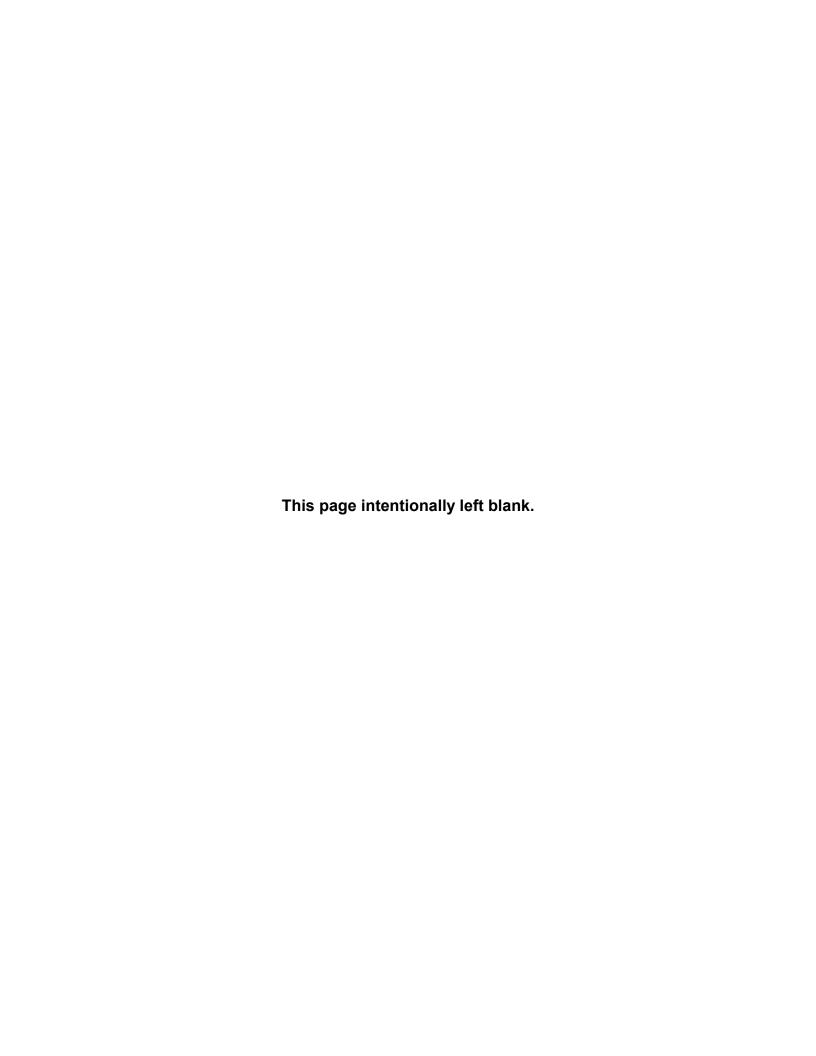
**REGULAR AUDIT** 

FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2000 AND 1999



#### **TABLE OF CONTENTS**

ITLE PAGE
eport of Independent Accountants
combined Statement of Cash Receipts, Cash Disbursements, and Changes in Fund Cash Balances – All Governmental Fund Types – For the Year Ended December 31, 2000
combined Statement of Cash Receipts, Cash Disbursements, and Changes in Fund Cash Balances – Non -Expendable Trust Funds – For the Year Ended December 31, 2000
combined Statement of Cash Receipts, Cash Disbursements, and Changes in Fund Cash Balances – All Governmental Fund Types – For the Year Ended December 31, 1999
combined Statement of Cash Receipts, Cash Disbursements, and Changes in Fund Cash Balances – Non -Expendable Trust Funds – For the Year Ended December 31, 1999
otes to the Financial Statements
eport of Independent Accountants on Compliance and on Internal Control Required by <i>Government Auditing Standards</i>





Voinovich Government Center 242 Federal Plaza West Suite 302

Youngstown, Ohio 44503 Telephone 330-797-9900

800-443-9271

Facsimile 330-797-9949 www.auditor.state.oh.us

#### REPORT OF INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS

Mesopotamia Township Trumbull County P.O. Box 199 Mesopotamia, Ohio 44439

#### To the Board of Trustees:

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of Mesopotamia Township, Trumbull County, Ohio, (the Township) as of and for the years ended December 31, 2000 and December 31, 1999. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Township's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

As discussed in Note 1, the Township prepares its financial statements on the basis of accounting prescribed or permitted by the Auditor of State, which is a comprehensive basis of accounting other than generally accepted accounting principles.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the combined fund cash balances of the Township as of December 31, 2000 and December 31, 1999, and its combined cash receipts and disbursements for the years then ended on the basis of accounting described in Note 1.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated June 25, 2001 on our consideration of the Township's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, and contracts. That report is an integral part of an audit preformed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* and should be read in conjunction with this report in considering the results of our audit.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the management, the Board of Trustees, and other officials authorized to receive this report under § 117.26, Ohio Revised Code, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Jim Petro Auditor of State

June 25, 2001

This page intentionally left blank.

# COMBINED STATEMENT OF CASH RECEIPTS, CASH DISBURSEMENTS, AND CHANGES IN FUND CASH BALANCES ALL GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2000

	Governmental Fund Types			
	General	Special Revenue	Debt Service	Totals (Memorandum Only)
Cash Receipts:				
Local Taxes	\$42,590	\$80,864	\$6,500	\$129,954
Intergovernmental	68,323	65,631	, , , , , , ,	133,954
Licenses, Permits, and Fees	1,630	,		1,630
Earnings on Investments	1,014	502		1,516
Other Revenue	823	3,387		4,210
Total Cash Receipts	114,380	150,384	6,500	271,264
Cash Disbursements:				
Current:				
General Government	71,388			71,388
Public Safety	4,187	48,474		52,661
Public Works	11,137	81,884		93,021
Health	6,433	37		6,470
Conservation - Recreation	3,361			3,361
Debt Service:				
Redemption of Principal			5,212	5,212
Interest and Fiscal Charges			1,288	1,288
Capital Outlay	3,721	1,614		5,335
Total Cash Disbursements	100,227	132,009	6,500	238,736
Total Receipts Over/(Under) Disbursements	14,153	18,375		32,528
Other Financing Receipts/(Disbursements):				
Contingencies	(1,433)			(1,433)
Other Sources	2,160			2,160
Total Other Financing Receipts/(Disbursements)	727			727
Excess of Cash Receipts and Other Financing Receipts Over/(Under) Cash Disbursements				
and Other Financing Disbursements	14,880	18,375		33,255
Fund Cash Balances, January 1, 2000	17,691	43,090		60,781
Fund Cash Balances, December 31, 2000	\$32,571	\$61,465		\$94,036

## COMBINED STATEMENT OF CASH RECEIPTS, CASH DISBURSENTS AND CHANGES IN FUND CASH BALANCES - NON-EXPENDABLE TRUST FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2000

	Non-Expendable Trusts
Operating cash receipts: Interest	
Total operating cash receipts	
Net receipts over disbursements	
Fund cash balances, January 1, 2000	658
Fund cash balances, December 31, 2000	<u>*658</u>

# COMBINED STATEMENT OF CASH RECEIPTS, CASH DISBURSEMENTS, AND CHANGES IN FUND CASH BALANCES ALL GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 1999

	Governmental Fund Types			
	General	Special Revenue	Debt Service	Totals (Memorandum Only)
Cash Receipts:				
Local Taxes	\$32,346	\$69,431	\$6,500	\$108,277
Intergovernmental	57,440	66,379	. ,	123,819
Licenses, Permits, and Fees	935	•		935
Fines, Forfeitures, and Penalties		150		150
Earnings on Investments	851	288		1,139
Other Revenue	576_	2,406		2,982
Total Cash Receipts	92,148	138,654	6,500	237,302
Cash Disbursements:				
Current:				
General Government	73,881			73,881
Public Safety	2,700	24,239		26,939
Public Works	8,933	85,695		94,628
Health	5,147			5,147
Conservation - Recreation	4,726			4,726
Debt Service:			5.040	5.040
Redemption of Principal			5,040	5,040
Interest and Fiscal Charges	0.440	0.007	1,460	1,460
Capital Outlay	2,412	3,067		5,479
Total Cash Disbursements	97,799	113,001	6,500	217,300
Total Receipts Over/(Under) Disbursements	(5,651)	25,653		20,002
Other Financing Receipts/(Disbursements):				
Contingencies	(800)			(800)
Other Sources	125_			125
Total Other Financing Receipts/(Disbursements)	(675)			(675)
Excess of Cash Receipts and Other Financing Receipts Over/(Under) Cash Disbursements				
and Other Financing Disbursements	(6,326)	25,653		19,327
Fund Cash Balances, January 1, 1999	24,017	17,437		41,454
Fund Cash Balances, December 31, 1999	\$17,691	\$43,090		\$60,781

## COMBINED STATEMENT OF CASH RECEIPTS, CASH DISBURSENTS AND CHANGES IN FUND CASH BALANCES - NON-EXPENDABLE TRUST FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 1999

	Non-Expendable Trusts
Operating cash receipts: Interest	
Total operating cash receipts	
Net receipts over disbursements	
Fund cash balances, January 1, 1999	658
Fund cash balances, December 31, 1999	\$658

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2000 AND 1999

#### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### A. Description of the Entity

Mesopotamia Township, Trumbull County, (the Township) is a body corporate and politic established to exercise the rights and privileges conveyed to it by the constitution and laws of the State of Ohio. The Township is directed by a publicly-elected three-member Board of Trustees. The Township provides general governmental services, including road and bridge maintenance, cemetery maintenance, fire protection and paramedic medical services.

The Township's management believes these financial statements present all activities for which the Township is financially accountable.

#### **B.** Basis of Accounting

These financial statements follow the basis of accounting prescribed or permitted by the Auditor of State, which is similar to the cash receipts and disbursements basis of accounting. Receipts are recognized when received in cash rather than when earned, and disbursements are recognized when paid rather than when a liability is incurred. Budgetary presentations report budgetary expenditures when a commitment is made (i.e., when an encumbrance is approved).

These statements include adequate disclosure of material matters, as prescribed or permitted by the Auditor of State.

#### C. Fund Accounting

The Township uses fund accounting to segregate cash and investments that are restricted as to use. The Township classifies its funds into the following types:

#### 1. General Fund

The General Fund is the general operating fund. It is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

#### 2. Special Revenue Funds

These funds are used to account for proceeds from specific sources (other than from trusts or for capital projects) that are restricted to expenditure for specific purposes. The Township had the following significant Special Revenue Funds:

Gasoline Tax Fund - This fund receives gasoline tax money to pay for constructing, maintaining and repairing Township roads.

Road and Bridge Fund - This fund receives property tax money for constructing, maintaining and repairing township roads and bridges.

Fire District Fund - This fund receives property tax money to provide fire protection to the residents of the Township.

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2000 AND 1999 (Continued)

#### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

#### C. Fund Accounting (continued)

#### 3. Debt Service Fund

The Debt Service Fund is used to accumulate resources for the payment of bond and note indebtedness.

#### 4 Non-Expendable Trust Fund

These funds are used to account for assets held by the Township in a trustee capacity or as an agent for individuals, private organizations, other governmental units, and/or other funds where the principal must be kept intact, but the interest or income may be expended.

#### D. Budgetary Process

The Ohio Revised Code requires that each fund (except for certain agency funds) be budgeted annually.

#### 1. Appropriations

Budgetary expenditures (that is, disbursements and encumbrances) may not exceed appropriations at the object level of control and appropriations may not exceed estimated resources. The Board of Trustees must annually approve appropriation measures and subsequent amendments. The County Budget Commission must also approve the annual appropriation measure. Appropriations lapse at year end.

#### 2. Estimated Resources

Estimated resources include estimates of cash to be received (budgeted receipts) plus cash as of January 1. The County Budget Commission must also approve estimated resources.

#### 3. Encumbrances

The Ohio Revised Code requires the Township to reserve (encumber) appropriations when individual commitments are made. Encumbrances outstanding at year end are carried over, and need not be reappropriated.

A summary of 2000 and 1999 budgetary activity appears in Note 3.

#### E. Property, Plant and Equipment

Acquisitions of property, plant and equipment are recorded as disbursements when paid. These items are not reflected as assets on the accompanying financial statements.

#### F. Unpaid Vacation and Sick Leave

Employees are entitled to cash payments for unused vacation and sick leave in certain circumstances, such as upon leaving employment. Unpaid vacation and sick leave are not reflected as liabilities under the basis of accounting used by the Township.

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2000 AND 1999 (Continued)

#### 2. EQUITY IN POOLED CASH AND INVESTMENTS

The Township maintains a cash and investments pool used by all funds. The Ohio Revised Code prescribes allowable deposits and investments. The carrying amount of cash and investments at December 31 was as follows:

	<u>2000</u>	<u>1999</u>
Demand deposits	\$94,694	\$61,439

**Deposits:** Deposits are either insured by the Federal Depository Insurance Corporation, or collateralized by the financial institution's public entity deposit pool.

#### 3. BUDGETARY ACTIVITY

Budgetary activity for the years ending December 31, 2000 and December 31, 1999 follows:

	Budgeted	Actual	
Fund Type	Receipts	Receipts	Variance
General Special Revenue	\$106,720 147,538	\$116,540 150,384	\$9,820 2,846
Debt Service Non-Expendable Trust	6,500 0	6,500 0	0 0
Total	\$260,758	\$273,424	\$12,666

2000 Budgeted vs. Actual Budgetary Basis Expenditures

Fund Type	Appropriation Authority	Budgetary Expenditures	Variance
General Special Revenue Non-Expendable Trust	\$124,411 191,128 6,500	\$101,660 132,009 6,500	\$22,751 59,119 0
Total	\$322,039	\$240,169	\$81,870

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2000 AND 1999 (Continued)

#### 3. BUDGETARY ACTIVITY (continued)

1999 Budget	ed vs. Actual	Receipts
-------------	---------------	----------

		Budgeted	Actual	
Fund Type		Receipts	Receipts	Variance
General		\$95,399	\$92,273	(\$3,126)
Special Revenue		135,832	138,654	2,822
Debt Service		6,500	6,500	0
	Total	\$237,731	\$237,427	(\$304)

1999 Budgeted vs. Actual Budgetary Basis Expenditures

Fund Type		Appropriation Authority	Budgetary Expenditures	Variance
General Special Revenue Debt Service		\$119,416 153,770 6,500	\$98,600 113,001 6,500	\$20,816 40,769 0
	Total	\$279,686	\$218,101	\$61,585

#### 4. PROPERTY TAX

Real property taxes become a lien on January 1 preceding the October 1 date for which rates are adopted by Board of Trustees. The State Board of Tax Equalization adjusts these rates for inflation. Property taxes are also reduced for applicable homestead and rollback deductions. Homestead and rollback amounts are then paid by the State, and are reflected in the accompanying financial statements as Intergovernmental Receipts. Payments are due to the County by December 31. If the property owner elects to make semiannual payment, the first half is due December 31. The second half payment is due the following June 20.

Tangible personal property tax is assessed by the property owners, who must file a list of such property to the County by each April 30.

The County is responsible for assessing property, and for billing, collecting, and distributing all property taxes on behalf of the Township.

#### 5. DEBT

Debt outstanding at December 31, 2000 was as follows:

		Interest
	Principal	Rate
Building & Renovations - Cortland Bank.	\$14,682	6.25%

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2000 AND 1999 (Continued)

#### 5. DEBT (continued)

The Cortland Bank Loan relates to the purchase of a building. The loan will be repaid in annual installments of \$6,500 including interest. The loan is collateralized by the Township's taxing authority.

Amortization of the above debt, including interest, is scheduled as follows:

Year ending	Loan	
December 31:		
2001	\$6,500	
2002	6,500	
2003	3,638	
Total	\$16,638	

#### 6. RETIREMENT SYSTEMS

The Township's employees belong to the Public Employees Retirement System (PERS) of Ohio. PERS is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer plans. These plans provide retirement benefits, including post retirement healthcare, and survivor and disability benefits to participants as prescribed by the Ohio Revised Code.

Contribution rates are also prescribed by the Ohio Revised Code. The Township's PERS members contributed 8.5% of their gross salaries. The Township contributed an amount equal to 13.55% of participants' gross salaries in 1999 and 10.84% of participant's gross salaries in 2000. The Township has paid all contributions required through December 31, 2000.

#### 7. RISK MANAGEMENT

The Township has obtained commercial insurance for the following risks:

- Comprehensive property and general liability
- Vehicles
- Errors and omissions

The Township also provides health insurance and dental and vision coverage to full-time employees through a private carrier.

This page intentionally left blank.



Voinovich Government Center 242 Federal Plaza West

Suite 302

Youngstown, Ohio 44503 Telephone 330-797-9900

800-443-9271

330-797-9949 Facsimile www.auditor.state.oh.us

#### REPORT OF INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS ON COMPLIANCE AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL REQUIRED BY GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Mesopotamia Township **Trumbull County** P.O. Box 199 Mesopotamia, Ohio 44439

To the Board of Trustees:

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of Mesopotamia Township, Trumbull County, Ohio (the Township), as of and for the years ended December 31, 2000 and December 31, 1999, and have issued our report thereon dated June 25, 2001. We conducted our audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

#### Compliance

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Township's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grants, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance that are required to be reported under Government Auditing Standards.

#### **Internal Control Over Financial Reporting**

In planning and performing our audit, we considered Township's internal control over financial reporting in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements and not to provide assurance on the internal control over financial reporting. Our consideration of the internal control over financial reporting would not necessarily disclose all matters in the internal control over financial reporting that might be material weaknesses. A material weakness is a condition in which the design or operation of one or more of the internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that misstatements in amounts that would be material in relation to the financial statements being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions. We noted no matters involving the internal control over financial reporting and its operation that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, we noted a matter involving the internal control over financial reporting that does not require inclusion in this report, that we have reported to management of the Township in a separate letter dated June 25, 2001.

Mesopotamia Township Trumbull County Report of Independent Accountants on Compliance and on Internal Control Required by *Government Auditing Standards* Page 2

This report is intended for the information and use of management, and the Board of Trustees, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Jim Petro Auditor of State

June 25, 2001



88 East Broad Street P.O. Box 1140 Columbus, Ohio 43216-1140

Telephone 614-466-4514

800-282-0370

Facsimile 614-466-4490

#### **MESOPOTAMIA TOWNSHIP**

#### TRUMBULL COUNTY

#### **CLERK'S CERTIFICATION**

This is a true and correct copy of the report which is required to be filed in the Office of the Auditor of State pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in Columbus, Ohio.

**CLERK OF THE BUREAU** 

Susan Babbitt

CERTIFIED JULY 19, 2001