# GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (AUDITED)

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2001

CHRISTINA BENNETT, TREASURER



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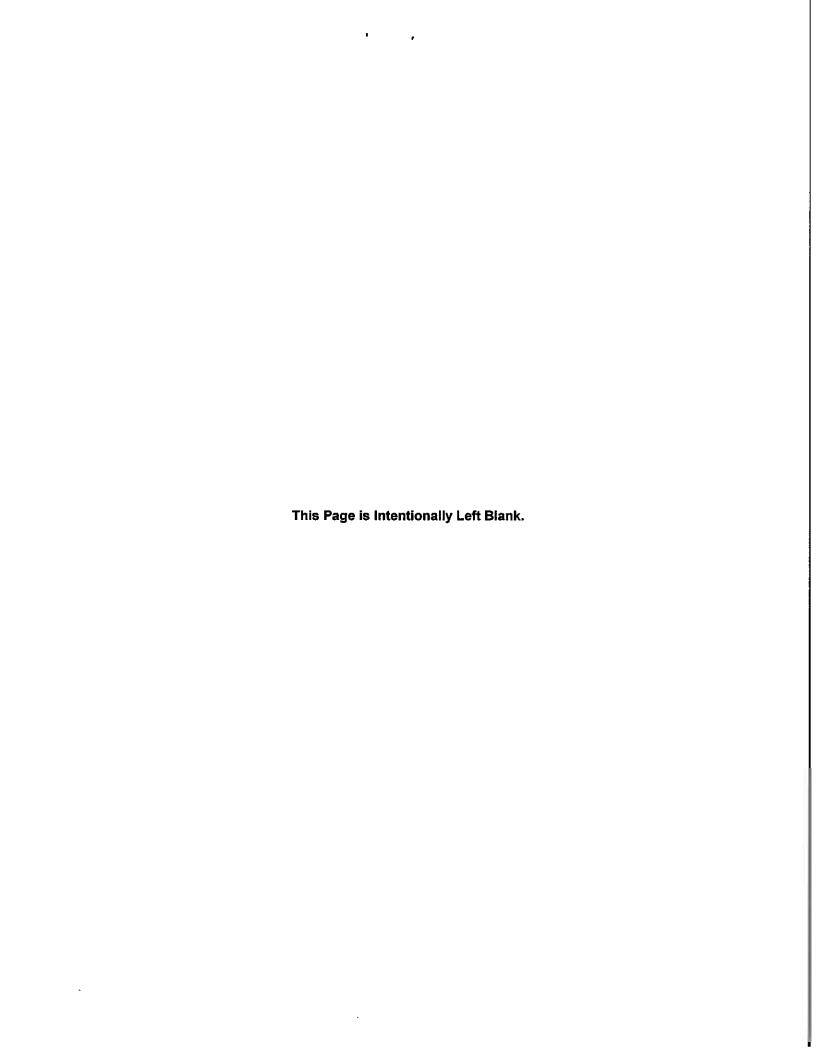
Board of Education Crestview Local School District

We have reviewed the Independent Auditor's Reports of the Crestview Local School District, Richland County, prepared by Trimble, Julian & Grube, Inc. for the audit period July 1, 2000 through June 30, 2001. Based upon this review, we have accepted these reports in lieu of the audit required by Section 117.11, Revised Code. The Auditor of State did not audit the accompanying financial statements and, accordingly, we are unable to express, and do not express an opinion on them.

Our review was made in reference to the applicable sections of legislative criteria, as reflected by the Ohio Constitution, and the Revised Code, policies, procedures and guidelines of the Auditor of State, regulations and grant requirements. The Crestview Local School District is responsible for compliance with these laws and regulations.

JIM PETRO
Auditor of State

November 9, 2001



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# TRIMBLE, JULIAN & GRUBE, INC.

"SERVING OHIO LOCAL GOVERNMENTS"

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## Independent Auditor's Report

Board of Education Crestview Local School District 1575 St. Rt. 96 Ashland, Ohio 44805

We have audited the accompanying general purpose financial statements of the Crestview Local School District, Richland County, (the "District"), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2001, as listed in the table of contents. These general purpose financial statements are the responsibility of the District's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these general purpose financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and the significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

As disclosed in Note 3 to the general purpose financial statements, the District implemented Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 33 <u>Accounting and Financial Reporting for Nonexchange Transactions</u> for the year ended June 30, 2001.

In our opinion, the general purpose financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Crestview Local School District, Richland County, as of June 30, 2001, and the results of its operations and the cash flows of its proprietary fund types for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated October 4, 2001, on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grants. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* and should be read in conjunction with this report in considering the results of our audit.

# Board of Education Crestview Local School District

Our audit was performed for the purpose of forming an opinion on the general purpose financial statements of the District, taken as a whole. The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by U. S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*, and is not a required part of the general purpose financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the general purpose financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the general purpose financial statements taken as a whole.

Trimble, Julian & Grube, Inc. October 4, 2001

# CRESTVIEW LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT RICHLAND COUNTY, OHIO COMBINED BALANCE SHEET ALL FUND TYPES AND ACCOUNT GROUPS JUNE 30, 2001

		Gorgenmond Brad Trans	Ensky Treeson		December	December Din d Trace	Fiduciary	**************************************	A coount Ground	
		COVCIMICINA	Tuna Types		1 topitetai	r min 1 ypes	Turn Type	mo and	or or or or	,
		Special	Debt	Capital		Internal		General Fixed	General Long-Term	Total (Memorandum
	General	Revenue	Service	Projects	Enterprise	Service	Agency	Assets	Obligations	Only)
ASSETS AND OTHER DEBITS										
ASSETS:										
Equity in pooled cash and										
cash equivalents	\$2,988,557	\$203,466	\$294,186	\$93,309	\$24,273	\$392,443	\$23,375			\$4,019,609
Receivables (net of allowances										
di unconcentions).	0000	0.0	1000							100 007
I axes - current and delinquent	2,159,678	40,47.7	258,451							2,438,601
Accounts	1,933	191			27					2,757
Due from other governments		719		1,985						2,704
Prepayments	4,919									4,919
Materials and supplies inventory	11,188				5,770					16,958
Restricted assets:										
Equity in pooled cash and										
cash equivalents	32,798									32,798
Property, plant and equipment (net										
of accumulated depreciation where										
applicable)					75,465			\$14,799,276		14,874,741
OHIEN DEBILS.										
Amount available in debt service fund									\$314,366	314,366
Amount to be provided for retirement of general long-term obligations									2,754,127	2,754,127
Total assets and other debits	\$5,199,073	\$245,424	\$532,637	\$95,294	\$105,565	\$392,443	\$23,375	\$14,799,276	\$3,068,493	\$24,461,580

THE NOTES TO THE GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS ARE AN INTEGRAL PART OF THIS STATEMENT.

# CRESTVIEW LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT RICHLAND COUNTY, OHIO COMBINED BALANCE SHEET ALL FUND TYPES AND ACCOUNT GROUPS JUNE 30, 2001

		Governmental Fund Types	l Fund Types		Proprietary Fund Types	Fund Types	Fiduciary Fund Type	Accoun	Account Groups	
	General	Special Revenue	Debt Service	Capital Projects	Enterprise	Internal Service	Agency	General Fixed Assets	General Long-Term Obligations	Total (Memorandum Only)
LIABILITIES, EQUITY AND OTHER CREDITS										
LIABILITIES:	10 C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C	000		( ) ( )						e 600 c
Accurate payable	577.126	\$12,838 42.558		\$3,236 1,210	\$22,939					643.833
Compensated absences payable	5,466			1	9,578				\$305,837	320,881
Claims payable	100 178	5.015			16.042	\$97,640			005 09	97,640
Deferred revenue	1,966,491	37,783	\$218,271	1,985	4,409				6,00	2,228,939
Due to other governments	38,134	17,403			1,092		\$23,375			56,629 23,375
General obligation bonds payable Energy conservation loans payable									2,525,000 177,127	2,525,000
Total liabilities	2,723,670	115,598	218,271	8,431	54,060	97,640	23,375		3,068,493	6,309,538
EQUITY AND OTHER CREDITS:								0000		70000
Contributed capital					68,878			\$14,799,270		14,799,276
unreserved					(17,373)	294,803				277,430
Reserved for encumbrances	256,270 4,919	25,390		6,288						287,948 4,919
Reserved for materials and supplies	1100									. 11
Reserved for debt service	11,100		296,719							296,719
for appropriation	158,933 32,798	2,997	17,647							179,577 32,798
Unreserved: Designated for budget stabilization Unreserved-undesignated	121,033	101,439		80,575						121,033 2,072,276
Total equity and other credits	2,475,403	129,826	314,366	86,863	51,505	294,803		14,799,276		18,152,042
Total liabilities, equity and other credits	\$5,199,073	\$245,424	\$532,637	\$95,294	\$105,565	\$392,443	\$23,375	\$14,799,276	\$3,068,493	\$24,461,580

THE NOTES TO THE GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS ARE AN INTEGRAL PART OF THIS STATEMENT.

# CRESTVIEW LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT

RICHLAND COUNTY, OHIO COMBINED STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES ALL GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2001

		Governmental I	Fund Types		
	General	Special Revenue	Debt Service	Capital Projects	Total (Memorandum Only)
Revenues:					•
From local sources:					
Taxes	\$1,842,236	\$35,654	\$232,076		\$2,109,966
Tuition	39,504				39,504
Earnings on investments	221,684			\$1,115	222,799
Extracurricular	721	113,329			114,050
Other local revenues	57,247	37,627		10,000	104,874
Intergovernmental - State	4,881,108	91,071	28,105	76,911	5,077,195
Intergovernmental - Federal	8,927	356,774			365,701
Total revenue	7,051,427	634,455	260,181	88,026	8,034,089
Expenditures:					
Current:					
Instruction:					
Regular	3,313,047	86,380		67,690	3,467,117
Special	509,800	266,109			775,909
Vocational	159,930			1,977	161,907
Support services:					
Pupil	242,863	57,178			300,041
Instructional staff	187,094	58,411			245,505
Board of Education	117,573				117,573
Administration	489,175	13,290	4 472		502,465
Fiscal	159,587	(5)	4,473		164,060
Business	796 217	656 31,281			656 817,498
Operations and maintenance	786,217 656,275	2,200			658,475
Pupil transportation	19,174	11.000			30,174
Central	236,115	11,000			351,098
Facilities aquisition and construction	70,847	114,963		21,573	92,420
Debt service:	70,047			21,575	72,420
Principal retirement			137,876		137,876
Interest and fiscal charges			180,567		180,567
Total expenditures	6,947,697	641,488	322,916	91,240	8,003,341
Excess (deficiency) of revenues					
over (under) expenditures	103,730	(7,033)	(62,735)	(3,214)	30,748
Other financing sources (uses):					
Operating transfers in			31,678	47,679	79,357
Operating transfers out	(91,778)			(12,579)	(104,357)
Proceeds from sale of fixed assets	17,148				17,148
Total other financing sources (uses)	(74,630)		31,678	35,100	(7,852)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other financing sources over (under)	••••	(= 000)	(21.075)		
expenditures and other financing uses	29,100	(7,033)	(31,057)	31,886	22,896
Fund balances, July 1	2,452,494	136,859	345,423	54,977	2,989,753
Decrease in reserve for inventory	(6,191)	¢120.026	0214.266	000000	(6,191)
Fund balances, June 30	<u>\$2,475,403</u>	\$129,826	\$314,366	\$86,863	\$3,006,458

CRESTVIEW LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT
RICHLAND COUNTY, OHIO
COMBINED STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES
AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES
BUDGET AND ACTUAL COMPARISON (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS)
ALL GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2001

		General		Sp	Special Revenue			Debt Service			Capital Projects		Total	Total (Memorandum only)	
	Revised Budget	Actual	Variance: Favorable (Unfavorable)	Revised Budget	Actual	Variance: Favorable (Unfavorable)	Budget Revised	Actual	Variance: Favorable (Unfavorable)	Budget Revised	Actual	Variance: Favorable (Unfavorable)	Budget Revised	Actual	Variance: Favorable (Unfavorable)
Revenues: From local sources: Taves	\$1,817,000 19,000 161,000	\$1,837,628 37,375 221,684	\$20,628 18,375 60,684	\$34,000	\$35,493	\$1,493	\$256,000	\$239,075	(\$16,925)	\$1,000	\$1,115	\$115	\$2,107,000	\$2,112,196 37,375 222,799	\$5,196 18,375 60,799
Extraeurricular	39,200 4,894,379	721 58,744 4,809,319	(79) 19,544 (85,060)	126,060 37,935 103,923	37,627 104,968	(13,168) (308) 1,045	27,000	28,105	1,105	10,000	10,000	0 (41,388)	126,860 87,135 5,188,757	113,613 106,371 5,064,459	(13,247) 19,236 (124,298)
Intergovernmental - Federal	6,931,379	6,965,471	34,092	672,989	965,700	(16,309)	283,000	267,180	(15,820)	174,455	133,182	(41,273)	8,061,823	8,022,513	(39,310)
Expenditures: Current: Instruction: Regular Special Vocational Other	3,436,792 549,269 174,092 5,000	3,375,758 517,360 162,512 0	61,034 31,909 11,580 5,000	98.053 318,044	85,130 262,185	12,923 55,859				162,690	71,851	90,839	3,697,535 867,313 176,742 5,000	3.532,739 779,545 164,946 0	164,796 87,768 11,796 5,000
Support services: Pupport services: Pupport staff	301,247 190,618 137,386 490,738 163,741	248,945 184,301 130,004 474,398 158,459	52,302 6,317 7,382 16,340 5,282	66,572 77,745 1,432 22,293 5,238	65,673 74,217 0 17,027	899 3,528 1,432 5,266 4,582	4,500	4,476	24				367,819 268,363 138,818 513,031 168,241 5,238	314,618 258,518 130,004 491,425 162,935	53.201 9,845 8,814 21,606 5,306 4,582
Operations and maintenance	814,647 784,414 23,535 248,275 171,072 19,800	802,950 773,949 22,806 233,847 132,742	11,697 10,465 729 14,428 38,330 19,800	74,217 4,500 20,000 127,677	38,356 4,500 11,000 118,942	35,861 0 9,000 8,735				32,621	22,041	10,580	888,864 788,914 43,535 375,952 203,693 19,800	841,306 778,449 33,806 352,789 154,783	47,558 10,465 9,729 23,163 48,910 19,800
Principal retirement	22,876 8,802 7,542,304	22,876 8,802 7,249,709	0 0 0 292,595	815,771	677,686	138,085	115,000 171,765 291,265	115,000 171,765 291,241	0 0 24	197,961	96,326	101,635	137,876 180,567 8,847,301	137,876 180,567 8,314,962	0 0 532,339
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	(610,925)	(284,238)	326,687	(142,782)	(21,006)	121,776	(8,265)	(24,061)	(15,796)	(23,506)	36,856	60,362	(785,478)	(292,449)	493,029
Other financing sources (uses): Refund of prior year's expenditures Refund of prior year's excepts Operating transfers out Operating transfers out Advances in Advances out Advances out Total other financing sources (uses)	547,420 (544,590) (12,600) (12,600) 0 2,830	21,534 547,420 (544,590) 12,600 (12,600) 17,148 41,512	21,534 0 0 0 0 17,148 38,682	(18,124)	(18,124)	0 0 0				50,679 (60,735)	50,679 (60,735)	00  0	0 (165) 598,099 (623,49) 12,600 (12,600) (12,500)	21,534 (165) 598,099 (623,49) 12,600 (12,600) 17,148	21,534 0 0 0 0 0 17,148 38,682
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other financing sources over (under) expenditures and other financing uses	(608,095)	(242,726)	365,369	(161,071)	(39,295)	121,776	(8,265)	(24,061)	(15,796)	(33,562)	26,800	60,362	(810,993)	(279,282)	531,711
Fund balance, July 1	2,734,130 226,534	2,734,130 226,534	0 0	106,373	106,373	0 0	318,247	318,247	0 0	33,908	33,908	0 0	3,192,658 341,025	3,192,658	0 0
Fund balance, June 30	\$2,352,569	\$2,717,938	\$365,369	\$38,716	\$160,492	\$121,776	\$309,982	\$294,186	(\$15,796)	\$21,423	\$81,785	\$60,362	\$2,722,690	\$3,254,401	\$531,711

COMBINED STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN RETAINED EARNINGS (ACCUMULATED DEFICIT)
ALL PROPRIETARY FUND TYPES
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2001

	Proprietary Fun	nd Types	
	Enterprise	Internal Service	Total (Memorandum Only)
Operating revenues:	¢204.750	¢000.520	¢1 114 207
Sales/charges for services	\$304,758	\$809,539	\$1,114,297
Total operating revenues	304,758	809,539	1,114,297
Operating expenses:			
Personal services	193,627		193,627
Contract services	1,453		1,453
Materials and supplies	211,274		211,274
Depreciation	4,828		4,828
Other operating expenses	375		375
Claims expense		864,980	864,980
Total operating expenses	411,557	864,980	1,276,537
Operating loss	(106,799)	(55,441)	(162,240)
Nonoperating revenues (expenses):			
Operating grants	87,955		87,955
Federal commodities	12,184		12,184
Interest revenue	550	24,856	25,406
Loss on disposal of fixed assets	(1,000)		(1,000)
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	99,689	24,856	124,545
Net loss before operating transfers	(7,110)	(30,585)	(37,695)
Operating transfers in	25,000		25,000
Net income/(loss) after operating transfers	17,890	(30,585)	(12,695)
Retained earnings (accumulated deficit) at July 1	(35,263)	325,388	290,125
Retained earnings (accumulated deficit)			
at June 30	(\$17,373)	\$294,803	\$277,430

COMBINED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS ALL PROPRIETARY FUND TYPES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2001

	Proprietary F	Fund Types	m . 1
	Enterprise	Internal Service	Total (Memorandum Only)
Cash flows from operating activities:			
Cash received from sales/service charges	\$304,769	\$809,539	\$1,114,308
Cash payments for personal services	(194,864)		(194,864)
Cash payments for contract services	(1,453)		(1,453)
Cash payments for materials and supplies	(196,958)	(941.767)	(196,958)
Cash payments for claims expenses	(375)	(841,767)	(841,767)
Cash payments for other expenses	(375)		(375)
Net cash used in operating activities	(88,881)	(32,228)	(121,109)
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities:			
Cash received from operating grants	87,955		87,955
Cash received from transfers in	25,000		25,000
Cash received from interfund loans	10,000		10,000
Cash used in repayment of interfund loan	(10,000)		(10,000)
Net cash provided by noncapital			
financing activities	112,955		112,955
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities:			
Acquisition of capital assets	(4,404)		(4,404)
Net cash used in capital and related			
financing activities	(4,404)		(4,404)
Cash flows from investing activities: Interest received	550	24,856	25,406
Net cash provided by investing activities	550	24,856	25,406
Net increase (decrease) in			
cash and cash equivalents	20,220	(7,372)	12,848
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year	4,053	399,815	403,868
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	\$24,273	\$392,443	\$416,716
Reconciliation of operating loss to net			
cash used in operating activities:			
Operating loss	(\$106,799)	(\$55,441)	(\$162,240)
Adjustments to reconcile operating loss to			
to net cash used in operating activities:			
Depreciation	4,828		4,828
Federal donated commodities	12,184		12,184
Decrease in accounts receivable	11		11
Decrease in materials and supplies inventory	1,825		1,825
Decrease in accrued wages and benefits	(1,557)		(1,557)
Increase in compensated absences payable	1,970		1,970
Decrease in pension obligation payable	(2,742)		(2,742)
Increase in due to other governments	1,092		1,092
Increase in claims payable		23,213	23,213
Increase in deferred revenue	307_		307
Net cash used in operating activities	(\$88,881)	(\$32,228)	(\$121,109)

# NOTES TO THE GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2001

## NOTE 1 - DESCRIPTION OF THE SCHOOL DISTRICT

The Crestview Local School District (the "District") is a body politic and corporate established for the purpose of exercising the rights and privileges conveyed to it by the constitution and laws of the State of Ohio. The District is a local district as defined by Section 3311.03 of the Ohio Revised Code. The District operates under an elected Board of Education and is responsible for providing public education to residents of the District.

The District ranks as the 424<sup>th</sup> largest by total enrollment among the 682 public and community school districts in the State. Average daily membership as of June 30, 2001 was 1,340. The District employed 60 certified employees and 91 non-certified employees.

Management believes the financial statements included in this report represent all of the funds of the District over which the District has the ability to exercise direct operating control.

## NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The general purpose financial statements (GPFS) of the District have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The District also applies Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) Statements and Interpretations issued on or before November 30, 1989, to its proprietary activities provided they do not conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements. The District's significant accounting policies are described below.

# A. Reporting Entity

The District's reporting entity has been defined in accordance with GASB Statement No. 14, "The Financial Reporting Entity". When applying GASB Statement No. 14, management has considered all potential component units. The basic, but not the only, criterion for including a potential component unit within the reporting entity is the District's ability to exercise significant oversight responsibility. The most significant manifestation of this ability is financial interdependence. Other manifestations of the ability to exercise oversight responsibility include, but are not limited to, the selection of the governing authority, the designation of management, the ability to significantly influence operations, and the accountability for fiscal matters.

# NOTES TO THE GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2001

# **NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)**

A second criterion used in evaluating potential component units is the scope of public service. Application of this criterion involves considering whether the activity benefits the District and/or its citizens. A third criterion used to evaluate potential component units for inclusion or exclusion from the reporting entity is the existence of special financing relationships, regardless of whether the District is able to exercise oversight responsibilities. Based upon the application of these criteria, the District has no component units. The following organizations are described due to their relationship with the District:

#### JOINTLY GOVERNED ORGANIZATIONS

## Heartland Council of Governments (the COG)

The COG (formerly known as North Central Ohio Computer Cooperative) is a jointly governed organization among 15 school districts and 1 county educational service center. The COG was formed for the purpose of applying modern technology with computers and other electronic technology to aid administrative and instructional functions. Each member district supports the COG based on a per pupil charge, dependent upon the software package utilized. The COG is governed by a Board of Directors consisting of superintendents of the members school districts. The degree of control exercised by any school district is limited to its representation on the Board. In accordance with GASB Statement No. 14, the District does not have any equity interest in the COG. Financial information can be obtained from the treasurer for the Pioneer Career and Technology Center, who serves as fiscal agent, at 27 Ryan Road, Shelby, Ohio 44875-0309.

# Pioneer Career and Technology Center (PCTC)

The PCTC is a district political subdivision of the State of Ohio operated under the direction of a Board consisting of one representative from each of the participating school districts' elected boards, which possesses its own budgeting and taxing authority. To obtain financial information write to the Treasurer of the Pioneer Career and Technology Center at 27 Ryan Road, Shelby, OH 44875-0309.

# NOTES TO THE GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2001

# **NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)**

## INSURANCE PURCHASING POOL

Ohio School Boards Association Workers' Compensation Group Rating Program The District participates in the Ohio School Boards Association Workers' Compensation Group Rating Program (GRP), an insurance purchasing pool. The GRP was established under Section 4123.29 of the Ohio Revised Code. The GRP's business and affairs are conducted by a three-member Board of directors consisting of the President, the President-Elect and the Immediate Past President of the OSBA. The Executive Director of the OSBA, or his designee, serves as coordinator of the program. Each year, the participating school districts pay an enrollment fee to the GRP to cover the costs of administering the program.

# **B.** Fund Accounting

The District uses funds and account groups to report its financial position and the results of its operations. A fund is a separate accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. An account group, on the other hand, is a financial reporting device designed to provide accountability for certain assets and liabilities that are not recorded in the funds because they do not directly affect net expendable available financial resources. Fund accounting is designed to demonstrate legal compliance and to aid financial management by segregating transactions related to certain school district activities or functions. Funds are classified into three categories: governmental, proprietary and fiduciary. Each category is divided into separate fund types.

#### GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Governmental funds are those through which most governmental functions of the District are financed. The acquisition, use and balances of the District's expendable financial resources and the related liabilities (except those accounted for in proprietary funds) are accounted for through governmental funds. The following are the District's governmental fund types:

<u>General Fund</u> - The general fund is the general operating fund of the District and is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

# NOTES TO THE GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2001

# **NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)**

<u>Special Revenue Funds</u> - The special revenue funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than expendable trusts or major capital projects) that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes.

<u>Debt Service Fund</u> - The debt service fund is used to account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, general long-term debt principal, interest, and related costs.

<u>Capital Projects Funds</u> - The capital projects funds are used to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition of construction of major capital facilities (other than those financed by proprietary funds).

## PROPRIETARY FUNDS

Proprietary funds are used to account for the District's ongoing activities, which are similar to those often found in the private sector where the determination of net income is necessary or useful to sound financial administration. The following is the District's proprietary fund type:

<u>Enterprise Fund</u> - The enterprise fund is used to account for operations (a) that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises--where the intent of the governing body is that the costs (expenses, including depreciation) of providing goods or services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges; or (b) where the governing body has decided that periodic determination of revenues earned, expenses incurred, and/or net income is appropriate for capital maintenance, public policy, management control, accountability, or other purposes.

<u>Internal Service Fund</u> - The internal service fund accounts for the financing of services provided by one department or agency to other departments or agencies of the District on a cost reimbursement basis.

# NOTES TO THE GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2001

# **NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)**

## FIDUCIARY FUNDS

Fiduciary funds are used to account for assets held by the District in a trustee capacity or as an agent for individuals, private organizations, other governmental units and/or other funds. Agency funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations. The agency fund is presented on a budget basis, with note disclosure, regarding items which, in other fund types, would be subject to accrual for other fund types (See Note 3.B.).

#### **ACCOUNT GROUPS**

To make a clear distinction between fixed assets related to specific funds and those of general government, and between long-term liabilities related to specific funds and those of general nature, the following account groups are used.

<u>General Fixed Assets Account Group</u> - This group of accounts is established to account for all fixed assets of the District, other than those accounted for in the proprietary funds.

<u>General Long-Term Obligations Account Group</u> - This group of accounts is established to account for all long-term obligations of the District, other than those accounted for in the proprietary funds.

# C. Measurement Focus/Basis of Accounting

The accounting and financial reporting treatment applied to a fund is determined by its measurement focus. All governmental funds are accounted for using a current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities generally are included on the balance sheet. Operating statements of these funds present increases (revenues and other financing sources) and decreases (expenditures and other financing uses) in net current assets.

# NOTES TO THE GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2001

# **NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)**

All proprietary funds are accounted for on a flow of economic resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, all assets and all liabilities associated with the operations of these funds are included on the balance sheet. Proprietary fund type operating statements present increases (revenues) and decreases (expenses) in net total assets.

The modified accrual basis of accounting is followed for governmental funds. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when they become both measurable and available to finance expenditures of the current period, which for the District is 60 days after the June 30 year-end. Revenues accrued at the end of the year include taxes, (to the extent they are intended to finance the current fiscal year), interest, and accounts (student fees and tuition). Property taxes measurable as of June 30, 2001, and delinquent property taxes, whose availability is indeterminate and are intended to finance fiscal 2002 operations, have been recorded as deferred revenues, except for that portion, which is available from the County Auditors as advances at June 30. This amount is recognized as revenue. In proprietary funds, unused donated commodities are reported as deferred revenue.

Nonexchange transactions, in which the District receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include property taxes, grants, entitlements and donations. On the modified accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied and the resources are available. Revenue from grants, entitlements and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been met and the resources are available.

The District reports deferred revenue on its combined balance sheet. Deferred revenues arise when a potential revenue does not meet both the "measurable" and "available" criteria for recognition in the current period. Deferred revenues also arise when resources are received by the District before it has a legal claim to them, as when grant monies are received prior to the recognition of qualifying expenditures. In subsequent periods, when both revenue recognition criteria are met, or when the government has a legal claim to the resources, the liability for deferred revenue is removed from the combined balance sheet and revenue is recognized.

# NOTES TO THE GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2001

# **NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)**

Expenditures (decreases in net financial resources) are recognized in the period in which the fund liability is incurred with the following exception: general long-term obligation principal and interest are reported only when due; and costs of accumulated unpaid vacation and sick leave are reported as expenditures in the period in which they will be liquidated with available financial resources rather than in the period earned by employees.

The proprietary funds are accounted for on the accrual basis of accounting. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred. The fair value of donated commodities used during the year in the operating statement as an expense and a like amount is reported as donated commodities revenue.

On the accrual basis of accounting, revenue from nonexchange transactions, such as grants, entitlements and donations, is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been met. The proprietary funds receive no revenue from property taxes.

## D. Budgets

The District is required by state statute to adopt an annual appropriated cash basis budget for all funds. The specific timetable for fiscal year 2001 is as follows:

- 1. Prior to January 15 of the preceding year, the Superintendent and Treasurer submit to the Board of Education a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing the following July 1. The budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing for all funds. Public hearings are publicized and conducted to obtain taxpayers' comments. The expressed purpose of this budget document is to reflect the need for existing (or increased) tax rates.
- 2. By no later than January 20, the board-adopted budget is filed with the Richland County Budget Commission for tax rate determination.

# NOTES TO THE GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2001

# **NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)**

- 3. Prior to April 1, the Board of Education accepts, by formal resolution, the tax rates as determined by the Budget Commission and receives the Commission's Certificate of Estimated Resources, which states the projected revenue of each fund. Prior to June 30, the District must revise its budget so that total contemplated expenditures from any fund during the ensuing year will not exceed the amount stated in the Certificate of Estimated Resources. The revised budget then serves as a basis for the appropriation measure. On or about July 1, the Certificate is amended to include any unencumbered balances from the preceding year as reported by the District Treasurer. The Certificate may be further amended during the year if projected increases or decreases in revenue are identified by the District Treasurer. The amounts reported in the budgetary statement reflect the amounts set forth in the final Amended Certificate issued for fiscal year 2001.
- 4. By July 1, the annual appropriation resolution is legally enacted by the Board of Education at the fund level of expenditures, which is the legal level of budgetary control. State statute permits a temporary appropriation to be effective until no later than October 1 of each year. Although the legal level of budgetary control was established at the fund level of expenditures, the District has elected to present budgetary statement comparisons at the fund and function level of expenditures. Resolution appropriations by fund must be within the estimated resources as certified by the County Budget Commission and the total of expenditures and encumbrances may not exceed the appropriation total.
- 5. Any revisions that alter the total of any fund appropriation must be approved by the Board of Education.
- 6. Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year for all funds consistent with the general obligation bond indenture and other statutory provisions. All funds completed the year within the amount of their legally authorized cash basis appropriation.
- 7. Appropriation amounts are as originally adopted or as amended by the Board of Education through the year by supplemental appropriations, which either reallocated or increased the original appropriated amounts. All supplemental appropriations were legally enacted; however, none of these amendments were significant.

# NOTES TO THE GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2001

# **NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)**

8. Unencumbered appropriations lapse at year-end. Encumbered appropriations are carried forward to the succeeding fiscal year and need not be reappropriated. Expenditures plus encumbrances may not legally exceed budgeted appropriations at the fund level.

Encumbrance accounting is utilized with District funds in the normal course of operations for purchase orders and contract related expenditures. An encumbrance is a reserve on the available spending authority due to commitment for a future expenditure and does not represent a liability. For governmental fund types, encumbrances outstanding at year-end appear as a reserve to the fund balance on a GAAP basis and as the equivalent of expenditures on a non-GAAP budgetary basis in order to demonstrate legal compliance. Note 17 provides a reconciliation of the budgetary and GAAP basis of accounting for governmental fund types and Note 14 provides disclosure of the encumbrances outstanding for the enterprise funds at fiscal year-end.

## E. Cash and Investments

To improve cash management, cash received by the District is pooled. Monies for all funds, including proprietary funds, are maintained in this pool. Individual fund integrity is maintained through the District's records. Each fund's interest in the pool is presented as "Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents" on the combined balance sheet.

During fiscal year 2001, investments were limited to investments in the State Asset Treasury Reserve of Ohio (STAR Ohio). Investments in STAR Ohio are reported at fair value, which is based on quoted market prices.

STAR Ohio is an investment pool managed by the State Treasurer's Office, which allows governments within the State to pool their funds for investment purposes. STAR Ohio is not registered with the SEC as an investment company, but does operate in a manner consistent with Rule 2a7 of the Investment Company Act of 1940. Investments in STAR Ohio are valued at STAR Ohio's share price, which is the price the investment could be sold for on June 30, 2001.

# NOTES TO THE GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2001

# **NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)**

Under existing Ohio statutes all investment earnings are assigned to the general fund unless statutorily required to be credited to a specific fund. By policy of the Board of Education, investment earnings are assigned to the general fund, the Building capital projects fund and the Self-Insurance internal service fund. The Food Service enterprise fund receives interest earnings based upon Federal mandate. Interest revenue credited to the general fund during fiscal 2001 amounted to \$221,684, which includes \$55,723 assigned from other District funds.

For purposes of the combined statement of cash flows and for presentation on the combined balance sheet, investments of the cash management pool and investments with original maturities of three months or less at the time they are purchased by the District are considered to be cash equivalents. Investments with an initial maturity of more than three months are reported as investments.

An analysis of the Treasurer's investment account at year-end is provided in Note 4.

# F. Fixed Assets and Depreciation

## 1. General Fixed Assets Account Group

General fixed assets are capitalized at cost or estimated historical cost. Donated fixed assets are recorded at their fair market values as of the date donated. The District follows the policy of not capitalizing assets with a cost of less than \$500. No depreciation is recognized for assets in the general fixed assets account group. The District has not included infrastructure in the general fixed assets account group.

# 2. Proprietary Funds

Equipment reflected in these funds are stated at historical cost or estimated historical cost and updated for the cost of additions and retirements during the year. Donated fixed assets are recorded at their fair market values as of the date donated. Depreciation has been provided, where appropriate, on a straight-line basis over the following estimated useful lives:

Asset <u>Life (years)</u>
Furniture, fixtures and equipment 5 - 20

# NOTES TO THE GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2001

# **NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)**

# G. Contributed Capital

Contributed capital is recorded in proprietary funds that have received capital grants or contributions from developers, customers or other funds. These assets are recorded at their fair market value on the date contributed. Depreciation on those assets acquired or constructed with contributed resources is expensed and closed to unreserved retained earnings at year-end.

## H. Intergovernmental Revenues

In governmental funds, entitlements and non-reimbursable grants (to the extent such grants and entitlements relate to the current fiscal year) are recorded as receivables and revenue when measurable and available. Reimbursement type grants are recorded as receivables and revenues when the related expenditures are incurred. Other than commodities, grants for proprietary fund operations are recognized as non-operating revenue when measurable and earned. The District currently participates in various state and federal programs categorized as follows:

## **Entitlements**

## General Fund

State Foundation Program
School Bus Purchase Reimbursement

## Non-Reimbursable Grants

#### Special Revenue Funds

Title VI - B

Education Management Information Systems (EMIS)

Title I

Title VI

Classroom Reduction

Professional Development Block Grant

Classroom Facilities Maintenance Fund

Eisenhower Grant

**Drug-Free Schools** 

**Telecommunications** 

Ohio Reads

SchoolNet Professional Development

# NOTES TO THE GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2001

# **NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)**

## Non-Reimbursable Grants - (Continued)

# Special Revenue Funds - (Continued)

Network Connectivity Summer Intervention Safe School Help Line

## Capital Projects Funds

Classroom Facilities Grant Technology Equity Vocational Education Equipment Interactive Video Distance Learning

## Reimbursable Grants

#### General Fund

**Driver Education Reimbursement** 

#### Enterprise Fund

National School Lunch Program Government Donated Commodities

Grants and entitlements amounted to approximately 60 percent of the District's operating revenue during the 2001 fiscal year.

# I. Compensated Absences

Compensated absences of the District consist of vacation leave and sick leave to the extent that payment to the employee for these absences are attributable to services already rendered and are not contingent on a specific event that is outside the control of the District and the employee.

# NOTES TO THE GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2001

# **NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)**

In accordance with the provisions of GASB Statement No. 16, "Accounting for Compensated Absences", a liability for vacation leave is accrued if a) the employees' rights to payment are attributable to services already rendered; and b) it is probable that the employer will compensate the employees for the benefits through paid time off or other means, such as cash payment at termination or retirement. A liability for severance is accrued using the vesting method; i.e., the liability is based on the sick leave accumulated at the balance sheet date by those employees who are currently eligible to receive termination (severance) payments, as well as those employees expected to become eligible in the future. For purposes of establishing a liability for severance on employees expected to become eligible to retire in the future, all employees age 50 or greater with at least 10 years of service and all employees with at least 20 years of service, regardless of their age, were considered expected to become eligible to retire in accordance with GASB Statement No. 16.

The total liability for vacation and sick leave payments has been calculated using pay rates in effect at the balance sheet date and reduced to the maximum payment allowed by labor contract and/or statute, plus any applicable additional salary related payments.

Accumulated vacation and severance of governmental fund type employees meeting the above requirements have been recorded in the appropriate governmental fund as a current liability to the extent that the amounts are expected to be payable within the current available period. The balance of the liability is recorded in the general long-term obligations account group. Vacation and sick leave for employees meeting the above requirements who are paid from proprietary funds is recorded as an expense when earned.

# J. Long-Term Obligations

Long-term debt is recognized as a liability of a governmental fund when due. For other long-term obligations, only that portion expected to be financed from expendable available financial resources is reported as a fund liability of a governmental fund. The remaining portion of such obligations is reported in the general long-term obligations account group. Long-term liabilities expected to be financed from proprietary fund operations are accounted for in those funds.

# NOTES TO THE GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2001

# **NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)**

## **K.** Fund Reserves/Designations

Reserved fund balances indicate that portion of fund equity, which is not available for current appropriation or is legally segregated for a specific use. Designated fund balance indicates that portion of fund equity for which management has an intended use of the resources. Fund balances are reserved for encumbrances, prepayments, materials and supplies inventory, debt service, tax revenue unavailable for appropriation and Bureau of Workers Compensation (BWC) refunds. The unreserved portions of fund equity reflected for the governmental funds are available for use within the specific purposes of those funds. The reserve for property tax revenue unavailable for appropriation represents taxes recognized as revenue under GAAP, but not available for appropriation under State statute. The District reports amounts set-aside by the School Board for budget stabilization as a designation of fund balance in the general fund.

## L. Interfund Transactions

Transactions between funds during the course of normal operations may occur. The most significant include:

- 1. Transfers of resources from one fund to another fund. The resources transferred are to be expended for operations by the receiving fund and are recorded as operating transfers, with the exception of agency funds, which do not show transfers of resources as operating transfers.
- 2. Reimbursements from one fund to another are treated as expenditures/expenses in the reimbursing fund and a reduction in expenditures/expenses in the reimbursed fund. Quasi-external transactions are accounted for as revenues, expenditures or expenses.
- 3. Short-term interfund loans and accrued interfund reimbursements and accrued operating transfers are reflected as "interfund loans receivable and payable". The District had short-term interfund loans receivable and payable at June 30, 2001.
- 4. Long-term interfund loans that will not be repaid within the next year are termed "advances" and are shown as reservations of fund balances on the combined balance sheet for those funds that report advances to other funds as assets because they are not spendable, available resources. The District had no long-term advances receivable or payable at June 30, 2001.

# NOTES TO THE GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2001

# **NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)**

An analysis of interfund transactions is presented in Note 5.

#### M. Estimates

The preparation of the GPFS in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the GPFS and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

## N. Inventory

Inventories for all governmental funds are valued at cost (first-in/first-out method). The purchase method is used to account for inventories. Under the purchase method, inventories are recorded as expenditures when purchased; however, material amounts of inventories at period-end are reported as assets of the respective fund, which are equally offset by a fund balance reserve, which indicates they are unavailable for appropriation even though they are a component of reported assets.

Inventories of proprietary funds are valued at the lower of cost (first-in/first-out method) or market and expensed when used rather than when purchased.

## O. Prepayments

Prepayments for governmental funds represent cash disbursements, which have occurred and are, therefore, not current expendable resources. These items are reported as fund assets on the balance sheet using the allocation method, which amortizes their cost over the periods benefitting from the advance payment. At year-end, because prepayment is not available to finance future governmental fund expenditures, the fund balance is reserved by an amount equal to the carrying value of the asset.

#### P. Restricted Assets

Restricted assets in the general fund represent cash and cash equivalents that are restricted in use by State statute. A fund balance reserve has also been established (See Note 19).

# NOTES TO THE GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2001

# **NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)**

# Q. Memorandum Only - Total Columns

Total columns on the GPFS are captioned (Memorandum Only) to indicate that they are presented only to facilitate financial analysis. Data in these columns do not present financial position, results of operations, or changes in financial position in conformity with GAAP. Neither is such data comparable to a consolidation. Interfund eliminations have not been made in the aggregation of this data.

#### **NOTE 3 - ACCOUNTABILITY AND COMPLIANCE**

# A. Deficit Fund Balances/Retained Earnings

Fund balances/retained earnings at June 30, 2001 included the following fund deficits:

	<u>Deficit Balances</u>
Special Revenue Fund Miscellaneous Federal Grants	\$ 3,883
Enterprise Fund	
Food Service	17.373

These funds complied with Ohio state law, which does not allow a cash deficit at yearend.

The deficit fund balance in the Miscellaneous Federal Grants special revenue fund is a result of accruing wage obligations in accordance with GAAP. This deficit will be eliminated by intergovernmental revenues and other subsidies not recognized at June 30.

The deficit retained earnings in the Food Service enterprise fund is a result of accruing wages, benefit and pension obligations in accordance with GAAP. This deficit will be eliminated by user charges and intergovernmental revenues not recognized at June 30.

# **B.** Agency Fund

The following are accruals for the agency fund, which in another fund type, would be recognized in the combined balance sheet:

#### LIABILITIES

Accounts payable

\$112

# NOTES TO THE GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2001

# NOTE 3 - ACCOUNTABILITY AND COMPLIANCE - (Continued)

# C. Change in Accounting Principle

GASB Statement No. 33, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Nonexchange <u>Transactions</u>," was implemented during fiscal year 2001. This statement pertains to the financial reporting of certain types of revenue received by the District for which no value is given in return, including derived tax revenues, imposed nonexchange transactions, government-mandated nonexchange transactions, and voluntary nonexchange transactions. The adoption of this statement had no effect on fund balances/retained earnings as previously reported by the District at June 30, 2000.

# NOTE 4 - EQUITY IN POOLED CASH AND INVESTMENTS

The District maintains a cash and investment pool used by all funds. Each fund type's portion of this pool is displayed on the combined balance sheet as "Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents". Statutes require the classification of monies held by the District into three categories:

Active deposits are public deposits necessary to meet current demands on the treasury. Such monies must be maintained either as cash in the District treasury, in commercial accounts payable or withdrawable on demand, including negotiable order of withdrawal (NOW) accounts or in money market deposit accounts.

Inactive deposits are public deposits the Board of Education has identified as not required for use within the current two-year period of designation of depositories. Inactive deposits must either be evidenced by certificates of deposit maturing not later than the end of the current period of designation of depositories or by savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts.

Interim deposits are deposits of interim monies. Interim monies are those monies which are not needed for immediate use, but which will be needed before the end of the current period of designation of depositories. Interim deposits must be evidenced by time certificates of deposit maturing not more than one year from the date of deposit or by savings accounts, including passbook accounts.

# NOTES TO THE GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2001

# **NOTE 4 - EQUITY IN POOLED CASH AND INVESTMENTS - (Continued)**

Protection of the District's deposits is provided by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC), by eligible securities pledged by the financial institution as security for repayment, by surety company bonds deposited with the Treasurer by the financial institution or by a single collateral pool established by the financial institution to secure the repayment of all public monies deposited with the institution.

Interim monies may be deposited or invested in the following securities:

- 1. United States Treasury Notes, Bills, Bonds, or any other obligation or security issued by the United States Treasury or any other obligation guaranteed as to principal or interest by the United States;
- 2. Bonds, Notes, Debentures, or any other obligations or securities issued by any federal government agency or instrumentality, including but not limited to, the Federal National Mortgage Association, Federal Home Loan Bank, Federal Farm Credit Bank, Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation, Government National Mortgage Association, and Student Loan Marketing Association. All federal agency securities shall be direct issuances of federal government agencies or instrumentalities;
- 3. Written repurchase agreements in the securities listed above provided that the market value of the securities subject to the repurchase agreement must exceed the principal value of the agreement by at least 2% and be marked to market daily, and that the term of the agreement must not exceed 30 days;
- 4. Bonds and other obligations of the State of Ohio;
- 5. No-load money market mutual funds consisting exclusively of obligations described in division (1) or (2) of this section and repurchase agreements secured by such obligations, provided that investments in securities described in this division are made only through eligible institutions;
- 6. The State Treasury Asset Reserve of Ohio (STAR Ohio);
- 7. Certain bankers' acceptances and commercial paper notes for a period not to exceed 180 days in an amount not to exceed 25% of the interim monies available for investment at any one time; and

# NOTES TO THE GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2001

# **NOTE 4 - EQUITY IN POOLED CASH AND INVESTMENTS - (Continued)**

8. Under limited circumstances, corporate debt instruments rated in either of the two highest rating classifications by at least two nationally recognized rating agencies.

Investments in stripped principal or interest obligations, reverse repurchase agreements and derivatives are prohibited. The issuance of taxable notes for the purpose of arbitrage, the use of leverage and short selling are also prohibited. An investment must mature within five years from the date of purchase unless matched to a specific obligation or debt of the District and must be purchased with the expectation that it will be held to maturity. Investments may only be made through specified dealers and institutions. Payment for investments may be made only upon delivery of the securities representing the investments to the Treasurer or qualified trustee or, if the securities are not represented by a certificate, upon receipt of confirmation of transfer from the custodian.

Cash on hand: At fiscal year-end, the District had \$200 in undeposited cash on hand, which is included on the combined balance sheet of the District as part of "Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents."

The following information classifies deposits and investments by categories of risk as defined in GASB Statement No. 3, "Deposits with Financial Institutions, Investments and Reverse Repurchase Agreements".

*Deposits:* At year-end, the carrying amount of the District's deposits was \$2,247 and the bank balance was \$67,660. The entire bank balance was covered by FDIC.

Collateral is required for demand deposits and certificates of deposit in excess of all deposits not covered by federal depository insurance. Obligations that may be pledged as collateral are obligations of the United States and its agencies, obligations of the State of Ohio and its municipalities, and obligations of the other states. Obligations pledged to secure deposits must be delivered to a bank other than the institution in which the deposit is made. Written custodial agreements are required.

*Investments:* Investments are categorized to give an indication of the level of risk assumed by the entity at year-end. Category 1 includes investments that are insured or registered or securities held by the District. Category 2 includes uninsured and unregistered investments for which the securities are held by the counterparty's trust department or agent in the District's name. Category 3 includes uninsured and unregistered investments for which the securities are held by the counterparty or by its trust department, but not in the District's name.

# NOTES TO THE GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2001

# **NOTE 4 - EQUITY IN POOLED CASH AND INVESTMENTS - (Continued)**

The District had investments of \$4,049,960 in STAR Ohio at June 30, 2001. STAR Ohio is not categorized because it is not evidenced by securities that exist in physical or book entry form.

The classification of cash and cash equivalents on the combined balance sheet is based on criteria set forth in GASB Statement No. 9, "Reporting Cash Flows of Proprietary and Nonexpendable Trust Funds and Governmental Entities That Use Proprietary Fund Accounting".

A reconciliation between the classifications of cash and cash equivalents on the combined balance sheet and the classifications of deposits and investments presented above per GASB Statement No. 3 is as follows:

	Cash and Cash <u>Equivalents/Deposits</u>	Investments
GASB Statement No. 9	\$ 4,052,407	\$
Investment of the cash		
management pool:		
Investment in STAR Ohio	(4,049,960)	\$4,049,960
Cash on hand	(200)	
GASB Statement No. 3	<u>\$ 2,247</u>	\$4,049,960

# **NOTE 5 - INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS**

The following is a summarized breakdown of the District's operating transfers for fiscal year 2001:

	Transfers In	Transfers Out
General Fund	\$	\$ 91,778
Debt Service Fund	31,678	
Capital Projects Funds Technology Equity Interactive Video Distance Learning	 47,679	12,579
Enterprise Fund Food Service Total	25,000 <u>\$104,357</u>	<u></u> <u>\$104,357</u>

# NOTES TO THE GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2001

## **NOTE 6 - PROPERTY TAXES**

Property taxes are levied and assessed on a calendar year basis. Distributions from the second half of the calendar year occur in a new fiscal year and are intended to finance the operations of that year. Property taxes include amounts levied against all real, public utility and tangible (used in business) property located in the District. Real property taxes and public utility taxes are levied after November 1 on the assessed value listed as of the prior January 1, the lien date. Assessed values are established by State law at 35% of appraised market value.

Public utility property taxes are assessed on tangible personal property, as well as land and improvements. Real property is assessed at 35% of market value and personal property is assessed at 100% of market value except for the personal property of rural electric companies which are assessed 50% of market and railroads which are assessed at 29% of market.

Tangible personal property taxes attach as a lien and are levied on January 1 of the current year. Tangible personal property assessments are 25% of true value. The assessed value, upon which the 2000 taxes were collected, was \$84,007,805. Agricultural/residential real estate represented \$66,806,370 or 79.52% of this total, commercial & industrial real estate represented \$3,243,390 or 3.86% of this total, public utility tangible represented \$9,618,710 or 11.45% of this total and general tangible property represented \$4,339,335 or 5.17% of this total. The voted general tax rate at the fiscal year ended June 30, 2001, was \$42.40 per \$1,000.00 of assessed valuation for operations and \$3.50 per \$1,000.00 of assessed valuation for debt retirement.

Real property taxes are payable annually or semi-annually. If paid annually, payment is due December 31; if paid semi-annually, the first payment is due December 31 with the remainder payable by June 20.

The Richland and Ashland County Treasurers collect real estate property taxes on behalf of all taxing districts within the County. The Richland and Ashland County Auditors periodically remit to the District the portion of the taxes collected with final settlement in March and September. Such collections are available to pay current period liabilities.

The Richland and Ashland County Treasurers collect personal property taxes on behalf of all taxing districts within the County. The Richland and Ashland County Auditors periodically remit to the District the portion of the taxes collected with final settlement in February and August. Such collections are available to pay current period liabilities.

# NOTES TO THE GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2001

# **NOTE 6 - PROPERTY TAXES - (Continued)**

Accrued property taxes receivable represent delinquent taxes outstanding and real property, personal property and public utility taxes, which became measurable as of June 30, 2001. Although total property tax collections for the next fiscal year are measurable, they are not (exclusive of advances) intended to finance current year operations. The net receivable (total receivable less amount available intended to finance the current year) is, therefore, offset by a credit to deferred revenue for that portion not intended to finance current year operations. The amount available as an advance and recorded as revenue at June 30, 2001, was \$158,933 in the general fund, \$2,997 in the Classroom Facilities Maintenance special revenue fund, and \$17.647 in the debt service fund.

Taxes available for advance and recognized as revenue, but not received by the District prior to June 30, 2001, are reflected as a reservation of fund balance for tax advance unavailable for appropriation. The District is prohibited, by law, from appropriating this revenue in accordance with ORC Section 5705.35, since an advance of revenue was not requested or received prior to the fiscal year-end.

#### **NOTE 7 - RECEIVABLES**

Receivables at June 30, 2001, consisted of taxes, accounts (billings for user charged services and student fees), and intergovernmental grants and entitlements (to the extent such grants and entitlements relate to the current fiscal year). Intergovernmental receivables have been reported as "Due From Other Governments" on the combined balance sheet. All receivables are considered collectible in full due to the ability to foreclose for the nonpayment of taxes, the stable condition of State programs, and the current fiscal year guarantee of Federal funds.

# NOTES TO THE GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2001

#### **NOTE 7 - RECEIVABLES - (Continued)**

A summary of the principal items of receivables follows:

	Amounts
General Fund Taxes - current and delinquent Accounts	\$2,159,678 1,933
Special Revenue Funds Taxes - current and delinquent Accounts Due from other governments	40,472 767 719
Debt Service Fund Taxes - current and delinquent	238,451
Capital Projects Funds Due from other governments	1,985

#### **NOTE 8 - FIXED ASSETS**

A summary of the changes in the general fixed assets account group during the fiscal year follows:

	Balance July 1, 2000	Increase	<u>Decrease</u>	Balance June 30, 2001
Land/improvements Buildings/improvements Furniture/equipment Vehicles	\$ 189,412 12,011,184 1,244,927 	\$ 51,875 58,632 219,842 _149,620	\$ (185,894) (95,588)	\$ 241,287 12,069,816 1,278,875 
Total	<u>\$14,600,789</u>	<u>\$479,969</u>	<u>\$(281,482</u> )	\$14,799,276

A summary of the proprietary fixed assets at June 30, 2001 follows:

Furniture and equipment	\$137,616
Less: accumulated depreciation	(62,151)
Net fixed assets	<u>\$ 75,465</u>

#### NOTES TO THE GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2001

#### **NOTE 9 - CHANGES IN CONTRIBUTED CAPITAL**

Changes in contributed capital for the year ended June 30, 2001 are summarized by source as follows:

	Food Service
Contributed capital, July 1, 2000	\$68,878
Current contributions from other funds	
Contributed capital, June 30, 2001	<u>\$68,878</u>

#### **NOTE 10 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS**

The District has two long-term debt issues outstanding at June 30, 2001. These debt issues represent a general obligation bond and an energy conservation loan.

Payments of principal and interest relating to these liabilities are recorded as expenditures in the debt service fund. Unmatured obligations are accounted for in the general long-term obligations account group.

**A.** The following is a description of the District's long-term obligations outstanding as of June 30, 2001:

	Interest Rates	Outstanding July 1, 2000	Retired in 2001	Outstanding June 30, 2001
High School Building Bond	6.75%	\$2,640,000	\$(115,000)	\$2,525,000
Energy Conservation Loans	4.50%	200,003	(22,876)	<u>177,127</u>
Total		<u>\$2,840,003</u>	<u>\$(137,876)</u>	\$2,702,127

# NOTES TO THE GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2001

#### **NOTE 10 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS - (Continued)**

**B.** The following is a description of the District's future annual requirements to amortize the debt outstanding:

Fiscal	Principal on G.O. Bond/	Interest on G.O. Bond/	m . 1
<u>Year</u>	Energy Conservation Loans	Energy Conservation Loans	<u>Total</u>
2002	\$ 148,920	\$ 171,514	\$ 320,434
2003	135,027	162,593	297,620
2004	151,185	153,622	304,807
2005	162,397	143,765	306,162
2006	173,664	133,187	306,851
2007 - 2011	960,934	484,324	1,445,258
2012 - 2015	970,000	<u>133,333</u>	1,103,333
Total	<u>\$2,702,127</u>	\$1,382,338	<u>\$4,084,465</u>

C. During the year ended June 30, 2001, the following changes occurred in the liabilities reported in the general long-term obligations account group. Compensated absences are presented net of actual increases and decreases due to practicality of determining these values. Compensated absences and the pension obligation will be paid from the fund in which the employee was paid.

	Balance July 1, 2000	Increase	Decrease	Balance June 30, 2001
Compensated absences	\$ 288,149	\$17,688	\$	\$ 305,837
Pension obligation payable	50,671	60,529	(50,671)	60,529
General obligation bonds payable	2,640,000		(115,000)	2,525,000
Energy conservation loans	200,003		(22,876)	177,127
Total	\$3,178,823	<u>\$78,217</u>	<u>\$(188,547</u> )	<u>\$3,068,493</u>

#### NOTES TO THE GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2001

#### **NOTE 10 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS - (Continued)**

#### D. Legal Debt Margin

The Ohio Revised Code provides that voted net general obligation debt of the District shall never exceed 9% of the total assessed valuation of the District. The code further provides that unvoted indebtedness shall not exceed 1/10 of 1% of the property valuation of the District. The effects of these debt limitations at June 30, 2001 are a voted debt margin of \$5,350,068 (including available funds of \$314,366) and an unvoted debt margin of \$84,008.

#### **NOTE 11 - STATE BUILDING LOAN**

During fiscal year 1990, the District received a state building grant/loan to provide for the construction of classroom facilities. The District passed a half mill property tax levy with the proceeds of the levy going to repay its portion of the state loan. The unpaid balance on the state building loan is \$4,193,120 at June 30, 2001. The District and the State has determined that it is not probable that the State Facilities Loan will be repaid due to the new legislation, and as such, no outstanding liability is recorded in the financial statements.

New legislation now allows the District to use the proceeds of the levy for maintenance of the new facilities. The District may use the proceeds of the levy for maintenance of the new facilities provided the District's adjusted valuation per pupil is less than the state-wide median adjusted valuation per pupil. In any year in which the District's per pupil valuation exceeds the state-wide valuation median, half of the proceeds of the levy must be used to repay the loan. During fiscal year 2001, the District was not required to make any principal payments on the loan.

#### NOTES TO THE GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2001

#### **NOTE 12 - EMPLOYEE BENEFITS**

#### A. Compensated Absences

The criteria for determining vacation and sick leave benefits are derived from negotiated agreements and State laws. Classified employees earn 10 to 20 days of vacation per year, depending upon length of service. Accumulated unused vacation time is paid to classified employees upon termination of employment. Teachers and principals do not earn vacation time. Teachers, administrators and classified employees earn sick leave at the rate of one and one-fourth days per month. Sick leave may be accumulated up to 240 days. Upon retirement, payment is made for twenty-five percent of sick leave accumulation up to a maximum of 50 days.

#### B. Life Insurance

The District provides life insurance and accidental death and dismemberment insurance in the amount of \$20,000 for employees that work 20 hours or more per week through Unum Life Insurance Co. of America.

#### **NOTE 13 - RISK MANAGEMENT**

#### A. Comprehensive

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees and natural disasters. During fiscal year 2001, the District contracted with KMU Insurance Company for property insurance, fleet insurance and inland marine coverage. Coverages provided by KMU Insurance Company are as follows:

Property Insurance-replacement cost (\$1,000 deductible)	\$ 22,655,048
Boiler & Machinery-repair and replacement (\$1,000 deductible)	22,655,048
Glass Insurance-repair and replacement (\$250 deductible)	unlimited
Employee Dishonesty Blanket	100,000
Fleet Insurance:	
Bodily injury & property damage	1,000,000
Medical payments	5,000
Uninsured motorists	1,000,000
Comprehensive (\$50 deductible)	actual value
Collision (\$250 deductible)	actual value

#### NOTES TO THE GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2001

#### **NOTE 13 - RISK MANAGEMENT - (Continued)**

General liability is protected by the Nationwide Insurance Company, with a \$5,000,000 annual aggregate/\$1,000,000 single occurrence limit and no deductible. The bus fleet is also covered by \$2,000,000 umbrella through Nationwide Insurance Company.

Settled claims have not exceeded this commercial coverage in any of the past three years. There have been no significant reductions in insurance coverage from last year.

#### **B.** Workers' Compensation

For fiscal year 2001, the District participated in the Ohio School Boards Association Workers' Compensation Group Rating Program (GRP), an insurance purchasing pool (Note 2). The intent of the GRP is to achieve the benefit of a reduced premium for the District by virtue of its grouping and representation with other participants in the GRP. The workers' compensation experience of the participating school districts is calculated as one experience and a common premium rate is applied to all school districts in the GRP. Each participant pays its workers' compensation premium to the state based on the rate for the GRP rather than its individual rate. Total savings are then calculated and each participant's individual performance is compared to the overall savings percentage of the GRP. A participant will then either receive money from or be required to contribute to the "Equity Pooling Fund".

This "equity pooling" arrangement insures that each participant shares equally in the overall performance of the GRP. Participation in the GRP is limited to school districts that can meet the GRP's selection criteria. The firm of Gates McDonald & Co. provides administrative, cost control and actuarial services to the GRP.

#### NOTES TO THE GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2001

#### **NOTE 13 - RISK MANAGEMENT - (Continued)**

#### C. Employee Group Health, Dental, Vision and Life Insurance

The District has elected to provide employee medical/surgical benefits through a self insurance program. The District maintains a self-insurance internal service fund to account for and finance its uninsured risks of loss in this program. This plan provides a medical/surgical plan with a \$200 family and \$100 single deductible. A third party administrator, Anthem Benefit Administrators, Incorporated, located in Columbus, Ohio, reviews all claims, which are then paid by the District. The District purchases stop-loss coverage of \$25,000 per employee and \$783,762 in the aggregate. The District pays into the self-insurance internal service fund \$567.00 family coverage or \$240.30 individual coverage per month for full-time employees and \$504.00 family coverage or \$213.60 individual coverage per month for part-time employees, which represents the entire premium required. The premium is paid by the fund that pays the salary for the employee and is based on historical cost information. Dental coverage is also provided on a self-insured basis through Anthem Benefit Administrators. Premiums for this coverage are \$28.00 monthly for family and single coverage for certified employees. Premiums for non-certified and part-time employees are \$40.95 monthly for family coverage and \$16.03 monthly for single coverage. The District is responsible for payment of all claim amounts in excess of the employee payment percentages established in the plan document.

The District also provides prescription drug insurance to its employees through a self-insured program. The plan pays 80% of the cost of prescriptions with the employee paying 20%. This plan utilizes a per prescription deductible of \$4 for generic and \$8 for brand names for long-term prescriptions. The third party administrator, Anthem Benefit Administrators of Columbus, Ohio, reviews the claims, which are then paid by the District. The premium for this coverage currently is included with medical monthly on a composite basis.

#### NOTES TO THE GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2001

#### **NOTE 13 - RISK MANAGEMENT - (Continued)**

The claims liability of \$97,640 reported in the fund at June 30, 2001, is based on the requirements of GASB Statement No. 10, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Risk Financing and Related Insurance Issues", as amended by GASB Statement No. 30, "Risk Financing Omnibus", which requires that a liability for unpaid claims costs, including estimates of costs relating to incurred, but not reported claims, be accrued at the estimated ultimate cost of settling the claims. Changes in claims activity for the past two fiscal years are as follows:

	Balance at Beginning of Year	Current Year  Claims	Claim Payments	Balance at End of Year
2001	\$ 74,427	\$864,981	\$(841,768)	\$97,640
2000	105,548	698,465	(729,586)	74,427

#### **NOTE 14 - SEGMENT INFORMATION - ENTERPRISE FUND**

The District maintains one enterprise fund which provides lunchroom/cafeteria services, therefore segment information for the year ended June 30, 2001, is not presented in these notes. The enterprise fund had \$382 in encumbrances outstanding at June 30, 2001.

#### NOTE 15 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS

#### A. School Employees Retirement System

The District contributes to the School Employees Retirement System of Ohio (SERS), a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the School Employees Retirement Board. SERS provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided by Chapter 3309 of the Ohio Revised Code. SERS issues a publicly available, stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. The report may be obtained by writing to the School Employees Retirement System, 45 North Fourth Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215-3634, or by calling (614) 222-5853.

#### NOTES TO THE GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2001

#### **NOTE 15 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)**

Plan members are required to contribute 9 percent of their annual covered salary and the District is required to contribute 14 percent for 2001; 4.2 percent was the portion to fund pension obligations. The contribution rates are not determined actuarially, but are established by the School Employees Retirement Board within the rates allowed by State statute. The adequacy of the contribution rates is determined annually. The District's required contributions to SERS for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2001, 2000 and 1999 were \$176,800, \$161,896, and \$150,964, respectively; 57.98 percent has been contributed for fiscal year 2001 and 100 percent for the fiscal years 2000 and 1999. \$74,292, representing the unpaid contribution for fiscal year 2001, is recorded as a liability within the respective funds and the general long-term obligations account group.

#### **B.** State Teachers Retirement System

The District contributes to the State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio (STRS), a cost-sharing, multiple-employer public employee retirement system administered by the State Teachers Retirement Board. STRS provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death and survivor benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided by Chapter 3307 of the Ohio Revised Code. STRS issues a publicly available, stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. The report may be obtained by writing to the State Teachers Retirement System, 275 East Broad Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215-3771, or by calling (614) 227-4090.

Plan members are required to contribute 9.3 percent of their annual covered salary and the District is required to contribute 14 percent; 9.5 percent was the portion used to fund pension obligations. Contribution rates are established by the State Teachers Retirement Board, upon recommendation of its consulting actuary, not to exceed statutory maximum rates of 10 percent for members and 14 percent for employers. The District's required contributions to STRS for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2001, 2000, and 1999 were \$511,054, \$470,352, and \$448,154, respectively; 82.62 percent has been contributed for fiscal year 2001 and 100 percent for the fiscal years 2000 and 1999. \$88,828, representing the unpaid contribution for fiscal year 2001, is recorded as a liability within the respective funds.

#### NOTES TO THE GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2001

#### **NOTE 16 - POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS**

The District provides comprehensive health care benefits to retired teachers and their dependents through STRS and to retired non-certified employees and their dependents through SERS. Benefits include hospitalization, physicians' fees, prescription drugs and reimbursement of monthly Medicare premiums. Benefit provisions and the obligations to contribute are established by STRS and SERS based on authority granted by State statute. Both STRS and SERS are funded on a pay-as-you-go basis.

The State Teachers Retirement Board has statutory authority over how much, if any, of the health care costs will be absorbed by STRS. Most benefit recipients pay a portion of the health care cost in the form of a monthly premium. By Ohio law, the cost of coverage paid from STRS funds shall be included in the employer contribution rate, currently 14 percent of covered payroll. For this fiscal year, the Board allocated employer contributions equal to 4.5 percent of covered payroll to the Health Care Reserve Fund. For the District, this amount equaled \$164,267 during fiscal 2001.

STRS pays health care benefits from the Health Care Reserve Fund. The balance in the Health Care Reserve Fund was \$3.419 billion at June 30, 2000 (the latest information available). For the year ended June 30, 2000 (the latest information available), net health care costs paid by STRS were \$283.137 million and STRS had 99,011 eligible benefit recipients.

For SERS, coverage is made available to service retirees with 10 or more years of qualifying service credit and disability and survivor benefit recipients. Members retiring on or after August 1, 1989, with less than 25 years of service credit must pay a portion of their premium for health care. The portion is based on years of service up to a maximum of 75 percent of the premium.

For this fiscal year, employer contributions to fund health care benefits were 9.8 percent of covered payroll. In addition, SERS levies a surcharge to fund health care benefits equal to 14 percent of the difference between a minimum pay and the member's pay, pro-rated for partial service credit. For fiscal year 2001, the minimum pay has been established at \$12,400. The surcharge, added to the unallocated portion of the 14 percent employer contribution rate, provides for maintenance of the asset target level for the health care fund.

#### NOTES TO THE GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2001

#### **NOTE 16 - POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS - (Continued)**

The target level for the health care reserve is 150 percent of annual health care expenses. Expenses for health care at June 30, 2000 (the latest information available), were \$140.7 million and the target level was \$211.0 million. At June 30, 2000, (the latest information available), SERS had net assets available for payment of health care benefits of \$252.3 million and SERS had approximately 50,000 participants receiving health care benefits. For the District, the amount to fund health care benefits, including surcharge, equaled \$148,355 during the 2001 fiscal year.

#### **NOTE 17 - BUDGETARY BASIS OF ACCOUNTING**

While reporting financial position, results of operations and changes in fund balance is done on a GAAP basis, the budgetary basis, as provided by law, is based upon accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts and disbursements.

The Combined Statement of Revenue, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual - All Governmental Fund Types is presented on the budgetary basis to provide a meaningful comparison of actual results with the budget. The major differences between the budget basis and the GAAP basis are that:

- (a) Revenues are recorded when received in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when susceptible to accrual (GAAP basis);
- (b) Expenditures are recorded when paid in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when the liability is incurred (GAAP basis);
- (c) In order to determine compliance with Ohio law, and to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation, encumbrances are recorded as the equivalent of an expenditure (budget basis) as opposed to a reservation of fund balance for governmental funds (GAAP basis).

#### NOTES TO THE GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2001

#### **NOTE 17 - BUDGETARY BASIS OF ACCOUNTING - (Continued)**

The adjustments necessary to convert the results of operations for the year on the budget basis to the GAAP basis for the governmental funds are as follows:

#### Excess of Revenues and Other Financing Sources Over/(Under) Expenditures and Other Financing Uses

Governmental Fund Types

	General	Special Revenue	Debt Service	Capital Projects
Budget basis	\$(242,726)	\$(39,295)	\$(24,061)	\$26,800
Net adjustment for revenue accruals	85,956	(22,225)	(6,999)	
Net adjustment for expenditure accruals	(1,405)	(6,776)	(31,675)	(6,438)
Net adjustment for other financing sources (uses)	(116,142)	18,289	31,678	
Encumbrances (budget basis)	303,417	42,974		11,524
GAAP basis	\$ 29,100	<u>\$ (7,033)</u>	<u>\$(31,057</u> )	<u>\$31,886</u>

#### **NOTE 18 - CONTINGENCIES**

#### A. Grants

The District receives significant financial assistance from numerous federal, state and local agencies in the form of grants. The disbursement of funds received under these programs generally requires compliance with terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements and is subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims resulting from such audits could become a liability of the general fund or other applicable funds; however, in the opinion of management, any such disallowed claims will not have a material effect on any of the financial statements of the individual fund types included herein or on the overall financial position of the District at June 30, 2001.

#### NOTES TO THE GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2001

#### **NOTE 18 - CONTINGENCIES - (Continued)**

#### B. Litigation

The District is not involved in litigation as either plaintiff or defendant.

#### C. State School Funding Decision

On September 6, 2001, the Ohio Supreme Court issued its latest opinion regarding the State's school funding plan. The decision identified aspects of the current plan that require modification if the plan is to be considered constitutional, including:

A change in the school districts that are used as the basis for determining the base cost support amount. Any change in the amount of funds distributed to school districts as a result of this change must be retroactive to July 1, 2001, although a time line for distribution is not specified.

Fully funding parity aid no later than the beginning of fiscal year 2004 rather than fiscal year 2006.

The Supreme Court relinquished jurisdiction over the case based on anticipated compliance with its order.

In general, it is expected that the decision would result in an increase in State funding for most Ohio school districts. However, as of October 4, 2001, the Ohio General Assembly is still analyzing the impact this Supreme Court decision will have on funding for individual school districts. Further, the State of Ohio, in a motion filed September 17, 2001, asked the Court to reconsider and clarify the parts of the decision changing the school districts that are used as the basis for determining the base cost support amount and the requirement that changes be made retroactive to July 1, 2001.

As of the date of these financial statements, the District is unable to determine the effect, if any, this decision will have on its future State funding and on its financial operations.

#### NOTES TO THE GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2001

#### **NOTE 19 - STATUTORY RESERVES**

The District is required by State law to set-aside certain general fund revenue amounts, as defined by Statute, into various reserves. These reserves are calculated and presented on a cash basis. During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2001, the reserve activity was as follows:

	<u>Textbooks</u>	Capital Acquisition	Budget Stabilization
Set-aside cash balance as of June 30, 2000	\$ (47,274)	\$ 0	\$ 130,467
Current year set-aside requirement	153,831	153,831	
Elimination of budget stabilization reserve			(130,467)
Current year offsets		(39,821)	
Qualifying disbursements	(204,769)	(402,799)	
Total	<u>\$ (98,212)</u>	<u>\$(288,789</u> )	<u>\$ 0</u>
Cash balance carried forward to FY 2002	<u>\$ (98,212)</u>	<u>\$ 0</u>	<u>\$ 0</u>

Effective April 10, 2001, Am. Sub. Senate Bill 345 amended ORC Section 5705.29 effectively eliminating the requirement for the District to establish and maintain a budget stabilization reserve. Monies representing BWC refunds that were received prior to April 10, 2001, have been shown as a restricted asset and reserved fund balance in the general fund since allowable expenditures are restricted by State statute. All remaining monies previously reported in the budget stabilization reserve are now reported as designated fund balance in the general fund since the School Board reestablished a budget stabilization reserve in accordance with ORC Section 5705.13 by June 30, 2001. In addition to these funds, the District added \$23,364 to the budget stabilization reserve in fiscal 2001. The balance in the budget stabilization designation at June 30, 2001, was \$121,033. The District is still required by State law to maintain the textbook reserve and the capital acquisition reserve.

Although the District had offsets and qualifying disbursements during the year that reduced the set-aside amount below zero for the capital acquisition reserve, this extra amount may not be used to reduce the set-aside requirement for future years. The negative amount is therefore not presented as being carried forward to the next fiscal year.

# NOTES TO THE GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2001

#### **NOTE 19 - STATUTORY RESERVES - (Continued)**

A schedule of the restricted assets at June 30, 2001 follows:

Amount restricted for BWC refunds \$32,798

Total restricted assets \$32,798





#### CRESTVIEW LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2001

FEDERAL GRANTOR/ SUB GRANTOR/ PROGRAM TITLE	CFDA NUMBER	PASS-THROUGH GRANT NUMBER	(D) CASH FEDERAL RECEIPTS	OTHER FEDERAL RECEIPTS	(D) CASH FEDERAL DISBURSEMENTS	OTHER FEDERAL DISBURSEMENTS
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE PASSED THROUGH THE OHIO DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION:						
Nutrition Cluster:						
(A) (B) Food Distribution	10.550	N/A		\$13,511		\$12,184
(A) (C) National School Lunch Program	10.555	N/A	\$83,784		\$83,784	
<b>Total Nutrition Cluster</b>			83,784	13,511	83,784	12,184
Total U. S. Department of Agriculture			83,784	13,511	83,784	12,184
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION PASSED THROUGH THE OHIO DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION:						
Title I - Local Educational Agencies	84.010 84.010	049429-C1-S1-00 049429-C1-S1-01	0 215,916		35,945 180,842	
Total Title I			215,916		216,787	
Title VI-B Education of the Handicapped Act	84.027 84.027	049429-6B-SF-99 P 049429-6B-SF-01 P	0 68,198		19,731 41,820	
Total Title VI-B			68,198		61,551	
Safe and Drug-Free Schools Grants	84.186	049429-DR-SI-01	5,274		5,074	
Eisenhower Professional Development Grant	84.281 84.281	049429-MS-S1-00 049429-MS-S1-01	1,700 6,474		5,046 3,410	
Total Eisenhower Professional Development Grant			8,174		8,456	
Innovative Education Program Strategies - Chapter II	84.298 84.298	049429-C2-S1-00 049429-C2-S1-01	6,295		42 6,065	
Total Innovative Education Program Strategies - Chapter II			6,295		6,107	
Title VI-R Classroom Size Reduction Grant	84.340 84.340	049429-CR-S1-00 049429-CR-S1-01	15,954 42,533		17,904 36,709	
Total Title VI-R Classroom Size Reduction Grant			58,487		54,613	
Total U. S. Department of Education			362,344		352,588	
<b>Total Federal Financial Assistance</b>			\$446,128	\$13,511	\$436,372	\$12,184

<sup>(</sup>A) Included as part of "Nutrition Grant Cluster" in determining major programs.

<sup>(</sup>B) The Food Distribution Program is a non-cash, in kind, federal grant. Commodities are valued at fair market prices.

<sup>(</sup>C) Commingled with state and local revenue from sales of lunches; assumed expenditures were made on a first-in, first-out basis.

<sup>(</sup>D) This schedule was prepared on the cash basis of accounting.

# TRIMBLE, JULIAN & GRUBE, INC.

"SERVING OHIO LOCAL GOVERNMENTS"

1445 Worthington Woods Boul evard Suite B Worthington, Ohio 43085 Telephone 614.846.1899 Facsimile 614.846.2799

Report on Compliance and on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed In Accordance With Government Auditing Standards

Board of Education Crestview Local School District 1575 St. Rt. 96 Ashland, Ohio 44805

We have audited the general purpose financial statements of Crestview Local School District as of and for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2001, and have issued our report thereon dated October 4, 2001. During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2001, the Crestview Local School District implemented Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 33, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Nonexchange Transactions. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

#### Compliance

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Crestview Local School District's general purpose financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grants, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*. However, we noted a certain immaterial instance of noncompliance that we have reported to the management of Crestview Local School District in a separate letter dated October 4, 2001.

Board of Education Crestview Local School District

#### **Internal Control Over Financial Reporting**

In planning and performing our audit, we considered Crestview Local School District's internal control over financial reporting in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the general purpose financial statements and not to provide assurance on the internal control over financial reporting. Our consideration of the internal control over financial reporting would not necessarily disclose all matters in the internal control that might be material weaknesses. A material weakness is a condition in which the design or operation of one or more of the internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that misstatements in amounts that would be material in relation to the financial statements being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions. We noted no matters involving the internal control over financial reporting and its operation that we consider to be material weaknesses. We noted another matter involving the internal control over financial reporting that we have reported to the management of Crestview Local School District in a separate letter dated October 4, 2001.

This report is intended for the information and use of the management and Board of Education of Crestview Local School District, federal awarding agencies and pass through entities, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Trimble, Julian & Grube, Inc. October 4, 2001

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# Report On Compliance With Requirements Applicable to Its Major Program and on Internal Control Over Compliance in Accordance with *OMB CIRCULAR A-133*

Board of Education Crestview Local School District 1575 St. Rt. 96 Ashland, Ohio 44805

#### **Compliance**

We have audited the compliance of Crestview Local School District with the types of compliance requirements described in the *U. S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Circular A-133 Compliance Supplement* that are applicable to its major federal program for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2001. During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2001, the Crestview Local School District implemented Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 33, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Nonexchange Transactions. Crestview Local School District's major federal program is identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings. Compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts and grants applicable to its major federal program is the responsibility of Crestview Local School District's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on Crestview Local School District's compliance based on our audit.

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and OMB Circular A-133, *Audit of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. Those standards and OMB Circular A-133 require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about Crestview Local School District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our audit does not provide a legal determination on Crestview Local School District's compliance with those requirements.

Board of Education Crestview Local School District

In our opinion, Crestview Local School District complied, in all material respects, with the requirements referred to above that are applicable to its major federal program for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2001.

#### Internal Control Over Compliance

The management of Crestview Local School District is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with requirements of laws, regulations, contracts and grants applicable to federal programs. In planning and performing our audit, we considered Crestview Local School District's internal control over compliance with requirements that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on compliance and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with OMB Circular A-133.

Our consideration of the internal control over compliance would not necessarily disclose all matters in the internal control that might be material weaknesses. A material weakness is a condition in which the design or operation of one or more of the internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that noncompliance with applicable requirements of laws, regulations, contracts and grants that would be material in relation to a major federal program being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions. We noted no matters involving the internal control over compliance and its operation that we consider to be material weaknesses.

This report is intended for the information and use of management, the Board of Education of Crestview Local School District, federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Trimble, Julian & Grube, Inc. October 4, 2001

# SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS OMB CIRCULAR A-133 § .505

**JUNE 30, 2001** 

#### 1. SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

(d)(1)(i)	Type of Financial Statement Opinion	Unqualified
(d)(1)(ii)	Were there any material control weakness conditions reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
(d)(1)(ii)	Were there any other reportable control weakness conditions reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
(d)(1)(iii)	Was there any reported non- compliance at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
(d)(1)(iv)	Were there any material internal control weakness conditions reported for major federal programs?	No
(d)(1)(iv)	Were there any other reportable internal control weakness conditions reported for major federal programs?	No
(d)(1)(v)	Type of Major Program's Compliance Opinion	Unqualified
(d)(1)(vi)	Are there any reportable findings under § .510?	No

# SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS OMB CIRCULAR A-133 § .505

**JUNE 30, 2001** 

#### 1. SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS (Continued)

(d)(1)(vii)	Major Program:	Title I, CFDA #84.010
(d)(1)(viii)	Dollar Threshold: Type A/B Programs	Type A: >\$300,000 Type B: all others
(d)(1)(ix)	Low Risk Auditee?	Yes

# 2. FINDINGS RELATED TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS

None

#### 3. FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR FEDERAL AWARDS

None



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# CRESTVIEW LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT RICHLAND COUNTY

#### **CLERK'S CERTIFICATION**

This is a true and correct copy of the report which is required to be filed in the Office of the Auditor of State pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in Columbus, Ohio.

**CLERK OF THE BUREAU** 

Susan Babbitt

CERTIFIED DECEMBER 11, 2001