Lawrence County

Single Audit

July 1, 1999 Through June 30, 2000

Fiscal Year Audited Under GAGAS: 2000

MICHAEL A. BALESTRA, CPA, INC. CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT 528 SOUTH WEST STREET, P.O. BOX 687 PIKETON, OHIO 45661



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Board of Education
Dawson-Bryant Local School District
Coal Grove, Ohio

We have reviewed the Independent Auditor's Report of the Dawson-Bryant Local School District, Lawrence County, prepared by Michael A. Balestra, CPA, Inc., for the audit period July 1, 1999 to June 30, 2000. Based upon this review, we have accepted these reports in lieu of the audit required by Section 117.11, Revised Code. The Auditor of State did not audit the accompanying financial statements and, accordingly, we are unable to express, and do not express an opinion on them.

Our review was made in reference to the applicable sections of legislative criteria, as reflected by the Ohio Constitution, and the Revised Code, policies, procedures and guidelines of the Auditor of State, regulations and grant requirements. The Dawson-Bryant Local School District is responsible for compliance with these laws and regulations.

JIM PETRO Auditor of State

January 17, 2001

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MICHAEL A. BALESTRA, CPA, INC.

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS 528 SOUTH STREET, P.O. BOX 687 PIKETON, OHIO 45661

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Member American Institute of Certified Public Accountants

Ohio Society of Certified Public Accountants

Independent Auditors' Report

Members of the Board Dawson-Bryant Local School District 222 Lane Street Coal Grove, Ohio 45638

We have audited the accompanying general-purpose financial statements of the Dawson-Bryant Local School District, Lawrence County, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2000, as listed in the table of contents. These general-purpose financial statements are the responsibility of the Dawson-Bryant Local School District's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these general-purpose financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the general-purpose financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the general-purpose financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Dawson-Bryant Local School District, as of June 30, 2000, and the results of its operations and cash flows of its proprietary fund type for the year then ended in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 11, 2000 on our consideration of the Dawson-Bryant Local School District's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grants. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* and should be read in conjunction with this report in considering the results of our audit.

Our audit was performed for the purpose of forming an opinion on the general-purpose financial statements of Dawson-Bryant Local School District, taken as a whole. The accompanying schedule of federal awards expenditures is presented for purpose of additional analysis as required by U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations, and is not a required part of the general-purpose financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the general-purpose financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the general-purpose financial statements taken as a whole.

Michael A. Balestra, CPA, Inc. Michael A. Balestra, CPA, Inc.

December 11, 2000

Combined Balance Sheet All Fund Types and Account Groups June 30, 2000

_	Governmental Fund Types				
_	General	Special Revenue	Debt Service	Capital Projects	
Assets and Other Debits:					
Assets:					
Equity in Pooled Cash and					
Cash Equivalents	509,736	658,527	282,345	1,039,413	
Receivables:					
Taxes	828,573	0	220,023	20,374	
Accounts	620	0	0	0	
Intergovernmental	14,308	0	0	0	
Accrued Interest	4,608	0	0	0	
Interfund Receivable	337,554	0	0	0	
Inventory Held for Resale	0	0	0	0	
Materials and Supplies Inventory	2,799	0	0	0	
Prepaid Items	79,222	927	0	0	
Restricted Assets:					
Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents	90,708	0	0	0	
Fixed Assets (Net, where applicable,					
of Accumulated Depreciation)	0	0	0	0	
Other Debits:					
Amount Available in					
Debt Service Fund	0	0	0	0	
Amount to be Provided from					
General Government Resources	0	0	0	0	
Total Assets and Other Debits	1,868,128	659,454	502,368	1,059,787	

Proprietary Fund Type	Fiduciary Fund Type	Account C	_	m . 1
		General	General	Totals
.		Fixed	Long-Term	(Memorandum
Enterprise	Agency	Assets	Obligations	Only)
1,310	74,420	0	0	2,565,751
0	0	0	0	1,068,970
0	0	0	0	620
44,870	0	0	0	59,178
0	0	0	0	4,608
0	0	0	0	337,554
4,429	0	0	0	4,429
777	0	0		3,576
0	0	0	0	80,149
0	0	0	0	90,708
103,890	0	18,327,457	0	18,431,347
0	0	0	240,066	240,066
0	0	0	2,595,421	2,595,421
155,276	74,420	18,327,457	2,835,487	25,482,377
		, , ,		(Continued)

Combined Balance Sheet All Fund Types and Account Groups June 30, 2000 (Continued)

	Governmental Fund Types				
	General	Special Revenue	Debt Service	Capital Projects	
<u>Liabilities</u> , Fund Equity and Other Credits:					
Liabilities:					
Accounts Payable	34,373	9,467	0	10,400	
Accrued Wages and Benefits Payable	544,220	83,912	0	0	
Compensated Absences Payable	39,213	0	0	0	
Interfund Payable	0	0	0	337,554	
Intergovernmental Payable	126,024	11,280	0	7	
Deferred Revenue	809,047	0	214,828	19,893	
Undistributed Monies	0	0	0	0	
Due to Students	0	0	0	0	
Claims Payable	0	0	0	0	
Energy Conservation Bonds Payable	0	0	0	0	
General Obligation Bonds Payable	0	0	0	0	
Total Liabilities	1,552,877	104,659	214,828	367,854	
Fund Equity and Other Credits:					
Investment in General Fixed Assets	0	0	0	0	
Contributed Capital	0	0	0	0	
Retained Earnings:					
Unreserved	0	0	0	0	
Fund Balance:					
Reserved for Encumbrances	597,260	50,590	0	118,250	
Reserved for Inventory	2,799	0	0	0	
Reserved for Contributions	,				
Reserved for Property Taxes	19,526	0	5,195	481	
Reserved for Budget Stabilization	90,708	0	0	0	
Unreserved, Designated	24,294	0	0	0	
Unreserved, Undesignated (Deficit)	(419,336)	504,205	282,345	573,202	
Total Fund Equity					
and Other Credits	315,251	554,795	287,540	691,933	
Total Liabilities, Fund Equity and Other Credits	1,868,128	659,454	502,368	1,059,787	

Proprietary Fund Type	Fiduciary Fund Type	Account C	Frouns	
T und Type	Tuna Type	General	General	Totals
		Fixed	Long-Term	(Memorandum
Enterprise	Agency	Assets	Obligations	Only)
0	0	0	0	54,240
16,385	0	0	0	644,517
10,230	0	0	678,885	728,328
0	0	0	0	337,554
13,511	0	0	60,030	210,852
765	0	0	0	1,044,533
0	64,457	0	0	64,457
0	9,963	0	0	9,963
0	0	0	106,572	106,572
0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	1,990,000	1,990,000
40,891	74,420	0	2,835,487	5,191,016
0	0	18,327,457	0	18,327,457
120,061	0	0	0	120,061
(5,676)	0	0	0	(5,676)
0	0	0	0	766,100
0	0	0	0	2,799
0	0	0	0	25.202
0	0	0	0	25,202 90,708
0	0	0	0	24,294
0	0	0	0	940,416
		<u> </u>		940,410
114,385	0	18,327,457	0	20,291,361
155,276	74,420	18,327,457	2,835,487	25,482,377

Combined Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances All Governmental Fund Types For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2000

	Governmental Fund Types				Totals
	General	Special Revenue	Debt Service	Capital Projects	(Memorandum Only)
Revenues:					
Taxes	688,641	0	183,184	16,961	888,786
Intergovernmental	5,660,607	841,335	32,792	121,753	6,656,487
Interest	152,544	6,624	0	0	159,168
Tuition and Fees	4,839	12,332	0	0	17,171
Extracurricular Activities	0	148,279	0	0	148,279
Miscellaneous	139,013	0	0	64,819	203,832
Total Revenues	6,645,644	1,008,570	215,976	203,533	8,073,723
Expenditures:					
Current:					
Instruction	2 272 146	242 (12		162 201	2 (50 050
Regular	3,273,146	242,612	0	163,201	3,678,959
Special Adult/Continuing	550,710 50	549,554 0	$0 \\ 0$	84,997 0	1,185,261 50
Other	10,691	13,375	0	0	24,066
Support Services	10,071	13,373	O	O	24,000
Pupils	289,865	35,234	0	0	325,099
Instructional Staff	163,908	449,760	0	17,442	631,110
Board of Education	17,597	0	0	0	17,597
Administration	517,960	42,780	0	0	560,740
Fiscal	162,872	0	0	637	163,509
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	992,626	0	0	5,213	997,839
Pupil Transportation	423,350	0	0	49,984	473,334
Central	33,614	0	0	0	33,614
Non-Instructional Services	0	9,479	0	0	9,479
Extracurricular Activities	146,158	72,470	0	507.017	218,628
Capital Outlay Debt Service	0	0	0	507,017	507,017
Principal Retirement	0	0	45,000	0	45,000
Interest and Fiscal Charges	0	0	123,502	0	123,502
Total Expenditures	6,582,547	1,415,264	168,502	828,491	8,994,804
Excess of Revenues Over Expenditures	63,097	(406,694)	47,474	(624,958)	(921,081)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):					
Operating Transfers In	0	30,073	0	0	30,073
Proceeds from the Sale of Notes	0	0	0	0	0
Proceeds from the Sale of Fixed Assets	0	0	0	0	0
Operating Transfers Out	(44,073)	0	0	0	(44,073)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(44,073)	30,073	0	0	(14,000)
Excess of Revenues and Other Financing Sources Over Expenditures and Other Financing Uses	19,024	(376,621)	47,474	(624,958)	(935,081)
Fund Balances at Beginning of Year	296,227	931,416	240,066	1,316,891	2,784,600
Fund Balances at End of Year	315,251	554,795	287,540	691,933	1,849,519
	310,201				-,,,

Combined Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual (Budget Basis)
All Governmental Fund Types For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2000

	General Fund				
	<u> </u>		Variance		
	Revised		Favorable		
_	Budget	Actual	(Unfavorable		
Revenues:					
Γaxes	742,174	742,174			
Intergovernmental	5,993,879	5,993,879			
Interest	179,577	179,577			
Tuition and Fees	4,839	4,839			
Extracurricular Activities	0	0			
Miscellaneous	132,994	132,994			
Total Revenues	7,053,463	7,053,463			
Expenditures:					
Current:					
Instruction					
Regular	3,790,311	3,790,311			
Special	556,766	556,766			
Adult/Continuing	50	50			
Other	22,122	22,122			
Support Services					
Pupils	282,025	282,025			
Instructional Staff	180,609	180,609			
Board of Education	18,259	18,259			
Administration	538,990	538,990			
Fiscal	176,319	176,319			
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	1,062,290	1,062,290			
Pupil Transportation	471,141	471,141			
Central	33,614	33,614			
Non-Instructional Services	0	0			
Extracurricular Activities	132,921	132,921			
Capital Outlay	0	0			
Debt Service:	v	0			
Principal Retirement	0	0			
Interest and Fiscal Charges	0	0			
Total Expenditures	7,265,417	7,265,417			
Excess of Revenues Over					
(Under) Expenditures	(211,954)	(211,954)			
Other Financing Sources (Uses):					
Operating Transfers In	0	0			
Advances In	0	0			
Operating Transfers Out		(44,073)			
Advances Out	(337,554)	(337,554)			
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(381,627)	(381,627)			
Excess of Revenues and Other Financing Sources Over (Under) Expenditures and Other Financing Uses	(593 581)	(593,581)			
•					
Fund Balances at Beginning of Year		132,881			
	775,202				
Fund Balances at End of Year	314,502	314,502			

Combined Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual (Budget Basis)
All Governmental Fund Types For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2000 (Continued)

	Special Revenue Funds				
			Variance		
	Revised		Favorable		
_	Budget	Actual	(Unfavorable)		
Revenues:					
Taxes	0	0	0		
Intergovernmental	503,963	503,963	0		
Interest	6,624	6,624	0		
Tuition and Fees	12,332	12,332	0		
Extracurricular Activities	148,631	148,631	0		
Miscellaneous	0	0	0		
Total Revenues	671,550	671,550	0		
Expenditures:					
Current:					
Instruction					
Regular	253,987	253,987	0		
Special	552,178	552,178	0		
Adult/Continuing	0	0	0		
Other	13,375	13,375	0		
Support Services					
Pupils	35,656	35,656	0		
Instructional Staff	503,857	503,857	0		
Board of Education	0	0	0		
Administration	41,297	41,297	0		
Fiscal	0	0	0		
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	0	0	0		
Pupil Transportation	0	0	0		
Central	0	0	0		
Non-Instructional Services	9,425	9,425	0		
Extracurricular Activities	85,653	85,653	0		
Capital Outlay	0	0	0		
Debt Service:					
Principal Retirement	0	0	0		
Interest and Fiscal Charges	0	0_	0		
Total Expenditures	1,495,428	1,495,428	0		
Excess of Revenues Over					
(Under) Expenditures	(823,878)	(823,878)	0		
Other Financing Sources (Uses):					
Operating Transfers In	30,073	30,073	0		
Advances In	0	0	0		
Operating Transfers Out	0	0	0		
Advances Out	0	0	0		
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	30,073	30,073	0		
Excess of Revenues and Other Financing Sources Over (Under)					
Expenditures and Other Financing Uses	(793,805)	(793,805)	0		
Fund Balances at Beginning of Year	996,933	996,933	0		
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated	58,953	58,953	0		
Fund Balances at End of Year	262,081	262,081	0		

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0,369 220,369 0 1,176,604 1,176,604 0 0 0 0 210,766 210,766 0	0	0_	0	337,554	337,554	0
0 0 210,766 210,766 0	61,976	61,976	0	(485,007)	(485,007)	0
	20,369	220,369	0	1,176,604	1,176,604	0
2.245	0	0	0	210,766	210,766	0
<u>2,345 </u>	82,345	282,345	0	902,363	902,363	0

Combined Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual (Budget Basis)
All Governmental Fund Types For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2000 (Continued)

<u>-</u>	Total	n Only)	
	Revised Budget	Actual	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)
Revenues:			
Taxes	958,164	958,164	0
Intergovernmental	6,652,387	6,652,387	0
Interest	186,201	186,201	0
Tuition and Fees	17,171	17,171	0
Extracurricular Activities	148,631	148,631	0
Miscellaneous	197,813	197,813	0_
Total Revenues	8,160,367	8,160,367	0
Expenditures:			
Current:			
Instruction			
Regular	4,215,898	4,215,898	0
Special	1,193,941	1,193,941	0
Adult/Continuing	50	50	0
Other	35,497	35,497	0
Support Services			
Pupils	317,681	317,681	0
Instructional Staff	701,908	701,908	0
Board of Education	18,259	18,259	0
Administration	580,287	580,287	0
Fiscal	176,956	176,956	0
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	1,067,503	1,067,503	0
Pupil Transportation	521,125	521,125	0
Central	33,614	33,614	0
Non-Instructional Services	9,425	9,425	0
Extracurricular Activities	218,574	218,574	0
Capital Outlay	697,564	697,564	0
Debt Service:			
Principal Retirement	45,000	45,000	0
Interest and Fiscal Charges	123,502	123,502	0
Total Expenditures	9,956,784	9,956,784	0
Excess of Revenues Over			
(Under) Expenditures	(1,796,417)	(1,796,417)	0
Other Financing Sources (Uses):			
Operating Transfers In	30,073	30,073	0
Advances In	337,554	337,554	0
Operating Transfers Out	(44,073)	(44,073)	0
Advances Out	(337,554)	(337,554)	0
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(14,000)	(14,000)	0
Excess of Revenues and Other Financing Sources Over (Under)			
Expenditures and Other Financing Uses	(1,810,417)	(1,810,417)	0
Fund Balances at Beginning of Year	2,526,787	2,526,787	0
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated	1,044,921	1,044,921	0
Fund Balances at End of Year	1,761,291	1,761,291	0

Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Equity Proprietary Fund Type For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2000

	Enterprise
Operating Revenues:	
Sales Other Revenues	214,955 551
Total Operating Revenues	215,506
Operating Expenses:	
Salaries Fringe Benefits Purchased Services Materials and Supplies Cost of Sales Depreciation	138,139 26,991 29,240 42,750 194,360 8,034
Total Operating Expenses	439,514
Operating Income (Loss)	(224,008)
Non-Operating Revenues: Federal Donated Commodities Federal and State Subsidies	20,454 170,672
Total Non-Operating Revenues	191,126
Net Loss Before Transfers	(32,882)
Operating Transfers In	14,000
Net Loss	(18,882)
Retained Earnings at Beginning of Year Retained Earnings at End of Year	13,206 (5,676)
Contributed Conital at Paginning and End of Voor	120 061
Contributed Capital at Beginning and End of Year	120,061
Total Fund Equity at End of Year	114,385
See accompanying notes to the general purpose financial	statements

DAWSON-BRYANT LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT

LAWRENCE COUNTY, OHIO

Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Equity - Budget and Actual (Budget Basis) Proprietary Fund Type

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2000

	Enterprise Fund				
Davanuas	Revised Budget	Actual	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)		
Revenues:					
Sales Other Revenues Federal and State Subsidies	215,007 551 182,410	215,007 551 182,410	0 0 0		
Total Revenues	397,968	397,968	0		
Expenses					
Salaries Fringe Benefits Purchased Services Materials and Supplies	135,383 28,463 29,240 218,839	135,383 28,463 29,240 218,839	0 0 0 0		
Total Operating Expenses	411,925	411,925	0		
Excess of Revenues Under Expenses Before Transfers	(13,957)	(13,957)	0		
Operating Transfers In	14,000	14,000	0		
Excess of Revenues and Operating Transfers Excess of Revenue Under Expenses and Transfers	43	43	0		
and transfers	43	43	U		
Fund Equity at Beginning of Year	(363)	(363)	0		
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated	680	680	0		
Fund Deficit at End of Year	360	360	0		

DAWSON-BRYANT LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT

LAWRENCE COUNTY

Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Fund Type For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2000

Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents:	Enterprise
Cash Flows from Operating Activities:	
Cash Received from Customers Other Operating Revenue Cash Payments to Suppliers for Goods and Services Cash Payments for Employee Services and Benefits	215,007 551 (247,129) (163,846)
Net Cash Used for Operating Activities	(195,417)
Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities:	
Operating Grants Received Operating Transfers In	182,410 14,000
Net Cash Provided by Noncapital Financing Activities	196,410
Net Increase in Cash and Cash Equivalents	993
Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Year	317
Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Year	1,310
Reconciliation of Operating Loss to Net <u>Cash Used for Operating Activities:</u>	
Operating Loss	(224,008)
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Loss to Net Cash Used for Operating Activities: Depreciation Donated Commodities Used During Year Changes in Assets and Liabilities: Decrease in Accounts Receivable Increase in Inventory Held for Resale Increase in Materials and Supplies Inventory Increase in Accrued Wages and Benefits Payable Increase in Compensated Absences Payable Increase in Claims Payable Decrease in Intergovernmental Payable	8,034 20,454 51 (459) (777) 1,361 1,394 0 (1,467)
Total Adjustments	28,591
Net Cash Used for Operating Activities	(195,417)
Cash and Cash Equivalents - All Fiduciary Funds	

Notes to the General Purpose Financial Statements June 30, 2000

Note 1 - Description of the School District and Reporting Entity

Dawson-Bryant Local School District is a body politic and corporate established for the purpose of exercising the rights and privileges conveyed to it by the constitution and laws of the State of Ohio.

The School District operates under a locally-elected five-member Board form of government and provides educational services as mandated by State and/or federal agencies. This Board of Education controls the School District's five instructional/support facilities staffed by 44 noncertified employees, 89 certificated full time teaching personnel and eight administrators who provide services to 1.330 students and other community members.

The reporting entity is comprised of the primary government, component units and other organizations that are included to ensure that the financial statements of the School District are not misleading. The primary government consists of all funds, departments, boards and agencies that are not legally separate from the School District. For Dawson-Bryant Local School District, this includes general operations, food service, and student related activities of the School District.

Component units are legally separate organizations for which the School District is financially accountable. The School District is financially accountable for an organization if the School District appoints a voting majority of the organization's governing board and (1) the School District is able to significantly influence the programs or services performed or provided by the organization; or (2) the School District is legally entitled to or can otherwise access the organization's resources; the School District is legally obligated or has otherwise assumed the responsibility to finance the deficits of, or provide financial support to, the organization; or the School District is obligated for the debt of the organization. Component units may also include organizations that are fiscally dependent on the School District in that the School District approves the budget, the issuance of debt or the levying of taxes for the organization. The School District has no component units.

The School District is associated with two organizations which are defined as jointly governed organizations. These organizations are presented in Note 9 to the general purpose financial statements. These organizations are the Lawrence County Joint Vocational School District and the South Central Ohio Computer Association.

Note 2 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The financial statements of Dawson-Bryant Local School District have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The School District also applies Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) statements and interpretations issued on or before November 30, 1989, to its proprietary activities provided they do not conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements. The more significant of the School District's accounting policies are described below.

A. Basis Of Presentation - Fund Accounting

The School District uses funds and account groups to report its financial position and the results of its operations. Fund accounting is designed to demonstrate legal compliance and to aid financial management by segregating transactions related to certain School District functions or activities.

A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts recording cash and other financial resources, together with all related liabilities and residual equities or balances, and changes therein, which are segregated for the purpose of carrying on specific activities or attaining certain objectives in accordance with special regulations, restrictions or limitations.

Notes to the General Purpose Financial Statements June 30, 2000

Note 2 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

A. Basis Of Presentation - Fund Accounting (continued)

An account group is a financial reporting device designed to provide accountability for certain assets and liabilities that are not recorded in the funds because they do not directly affect net expendable available financial resources.

For financial statement presentation purposes, the various funds of the School District are grouped into the following generic fund types under the broad fund categories governmental, proprietary and fiduciary.

Governmental Fund Types Governmental funds are those through which most governmental functions of the School District are financed. The acquisition, use and balances of the School District's expendable financial resources and the related current liabilities (except those accounted for in proprietary funds) are accounted for through governmental funds. The following are the School District's governmental fund types:

General Fund The general fund is the operating fund of the School District and is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The general fund balance is available to the School District for any purpose provided it is expended or transferred according to the general laws of Ohio.

Special Revenue Funds Special revenue funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than for major capital projects) that are legally restricted to expenditure for specified purposes.

Debt Service Funds The debt service fund is used to account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, general long-term debt principal, interest, and related costs.

Capital Projects Funds Capital projects funds are used to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities (other than those financed by proprietary funds).

Proprietary Fund Types Proprietary funds are used to account for the School District's ongoing activities which are similar to those found in the private sector. The following is the School District's proprietary fund type:

Enterprise Fund The enterprise fund is used to account for operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises where the intent is that the costs (expenses, including depreciation) of providing goods or services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges or where it has been decided that periodic determination of revenues earned, expenses incurred, and/or net income is appropriate for capital maintenance, public policy, management control, accountability or other purposes.

Fiduciary Fund Types Fiduciary funds are used to account for assets held by the School District in a trustee capacity or as an agent for individuals, private organizations, other governmental units and/or other funds. There are two types of fiduciary funds, trust and agency. The School District has no trust funds. The School District's agency funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations.

Notes to the General Purpose Financial Statements June 30, 2000

Note 2 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

A. Basis Of Presentation - Fund Accounting (continued)

Account Groups To make a clear distinction between fixed assets related to specific funds and those of general government, and between long-term obligations related to specific funds and those of a general nature, the following account groups are used:

General Fixed Assets Account Group This account group is established to account for all fixed assets of the School District, other than those accounted for in the proprietary funds.

General Long-Term Obligations Account Group This account group is established to account for all long-term obligations of the School District except those accounted for in the proprietary funds.

B. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

The accounting and financial reporting treatment applied to a fund is determined by its measurement focus. All governmental fund types are accounted for using a flow of current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities are generally included on the balance sheet. Operating statements of these funds present increases (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and decreases (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) in net current assets.

All proprietary fund types are accounted for on a flow of economic resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, all assets and all liabilities associated with the operation of these funds are included on the balance sheet. Fund equity (i.e., net total assets) is segregated into contributed capital and retained earnings components. Proprietary fund type operating statements present increases (e.g., revenues) and decreases (e.g., expenses) in net total assets.

Basis of accounting refers to when revenues and expenditures or expenses are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. Basis of accounting relates to the timing of the measurements made.

The modified accrual basis of accounting is followed for governmental and agency funds. Under this basis, revenues are recognized in the accounting period when they become both measurable and available. "Measurable" means the amount of the transaction can be determined and "available" means collectible within the current fiscal year or soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current fiscal year. The available period for the School District is sixty days after year-end.

In applying the susceptible to accrual concept under the modified accrual basis, the following revenue sources are deemed both measurable and available: interest, tuition, grants, and student fees.

The School District reports deferred revenues on its combined balance sheet. Deferred revenues arise when a potential revenue does not meet both the measurable and available criteria for recognition in the current period. In the subsequent period, when both revenue recognition criteria are met, the liability for deferred revenue is removed from the combined balance sheet and revenue is recognized. Property taxes measurable as of June 30, 2000, and delinquent property taxes, whose availability is indeterminable and which are intended to finance fiscal year 2000 operations, have been recorded as deferred revenue.

Notes to the General Purpose Financial Statements June 30, 2000

Note 2 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

B. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting (continued)

The measurement focus of governmental fund accounting is on decreases in net financial resources (expenditures) rather than expenses. Expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred, if measurable. Allocations of cost, such as depreciation and amortization, are not recognized in the governmental funds.

The accrual basis of accounting is utilized for reporting purposes by the proprietary fund type. Revenues are recognized when they are earned, and expenses are recognized when they are incurred. The fair value of donated commodities used during the year is reported in the operating statement as an expense with a like amount reported as donated commodities revenue. Unused donated commodities are reported as deferred revenue.

C. Budgetary Data

The budgetary process is prescribed by provisions of the Ohio Revised Code and entails the preparation of budgetary documents within an established timetable. The major documents prepared are the tax budget, the certificate of estimated resources, and the appropriation resolution, all of which are prepared on the budgetary basis of accounting. The certificate of estimated resources and the appropriation resolution are subject to amendment throughout the year with the legal restriction that appropriations cannot exceed estimated resources, as certified. All funds, other than agency funds, are legally required to be budgeted and appropriated. The legal level of budgetary control is at the fund level. Any budgetary modifications at this level may only be made by resolution of the Board of Education.

Tax Budget Prior to January 15, the Superintendent and Treasurer submit to the Board of Education a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing the following July 1. The budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing for all funds. Public hearings are publicized and conducted to obtain taxpayers' comments. The express purpose of this budget document is to reflect the need for existing or increased tax rates. By no later than January 20, the Board-adopted budget is filed with the County Budget Commission for rate determination.

Estimated Resources Prior to April 1, the Board of Education accepts, by formal resolution, the tax rates as determined by the Budget Commission and receives the commission's certificate of estimated resources which states the projected revenue of each fund. Prior to June 30, the School District must revise its budget so that total contemplated expenditures from any fund during the ensuing year will not exceed the amount stated in the certificate of estimated resources. The revised budget then serves as the basis for the appropriation measure. On or about July 1, the certificate is amended to include any unencumbered cash balances from the preceding year. The certificate may be further amended during the year if projected increases or decreases in revenue are identified by the School District Treasurer. Prior to year-end, the School District requested an amended certificate of estimated resources that reflected actual revenue for the fiscal year.

Appropriations Upon receipt from the County Auditor of an amended certificate of estimated resources based on final assessed values and tax rates or a certificate saying no new certificate is necessary, the annual appropriation resolution is legally enacted by the Board of Education at the fund level of expenditures, which is the legal levels of budgetary control. Prior to the passage of the annual appropriation measure, the Board may pass a temporary appropriation measure to meet the ordinary expenses of the School District. The appropriation resolution, by fund, must be within the estimated resources as certified by the County Budget Commission and the total of expenditures and encumbrances may not exceed the appropriation totals at any level of control. Any revisions that alter the total of any fund appropriations or alter total function appropriations within a fund, or alter object appropriations within functions, must be approved by the Board of Education. The Board may pass supplemental fund appropriations so long as the total appropriations by fund do not exceed the amounts set forth in the most recent certificate of estimated resources. The Board has delegated to the Treasurer the authority to allocate appropriations to the function and object levels.

Notes to the General Purpose Financial Statements June 30, 2000

Note 2 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

C. Budgetary Data (continued)

During the year, several supplemental appropriations were legally enacted; however, none of these amendments were significant. The budget figures which appear in the statements of budgetary comparisons represent the final appropriation amounts, including all supplemental appropriations. Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year for all funds consistent with statutory provisions. Prior to year-end, the School District's Board passed appropriations that reflected actual expenditures/expenses for the fiscal year.

Encumbrances As part of formal budgetary control, purchase orders, contracts and other commitments for the expenditure of monies are recorded as the equivalent of expenditures on the non-GAAP budgetary basis in order to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation and to determine and maintain legal compliance. Expenditures plus encumbrances may not legally exceed appropriations at the legal level of control. On the GAAP basis, encumbrances outstanding at fiscal year end are reported as a reservation of fund balance for subsequent-year expenditures for governmental funds and reported in the notes to the financial statements for proprietary funds.

Lapsing of Appropriations At the close of each year, the unencumbered balance of each appropriation reverts to the respective fund from which it was appropriated and becomes subject to future appropriation. Encumbered appropriations are carried forward to the succeeding fiscal year and are not reappropriated.

D. Cash and Cash Equivalents

To improve cash management, cash received by the School District is pooled. Monies for all funds, including proprietary funds, are maintained in this pool. Individual fund integrity is maintained through School District's records. Each fund's interest in the pool is presented as "equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents" on the combined balance sheet.

During fiscal year 2000, investments were limited to certificates of deposit and overnight repurchase agreements. These nonparticipating investment contracts are reported at cost.

Following Ohio statutes, the Board of Education has, by resolution, specified the funds to receive an allocation of interest earnings. Interest revenue credited to the general fund during fiscal year 2000 amounted to \$152,544, which includes \$107,782 assigned from other School District funds. Interest revenue credited to the special revenue funds during fiscal year 2000 amounted to \$6,624.

For purposes of the combined statement of cash flows and for presentation on the combined balance sheet, investments of the cash management pool and investments with original maturities of three months or less at the time they are purchased by the School District are considered to be cash equivalents. Investments with an initial maturity of more than three months that are not purchased from the pool are reported as investments.

E. Inventory

Inventories of governmental funds are stated at cost while inventories of proprietary funds are stated at the lower of cost or market. For all funds, cost is determined on a first-in, first-out basis. Inventory in governmental funds consists of expendable supplies held for consumption. The cost of inventory items is recorded as an expenditure in the governmental fund types when purchased. Reported material and supplies inventory is equally offset by a fund balance reserve in the governmental funds which indicates that it does not constitute available spendable resources even though it is a component of net current assets. Inventories of proprietary funds consist of donated food and purchased food and are expended when used.

Notes to the General Purpose Financial Statements June 30, 2000

Note 2 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

F. Prepaid Items

Payments made to vendors for services that will benefit periods beyond June 30, 2000, are recorded as prepaid items using the consumption method. A current asset for the prepaid amount is recorded at the time of the purchase and an expenditure is reported in the year in which services are consumed.

G. Fixed Assets and Depreciation

General fixed assets are not capitalized in the funds used to acquire or construct them. Instead, capital acquisition and construction costs are reflected as expenditures in governmental funds, and related assets are reported in the general fixed assets account group. Fixed assets utilized in the proprietary fund are capitalized in the respective fund. All fixed assets are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost) and updated for additions and retirements during the year. Donated fixed assets are recorded at their fair market values as of the date received. The School District maintains a capitalization threshold of three hundred dollars. The School District does not possess any infrastructure.

Improvements are capitalized. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an asset's life are not capitalized. Interest incurred during the construction of general fixed assets is also not capitalized.

Assets in the general fixed assets account group are not depreciated. Depreciation of furniture and equipment and vehicles in the proprietary fund type is computed using the straight-line method over an estimated useful life of five to twenty years.

H. Intergovernmental Revenues

For governmental funds, intergovernmental revenues, such as entitlements and grants awarded on a non-reimbursement basis, are recorded as receivables and revenues when measurable and available. Reimbursement type grants are recorded as receivables and revenues when the related expenditures are incurred. Other than commodities, grants and entitlements for proprietary fund operations are recognized as non-operating revenues in the accounting period in which they are earned and became measurable.

The School District currently participates in several State and federal programs, categorized as follows:

Entitlements
General Fund
State Foundation Program
School Bus Purchase

Special Revenue Funds
Disadvantaged Pupil Impact Aid

Non-Reimbursable Grants

General FundSafe Boating Grant

Notes to the General Purpose Financial Statements
June 30, 2000

Note 2 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

H. Intergovernmental Revenues (continued)

Special Revenue Funds

Venture Capital

Title VI-B

Title I

Preschool

Eisenhower

Educational Management Information System

Professional Development

Auxiliary Services

Dependent Care

Goals 2000

Drug Free Schools

Secondary Education & Transitional Services

Innovative Education Program Strategy

Tech Literacy Challenge

Class Size Reduction

Planning & Development of Dependent Care Program

Capital Projects Funds

School Net

School Net Plus

Emergency Repair Grant

ADA Handicapped Grant

Power Up Technology Grant

Reimbursable Grants

Proprietary Funds

National School Breakfast Program

National School Lunch Program

Government Donated Commodities

Summer Food Service Program

Grants and entitlements received in governmental funds amounted to eighty-five percent of governmental fund revenue during the 2000 fiscal year.

I. Compensated Absences

Vacation benefits are accrued as a liability as the benefits are earned if the employees' rights to receive compensation are attributed to services already rendered and it is probable that the School District will compensate the employees for the benefits through paid time off or some other means. The School District records a liability for accumulated unused vacation time when earned for all employees with more than one year of service.

Sick leave benefits are accrued as a liability using the vesting method. The liability includes the employees who are currently eligible to receive termination benefits and those the School District has identified as probable of receiving payments in the future. The amount is based on accumulated sick leave and employees' wage rates at fiscal year-end, taking into consideration any limits specified in the school district's termination policy. The School District records a liability for accumulated unused sick leave for employees after 15 years of service.

Notes to the General Purpose Financial Statements June 30, 2000

Note 2 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

I. Compensated Absences (continued)

For governmental funds, the current portion of unpaid compensated absences is the amount expected to be paid using expendable available resources. These amounts are recorded in the account "compensated absences payable" in the fund from which the employees who have accumulated unpaid leave are paid. The remainder is reported in the general long-term obligations account group. In proprietary funds, the entire amount of compensated absences is reported as a fund liability.

J. Accrued Liabilities and Long-Term Obligations

In general, governmental fund payables and accrued liabilities are reported as obligations of the funds regardless of whether they will be liquidated with current resources. However, compensated absences, contractually required pension contributions and special termination benefits that will be paid from governmental funds are reported as a liability in the general long-term obligations account group to the extent that they will not be paid with current expendable available financial resources. In general, amounts paid after sixty days are considered not to have been paid with current available financial resources. Bonds and notes are recognized as a liability of the general long-term obligations account group until due.

Long-term debt and other obligations financed by proprietary funds are reported as liabilities in the appropriate proprietary funds.

K. Interfund Transactions

Quasi-external transactions are accounted for as revenues and expenditures or expenses. Transactions that constitute reimbursements to a fund for expenditures/expenses initially made from it that are properly applicable to another fund are recorded as expenditures/expenses in the reimbursing fund and as reductions of expenditures/expenses in the fund that is reimbursed.

Nonrecurring or nonroutine permanent transfers of equity are reported as residual equity transfers. All other interfund transfers are reported as operating transfers.

L. Fund Balance Reserves

The School District reserves those portions of fund equity which are legally segregated for a specific future use or which do not represent available expendable resources and therefore are not available for appropriation or expenditure. Unreserved fund balance indicates that portion of fund equity which is available for appropriation in future periods. Fund equity reserves have been established for encumbrances, inventories of materials and supplies, property taxes, and budget stabilization.

The reserve for property taxes represents taxes recognized as revenue under generally accepted accounting principles but not available for appropriation under State statue. The reserve for budget stabilization represents money required to be set-aside by statue to protect against cyclical changes in revenue in revenues and expenditures.

M. Contributed Capital

Contributed capital represents resources from other funds, other governments and private sources provided to the enterprise funds that are not subject to repayment. These assets are recorded at their fair market value on the date contributed. Depreciation on those assets acquired or constructed with contributed resources is expensed and closed to unreserved retained earnings at year-end. There were no changes to contributed capital during the fiscal year.

Notes to the General Purpose Financial Statements June 30, 2000

Note 2 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

M. Contributed Capital (continued)

Because the School District did not prepare financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles prior to fiscal year 1994, the exact amount of contributed capital cannot be determined. Consequently, only those amounts that have been specifically identified have been classified as contributed capital in the accompanying financial statements. All other fund equity amounts pertaining to proprietary funds have been classified as retained earnings.

N. Restricted Assets

Restricted assets in the general fund represent cash and cash equivalents whose use is limited by legal requirements. Restricted assets include amounts required by statue to be set-aside by the School District for the acquisition or construction of capital assets and to create a reserve for budget stabilization. See Note 18 for additional information regarding set asides.

O. Designation of Fund Balance

The School District had a fund balance designation on the balance sheet for money set aside above the reserves for budget stabilization required by State statute. The School District designated \$24,294 for budget stabilization.

P. Total Columns on General Purpose Financial Statements

Total columns on the general purpose financial statements are captioned "Totals (Memorandum Only)" to indicate that they are presented only to facilitate financial analysis. Data in these columns do not present financial position or results of operations in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles. Neither is such data comparable to a consolidation. Interfund eliminations have not been made in the aggregation of this data.

Note 3 - Fund Deficit

The deficits in the special revenue funds and in the capital projects fund resulted from expenditures made in excess of available revenues. The general fund is liable for any deficit in these funds and provides operating transfers when cash is required, not when accruals occur. The following table summarizes these deficits by fund type:

Fund Deficits	Amounts
Special Revenues Funds:	
Educational Management Information System	\$542
Pilasco Preschool	16
Schoolnet Professional Development	368
Total Special Revenues Funds	926
Capital Projects Fund:	
Building Fund	337,554
Total All Funds	\$338,480

Notes to the General Purpose Financial Statements June 30, 2000

Note 4 - Budgetary Basis of Accounting

While the School District is reporting financial position, results of operations and changes in fund balance/retained earnings on the basis of generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP), the budgetary basis as provided by law is based upon accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements and encumbrances. The Combined Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual (Budget Basis), All Governmental Fund Types and the Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Equity - Budget and Actual (Budget Basis), Proprietary Fund Type are presented on the budgetary basis to provide a meaningful comparison of actual results with the budget. The major differences between the budget basis and GAAP basis are:

- 1. Revenues are recorded when received in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when susceptible to accrual (GAAP basis).
- 2. Expenditures/expenses are recorded when paid in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when the liability is incurred (GAAP basis).
- 3. Encumbrances are treated as expenditures/expenses for all funds (budget basis) rather than as a reservation of fund balance for governmental fund types and as note disclosures in the proprietary fund types (GAAP basis).
- 4. Advances in and advances out are operating transactions (budget basis) as opposed to balance sheet transactions (GAAP basis).

The following tables summarize the adjustments necessary to reconcile the GAAP and budgetary basis statements by fund type:

Excess of Revenues and Other Financing Sources Over (Under) Expenditures and Other Financing Uses All Governmental Fund Types

		Special	Debt	Capital
	General	Revenue	Service	Projects
GAAP Basis	\$19,024	(\$376,621)	\$47,474	(\$624,958)
Revenue Accruals	407,819	(337,020)	14,502	1,343
Prepaid Items	(79,222)	(927)	0	0
Advances In	0	0	0	337,554
Expenditure Accruals	(544,574)	(20,163)	0	(61,896)
Advances Out	(337,554)	0	0	0
Encumbrances	(59,074)	(59,074)	0	(137,050)
Budget Basis	(\$593,581)	(\$793,805)	\$61,976	(\$485,007)

Notes to the General Purpose Financial Statements June 30, 2000

Note 4 - Budgetary Basis of Accounting (continued)

Net Loss/Excess of Revenues Under Expenses Proprietary Fund Type

	Enterprise
GAAP Basis	(\$18,882)
Revenue Accruals	(8,663)
Expense Accruals	21,740
Materials and Supplies Inventory	(777)
Inventory Held for Resale	(459)
Depreciation Expense	8,034
Encumbrances	(950)
Budget Basis	\$43

Note 5 - Deposits and Investments

State statutes classify monies held by the School District into three categories.

Active deposits are public deposits necessary to meet current demands on the treasury. Such monies must be maintained either as cash in the School District treasury, in commercial accounts payable or withdrawable on demand, including negotiable order of withdrawal (NOW) accounts, or in money market deposit accounts.

Inactive deposits are public deposits the Board of Education has identified as not required for use within the current two year period of designation of depositories. Inactive deposits must either be evidenced by certificates of deposit maturing not later than the end of the current period of designation of depositories, or by savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts.

Interim deposits are deposits of interim monies. Interim monies are those monies which are not needed for immediate use but which will be needed before the end of the current period of designation of depositories. Interim deposits must be evidenced by time certificates of deposit maturing not more than one year from the date of deposit or by savings accounts, including passbook accounts.

Protection of the School District's deposits is provided by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC), by eligible securities pledged by the financial institution as security for repayment, by surety company bonds deposited with the treasurer by the financial institution or by a single collateral pool established by the financial institution to secure the repayment of all public money deposited with the institution.

Interim monies may be deposited or invested in the following securities:

- 1. United States Treasury Notes, Bills, Bonds, or any other obligation or security issued by the United States Treasury or any other obligation guaranteed as to principal and interest by the United States;
- 2. Bonds, notes, debentures, or any other obligations or securities issued by any federal government agency or instrumentality, including but not limited to, the Federal National Mortgage Association, Federal Home Loan Bank, Federal Farm Credit Bank, Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation, Government National Mortgage Association, and Student Loan Marketing Association. All federal agency securities shall be direct issuances of federal government agencies or instrumentalities;

Notes to the General Purpose Financial Statements June 30, 2000

Note 5 - Deposits and Investments (continued)

- 3. Written repurchase agreements in the securities listed above provided that the market value of the securities subject to the repurchase agreement must exceed the principal value of the agreement by at least two percent and be marked to market daily, and that the term of the agreement must not exceed thirty days;
- 4. Bond and other obligations of the State of Ohio;
- 5. No-load money market mutual funds consisting exclusively of obligations described in division (1) or (2) and repurchase agreements secured by such obligations, provided that investments in securities described in this division are made only through eligible institutions;
- 6. The State Treasurer's investment pool (STAR Ohio);
- Certain bankers' acceptances and commercial paper notes for a period not to exceed one hundred and eighty days in an amount not to exceed twenty-five percent of the interim moneys available for investment at any one time; and,
- 8. Under limited circumstances, corporate debt interests rated in either of the two highest rating classifications by at least two nationally recognized rating agencies.

Investments in stripped principal or interest obligations, reverse repurchase agreements and derivatives are prohibited. The issuance of taxable notes for the purpose of arbitrage, the use of leverage and short selling are also prohibited. An investment must mature within five years from the date of purchase unless matched to a specific obligation or debt of the School District, and must be purchased with the expectation that it will be held to maturity.

Investments may only be made through specified dealers and institutions. Payment for investments may be made only upon delivery of the securities representing the investments to the treasurer or qualified trustee or, if the securities are not represented by a certificate, upon receipt of confirmation of transfer from the custodian.

The following information classifies deposits and investments by categories of risk as defined in GASB Statement No. 3, "Deposits With Financial Institutions, Investments (including Repurchase Agreements), and Reverse Repurchase Agreements."

Deposits At year-end, the carrying amount of the School District's deposits was \$959,459 and the bank balance was \$3,054,003. Of the bank balance:

- 1. \$200,000 was covered by federal depository insurance; and
- 2. \$2,854,003 was uninsured and uncollateralized. Although all state statutory requirements for the deposit of money had been followed, non-compliance with federal requirements could potentially subject the School District held to a successful claim by the FDIC.

Notes to the General Purpose Financial Statements June 30, 2000

Note 5 - Deposits and Investments (continued)

Investments The School District's investments are required to be categorized to give an indication of the level of risk assumed by the School District at year end. Category 1 includes investments that are insured or registered or for which the securities are held by the School District or its agent in the School District's name. Category 2 includes uninsured and unregistered investments for which the securities are held by the counterparty's trust department or agent in the School District's name. Category 3 includes uninsured and unregistered investments for which the securities are held by the counterparty, or by its trust department or agent but not in the School District's name.

	Category	Carrying Value	Fair Market
	3		Value
Repurchase Agreements	\$1,697,000	\$1,697,000	\$1,697,000

The classification of cash and cash equivalents, and investments on the combined financial statements is based on criteria set forth in GASB Statement No. 9, "Reporting Cash Flows of Proprietary and Non-Expendable Trust Funds and Governmental Entities That Use Proprietary Fund Accounting."

A reconciliation between the classifications of cash and cash equivalents and investments on the combined financial statements and the classifications of deposits and investments presented above per GASB Statement No. 3 is as follows:

Deposits	Investments
\$2,656,459	\$0
(1,697,000)	1,697,000
\$959.459	\$1.697.000
	\$2,656,459 (1,697,000)

Note 6 - Property Taxes

Property taxes are levied and assessed on a calendar year basis while the School District fiscal year runs from July through June. First half tax collections are received by the School District in the second half of the fiscal year. Second half tax distributions occur in the first half of the following fiscal year.

Property taxes include amounts levied against all real, public utility, and tangible personal property located in the School District. Property tax revenue received during calender 2000 for real and public utility property taxes represents collections of calender 1999 taxes. Property tax payments received during calender 2000 for tangible personal property (other than public utility property) is for calendar 2000 taxes.

2000 real property taxes are levied after April 1, 2000, on the assessed value as of January 1, 2000, the lien date. Assessed values are established by State law at thirty-five percent of appraised market value.

Public utility real and tangible personal property currently is assessed at varying percentages of true value; public utility real property is assessed at thirty-five percent of true value. 2000 public utility property taxes became a lien December 31, 1999, are levied after April 1, 2000 and are collected in 2001 with real property taxes.

Real and public utility property taxes are payable annually and semi-annually. If paid annually, payment is due December 31; If paid semi-annually, the first payment is due December 31, with the remainder payable by June 20. Under certain circumstances, State statute permits alternate payment dates to be established.

Notes to the General Purpose Financial Statements June 30, 2000

Note 6 - Property Taxes (continued)

Tangible personal property used in business (except public utilities) is currently assessed for ad valorem taxation purposes at 25 percent of its true value. Single county taxpayers may pay annually or semi-annually. If paid annually, payment is due April 30; if paid semi-annually, the first payment is due April 30, with the remainder payable by September 20.

The assessed values upon which the fiscal year 2000 taxes were collected are:

	1999 Seco	ond-	2000 Fi	rst-
	Half Collec	etions	Half Collections	
	Amount	Percent	Amount	Percent
Agricultural/ Residential				
and Other Real Estate	\$35,612,030	84.32%	\$35,531,790	84.13%
Public Utility Personal	5,786,010	13.70%	5,825,030	13.79%
Tangible Personal Property	836,850	1.98%	878,070	2.08%
Total	\$42,234,890	100.00%	\$42,234,890	100.00%
Tax rate per \$1,000 of assessed valuation	\$26.50)	\$26.	50

The School District receives property taxes from Lawrence County. The Lawrence County Auditor periodically advances to the School District its portion of the taxes collected. Second-half real property tax payments collected by the County by June 30, 2000, are available to finance fiscal year 2001 operations. The amount available to be advanced can vary based on the date the tax bills are sent.

Accrued property taxes receivable represents delinquent taxes outstanding and real property, tangible personal property and public utility taxes which became measurable as of June 30, 2000. Although total property tax collections for the next fiscal year are measurable, only the amount available as an advance at June 30 is intended to finance current year operations. The receivable is therefore offset by a credit to deferred revenue for that portion not intended to finance current fiscal year operations. The amount available as an advance at June 30, 2000, was \$25,202 and is recognized as revenue. \$19,526 was available to the General Fund, \$5,195 was available to the Debt Service Fund and \$481 was available to the Capital Projects Fund. At June 30, 1999, the amount available as an advance was \$73,059 to the General Fund, and \$19,697 to the Debt Service Fund.

Note 7 - Receivables

Receivables at June 30, 2000, consisted of taxes, accounts (rent and tuition), accrued interest, interfund, and intergovernmental grants. All receivables are considered collectible in full due to the ability to foreclose for the nonpayment of taxes, the stable condition of State programs, and the current year guarantee of federal funds.

A summary of the principal items of intergovernmental receivables follows:

Intergovernmental Receivables	Amounts
General Fund:	
Other School Districts	\$9,719
Ohio Department of Natural Resources	4,589
Total General Fund	14,308

Notes to the General Purpose Financial Statements June 30, 2000

Note 7 - Receivables (continued)

Enterprise Fund:

Food Service- National School Lunch	44,870
Total Enterprise Fund	44,870
Total Intergovernmental Receivables	\$59,178

Note 8 - Fixed Assets

A summary of the enterprise fund's fixed assets at June 30, 2000, follows:

Furniture and Equipment	\$241,876
Less: accumulated depreciation	(137,986)
Net Fixed Assets	\$103,890

A summary of the changes in general fixed assets during fiscal year 2000 follows:

	Balance			Balance
	6/30/99	Additions	Deductions	6/30/00
Land and Improvements	\$174,637	\$0	\$0	\$174,637
Buildings and Improvements	14,359,881	637,717	0	14,997,598
Textbooks	249,441	0	0	249,441
Vehicles	784,346	49,984	0	834,330
Furniture and Equipment	1,741,008	330,443	0	2,071,451
Total General Fixed Assets	\$17,309,313	\$1,018,144	\$0	\$18,327,457

There was no significant construction in progress at June 30, 2000.

Note 9 - Jointly Governed Organizations

The Lawrence County Joint Vocational School District is a distinct political subdivision of the State of Ohio operated under the direction of a Board consisting of one representative from Chesapeake-Union Exempted Village School District, two from the Ironton City Local School District and two from the Lawrence County Educational Service Center, which possesses its own budgeting and taxing authority. To obtain financial information write to the Lawrence County Joint Vocational School District, 11627 State Route 243, Chesapeake, Ohio 45619.

South Central Ohio Computer Association (SCOCA) is a jointly governed organization among public school districts within the boundaries of Highland, Adams, Pike, Scioto, Brown, Ross and Lawrence Counties. The organization was formed with the purpose of applying modern technology with the aid of computers and other electronic equipment to administrative and instructional functions among member school districts. The governing board of SCOCA consists of two representatives from each of the seven participating counties and one representative from the fiscal agent. All revenues are generated from State funding and an annual fee of \$2.00 per student. Dawson-Bryant Local School District paid \$2,660 for services provided during fiscal year 2000. To obtain financial information write to the Pike County Joint Vocational School District, P.O. Box 577, 23365 State Route 124, Piketon, Ohio 45661.

Notes to the General Purpose Financial Statements June 30, 2000

Note 10 - Risk Management

Property and Liability

The School District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft or damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. For fiscal year 2000, the School District contracted with Nationwide Insurance Company for property insurance and boiler and machinery coverage. The policies include a \$500 deductible.

Professional liability is protected by The Nationwide Insurance Company with a \$1,000,000 single occurrence limit and no deductible. Vehicles are covered by Grange Insurance and hold no deductible for comprehensive and \$100 deductible for collision.

Automobile liability has a \$1,000,000 combined single limit of liability. Settled claims have not exceeded this commercial coverage in any of the past five years. There has not been a significant reduction in coverage from the prior year.

The District established a self-insurance program for medical/surgical and prescription insurance offered to employees. Premiums are paid into the general fund by all other funds and are available to pay claims, claim reserves and administrative costs of the program. Medical Benefits administers claims for the District. The claims liability of \$160,572 reported in the General LongTerm Debt Account Group at June 30, 2000 is based on an estimate provided by the third party administrator and the requirements of GASB Statement No. 10 which requires that a liability for unpaid claim costs, including estimates of costs relating to incurred but not reported claims, be reported. The estimate was not affected by incremental claim adjustment expenses and does not include other allocated or unallocated claim adjustment expenses. Changes in claims activity for the fiscal year follows:

	Balance at	Current Year	Claims	Balance at
	Beginning of Year	Claims	Payments	End of Year
2000	\$ 0	\$610,005	\$503,433	\$106,572

Note 11 - Defined Benefit Pension Plans

A. School Employees Retirement System

The School District contributes to the School Employees Retirement System of Ohio (SERS), a cost-sharing multiple employer defined benefit pension plan. SERS provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided by Chapter 3309 of the Ohio Revised Code. SERS issues a publicly available, stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained by writing to the School Employees Retirement System, 45 N. Fourth Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215-3634.

Plan members are required to contribute 9 percent of their annual covered salary and the School District is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. The current School District rate is 14 percent of annual covered payroll. A portion of the School District's contribution is used to fund pension obligations with the remainder being used to fund health care benefits; for fiscal year 2000, 5.5 percent of annual covered salary was the portion used to fund pension obligations. The contribution requirements of plan members and employers are established and may be amended, up to a statutory maximum amount, by the SERS' Retirement Board.

Notes to the General Purpose Financial Statements June 30, 2000

Note 11 - Defined Benefit Pension Plans (continued)

A. School Employees Retirement System (continued)

The School District's required contributions for pension obligations to SERS for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2000, 1999, and 1998 were \$71,687, \$102,610 and \$110,339, respectively; 50.34 percent has been contributed for fiscal year 2000 and 100 percent for fiscal years 1999 and 1998.

B. State Teachers Retirement System

The School District contributes to the State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio (STRS), a cost-sharing multiple employer public employee retirement system. STRS provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death and survivor benefits to members and beneficiaries. Benefits are established by Chapter 3307 of the Ohio Revised Code. STRS issues a publicly available, stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for STRS. That report may be obtained by writing to the State Teachers Retirement System, 275 East Broad Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215-3371.

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2000, plan members were required to contribute 9.3 percent of their annual covered salaries. The School District was required to contribute 14 percent; 6 percent was the portion used to fund pension obligations. Contribution rates are established by STRS, upon recommendations of its consulting actuary, not to exceed statutory maximum rates of 10 percent for members and 14 percent for employers. The School District's required contributions for pension obligations to STRS for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2000, 1999, and 1998 were \$337,671, \$203,652 and \$378,225, respectively; 88.49 percent has been contributed for fiscal year 2000 and 100 percent for fiscal years 1999 and 1998.

Note 12 - Postemployment Benefits

The School District provides comprehensive health care benefits to retired teachers and their dependents through the State Teachers Retirement System (STRS), and to retired non-certified employees and their dependents through the School Employees Retirement System (SERS). Benefits include hospitalization, physicians' fees, prescription drugs and reimbursement of monthly Medicare premiums. Benefit provisions and the obligations to contribute are established by the Systems based on authority granted by State statute. Both systems are on a pay-as-you-go basis.

All STRS benefit recipients and sponsored dependents are eligible for health care coverage. The STRS Board has statutory authority over how much, if any, of the health care costs will be absorbed by STRS. Most benefit recipients pay a portion of the health care cost in the form of a monthly premium. By law, the cost of coverage paid from STRS funds is included in the employer contribution rate, currently 14 percent of covered payroll. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2000, the STRS Board allocated employer contributions equal to 8 percent of covered payroll to the Health Care Reserve Fund. For the School District, this amount equaled \$450,229 for fiscal year 2000.

STRS pays health care benefits from the Health Care Reserve Fund. At June 30, 1999, (the latest information available) the balance in the Fund was \$2,783 million. For the year ended June 30, 1999, net health care costs paid by STRS were \$249,929,000 and STRS had 95,796 eligible benefit recipients.

For SERS, coverage is made available to service retirees with ten or more fiscal years of qualifying service credit, and to disability and survivor benefit recipients. Members retiring on or after August 1, 1989, with less than twenty-five years of service credit must pay a portion of their premium for health care. The portion is based on years of service up to a maximum of 75 percent of the premium.

Notes to the General Purpose Financial Statements June 30, 2000

Note 12 - Postemployment Benefits (continued)

After the allocation for basic benefits, the remainder of the employer's 14 percent contribution is allocated to providing health care benefits. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2000, employer contributions to fund health care benefits were 6.30 percent of covered payroll. In addition, SERS levies a surcharge to fund health care benefits equal to 14 percent of the difference between a minimum pay and the member's pay, pro-rated for partial service credit. For fiscal year 2000, the minimum pay was established at \$12,400. For the School District, the amount contributed to fund health care benefits, including the surcharge, during the 2000 fiscal year equaled \$119,485.

The surcharge, added to the unallocated portion of the 14 percent employer contribution rate, provides for maintenance of the asset target level for the health care fund. The target level for the health care reserve is 150 percent of the annual health care expenses. Expenses for health care for the fiscal year ended June 30, 1999 (the latest information available), were \$126,380,984 and the target level was \$189.6 million. At June 30, 1999, SERS had net assets available for payment of health care benefits of \$188.0 million. SERS has approximately 51,000 participants currently receiving health care benefits.

Note 13 - Other Employee Benefits

A. Compensated Absences

The criteria for determining vacation and sick leave components are derived from negotiated agreements and State laws. Classified employees earn five to twenty days of vacation per year, depending upon length of service. Accumulated unused vacation time is paid to classified employees upon termination of employment. Teachers and administrators, who are not on a twelve month contract, do not earn vacation time. Teachers, administrators and classified employees earn sick leave at the rate of one and one-fourth days per month. There is a limit of 250 days of sick leave that may be accumulated. Upon retirement, payment is made for one-fourth of the total sick leave accumulation, up to a maximum of 60 days.

B. Health Care Benefits

The School District provides life insurance and accidental death and dismemberment insurance to classified and administrative employees through Anthem National Life Insurance Company, in the amount of \$30,000.

Dental insurance is provided by CoreSource, Inc.. Premiums for this coverage are \$48.99 for both single and family coverage. The School District pays 100% of the premium. Vision insurance is provided by Vision Service Plan. Premiums for this coverage are \$18.47 for both single and family coverage. The School District pays 100% of the premium.

Notes to the General Purpose Financial Statements June 30, 2000

Note 14 - Long-Term Obligations

Changes in long-term obligations of the School District during fiscal year 2000, were as follows:

	Principal Outstanding 6/30/99	Additions	Deductions	Principal Outstanding 6/30/00
Claims Payable	\$0	\$610,005	\$503,433	\$106,572
General Obligation Bonds:				
1983 School Building 9.125%	\$2,035,000	\$0	\$45,000	\$1,990,000
Compensated Absences	649,629	54,921	25,665	678,885
Intergovernmental Payable	64,248	60,030	64,248	60,030
Total General Long-Term Obligations	\$2,748,877	\$724,956	\$638,346	\$2,835,487

Medical/surgical, dental and vision insurance is offered to employees through a self-insurance internal service fund. The claims liability of \$106,572 reported in the internal service fund at June 30, 2000, is based on an estimate provided by the third party administrator and the requirements of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 10 which requires that a liability for unpaid claims costs, including estimates of costs relating to incurred but not reported claims, be reported. No incremental claim adjustment expenses are included in the estimate.

The general obligation bonds will be paid from the debt service fund. Compensated absences will be paid from the fund from which the person is paid. The intergovernmental payable represents contractually required pension contributions paid outside the available period and will be paid from the fund from which the person is paid.

On February 5, 2000, Dawson-Bryant Local School District was notified by the Ohio School Facilities Commission that they would not be responsible for repaying the remainder of the \$11,747,453 classroom facilities loan to the State because the School District's adjusted valuation per pupil (currently 607 of 611 schools) was less than the state-wide median adjusted valuation per pupil. In lieu of repayment, the School District must set aside the funds that would have been used for repayment for facilities maintenance. As part of this process, the School District must submit a maintenance plan to the Ohio School Facilities Commission every five years until the twenty-three year period expires. If the School District's adjusted valuation per pupil increases above the state-wide median adjusted valuation during the twenty-three year period, the School District may become responsible for a portion of the State's contribution.

The School District's overall legal debt margin was \$3,801,140 with an unvoted debt margin of \$42,235 at June 30, 2000. Principal and interest requirements to retire general obligation bonds outstanding at June 30, 2000, are as follows: Fiscal Year

Ending June 30,	Principal	Interest	Total
2001	\$45,000	\$121,321	\$166,321
2002	50,000	118,968	168,968
2003	55,000	116,316	171,316
2004	60,000	113,369	173,369
2005	65,000	110,134	175,134
2006-2010	445,000	486,161	931,161
2011-2015	115,000	390,208	505,208
2016-2018	1,155,000	193,465	1,348,465
	\$1,990,000	\$1,649,942	\$3,639,942

Notes to the General Purpose Financial Statements
June 30, 2000

Note 15 - Contractual Commitments

The School District has entered into contracts for the renovation and repair of existing buildings. Outstanding contracted commitments at June 30, 2000 are in the Power Up Technology Grant.

Note 16 - Contingencies

A. Grants

The School District received financial assistance from federal and state agencies in the form of grants. The disbursement of funds received under these programs generally requires compliance with terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements and is subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims resulting from such audits could become a liability of the general fund or other applicable funds. However, in the opinion of management, any such disallowed claims will not have a material adverse effect on the overall financial position of the School District at June 30, 2000.

B. Litigation

The School District is party to legal proceedings. The School District's management is of the opinion that ultimate disposition of these claims and legal proceedings will not have a material effect, if any, on the financial condition of the School District.

Note 17 - State School Funding Decision

On March 24, 1997, the Ohio Supreme Court rendered a decision declaring certain portions of the Ohio school funding plan unconstitutional. The Court stayed the effect of its ruling for one year to allow the State's legislature to design a plan to remedy the perceived defects in that system. Declared unconstitutional was the State's "school foundation program", which provides significant amounts of monetary support to the School District. During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2000, the School District received \$5,253,456 of school foundation support for its general fund.

In addition, the Court declared the classroom facilities program unconstitutional, because, in the Court's opinion, the program had not been sufficiently funded by the State. The classroom facilities program provided money to build schools and furnish classrooms. As of June 30, 2000, the School District had received a total of \$11,826,572 as a grant under this program.

Since the Supreme Court ruling, numerous pieces of legislation have been passed by the State legislature in an attempt to address the issues identified by the Court. The Court of Common Pleas in Perry County has reviewed the new laws and, in a decision issued on February 26, 1999, determined they are not sufficiently responsive to the constitutional issues raised under the "thorough and efficient" clause of the Ohio Constitution. The State appealed the decision made by the Court of Common Pleas to the Ohio Supreme Court. On May 11, 2000, the Ohio Supreme Court rendered an opinion on this issue. The Court concluded, "...the mandate of the [Ohio] Constitution has not been fulfilled." The Court's majority recognized efforts by the Ohio General Assembly taken in response to the Court's March 24, 1997, decision, however, it found seven "...major areas warrant[ing] further attention, study, and development by the General Assembly...", including the State's reliance on local property tax funding, the state's basic aid formula, the school foundation program, as discussed above, the mechanism for, and adequacy of, funding for school facilities, and the existence of the State's School Solvency Assistance Fund, which the Court found took the place of the unconstitutional emergency school loan assistance program.

Notes to the General Purpose Financial Statements June 30, 2000

Note 17 - State School Funding Decision (continued)

The Court decided to maintain jurisdiction over these issues and continued the case at least until June 15, 2001.

As of the date of these financial statements, the School District is unable to determine what effect, if any, this ongoing litigation will have on its future State funding under this program and on its financial operations.

Note 18 - Set-Aside Calculations and Fund Reserves

The School District is required by State statute to annually set aside in the general fund an amount based on a statutory formula for the purchase of textbooks and other instructional materials and an equal amount for the acquisition and construction of capital improvements. Amounts not spent by year-end or offset by similarly restricted resources received during the year must be held in cash at year-end and carried forward to be used for the same purposes in future years. The School District is also required to set aside money for budget stabilization.

The School District also receives resources from the State of Ohio which are restricted by state law for the purchase of school buses. The balance of this allocations is also reflected as a reservation of Fund Balance in the General Fund at fiscal year end.

The following cash basis information describes the change in the year-end set-aside amounts for textbooks, capital acquisition and budget stabilization. Disclosure of this information is required by State statute.

	Textbooks	Capital Acquisition	Budget Stabilization
Set-aside Cash Balance, June 30, 1999	\$0	\$5,261	\$90,708
Current Year Set-aside Requirement	134,906	134,906	0
Qualifying Disbursements	(270,939)	(275,809)	0
Total Set-aside Balance/(Deficits) Carried Forward to Future Fiscal Years June 30, 2000	(\$136,033)	(\$135,642)	\$90,708
Set-Aside Reserve Balance, June 30, 2000	\$0	\$0	\$90,708

The School District had qualifying disbursements during the fiscal year that reduced the Textbooks and Instructional Material and Capital Acquisition set-asides amount to zero.

Dawson-Bryant Local School District Lawrence County

Schedule of Federal Awards Expenditures For the Year Ended June 30, 2000

Federal Grantor/ Pass Through Grantor/ Program Title	Pass Through Entity Number	Federal CFDA Number	Receipts	Non-Cash Receipts	Disbursements	Non-Cash Disbursements
United States Department of Agriculttre						
Passed through Ohio Department of Education	_					
Nutrition Cluster:						
Food Distribution Program	NA	10.550	\$0	\$21,390	\$0	\$37,188
National School Breakfast Program	05-PU	10.553	43,070	0	43,070	0
National School Lunch Program	04-PU	10.555	166,364	0	166,364	0
Summer Food Service Program	24-AD	10.559	4,066	0	4,066	0
Total United States Department of Agriculture - Nutr	ition Cluster		213,500	21,390	213,500	37,188
United States Department of Education						
Passed through Ohio Department of Education	_					
Special Education Cluster:						
Title VI-B	6B-SI	84.027	263,669	0	536,903	0
Special Education Preschool Grant	PG-S7	84.173	32,550	0	88,776	0
Total Special Education Cluster			296,219	0	625,679	0
Title 1	C1-S1	84.010	84,227	0	366,797	0
Secondary Education and Transitional Services	PF-S1	84.158	20,000	0	17,156	0
Drug Free Education	DR-S1	84.186	1,679	0	3,503	0
Goals 2000	G2-SU	84.276	128,598	0	100,195	0
Eisenhower Professional Development	MS-S1	84.281	3,097	0	8,653	0
Inovative Education Program Strategy	C2-S1	84.298	1,897	0	6,639	0
Tech Literacy Challenge	TF-32	84.318	225,000	0	311,715	0
Class Size Reduction	CR-S1	84.340	18,939	0	59,482	0
Total United States Department of Education			779,656	0	1,499,819	0
United States Department of Health & Human Service	<u>s</u>					
Passed through Ohio Department of Education						
Planning & Development of Dependent Care Program	DC-S1	93.673	0	0	70	0
Total Federal Financial Assistance		=	\$993,156	\$21,390	\$1,713,389	\$37,188

N/A - not available

See accompanying notes to the Schedule of Federal Awards Expenditures.

DAWSON-BRYANT LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT LAWRENCE COUNTY JUNE 30, 2000

NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF FEDERAL AWARDS EXPENDITURES

NOTE A - - SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accompanying schedule of federal awards expenditures is a summary of the activity of the District's federal award programs. The schedule has been prepared on the cash basis of accounting.

NOTE B - - FOOD DISTRIBUTIONS

Nonmonetary assistance is reported in the schedule at the fair market value of the commodities received and disbursed. Monies are commingled with State grants. It is assumed federal monies are expended first. At June 30, 2000, the District had no significant food commodities in inventory.

NOTE C - - SPECIAL EDUCATION CLUSTER

The Special Education Cluster and School to Work programs are administered by Pilasco-Ross Special Education Regional Resource Center. Pilasco-Ross SERRC is a multi-county special education service organization which selects its own board, adopts its own budget, and receives direct Federal and State grants for its operation. The Dawson-Bryant Local School District serves as fiscal agent for the Pilasco-Ross SERRC.

Although not directly controlled by the School District, the financial transactions of Pilasco-Ross SERRC are handled by the Treasurer of the School District and are included on the general-purpose financial statements as an Agency fund.

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Ohio Society of Certified Public Accountants

Report on compliance and on internal control over financial reporting based on an audit of financial statements performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*

Members of the Board Dawson-Bryant Local School District 222 Lane Street Coal Grove, Ohio 45638

We have audited the general-purpose financial statements of the Dawson-Bryant Local School District, Lawrence County, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2000, and have issued our report thereon dated December 11, 2000. We conducted our audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Compliance

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Dawson-Bryant Local School District's general-purpose financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grants, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of general-purpose financial statement amounts. However, providing and opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance that are required to be reported under Government Auditing Standards. However, we noted other immaterial instances of noncompliance that we have reported to the management of the District in a separate letter dated December 11, 2000.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered Dawson-Bryant Local School District's internal control over financial reporting in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the general-purpose financial statements and not to provide assurance on the internal control over financial reporting. Our consideration of the internal control over financial reporting would not necessarily disclose all matters in the internal control over financial reporting that might be material weaknesses. A material weakness is a condition in which the design or operation of one or more of the internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that misstatements in amounts that would be material in relation to the financial statements being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions. We noted no matters involving the internal control over financial reporting and its operation that we consider to be material weaknesses.

However, we noted other matters involving the internal control over financial reporting, that do not require inclusion in this report, that we have reported to the management of the District in a separate letter dated December 11, 2000.

This report is intended for the information of the audit committee, management, members of the Board, federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Michael A. Balestra, CPA, Inc. Michael A. Balestra, CPA, Inc.

December 11, 2000

MICHAEL A. BALESTRA, CPA, INC.

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS 528 SOUTH WEST STREET, P.O. BOX 687 PIKETON, OHIO 45661

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Member American Institute of Certified Public Accountants

Ohio Society of Certified Public Accountants

Report on compliance with requirements applicable to each major program and internal control over compliance in accordance with OMB circular A-133

Members of the Board Dawson-Bryant Local School District 222 Lane Street Coal Grove. Ohio 45638

Compliance

We have audited the compliance of the Dawson-Bryant Local School District with the types of compliance requirements described in the U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Circular A-133 Compliance Supplement that are applicable to its major federal program for the year ended June 30, 2000. Dawson-Bryant Local School District's major federal program is identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. Compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts and grants applicable to its major federal program is the responsibility of Dawson-Bryant Local School District's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on Dawson-Bryant Local School District's compliance based on our audit.

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. Those standards and OMB Circular a-133 require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about Dawson-Bryant Local School District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our audit does not provide a legal determination on Dawson-Bryant Local School District's compliance with those requirements.

In our opinion, Dawson-Bryant Local School District complied, in all material respects, with the requirements referred to above that are applicable to its major federal program for the year ended June 30, 2000.

Internal Control Over Compliance

The management of Dawson-Bryant Local School District is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with requirements of laws, regulations, contracts and grants applicable to federal programs.

Members of the Board
Dawson-Bryant Local School District
Coal Grove, Ohio 45638
Report on compliance with requirements applicable to each major program and internal control over compliance in accordance with OMB circular A-133
Page 2

In planning and performing our audit, we considered Dawson-Bryant Local School District's internal control over compliance with requirements that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on compliance and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with OMB Circular A-133.

Our consideration of the internal control over compliance would not necessarily disclose all matters in the internal control that might be material weaknesses. A material weakness is a condition in which the design or operation of one or more of the internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that noncompliance with applicable requirements of laws, regulations, contracts and grants that would be material in relation to a major federal program being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions. We noted no matters involving the internal control over compliance and its operation that we consider to be material weaknesses.

This report is intended for the information of the audit committee, management, members of the Board, federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Michael A. Balestra, CPA, Inc. Michael A. Balestra, CPA, Inc.

December 11, 2000

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS OMB CIRCULAR A-133 SECTION .505

DAWSON-BRYANT LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT LAWRENCE COUNTY JUNE 30, 2000

1. SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

(d)(1)(i)	Type of Financial Statement Opinion	Unqualified
(d)(1)(ii)	Were there any material control weakness conditions reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
(d)(1)(ii)	Were there any other reportable control weakness conditions reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
(d)(1)(iii)	Was there any reported noncompliance at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
(d)(1)(iv)	Were there any material internal control weakness conditions reported for major federal programs?	No
(d)(1)(iv)	Were there any other reportable internal control weakness conditions reported for major federal programs?	No
(d)(1)(v)	Type of Major Programs' Compliance Opinion	Unqualified
(d)(1)(vi)	Are there any reportable findings under section .510?	No
(d)(1)(vii)	Major Programs (list):	Special Education Clusters CFDA # 84.027 & 84.173
(d)(1)(viii)	Dollar Threshold: Type A\B Programs	Type A: > \$300,000 Type B: all others
(d)(1)(ix)	Low Risk Auditee?	Yes

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS OMB CIRCULAR A-133 SECTION .505

DAWSON-BRYANT LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT LAWRENCE COUNTY JUNE 30, 2000

2. FINDINGS RELATED TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS

None

3. FINDINGS AND QUESTIONE	CD COSTS FOR FEDERAL AWARDS
Finding Number	None
CFDA Title and Number	
Federal Award Number/Year	
Federal Agency	

Finding Number

Pass-Through Agency



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DAWSON-BRYANT LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT LAWRENCE COUNTY

CLERK'S CERTIFICATION

This is a true and correct copy of the report which is required to be filed in the Office of the Auditor of State pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in Columbus, Ohio.

CLERK OF THE BUREAU

Susan Babbitt

CERTIFIED FEBRUARY 06, 2001