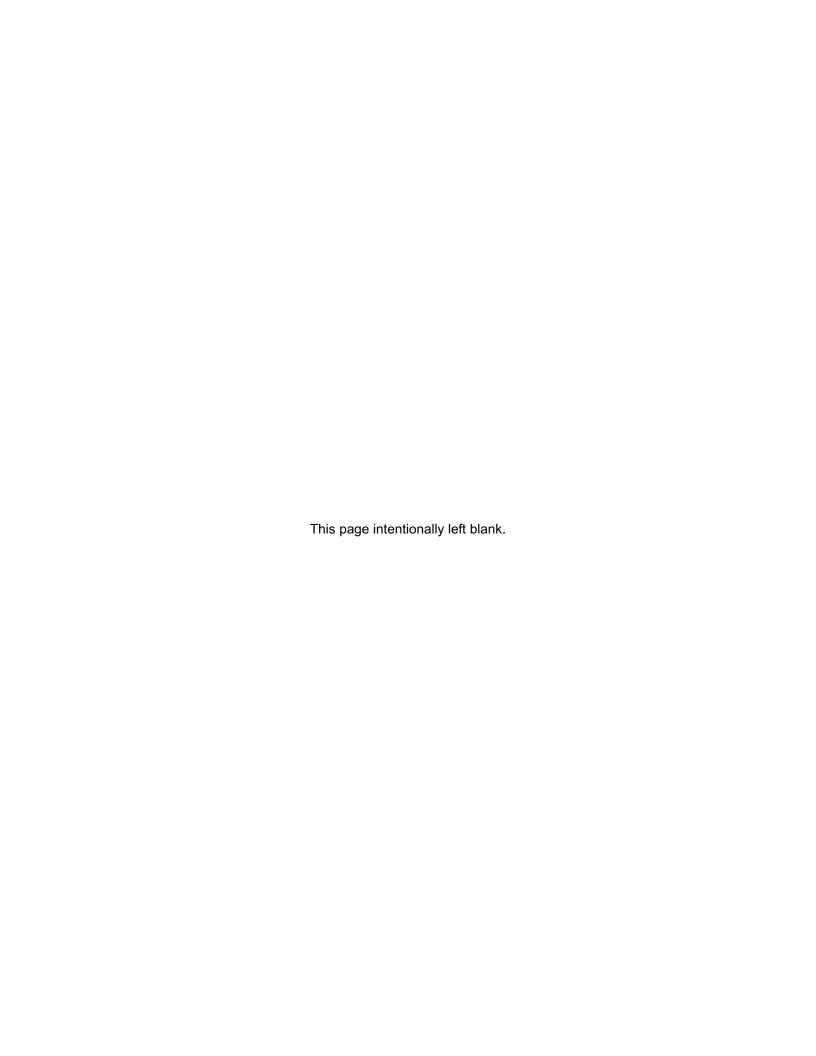
REGULAR AUDIT

FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 1999 AND 1998



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REPORT OF INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS

Village of Rushsylvania Logan County P.O. Box 204 Rushsylvania, Ohio 43347

To the Village Council:

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the Village of Rushsylvania, Logan County, Ohio, (the Village) as of and for the years ended December 31, 1999 and 1998. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Village's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

As discussed in Note 1, the Village prepares its financial statements on the basis of accounting prescribed or permitted by the Auditor of State, which is a comprehensive basis of accounting other than generally accepted accounting principles.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the combined fund cash balances of the Village as of December 31, 1999 and 1998, and its combined cash receipts and disbursements for the years then ended on the basis of accounting described in Note 1.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated May 10, 2000 on our consideration of the Village's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grants.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the finance committee, management, Village Council and other officials authorized to receive this report under § 117.26, Ohio Revised Code, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Jim Petro Auditor of State

May 10, 2000

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COMBINED STATEMENT OF CASH RECEIPTS, CASH DISBURSEMENTS AND CHANGES IN FUND CASH BALANCES ALL GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 1999

	Govern			
	General	Special Revenue	Capital Projects	Totals (Memorandum Only)
Cash Receipts:				
Property Tax and Other Local Taxes	\$29,272	\$6,930	\$0	\$36,202
Intergovernmental Receipts	74,291	19,186	53,862	147,339
Charges for Services	0	555	0	555
Fines, Licenses, and Permits	2,047	0	0	2,047
Miscellaneous	16,989	1,456	0	18,445
Total Cash Receipts	122,599	28,127	53,862	204,588
Cash Disbursements:				
Current:				
Security of Persons and Property	1,050	10,042	0	11,092
Leisure Time Activities	23,269	0	0	23,269
Community Environment	164	0	0	164
Transportation	30,160	27,422	0	57,582
General Government	31,248	283	0	31,531
Capital Outlay	0	0	53,862	53,862
Total Disbursements	85,891	37,747	53,862	177,500
Total Receipts Over/(Under) Disbursements	36,708	(9,620)	0	27,088
Other Financing Receipts/(Disbursements):				
Transfers-In		9,038	0	9,038
Transfers-Out	(9,038)		0	(9,038)
Total Other Financing Receipts/(Disbursements)	(9,038)	9,038	0	0
Excess of Cash Receipts and Other Financing Receipts Over/(Under) Cash Disbursements and Other Financing Disbursements	27,670	(582)	0	27,088
Fund Cash Balances, January 1	168,174	61,502	0	229,676
Fund Cash Balances, December 31	\$195,844	\$60,920	\$0	\$256,764

COMBINED STATEMENT OF CASH RECEIPTS, CASH DISBURSEMENTS AND CHANGES IN FUND CASH BALANCES ENTERPRISE FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 1999

Operating Cash Receipts: Charges for Services	\$126,810
Charges for Services	Ψ120,010
Operating Cash Disbursements:	
Personal Services	28,411
Contractual Services	40,863
Supplies and Materials	37,683
Total Operating Cash Disbursements	106,957
Operating Income/(Loss)	19,853
Non-Operating Cash Receipts:	
Other Non-Operating Receipts	2,597
Non-Operating Cash Disbursements: Debt Service	26,152
Net Receipts Over/(Under) Disbursements	(3,702)
Fund Cash Balances, January 1	127,795
Fund Cash Balances, December 31	\$124,093

COMBINED STATEMENT OF CASH RECEIPTS, CASH DISBURSEMENTS AND CHANGES IN FUND CASH BALANCES ALL GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 1988

Governmenta	l Func	l Types
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General	Special Revenue	Totals (Memorandum Only)
\$31 566	\$10,637	\$42,203
		96,149
0	115	115
1,708	0	1,708
8,218	1,837	10,055
119,811	30,419	150,230
4 745	44.004	40.700
		12,799
,	•	3,456 37,897
•	•	24,645
	170	24,040
54,624	24,173	78,797
65,187	6,246	71,433
	15 000	15,000
(15,000)	0	(15,000)
(15,000)	15,000	0
50,187	21,246	71,433
117,987	40,256	158,243
\$168,174	\$61,502	\$229,676
	\$31,566 78,319 0 1,708 8,218 119,811 1,715 3,456 24,984 24,469 54,624 65,187 (15,000) (15,000) 50,187	General Revenue \$31,566 \$10,637 78,319 17,830 0 115 1,708 0 8,218 1,837 119,811 30,419 1,715 11,084 3,456 0 24,984 12,913 24,469 176 54,624 24,173 65,187 6,246 (15,000) 0 (15,000) 15,000 50,187 21,246 117,987 40,256

COMBINED STATEMENT OF CASH RECEIPTS, CASH DISBURSEMENTS AND CHANGES IN FUND CASH BALANCES ENTERPRISE FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 1998

Operating Cash Receipts:	
Charges for Services	\$113,091
Operating Cash Disbursements:	
Personal Services	27,669
Contractual Services	23,341
Supplies and Materials	15,351
Capital Outlay	7,874
Total Operating Cash Disbursements	74,235
Operating Income/(Loss)	38,856
Non-Operating Cash Receipts:	
Other Non-Operating Receipts	2,935
Non-Operating Cash Disbursements:	
Debt Service	26,309
Excess of Receipts Over/(Under) Disbursements	
Before Interfund Transfers and Advances	15,482
Transfers-In	11,448
Transfers-Out	(11,448)
Net Receipts Over/(Under) Disbursements	15,482
Fund Cash Balances, January 1	112,313
Fund Cash Balances, December 31	\$127,795

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 1999 AND 1998

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

A. Description of the Entity

The Village of Rushsylvania, Logan County, (the Village) is a body corporate and politic established to exercise the rights and privileges conveyed to it by the constitution and laws of the State of Ohio. The Village is directed by a publicly-elected six-member Council. The Village provides general governmental services, including water and sewer utilities, and park operations (leisure time activities). The Village contracts with the Logan County Sheriff's department to provide security of persons and property.

The Village's management believes these financial statements present all activities for which the Village is financially accountable.

B. Basis of Accounting

These financial statements follow the basis of accounting prescribed or permitted by the Auditor of State, which is similar to the cash receipts and disbursements basis of accounting. Receipts are recognized when received in cash rather than when earned, and disbursements are recognized when paid rather than when a liability is incurred. Budgetary presentations report budgetary expenditures when a commitment is made (i.e., when an encumbrance is approved).

These statements include adequate disclosure of material matters, as prescribed or permitted by the Auditor of State.

C. Cash and Investments

Certificates of deposit are valued at cost.

Investments are reported as assets. Accordingly, purchases of investments are not recorded as disbursements, and sales of investments are not recorded as receipts. Gains or losses at the time of sale are recorded as receipts or disbursements, respectively.

D. Fund Accounting

The Village uses fund accounting to segregate cash and investments that are restricted as to use. The Village classifies its funds into the following types:

1. General Fund

The General Fund is the general operating fund. It is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

2. Special Revenue Fund

These funds are used to account for proceeds from specific sources (other than from trusts or for capital projects) that are restricted to expenditure for specific purposes. The Village had the following significant Special Revenue Funds:

Street Construction, Maintenance and Repair Fund - This fund receives gasoline tax and motor vehicle tax money for constructing, maintaining and repairing Village streets.

Storm Sewer Fund - This fund receives local taxes to fund repair and maintenance of storm sewers.

Street Light Fund - This fund receives local taxes to pay for street lights.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 1999 AND 1998 (Continued)

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

D. Fund Accounting (Continued)

3. Capital Project Funds

These funds are used to account for receipts that are restricted for the acquisition or construction of major capital projects (except those financed through enterprise or trust funds). The Village had the following significant capital project funds in 1999:

Issue II Fund - This fund receives State revenue to repair roads in the Village.

4. Enterprise Funds

These funds account for operations that are similar to private business enterprises where management intends that the significant costs of providing certain goods or services will be recovered through user charges. The Village had the following significant Enterprise Funds:

Water Fund - This fund receives charges for services from residents to cover the cost of providing this utility.

Sewer Fund - This fund receives charges for services from residents to cover the cost of providing this utility.

E. Budgetary Process

The Ohio Revised Code requires that each fund be budgeted annually.

1. Appropriations

Budgetary expenditures (that is, disbursements and encumbrances) may not exceed appropriations at the fund, function or object level of control, and appropriations may not exceed estimated resources. The Council must annually approve appropriation measures and subsequent amendments. The County Budget Commission must also approve the annual appropriation measure. Appropriations lapse at year end.

2. Estimated Resources

Estimated resources include estimates of cash to be received (budgeted receipts) plus cash as of January 1. The County Budget Commission must also approve estimated resources.

3. Encumbrances

The Ohio Revised Code requires the Village to reserve (encumber) appropriations when commitments are made. Encumbrances outstanding at year end are carried over and need not be reappropriated.

A summary of 1999 and 1998 budgetary activity appears in Note 3.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 1999 AND 1998 (Continued)

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

F. Property, Plant and Equipment

Acquisitions of property, plant and equipment are recorded as disbursements when paid. These items are not reflected as assets on the accompanying financial statements.

2. EQUITY IN POOLED CASH AND INVESTMENTS

The Village maintains a cash and investments pool used by all funds. The Ohio Revised Code prescribes allowable deposits and investments. The carrying amount of cash and investments at December 31 was as follows:

	<u>1999</u>	<u>1998</u>
Demand deposits Certificates of deposit	\$ 370,857 10,000	\$ 347,471 10,000
Total deposits	\$ 380,857	\$ 357,471

Deposits: Deposits are either insured by the Federal Depository Insurance Corporation, or collateralized by the financial institution's public entity deposit pool

3. BUDGETARY ACTIVITY

Budgetary activity for the years ending December 31, 1999 and 1998 follows:

1999 Budgeted	l vs. Actual	Receipts
---------------	--------------	----------

		Е	Budgeted		Actual		
Fund Type		Receipts		Receipts		Variance	
General Special Revenue Capital Projects Enterprise		\$	115,000 40,000 0 124,000	\$	122,599 37,165 53,862 129,407	\$	7,599 (2,835) 53,862 5,407
	Total	\$	279,000	\$	343,033	\$	60,033

1999 Budgeted vs. Actual Budgetary Basis Expenditures

Fund Type		Appropriation Authority		Budgetary Expenditures		Variance
General Special Revenue Capital Projects Enterprise		\$	283,174 101,502 0 251,797	\$ 94,929 37,747 53,862 133,109	\$	188,245 63,755 (53,862) 118,688
	Total	\$	636,473	\$ 319,647	\$	316,826

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 1999 AND 1998 (Continued)

3. **BUDGETARY ACTIVITY** (Continued)

1998 Budgeted vs. Actual Receipts

Fund Type		Budgeted Receipts	Actual Receipts	 Variance
General Special Revenue Enterprise		\$ 32,900 28,800 118,000	\$ 119,811 45,419 127,474	\$ 86,911 16,619 9,474
	Total	\$ 179,700	\$ 292,704	\$ 113,004

1998 Budgeted vs. Actual Budgetary Basis Expenditures

Fund Type		Appropriation Authority		Budgetary penditures	Variance		
General Special Revenue Enterprise		\$	150,887 69,056 230,313	\$ 69,624 24,173 111,992	\$	81,263 44,883 118,321	
	Total	\$	450,256	\$ 205,789	\$	244,467	

Ohio Rev. Code Section 5705.36 allows subdivisions to request increased amended certificates of estimated resources. Also, Ohio Revised Code 5705.41 (B) states money is not to be expended unless appropriated. The significant variances shown above for the Capital Projects Fund in 1999 were for monies received from Issue II funds which are monies paid on behalf of the Village for which the Village does not actually receive and disburse cash.

4. PROPERTY TAX

Real property taxes become a lien on January 1 preceding the October 1 date for which rates are adopted by Village Council. The State Board of Tax Equalization adjusts these rates for inflation. Property taxes are also reduced for applicable homestead and rollback deductions. Homestead and rollback amounts are then paid by the State, and are reflected in the accompanying financial statements as Intergovernmental Receipts. Payments are due to the County by December 31. If the property owner elects to make semiannual payment, the first half is due December 31. The second half payment is due the following June 20.

Tangible personal property tax is assessed by the property owners, who must file a list of such property to the County by each April 30.

The County is responsible for assessing property, and for billing, collecting, and distributing all property taxes on behalf of the Village.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 1999 AND 1998 (Continued)

5. DEBT

Debt outstanding at December 31, 1999 was as follows:

		Principal		Interest Rate
Ohio Water Development Authority Loan Sewer Revenue Bonds OPWC Loan EVCISA Loan		\$	39,842 24,000 37,500 2,500	7.54% 5.25% 0.00% 0.00%
-	Total	\$	103,842	

The Sewer Revenue Bonds (bearer bonds) were issued to pay for construction of a sanitary sewerage system. Coupon Bonds were issued in \$1,000 denominations with the first interest payments due January 1, 1967 and principal amounts due in varying increments from July 1, 1970 through July 1, 2006. The Village uses a paying agent to redeem bonds and coupons and maintains a Sewerage System Revenue Bond Redemption and Surplus Account and a Sewerage System Reserve Account with the paying agent.

The Ohio Water Development Authority (OWDA) loan was received to pay for a waste water treatment plant improvements. Per a Cooperative Agreement dated July 11, 1991 the original loan was for \$47,040 to be repaid over 25 years.

The Ohio Public Works Commission (OPWC) loan was received to pay for water plant renovations. The original loan was for \$150,000 to be paid in semi-annual installments of \$7,500 commencing January 1, 1992.

The Emergency Village Capital Improvement Special Account (EVCISA) Loan was received in order to prepare preliminary engineering plans for improvements to its water supply system. The original loan was for \$25,000 to be paid in annual installments commencing in 1991.

Amortization of the above debt, including interest, is scheduled as follows:

Year ending		OWDA		Sewer Disposal				EVCISA
December 31:	Loan		PlantBonds		OPWC Loan		Loan	
2000 2001 2002 2003 2004 2005-2009 2010-2014	\$	4,235 4,235 4,235 4,235 4,235 21,175 21,175	\$	4,260 4,103 3,945 3,788 4,630 8,360	\$	15,000 15,000 7,500 0 0	\$	2,500 0 0 0 0 0
2015-2016	_	8,470	-	0		0		0
Total	\$	71,995	\$	29,086	\$	37,500	\$	2,500

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 1999 AND 1998 (Continued)

6. RETIREMENT SYSTEMS

The Village's full-time employees belong to the Public Employees Retirement System (PERS) of Ohio. PERS is cost-sharing, multiple-employer plan. This plan provides retirement benefits, including postretirement healthcare, and survivor and disability benefits to participants as prescribed by the Ohio Revised Code.

Contribution rates are also prescribed by the Ohio Revised Code. For 1999 and 1998, members contributed 8.5% of their gross salaries. The Village contributed an amount equal to 13.55% of participants' gross salaries. The Village has paid all contributions required through December 31, 1999.

7. RISK MANAGEMENT

The Village has obtained commercial insurance for the following risks:

- Comprehensive property and general liability
- Vehicles
- Errors and omissions

8. DEBT SERVICE TRUSTEED FUNDS

The Sewer Plant Expansion trust agreement required the Village to establish a debt service fund to be maintained by a custodian bank. The Village has established this fund. At December 31,1999, the custodian held \$62,977 in Village assets. These assets, and the related receipts and disbursements, are not reflected in the accompanying financial statements.



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REPORT OF INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS ON COMPLIANCE AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL REQUIRED BY GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Village of Rushsylvania Logan County P.O. Box 204 Rushsylvania, Ohio 43347

To the Village Council:

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the Village of Rushsylvania, Logan County, Ohio (the Village), as of and for the years ended December 31, 1999 and 1998, and have issued our report thereon dated May 10, 2000. We conducted our audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Compliance

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Village's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grants, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*. However, we noted certain immaterial instances of noncompliance that we have reported to management of the Village in a separate letter dated May 10, 2000.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the Village's internal control over financial reporting in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements and not to provide assurance on the internal control over financial reporting. Our consideration of the internal control over financial reporting would not necessarily disclose all matters in the internal control over financial reporting that might be material weaknesses. A material weakness is a condition in which the design or operation of one or more of the internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that misstatements in amounts that would be material in relation to the financial statements being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions. We noted no matters involving the internal control over financial reporting and its operation that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, we noted other matters involving the internal control over financial reporting that do not require inclusion in this report, that we have reported to management of the Village in a separate letter dated May 10, 2000.

Village of Rushsylvania Logan County Report of Independent Accountants on Compliance and on Internal Control Required by *Government Auditing Standards* Page 2

This report is intended for the information and use of the finance committee, management, and Village Council, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Jim Petro

Auditor of State

May 10, 2000



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VILLAGE OF RUSHSYLVANIA LOGAN COUNTY

CLERK'S CERTIFICATION

This is a true and correct copy of the report which is required to be filed in the Office of the Auditor of State pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in Columbus, Ohio.

CLERK OF THE BUREAU

Susan Babbitt

CERTIFIED JUNE 27, 2000