

# City of Bedford Heights, Ohio Comprehensive Annual Financial Report

for the year ended December 31, 2000



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City of Bedford Heights 5661 Perkins Road Bedford Heights, Ohio 44146-2597

We have reviewed the Independent Auditor's Report of the City of Bedford Heights, Cuyahoga County, prepared by Ciuni & Panichi, Inc., for the audit period January 1, 2000 through December 31, 2000. Based upon this review, we have accepted these reports in lieu of the audit required by Section 117.11, Revised Code. The Auditor of State did not audit the accompanying financial statements and, accordingly, we are unable to express, and do not express an opinion on them.

Our review was made in reference to the applicable sections of legislative criteria, as reflected by the Ohio Constitution, and the Revised Code, policies, procedures and guidelines of the Auditor of State, regulations and grant requirements. The City of Bedford Heights is responsible for compliance with these laws and regulations.

JIM PETRO Auditor of State

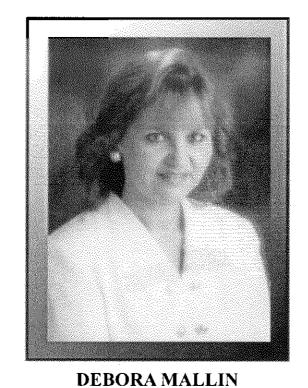
June 23, 2001

# City of Bedford Heights, Ohio

COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2000

PREPARED BY THE DEPARTMENT OF FINANCE MARK A. CEGELKA, DIRECTOR





BEDFORD HEIGHTS

Council President



WENDOLYN GRANT Council-At-Large



Mayor Safety Director

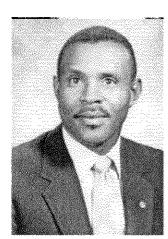
BARBARA MACKENZIE Council Ward One



HARVEY BROWN
Council Ward Two



PAT J. SANTANGELO Council Ward Three



JAMES CODY
Council Ward Four



KENNETH RUSSELL Council-At-Large



PHILIP SAUNDERS
Council-At-Large

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MAYOR DEBORA A. MALLIN

June 15, 2000

MARK A. CEGELKA
DIRECTOR OF FINANCE/TAX ADMINISTRATOR

Honorable Citizens of Bedford Heights and Members of City Council Bedford Heights, Ohio

The Comprehensive Annual Financial Report of the City of Bedford Heights for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2000 is hereby submitted. Responsibility for both the accuracy of the data and the completeness and fairness of the presentation, including all disclosures, rests with the City. To the best of our knowledge and belief, the enclosed data are accurate in all material respects and are reported in a manner designed to present fairly the financial position and results of operations of the various funds and account groups of the City. All disclosures necessary to enable the reader to gain an understanding of the City's financial activities have been included.

The Comprehensive Annual Financial Report is presented in three sections: introductory, financial, and statistical. The introductory section includes this transmittal letter, the City's organizational chart and a list of principal officials. The financial section includes the general purpose financial statements and the combining and individual fund and account group financial statements and schedules, as well as the report of independent public accountants on the general purpose financial statements and schedules. The statistical section includes selected financial and demographic information, generally presented on a multi-year basis.

Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 14, which became effective in 1993, established the criteria used for defining the financial reporting entity of a governmental unit. These principles provide that the reporting entity is comprised of the primary government, organizations for which the City is financially accountable, and other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government are such that the exclusion would cause the general purpose financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. The City has included in this report all funds, account groups, departments, boards, and commissions for which the City is financially accountable. The Northern Ohio Risk Management Association is a governmental joint venture which is more fully described in Note 8 to the general purpose financial statements. The Bedford City School District and the Orange City School District have not met the criteria for inclusion in the reporting entity.

#### THE CITY AND FORM OF GOVERNMENT

The City of Bedford Heights, Ohio is located in the northeastern portion of Cuyahoga County, approximately 14 miles southeast of downtown Cleveland. The City's 2000 population of 12,131, according to the most recent data from the United States Census Bureau, placed it as the 31st largest city in the County.

Bedford Heights is a home rule municipal corporation operating under the laws of the State of Ohio. Bedford Heights was incorporated as a Village in 1951, and became a City in 1960. The City Charter was adopted and became effective on January 1, 1960, and can be amended only by a majority vote. In matters where the charter is silent or in conflict with the state constitution, the laws of the State of Ohio prevail.

Bedford Heights operates under and is governed by the laws of the State of Ohio and the City Charter which provides for a mayor-council form of government. Legislative authority is vested in a seven member council. The Council consists of three council members elected at large and four council members elected from wards. Council members are elected for a four year term. Each member of Council has a right to vote. The Council fixes compensation of the City officials and employees, and enacts ordinances and resolutions relating to City services, tax levies, appropriations and indebtedness, licensing of regulated businesses and trades, and other municipal purposes.

The Mayor, designated by the charter as the chief executive and administrative officer of the City, is elected to serve a four year term. The Mayor has the power to appoint, promote, discipline, transfer, reduce or remove any employee of the City. The Mayor may veto any legislation passed by Council. A veto may be overridden by a vote of five or more members of council.

#### **Economic Condition and Outlook**

In the past few years, the City has entered into various enterprise zone agreements with more than 10 companies that has helped create approximately 300 new jobs. The great location of Bedford Heights and its proximity to various major cities has provided the City with a stable tax base. The City created a Community Re-investment Area in June of 2000 to offer residential and commercial and industrial tax abatements on real property.

Federal Express purchased about seven acres of land near I-271 and Rockside Road. The company completed the \$3 million facility in the Fall of 2000. The facility employs approximately 125 people and was constructed without any tax abatement.

Construction was completed on Miles Road, widening the road from two lanes to five lanes, installing new pavement, new storm sewers, and new sidewalks from Green Road to Brainard Road. This \$7 million project improved traffic flow in the area, benefiting businesses and residents. Ninety percent of the cost was paid for with federal funds, the remaining 10 percent was paid with Cuyahoga County funds.

Lowe's Home Improvement Center constructed a 163,000 square foot building on Miles Road that opened in the summer of 2000 and created about 300 jobs.

The City has been approached by a developer to re-zone a large parcel of land on Miles Road from industrial to a retail district with the possibility of attracting various large retail outlet stores. The anticipated project cost of the development is over \$6 million.

The City's Chamber of Commerce, which was started in 1986, has 80 members and continues to provide the business community with many valuable services.

<u>COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT</u>. The City's Finance Department is responsible for the administration of the Community Development Block Grant Program. Since the program's inception in 1986, the City has applied for and received Federal grants totaling approximately \$2.5 million. The City was recently awarded \$80,000 in block-grant funds for the sewer improvements on Richmond Road. The total cost of this project will be approximately \$140,000. In 2001, the City received a grant from the County Community Development Block Grant Program for the exterior maintenance of residential houses in the amount of \$50,000. Approximately 15 to 20 homeowners will be assisted in repairing the exterior of their homes. Funds will be matched by the City and homeowners as well.

The primary purpose of the Community Development Block Grant Program is the economic development of certain targeted industrial and commercial areas of the City. In addition to CDBG grants, the City has obtained significant grant funding under Ohio's Issue 2 Infrastructure Grant Program. In 2000, the City received a grant of \$45,000 for the Solon Road/Hawthorne Creek restoration. The total project cost is estimated to be approximately \$110,000 and will be completed by the fall of 2001.

#### MAJOR INITIATIVES

FOR THE YEAR. In 1995, the City had applied for and received a \$75,000 Community Oriented Policing Services (COPS) grant from the U.S. Justice Department that has been used to introduce a community policing program in our neighborhoods. An officer has been assigned to this program and a golf cart has been purchased and modified into a special police vehicle for his use in neighborhood policing programs. In 1996, the City received additional COPS funding, including a COPS FAST grant of approximately \$75,000 for the operation of our community policing golf cart for three years, a COPS MORE grant of \$60,000 for our fingerprinting machine, and a COPS UNIVERSAL HIRING grant of \$75,000 to hire an officer for three years for our community policing program. In March of 2000, the City was awarded additional funding in the amount of \$75,000 under the "COPS" initiative. This came in the form of a supplemental grant and provided funding of an additional police officer over a three year period.

Over \$2 million has been applied for and received by the City for various infrastructure and improvement projects throughout our community.

The City continues to implement revenue-generating fees to offset increased operating costs. In 1994, the City implemented a fee for ambulance service. This fee is projected to generate approximately \$120,000 annually and is designated for use within a Special Revenue Fund, specifically for capital improvements (equipment) in the Police and Fire Departments.

The City has implemented a rate structure that has increased residential and commercial sewer rates by \$1.00/MCF. The new rate structure is expected to generate the following estimated increases over three years: 2001 – \$125,000; 2002 – \$150,000; 2003 – \$165,000. Additionally, the City has agreements with neighboring communities to promote the utilization of the City sewage treatment facility for new developments and growth areas that are contiguous with the City. This plan would, of course, provide a larger customer base for the City's sewerage treatment facility. Finally, the City has become active in the treatment of nonhazardous ground water on a contract basis.

<u>FOR THE FUTURE</u> – The City plans on spending over \$700,000 in 2001 on road resurfacing and construction projects that are planned for various streets throughout the City.

In November 1994, the City passed a 2-mill, 10-year Street Improvement Levy. This levy will generate approximately \$580,000 annually over the remaining four years. The proceeds of the levy are dedicated to street improvements. This new funding will allow the City to re-allocate existing capital project funds traditionally used for street improvements to other purposes.

The City's strong financial position has enabled the City, for the 2001 and 2000 tax collection years, to forgo levying 1.0 mills of authorized Charter millage. In the 2001 tax collection year, the City will forgo levying 1.0 mills of authorized millage. This millage, however, is available on an as-needed basis in future years. If levied, this millage would generate an additional \$291,000 for current operating expenses based upon the assessed valuation for the 2001 tax collection year.

#### FINANCIAL INFORMATION

In developing the City's accounting system, much consideration was given to the adequacy of internal accounting controls. Internal accounting controls are designed to provide reasonable but not absolute assurance regarding (1) the safeguarding of assets against loss from unauthorized use or disposition and (2) the reliability of the financial statements and maintaining accountability for assets. The concept of reasonable assurance is based on the assumption that the cost of internal accounting controls should not exceed the benefits expected to be derived.

BUDGETARY CONTROLS. Detailed provisions for the City's budget, tax levies, and appropriations are set forth in the Ohio Revised Code and the City Charter. The Mayor, with the assistance of the Finance Director, is required to submit to Council a tax budget of estimated revenues and expenditures for all funds, except agency funds, of the City for the next succeeding fiscal year by the first council meeting in July (unless an extension is approved). The City applies for an extension and usually passes the tax budget in September. The budget is required to be adopted by the legislative body by July 15 and to be submitted to the County Budget Commission by July 30 of each year. The Finance Director, based on the tax budget, submits to Council an appropriation ordinance for the next succeeding fiscal year. Council is required to adopt the appropriation ordinance (the budget) in its original form, or with those revisions as it may find proper, within ninety days of the beginning of the fiscal year covered by such ordinances.

The City maintains budgetary control on a non-GAAP basis by fund and within each fund by department at major object levels, which include personal services, travel and education, contractual services, supplies and materials, other expenditures, capital outlay, debt service, and operating transfers. For management purposes, the major object level is further defined with budgeted amounts not to exceed the aggregate appropriated by Council.

Budgetary control is maintained by an encumbrance of purchase commitment amounts prior to the release of purchase orders to vendors. Requisitions for the expenditure of monies are submitted to the Finance Director for approval and for the preparation of a purchase order and certification. The purchase order is reviewed for certification of the availability of funds, and the estimated expenditure is encumbered against the available appropriation. Encumbrances which would exceed the available appropriations are not approved or recorded until the City Council authorizes additional appropriations. Unencumbered appropriations lapse at the end of each year. The accounting system used by the City provides interim financial reports which detail year-to-date expenditures plus encumbrances versus the original appropriations plus any additional appropriations made to date. The reports permit the Finance Director and other City officials to ascertain the status of a department's appropriations at any time during the year.

During the year, the accounting records are maintained on a cash basis for all fund types. To prepare this report, adjusting entries are prepared for the various funds to convert the cash basis records to modified accrual for all governmental and fiduciary fund types and accrual for the proprietary fund types. The modified accrual basis of accounting requires that revenues be recognized when both measurable and available. Expenditures are recorded as liabilities when incurred, except for principal and interest on general and special assessment long-term debt which are recognized when due. A more detailed explanation of the basis of accounting for the various funds is included in the Notes to the General Purpose Financial Statements located in the Financial Section of this report.

<u>GENERAL GOVERNMENT FUNCTIONS</u>. The General Fund encompasses the general governmental functions of the City and all other functions not accounted for in other funds. General Fund revenues and other sources, increases and decreases, and percentage of total in relation to the prior year, on a GAAP basis, are summarized below:

				Percent		
				(Decrease) Perc		of Increase
Revenues	2000	_	1999	From 1999	of Total	(Decrease)
Property Taxes	\$ 1,163,488	\$	1,249,072	\$ (85,584)	5.6%	6.9%
Municipal Income Taxes	8,877,355		8,565,519	311,836	42.9	3.6
Other Local Taxes	63,840		59,763	4,077	0.3	6.8
Intergovernmental	763,513		764,698	(1,185)	3.7	0.2
Charges for Services	180,479		186,145	(5,666)	0.8	3.0
Licenses and Permits	175,381		134,140	41,241	0.8	30.7
Fines and Forfeitures	178,609		139,750	38,859	0.8	27.8
Miscellaneous Income	322,381		304,947	17,434	1.6	5.7
Other Sources:						
Proceeds from Sale of						
Fixed Assets	-		-	-	0.0	0.0
Operating Transfers - In	8,950,940	_	8,195,307	755,633	43.5	9.2
Total	\$ <u>20,675,986</u>	\$	19,599,341	\$ <u>1,076,645</u>	<u>100.0</u> %	

General Fund expenditures and other uses, the increases and decreases, and percentage of total in relation to the prior year, on a GAAP basis, are summarized below:

						Percent		
					(D	ecrease)	Percent	of Increase
Expenditures		2000	1999		Fre	om 1999	of Total	(Decrease)
<b>Current Operations and Mainte</b>	enan	ice:						
Security of Persons and								
Property	\$	3,013,292	\$	2,903,491	\$	109,801	14.9%	3.8%
Public Health and Welfare		291,131		344,962		(53,831)	1.4	15.6
Leisure Time Activities		1,063,994		1,005,212		58,782	5.3	5.8
Community Development		406,642		384,878		21,764	2.0	5.7
Basic Utility Services		602,356		534,881		67,475	3.0	12.6
Transportation		17,904		13,869		4,035	0.1	29.1
General Government		3,503,707		3,425,747		77,960	17.4	2.3
Capital Outlay		225,840		207,961		17,879	1.0	8.6
Other Uses:								
Operating Transfers - Out		11,041,698		10,485,834	-	555,864	54.9	5.3
Total Expenditures and								
Other Uses	\$	20,166,564	\$	19,306,835	\$	859,729	<u>100.0</u> %	

SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS. The Special Revenue Funds are used to account for certain revenue sources which are restricted by law or any other formal action to expenditures for specific purposes. All Special Revenue Funds include State Highway Improvement, Street Maintenance and Repair, Community Development Block Grant, Safety Department Equipment, Police Pension, Fire Pension, Fire Levy, Law Enforcement Trust, D.U.I. Enforcement and Education, Ambulance Billing, Litter Control Grant Fund, COPS, Commissary, Mayor's Court Computer, and Local Law Enforcement Grant Funds.

The Street Maintenance and Repair Fund had a fund equity deficit of \$7,091, as a result of timing differences of the receipt of intergovernmental revenue. The Police Pension, and Fire Pension Funds have fund equity deficits of \$195,275 and \$175,849, respectively. These deficits are caused by the application of generally accepted accounting principles to these funds. The General Fund is liable for any deficit in these funds and provides operating transfers when cash is required, rather than when accruals occur.

<u>CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS</u>. The Capital Projects Funds account for all major capital improvement projects of the City, including the construction of additional sewer lines and plant facilities. The primary sources for financing the City's capital improvement program are General Obligation Bond Anticipation note proceeds, interest earned on the proceeds, and municipal income taxes. The City continually evaluates capital improvement needs and is addressing these needs in a five-year program defined by the Administration.

The Capital Improvement Fund had a deficit of \$289,785, caused by the application of generally accepted accounting principles to the Fund. Bond anticipation note proceeds used to finance the projects are not recognized as "Other Financing Sources," but rather as a fund liability. The deficit in this fund will be eliminated when the project is near completion and the note is bonded and/or resources are provided for the retirement of the note.

The Kenmore Creek/Solon Road Improvement Fund and the Richmond Force Main Replacement Fund had deficits of \$59,020 and \$4,431, respectively, as a result of timing differences of the receipt of intergovernmental revenue. The Capital Improvement Fund is liable for any deficit in these funds and provides operating transfers when cash is required, rather than when accruals occur.

ENTERPRISE FUNDS. The Sewer Enterprise Fund accounts for the operations of the City's sewer collection system and treatment plant. Sewer services are provided by the City to the residents of the City of Bedford Heights and to certain residents of the City of Bedford, Oakwood Village and the Village of Glenwillow. Small commercial areas in both the City of Warrensville Heights and the City of Solon are also provided with sewer services. Billings and collections for residents and companies served by the City are handled by the City of Cleveland under a contractual agreement and remitted to Bedford Heights monthly.

Operating resources are provided by user charges. User charges are reviewed and set by the Director of Public Works and the Finance Director and then reviewed and approved by Council on an annual basis. Council approved a rate increase for 2000, 2001 and 2002, at a one dollar per M.C.F. increase per year which will generate additional revenue for this fund. Construction and acquisition of capital assets utilized in the collection system and treatment facility are financed by general obligation bond proceeds accounted for in the capital projects funds. When these assets are substantially complete or placed in service, the cost is capitalized and recorded as contributed capital in the Sewer Enterprise Fund.

The Sewer Enterprise Fund has a deficit retained earnings at December 31, 2000, of \$11,170,435 as a result of accumulated operating losses due primarily to the application of accrual accounting and the recognition of depreciation. Total fund equity remains positive as contributed capital totals \$21,642,814.

<u>INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS</u>. The Corrections Facility Fund accounts for the proceeds received from housing prisoners of other governmental districts in neighboring cities. During 1997, fixed assets that had previously been reported as General Fixed Assets were transferred from the General Fixed Asset account group to the Corrections Facility Fund. The fixed assets transferred had an original cost of \$3,850,134.

The Corrections Facility Fund has a deficit retained earnings at December 31, 2000 of \$1,715,499 as a result of accumulated operating losses due primarily to the application of accrual accounting and the recognition of depreciation. Total fund equity remains positive as contributed capital totals \$3,797,853.

<u>DEBT ADMINISTRATION</u>. The Debt Service Funds accumulate resources for the payment of principal and interest on long-term general obligations of the City and special assessments obligations with governmental commitment. The sources of revenue for the Debt Service Funds include property taxes, municipal income tax, and special assessments. The City maintains an A2 rating from Moody's Investors Service on general obligation bond issues. Under state statutes, the City's debt limitation is 10.5 percent of the total assessed property valuation. As of December 31, 2000, the City's net general obligation debt of \$7,343,687 was well below the legal limit of \$30,578,388, and net general obligation debt per capita equaled \$605.37.

The City's outstanding note liability at December 31, 2000 was \$400,000. During the year, the issued \$400,000 in Bond Anticipation Notes for the purpose of acquiring real estate for municipal purposes. General obligation bonds are retired with property tax revenues while special assessment bonds are retired from the assessments applied against specific benefitted property owners. Interest rates on the bonds currently outstanding vary from 4.579% to 11.25%.

<u>CASH MANAGEMENT</u>. Cash management is a vital component of the City's overall financial strategy. An aggressive cash management program is maintained by the Finance Director. Major considerations include cash flows necessary to pay City liabilities and available interest rates. As City funds become available, they are invested immediately in short-term certificates of deposit or other securities authorized by state statutes and an Investment Policy. Interest earnings are allocated to the Capital Improvement Fund based on the requirements of the Ohio Constitution and state statutes. Investment earnings for 2000 totaled \$317,823 in the governmental funds. All investments are covered by pooled collateral with a face value equal to at least the market value of deposits.

<u>RISK MANAGEMENT</u>. In October 1987, the City entered into a self-insurance pool with nine other cities to formalize a risk management program for general liability, property, and vehicle insurance. As part of the comprehensive plan, resources are being accumulated in the Northern Ohio Risk Management Agency (NORMA) to meet potential losses. In addition, various risk control techniques have been implemented to minimize potential losses. The goal of the pool is to minimize loss potential in all areas of the City's operations, while delivering services in the most efficient manner possible.

#### OTHER INFORMATION

<u>CERTIFICATE OF ACHIEVEMENT</u>. For the eleventh time, the Government Finance Officers Association awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the City for its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the fiscal year ended December 31, 1999. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, the City published an easily readable and efficiently organized comprehensive annual financial report. This report satisfied both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements.

The Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe that our current comprehensive annual financial report continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements and we are submitting it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

ACKNOWLEDGMENT. This Comprehensive Annual Financial Report was prepared by the Finance Department with the efficient and dedicated services of its entire staff. Also, we would like to express special appreciation to the independent accounting firm of Ciuni & Panichi, Inc. which contributed significantly to the preparation of this report. In addition we would like to thank the Mayor and Members of Council for their support which has allowed the upgrading of the Financial and Accounting Information System to the status that the residents of the City of Bedford Heights deserve.

Respectfully submitted,

Mark A. Cegelka <sup>(</sup>

Finance Director

# Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

# City of Bedford Heights, Ohio

For its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the Fiscal Year Ended December 31, 1999

A Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting is presented by the Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada to government units and public employee retirement systems whose comprehensive annual financial reports (CAFRs) achieve the highest standards in government accounting and financial reporting.

UNITED STATES DE CAMADO CAMADO SE AL CAME AS C

anne Spray Kinney President

Executive Director

#### LIST OF PRINCIPAL OFFICIALS

#### **DECEMBER 31, 2000**

#### **TITLE**

Mayor/Director of Public Safety

Council Member – President-At-Large

Council Member - At-Large

Council Member – At-Large

Council Member – Ward 1

Council Member – Ward 2

Council Member - Ward 3

Council Member - Ward 4

Clerk of Council

Director of Law

Director of Finance/Tax Administrator

Director of Public Works

Assistant Director of Public Works

Police Chief

Fire Chief

Director of Recreation

City Engineer

City Architect

**Building Commissioner** 

Director of Economic Development

and Planning

Housing Co-ordinator

Clerk of Courts

Corrections Administrator

#### **NAME**

Debora Mallin

Wendolyn Grant

Kenneth Russell

Philip D. Saunders

Barbara MacKenzie

Harvey Brown

Pat Santangelo

James R. Cody

Patricia Stahl

Charles E. Merchant

Mark A. Cegelka

Sam F. Scaffide

Dave Pocaro

Dominic V. Meuti

Tom Spape

Lisa Gagliano

Joseph Ciuni

Norman Casini

John R. Marrelli, Jr.

Tony D. Provenzale

Barbara Herman-Cozart

Nancy Catalano

Lt. William Schultz

ORGANIZATIONAL CHART



City of Bedford Heights, Ohio

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

AND BUSINESS CONSULTING FIRM

Creating economic value through knowledge, innovation, commitment, and service

#### **INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT**

Members of the City Council of the City of Bedford Heights, Ohio

We have audited the accompanying general-purpose financial statements of the City of Bedford Heights, Ohio as of and for the year ended December 31, 2000, as listed in the *Table of Contents*. These general-purpose financial statements are the responsibility of the City's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these general-purpose financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the general-purpose financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the City of Bedford Heights, Ohio as of December 31, 2000, and the results of its operations and the cash flows of its proprietary fund types for the year then ended in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles.

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated May 31, 2001 on our consideration of the City of Bedford Heights, Ohio's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards and should be read in conjunction with this report in considering the results of our audit.

The combining and individual fund and account group financial statements and schedules listed in the *Table of Contents* are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the general-purpose financial statements of the City of Bedford Heights, Ohio. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the general-purpose financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the general-purpose financial statements taken as a whole.

We did not audit the introductory and statistical information as listed in the Table of Contents and therefore express no opinion thereon.

Cleveland, Ohio May 31, 2001



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# GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The general purpose financial statements of the City include the basic combined financial statements, presented by fund type and account group, and notes to the financial statements that are essential to the fair presentation of financial position and results of operations and cash flows for proprietary funds.

### COMBINED BALANCE SHEET - ALL FUND TYPES AND ACCOUNT GROUPS

### **DECEMBER 31, 2000**

		Governmental Fund Types						
ASSETS AND OTHER DEBITS		General		Special Revenue	-	Debt Service	-	Capital Projects
Assets								
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	2,736,430	\$	572,625	\$	37,198	\$	234,403
Receivables:								
Taxes		2,684,126		901,866		425,879		563,816
Accounts, Net of Allowance for								
Doubtful Accounts		33,491		-		-		9,663
Intergovernmental		44,287		36,693		-		-
Interfund Receivable		12,076		380		-		-
Special Assessments		-		-		295,140		-
Supplies and Materials Inventory		19,061		41,140		-		-
Fixed Assets, Net of Accumulated								
Depreciation		-		-		-		-
Other Debits								
Amount Available in Debt Service								
Funds		_		_		_		_
Amount to be Provided for Retirement		-		-		-		-
of General Long-Term Obligations		_		_		_		_
Amount to be Provided for Special		_		_		_		_
Assessments	,				-		-	
Total Assets and Other Debits	\$	5,529,471	\$	1,552,704	\$	758,217	\$	807,882

Proprietary Fund Types			Fiduciary Fund Type			Acco General	_ Total			
]	Enterprise _	Internal Service		Agency		Fixed Assets	General Long-term Obligations	(M	(Memorandum Only)	
\$	825,752	\$ 182,132	\$	15,741	\$	-	\$ -	\$	4,604,281	
	-	-		-		-	-		4,575,687	
	332,551	304,234		-		-	-		679,939	
	_	-		-		-	-		80,980	
	-	-		-		-	-		12,456	
	-	-		-		-	-		295,140	
	13,349	6,707		-		-	-		80,257	
	11,187,007	3,388,729		-		19,779,161	-		34,354,897	
	-	-		-		-	176,313		176,313	
	-	-		-		-	5,626,360		5,626,360	
							100,000	-	100,000	
\$	12,358,659	\$ 3,881,802	\$	15,741	\$	19,779,161	\$ 5,902,673	\$_	50,586,310	

COMBINED BALANCE SHEET – ALL FUND TYPES AND ACCOUNT GROUPS (CONTINUED)

**DECEMBER 31, 2000** 

	_	Governmental Fund Types						
LIABILITIES, FUND EQUITY, AND OT	ГНЕ	General ER CREDITS	S	Special Revenue	_	Debt Service	Capital Projects	
Liabilities								
Accounts Payable	\$	158,839	\$	250,933	\$	- \$	222,498	
Accrued Wages and Benefits		91,800		45,728		-	-	
Accrued Compensated Absences		222,920		116,407		-	_	
Due to Other Governments		70,799		29,745		-	_	
Interfund Payable		´-		´-		-	_	
Deferred Revenue		792,819		607,264		581,904	337,370	
Accrued Pension		88,773		258,400		-	_	
Accrued Interest Payable		_		_		_	12,180	
Notes Payable		-		-		-	400,000	
Capital Leases Payable		_		_		-	_	
General Obligation Bonds Payable		_		_		_	_	
Special Assessment Bonds Payable								
with Governmental Commitment		_		_		-	_	
Total Liabilities	-	1,425,950		1,308,477	-	581,904	972,048	
Fund Equity and Other Credits								
Investment in General Fixed Assets		_		_		_	_	
Contributed Capital		_		_		_	_	
Retained Earnings (Deficit)		_		_		_	_	
Fund Balance:								
Reserved for Encumbrances		80,696		23,608		700	121,370	
Reserved for Inventory		19,061		41,140		_	_	
Unreserved/Undesignated (Deficit)		4,003,764		179,479		175,613	(285,536)	
Total Fund Equity and Other Credit	s	4,103,521		244,227	-	176,313	(164,166)	
Total Liabilities, Fund Equity,								
and Other Credits	\$ _	5,529,471	\$	1,552,704	\$	758,217 \$	807,882	

Propri Fund T		Fiduciary Fund Type		Acco	_			
	Internal			General Fixed		General Long-term	(M	Total Iemorandum
Enterprise	Service	Agency	_	Assets	•	Obligations		Only)
\$ 48,205	\$ 20,143	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	700,618
17,781	17,996	-		-		-		173,305
125,022	26,848	-		-		725,966		1,217,163
12,022	11,451	3,285		-		-		127,302
-	-	12,456		-		-		12,456
-	-	-		-		-		2,319,357
29,203	24,160	-		-		63,643		464,179
6,705	8,850	-		-		-		27,735
-	-	-		-		-		400,000
127,342	-	-		-		1,103,064		1,230,406
1,520,000	1,690,000	-		-		3,910,000		7,120,000
				-		100,000	_	100,000
1,886,280	1,799,448	15,741				5,902,673	_	13,892,521
-	-	-		19,779,161		-		19,779,161
21,642,814		-		-		-		25,440,667
(11,170,435)	(1,715,499)	-		-		-		(12,885,934)
-	-	-		-		-		226,374
-	-	-		-		-		60,201
			_				_	4,073,320
10,472,379	2,082,354		_	19,779,161			_	36,693,789
\$ <u>12,358,659</u>	\$ <u>3,881,802</u>	\$ <u>15,741</u>	\$	19,779,161	\$	5,902,673	\$	50,586,310

COMBINED STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – ALL GOVERNMENT FUND TYPES

#### FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2000

	_	General	_	Special Revenue
Revenues				
Property Taxes	\$	1,163,488	\$	891,161
Municipal Income Tax		8,877,355		-
Other Local Taxes		63,840		-
Intergovernmental		763,513		550,168
Charges for Services		180,479		-
Licenses and Permits		175,381		99,683
Fines and Forfeitures		178,609		8,720
Special Assessments		-		-
Investment Income		-		14,938
Miscellaneous Income		322,381		241,366
Total Revenues	_	11,725,046	_	1,806,036
Expenditures				
Current Operations and Maintenance:				
Security of Persons and Property		3,013,292		3,224,985
Public Health and Welfare		291,131		-
Leisure Time Activities		1,063,994		_
Community Development		406,642		42,846
Basic Utility Services		602,356		-
Transportation		17,904		1,025,189
General Government		3,503,707		-
Capital Outlay		225,840		51,876
Debt Service:		,		2 -, 5 . 5
Principal Retirement		_		_
Interest and Fiscal Charges		_		_
Total Expenditures	_	9,124,866	-	4,344,896
			_	_
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	_	2,600,180	_	(2,538,860)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Inception of Capital Lease		-		185,384
Operating Transfers - In		8,950,940		2,139,182
Operating Transfers - Out	_	(11,041,698)	_	(85,160)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	_	(2,090,758)	_	2,239,406
Excess of Revenues and Other Financing Sources				
Over (Under) Expenditures and Other Financing Uses		509,422		(299,454)
Fund Balance (Deficit) at Beginning of Year		3,592,029		554,183
Increase (Decrease) in Reserve for Inventory	_	2,070	_	(10,502)
Fund Balance (Deficit) at End of Year	\$ _	4,103,521	\$ _	244,227

See Accompanying Notes to the General Purpose Financial Statements

	Debt Service		Capital Projects	_	Total (Memorandum Only)
\$	420,827	\$	495,091	\$	2,970,567
Ψ	-	Ψ	-	Ψ	8,877,355
	_		_		63,840
	=		17,595		1,331,276
	-		-		180,479
	-		155,537		430,601
	=		-		187,329
	106,370		-		106,370
	22,149		280,736		317,823
			58,828	_	622,575
	549,346		1,007,787	_	15,088,215
	_		_		6,238,277
	_		_		291,131
	_		142,719		1,206,713
	=		´-		449,488
	-		_		602,356
	-		283,094		1,326,187
	-		138,374		3,642,081
	-		1,191,507		1,469,223
	385,000		-		385,000
	247,687		12,180		259,867
	632,687		1,767,874	_	15,870,323
	(83,341)		(760,087)	=	(782,108)
	-		=		185,384
	-		1,449,240		12,539,362
	(107,044)		(681,415)	_	(11,915,317)
	(107,044)		767,825	-	809,429
	(190,385)		7,738		27,321
	366,698		(171,904)		4,341,006
	<u> </u>			_	(8,432)
\$	176,313	\$	(164,166)	\$ _	4,359,895

COMBINED STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – BUDGET (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) AND ACTUAL – ALL GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES

#### FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2000

			G	eneral Fund		
		Dudget		Actual		Variance Favorable
Revenues	_	Budget	_	Actual		(Unfavorable)
Property Taxes	\$	1,210,000	\$	1,180,731	\$	(29,269)
Municipal Income Taxes	Ψ	8,884,075	Ψ	8,878,412	Ψ	(5,663)
Other Local Taxes		67,000		63,840		(3,160)
Intergovernmental		777,825		762,840		(14,985)
Charges for Services		196,100		180,478		(15,622)
Licenses and Permits		187,500		175,640		(11,860)
Fines and Forfeitures		180,000		178,575		(1,425)
Miscellaneous Income		316,610		288,892		(27,718)
Total Revenues		11,819,110	-	11,709,408		(109,702)
Expenditures						
Current Operations and Maintenance:		2.072.165		2 001 541		50.624
Security of Persons and Property		3,072,165		3,021,541		50,624
Public Health and Welfare		332,060		317,993		14,067
Leisure Time Activities		1,121,515		1,075,955		45,560
Community Development		422,139		410,882		11,257
Basic Utility Services		630,255		604,832		25,423
Transportation		18,160		17,890		270
General Government		3,697,675		3,563,054		134,621
Capital Outlay		256,300	-	226,871		29,429
Total Expenditures	_	9,550,269	-	9,239,018		311,251
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		2,268,841	-	2,470,390		201,549
Other Financing Sources (Uses)						
Operating Transfers - In		645,000		678,223		33,223
Operating Transfers - Out		(2,771,700)	_	(2,768,981)		2,719
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(2,126,700)	-	(2,090,758)		35,942
Excess of Revenues and Other Financing Sources Over						
(Under) Expenditures and Other Financing Uses		142,141		379,632		237,491
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year		2,270,634		2,270,634		-
Encumbrances at End of Year		86,164	-	86,164		
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$	2,498,939	\$	2,736,430	\$	237,491

COMBINED STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – BUDGET (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) AND ACTUAL – ALL GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES (CONTINUED)

#### **FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2000**

		Special Revenue Funds				
		Budget		Actual		Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)
Revenues	Φ.	0.5	Φ.	004 554	Φ.	(54.40.1)
Property Taxes	\$	965,765	\$	901,661	\$	(64,104)
Intergovernmental		583,000		550,570		(32,430)
Licenses and Permits		110,000		106,566		(3,634)
Fines and Forfeitures		9,500		8,947		(553)
Investment Income		16,000		14,938		(1,062)
Miscellaneous Income		255,150		248,132		(7,018)
Total Revenues		1,939,415		1,830,814	_	(108,601)
Expenditures Current Operations and Maintenance:						
Security of Persons and Property		3,102,011		3,060,416		41,595
Community Development		45,850		45,292		558
Transportation		917,830		873,020		44,810
Basic Utilities		3,000		673,020		3,000
General Government		13,000		_		13,000
Capital Outlay		134,900		75,151		59,749
Total Expenditures		4,216,591		4,053,879		162,712
Total Experientures		4,210,371		4,033,077		102,712
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		(2,277,176)		(2,223,065)		54,111
Other Financing Sources (Uses)						
Operating Transfers - In		2,135,745		2,139,182		3,437
Operating Transfers - Out		(92,502)		(85,160)		7,342
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		2,043,243		2,054,022		10,779
Excess of Revenues and Other Financing Sources Over						
(Under) Expenditures and Other Financing Uses		(233,933)		(169,043)		64,890
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year		666,565		666,565		-
Encumbrances at End of Year		75,103		75,103		
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$	507,735	\$	572,625	\$	64,890

COMBINED STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – BUDGET (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) AND ACTUAL – ALL GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES (CONTINUED)

#### **FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2000**

		Debt Service Fund				
D.		Budget		Actual	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)	
Revenues  Proporty Toyog	\$	456,056	\$	425,784	\$ (30,272)	
Property Taxes Special Assessments	Ф	107,000	Ф	106,370	\$ (30,272) (630)	
Investment Income		24,500		22,150	(2,350)	
Miscellaneous Income		24,300		22,130	(2,330)	
Total Revenues		587,556	_	554,304	(33,252)	
Expenditures Debt Service:						
Principal Retirement		835,000		835,000	-	
Interest and Fiscal Charges		267,000	_	265,179	1,821	
Total Expenditures		1,102,000	_	1,100,179	1,821	
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	•	(514,444)	_	(545,875)	(31,431)	
Other Financing Sources (Uses)						
Proceeds from Sale of Debt		400,000		400,000	-	
Operating Transfers - Out			_	(40,252)	(40,252)	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		400,000	-	359,748	(40,252)	
Excess of Revenues and Other Financing Sources Over (Under) Expenditures and Other Financing Uses		(114,444)		(186,127)	(71,683)	
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year		222,625		222,625	-	
Encumbrances at End of Year		700	-	700		
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$	108,881	\$ _	37,198	\$(71,683)	

COMBINED STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – BUDGET (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) AND ACTUAL – ALL GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES (CONTINUED)

#### **FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2000**

	Capital Projects Funds				
	Budget		Actual		Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)
Revenues					
Property Taxes	\$ 536,536	\$	500,924	\$	(35,612)
Intergovernmental	17,595		17,595		-
Licenses and Permits	158,000		155,581		(2,419)
Investment Income	290,000		271,072		(18,928)
Miscellaneous Income	161,670		54,060		(107,610)
Total Revenues	1,163,801		999,232		(164,569)
Expenditures Current Operations and Maintenance:					
Leisure Time Activities	184,000		176,338		7,662
Basic Utility Services	15,000		13,240		1,760
Transportation	296,728		294,489		2,239
General Government	124,000		117,481		6,519
Capital Outlay	1,348,945		1,281,966		66,979
Total Expenditures	1,968,673		1,883,514		85,159
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(804,872)		(884,282)		(79,410)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)					
Operating Transfers - In	1,388,917		1,382,448		(6,469)
Operating Transfers - Out	(681,415)		(681,415)		
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	707,502		701,033		(6,469)
Excess of Revenues and Other Financing Sources Over					
(Under) Expenditures and Other Financing Uses	(97,370)		(183,249)		(85,879)
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year	155,314		155,314		-
Encumbrances at End of Year	262,338	_	262,338		<del>-</del>
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$ 320,282	\$	234,403	\$	(85,879)

COMBINED STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND EQUITY – ALL PROPRIETARY FUND TYPES

#### FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2000

Operating Revenues		Enterprise		Internal Service		Total (Memorandum Only)
Charges for Services	\$	2,023,129	\$	1,507,346	\$	3,530,475
Licenses and Permits	Ψ	74,942	Ψ	-	Ψ	74,942
Fines and Forfeitures				2,600		2,600
Reimbursements		7,051		20,627		27,678
Total Operating Revenues		2,105,122	-	1,530,573		3,635,695
Operating Expenses						
Personal Services		1,082,705		985,608		2,068,313
Travel and Education		6,163		7,679		13,842
Contractual Services		534,488		149,949		684,437
Supplies and Materials		175,311		203,698		379,009
Depreciation		457,018		108,834		565,852
Reimbursements		2,145	_	16,318		18,463
Total Operating Expenses		2,257,830	-	1,472,086		3,729,916
Operating Income (Loss)		(152,708)		58,487		(94,221)
Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses)		(0.5.04.0)		(4.40.4.40)		(-1-0-0)
Interest Expense		(93,910)	-	(119,140)		(213,050)
Loss Before Operating Transfers		(246,618)		(60,653)		(307,271)
Operating Transfers - In		20,955		-		20,955
Operating Transfers - Out			_	(645,000)		(645,000)
Total Operating Transfers		20,955	-	(645,000)		(624,045)
Net Loss		(225,663)		(705,653)		(931,316)
Retained Earnings (Deficit) at Beginning of Year, as Restated		(10,944,772)	· <del>-</del>	(1,009,846)		(11,954,618)
Retained Earnings (Deficit) at End of Year		(11,170,435)		(1,715,499)		(12,885,934)
Contributed Capital at End of Year		21,642,814	-	3,797,853		25,440,667
Total Fund Equity at End of Year	\$	10,472,379	\$	2,082,354	\$	12,554,733

COMBINED STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – BUDGET (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) AND ACTUAL – ALL PROPRIETARY FUND TYPES

#### **FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2000**

			En	nterprise Fund	d	
	•	Budget		Actual		Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)
Revenues		Duaget		Actual		(Ciliavorable)
Charges for Services	\$	2,269,400	\$	2,178,290	\$	(91,110)
Licenses and Permits	Ψ	81,000	Ψ	74,941	Ψ	(6,059)
Reimbursements		8,500		7,050		(1,450)
Total Revenues	•	2,358,900	-	2,260,281		(98,619)
Total Revenues		2,336,900	-	2,200,261		(90,019)
Expenses						
Personal Services		1,127,970		1,089,684		38,286
Travel and Education		7,200		6,163		1,037
Contractual Services		668,800		594,475		74,325
Supplies and Materials		180,200		161,424		18,776
Reimbursements		2,400		2,145		255
Debt Service:		,		,		
Principal		150,000		150,000		-
Interest and Fiscal Charges		88,000		87,205		795
Total Expenses	•	2,224,570		2,091,096		133,474
•	•					
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenses		134,330		169,185		34,855
•						
Other Financing Sources (Uses)						
Operating Transfers - In		20,955		20,955		
Excess of Revenues and Other Financing Sources Over						
(Under) Expenses and Other Financing Uses		155,285		190,140		34,855
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year		593,079		593,079		-
Encumbrances at End of Year		42,533	-	42,533		
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$	790,897	\$	825,752	\$	34,855

COMBINED STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – BUDGET (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) AND ACTUAL – ALL PROPRIETARY FUND TYPES (CONTINUED)

### FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2000

	Internal Service Fund					
		Budget		Actual		Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)
Revenues						
Charges for Services	\$	1,801,000	\$	1,593,201	\$	
Fines and Forfeitures		15,000		3,438		(11,562)
Reimbursements		26,700		20,627		(6,073)
Total Revenues		1,842,700	•	1,617,266		(225,434)
Expenses						
Current Operations and Maintenance:						
Public Health and Welfare						
Support of Prisoners						
Personal services		982,700		965,572		17,128
Travel and education		10,700		8,819		1,881
Contractual services		167,700		140,961		26,739
Supplies and materials		291,900		253,636		38,264
Reimbursements		18,000		16,318		1,682
Debt Service:						
Principal Retirement		75,000		75,000		-
Interest and Fiscal Charges		110,290		110,290		
Total Expenses		1,656,290	•	1,570,596		85,694
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenses		186,410		46,670		(139,740)
Other Financing Sources(Uses)						
Operating Transfers - Out		(645,000)		(645,000)		
Excess of Revenues and Other Financing Sources Over						
(Under) Expenses and Other Financing Uses		(458,590)		(598,330)		(139,740)
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year		748,346		748,346		-
Encumbrances at End of Year		32,116		32,116		
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$	321,872	\$	182,132	\$	(139,740)

# COMBINED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS – ALL PROPRIETARY FUND TYPES

# FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2000

Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents		Enterprise	Internal Service	Total (Memorandum Only)
Cash Flows from Operating Activities:				
Cash Received from Customers	\$	2,253,231 \$	1,596,639	\$ 3,849,870
Cash Payments for Personal Services		(1,089,684)	(961,242)	(2,050,926)
Cash Payments for Travel and Education		(6,163)	(8,819)	(14,982)
Cash Payments for Contractual Services		(517,450)	(130,651)	(648,101)
Cash Payments to Vendors for Supplies		, ,		, , ,
and Materials		(146,437)	(236,160)	(382,597)
Cash Payments for Reimbursements		(2,145)	(16,318)	(18,463)
Cash Received for Reimbursements		7,050	20,627	27,677
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities		498,402	264,076	762,478
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Acti	vities:			
Acquisition of Capital Assets		(84,636)	-	(84,636)
Inception of Capital Lease		81,751	-	81,751
Principal Paid on Capital Leases		(46,594)	-	(46,594)
Principal Paid on Bonds		(150,000)	(75,000)	(225,000)
Interest and Fiscal Charges		(87,205)	(110,290)	(197,495)
Net Cash Used in Capital and Related				
Financing Activities		(286,684)	(185,290)	(471,974)
Cash Flows from Non-Capital Financing Activities:				
Cash Transfers from Other Funds		20,955	-	20,955
Cash Transfer to Other Funds			(645,000)	(645,000)
Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Non-Capital				
Financing Activities		20,955	(645,000)	(624,045)
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalent	S	232,673	(566,214)	(333,541)
		502.070	740.046	1 2 4 1 4 2 5
Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Year		593,079	748,346	1,341,425
Code and Code Emiliants of Ed. 1 CV	Φ	925 752 A	102 122	t 1,007,004
Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Year	\$	<u>825,752</u> \$	<u>182,132</u>	\$1,007,884
				~

Continued

COMBINED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS – ALL PROPRIETARY FUND TYPES (CONTINUED)

### FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2000

Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash from Operating Activities	Enterprise	Internal Service	Total (Memorandum Only)
Operating Income (Loss)	(152,708	58,487	\$ (94,221)
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income (Loss) to			
Net Cash From Operating Activities:			
Depreciation	457,018	108,834	565,852
Changes in Assets and Liabilities:			
Decrease (Increase) in Accounts Receivable	155,160	86,693	241,853
Decrease (Increase) in Supplies and Materials Inventory	33,803	(2,188)	31,615
Increase (Decrease) in Accounts Payable	11,617	(16,253)	(4,636)
Increase (Decrease) in Due to Other Governments	834	2,055	2,889
Increase (Decrease) in Accrued Wages and Benefits	7,282	8,346	15,628
Increase (Decrease) in Accrued Compensated	•	,	•
Absences	7,080	4,575	11,655
Increase (Decrease) in Accrued Pension	(21,684	*	(8,157)
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities	498,402	2 \$264,076	\$

### NOTES TO GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### **DECEMBER 31, 2000**

### NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of the City of Bedford Heights (the City) have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to government units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant of the City's accounting policies are described below.

### A. THE REPORTING ENTITY

The City of Bedford Heights is a home rule municipal corporation established under the laws of the State of Ohio which operates under its own Charter. The current Charter, which provides for a mayor-council form of government, was adopted January 1, 1960.

In evaluating how to define the governmental reporting entity, management has considered all potential component units. The decision to include a potential component unit in the reporting entity was made by applying the criteria set forth by GAAP. In June 1991, the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) issued Statement No. 14, "The Financial Reporting Entity", which is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 1992 and defines the financial reporting entity of a governmental unit. These principles provide that the reporting entity is comprised of the primary government, organizations for which the primary government is financially accountable, and other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government are such that exclusion would cause the general purpose financial statements to be misleading or incomplete.

Based on the foregoing criteria, these financial statements do not include any component units.

The City of Bedford Heights is divided into various departments and financial management and control systems. The City departments include a public safety department, a public service department, a street maintenance department, a sanitation system, a parks and recreation department, a planning and zoning department, a waste water treatment system, and a staff to provide support (i.e., payroll processing, accounts payable, and revenue collection) to the service providers. The operation of each of these activities and entities is directly controlled by the City Council through the budgetary process and therefore is included as a part of the reporting entity.

The Mayor's Court (the Court), which provides judicial services, is responsible for the levying and collecting of fines and forfeitures under state and local laws, and their subsequent distribution to various government agencies. The City budgets and appropriates funds for the operation of the Court and is ultimately responsible for any operating deficits sustained by the Court. The City's share of the fines collected by the Court, along with its share of the Court's administrative and operating costs, are recorded in the City's General Fund. Due to this relationship, the Court is not considered a component unit of the City but rather as part of the primary government unit itself. Monies held by the Court in a fiduciary capacity are recorded as an agency fund in the accompanying financial statements.

NOTES TO GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

### **DECEMBER 31, 2000**

### NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### B. BASIS OF PRESENTATION – FUND ACCOUNTING

The accounts of the City are organized on the basis of funds and account groups, each of which is considered a separate accounting entity. The operations of each fund are accounted for within a set of self-balancing accounts recording cash and other financial resources, together with all related liabilities and residual equities or balances, and changes therein, which are segregated for the purpose of carrying on specific activities or attaining certain objectives in accordance with special regulations, restrictions or limitations. The various funds are summarized by type in the general purpose financial statements. The following fund types and account groups are used by the City:

### **GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS**

Governmental funds are those through which most governmental functions typically are financed. The acquisition, use, and balances of the City's expendable financial resources and the related current liabilities (except those accounted for in the proprietary funds) are accounted for through governmental funds. The measurement focus is upon determination of financial position and changes in financial position. The following are the City's governmental fund types:

#### **GENERAL FUND**

The general fund is the general operating fund of the City. It is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The general fund balance is available to the City for any purpose provided it is expended or transferred according to the Charter of the City of Bedford Heights and/or the general laws of Ohio.

### SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

The special revenue funds are used to account for revenues derived from specific taxes, grants, or other sources (other than amounts relating to major capital projects) whose use is restricted. The uses and limitations of each special revenue fund are specified by City ordinances or federal and state statutes.

### **DEBT SERVICE FUNDS**

The debt service funds are used to account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, general long term and special assessment debt principal and interest.

### CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS

The capital projects funds are used to account for the financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities (other than those financed by proprietary funds).

NOTES TO GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

### **DECEMBER 31, 2000**

### NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### B. BASIS OF PRESENTATION – FUND ACCOUNTING (CONTINUED)

#### PROPRIETARY FUNDS

The proprietary funds are used to account for the City's ongoing organizations and activities which are similar to those often found in the private sector. The measurement focus is upon determination of net income, financial position, and changes in financial position. The following are the City's proprietary fund types:

### ENTERPRISE FUND

The enterprise fund is used to account for the City's sewer operations. It is financed and operated in a manner similar to private sector business enterprises where the intent is that the costs (expenses, including depreciation) of providing goods or services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges.

### INTERNAL SERVICE FUND

The internal service fund is used to account for the financing of services provided by one department or agency to other departments or agencies on a cost-reimbursement basis.

### **FIDUCIARY FUNDS**

Agency funds are used to account for assets held by the City in a trustee capacity or as an agent for individuals, private organizations, other governments, and other funds. Agency funds are purely custodial (assets equal liabilities) and thus do not involve measurement of results of operations. The City has no trust funds.

### **ACCOUNT GROUPS**

To make a clear distinction between fixed assets related to specific funds and those of general government, and between long-term liabilities related to specific funds and those of a general nature, the following account groups are used:

#### GENERAL FIXED ASSETS ACCOUNT GROUP

The general fixed assets account group is used to account for fixed assets other than those accounted for in the proprietary funds. These assets do not represent financial resources available for expenditure.

### **GENERAL LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS ACCOUNT GROUP**

The general long-term obligations account group is used to account for all unmatured long-term obligations of the City that are not a specific liability of the proprietary funds.

NOTES TO GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

### **DECEMBER 31, 2000**

### NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### C. BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

The accounting and financial reporting treatment applied to a fund is determined by its measurement focus. All governmental funds are accounted for using a current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities are generally included on the balance sheet. Operating statements of these funds present increases (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and decreases (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) in net current assets.

All proprietary funds are accounted for on a flow of economic resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, all assets and all liabilities associated with the operation of these funds are included on the balance sheet. Fund equity (i.e., net total assets) is segregated into contributed capital and retained earnings components. Proprietary fund type operating statements present increases (i.e., revenues) and decreases (i.e., expenses) in net total assets.

The modified accrual basis of accounting is used for reporting purposes by the governmental fund types and agency funds. Under this method of accounting, the City recognizes revenue when it becomes both measurable and available. Measurable means the amount of the transaction can be determined. Available means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period. Expenditures are recognized in the accounting period in which the fund liability is incurred, if measurable. Principal and interest on general long-term and special assessment obligations are recognized when due.

Revenues accrued at the end of the year included municipal income taxes, interest on investments, intergovernmental revenues (including motor vehicle license fees, gasoline tax, and local government assistance), and fines and forfeitures.

Other revenues, including licenses, permits, certain charges for services and miscellaneous revenues are recorded as revenue when received in cash because they are generally not measurable until actually received.

The accrual basis of accounting is used for reporting purposes by the proprietary funds. Revenues are recognized when they are earned and expenses are recognized at the time liabilities are incurred. Unbilled service charges are recognized as revenue at year-end.

The City reports deferred revenue on its combined balance sheet. Deferred revenues arise when a potential revenue does not meet both the measurable and available criteria for recognition in the current period. In subsequent periods, when both revenue recognition criteria are met, the liability for deferred revenue is removed from the combined balance sheet and revenue is recognized. Special assessment installments are recorded as deferred revenue because they do not meet the availability criteria. Property taxes measurable as of December 31, 2000 and delinquent property taxes, whose availability is indeterminate and which are not intended to finance the current year, have also been recorded as deferred revenue.

NOTES TO GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

### **DECEMBER 31, 2000**

### NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### D. BUDGETS AND BUDGETARY ACCOUNTING

The City follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reported in the combined financial statements:

### **TAX BUDGET**

A tax budget of estimated revenue and expenditures for all funds is submitted to the County Auditor, as Secretary of the County Budget Commission, by July 20th of each year, for the period January 1 to December 31 of the following year. All funds, except Agency funds, are legally required to be budgeted.

### ESTIMATED RESOURCES

The County Budget Commission determines if the budget substantiates a need to levy the full amount of authorized property tax rates and reviews revenue estimates. The Commission certifies its actions to the City by September 1. As part of this certification, the City receives the official certificate of estimated resources, which states the projected revenue of each fund.

On or about January 1, the certificate of estimated resources is amended to include unencumbered fund balances at December 31. Further amendments are made during the year as money from a new revenue source is received or actual receipts exceed current estimates. The amounts set forth in the financial statements represent the final amended certificate issued for 2000 which reflects such revisions.

#### **ANNUAL ESTIMATE**

The Mayor, with the assistance of the Finance Director, is required by Charter to submit to Council, on or before December 1 of each fiscal year, an estimate of the revenues and expenditures of each fund of the City for the next succeeding fiscal year. The annual estimate serves as the basis for appropriations (the appropriated budget) in each fund.

### **APPROPRIATIONS**

An appropriation ordinance (the appropriated budget) to control the level of expenditures for all funds must be legally enacted on or about January 1. Appropriations may not exceed estimated resources as established in the Official Amended Certificate of Estimated Resources. Supplemental appropriations may be adopted by Council action. Amounts shown in the financial statements represent the appropriated budgeted amounts and all supplemental appropriations. During the year, several supplemental appropriations were necessary.

NOTES TO GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

### **DECEMBER 31, 2000**

### NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### D. BUDGETS AND BUDGETARY ACCOUNTING (CONTINUED)

#### **BUDGETED LEVEL OF EXPENDITURE**

Administrative control is maintained through the establishment of detailed line-item budgets. Appropriated funds may not be expended for purposes other than those designated in the appropriation ordinance without authority from Council. Expenditures plus encumbrances may not legally exceed appropriations at the level of appropriation adopted by Council. For all funds, Council appropriations are made to personal services, travel and education, contractual services, supplies and materials, capital outlay, debt principal and interest payments, and transfer accounts for each department. The appropriations set by Council must remain fixed unless amended by Council ordinance. More detailed appropriation allocations may be made by the Finance Director as long as the allocations are within Council's appropriated amount.

#### **ENCUMBRANCES**

On the GAAP basis, encumbrances outstanding at year-end are reported as a reservation of fund balance for subsequent year expenditures for governmental funds, since they do not constitute expenditures or liabilities.

### **LAPSING OF APPROPRIATIONS**

At the close of each year, the unencumbered balance of each appropriation reverts to the respective fund from which it was appropriated and becomes subject to future appropriations. The encumbered appropriation balance is carried over for the subsequent year's expenditures and is re-appropriated.

### E. CASH AND INVESTMENTS

To improve cash management, cash received by the City is pooled. Monies for all funds, including proprietary funds, are maintained in this pool. Individual fund integrity is maintained through the City's records. Each fund's interest in the pool is presented as "equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents" on the combined balance sheet.

During fiscal year 2000, the City invested in STAROhio, certificates of deposit, obligations of other United States governmental agencies, commercial paper, and repurchase agreements.

Except for nonparticipating investment contracts, investments are reported at fair value which is based on quoted market prices. Nonparticipating investment contracts and nonnegotiable certificates of deposit are reported at cost.

The City has invested funds in the State Treasury Asset Reserve of Ohio (STAROhio) during fiscal year 2000. STAROhio is an investment pool managed by the State Treasurer's Office which allows governments within the State to pool their funds for investment purposes. STAROhio is not registered with the SEC as an investment company, but does operate in a manner consistent with Rule 2a7 of the Investment Company Act of 1940. Investments in STAROhio are valued at STAROhio's share price which is the price the investment could be sold for on December 31, 2000.

NOTES TO GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

### **DECEMBER 31, 2000**

### NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

### E. CASH AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

Following Ohio statutes, City Council has, by resolution, specified the funds to receive an allocation of interest earnings. Individual investments are specifically identified as to which fund or funds the investment relates, and which funds are to be credited with the related interest earnings.

For purposes of the combined statement of cash flows and for presentation on the combined balance sheet, investments of the cash management pool and investments with original maturities of three months or less at the time they are purchased by the City are considered to be cash equivalents. Investments with an initial maturity of more than three months are reported as investments.

### F. SHORT-TERM INTERFUND RECEIVABLES/PAYABLES

Receivables and payables arising between funds for goods provided or services rendered are classified as "due from other funds" or "due to other funds" on the balance sheet. Short-term interfund loans or the short-term portion of advances are classified as "interfund receivables/payables."

#### G. INVENTORY OF SUPPLIES

Inventory is valued at cost on a first-in, first-out basis. The costs of governmental fund type inventories are recorded as expenditures in the fund when purchased. The reserve for inventory indicates that a portion of the fund balances is not available for future expenditures. For proprietary funds, inventory is expended when consumed.

### H. FIXED ASSETS

All fixed asset values are valued at historical cost or estimated historical cost if historical cost is not available. Donated fixed assets are capitalized at fair market value on the date donated.

#### **GENERAL FIXED ASSETS**

General fixed assets (fixed assets used in governmental fund type operations) are not capitalized in the funds used to acquire or construct them. Instead, capital acquisition and construction costs are reflected as expenditures in governmental funds, and the related assets are reported in the general fixed assets account group. Assets in the general fixed assets account group are not depreciated.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized. Improvements which extend the useful life or increase the capacity or operating efficiency are capitalized at cost in the general fixed asset account group.

NOTES TO GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

### **DECEMBER 31, 2000**

### NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### H. FIXED ASSETS (CONTINUED)

Public domain (infrastructure) general fixed assets consisting of roads, bridges, curbs and gutters, streets and sidewalks, drainage systems, and lighting systems are not capitalized or reported, as these assets are immovable and of value only to the government.

### PROPRIETARY FUND FIXED ASSETS

Fixed assets associated with Sewer Enterprise Fund and the Corrections Facility Internal Service Fund activities are accounted for in those funds. Depreciation is calculated using the straight-line method over the assets' estimated useful lives. The assets of the funds are depreciated on the following basis:

Buildings 7 – 40 Years
Machinery and Equipment
Vehicles 5 Years
Sewer Lines 50 Years

#### CAPITALIZATION OF INTEREST

Interest is capitalized on proprietary fund assets acquired with tax-exempt debt. The City's policy is to capitalize net interest on construction projects until substantial completion of the project. The amount of capitalized interest equals the difference between the interest cost associated with the tax-exempt borrowing used to finance the project and the interest earned from temporary investment of the debt proceeds. Capitalized interest is amortized on the straight-line basis over the estimated useful life of the asset.

### I. COMPENSATED ABSENCES

In conformity with GASB Statement No. 16, the City accrues vacation and compensatory time benefits as earned by its employees if the leave is attributable to past service and it is probable that the City will compensate the employees for the benefits through paid time off or some other means, such as cash payments at termination or retirement. Likewise, the City accrues for sick pay benefits as earned by those employees who currently are eligible to receive termination payments as well as other employees who are expected to become eligible in the future. These compensated absences are measured using the pay rates in effect at December 31, 2000. Additionally, certain salary related payments associated with the payment of compensated absences have been accrued.

Vacation leave is earned at rates which vary depending upon length of service and standard work week. The City's current vacation policy specifies that accumulated vacation leave must be used prior to December 31 of the year following the year in which it is earned unless approved by Council by motion.

Each department earns sick leave at a negotiated rate per month. Each employee with the City is paid a portion of the employee's earned unused sick leave, with a maximum number of hours per department specifications, upon retirement from the City with 10 years of service.

NOTES TO GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

### **DECEMBER 31, 2000**

### NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### I. COMPENSATED ABSENCES (CONTINUED)

The Police and Fire Departments are able to accumulate compensatory time in lieu of being paid overtime, to be taken anytime or paid at time of separation. The full amount of accrued compensation is classified as non-current and recorded in the General Long-Term Obligations Account Group.

For governmental funds, the current portion of unpaid compensated absences is the amount to be paid using available expendable resources, and is reported as an accrued liability in the fund from which the individuals who have accumulated the unpaid compensated absences are paid. At December 31, 2000, this amount was \$339,327, which consisted of \$318,785 and \$20,542 for accrued vacation and sick leave, respectively. The balance of the liability is reported in the General Long-Term Obligations Account Group. At December 31, 2000, this amount was \$725,966, which consisted of \$632,467 and \$93,499 for accumulated sick leave and accumulated compensatory time, respectively. The full amount of accrued vacation is classified as current, as it must be taken within the next calendar year and thus will be paid using available expendable resources.

In proprietary funds, compensated absences are expensed when earned. The entire amount of unpaid compensated absences is reported as a fund liability. The liability for compensated absences in the proprietary funds at December 31, 2000 was \$151,870, which consists of \$71,634 and \$80,236 for accrued vacation and sick leave, respectively.

### J. LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

Long-term debt is recognized as a liability of a governmental fund when due, or when resources have been accumulated in the debt service fund for payment early in the following year. For other long-term obligations, only that portion expected to be financed from expendable available financial resources is reported as a fund liability of a governmental fund. The remaining portion of such obligations is reported in the general long-term debt account group. Long-term liabilities expected to be financed from proprietary fund operations are accounted for in those funds.

#### K. CONTRIBUTED CAPITAL

Contributed capital represents donations by developers, contributions made by the City and assets whose construction was financed by grants or special assessments. These assets are recorded at their fair market value on the date contributed and are not subject to repayment.

Prior to 1987, the City had not prepared its financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. Therefore, since the exact amount of contributed capital pertaining to years prior to 1987 cannot be determined, such amounts have been estimated. It has been the policy of the City to construct and acquire capital assets used in operations of the sewer fund with resources of the capital projects funds or through donations by developers. These assets are recorded as contributed capital in the accompanying combined financial statements.

NOTES TO GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

### **DECEMBER 31, 2000**

### NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### L. RESERVES OF FUND EQUITY

Reserves of fund equity in governmental funds indicate that a portion of fund balance is not available for expenditure or is legally segregated for a specific future use. Fund balances are reserved for encumbrances and inventory of supplies and materials.

### M. INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS

During the course of normal operations, the City has numerous transactions between funds, most of which are in the form of transfers of resources to provide services, construct assets and service debt. The accompanying financial statements generally reflect such transactions as operating transfers. Operating subsidies are also recorded as operating transfers.

Nonrecurring and non-routine transfers of equity between funds, capital contributions to the enterprise or internal service funds, the subsequent return of all or part of such contributions, and the transfer of residual balances of discontinued funds or projects to the general fund, capital projects funds, or debt service funds (when financed with debt proceeds) are classified as residual equity transfers.

Transactions that constitute reimbursements for expenditures or expenses initially made from a fund that are properly allocable to another fund are recorded as expenditures or expenses in the reimbursing fund and as reductions of the expenditures and expenses in the fund that is reimbursed.

### N. INTERGOVERNMENTAL REVENUES

In governmental funds, federal and state grants awarded on a non-reimbursement basis and federal entitlements are recorded as intergovernmental receivables and revenues when measurable and available. Federal reimbursable-type grants are recorded as intergovernmental receivables and revenues when the related liabilities are incurred.

### O. MEMORANDUM ONLY-TOTAL COLUMNS ON COMBINED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Total columns on the Combined Statements Overview are captioned "(Memorandum Only)" to indicate that they are presented only to facilitate financial analysis. Data in these columns do not present financial position, results of operations, or changes in cash flows in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles. Neither is such data comparable to a consolidation. Interfund eliminations have not been made in the aggregation of this data.

NOTES TO GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

### **DECEMBER 31, 2000**

### NOTE 2 – ACCOUNTABILITY – FUND EQUITY DEFICIT

#### SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

The Street Maintenance and Repaid Fund had a fund equity deficit of \$7,091, as a result of timing differences of the receipt of intergovernmental revenue. There are deficits in the Police Pension and Fire Pension Special Revenue Funds of \$195,275 and \$175,849, respectively, caused by the application of generally accepted accounting principles to these funds. The General Fund is liable for any deficits in these funds and provides operating transfers when cash is required, not when accruals occur.

### **CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS**

The Capital Improvement Fund had a deficit of \$289,785, caused by the application of generally accepted accounting principles to the Fund. Bond anticipation note proceeds used to finance the projects are not recognized as "Other Financing Sources," but rather as a fund liability. The deficit in this fund will be eliminated when the project is near completion and the note is bonded and/or resources are provided for the retirement of the note.

The Kenmore Creek/Solon Road Improvement Fund and the Richmond Force Main Replacement Fund had fund deficits of \$59,020 and \$4,431, respectively, as a result of timing differences of the receipt of intergovernmental revenue. The Capital Improvement Fund is liable for any deficit in these funds and provides operating transfers when cash is required, not when accruals occur.

### ENTERPRISE FUND AND INTERNAL SERVICE FUND

The Sewer Enterprise Fund had a deficit retained earnings at December 31, 2000, of \$11,170,435, as a result of accumulated operating losses due primarily to the application of accrual accounting and the recognition of depreciation. Total fund equity remains positive as contributed capital totals \$21,642,814.

The Corrections Facility Fund had a deficit retained earnings at December 31, 2000, of \$1,715,499, as a result of a prior period adjustment allocating a general obligation bond to the fund. Total fund equity remains positive as contributed capital totals \$3,797,853.

#### NOTE 3 – DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

The City's Charter specifies that investments of the City will adhere to state statutes. Under these statutes, the Finance Director is responsible for selecting depositories and investing funds. The City, by statute, is to limit deposits and investments of City funds to insured demand deposit accounts, certificates of deposit, United States treasury bills, or obligations of other United States governmental agencies for which the principal and interest is guaranteed by the United States government, commercial paper, and repurchase agreements.

NOTES TO GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

### **DECEMBER 31, 2000**

#### NOTE 3 – DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

Protection of City cash and investments is provided by the various federal deposit insurance corporations as well as qualified securities pledged by the institutions holding the assets. By law, financial institutions may establish a collateral pool to cover all public deposits. The face value of the pooled collateral must equal at least 110% of public funds deposited. At least quarterly, the City determines that the collateral has a market value adequate to cover the deposits. Collateral is held by trustees including the Federal Reserve Bank and designated third party trustees of the financial institutions.

At year end, the carrying amount of the City's deposits was \$2,113,649 and the bank balance was 2,719,238 Of the bank balance:

- 1. \$420,432 was covered by the federal depository insurance, by collateral held by the City or by its agent in the name of the City.
- 2. \$2,298,806 was uninsured and uncollateralized. Although all State statutory requirements for the deposit of money had been followed, non-compliance with Federal requirements could potentially subject the City to a successful claim by the FDIC.

The City's investments are categorized to give an indication of the level of risk assumed as of December 31, 2000. Category 1 includes investments that are insured or registered, or securities held by the City or by its agent in the City's name. Category 2 includes investments that are uninsured and unregistered, with securities held by the counterparty's trust department or agent in the City's name. Category 3 includes investments that are uninsured and unregistered, with securities held by the counterparty's trust department or agent but not in the City's name. As of December 31, 2000, the City's investments are classified as follows:

	R1SK		
	Category	Carrying	Fair
<u>Description</u>	3	Amount	<u>Value</u>
STAROhio	\$ -	\$ 737,500	\$ 737,500
Repurchase Agreements	249,000	249,000	249,000
U.S. Government Securities	1,009,892	1,009,892	1,009,892
Commercial Paper	494,240	494,240	494,240
Total Investments	\$ <u>1,753,132</u>	\$ <u>2,490,632</u>	\$ <u>2,490,632</u>

STAROhio is an unclassified investment since it is not evidenced by securities that exist in physical or book entry form.

NOTES TO GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

### **DECEMBER 31, 2000**

### **NOTE 4 - INCOME TAX**

The City levies and collects an income tax of two percent on all income earned within the City as well as on income of residents earned outside the City. In the latter case, the City allows a credit of 100 percent of the tax paid to another municipality, not to exceed the amount owed. Employers within the City are required to withhold income tax on employee earnings and remit the tax to the City at least monthly. Corporations and other individual taxpayers are also required to pay their estimated tax at least quarterly and file a final return annually.

The City, by ordinance, allocates income tax revenues and expenditures for collecting, administering, and enforcing the tax to the general, various debt service and capital projects funds.

### NOTE 5 - PROPERTY TAX

Property taxes include amounts levied against all real, public utility, and tangible personal property located in the City. Taxes collected on real property (other than public utility) in one calendar year are levied in the preceding calendar year on assessed values as of January 1 of that preceding year, the lien date. Assessed values are established by state statute at 35 percent of appraised market value. All property is required to be revalued every six years. The last revaluation was completed in 2000. Real property taxes are payable annually or semiannually. The first payment is due January 20, with the remainder payable by June 20.

Taxes collected on tangible personal property (other than public utility) in one calendar year are levied in the prior calendar year on assessed values during and at the close of the most recent fiscal year of the taxpayer that ended on or before March 31 of that calendar year, and at the tax rates determined in the preceding year. Tangible personal property used in business (except for public utilities) is currently assessed for *ad valorem* taxation purposes at 25 percent of its true value. Amounts paid by multi-county taxpayers are due September 20. Single county taxpayers may pay annually or semiannually. If paid annually, payment is due April 30; if paid semiannually, the first payment is due April 30, with the remainder payable by September 20.

Public utility real and tangible personal property taxes collected in one calendar year are levied in the preceding calendar year on assessed values determined as of December 31 of the second year preceding the tax collection year, the lien date. Certain public utility tangible personal property currently is assessed at 50 percent of its true value. Public utility property taxes are payable on the same dates as real property taxes described previously.

The County Treasurer collects property taxes on behalf of all taxing districts in the county, including the City of Bedford Heights. The County Auditor periodically remits to the City its portion of the taxes collected.

NOTES TO GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

### **DECEMBER 31, 2000**

### NOTE 5 – PROPERTY TAX (CONTINUED)

The full tax rate for all City operations for the year ended December 31, 2000, was \$12.00 per \$1,000 of assessed value. The assessed values of real and tangible personal property upon which 2000 property tax receipts were based are as follows:

Category	Assessed Value
Real Estate Tangible Personal Public Utility	\$ 185,126,960 73,797,724 <u>8,787,920</u>
Total	\$ 267,712,604

### NOTE 6 – RECEIVABLES

Receivables at December 31, 2000 consisted primarily of taxes, intergovernmental receivables arising from grants, special assessments, charges for sewer treatment services, and charges for prisoner housing.

A summary of the principal items of intergovernmental receivables is as follows:

### FUND TYPE/FUND

General Fund	Amounts
Local Governmental State Support	\$ 11,268
Local Government County Support	33,019
Total General Fund	44,287
Special Revenue Funds	
State Highway Improvement	
Gasoline Tax	1,506
Motor Vehicle License	336
Total	1,842
Street Maintenance and Repair	
Gasoline Tax	18,572
Motor Vehicle License	<u>8,936</u>
Total	27,508
Community Development Block Grant	
Grant	7,343
Total Special Revenue Funds	36,693
Total All Funds	\$80,980

NOTES TO GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

### **DECEMBER 31, 2000**

### NOTE 7 – FIXED ASSETS

### A. GENERAL FIXED ASSETS

Changes in general fixed assets during 2000 were as follows:

	Balances			
	12-31-99,			Balances
	as Restated	<u>Additions</u>	<b>Deductions</b>	12-31-00
Land	\$ 1,609,301	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,609,301
Buildings	11,781,612	-	-	11,781,612
Machinery and Equipment	2,502,744	241,649	-	2,744,393
Vehicles	3,422,009	282,175	<u>(60,329</u> )	3,643,855
Total	\$ <u>19,315,666</u>	\$ <u>523,824</u>	\$ <u>(60,329)</u>	\$ <u>19,779,161</u>

### B. FUND FIXED ASSETS

A summary of Proprietary Fund Type Fixed Assets as of December 31, 2000 is as follows:

				Internal
		Enterprise		Service
		Fund		Fund
				Misdemeanant
				Jail
		Sewer		Facility
Land	\$	99,800	Ф	66,000
	Ф	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Ф	,
Buildings		9,153,255		3,702,026
Machinery and Equipment		7,956,238		103,468
Vehicles		297,437		-
Sewer Lines		6,893,694		-
Less:				
Accumulated Depreciation		(13,213,417)		(482,765)
Fixed Assets, Net of Accumulated Depreciation	\$	11,187,007	\$	3,388,729

### NOTE 8 – RISK MANAGEMENT

The Northern Ohio Risk Management Association (NORMA) is jointly owned and operated by the Cities of Bedford Heights, Chagrin Falls, Eastlake, Highland Heights, Hudson, Maple Heights, Mayfield Heights, Richmond Heights, Solon, and South Euclid for the purpose of enabling its members to obtain property and liability insurance, including vehicles, and provide for a formalized, jointly administered self-insurance fund. The members formed a not-for-profit corporation known as NORMA, Inc. to administer the pool. NORMA is governed by a board of trustees that consists of the mayor from each of the participating members. Each entity must commit to the joint venture for terms of three years.

NOTES TO GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

### **DECEMBER 31, 2000**

### NOTE 8 – RISK MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)

Each member provides operating resources to NORMA based on actuarially determined rates and shares in NORMA's residual equity based on the City's percentage of contributions. In the event of losses, the first \$2,500 of any valid claim will be paid by the member. The next payment, generally a maximum of \$150,000 per occurrence, will be paid from the self-insurance pool with any excess paid from the stop loss coverage carried by the pool. As of December 31, 2000, NORMA had an aggregate stop loss of \$750,000 per policy year. Any losses over these amounts would be the obligation of the individual member. If the aggregate claims paid by the pool exceed the available resources, the pool may require the members to make additional supplementary payments up to a maximum of the regular annual payment.

For the year ended December 31, 2000, the percentage of contributions by the members and their residual equity interests, after payment of all claims, are:

	<u>Percentage</u>
City of Bedford Heights	14.18%
•	
City of Chagrin Falls	3.57
City of Eastlake	10.71
City of Highland Heights	6.31
City of Hudson	11.22
City of Maple Heights	13.38
City of Mayfield Heights	8.66
City of Richmond Heights	5.25
City of Solon	16.20
City of South Euclid	<u> 10.52</u>
Total	<u>100.00</u> %

Management believes that the cash reserves for unpaid losses is adequate for current needs but that they may be required to increase the cash contributions in the future, if determined necessary.

There were no reductions in insurance coverage from the previous year, nor have settlements exceeded insurance coverage in any of the prior three fiscal years.

#### NOTE 9 – DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS

#### A. PUBLIC EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM

The City of Bedford Heights contributes to the Public Employees Retirement System of Ohio ("PERS"), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the Public Employees Retirement Board. PERS provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost of living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided by state statute per Chapter 145 of the Ohio Revised Code. PERS issues a stand-alone financial report. That report may be obtained by writing to the Public Employees Retirement System, 277 East Town Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215-4642 or by calling (614) 466-2085 or 1-800-222-PERS (7377).

NOTES TO GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

### **DECEMBER 31, 2000**

### NOTE 9 – DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

#### A. PUBLIC EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM (CONTINUED)

During 2000, PERS employees contributed 8.5 percent of their salary to the plan. The Retirement Board instituted a temporary employer contribution rate rollback for calendar year 2000. The decision to rollback rates was based on the December 31, 1998 actuarial study, which indicated that actuarial assets exceeded actuarial liabilities. The rate rollback was 20 percent and the 2000 employer contribution rate was 10.84 percent of covered payroll. The City's contributions to the System for the years ended December 31, 2000, 1999, and 1998, were \$307,212, \$417,513, and \$387,914, respectively, equal to the required contributions for each year.

### B. OHIO POLICE AND FIRE PENSION FUND

The City of Bedford Heights contributes to the Ohio Police and Fire Pension Fund (OP&F), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. OP&F provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Contribution requirements and benefit provisions are established by the Ohio State Legislature and are codified in Chapter 742 of the Ohio Revised Code. The OP&F issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial information and required supplementary information for the plan. That report may be obtained by writing to OP&F, 140 East Town Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215-5164.

Plan members are required to contribute 10 percent of their annual covered salary, while employers are required to contribute 19.5 percent and 24 percent, respectively for police officers and firefighters. The City of Bedford Heights contributions to OP&F for the years ending December 31, 2000, 1999, and 1998, were \$744,994, \$721,050, and \$652,153, respectively, equal to the required contributions for each year.

### NOTE 10 - EARLY RETIREMENT INCENTIVE PLAN

The City provides an early retirement plan for all employees for whom the City is obligated to contribute to the Public Employees Retirement System of Ohio ("PERS") The Plan is a single employer defined benefit pension plan available to an employee who is eligible to retire under PERS. The Plan is between the City and a participant which a) obligates the City to purchase service credit on behalf of the participant; b) specifies a date on which the City will pay or commence payment to PERS for the service credit to be purchased; and c) obligates the participant to retire within 90 days of receiving notice from PERS that the City has paid for or commenced payment for such service credit on behalf of the participant.

As of December 31, 2000, a liability of \$43,458 has been recorded as accrued pension in the General Long-Term Debt Account Group. The City plans to cover this obligation through annual appropriations. The charge to expenditures for employees retired under the Plan for 2000 was \$115,974.

NOTES TO GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

### **DECEMBER 31, 2000**

### NOTE 11 - POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

#### A. PUBLIC EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM

The Public Employees Retirement System (PERS) of Ohio provides post-retirement health care coverage to age and service retirees with ten or more years of qualifying Ohio service credits. Health care coverage for disability recipients and primary survivor recipients is also available. The health care coverage provided by the retirement system is considered an Other Post-employment Benefit (OPEB) as described in GASB Statement 12. A portion of each employer's contribution to PERS is set aside for the funding of post-retirement health care. The Ohio Revised Code provides statutory authority for employer contributions. The employer contribution rate was rolled back for the year 2000. The employer contribution rate was 10.84 percent of covered payroll, of which 4.30 percent was used to fund health care for the year. The City of Bedford Heights' actual contribution for 2000, which was used to fund post-employment benefits, was \$201,989.

The Ohio Revised Code provides the statutory authority requiring public employers to fund post-retirement health care through their contributions to PERS.

The post-retirement health care coverage is advance-funded on an actuarially determined basis. The following assumptions and calculations were based on PERS' latest actuarial review performed as of December 31, 1999: an entry age normal actuarial cost method of valuation is used in determining the present value of benefit liabilities; the difference between assumed and actual experience is part of the unfunded actuarial accrued liability; the investment assumption rate for 1999 was 7.75 percent; all investments are carried at market value; for actuarial valuation purposes, a smoothed market approach is used – meaning that assets are adjusted annually to reflect 25 percent of unrealized market appreciation or depreciation on investment assets; individual pay increases are assumed to increase 4.75 percent compounded annually, with no change in the number of active employees; annual pay increases over and above the 4.75 percent base increase were assumed to range from 0.54 percent to 5.1 percent; and health care costs are assumed to increase 4.75 percent annually. The actuarially accrued post-retirement health care liability for PERS at December 31, 1999 was \$12,473,600,000. The net assets were \$10,805,500,000, leaving an unfunded actuarial accrued liability of \$1,668,100,000. The number of active contributing participants was 401,339.

### B. OHIO POLICE AND FIRE PENSION FUND

The Ohio Police and Fire Pension Fund (the "Fund") provides post-retirement health care coverage to any person who receives or is eligible to receive a monthly benefit check or is a spouse or eligible dependent child of such person. An eligible dependent child is any child under the age of eighteen whether or not the child is attending school or under the age of twenty two if attending school full-time or on a two thirds basis. The health care coverage provided by the retirement system is considered an Other Post-employment Benefit (OPEB) as described in GASB Statement No. 12. The Ohio Revised Code provides that health care cost paid from the funds of OP&F shall be included in the employer's contribution rate. The contribution rate for Police is 19.50 percent of covered payroll and for Firemen is 24.00 percent of covered payroll of which 7.00 percent and 7.25 percent was applied to the post-employment health care program for 1999 and 2000, respectively. The allocation is 7.50 percent in 2001. Health care funding and accounting are on a pay-as-you-go basis.

NOTES TO GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

### **DECEMBER 31, 2000**

### NOTE 11 – POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (CONTINUED)

### B. OHIO POLICE AND FIRE PENSION FUND (CONTINUED)

The number of participants eligible to receive health care benefits as of December 31, 1999, the date of the last actuarial valuation available, was 12,467 for police and 9,807 for firefighters. The City's actual contributions for 2000 that were used to fund post-employment benefits were \$138,821 for police and \$112,258 for firefighters. The Fund's total health care expense for the year ending December 31, 1999, the date of the last actuarial valuation available, was \$95,004,633, which was net of member contributions of \$5,518,098.

### NOTE 12 - OUTSTANDING DEBT

### **NOTE DEBT**

Note debt activity for the year ended December 31, 2000, consisted of the following:

General Ob	ligation Notes		Balance ecember 31,	(Retired)	Balance December 31,
		_	1999	Issued	2000
6.00%	2000 Real Estate Acquisition	\$	450,000	\$ (450,000)	\$ -
5.25%	2001 Real Estate Acquisition			400,000	400,000
	Total General Obligation Notes	\$ _	450,000	\$ (50,000)	\$ 400,000

By Ohio law, notes can be issued in anticipation of bond proceeds, special assessment bond proceeds and levies, or for up to 50% of anticipated revenue collections. There are also limitations on the number of times notes can be renewed.

NOTES TO GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

### **DECEMBER 31, 2000**

### NOTE 12 - OUTSTANDING DEBT (CONTINUED)

### BONDED DEBT AND OTHER LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

Bonded debt and other long-term obligations payable activity for the year ended December 31, 2000 was as follows:

General Obligation Bonds  * 6.09% 1991 Various Improvement	Balance December 31, 1999	(Retired) <u>Issued</u>	Balance December 31, 2000
due through 2002	\$ 455,000	\$ (140,000)	\$ 315,000
* 5.52% 1994 Community Center Expansion		, ,	•
due through 2014  * 4 579% 2000 Various Purpose Bonds	3,105,000	(140,000)	2,965,000
* 4.579% 2000 Various Purpose Bonds due through 2008	690,000	(60,000)	630,000
Total General Obligation Bonds	\$ 4,250,000	\$ (340,000)	\$ 3,910,000
* Average Interest Rate			
Special Assessment Bonds	Balance December 31, 1999	(Retired) <u>Issued</u>	Balance December 31, 2000
11.25% 1981 Richmond Road Improvement			
due through 2001	\$ 50,000	\$ (25,000)	\$ 25,000
9.625% 1983 Hist Road Improvement due through 2003	16,000	(4,000)	12,000
8.75% 1985 Northfield Road Beautification	10,000	(4,000)	12,000
due through 2000	7,000	(7,000)	-
7.375% 1986 N. Perkins Road Improvement	72.000	(0,000)	62,000
due through 2007  Total Special Assessment Bonds	\$\frac{72,000}{145,000}	(9,000) \$ (45,000)	\$\frac{63,000}{100,000}
Other Long-Term Obligations	Ψ	Ψ <u>(43,000</u> )	ψ <u>100,000</u>
Capital Leases Payable, as restated	\$ 1,132,710	\$ (215,030)	
•		185,384	\$ 1,103,064
Accrued Compensated Absences	745,642	(19,676)	725,966
Accrued Pension	102,297	(38,654)	63,643
Total Other Long-Term Obligations Total General Long-Term Obligations	1,980,649 \$ 6,375,649	(87,976) \$ (472,976)	1,892,673 \$ 5,902,673
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NOTES TO GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

### **DECEMBER 31, 2000**

### NOTE 12 - OUTSTANDING DEBT (CONTINUED)

Detail of the changes in the General Obligation Bonds of the Proprietary Funds for the year ended December 31, 2000 is as follows:

*	5.367% 1994 Refunding Bond Issued due through 2008	\$	1,670,000	\$	(150,000)	\$	1,520,000
4	6.303% 1995 Jail Facility Improvements due through 2014	-	1,765,000	_	(75,000)	_	1,690,000
	Total Proprietary Fund Debt	\$ _	3,435,000	\$ _	(225,000)	\$ _	3,210,000

<sup>\*</sup> Average Interest Rate

Principal and interest requirements to retire the long-term debt obligations outstanding at December 31, 2000 are as follows:

	<u>(</u>	General Obligation	<u>A</u>	Special ssessment		Proprietary Obligations	-	Total
2001	\$	576,185	\$	46,613	\$	426,658	\$	1,049,456
2002		581,965		17,753		424,778		1,024,496
2003		405,920		16,704		427,055		849,679
2004		404,743		11,655		428,305		844,703
2005		407,782		10,991		428,358		847,131
2006-2010		1,844,331		19,992		1,643,145		3,507,468
2011-2014		1,248,201	_		_	747,250	-	1,995,451
Totals	\$_	5,469,127	\$	123,708	\$_	4,525,549	\$	10,118,384

General obligation bonds and notes are direct obligations of the City for which its full faith and credit are pledged for repayment.

In the event that revenues are not sufficient to meet annual principal and interest requirements, the City has reserved the right to levy property tax millage in an amount necessary to retire principal and interest.

Special assessment bonds are payable from the proceeds of assessments levied against the specific property owners who primarily benefited from the project. Special assessment monies will be received in and the debt will be retired through the General Bond Retirement Debt Service Fund. In the event that property owners fail to make their special assessment payments, the City is responsible for providing the resources to meet the annual principal and interest payments.

The City's overall legal debt margin was \$23,234,701 at December 31, 2000.

NOTES TO GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

### **DECEMBER 31, 2000**

### NOTE 12 - OUTSTANDING DEBT (CONTINUED)

#### BONDED DEBT AND OTHER LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (CONTINUED)

The capital leases payable in the amount of \$1,103,064 and \$127,342 are recorded in the General Long-Term Obligations Account Group and the Sewer Enterprise Fund, respectively. These leases are long-term agreements which meet the criteria of a capital lease as defined by Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 13 "Accounting for Leases." These agreements provide for minimum annual rental payments as follows:

<u>Year</u>	<u>Payments</u>
2001	365,601
2002	259,526
2003	195,492
2004	149,119
2005	91,122
2006-2010	410,050
	1,470,910
Less: Amount representing interest	(240,504)
Present value of minimum lease payments	1,230,406

The equipment is capitalized in the General Fixed Assets Account Group at a cost of \$1,595,559. The related liability is reported in the General Long Term Obligations Account Group. The equipment is capitalized in the Sewer Enterprise Fund at a cost of \$151,251.

Lease payments are made from the General, Special Revenue and Enterprise Funds. The lease payments amount will be paid with current, available resources that have accumulated in the fund for payment early in the following year.

### NOTE 13 – BUDGETARY BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

While reporting financial position, results of operations, and changes in fund balance on the basis of generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP), the budgetary basis as provided by law is based upon accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts and disbursements.

The Combined Statements of Revenue, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances – Budget and Actual – All Governmental Fund Types and the Statements of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Balances – Budget and Actual – All Proprietary Fund Types are presented on the budgetary basis to provide a meaningful comparison of actual results with the budget. The major differences between the budget basis and the GAAP basis are identified as follows:

- (a) Revenues are recorded when received in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when susceptible to accrual (GAAP basis);
- (b) Expenditures/Expenses are recorded when paid in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when the liability is incurred (GAAP basis);

NOTES TO GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

### **DECEMBER 31, 2000**

#### NOTE 13 – BUDGETARY BASIS OF ACCOUNTING (CONTINUED)

- (c) In order to determine compliance with Ohio law, and to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation, encumbrances are recorded as the equivalent of an expenditure (budget basis) as opposed to a reservation of fund balance for governmental funds and note disclosure for proprietary funds (GAAP basis).
- (d) Debt proceeds and debt retirement recorded on the budgetary basis are eliminated when the liability for the debt is accrued at year end.

The adjustments necessary to convert the results of operations for the year on the GAAP basis to the budget basis for the governmental funds and proprietary funds are as follows:

# Excess of Revenues and Other Financing Sources Over (Under) Expenditures and Other Financing Uses

GAAP Basis	General \$ 509,422	Special Revenue \$(299,454)	Debt <u>Service</u> \$ (190,385)	Capital Projects 7,738
Increase (Decrease) Due to:				
Revenue Accruals	(8,288,355)	(160,606)	404,958	(75,347)
Expenditure Accruals	8,244,729	366,120	(400,000)	146,698
Encumbrances	(86,164)	(75,103)	<u>(700)</u>	(262,338)
Budget Basis	\$ <u>379,632</u>	\$ <u>(169,043</u> )	\$ <u>(186,127)</u>	\$ <u>(183,249)</u>

### Excess Revenues Over (Under) Expenses, Advances and Transfers/Net Income (Loss)

	Proprietary Fund Types		
		Internal	
	<b>Enterprise</b>	Service	
Net Loss	\$ (225,663)	\$ (705,653)	
Increase (Decrease) Due To:			
Revenue Accruals	155,159	86,693	
Expense Accruals	(196,374)	(88,204)	
Depreciation Expense	457,018	108,834	
Budget Basis	\$ <u>190,140</u>	\$ <u>(598,330</u> )	

### NOTE 14 – ACCOUNTING AND FINANCIAL REPORTING FOR PROPRIETARY FUNDS

Under the guidelines of GASB Statement No. 20, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Proprietary Funds and Other Governmental Entities that use Proprietary Fund Accounting", the City has elected not to apply Financing Accounting Standards Board Statements and Interpretations issued after November 30, 1989, to its proprietary activities. The adoption of this approach to accounting for proprietary activities by the City required no change from prior years.

NOTES TO GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

### **DECEMBER 31, 2000**

#### NOTE 15 - CONTRIBUTED CAPITAL

During the year, changes in contributed capital were as follows:

	Corrections
	Facility
Sewer	Internal
Enterprise Fund	Service Fund
\$ 21,642,814	\$ 3,797,853
\$ <u>21,642,814</u>	\$3,797,853
	Enterprise Fund \$ 21,642,814

Corrections

#### NOTE 16 – CONTINGENCIES/PENDING LITIGATION

The City is currently involved in a variety of litigation. It is the opinion of the City's management that the ultimate settlement of such litigation will not result in a material adverse effect on the City's financial position and results of operations.

#### NOTE 17 - PRIOR PERIOD ADJUSTMENTS

### Corrections Facility Internal Service Fund

During 2000, the City reclassified debt issued in 1995 for Jail Facility Improvements from an obligation reported in the General Long-Term Debt Account Group to a fund liability of the Corrections Facility Fund. This reclassification is more appropriate based on the fact that the debt is paid from the prisoner housing fees recorded in the Corrections Facility Fund. Based on this, the following prior period adjustment was made:

Beginning Retained Earnings, as previously recorded	\$	755,154
Restatement based on reclassification of debt		(1,765,000)
Beginning Retained Earnings, as restated	\$ _	(1,009,846)

#### **Account Groups**

During 2000, several capital leases entered into during a prior year but excluded from the General Long-Term Debt Account Group were noted. The net effect on the related Governmental funds is zero; therefore, the following prior period adjustment was made to the General Long-Term Debt Account Group:

Capital Leases Payable at December 31, 1999	\$	771,193
Adjustment due to Capital Leases that existed prior to		
December 31, 1999	_	361,517
Capital Leases Payable at January 1, 2000, as restated	\$ _	1,132,710

NOTES TO GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

### **DECEMBER 31, 2000**

### NOTE 17 - PRIOR PERIOD ADJUSTMENTS (CONTINUED)

Several of the capital leases excluded from the General Long-Term Debt Account Group were also excluded from the General Fixed Asset Account Group. Based on this, the following prior period adjustment was made to the General Fixed Asset Account Group:

Fixed Assets at December 31, 1999	\$	19,074,445
Adjustment due to Capital Leases that		
existed prior to December 31, 1999		241,221
Fixed Assets at January 1, 2000, as restated	\$ _	19,315,666

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FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SCHEDULES OF

INDIVIDUAL FUNDS AND ACCOUNT GROUPS

# GENERAL FUND

The General Fund is established to account for resources not required to be accounted for in other specific funds.

### GENERAL FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) AND ACTUAL

### FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2000

Devices	-	Budget		Actual		Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)
Revenues Programme Tourse	ф	1 210 000	Φ	1 100 721	Φ	(20.260)
Property Taxes	\$	1,210,000	\$	1,180,731	\$	(29,269)
Municipal Income Taxes Other Local Taxes		8,884,075		8,878,412		(5,663)
		67,000		63,840		(3,160)
Intergovernmental		777,825		762,840		(14,985)
Charges for Services		196,100		180,478		(15,622)
Licenses and Permits		187,500		175,640		(11,860)
Fines and Forfeitures		180,000		178,575		(1,425)
Miscellaneous Income	-	316,610		288,892		(27,718)
Total Revenues	-	11,819,110		11,709,408		(109,702)
Expenditures Current Operations and Maintenance: Security of Persons and Property Police Law Enforcement						
Personal service		2,224,000		2,216,129		7,871
Travel and education		32,000		30,234		1,766
Contractual services		90,300		83,444		6,856
Supplies and materials		148,500		130,330		18,170
Other expenditures		600		76		524
Total Police Law Enforcement	-	2,495,400		2,460,213		35,187
Total I offee Law Emoleciment	-	2,175,100		2,100,213		33,107
Police and Fire Communications						
Personal service		346,975		341,627		5,348
Travel and education		790		319		471
Supplies and materials	_	2,300		1,634		666
Total Police and Fire Communications	-	350,065		343,580		6,485
Animal Control		26 200		25.650		(50
Contractual services	-	26,300		25,650		650
Safety Director						
Personal service		82,250		81,489		761
Travel and education	_	1,900				1,900
Total Safety Director	-	84,150		81,489		2,661
Street Lighting						
Street Lighting Contractual services		70,000		75 016		2 154
Contractual services	-	79,000		75,846		3,154

Continued

### **GENERAL FUND**

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) AND ACTUAL (CONTINUED)

### FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2000

	Budget	Actual	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)
Traffic Lights			
Personal service	36,575	34,669	1,906
Supplies and materials	675	94	581
Total Traffic Lights	37,250	34,763	2,487
Total Security of Persons and Property	3,072,165	3,021,541	50,624
Public Health and Welfare			
Assistance to the Needy and Aged			
Personal service	150,800	145,380	5,420
Travel and education	1,600	835	765
Contractual services	125,400	121,717	3,683
Supplies and materials	20,900	16,701	4,199
Total Assistance to the Needy and Aged	298,700	284,633	14,067
County Health Board			
Contractual services	33,360	33,360	
Total Public Health and Welfare	332,060	317,993	14,067
Leisure Time Activities			
Swimming Facilities			
Personal service	58,350	56,979	1,371
Contractual services	3,800	1,675	2,125
Supplies and materials	37,075	34,887	2,188
Other expenditures	700	428	272
Total Swimming Facilities	99,925	93,969	<u>5,956</u>
Community Center			
Personal service	517,900	516,285	1,615
Travel and education	4,400	3,373	1,027
Contractual services	17,300	12,421	4,879
Supplies and materials	99,300	88,481	10,819
Other expenditures	3,200	2,661	539
Total Community Center	642,100	623,221	18,879

### GENERAL FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) AND ACTUAL (CONTINUED)

### FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2000

Darks and Dlaygrounds	Budget	Actual	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)
Parks and Playgrounds Contractual services	12,700	11,727	973
	125,000	•	212
Supplies and materials  Total Parks and Playgrounds	137,700	124,788 136,515	1,185
Total Larks and Llaygrounds	137,700	150,515	1,103
Public Recreation			
Personal service	122,745	116,572	6,173
Travel and education	700	670	30
Contractual services	12,100	11,109	991
Supplies and materials	49,920	41,907	8,013
Other expenditures	56,325	51,992	4,333
Total Public Recreation	241,790	222,250	19,540
Total Leisure Time Activities	1,121,515	1,075,955	45,560
Total Leisure Time Neuvilles	1,121,313	1,075,755	43,300
Community Development Building Department			
Personal service	256,620	254,125	2,495
Travel and education	3,400	2,440	960
Contractual services	17,700	16,223	1,477
Supplies and materials	22,000	19,976	2,024
Total Building Department	299,720	292,764	6,956
Planning Commission			
Personal service	6,995	6,407	588
Supplies and materials	260		260
Total Planning Commission	7,255	6,407	848
Housing Department			
Personal service	93,130	91,627	1,503
Travel and education	4,300	3,849	451
Contractual services	2,700	2,032	668
Supplies and materials	6,100	5,556	544
Total Housing Department	106,230	103,064	3,166
Board of Zoning Appeals			
Personal service	8,559	8,507	52
Travel and education	200	140	60
Supplies and materials	175		175
Total Board of Zoning Appeals	8,934	8,647	287
Total Community Development	422,139	410,882	11,257
			Continued

### GENERAL FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) AND ACTUAL (CONTINUED)

### FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2000

Basic Utility Services	Budget	Actual	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)
Service Director			
Personal service	87,150	84,513	2,637
Travel and education	5,300	4,860	440
Contractual services	4,800	3,585	1,215
Supplies and materials	1,600	1,232	368
Total Service Director	98,850	94,190	4,660
Sanitary Sewers and Sewage Disposal			
Personal service	153,345	147,412	5,933
Contractual services	6,600	5,779	821
Supplies and materials	10,300	7,462	2,838
Total Sanitary Sewers and Sewage Disposal	170,245	160,653	9,592
Storm Sewers and Drains			
Personal services	17,110	16,350	760
Contractual services	12,700	11,575	1,125
Supplies and materials	350	220	130
Total Storm Sewers and Drains	30,160	28,145	2,015
Refuse Collection and Disposal			
Contractual services	331,000	321,844	9,156
Total Basic Utility Services	630,255	604,832	25,423
Transportation			
Sidewalks			
Personal services	13,560	13,327	233
Supplies and materials	4,600	4,563	37
Total Sidewalks	18,160	17,890	270
Total Transportation	18,160	17,890	270

Continued

### GENERAL FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) AND ACTUAL (CONTINUED)

### FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2000

General Government	Budget	Actual	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)
Mayor's Court			
Personal service	99,270	98,446	824
Contractual services	141,300	140,797	503
Supplies and materials	1,000	140,757	984
Total Mayor's Court	241,570	239,259	2,311
Total Wayor's Court	241,370	239,239	2,311
Civil Service Commission			
Personal service	6,260	6,156	104
Travel and education	800	375	425
Contractual services	31,000	27,114	3,886
Supplies and materials	3,900	2,658	1,242
<b>Total Civil Service Commission</b>	41,960	36,303	5,657
Mayor's Office			
Personal service	81,690	80,251	1,439
Travel and education	9,600	5,757	3,843
Contractual services	7,400	6,319	1,081
Supplies and materials	9,000	7,738	1,262
Total Mayor's Office	107,690	100,065	7,625
Total Mayor & Chiec	107,000	100,002	7,025
Legal Administration			
Personal service	256,180	251,482	4,698
Travel and education	2,600	1,175	1,425
Supplies and materials	7,900	5,742	2,158
Other expenditures	300	<u>262</u>	38
Total Legal Administration	266,980	258,661	8,319
Finance Administration			
Personal service	294,700	289,022	5,678
Travel and education	12,000	11,626	374
Contractual services	18,500	16,804	1,696
Supplies and materials	10,700	10,040	660
Total Finance Administration	335,900	327,492	8,408

Continued

### GENERAL FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) AND ACTUAL (CONTINUED)

### FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2000

	Budget	Actual	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)
Tax Department	-		
Personal service	30,575	29,608	967
Contractual services	273,600	273,150	450
Supplies and materials	10	9	1
Total Tax Department	304,185	302,767	1,418
Legislative Activities			
Personal service	226,905	222,361	4,544
Travel and education	15,900	10,926	4,974
Contractual services	40,100	31,569	8,531
Supplies and materials	12,200	9,963	2,237
Total Legislative Activities	295,105	274,819	20,286
Labor Relations			
Personal service	22,270	21,967	303
Contractual services	58,000	51,126	6,874
Supplies and materials	1,700	806	894
Total Labor Relations	81,970	73,899	8,071
Engineering			
Personal service	47,110	45,972	1,138
Supplies and materials	400	300	100
Total Engineering	47,510	46,272	1,238
Land and Buildings			
Personal service	688,250	684,003	4,247
Contractual services	624,100	597,634	26,466
Supplies and materials	127,900	121,367	6,533
Total Land and Buildings	1,440,250	1,403,004	37,246

Continued

### GENERAL FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) AND ACTUAL (CONTINUED)

	Budget	Actual	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)
Other General Government			
Personal service	184,105	·	2,737
Travel and education	2,100		261
Contractual services	220,150		19,557
Supplies and materials	52,100	44,703	7,397
Other expenditures	76,100	72,010	4,090
Total Other General Government	534,555	500,513	34,042
Total General Government	3,697,675	3,563,054	134,621
Capital Outlay			
Miscellaneous equipment	256,300	226,871	29,429
Total Expenditures	9,550,269	9,239,018	311,251
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	2,268,841	2,470,390	201,549
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Operating Transfers - In Operating Transfers - Out Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	645,000 (2,771,700 (2,126,700	678,223 (2,768,981)	33,223 2,719 35,942
Excess of Revenues and Other Financing Sources Over (Under) Expenditures and Other Financing Uses	142,141	379,632	237,491
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year	2,270,634	2,270,634	-
Encumbrances at End of Year	86,164	86,164	
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$2,498,939	\$ <u>2,736,430</u>	\$237,491

#### SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

#### State Highway Improvement Fund

Required by the Ohio Revised code to account for that portion of the state gasoline tax and motor vehicle registration fees designed for maintenance of state highways within the City.

#### Street Maintenance and Repair Fund

Accounts for revenues from state license and gasoline taxes which must be used for the repair, maintenance and construction of City streets.

#### Safety Department Equipment Fund

Accounts for an enterprise zoning charge to be used for the Police and Fire Departments to purchase safety equipment.

#### Community Development Block Grant Fund

Accounts for revenue from the federal government and expenditures as prescribed under the Community Development Block Grant Program.

#### Police Pension Fund

Accumulates property taxes levied for the payment of the current employer's pension contributions.

#### Fire Pension Fund

Accumulates property taxes levied for the payment of the current employer's pension contributions.

#### Fire Levy Fund

Accounts for three (3) mills for each one dollar of assessed valuation for the purpose of operating, equipping and housing the city's own division of Fire.

#### Law Enforcement Trust Fund

Accounts for the proceeds from items sold that are confiscated by the City of Bedford Heights Police Department. These proceeds are restricted to the purchasing of law enforcement equipment, supplies or training materials.

#### D.U.I. Enforcement and Education Fund

Accounts for fines from D.U.I. convictions to be used for educating the public of laws governing the operation of motor vehicles.

Continued

#### SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS (CONTINUED)

### Ambulance Service Fund

Accounts for the proceeds received and payments made for ambulance services.

#### Litter Control Grant Fund

Accounts for the proceeds received to provide educational information to residents regarding recycling and litter control.

#### COPS Fund

Accounts for the proceeds and disbursements of a federal grant used for community police programs.

#### Mayor's Court Computer Fund

Accounts for Mayor's Court costs imposed to finance the computerization, acquisition and maintenance of legal research services for the Mayor's Court.

#### Local Law Enforcement Grant Fund

Accounts for the proceeds and disbursements of a local grant used for the purchase of equipment for police personnel and vehicles.

### COMBINING BALANCE SHEET – ALL SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

# **DECEMBER 31, 2000**

Acceta		State Highway Improvement	_	Street Maintenance & Repair		Safety Department Equipment		Community Development Block Grant
Assets Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	42,128	2	33,152	2	22,867	2	30,502
Receivables:	Ψ	72,120	Ψ	33,132	Ψ	22,007	Ψ	30,302
Taxes		_		_		_		_
Intergovernmental		1,842		27,508		_		7,343
Interfund		-		-		_		-
Supplies and Materials Inventor	y			41,140				
Total Assets	\$	43,970	\$	101,800	\$	22,867	\$	37,845
<u>Liabilities</u>								
Accounts Payable	\$	1,561	\$	29,167	\$	-	\$	-
Accrued Wages and Benefits		-		10,896		-		-
Accrued Compensated Absences		-		52,400		-		-
Due to Other Governments		-		3,542		-		-
Deferred Revenue		-		-		-		-
Accrued Pension				12,886				
Total Liabilities	-	1,561		108,891				<u> </u>
Enad Equity								
Fund Equity Fund Balance:								
Reserved for Encumbrances		35		12,786		_		_
Reserved for Inventory		33		41,140		-		-
Unreserved/Undesignated		-		41,140		-		-
(Deficit)		42,374		(61,017)		22,867		37,845
Total Fund Equity (Deficit)	-	42,409		(7,091)		22,867		37,845
Total Tana Equity (Deficit)	-	72,702		(7,071)		22,007		37,073
Total Liabilities and								
Fund Equity	\$	43,970	\$	101,800	\$	22,867	\$	37,845

	Police Pension	<u>-</u>	Fire Pension	_	Fire Levy	_	Law Enforcement Trust		D.U.I. Enforcement & Education	-	Ambulance Service
\$	5,398	\$	18,695	\$	37,434	\$	71,433	\$	14,411	\$	230,409
	75,156		75,156		751,554		-		-		-
	-		-		-		-		50		_
	_ _		_		- -		- -		-		-
\$	80,554	\$_	93,851	\$	788,988	\$	71,433	\$	14,461	\$	230,409
_	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	_								-	
\$	101,069	\$	97,736	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	21,400
	-		-		34,087		-		-		-
	-		-		64,007		-		-		-
	-		-		25,652		-		-		-
	50,605		50,605		506,054		-		-		-
_	124,155	_	121,359							-	-
_	275,829	_	269,700		629,800					-	21,400
	_		_		5,026		5,195		_		566
	_		_		-		-		_		-
	(195,275)	_	(175,849)		154,162		66,238		14,461	_	208,443
_	(195,275)	_	(175,849)		159,188		71,433		14,461	_	209,009
\$_	80,554	\$	93,851	\$	788,988	\$	71,433	\$	14,461	\$	230,409
Φ_	<u>00,554</u>	φ_	73,031	φ	100,900	Φ	/ 1,433	φ	14,401	φ	<u> </u>

Continued

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET – ALL SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS (CONTINUED)

### **DECEMBER 31, 2000**

	_	Litter Control Grant		COPS	-	Mayor's Court Computer
Assets						
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	1,151	\$	4,141	\$	21,263
Receivables:						
Taxes		-		-		-
Intergovernmental		-		-		-
Interfund		-		-		330
Supplies and Materials Inventory	=					
Total Assets	\$ _	1,151	\$	4,141	\$	21,593
Liabilities						
Accounts Payable	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_
Accrued Wages and Benefits	Ψ		Ψ	745	Ψ	_
Accrued Compensated Absences		_		743		_
Due to Other Governments		-		551		-
Deferred Revenue		_		331		_
Accrued Pension		-		-		-
Total Liabilities	-			1,296		
Total Liabilities	-		•	1,290	-	<del>-</del>
Fund Equity						
Fund Balance:						
Reserved for Encumbrances		-		_		_
Reserved for Inventory		_		_		-
Unreserved/Undesignated (Deficit)		1,151		2,845		21,593
Total Fund Equity (Deficit)	-	1,151		2,845		21,593
Total Liabilities and Fund Equity	\$_	1,151	\$	4,141	\$	21,593

	Local Law Enforcement Grant		Totals
	Grant		Totals
\$	39,641	\$	572,625
	-		901,866
	-		36,693
	_		380
	_		41,140
\$	39,641	\$	1,552,704
		·	
Ф		Φ.	250.022
\$	-	\$	250,933
	-		45,728
	-		116,407
	-		29,745
	-		607,264
	_		258,400
			1,308,477
	_		23,608
	_		41,140
	39,641		179,479
	39,641		244,227
	57,071		
\$	39,641	\$	1,552,704

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – ALL SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

D		State Highway <u>Improvement</u>	Street Maintenance & Repair		Safety Department Equipment		Community Development Block Grant
Revenues  Draw arts Torres	φ	¢		Φ		φ	
1 5	\$	- \$		\$	-	\$	-
Intergovernmental		31,575	477,940		-		-
Licenses and Permits		-	-		-		-
Fines and Forfeitures		-	-		-		-
Investment Income		-	11 262		21 000		150.044
Miscellaneous Income			11,363		21,000		152,044
Total Revenues		31,575	489,303		21,000		152,044
Expenditures Current Operations and Maintenan	ıce						
Security of Persons and Property		_	_		20,308		_
Community Development	,	_	_		-		42,846
Transportation		35,468	989,721		_		-
Capital Outlay		-	-		_		2,445
Total Expenditures	•	35,468	989,721		20,308		45,291
Total Emperialities	•	55,100	707,721		20,200		15,271
Excess of Revenues Over (Under)							
Expenditures		(3,893)	(500,418)		692		106,753
•							
Other Financing Sources (Uses)							
Inception of Capital Lease		-	185,384		-		-
Operating Transfers - In		-	175,000		-		-
Operating Transfers - Out							(85,160)
Total Other Financing Sources							
(Uses)			360,384				(85,160)
Excess of Revenues and Other Finan Sources Over (Under) Expenditures							
Other Financing Uses		(3,893)	(140,034)		692		21,593
E		( ) ,	, , ,				,
Fund Balance (Deficit) at							
Beginning of Year		46,302	143,445		22,175		16,252
Decrease in Reserve for Inventory		<del>-</del>	(10,502)				
Fund Balance (Deficit) at	¢	42 400 · ф	(7,091)	¢	22.967	Φ	27 945
End of Year	\$	<u>42,409</u> \$	(7,091)	Φ	22,867	\$	<u>37,845</u>

Police Pension	Fire Pension	Fire Levy	Law Enforcement Trust	D.U.I. Enforcement & Education	Ambulance Service
\$ 74,263 \$	74,263	\$ 742,635	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	2 160	99,683
-	-	-	-	2,160	14,938
-	-	13,392	7,648	_	-
74,263	74,263	756,027	7,648	2,160	114,621
476,071	460,370	2,067,583	966	-	156,649
-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	19,183	3,395	-	15,834
476,071	460,370	2,086,766	4,361		172,483
(401,808)	(386,107)	(1,330,739)	3,287	2,160	(57,862)
- 200 277	- 200 277	1 256 510	-	-	-
300,377	300,377	1,356,510	-	-	-
300,377	300,377	1,356,510			
(101,431)	(85,730)	25,771	3,287	2,160	(57,862)
(93 844)	(90 110)	133 <i>4</i> 17	68 146	12,301	266 871
(73,074)	(70,119)	155,417	00,140	12,301	200,071
				<del>-</del>	<del>-</del>
\$ (195,275) \$	(175,849)	\$159,188	\$71,433	\$14,461	\$ 209,009

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – ALL SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS (CONTINUED)

		Litter Control Grant		COPS	Mayor's Court Computer
Revenues	Φ.		Φ.		Φ.
Property Taxes	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -
Intergovernmental		-		-	-
Licenses and Permits		-		-	-
Fines and Forfeitures		-		-	6,560
Investment Income		-		-	-
Miscellaneous Income				35,919	
Total Revenues				35,919	6,560
Expenditures					
Current Operations and Maintenance:					
Security of Persons and Property		-		43,038	-
Community Development		-		-	-
Transportation		_		-	-
Capital Outlay		_		_	864
Total Expenditures		-		43,038	864
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures				(7,119)	5,696
Other Financing Sources (Uses)					
Inception of Capital Lease		-		-	-
Operating Transfers - In		-		5,000	-
Operating Transfers - Out		_		-	-
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		-		5,000	
Excess of Revenues and Other Financing Sources Over (Under) Expenditures and Other Financing Uses		-		(2,119)	5,696
Fund Balance (Deficit) at Beginning of Year		1,151		4,964	15,897
Decrease in Reserve for Inventory					
Fund Balance (Deficit) at End of Year	\$	1,151	\$	2,845	\$ 21,593

Local Law Enforcement Grant	Totals
\$ 40,653	\$ 891,161 550,168 99,683 8,720 14,938 241,366 1,806,036
10,155 10,155 30,498	3,224,985 42,846 1,025,189 51,876 4,344,896 (2,538,860)
1,918 - - 1,918	185,384 2,139,182 (85,160) 2,239,406
32,416 7,225	(299,454) 554,183 (10,502)
\$ <u>39,641</u>	\$ 244,227

### STATE HIGHWAY IMPROVEMENT SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) AND ACTUAL

Davis	<u>B</u>	udget	Actual	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)
Revenues Intergovernmental	\$	32,500 \$	31,561	\$ (939)
merge vermientar	Ψ	<u> </u>	31,501	Ψ <u>(222</u> )
Expenditures				
Current Operations and Maintenance:				
Transportation				
Street Construction, Maintenance and Repair Contractual services		25 000	22 274	1 706
Snow and Ice Removal		25,000	23,274	1,726
Supplies and materials		32,000	12,393	19,607
Total Transportation		57,000	35,667	21,333
-				
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		(24,500)	(4,106)	20,394
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year		44,637	44,637	-
Encumbrances at End of Year		1,597	1,597	<del>_</del>
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$	21,734	42,128	\$ 20,394

### STREET MAINTENANCE AND REPAIR SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) AND ACTUAL

Intergovernmental   \$ 509,500 \$ 478,356 \$ (31,144)     Miscellaneous Income   14,900   11,363   (3,537)     Total Revenues   524,400   489,719   (34,681)     Expenditures	Davissing	_	Budget	_	Actual		Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)
Miscellaneous Income Total Revenues         14,900 524,400         11,363 (3,537)           Expenditures         (34,681)           Current Operations and Maintenance:         Transportation           Traffic Control         Tersonal services         17,455 12,582 4,873           Contractual services         38,000 37,500 500           Supplies and materials         14,900 13,133 1,767           Total Traffic Control         70,355 63,215 7,140           Street Construction, Maintenance and Repair         244,175 240,246 3,929           Contractual services         221,700 220,690 1,010           Supplies and materials         51,000 45,332 5,668           Total Street Construction, Maintenance and Repair         516,875 506,268 10,607           Snow and Ice Removal         Snow and Ice Removal	Revenues Interrovernmental	Φ	500 500	Ф	179 356	Φ	(21 144)
Expenditures         524,400         489,719         (34,681)           Expenditures         Current Operations and Maintenance:           Transportation         Traffic Control           Personal services         17,455         12,582         4,873           Contractual services         38,000         37,500         500           Supplies and materials         14,900         13,133         1,767           Total Traffic Control         70,355         63,215         7,140           Street Construction, Maintenance and Repair         244,175         240,246         3,929           Contractual services         221,700         220,690         1,010           Supplies and materials         51,000         45,332         5,668           Total Street Construction, Maintenance and Repair         516,875         506,268         10,607           Snow and Ice Removal         Snow and Ice Removal         506,268         10,607		Ф		Ф		Ф	
Expenditures           Current Operations and Maintenance:         Transportation           Traffic Control         17,455         12,582         4,873           Personal services         38,000         37,500         500           Supplies and materials         14,900         13,133         1,767           Total Traffic Control         70,355         63,215         7,140           Street Construction, Maintenance and Repair         Personal services         244,175         240,246         3,929           Contractual services         221,700         220,690         1,010           Supplies and materials         51,000         45,332         5,668           Total Street Construction, Maintenance and Repair         516,875         506,268         10,607           Snow and Ice Removal		-		-			
Current Operations and Maintenance:         Transportation         Traffic Control         Personal services       17,455       12,582       4,873         Contractual services       38,000       37,500       500         Supplies and materials       14,900       13,133       1,767         Total Traffic Control       70,355       63,215       7,140         Street Construction, Maintenance and Repair         Personal services       244,175       240,246       3,929         Contractual services       221,700       220,690       1,010         Supplies and materials       51,000       45,332       5,668         Total Street Construction, Maintenance and Repair       516,875       506,268       10,607         Snow and Ice Removal	Total Revenues	-	324,400	-	409,719		(34,001)
Current Operations and Maintenance:         Transportation         Traffic Control         Personal services       17,455       12,582       4,873         Contractual services       38,000       37,500       500         Supplies and materials       14,900       13,133       1,767         Total Traffic Control       70,355       63,215       7,140         Street Construction, Maintenance and Repair         Personal services       244,175       240,246       3,929         Contractual services       221,700       220,690       1,010         Supplies and materials       51,000       45,332       5,668         Total Street Construction, Maintenance and Repair       516,875       506,268       10,607         Snow and Ice Removal	Expenditures						
Transportation         Traffic Control       17,455       12,582       4,873         Contractual services       38,000       37,500       500         Supplies and materials       14,900       13,133       1,767         Total Traffic Control       70,355       63,215       7,140         Street Construction, Maintenance and Repair         Personal services       244,175       240,246       3,929         Contractual services       221,700       220,690       1,010         Supplies and materials       51,000       45,332       5,668         Total Street Construction, Maintenance and Repair       516,875       506,268       10,607         Snow and Ice Removal	-						
Traffic Control           Personal services         17,455         12,582         4,873           Contractual services         38,000         37,500         500           Supplies and materials         14,900         13,133         1,767           Total Traffic Control         70,355         63,215         7,140           Street Construction, Maintenance and Repair           Personal services         244,175         240,246         3,929           Contractual services         221,700         220,690         1,010           Supplies and materials         51,000         45,332         5,668           Total Street Construction, Maintenance and Repair         516,875         506,268         10,607           Snow and Ice Removal	•						
Contractual services       38,000       37,500       500         Supplies and materials       14,900       13,133       1,767         Total Traffic Control       70,355       63,215       7,140         Street Construction, Maintenance and Repair         Personal services       244,175       240,246       3,929         Contractual services       221,700       220,690       1,010         Supplies and materials       51,000       45,332       5,668         Total Street Construction, Maintenance and Repair       516,875       506,268       10,607         Snow and Ice Removal	•						
Contractual services       38,000       37,500       500         Supplies and materials       14,900       13,133       1,767         Total Traffic Control       70,355       63,215       7,140         Street Construction, Maintenance and Repair         Personal services       244,175       240,246       3,929         Contractual services       221,700       220,690       1,010         Supplies and materials       51,000       45,332       5,668         Total Street Construction, Maintenance and Repair       516,875       506,268       10,607         Snow and Ice Removal	Personal services		17,455		12,582		4,873
Supplies and materials       14,900       13,133       1,767         Total Traffic Control       70,355       63,215       7,140         Street Construction, Maintenance and Repair         Personal services       244,175       240,246       3,929         Contractual services       221,700       220,690       1,010         Supplies and materials       51,000       45,332       5,668         Total Street Construction, Maintenance and Repair       516,875       506,268       10,607         Snow and Ice Removal	Contractual services						•
Total Traffic Control         70,355         63,215         7,140           Street Construction, Maintenance and Repair Personal services         244,175         240,246         3,929           Contractual services         221,700         220,690         1,010           Supplies and materials         51,000         45,332         5,668           Total Street Construction, Maintenance and Repair         516,875         506,268         10,607           Snow and Ice Removal	Supplies and materials						1,767
Street Construction, Maintenance and Repair         Personal services       244,175       240,246       3,929         Contractual services       221,700       220,690       1,010         Supplies and materials       51,000       45,332       5,668         Total Street Construction, Maintenance and Repair       516,875       506,268       10,607         Snow and Ice Removal			70,355	_			7,140
Personal services       244,175       240,246       3,929         Contractual services       221,700       220,690       1,010         Supplies and materials       51,000       45,332       5,668         Total Street Construction, Maintenance and Repair       516,875       506,268       10,607         Snow and Ice Removal		_		_			
Contractual services       221,700       220,690       1,010         Supplies and materials       51,000       45,332       5,668         Total Street Construction, Maintenance and Repair       516,875       506,268       10,607         Snow and Ice Removal			244 175		240 246		2.020
Supplies and materials Total Street Construction, Maintenance and Repair  Snow and Ice Removal  51,000 45,332 5,668 516,875 506,268 10,607							
Total Street Construction, Maintenance and Repair 516,875 506,268 10,607  Snow and Ice Removal			•		*		•
and Repair 516,875 506,268 10,607  Snow and Ice Removal		-	51,000	-	45,332		3,008
Snow and Ice Removal			£16 075		506 269		10.607
	and Repair	-	310,673	-	300,208		10,007
Personal services 66 900 63 542 3 358	Snow and Ice Removal						
1 01301141 301 11003	Personal services		66,900		63,542		3,358
Contractual services 34,700 33,948 752							· ·
Supplies and materials <u>172,000</u> <u>170,380</u> <u>1,620</u>	Supplies and materials						
Total Snow and Ice Removal 273,600 267,870 5,730		_		_			
		_	,	_			
Total Transportation <u>860,830</u> <u>837,353</u> <u>23,477</u>	Total Transportation	_	860,830	_	837,353		23,477
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures (336,430) (347,634) (11,204)	Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		(336,430)		(347,634)		(11,204)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)Operating Transfers - In175,000-		_	175,000	_	175,000		
Excess of Revenues and Other Financing Sources Over	Excess of Revenues and Other Financing Sources Over						
(Under) Expenditures and Other Financing Uses (161,430) (172,634) (11,204)			(161 430)		(172 634)		(11.204)
(101,+30) (172,03+) (11,20+)	(Onder) Expenditures and Other I maneing Oses		(101,430)		(1/2,054)		(11,204)
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year 164,387 -	Fund Balance at Beginning of Year		164,387		164,387		-
Encumbrances at End of Year							
Fund Balance at End of Year \$ 44,356 \$ 33,152 \$ (11,204)	Fund Balance at End of Year	\$	44,356	\$		\$	(11,204)

### SAFETY DEPARTMENT EQUIPMENT SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) AND ACTUAL

D.	Budget	Actual	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)
Revenues Miscellaneous Income	\$ 21,000 \$	\$ 21,000	\$ -
Expenditures Current Operations and Maintenance: Security of Persons and Property Police Law Enforcement			
Contractual services Capital Outlay Total Expenditures	20,500 16,000 36,500	20,308	192 16,000 16,192
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(15,500)	692	16,192
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year	22,175	22,175	
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$6,675	\$22,867	\$16,192

### COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT BLOCK GRANT SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) AND ACTUAL

		Budget	Actual	а	Variance Favorable Jnfavorable)
Revenues	_	Buaget	7 ictuar	<u>(C</u>	<u>omavorabiej</u>
Miscellaneous Income	\$_	154,000	\$ 153,852	\$_	(148)
Expenditures					
Current Operations and Maintenance:					
Community Development					
Contractual services		45,850	45,292		558
Capital Outlay	_	3,000	2,445		<u>555</u>
Total Expenditures	_	48,850	47,737		1,113
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		105,150	106,115		965
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Operating Transfers - Out	_	(92,502)	(85,160)		7,342
Excess of Revenues and Other Financing Sources Over (Under) Expenditures and Other Financing Uses		12,648	20,955		8,307
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year	_	9,547	9,547		
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$ _	22,195	\$ 30,502	\$	8,307

### POLICE PENSION SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) AND ACTUAL

	 Budget	_	Actual	<u>(</u>	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)
Revenues					
Property Taxes	\$ 80,480	\$_	75,138	\$_	(5,342)
Expenditures					
Current Operations and Maintenance:					
Security of Persons and Property					
Police Law Enforcement					
Personal service	 372,000	_	371,577	_	423
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(291,520)		(296,439)		(4,919)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)					
Operating Transfers - In	 300,000	_	300,377	-	377
Excess of Revenues and Other Financing Sources Over					
(Under) Expenditures and Other Financing Uses	8,480		3,938		(4,542)
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year	 1,460	_	1,460	-	
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$ 9,940	\$ _	5,398	\$	(4,542)

### FIRE PENSION SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) AND ACTUAL

Revenues	Budget	Actual		Variance Favorable <u>Infavorable</u> )
Property Taxes	\$ 80,480	\$ 75,138	\$ _	(5,342)
Expenditures Current Operations and Maintenance: Security of Persons and Property Fire Fighting, Prevention and Inspection Personal service	272,000	270 409		1.502
Personal service	 372,000	 370,408	_	1,592
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(291,520)	(295,270)		(3,750)
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Operating Transfers - In	 300,000	 300,377		377
Excess of Revenues and Other Financing Sources Over (Under) Expenditures and Other Financing Uses	8,480	5,107		(3,373)
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year	 13,588	 13,588		
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$ 22,068	\$ 18,695	\$_	(3,373)

### FIRE LEVY SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) AND ACTUAL

	_	Budget	-	Actual	<u>(</u>	Variance Favorable ( <u>Unfavorable)</u>
Revenues						
Property Taxes	\$	804,805	\$	,	\$	(53,420)
Miscellaneous Income	_	14,500	-	13,393	_	(1,107)
Total Revenues	_	819,305	-	764,778	-	(54,527)
Expenditures						
Current Operations and Maintenance:						
Security of Persons and Property						
Fire Fighting, Prevention and Inspection						
Personal service		2,031,200		2,019,653		11,547
Travel and education		16,900		14,048		2,852
Supplies and materials		84,100		71,398		12,702
Contractual services	_	6,900	_	5,709	_	1,191
Total Security of Persons and Property	_	2,139,100	-	2,110,808	_	28,292
Capital Outlay		27,900		19,263		8,637
Total Expenditures	_	2,167,000	-	2,130,071	-	36,929
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		(1,347,695)		(1,365,293)		(17,598)
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Operating Transfers - In	_	1,352,745	-	1,356,510	-	3,765
Excess of Revenues and Other Financing Sources Over (Under) Expenditures and Other Financing Uses		5,050		(8,783)		(13,833)
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year		41,271		41,271		-
Encumbrances at End of Year	_	4,946	-	4,946	=	
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$ _	51,267	\$	37,434	\$	(13,833)

### LAW ENFORCEMENT TRUST SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) AND ACTUAL

Payanyas		Budget	_	Actual	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)
Revenues Miscellaneous Income	\$	7,700	\$	7,648	\$ (52)
Wiscenancous meome	Ψ	7,700	Ψ_	7,040	Ψ <u>(32</u> )
Expenditures Current Operations and Maintenance: Security of Persons and Property Police Law Enforcement Contractual services Other expenditures Total Expenditures		10,000 1,000 11,000	<del>-</del>	8,590 966 9,556	1,410 34 1,444
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		(3,300)		(1,908)	1,392
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year		68,146		68,146	-
Encumbrances at End of Year		5,195	_	5,195	<del>-</del>
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$	70,041	\$_	71,433	\$1,392

### D.U.I ENFORCEMENT AND EDUCATION SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) AND ACTUAL

Danagas	<u></u>	ıdget	Actual	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)
Revenues	Ф	2.500	Φ 2.421	Φ (70)
Fines and Forfeitures	\$	2,500	\$	\$(79)
Expenditures Current Operations and Maintenance: Security of Persons and Property Police Law Enforcement				
Travel and education		3,900	-	3,900
Capital Outlay		7,500		7,500
Total Expenditures		11,400		11,400
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		(8,900)	2,421	11,321
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year		11,990	11,990	<del>-</del>
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$	3,090	\$14,411	\$11,321

### AMBULANCE SERVICE SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) AND ACTUAL

		Budget	Actual	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)
Revenues	Φ.	110000	40-7	<b>.</b> (2.424)
Licenses and Permits	\$	110,000 \$	106,566	* * * *
Investment Income		16,000	14,938	(1,062)
Total Revenues		126,000	121,504	(4,496)
Expenditures				
Current Operations and Maintenance:				
Security of Persons and Property				
Police Law Enforcement				
Contractual services		139,461	135,249	4,212
Capital Outlay		60,000	37,800	22,200
Total Expenditures		199,461	173,049	26,412
Total Experiences		177,401	173,047	20,412
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		(73,461)	(51,545)	21,916
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year		259,988	259,988	-
Encumbrances at End of Year		21,966	21,966	
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$	208,493 \$	230,409	\$ 21,916

### LITTER CONTROL GRANT SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) AND ACTUAL

	<u>B</u> :	udget	_ Actual	I	Variance Favorable nfavorable)
Revenues	Ф	2 000	Ф	Ф	(2.000)
Miscellaneous Income	\$	2,000	\$	\$	(2,000)
Expenditures Current Operations and Maintenance: Basic Utilities Services					
Refuse Collection and Disposal					
Supplies and materials		3,000			3,000
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		(1,000)	-		1,000
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year		1,151	1,151		
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$	151	\$ <u>1,151</u>	\$	1,000

### COPS SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) AND ACTUAL

Revenues	<u> </u>	udget	_ Actual	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)
Miscellaneous Income	\$	41,050	\$ 40,876	\$ (174)
Miscerial course in come	Ψ	11,030	Ψ	Ψ
Expenditures Current Operations and Maintenance: Security of Persons and Property Police Law Enforcement				
Personal service		44,050	42,510	1,540
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		(3,000)	(1,634)	1,366
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Operating Transfers - In		5,000	5,000	
Excess of Revenues and Other Financing Sources Over (Under) Expenditures and Other Financing Uses		2,000	3,366	1,366
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year		775	<u>775</u>	<u> </u>
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$	2,775	\$4,141	\$1,366

### MAYOR'S COURT COMPUTER SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) AND ACTUAL

D		Budget	_	Actual	(	Variance Favorable <u>Unfavorable)</u>
Revenues Fines and Forfeitures	\$	7,000	\$	6,526	\$	(474)
The said Totales	Ψ_	7,000	Ψ_	0,320	Ψ_	(171)
<u>Expenditures</u>						
Current Operations and Maintenance:						
General Government						
Mayor's Court						
Contractual services		13,000		-		13,000
Capital Outlay	_	3,500	_	865	_	2,635
Total Expenditures	_	16,500	_	865	-	15,635
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		(9,500)		5,661		15,161
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year	_	15,602	_	15,602	_	
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$_	6,102	\$_	21,263	\$_	15,161

### LOCAL LAW ENFORCEMENT BLOCK GRANT SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) AND ACTUAL

		Budget	_	Actual	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)
Revenues Intergovernmental	\$	41,000	\$	40,653	\$ (347)
C	Ψ	41,000	Ψ_	+0,033	Ψ <u>(341</u> )
Expenditures		15 000		1 4 770	2 222
Capital Outlay		17,000	_	14,778	2,222
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		24,000		25,875	1,875
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Operating Transfers - In		3,000	_	1,918	(1,082)
Excess of Revenues and Other Financing Sources Over (Under) Expenditures and Other Financing Uses		27,000		27,793	793
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year		11,848	_	11,848	
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$	38,848	\$_	39,641	\$

### <u>TOTAL – SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS</u>

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) AND ACTUAL

### FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2000

D	_	Budget	_	Actual		Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)
Revenues Programme Tourse	Φ	065 765	Φ	001 661	φ	(64.104)
1 2	\$	965,765	\$	901,661	\$	( , ,
Intergovernmental		583,000		550,570		(32,430)
Licenses and Permits		110,000		106,566		(3,434)
Fines and Forfeitures		9,500		8,947		(553)
Investment Income		16,000		14,938		(1,062)
Miscellaneous Income	_	255,150	-	248,132		(7,018)
Total Revenues	-	1,939,415	-	1,830,814		(108,601)
Expenditures						
Current Operations and Maintenance:						
Security of Persons and Property						
Police Law Enforcement						
Personal service		416,050		414,087		1,963
Travel and education		3,900		-		3,900
Contractual services		169,961		164,147		5,814
Other expenditures		1,000		966		34
Total Police Law Enforcement	_	590,911	-	579,200		11,711
Eine Einkting Dugwestien and Insuration						
Fire Fighting, Prevention and Inspection		2 402 200		2 200 061		12 120
Personal service		2,403,200		2,390,061		13,139
Travel and education		16,900		14,048		2,852
Supplies and materials		84,100		71,398		12,702
Contractual services	_	6,900	-	5,709		1,191
Total Fire Fighting Prevention and Inspection	_	2,511,100	-	2,481,216		29,884
Total Security of Persons and Property	_	3,102,011	_	3,060,416		41,595
Community Development						
Community Development						
Contractual services	_	45,850	_	45,292		558
Transportation Traffic Control						
Personal services		17,455		12,582		4,873
Contractual services		38,000		37,500		500
Supplies and materials		14,900		13,133		1,767
Total Traffic Control	_	70,355	_	63,215		7,140
	_	- 7	_	- , -		- 7

Continued

### <u>TOTAL – SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS</u>

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) AND ACTUAL (CONTINUED)

### FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2000

	Budget	Actual	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)
Street Construction, Maintenance and Repair			
Personal services	244,175	240,246	3,929
Contractual services	246,700	243,964	2,736
Supplies and materials	51,000	45,332	5,668
Total Street Construction, Maintenance			
and Repair	541,875	529,542	12,333
Snow and Ice Removal			
Personal services	66,900	63,542	3,358
Contractual services	34,700	33,948	752
Supplies and materials	204,000	182,773	21,227
Total Snow and Ice Removal	305,600	280,263	25,337
Total Transportation	917,830	873,020	44,810
Basic Utilities			
Refuse Collection and Disposal	2.000		2.000
Supplies and materials	3,000	<del></del>	3,000
General Government			
Mayor's Court			
Contractual services	13,000		13,000
Capital Outlay	134,900	75,151	59,749
Total Expenditures	4,216,591	4,053,879	162,712
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(2,277,176)	(2,223,065)	54,111
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Operating Transfers - In Operating Transfers - Out Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	2,135,745 (92,502) 2,043,243	2,139,182 (85,160) 2,054,022	3,437 7,342 10,779

Continued

### <u>TOTAL – SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS</u>

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) AND ACTUAL (CONTINUED)

	 Budget	Actual	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)
Excess of Revenues and Other Financing Sources Over (Under) Expenditures and Other Financing Uses	(233,933)	(169,043)	64,890
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year	666,565	666,565	-
Encumbrances at End of Year	 75,103	75,103	
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$ 507,735 \$	572,625	\$64,890

### **DEBT SERVICE FUNDS**

### General Bond Retirement Debt Service Fund

The General Bond Retirement Debt Service Fund accounts for resources that are used for the payment of principal and interest and fiscal charges on general obligation bonds. The City has one debt service fund and the level of budgetary control is the same as that presented in the general purpose financial statements.

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#### CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS

#### Capital Improvement Fund

To account for allocation of the income tax revenues designated for capital construction and acquisition of capital assets.

#### Hawthorne Creek/Solon Road Improvement Fund

To account for emergency repair of roads due to a crumbling retaining wall, financed with the County Engineer's emergency funds.

### Kenmore Lane Street Construction Fund

To account for the cost of constructing a new street, financed by grants and local revenues.

#### Bear Creek Drive Street Improvement Fund

To account for the cost of street improvements, financed by grants and local revenues.

#### Street Construction Levy Fund

To account for the proceeds from a 2 mill, 10 year levy to be used for street construction and street resurfacing.

#### Metro Court Bridge Improvement Fund

To account for the accumulation of revenues and expenditures for the cost of improvements for the Metro Court Bridge.

#### Richmond Force Main Replacement Fund

To account for the replacement of a water main, financed by grants.

### COMBINING BALANCE SHEET – ALL CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS

### **DECEMBER 31, 2000**

		Capital Improvement	_	Hawthorn Creek/ Solon Road Improvement	=	Kenmore Lane Street Construction
Assets	Φ.	110.000	Φ.	2 20 7	φ.	221
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	118,233	\$	3,295	\$	3,264
Receivables:						
Taxes		62,778		-		-
Accounts		9,663				
Total Assets	\$	190,674	\$	3,295	\$	3,264
<u>Liabilities</u>						
Accounts Payable	\$	68,279	\$	62,315	\$	-
Deferred Revenue		-		-		-
Accrued Interest Payable		12,180		_		-
Notes Payable		400,000		_		-
Total Liabilities		480,459		62,315		-
Fund Equity Fund Balance:						
Reserved for Encumbrances		35,889		35,256		-
Unreserved/Undesignated (Deficit)		(325,674)		(94,276)		3,264
Total Fund Equity (Deficit)		(289,785)		(59,020)		3,264
Total Liabilities and Fund Equity	\$	190,674	\$	3,295	\$	3,264

Bear Creek Drive Street Improvement	C	Street Construction Levy		Metro Court Bridge Improvement	Force Main		_	Total
\$ -	\$	107,352	\$	-	\$	2,259	\$	234,403
- -	_	501,038		- -		- -	_	563,816 9,663
\$ 	\$	608,390	\$		\$ _	2,259	\$	807,882
\$ - - - - -	\$ 	85,214 337,370 - - 422,584	\$	- - - - -	\$ 	6,690 - - - - - 6,690	\$	222,498 337,370 12,180 400,000 972,048
- - -	_ _	50,225 135,581 185,806	-	- - -	_ _	(4,431) (4,431)	<del>-</del>	121,370 (285,536) (164,166)
\$ 	\$ _	608,390	\$		\$_	2,259	\$_	807,882

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – ALL CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS

	Capital Improvement		Hawthorn Creek/ Solon Road Improvement	Kenmore Lane Street Construction
Revenues				
Property Taxes	\$ -	\$	- \$	-
Intergovernmental	-		-	-
Licenses and Permits	155,537		-	-
Investment Income	280,736		-	-
Miscellaneous Income	36,200			
Total Revenues	472,473			
Expenditures				
Current Operations and Maintenance:				
Leisure Time Activities	142,719		-	-
Transportation	-		62,315	149,491
General Government	138,374		-	-
Capital Outlay	130,685		12,705	40,653
Debt Service:				
Interest and Fiscal Charges	12,180		-	_
Total Expenditures	423,958		75,020	190,144
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	48,515	•	(75,020)	(190,144)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Operating Transfers - In	683,668		16,000	207,658
Operating Transfers - Out	(677,902)		-	· <u>-</u>
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	5,766		16,000	207,658
Excess of Revenues and Other Financing Sources				
Over (Under) Expenditures and Other Financing Uses	54,281		(59,020)	17,514
Fund Balance (Deficit) at Beginning of Year	(344,066)			(14,250)
Fund Balance (Deficit) at End of Year	\$ (289,785)	\$	(59,020) \$	3,264

	Drive Street Constr		Street Metro Court Construction Bridge Levy Improvement				Richmond Force Main Replacement		Total		
\$	_	\$	495,091	\$	_	\$	_	\$	495,091		
Ψ	_	Ψ	-	Ψ	17,595	Ψ	_	Ψ	17,595		
	_		_		-		_		155,537		
	_		-		-		_		280,736		
	4,768		12,860		5,000				58,828		
	4,768		507,951		22,595				1,007,787		
	-		-		-		-		142,719		
	-		30,900		33,550		6,838		283,094		
	-		-		-		-		138,374		
	-		997,276		1,595		8,593		1,191,507		
									12,180		
	<del>-</del>		1,028,176	•	35,145		15,431		1,767,874		
	4,768		(520,225)		(12,550)		(15,431)		(760,087)		
	2,502		517,510		10,902		11,000		1,449,240		
	(3,513)		-		-		-		(681,415)		
	(1,011)		517,510		10,902		11,000		767,825		
	3,757		(2,715)		(1,648)		(4,431)		7,738		
	(3,757)		188,521	,	1,648		<u> </u>		(171,904)		
\$		\$	185,806		\$	\$	(4,431)	\$	(164,166)		

#### CAPITAL IMPROVEMENT CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) AND ACTUAL

#### FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2000

Revenues	_	Budget	_	Actual		Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)
Licenses and Permits	\$	158,000	\$	155,581	\$	(2,419)
Investment Income	Ф	290,000	φ	271,072	φ	(18,928)
Miscellaneous Income		41,500		36,201		(5,299)
Total Revenues	_		-			
Total Revenues	_	489,500	-	462,854		(26,646)
Expenditures						
Current Operations and Maintenance:						
Leisure Time Activities						
Public Recreation						
Contractual service		184,000		176,338		7,662
Basic Utility Services		,,,,,,		,		,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
Sanitary Sewers and Sewage Disposal						
Contractual services		15,000		13,240		1,760
General Government		- ,		- ,		,
Land and Buildings						
Contractual services		124,000		117,481		6,519
Total Current Operations and Maintenance	_	323,000	_	307,059		15,941
1			_	,		
Capital Outlay						
Street paving and repair		2,000		1,392		608
Miscellaneous equipment	_	132,000	_	129,293		2,707
Total Capital Outlay	_	134,000	_	130,685		3,315
Total Expenditures	_	457,000	_	437,744		19,256
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	_	32,500	_	25,110		(7,390)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)						
Operating Transfers - In		618,513		616,876		(1,637)
Operating Transfers - Out		(677,902)		(677,902)		(1,037)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	-	(59,389)	-	(61,026)		(1,637)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	-	(33,369)	-	(01,020)		(1,037)
Excess of Revenues and Other Financing Sources Over						
(Under) Expenditures and Other Financing Uses		(26,889)		(35,916)		(9,027)
( ) P		(==,==)		(,-10)		(-,-=-,)

Continued

#### CAPITAL IMPROVEMENT CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) AND ACTUAL (CONTINUED)

	Budget	Actual	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year	73,260	73,260	-
Encumbrances at End of Year	80,889	80,889	
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$127,260	\$ 118,233	\$(9,027)

#### HAWTHORN CREEK/SOLON ROAD IMPROVEMENT CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) AND ACTUAL

	_	Budget	_	Actual	<u>(</u>	Variance Favorable ( <u>Unfavorable)</u>
Revenues						
Miscellaneous Income	\$_	98,170	\$_		\$_	(98,170)
Expenditures						
Current Operations and Maintenance:						
Transportation						
Street Construction, Maintenance and Repair						
Contractual services		91,340		91,340		-
Capital Outlay						
Street paving and repair	_	20,000	_	12,705	_	7,295
Total Expenditures	_	111,340	_	104,045	_	7,295
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		(13,170)		(104,045)		(90,875)
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Operating Transfers - In	_	16,000	=	16,000	-	
Excess of Revenues and Other Financing Sources Over (Under) Expenditures and Other Financing Uses		2,830		(88,045)		(90,875)
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year		-		-		-
Encumbrances at End of Year	_	91,340	_	91,340	-	
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$ _	94,170	\$ _	3,295	\$	(90,875)

## KENMORE LANE STREET CONSTRUCTION CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) AND ACTUAL

		Budget	Actual	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)
Expenditures			_	
Current Operations and Maintenance:				
Transportation				
Street Construction, Maintenance and Repairs				
Contractual services	\$	171,400 \$	169,163	\$ 2,237
Capital Outlay				
Street paving and repair	_	44,000	40,653	3,347
Total Expenditures	_	215,400	209,816	5,584
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		(215,400)	(209,816)	5,584
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Operating Transfers - In	_	215,000	207,658	(7,342)
Excess of Revenues and Other Financing Sources Over				
(Under) Expenditures and Other Financing Uses		(400)	(2,158)	(1,758)
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year	_	5,422	5,422	
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$ _	5,022 \$	3,264	\$(1,758)

#### BEAR CREEK DRIVE STREET IMPROVEMENT CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) AND ACTUAL

Expenditures	_	Budget	Actual	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)
Capital Outlay				
Street paving and repair	\$_	350 \$	350	\$
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	_	(350)	(350)	
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Operating Transfers - In		2,502	2,502	-
Operating Transfers - Out		(3,513)	(3,513)	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	_	(1,011)	(1,011)	
Excess of Revenues and Other Financing Sources Over				
(Under) Expenditures and Other Financing Uses		(1,361)	(1,361)	-
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year	_	1,361	1,361	<del>-</del>
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$ _	<u> </u>		\$

## STREET CONSTRUCTION LEVY CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) AND ACTUAL

	-	Budget		Actual		Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)
Revenues Property Taxes	\$	536,536	\$	500,924	\$	(35,612)
Miscellaneous Income	Ψ	17,000	Ψ	12,859	Ψ	(4,141)
Total Revenues	-	553,536		513,783		(39,753)
Expenditures Capital Outlay Street paving and repair		1,140,000		1,087,385		52,615
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		(586,464)		(573,602)		12,862
Other Financing Sources(Uses) Operating Transfers - In	-	515,000		517,510		2,510
Excess of Revenues and Other Financing Sources Over (Under) Expenditures and Other Financing Uses		(71,464)		(56,092)		15,372
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year		73,335		73,335		-
Encumbrances at End of Year	-	90,109		90,109		
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$	91,980	\$	107,352	\$	15,372

## METRO COURT BRIDGE IMPROVEMENT CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) AND ACTUAL

	<u>-</u>	Budget		Actual	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)
Revenues					
Intergovernmental	\$	17,595	\$	17,595	\$ -
Miscellaneous Income	-	5,000		5,000	
Total Revenues	-	22,595		22,595	
Expenditures					
Current Operations and Maintenance:					
Transportation					
Street Construction, Maintenance and Repair					
Contractual services		33,838		33,838	-
Capital Outlay					
Street paving and repair	_	1,595		1,595	
Total Expenditures	-	35,433	•	35,433	
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		(12,838)		(12,838)	-
Other Financing Sources (Uses)		10.002		10.002	
Operating Transfers - In	-	10,902		10,902	
Excess of Revenues and Other Financing Sources Over (Under) Expenditures and Other Financing Uses		(1,936)		(1,936)	
(Onder) Expenditures and Other Financing Oses		(1,930)		(1,930)	-
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year	=	1,936		1,936	
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$		\$		\$ 

#### RICHMOND FORCE MAIN REPLACEMENT CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) AND ACTUAL

		Budget	_	Actual		Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)
Expenditures						
Current Operations and Maintenance:						
Transportation						
Street Construction, Maintenance and Repair						
Contractual services	\$	150	\$	148	\$	2
Capital Outlay						
Street paving and repair		9,000		8,593		407
Total Expenditures		9,150	_	8,741	•	409
			_			
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		(9,150)		(8,741)		409
Other Financing Sources (Uses)						
Operating Transfers - In	_	11,000	-	11,000		
Excess of Revenues and Other Financing Sources Over						
(Under) Expenditures and Other Financing Uses		1,850		2,259		409
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year	_		_		•	
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$_	1,850	\$_	2,259	\$	409

## <u>TOTAL – CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS</u>

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) AND ACTUAL

#### FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2000

		Budget	_	Actual	<u>(</u>	Variance Favorable Unfavorable)
Revenues						
Property Taxes	\$	536,536	\$	500,924	\$	(35,612)
Intergovernmental		17,595		17,595		-
Licenses and Permits		158,000		155,581		(2,419)
Investment Income		290,000		271,072		(18,928)
Miscellaneous Income	_	161,670	_	54,060	_	(107,610)
Total Revenues	_	1,163,801	-	999,232	-	(164,569)
Expenditures						
Current Operations and Maintenance:						
Leisure Time Activities						
Public Recreation						
Contractual service		184,000		176,338		7,662
Basic Utility Services						
Sanitary Sewers and Sewage Disposal						
Contractual services		15,000		13,240		1,760
Transportation						
Street Construction, Maintenance and Repair						
Contractual services		296,728		294,489		2,239
General Government						
Land and Buildings						
Contractual services		124,000	_	117,481	_	6,519
<b>Total Current Operations and Maintenance</b>	_	619,728	_	601,548	_	18,180
Capital Outlay						
Street paving and repair		1,216,945		1,152,673		64,272
Miscellaneous equipment		132,000		129,293		2,707
Total Capital Outlay	_	1,348,945	_	1,281,966	_	66,979
Total Expenditures	_	1,968,673	_	1,883,514	_	85,159
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	_	(804,872)	_	(884,282)	_	(79,410)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)						
Operating Transfers - In		1,388,917		1,382,448		(6,469)
Operating Transfers - Out		(681,415)		(681,415)		-
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	_	707,502	-	701,033	_	(6,469)

Continued

## <u>TOTAL – CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS</u>

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) AND ACTUAL (CONTINUED)

	<u>B</u>	udget	Actual	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)
Excess of Revenues and Other Financing Sources Over (Under) Expenditures and Other Financing Uses		(97,370)	(183,249)	(85,879)
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year		155,314	155,314	-
Encumbrances at End of Year		262,338	262,338	
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$	320,282 \$	234,403	(85,879)

## ENTERPRISE FUNDS

#### Sewer Fund

The City has one enterprise fund to account for the operations and maintenance of the sewage collection and treatment plant operations. The level of budgetary control is the same as that presented in the general purpose financial statements.

## INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS

## Corrections Facility Fund

The Corrections Facility Fund accounts for the proceeds received from housing prisoners of other governmental districts in neighboring cities. The level of budgetary control is the same as that presented in the general purpose financial statements.

## **AGENCY FUNDS**

#### Glenwillow Sanitary Sewer Maintenance and Repair Fund

To account for proceeds from Glenwillow Sewer user fees collected and used for maintenance and repair of Glenwillow Sanitary Sewers that are tied into the City of Bedford Heights' Waste Water System.

#### Mayor's Court Fund

To account for the collection and distribution of court fines and forfeitures.

## COMBINING BALANCE SHEET – ALL AGENCY FUNDS

## **DECEMBER 31, 2000**

	S	Glenwillow Sanitary Sewer Maintenance and Repair	Mayor's Court	-	Total
Assets Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ =	1,442	\$ 14,299	\$	15,741
<u>Liabilities</u> Due to Other Governments Interfund Payable	\$	1,442	1,843 12,456	\$	3,285 12,456
Total Liabilities	\$ _	1,442	\$ 14,299	\$	15,741

COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES – AGENCY FUNDS

	Balance January 1, 2000	Additions	<u>Deductions</u>	Balance December 31, 2000
Glenwillow Sanitary Sewer Maintenance an	nd Repair Fund			
Assets Cash and Cash Equivalents Total Assets	\$ <u>1,539</u> \$ <u>1,539</u>	\$1,857 \$1,857	\$1,954 \$1,954	\$ <u>1,442</u> \$ <u>1,442</u>
<u>Liabilities</u> Due to Other Governments Total Liabilities	\$ <u>1,539</u> \$ <u>1,539</u>	\$1,857 \$1,857	\$1,954 \$1,954	\$1,442 \$1,442
Mayor's Court Fund				
Assets Cash and Cash Equivalents Total Assets	\$ <u>16,341</u> \$ <u>16,341</u>	\$ 307,431 \$ 307,431	\$ 309,473 \$ 309,473	\$ <u>14,299</u> \$ <u>14,299</u>
<u>Liabilities</u> Due to Other Governments Interfund Payable Total Liabilities	\$ 16,341 \$ 16,341	292,246		12,456
Total All Agency Funds				
Assets Cash and Cash Equivalents Total Assets	\$ <u>17,880</u> \$ <u>17,880</u>	\$ 309,288 \$ 309,288	\$ <u>311,427</u> \$ <u>311,427</u>	\$ <u>15,741</u> \$ <u>15,741</u>
<u>Liabilities</u> Due to Other Governments Interfund Payable Total Liabilities	\$ 17,880 \$ 17,880	292,246	\$ 31,637 279,790 \$ 311,427	\$ 3,285 12,456 \$ 15,741

## GENERAL FIXED ASSETS ACCOUNT GROUP

To account for long-lived assets not used in the operations of the proprietary funds.

## SCHEDULE OF GENERAL FIXED ASSETS BY PROGRAM AND DEPARTMENT

## AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2000

PROGRAM AND DEPARTMENT	_Total	Land	Buildings	Machinery & Equipment	Vehicles
Security of Persons and Property					
Police Department	\$ 2,859,106	\$ 12,200	\$ 1,096,465	\$ 883,983	\$ 866,458
Fire Prevention	3,033,342	12,200	1,160,035	304,745	<u>1,556,362</u>
Total Security of Persons and Property	5,892,448	24,400	2,256,500	1,188,728	2,422,820
Public Health and Welfare					
Senior Citizens	6,212			6,212	
Total Public Health and					
Welfare	6,212			6,212	
Leisure Time Activities	CC1 701	66.220	240.250	255 111	
Parks and Playgrounds	661,781	66,320	240,350	355,111	100.270
Recreation Center	6,605,653	12,200	6,396,882	96,192	100,379
Swimming Pool	1,067,728	49,320	1,018,055	353	
Total Leisure Time	0.225.162	127.040	7 (55 207	151 656	100 270
Activities	8,335,162	127,840	7,655,287	<u>451,656</u>	100,379
Basic Utility Services					
Public Works Director	340,455	_	340,455	_	_
Total Basic Utility Services	340,455		340,455		
Total Basic Carry Services	310,133	-			
Transportation Services					
Street, Construction,					
Maintenance and Repair	1,654,966	41,449		492,861	1,120,656
Total Transportation	1,654,966	41,449		<u>492,861</u>	1,120,656
General Government					
	107.242			107 242	
Finance Department	107,342	-	-	107,342	-
Administration Department	497,594	1 415 610	1 101 020	497,594	-
Land and Buildings	2,597,532	1,415,612	1,181,920	-	-
City Hall Total General Government	347,450	1,415,612	<u>347,450</u>	604 026	
Total General Government	3,549,918	1,413,012	1,529,370	604,936	
Total General Fixed Assets	\$ <u>19,779,161</u>	\$ <u>1,609,301</u>	\$ <u>11,781,612</u>	\$ <u>2,744,393</u>	\$3,643,855

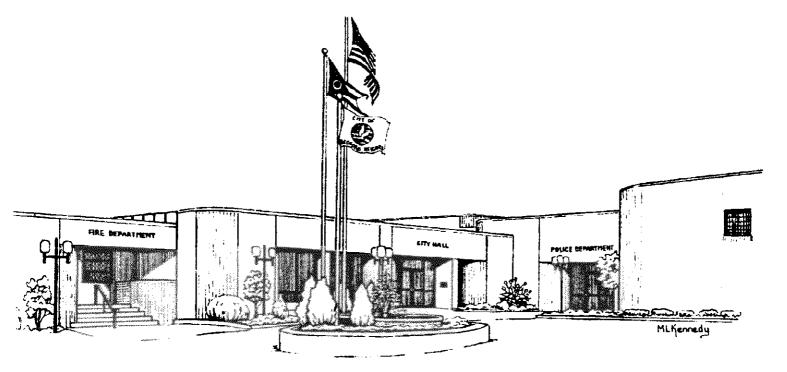
SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN GENERAL FIXED ASSETS BY PROGRAM AND DEPARTMENT

PROGRAM AND DEPARTMENT	General Fixed Assets 12/31/99, as Restated	Additions	Disposals	General Fixed Assets 12/31/00
Security of Persons and Property: Police Department Fire Prevention Total Security of Persons and Property	\$ 2,694,846 2,955,871 5,650,717	\$ 164,260 137,800 302,060	\$ - 60,329 60,329	\$ 2,859,106 3,033,342 5,892,448
Public Health and Welfare Senior Citizens Total Public Health and Welfare	6,212 6,212		<u> </u>	6,212 6,212
Leisure Time Activities: Parks and Playgrounds Recreation Center Swimming Pool Total Leisure Time Activities	661,781 6,579,026 1,067,728 8,308,535	26,627 	- - - -	661,781 6,605,653 1,067,728 8,335,162
Basic Utility Services: Public Works Director Total Basic Utility Services	340,455 340,455		<u>-</u>	340,455 340,455
Transportation Services: Street, Construction, Maintenance and Repair Total Transportation	1,461,264 1,461,264	193,702 193,702	<u> </u>	1,654,966 1,654,966
General Government: Finance Department Administration Department Land and Buildings City Hall Total General Government	107,342 496,159 2,597,532 347,450 3,548,483	1,435 - - - - - 1,435	- - - - -	107,342 497,594 2,597,532 347,450 3,549,918
Total General Fixed Assets	\$ <u>19,315,666</u>	\$523,824	\$60,329	\$ <u>19,779,161</u>

## SCHEDULE OF GENERAL FIXED ASSETS BY SOURCE

## AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2000

GENERAL FIXED ASSETS:	
Land Buildings Machinery and Equipment Vehicles	\$ 1,609,301 11,781,612 2,744,393 3,643,855
Total General Fixed Assets	\$ <u>19,779,161</u>
INVESTMENTS IN GENERAL FIXED ASSETS FROM:	
General Fund Revenues Special Revenue Funds Capital Projects Funds General Fixed Assets Accumulated Prior to December 31, 1986	\$ 1,570,249 8,014,428 1,756,537 <u>8,437,947</u>
Total Investment in General Fixed Assets	\$ <u>19,779,161</u>



City of Bedford Heights, Ohio

#### GENERAL GOVERNMENTAL EXPENDITURES BY PROGRAM

<u>DECEMBER 31, 2000</u> TABLE 1

Fiscal Year	F	Security of Persons And Property	 Public Health and Welfare	_	Leisure Time Activities	Community evelopment	 Basic Utility Services	 Transpor- tation	General vernment	Capital Outlay	 Debt Service	 Total
1991	\$	3,777,289	\$ 233,724	\$	618,224	\$ 202,899	\$ 1,158,025	\$ 878,505	\$ 3,282,652	\$ 748,058	\$ 899,791	\$ 11,799,167
1992		4,013,611	291,885		604,043	238,287	556,816	669,285	3,604,554	614,585	859,491	11,452,557
1993		4,164,739	335,819		860,145	279,586	670,816	859,382	3,791,177	946,881	905,600	12,814,145
1994		4,543,460	1,820,710		3,832,876	288,591	521,441	1,008,713	4,004,225	1,356,921	4,812,619	22,189,556
1995		4,409,041	2,564,965		977,639	270,793	658,566	1,095,509	4,301,229	941,322	6,362,134	21,581,198
1996		4,739,840	436,300		834,089	564,487	563,824	1,436,150	4,092,421	726,633	1,339,852	14,722,077
1997		5,144,585	319,492		988,268	387,383	477,459	1,043,380	3,047,498	1,365,268	1,197,010	13,970,343
1998		5,572,926	312,783		926,855	408,187	547,323	2,212,457	3,257,281	29,211	1,057,168	14,324,191
1999		6,572,585	344,962		1,016,682	417,625	557,543	1,796,990	3,507,026	934,360	857,931	16,005,704
2000		6,238,277	291,131		1,206,713	449,488	602,356	1,326,187	3,642,081	1,469,223	644,867	15,870,323

All governmental fund types, modified accrual basis

## GENERAL GOVERNMENTAL REVENUES BY SOURCE

**DECEMBER 31, 2000**TABLE 2

<u>Year</u>	Taxes	Inter- Governmental	Charges For Services	Licenses And Permits	Fines And Forfeitures	Special Assessments	Investment Income	Miscel- laneous	Total
1991	\$ 8,866,376	\$ 1,588,415 \$	98,416 \$	57,108	\$ 104,914	\$ 410,240	\$ 87,247	\$ 401,743	\$ 11,614,459
1992	9,520,265	983,830	89,223	56,471	137,783	437,108	84,845	537,912	11,847,437
1993	9,983,701	1,113,713	86,530	59,862	144,570	440,244	120,577	399,419	12,348,616
1994	10,358,105	1,890,559	92,517	131,099	148,390	425,900	287,179	511,171	13,844,920
1995	11,792,967	2,769,691	143,499	168,999	172,871	458,783	234,431	490,587	16,231,828
1996	11,774,969	1,252,098	161,016	196,206	201,243	428,178	142,096	963,154	15,118,960
1997	11,927,965	1,171,102	189,600	245,270	123,755	413,366	150,896	617,470	14,839,424
1998	11,722,631	1,544,997	181,265	342,361	151,385	412,292	212,218	905,479	15,472,628
1999	11,875,262	1,340,898	186,145	325,840	153,659	103,609	237,207	700,335	14,922,955
2000	11,911,762	1,331,276	180,479	430,601	187,329	106,370	317,823	622,575	15,088,215

All governmental fund types, modified accrual basis

## GENERAL GOVERNMENTAL TAX REVENUES BY SOURCE

**DECEMBER 31, 2000 TABLE 2-A** 

Fiscal Year	<u>Pro</u>	perty Taxes	<u>Ir</u>	Municipal acome Tax	Other Local Taxes		Total
1991	\$	2,284,437	\$	6,569,125	\$ 12,814	\$	8,866,376
1992		2,525,899		6,968,348	26,018		9,520,265
1993		2,547,287		7,386,715	49,699		9,983,701
1994		2,451,650		7,850,190	56,265		10,358,105
1995		3,203,906		8,526,925	62,136		11,792,967
1996		3,729,932		7,967,528	77,509		11,774,969
1997		3,590,440		8,296,301	41,224		11,927,965
1998		3,160,109		8,524,195	38,327		11,722,631
1999		3,249,110		8,566,389	59,763		11,875,262
2000		2,970,567		8,877,355	63,840		11,911,762

All governmental fund types, modified accrual basis

## REAL PROPERTY TAX LEVIES AND COLLECTIONS

**DECEMBER 31, 2000**TABLE 3

Fiscal Year	Current Tax Levy	Current Tax Collections	Percent of Current Taxes Collected	Delinquent Tax Collections	Total Tax Collections	Ratio of Total Tax Collections To Current Tax Levy	Current Delinquent Taxes	-	Accumulated Delinquent Taxes
1991	\$ 1,415,650	\$ 1,381,372	97.6%	\$ 17,598	\$ 1,398,970	0.988	\$ 37,904	\$	86,335
1992	1,735,519	1,614,300	93.0	34,340	1,648,640	0.950	42,403		144,596
1993	1,829,674	1,625,336	88.8	30,617	1,655,953	0.905	35,853		166,767
1994	1,855,603	1,597,885	86.1	40,860	1,638,745	0.883	42,130		176,050
1995	2,163,810	2,125,107	98.2	59,694	2,184,801	1.010	28,033		144,317
1996	2,157,822	2,104,300	97.5	62,193	2,166,493	1.004	25,655		115,678
1997	2,300,792	2,109,717	91.7	65,391	2,175,108	.945	60,869		98,210
1998	2,393,420	2,207,537	92.2	51,154	2,258,691	.944	62,477		103,209
1999	2,438,661	2,171,380	89.0	53,763	2,225,143	.912	73,454		119,606
2000	2,453,976	2,130,698	86.8	71,091	2,201,789	.897	94,588		140,893

SOURCE: Cuyahoga County Auditor

## TANGIBLE PERSONAL PROPERTY TAX LEVIES AND COLLECTIONS

**DECEMBER 31, 2000 TABLE 3-A** 

Fiscal Year	Current Tax Levy	Current Tax Collections	Percent of Current Taxes Collected	Delinquent Tax Collections	Total Tax Collections	Ratio of Total Tax Collections To Current Tax Levy	Current Delinquent Taxes	Accumulated Delinquent Taxes
1991	\$ 842,146	\$ 805,668	95.7%	\$ 56,370	\$ 862,038	1.024	\$ 36,478	\$ 97,603
1992	918,855	807,389	87.9	45,679	853,068	0.928	111,466	56,411
1993	925,599	847,649	91.6	30,261	877,910	0.948	77,950	46,239
1994	885,248	812,308	91.8	8,466	820,774	0.927	72,940	47,525
1995	992,331	967,913	97.5	28,571	996,484	1.004	24,418	64,370
1996	1,024,136	1,000,608	97.7	35,284	1,035,892	1.011	13,528	46,605
1997	991,649	917,307	92.5	199,471	1,116,778	1.126	13,266	27,857
1998	937,622	860,516	91.8	20,046	880,562	0.939	9,857	59,014
1999	972,992	879,886	90.4	61,075	940,961	0.967	5,686	32,191
2000	893,942	798,699	89.3	35,052	833,751	0.933	58,147	142,431

SOURCE: Cuyahoga County Auditor

#### ASSESSED VALUATIONS AND ESTIMATED TRUE VALUES

**DECEMBER 31, 2000**TABLE 4

	Real Pr	ope	rty (1)	_I	Personal Prop	erty	(2)	_	Public Utili	ty I	Property (3)	_	To	tal	
Fiscal	Assessed		Estimated		Assessed		Estimated		Assessed		Estimated		Assessed		Estimated
Year	Value	-	True Value	_	Value	-	True Value	-	Value		True Value	-	Value		True Value
1991	\$ 133,041,600	\$	380,118,857	\$	76,970,297	\$	285,075,174	\$	9,236,080	\$	10,495,545	\$	219,247,977	\$	675,589,576
1992	154,044,950		440,128,429		81,095,600		311,906,154		9,953,280		11,310,545		245,093,830		763,345,128
1993	157,291,110		449,403,171		78,398,789		313,595,156		9,725,320		11,051,500		245,415,219		774,049,827
1994	158,823,960		453,782,743		85,374,993		341,499,972		9,729,570		11,056,330		253,928,523		806,339,045
1995	171,234,630		489,241,800		82,145,761		328,583,044		9,638,720		10,953,091		263,019,111		828,777,935
1996	173,693,510		496,267,171		82,694,291		330,777,164		9,243,640		10,504,136		265,631,441		837,548,471
1997	171,962,370		491,321,057		84,511,322		338,045,288		9,467,090		10,758,057		265,940,782		840,124,402
1998	183,750,270		525,000,771		71,709,659		286,838,636		9,580,620		10,887,068		265,040,549		822,726,475
1999	185,126,960		528,934,172		73,797,724		295,190,896		8,787,920		9,986,273		267,712,604		834,111,341
2000	211,862,770		605,322,200		70,762,821		238,051,284		8,597,150		9,769,489		291,222,741		898,142,973

<sup>(1)</sup> Total real property assessed value is 35% of estimated true value.

Source: Cuyahoga County Auditor

<sup>(2)</sup> Total personal property assessed value was 35% of estimated true value in 1983 and reduced annually thereafter, 1% until it became 25%.

<sup>(3)</sup> Total public utility property was 50% of estimated true value. Effective fiscal year 1991, it became 88%.

## PROPERTY TAX RATES – DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GOVERNMENTS

<u>DECEMBER 31, 2000</u> TABLE 5

Fiscal <u>Y</u> ear	Total City Millage	Total County Millage	Total Bedford School Millage	Total Orange School Millage	Total City, County and Bedford School	Total City County and Orange School	_
1991	10.00	16.80	47.60	62.70	74.40	89.50	
1992	10.00	16.80	52.20	62.70	79.00	89.50	
1993	10.00	16.80	53.40	62.60	80.20	89.40	
1994	12.00	16.80	53.10	62.60	81.90	91.40	
1995	12.00	16.60	57.60	68.20	86.20	96.80	
1996	12.00	16.60	57.60	68.20	86.20	96.80	
1997	12.00	16.60	57.60	68.20	86.20	96.80	
1998	12.00	13.75	57.70	71.50	83.45	97.25	
1999	12.00	13.75	62.60	71.50	88.35	97.25	
2000	12.00	14.65	62.50	81.10	92.10	(1) 110.70	(1)

<sup>(1)</sup> Includes Metropark and Library Millage of 1.55 and 1.40, respectively.

Source: Cuyahoga County Auditor

## PRINCIPAL TAXPAYERS – REAL PROPERTY (1)

**DECEMBER 31, 2000**TABLE 6

<u>Taxpayer</u>	Assessed Valuation	Percentage Of Total Assessed Real Property Valuation
Riser Foods Company	\$ 7,417,410	3.50% 2.55%
Bear Creek Inv. Co.	5,661,950	2.67 1.94
A.M. Castle & Co.	3,933,440	1.86 1.35
Mayfred Co.	3,617,990	1.71 1.24
Sysco Food Service	3,577,460	1.69 1.23
Southgate Towers LLC	3,325,210	1.57 1.14
Marotta Glazer Realty Co.	3,097,960	1.46 1.06
South Pointe Towers LTD	2,939,440	1.39 1.01
American Spring Wire Co.	2,407,200	1.14 0.83
Miles Road LLC	2,354,380	<u> 1.11</u>
	\$38,332,440	<u>18.10</u> % <u>13.16</u> %
Total Real Property Assessed Valuation	\$ <u>211,862,770</u>	

Source: Cuyahoga County Auditor

(1) Excludes Public Utilities

## PRINCIPAL TAXPAYERS – PERSONAL PROPERTY (1)

**DECEMBER 31, 2000 TABLE 6-A** 

<u>Taxpayer</u>	_	Assessed Valuation	Percentage Of Total Assessed Personal Property	Percentage Of Total Assessed <u>Valuation</u>
Riser Foods Company	\$	11,825,030	16.71%	4.06%
Olympic Steel, Inc.		4,640,740	6.56	1.59
American Spring Wire Corp.		4,487,040	6.34	1.54
Sherwin Williams Co.		3,719,580	5.26	1.28
Lester Precision Die		2,679,270	3.79	0.92
Earl M. Jorgenson Co.		2,180,110	3.08	0.75
Illinois Tool Works, Inc.		2,007,280	2.84	0.69
Sysco Food Services, Inc.		1,823,370	2.58	0.63
South East Harley		1,464,400	2.07	0.50
AM Castle & Co.	_	1,458,410	2.06	0.50
	\$ _	36,285,230	<u>51.29</u> %	<u>12.46</u> %
Total Personal Property Assessed Valuation	\$_	70,762,821		

Source: Cuyahoga County Auditor

(1) Excludes Public Utilities

## PRINCIPAL TAXPAYERS – PUBLIC UTILITY PROPERTY

**DECEMBER 31, 2000**TABLE 6-B

<u>Taxpayer</u>	_	Assessed Valuation	Percentage Of Total Assessed Real Property	Percentage Of Total Assessed <u>Valuation</u>
Cleveland Electric Illuminating Co.	\$	4,535,990	52.76%	1.56%
East Ohio Gas Co.		1,162,110	13.52	0.40
The Ohio Bell Telephone Company	\$ _	1,110,820 6,808,920	12.92 79.20%	0.38 2.34%
Total Public Utility Property Assessed Valuation	\$ _	8,597,150		

Source: Cuyahoga County Auditor

## SPECIAL ASSESSMENT COLLECTIONS

<u>DECEMBER 31, 2000</u> TABLE 7

Fiscal Year	Special Assessment Billings	Special Assessment Collected	Percent of Current Assessments Collected	Delinquent Assessments Collected	Total Special Assessments Collected	Ratio of Percent of Collections To Amount Billed	Current Delinquent Assessments	Accumulated Delinquent Taxes
1991	\$ 432,188	\$ 419,193	97.0%	\$ 4,168	\$ 423,361	98.0%	\$ 18,744	\$ 124,330
1992	565,917	420,111	74.2	8,538	428,649	75.7	10,753	136,949
1993	564,610	407,766	72.2	771	408,537	72.4	18,457	165,860
1994	505,534	386,261	76.4	5,524	391,785	77.5	16,262	178,912
1995	409,137	400,617	97.9	4,132	404,749	98.9	8,520	179,794
1996	408,187	402,192	98.5	5,060	407,252	99.8	5,994	133,836
1997	408,427	395,203	96.8	665	395,868	96.9	13,475	129,933
1998	407,800	400,429	98.2	7,655	408,084	100.1	7,371	134,126
1999	103,531	98,287	94.9	1,332	99,619	96.2	5,243	152,646
2000	103,531	99,263	95.9	5,159	104,422	100.9	4,268	77,339

Source: Cuyahoga County Auditor

#### RATIO OF NET GENERAL OBLIGATION DEBT TO ASSESSED VALUE AND NET DEBT PER CAPITA

**DECEMBER 31, 2000**TABLE 8

Fiscal Year	Population (1)	Assessed Value (2)	Gross Debt	Less Debt Service Funds	Net Debt	Ratio of Net Debt To Assessed Value	Net Debt Per Capita
1991 (3)	12,131	\$ 219,247,977	\$ 3,987,500	\$ 172,002	\$ 3,815,498	1.74 \$	314.52
1992 (3)	12,131	245,093,830	3,800,000	183,200	3,616,800	1.48	298.15
1993 (3)	12,131	245,415,219	7,212,500	225,747	6,986,753	2.85	575.94
1994 (3)	12,131	253,928,523	10,855,000	153,848	10,701,152	4.21	882.13
1995 (3)	12,131	263,019,111	10,237,500	357,774	9,879,726	3.76	814.42
1996 (3)	12,131	265,631,441	9,755,000	554,304	9,200,696	3.46	758.44
1997 (3)	12,131	265,940,782	8,832,500	611,063	8,221,437	3.10	677.73
1998 (3)	12,131	265,040,549	8,425,000	473,370	7,951,630	3.00	666.33
1999 (3)	12,131	267,712,604	8,135,000	366,698	7,768,302	2.90	640.37
2000 (3)	12,131	291,222,741	7,520,000	176,313	7,343,687	2.52	605.37

<sup>(1) –</sup> Source: U.S. Census Bureau

<sup>(2) –</sup> Source: Cuyahoga County Auditor

<sup>(3) –</sup> Accrual Basis

#### LEGAL DEBT MARGIN

<b>DECEMBER 31, 2000</b>			TABLE 9
Total Assessed Valuation			\$ <u>291,222,741</u>
Overall Debt Limitation – 10.5% of Assessed Valuation			\$30,578,388
Gross Indebtedness (Notes and Bonds)	\$	7,620,000	
Less Debt Not Subject to Limitation		(100,000)	
Debt Within 10.5% Limitation		7,520,000	
Less: Amount Available in Debt Service Funds	_	176,313	
Net Debt Within 10.5% Limitation			7,343,687
Legal Debt Margin Within 10.5% Limitation			\$23,234,701
********************************	******	*******	*******
Unvoted Debt Limitation – 5.5% of Assessed Valuation			\$16,017,251
Gross Indebtedness (Notes and Bonds)	\$	7,620,000	
Less Debt Not Subject to Limitation		(100,000)	
Debt Within 5.5% Limitation		7,520,000	
Less: Amount Available in Debt Service Funds		176,313	
Net Debt Within 5.5% Limitation			7,343,687
Legal Debt Margin Within 5.5% Limitation			\$8,673,564

#### COMPUTATION OF DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING DEBT – GENERAL OBLIGATION DEBT

**DECEMBER 31, 2000 TABLE 10** 

Jurisdiction Direct:	Net General Obligation Debt <u>Outstanding (1)</u>	Percentage Applicable to Government	Amount Applicable to Government
City of Bedford Heights	\$ 7,343,687	100.00%	\$ 7,343,687
Overlapping:			
Cuyahoga County	231,044,636	1.02	2,356,655
Regional Transit Authority	98,030,000	1.02	999,906
Bedford School District	11,990,000	83.00	9,951,700
Orange School District	34,013,221	17.00	5,782,248
Total	\$ <u>382,421,544</u>		\$ <u>26,434,196</u>

Source: Cuyahoga County Auditor

<sup>(1)</sup> Net general obligation debt outstanding equals the amount of general obligation bonds and notes outstanding minus the debt service fund balance available to pay non-special assessment general obligation debt.

#### RATIO OF ANNUAL DEBT SERVICE FOR GENERAL BONDED DEBT TO TOTAL GENERAL GOVERNMENTAL EXPENDITURES

**DECEMBER 31, 2000**TABLE 11

Fiscal Year	(1) General Obligation Principal	_	(2) General Obligation Interest	(	(3) Debt Service On General Bonded Debt	C	General Governmental Expenditures	<u>Ratio</u>	
1991 (4)	\$ 152,500	\$	200,745	\$	353,245	\$	11,799,167	2.99%	
1992 (4)	157,500		291,190		448,690		11,452,557	3.92%	
1993 (4)	257,500		257,219		514,719		12,814,145	4.02%	
1994 (4)	317,500		363,503		681,003		22,189,556	3.07%	
1995 (4)	407,500		402,783		810,283		21,526,344	3.76%	
1996 (4)	432,500		506,244		938,744		14,719,920	6.38%	
1997 (4)	447,500		480,341		927,841		13,970,343	6.64%	
1998 (4)	477,500		453,081		930,581		14,324,191	6.50%	
1999 (4)	545,000		457,388		1,002,388		16,005,704	6.26%	
2000 (4)	565,000		426,210		991,210		15,870,323	6.25%	

#### Notes:

<sup>(1)</sup> Does not include the rollover of principal due under bond anticipation notes.

<sup>(2)</sup> Debt service on general obligation bonds and notes does not include debt service on special assessment/general obligation bonds and notes or urban renewal bonds.

<sup>(3)</sup> General government expenditures per Table 1.

<sup>(4)</sup> GAAP basis

#### **DEMOGRAPHIC STATISTICS**

<u>DECEMBER 31, 2000</u> TABLE 12

<u>Year</u>	(1) <u>Population</u>	(2) Bedford School District Enrollment	(3) Cuyahoga County Unemployment Rate
<u>1 Car</u>	<u>i opulation</u>	Linonment	
1991	12,131	3,928	6.7%
1992	12,131	3,884	6.6%
1993	12,131	3,942	6.0%
1994	12,131	4,020	4.4%
1995	12,131	4,104	4.7%
1996	12,131	3,903	4.8%
1997	12,131	4,004	4.1%
1998	12,131	4,151	4.9%
1999	12,131	4,060	4.6%
2000	12,131	4,049	4.6%

#### Sources:

- (1) U.S. Bureau of Census
- (2) Bedford Board of Education (Bedford, Bedford Heights, Oakwood and Walton Hills)
- (3) Ohio Bureau of Employment Services Division of Labor Market Information

#### CONSTRUCTION, BANK DEPOSITS AND ASSESSED PROPERTY VALUES

**DECEMBER 31, 2000 TABLE 13** 

<u>Year</u>	Residential Construction Values (1)	Commercial Industrial Construction Values (1)	Commercial Industrial Construction Units (1)	Domestic Bank Deposits In County (2)	(3) Total Assessed Real Property Value (4)
1991	\$ 711,096	\$ 3,582,974	25	\$ 18,392,243	\$ 133,041,600
1992	372,214	1,042,284	35	19,379,280	154,044,950
1993	742,103	3,948,098	37	21,009,421	157,291,110
1994	2,215,233	6,318,050	47	20,885,453	158,823,960
1995	3,941,940	7,218,802	25	22,694,304	171,234,630
1996	1,663,895	4,952,030	43	27,068,211	173,693,510
1997	1,390,511	6,534,335	53	53,941,971	171,962,370
1998	1,768,099	10,963,117	58	58,904,596	183,750,270
1999	2,670,519	4,211,516	42	57,816,942	185,126,960
2000	3,952,179	12,511,046	78	61,942,764	211,862,770

#### Sources/Notes:

<sup>(1)</sup> 

City of Bedford Heights Building Department Federal Reserve Bank of Cleveland shown in thousands of dollars. (2)

Cuyahoga County Auditor (3)

Represents the real property values assessed for taxation which represents 35% of estimated true value (4)

## MISCELLANEOUS STATISTICS

<b>DECEMBER 31, 2000</b>	TABLE 14

		Fire Protection:	
Date of Incorporation:	January 1, 1960	Number of Stations	1
Form of Government:	Mayor/Council	Number of Fire Personnel and Officers	29
Area:	4.5 sq. miles	Number of Calls Answered	1,576
Miles of Street	42	Number of Formal Inspections Conducted	305
		Police Protection:	
		Number of Stations	1
City Employees		Number of Police Personnel and Officers	48
Number of Full-Time Employees	168	Number of Patrol Units	17
Number of Part-Time Employees	97	Number of Law Violations:	
Culture and Recreation:		Physical Arrests	1,123
Community Centers	1	Traffic Violations	3,770
Parks		Parking Violations	594
Metroparks	7		
City Parks	2	Sewerage System:	
Park Acreage		Miles of Sanitary Sewers	37
City Parks	33	Miles of Storm Sewers	37
Swimming Pools	2	Number of Treatment Plants	1
· ·		Number of Service Connectors	3,360
		Daily Average Treatment in Gallons	2.5 Million
		Maximum Daily Capacity of Treatment Plant in Gallons	7.5 Million

## City Of Bedford Heights, Ohio

**DECEMBER 31, 2000** 

## FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2000

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CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

AND BUSINESS CONSULTING FIRM

Creating economic value through knowledge, innovation, commitment, and service

Report On Compliance And On Internal Control Over Financial Reporting Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance With Government Auditing Standards

Members of the City Council of the City of Bedford Heights, Ohio

We have audited the financial statements of the City of Bedford Heights, Ohio as of and for the year ended December 31, 2000, and have issued our report thereon dated May 31, 2001. We conducted our audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

#### Compliance

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City of Bedford Heights, Ohio's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed one instance of noncompliance that is required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*, and is described in the accompanying schedule of findings as item 00-1.

#### Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the City of Bedford Heights, Ohio's internal control over financial reporting in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements and not to provide assurance on the internal control over financial reporting. Our consideration of the internal control over financial reporting that might be material weaknesses. A material weakness is a condition in which the design or operation of one or more of the internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that misstatements in amounts that would be material in relation to the financial statements being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions. We noted no matters involving the internal control over financial reporting and its operation that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, we noted other matters involving internal control over financial reporting, that we have reported to the management of the City of Bedford Heights, Ohio in a separate letter dated May 31, 2001.



This report is intended for the information and use of City Council, Management, and Auditor of State, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Cienci & Cameli, he.

Cleveland, Ohio May 31, 2001

#### SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS

#### **DECEMBER 31, 2000**

#### 1. SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

(d)(I)(i)	Type of Financial Statement Opinion	Unqualified
(d)(I)(ii)	Were there any material control weakness conditions reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
(d)(I)(ii)	Were there any other reportable control weakness conditions reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	
(d)(I)(iii)	Was there any material reported noncompliance at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	Yes

## 2. FINDINGS RELATED TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS

O0-1 Section 5705.51(D), no orders or contracts involving the expenditure of money is to be made unless there is attached a certificate of the fiscal officer that the amount required for the order or contract has been lawfully appropriated and is in the treasury or in the process of collection to the credit of an appropriated fund free from any previous encumbrances.

During our review of expenditures, it was noted in several instances that purchase orders were issued after the City received the invoice.

#### 3. OTHER FINDINGS

None noted.

#### SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS

#### **DECEMBER 31, 2000**

99-1 Section 5705.51(D), no orders or contracts involving the expenditure of money is to be made unless there is attached a certificate of the fiscal officer that the amount required for the order or contract has been lawfully appropriated and is in the treasury or in the process of collection to the credit of an appropriated fund free from any previous encumbrances.

During our review of expenditures, it was noted in several instances that purchase orders were issued after the City received the invoice.

## **CITY OF BEDFORD HEIGHTS**

## 5661 PERKINS ROAD BEDFORD HEIGHTS, OHIO 44146 (440) 786-3200

# RESPONSE TO FINDINGS ASSOCIATED WITH AUDIT CONDUCTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH *GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS*FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2000

Finding Number	Planned Corrective Action	Anticipated Completion Date	Responsible Contact Person
00-1	The City will modify the encumbrance policy to ensure that purchase orders have been properly issued to be in compliance with Section 5705.41(D).	N/A	Mark Cegelka



88 East Broad Street P.O. Box 1140 Columbus, Ohio 43216-1140

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800-282-0370

Facsimile 614-466-4490

# CITY OF BEDFORD HEIGHTS CUYAHOGA COUNTY

#### **CLERK'S CERTIFICATION**

This is a true and correct copy of the report which is required to be filed in the Office of the Auditor of State pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in Columbus, Ohio.

**CLERK OF THE BUREAU** 

Susan Babbitt

CERTIFIED JULY 5, 2001