# CITY OF PERRYSBURG WOOD COUNTY

# **REGULAR AUDIT**

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 1999



Jim Petro Auditor of State

STATE OF OHIO

#### CITY OF PERRYSBURG WOOD COUNTY

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#### **REPORT OF INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS**

City of Perrysburg Wood County 201 West Indiana Avenue Perrysburg, Ohio 43551-1582

To the Mayor and Members of City Council:

We have audited the accompanying general-purpose financial statements of the City of Perrysburg (the City) as of and for the year ended December 31, 1999, as listed in the table of contents. These general-purpose financial statements are the responsibility of the City's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these general-purpose financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the general-purpose financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the City, as of December 31, 1999, and the results of its operations and the cash flows of its proprietary fund types for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated October 11, 2001 on our consideration of the City's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grants. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* and should be read in conjunction with this report in considering the results of our audit.

Jim Petro Auditor of State

October 11, 2001

#### THE CITY OF PERRYSBURG, OHIO COMBINED BALANCE SHEET ALL FUND TYPES AND ACCOUNT GROUPS DECEMBER 31, 1999

	Governmental Fund Types				Proprietary Fiduciary Fund Types Fund Types		Account Groups			
	General Fund	Special Revenue Funds	Debt Service Fund	Capital Projects Funds	Enterprise Funds	Internal Service Funds	Trust and Agency Funds	General Fixed Assets	General Long-Term Obligations	Totals (Memorandum Only)
Assets and Other Debits: Assets:										
Cash and Cash Equivalents Receivables (net of allowance for doubtful accounts):	\$2,101,633	\$862,746	\$368	\$500,416	\$4,795,602	\$86,708	\$315,200	\$0	\$0	\$8,662,673
Taxes	1,999,963	798,958	2,829	34,764	0	0	0	0	0	2,836,514
Accounts	48,338	1,868	0	0	1,110,007	2,448	0	0	0	1,162,661
Loans	0	553,224	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	553,224
Special Assessments	182,569	39,000	0	69,895	341,366	0	0	0	0	632,830
Due from Other Funds	27,879	11,661	0	0	0	0	14,116	0	0	53,656
Intergovernmental Receivables	266,786	113,808	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	380,594
Inventory of Supplies at Cost	0	61,049	0	0	127,177	4,257	0	0	0	192,483
Prepaid Items	29,084	3,403	0	0	3,984	354	0	0	0	36,825
Restricted Assets:										
Cash with Fiscal Agent	0	316,303	0	0	36,740	0	0	0	0	353,043
Fixed Assets (net of accumulated										
depreciation)	0	0	0	0	33,057,746	0	0	17,572,935	0	50,630,681
Construction in Progress	0	0	0	0	1,474,179	0	0	352,970	0	1,827,149
Other Debits:										
Amount Available in Debt Service Fund	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	368	368
Amount to be Provided for										
General Long-Term Obligations	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	491,571	491,571
Total Assets and Other Debits	\$4,656,252	\$2,762,020	\$3,197	\$605,075	\$40,946,801	\$93,767	\$329,316	\$17,925,905	\$491,939	\$67,814,272
										(Continued)

	Governmental Fund Types			-	Proprietary Fiduciary Fund Types Fund Types		Account Groups			
	General Fund	Special Revenue Funds	Debt Service Fund	Capital Projects Funds	Enterprise Funds	Internal Service Funds	Trust and Agency Funds	General Fixed Assets	General Long-Term Obligations	Totals (Memorandum Only)
Liabilities, Equity and Other Credits:										
Liabilities:	<b>001 504</b>	¢ 4 000	<b>\$</b> 0	¢2.450	<b>\$212.215</b>	<b>#2</b> 0.00	<b>\$</b> 0	¢0	<b>#0</b>	¢214 451
Accounts Payable	\$91,594	\$4,232	\$0	\$3,450	\$212,215	\$2,960	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$314,451
Accrued Wages and Benefits	308,082	148,824	0	0	66,198	65,864	0	0	0	588,968
Retainage Payable	0	55,819	0	0	36,740	0	0	0	0	92,559
Due to Other Funds	0	0	0	0	0	0	53,656	0	0	53,656
Intergovernmental Payables	6,834 0	0	0	0	0	0	74,271	0	0	81,105
Due to Others		0 494	0	0		0	137,181	0	0	137,181
Accrued Interest Payable	2,363		0	48,459	90,314	0	0	0		141,630
Deferred Revenue	1,126,700	837,958	2,829	104,659	0		0 0	0	0 0	2,072,146 16,777,000
General Obligation Notes Payable Compensated Absences Payable	157,000 0	100,000 0	0	6,905,000 0	9,615,000	0 0	0	0		589,871
Ohio Water Development	0	0	0	0	97,932	0	0	0	491,939	589,871
1	0	0	0	0	10 209 454	0	0	0	0	10 209 454
Authority Loans Payable Total Liabilities	0 1,692,573	0 1,147,327	0	7,061,568	10,208,454	0	0 265,108	0	401.020	10,208,454
Total Liabilities	1,092,575	1,147,327	2,829	7,001,508	20,326,853	68,824	205,108	0	491,939	31,057,021
Equity and Other Credits:										
Investment in General Fixed Assets	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	17,925,905	0	17,925,905
Contributed Capital	0	ů 0	0	0	11,151,020	0	0	0	0	11,151,020
Retained Earnings:	0	Ŭ	0	0	11,101,020	Ŭ	0	0	0	11,101,020
Unreserved	0	0	0	0	9,468,928	24,943	0	0	0	9,493,871
Fund Balances:	-	-	-	-	,,,	,,	-	-	-	,,,,,,,,,,
Reserved for Encumbrances	268,970	249.075	0	143,816	0	0	0	0	0	661.861
Reserved for Supplies Inventory	0	61,049	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	61,049
Reserved for Prepaid Items	29,084	3,403	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	32,487
Reserved for Debt Service	0	0	368	0 0	0	0	0	0	0	368
Reserved for Loans	0	553,224	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	553,224
Unreserved:		,								,
Undesignated	2,665,625	747,942	0	(6,600,309)	0	0	64,208	0	0	(3,122,534)
Total Equity and Other Credits	2,963,679	1,614,693	368	(6,456,493)	20,619,948	24,943	64,208	17,925,905	0	36,757,251
	· · · ·		<u>_</u>			, -	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
Total Liabilities, Equity and Other Credits	\$4,656,252	\$2,762,020	\$3,197	\$605,075	\$40,946,801	\$93,767	\$329,316	\$17,925,905	\$491,939	\$67,814,272

The notes to the general purpose financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

## THE CITY OF PERRYSBURG, OHIO COMBINED STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES ALL GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES AND EXPENDABLE TRUST FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 1999

		Governmental Fund Types			Fiduciary Fund Types	
	General Fund	Special Revenue Funds	Debt Service Fund	Capital Projects Funds	Expendable Trust Funds	Totals (Memorandum Only)
Revenues:						
Taxes	\$7,701,233	\$823,888	\$0	\$38,026	\$0	\$8,563,147
Intergovernmental Revenues	1,856,210	872,170	0	0	0	2,728,380
Charges for Services	278,278	49,678	0	0	0	327,956
Licenses, Permits and Fees	131,507	295	0	0	0	131,802
Investment Earnings	353,511	79,317	0	0	0	432,828
Special Assessments	177,389	37,071	0	42,190	0	256,650
Fines and Forfeitures	687,336	77,318	0	0	0	764,654
All Other Revenues	67,993	186,906	0	0	9,121	264,020
Total Revenues	11,253,457	2,126,643	0	80,216	9,121	13,469,437
Expenditures:						
Current:						
Security of Persons and Property	3,588,111	534,727	0	0	0	4,122,838
Public Health and Welfare Services	17,898	0	0	0	0	17,898
Leisure Time Activities	783,048	0	0	0	0	783,048
Community Environment	443,045	401,274	0	0	0	844,319
Basic Utility Services	0	650,245	0	0	0	650,245
Transportation	645,165	446,673	0	0	0	1,091,838
General Government	2,457,067	7,513	0	0	0	2,464,580
Other Expenditures	0	22,061	0	0	0	22,061
Capital Outlay	0	0	0	751,545	0	751,545
Debt Service:						
Interest and Fiscal Charges	8,363	9,908	603	208,607	0	227,481
Total Expenditures	7,942,697	2,072,401	603	960,152	0	10,975,853
Excess (Deficiency) of						
Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	3,310,760	54,242	(603)	(879,936)	9,121	2,493,584
	0,010,700	0.,2.2	(000)	(01),200)	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	_,,
Other Financing Sources (Uses):						
Operating Transfers In	52,060	418,150	0	1,435,000	0	1,905,210
Operating Transfers Out	(2,536,428)	(22,060)	0	0	0	(2,558,488)
Other Financing Uses - Library Addition	0	0	0	(2,755,000)	0	(2,755,000)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(2,484,368)	396,090	0	(1,320,000)	0	(3,408,278)
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues and Other Financing Sources Over (Under)						
Expenditures and Other Financing Uses	826,392	450,332	(603)	(2,199,936)	9,121	(914,694)
Fund Balance (Deficit) Beginning of Year	2,143,587	1,162,744	971	(4,256,557)	55,087	(894,168)
Increase (Decrease) in Inventory Reserve	(6,300)	1,617	0	0	0	(4,683)
Fund Balance (Deficit) End of Year	\$2,963,679	\$1,614,693	\$368	(\$6,456,493)	\$64,208	(\$1,813,545)
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The notes to the general purpose financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

#### THE CITY OF PERRYSBURG, OHIO COMBINED STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) ALL GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES AND EXPENDABLE TRUST FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 1999

	General Fund			Special Revenue Funds			
	Revised Budget	Actual	Variance: Favorable (Unfavorable)	Revised Budget	Actual	Variance: Favorable (Unfavorable)	
Revenues:							
Taxes	\$7,631,725	\$7,592,519	(\$39,206)	\$822,500	\$823,888	\$1,388	
Intergovernmental Revenues	1,820,232	1,784,514	(35,718)	840,851	847,739	6,888	
Charges for Services	317,712	281,661	(36,051)	53,500	49,825	(3,675)	
Licenses and Permits	156,200	127,963	(28,237)	200	295	95	
Investment Earnings	360,000	353,511	(6,489)	49,250	49,025	(225)	
Special Assessments	228,500	177,389	(51,111)	37,500	37,071	(429)	
Fines and Forfeitures	779,100	703,738	(75,362)	74,500	66,290	(8,210)	
All Other Revenues	93,280	58,328	(34,952)	151,541	141,316	(10,225)	
Total Revenues	11,386,749	11,079,623	(307,126)	2,029,842	2,015,449	(14,393)	
Expenditures: Current:							
Security of Persons and Property	4,053,074	3,743,545	309,529	564,264	524,205	40,059	
Public Health and Welfare Services	19,000	17,898	1,102	0	0	0	
Leisure Time Activities	883,782	815,962	67,820	0	0	0	
Community Environment	548,222	474,881	73,341	374,291	351,153	23,138	
Basic Utility Services	0	0	0	674,751	658,370	16,381	
Transportation	800,548	668,439	132,109	906,519	774,362	132,157	
General Government	2,705,874	2,475,798	230,076	20,000	7,513	12,487	
Other Operating Expenditures	0	0	0	25,000	22,061	2,939	
Capital Outlay	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Debt Service:							
Principal Retirement	30,000	30,000	0	250,000	250,000	0	
Interest and Fiscal Charges	1,350	1,350	0	10,596	10,595	1	
Total Expenditures	9,041,850	8,227,873	813,977	2,825,421	2,598,259	227,162	
Excess (Deficiency) of							
Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	2,344,899	2,851,750	506,851	(795,579)	(582,810)	212,769	
Other Financing Sources (Uses):							
Proceeds from General Obligation Notes	0	0	0	100,000	100,000	0	
Operating Transfers In	25,000	22,060	(2,940)	468,150	418,150	(50,000)	
Operating Transfers Out	(2,586,428)	(2,536,428)	50,000	(25,000)	(22,060)	2,940	
Advances In	50,000	50,000	0	0	0	0	
Advances Out	0	0	0	(50,000)	(50,000)	0	
Other Financing Uses - Library Addition	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(2,511,428)	(2,464,368)	47,060	493,150	446,090	(47,060)	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues and Other Financing Sources Over (Under)							
Expenditures and Other Financing Uses	(166,529)	387,382	553,911	(302,429)	(136,720)	165,709	
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year	1,109,746	1,109,746	0	662,644	662,644	0	
Prior Year Encumbrances	320,319	320,319	0	189,484	189,484	0	
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$1,263,536	\$1,817,447	\$553,911	\$549,699	\$715,408	\$165,709	

The notes to the general purpose financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

(Continued)

#### THE CITY OF PERRYSBURG, OHIO COMBINED STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) ALL GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES AND EXPENDABLE TRUST FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 1999

	Debt Service Fund			Capital Projects Funds			
	Revised Budget	Actual	Variance: Favorable (Unfavorable)	Revised Budget	Actual	Variance: Favorable (Unfavorable)	
<u>Revenues:</u>							
Taxes	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$37,900	\$38,026	\$126	
Intergovernmental Revenues	0	0	0	20,000	0	(20,000)	
Charges for Services	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Licenses and Permits	0	0	0	15,000	0	(15,000)	
Investment Earnings	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Special Assessments	0	0	0	10,000	42,190	32,190	
Fines and Forfeitures	0	0	0	0	0	0	
All Other Revenues	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Total Revenues	0	0	0	82,900	80,216	(2,684)	
Expenditures: Current:							
Security of Persons and Property	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Public Health and Welfare Services	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Leisure Time Activities	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Community Environment	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Basic Utility Services	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Transportation	0	0	0	0	0	0	
General Government	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Other Operating Expenditures	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Capital Outlay	0	0	0	1,217,632	946,502	271,130	
Debt Service:	0	0	0	1,217,052	740,502	271,150	
Principal Retirement	179,000	179,000	0	4,595,000	4,595,000	0	
Interest and Fiscal Charges	8,603	8,603	0	205,649	202,688	2,961	
Total Expenditures	187,603	187,603	0	6,018,281	5,744,190	274,091	
-	107,005	107,005	0	0,010,201	5,711,190	271,091	
Excess (Deficiency) of							
Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(187,603)	(187,603)	0	(5,935,381)	(5,663,974)	271,407	
Other Financing Sources (Uses):							
Proceeds from General Obligation Notes	157,000	157,000	0	6,905,000	6,905,000	0	
Operating Transfers In	30,000	30,000	0	1,435,000	1,435,000	0	
Operating Transfers Out	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Advances In	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Advances Out	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Other Financing Uses - Library Addition	0	0	0	(2,755,000)	(2,755,000)	0	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	187,000	187,000	0	5,585,000	5,585,000	0	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues and Other Financing Sources Over (Under)	((02))	((0))	0	(250.291)	(79.074)	271 407	
Expenditures and Other Financing Uses	(603)	(603)	0	(350,381)	(78,974)	271,407	
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year	971	971	0	186,667	186,667	0	
Prior Year Encumbrances	0	0	0	245,457	245,457	0	
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$368	\$368	\$0	\$81,743	\$353,150	\$271,407	

(Continued)

#### THE CITY OF PERRYSBURG, OHIO COMBINED STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) ALL GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES AND EXPENDABLE TRUST FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 1999

	Expendable Trust Funds			Totals (Memorandum Only)			
	Revised Budget	Actual	Variance: Favorable (Unfavorable)	Revised Budget	Actual	Variance: Favorable (Unfavorable)	
Revenues:	Budget	Tietuur	(Childrona)	Budger	Tietuur	(emittoriable)	
Taxes	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$8,492,125	\$8,454,433	(\$37,692)	
Intergovernmental Revenues	0	0	0	2,681,083	2,632,253	(48,830)	
Charges for Services	0	0	0	371,212	331,486	(39,726)	
Licenses and Permits	ů 0	0	0	171,400	128,258	(43,142)	
Investment Earnings	ů 0	0	0	409,250	402,536	(6,714)	
Special Assessments	0	0	0	276,000	256,650	(19,350)	
Fines and Forfeitures	0	0	0	853,600	770,028	(83,572)	
All Other Revenues	3,700	9,121	5,421	248,521	208,765	(39,756)	
Total Revenues	3,700	9,121	5,421	13,503,191	13,184,409	(318,782)	
Expenditures: Current:							
Security of Persons and Property	0	0	0	4,617,338	4,267,750	349,588	
Public Health and Welfare Services	0	0	0	19,000	17,898	1,102	
Leisure Time Activities	0	0	0	883,782	815,962	67,820	
Community Environment	0	0	0	922,513	826,034	96,479	
Basic Utility Services	0	0	0	674,751	658,370	16,381	
Transportation	0	0	0	1,707,067	1,442,801	264,266	
General Government	0	0	0	2,725,874	2,483,311	242,563	
Other Operating Expenditures	0	0	0	25,000	22,061	2,939	
Capital Outlay	0	0	0	1,217,632	946,502	271,130	
Debt Service:		÷		_,,,	,,	,	
Principal Retirement	0	0	0	5,054,000	5,054,000	0	
Interest and Fiscal Charges	0	0	0	226,198	223,236	2,962	
Total Expenditures	0	0	0	18,073,155	16,757,925	1,315,230	
-	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,			10,070,100	10,707,920	1,010,200	
Excess (Deficiency) of							
Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	3,700	9,121	5,421	(4,569,964)	(3,573,516)	996,448	
Other Financing Sources (Uses):							
Proceeds from General Obligation Notes	0	0	0	7,162,000	7,162,000	0	
Operating Transfers In	0	0	0	1,958,150	1,905,210	(52,940)	
Operating Transfers Out	0	0	0	(2,611,428)	(2,558,488)	52,940	
Advances In	0	0	0	50,000	50,000	0	
Advances Out	0	0	0	(50,000)	(50,000)	0	
Other Financing Uses - Library Addition	(500)	0	500	(2,755,500)	(2,755,000)	500	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(500)	0	500	3,753,222	3,753,722	500	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues and Other Financing Sources Over (Under) Expenditures and Other Financing Uses	2 200	9,121	5 021	(916 742)	180 206	006 048	
Experiences and Other Financing Uses	3,200	9,121	5,921	(816,742)	180,206	996,948	
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year	55,087	55,087	0	2,015,115	2,015,115	0	
Prior Year Encumbrances	0	0	0	755,260	755,260	0	
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$58,287	\$64,208	\$5,921	\$1,953,633	\$2,950,581	\$996,948	

## THE CITY OF PERRYSBURG, OHIO COMBINED STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN RETAINED EARNINGS ALL PROPRIETARY FUND TYPES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 1999

	Enterprise Funds	Internal Service Funds	Totals (Memorandum Only)
Operating Revenues:			
Charges for Services	\$4,436,873	\$671,324	\$5,108,197
Total Operating Revenues	4,436,873	671,324	5,108,197
Operating Expenses:			
Personal Services	1,136,945	573,448	1,710,393
Materials and Supplies	96,087	100,145	196,232
Contractual Services	1,153,347	1,402	1,154,749
Depreciation	1,016,394	0	1,016,394
Total Operating Expenses	3,402,773	674,995	4,077,768
Operating Income	1,034,100	(3,671)	1,030,429
Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses):			
Investment Earnings	1,142	5,319	6,461
Interest and Fiscal Charges	(1,165,961)	0	(1,165,961)
Total Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses)	(1,164,819)	5,319	(1,159,500)
Income (Loss) Before Operating Transfers	(130,719)	1,648	(129,071)
Operating Transfers:			
Operating Transfers In	653,278	0	653,278
Total Operating Transfers	653,278	0	653,278
Net Income	522,559	1,648	524,207
Restated Retained Earnings at Beginning of Year	8,946,369	23,295	8,969,664
Retained Earnings at End of Year	\$9,468,928	\$24,943	\$9,493,871

The notes to the general purpose financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

## THE CITY OF PERRYSBURG, OHIO COMBINED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS ALL PROPRIETARY FUND TYPES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 1999

	Enterprise Funds	Internal Service Funds	Totals (Memorandum Only)
Cash Flows from Operating Activities:			
Cash Received from Customers	\$5,358,237	\$669,366	\$6,027,603
Cash Payments for Goods and Services	(1,275,371)	(100,522)	(1,375,893)
Cash Payments to Employees	(1,116,895)	(552,182)	(1,669,077)
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities	2,965,971	16,662	2,982,633
Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities:			
Transfers In from Other Funds	653,278	0	653,278
Net Cash Provided by Noncapital Financing Activities	653,278	0	653,278
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities:			
Proceeds of Intergovernmental Grants	146,784	0	146,784
Receipts of Special Assessments	240,705	0	240,705
Proceeds from Sale of Notes	9,615,000	0	9,615,000
Acquisition and Construction of Assets	(2,132,959)	0	(2,132,959)
Principal Paid on Bond Anticipation Notes	(7,770,000)	0	(7,770,000)
Principal Paid on Ohio Water Development Authority Loans	(338,564)	0	(338,564)
Interest Paid on All Debt	(1,141,820)	0	(1,141,820)
Net Cash Used for Capital and Related Financing Activities	(1,380,854)	0	(1,380,854)
Cash Flows from Investing Activities:			
Receipts of Interest	1,142	5,319	6,461
Net Cash Provided by Investing Activities	1,142	5,319	6,461
Net Increase in Cash and Cash Equivalents	2,239,537	21,981	2,261,518
Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Year	2,556,065	64,727	2,620,792
Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Year	\$4,795,602	\$86,708	\$4,882,310

(Continued)

#### THE CITY OF PERRYSBURG, OHIO COMBINED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS ALL PROPRIETARY FUND TYPES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 1999

	Enterprise Funds	Internal Service Funds	Totals (Memorandum Only)
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash			
Provided by Operating Activities:			
Operating Income (Loss)	\$1,034,100	(\$3,671)	\$1,030,429
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income (Loss) to			
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities:			
Depreciation Expense	1,016,394	0	1,016,394
Changes in Assets and Liabilities:			
(Increase) Decrease in Accounts Receivable	918,450	(1,958)	916,492
Decrease in Special Assessments Receivable	488	0	488
Increase in Inventory	(60,393)	(4,257)	(64,650)
Increase in Prepaid Items	(1,406)	(354)	(1,760)
Increase in Accounts Payable	38,288	2,960	41,248
Increase in Accrued Wages and Benefits	4,759	23,942	28,701
Increase in Compensated Absences	15,291	0	15,291
Total Adjustments	1,931,871	20,333	1,952,204
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities	\$2,965,971	\$16,662	\$2,982,633

Schedule of Noncash Investing, Capital and Financing Activities:

As of December 31, 1999, the Water and Sewer Funds had outstanding liabilities of \$144,683 and \$12,754 for the purchacse of certain capital assets.

In addition, the Water and Sewer Funds received \$125,408 and \$670,962 of contributed capital assets from private sources.

The notes to the general purpose financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

## THE CITY OF PERRYSBURG, OHIO NOTES TO THE GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 1999

## NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The City of Perrysburg, Ohio (the "City") is a body corporate and politic established under the laws of the State of Ohio. The City operates under its own Charter. The current Charter, which provides for a Mayor/Council form of government, was adopted in 1960 and has been amended several times, most recently in 1995.

## A. <u>Reporting Entity</u>

The accompanying general purpose financial statements of the City present the financial position of the various fund types and account groups, the results of operations of the various fund types and the cash flows of the proprietary funds. The financial statements are presented as of December 31, 1999 and for the year then ended and have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) applicable to local governments. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (the "GASB") is the standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles, which are primarily set forth in the GASB's <u>Codification of Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards</u> (GASB Codification).

The accompanying general purpose financial statements comply with the provisions of the GASB Statement No. 14, "*The Financial Reporting Entity*," in that the financial statements include all organizations, activities, functions and component units for which the City (the primary government) is financially accountable. Financial accountability is defined as the appointment of a voting majority of a legally separate organization's governing body and either (1) the City's ability to impose its will over the organization, or (2) the potential that the organization will provide a financial benefit to or impose a financial burden on the City.

Based on the foregoing, the City's financial reporting entity has no component units but includes all funds, account groups, agencies, boards and commissions that are part of the primary government, which includes the following services: public safety, highways and streets, water, sanitation, health and social services, culture-recreation, public improvements, planning and zoning and general administrative services. In addition, the City maintains water, sewer and parking meter operations which are reported as enterprise funds.

The accounting policies and financial reporting practices of the City conform to generally accepted accounting principles as applicable to governmental units. The following is a summary of its significant accounting policies.

#### B. Basis of Presentation - Fund Accounting

The accounting system is organized and operated on the basis of funds and account groups, each of which is considered a separate accounting entity. The operations of each fund are accounted for with a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, liabilities, fund equity, revenues and expenditures/ expenses. The various funds are summarized by type in the general purpose financial statements. The following fund types and account groups are used by the City:

#### Governmental Funds

Funds through which most governmental functions are typically financed are the governmental funds. The acquisition, use and balances of the City's expendable financial resources and the related current liabilities (except that accounted for in the proprietary funds) are accounted for through governmental funds. The measurement focus is upon determination of "financial flow" (sources, uses and balances of financial resources). The following are the City's governmental fund types:

<u>General Fund</u> - This fund is used to account for all financial resources except those accounted for in another fund. The general fund balance is available to the City for any purpose provided it is expended or transferred according to the general laws of Ohio and the limitations of the City Charter.

<u>Special Revenue Funds</u> - These funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than expendable trusts or major capital projects) that are legally restricted to expenditure for specified purposes.

<u>Debt Service Fund</u> - This fund is used for the accumulation of resources for the payment of general long-term debt principal and interest.

<u>Capital Projects Funds</u> - These funds are used to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities (other than those financed by proprietary funds).

#### **Proprietary Funds**

The proprietary funds are accounted for on an "economic resources" measurement focus. This measurement focus provides that all assets and all liabilities associated with the operation of the proprietary funds are included on the balance sheet. Fund equity (i.e., net assets) are segregated into contributed capital and retained earnings components. The proprietary fund operating statements present increases (i.e., revenues) and decreases (i.e., expenses) in net total assets.

<u>Enterprise Funds</u> - These funds are used to account for operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises, where the intent of the governing body is that the costs (expenses, including depreciation) of providing goods or services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges.

#### B. Basis of Presentation - Fund Accounting (Continued)

<u>Internal Service Funds</u> - These funds are used to account for the financing of services provided by one department to other departments or agencies of the governmental unit, or to other governmental units, on a cost-reimbursement basis.

#### Fiduciary Funds

<u>Trust and Agency Funds</u> - These funds are used to account for assets held by a government unit in a trustee capacity or as an agent for individuals, private organizations, other governmental units and/or other funds. The City maintains expendable trust funds and agency funds. The expendable trust funds are accounted for and reported similarly to a governmental fund. Agency funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations.

*Account Groups* - To make a clear distinction between fixed assets related to specific funds and those of general government and between long-term liabilities related to specific funds and those of a general nature, the following account groups are used:

<u>General Fixed Assets Account Group</u> - This account group is established to account for fixed assets of the City other than those accounted for in the proprietary funds.

<u>General Long-Term Obligations Account Group</u> - This account group is established to account for all long-term debt and other long-term liabilities of the City except those accounted for in the proprietary funds.

#### C. Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting represents the methodology utilized in the recognition of revenues and expenditures or expenses reported in the financial statements. The accounting and reporting treatment applied to a fund is determined by its measurement focus.

The modified accrual basis of accounting is followed by the governmental funds and expendable trust and agency funds. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recorded when susceptible to accrual, i.e., both measurable and available. The term "available" means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period, which for the City is 60 days after year end. Expenditures are recognized in the accounting period in which the fund liability is incurred, if measurable, except for unmatured interest on general long-term debt, which is recognized when due.

Revenues considered susceptible to accrual at year end include income taxes withheld by employers, interest on investments, and state levied locally shared taxes (including motor vehicle license fees, and local government assistance). Other revenues, including licenses, permits, certain charges for services, income taxes other than those withheld by employers and miscellaneous revenues are recorded as revenue when received in cash because generally these revenues are not measurable until received.

#### C. <u>Basis of Accounting</u> (Continued)

Property taxes measurable as of December 31, 1999 but which are not intended to finance 1999 operations and delinquent property taxes, whose availability is indeterminate, are recorded as deferred revenue as further described in Note 5.

Pursuant to GASB Statement No. 20, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Proprietary Funds and Other Governmental Entities that use Proprietary Fund Accounting," the City follows GASB guidance as applicable to proprietary funds and FASB Statements and Interpretations, Accounting Principles Board Opinions and Accounting Research Bulletins issued on or before November 30, 1989 that do not conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements.

The accrual basis of accounting is utilized for reporting purposes by the proprietary funds. Revenues are recognized when they are earned and expenses recognized when incurred.

#### D. <u>Budgetary Process</u>

The budgetary process is prescribed by provisions of the Ohio Revised Code and entails the preparation of budgetary documents within an established timetable. The major documents prepared are the tax budget, the certificate of estimated resources and the appropriation ordinance, all of which are prepared on the budgetary basis of accounting. The certificate of estimated resources and the appropriation ordinance are subject to amendment throughout the year.

All funds other than agency funds are legally required to be budgeted and appropriated; however, only governmental funds are required to be reported. The primary level of budgetary control is at the object level within each department. Budgetary modifications may only be made by ordinance of the City Council.

#### 1. Tax Budget

By July 15, the Mayor submits an annual tax budget for the following fiscal year to City Council for consideration and passage. The adopted budget is submitted to the County Auditor, as Secretary of the County Budget Commission, by July 20 of each year for the period January 1 to December 31 of the following year.

#### D. Budgetary Process (Continued)

#### 2. Estimated Resources

The County Budget Commission reviews estimated revenue and determines if the budget substantiates a need to levy all or part of previously authorized taxes. The Budget Commission then certifies its actions to the City by September 1 of each year. As part of the certification process, the City receives an official certificate of estimated resources stating the projected receipts by fund. Prior to December 31, the City must revise its budget so that the total contemplated expenditures from any fund during the ensuing fiscal year do not exceed the amount available as stated in the certificate of estimated resources. The revised budget then serves as the basis for the annual appropriations measure. On or about January 1, the certificate of estimated resources is amended to include any unencumbered fund balances from the preceding year. The certificate may be further amended during the year if a new source of revenue is identified or actual receipts exceed current estimates. The amounts reported on the budgetary statement reflect the amounts in the final amended official certificate of estimated resources issued during 1999.

#### 3. Appropriations

A temporary appropriation ordinance to control expenditures may be passed on or about January 1 of each year for the period January 1 through March 31. An annual appropriation ordinance must be passed by April 1 of each year for the period January 1 through December 31. The appropriation ordinance establishes spending controls at the fund, department and object level. The appropriation ordinance may be amended during the year as additional information becomes available, provided that total fund appropriations do not exceed the current estimated resources as certified. The allocation of appropriations among departments and objects within a fund may be modified during the year by an ordinance of City Council. During 1999, several supplemental appropriations were necessary to budget for unanticipated expenditures. Administrative control is maintained through the establishment of more detailed line-item budgets. The budgetary figures which appear in the "Combined Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances--Budget and Actual--All Governmental Fund Types" are provided on the budgetary basis to provide a comparison of actual results to the final budget, including all amendments and modifications.

#### 4. Encumbrances

As part of formal budgetary control, purchase orders, contracts and other commitments for expenditures are encumbered and recorded as the equivalent of expenditures (budget basis) in order to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation and to determine and maintain legal compliance. However, on the GAAP basis of accounting, encumbrances do not constitute expenditures or liabilities and are reported as reservations of fund balances for governmental funds in the accompanying general purpose financial statements.

#### D. <u>Budgetary Process</u> (Continued)

#### 5. Lapsing of Appropriations

At the close of each fiscal year, the unencumbered balance of each appropriation reverts to the respective fund from which it was appropriated and becomes subject to future appropriations. The encumbered appropriation balance is carried forward to the subsequent fiscal year and need not be reappropriated.

## 6. Budgetary Basis of Accounting

The City's budgetary process accounts for certain transactions on a basis other than generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). The major differences between the budgetary basis and the GAAP basis lie in the manner in which revenues and expenditures are recorded. Under the budgetary basis, revenues and expenditures are recognized on a cash basis. Utilizing the cash basis, revenues are recorded when received in cash and expenditures when paid. Under the GAAP basis, revenues and expenditures are recorded on the modified accrual basis of accounting.

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#### D. Budgetary Process (Continued)

#### 6. Budgetary Basis of Accounting (Continued)

The following table summarizes the adjustments necessary to reconcile the GAAP basis statements to the budgetary basis statements for the governmental funds:

Over (Under) Expenditures and Other Financing Uses							
	General Fund	Special Revenue Funds	Debt Service Fund	Capital Projects Funds	Expendable Trust Funds		
GAAP Basis (as reported)	\$826,392	\$450,332	(\$603)	(\$2,199,936)	\$9,121		
Increase (Decrease):							
Accrued Revenues at							
December 31, 1999							
received during 2000	(1,398,835)	(77,087)	0	0	0		
Accrued Revenues at							
December 31, 1998							
received during 1999	1,275,001	145,304	0	0	0		
Accrued Expenditures at							
December 31, 1999	410.761	100.005	0	51.000	0		
paid during 2000	412,761	190,985	0	51,909	0		
Accrued Expenditures at December 31, 1998							
paid during 1999	(382,980)	(273,087)	0	(93,681)	0		
1998 Prepaids for 1999	20,313	3,031	0	(95,001)	0		
1		,					
1999 Prepaids for 2000	(29,084)	(3,403)	0	0	0		
Fund Debt:			-				
Note Issuance	157,000	100,000	0	6,905,000	0		
Note Retirement	(209,000)	(250,000)	0	(4,595,000)	0		
Cash With Fiscal Agent 1998	0	142,583	0	0	0		
Cash With Fiscal Agent 1999	0	(316,303)	0	0	0		
Outstanding Encumbrances	(284,186)	(249,075)	0	(147,266)	0		
Budget Basis	\$387,382	(\$136,720)	(\$603)	(\$78,974)	\$9,121		

## Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues and Other Financing Sources Over (Under) Expenditures and Other Financing Uses

### E. Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include amounts in demand deposits. The City pools its cash for investment and resource management purposes. Each fund's equity in pooled cash and investments represents the balance on hand as if each fund maintained its own cash and investment account. See Note 4, "Cash, Cash Equivalents and Investments."

For purposes of the combined statement of cash flows and for the presentation on the combined balance sheet, investments of the cash management pool and investments with original maturities of three months or less at the time they are purchased by the City are considered to be cash equivalents. Investments with an initial maturity of more than three months are reported as investments.

#### F. Investments

Investment procedures and interest allocations are restricted by provisions of the Ohio Constitution and the Ohio Revised Code. The City allocates interest among certain funds based upon the fund's cash balance at the date of investment. In accordance with GASB Statement No. 31, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Certain Investments and for External Investment Pools", the City records all its investments at fair value except for nonparticipating investment contracts (repurchase agreements) which are reported at cost. See Note 4, Cash, Cash Equivalents and Investments.

#### G. Inventory

Inventory is stated at cost (first-in, first-out) in the governmental funds and at the lower of cost or market in the proprietary funds. The costs of inventory items are recorded as expenditures in the governmental and expendable trust funds when purchased and as expenses in the proprietary and non-expendable trust funds when used.

#### H. Fixed Assets and Depreciation

The accounting and reporting treatment applied to fixed assets is determined by the ultimate use:

#### 1. Property, Plant and Equipment - General Governmental Purposes

Fixed assets acquired or constructed for general governmental purposes are recorded as expenditures in the governmental funds and are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost for assets not purchased in recent years) in the General Fixed Assets Account Group. Contributed fixed assets are recorded at fair market value at the date received.

Fixed assets consisting of certain improvements other than buildings, including roads, bridges, curbs and gutters, streets and sidewalks, drainage systems and lighting systems, have not been capitalized. Such assets normally are immovable and of value only to the City; therefore, the purpose of stewardship for capital expenditures can be satisfied without recording these assets.

#### H. Fixed Assets and Depreciation (Continued)

#### 1. Property, Plant and Equipment - General Governmental Purposes (Continued)

General fixed asset values were initially determined at December 31, 1988 by identifying historical costs when such information was available. In cases where information supporting original cost was not obtainable, estimated historical costs were developed. For certain fixed assets, the estimates were arrived at by indexing estimated current costs back to the estimated year of acquisition.

The City has elected not to record depreciation in the General Fixed Assets Account Group.

#### 2. Property, Plant and Equipment - Proprietary Funds

Property, plant and equipment acquired by the proprietary funds are stated at cost (or estimated historical cost), including interest capitalized during construction and architectural and engineering fees where applicable. Contributed fixed assets are recorded at fair market value at the date received.

Depreciation has been provided using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Description	Estimated Lives (Years)
Buildings	30 - 40
Improvements Other Than Buildings	50
Machinery, Equipment, Furniture and Fixtures	5 - 15

#### I. Long-Term Obligations

Long-term liabilities are being repaid from the following funds:

Obligation	Fund
Ohio Water Development Authority Loans	Sewer Fund
Compensated Absences	General Fund
	Income Tax Fund
	Litter Control Grant Fund
	Water Fund
	Sewer Fund

#### J. <u>Compensated Absences</u>

In accordance with GASB Statement No. 16, "*Accounting for Compensated Absences*," vacation and compensatory time are accrued as liabilities when an employee's right to receive compensation is attributable to services already rendered and it is probable that the employee will be compensated through paid time off or some other means, such as cash payments at termination or retirement. Leave time that has been earned but is unavailable for use as paid time off or as some other form of compensation because an employee has not met the minimum service time requirement is accrued to the extent that it is considered probable that the conditions for compensation will be met in the future.

Sick leave is accrued using the vesting method, whereby the liability is recorded on the basis of leave accumulated by employees eligible to receive termination payments as of the balance sheet date, and on leave balances accumulated by other employees expected to become eligible to receive such payments in the future.

For governmental funds, the portion of unpaid compensated absences expected to be paid using expendable, available resources is reported as an expenditure in the fund from which the individual earning the leave is paid, and a corresponding liability is reflected in the account "Compensated Absences Payable." The long-term portion of the liability is reported in the General Long-Term Obligations Account Group.

Compensated absences are expensed in the water and sewer enterprise funds when earned, and the related liability is reported within the fund.

#### K. Pensions

The provision for pension costs is recorded when the related payroll is accrued and the obligation is incurred.

#### L. <u>Interfund Transactions</u>

During the course of normal operations, the City has numerous transactions between funds. Interfund transactions are generally classified as follows:

- Operating transfers are reported as "Other Financing Sources and Uses" in the governmental funds, as "Operating Transfers In" by the recipient fund, and "Operating Transfers Out" by the disbursing fund.
- Residual Equity Transfers are nonroutine or nonrecurring transfers between funds and are reported as additions to or deductions from the fund equity balance. There were no residual equity transfers in 1999.

Transactions that would be treated as revenues and expenditures if the transactions involved organizations external to the City are similarly treated when involving other funds of the City. The City also advances cash from one fund to another as necessary to meet current obligations.

#### M. <u>Reservations of Fund Balance</u>

Reserves indicate that a portion of fund balance is not available for expenditure or is legally segregated for a specific future use. Fund balances are reserved for inventories of supplies and materials, prepaid items, debt service, loans receivable and encumbered amounts which have not been accrued at year end.

#### N. Contributed Capital

Proprietary fund type contributed capital is recorded at the fair market value of the related assets at the date received. Depreciation on contributed fixed assets resulting from grants, entitlements and shared revenues is recorded as an operating expense and closed along with other operating expenses directly to retained earnings.

#### O. <u>Restricted Assets</u>

Certain investments are classified as restricted investments on the balance sheet because these funds are being held by a trustee according to the terms of the trust agreement which restricts the uses of investment principal.

#### P. Total Columns on Combined Financial Statements - Overview

Total columns on the "Combined Financial Statements - Overview" are captioned "Memorandum Only" to indicate they are presented only to facilitate financial analysis. Data in these columns does not present financial position, results of operations or cash flows in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles, nor is such data comparable to a consolidation. Interfund transactions have not been eliminated in the aggregation of this data.

#### **NOTE 2 - PRIOR PERIOD ADJUSTMENTS**

During 1999, the City changed its capitalization limit from \$200 to \$700. As a result of this change in the capitalization limit the General Fixed Assets Account Group was overstated by \$30,746. The General Fixed Assets Account Group balance at January 1, 1999 has been restated. The balance decreased from \$16,753,798 to \$16,723,052.

The City also applied this new capitalization level to the proprietary fixed assets. There was also an error in accounting for the contributed capital in the proprietary funds. The contributed capital balance was overstated by \$3,528,009. This resulted in a change to the beginning balance of the contributed capital in the proprietary funds. The beginning balance decreased from \$13,882,659 to \$10,354,650. The prior period adjustments had no material effect on the prior year net income/(loss). The new capitalization level, as well as the change in contributed capital, resulted in the following changes to the beginning retained earnings balance in the enterprise funds:

Enterprise Funds:	
Retained Earnings 12/31/98 (as reported)	\$5,419,640
Restate Fixed Assets	(1,280)
Restate Contributed Capital	3,528,009
Retained Earnings 01/01/99 (restated)	\$8,946,369

## NOTE 3 - COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY

#### A. Fund Deficits

The fund deficits at December 31, 1999 of \$2,768,962 in the Way Library Fund and \$3,811,726 in the Capital Improvements Fund (capital projects funds) arise from the recording of general obligation notes payable within the individual funds. Deficits do not exist under the budgetary basis of accounting. The general fund provides operating transfers when cash is required, not when accruals occur.

#### B. Excess of Expenditures Over Appropriations

For the year ended December 31, 1999, the following funds had actual disbursements plus encumbrances outstanding in excess of prior year carryover and current year appropriations:

Fund	Excess
Special Revenue Funds:	
Motor Vehicle License Fund:	
Transportation	\$1,735
Litter Control Fund:	
Commuity Development	145

The excess expenditures were funded from available fund balances.

## C. Fiscal Officer Certification

The City made purchases during the year without proper certification from the fiscal officer in charge. The City is working to remedy this situation in the future.

### NOTE 4 - CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS AND INVESTMENTS

Cash resources of several individual funds are combined to form a pool of cash, cash equivalents and investments. In addition, investments are separately held by a number of individual funds.

Statutes require the classification of funds held by the City into three categories:

Category 1 consists of "active" funds - those funds required to be kept in "cash" or "near cash" status for immediate use by the City. Such funds must be maintained either as cash in the City Treasury or in depository accounts payable or withdrawable on demand, including negotiable order of withdrawal (NOW) accounts.

Category 2 consists of "inactive" funds - those funds not required for use within the current two year period of designation of depositories. Inactive funds may be deposited or invested only as certificates of deposit maturing no later than the end of the current period of designation of depositories.

Category 3 consists of "interim" funds - those funds not needed for immediate use but needed before the end of the current period of designation of depositories. Interim funds may be invested or deposited in the following securities:

- United States treasury notes, bills, bonds, or any other obligation or security issued by the United States treasury or any other obligation guaranteed as to principal or interest by the United States;
- Bonds, notes, debentures, or any other obligations or securities issued by any federal government agency or instrumentality, including but not limited to, the federal national mortgage association, federal home loan bank, federal farm credit bank, federal home loan mortgage corporation, government national mortgage association, and student loan marketing association. All federal agency securities shall be direct issuances of federal government agencies or instrumentalities;
- Written repurchase agreements in the securities listed above provided that the market value of the securities subject to the repurchase agreement must exceed the principal value of the agreement by at least two percent and be marked to market daily, and that the term of the agreement must not exceed thirty days;
- Interim deposits in eligible institutions applying for interim funds;
- Bonds and other obligations of the State of Ohio;
- No-load money market mutual funds consisting exclusively of obligations described in the first two bullets of this section and repurchase agreements secured by such obligations, provided that investments in securities described in this division are made only through eligible institutions, and
- The State Treasury Asset Reserve of Ohio (STAR Ohio).

#### **NOTE 4 - CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS AND INVESTMENTS** (Continued)

Ohio Law requires that deposits be placed in eligible banks or savings and loan associations located in Ohio. Any public depository in which the City places deposits must pledge as collateral eligible securities of aggregate market value equal to the excess of deposits not insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC). The securities pledged as collateral are pledged to a pool for each individual financial institution in amounts equal to at least 110% of the carrying value of all public deposits held by each institution. Obligations that may be pledged as collateral are limited to obligations of the United States and its agencies and obligations of any state, county, municipal corporation or other legally constituted authority of any other state, or any instrumentality of such county, municipal corporation or other authority. Based upon criteria described in GASB Statement No. 3, "Deposits With Financial Institutions, Investments (Including Repurchase Agreements) and Reverse Repurchase Agreements," collateral held in single financial institution collateral pools with securities being held by the pledging financial institution's agent in the pool's name are classified as Category 3.

The GASB has established risk categories for deposits and investments as follows:

Deposits:

Category 1	Insured or collateralized with securities held by the City or by its agent in the City's name.
Category 2	Collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent in the City's name.
Category 3	Collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent, but not in the City's name.
Investments:	
Category 1	Insured or registered, with securities held by the City or its agent in the City's name.
Category 2	Uninsured and unregistered, with securities held by the counterparty's trust department or agent in the City's name.
Category 3	Uninsured and unregistered, with securities held by the counterparty or by its trust department or agent but not in the City's name.

#### A. Deposits

At year end the carrying amount of the City's deposits was \$9,005,716 and the bank balance was \$9,255,586. The Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) covered \$354,551 of the bank balance. All remaining deposits were classified as Category 3.

#### B. Investments

The City's investments at December 31, 1999 are summarized below:

Categorized Investments	Category 1	Fair Value
Series H Bonds	\$10,000	\$10,000

#### **NOTE 4 - CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS AND INVESTMENTS** (Continued)

#### C. Reconciliation of Cash, Cash Equivalents and Investments

The classification of cash, cash equivalents and investments on the combined financial statements is based on criteria set forth in GASB Statement No. 9. The classification of cash and cash equivalents (deposits) for purposes of this note are based on criteria set forth in GASB Statement No. 3.

	Cash and Cash	
	Equivalents *	Investments
Per Combined Balance Sheet	\$9,015,716	\$0
Investments:		
Series H Bonds	(10,000)	10,000
Per GASB Statement No. 3	\$9,005,716	\$10,000

\* Includes Cash with Fiscal Agent

#### NOTE 5 - TAXES

#### A. Property Taxes

Property taxes include amounts levied against all real estate and public utility property, and tangible personal property used in business and located in the City. Real property taxes (other than public utility) collected during 1999 were levied after October 1, 1998 on assessed values as of January 1, 1998, the lien date. Assessed values were established by the County Auditor at 35% of appraised market value. All property is required to be reappraised every six years and equalization adjustments made in the third year following reappraisal. The last revaluation was completed during 1999 and the last equalization adjustment was completed in 1996. Real property taxes are payable annually or semi-annually. The first payment is due January 20; the remainder payable by June 20.

Taxes collected from tangible personal property (other than public utility) in one calendar year are levied in the prior calendar year on assessed values during and at the close of the most recent fiscal year of the taxpayer that ended on or before March 31 of that calendar year, and at the tax rates determined in the preceding year. Tangible personal property used in business (except for public utilities) is currently assessed for ad valorem taxation purposes at 25% of its true value. Amounts paid by multi-county taxpayers are due September 20 of the year assessed. Single county taxpayers may pay annually or semi-annually: the first payment is due April 30; the remainder payable by September 20.

Public utility real and tangible personal property taxes collected in one calendar year are levied in the preceding calendar year on assessed values determined as of December 31 of the second year preceding the tax collection year, the lien date. Certain public utility tangible personal property is currently assessed at 100% of its true value. Public utility property taxes are payable on the same dates as real property described previously.

## NOTE 5 - TAXES (Continued)

## A. <u>Property Taxes</u> (Continued)

The County Treasurer collects property taxes on behalf of all taxing districts in the County including the City of Perrysburg. The County Auditor periodically remits to the City its portion of the taxes collected. The full tax rate for all City operations for the year ended December 31, 1999 was \$4.60 per \$1,000 of assessed value. The assessed value upon which the 1999 receipts were based was \$491,410,535. This amount constitutes \$425,493,070 in real property assessed value, \$19,696,160 in public utility assessed value and \$46,221,305 in tangible personal property assessed value.

Ohio law prohibits taxation of property from all taxing authorities in excess of 1% of assessed value without a vote of the people. Under current procedures, the City's share is .460% (4.60 mills) of assessed value.

#### B. Income Tax

The City levies a tax of 1.5% on all salaries, wages, commissions and other compensation and on net profits earned within the City as well as on incomes of residents earned outside the City. In the latter case, the City allows a credit of 50% of the tax paid to another municipality to a maximum of 50% of the total amount assessed.

Employers within the City are required to withhold income tax on employee compensation and remit the tax to the City either monthly or quarterly, as required. Corporations and other individual taxpayers are required to pay their estimated tax quarterly and file a declaration annually.

#### NOTE 6 - RECEIVABLES

Receivables at December 31, 1999 consisted of taxes receivable, loans receivable, interfund receivables, special assessments receivables, accounts receivable and intergovernmental receivables.

## THE CITY OF PERRYSBURG, OHIO

#### NOTES TO THE GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## **NOTE 7 - OPERATING TRANSFERS**

Following is a summary of operating transfers in and out for all funds for 1999:

Fund	Transfer In	Transfer Out
General Fund	\$52,060	\$2,536,428
Special Revenue Funds:		
Hotel/Motel Tax Fund	0	22,060
Garbage and Refuse Fund	385,000	0
Street Trees Fund	17,650	0
Litter Control Fund	15,500	0
Total Special Revenue Funds	418,150	22,060
Capital Projects Funds:		
Capital Improvements Fund	1,335,000	0
Park Land Acquisition and Development Fund	100,000	0
Total Capital Projects Funds	1,435,000	0
Enterprise Fund:		
Sewer Fund	653,278	0
Total All Funds	\$2,558,488	\$2,558,488

## NOTE 8 - INTERFUND RECEIVABLES AND PAYABLES

The following is a summary of interfund balances as of December 31, 1999, is as follows:

	Due From Other Funds	Due To Other Funds
General Fund	\$27,879	\$0
Special Revenue Funds:		
Municipal Court Computer Fund	10,944	0
DUI Indigent Fund	717	0
Total Special Revenue Funds	11,661	0
Agency Funds:		
State Highway Patrol Transfer Fund	14,116	0
Municipal Court Fund	0	53,656
Total Agency Funds	14,116	53,656
Totals	\$53,656	\$53,656

## **NOTE 9 - FIXED ASSETS**

#### A. General Fixed Assets

Summary by category of changes in general fixed assets:

Category	Restated December 31, 1998	Additions	Deletions	December 31, 1999
Land	\$2,638,441	\$0	\$0	\$2,638,441
Buildings	6,317,108	0	0	6,317,108
Improvements Other Than Buildings	1,247,742	454,918	0	1,702,660
Machinery and Equipment	6,170,549	836,673	(92,496)	6,914,726
Construction in Progress	349,212	16,331	(12,573)	352,970
Totals	\$16,723,052	\$1,307,922	(\$105,069)	\$17,925,905

## Schedule of General Fixed Assets at December 31, 1999:

General Fixed Assets	General Fixed Assets Investment in General Fixed		Fixed Assets
		Acquired Prior to 1/1/92	\$4,914,572
Land	\$2,638,441	General Fund	7,410,431
Buildings	6,317,108	Special Revenue Funds	525,259
Improvements Other Than Buildings	1,702,660	Capital Projects Funds	5,038,342
Machinery and Equipment	6,914,726	Enterprise Funds	13,301
Construction in Progress	352,970	Contributions	24,000
Total	\$17,925,905	Total	\$17,925,905

## B. Proprietary Fixed Assets

Summary by Category at December 31, 1999:

	Historic	Accumulated	Book
Category	Cost	Depreciation	Value
Land	\$88,858	\$0	\$88,858
Buildings	7,701,060	(1,847,274)	5,853,786
Improvements Other Than Buildings	23,810,087	(5,464,054)	18,346,033
Machinery and Equipment	11,906,823	(3,137,754)	8,769,069
Construction in Progress	1,474,179	0	1,474,179
Property, Plant and Equipment	\$44,981,007	(\$10,449,082)	\$34,531,925

#### **NOTE 10 – DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS**

All of the City's full-time employees participate in one of two separate retirement systems which are cost-sharing multiple employer defined benefit pension plans.

## A. Public Employees Retirement System (the "PERS of Ohio")

The following information was provided by the PERS of Ohio to assist the City in complying with GASB Statement No. 27, "Accounting for Pensions by State and Local Government Employers."

All employees of the City, except full-time uniformed police officers and full-time firefighters, participate in the PERS of Ohio, a cost-sharing multiple employer defined benefit pension plan. The PERS of Ohio provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Chapter 145 of the Ohio Revised Code provides statutory authority to establish and amend benefits. The Public Employees Retirement System of Ohio issues a stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the PERS of Ohio. Interested parties may obtain a copy by making a written request to 277 East Town Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215-4642 or by calling (614) 466-2085 or 1-800-222-7377.

The Ohio Revised Code provides statutory authority for employee and employer contributions. The employee contribution rate is 8.5%. The 1999 employer contribution rate for local government employer units was 13.55%, of covered payroll, 9.35% to fund the pension and 4.2% to fund health care. The contribution requirements of plan members and the City are established and may be amended by the Public Employees Retirement Board. The City's contributions to the PERS of Ohio for the years ending December 31, 1999, 1998 and 1997 were \$464,321, \$436,403 and \$424,025, respectively, which were equal to the required contributions for each year.

The PERS of Ohio provides postemployment health care benefits to age and service retirants with ten or more years of qualifying Ohio service credit and to primary survivor recipients of such retirants. Health care coverage for disability recipients is also available. A portion of each employer's contribution to the PERS of Ohio is set aside for the funding of post retirement health care. The Ohio Revised Code provides statutory authority requiring public employers to fund postemployment health care through their contributions to the PERS of Ohio. The portion of the 1999 employer contribution rate (identified above) that was used to fund health care for the year 1999 was 4.2% of covered payroll which amounted to \$143,922.

Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB) are financed through employer contributions and investment earnings thereon. Funding and accounting were on a pay-as-you-go basis. The contributions allocated to retiree health care, along with investment income on allocated assets and periodic adjustments in health care provisions are expected to be sufficient to sustain the program indefinitely. Expenditures for other postemployment benefits during 1999 were \$523,599,349. As of December 31, 1999, the unaudited estimated net assets available for future OPEB payments were \$9,870,285,641. The number of benefit recipients eligible for OPEB at December 31, 1999 was 118,062.

### **NOTE 10 – DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS** (Continued)

#### A. Public Employees Retirement System (the "PERS of Ohio") (Continued)

During 1997, the Retirement Board adopted a new calculation method for determining employer contributions applied to OPEB. Under the new method, effective January 1, 1998, employer contributions, equal to 4.2% of member covered payroll, are used to fund health care expenses. Under the prior method, accrued liabilities and normal cost rates were determined for retiree health care coverage.

#### B. Ohio Police and Fire Pension Fund (the "OP&F Fund")

All City full-time police officers and full-time firefighters participate in the OP&F Fund, a costsharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. The OP&F Fund provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost of living adjustments and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Contribution requirements and benefit provisions are established by the Ohio State Legislature and are codified in Chapter 742 of the Ohio Revised Code. The Ohio Police and Fire Pension Fund issues a stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the OP&F Fund. Interested parties may obtain a copy by making a written request to 140 East Town Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215-5164 or by calling (614) 228-2975.

Plan members are required to contribute 10.0% of their annual covered salary, while employers are required to contribute 19.5% and 24.0% respectively for police officers and firefighters. The City's contributions to the OP&F Fund for the years ending December 31, 1999, 1998 and 1997 were \$248,790, \$224,402 and \$191,989 for police and \$204,462, \$186,914 and \$161,406 for firefighters, respectively, which were equal to the required contributions for each year.

The OP&F Fund provides postemployment health care coverage to any person who received or is eligible to receive a monthly benefit check or is a spouse or eligible dependent child of such person. An eligible dependent child is any child under the age of 18 whether or not the child is attending school, or under the age of 22 if attending school on a full-time or two-thirds basis. The Ohio Revised Code provides that health care costs paid from the funds of the OP&F Fund shall be included in the employer's contribution rate. The Ohio Revised Code also provides statutory authority allowing the Fund's Board of Trustees to provide postemployment health care coverage to all eligible individuals from the employer's contributions to the OP&F Fund.

The portion of the 1999 covered payroll that was used to fund postemployment health care benefits was \$89,309 representing 7.00% of covered payroll for police and \$59,635 representing 7.00% of covered payroll for fire. Health care funding and accounting was on a pay-as-you-go basis. In addition, since July 1, 1992 most retirees have been required to contribute a portion of the cost of their health care coverage through a deduction from their monthly benefit payment. As of December 31, 1998, the date of the last actuarial evaluation available, the number of participants eligible to receive health care benefits was 11,424 for police and 9,186 for firefighters. The OP&F Fund does not provide separate data on the funded status and funding progress of postemployment health care benefits. The Fund's total health care expenses for the year ended December 31, 1998 were \$78,596,790, which was net of member contributions of \$5,331,515.

#### NOTE 11 - COMPENSATED ABSENCES

Employees are eligible for vacation at varying rates depending on their years of service to the City. Any vacation earned during the year must be taken during the subsequent year. Unless requested by the City, no employee will receive vacation pay in lieu of vacation time off with pay.

Sick leave is accrued by all employees at the rate of .0577 hours for each hour worked for a total of 120 hours in an employee's anniversary year. A percentage of accrued sick leave time is liquidated in cash upon normal retirement under the appropriate State of Ohio retirement system after ten years of credited service, or upon death, or upon termination of employment other than for disciplinary reasons after fifteen years of service with the City. The rate of cash compensation for sick leave payout varies within specified limits under collective bargaining agreements or under law. Generally, employees may receive 50% of their sick leave accrued prior to September 14, 1976 and 25% of their sick leave accrued after September 14, 1976 after meeting the minimum service time requirement. Cash compensation for sick leave is paid at the employee's full rate of pay at the time of termination or retirement.

At December 31, 1999 the total accumulated unpaid sick leave time recorded in the General Long-Term Obligations Account Group was:

	Hours	Amount
Sick Leave	17,192	\$365,741
Vacation	6,558	126,198
Total	23,750	\$491,939

The current portion of the liability has been recorded within the appropriate fund. The portion attributable to the enterprise funds has been recorded within the respective fund and is not included in the figures presented above.

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#### NOTE 12 - NOTES PAYABLE

The Ohio Revised Code provides that notes including renewal notes issued in anticipation of the issuance of general obligation bonds may be issued and outstanding from time to time up to a maximum period of 20 years from the date of issuance of the original notes. The maximum maturity for notes anticipating general obligation bonds payable from special assessments is five years. Any period in excess of five years must be deducted from the permitted maximum maturity of the bonds anticipated, and portions of the principal amount of notes outstanding for more than five years must be retired in amounts at least equal to, and payable no later than, those principal maturities required if the bonds had been issued at the expiration of the initial five year period.

	Balance December 31, 1998	Issued (Retired)	Balance December 31, 1999
General Fund:			
4.30% Fire Station Improvement	\$179,000	(\$179,000)	\$0
4.30% Fire Station Improvement	0	157,000	157,000
4.30% Downtown Street Lighting	30,000	(30,000)	0
Total General Fund	209,000	(52,000)	157,000
Special Revenue Funds:			
4.25% Downtown Improvements	\$250,000	(\$250,000)	\$0
4.45% Downtown Improvements	0	100,000	100,000
Total Special Revenue Funds	250,000	(150,000)	100,000
Capital Projects Funds:			
4.25% Municipal Court Building	3,000,000	(3,000,000)	0
4.45% Municipal Court Building	0	1,745,000	1,745,000
4.30% Municipal Court Building	0	1,005,000	1,005,000
4.45% Library Building	0	2,755,000	2,755,000
4.30% Rivercrest Park Land Purchase	50,000	(50,000)	0
4.30% Downtown Improvements	165,000	(165,000)	0
4.25% Downtown Improvements	0	100,000	100,000
4.50% New Swimming Complex	1,380,000	(1,380,000)	0
4.60% New Swimming Complex	0	1,300,000	1,300,000
Total Capital Projects Funds	4,595,000	2,310,000	6,905,000
			(Continued)

## NOTE 12 - NOTES PAYABLE (Continued)

	Balance December 31, 1998	Issued (Retired)	Balance December 31, 1999
Enterprise Funds:			
4.25% Route 795 Water Line	800,000	(800,000)	0
4.45% Route 795 Water Line	0	750,000	750,000
4.50% Water System Improvement	1,000,000	(1,000,000)	0
4.30% Water System Improvement	0	950,000	950,000
4.25% Wastewater Treatment Plant	650,000	(650,000)	0
4.45% Wastewater Treatment Plant	0	600,000	600,000
4.50% Sewer System Improvement	1,500,000	(1,500,000)	0
4.30% Sewer System Improvement	0	1,920,000	1,920,000
4.25% Miscellaneous Water System Improvements	1,200,000	(1,200,000)	0
4.45% Miscellaneous Water System Improvements	0	1,100,000	1,100,000
4.25% Miscellaneous Water System Improvements	320,000	(320,000)	0
4.45% Miscellaneous Sewer System Improvements	0	300,000	300,000
4.25% Miscellaneous Sewer System Improvements	215,000	(215,000)	0
4.30% Miscellaneous Sewer System Improvements	685,000	(685,000)	0
4.45% Miscellaneous Sewer System Improvements	0	165,000	165,000
4.45% Miscellaneous Sewer System Improvements	0	685,000	685,000
4.25% Miscellaneous Sewer System Improvements	500,000	(500,000)	0
4.45% Miscellaneous Sewer System Improvements	0	450,000	450,000
4.25% 5 Pt./Fort Meigs Waterline Improvements	900,000	(900,000)	0
4.45% 5 Pt./Fort Meigs Waterline Improvements	0	870,000	870,000
4.30% South Boundary Pump Station	0	625,000	625,000
4.30% Sewer Cleaning Truck	0	200,000	200,000
4.30% Route 795 Pump Station	0	700,000	700,000
4.30% River Ridge Pump Station	0	300,000	300,000
Total Enterprise Funds	7,770,000	1,845,000	9,615,000
Total Notes Payable	\$12,824,000	\$3,953,000	\$16,777,000

#### THE CITY OF PERRYSBURG, OHIO

#### **NOTE 13 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS**

Long-term debt and other long-term obligations of the City at December 31, 1999 were as follows:

			Balance December 31, 1998	Issued (Retired)	Balance December 31, 1999
Enterprise Fu	nds:		1998	(Retifed)	1999
-	Development Authority (O.W.D.A.) Lo	oans:			
6.25%	Secondary Sewer	1977	\$125,111	(\$33,126)	\$91,985
7.51%	Waste Water Treatment Plant	1990	9,482,059	(278,410)	9,203,649
7.77%	Sewer Separation	1991	939,848	(27,028)	912,820
Total En	terprise Funds Long-Term Debt		\$10,547,018	(\$338,564)	\$10,208,454
Other Long-Te	erm Obligations:				
Compensated	Absences		\$509,359	(\$17,420)	\$491,939
	Total Other Long-Term Obligations		\$509,359	(\$17,420)	\$491,939

A summary of the City's future long-term debt funding requirements, including principal and interest payments as of December 31, 1999 follows:

	OWDA Loans		
Years	Principal	Interest	
2000	\$363,653	\$767,905	
2001	390,595	740,963	
2002	393,198	711,887	
2003	408,418	682,195	
2004	439,185	659,428	
2005-2009	2,744,953	2,708,113	
2010-2014	3,946,884	1,506,181	
2015-2016	1,521,568	154,856	
Totals	\$10,208,454	\$7,931,528	

## **NOTE 14 - CONTRIBUTED CAPITAL**

During the year, contributed capital in the enterprise funds increased from private sources as follows:

	Water Fund	Sewer Fund	Total
Restated Balance at Beginning of Year	\$2,248,888	\$8,105,762	\$10,354,650
Additions:			
Contributions from Private Sources	125,408	670,962	796,370
Balance at End of Year	\$2,374,296	\$8,776,724	\$11,151,020

#### NOTE 15 - SEGMENT INFORMATION FOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS

Included in the services provided by the City which are financed primarily by user charges are water treatment and distribution, wastewater collection and treatment, and parking meter services. The key financial information for the year ended December 31, 1999 for these enterprise activities is as follows:

	Water	Sewer	Parking Meter	Utility Collection	Total
Operating Revenues	\$1,979,130	\$2,444,373	\$0	\$13,370	\$4,436,873
Depreciation Expense	352,618	663,776	0	0	1,016,394
Operating Income	321,812	698,918	0	13,370	1,034,100
Operating Transfers In	0	653,278	0	0	653,278
Net Income	129,252	379,937	0	13,370	522,559
Current Capital Contibution	670,962	125,408	0	0	796,370
Property, Plant and Equipm	ent:				
Additions	954,581	1,601,873	0	0	2,556,454
Deletions	5,772	105,000	0	0	110,772
Assets	14,167,162	26,718,269	48,000	13,370	40,946,801
Net Working Capital	(2,809,741)	(809,220)	0	13,370	(3,605,591)
Notes Payable	4,595,000	5,020,000	0	0	9,615,000
OWDA Loans Payable	0	10,208,454	0	0	10,208,454
Total Equity	9,290,095	11,268,483	48,000	13,370	20,619,948

#### NOTE 16 - INSURANCE AND RISK MANAGEMENT

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. In 1989, the City joined the Ohio Government Risk Management Plan (the "OGRMP"), a public entity risk plan formed under Section 2744.081 of the Ohio Revised Code that operates as a common risk management and insurance program for 585 member political subdivisions. The City pays an annual premium to the OGRMP for its general insurance coverage. The agreement for formation of the OGRMP provides that the organization will be self-sustaining through member premiums and will reinsure all claims in excess of a member's deductible through commercial insurance and reinsurance companies.

The City pays the State Workers' Compensation System a premium based upon a rate per \$100 of payroll. The rate is determined based on accident history and administrative costs.

The City also pays unemployment claims to the State of Ohio as incurred.

The City maintains a self-funded health insurance program with claims processed by Administrative Service Consultants – Findlay on behalf of the City. A separate Self Insurance Fund (an internal service fund) was created in 1980 to account for and finance the health insurance program. As an integral part of the health insurance program, a reinsurance policy has been purchased covering claims in excess of \$35,000 per individual per year up to a maximum of \$1,000,000 per individual per lifetime. Settled claims have not exceeded the commercial coverage limits in any of the past five fiscal years.

### NOTE 16 - INSURANCE AND RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

All funds of the City from which employee salaries are paid participate in the health insurance program and make payments to the Self Insurance Fund based on actuarial estimates of the amounts needed to pay prior and current year claims and to establish a reserve for catastrophic losses. Total contributions to the program during the year were \$560,649. The claims liability of \$65,864 reported in the Self Insurance Fund at December 31, 1999 is based on the requirements of GASB Statement No. 10, "*Accounting and Financial Reporting for Risk Financing and Related Insurance Issues*," which requires that a liability for claims be reported if information prior to issuance of the financial statements indicates that it is probable that a liability has been incurred at the date of the financial statements and if the amount of the loss can be reasonably estimated. Changes in the Fund's claims liability amount in fiscal 1998 and 1999 were:

		Current Year		
	Beginning of	Claims and		Balance at
	Fiscal Year	Changes in	Claims	Fiscal
Fiscal Year	Liability	Estimates	Payments	Year End
1998	\$12,103	\$648,210	(\$618,391)	\$41,922
1999	41,922	576,124	(552,182)	65,864

## NOTE 17 - CONSTRUCTION COMMITMENTS

As of December 31, 1999 the City had the following commitments with respect to various construction projects:

	Remaining		
		Construction	Expected Date
Project		Commitment	of Completion
Miscellaneous Sewer Improvement		\$152,480	February 2000
South Boundary Pump Station		596,736	June 2000
Crestline Paving Street Resurfacing		66,766	June 2000
Elm Street Sewer Improvement		64,587	June 2000
Hull Prairie Road Water		494,736	June 2000
South Boundary Water Reserve		54,670	September 2000
5 Pt. Road Pump Station		16,255	September 2000
Route 795 Pump Station		913,398	September 2000
Eckel Jct. Road Pump Station		308,433	September 2000
Carronnde Drive Improvement		30,066	December 2000
West Bound Force Main		33,880	December 2000
Eckel Jct. Road Improvement		67,720	December 2000
Hull Prairie Road Force Main	-	192,829	December 2000
	Total	\$2,992,556	

#### **NOTE 18 - CONTINGENCIES**

The City is a party to various legal proceedings which seek damages or injunctive relief generally incidental to its operations and pending projects. The City's management is of the opinion that the ultimate disposition of various claims and legal proceedings will not have a material effect, if any, on the financial condition of the City.

#### NOTE 19 - RELATED ORGANIZATION

<u>Perrysburg Public Library (Library)</u> - The Library is a distinct political subdivision of the State of Ohio created under Chapter 3375 of the Ohio Revised Code. The Library is governed by a Board of Trustees appointed by the Perrysburg City Council. The Board of Trustees possesses its own contracting and budgeting authority, hires and fires personnel and does not depend on the City for operational subsidies. Although the City does serve as the taxing authority and may issue tax related debt on behalf of the Library, its role is limited to a ministerial function. The determination to request approval of a tax, the rate and the purpose are discretionary decisions made solely by the Board of Trustees. Financial information can be obtained from the Perrysburg Public Library, Clerk/Treasurer, 101 East Indiana Avenue, Perrysburg, Ohio 43551.

#### NOTE 20 - SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

The following events have occurred subsequent to year end:

- A. During 2000, the City issued \$134,000 of bond anticipation notes in the General Fund in anticipation of the issuance of bonds to provide funds for various City projects.
- B. During 2000, the City issued \$12,235,000 of bond anticipation notes in the Capital Projects Funds in anticipation of the issuance of bonds to provide funds for various City projects.
- C. During 2000, the City issued \$9,320,000 of bond anticipation notes in the Enterprise Funds in anticipation of the issuance of bonds to provide funds for various City projects.
- D. During 2001, the City issued \$111,000 of bond anticipation notes in the General Fund in anticipation of the issuance of bonds to provide funds for various City projects.
- E. During 2001, the City issued \$13,845,000 of bond anticipation notes in the Capital Projects Funds in anticipation of the issuance of bonds to provide funds for various City projects.
- F. During 2001, the City issued \$9,190,000 of bond anticipation notes in the Enterprise Funds in anticipation of the issuance of bonds to provide funds for various City projects.

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STATE OF OHIO OFFICE OF THE AUDITOR

JIM PETRO, AUDITOR OF STATE

One Government Center Room 1420 Toledo, Ohio 43604-2246 Telephone 419-245-2811 800-443-9276 Facsimile 419-245-2484 www.auditor.state.oh.us

## REPORT OF INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS ON COMPLIANCE AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL REQUIRED BY GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

City of Perrysburg Wood County 201 West Indiana Avenue Perrysburg, Ohio 43551-1582

To the Mayor and Members of City Council:

We have audited the financial statements of the City of Perrysburg (the City) as of and for the year ended December 31, 1999, and have issued our report thereon dated October 11, 2001. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

#### Compliance

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grants, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed an instance of noncompliance that is required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards* which is described in the accompanying schedule of findings as item *1999-20187-001*. We also noted certain immaterial instances of noncompliance that we have reported to the audit committee of the City in a separate letter dated October 11, 2001.

#### Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the City's internal control over financial reporting in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements and not to provide assurance on the internal control over financial reporting. Our consideration of the internal control over financial reporting that might be material would not necessarily disclose all matters in the internal control over financial reporting that might be material weaknesses. A material weakness is a condition in which the design or operation of one or more of the internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that misstatements in amounts that would be material in relation to the financial statements being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions. We noted no matters involving the internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, we noted other matters involving the internal control over financial reporting that do not require inclusion in this report, that we have reported to the audit committee of the City in a separate letter dated October 11, 2001.

City of Perrysburg Wood County Report of Independent Accountants on Compliance and on Internal Control Required by *Government Auditing Standards* Page 2

This report is intended for the information and use of the audit committee, management and City Council, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Jim Petro Auditor of State

October 11, 2001

#### CITY OF PERRYSBURG WOOD COUNTY

#### SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS DECEMBER 31, 1999

## FINDINGS RELATED TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS

#### FINDING NUMBER 1999-20187-001

#### **Noncompliance Citation**

Ohio Revised Code § 5705.41(D) states no subdivision shall make any contract or order any expenditure of money unless the certificate of the fiscal officer is attached. The fiscal officer must certify that the amount required to meet such a commitment has been lawfully appropriated and is in the treasury or in the process of collection to the credit of an appropriate fund free from any previous encumbrance.

This section also provides two exceptions to the above requirements:

- A. If no certificate is furnished as required, upon receipt of the fiscal officer's certificate that a sufficient sum was appropriated and free of any previous encumbrances, the subdivision may authorize the issuance of a warrant in payment of the amount due upon such contract or order by resolution within 30 days from the receipt of such certificate (a then and now certificate), if such expenditure is otherwise valid.
- B. If the amount involved is less than one thousand dollars, the fiscal officer may authorize it to be paid without the affirmation of the subdivision.

Eighty-three percent of the transactions tested did not contain prior certification by the Finance Director and were not certified until the time of payment during 1999. These commitments were not subsequently approved by City Council or the City's Finance Director, within the aforementioned 30-day period.

We recommend the City certify the availability of funds prior to expenditures being made. Where prior certification is not feasible, we encourage the City to utilize then and now certificates or blanket certificates.

## CITY OF PERRYSBURG WOOD COUNTY

## SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS DECEMBER 31, 1999

Finding Number	Finding Summary	Fully Corrected?	Not Corrected, Partially Corrected; Significantly Different Corrective Action Taken; or Finding No Longer Valid.
1998-20187-001	Ohio Revised Code § 5705.41(d), failure to certify transactions.	No	Not Corrected. Reissued as finding 1999-20187-001.



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## **CITY OF PERRYSBURG**

## WOOD COUNTY

## **CLERK'S CERTIFICATION**

This is a true and correct copy of the report which is required to be filed in the Office of the Auditor of State pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in Columbus, Ohio.

Susan Babbett

CLERK OF THE BUREAU

CERTIFIED NOVEMBER 8, 2001