Minford Local School District

Scioto County

Single Audit

July 1, 1999 Through June 30, 2000

Fiscal Year Audited Under GAGAS: 2000

MICHAEL A. BALESTRA, CPA, INC. CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS 528 SOUTH WEST STREET, P.O. BOX 687 PIKETON, OHIO 45661



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Board of Education Minford Local School District Minford, Ohio 45653

We have reviewed the Independent Auditor's Report of the Minford Local School District, Scioto County, prepared by Michael A. Balestra, CPA, Inc., for the audit period July 1, 1999 through June 30, 2000. Based upon this review, we have accepted these reports in lieu of the audit required by Section 117.11, Revised Code. The Auditor of State did not audit the accompanying financial statements and, accordingly, we are unable to express, and do not express an opinion on them.

Our review was made in reference to the applicable sections of legislative criteria, as reflected by the Ohio Constitution, and the Revised Code, policies, procedures and guidelines of the Auditor of State, regulations and grant requirements. The Minford Local School District is responsible for compliance with these laws and regulations.

JIM PETRO Auditor of State

November 8, 2000

MINFORD LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT SCIOTO COUNTY

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Ohio Society of Certified Public Accountants

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Members of the Board Minford Local School District P.O. Box 204 Minford, Ohio 45653

We have audited the accompanying general purpose financial statements of the Minford Local School District, Scioto County, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2000, as listed in the table of contents. These general purpose financial statements are the responsibility of the Minford Local School District's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these general purpose financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the general purpose financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the general purpose financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Minford Local School District, as of June 30, 2000, and the results of its operations and cash flows of its proprietary fund type for the year then ended in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have issued our report dated September 11, 2000, on our consideration of the Minford Local School District's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grants. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* and should be read in conjunction with this report in considering the results of our audit.

Our audit was performed for the purpose of forming an opinion on the general purpose financial statements of the Minford Local School District, taken as a whole. The accompanying schedule of federal awards expenditures is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by the U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations, and is not a required part of the general purpose financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the general purpose financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects, in relation, to the general purpose financial statements taken as a whole.

Michael A. Balestra, CPA, INC. Michael A. Balestra, CPA, INC September 11, 2000

General Purpose Financial Statements

The general purpose financial statements of the Minford Local School District include the basic combined financial statements, presented by fund type and account group, and notes to the financial statements that are essential to the fair presentation of financial position and results of operations and cash flows of the proprietary fund type.

Combined Balance Sheet All Fund Types And Account Groups June 30, 2000

	GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES				
	General	Special Revenue	Debt Service	Capital Projects	
Assets and Other Debits:					
Assets:					
Equity in Pooled Cash and					
Cash Equivalents	\$1,283,858	\$320,400	\$185,488	\$4,535,254	
Receivables:					
Taxes	1,314,309	31,004	217,222	205,195	
Accounts	4,045	0	0	0	
Interfund	44,706	0	0	0	
Prepaid Items	4,565	0	0	0	
Materials and Supplies Inventory	73,073	0	0	0	
Inventory Held for Resale	0	0	0	0	
Restricted Assets:					
Equity in Pooled Cash					
And Cash Equivalents	161,955	0	0	0	
Fixed Assets (Net, where applicable,					
of Accumulated Depreciation	0	0	0	0	
Other Debits:					
Amount Available in Debt Service Fund					
for Retirement of General Obligation Debt	0	0	0	0	
Amount to be Provided for Retirement					
of General Long-Term Debt	0	0	0	0	
Total Assets and Other Debits	\$2,886,511	\$351,404	\$402,710	\$4,740,449	

PROPRIETARY FUND TYPE	FIDUCIARY FUND TYPE	ACCOUN	T GROUPS	
Enterprise	Agonov	General Fixed Assets	General Long-Term Obligations	Totals (Memorandum Only)
Enterprise	Agency	Assets	Ooligations	Omy)
\$10,847	\$26,711	\$0	\$0	\$6,362,558
0	0	0	0	1,767,730
0	0	0	0	4,045
0	0	0	0	44,706
0	0	0	0	4,565
2,299	0	0	0	75,372
4,984	0	0	0	4,984
0	0	0	0	161,955
7,523	0	19,031,942	0	19,039,465
0	0	0	199,527	199,527
0	0	0	2,534,662	2,534,662
\$25,653	\$26,711	\$19,031,942	\$2,734,189	\$30,199,569

(Continued)

Combined Balance Sheet
All Fund Types And Account Groups
June 30, 2000

	GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES					
	General	Special Revenue	Debt Service	Capital Projects		
Liabilities, Fund Equity and Other Credits						
<u>Liabilities:</u>						
Accrued Wages and Benefits Payable	\$683,095	\$107,204	\$0	\$0		
Intergovernmental Payable	152,593	18,575	0	0		
Interfund Payable	0	37,256	0	7,450		
Undistributed Monies	0	0	0	0		
Deferred Revenue	1,229,909	28,998	203,183	192,075		
Compensated Absences Payable	17,382	0	0	0		
Asbestos Removal Loan Payable	0	0	0	0		
General Obligation Bonds Payable	0	0	0	0		
Total Liabilities	2,082,979	192,033	203,183	199,525		
Fund Equity and Other Credits:						
Investment in General Fixed Assets	0	0	0	0		
Retained Earnings:						
Unreserved (Deficit)	0	0	0	0		
Fund Balance:						
Reserved for Encumbrances	314,329	41,585	0	78,275		
Reserved for Inventory	73,073	0	0	0		
Reserved for Property Taxes	84,400	2,006	14,039	13,120		
Reserved for Budget Stabilization	147,051	0	0	0		
Unreserved	184,679	115,780	185,488	4,449,529		
Total Fund Equity (Deficit) and Other Credits Total Liabilities, Fund Equity	803,532	159,371	199,527	4,540,924		
and Other Credits	\$2,886,511	\$351,404	\$402,710	\$4,740,449		

PROPRIETARY FUND TYPE	FIDUCIARY FUND TYPE	ACCOUN	T GROUPS	
Entermise		General Fixed	General Long-Term	Totals (Memorandum
Enterprise	Agency	Assets	Obligations	Only)
021.045	40	# 0	40	0000011
\$31,945	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$822,244
13,672	0	0	60,476	245,316
0	0	0	0	44,706
0	26,711	0	0	26,711
2,060	0	0	0	1,656,225
15,747	0	0	555,113	588,242
0	0	0	3,600	3,600
0	0	0	2,115,000	2,115,000
63,424	26,711	0	2,734,189	5,502,044
0	0	19,031,942	0	19,031,942
(37,771)	0	0	0	(37,771)
0	0	0	0	434,189
0	0	0	0	73,073
0	0	0	0	113,565
0	0	0	0	147,051
0	0	0	0	4,935,476
(37,771)	0	19,031,942	0	24,697,525
\$25,653	\$26,711	\$19,031,942	\$2,734,189	\$30,199,569

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Combined Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances All Governmental Fund Types For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2000

	General	Special Revenue	Debt Service	Capital Projects	Totals (Memorandum Only)
Revenues:	General	Kevenue	Scrvice	Trojects	<u>Olliy)</u>
Property Taxes	\$807,675	\$20,705	\$136,933	\$126,474	\$1,091,787
Intergovernmental	6,398,305	926,903	26,948	6,569,716	13,921,872
Interest	139,315	0	0	288,945	428,260
Tuition and Fees	367,507	0	0	0	367,507
Rent	1	0	0	0	1
Extracurricular Activities	119,827	0	0	0	119,827
Gifts and Donations	61,569	0	0	0	61,569
Customer Services	1,064	0	0	0	1,064
Miscellaneous	39,858	10,899	0	3	50,760
Total Revenues	7,935,121	958,507	163,881	6,985,138	16,042,647
Expenditures:					
Current:					
Instruction:					
Regular	3,678,837	396,031	0	26,483	4,101,351
Special	429,454	423,682	0	0	853,136
Vocational	231,103	0	0	0	231,103
Other	84,345	0	0	0	84,345
Support Services: Pupils	240.055	14 267	0	0	255 222
Instructional Staff	240,955 432,962	14,367 144,644	0	0	255,322 577,606
Board of Education	40,798	0	0	11,108	51,906
Administration	963,491	2,121	0	0	965,612
Fiscal	166,548	3,492	4,338	4,091	178,469
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	640,862	90	0	4,302	645,254
Pupil Transportation	699,514	211	0	0	699,725
Central	8,723	0	0	0	8,723
Operation of Non-Instructional	-,-				-,-
Services	1,947	11,497	0	0	13,444
Extracurricular Activities	251,205	0	0	0	251,205
Capital Outlay	143,826	0	0	8,345,199	8,489,025
Debt Service:					
Principal Retirement	0	0	85,389	0	85,389
Interest and Fiscal Charges	0	0	107,302	0	107,302
Total Expenditures	8,014,570	996,135	197,029	8,391,183	17,598,917
Excess of Revenues Over Expenditures	(79,449)	(37,628)	(33,148)	(1,406,045)	(1,556,270)
Od as Financias Garage M					
Other Financing Sources (Uses):	0	27.270	26.000	0	(4.077
Operating Transfers In	(04.012)	37,379	26,898	0	64,277
Operating Transfers Out	(94,012)	0	0	0	(94,012)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(94,012)	37,379	26,898	0	(29,735)
Excess of Revenues and Other Financing Sources Over Expenditures and Other Financing Uses	(173,461)	(249)	(6,250)	(1,406,045)	(1,586,005)
Fund Balances at Beginning of Year (Restated Note 3)	967,112	161,185	205,777	5,946,969	7,281,043
Increase (Decrease) in Reserve for Inventory	9,881	(1,565)	0	0	8,316
Fund Balances at End of Year	\$803,532	\$159,371	\$199,527	\$4,540,924	\$5,703,354

Combined Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and
Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual (Budget Basis)
All Governmental Fund Types
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2000

Revised Budget Actual (Unfavorable) Revised Revised Actual (Unfavorable) Revised			GENERAL FUND			IAL REVENU	JE FUNDS
Budget Actual Unfavorable Budget Budge				Variance			Variance
Permistric Property Places \$1,044.275 \$1,034.275 \$0 \$24.699 \$24.699 \$1,040.994 \$73,133 \$1,040.994 \$1		Revised		Favorable	Revised		Favorable
December Property Taxes \$1,034.275 \$1,034.275 \$0 \$24.699 \$24.699 \$1.040.994 \$73,133 \$1.040.994 \$73,133 \$1.040.994 \$73,133 \$1.040.994 \$73,133 \$1.040.994 \$73,133 \$1.040.994 \$1.0		Budget	Actual	(Unfavorable)	Budget	Actual	(Unfavorable)
Property Traces	Revenues:						
Interest 138,632 139,315 683 0 0,040,954 975,133 (67,3 10 10 1 10 1 10 1 10 1 1		\$1.034.275	\$1.034.275	\$0	\$24,699	\$24.699	\$0
Interest 138,632 139,315 683 0							(67,821)
Tuition and Fees 37,3,366 37,2,703 2,663 0	2						0
Rent 100							0
Extracurricular Activities 119.827 119.827 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0							0
Gifs and Donations 60,621 61,569 948 0 0 Customer Services 1,064 1,064 0 0 0 Miscellaneous 24,841 25,059 218 2,890 2,890 Total Revenues Regular Sas4,943 3,691,868 193,075 505,859 409,827 96,6 Special 445,626 440,669 4,957 527,953 411,133 116,3 Vocational 226,514 231,706 (5,192) 0 0 Other 102,434 90,105 12,322 0 0 Support Services: 292,754 271,286 21,468 48,514 10,744 37. Pupils 292,754 271,286 21,468 48,514 10,744 37. Instructional Staff 511,111 448,695 62,416 181,348 161,489 19.3 Bourd of Education 83,701 45,005 38,696 0 0 0 <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>0</td>							0
Customer Services 1,064 1,064 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0							0
Miscellancous 24,841 25,059 218 2,890 2,80							0
Total Revenues S,157,023 S,155,260 (1,763) 1,068,543 1,000,722 (67,37)							0
Current	Miscenaneous	24,041	23,039	218	2,890	2,890	
Degration and Maintenance of Plant Page 1 Page 2 Page 3	Total Revenues	8,157,023	8,155,260	(1,763)	1,068,543	1,000,722	(67,821)
Regular 3,884,943 3,691,868 193,075 505,859 409,827 96,6 50,500 445,626 440,669 4,957 527,953 411,133 116,							
Regular Special 3,884,943 3,691,868 193,075 505,859 409,827 96,6 Special Special 445,626 440,669 4,957 527,953 411,133 116,1 Period Control Other 102,434 90,105 12,329 0 0 0 Support Services: Pupils 292,754 271,286 21,468 48,514 10,744 37,7 Instructional Staff 511,111 448,695 62,416 181,348 161,489 19,3 19,3 19,3 19,3 19,3 19,3 19,3 19,3							
Special							
Vocational Other 226,514 102,434 231,706 90,105 (5,192) 12,329 0 0 Support Services: Pupils 292,754 1nstructional Staff 211,286 511,111 248,695 48,514 10,744 10,744 37,71 11,489 37,71 11,411 448,695 48,621 48,903 62,416 81,348 161,489 161,489 19,31 19,33 19,346 10,00 10 10,0							96,032
Other 102,434 90,105 12,329 0 0 Support Services: 292,754 271,286 21,468 48,514 10,744 37,711 Instructional Staff 511,111 448,695 62,416 181,348 161,489 19,341 Board of Education 83,701 45,005 38,696 0 0 0 Administration 954,627 945,724 8,903 2,822 2,053 7 Fiscal 194,912 179,288 15,624 3,588 3,496 0 0 0 66, 66,02 207 66, 66,02 207 66, 66,02 207 66,02 207 66,02 207 66,02 207 66,02 207 66,02 207 66,02 207 66,02 207 66,02 207 66,02 207 66,02 207 66,02 207 66,02 207 66,02 207 60,02 20,02 11,02 20,02 20,02 11,02		445,626	440,669	4,957	527,953	411,133	116,820
Support Services: Pupils 292,754 271,286 21,468 48,514 10,744 37,7 Instructional Staff 511,111 448,695 62,416 181,348 161,489 19,3	Vocational	226,514	231,706	(5,192)	0	0	0
Pupils 292,754 271,286 21,468 48,514 10,744 37, Instructional Staff Board of Education 83,701 448,695 62,416 181,348 161,489 19,31 Board of Education 83,701 45,005 38,696 0 0 0 Administration 954,627 945,724 8,903 2,822 2,053 7 Fiscal 194,912 179,288 15,624 3,588 3,496 0 0 66,0 40,00 111,566 66,240 207 66,0 40,00 111,566 66,240 207 66,0 40,00 39,046 1,367 200 11,00 1,0 1,0 1,0 1,0 1,0 1,0 1,0 1,0 1,0 1,0 1,0 1,0 1,0 1,0 1,0 1,1 1,2 1,2 1,2 1,2 1,2 1,2 1,2 1,2 1,2 1,2 1,2 1,2 1,2 1,2 1,2 1,2 1,2 1,	Other	102,434	90,105	12,329	0	0	0
Instructional Staff	Support Services:						
Board of Education	Pupils	292,754	271,286	21,468	48,514	10,744	37,770
Administration 954,627 945,724 8,903 2,822 2,053 Fiscal 194,912 179,288 15,624 3,588 3,496 Operation and Maintenance of Plant 787,863 676,297 111,566 66,240 207 66,0 Pupil Transportation 888,126 849,080 39,046 1,367 200 1, Central 8,307 10,626 (2,319) 0 0 0 Operation of Non-Instructional Services 2,929 1,947 982 16,350 11,424 4,5 Extracurricular Activities 313,017 270,996 42,021 0 0 0 Capital Outlay 567,398 143,826 423,572 0 0 Debt Service: Principal Retirement 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 Debt Service: Principal Retirement 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	Instructional Staff	511,111	448,695	62,416	181,348	161,489	19,859
Administration 954,627 945,724 8,903 2,822 2,053 Fiscal 194,912 179,288 15,624 3,588 3,496 Operation and Maintenance of Plant 787,863 676,297 111,566 66,240 207 66,4 Pupil Transportation 888,126 849,080 39,046 1,367 200 11, Central 8,307 10,626 (2,319) 0 0 0 Operation of Non-Instructional Services 2,929 1,947 982 16,350 11,424 4, Extracurricular Activities 313,017 270,996 42,021 0 0 0 Capital Outlay 567,398 143,826 423,572 0 0 0 Debt Service: Principal Retirement 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 Debt Service: Principal Retirement 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 Debt Service: Principal Retirement 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	Board of Education	83,701	45,005	38,696	0	0	0
Fiscal 194,912 179,288 15,624 3,588 3,496 Operation and Maintenance of Plant 787,863 676,297 111,566 66,240 207 66,6 Pupil Transportation 888,126 849,080 39,046 1,367 200 11, Central 8,307 10,626 (2,319) 0 0 0 Operation of Non-Instructional 2,929 1,947 982 16,350 11,424 4,56 Extracurricular Activities 313,017 270,996 42,021 0 0 0 Capital Outlay 567,398 143,826 423,572 0 0 0 Debt Service: Principal Retirement 0 0 0 0 0 0 Principal Retirement fiscal Charges 0 <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>769</td>							769
Operation and Maintenance of Plant 78,863 670,297 111,566 66,240 207 66,0 Pupil Transportation 888,126 849,080 39,046 1,367 200 1, Central 8,307 10,626 (2,319) 0 0 0 Operation of Non-Instructional 2,929 1,947 982 16,350 11,424 4,5 Extracurricular Activities 313,017 270,996 42,021 0 0 0 Capital Outlay 567,398 143,826 423,572 0 0 0 Debt Service: Principal Retirement 0 </td <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>92</td>							92
Pupil Transportation							66,033
Central Operation of Non-Instructional Services 8,307 10,626 (2,319) 0 0 Services 2,929 1,947 982 16,350 11,424 4,4 Extracurricular Activities 313,017 270,996 42,021 0 0 0 Capital Outlay 567,398 143,826 423,572 0 0 0 Debt Service: Principal Retirement 0 0 0 0 0 0 Interest and Fiscal Charges 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 Total Expenditures 9,264,262 8,297,118 967,144 1,354,041 1,010,573 343,45 Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures (1,107,239) (141,858) (965,381) (285,498) (9,851) 275,4 Other Financing Sources (Uses): 13,489 13,489 0 8,009 8,009 8,009 Advances In 6,807 6,807 0 31,785 37,256 5,4 5,4 5,4 4,23,772 0 <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>1,167</td>							1,167
Operation of Non-Instructional Services 2,929 1,947 982 16,350 11,424 4,942 Extracurricular Activities 313,017 270,996 42,021 0							0
Services 2,929 1,947 982 16,350 11,424 4,53 Extracurricular Activities 313,017 270,996 42,021 0 0 0 Capital Outlay 567,398 143,826 423,572 0 0 0 Debt Service: Principal Retirement 0 0 0 0 0 0 Interest and Fiscal Charges 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 Total Expenditures 9,264,262 8,297,118 967,144 1,354,041 1,010,573 343,47 Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures (1,107,239) (141,858) (965,381) (285,498) (9,851) 275,60 Other Financing Sources (Uses): Refund of Prior Year Expenditures 13,489 13,489 0 8,009 8,009 4,009 4,009 4,009 4,009 4,009 4,009 4,009 4,009 4,009 4,009 4,009 6,007 0 31,785 37,256 5,409 5,409		0,507	10,020	(2,319)	U	U	U
Extracurricular Activities 313,017 270,996 42,021 0 0 0 O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O		2 020	1 047	082	16 250	11.424	4,926
Capital Outlay 567,398 143,826 423,572 0 0 Debt Service: Principal Retirement 0 <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>,</td> <td>4,920</td>						,	4,920
Debt Service: Principal Retirement 0 <							0
Principal Retirement Interest and Fiscal Charges 0	•	307,398	143,820	423,372	U	U	U
Interest and Fiscal Charges 0 0 0 0 0 0 Total Expenditures 9,264,262 8,297,118 967,144 1,354,041 1,010,573 343,47 Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures (1,107,239) (141,858) (965,381) (285,498) (9,851) 275,47 Other Financing Sources (Uses): Refund of Prior Year Expenditures 13,489 13,489 0 8,009 8,009 8,009 A009		0	0	0	0	0	0
Total Expenditures 9,264,262 8,297,118 967,144 1,354,041 1,010,573 343,47 Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures (1,107,239) (141,858) (965,381) (285,498) (9,851) 275,60 Other Financing Sources (Uses): Refund of Prior Year Expenditures 13,489 13,489 0 8,009 8,009 Advances In 6,807 6,807 0 31,785 37,256 5,400 Advances Out (50,535) (48,602) 1,933 (1,059) (1,059) Operating Transfers In 64,375 64,523 148 99,749 95,660 (4,000) Operating Transfers Out (160,617) (158,550) 2,067 (58,281) (58,281) Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (126,481) (122,333) 4,148 80,203 81,585 1,58	•						0
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures (1,107,239) (141,858) (965,381) (285,498) (9,851) 275,4 Other Financing Sources (Uses): Refund of Prior Year Expenditures 13,489 13,489 0 8,009 8,009 Advances In 6,807 6,807 0 31,785 37,256 5,4 Advances Out (50,535) (48,602) 1,933 (1,059) (1,059) Operating Transfers In 64,375 64,523 148 99,749 95,660 (4,00) Operating Transfers Out (160,617) (158,550) 2,067 (58,281) (58,281) Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (126,481) (122,333) 4,148 80,203 81,585 1,20 Excess of Revenues and Other Financing	Interest and Fiscal Charges	0			0_		0
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Refund of Prior Year Expenditures 13,489 13,489 0 8,009 8,009 Advances In 6,807 6,807 0 31,785 37,256 5,4 Advances Out (50,535) (48,602) 1,933 (1,059) (1,059) Operating Transfers In 64,375 64,523 148 99,749 95,660 (4,00) Operating Transfers Out (160,617) (158,550) 2,067 (58,281) (58,281) Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (126,481) (122,333) 4,148 80,203 81,585 1,5 Excess of Revenues and Other Financing (126,481) (122,333) 4,148 80,203 81,585 1,5	Total Expenditures	9,264,262	8,297,118	967,144	1,354,041	1,010,573	343,468
Refund of Prior Year Expenditures 13,489 13,489 0 8,009 8,009 Advances In 6,807 6,807 0 31,785 37,256 5,4 Advances Out (50,535) (48,602) 1,933 (1,059) (1,059) Operating Transfers In 64,375 64,523 148 99,749 95,660 (4,002) Operating Transfers Out (160,617) (158,550) 2,067 (58,281) (58,281) Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (126,481) (122,333) 4,148 80,203 81,585 1,585 Excess of Revenues and Other Financing (126,481) (122,333) 4,148 80,203 81,585 1,585	Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(1,107,239)	(141,858)	(965,381)	(285,498)	(9,851)	275,647
Refund of Prior Year Expenditures 13,489 13,489 0 8,009 8,009 Advances In 6,807 6,807 0 31,785 37,256 5,4 Advances Out (50,535) (48,602) 1,933 (1,059) (1,059) Operating Transfers In 64,375 64,523 148 99,749 95,660 (4,002) Operating Transfers Out (160,617) (158,550) 2,067 (58,281) (58,281) Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (126,481) (122,333) 4,148 80,203 81,585 1,585 Excess of Revenues and Other Financing (126,481) (122,333) 4,148 80,203 81,585 1,585	Other Financina Sources (Uses).						
Advances In 6,807 6,807 0 31,785 37,256 5,4 Advances Out (50,535) (48,602) 1,933 (1,059) (1,059) (1,059) Operating Transfers In 64,375 64,523 148 99,749 95,660 (4,0 Operating Transfers Out (160,617) (158,550) 2,067 (58,281) (58,281) Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (126,481) (122,333) 4,148 80,203 81,585 1,3 Excess of Revenues and Other Financing		12 490	12 490	0	8 000	8 000	0
Advances Out (50,535) (48,602) 1,933 (1,059) (-						
Operating Transfers In Operating Transfers Out 64,375 (160,617) (158,550) (158,281) (158,281) 148 (180,617) (158,281) (180,617) (5,471
Operating Transfers Out (160,617) (158,550) 2,067 (58,281) (58,281) Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (126,481) (122,333) 4,148 80,203 81,585 1,3 Excess of Revenues and Other Financing					(, ,		0
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (126,481) (122,333) 4,148 80,203 81,585 1,35 Excess of Revenues and Other Financing							(4,089)
Excess of Revenues and Other Financing	Operating Transfers Out	(160,617)	(158,550)	2,06/	(58,281)	(58,281)	0
<u> </u>	Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(126,481)	(122,333)	4,148	80,203	81,585	1,382
Sources Over (Under) Expenditures	Excess of Revenues and Other Financing						
	Sources Over (Under) Expenditures						
and Other Financing Uses (1,233,720) (264,191) 969,529 (205,295) 71,734 277,0	and Other Financing Uses	(1,233,720)	(264,191)	969,529	(205,295)	71,734	277,029
Fund Balances at Beginning of Year 1,107,078 1,107,078 0 196,262 196,262	Fund Balances at Beginning of Year	1,107,078	1,107,078	0	196,262	196,262	0
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated 288,598 288,598 0 10,818 10,818	Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated	288,598	288,598	0_	10,818	10,818	0_
Fund Balances at End of Year \$161,956 \$1,131,485 \$969,529 \$1,785 \$278,814 \$277,0	Fund Balances at End of Year	\$161,956	\$1,131,485	\$969,529	\$1,785	\$278,814	\$277,029

UM ONLY)	TOTALS (MEMORANDUM ONLY)		CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS			DEBT SERVICE FUND			
Variance			Variance			Variance			
Favorable		Revised	Favorable		Revised	Favorable		Revised	
(Unfavorable)	Actual	Budget	(Unfavorable)	Actual	Budget	(Unfavorable)	Actual	Budget	
\$0	\$1,393,222	\$1,393,222	\$0	\$161,354	¢161 254	\$0	\$172,894	\$172 904	
(76,287)	13,973,095	14,049,382	(7,616)	6,571,567	\$161,354 6,579,183	0	26,948	\$172,894 26,948	
			1,976			0	20,948	-	
2,659	428,260	425,601		288,945	286,969	0	0	0	
(2,663)	372,703	375,366	0	0	0				
(99)	1	100	0	0	0	0	0	0	
0	119,827	119,827	0	0	0	0	0	0	
948	61,569	60,621	0	0	0	0	0	0	
0	1,064	1,064	0	0	0	0	0	0	
218	27,952	27,734	0	3	3	0	0	0	
(75,224)	16,377,693	16,452,917	(5,640)	7,021,869	7,027,509	0	199,842	199,842	
224 600	4 200 072	4 525 672	25 502	00 278	124 870	0	0	0	
324,699 121,777	4,200,973	4,525,672 973,579	35,592 0	99,278 0	134,870 0	0	0	0	
	851,802		0		0	0	0	0	
(5,192)	231,706	226,514		0	0	0		0	
12,329	90,105	102,434	0	U	U	U	0	U	
59,238	282,030	341,268	0	0	0	0	0	0	
82,275	610,184	692,459	0	0	0	0	0	0	
38,696	56,113	94,809	0	11,108	11,108	0	0	0	
9,672	947,777	957,449	0	0	0	0	0	0	
22,004	191,213	213,217	1,007	4,091	5,098	5,281	4,338	9,619	
177,765	680,806	858,571	166	4,302	4,468	0	0	0	
40,213	849,280	889,493	0	0	0	0	0	0	
(2,319)	10,626	8,307	0	0	0	0	0	0	
5,908	13,371	19,279	0	0	0	0	0	0	
42,021	270,996	313,017	0	0	0	0	0	0	
4,841,975	8,594,422	13,436,397	4,418,403	8,450,596	12,868,999	0	0	0	
70,000	85,389	155,389	0	0	0	70,000	85,389	155,389	
110,208	107,302	217,510	0	0	0	110,208	107,302	217,510	
5,951,269	18,074,095	24,025,364	4,455,168	8,569,375	13,024,543	185,489	197,029	382,518	
(5,876,045)	(1,696,402)	(7,572,447)	4,449,528	(1,547,506)	(5,997,034)	185,489	2,813	(182,676)	
0	21,498	21,498	0	0	0	0	0	0	
12,921	51,513	38,592	7,450	7,450	0	0	0	0	
1,933	(51,513)	(53,446)	0	(1,852)	(1,852)	0	0	0	
(3,941)	187,082	191,023	0	0	0	0	26,899	26,899	
2,067	(216,831)	(218,898)	0	0	0	0	0	0	
12,980	(8,251)	(21,231)	7,450	5,598	(1,852)	0	26,899	26,899	
5,889,025	(1,704,653)	(7,593,678)	4,456,978	(1,541,908)	(5,998,886)	185,489	29,712	(155,777)	
0	7,198,296	7,198,296	0	5,739,179	5,739,179	0	155,777	155,777	
0	559,124	559,124	0	259,708	259,708	0	0	0_	
\$5,889,025	\$6,052,767	\$163.742	\$4,456,978	\$4,456,979	\$1	\$185,489	\$185,489	\$0	

Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Retained Earnings Proprietary Fund Type

Operating Revenues:	Enterprise
Sales	\$221,173
Other Revenues	22
Total Operating Revenues	221,195
Operating Expenses:	
Salaries	172,577
Fringe Benefits	108,739
Purchased Services	14,312
Materials and Supplies	10,581
Cost of Sales	168,009
Depreciation	616
Other	461
Total Operating Expenses	475,295
Operating Loss	(254,100)
Non-Operating Revenues:	
Federal Donated Commodities	37,492
Federal and State Subsidies	185,479
Total Non-Operating Revenues	222,971
Loss Before Operating Transfers	(31,129)
Operating Transfers In	29,735
Net Income	(1,394)
Retained Earnings (Deficit) at Beginning of Year	(36,377)
Retained Earnings (Deficit) at End of Year	(\$37,771)

Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Equity - Budget and Actual (Budget Basis)

Proprietary Fund Type

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2000

		Enterprise	
	Revised Budget	Actual	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)
Revenues:			
Sales	\$221,143	\$221,221	\$78
Refund of Prior Year Expense	22	22	0
Federal and State Subsidies	185,479	185,479	0
Total Revenues	406,644	406,722	78
Expenses:			
Salaries	178,960	174,716	4,244
Fringe Benefits	91,527	93,546	(2,019)
Purchased Services	11,870	14,037	(2,167)
Materials and Supplies	128,800	152,480	(23,680)
Capital Outlay	17,932	823	17,109
Other	787	859	(72)
Total Expenses	429,876	436,461	(6,585)
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenses	(23,232)	(29,739)	(6,507)
Operating Transfers In	23,228	29,735	6,507
Excess of Revenues Over (Under)			
Expenses and Transfers	(4)	(4)	0
Fund Equity at Beginning of Year	4	4	0
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated	0	0	0
Fund Equity at End of Year	\$0	\$0	\$0

Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Fund Type For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2000

	Enterprise
Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents:	
Cash Flows from Operating Activities:	
Cash Received from Customers	\$221,221
Cash Received from Other Operating Sources	22
Cash Payments to Suppliers for Goods and Services	(157,352)
Cash Payments to Employees for Services	(174,716)
Cash Payments for Employee Benefits	(93,546)
Net Cash Used for Operating Activities	(204,371)
Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities:	
Operating Transfers	29,735
Federal and State Subsidies	185,479
Net Cash Provided by Noncapital	
Financing Activities	215,214
Net Decrease in Cash and Cash Equivalents	10,843
Cook and Cook Equivalents at Designing of Your	4
Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Year	4
Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Year	\$10,847
Reconciliation of Operating Loss to Net	
Cash Used for Operating Activities:	
Operating Loss	(\$254,100)
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Loss to Net Cash Used for Operating Activities:	
Depreciation	616
Donated Commodities Used During Year	37,492
Changes in Assets and Liabilities: Decrease in Accounts Receivable	48
	_
Decrease in Inventory Held for Resale	(552)
Decrease in Materials and Supplies Inventory	(876)
Decrease in Accounts Payable	(54)
Increase in Accrued Wages and Benefits	2,435
Decrease in Compensated Absences Payable	9,938
Decrease in Intergovernmental Payable	682
Total Adjustments	49,729
Net Cash Used for Operating Activities	(\$204,371)

NOTE 1 - DESCRIPTION OF THE SCHOOL DISTRICT AND REPORTING ENTITY

Minford Local School District (the "School District") is organized under Article VI, Sections 2 and 3 of the Constitution of the State of Ohio. The School District operates under a locally-elected Board form of government consisting of five members elected at-large for staggered four year terms. The School District provides educational services as authorized by state statute and/or federal guidelines.

The School District was established in 1924 through the consolidation of existing land areas and school districts. The School District serves an area of approximately 98 square miles. It is located in Scioto County, and includes the Village of Minford and the Townships of Madison and Harrison. It is staffed by 47 non-certificated employees, 105 certificated full-time teaching personnel and 7 administrative employees who provide services to 1,622 students and other community members. The School District currently operates 3 instructional buildings.

Reporting Entity:

A reporting entity is comprised of the primary government, component units, and other organizations that are included to insure that the financial statements are not misleading. The primary government of the School District consists of all funds, departments, boards, and agencies that are not legally separate from the School District. For Minford Local School District, this includes general operations, food service, and student related activities of the School District.

Component units are legally separate organizations for which the School District is financially accountable. The School District is financially accountable for an organization if the School District appoints a voting majority of the organization's governing board and (1) the School District is able to significantly influence the programs or services performed or provided by the organization; or (2) the School District is legally entitled to or can otherwise access the organization's resources; the School District is legally obligated or has otherwise assumed the responsibility to finance the deficits of, or provide financial support to, the organization; or the School District is obligated for the debt of the organization. Component units may also include organizations that are fiscally dependent on the School District in that the School District approves the budget, the issuance of debt, or the levying of taxes. The School District has no component units.

The following organizations which perform activities within the School District's boundaries for the benefit of its residents are excluded from the accompanying financial statements because the School District is not financially accountable for these organizations nor are they fiscally dependent on the School District:

- * Pilasco Ross
- * Boosters Clubs
- * Parent Teacher Organizations

NOTE 1 - DESCRIPTION OF THE SCHOOL DISTRICT AND REPORTING ENTITY (continued)

The School District is associated with five organizations, three of which are defined as jointly governed organizations, one as an insurance purchasing pool, and one as a public entity shared risk pool. These organizations are the South Central Ohio Computer Association (SCOCA), the Scioto County Joint Vocational School, the Coalition of Rural and Appalachian Schools, the Ohio School Boards Association Workers' Compensation Group Rating Plan, and the Scioto County Regional Council of Governments. These organizations are presented in Notes 16, 17, and 18 to the general purpose financial statements.

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of the Minford Local School District have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The School District also applies Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) statements and interpretations issued on or before November 30, 1989, to its proprietary activities provided they do not conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements. The more significant of the School District's accounting policies are described below.

A. Basis Of Presentation - Fund Accounting

The School District uses funds and account groups to report on its financial position and the results of its operations. Fund accounting is designed to demonstrate legal compliance and to aid financial management by segregating transactions related to certain School District functions or activities.

A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts recording cash and other financial resources, together with all related liabilities and residual equities or balances, and changes therein, which are segregated for the purpose of carrying on specific activities or attaining certain objectives in accordance with special restrictions or limitations. An account group is a financial reporting device designed to provide accountability for certain assets and liabilities not recorded in the funds because they do not directly affect net available expendable resources.

For financial statement presentation purposes, the various funds of the School District are grouped into the following generic fund types under the broad fund categories governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary.

Governmental Fund Types:

Governmental funds are those through which most governmental functions of the School District are financed. The acquisition, use, and balances of the School District's expendable financial resources and the related current liabilities (except those accounted for in proprietary funds) are accounted for through governmental funds.

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

The following are the School District's governmental fund types:

General Fund - The General Fund is the operating fund of the School District and is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The General Fund balance is available to the School District for any purpose provided it is expended or transferred according to the general laws of Ohio.

Special Revenue Funds - Special revenue funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than major capital projects) that are legally restricted to expenditure for specified purposes.

Debt Service Fund - The debt service fund is used to account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, general long-term obligation principal, interest, and related costs.

Capital Projects Fund - The capital projects fund is used to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities (other than those financed by proprietary funds).

Proprietary Fund Type:

Proprietary funds are used to account for the School District's ongoing activities which are similar to those found in the private sector. The following is the School District's proprietary fund type:

Enterprise Fund - The enterprise fund is used to account for School District activities that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises where the intent is that the costs (expenses, including depreciation) of providing goods or services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges or where it has been decided that periodic determination of revenues earned, expenses incurred, and/or net income is appropriate for capital maintenance, public policy, management control, accountability, or other purposes.

Fiduciary Fund Type:

Fiduciary funds are used to account for assets held by the School District in a trustee capacity or as an agent for individuals, private organizations, other governmental units, and/or other funds. The School District's only fiduciary fund is an agency fund. Agency funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations.

Account Groups:

To make a clear distinction between fixed assets related to specific funds and those of general government, and between long-term liabilities related to specific funds and those of a general nature, the following account groups are used:

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

General Fixed Assets Account Group - This account group is established to account for all fixed assets of the School District, other than those accounted for in the proprietary fund.

General Long-Term Obligations Account Group - This account group is established to account for all long-term obligations of the School District except those accounted for in the proprietary fund.

B. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

The accounting and financial reporting treatment applied to a fund is determined by its measurement focus. All governmental fund types are accounted for using a flow of current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities are generally included on the balance sheet. Operating statements of these funds present increases (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and decreases (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) in net current assets.

All proprietary funds are accounted for on a flow of economic resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, all assets and all liabilities associated with the operation of these funds are included on the balance sheet. Fund equity (i.e., net total assets) is segregated into contributed capital and retained earnings components. Proprietary fund operating statements present increases (i.e., revenues) and decreases (i.e., expenses) in net total assets.

Basis of accounting refers to when revenues and expenditures or expenses are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. Basis of accounting relates to the timing of the measurements made.

The modified accrual basis of accounting is followed for the governmental and agency funds. Under this basis, revenues are recognized in the accounting period when they become both measurable and available. "Measurable" means the amount of the transaction can be determined and "available" means collectible within the current fiscal year or soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current fiscal year. The available period for the School District is sixty days after fiscal year end.

In applying the susceptible to accrual concept under the modified accrual basis, the following revenue sources are deemed both measurable and available: property taxes available as an advance, accounts, and grants.

The School District reports deferred revenues on its combined balance sheet. Deferred revenues arise when a potential revenue does not meet both the measurable and available criteria for recognition in the current period. In the subsequent period, when both revenue recognition criteria are met, the liability for deferred revenue is removed from the combined balance sheet and revenue is recognized. Property taxes measurable as of June 30, 2000, and delinquent property taxes, whose availability is indeterminable and which are intended to finance fiscal year 2001 operations, have been recorded as deferred revenue.

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

The measurement focus of governmental fund accounting is on decreases in net financial resources (expenditures) rather than expenses. Expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred, if measurable. Allocations of cost, such as depreciation and amortization, are not recognized in the governmental funds.

The accrual basis of accounting is utilized for reporting purposes by the proprietary fund types. Revenues are recognized in the accounting period when they are earned, and expenses are recognized at the time they are incurred. The fair value of donated commodities used during the year is reported on the operating statement as an expense with a like amount reported as donated commodities revenue. Unused donated commodities are reported as deferred revenue.

C. Budgetary Process

The budgetary process is prescribed by provisions of the Ohio Revised Code and entails the preparation of budgetary documents within an established timetable. The major documents prepared are the tax budget, the certificate of estimated resources, and the appropriation resolution, all of which are prepared on the budgetary basis of accounting. The certificate of estimated resources and the appropriations resolution are subject to amendment throughout the year with the legal restriction that appropriations cannot exceed estimated resources, as certified.

All funds, other than agency funds, are legally required to be budgeted and appropriated. The legal level of budgetary control is at the fund level. Any budgetary modifications at this level may only be made by resolution of the Board of Education.

Tax Budget:

Prior to January 15, the Superintendent and Treasurer submit to the Board of Education a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing the following July 1. The budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing for all funds. Public hearings are publicized and conducted to obtain taxpayers' comments. The express purpose of this budget document is to reflect the need for existing (or increased) tax rates.

By no later than January 20, the Board-adopted budget is filed with the Scioto County Budget Commission for rate determination.

Estimated Resources:

Prior to April 1, the Board of Education accepts, by formal resolution, the tax rates as determined by the County Budget Commission and receives the Commission's certificate of estimated resources which states the projected revenue of each fund. Prior to June 30, the School District must revise its budget so that total contemplated expenditures from any fund during the ensuing year will not exceed the amount stated in the certificate of estimated resources. The revised budget then serves as the basis for the appropriation measure. On or about July 1, the certificate is amended to include any unencumbered cash balances from the preceding year. The certificate may be further amended

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

during the year if projected increases or decreases in revenue are identified by the School District Treasurer. The amounts reported in the budgetary statements reflect the amounts in the final amended certificate issued during fiscal year 2000.

Appropriations:

Upon receipt from the County Auditor of an amended certificate of estimated resources based on final assessed values and tax rates or a certificate saying no new certificate is necessary, the annual appropriation resolution is legally enacted by the Board of Education at the fund, function, and object level of expenditures, which are the legal levels of budgetary control. Prior to the passage of the annual appropriation measure, the Board may pass a temporary appropriation measure to meet the ordinary expenses of the School District. The appropriation resolution, by fund, must be within the estimated resources as certified by the County Budget Commission and the total of expenditures and encumbrances may not exceed the appropriation totals at any level of control. Any revisions that alter the total of any fund appropriation, or alter total function appropriations within a fund, or alter object appropriations within functions, must be approved by the Board of Education.

The Board may pass supplemental fund appropriations so long as the total appropriations by fund do not exceed the amounts set forth in the most recent certificate of estimated resources. During the year, several supplemental appropriations were legally enacted.

The budget figures which appear in the statements of budgetary comparisons represent the final appropriation amounts, including all supplemental appropriations. Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year for all funds other than agency funds, consistent with statutory provisions.

Encumbrances:

As part of formal budgetary control, purchase orders, contracts, and other commitments for the expenditure of monies are recorded as the equivalent of expenditures on the non-GAAP budgetary basis in order to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation and to determine and maintain legal compliance. On the GAAP basis, encumbrances outstanding at fiscal year end are reported as a reservation of fund balance for subsequent-year expenditures for governmental funds and reported in the notes to the financial statements for the proprietary fund.

Lapsing of Appropriations:

At the close of each fiscal year, the unencumbered balance of each appropriation reverts to the respective fund from which it was appropriated and becomes subject to future appropriation. Encumbered appropriations are carried forward to the succeeding fiscal year and are not reappropriated.

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

D. Cash and Cash Equivalents

To improve cash management, all cash received by the School District is pooled. Monies for all funds, including the proprietary fund, are maintained in this pool. Individual fund integrity is maintained through the School District's records. Each fund's interest in the pool is presented as "Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents" on the combined balance sheet.

During fiscal year 2000, investments were limited to funds invested in the State Treasury Assets Reserve of Ohio (STAR Ohio) and repurchase agreements. Nonparticipating investment contracts such as repurchase agreements are reported at cost.

STAR Ohio is an investment pool managed by the State Treasurer's Office which allows governments within the State to pool their funds for investment purposes. STAR Ohio is not registered with the SEC as an investment company, but does operate in a manner consistent with Rule 2a7 of the Investment Company Act of 1940. Investments in STAR Ohio are valued at STAR Ohio's share price which is the price the investment could be sold for on June 30, 2000.

Following Ohio statutes, the Board of Education has, by resolution, specified the funds to receive an allocation of interest earnings. Interest revenue credited to the general fund during fiscal year 2000 amounted to \$139,315. The Capital Projects Funds also received interest of \$288,945.

For purposes of the statement of cash flows and for presentation on the combined balance sheet, investments of the cash management pool and investments with original maturities of three months or less at the time they are purchased by the School District are considered to be cash equivalents.

E. Inventory

Inventories of governmental funds are stated at cost while inventories of proprietary funds are stated at the lower of cost or market. For all funds, cost is determined on a first-in, first-out basis. Inventory in governmental funds consists of expendable supplies held for consumption. The cost of inventory items is recorded as an expenditure in the governmental fund types when purchased.

Reported material and supplies inventory is equally offset by a fund balance reserve in the governmental funds which indicates that it does not constitute available expendable resources even though it is a component of net current assets. Inventories of proprietary funds consist of donated food and purchased food.

F. Prepaid Items

Payments made to vendors for services that will benefit periods beyond June 30, 2000, are recorded as prepaid items using the consumption method. A current asset for the prepaid amount is recorded at the time of the purchase and an expenditure is reported in the year in which services are consumed.

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

G. Fixed Assets and Depreciation

General fixed assets are not capitalized in the funds used to acquire or construct them. Instead, capital acquisition and construction costs are reflected as expenditures in governmental funds, and the related assets are reported in the general fixed assets account group. Fixed assets utilized in the proprietary funds are capitalized in the fund. All fixed assets are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost) and updated for additions and retirements during the year. Donated fixed assets are recorded at their fair market values as of the date received. The School District maintains a capitalization threshold of five hundred dollars. The School District does not possess any infrastructure.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an asset's life are not capitalized. Improvements are capitalized. Improvements to fund fixed assets are depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related fixed assets.

Assets in the general fixed assets account group are not depreciated. Depreciation of furniture and equipment in the enterprise funds is computed using the straight-line method over an estimated useful life of five to twenty years.

H. Intergovernmental Revenues

For governmental funds, intergovernmental revenues, such as entitlements and grants awarded on a non-reimbursement basis, are recorded as receivables and revenues when measurable and available. Reimbursement type grants are recorded as receivables and revenues when the related expenditures are incurred. Other than commodities, grants and entitlements for proprietary fund operations are recognized as non-operating revenues in the accounting period in which they are earned and become measurable.

The School District currently participates in several State and Federal programs, categorized as follows:

Entitlements

General Fund

State Foundation Program
State Property Tax Relief
School Bus Purchase Reimbursement

Non-Reimbursable Grants

Special Revenue Funds

Education Management Information Systems
Disadvantaged Pupil Impact Aid
Dwight D. Eisenhower
Title I
Title VI

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Title VI-B

Drug-Free Schools

Goals 2000 Intervention

Professional Development Block Grant

Ohio School Facilities Commission

School-to-Work

Library Services

Title VI-R

Early Childhood Education Development

Continuous Improvement Development

Capital Projects Funds

School Net

School Net Plus

Technology Equity

Textbook Subsidy

Emergency Building Repairs

Reimbursable Grants

General Fund

Driver Education

Telecom E-Rate

Proprietary Funds

National School Lunch Program

National School Breakfast Program

Government Donated Commodities

Grants and entitlements received in governmental funds amounted to approximately eighty-six percent of the School District's operating revenue during the 2000 fiscal year for governmental funds.

I. Interfund Assets/Liabilities

Short-term interfund loans are classified as "interfund receivables" and "interfund payables".

J. Compensated Absences

Vacation benefits are accrued as a liability as the benefits are earned if the employees' rights to receive compensation are attributable to services already rendered and it is probable that the School District will compensate the employees for the benefits through paid time off or some other means. The School District records a liability for accumulated unused vacation time when earned for all employees with more than one year of service.

Sick leave benefits are accrued as a liability using the termination payment method. An accrual for earned sick leave is made to the extent it is probable that benefits will result in termination payments. The liability is an estimate based on the School District's past experience of making termination payments.

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

For governmental funds, the current portion of unpaid compensated absences is the amount expected to be paid using expendable available resources. These amounts are recorded in the account "Compensated Absences Payable" in the fund from which the employees who have accumulated unpaid leave are paid. The remainder is reported in the general long-term obligations account group. In proprietary funds, the entire amount of compensated absences is reported as a fund liability.

K. Accrued Liabilities and Long-Term Obligations

In general, governmental fund payables and accrued liabilities are reported as obligations of the funds regardless of whether they will be liquidated with current resources. However, compensated absences and contractually required pension contributions that will be paid from governmental funds are reported as a liability in the general long-term obligations account group to the extent that they will not be paid with current available expendable financial resources. Payments made more than sixty days after year-end are considered not to have used current available financial resources. Long-term loans and general obligation bonds are reported as a liability of the general long-term obligations account group until due. Long-term obligations financed by proprietary funds are reported as liabilities in the proprietary fund.

L. Interfund Transactions

Quasi-external transactions are accounted for as revenues and expenditures or expenses. Transactions that constitute reimbursements to a fund for expenditures/expenses initially made from it that are properly applicable to another fund are recorded as expenditures/expenses in the reimbursing fund and as reductions of expenditures/expenses in the fund that is reimbursed.

Nonrecurring or nonroutine permanent transfers of equity are reported as residual equity transfers. All other interfund transfers are reported as operating transfers.

M. Restricted Assets

Restricted assets in the general fund represent cash and cash equivalents whose use is limited by legal requirements. Restricted assets include unexpended revenues required by statute to be set aside by the School District to create a reserve for budget stabilization. See Note 19 for the calculation of the year-end restricted asset balance and the corresponding fund balance reserves.

N. Fund Balance Reserves

The School District reserves those portions of fund equity which are legally segregated for a specific future use or which do not represent available expendable resources and therefore are not available for appropriation or expenditure. Unreserved fund balance indicates that portion of fund equity which is available for appropriation in future periods. Fund equity reserves have been established for encumbrances, inventories of supplies and materials, property taxes, and budget stabilization.

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

The reserve for property taxes represents taxes recognized as revenue under generally accepted accounting principles but not available for appropriations under State statute. The reserve for budget stabilization represents money required to be set aside by statute to protect against cyclical changes in revenues and expenditures.

O. Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

P. Total Columns on General Purpose Financial Statements

Total columns on the general purpose financial statements are captioned "Totals - (Memorandum Only)" to indicate that they are presented only to facilitate financial analysis. Data in these columns do not present financial position or results of operations in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles. Neither is such data comparable to a consolidation. Interfund eliminations have not been made in the aggregation of this data.

NOTE 3 - CHANGE IN ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLE AND PRIOR YEAR RESTATEMENT

Due to the reporting of the Textbook Subsidy Special Revenue Fund as a Capital Project Fund in the prior year, the Special Revenue Funds and the Capital Project Funds have been restated. The change in reporting had the following effect on fund equity as it was previously reported as of June 30, 1999.

Fund Type	Balance June 30, 1999	Adjustments	Balance July 1, 1999
Special Revenue	\$139,187	\$21,998	\$161,185
Capital Projects	5,968,967	(21,998)	5,946,969

NOTE 4 - ACCOUNTABILITY AND COMPLIANCE

A. Accountability

At June 30, 2000, the Educational Management Information System, Early Childhood Education, Title VI-B, and DPIA Special Revenue Funds, the Emergency School Building Repair Capital Project Fund, and the Food Service Enterprise Fund had deficit fund balances/retained earnings of \$4,984, \$5,546,\$9, \$884, \$7,450 and \$37,771, respectively. Deficits were created by the application of generally accepted accounting principles. The General Fund provides transfers to cover deficit balances; however, this is done when cash is needed rather than when accruals occur.

B. Compliance

The following had expenditures and encumbrances in excess of appropriations for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2000.

Fund Type/Fund	Excess
Enterprise Fund	
Food Service	\$6,585

NOTE 5 - BUDGETARY BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

While the School District is reporting financial position, results of operations, and changes in fund balances/retained earnings on the basis of generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP), the budgetary basis as provided by law is based upon accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements, and encumbrances. The Combined Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual (Budget Basis) - All Governmental Fund Types and the Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Equity - Budget and Actual (Budget Basis) - Enterprise Fund are presented on the budgetary basis to provide a meaningful comparison of actual results with the budget. The major differences between the budget basis and GAAP basis are that:

- 1. Revenues are recorded when received in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when susceptible to accrual (GAAP basis).
- 2. Expenditures/expenses are recorded when paid in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when the liability is incurred (GAAP basis).
- 3. Encumbrances are treated as expenditures/expenses for all funds (budget basis) rather than as a reservation of fund balance for governmental fund types and as note disclosure in the proprietary fund type (GAAP basis).

NOTE 5 - BUDGETARY BASIS OF ACCOUNTING (continued)

- 4. For proprietary funds, the acquisition and construction of capital assets are reported on the operating statement (budget basis) rather than as balance sheet transactions (GAAP basis).
- 5. Advances In and Advances Out are operating transactions (budget) as opposed to balance sheet transactions (GAAP).

The following tables summarize the adjustments necessary to reconcile the GAAP and budgetary basis statements by fund type.

Excess of Revenues and Other Financing Sources Over Expenditures and Other Financing Uses All Governmental Fund Types

	General	Special Revenue	Debt Service	Capital Projects
GAAP Basis	(\$173,461)	(\$249)	(\$6,250)	(\$1,406,045)
Revenue Accruals	304,958	145,761	35,962	44,181
Expenditure Accruals	(81,358)	(32,192)	0	(101,769)
Encumbrances	(314,330)	(41,586)	0	(78,275)
Budget Basis	(\$264,191)	\$71,734	\$29,712	(\$1,541,908)

Net Income/Excess of Revenues Under Expenses and Transfers Proprietary Fund Type

	Enterprise
GAAP Basis	(\$1,394)
Revenue Accruals	(37,444)
Expense Accruals	49,681
Encumbrances	(\$10,847)
Budget Basis	(\$4)

NOTE 6 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

State statutes classify monies held by the School District into three categories.

Active deposits are public deposits necessary to meet current demands on the treasury. Such monies must be maintained either as cash in the School District treasury, in commercial accounts payable or withdrawable on demand, including negotiable order of withdrawal (NOW) accounts, or in money market deposit accounts.

Inactive deposits are public deposits that the Board of Education has identified as not required for use within the current two year period of designation of depositories. Inactive deposits must either be evidenced by certificates of deposit maturing not later than the end of the current period of designation of depositories, or by savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts.

Interim deposits are deposits of interim monies. Interim monies are those monies which are not needed for immediate use but which will be needed before the end of the current period of designation of depositories. Interim deposits must be evidenced by time certificates of deposit maturing not more than one year from the date of deposit, or by savings accounts, including passbook accounts.

Protection of the School District's deposits is provided by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC), by eligible securities pledged by the financial institution as security for repayment, by surety company bonds deposited with the Treasurer by the financial institution or by a single collateral pool established by the financial institution to secure the repayment of all public monies deposited with the institution.

Interim monies may be deposited or invested in the following securities:

- 1. United States Treasury Notes, Bills, Bonds, or any other obligation or security issued by the United States Treasury or any other obligation guaranteed as to principal and interest by the United States;
- 2. Bonds, notes, debentures, or any other obligations or securities issued by any federal government agency or instrumentality, including but not limited to, the Federal National Mortgage Association, Federal Home Loan Bank, Federal Farm Credit Bank, Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation, Government National Mortgage Association, and Student Loan Marketing Association. All federal agency securities shall be direct issuances of federal government agencies or instrumentalities;
- 3. Written repurchase agreements in the securities listed above provided that the market value of the securities subject to the repurchase agreement must exceed the principal value of the agreement by at least two percent and be marked to market daily, and that the term of the agreement must not exceed thirty days;
- 4. Bond and other obligations of the State of Ohio;

NOTE 6 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (continued)

- 5. No-load money market mutual funds consisting exclusively of obligations described in division (1) or (2) and repurchase agreements secured by such obligations, provided that investments in securities described in this division are made only through eligible institutions;
- 6. The State Treasurer's investment pool (STAROhio);
- 7. Certain bankers' acceptance and commercial paper notes for a period not to exceed one hundred eighty days from the date of purchase in an amount not to exceed twenty-five percent of the interim monies available for investment at any one time; and
- 8. Under limited circumstances, debt interests rated in either of the two highest rating classifications by at least two nationally recognized rating agencies.

Investments in stripped principal or interest obligations, reverse repurchase agreements and derivatives are prohibited. The issuance of taxable notes for the purpose of arbitrage, the use of leverage and short selling are also prohibited. An investment must mature within five years from the date of purchase unless matched to a specific obligation or debt of the School District, and must be purchased with the expectation that it will be held to maturity.

Investments may only be made through specified dealers and institutions. Payment for investments may be made only upon delivery of the securities representing the investments to the Treasurer or qualified trustee or, if the securities are not represented by a certificate, upon receipt of confirmation of transfer from the custodian.

The following information classifies deposits and investments by categories of risk as defined in GASB Statement No. 3, "Deposits With Financial Institutions, Investments (including Repurchase Agreements), and Reverse Repurchase Agreements."

Deposits At fiscal year end, the carrying amount of the School District's deposits was \$554,702 and the bank balance was \$867,019. Of the bank balance:

- 1. \$285,219 was covered by federal depository insurance; and
- 2. \$581,800 was uninsured and uncollateralized. Although all State statutory requirements for the deposit of money had been followed, non-compliance with federal requirements could potentially subject the School District held to a successful claim by the FDIC.

Investments The School District's investments are required to be categorized to give an indication of the level of risk assumed by the School District at fiscal year end. Category 1 includes investments that are insured or registered or for which the securities are held by the School District or its agent in the School District's name. Category 2 includes uninsured and unregistered investments which are held by the counterparty's trust department or agent in the School District's name. Category 3 includes uninsured and unregistered investments for which the securities are held by the counterparty, or by its trust department or agent but not in the School District's name. The School District's investments in STAR Ohio are unclassified investments since they are not evidenced by securities that exist in physical or book entry form.

NOTE 6 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (continued)

	Category Three	Carrying Value	Market Value
Repurchase Agreement	\$285,479	\$285,479	\$285,479
STAR Ohio	0	5,684,332	5,684,332
Totals	\$285,479	\$5,969,811	\$5,969,811

The classification of cash and cash equivalents, and investments on the combined financial statements is based on criteria set forth in GASB Statement No. 9, "Reporting Cash Flows of Proprietary and Non-Expendable Trust Funds and Governmental Entities That Use Proprietary Fund Accounting."

A reconciliation between the classifications of cash and cash equivalents and investments on the combined financial statements and the classification of deposits and investments presented above per *GASB Statement No. 3* is as follows:

	Cash and Cash Equivalents/Deposits	Investments
GASB Statement No. 9	\$6,524,513	\$0
Repurchase Agreement	(285,479)	285,479
STAR Ohio	(5,684,332)	5,684,332
GASB Statement No. 3	\$554,702	\$5,969,811

NOTE 7 - PROPERTY TAXES

Property taxes are levied and assessed on a calendar year basis while the School District fiscal year runs from July through June. First half tax collections are received by the School District in the second half of the fiscal year. Second half tax distributions occur in the first half of the following fiscal year.

Property taxes include amounts levied against all real, public utility and tangible personal property located in the School District. Property tax revenue received during calendar 2000 for real and public utility property taxes represents collections of calendar 1999 taxes. Property tax payments received during calendar 2000 for tangible personal property (other than public utility property) is for calendar 2000 taxes

2000 real property taxes are levied after April 1, 2000, on the assessed value as of January 1, 2000, the lien date. Assessed values are established by State law at thirty-five percent of appraised market value.

NOTE 7 - PROPERTY TAXES (continued)

Public utility tangible personal property currently is assessed at varying percentages of true value; public utility real property is assessed at thirty-five percent of true value. 2000 public utility property taxes became a lien December 31,1999, are levied after April 1, 2000 and are collected in 2001 with real property taxes.

2000 tangible personal property taxes are levied after April 1, 1999, on the value as of December 31, 1999. Collections are made in 2000. Tangible personal property assessments are twenty-five percent of true value.

Real property taxes are payable annually or semiannually. If paid annually, payment is due December 31; if paid semiannually, the first payment is due December 31 with the remainder payable by June 20. Under certain circumstances, State statute permits alternate payment dates to be established.

Tangible personal property taxes paid by multi-county taxpayers are due September 20. Single county taxpayers may pay annually or semiannually. If paid annually, payment is due April 30; if paid semiannually, the first payment is due April 30, with the remainder payable by September 20.

The assessed values upon which fiscal year 2000 taxes were collected are:

	1999 Second- Half Collections		2000 First- Half Collections	
	Amount	Percent	Amount	Percent
Agricultural/Residential and Other Real Estate	\$47,805,280	85.88%	\$47,691,400	86.13%
Public Utility	6,924,870	12.44%	6,730,600	12.16%
Tangible Personal Property	932,950	1.68%	947,800	1.71%
Total Assessed Value	\$55,663,100	100.00%	\$55,369,800	100.00%
Tax rate per \$1,000 of assessed valuation	\$38.78		\$38.78	

Accrued property taxes receivable represents delinquent taxes outstanding and real property, tangible personal property, and public utility taxes which became measurable as of June 30, 2000. Although total property tax collections for the next fiscal year are measurable, only the amount available as an advance at June 30 is intended to finance current fiscal year operations. The receivable is therefore offset by a credit to deferred revenue for that portion not intended to finance current year operations. The amount available as an advance at June 30, 2000, was \$84,400 in the General Fund, \$2,006 in the Classroom Facilities Maintenance Special Revenue Fund, \$14,039 in the Debt Service Fund, and \$13,120 in the Permanent Improvement Capital Projects Fund.

NOTE 8 - FIXED ASSETS

A summary of the enterprise fund's fixed assets at June 30, 2000, follows:

Furniture and Equipment	\$76,244
Less Accumulated Depreciation	(68,721)
Net Fixed Assets	\$7,523

A summary of the changes in general fixed assets during fiscal year 2000 follows:

Asset Category	Balance at 6/30/99	Additions	Deletions	Balance at 6/30/00
Land and Improvements	\$416,083	\$10,118	\$0	\$426,201
Buildings and Improvements	4,573,925	149,776	0	4,723,701
Furniture, Fixtures and Equipment	2,198,892	106,596	18,354	2,287,134
Vehicles	933,934	19,290	0	953,224
Books	991,562	0	0	991,562
Construction in Progress	2,127,080	7,523,040	0	9,650,120
Totals	\$11,241,476	\$7,808,820	\$18,354	\$19,031,942

NOTE 9 - RISK MANAGEMENT

The School District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. During fiscal year 2000, the School District contracted with Nationwide Insurance for property and fleet insurance, liability insurance, and inland marine coverage. Coverages provided by Nationwide Insurance are as follows:

Building and Contents-replacement cost (\$1,000 deductible)	100% of value
Property In Open (\$100 deductible)	\$748,700
Inland Marine Coverage (\$100 deductible)	295,957
Boiler and Machinery (\$0 - 12 hours)	100,000
Consequential Damage (\$1,000)	25,000
Crime Insurance	15,000
Data Processing (\$100 deductible)	6,359,218
Mechanical, Electrical and Pressure equipment(\$1,000 deductible	7,161,000
Automobile Liability (\$0 deductible)	1,000,000

NOTE 9 - RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)

Uninsured Motorists	500,000
General Liability	
Per occurrence	2,000,000
Total per year	5,000,000
Supplemental Payment	25,000

Settled claims have not exceeded this commercial coverage in any of the past three years. There has been no significant change in coverage from last year.

For fiscal year 2000, the School District participated in the Ohio School Boards Association Workers' Compensation Group Rating Plan (GRP), an insurance purchasing pool (Note 17). The intent of the GRP is to achieve the benefit of a reduced premium for the School District by virtue of its grouping and representation with other participants in the GRP. The workers' compensation experience of the participating school districts is calculated as one experience and a common premium rate is applied to all school districts in the GRP. Each participant pays its workers' compensation premium to the State based on the rate for the GRP rather than its individual rate. Total savings are then calculated and each participant's individual performance is compared to the overall savings percentage of the GRP. A participant will then either receive money from or be required to contribute to the "Equity Pooling Fund". This "equity pooling" arrangement insures that each participant shares equally in the overall performance of the GRP. Participation in the GRP is limited to school districts that can meet the GRP's selection criteria. The firm of Gates McDonald & Co. provides administrative, cost control and actuarial services to the GRP.

The School District is a member of the Scioto County Regional Council of Governments, a public entity shared risk pool (Note 18), consisting of school districts within the County offering medical and dental insurance to their employees. Monthly premiums are paid to the South Central Ohio Educational Service Center as fiscal agent, who in turns pays the claims on the School District's behalf. The Council is responsible for the management and operations of the program. Upon termination from the Council, for any reason, the Council shall have no obligation under the plan beyond paying the difference between the claims incurred (even though later filed) and expenses of the Plan due up to the date of termination plus extended benefits, if any, provided under the Plan. Such claims and expenses shall be paid from the funds of the Council.

NOTE 10 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS

A. School Employees Retirement System

The School District contributes to the School Employees Retirement System of Ohio (SERS), a cost-sharing multiple employer defined benefit pension plan. SERS provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided by Chapter 3309 of the Ohio Revised Code. SERS issues a publicly available, stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained by writing to the School Employees Retirement System, 45 N. Fourth Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215-3634.

NOTE 10 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (continued)

Plan members are required to contribute 9 percent of their annual covered salary and the School District is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. The current School District rate is 14 percent of annual covered payroll. A portion of the School District's contribution is used to fund pension obligations with the remainder being used to fund health care benefits; for fiscal year 2000, 7.7 percent of annual covered salary was the portion used to fund pension obligations. The contribution requirements of plan members and employers are established and may be amended, up to a statutory maximum amount, by the SERS' Retirement Board. The School District's required contributions for pension obligations to SERS for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2000, 1999, and 1998 were \$83,590, \$74,552, and \$87,131, respectively; 55.5 percent has been contributed for fiscal year 2000 and 100 percent for the fiscal years 1999 and 1998. \$27,566 representing the unpaid contribution for fiscal year 2000, is recorded as a liability within the respective funds and the general long-term obligations account group.

B. State Teachers Retirement System

The School District contributes to the State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio (STRS), a cost-sharing multiple employer public employee retirement system. STRS provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death and survivor benefits to members and beneficiaries. Benefits are established by Chapter 3307 of the Ohio Revised Code. STRS issues a publicly available, stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for STRS. That report may be obtained by writing to the State Teachers Retirement System, 275 East Broad Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215-3371.

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2000, plan members were required to contribute 9.3 percent of their annual covered salaries. The School District was required to contribute 14 percent; 8 percent was the portion used to fund pension obligations. Contribution rates are established by STRS, upon recommendations of its consulting actuary, not to exceed statutory maximum rates of 10 percent for members and 14 percent for employers. The School District's required contributions for pension obligations to STRS for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2000, 1999, and 1998 were \$280,574, \$223,325, and \$432,243, respectively; 78.8 percent has been contributed for fiscal year 2000 and 100 percent for the fiscal years 1999 and 1998. \$104,272 representing the unpaid contribution for fiscal year 2000, is recorded as a liability within the respective funds.

NOTE 11 - POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

The School District provides comprehensive health care benefits to retired teachers and their dependents through the State Teachers Retirement System (STRS), and to retired non-certified employees and their dependents through the School Employees Retirement System (SERS). Benefits include hospitalization, physicians' fees, prescription drugs and reimbursement of monthly Medicare premiums. Benefit provisions and the obligations to contribute are established by the Systems based on authority granted by State statute. Both systems are on a pay-as-you-go basis.

NOTE 11 - POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (continued)

All STRS benefit recipients and sponsored dependents are eligible for health care coverage. The STRS Board has statutory authority over how much, if any, of the health care costs will be absorbed by STRS. Most benefit recipients pay a portion of the health care cost in the form of a monthly premium. By law, the cost of coverage paid from STRS funds is included in the employer contribution rate, currently 14 percent of covered payroll. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2000, the STRS Board allocated employer contributions equal to 8 percent of covered payroll to the Health Care Reserve Fund. For the School District, this amount equaled \$352,192 for fiscal year 2000.

STRS pays health care benefits from the Health Care Reserve Fund. At June 30, 1999, (the latest information available) the balance in the Fund was \$2,783 million. For the year ended June 30, 1999, net health care costs paid by STRS were \$249,929,000 and STRS had 95,796 eligible benefit recipients.

For SERS, coverage is made available to service retirees with ten or more fiscal years of qualifying service credit, and to disability and survivor benefit recipients. Members retiring on or after August 1, 1989, with less than twenty-five years of service credit must pay a portion of their premium for health care. The portion is based on years of service up to a maximum of 75 percent of the premium.

After the allocation for basic benefits, the remainder of the employer's 14 percent contribution is allocated to providing health care benefits. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2000, employer contributions to fund health care benefits were 6.30 percent of covered payroll. In addition, SERS levies a surcharge to fund health care benefits equal to 14 percent of the difference between a minimum pay and the member's pay, pro-rated for partial service credit. For fiscal year 2000, the minimum pay was established at \$12,400. For the School District, the amount contributed to fund health care benefits, including the surcharge, during the 2000 fiscal year equaled \$70,957.

The surcharge, added to the unallocated portion of the 14 percent employer contribution rate, provides for maintenance of the asset target level for the health care fund. The target level for the health care reserve is 150 percent of the annual health care expenses. Expenses for health care for the fiscal year ended June 30, 1999 (the latest information available), were \$126,380,984 and the target level was \$189.6 million. At June 30, 1999, SERS had net assets available for payment of health care benefits of \$188.0 million. SERS has approximately 51,000 participants currently receiving health care benefits.

NOTE 12 - EMPLOYEE BENEFITS

A. Compensated Absences

The criteria for determining vacation and sick leave components are derived from negotiated agreements and State laws. Classified employees earn ten to twenty days of vacation per fiscal year, depending upon length of service. Accumulated, unused vacation time is paid to classified employees and administrators upon termination of employment. Teachers do not earn vacation time. Teachers,

administrators, and classified employees earn sick leave at the rate of one and one-fourth days per month. Sick leave may be accumulated up to a maximum of 210 days for all personnel. Upon retirement, payment is made for one-fourth of accrued, but unused sick leave credit to a maximum of 50 days.

B. Insurance Benefits

The School District provides life insurance and accidental death and dismemberment insurance to most employees through General America.

C. Special Termination Benefit

On December 17, 1998 the School District agreed to pay an additional \$1,000 in severance pay to employees with 10 or more years of service with the School District, provided the employee files for retirement by December 17, 2001. As of June 30, 2000 no employees have accepted the offer and no liability exists at the year end.

D. Deferred Compensation

School District employees may participate in the Ohio Public Employees Deferred Compensation Plan. This plan was created in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 457. Participation is on a voluntary payroll deduction basis. The plan permits deferral of compensation until future years. According to the plan, the deferred compensation is not available until termination, retirement, death or an unforeseeable emergency.

GASB Statement No. 32, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Internal Revenue Code Section 457 Deferred Compensation Plans" provides accounting guidelines for deferred compensation plans. The School District participates in the Ohio Public Employees Deferred Compensation Program. During 1998, the Ohio Public Employees Deferred Compensation Program created a trust for the assets of the plan for which the School District has no fiduciary responsibility. Therefore, plan assets are no longer presented on the balance sheet.

NOTE 13 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

The changes in the School District's long-term obligations during fiscal year 2000 were as follows:

	Principal Outstanding 6/30/99	Additions	Deductions	Principal Outstanding 6/30/00
School Facilities Construction and Improvement Bonds 1998 5.09%	\$2,175,000	\$0	\$60,000	\$2,115,000
EPA Asbestos Loan 1991 0%	4,600	0	1,000	3,600
Energy Conservation Loan 1990 8.2%	24,389	0	24,389	0
Total Long-Term Bonds/Loans	2,203,989	0	85,389	2,118,600
Pension Obligation	53,301	60,476	53,301	60,476
Compensated Absences	517,857	37,256	0	555,113
Total General Long-Term Obligations	\$2,775,147	\$97,732	\$138,690	\$2,734,189

School Facilities Construction and Improvement Bonds - On July 16, 1998, Minford Local School District issued bonds in the amount of \$2,195,000 as a result of the School District being approved for a \$33,203,299 school facilities loan through the State Department of Education for the construction of a new high school, middle school, and for additions and renovations to the current primary school. The School District issued the general obligation bonds to provide a partial cash match for the school facilities loans. As a requirement of the loans, the School District was required to pass a 4.15 mill levy. The 4.15 mill levy, of which, .5 mill was to be used for the retirement of the loan, with the balance of 3.65 mills to be used for the retirement of the 1998 bond issue, will be in effect for the twenty-three years. The bonds were issued for a 23 year period with final maturity during fiscal year 2021. The bonds will be retired from the debt service fund.

Minford Local School District has been notified by the Ohio School Facilities Commission that they would not be responsible for repaying the \$33,203,299 classroom facilities loan to the State because the School District's adjusted valuation per pupil (currently 600 out of 611 schools) was less than the state-wide median adjusted valuation per pupil. In lieu of the repayment, the School District must set aside the funds that would have been used for repayment for facilities maintenance. As part of this process, the School District must submit a maintenance plan to the Ohio School Facilities Commission every five years until the twenty-three year period expires. If the School District's adjusted valuation per pupil increases above the state-wide median adjusted valuation during the twenty-three year period, the School District may become responsible for repayment of a portion of the State's contribution. As of June 30, 2000, the School District had received a total of \$12,189,436 under this program.

NOTE 13 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (continued)

EPA Asbestos Loan - On April 19, 1991, Minford Local School District obtained a loan in the amount of \$11,100 for the purpose of providing asbestos removal for the Minford Local School District, under the authority of Ohio Revised Code section 3317.22. The loan was issued for a thirteen fiscal year period with final maturity during fiscal year 2004. The loan will be retired from the debt service fund.

Energy Conservation Loan - On August 1, 1990, Minford Local School District issued \$181,592 in unvoted general obligation notes for the purpose of providing energy conservation measures for the School District, under the authority of Ohio Revised Code sections 133.06(G) and 3313.372. The notes were issued for a ten year period with final maturity during fiscal year 2000. The loan will be retired from the debt service fund.

Compensated absences and the pension obligation will be paid from the fund from which the employees' salaries are paid.

The School District's overall legal debt margin was \$3,067,809 with an unvoted debt margin of \$55,369 at June 30, 2000.

Principal and interest requirements to retire general obligation debt outstanding at June 30, 2000, are as follows:

Fiscal year Ending June 30,	Principal	Interest	Total
2001	61,000	103,363	164,363
2002	66,000	100,784	166,784
2003	66,000	98,070	164,070
2004	70,600	95,218	165,818
2005	75,000	92,118	167,118
2006-2010	410,000	408,344	818,344
2011-2015	525,000	291,045	816,045
2016-2020	685,000	128,875	813,875
Thereafter	160,000	4,000	164,000
Total	\$2,118,600	\$1,321,817	\$3,440,417

NOTE 14 - INTERFUND ACTIVITY

As of June 30, 2000, receivables and payables that resulted from various interfund transactions were as follows:

Fund Type/Fund	Receivables	Payables
General Fund	\$44,706	\$0
Special Revenue Funds		
Title VI	0	1,785
Ohio Reads	0	30,000
Early Childhood Education	0	5,471
Total Special Revenue Funds	0	37,256
Capital Projects Fund		
Emergency School Building Repair	0	7,450
Total All Funds	\$44,706	\$44,706

NOTE 15 - CONTRACTUAL COMMITMENTS

As of June 30, 2000, the School District had contractual purchase commitments for the completion of school improvements and construction as follows:

Vendor	Contract Amount	Amount Expended	Balance at 6/30/2000
All State Fire	\$155,782	\$137,126	\$18,656
George Igel	940,600	0	940,600
J&H Reinforcing	6,063,595	4,381,593	1,682,002
Mech Construction	2,071,300	1,757,431	313,869
Peck, Shaffer and Williams	19,500	8,250	11,250
Simplex Time Rec.	279,799	0	279,799
Tanner and Stone	1,940,246	1,274,668	665,578
Tom Cannon	167,644	101,362	66,282
West End Electric	1,129,999	964,888	165,111
Total	\$12,768,465	\$8,625,318	\$4,143,147

NOTE 16 - JOINTLY GOVERNED ORGANIZATIONS

South Central Ohio Computer Association - The School District is a participant in the South Central Ohio Computer Association (SCOCA) which is a computer consortium. SCOCA is an association of public school districts within the boundaries of Adams, Brown, Highland, Lawrence, Pike, Ross, Vnton, and Scioto Counties. The organization was formed for the purpose of applying modern technology with the aid of computers and other electronic equipment to administrative and instructional functions among member school districts. The governing board of SCOCA consists of two representatives from each of the eight participating counties, two representatives of the school treasurers plus the fiscal agent. The School District paid SCOCA \$9,827 for services provided during the year. Financial information can be obtained from the fiscal agent, the Pike County Joint Vocational School District, Tonya Cooper, who serves as Treasurer, at P.O. Box 577, 175 Beaver Creek Road, Piketon, Ohio 45661.

Scioto County Joint Vocational School - The Scioto County Joint Vocational School is a distinct political subdivision of the State of Ohio operated under the direction of a Board consisting of five representatives from the City and County Boards within Scioto County, each of which possesses its own budgeting and taxing authority. To obtain financial information write to the Scioto County Joint Vocational School, Lily Blevins, who serves as Treasurer, at P.O. Box 766, Lucasville, Ohio 45648.

Coalition of Rural and Appalachian Schools - The Coalition of Rural and Appalachian Schools is a jointly governed organization of over one hundred school districts in southeastern Ohio. The Coalition is operated by a board which is composed of fourteen members. The board members are composed of one superintendent from each county elected by the school districts within that county. The Council provides various services for school district administrative personnel; gathers data regarding conditions of education in the region; cooperates with other professional groups to assess and develop programs designed to meet the needs of member districts; and provides staff development programs for school district personnel. The Council is not dependent upon the continued participation of the School District and the School District does not maintain an equity interest in or a financial responsibility for the Council. The School District paid \$300 to the Coalition for services provided during the year.

NOTE 17 - INSURANCE PURCHASING POOL

Ohio School Boards Association Workers' Compensation Group Rating Plan - The School District participates in the Ohio School Boards Association Workers' Compensation Group Rating Plan (GRP), an insurance purchasing pool. The GRP's business and affairs are conducted by a three member Board of directors consisting of the President, the President-Elect and the Immediate Past President of the OSBA. The Executive Director of the OSBA, or his designee, serves as coordinator of the program. Each year, the participating school districts pay an enrollment fee to the GRP to cover the costs of administering the program.

NOTE 18 - PUBLIC ENTITY SHARED RISK POOL

Scioto County Regional Council of Governments - The School District is a member of the Scioto County Regional Council of Governments, a public entity shared risk pool. Several Scioto County school districts have entered into an agreement with the South Central Ohio Educational Service Center to form the Scioto County Regional Council of Governments. The overall objectives of the council are to formulate and administer a program of health insurance for the benefit of the council members' employees and their dependents, to obtain lower costs for health coverage, and to secure cost control by implementing a program of comprehensive loss control. The Council's business and affairs are managed by a Board of Directors, consisting of the superintendents from each of the participating school districts. The School District pays premiums based on what the Council estimates will cover the costs of all claims for which the Council is obligated. If the School District's claims exceed its premiums, there is no individual supplemental assessment; on the other hand, if the School District's claims are low, it will not receive a refund. The Council views its activities in the aggregate, rather than on an individual entity basis. To obtain financial information, write to the fiscal agent, South Central Ohio Educational Service Center at Fourth and Court Streets, Portsmouth, Ohio 45662.

NOTE 19 - SET-ASIDE CALCULATIONS AND FUND RESERVES

The School District is required by State statute to annually set aside in the general fund an amount based on a statutory formula for the purchase of textbooks and other instructional materials and an equal amount for the acquisition and construction of capital improvements. Amounts not spent by year-end or offset by similarly restricted resources received during the year must be held in cash at year-end and carried forward to be used for the same purposes in future years. The School District is also required to set aside money for budget stabilization.

The following cash basis information describes the change in the year-end set-aside amounts for textbooks, capital acquisition, and budget stabilization. Disclosure of this information is required by State statute.

A. Textbooks and Instructional Materials

Set-aside balance carried forward from the prior year		\$0
Current year set-aside requirement	\$158,670	
Qualifying expenditures made during the year	(183,074)	
Amount of offsets for the year	0	
Total		(24,404)
Balance of set-aside to be carried forward to next year		\$(24,404)

NOTE 19 - SET-ASIDE CALCULATIONS AND FUND RESERVES (continued)

B. Capital Improvements

Set-aside balance carried forward from the prior year		\$0
Current year set-aside requirement	\$158,670	
Qualifying expenditures made during the year	(8,441,741)	
Amount of offsets for the year	(186,053)	_
Total		(8,469,124)
Balance of set-aside to be carried forward to next year		\$(8,469,124)
C. Budget Stabilization		
Set-aside balance carried forward from the prior year (Workers' Compensation refund)		\$95,676
Current year set-aside requirement	\$51,375	_
Total		51,375
Balance of set-aside to be carried forward to next year		\$147,051

The School District had additional offsets and qualifying expenditures during the year that reduced the set-aside amount below zero, these extra amounts may be used to reduce the set-aside requirements of future years. Negative amounts are presented as being carried forward to the next fiscal year.

NOTE 20 - SCHOOL FUNDING COURT DECISION

On March 24, 1997, the Ohio Supreme Court rendered a decision declaring certain portions of the Ohio school funding plan unconstitutional. The Court stayed the effect of its ruling for one year to allow the State's legislature to design a plan to remedy the perceived defects in that system. Declared unconstitutional was the State's "school foundation program", which provides significant amounts of monetary support to the School District. During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2000, the School District received \$6,147,570 of school foundation support for its general fund.

In addition, the Court declared the classroom facilities program unconstitutional, because, in the Court's opinion, the program had not been sufficiently funded by the State. The classroom facilities program provided money to build schools and furnish classrooms. As of June 30, 2000, the School District had received a total of \$12,189,436 under this program.

NOTE 20 - SCHOOL FUNDING COURT DECISION (continued)

Since the Supreme Court ruling, numerous pieces of legislation have been passed by the State General Assembly in an attempt to address the issues identified by the Court. The Court of Common Pleas in Perry County reviewed the new laws and, in a decision issued on February 26, 1999, determined they are not sufficiently responsive to the constitutional issues raised under the "thorough and efficient" clause of the Ohio Constitution. The State appealed the decision made by the Court of Common Pleas to the Ohio Supreme Court. On May 11, 2000, the Ohio Supreme Court rendered an opinion on this issue. The Court concluded, "...the mandate of the [Ohio] Constitution has not been fulfilled." The Court's majority recognized efforts by the Ohio General Assembly taken in response to the Court's March 24, 1997, decision, however, it found seven" ...major areas warrant further attention, study, and development by the General Assembly...," including the State's reliance on local property tax funding, the state's basic aid formula, the school foundation program, as discussed above, the mechanism for, and adequacy of, funding for school facilities, and the existence of the State's School Solvency Assistance Fund, which the Court found took the place of the unconstitutional emergency school loan assistance program.

The Court decided to maintain jurisdiction over these issues and continued the case at least until June 15, 2001.

As of the date of these financial statements, the School District is unable to determine what effect, if any, this ongoing litigation will have on its future State funding under this program and on its financial operations.

NOTE 21 - CONTINGENCIES

A. Grants

The School District received financial assistance from federal and state agencies in the form of grants. The expenditure of funds received under these programs generally requires compliance with terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements and is subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims resulting from such audits could become a liability of the General Fund or other applicable funds. However, in the opinion of management, any such disallowed claims will not have a material adverse effect on the overall financial position of the School District at June 30, 2000.

B. Litigation

The School District is party to legal proceedings. The School District is of the opinion that ultimate disposition of claims will not have a material effect, if any, on the financial condition of the School District.

NOTE 22 - RECEIVABLES

Receivables at June 30, 2000, consisted of property taxes and accounts (rent, billings for user charged services, and student fees). All receivables are considered collectible in full due to the ability to foreclose for the nonpayment of taxes, the stable condition of State programs, and the current fiscal year guarantee of federal funds.

MINFORD LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT SCIOTO COUNTY, OHIO

Schedule of Federal Awards Expenditures June 30, 2000

Federal Grantor/ Pass Through Grantor Program Title	Pass Through Entity Number	Federal CFDA Number	Receipts	Non-Cash Receipts	Disbursements	Non-Cash Disbursements
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE Passed through the Ohio Department of Education						
Child Nutrition Cluster: Food Distribution Program	NA	10.550		36,305		37,492
School Breakfast Program	049627 05-PU	10.553	27,839		27,839	
National School Lunch Program	049627 04-PU	10.555	146,429		146,429	
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture - Child Nutrition Cluster			174,268	36,305	174,268	37,492
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF LABOR Passed through the Scioto County JVSD						
School To Work	N	17.249	0		302	
Total U.S. Department of Labor			0		302	
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION Passed through the Ohio Department of Education						
Special Education Grants to the States	049627 C1-S1	84.010	462,379		423,188	
Special Education Grants to the States (IDEA Part B)	049627 6B-SF	84.027	69,061		59,278	
Eisenhower Mathematics and Science Education	049627 MS-S1	84.281	9,591		8,011	
Safe and Drug Free Schools	049627 DR-S1	84.186	7,079		7,007	
Goals 2000 Subsidy	049627 G2-S1	84.276	0		2,735	
Innovative Educational Program Strategy and Consolidation Act	049627 C2-S1	84.298	5,862		5,418	
Class Size Reduction	04627 CR-S1	84.340	60,712		45,857	
Total U.S. Department of Education			614,684		551,494	
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICE	CES					
Passed through the Ohio Department of Education Dependent Care Plan	04627 DC-S1	93.673	6,964		12,435	
Total U.S. Department of Health and Human Services			6,964		12,435	
Total Federal Assistance:			795,916	36,305	738,499	37,492

NA = Not Applicable

N = The federal entity pass through number could not be located by the school district.

See Notes to the Schedule of Federal Award Expenditures

MINFORD LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT SCIOTO COUNTY, OHIO

NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF FEDERAL AWARDS EXPENDITURES JUNE 30, 2000

NOTE A - - SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accompanying schedule of federal awards expenditures is a summary of the activity of the District's federal award programs. The schedule has been prepared on the cash basis of accounting.

NOTE B - - FOOD DISTRIBUTIONS

Nonmonetary assistance is reported in the schedule at the fair market value of the commodities received and disbursed. Monies are commingled with State grants. It is assumed federal monies are expended first. At June 30, 2000, the District had no significant food commodities in inventory.

MICHAEL A. BALESTRA, CPA, INC.

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS 528 SOUTH WEST STREET, P.O. BOX 687 PIKETON, OHIO 45661

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REPORT ON COMPLIANCE AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Members of the Board Minford Local School District P.O. Box 204 Minford, Ohio 45653

We have audited the financial statements of Minford Local School District, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2000, and have issued our report thereon dated September 11, 2000. We conducted our audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Compliance

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Minford Local School District's general purpose financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulation, contracts and grants, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*. However, we noted certain immaterial instances of noncompliance that we have reported to management of the District in a separate letter dated September 11, 2000.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered Minford Local School District's internal control over financial reporting in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the general purpose financial statements and not to provide assurance on the internal control over financial reporting. Our consideration of the internal control over financial reporting would not necessarily disclose all matters in the internal control over the financial reporting that might be material weaknesses. A material weakness is a condition in which the design or operation of the internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that misstatements in amounts that would be material in relation to the financial statements being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions.

Members of the Board
Minford Local School District
REPORT ON COMPLIANCE AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING BASED
ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT
AUDITING STANDARDS
Page 2

We noted no matters involving the internal control over financial reporting and its operation that we consider to be material weakness.

This report is intended for the information of the audit committee, management, members of the Board, and federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Michael A. Balestra, CPA, Inc. Michael A. Balestra, CPA, Inc. September 11, 2000

MICHAEL A. BALESTRA, CPA, INC.

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REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH REQUIREMENTS APPLICABLE TO EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE IN ACCORDANCE WITH OMB CIRCULAR A-133

Members of the Board Minford Local School District P.O. Box 204 Minford, Ohio 45653

Compliance

We have audited the compliance of Minford Local School District with the types of compliance requirements described in the *U.S. Office Management and Budget (OMB) Circular A-133, Compliance Supplement* that are applicable to its major federal program for the year ended June 30, 2000. Minford Local School District's major federal program is identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. Compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts and grants applicable to its major federal program is the responsibility of Minford Local School District's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on Minford Local School District's compliance based on our audit.

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. Those standards and OMB Circular A-133 require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance occurred with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about Minford Local School District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our audit does not provide a legal determination on Minford Local School District's compliance with those requirements.

In our opinion, Minford Local School District complied, in all material respects, with the requirements referred to above that are applicable to its major federal program for the year ended June 30, 2000.

Members of the Board
Minford Local School District
REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH REQUIREMENTS APPLICABLE TO EACH MAJOR FEDERAL
PROGRAM AND INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE IN ACCORDANCE WITH OMB
CIRCULAR A-133
Page 2

Internal Control Over Compliance

The management of Minford Local School District is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with requirements of laws, regulations, contracts and grants applicable to federal programs. In planning and performing our audit we considered Minford Local School District's internal control over compliance with requirements that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program in order to determined our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on compliance and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with OMB Circular A-133.

Our consideration of the internal control over compliance would not necessarily disclose all matters in the internal control that might be material weaknesses. A material weakness is a condition in which the design or operation of one or more of the internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that noncompliance with applicable requirements of laws, regulation, contracts and grants that would be material in relation to a major federal program being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions. We noted no matters involving the internal control over compliance and its operation that we consider to be material weaknesses.

This report is intended for the information of the audit committee, management, members of the Board, and federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Michael A. Balestra, CPA, Inc. Michael A. Balestra, CPA, Inc. September 11, 2000

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS OMB CIRCULAR A-133 SECTION .505

MINFORD LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT SCIOTO COUNTY JUNE 30, 2000

1. SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

(d)(1)(i)	Type of Financial Statement Opinion	Unqualified
(d)(1)(ii)	Were there any material control weakness conditions reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
(d)(1)(ii)	Were there any other reportable control weakness conditions reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
(d)(1)(iii)	Was there any reported noncompliance at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
(d)(1)(iv)	Were there any material internal control weakness conditions reported for major federal programs?	No
(d)(1)(iv)	Were there any other reportable internal control weakness conditions reported for major federal programs?	No
(d)(1)(v)	Type of Major Programs' Compliance Opinion	Unqualified
(d)(1)(vi)	Are there any reportable findings under section .510?	No
(d)(1)(vii)	Major Programs (list):	CFDA #10.550,10.553, 10.555; Child Nutrition Cluster
(d)(1)(viii)	Dollar Threshold: Type A\B Programs	Type A: > \$300,000 Type B: all others
(d)(1)(ix)	Low Risk Auditee?	Yes

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS OMB CIRCULAR A-133 SECTION .505

MINFORD LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT SCIOTO COUNTY JUNE 30, 2000

2. FINDINGS RELATED TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS

Finding Number	None
T mams Tramoer	1,0116

3. FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR FEDERAL AWARDS

Finding Number	None
CFDA Title and Number	
Federal Award Number/Year	
Federal Agency	
Pass-Through Agency	



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MINFORD LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT SCIOTO COUNTY

CLERK'S CERTIFICATION

This is a true and correct copy of the report which is required to be filed in the Office of the Auditor of State pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in Columbus, Ohio.

CLERK OF THE BUREAU

Susan Babbitt

CERTIFIED
JANUARY 09, 2001