

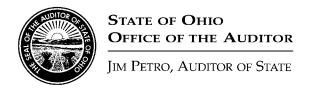
Cuyahoga County

Financial Forecast For The Fiscal Year Ending June 30, 2001

Brooklyn City School DistrictCuyahoga County

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And

Board of Education Brooklyn City School District 9200 Biddulph Road Brooklyn, Ohio 44144

We have examined the accompanying forecasted schedules of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balance of the general fund of the Brooklyn City School District for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2001. Our examination was made in accordance with standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants and, accordingly, included such procedures as we considered necessary to evaluate both the assumptions used by the Board of Education and the preparation and presentation of the forecast.

The accompanying forecast was prepared for the purpose of determining whether the Brooklyn City School District will incur an operating deficit for the current fiscal year under Section 3316.08 of the Ohio Revised Code and should not be used for any other purpose.

In our opinion, the forecasted schedules referred to above are presented in conformity with the guidelines for presentation of a forecast established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants, and the underlying assumptions provide a reasonable basis for the Board's forecast. However, there will usually be differences between the forecasted and actual results because events and circumstances frequently do not occur as expected, and those differences may be material. We have no responsibility to update this report for events and circumstances occurring after its date.

The historical financial statements for the fiscal years ended June 30, 1998 and 1999, (from which the historical data are derived) were audited by other accountants and the Auditor of State's Office, respectively, and included an unqualified opinion and were dated October 30, 1998, and September 8, 2000.

We have compiled the accompanying schedules of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances of the general fund of Brooklyn City School District for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2000 in accordance with Statements on Standards for Accounting and Review Services issued by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. A compilation is limited to presenting in the form of financial statements information that is the representation of management. We have not audited or reviewed these financial statements and, accordingly, do not express an opinion or any other form of assurance on them.

JIM PETRO Auditor of State

January 30, 2001

BROOKLYN CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT CUYAHOGA COUNTY

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDING JUNE 30, 2001 FORECASTED GENERAL FUND

	Fiscal Year 2001 Forecasted
Revenues	
General Property Tax (Real Estate)	\$7,865,000
Tangible Personal Property Tax	2,978,000
Unrestricted Grants-in-Aid	817,000
Restricted Grants-in-Aid	27,000
Property Tax Allocation	867,000
All Other Revenues	625,000
Total Revenues	13,179,000
Other Financing Sources	
Advances In	36,000
All Other Financing Sources	11,000
Total Other Financing Sources	47,000
Total Revenues and Other Financing Sources	13,226,000
Expenditures	
Personal Services	6,379,000
Employees' Retirement/Insurance Benefits	2,033,000
Purchased Services	1,201,000
Supplies and Materials	141,000
Capital Outlay	204,000
Debt Service:	
Principal-Solvency Assistance Advance	1,709,000
Principal-HB 264 Loans	430,000
Interest and Fiscal Charges	123,000
Other Objects	245,000
Total Expenditures	12,465,000
Other Financing Uses	
Operating Transfers Out	63,000
Total Expenditures and Other Financing Uses	12,528,000
Excess of Revenues and Other Financing Sources	
over Expenditures and Other Financing Uses	698,000
Cash Balance July 1, 2000	1,375,000
Cash Balance June 30, 2001	2,073,000
Estimated Encumbrances June 30, 2001	198,000
Reservation of Fund Balance	
Textbooks and Instructional Materials	192,000
Budget Reserve	307,000
Disadvantaged Pupil Impact Aid	11,000
Unencumbered/Unreserved Fund Balance June 30, 2001	\$1,365,000

See accompanying summary of significant forecast assumptions, accounting policies, and accountant's report

BROOKLYN CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT CUYAHOGA COUNTY

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE FOR THE FISCAL YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 1998, 1999 AND 2000 ACTUAL; FISCAL YEAR ENDING JUNE 30, 2001 FORECASTED

GENERAL FUND

	Fiscal Year 1998 Actual	Fiscal Year 1999 Actual	Fiscal Year 2000 Actual	Fiscal Year 2001 Forecasted
Revenues	1776 Actual	1))) Actual	2000 Actual	2001 Forceasted
General Property Tax (Real Estate)	\$6,811,000	\$7,066,000	\$7,334,000	\$7,865,000
Tangible Personal Property Tax	3,076,000	2,948,000	2,923,000	2,978,000
Unrestricted Grants-in-Aid	489,000	783,000	815,000	817,000
Restricted Grants-in-Aid	25,000	32,000	28,000	27,000
Property Tax Allocation	746,000	858,000	817,000	867,000
All Other Revenues	229,000	773,000	482,000	625,000
Total Revenues	11,376,000	12,460,000	12,399,000	13,179,000
Other Fire and a Second	,,	,,	,,	
Other Financing Sources Proceeds from Sale of Notes	1,401,000	2,493,000	024 000	0
Operating Transfers In	1,401,000	700,000	924,000 0	0
	0			
All Other Financian Sources	1,000	44,000	45,000	36,000
All Other Financing Sources Total Other Financing Sources	1,402,000	3,000	2,000 971,000	11,000 47,000
_			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Total Revenues and Other Financing Sources	12,778,000	15,700,000	13,370,000	13,226,000
Expenditures				
Personal Services	7,733,000	7,938,000	7,040,000	6,379,000
Employees' Retirement/Insurance Benefits	2,027,000	2,420,000	2,345,000	2,033,000
Purchased Services	1,609,000	1,244,000	974,000	1,201,000
Supplies and Materials	469,000	210,000	216,000	141,000
Capital Outlay	142,000	1,000	88,000	204,000
Debt Service:				
Principal-Notes	435,000	435,000	0	0
Principal-Solvency Assistance Advance	0	1,401,000	1,247,000	1,709,000
Principal-HB 264 Loans	365,000	385,000	410,000	430,000
Interest and Fiscal Charges	235,000	230,000	147,000	123,000
Other Objects	168,000	226,000	243,000	245,000
Total Expenditures	13,183,000	14,490,000	12,710,000	12,465,000
Other Financing Uses				
Advances Out	0	45,000	35,000	0
Operating Transfers Out	29,000	65,000	52,000	63,000
All Other Financing Uses	0	0	3,000	0
Total Other Financing Uses	29,000	110,000	90,000	63,000
Total Expenditures and Other Financing Uses	13,212,000	14,600,000	12,800,000	12,528,000
Excess of Revenues and Other Financing				
Sources over (under) Expenditures and				
Other Financing Uses	(434,000)	1,100,000	570,000	698,000
one I maneng oses	(151,000)	1,100,000	270,000	0,0,000
Cash Balance (Deficit) July 1	181,000	(253,000)	805,000	1,375,000
Auditor's Adjustment to Beginning Cash	0	(42,000)	0	0
Cash Balance (Deficit) June 30	(253,000)	805,000	1,375,000	2,073,000
Estimated Encumbrances June 30	221,000	79,000	245,000	198,000
Reservations of Fund Balance				
Textbooks and Instructional Materials	0	40,000	118,000	192,000
Budget Reserve	67,000	67,000	67,000	307,000
Disadvantaged Pupil Impact Aid	4,000	5,000	5,000	11,000
Bus Purchases	0	16,000	44,000	0
Unangumbarad/Unrasamad Fund (Daffait) Palanca Lun- 20	(\$545,000)	\$500,000	\$904.000	\$1.265,000
Unencumbered/Unreserved Fund (Deficit) Balance June 30	(\$545,000)	\$598,000	\$896,000	\$1,365,000

See accompanying summary of significant forecast assumptions, accounting policies, and accountant's report

Summary of Significant Forecast Assumptions and Accounting Policies For the Fiscal Year Ending June 30, 2001

Note 1 - Nature and Limitations of the Forecast

This financial forecast presents, to the best of the Brooklyn City School District Board of Education's knowledge and belief, the expected revenues, expenditures and operating balance of the general fund. Accordingly, the forecast reflects the Board of Education's judgment of the expected conditions and its expected course of action as of January 30, 2001, the date of this forecast. The assumptions disclosed herein are those that management believes are significant to the forecast. Differences between the forecasted and actual results will usually arise because events and circumstances frequently do not occur as expected, and those differences may be material.

This forecast was prepared for the purpose of determining whether the Brooklyn City School District will incur an operating deficit for the current fiscal year under Section 3316.08 of the Ohio Revised Code and should not be used for any other purpose.

Note 2 - Nature of the Presentation

The forecast presents the revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balance of the general fund. Under State law, certain general fund resources received from the State must be spent on specific programs. These resources and the related expenditures have been segregated in the accounting records of the School District to demonstrate compliance. State laws also requires general fund resources pledged for the repayment of debt to be recorded directly in the debt service fund.

For presentation in the forecast, the general fund has been adjusted to include the financial activity and balances of the disadvantaged pupil impact aid (DPIA) and the activity of the debt service fund related to the general fund supported debt. The inclusion of this activity has generated differences with the audited financial statements for the fiscal years ended June 30, 1998 and 1999, and the compiled financial statements for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2000. These differences are as follows:

	Fiscal Year	Fiscal Year	Fiscal Year
	1998	1999	2000
Revenues and Other Sources			
General Fund as Previously Reported	\$12,768,000	\$13,791,000	\$13,359,000
DPIA	10,000	12,000	11,000
Debt Service Activity Related to			
General Fund Supported Debt	0	1,897,000	0
Total Revenues and Other Sources per Forecast	12,778,000	15,700,000	13,370,000
Expenditures and Other Uses			
General Fund as Previously Reported	13,204,000	12,691,000	12,788,000
DPIA	8,000	12,000	12,000
Debt Service Activity Related to			
General Fund Supported Debt	0	1,897,000	0
Total Expenditures and Other Uses per Forecast	\$13,212,000	\$14,600,000	\$12,800,000

Continued

Summary of Significant Forecast Assumptions and Accounting Policies For the Fiscal Year Ending June 30, 2001

	Fiscal Year 1998	Fiscal Year 1999	Fiscal Year 2000
Excess of Revenues and Other Sources Over(Under) Expenditures and Other Uses	(\$434,000)	\$1,100,000	\$570,000
Cash Fund Balance at Beginning of Fiscal Year	181,000	(253,000)	805,000
Audit Adjustment to Beginning Cash	0	(42,000)	0
Cash Fund Balance (Deficit) at End of Fiscal Year	(253,000)	805,000	1,375,000
Encumbrances at Fiscal Year End	221,000	79,000	245,000
Unencumberd Fund Balance (Deficit) at Fiscal Year End	(\$474,000)	\$726,000	\$1,130,000

Note 3 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

A. - Basis of Accounting

This financial forecast has been prepared on a basis of cash receipts and disbursements which is consistent with the required budget basis (non-GAAP) of accounting used to prepare the historical financial statements. Under this basis of accounting, certain revenue and related assets are recognized when received rather than when measurable and available, and certain expenditures are recognized when paid rather than when the obligation is incurred. However, by virtue of Ohio law, the School District is required to maintain the encumbrance method of accounting. This method requires purchase orders, contracts, and other commitments for the expenditure of monies to be recorded as the equivalent of an expenditure in order to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation and to determine and maintain legal compliance.

B. - Fund Accounting

The School District maintains its accounting in accordance with the principles of "fund" accounting. Fund accounting is a concept developed to meet the needs of governmental entities in which legal or other restraints require the segregation of specific receipts and disbursements. The transactions of each fund are reflected in a self-balancing group of accounts, an accounting entity which stands separate from the activities reported in other funds. The restrictions associated with each class of funds are as follows:

Governmental Funds

General Fund - The general fund is the operating fund of the School District and is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The general fund balance is available to the School District for any purpose provided it is disbursed or transferred in accordance with Ohio law.

<u>Special Revenue Funds</u> - Special revenue funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than expendable trusts or those for major capital projects) that are legally restricted to disbursements for specified purposes.

<u>Debt Service Funds</u> - Debt service funds are used to account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, general long-term and short-term debt principal and interest.

Summary of Significant Forecast Assumptions and Accounting Policies For the Fiscal Year Ending June 30, 2001

<u>Capital Projects Funds</u> - Capital projects funds are used to account for financial resources used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities (other that those financed by proprietary funds).

Proprietary Funds

<u>Enterprise Funds</u> - Enterprise funds account for operations (a) that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises, where the intent of the governing body is that the costs of providing goods and services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges; or (b) where the governing body has decided that periodic determination of revenues earned, expenses incurred, and/or net income is appropriate for capital maintenance, public policy, management control, accountability or other purposes.

Fiduciary Funds

<u>Trust and Agency Funds</u> - Trust and agency funds account for assets held by the School District in a trustee capacity or as an agent for individuals, private organizations, other governmental units, and/or other funds. These include (a) Expendable Trust Funds, (b) Non-expendable Trust Funds, and (c) Agency Funds.

C. - Budgetary Process

The budgetary process is prescribed by provisions of the Ohio Revised Code and entails the preparation of budgetary documents within an established timetable. The major documents prepared are the tax budget, the certificate of estimated resources, and the appropriation resolution, all of which are prepared on the budgetary basis of accounting. The certificate of estimated resources and the appropriations cannot exceed estimated resources, as certified. All funds, other than agency funds, are legally required to be budgeted and appropriated. The primary level of budgetary control is at the object level within each function. Any budgetary modifications at this level may only be made by resolution of the Board of Education.

<u>Budget</u> - A budget of estimated cash receipts and disbursements is submitted to the Cuyahoga County Auditor, as secretary of the County Budget Commission, by January 20 of each year, for the succeeding fiscal year.

Estimated Resources - The County Budget Commission certifies its actions to the School District by March 1. As part of this certification, the School District receives the official certificate of estimated resources which states the projected receipts of each fund. On or about July 1, this certificate is amended to include any unencumbered balances from the preceding year. Prior to June 30, the School District must revise its budget so that total contemplated expenditures from any fund during the ensuing fiscal year will not exceed the amount stated in the certificate of estimated resources. The revised budget then serves as the basis for the annual appropriation measure.

<u>Appropriations</u> - A temporary appropriation measure to control cash disbursements may be passed on or about July 1 of each year. The temporary appropriation measure remains in place until the annual appropriation measure is adopted for the entire year. The appropriation measure may be amended or supplemented during the year as new information becomes available.

<u>Encumbrances</u> - The School District uses the encumbrance method of accounting. Under this system, purchase orders, contracts, and other commitments for the expenditure of funds are recorded in order to reserve a portion of the applicable appropriation.

Summary of Significant Forecast Assumptions and Accounting Policies For the Fiscal Year Ending June 30, 2001

Note 4 - General Operating Assumptions

The Brooklyn City School District will continue to operate its instructional program in accordance with its adopted school calendar and pay all obligations. The forecast contains those expenditures the Board of Education has determined to be necessary to provide for an adequate educational program.

Note 5 - Significant Assumptions for Revenues and Other Financing Sources

A. - General and Tangible Personal Property Taxes

Property taxes consist of real estate, public utility real and personal property, and tangible personal property taxes. Advances may be requested from the Cuyahoga County Auditor as the tax is collected. When settlements are made, any amounts remaining to be distributed to the School District are paid. Deductions for auditor and treasurer fees, advertising delinquent taxes, election expenses, and other fees are made at these settlement times.

State law allows for certain reductions in the form of rollbacks and homestead exemption for real estate taxes and exempts from taxation the first \$10,000 of tangible personal property. The State reimburses the School District for all revenues lost due to these exemptions. The amount of the reimbursement is included in the forecasted amount for property tax allocation.

Property taxes are levied and collected on a calendar year basis. Settlements that occur in the second half of the year are recorded as revenue in next fiscal year. New and /or expiring levies result in one-half of the annual revenue being recorded in the first and/or last year of collection.

The property tax revenues for the School District are generated from several levies. The type of levies, the year approved, last year of collection, and the full tax rate are as follows:

	Year	Last year of	Full Tax Rate
Tax Levies	Approved	Collection	(Mills)
Inside Ten Mill Limitation	n/a	n/a	\$4.60
Continuing Operating	1976	n/a	22.10
Emergency Operating	1999	2004	5.90
Operating	2000	2005	6.00
Emergency Operating	2000	2004	3.80
Total Tax Rate			\$42.40

General Property Tax (Real Estate) - General property tax revenue includes real estate taxes, public utility property taxes, and manufactured home taxes. The amount shown in the revenue section of the forecast schedules represent gross property tax revenue. The general property tax revenue estimate is based upon actual receipts and information provided by the Cuyahoga County Auditor. Amounts forecasted for the rollback and homestead exemption are included under the property tax allocation account. Based upon these estimates from the Cuyahoga County Auditor's office, the School District anticipates receiving \$7,865,000 in real estate tax revenue, which is a \$531,000 increase over fiscal year 2000 levels. The increase in real property tax is due to increased property valuations and the passage of a 3.8 mill emergency operating levy in November of 2000. The collection of this levy will begin in the second half of fiscal year 2001.

Summary of Significant Forecast Assumptions and Accounting Policies For the Fiscal Year Ending June 30, 2001

<u>Tangible Personal Property Tax</u> - Tangible personal property tax revenues are generated from the property used in business (except for public utilities). As with general property taxes, tangible personal property tax revenues are based upon information provided by the Cuyahoga County Auditor. Based upon these estimates, the School District anticipates receiving \$2,978,000 in tangible personal property tax revenue, which is consistent with the amount received in fiscal year 2000. The tangible personal property tax revenues are affected by businesses starting and closing, as well as the timing of the receipt of the June property tax settlement.

The School District has assumed in the forecast that it will be held harmless with respect to the changes implemented in the taxing structure of public utilities (namely electric companies). Additionally, the Ohio legislature passed and the governor approved legislation during 1999 calling for the reduction in the assessed valuation of the inventory component of personal property tax by one percent each year over the next 25 years.

B. - Unrestricted Grants-in-Aid

State foundation payments established by Chapter 3317 of the Ohio Revised Code are calculated by the State Department of Education, Division of School Finance, on the basis of pupil enrollment (ADM) and classroom teacher ratios plus other factors. The funds are distributed on a semi-monthly basis. Deductions from the monthly payments for contributions to the two school retirement systems are included in the expenditure section. Unrestricted grants-in-aid includes formula aid, special education aid, training and experience of classroom teachers funding, unrestricted disadvantaged pupil impact aid, extended service, gifted aid, transportation, and vocational education.

In 1998, State law set the base cost per pupil at \$4,063 and increased the rate each year thereafter, based on annual rate of inflation of two and eight-tenths percent, to \$4,177 for fiscal year 2000, and \$4,294 for fiscal year 2001.

The anticipated revenue for fiscal year 2001 is based on current estimates provided by the Ohio Department of Education. The anticipated increase of \$2,000 is caused by increases in the per pupil funding and ADM changes from the prior fiscal year.

C. - Restricted Grants-in-Aid

Restricted grants-in-aid consists of disadvantaged pupil impact aid (DPIA) and a bus purchase allowance in the amount of \$11,000 and \$16,000, respectively, which reflects a \$1,000 decrease from fiscal year 2000.

D. - Property Tax Allocation

State law grants tax relief in the form of a ten percent reduction in real property tax bills. In addition, a two and one-half percent rollback is granted on residential property taxes. Tax relief is also granted to qualified elderly and disabled homeowners based on their income. The State reimburses the School District for the loss of real property taxes as a result of the above (rollback and homestead).

Property tax allocation revenue, based on information provided by the Cuyahoga County Auditor, is anticipated to increase \$50,000 from the prior fiscal year.

Summary of Significant Forecast Assumptions and Accounting Policies For the Fiscal Year Ending June 30, 2001

E. - All Other Revenues

All other revenues consist of the following:

	Actual Fiscal Year	Forecast Fiscal Year	Variance Increase
Revenue Sources	2000	2001	(Decrease)
Interest on Investments	\$120,000	\$183,000	\$63,000
Tuition	186,000	148,000	(38,000)
Transportation Fees	7,000	7,000	0
Miscellaneous	169,000	287,000	118,000
Totals	\$482,000	\$625,000	\$143,000

The School District pools cash from all funds for investment purposes. Investments are restricted by provisions of the Ohio Revised Code and are valued at cost. Following Ohio statutes, the Board of Education has, by resolution, specified the funds to receive an allocation of interest earnings with the balance recorded to the general fund. The School District is anticipating interest on investments to increase by \$63,000 due to the School having additional money available for investment purposes.

In comparison to the prior fiscal year, the School District anticipates a decrease of \$38,000 in tuition revenues due to the School District not receiving excess cost.

Miscellaneous revenues are expected to increase by \$118,000 from the prior fiscal year. This is due to the School District receiving a personal property tax settlement from K-mart in fiscal year 2001 offset by the School District receiving a one time receipt from Polaris Joint Vocational School in fiscal year 2000.

F. - Advances In

Advances in represent amounts loaned to other funds in the current or prior fiscal year which are being repaid to the general fund in the forecast year. The general fund will receive \$36,000 which represents the repayment of an advance from the Title I special revenue fund.

G. - All Other Financing Sources

Other financing sources consists of a refund the School District received for prior year expenditures.

Note 6 - Significant Assumptions For Expenditures and Other Financing Uses

A. - Personal Services

Personal service expenditures represent the salaries and wages paid to certified and classified staff, supplemental contracts, substitutes, severance pay, and board members' compensation. All employees receive their compensation on a bi-weekly basis.

Summary of Significant Forecast Assumptions and Accounting Policies For the Fiscal Year Ending June 30, 2001

Certified (teacher) staff salaries are based on a negotiated contract which includes base and step increases and educational incentives. The contract covers the period of September 1, 1997 to August 31, 2000, and allows increases of approximately four percent for the first two years and approximately three percent for the last year. Classified salaries are also based on a negotiated contract which includes base and step increases. The contract covers the period from July 7, 1997 to June 30, 2000, and allows for increases of approximately four percent for the first two years and approximately three percent for the last year of the contract. The School District is currently in negotiations for both the certified and classified contracts. Administrative salaries are set by the Board of Education.

Presented below is a comparison of salaries and wages for the fiscal year 2000 and the forecast period.

	Actual Fiscal Year 2000	Forecast Fiscal Year 2001	Variance Increase (Decrease)
Certified Salaries	4,934,000	4,439,000	(495,000)
Classified Salaries	1,655,000	1,401,000	(254,000)
Substitute Salaries	110,000	139,000	29,000
Supplemental Contracts	151,000	217,000	66,000
Severance Pay	125,000	111,000	(14,000)
Other Salaries and Wages	65,000	72,000	7,000
Totals	\$7,040,000	\$6,379,000	(\$661,000)

The significant changes in personal services are based on the following:

A decrease in certified and classified salaries due to the elimination of 21 positions and to the School District reducing the number of hours classified staff are allowed to work;

An increase in substitute salaries due to the School District no longer limiting the number of classified substitutes that are needed;

An increase in supplemental contracts due to the School District paying additional supplemental contracts that were on a voluntary basis in the prior fiscal year; and

A decrease in severance payments based on the installment pay outs being lower this fiscal year than the prior year.

B. - Employees' Retirement/Insurance Benefits

Employees' retirement and insurance benefits include employer contributions to the State pension systems, health care, medicare, workers' compensation, and other benefits arising from the negotiated agreements.

Retirement costs are based on the employers' contribution rate of 14 percent for STRS and SERS. Payments are made based upon estimated salary and wages for each fiscal year. Adjustments resulting from over/under estimates are prorated over the next fiscal year.

Health care costs are based on the coverage terms of the existing health insurance contracts, the anticipated number of employees participating in the program, and the monthly premiums. The premiums for single and family coverage are set by contract and renewed annually. The premiums for the forecast period have not changed significantly from the prior year.

Summary of Significant Forecast Assumptions and Accounting Policies For the Fiscal Year Ending June 30, 2001

Presented below is a comparison of fiscal year 2000 and the forecast period:

	Actual	Forecast	Variance
	Fiscal Year	Fiscal Year	Increase
	2000	2001	(Decrease)
Employer's Retirement - STRS	\$782,000	\$675,000	(\$107,000)
Employer's Retirement - SERS	307,000	237,000	(70,000)
Early Retirement Incentive	374,000	270,000	(104,000)
Life Insurance	20,000	18,000	(2,000)
Health Care Insurance	693,000	694,000	1,000
Workers' Compensation	68,000	31,000	(37,000)
Medicare	76,000	71,000	(5,000)
Unemployment	25,000	37,000	12,000
	\$2,345,000	\$2,033,000	(\$312,000)

The significant changes in employees' retirement and insurance benefits are based on the following:

A decrease in employer's retirement due to the to the elimination of 21 positions;

A decrease in early retirement incentive based on the School District's required payments for the current fiscal year;

A decrease in workers' compensation due to the School District posting the September payment incorrectly;

A decrease in medicare due to the School District eliminating 21 certified and classified positions; and,

An increase in unemployment due to the School District's reduction in staff.

C. - Purchased Services

Purchased service expenditures forecasted in the amount of \$1,201,000 are comprised of the following:

	Actual	Forecast	Variance
	Fiscal Year	Fiscal Year	Increase
	2000	2001	(Decrease)
Professional and Technical Services	\$299,000	\$318,000	\$19,000
Property Services	149,000	190,000	41,000
Travel and Meeting Expenses	13,000	2,000	(11,000)
Communication Costs	41,000	42,000	1,000
Utility Services	246,000	266,000	20,000
Contracted Craft or Trade Services	4,000	2,000	(2,000)
Tuition Payments	188,000	375,000	187,000
Pupil Transportation Costs	34,000	6,000	(28,000)
	\$974,000	\$1,201,000	\$227,000

Summary of Significant Forecast Assumptions and Accounting Policies For the Fiscal Year Ending June 30, 2001

The significant changes in purchased services are based on the following:

An increase in legal fees due to a wrongful death lawsuit and continuing employee negotiations;

An increase in property services due to the School District eliminating positions in the School District and contracting for the services;

An increase in the cost of utilities;

An increase in the rising cost of educating multiple disabled children; and,

A decrease in pupil transportation due to the School District changing the busing policy. In fiscal year 2000, the School District provided door to door busing. In fiscal year 2001, the School District has decided to only provide busing to students who live greater than one mile from the school.

D. - Supplies and Materials

Supplies and materials are comprised of the following:

	Actual	Forecast	Variance
	Fiscal Year	Fiscal Year	Increase
	2000	2001	(Decrease)
General Supplies	\$94,000	\$67,000	(\$27,000)
Textbooks	39,000	31,000	(8,000)
Library Books	0	3,000	3,000
Periodical, Newspaper, Films and Filmstrips	1,000	4,000	3,000
Supplies and Materials for Operation, Maintenance and			
Repair	36,000	26,000	(10,000)
Operations, Maintenance, and Repair	46,000	10,000	(36,000)
	\$216,000	\$141,000	(\$75,000)

The School District is anticipating a \$75,000 decrease in supplies and materials due to cost saving measures taken to reduce expenditures.

E. - Capital Outlay

Property, plant and equipment acquired or constructed for general governmental services are recorded as expenditures. Depreciation is not recorded for these general fixed assets as the purpose of the financial statements for the general government services is to report the expenditure of resources, not costs.

Capital outlay expenditures are forecasted in the amount of \$204,000, an increase of \$126,000 from fiscal year 2000. The increase represents the purchase of a new and a replacement school bus and the purchase of computers and accessories.

Summary of Significant Forecast Assumptions and Accounting Policies For the Fiscal Year Ending June 30, 2001

F. - Debt Service

The School District's debt service expenditures required for fiscal year 2001 include repayment of two solvency assistance advances from the State and an energy conservation (HB 264) loan.

The two solvency assistance advances, with principal payments of \$1,247,000 and \$462,000 will be repaid from State foundation revenues. The energy conservation note, with a principal payment of \$430,000 and an interest payment of \$123,000, will be repaid from general fund revenues.

G. - Other Objects

Other objects include dues, fees, liability insurance, county board deductions and judgement costs. The School District is projecting \$245,000 of expenditures in this area in fiscal year 2001. The expenditures are expected to remain consistent with prior fiscal years.

H. - Operating Transfers and Advances Out

The School District is anticipating \$63,000 in transfers out during fiscal year 2001. These transfers will be used to cover deficit fund balances in other funds. No advances are forecasted during fiscal year 2001.

I. - Spending Reserve

Section 133.301, Revised Code, allows the School District to issue notes during the current fiscal year in anticipation of fiscal year 2001 property tax revenues provided that such amount, referred to as the spending reserve, is included in the current year tax budget. The School District did not include a spending reserve in their current year tax budget.

Note 7 - Encumbrances

Encumbrances represent purchase authorizations and contracts for goods or services that are pending vendor performance and those purchase commitments which have been performed, invoiced, and are awaiting payment. Encumbrances on a budget basis of accounting are treated as the equivalent of an expenditure at the time authorization is made in order to maintain compliance with spending restrictions established by Ohio law. For presentation in the forecast, outstanding encumbrances are presented as a reduction of the general fund balance.

Encumbrances for purchased services, supplies and materials, capital outlay and other expenditures for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2000 were \$245,000 and are forecasted at \$198,000 for June 30, 2001. Current year encumbrances include the State Teachers's Retirement System Advance.

Summary of Significant Forecast Assumptions and Accounting Policies For the Fiscal Year Ending June 30, 2001

Note 8 - Reservations of Fund Balance

The School District is required by State statute to annually set aside in the general fund three percent of certain revenues for the purchase of textbooks and other instructional materials and an equal amount for the acquisition and construction of capital improvements. Amounts not spent by year-end or offset by similarly restricted resources received during the year must be held in cash at year-end and carried forward to be used for the same purposes in the future years. The School District is also required to set aside money for budget stabilization.

A. - Textbooks and Instructional Materials

The School District is required to set aside annually three percent of certain revenues for the purchase of textbooks and instructional materials. The set aside amount for fiscal year 2001 is \$310,000. Qualifying expenditures in the amount of \$236,000 are anticipated. The amount not spent will be carried forward increasing the textbook and instructional materials reserve by \$74,000, from \$118,000 to \$192,000 at the end of the fiscal year 2001.

B. - Capital Acquisition and Improvements

The School District is also required to set aside annually three percent of certain revenues for capital acquisition and improvements. The set aside amount for fiscal year 2001 is \$310,000. Qualifying expenditures in the amount of \$191,000 and \$265,000 in off-sets are anticipated; therefore, no reserve is anticipated.

C. - Budget Reserve

The School District is required to establish a budget reserve and set aside one percent of certain revenues each year there is a growth of three percent or more in these revenues unless the School District is in fiscal emergency. Each year the School District meets the criteria the required balance in the budget reserve increases by one percent until the five percent limit is reached. Under Section 39 of House Bill 770 and 5705.29(I), Revised Code, school districts are required to credit any refund from the Bureau of Worker's Compensation to the budget reserve. Workers' compensation refunds may reduce the contribution required in the current and/or future periods. Since the increase in revenues was less than three percent, no set aside of current revenue is required for fiscal year 2001. However, the School District does have a carryover reserve of \$67,000 generated from workers' compensation refunds and the School District has decided to fund the budget reserve for an additional \$240,000, leaving an ending balance of \$307,000.

Senate Bill 345, effective April 10, will eliminate the requirement for school districts to maintain a budget reserve. Any monies on hand in the budget reserve at that time may, at the discretion of the Board, be returned to the School District's general fund or may be left in the account to offset any future deficits. Additionally, any portion of the budget reserve consisting of rebates or refund from the Bureau of Workers' Compensation may only be used for purposes specified in the SB 345, including the offset a budget deficit. The School District does not anticipate expending the existing balance in the budget reserve during the forecast period.

Summary of Significant Forecast Assumptions and Accounting Policies For the Fiscal Year Ending June 30, 2001

D. - Disadvantaged Pupil Impact Aid (DPIA)

The School District had a carryover balance of \$5,000 at the end of fiscal year 2000. The School District anticipates fiscal year 2001 receipts of \$11,000 and expenditures of \$5,000. The restricted balance at the close of fiscal year 2001 is anticipated to be \$11,000.

E. - Bus Purchases

The School District had a carryover bus purchase set aside balance of \$44,000 at the end of fiscal year 2000 and received \$16,000 in bus purchase allowance during fiscal year 2001. The School District plans to make bus purchase expenditures of \$59,000 during fiscal year 2001.

Note 9 - Levies

The School District does not plan to place any levies on the ballot during fiscal year 2001. In the past ten years the School District has placed several levies on the ballot. The type of levy, rate, term, and election results are as follows:

Date		Amount	Term	Election Results
June 1992	Permanent Improvement	0.9 mills	5 Years	Failed
November 1992	Renewal	1 mill	5 Years	Passed
November 1992	Operating	3 mills	2 Years	Failed
February 1993	Operating	3 mills	2 Years	Failed
August 1993	Operating	4 mills	Continuing	Failed
November 1993	Operating	4 mills	Continuing	Failed
February 1994	Emergency Operating	8.2538 mills	5 Years	Passed
May 1995	Renewal	6 mills	5 Years	Passed
November 1996	Permanent Improvement	1 mill	5 Years	Passed
May 1999	Emergency Operating	6.2 mills	5 Years	Passed
March 2000	Renewal	6 mills	5 Years	Passed
November 2000	Emergency Operating	3.8 mills	3 Years	Passed

Note 10 - Pending Litigation

There are currently no outstanding issues that would be deemed or interpreted as legally threatening at the time of the forecast as verified by the School District's legal counsel.

Summary of Significant Forecast Assumptions and Accounting Policies For the Fiscal Year Ending June 30, 2001

Note 11 - State School Funding Decision

On March 24, 1997, the Ohio Supreme Court rendered a decision declaring certain portions of the Ohio school funding plan unconstitutional. The Court stayed the effect of its ruling for one year to allow the State's legislature to design a plan to remedy the perceived defects in the system. Declared unconstitutional was the State's "school foundation program", which provides significant amounts of monetary support to the School District. During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2000, the School District received \$819,158 of school foundation support from its general fund.

In addition, the Court declared the classroom facilities program unconstitutional, because, in the Court's opinion, the program had not been sufficiently funded by the State. The classroom facilities program provided money to build schools and furnish classrooms. As of June 30, 2000, the School District had been awarded a total of \$32.6 million under this program.

Since the Supreme Court ruling, numerous pieces of legislation have been passed by the State General Assembly in an attempt to address the issues identified by the Court. The Court of Common Pleas in Perry County reviewed the new laws and, in a decision issued on February 26, 1999, determined they are not sufficiently responsive to the constitutional issues raised under the "thorough and efficient" clause of the Ohio Constitution. The State appealed the decision made by the Court of Common Pleas to the Ohio Supreme Court. On May 11, 2000, the Ohio Supreme Court rendered an opinion on this issue. The Court concluded, "...the mandate of the [Ohio] Constitution has not been fulfilled." The Court's majority recognized efforts by the Ohio General Assembly taken in response to the Court's March 24, 1997, decision, however, it found seven "...major areas warrant further attention, study, and development by the General Assembly...", including the State's reliance on local property tax funding, the state's basic aid formula, the school foundation program, as discussed above, the mechanism for, and adequacy of, funding for school facilities, and the existence of the State's School Solvency Assistance Fund, which the Court found took the place of the unconstitutional emergency school loan assistance program.

The Court decided to maintain jurisdiction over these issues and continued the case at least until June 15, 2001.

As of the date of the financial forecast, the School District is unable to determine what effect, if any, this ongoing litigation will have on its future State funding under these programs and on its financial operation.



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BROOKLYN CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT CUYAHOGA COUNTY

CLERK'S CERTIFICATION

This is a true and correct copy of the report which is required to be filed in the Office of the Auditor of State pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in Columbus, Ohio.

CLERK OF THE BUREAU

Susan Babbitt

CERTIFIED MARCH 23, 2001