Audit Report

July 1, 1999 through June 30, 2000



KENT CITY School District Portage County





STATE OF OHIO OFFICE OF THE AUDITOR

JIM PETRO, AUDITOR OF STATE

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Board of Education Kent City School District 321 N. Depeyster Kent, OH 44240

We have reviewed the independent auditor's report of the Kent City School District, Portage County, prepared by Moore Stephens Apple, for the audit period July 1, 1999 through June 30, 2000. Based upon this review, we have accepted these reports in lieu of the audit required by Section 117.11, Revised Code. The Auditor of State did not audit the accompanying financial statements and, accordingly, we are unable to express, and do not express an opinion on them.

Our review was made in reference to the applicable sections of legislative criteria, as reflected by the Ohio Constitution, and the Revised Code, policies, procedures and guidelines of the Auditor of State, regulations and grant requirements. The Kent City School District is responsible for compliance with these laws and regulations.

JIM PETRO Auditor of State

December 31, 2000

KENT CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT - PORTAGE COUNTY Audit Report - June 30, 2000

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Report of Independent Auditors

To the Board of Education Kent City School District Kent, Ohio 44240

We have audited the accompanying general purpose financial statements of the Kent City School District as of and for the year ended June 30, 2000. These general purpose financial statements are the responsibility of the Kent City School District's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these general purpose financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in <u>Government Auditing Standards</u>, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the general purpose financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the general purpose financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall general purpose financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the general purpose financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Kent City School District as of June 30, 2000 and the results of its operations and cash flows of its proprietary fund types for the year then ended in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles.

In accordance with <u>Government Auditing Standards</u>, we have also issued our report dated December 13, 2000 on our consideration of the Kent City School District's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grants. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with <u>Government Auditing Standards</u> and should be read in conjunction with this report in considering the results of our audit.

Our audit was performed for the purpose of forming an opinion on the general purpose financial statements of Kent City School District, taken as a whole. The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, Audits of States, Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations, and is not a required part of the general-purpose financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the general-purpose financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the general-purpose financial statements taken as a whole.

Moore Stephens Apple

Akron, Ohio December 13, 2000

Kent City School District Combined Balance Sheet All Fund Types and Account Groups June 30, 2000

	Governmental Fund Types					
	General	Special General Revenue		Capital Projects		
Assets and Other Debits						
Assets						
Equity in Pooled Cash and						
Cash Equivalents	\$8,886,860	\$689,640	\$385,623	\$1,570,506		
Receivables:		,		, ,		
Taxes	16,513,332	0	1,433,845	0		
Accounts	544,625	2,683	0	0		
Intergovernmental	12,422	147,938	0	0		
Accrued Interest	74,077	0	0	0		
Interfund Receivable	27,600	0	0	0		
Due from Other Funds	7,421	75	0	0		
Inventory Held for Resale	0	0	0	0		
Materials and Supplies						
Inventory	66,601	0	0	0		
Restricted Assets:	·					
Equity in Pooled Cash and						
Cash Equivalents_	402,747	0	0	0		
Fixed Assets (Net, where applicable,	,					
of Accumulated Depreciation)	0	0	0	0		
Other Debits				•		
Amount Available in Debt Service						
Fund for Retirement of General						
Obligation Bonds	0	0	0	0		
Amount to be Provided from						
General Government Resources	0	0	0	0		
Total Assets and Other Debits	\$26,535,685	\$840,336	\$1,819,468	\$1,570,506		

	Troups	Account (Fiduciary Fund Type	nd Types	Proprietary Fu
Totals (Memorandur Only)	General Long-Term Obligations	General Fixed Assets	Agency	Internal Service	Enterprise
\$12,490,96	\$0	\$0	\$75,810	\$834,935	\$47,587
17,947,17	0	0	0	0	0
576,02	0	0	0	17,457	11,261
160,36	0	0	0	0	0
74,07	0	0	0	0	0
27,60	0	0	0	0	0
72,45	0	0	0	64,958	0
29,64	0	0	0	0	29,647
69,93	0	0	0	0	3,337
402,74	0	0	0	0	0
50,967,34	0	50,945,878	0	0	21,470
466,85	466,859	0	0	0	0
23,464,94	23,464,948	0	0	0	0
\$106,750,14	\$23,931,807	\$50,945,878	\$75,810	\$917,350	\$113,302

(continued)

Combined Balance Sheet All Fund Types and Account Groups (continued) June 30, 2000

.

	Governmental Fund Types					
	General	Special Revenue	Debt Service	Capital Projects		
Liabilities						
Fund Equity and Other Credits						
Liabilities						
Accounts Payable	\$144,721	\$75,860	\$0	\$44,422		
Contracts Payable	0	0	0	455,359		
Accrued Wages and Benefits	2,061,043	163,255	0	0		
Compensated Absences Payable	259,208	0	0	0		
Special Termination Benefits Payable	226,452	0	0	0		
Interfund Payable	0	27,600	0	0		
Due to Other Funds	62,351	9,615	0	0		
Intergovernmental Payable	686,231	31,336	0	0		
Deferred Revenue	15,645,644	0	1,352,609	0		
Undistributed Monies	0	0	0	0		
Due to Students	0	0	0	0		
Accrued Interest Payable	0	0	0	2,704		
Claims Payable	0	0	0	0		
Capital Leases Payable	0	0	0	0		
General Obligation Bonds Payable	0	0	0	0		
Total Liabilities	19,085,650	307,666	1,352,609	502,485		
Fund Equity and Other Credits						
Investment in General Fixed Assets	0	0	0	0		
Retained Earnings:						
Unreserved (Deficit)	0	0	0	0		
Fund Balance:						
Reserved for Encumbrances	332,405	68,931	0	842,492		
Reserved for Inventory	66,601	0	0	0		
Reserved for Budget Stabilization	402,747	0	0	0		
Reserved for Property Taxes	867,688	0	81,236	0		
Unreserved, Undesignated	5,780,594	463,739	385,623	225,529		
Total Fund Equity (Deficit)						
and Other Credits	7,450,035	532,670	466,859	1,068,021		
Total Liabilities, Fund Equity						
and Other Credits	\$26,535,685	\$840,336	\$1,819,468	\$1,570,506		

See accompanying notes to the general purpose financial statements

Proprietary Fur	nd Types	Fiduciary Fund Type	Account	Groups	
Enterprise	Internal Service	Agency	General Fixed Assets	General Long-Term Obligations	Totals (Memorandum Only)
\$34,958	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$299,961 455,359
37,161	0	0	0	0	2,261,459
77,832	0	0	0	1,343,792	1,680,832
0	0	0	0	1,545,792	226,452
0	0		0	0	27,600
488	0	0 0	0	0	72,454
17,538	0	0	0	277,744	1,012,849
5,354	0	0	0	0	17,003,607
0	0	9,884	0	Ő	9,884
0	0 0	65,926	ů 0	Ő	65,926
0	0	00,,20	0	0	2,704
0	246,611	0	0	0	246,611
0	0	0	0	1,059,086	1,059,086
0	0	0	0	21,251,185	21,251,185
173,331	246,611	75,810	0	23,931,807	45,675,969
0	0	0	50,945,878	0	50,945,878
(60,029)	670,739	0	0	0	610,710
0	0	0	0	0	1,243,828
0	0	0	0	0	66,601
0	0	0	0	0	402,747
0	0	0	0	0	948,924
0	0	0	0	0	6,855,485
(60,029)	670,739	0_	50,945,878	0	61,074,173
\$113,302	\$917,350	\$75,810	\$50,945,878	\$23,931,807	\$106,750,142

Combined Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances All Governmental Fund Types

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2000

		Governmental
	General	Special Revenue
Revenues		
Taxes	\$14,917,865	\$ 0
Intergovernmental	15,138,636	2,386,196
Interest	835,846	1,490
Tuition and Fees	424,766	0
Extracurricular Activities	0	292,151
Rentals	29,926	20,931
Charges for Services	33,692	72,192
Contributions and Donations	13,050	59,206
Miscellaneous	38,149	56,171
Total Revenues	31,431,930	2,888,337
Expenditures		
Current:		
Instruction:		
Regular	13,742,829	385,901
Special	2,848,495	908,429
Vocational	1,762,113	54,846
Adult/Continuing	0	117,109
Support Services:	-	· · · ,· · ·
Pupils	1,664,363	141,951
Instructional Staff	1,916,587	546,420
Board of Education	225,605	0
Administration	2,382,273	39,789
Fiscal	663,345	0
Business	384,226	0
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	2,575,713	12,011
Pupil Transportation	1,248,295	20,156
Central	123,819	40,103
Operation of Non-Instructional	125,017	40,105
Services	19,075	314,235
Extracurricular Activities	573,656	240,830
Capital Outlay	144,612	7,875
Debt Service:	144,012	7,875
Principal Retirement	24 970	0
•	24,879	0
Interest and Fiscal Charges	7,747	
Total Expenditures	30,307,632	2,829,655
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	1,124,298	58,682
Other Financing Sources (Uses)		
Proceeds of Capital Lease	0	0
Proceeds from Sale of Fixed Assets	265	0
Inception of Capital Lease	129,542	0
Operating Transfers In	0	4,185
Operating Transfers Out	(680,391)	0
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(550,584)	4,185
Excess of Revenues and Other Financing Sources		
Over (Under) Expenditures and Other Financing Uses	573,714	62,867
Fund Balances Beginning of Year		
	6,860,285	469,803
(Restated - See Note 🏟		
(Restated - See Note) Increase in Reserve for Inventory	16,036	0

See accompanying notes to the general purpose financial statements

Fund Types Debt Service	Capital Projects	Totals (Memorandum Only)
	110,000	
\$1,228,934	\$0	\$16,146,799
140,612	59,255	17,724,699
0	153,252	990,588
0	0	424,766
0	0	292,151
0	0	50,857
0	0	105,884
0	0	72,256
0	0	94,320
1,369,546	212,507	35,902,320
0	0	14,128,730
0	0	3,756,924
0	0	1,816,959
0	0	117,109
0	0	1,806,314
0	0	2,463,007
0	0	2,405,007
0	0	2,422,062
23,620	0	686,965
25,820	0	384,226
0	0	2,587,724
0	0	1,268,451
0	0	163,922
0	0	333,310
0	0	814,486
0	5,011,763	5,164,250
615,000	47,437	687,316
1,145,709	14,522	1,167,978
1,784,329	5,073,722	39,995,338
(414,783)	(4,861,215)	(4,093,018
0	1,000,000	1,000,000
0	14,200	14,465
0	0	129,542
218,206	420,000	642,391
0	0	(680,391
218,206	1,434,200	1,106,007
(196,577)	(3,427,015)	(2,987,011)
663,436	4,495,036	12,488,560
0	0	16,036

Kent City School District Combined Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual All Governmental Fund Types For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2000

	General Fund			
	Revised Budget	Actual	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)	
Revenues				
Taxes	\$15,994,736	\$15,994,736	\$0	
Intergovernmental	15,185,469	15,185,469	(
Interest	793,655	797,691	4,036	
Tuition and Fees	649,867	650,137	270	
Extracurricular Activities	0	0	(
Rentals	29.656	29,926	270	
Charges for Services	26,395	26,422	27	
Contributions and Donations	,		2.	
Miscellaneous	13,050	13,050	(
	11,373	11,373		
Total Revenues	32,704,201	32,708,804	4,602	
Expenditures				
Current:				
Instruction:				
Regular	14,004,035	14,004,035		
Special	3,035,672	3,035,672		
Vocational	1,722,216	1,722,216		
Adult/Continuing	0	0		
Support Services:				
Pupils	1,708,704	1,708,704		
Instructional Staff	1,925,068	1,925,068		
Board of Education	224,876			
	,	224,876		
Administration	2,470,746	2,470,746		
Fiscal	671,499	671,499		
Business	396,450	396,450		
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	2,651,962	2,651,962		
Pupil Transportation	1,265,356	1,265,356		
Central	163,665	163,665		
Operation of Non-Instructional Services	20,779	20,779		
Extracurricular Activities	542,532	542,532		
Capital Outlay	77,417	77,417		
Debt Services:	,	,		
Principal Retirement	0	0		
Interest and Fiscal Charges	0	0		
Total Expenditures	30,880,977	30,880,977		
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	1,823,224	1,827,827	4,60	
Other Financing Sources (Uses)	<u>^</u>	0		
Proceeds of Capital Lease	0	0		
Proceeds from Sale of Fixed Assets	265	265		
Advances In	14,850	14,850		
Advances Out	(27,600)	(27,600)		
Operating Transfers In	0	0		
Operating Transfers Out	(680,391)	(680,391)	<u></u>	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(692,876)	(692,876)		
Excess of Revenues and Other				
Financing Sources Over (Under)				
Expenditures and Other Financing Uses	1,130,348	1,134,951	4,60	
Fund Balances Beginning of Year	7,075,697	7,075,697		
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated	586,639	586,639		
Fund Balances End of Year	\$8,792,684	\$8,797,287	\$4,60	

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Spe	cial Revenue Fund	Variance	L	Debt Service Fund	Variance
Revised		Favorable	Revised		Favorable
Budget	Actual	(Unfavorable)	Budget	Actual	(Unfavorable
\$0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$1,350,960	\$1,350,960	\$
2,276,958	2,276,958	0	140,612	140,612	
1,490	1,490	0	0	0	
0	0	0	0	0	
286,204	286,204	0	0	0	
18,506	19,756	1,250	0	0	
72,798	73,042	244	0	, 0	
59,205	59,205	0	0	0	
56,482	56,504	22	0	0	
2,771,643	2,773,159	1,516	1,491,572	1,491,572	
391,426	391,426	0	0	0	
893,337	893,337	0	0	0	
53,242	53,242	0	0	0	
53,242 116,104	53,242 116,104	0	0	0	
138,140	138,140	0	0	0	
560,018	560,018	0	0 0	ů 0	
0	0	0	0	0	
40,449	40,449	0	0	0	
0	0	0	23,620	23,620	
0	0	0	0	0	
12,011	12,011	0	0	0	
21,074	21,074	0	0	0	
50,921	50,921	0	0	0	
315,681	315,681	0	0	0	
250,032	250,032	0	ů 0	0	
7,875	7,875	0	0	0	
0 0	0	0	615,000	615,000	
			1,145,709	1,145,709	
2,850,310	2,850,310	0	1,784,329	1,784,329	•
(78,667)	(77,151)	1,516	(292,757)	(292,757)	
0	0	0	0	0	
0	0	0	0	0	
27,600	27,600	0	0	0	
(6,850)	(6,850)	0	0	0	
4,185	4,185	0	218,206	218,206	
0	0		0	0	
24,935	24,935	0	218,206	218,206	
(53,732)	(52,216)	1,516	(74,551)	(74,551)	
496,425	496,425	0	460,174	460,174	
100,014	100,014	0	0	0	
\$542,707	\$544,223	\$1,516	\$385,623	\$385,623	

(continued)

Combined Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual All Governmental Fund Types (coninued)

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2000

	Capital Projects Funds			
	Revised Budget	Actual	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)	
Revenues				
Taxes	\$0	\$0	\$0	
Intergovernmental	0	0	0	
Interest	178,441	180,342	1,901	
Tuition and Fees	0	0	0	
Extracurricular Activities	0	0	0	
Rentals	0	0	0	
Charges for Services	0	0	0	
Contributions and Donations	0	0	0	
Miscellaneous	0	0	0	
Total Revenues	178,441	180,342	1,901	
Expenditures				
Current:				
Instruction:				
Regular	1,472	1,472	C	
Special	0	0	C	
Vocational	ő	0	C	
Adult/Continuing	Ő	0	C	
Support Services:	U	0	C C	
Pupils	0	0	c	
Instructional Staff	0	0	(
	-			
Board of Education	0	0	0	
Administration	20,321	20,321	0	
Fiscal	6,750	6,750	0	
Business	0	0	0	
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	103,360	103,360	(
Pupil Transportation	100	100	0	
Central	43,564	43,564	0	
Operation of Non-Instructional Services	0	0	(
Extracurricular Activities	0	0	(
Capital Outlay	6,524,257	6,524,257	(
Debt Services:				
Principal Retirement	0	0	(
Interest and Fiscal Charges	0	0		
Total Expenditures	6,699,824	6,699,824		
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(6,521,383)	(6,519,482)	1,901	
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Proceeds of Capital Lease	1,000,000	1,000,000	0	
Proceeds from Sale of Fixed Assets	14,200	14,200	(
Advances In	0	0	(
Advances Out	0	0	(
Operating Transfers In	420,000	420,000	(
Operating Transfers Out	0	0	(
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	1,434,200	1,434,200	(
Excess of Revenues and Other				
Financing Sources Over (Under)				
Expenditures and Other Financing Uses	(5,087,183)	(5,085,282)	1,901	
Fund Balances Beginning of Year	2,767,483	2,767,483	C	
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated	2,546,033	2,546,033	(
Fund Balances End of Year	\$226,333	\$228,234	\$1,90	

See accompanying notes to the general purpose financial statements

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	Total	s (Memorandum Or	
	Revised Budget	Actual	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)
	\$17,345,696 17,603,039	\$17,345,696 17,603,039	\$ 0 0
	973,586	979,523	5,937
	649,867	650,137	270
	286,204	286,204	0
	48,162	49,682	1,520
	99,193	99,464	271
	72,255	72,255	0
	67,855	67,877	22
,	37,145,857	37,153,877	8,020
	14,396,933	14,396,933	0
	3,929,009	3,929,009	0
	1,775,458	1,775,458	0
	116,104	116,104	0
	1,846,844	1,846,844	0
	2,485,086	2,485,086	0
	224,876	224,876	0
	2,531,516	2,531,516	0
	701,869	701,869	0
	396,450	396,450	0
	2,767,333	2,767,333	0
	1,286,530	1,286,530	0
	258,150	258,150	0
	336,460	336,460	0
	792,564	792,564	0
	6,609,549	6,609,549	0
	615,000	615,000	0
	1,145,709	1,145,709	0
	42,215,440	42,215,440	0
	(5,069,583)	(5,061,563)	8,020
	1,000,000	1,000,000	0
	1,000,000	14,465	0 0
	42,450	42,450	0
	(34,450)	(34,450)	0
	642,391	642,391	0
	(680,391)	(680,391)	0
	984,465	984,465	0
	(4,085,118)	(4,077,098)	8,020
	10,799,779	10,799,779	0
	3,232,686	3,232,686	0
	\$9,947,347		\$8,020
	\$7,74/,34/	\$9,955,367	\$0,020

Combined Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Retained Earnings All Proprietary Fund Types For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2000

Totals Totals Internal (Memorandum Only) Operating Revenues Salvice Only) Tuition \$31,845 \$0 \$31,845 Sales 624,495 0 624,495 Charges for Services 14,296 14,296 14,296 Total Operating Revenues 667,196 2,848,499 3,515,695 Operating Expenses Salaries 265,083 0 265,083 Salaries 265,083 0 265,083 1,066,579 Materials and Supplies 111,156 0 111,156 111,156 111,156 Cost of Sales 208,165 0 2,226,282 2,226,282 2,226,282 0 8,205 0 8,205 0 8,205 0 1,388 0 1,388 1,388 0 1,388 0 1,388 1,388 0 1,388 0 1,388 0 1,388 1,400 1,400 1,400 1,400 1,400 1,400 1,400 1,400 1,40		Proprietary Fun		
Tuition \$31,845 \$0 \$31,845 Sales $624,495$ 0 $624,495$ Charges for Services $10,856$ $2,834,203$ $2,845,059$ Other 0 $14,296$ $14,296$ Total Operating Revenues $667,196$ $2,848,499$ $3,515,695$ Operating Expenses 8 2 $8,05,083$ 0 $265,083$ Salaries $265,083$ 0 $2265,083$ 0 $205,083$ Purchased Services $438,516$ $628,063$ $1,066,579$ Materials and Supplies $111,156$ 0 $111,156$ 0 $208,165$ Depreciation $8,205$ 0 $8,205$ 0 $8,205$ 0 $8,205$ Other $1,388$ 0 $1,388$ 0 $1,388$ 0 $1,388$ Total Operating Expenses $1,062,900$ $2,854,345$ $3,917,245$ $Operating Loss$ 0 $1,388$ 0 $1,388$ Total Operating Revenues 0 $2,854,345$ $3,917,245$ $Operating Grants$ $227,972$		Enterprise		•
Sales $624,495$ 0 $624,495$ Charges for Services 10,856 2,834,203 2,845,059 Other 0 14,296 14,296 Total Operating Revenues 667,196 2,848,499 3,515,695 Operating Expenses 30,387 0 30,387 Salaries 265,083 0 265,083 Purchased Services 438,516 628,063 1,066,579 Materials and Supplies 111,156 0 111,156 Cost of Sales 208,165 0 8,205 Depreciation 8,205 0 8,205 Other 1,388 0 1,388 Total Operating Expenses 1,062,900 2,854,345 3,917,245 Operating Lass (395,704) (5,846) (401,550) Non-Operating Revenues 32,451 0 32,451 Donated Commodities 32,451 0 32,451 Interest 1,400 1,400 1,400 Operating Grants 297,972 0 297,972 Total Non-Operating Revenues 331,823	Operating Revenues			
Sales $624,495$ 0 $624,495$ Charges for Services $10,856$ $2,834,203$ $2,845,059$ Other 0 $14,296$ $14,296$ Total Operating Revenues $667,196$ $2,848,499$ $3,515,695$ Operating Expenses Salaries $265,083$ 0 $265,083$ Fringe Benefits $30,387$ 0 $30,387$ 0 $30,387$ Purchased Services $438,516$ $628,063$ $1,066,579$ Materials and Supplies $111,156$ 0 $111,156$ Cost of Sales $208,165$ 0 $208,165$ 0 $228,162$ $2226,282$ $2226,282$ $2226,282$ $2226,282$ $2226,282$ $2226,282$ $2226,282$ $2226,282$ $2226,282$ $2226,282$ $2226,282$ $2226,282$ $2226,282$ $2226,282$ $2226,282$ $2226,282$ $2245,183$ $3,917,245$ $39,917,245$ $39,917,245$ $39,917,245$ $39,917,245$ $39,917,245$ $39,917,245$ $39,917,245$ $32,451$ 0 $32,451$		\$31,845	\$0	\$31,845
Other 0 14,296 14,296 Total Operating Revenues 667,196 2,848,499 3,515,695 Operating Expenses Salaries 0 265,083 0 265,083 Salaries 265,083 0 265,083 0 30,387 Purchased Services 438,516 628,063 1,066,579 Materials and Supplies 111,156 0 111,156 Cost of Sales 208,165 0 208,165 Depreciation 8,205 0 8,205 Claims 0 2,226,282 2,226,282 Other 1,388 0 1,388 Total Operating Expenses 1,062,900 2,854,345 3,917,245 Operating Loss (395,704) (5,846) (401,550) Non-Operating Revenues 32,451 0 32,451 Interest 1,400 1,400 1,400 Operating Grants 297,972 0 297,972 Total Non-Operating Revenues 331,823 0 331,823	Sales	624,495	0	624,495
Total Operating Revenues 667,196 2,848,499 3,515,695 Operating Expenses Salaries 265,083 0 265,083 Salaries 265,083 0 30,387 0 30,387 Purchased Services 438,516 628,063 1,066,579 Materials and Supplies 111,156 0 111,156 0 208,165 0 208,165 0 28,205 0 8,205 0 8,205 0 8,205 0 8,205 0 8,205 0 1,388 1040 0 1,400 1,400 1,400 1,400 1,400 1,400 1,400	Charges for Services	10,856	2,834,203	2,845,059
Operating Expenses 265,083 0 265,083 0 265,083 0 265,083 0 265,083 0 30,387 0 31,388 0 1,388 0 1,388 0 1,388 0 1,388 0 1,388 0 1,388 0 32,451 <td>Other</td> <td>0</td> <td>14,296</td> <td>14,296</td>	Other	0	14,296	14,296
Salaries 265,083 0 265,083 Fringe Benefits 30,387 0 30,387 Purchased Services 438,516 628,063 1,066,579 Materials and Supplies 111,156 0 111,156 Cost of Sales 208,165 0 208,165 Depreciation 8,205 0 8,205 Claims 0 2,226,282 2,226,282 Other 1,388 0 1,388 Total Operating Expenses 1,062,900 2,854,345 3,917,245 Operating Loss (395,704) (5,846) (401,550) Non-Operating Revenues 32,451 0 32,451 Interest 1,400 1,400 1,400 Operating Grants 297,972 0 297,972 Total Non-Operating Revenues 331,823 0 331,823 Loss Before Operating Transfers (63,881) (5,846) (69,727) Operating Transfers In 38,000 0 38,000 Net Loss (25,881) (5,846) (31,727) Retained Earnings (Deficit) Beginning of	Total Operating Revenues	667,196	2,848,499	3,515,695
Fringe Benefits $30,387$ 0 $30,387$ Purchased Services $438,516$ $628,063$ $1,066,579$ Materials and Supplies $111,156$ 0 $111,156$ Cost of Sales $208,165$ 0 $208,165$ Depreciation $8,205$ 0 $8,205$ Claims 0 $2,226,282$ $2,226,282$ Other $1,388$ 0 $1,388$ Total Operating Expenses $1,062,900$ $2,854,345$ $3,917,245$ Operating Loss $(395,704)$ $(5,846)$ $(401,550)$ Non-Operating Revenues $32,451$ 0 $32,451$ Interest $1,400$ $1,400$ $1,400$ Operating Grants $297,972$ 0 $297,972$ Total Non-Operating Revenues $331,823$ 0 $331,823$ Loss Before Operating Transfers $(63,881)$ $(5,846)$ $(69,727)$ Operating Transfers In $38,000$ 0 $38,000$ Net Loss $(25,881)$ $(5,846)$ $(31,727)$ Retained Earnings (Deficit) Beginning of Year $(34,148)$	Operating Expenses			
Purchased Services 438,516 628,063 1,066,579 Materials and Supplies 111,156 0 111,156 Cost of Sales 208,165 0 208,165 Depreciation 8,205 0 8,205 Claims 0 2,226,282 2,226,282 Other 1,388 0 1,388 Total Operating Expenses 1,062,900 2,854,345 3,917,245 Operating Loss (395,704) (5,846) (401,550) Non-Operating Revenues 32,451 0 32,451 Donated Commodities 32,451 0 32,451 Interest 1,400 1,400 1,400 Operating Grants 297,972 0 297,972 Total Non-Operating Revenues 331,823 0 331,823 Loss Before Operating Transfers (63,881) (5,846) (69,727) Operating Transfers In 38,000 0 38,000 Net Loss (25,881) (5,846) (31,727) Retained Earnings (Deficit) Beginning of Year (34,148) 676,585 642,437	Salaries	265,083	0	265,083
Materials and Supplies 111,156 0 111,156 Cost of Sales 208,165 0 208,165 Depreciation 8,205 0 8,205 Claims 0 2,226,282 2,226,282 Other 1,388 0 1,388 Total Operating Expenses 1,062,900 2,854,345 3,917,245 Operating Loss (395,704) (5,846) (401,550) Non-Operating Revenues 0 32,451 0 32,451 Interest 1,400 1,400 1,400 1,400 Operating Grants 297,972 0 297,972 0 297,972 Total Non-Operating Revenues 331,823 0 331,823 0 331,823 Loss Before Operating Transfers (63,881) (5,846) (69,727) 0 38,000 0 38,000 Net Loss (25,881) (5,846) (31,727) 0 28,000 0 38,000 0 38,000 0 38,000 0 38,000 0 38,000 0 38,000 0 38,000 0	Fringe Benefits	30,387	0	30,387
Cost of Sales 208,165 0 208,165 Depreciation 8,205 0 8,205 Claims 0 2,226,282 2,226,282 Other 1,388 0 1,388 Total Operating Expenses 1,062,900 2,854,345 3,917,245 Operating Loss (395,704) (5,846) (401,550) Non-Operating Revenues 32,451 0 32,451 Interest 1,400 1,400 1,400 Operating Grants 297,972 0 297,972 Total Non-Operating Revenues 331,823 0 331,823 Loss Before Operating Transfers (63,881) (5,846) (69,727) Operating Transfers In 38,000 0 38,000 Net Loss (25,881) (5,846) (31,727) Retained Earnings (Deficit) Beginning of Year (Restated - See Note \bullet) (34,148) 676,585 642,437	Purchased Services	438,516	628,063	1,066,579
Depreciation $8,205$ 0 $8,205$ Claims 0 $2,226,282$ $2,226,282$ Other $1,388$ 0 $1,388$ Total Operating Expenses $1,062,900$ $2,854,345$ $3,917,245$ Operating Loss $(395,704)$ $(5,846)$ $(401,550)$ Non-Operating Revenues $32,451$ 0 $32,451$ Interest $1,400$ $1,400$ $1,400$ Operating Grants $297,972$ 0 $297,972$ Total Non-Operating Revenues $331,823$ 0 $331,823$ Loss Before Operating Transfers $(63,881)$ $(5,846)$ $(69,727)$ Operating Transfers In $38,000$ 0 $38,000$ Net Loss $(25,881)$ $(5,846)$ $(31,727)$ Retained Earnings (Deficit) Beginning of Year $(34,148)$ $676,585$ $642,437$	Materials and Supplies	111,156	0	111,156
Claims 0 $2,226,282$ $2,226,282$ Other 1,388 0 1,388 Total Operating Expenses $1,062,900$ $2,854,345$ $3,917,245$ Operating Loss (395,704) (5,846) (401,550) Non-Operating Revenues 32,451 0 $32,451$ Donated Commodities $32,451$ 0 $32,451$ Interest $1,400$ $297,972$ 0 $297,972$ Total Non-Operating Revenues $331,823$ 0 $331,823$ Loss Before Operating Transfers (63,881) (5,846) (69,727) Operating Transfers In $38,000$ 0 $38,000$ Net Loss (25,881) (5,846) (31,727) Retained Earnings (Deficit) Beginning of Year (Restated - See Note \bullet) (34,148) 676,585 642,437	Cost of Sales	208,165	0	208,165
Other $1,388$ 0 $1,388$ Total Operating Expenses $1,062,900$ $2,854,345$ $3,917,245$ Operating Loss $(395,704)$ $(5,846)$ $(401,550)$ Non-Operating Revenues $32,451$ 0 $32,451$ Donated Commodities $32,451$ 0 $32,451$ Interest $1,400$ $1,400$ $1,400$ Operating Grants $297,972$ 0 $297,972$ Total Non-Operating Revenues $331,823$ 0 $331,823$ Loss Before Operating Transfers $(63,881)$ $(5,846)$ $(69,727)$ Operating Transfers In $38,000$ 0 $38,000$ Net Loss $(25,881)$ $(5,846)$ $(31,727)$ Retained Earnings (Deficit) Beginning of Year (Restated - See Note \bullet) $(34,148)$ $676,585$ $642,437$	Depreciation	8,205	0	8,205
Total Operating Expenses 1,062,900 2,854,345 3,917,245 Operating Loss (395,704) (5,846) (401,550) Non-Operating Revenues 32,451 0 32,451 Donated Commodities 32,451 0 32,451 Interest 1,400 1,400 1,400 Operating Grants 297,972 0 297,972 Total Non-Operating Revenues 331,823 0 331,823 Loss Before Operating Transfers (63,881) (5,846) (69,727) Operating Transfers In 38,000 0 38,000 Net Loss (25,881) (5,846) (31,727) Retained Earnings (Deficit) Beginning of Year (Restated - See Note) (34,148) 676,585 642,437		0	2,226,282	2,226,282
Operating Loss (395,704) (5,846) (401,550) Non-Operating Revenues 32,451 0 32,451 Donated Commodities 32,451 0 32,451 Interest 1,400 1,400 1,400 Operating Grants 297,972 0 297,972 Total Non-Operating Revenues 331,823 0 331,823 Loss Before Operating Transfers (63,881) (5,846) (69,727) Operating Transfers In 38,000 0 38,000 Net Loss (25,881) (5,846) (31,727) Retained Earnings (Deficit) Beginning of Year (Restated - See Note (*) (34,148) 676,585 642,437	Other	1,388	0	1,388
Non-Operating Revenues 32,451 0 32,451 Donated Commodities 1,400 1,400 1,400 Operating Grants 297,972 0 297,972 Total Non-Operating Revenues 331,823 0 331,823 Loss Before Operating Transfers (63,881) (5,846) (69,727) Operating Transfers In 38,000 0 38,000 Net Loss (25,881) (5,846) (31,727) Retained Earnings (Deficit) Beginning of Year (Restated - See Note @) (34,148) 676,585 642,437	Total Operating Expenses	1,062,900	2,854,345	3,917,245
Donated Commodities 32,451 0 32,451 Interest 1,400 1,400 Operating Grants 297,972 0 297,972 Total Non-Operating Revenues 331,823 0 331,823 Loss Before Operating Transfers (63,881) (5,846) (69,727) Operating Transfers In 38,000 0 38,000 Net Loss (25,881) (5,846) (31,727) Retained Earnings (Deficit) Beginning of Year (Restated - See Note *) (34,148) 676,585 642,437	Operating Loss	(395,704)	(5,846)	(401,550)
Donated Commodities 32,451 0 32,451 Interest 1,400 1,400 Operating Grants 297,972 0 297,972 Total Non-Operating Revenues 331,823 0 331,823 Loss Before Operating Transfers (63,881) (5,846) (69,727) Operating Transfers In 38,000 0 38,000 Net Loss (25,881) (5,846) (31,727) Retained Earnings (Deficit) Beginning of Year (Restated - See Note *) (34,148) 676,585 642,437	Non-Operating Revenues			
Operating Grants 297,972 0 297,972 Total Non-Operating Revenues 331,823 0 331,823 Loss Before Operating Transfers (63,881) (5,846) (69,727) Operating Transfers In 38,000 0 38,000 Net Loss (25,881) (5,846) (31,727) Retained Earnings (Deficit) Beginning of Year (Restated - See Note *) (34,148) 676,585 642,437		32,451	0	32,451
Total Non-Operating Revenues 331,823 0 331,823 Loss Before Operating Transfers (63,881) (5,846) (69,727) Operating Transfers In 38,000 0 38,000 Net Loss (25,881) (5,846) (31,727) Retained Earnings (Deficit) Beginning of Year (Restated - See Note •) (34,148) 676,585 642,437	Interest	1,400		1,400
Loss Before Operating Transfers (63,881) (5,846) (69,727) Operating Transfers In 38,000 0 38,000 Net Loss (25,881) (5,846) (31,727) Retained Earnings (Deficit) Beginning of Year (Restated - See Note) (34,148) 676,585 642,437	Operating Grants	297,972	0	297,972
Operating Transfers In 38,000 0 38,000 Net Loss (25,881) (5,846) (31,727) Retained Earnings (Deficit) Beginning of Year (Restated - See Note) (34,148) 676,585 642,437	Total Non-Operating Revenues	331,823	0	331,823
Net Loss (25,881) (5,846) (31,727) Retained Earnings (Deficit) Beginning of Year (Restated - See Note *) (34,148) 676,585 642,437	Loss Before Operating Transfers	(63,881)	(5,846)	(69,727)
Retained Earnings (Deficit) Beginning of Year (Restated - See Note)(34,148)676,585642,437	Operating Transfers In	38,000	0	38,000
(Restated - See Note *) (34,148) 676,585 642,437	Net Loss	(25,881)	(5,846)	(31,727)
(Restated - See Note *) (34,148) 676,585 642,437	Retained Earnings (Deficit) Beginning of Year			
Retained Earnings (Deficit) End of Year (\$60,029) \$670,739 \$610,710		(34,148)	676,585	642,437
	Retained Earnings (Deficit) End of Year	(\$60,029)	\$670,739	\$610,710

See accompanying notes to the general purpose financial statements

Combined Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes In Fund Equity - Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual All Proprietary Fund Types For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2000

	Enterprise Funds		
	Revised Budget	Actual	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)
Revenues			
Tuition	\$22,934	\$22,934	\$0
Sales	622,145	622,145	0
Charges for Services	10,856	10,856	0
Interest	1,400	1,400	0
Operating Grants	344,719	344,719	0
Other	0	0	0
Total Revenues	1,002,054	1,002,054	0
Expenses			
Salaries	243,756	243,756	0
Fringe Benefits	51,213	51,213	0
Purchased Services	653,434	653,434	0
Materials and Supplies	107,716	107,716	0
Other	1,388	1,388	0
Total Expenses	1,057,507	1,057,507	0
Excess of Revenues Under Expenses	(55,453)	(55,453)	0
Advances Out	(8,000)	(8,000)	0
Operating Transfers In	38,000	38,000	0
Excess of Revenues Under Expenses,			
Operating Transfers and Advances	(25,453)	(25,453)	0
Fund Equity Beginning of Year	4,623	4,623	0
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated	32,772	32,772	0
Fund Equity End of Year	\$11,942	\$11,942	\$0

(continued)

Combined Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes In Fund Equity - Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual All Proprietary Fund Types (continued) For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2000

	Internal Service Fund		
	Revised Budget	Actual	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)
Revenues			
Tuition	\$0	\$0	\$0
Sales	0	0	0
Charges for Services	2,787,086	2,787,086	0
Interest	0	0	0
Operating Grants	0	0	0
Other	14,296	14,296	0
Total Revenues	2,801,382	2,801,382	0
Expenses			
Salaries	0	0	0
Fringe Benefits	0	0	0
Purchased Services	676,055	676,055	0
Materials and Supplies	0	0	0
Other	2,163,319	2,163,319	0
Total Expenses	2,839,374	2,839,374	0
Excess of Revenues Under Expenses	(37,992)	(37,992)	0
Advances Out	0	0	0
Operating Transfers In	0	0	0
Excess of Revenues Under Expenses,			
Operating Transfers and Advances	(37,992)	(37,992)	0
Fund Equity Beginning of Year	840,211	840,211	0
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated	32,716	32,716	0
Fund Equity End of Year	\$834,935	\$834,935	\$0

See accompanying notes to the general purpose financial statements

Totals (Memorandum Only)			
		Variance	
Revised		Favorable	
Budget	Actual	(Unfavorable)	
\$22,934	\$22,934	\$0	
622,145	622,145	0	
2,797,942	2,797,942	0	
1,400	1,400	0	
344,719	344,719	0	
14,296	14,296	0	
3,803,436	3,803,436	0	
243,756	243,756	0	
51,213	51,213	0	
1,329,489	1,329,489	0	
107,716	107,716	0	
2,164,707	2,164,707	0	
3,896,881	3,896,881	0	
(93,445)	(93,445)	0	
(8,000)	(8,000)	0	
38,000	38,000	0	
(63,445)	(63,445)	0	
844,834	844,834	0	
65,488	65,488	0	
\$846,877	\$846,877	\$0	

Combined Statement of Cash Flows All Proprietary Fund Types For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2000

	Proprietary Fund Types		
	Enterprise	Internal Service	Totals (Memorandum Only)
Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents			
Cash Flows from Operating Activities			
Cash Received from Customers	\$633,001	\$0	\$633,001
Cash Payments from Quasi-External			
Transactions with Other Funds	0	2,787,086	2,787,086
Cash Received from Tuition Payments	22,934	0	22,934
Cash Received from Other Operating Sources	0	14,296	14,296
Cash Payments to Suppliers for Goods and Services	(726,211)	(676,055)	(1,402,266)
Cash Payments to Employees for Services	(243,756)	0	(243,756)
Cash Payments for Employee Benefits	(50,508)	0	(50,508)
Cash Payments for Claims	0	(2,163,319)	(2,163,319)
Cash Payments for Other Operating	(1,388)	0	(1,388)
Net Cash Used for Operating Activities	(365,928)	(37,992)	(403,920)
Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities			
Operating Grants Received	344,719	0	344,719
Operating Transfers In	38,000	0	38,000
Advances Out	(8,000)	0	(8,000)
Net Cash Provided by Noncapital Financing Activities	374,719	0	374,719
Cash Flows from Investing Activities			
Interest on Investments	1,400	0	1,400
Net Increase (Decrease) Cash and Cash Equivalents	10,191	(37,992)	(27,801)
Cash and Cash Equivalents Beginning of Year	37,396	872,927	910,323
Cash and Cash Equivalents End of Year	\$47,587	\$834,935	\$882,522

(continued)

Combined Statement of Cash Flows All Proprietary Fund Types (continued) For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2000

	Proprietary Fund Types		
	Enterprise	Internal Service	Totals (Memorandum Only)
Reconciliation of Operating Loss			
to Net Cash Used for Operating Activities			
Operating Loss	(\$395,704)	(\$5,846)	(\$401,550)
Adjustments:			
Depreciation	8,205	0	8,205
Donated Commodities Used During Year	32,451	0	32,451
(Increase) Decrease in Assets:	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		,
Accounts Receivable	(10,894)	17,841	6,947
Due from Other Funds	0	(64,958)	(64,958)
Inventory Held for Resale	(4,061)	0	(4,061)
Materials and Supplies Inventory	(79)	0	(79)
Increase (Decrease) in Liabilities:			
Accounts Payable	2,950	(47,992)	(45,042)
Accrued Wages and Benefits	5,148	0	5,148
Compensated Absences Payable	5,993	0	5,993
Due to Other Funds	488	0	488
Intergovernmental Payable	(10,425)	0	(10,425)
Claims Payable	0	62,963	62,963
Total Adjustments	29,776	(32,146)	(2,370)
Net Cash Used for Operating Activities	(\$365,928)	(\$37,992)	(\$403,920)

See accompanying notes to the general purpose financial statements

Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2000

NOTE A - DESCRIPTION OF THE SCHOOL DISTRICT

Kent City School District is a body politic and corporate established for the purpose of exercising the rights and privileges conveyed to it by the constitution and laws of the State of Ohio.

The School District operates under an elected five-member Board form of government. Each member is elected to a four year term. The School District provides educational services as mandated by State and/or federal agencies. This Board of Education controls the School District's eight instructional support facilities staffed by 259 classified employees, 304 certificated full-time teaching personnel, and 15 administrators who provide services to 4,182 students and other community members.

Reporting Entity

A reporting entity is composed of the primary government, component units and other organizations that are included to ensure that the financial statements are not misleading. The primary government of the School District consists of all funds, departments, boards and agencies that are not legally separate from the School District. For Kent City School District, this includes general operations, food service, preschool and student related activities of the School District.

The following activities are included within the reporting entity:

Parochial School. Within the School District boundaries, St. Patrick's is operated through the Catholic diocese. Current State legislation provides funding to this parochial school. These monies are received and disbursed by the School District on behalf of the parochial school by the Treasurer of the School District, as directed by the parochial school. The activity for these monies by the School District are reflected in a special revenue fund for financial reporting purposes.

Component units are legally separate organizations for which the School District is financially accountable. The School District is financially accountable for an organization if the School District appoints a voting majority of the organization's governing board and (1) the School District is able to significantly influence the programs or services performed or provided by the organization; or (2) the School District is legally entitled to or can otherwise access the organization's resources; the School District is legally obligated or has otherwise assumed the responsibility to finance deficits of or provides financial support to the organization; or the School District is obligated for the debt of the organization. Component units may also include organizations that are fiscally dependent on the School District in that the School

Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2000

NOTE A - DESCRIPTION OF THE SCHOOL DISTRICT - Continued

District approves the budget, the issuance of debt or the levying of taxes. The School District has no component units.

The School District is associated with certain organizations which are defined as Jointly Governed Organizations, a Related Organization and an Insurance Purchasing Pool. They include the North East Ohio Network for Educational Technology, Vocational Compact, Ohio Schools Council, Kent Free Library, and the Ohio School Board Association Workers' Compensation Group Rating Program. These organizations are presented in Notes O, Note P and Note Q to the general purpose financial statements.

NOTE B - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of the School District have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The School District also applies Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) statements and interpretations issued on or before November 30, 1989, to its proprietary activities provided they do not conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements. The more significant of the School District's accounting policies are described below.

1. Basis Of Presentation - Fund Accounting

The School District uses funds and account groups to report on its financial position and the results of its operations. Fund accounting is designed to demonstrate legal compliance and to aid financial management by segregating transactions related to certain School District functions or activities.

A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts recording cash and other financial resources, together with all related liabilities and residual equities or balances, and changes therein, which are segregated for the purpose of carrying on specific activities or attaining certain objectives in accordance with special regulations, restrictions or limitations. An account group is a financial reporting device designed to provide accountability for certain assets and liabilities that are not recorded in the funds because they do not directly affect net expendable available financial resources.

Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2000

NOTE B - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

1. Basis Of Presentation - Fund Accounting - Continued

For financial statement presentation purposes, the various funds of the School District are grouped into the following generic fund types under the broad fund categories governmental, proprietary and fiduciary.

Governmental Fund Types Governmental funds are those through which most governmental functions of the School District are financed. The acquisition, use and balances of the School District's expendable financial resources and the related current liabilities (except those accounted for in proprietary funds) are accounted for through governmental funds. The following are the School District's governmental fund types:

General Fund The general fund is the operating fund of the School District and is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The general fund balance is available to the School District for any purpose provided it is expended or transferred according to the general laws of Ohio.

Special Revenue Funds Special revenue funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than sources restricted for major capital projects) that are legally restricted to expenditure for specified purposes.

Debt Service Fund The debt service fund is used to account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, general long-term debt principal, interest, and related costs.

Capital Projects Funds Capital projects funds are used to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities (other than those financed by proprietary funds).

Proprietary Fund Types Proprietary funds are used to account for the School District's ongoing activities which are similar to those found in the private sector. The following are the School District's proprietary fund types:

Enterprise Funds Enterprise funds are used to account for operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises where the intent is that the costs (expenses, including depreciation) of providing goods or services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges or where it has been decided that periodic determination of revenues earned, expenses incurred, and/or net income is appropriate for capital maintenance, public policy, management control, accountability or other purposes.

Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2000

NOTE B - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

1. Basis Of Presentation - Fund Accounting – Continued

Internal Service Fund The internal service fund accounts for the financing of services provided by one department or agency to other departments or agencies of the School District on a cost reimbursement basis.

Fiduciary Fund Types Fiduciary funds are used to account for assets held by the School District in a trustee capacity or as an agent for individuals, private organizations, other governmental units and/or other funds. There are two types of fiduciary funds, trust and agency. The School District has no trust funds. The School District's agency funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations.

Account Groups

To make a clear distinction between fixed assets related to specific funds and those of general government, and between long-term liabilities related to specific funds and those of a general nature, the following account groups are used:

General Fixed Assets Account Group This account group is established to account for all fixed assets of the School District, other than those accounted for in the proprietary funds.

General Long-Term Obligations Account Group This account group is established to account for all long-term obligations of the School District except those accounted for in the proprietary funds.

2. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

The accounting and financial reporting treatment applied to a fund is determined by its measurement focus. All governmental fund types are accounted for using a flow of current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities are generally included on the balance sheet. Operating statements of these funds present increases (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and decreases (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) in net current assets.

All proprietary funds are accounted for on a flow of economic resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, all assets and all liabilities associated with the operation of these funds are included on the balance sheet. Fund equity (i.e., net total assets) is segregated into contributed capital and retained earnings components.

Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2000

NOTE B - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

2. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting - Continued

Proprietary fund type operating statements present increases (e.g., revenues) and decreases (e.g., expenses) in net total assets.

Basis of accounting refers to when revenues and expenditures or expenses are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. Basis of accounting relates to the timing of the measurements made.

The modified accrual basis of accounting is followed for the governmental and agency funds. Under this basis, revenues are recognized in the accounting period when they become both measurable and available. "Measurable" means the amount of the transaction can be determined and "available" means collectible within the current fiscal year or soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current fiscal year. The available period for the School District is sixty days after year end.

In applying the susceptible to accrual concept under the modified accrual basis, the following revenue sources are deemed both measurable and available: interest, tuition, grants, and student fees.

The School District reports deferred revenues on its combined balance sheet. Deferred revenues arise when a potential revenue does not meet both the measurable and available criteria for recognition in the current period. In the subsequent period, when both revenue recognition criteria are met, the liability for deferred revenue is removed from the combined balance sheet and revenue is recognized. Property taxes measurable as of June 30, 2000, and delinquent property taxes, whose availability is indeterminable and which are intended to finance fiscal year 2001 operations, have been recorded as deferred revenue. Special education tuition paid by other school districts which did not meet the available criteria has also been deferred.

The measurement focus of governmental fund accounting is on decreases in net financial resources (expenditures) rather than expenses. Expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred, if measurable. Allocations of cost, such as depreciation and amortization, are not recognized in the governmental funds.

The accrual basis of accounting is utilized for reporting purposes by the proprietary fund types. Revenues are recognized when they are earned and become measurable, and expenses are recognized when they are incurred, if measurable. There were no unbilled service charges receivable at year end. The fair value of donated commodities used during the year is reported In the operating statement as an

Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2000

NOTE B - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

2. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting - Continued

expense with a like amount reported as donated commodities revenue. Unused donated commodities are reported as deferred revenue.

3. Budgetary Data

The budgetary process is prescribed by provisions of the Ohio Revised Code and entails the preparation of budgetary documents within an established timetable. The major documents prepared are the tax budget, the certificate of estimated resources, and the appropriation resolution, all of which are prepared on the budgetary basis of accounting. The certificate of estimated resources and the appropriations resolution are subject to amendment throughout the year with the legal restriction that appropriations cannot exceed estimated resources, as certified. All funds, other than agency funds, are legally required to be budgeted and appropriated. The legal level of budgetary control is at the function level for the general fund and fund level for all other funds. Any budgetary modifications at this level may only be made by resolution of the Board of Education.

Tax Budget Prior to January 15, the Superintendent and Treasurer submit to the Board of Education a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing the following July 1. The budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing for all funds. Public hearings are publicized and conducted to obtain taxpayers' comments. The express purpose of this budget document is to reflect the need for existing (or increased) tax rates.

By no later than January 20, the Board-adopted budget is filed with the Portage County Budget Commission for rate determination.

Estimated Resources By April 1, the Board of Education accepts, by formal resolution, the tax rates as determined by the Budget Commission and receives the Commission's certificate of estimated resources which states the projected revenue of each fund. Prior to June 30, the School District must revise its budget so that total contemplated expenditures from any fund during the ensuing year will not exceed the amount stated in the certificate of estimated resources. The revised budget then serves as the basis for the appropriation measure. On or about July 1, the certificate is amended to include any unencumbered cash balances from the preceding year. The certificate may be further amended during the year if projected increases or decreases in revenue are identified by the School District Treasurer. The amounts reported in the budgetary statements reflect the amounts in the final amended

Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2000

NOTE B - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

3. Budgetary Data - Continued

certificate issued during fiscal year 2000.

Appropriations Upon receipt from the County Auditor of an amended certificate of estimated resources based on final assessed values and tax rates or a certification saying no new certificate is necessary, the annual appropriation resolution must be legally enacted by the Board of Education at the fund level of expenditures, which are the legal levels of budgetary control. Prior to the passage of the annual appropriation measure, the Board may pass a temporary appropriation measure to meet the ordinary expenses of the School District. The appropriation resolution, by fund, must be within the estimated resources as certified by the County Budget Commission. Any revisions that alter the total of any fund appropriation or alter total function appropriations within a fund must be approved by the Board of Education. The Board may pass supplemental fund appropriations provided the total appropriations by fund do not exceed the amounts set forth in the most recent certificate of estimated resources. The Board of Education has authorized the Treasurer to allocate appropriations among functions and objects within a fund during the fiscal year. During the year, several supplemental appropriations were legally enacted; however, none of these amendments were significant. The budget figures which appear in the statements of budgetary comparisons represent the final appropriation amounts, including all supplemental appropriations. The final amendment passed prior to year end matched appropriations to expenditures plus year end encumbrances. Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year for all funds. consistent with statutory provisions.

Encumbrances As part of formal budgetary control, purchase orders, contracts and other commitments for the expenditure of monies are recorded as the equivalent of expenditures on the non-GAAP budgetary basis in order to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation and to determine and maintain legal compliance. The Ohio Revised Code prohibits expenditures plus encumbrances from exceeding appropriations at the fund and/or function level. On the GAAP basis, encumbrances outstanding at year end are reported as a reservation of fund balance for subsequent-year expenditures for governmental funds and reported in the notes to the financial statements for proprietary funds.

Lapsing of Appropriations At the close of each year, the unencumbered balance of each appropriation reverts to the respective fund from which it was appropriated and becomes subject to future appropriation. Encumbered appropriations are carried forward to the succeeding fiscal year and are not reappropriated.

Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2000

NOTE B - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

4. Cash and Cash Equivalents

To improve cash management, cash received by the School District is pooled. Monies for all funds, including proprietary funds, are maintained in this pool. Individual fund integrity is maintained through the School District's records. Each fund's interest in the pool is presented as "equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents" on the combined balance sheet.

During fiscal year 2000, investments were limited to STAR Ohio, the State Treasurer's Investment Pool and repurchase agreements. Except for nonparticipating investment contracts, investments are reported at fair value which is based on quoted market prices. Repurchase agreements are reported at cost.

STAR Ohio is an investment pool managed by the State Treasurer's Office which allows governments within the state to pool their funds for investment purposes. STAR Ohio is not registered with SEC as an investment company, but does operate in a manner consistent with Rule 2a7 of The Investment Company Act of 1940. Investments in STAR Ohio are valued at STAR Ohio's share price which is the price the investment could be sold for on June 30, 2000.

Following Ohio statutes, the Board of Education has, by resolution, identified the funds to receive an allocation of interest. Interest revenue credited to the general fund during fiscal year 2000 amounted to \$835,846, which includes \$120,203 assigned from other School District funds.

For purposes of the combined statement of cash flows and for presentation on the combined balance sheet, investments of the cash management pool and investments with an original maturity of three months or less at the time they are purchased by the School District are considered to be cash equivalents. Investments with an original maturity of more than three months that are not made from the pool are considered to be investments.

5. Restricted Assets

Restricted assets in the General Fund represent cash and cash equivalents whose use is limited by legal requirements. Restricted assets include unexpended revenues restricted for the amount required by statute to be set-aside by the School District for the creation of a reserve for budget stabilization. See Note W for additional information regarding set-asides.

Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2000

NOTE B - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

6. Inventory

Inventories of governmental funds are stated at cost while inventories of proprietary funds are stated at the lower of cost or market. For all funds, cost is determined on a first-in, first-out basis. Inventory in governmental funds consists of expendable supplies held for consumption. The costs of inventory items are recorded as an expenditure in the governmental fund types when purchased. Reported material and supplies inventory is equally offset by a fund balance reserve in the governmental funds which indicates that it does not constitute available expendable resources even though it is a component of net current assets. Inventories of proprietary funds consist of donated food, purchased food, and school supplies held for resale and are expensed when used.

7. Fixed Assets and Depreciation

General fixed assets are not capitalized in the funds used to acquire or construct them. Instead, capital acquisition and construction costs are reflected as expenditures in governmental funds, and related assets are reported in the general fixed assets account group. Fixed assets utilized in the proprietary funds are capitalized in the respective fund. All fixed assets are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost) and updated for additions and retirements during the year. Donated fixed assets are recorded at their fair market values as of the date received. The School District maintains a capitalization threshold of five hundred dollars. The School District does not possess any infrastructure.

Improvements are capitalized. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an asset's life are not capitalized. Interest incurred during the construction of general fixed assets is also not capitalized.

Assets in the general fixed assets account group are not depreciated. Depreciation of furniture and equipment and vehicles in the proprietary fund types is computed using the straight-line method over an estimated useful life that ranges from five to ten years. Improvements are depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related fixed assets.

8. Intergovernmental Revenues

For governmental funds, intergovernmental revenues, such as entitlements and grants awarded on a non-reimbursement basis are recorded as receivables and revenues when measurable and available. Reimbursement type grants are recorded as

Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2000

NOTE B - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

8. Intergovernmental Revenues - Continued

receivables and revenues when the related expenditures are incurred. Other than commodities, grants and entitlements for proprietary fund operations are recognized as non-operating revenues in the accounting period in which they are earned and become measurable.

The School District currently participates in several State and Federal programs, categorized as follows:

Entitlements

General Fund

School Bus Purchase Reimbursement State Foundation Program State Property Tax Relief

Special Revenue Funds Disadvantaged Pupil Impact Aid Textbook Subsidy Professional Development Ohio Reads Title VI-R Character Education Alternative Education (Bridges)

Non-Reimbursable Grants

General Fund Vocational VEPD Grant

Special Revenue Funds Education Management Information Systems Title VIB Adult Basic Education Vocational Education Title I Title VI Drug Free School Post-Secondary Vocational Education Job Training Partnership Act

Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2000

NOTE B - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

8. Intergovernmental Revenues - Continued

Jobs Education 60/40 Eisenhower Math & Science Preschool/Handicapped Parent Mentor Federal Challenge

Capital Projects Fund School Net Plus

Proprietary Fund Adult Education

Reimbursable Grants

General Fund Driver Education Reimbursement CAFS Medicare Reimbursement

Proprietary Funds National School Lunch Program Government Donated Commodities

Grants and entitlements amounted to forty-nine percent of the School District's governmental funds revenue during the 2000 fiscal year.

9. Interfund Assets/Liabilities

Receivables and payables resulting from transactions between funds for services provided or goods received are classified as "due from other funds" or "due to other funds" on the balance sheet. Short-term interfund loans are classified as "interfund receivables/payables."

10. Compensated Absences

Vacation benefits are accrued as a liability as the benefits are earned if the employees' rights to receive compensation are attributable to services already rendered and it is probable that the School District will compensate the employees for the benefits through paid time off or some other means. The School District records a liability for

Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2000

NOTE B - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

10. Compensated Absences

accumulated unused vacation time when earned for all employees with more than one year of service.

Sick leave benefits are accrued as a liability using the termination method. An accrual for earned sick leave is made to the extent that it is probable that benefits will result in termination payments. The liability is an estimate based on the School District's past experience of making termination payments.

For governmental funds, the current portion of unpaid compensated absences is the amount expected to be paid using expendable available resources. These amounts are recorded in the account "compensated absences payable" in the fund from which the employees who have accumulated unpaid leave are paid. The remainder is reported in the general long-term obligations account group. In proprietary funds, the entire amount of compensated absences is reported as a fund liability.

11. Accrued Liabilities and Long-term Obligations

In general, governmental fund payables and accrued liabilities are reported as obligations of the funds regardless of whether they will be liquidated with current resources. However, claims and judgements, compensated absences, contractually required pension contributions and special termination benefits that will be paid from governmental funds are reported as a liability in the general long-term obligations account group to the extent that they will not be paid with current available expendable financial resources. Payments made more than two months after year end are generally considered not to have been paid with current available resources. Bonds and capital leases are reported as a liability of the general long-term obligations account group until due.

Long-term debt and other obligations financed by proprietary funds are reported as liabilities in the appropriate proprietary funds.

12. Interfund Transactions

Quasi-external transactions are accounted for as revenues, and expenditures or expenses. Transactions that constitute reimbursements to a fund for expenditures/expenses initially made from it that are properly applicable to another fund are recorded as expenditures/expenses in the reimbursing fund and as reductions of expenditures/expenses in the fund that is reimbursed. Nonrecurring or nonroutine

Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2000

NOTE B - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

12. Interfund Transactions – Continued

permanent transfers of equity are reported as residual equity transfers. All other interfund transfers are reported as operating transfers.

13. Estimates

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to makes estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

14. Fund Balance Reserves

The School District reserves those portions of fund equity which are legally segregated for a specific future use or which do not represent available expendable resources and therefore are not available for appropriation or expenditure. Unreserved fund balance indicates that portion of fund equity which is available for appropriation in future periods. Fund equity reserves have been established for encumbrances, inventories of supplies and materials, budget stabilization and property taxes.

The reserve for property taxes represents taxes recognized as revenue under generally accepted accounting principles but not available for appropriation under State statute. The reserve for budget stabilization represents money required to be set-aside by statute to protect against cyclical changes in revenues and expenditures.

15. Total Columns on General Purpose Financial Statements

Total columns on the general purpose financial statements are captioned "Total - (Memorandum Only)" to indicate that they are presented only to facilitate financial analysis. Data in these columns do not present financial position, results of operations, or cash flows in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles. Neither is such data comparable to a consolidation. Interfund eliminations have not been made in the aggregation of this data.

Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2000

NOTE C - FUND DEFICITS

The following funds had a deficit fund balance/retained earnings as of June 30, 2000:

Special Revenue Funds	
Swimming Pool	\$21,389
Post Secondary Education	3,506
Disadvantaged Pupil Impact Aid	1,209
Adult Basic Education	910
Drug Free Schools	31
Preschool Grant	1,493
Title VI-R	11,984
New3 Grant	244
Enterprise Funds	
Food Service	56,263
Adult Education	6,196

The special revenue funds deficits are due to an adjustment for accrued liabilities. The general fund is liable for any deficit in this fund and provides operating transfers when cash is required, not when accruals occur.

The food service and adult education enterprise funds had a deficit retained earnings which are due to adjustments for accrued liabilities. Management is analyzing the operation of the food service and adult education to determine the appropriate action to alleviate the deficits.

NOTE D - RESTATEMENT OF PRIOR YEAR'S EQUITY

The fund balance in the grants special revenue fund at June 30, 1999, of \$468,583 was restated by \$1,220 to \$469,803. This is due to a reclassification of funds.

Materials and supplies inventory in the food service fund was understated in the prior year. The retained earnings in the food service enterprise fund at June 30, 1999, of (\$37,406) was restated by \$3,258 to (\$34,148).

Due to a reclassification of funds, the agency fund assets and liabilities at June 30, 1999, of \$69,784 were restated by \$1,220 to \$68,564.

Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2000

NOTE E - BUDGETARY BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

While the School District is reporting financial position, results of operations, and changes in fund balances/retained earnings on the basis of generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP), the budgetary basis as provided by law is based upon accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements, and encumbrances. The Combined Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual-All Governmental Fund Types and the Combined Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Equity - Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual - All Proprietary Fund Types are presented on the budgetary basis to provide a meaningful comparison of actual results with the budget. The major differences between the budget basis and GAAP basis are that:

- 1. Revenues are recorded when received in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when susceptible to accrual (GAAP basis).
- 2. Expenditures/expenses are recorded when paid in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when the liability is incurred (GAAP basis).
- 3. Encumbrances are treated as expenditures/expenses for all funds (budget basis) rather than as a reservation of fund balance for governmental fund types and as note disclosure in the proprietary fund type (GAAP basis).
- 4. The lease purchase agreement principal and interest payment is repaid from the general fund (budget) as opposed to the fund that received the proceeds (GAAP). General fund resources used to pay both principal and interest have been allocated accordingly.

Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2000

NOTE E - BUDGETARY BASIS OF ACCOUNTING - Continued

The following tables summarize the adjustments necessary to reconcile the GAAP and budgetary basis statements by fund type.

Excess of Revenues and Other Financing Sources Over (Under) Expenditures and Other Financing Uses All Governmental Fund Types

	General	Special Revenue	Debt Service	Capital Projects
GAAP Basis	\$573,714	\$62,867	(\$196,577)	(\$3,427,015)
Net Adjustment for Revenue Accruals	1,088,077	(115,178)	122,026	27,090
Net Adjustment for Expenditure Accruals	(21,770)	124,762	0	(343,085)
Intergovernmental Revenue	59,255	0	0	(59,255)
Principal Retirement	(47,437)	0	0	47,437
Interest and Fiscal Charges	(11,818)	0	0	11,818
Advance In	14,850	27,600	0	0
Advance Out	(27,600)	(6,850)	0	0
Encumbrances	(492,320)	(145,417)	0	(1,342,272)
Budget Basis	\$1,134,951	(\$52,216)	(\$74,551)	(\$5,085,282)

Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2000

NOTE E - BUDGETARY BASIS OF ACCOUNTING - Continued

Net Loss/Excess of Revenues and Operating Transfers Under Expenses and Advances All Proprietary Fund Types

	Enterprise	Internal Service
GAAP Basis	(\$25,881)	(\$5,846)
Net Adjustment for Revenue Accruals	35,486	(47,117)
Depreciation	8,205	0
Net Adjustment for Expense Accruals	382	14,971
Advance Out	(8,000)	0
Encumbrances	(35,645)	0
Budget Basis	(\$25,453)	(\$37,992)

NOTE F - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

State statutes classify monies held by the School District into three categories.

Active deposits are public deposits necessary to meet current demands on the treasury. Such monies must be maintained either as cash in the School District Treasury, in commercial accounts payable or withdrawable on demand, including negotiable order of withdrawal (NOW) accounts, or in money market deposit accounts.

Inactive deposits are public deposits that the Board of Education has identified as not required for use within the current two year period of designation of depositories. Inactive deposits must either be evidenced by certificates of deposit maturing not later than the end of the current period of designation of depositories, or by savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts.

Interim deposits are deposits of interim monies. Interim monies are those monies which are not needed for immediate use but which will be needed before the end of the current period of designation of depositories. Interim deposits must be evidenced by time certificates of deposit maturing not more than one year from the date of deposit or by savings or deposit accounts including passbook accounts.

Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2000

NOTE F - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - Continued

Protection of the School District's deposits is provided by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC), by eligible securities pledged by the financial institution as security for repayment, by surety company bonds deposited with the treasurer by the financial institution or by a single collateral pool established by the financial institution to secure the repayment of all public monies deposited with the institution. Interim monies may be deposited or invested in the following securities:

- 1. United States Treasury Notes, Bills, Bonds, or any other obligation or security issued by the United States treasury or any other obligation guaranteed as to principal and interest by the United States;
- 2. Bonds, notes, debentures, or any other obligations or securities issued by any federal government agency or instrumentality, including but not limited to, the Federal National Mortgage Association, Federal Home Loan Bank, Federal Farm Credit Cank, Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation, Government National Mortgage Association, and Student Loan Marketing Association. All federal agency securities shall be direct issuances of federal government agencies or instrumentalities;
- 3. Written repurchase agreements in the securities listed above provided that the market value of the securities subject to the repurchase agreement must exceed the principal value of the agreement by at least two percent and be marked to market daily, and that the term of the agreement must not exceed thirty days;
- 4. Bonds and other obligation of the State of Ohio;
- 5. No-load money market mutual funds consisting exclusively of obligations described in division (1) or (2) of this section and repurchase agreements secured by such obligations, provided that investments in securities described in this division are made only through eligible institutions;
- 6. The State Treasurer's investment pool (STAR Ohio);
- 7. Certain bankers' acceptances and commercial paper notes for a period not to exceed one hundred and eighty days in an amount not to exceed twenty-five percent of the interim moneys available for investment at any one time; and,
- 8. Under limited circumstances, corporate debt interests rated in either of the two highest rating classifications by at least two nationally recognized rating agencies.

Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2000

NOTE F - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - Continued

Investments in stripped principal or interest obligations, reverse repurchase agreements and derivatives are prohibited. The issuance of taxable notes for the purpose of arbitrage, the use of leverage and short selling are also prohibited. An investment must mature within five years from the date of purchase unless matched to a specific obligation or debt of the School District, and must be purchased with the expectation that it will be held to maturity.

Investments may only be made through specified dealers and institutions. Payment for investments may be made only upon delivery of the securities representing the investments to the Treasurer or, if the securities are not represented by a certificate, upon receipt of confirmation of transfer from the custodian.

Cash on Hand At fiscal year end, the School District had \$8,550 in undeposited cash on hand which is included on the balance sheet of the School District as part of equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents.

The following information classifies deposits and investments by categories of risk as defined in GASB Statement 3, "Deposits with Financial Institutions, Investments (Including Repurchase Agreements) and Reverse Repurchase Agreements."

Deposits At fiscal year end, the carrying amount of the School District's deposits was \$8,691,872 and the bank balance was \$13,646,473. Of the bank balance, \$225,000 was covered by federal depository insurance and \$13,421,473 was uninsured and uncollateralized. Although all State statutory requirements for the deposit of money had been followed, non-compliance with federal requirements would potentially subject the School District to a successful claim by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation.

Investments The School District's investments are required to be categorized below to give an indication of the level of risk assumed by the School District at fiscal year end. Category 1 includes investments that are insured or registered or for which the securities are held by the School District or its agent in the School District's name. Category 2 includes uninsured and unregistered investments which are held by the counterparty's trust department or agent in the School District's name. Category 3 includes uninsured and unregistered investments for which the securities are held by the counterparty, or by its trust department or agent but not in the School District's name. The School District invests in STAR Ohio, an investment pool operated by the Ohio State Treasurer, which is an unclassified investment since it is not evidenced by securities that exist in physical or book entry form.

Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2000

NOTE F - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - Continued

	Category 3	Carrying Value	Fair Value
Repurchase Agreements	\$705,000	\$ 705,000	\$ 705,000
STAR Ohio		3,488,286	3,488,286
Total		\$4,193,286	\$4,193,286

The classification of cash and cash equivalents, and investments on the combined financial statements is based on criteria set forth in GASB Statement No. 9. A reconciliation between the classifications of cash and investments on the combined financial statements and the classification per GASB Statement No. 3 is as follows:

	Cash and Cash Equivalents/ Deposits	Investments
GASB Statement 9	\$12,893,708	\$0
Cash on Hand Investments which are part of a cash management pool:	(8,550)	0
Repurchase Agreements	(705,000)	705,000
STAR Ohio	(3,488,286)	3,488,286
GASB Statement 3	\$ 8,691,872	\$4,193,286

NOTE G - PROPERTY TAXES

Property taxes are levied and assessed on a calendar year basis while the School District fiscal year runs from July through June. First half tax collections are received by the School District in the second half of the fiscal year. Second half tax distributions occur in the first half of the following fiscal year.

Property taxes include amounts levied against all real, public utility and tangible personal property located in the School District. Property tax revenue received during calendar 2000 for real and public utility property taxes represents collections of

Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2000

NOTE G - PROPERTY TAXES – Continued

calendar 1999 taxes. Property tax payments received during calendar 2000 for tangible personal property (other than public utility property) is for calendar 2000 taxes. 2000 real property taxes are levied after April 1, 2000, on the assessed value listed as of January 1, 2000, the lien date. Assessed values are established by State law at thirty-five percent of appraised market value.

Public utility tangible personal property currently is assessed at varying percentages of true value: public utility real property is assessed at thirty-five percent of true value. 2000 public utility property taxes became a lien December 31, 1999, are levied after April 1, 2000, and are collected in 2001 with real property taxes.

2000 tangible personal property taxes are levied after April 1, 2000, on the value as of December 31, 1999. Collections are made in 2000. Tangible personal property assessments are twenty-five percent of true value.

-	1999 Second- Half Collections		2000 First- Half Collections	
	Amount	Percent	Amount	Percent
Agricultural/ Residential and Other Real Estate	\$303,138,380	82.08%	\$311,780,060	82.98%
Public Utility Personal	23,000,690	6.23	20,720,350	5.53
Tangible Personal Property	43,167,891	11.69	43,155,739	11.49
Total	\$369,306,961	100.00%	\$375,656,149	100.00%
Tax rate per \$1,000 of assessed valuation	\$ 87.60		\$ 86.50	

The assessed values upon which the fiscal year 2000 taxes were collected are:

Real property taxes are payable annually or semi-annually. If paid annually, payment is due December 31; if paid semi-annually, the first payment is due December 31 with the remainder payable by June 20. Under certain circumstances, State statute permits later payment dates to be established.

Tangible personal property taxes paid by multi-county taxpayers are due September 20. Single county taxpayers may pay annually or semi-annually. If paid annually,

Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2000

NOTE G - PROPERTY TAXES – Continued

payment is due April 30; if paid semi-annually, the first payment is due April 30, with the remainder payable by September 20.

The School District receives property taxes from Portage County. The County Auditor periodically advances to the School District its portion of the taxes collected. Second-half real property tax payments collected by the County by June 30, 2000, are available to finance fiscal year 2001 operations. The amount available to be advanced can vary based on the date the tax bills are sent.

Accrued property taxes receivable represent delinquent taxes outstanding and real property, personal property and public utility taxes which became measurable as of June 30, 2000. Although total property tax collections for the next fiscal year are measurable, only the amount available as an advance at June 30 is intended to finance current year operations. The receivable is therefore offset by a credit to deferred revenue for that portion not intended to finance current year operations. The amount available as an advance at June 30, 2000, was \$948,924 and is recognized as revenue. \$867,688 was available to the general fund and \$81,236 was available to the debt service fund.

NOTE H - RISK MANAGEMENT

1. Property and Liability Insurance

The School District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees and natural disasters. During fiscal year 2000, the School District contracted with Indiana Insurance Company for property, general liability, and inland marine insurance. Travelers Insurance Company covers boiler and machinery with a \$30,000,000 single occurrence limit and a \$1,000 deductible. Vehicles are covered by Coregis Insurance Company and have a \$250 deductible for comprehensive and a \$500 deductible for collision. Automobile liability has a \$2,000,000 combined single limit of liability.

Professional liability is protected by Nationwide Agribusiness Insurance Company with a \$2,000,000 single occurrence limit and no deductible and \$5,000,000 per occurrence umbrella policy.

There have been no significant reductions in insurance coverage from last year. Settled claims have not exceeded this commercial coverage in any of the past four years.

Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2000

NOTE H - RISK MANAGEMENT - Continued

2. Workers' Compensation

For fiscal year 2000, the School District participated in the Ohio School Boards Association Workers' Compensation Group Rating Program (GRP), an insurance purchasing pool (Note 17). The intent of the GRP is to achieve the benefit of a reduced premium for the School District by virtue of its grouping and representation with other participants in the GRP. The workers' compensation experience of the participating school districts is calculated as one experience and a common premium rate is applied to all school districts in the GRP. Each participant pays its workers' compensation premium to the State based on the rate for the GRP rather than its individual rate. Total savings are then calculated and each participant's individual performance is compared to the overall savings percentage of the GRP. A participant will then either receive money from or be required to contribute to the "Equity Pooling Fund". This "equity pooling" arrangement insures that each participant shares equally in the overall performance of the GRP. Participation in the GRP is limited to school districts that can meet the GRP's selection criteria. The firm of Gates McDonald & Co. provides administrative, cost control and actuarial services to the GRP.

3. Employee Medical Benefits

The School District has elected to provide employee medical/prescription drug/surgical/dental benefits through a self-insurance program, effective October 1, 1994. The School District maintains a self-insurance internal service fund to account for and finance this program. This plan provides a medical/prescription drug/surgical/dental plan with a \$200 per person major medical and a 10 percent (\$10 maximum) per prescription deductible for certified personnel. Klais & Company, Inc. reviews all claims and administers the payment of claims for the School District.

The School District pays, into the self insurance internal service fund, monthly premium rates as follows:

	Family Coverage	Single Coverage
Noncertificated Personnel	\$551.36	\$232.01
Certificated Personnel	563.06	242.37

The premium is paid by the fund that pays the salary for the employee and is based on historical cost information. Certificated personnel pay through payroll deduction 20 percent of the premium cost up to a maximum of \$125 per month. Effective January 1, 2000, certificated personnel pay a premium of 17 percent of the premium cost up

Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2000

NOTE H - RISK MANAGEMENT - Continued

3. Employee Medical Benefits - Continued

to a maximum of \$64 per month for single coverage and \$148 for family coverage. Noncertificated personnel pay through payroll deduction 19.33 percent of the premium up to \$110 per month. Effective January 1, 2000, each noncertificated employee pays 20 percent of the premium up to a maximum of \$125 per month. These payroll deduction premiums are also paid into the self-insurance internal service fund.

The claims liability of \$246,611 reported in the internal service fund at June 30, 2000, was estimated by a third party administrator and is based on the requirements of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 10 which requires that a liability for unpaid claims costs, including estimates of costs relating to incurred but not reported claims, be reported. The estimate was not affected by incremental claim adjustment expenses and does not include other allocated or unallocated claim adjustment expense. Changes in the fund's claims liability amount in 1998, 1999 and 2000 were:

	Balance Beginning of Year	Current Year Claims	Claim Payments	Balance End of Year
1998	\$114,858	\$1,812,642	\$1,751,445	\$176,055
1999	176,055	1,681,579	1,673,986	183,648
2000	183,648	2,226,282	2,163,319	246,611

NOTE I - RECEIVABLES

Receivables at June 30, 2000, consisted of taxes, accounts (rent and tuition), interest and intergovernmental grants. All receivables are considered collectible in full due to the ability to foreclose for the nonpayment of taxes, the stable condition of State programs, and the current year guarantee of federal funds. A summary of the principal items of intergovernmental receivables follows:

Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2000

NOTE I - RECEIVABLES - Continued

Fund Type/Fund	Amounts
General Fund	
Drivers Education	\$3,400
CAFS Reimbursement	9,022
Total General Fund	\$12,422
Special Revenue Funds	
Telecommunity Grant	\$92,557
Title VI-B	27,710
Title I	27,671
Total Special Revenue Funds	147,938
Total All Funds	\$160,360

NOTE J - FIXED ASSETS

A summary of the enterprise funds' fixed assets at June 30, 2000, follows:

	Enterprise
Furniture and Equipment	\$160,207
Vehicles	26,533
Totals	186,740
Less: Accumulated Depreciation	(165,270)
Net	\$21,470

Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2000

NOTE J - FIXED ASSETS - Continued

A summary of the changes in general fixed assets during fiscal year 2000 follows:

	Balance 6/30/99	Additions	Deductions	Balance 6/30/00
Land	\$ 879,835	\$0	\$0	\$ 879,835
Buildings	29,767,738	1,845,747	30,826	31,582,659
Improvements Other than				
Buildings	484,624	116,976	0	601,600
Furniture and Equipment	7,107,628	597,534	113,904	7,591,258
Vehicles	1,438,144	188,472	48,612	1,578,00 4
Construction in Progress	6,170,856	4,149,130	1,607,464	8,712,522
Total General Fixed Assets	\$45,848,825	\$6,897,859	\$1,800,806	\$50,945,878

NOTE K - CONTRACTUAL COMMITMENTS

As of June 30, 2000, the Kent City School District had the following contractual commitments outstanding:

		Amount paid	Amount
	Contract	as of	remaining on
Project	Amount	June 30, 2000	Contract
New Middle School	\$17,620,657	\$17,321,975	\$298,682
Davey Renovations	3,242,446	2,602,005	640,441
Stadium Renovation	121,719	0	121,719
Fitness Center	101,567	3,025	98,542
Roofing	46,701	22,529	24,172
Fire Alarm Upgrade	24,953	0	24,953
Paving	17,700	0	17,700
T1 Installation and			
Upgrade	5,388	3,138	2,250
Total	\$21,181,131	\$19,952,672	\$1,228,459

Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2000

NOTE L - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS

1. School Employees Retirement System

Kent City School District contributes to the School Employees Retirement System (SERS), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. SERS provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided by Chapter 3309 of the Ohio Revised Code. SERS issues a publicly available, stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained by writing to the School Employees Retirement System, 45 North Fourth Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215-3634.

Plan members are required to contribute 9 percent of their annual covered salary and Kent City School District is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. The current rate is 14 percent of annual covered payroll. A portion of the School District's contribution is used to fund pension obligation with the remainder being used to fund health care benefits; for fiscal year 2000, 5.5 percent of annual covered salary was the portion used to fund pension obligations. For fiscal year 1999, 7.7 percent was used to fund pension obligations. The contribution requirements of plan members and employers are established and may be amended, up to statutory maximum amounts, by the SERS' Retirement Board. The School District's required contributions for pension obligations to SERS for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2000, 1999, and 1998 were \$252,866, \$299,754, and \$404,163, respectively; 75.26 percent has been contributed for fiscal year 2000 and 100 percent for the fiscal years 1999 and 1998. \$62,547 represents the unpaid contribution for fiscal year 2000, is recorded as a liability within the respective funds and the general long-term obligations account group.

Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2000

2. State Teachers Retirement System

The Kent City School District contributes to the School Teachers Retirement System of Ohio (STRS), a cost-sharing multiple employer public employee retirement system. STRS provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death and survivor benefits to members and beneficiaries. Benefits are established by Chapter 3307 of the Ohio Revised Code. STRS issues a publicly available, stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for STRS. That report may be obtained by writing to the State Teachers Retirement System, 275 East Broad Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215-3771.

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2000, plan members were required to contribute 9.3 percent of their annual covered salaries. The Kent City School District was required to contribute 14 percent; 6 percent was the portion used to fund pension obligations. Contribution rates are established by STRS, upon recommendation of its consulting actuary, not to exceed statutory maximum rates of 10 percent for members and 14 percent for employers. The School District's required contributions for pension obligations to STRS for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2000, 1999, and 1998 were \$1,057,274, \$1,011,191, and \$1,712,737 respectively; 82.93 percent has been contributed for fiscal year 2000 and 100 percent for the fiscal years 1999 and 1998. \$180,510 represents the unpaid contribution for fiscal year 2000, is recorded as a liability within the respective funds.

NOTE M - POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

The School District provides comprehensive health care benefits to retired teachers and their dependents through the State Teachers Retirement System (STRS), and to retired non-certificated employees and their dependents through the School Employees Retirement System (SERS). Benefits include hospitalization, physicians' fees, prescription drugs and reimbursement of monthly Medicare premiums. Benefit provisions and the obligations to contribute are established by the Systems based on authority granted by State statute. Both systems are funded on a pay-as-you-go basis.

All STRS benefit recipients and sponsored dependents are eligible for health care coverage. The STRS Board has statutory authority over how much, if any, of the health care costs will be absorbed by STRS. Most benefit recipients pay a portion of the health care cost in the form of a monthly premium. By law, the cost of coverage paid from STRS funds is included in the employer contribution rate, currently 14 percent of covered payroll. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2000, the STRS Board allocated employer contributions equal to 8 percent of covered payroll to the Health

Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2000

NOTE M - POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS - Continued

Care Reserve Fund. For the School District, this amount equaled \$1,409,699 for fiscal year 2000.

STRS pays health care benefits from the Health Care Reserve Fund. At June 30, 1999, (the lastest information available) the balance in the Fund was \$2.783 million. For the year ended June 30, 1999, net health care costs paid by STRS were \$249,929,000 and STRS had 95,796 eligible benefit recipients.

For SERS, coverage is made available to service retirees with ten or more years of qualifying service credit, and to disability and survivor benefit recipients. Members retiring on or after August 1, 1989, with less than twenty-five years of service credit must pay a portion of their premium for health care. The portion is based on years of service up to a maximum of 75 percent of the premium.

After the allocation for basic benefits, the remainder of the employer's 14 percent contribution is allocated to providing health care benefits. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2000, employer contributions to fund health care benefits were 8.50 percent of covered payroll an increase of 2.2 percent for fiscal year 2000. In addition, SERS levies a surcharge to fund health care benefits equal to 14 percent of the difference between a minimum pay and the member's pay, pro-rated for partial service credit. For fiscal year 2000, the minimum pay has been established at \$12,400. For the School District, the amount contributed to fund health care benefits, including the surcharge, during the 2000 fiscal year equaled \$494,308.

The surcharge, added to the unallocated portion of the 14 percent employer contribution rate, provides for maintenance of the asset target for the health care fund. The target level for the health care reserve is 150 percent of annual health care expenses. Expenses for health care for the fiscal year ended June 30, 1999, (the latest information available), were \$126,380,984 and the target level was \$189.6 million. At June 30, 1999, SERS had net assets available for payment of health care benefits of \$188.0 million. SERS has approximately 51,000 participants currently receiving health care benefits.

NOTE N - EMPLOYEE BENEFITS

1. Compensated Absences

The criteria for determining vacation and sick leave benefits are derived from negotiated agreements and State laws. Classified employees earn two to twenty days of vacation per year, depending upon length of service and hours worked.

Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2000

NOTE N - EMPLOYEE BENEFITS - Continued

1. Compensated Absences - Continued

Accumulated unused vacation time is paid to classified employees and administrators upon termination of employment. Teachers and most administrators do not earn vacation time. Administrators employed to work 260 days per year earn 20 days of vacation annually.

Teachers, administrators and classified employees earn sick leave at the rate of one and one-fourth days per month. Sick leave may be accumulated without limit. Upon retirement, classified employees receive payment for one-fourth of the total sick leave accumulation, up to a maximum accumulation of 160 days, and one-ninth of accumulated sick leave beyond 160 days, to a maximum accumulation of 216 days. Upon retirement, a certificated employee or administrator is paid for one-fourth of the total sick leave accumulation, up to a maximum accumulation of 168 days, and one-ninth of accumulated sick leave beyond 168 days, to a maximum accumulation of 270 days.

2. Insurance

The School District provides life insurance and accidental death and dismemberment insurance to most employees through Sun Life Assurance Company, in an amount of \$40,000 or \$45,000 for certified and \$30,000 or \$35,000 for non-certified staff, depending upon the employee's length of service.

NOTE O - JOINTLY GOVERNED ORGANIZATIONS

1. North East Ohio Network for Educational Technology (NEONET)

The North East Ohio Network for Educational Technology (NEONET) is a jointly governed organization among sixteen school districts and the Summit County Educational Service Center formed for the purpose of applying modern technology with the aid of computers and other electronic equipment to administrative and instructional functions among member districts. The legislative and advisory body is the assembly which is comprised of the superintendents of the participating schools. The degree of control exercised by any participating school district is limited to its representation on the assembly, which elects the board of directors, who exercises total control over the operation of NEONET including budgeting, appropriating, contracting and designating management. The seven member board of directors consists of four superintendents, two members of the treasurers' committee and one member of the student services subcommittee. All revenues are generated from an annual fee of \$7.70 per student

Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2000

NOTE O - JOINTLY GOVERNED ORGANIZATIONS - Continued

1. North East Ohio Network for Educational Technology (NEONET) - Continued

to participating districts and State funding. The Summit County Educational Service Center is the fiscal agent of NEONET. Financial information can be obtained by writing to the Summit County Educational Service Center, 420 Washington Avenue, Suite 200, Cuyahoga Falls, Ohio 44221.

2. Vocational Compact

The Vocational Compact is a jointly governed organization to provide for the vocational and special education needs of the students of six participating school districts. The six member board consists of the superintendent from each of the participating school districts. Students may attend any vocational or special education class offered by any of the six districts. If a student elects to attend a class offered by a school district other than the school district in which the student resides, the school district of residence pays an instructional fee to the school district that offered the class. Cuyahoga Falls City School District serves as the fiscal agent for this agreement, collecting and distributing payments. All revenues are generated from charges for services. Kent City School District paid \$22,880 to the Vocational Compact for services during fiscal year 2000.

3. Ohio Schools Council

The Ohio Schools Council Association (Council) is a jointly governed organization among eighty-three school districts. The jointly governed organization was formed to purchase quality products and services at the lowest possible cost to the member districts. Each district supports the Council by paying an annual participation fee. The Council's Board consists of seven superintendents of the participating districts whose term rotates every year. The degree of control exercised by any school district is limited to its representation on the Board. During fiscal year 2000, the School District paid \$750 to the Council. Financial information can be obtained by contacting Albert G. Vasek, the Executive Secretary of the Ohio Schools Council at 155 Center Road, Bedford, Ohio 44146.

The School District participates in the Council's prepaid natural gas program which was implemented during fiscal year 1999. This program allows school districts to purchase natural gas at reduced rates, if the school districts will commit to participating for a twelve year period. The participants make monthly payments based on estimated usage. Each month these estimated payments are compared to their actual usage and any necessary adjustments are made.

Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2000

NOTE O - JOINTLY GOVERNED ORGANIZATIONS - Continued

3. Ohio Schools Council - Continued

The City of Hamilton, a municipal corporation and political subdivision duly organized and existing under the laws of the State of Ohio, issued \$89,450,000 in debt to purchase twelve years of natural gas from CMS Energy Corporation for the participants. The participating school districts are not obligated in any manner for this debt. If a participating school district terminates its agreement, the district is entitled to recover that amount, if any, of its contributions to the operating fund which are not encumbered for its share of program administrative costs.

NOTE P - RELATED ORGANIZATION

The Kent Free Library is a related organization to Kent City School District. The School Board members are responsible for appointing all the trustees of the Kent Free Library; however, the School Board cannot influence the Library's operation nor does the Library represent a potential financial benefit or burden to Kent City School District. Kent City School District serves in a ministerial capacity as the taxing authority for the Library. Once the Library determines to present a levy to the voters, including the determination of the rate and duration, Kent City School District must place the levy on the ballot. The Library determines its own budget. The Library did not receive any funding from Kent City School District during fiscal year 2000.

NOTE Q - INSURANCE PURCHASING POOL

The School District participates in the Ohio School Boards Association Workers' Compensation Group Rating Program (GRP), an insurance purchasing pool. The GRP's business and affairs are conducted by a three member Board of directors consisting of the President, the President-Elect and the Immediate Post President of the OSBA. The Executive Director of the OSBA, or his designee, serves as coordinator of the program. Each year, the participating school districts pay an enrollment fee to the GRP to cover the costs of administering the program.

NOTE R - CONTINGENCIES

1. Grants

The School District received financial assistance from federal and state agencies in the form of grants. The expenditure of funds received under these programs generally requires compliance with terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements and

Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2000

NOTE R - CONTINGENCIES - Continued

1. Grants - Continued

is subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims resulting from such audits could become a liability of the general fund or other applicable funds. However, in the opinion of management, any such disallowed claims will not have a material adverse effect on the overall financial position of the School District at June 30, 2000.

2. Litigation

The School District is party to legal proceedings. The School District is of the opinion that ultimate disposition of claims will not have a material effect, if any, on the financial condition of the School District.

NOTE S - STATE SCHOOL FUNDING DECISION

On March 24, 1997, the Ohio Supreme Court rendered a decision declaring certain portions of the Ohio school funding plan unconstitutional. The Court stayed the effect of its ruling for one year to allow the State's legislature to design a plan to remedy the perceived defects in the system. Declared unconstitutional was the State's "school foundation program", which provides significant amounts of monetary support to the School District. During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2000, the School District received \$13,348,547 of school foundation support for its general fund.

Since the Supreme Court ruling, numerous pieces of legislation have been passed by the State General Assembly in an attempt to address the issues identified by the Court. The Court of Common Pleas in Perry County reviewed the new laws and, in a decision issued on February 26, 1999, determined they are not sufficiently responsive to the constitutional issues raised under the "thorough and efficient clause of the Ohio Constitution. The State appealed the decision made by the Court of Common Pleas to the Ohio Supreme Court. On May 11, 2000, the Ohio Supreme Court rendered an opinion on this issue. The Court concluded, "...the mandate of the [Ohio] Constitution has not been fulfilled." The Court's majority recognized efforts by the Ohio General Assembly taken in response to the Court's March 24, 1997, decision, however, it found seven "...major areas warrant further attention, study, and development by the General Assembly ... ", including the State's reliance on property tax funding, the State's basic aid formula, the school foundation program, as discussed above, the mechanism for, and adequacy of, funding for school facilities, and the existence of the State's School Solvency Assistance Fund, which the Court found took the place of the unconstitutional emergency school loan assistance program.

Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2000

NOTE S - STATE SCHOOL FUNDING DECISION - Continued

The Court decided to maintain jurisdiction over these issues and continued the case at least until June 15, 2001.

As of the date of these financial statements, the School District is unable to determine what effect, if any, this ongoing litigation will have on its future State funding under this program and on its financial operations.

NOTE T - INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS

Interfund balances at June 30, 2000, consist of the following individual fund receivables and payables:

Receivable		Paya	ble
Interfund	Due From	Payable	Due To
\$27,600	\$7,421	\$0	\$62,351
0 0 0	75 0 0	19,000 0 3,413	0 7,270 0
0	0	0	357
0	0	815	0
0	0	0	119
0	0	0	488
0	0	1,994	1,128
0	0	2,378	253
0	75	27,600	9,615
0	0	0	250
0	0	0	238
0	0	0	488
0	64,958	0	0
\$27,600	\$72,454	\$27,600	\$72,454
	Interfund \$27,600 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	Interfund Due From \$27,600 \$7,421 0 75 0 0 0 64,958	$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $

Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2000

NOTE U - SEGMENT INFORMATION FOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS

The School District maintains three enterprise funds to account for the operations of food service, uniform school supplies and adult education. The table below reflects in a summarized format the more significant financial data relating to the enterprise funds of the Kent City School District as of and for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2000.

	Food Service	Uniform School Supplies	Adult Education	Total Enterprise Funds
Operating Revenues	\$531,178	\$93,317	\$42,701	\$667,196
Depreciation	8,205	0	0	8,205
Operating Loss	(353,864)	(13,347)	(28,493)	(395,704)
Donated Commodities	32,451	0	0	32,451
Operating Grants	286,454	0	11,518	297,972
Interest	1,400	0	0	1,400
Operating Transfers In	0	10,000	28,000	38,000
Net Loss	(33,559)	(3,347)	11,025	(25,881)
Net Working Capital	(3,915)	2,431	(2,183)	(3,667)
Total Assets	99,908	2,582	10,812	113,302
Total Equity (Deficit)	(56,264)	2,431	(6,196)	(60,029)
Encumbrances, June 30, 2000	33,715	140	1,790	35,645

NOTE V - CAPITALIZED LEASES - LESSEE DISCLOSURE

The School District has entered into several capital leases for copiers. The lease agreements are accounted for on a GAAP basis as a capital outlay expenditure in the capital projects funds with an offsetting amount reported as an other financing source. General fixed assets consisting of equipment and furniture and fixtures have been capitalized in the general fixed assets account group in the amount of \$49,988. This amount represents the present value of the minimum lease payments at the time of acquisition. A corresponding liability was recorded in the general long-term obligations account group. Principal payments in fiscal year 2000 totaled \$24,879 in the governmental funds.

The School District has also entered into a capital lease for the renovation of Davey Middle School. As part of the agreement, Fifth Third Banks, as lessor, provided \$1,000,000 for the renovations. General fixed assets being constructed with this lease has been capitalized in the general fixed assets account group in the amount of

Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2000

NOTE V - CAPITALIZED LEASES - LESSEE DISCLOSURE - Continued

\$1,000,000 for building as of June 30, 2000. This liability was recorded in the general long-term obligations account group. Principal payment in fiscal year 2000 totaled \$47,437 in the capital projects funds.

The leases met the criteria of a capital lease as defined by Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 13 "Accounting for Leases," which defines a capital lease generally as one which transfers benefits and risks of ownership to the lessee.

The following is a schedule of the future minimum lease payments required under the capital leases and the present value of the minimum lease payments as of June 30, 2000.

Fiscal Year Ending June 30,	Total
2001	\$156,522
2002	146,437
2003	144,419
2004	144,419
2005	124,988
2006	118,511
2007	118,511
2008	118,511
2009	118,511
2010	55,451
Total	1,246,280
Less: Amount Representing Interest	(187,194)
Present Value of Net Minimum Lease	
Payments	\$1,059,086

NOTE W - SET ASIDE REQUIREMENTS

The School District is required by State statute to annually set aside in the General Fund an amount based on a statutory formula for the purchase of textbooks and other instructional materials and an equal amount for the acquisition and construction of capital improvements. Amounts not spent by year end or offset by similarly restricted resources received during the year must be held in cash at year end and carried

Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2000

NOTE W - SET ASIDE REQUIREMENTS – Continued

forward to be used for the same purposes in future years. The School District is also required to set aside money for budget stabilization.

The following cash basis information describes the change in the fiscal year end set aside amounts for textbooks, capital acquisition, and budget stabilization. Disclosure of this information is required by State statute.

	Budget Stabilization Reserve	Capital Improvement <u>Reserve</u>	Textbooks/ Instructional Materials
Set-aside Reserve Balance as of June 30,	\$402,747	\$ 0	\$0
Current Year Set-aside Requirement	0	653,404	653,404
Qualifying Disbursements	0	(1,307,577)	(877,053)
Set-aside Balance Carried Forward to	\$402,747	\$ (654,173)	\$ (223,649)
Set-aside Reserve Balance as of June 30,	\$402,747	\$ 0	\$ 0

The School District had qualifying disbursements during the fiscal year that reduced the textbook and capital improvements set-aside amounts below zero. These extra amounts may be used to reduce the set-aside requirements in future fiscal years. The total reserve balance for the three set-asides at the end of the fiscal year was \$402,747.

Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2000

NOTE X - LONG-TERM DEBT

The changes in long-term obligations of the School District during the 2000 fiscal year were as follows:

	Principal Outstanding 6/30/99	Additions	Deductions	Principal Outstanding 6/30/00
General Obligation Bonds Energy Conservation Improvement 6.15%	\$ 465,000	\$ 0	\$ 105,000	\$ 360,000
Energy Conservation Improvement 5.25%	435,000	0	65,000	370,000
School Improvement 5.09%	3,380,000	0	95,000	3,285,000
School Improvement 5.81%	17,586,185	0	350,000	17,236,185
Total General Obligation Bonds Capital Leases:	21,866,185	0	615,000	21,251,185
Xerox Copier - Stanton	0	106,481	13,396	93,085
Xerox Copier - Roosevelt High School	24,002	0	10,564	13,438
Xerox Copier - Davey Middle School	25,986	0	919	0
Davey Renovations	0	1,000,000	47,437	952,563
Total Capital Leases	24,002	1,106,481	72,316	1,059,086
Pension Obligation	355,594	277,744	355,594	277,744
Compensated Absences	1,421,138	65,809	143,155	1,343,792
Total General Long-Term Obligations	\$23,666,919	\$1,450,034	\$1,186,065	\$23,931,807

Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2000

NOTE X - LONG-TERM DEBT - Continued

General obligation bonds will be paid from tax revenues in the debt service fund. Compensated absences and the pension obligation, which represents contractually required pension contributions paid outside the available period, will be paid from the fund from which the person is paid. Capital leases are paid from the general fund and capital projects fund.

During fiscal year 2000, the School District returned the Davey Middle School copier that was leased. The School District paid \$919 of the outstanding lease amount as of June 30, 2000. The remaining lease payments of \$25,067 were cancelled.

The legal debt margin of the School District as of June 30, 2000, was \$54,601,479. Principal and interest requirements to retire general obligation bonds outstanding at June 30, 2000 are as follows:

Fiscal Year			
Ending June 30	Principal	Interest	Total
2001	\$ 673,000	\$ 1,114,824	\$ 1,787,824
2002	806,000	1,078,631	1,884,631
2003	863,000	1,037,209	1,900,209
2004	772,000	996,835	1,768,835
2005	811,000	957,844	1,768,835
2006-2010	2,902,318	5,577,433	8,479,751
2011-2015	4,888,867	3,503,174	8,392,041
2016-2020	6,560,000	1,801,058	8,361,058
2021-2022	2,975,000	164,406	3,139,406
Total	\$21,251,185	\$16,231,414	\$37,482,590

	Scheo	Kent City School District Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards for the Year Ended June 30, 2000	strict Federal Awards 9 30, 2000			
Federal Grantor/Sub Grantor Program Title	CFDA Number	Pass-Through Grantor's Number	Receipts	Non-Cash Receipts	Disbursements	Non-Cash Disbursements
U.S. Department of Education						
Passed through the State Department of Education						
Adult Education-State Grant Program	84.002	AB-S1	\$48,243	۔ ج	\$55,845	۰ ۲
Total Adult Edcation			48,243		55,845	'
Standing Tall 2000	16.592	N/A	17,101	T	17,101	ſ
Total Standing Tall 2000			17,101	•	17,101	
Title 1 - Education Consolidated Improvement Act of 2000	84.010	043497-C1-S1	780,954	ľ	803,509	'
Total Title 1			780,954	•	803,509	'
Title VI - Education Consolidation and Improvement Act of 1981	84.298	043497-C2-S1	18,398	ı	8,597	I
Total Tile VI			18,398	ſ	8,597	ı
Special Ecuation Cluster: Title VI-B - Education of Handicapped Children Act	84.027	043497-6B-SF	298,957		298,957	ı
Total Title VI-B			298,957	•	298,957	•
Title VI-B - Preschool Total Title VI-B - Preschool	84.173	043497-PG-S1	26,843 26,843	· ·	29,850 29,850	
Emergency Immigrant Education Grant Total Emergency Immigrant Ed. Grant	84.162	EI-S1	1,844 1,844	1	1,989 1,989	
Drug Free Schools Grant Total Drug Free Schools Grant	84.186	043497-DR-S1	16,055 16,055	· ·	25,285 25,285	
Eisenhower Grant	84.164	N/A	16,304	1	11,586	,
Total Eisenhower Grant			16,304	ı	11,586	,

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	Schedule o	Kent City School District Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards - Continued for the Year Ended June 30, 2000	strict I Awards - Contin 30, 2000	pen		
Federal Grantor/Sub Grantor Program Title	CFDA Number	Pass-Through Grantor's Number	Receipts	Non-Cash Receipts	Disbursements	Non-Cash Disbursements
Carl Perkins Grant	84.048	04349720	71,248	1	67,189	1
Total Carl Perkins Grant			71,248		67,189	'
GOALS 2000	84.276	043497-G2-S1	166,332	ı	154,360	
Total GOALS 2000			166,332	'	154,360	•
Title VI-R	84.34	N/A	111,382	ı	111,382	ľ
Total Bureau of Vocational Rehab			111,382	•	111,382	•
Ohio Partners Education	84.215	N/A	20,938	1	6,562	,
Total Ohio Partners Education			20,938	ı	6,562	•
Federal Challenge	84.303	NA	27,978	•	30,722	ı
Total Federal Challenge			27,978	'	30,722	ı
Even Start	84.213	N/A	23,141	-	33,928	
Total Even Start			23,141		33,928	
E-Rate Program	84.318	N/A	6,902	'	12,638	
Total E-Rate Program			6,902	•	12,638	1
Total U.S. Department of Education			1,652,620	'	1,669,500	
U.S. Department of Health and Human Services						
Passed through Portage County						
Medical Assistance Program	93.778	43497	27,945	L	27,945	
Total U.S. Department of Health and Human Services			27,945		27,945	

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Kent City School District Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards - Continued for the Year Ended June 30, 2000

Federal Grantor/Sub Grantor Program Title U.S. Department of Agriculture	CFDA Number	Pass-Through Grantor's Number	Receipts	Non-Cash Receipts	Disbursements	Non-Cash Disbursements
Passed through the State Department of Education						
Child Nutrtion Cluster Food Distribution Program National School Breakfast Program National School Lunch Program	10.550 (A) 10.553 10.555 (B)	43497 043497-05-PU 043497-03-PU	50,927 260,525 -	30,195 - -	50,927 260,525 -	32,451 - -
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture			311,452	30,195	311,452	32,451
Total Federal Financial Assistance			\$ 1,992,017	\$ 30,195	\$ 2,008,897	\$ 32,451
(A) Valued at fair market value less cost to the School D	st to the School Distri	listrict, assumed expended on a first-in, first-out basis.	a first-in, first-out l	oasis.		
(B) Commingled with state and local funds. Assumed expended on a first-in, first-out basis.	inds. Assumed expe	nded on a first-in, first-out	basis.			

This schedule is prepared on the cash basis of accounting.

Independent Auditors' Report on Compliance and on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting Based on an Audit of General Purpose Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards

To the Board of Education Kent City School District Kent, Ohio 44240

We have audited the general purpose financial statements of the Kent City School District (the District), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2000 and have issued our report thereon dated December 13, 2000. We conducted our audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and the standards applicable to financial audit contained in <u>Government Auditing Standards</u>, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Compliance

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Kent City School District's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance that are required to be reported under <u>Government Auditing Standards</u>.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered Kent City School District's internal control over financial reporting in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the general purpose financial statements and not to provide assurance on the internal control over financial reporting. Our consideration of the internal control over financial reporting would not necessarily disclose all matters in the internal control over financial reporting that might be material weaknesses. A material weakness is a condition in which the design or operation of one or more of the internal components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that misstatements in amounts that would be material in relation to the financial statements being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions. We noted no matters involving the internal control over financial reporting and its operation that we consider to be material weaknesses.

However, we noted certain matters involving the internal control over financial reporting that we have reported to management of the District in a separate letter dated December 13, 2000.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Board of Education, management, federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities and the Auditor of State and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Moore Stephens Apple

Akron, Ohio December 13, 2000

Independent Auditors' Report on Compliance with Requirements Applicable to Each Major Program and Internal Control Over Compliance in Accordance with OMB Circular A-133

To the Board of Education Kent City School District Kent, OH 44240

Compliance

We have audited the compliance of Kent City School District with the types of compliance requirements described in the <u>U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Circular A-133</u> <u>Compliance Supplement</u> that are applicable to each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2000. Kent City School District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditors' results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. Compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts and grants applicable to each of its major federal programs is the responsibility of Kent City School District's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on Kent City School District's compliance based on our audit.

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in <u>Government Auditing</u> <u>Standards</u>, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and OMB Circular A-133, <u>Audits of States</u>, <u>Governments</u>, and <u>Non-Profit Organizations</u>. Those Standards and OMB Circular A-133 require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about Kent City School District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our audit does not provide a legal determination on Kent City School District's compliance with those requirements.

In our opinion, Kent City School District complied, in all material respects, with the requirements referred to above that are applicable to each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2000.

Internal Control Over Compliance

The management of Kent City School District is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with requirements of laws, regulations, contracts and grants applicable to federal programs. In planning and performing our audit, we considered Kent City School District's internal control over compliance with requirements that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on compliance and to test and report on internal control over compliance with OMBCircular A-133.

Our consideration of the internal control over compliance would not necessarily disclose all matters in the internal control that might be material weaknesses. A material weakness is a condition in which the design or operation of one or more of the internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that noncompliance with applicable requirements of laws, regulations, contracts and grants that would be material in relation to a major federal program being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions. We noted no matters involving the internal control over compliance and its operation that we consider to be material weaknesses.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Board of Education, management, federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities and the Auditor of State and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Moore Stephens Apple

Akron, Ohio December 13, 2000

Kent City School District - Portage County

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs

June 30, 2000

1. Summary of Auditors' Results

Unqualified opinion was issued on the financial statements.

Material control weaknesses at the financial statement level - none noted.

Other reportable control weaknesses at the Financial Statement level - none noted.

There was no material non-compliance at the financial statement level.

Reportable control weaknesses for major federal programs - none noted.

For those items tested, there was no material non-compliance for major federal programs.

Unqualified opinion was issued on major programs compliance.

The audit disclosed no findings under OMB Circular A-133.

The District's major program tested was Title I - CFDA #84.010.

The dollar threshold used for Type A Programs was \$300,000 and Type B programs were all other programs.

The Auditee was low risk.

- 2. There were no audit findings or questioned costs for federal awards during the year ended June 30, 2000.
- 3. There were no audit findings related to the financial statements which are required to be reported in accordance with Government Auditing Standards for the year ended June 30, 2000.

Kent City School District - Portage County

Schedule of Prior Audit Findings

June 30, 2000

The prior audit report of the Kent City School District, issued as of June 30, 1999, included no citation and no recommendations.



STATE OF OHIO OFFICE OF THE AUDITOR

JIM PETRO, AUDITOR OF STATE

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KENT CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT

PORTAGE COUNTY

CLERK'S CERTIFICATION

This is a true and correct copy of the report which is required to be filed in the Office of the Auditor of State pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in Columbus, Ohio.

Susan Babbett

CLERK OF THE BUREAU

CERTIFIED JANUARY 16, 2001