# AUDITOR

OTSEGO LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT
WOOD COUNTY

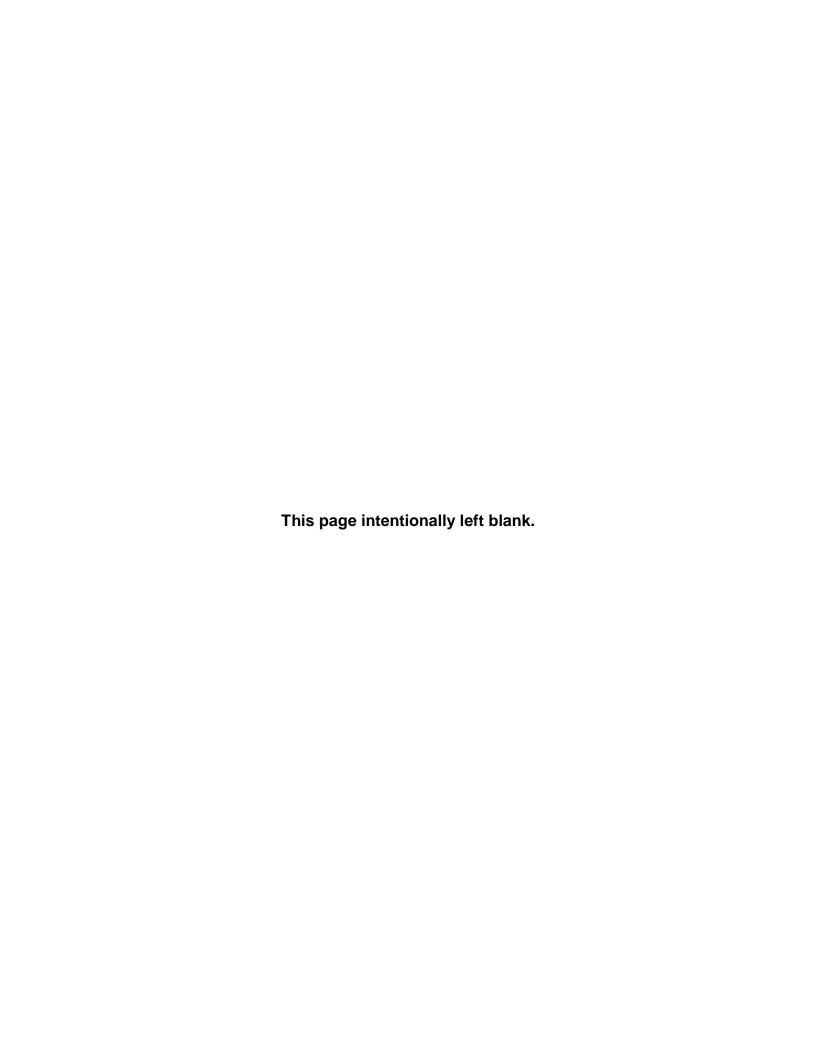
SINGLE AUDIT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2000



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#### REPORT OF INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS

Otsego Local School District Wood County Tontogany Creek Road P.O. Box 290 Tontogany, Ohio 43565-0290

#### To the Board of Education:

We have audited the accompanying general-purpose financial statements of the Otsego Local School District, Wood County, (the District) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2000, as listed in the table of contents. These general-purpose financial statements are the responsibility of the Government's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these general-purpose financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the general-purpose financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Otsego Local School District, Wood County, as of June 30, 2000, and the results of its operations and the cash flows of its proprietary fund types and nonexpendable trust funds for the year then ended in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated January 22, 2001 on our consideration of the Government's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grants. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* and should be read in conjunction with this report in considering the results of our audit.

Otsego Local School District Wood County Report of Independent Accountants Page 2

Our audit was performed for the purpose of forming an opinion on the general-purpose financial statements of the Government, taken as a whole. The accompanying schedule of federal awards expenditures is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*, and is not a required part of the general-purpose financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the general-purpose financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the general-purpose financial statements taken as a whole.

Jim Petro Auditor of State

January 22, 2001

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# Combined Balance Sheet All Fund Types and Account Groups As of June 30, 2000

	Governmental Fund Types			
	General	Special Revenue	Debt Service	Capital Projects
ASSETS AND OTHER DEBITS				
Assets:				
Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents Cash and Cash Equivalents: In Segregated Accounts	\$964,542	\$200,908	\$24,046	\$156,324
Receivables: Taxes	4,218,401		18,122	141,741
Accounts	10,864	1,800	10,122	141,741
Interfund Receivable	28.978	1,000		
Materials and Supplies Inventory	20,570			
Prepaid Items	5,406			1,800
Restricted Assets:	-,			1,000
Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents	191,724			
Advances to Other Funds	12,010			
Fixed Assets				
Accumulated Depreciation				
Other Debits:				
Amount in Debt Service Fund for Retirement of General Long-Term Obligations Provided from General Government Resources				
Total Assets and Other Debits	\$5,431,925	\$202,708	\$42,168	\$299,865

Proprie Fund T		Fiduciary Fund Types	Account		
Enterprise	Internal Service	Trust and Agency	General Fixed Assets	General Long-Term Obligations	Totals (Memorandum Only)
\$21,819	\$3,767	\$32,128			\$1,403,534
		2,980			2,980
	123				4,378,264 12,787
2,168					28,978 2,168 7,206
					191,724 12,010
91,962 (74,305)			\$7,252,081		7,344,043 (74,305)
				\$24,046	24,046
				1,430,648	1,430,648
\$41,644	\$3,890	\$35,108	\$7,252,081	\$1,454,694	\$14,764,083

(Continued)

# Combined Balance Sheet All Fund Types and Account Groups As of June 30, 2000 (Continued)

	Governmental Fund Types				
	General	Special Revenue	Debt Service	Capital Projects	
LIABILITIES, FUND EQUITY AND OTHER CREDITS					
Liabilities:					
Accounts Payable	\$24,691	\$5,454			
Accrued Wages and Benefits	696,667	36,757			
Compensated Absences Payable	50,008	210			
Interfund Payable	•			\$27,583	
Intergovernmental Payable	138,900	4,216			
Deferred Revenue	3,678,665	·	\$16,399	125,783	
Due to Students					
Capital Leases Payable					
Advances from Other Funds					
Energy Conservation Loan Payable					
Asbestos Removal Loan Payable					
General Obligation Bonds Payable					
Total Liabilities	4,588,931	46,637	16,399	153,366	
Fund Equity and Other Credits: Investment in General Fixed Assets					
Retained Earnings:					
Unreserved					
Fund Balances:					
Reserved:					
Reserved for Encumbrances	56,169	27,102		112,812	
Reserved for Prepaid Items	5,406	,		1,800	
Reserved for Debt Service Principal			24,046		
Reserved for Advances	40,344				
Reserved for Contributions					
Reserved for Property Taxes	539,736		1,723	15,958	
Reserved for Budget Stabilization	191,724				
Unreserved:					
Unreserved, Undesignated	9,615	128,969		15,929	
Total Fund Equity and Other Credits	842,994	156,071	25,769	146,499	
Total Liabilities, Fund Equity and Other Credits	\$5,431,925	\$202,708	\$42,168	\$299,865	

The notes to the general-purpose financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

Proprie Fund T		Fiduciary Fund Types	Account Groups		
Enterprise	Internal Service	Trust and Agency	General Fixed Assets	General Long-Term Obligations	Totals (Memorandum Only)
		\$314			\$30,459
\$18,261					751,685
20,307				\$718,468	788,993
644		751		04.405	28,978
15,337 758				91,135	249,588 3,821,605
730		29,197			29,197
		23,137		137,417	137,417
12,010				,	12,010
,				135,000	135,000
				7,674	7,674
				365,000	365,000
67,317		30,262		1,454,694	6,357,606
			\$7,252,081		7,252,081
(25,673)	\$3,890				(21,783)
					196,083
					7,206
					24,046
					40,344
		2,980			2,980
					557,417
					191,724
		1,866			156,379
(25,673)	3,890	4,846	7,252,081		8,406,477
\$41,644	\$3,890	\$35,108	\$7,252,081	\$1,454,694	\$14,764,083

# Combined Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances All Governmental and Similar Fiduciary Fund Types For the Year Ended June 30, 2000

	Governmental Fund Types		
Parameter 2	<u>General</u>	Special Revenue	
Revenues: Intergovernmental Interest Tuition and Fees Rent	\$5,393,584 101,667 90,626 590	\$472,583	
Extracurricular Activities Gifts and Donations Customer Services	65,800	94,087 5,751 950	
Property and Other Local Taxes Miscellaneous	4,428,055 59,630	9,485	
Total Revenues	10,139,952	582,856	
Expenditures: Instruction: Regular Special Vocational Other Support services:	4,626,307 965,233 321,892 67,461	80,317 232,100	
Pupils Instructional Staff Board of Education	497,615 232,917 13,107	18,306 41,716	
Administration Fiscal Business	929,424 236,959 3,558	39,411 416	
Operation and Maintenance of Plant Pupil Transportation Central	795,477 690,746	600 7,826 840	
Non-Instructional Services Extracurricular activities Capital Outlay Debt Service:	304 164,385 46,571	98,059	
Debt Service - Principal Debt Service - Interest		25,975 9,947	
Total Expenditures	9,591,956	555,513	
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	547,996	27,343	
Other Financing Sources and Uses Operating Transfers In Proceeds from Sale of Fixed Assets	618	30,000	
Refund of Prior Year Expenditures Other Financing Sources Operating Transfers Out Advances Out Other Financing Uses	25,477 6,000 (83,143) 751 (751)	1,800 7,000	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(51,048)	38,800	
Excess of Revenues and Other Financing Sources Over (Under) Expenditures and Other Financing Uses	496,948	66,143	
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year	346,046	89,928	
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$842,994	\$156,071	

The notes to the general-purpose financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

	Governmental Fund Types		
Debt Service	Capital Projects	Expendable Trust	Totals (Memorandum) Only)
\$2,291	\$177,396	\$2,998	\$6,045,854 101,667 90,626 590 94,087 74,549 950
67,328	145,532		4,640,915 69,115
69,619	322,928	2,998	11,118,353
	33,397		4,740,021 1,197,333 321,892 67,461
136	1,183		515,921 274,633 13,107 968,835 238,694 3,558 796,077 698,572 840
	151,023	2,698	3,002 262,444 197,594
50,000 28,303			75,975 38,250
78,439	185,603	2,698	10,414,209
(8,820)	137,325	300	704,144
			30,000 618 27,277 13,000 (83,143) 751 (751)
(8,820)	137,325	300	691,896
34,589	9,174	1,566	481,303
\$25,769	\$146,499	\$1,866	\$1,173,199

# Combined Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Budget and Actual Comparison (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) All Governmental and Similar Fiduciary Fund Types For the Year Ended June 30, 2000

	General		
Povemuse	Budget	Actual	Variance: Favorable (Unfavorable)
Revenues: Intergovernmental Interest	\$5,346,967 104,232	\$5,392,005 105,284	\$45,038 1,052
Tuition and Fees Rent Extracurricular Activities	131,135	92,370 590	(38,765) 590
Gifts and Donations Customer Services		65,800	65,800
Property and Other Local Taxes Miscellaneous	4,048,942	4,131,547 72,036	82,605 72,036
Total Revenues	9,631,276	9,859,632	228,356
Expenditures: Current: Instruction:	4 000 054	4 704 007	400 444
Regular Special	4,829,951 998,462	4,721,837 973,015	108,114 25,447
Vocational	320,096	313,879	6,217
Other	79,001	67,671	11,330
Support services:	F04 000	400 040	45 500
Pupils Instructional Staff	501,929 240,126	486,340 232,555	15,589 7,571
Board of Education	17,847	15,501	2,346
Administration	956,234	924,932	31,302
Fiscal	261,564	244,827	16,737
Business On another and Maintan area of Plant	5,859	5,676	183
Operation and Maintenance of Plant Pupil Transportation Central	838,110 729,838	803,978 690,560	34,132 39,278
Non-Instructional Services	532	304	228
Extracurricular activities	189,342	163,305	26,037
Capital Outlay Debt Service Debt Service - Principal Debt Service - Interest	59,393	53,143	6,250
Total Expenditures	10,028,284	9,697,523	330,761
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(397,008)	162,109	559,117
Other Financing Sources and Uses		<del>,</del>	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Operating Transfers In	329,715		(329,715)
Proceeds from Sale of Fixed Assets		617	617
Refund of Prior Year Expenditures		18,632	18,632
Advances In Other Financing Sources	6,000	159,086 6,000	159,086
Operating Transfers Out	(524,469)	(83,142)	441,327
Advances Out	(28,583)	(28,334)	249
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(217,337)	72,859	290,196
Excess of Revenue and Other Financing Sources Over (Under) Expenditures and Other Financing Uses	(614,345)	234,968	849,313
Fund Balances at Beginning of Year Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated	634,092 206,773	634,092 206,773	
Fund Balance at end of Year	\$226,520	\$1,075,833	\$849,313

5	Special Revenue		Debt Service			
Budget	Actual	Variance: Favorable (Unfavorable)	Budget	Actual	Variance: Favorable (Unfavorable)	
\$491,395	\$472,583	(\$18,812)		\$2,291	\$2,291	
122,400 34,050 1,600	94,737 5,751 950	(27,663) (28,299) (650)				
53,200	9,485	(43,715)	\$69,114	67,055	(2,059)	
702,645	583,506	(119,139)	69,114	69,346	232	
154,816 306,355	142,561 234,259	12,255 72,096				
20,831 48,584	19,421 43,730	1,410 4,854				
64,860 2,000 2,042 600 8,535 840	33,107 416 600 8,271 840	31,753 1,584 2,042 264	324	136	188	
192,370	100,662	91,708				
			50,000 42,000	50,000 28,303	13,697	
801,833	583,867	217,966	92,324	78,439	13,885	
(99,188)	(361)	98,827	(23,210)	(9,093)	14,117	
30,000	30,000					
	7,000	7,000				
30,000	37,000	7,000				
(69,188)	36,639	105,827	(23,210)	(9,093)	14,117	
123,416 8,298	123,416 8,298	·	33,139	33,139	·	
\$62,526	\$168,353	\$105,827	\$9,929	\$24,046	\$14,117	

(Continued)

# Combined Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Budget and Actual Comparison (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) All Governmental and Similar Fiduciary Fund Types For the Year Ended June 30, 2000 (Continued)

	Capital Projects		
<b>-</b>	Budget	Actual	Variance: Favorable (Unfavorable)
Revenues: Intergovernmental Interest Tuition and Fees	\$159,086	\$177,396	\$18,310
Rent Extracurricular Activities Gifts and Donations Customer Services			
Property and Other Local Taxes Miscellaneous	129,665	138,634	8,969
Total Revenues	288,751	316,030	27,279
Expenditures: Current: Instruction: Regular Special	41,752	37,923	3,829
Vocational Other Support services: Pupils Instructional Staff Board of Education Administration			
Fiscal Business Operation and Maintenance of Plant Pupil Transportation Central Non-Instructional Services Extracurricular activities	1,183	1,183	
Capital Outlay Debt Service Debt Service - Principal Debt Service - Interest	261,481	261,109	372
Total Expenditures	304,416	300,215	4,201
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(15,665)	15,815	31,480
Other Financing Sources and Uses Operating Transfers In Proceeds from Sale of Fixed Assets Refund of Prior Year Expenditures	25.500	OT 500	
Advances In Other Financing Sources Operating Transfers Out	25,583	27,583	2,000
Advances Out	(159,086)	(159,086)	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(133,503)	(131,503)	2,000
Excess of Revenue and Other Financing Sources Over (Under) Expenditures and Other Financing Uses	(149,168)	(115,688)	33,480
Fund Balances at Beginning of Year Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated	146,193 13,007	146,193 13,007	
Fund Balance at end of Year	\$10,032	\$43,512	\$33,480

The notes to the general-purpose financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

E	xpendable Trust		Totals	(Memorandum O	nly)
Budget	Actual	Variance: Favorable (Unfavorable)	Budget	Actual	Variance: Favorable (Unfavorable)
					\$46,827
			\$5,997,448 104,232	\$6,044,275 105,284	η46,627 1,052
			131,135	92,370	(38,765)
			101,100	590	590
			122,400	94,737	(27,663)
\$3,500	\$2,998	(\$502)	37,550	74,549	36,999
+ - /	+ ,	(+ /	1,600	950	(650)
			4,247,721	4,337,236	89,515
			53,200	81,521	28,321
3,500	2,998	(502)	10,695,286	10,831,512	136,226
			5,026,519 1,304,817 320,096 79,001	4,902,321 1,207,274 313,879 67,671	124,198 97,543 6,217 11,330
			500 700	E0E 704	
			522,760 288,710	505,761	16,999
			17,847	276,285 15,501	12,425 2,346
			1,021,094	958,039	63,055
			265,071	246,562	18,509
			7,901	5,676	2,225
			838,710	804,578	34,132
			738,373	698,831	39,542
			840	840	•
7,698	2,698	5,000	8,230	3,002	5,228
			381,712	263,967	117,745
			320,874	314,252	6,622
			50,000	50,000	
			42,000	28,303	13,697
7,698	2,698	5,000	11,234,555	10,662,742	571,813
(4,198)	300	4,498	(539,269)	168,770	708,039
			359,715	30,000	(329,715)
			,	617	` <sup>′</sup> 617 <sup>′</sup>
				18,632	18,632
			25,583	186,669	161,086
			6,000	13,000	7,000
			(524,469)	(83,142)	441,327
			(187,669)	(187,420)	249
		<del>_</del>	(320,840)	(21,644)	299,196
(4,198)	300	4,498	(860,109)	147,126	1,007,235
1,566	1,566		938,406 228,078	938,406 228,078	
(\$2,632)	\$1,866	\$4,498	\$306,375	\$1,313,610	\$1,007,235
(Ψ=,002)	Ψ1,000	Ψ+,+50	Ψ000,010	Ψ1,010,010	Ψ.,σσι,2σσ

#### Combined Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Equity All Proprietary and Similar Fiduciary Fund Types For the Year Ended June 30, 2000

	Proprietary Fund Types		Fiduciary Fund Types	
	Enterprise	Internal Service	Nonexpendable Trust	Totals (Memorandum Only)
Operating Revenues:				
Sales	\$332,110	\$19,115		\$351,225
Other Revenues	38,767			38,767
Refund of Prior Year Expense	428			428
Total Operating Revenues	371,305	19,115		390,420
Operating Expenses				
Salaries	163,872			163,872
Fringe Benefits	86,539			86,539
Purchased Services	85,520			85,520
Materials and Supplies	199,928	16,639		216,567
Depreciation	3,213			3,213
Total Operating Expenses	539,072	16,639		555,711
Operating Income (Loss)	(167,767)	2,476		(165,291)
Non-Operating Revenues and Expenses				
Federal Donated Commodities	32,560			32,560
Interest	19			<sup>′</sup> 19
Federal and State Subsidies	81,948			81,948
Total Non-Operating Revenues and Expenses	114,527			114,527
Income (Loss) Before Operating Transfers Operating Transfers-In	(53,240) 53,143	2,476		(50,764) 53,143
Net Income (Loss)	(97)	2,476		2,379
Retained Earnings/Fund Balances at Beginning of Year	(25,576)	1,414	\$2,980	(21,182)
Retained Earnings/Fund Balances at End of Year	(\$25,673)	\$3,890	\$2,980	(\$18,803)

The notes to the general-purpose financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

#### Combined Statement of Cash Flow All Proprietary and Similar Fiduciary Fund Types For the Year Ended June 30, 2000

	Proprietary Fund Types			
	Enterprise	Internal Service	Nonexpendable Trust	Totals (Memorandum Only)
INCREASE/(DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVA	LENTS			
Cash Flows from Operating Activities:				
Cash Received from Sales	\$332,110	\$18,992		\$351,102
Other Cash Receipts	39,195			39,195
Cash Payments to Suppliers for Goods and Service	(165,421)	(16,639)		(182,060)
Cash Payments for Contract Services	(107,200)			(107,200)
Cash Payments for Employee Services	(157,981)			(157,981)
Cash Payments for Employee Benefits	(84,239)			(84,239)
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	(143,536)	2,353		(141,183)
Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities:				
Operating Grants Received	81,947			81,947
Transfers In	53,143			53,143
Net Cash Provided (Used) by		,		
Noncapital Financing Activities	135,090			135,090
Cash Flows from Investing Activities:				
Interest Received	19			19
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents	(8,427)	2,353		(6,074)
Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Year	30,246	1,414	\$2,980	34,640
Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Year	\$21,819	\$3,767	\$2,980	\$28,566

(Continued)

#### COMBINED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOW ALL PROPRIETARY AND SIMILAR FIDUCIARY FUND TYPES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2000

	Proprietary Fund Types		Fiduciary Fund Type	Totals
	Enterprise	Internal Service	Nonexpendable Trust	(Memorandum Only)
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES:				
Operating Income (Loss)	(\$167,767)	\$2,476		(\$165,291)
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income (Loss) To Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities:				
Depreciation	3,213			3,213
Donated Commodities Used During the Year	32,560			32,560
(Increase) Decrease in Assets:				
Accounts Receivable		(123)		(123)
Material and Supplies Inventory	22,447			22,447
Increase (Decrease) in Liabilities:				
Compensated Absences Payable	(1,253)			(1,253)
Intergovernmental Payable	(719)			(719)
Deferred Revenue	(20,423)			(20,423)
Accrued Wages and Benefits	(11,397)			(11,397)
Accounts Payable	(197)	_		(197)
Total Adjustments	(\$143,536)	\$2,353		(\$141,183)
NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITY  Reconciliation of Nonexpendable Trust Fund Cash Balance		ι00:		
Cash and Cash Equivalents — Trust and Agency Funds	, ao			\$35,108
Less: Expendable Trust Funds				(1,866)
Less: Agency Funds				(30,262)
• •				<u> </u>
Cash and Cash Equivalents — Nonexpendable Trust F	unds			\$2,980

The notes to the general-purpose financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

### NOTES TO THE GENERAL-PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30. 2000

#### **NOTE 1 - DESCRIPTION OF THE SCHOOL DISTRICT**

Otsego Local School District (the District) is located in portions of Wood, Lucas, and Henry Counties, including all of the villages of Tontogany, Haskins, Grand Rapids, and Weston, and portions of surrounding townships. The District serves an area of approximately 144 square miles.

The District is organized in accordance with Sections 2 and 3, Article VI of the Constitution of the State of Ohio. Under such laws, there is no authority for a school district to have a charter or adopt local laws. The legislative power of the District is vested in the Board of Education, consisting of five members elected at large for staggered four-year terms.

The District currently operates three elementary schools, one middle school, and one comprehensive high school. The District employs 72 non-certified and 108 certified (including administrative) full-time and part-time employees to provide services to approximately 1,789 students in grades K through 12 and various community groups, which ranks it 323 out of approximately 612 school districts in Ohio.

#### The Reporting Entity

The District has implemented the Government Accounting Standards Board (GASB) pronouncements concerning the definition of the reporting entity. Accordingly, the District's balance sheet includes all funds, account groups, agencies, boards, commissions, and component units over which the District officials exercise oversight responsibility.

Oversight responsibility includes such aspects as appointment of governing body members, budget review, approval of property tax levies, outstanding debt secured by District full faith and credit or revenues, and responsibility for funding deficits. On this basis, there were no organizations subject to the District's oversight responsibility, which required incorporation into the financial statements.

The School District is associated with organizations, which are defined as jointly governed organizations, a related organization and group purchasing pools. These organizations include the Northwest Ohio Computer Association, the Penta County Joint Vocational School, the Weston Public Library, the Wood County Schools Benefit Association, and the OSBA Workers' Compensation Group Rating Plan. These organizations are presented in Notes 14, 15, and 16 to the general purpose financial statements.

#### NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of the District have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The District's significant accounting policies are described below.

#### A. Basis of Accounting

The modified accrual basis of accounting is followed for governmental, expendable trust, and agency funds. The measurement focus is upon determination of financial position and changes in financial position (sources, uses, and balances of financial resources) rather than upon net income determination. Under this basis of accounting:

1. Only current assets and current liabilities are generally included on their balance sheets.

# NOTES TO THE GENERAL-PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2000 (Continued)

- 2. Operating statements present increases (revenues and other financing sources) and decreases (expenditures and other financing uses) in net current assets.
- 3. Revenues are recognized when they become both measurable and available to finance expenditures for the current period, which for the District is 60 days after year end.
  - Revenue accrued at the end of the year included taxes, interest, student fees, and tuition.
  - b. Property taxes measurable but not available as of June 30, 2000 and delinquent property taxes, whose availability is indeterminate, have been recorded as deferred revenues.
- 4. Expenditures are recognized in the period in which the fund liability is incurred with the following exceptions:
  - a. General long-term obligation principal and interest are reported only when due.
  - b. The current costs of accumulated unpaid vacation and sick leave are reported in the period in which they will be liquidated with available financial resources, rather than in the period earned by employees.

The Agency funds are custodial in nature and do not present results of operations or have a measurement focus. These funds are used to account for assets that the District holds for others in an agency capacity.

The Proprietary and Nonexpendable Trust Funds are accounted for on the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized in the period earned and expenses are recognized in the period incurred. The District also applies Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) statements and interpretations issued on or before November 30, 1989, to the proprietary funds provided they do not conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements.

#### B. Fund Accounting

The District uses funds and account groups to report its financial position and the results of its operations. A fund is a separate accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. An account group, on the other hand, is a financial reporting device designed to provide accountability for certain assets and liabilities that are not recorded in the funds because they do not directly affect net expendable available financial resources. Fund accounting is designed to demonstrate legal compliance and to aid financial management by segregating transactions related to certain school district activities or functions. Funds are classified into three categories: Governmental, Proprietary and Fiduciary. Each category is divided into separate fund types.

#### 1. Governmental Funds

Governmental Funds are those through which most governmental functions of the District are financed. The acquisition, use and balances of the District's expendable financial resources and the related liabilities (except those accounted for in Proprietary Funds) are accounted for through Governmental Funds. The following are the District's Governmental Fund Types:

# NOTES TO THE GENERAL-PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2000 (Continued)

<u>General Fund</u> - The General Fund is the general operating fund of the District and is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

<u>Special Revenue Funds</u> - Special Revenue Funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than expendable trusts, or major capital projects) that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes.

<u>Debt Service Fund</u> - The Debt Service Fund is used to account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, general long-term debt principal, interest, and related costs.

<u>Capital Projects Funds</u> - The Capital Projects Funds are used to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities (other than those financed by Proprietary Funds and Trust Funds).

#### 2. Proprietary Funds

Proprietary Funds are used to account for the District's ongoing activities which are similar to those often found in the private sector where the determination of net income is necessary or useful to sound financial administration. The following are the District's Proprietary Fund Types.

<u>Enterprise Funds</u> - Enterprise Funds are used to account for operations (a) that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises--where the intent of the governing body is that the costs (expenses, including depreciation) of providing goods or services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges; or (b) where the governing body has decided that periodic determination of revenues earned, expenses incurred, and/or net income is appropriate for capital maintenance, public policy, management control, accountability, or other purposes.

<u>Internal Service Funds</u> - The Internal Service Funds are used to account for the financing of goods and services provided by one department or agency to other departments or agencies of the District, or to other governmental units, on a cost-reimbursement basis.

#### 3. Fiduciary Funds

<u>Trust and Agency Funds</u> - These funds are used to account for assets held by the District in a trustee capacity or as an agent for individuals, private organizations, other governmental units, and/or other funds. These include Expendable and Non-Expendable Trust Funds and Agency Funds. Expendable Trust Funds are accounted for in essentially the same manner as Governmental funds. Nonexpendable Trust funds are accounted for in essentially the same manner as Proprietary funds. Agency Funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations.

#### 4. Account Groups

To make a clear distinction between fixed assets related to specific funds and those of general government, and between long-term liabilities related to specific funds and those of general nature, the following account groups are used.

# NOTES TO THE GENERAL-PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2000 (Continued)

<u>General Fixed Assets Account Group</u> - This group of accounts is established to account for all fixed assets of the District, other than those accounted for in the Proprietary funds and Trust funds.

<u>General Long-Term Obligations Account Group</u> - This group of accounts is established to account for all long-term obligations of the District, other than those accounted for in the Proprietary funds and Trust funds.

#### C. Budgetary Accounting

Budgets are adopted on a cash basis.

The District is required by State statute to adopt an annual appropriation budget for all funds.

The specific timetable for fiscal year 2000 is as follows:

- Prior to January 15, the Treasurer submits to the Board of Education a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing the following July 1. The budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing for all funds. A public hearing is publicized and conducted to obtain taxpayers' comments. The purpose of this Budget document is to reflect the need for existing (or increased) tax rates.
- 2. By no later than January 20, the Board adopted budget is filed with the County Budget Commission for rate determination.
- 3. Prior to April 1, the Board of Education accepts, by formal resolution, the tax rates as determined by the Budget Commission and receives the Commission's Certificate of Estimated Resources, which states the projected revenue of each fund. The annual appropriation measure (the true operating budget) is then developed at the fund, function and object level of expenditures, which are the legal levels of budgetary control.
- 4. A temporary appropriation measure to control cash disbursements may be passed on or about July 1 of each year for the period July 1 to September 30. An annual appropriation measure must be passed by October 1 of each year for a period July 1 to June 30. The appropriation measure may be amended or supplemented during the year, as new information becomes available. Appropriations may not exceed estimated resources.
- 5. The District maintains budgetary control by not permitting expenditures to exceed appropriations within each fund, function and object without approval of the Board of Education. The Board permits management to make discretionary budgetary adjustments within each fund, which are approved by the Board on a monthly basis. Any adjustments that alter the total fund appropriation require specific action of the Board. During the year the Treasurer did not certify the availability of funds at the time the commitment was incurred.
- 6. Unencumbered appropriations lapse at year end. Encumbered appropriations are carried forward to the succeeding fiscal year and need not be reappropriated. Expenditures plus encumbrances may not legally exceed budgeted appropriations at the fund level.

# NOTES TO THE GENERAL-PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2000 (Continued)

The District's budget (budget basis) for all funds accounts for certain transactions on a basis, which differs from generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP basis). The major differences between the budget basis and the GAAP basis are that:

- 1. Revenues are recorded when received in cash for budget purposes as opposed to when susceptible to accrual for GAAP purposes.
- 2. Expenditures and expenses are recorded when paid in cash or encumbered for budget purposes as opposed to when the liability is incurred for GAAP purposes.

An analysis of the difference between GAAP and budgetary basis for all governmental fund types and expendable trust fund for the year ended June 30, 2000 follows:

Excess of Revenues and Other Financing Sources
Over (Under) Expenditures and Other Financing Uses

		Special	Debt	Capital	Expendable
_	General	Revenue	Service	Projects	Trust
Budget Basis	\$234,968	\$36,639	(\$9,093)	(\$115,688)	\$300
Revenue Accruals	280,320	(650)	273	6,898	
Expenditure Accruals	25,134	(4,201)		1,800	
Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(123,907)	1,800		131,503	
Reserve for Encumbrances	80,433	32,555		112,812	
GAAP Basis	\$496,948	\$66,143	(\$8,820)	\$137,325	\$300

#### D. Encumbrances

The District is required to use the encumbrance method of accounting. Under this system, purchase orders, contracts, and other commitments for the expenditure of funds are recorded in order to reserve the portion of the applicable appropriation. At the close of each fiscal year, the unencumbered balance of each appropriation reverts to the respective fund from which it was appropriated and becomes subject to future appropriations. The encumbered appropriation balance is carried forward to the succeeding fiscal year and need not be reappropriated.

#### E. Cash and Investments

To improve cash management, cash received by the District is pooled. Monies for all funds, including proprietary funds, are maintained in this pool. Individual fund integrity is maintained through the District's records. Each fund's interest in the pool is presented as "Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents" (both unrestricted and restricted) on the combined balance sheet.

During 2000 investments were limited to the State Treasury Asset Reserve of Ohio (STAR Ohio) and repurchase agreements.

Except for nonparticipating investment contracts, investments are reported at fair value which is based on quoted market prices. Nonparticipating investment contracts such as repurchase agreements are reported at cost.

STAR Ohio is an investment pool managed by the State Treasurer's Office, which allows governments within the State to pool their funds for investment purposes. STAR Ohio is not registered with the SEC

# NOTES TO THE GENERAL-PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2000 (Continued)

as an investment company, but does operate in a manner consistent with Rule 2a7 of the Investment Company Act of 1940. Investments in STAR Ohio are valued at STAR Ohio's share price, which is the price the investment could be sold for on December 31, 2000.

The Board allocates all investment earnings to the General fund and the Food Service fund. Interest revenue credited to the General fund, during fiscal 2000 totaled \$101,667, which included \$31,330 assigned from other funds of the District.

The District utilizes a financial institution to service bonded debt as principal and interest payments come due. This account did not have a balance at June 30, 2000.

An analysis of the Treasurer's investment account at year end is provided in Note 4.

#### F. Inventory

Inventories of Proprietary funds are valued at the lower of cost (first-in/first-out method) or market and expensed when used rather than when purchased.

#### G. Prepaids

Prepayments for Governmental funds represent cash disbursements which have occurred and are therefore not current expendable resources. These items are reported as fund assets on the balance sheet using the allocation method, which amortizes their cost over the periods benefitting from the advance payment. At period-end, because prepayment and deferrals are not available to finance future Governmental fund expenditures, the fund balance is reserved by an amount equal to the carrying value of the asset.

#### H. Property, Plant and Equipment

#### 1. General Fixed Assets Account Group

General fixed assets are capitalized at cost or estimated historical cost. Donated fixed assets are recorded at their fair market values as of the date donated. The District follows the policy of not capitalizing assets with a cost of less than \$500 and a useful life of less than five years. No depreciation is recognized for assets in the General Fixed Assets Account Group. The District has not included infrastructure in the General Fixed Assets Account Group.

#### 2. Proprietary Funds

Equipment reflected in these funds are stated at historical cost or estimated historical cost and updated for the cost of additions and retirements during the year. Donated fixed assets are recorded at their fair market values as of the date donated. Depreciation has been provided, where appropriate, on a straight-line basis over the following estimated useful lives.

Asset	<u>Life (years)</u>
Furniture, Fixtures and Minor Equipment	5-20
Vehicles	4-6

# NOTES TO THE GENERAL-PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2000 (Continued)

#### I. Intergovernmental Revenues

In Governmental funds, entitlements and non-reimbursable grants (to the extent such grants and entitlements relate to the current fiscal year) are recorded as receivables and revenue when measurable and available. Reimbursement type grants are recorded as receivables and revenues when the related expenditures are incurred. Grants for Proprietary fund operations are recognized as revenue when measurable and earned. The District currently participates in various state and federal programs categorized as follows:

#### **Entitlements**

**General Fund** 

State Foundation Program

State Property Tax Relief

**Debt Service Fund** 

State Property Tax Relief

Capital Projects Fund

State Property Tax Relief

Non-Reimbursable Grants

Special Revenue Funds

**Teacher Development** 

Management Information Systems

School Improvement Models

**Technology Grant** 

**Public School Preschool** 

Ohio Reads

Title I

Title VI

Instructional Materials Subsidy

**Data Communication for Schools** 

Early Childhood Development

Capital Project Funds

School Net

**Technology Equity** 

Vocational Education Building

**Emergency Building Repair** 

Reimbursable Grants

General Fund

School Bus Purchases

**Driver Education** 

**Proprietary** 

National School Lunch Program

National School Milk Program

Grants and entitlements amounted to over 54% of the District's operating revenue during the 2000 fiscal year.

# NOTES TO THE GENERAL-PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2000 (Continued)

#### J. Interfund Transactions

During the course of normal operations, the District has numerous transactions between funds. The most significant include:

- 1. Transfers of resources from one fund to another fund through which resources are to be expended are recorded as operating transfers.
- 2. Reimbursements from one fund to another are treated as expenditures/expenses in the reimbursing fund and a reduction in expenditures/expenses in the reimbursed fund.
- 3. Short-term interfund loans are reflected as interfund receivables and interfund payables.

#### K. Compensated Absences

Compensated absences of the District consist of vacation leave and sick leave to the extent that payment to the employee for these absences are attributable to services already rendered and are not contingent on a specific event that is outside the control of the District and the employee.

In accordance with the provisions of Statement No. 16 of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB), <u>Accounting for Compensated Absences</u>, a liability for vacation leave is accrued if a) the employees' rights to payment are attributable to services already rendered; and b) it is probable that the employer will compensate the employees for the benefits through paid time off <u>or</u> other means, such as cash payment at termination or retirement. A liability for sick leave is accrued using the vesting method; i.e., the liability is based on the sick leave accumulated at the balance sheet date by those employees who are currently eligible to receive termination (severance) payments, as well as those employees expected to become eligible in the future. For purposes of establishing a liability for severance on employees expected to become eligible to retire in the future, all employees must have five (5) years of continuous service with the Otsego School system to be eligible, all employees age fifty (50) or greater with at least ten (10) years of service; or twenty (20) years' service at any age were considered expected to become eligible to retire in accordance with GASB Statement No. 16.

The total liability for vacation and sick leave payments has been calculated using pay rates in effect at the balance sheet date, and reduced to the maximum payment allowed by labor contract and/or statute, plus any applicable additional salary related payments.

Accumulated vacation and severance of Governmental Fund Type employees meeting the above requirements have been recorded in the appropriate Governmental fund as a current liability to the extent that the amounts are expected to be payable within the current available period. The balance of the liability is recorded in the General Long-Term Obligations Account Group. Vacation and sick leave for employees meeting the above requirements who are paid from Proprietary funds is recorded as an expense when earned.

#### L. Long-Term Obligations

Long-term debt is recognized as a liability of a Governmental fund when due, or when resources have been accumulated in the Debt Service fund for payment early in the following year. For other long-term obligations, only that portion expected to be financed from expendable available financial

# NOTES TO THE GENERAL-PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2000 (Continued)

resources is reported as a fund liability of a governmental fund. The remaining portion of such obligations is reported in the General Long-Term Obligations Account Group. Long-term liabilities expected to be financed from Proprietary fund operations are accounted for in those funds.

#### M. Restricted Assets

Restricted assets in the general fund represent cash and cash equivalents whose use is limited by legal requirements. Restricted assets include unexpended revenues restricted to create a reserve for budget stabilization. See Note 18 for the calculation of the year-end restricted asset balance and the corresponding fund balance reserves.

#### N. Fund Balance Reserves

The School District reserves those portions of fund equity which are legally segregated for a specific future use or which do not represent available expendable resources and therefore are not available for appropriation or expenditure. Unreserved fund balance indicates that portion of fund equity, which is available for appropriation in future periods. Fund equity reserves have been established for Encumbrances, Prepaid Items, Debt Service Principal, Advances, Contributions, Property Taxes, and Budget Stabilization.

The Reserve for Property Taxes represents taxes recognized as revenue under generally accepted accounting principles but not available for appropriation under State statute. The Reserve for Budget Stabilization represents money required to be set-aside by statute to protect against cyclical changes in revenues and expenditures. The Reserve for Contributions signifies the legal restrictions on the use of principal.

#### O. Memorandum Only - Total Columns

Total columns on the General Purpose Financial Statements are captioned (Memorandum Only) to indicate that they are presented only to facilitate financial analysis. Data in these columns do not present financial position, results of operations, or changes in financial position in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles. Neither is such data comparable to a consolidation. Interfund eliminations have not been made in the aggregation of this data.

#### P. Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

#### Q. Statement of Cash Flows

In September 1989, GASB issued Statement No. 9, <u>Reporting Cash Flows of Proprietary and Nonexpendable Trust Funds and Governmental Entities That Use Proprietary Fund Accounting</u>. The District has presented (Exhibit 5) a statement of cash flows for its Proprietary and Nonexpendable Trust funds. For purposes of the statement of cash flows, the District considers cash equivalents to include all short term investments (maturity of 90 days or less from date of purchase).

# NOTES TO THE GENERAL-PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2000 (Continued)

#### **NOTE 3 - ACCOUNTABILITY**

At June 30, 2000, the Lunchroom Fund had a deficit fund balance of \$49,704, which was created by the application of generally accepted accounting principles. The General Fund provides transfers to cover deficit balances; however, this is done when cash is needed rather than when accruals occur.

#### **NOTE 4 - EQUITY IN POOLED CASH AND INVESTMENTS**

State statutes classify monies held by the School District into three categories.

Active deposits are public deposits necessary to meet current demands on the treasury. Such monies must be maintained either as cash in the School District treasury, in commercial accounts payable or withdrawable on demand, including negotiable order of withdrawal (NOW) accounts, or in money market deposit accounts.

Inactive deposits are public deposits the Board of Education has identified as not required for use within the current two year period of designation of depositories. Inactive deposits must either be evidenced by certificates of deposit maturing not later than the end of the current period of designation of depositories, or by savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts.

Interim deposits are deposits of interim monies. Interim monies are those monies which are not needed for immediate use but which will be needed before the end of the current period of designation of depositories. Interim deposits must be evidenced by time certificates of deposit maturing not more than one year from the date of deposit or by savings accounts, including passbook accounts.

Protection of the District's deposits is provided by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation, by eligible securities pledged by the financial institution as security for repayment, by surety company bonds deposited with the Treasurer by the financial institution or by a single collateral pool established by the financial institution to secure the repayment of all public moneys deposited with the institution.

Interim monies may be deposited or invested in the following securities:

- 1. United States Treasury Notes, Bills, Bonds, or any other obligation or security issued by the United States Treasury or any other obligation guaranteed as to principal and interest by the United States;
- 2. Bonds, Notes, Debentures, or any other obligations or securities issued by any federal government agency or instrumentality, including but not limited to, the Federal National Mortgage Association, Federal Home Loan Bank, Federal Farm Credit Bank, Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation, Government National Mortgage Association, and Student Loan Marketing Association. All federal agency securities shall be direct issuances of federal government agencies or instrumentalities:
- Written repurchase agreements in the securities listed above provided that the market value of the securities subject to the repurchase agreement must exceed the principal value of the agreement by at least two percent and be marked to market daily, and that the term of the agreement must not exceed thirty days;
- 4. Bonds and other obligations of the State of Ohio;

# NOTES TO THE GENERAL-PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2000 (Continued)

- 5. No-load money market mutual funds consisting exclusively of obligations described in division (1) or (2) and repurchase agreements secured by such obligations, provided that investments in securities described in this division are made only through eligible institutions;
- 6. The State Treasurer's investment pool (STAR Ohio);
- 7. Certain bankers' acceptances and commercial paper notes for a period not to exceed one hundred and eighty days from the date of purchase in an amount not to exceed twenty-five percent of the interim moneys available for investment at any one time; and,
- 8. Under limited circumstances, corporate debt instruments rated in either of the two highest rating classifications by at least two nationally recognized rating agencies.

Investments in stripped principal or interest obligations, reverse repurchase agreements and derivatives are prohibited. The issuance of taxable notes for the purpose of arbitrage, the use of leverage and short selling are also prohibited. An investment must mature within five years from the date of purchase unless matched to a specific obligation or debt of the District, and must be purchased with the expectation that it will be held to maturity. Investments may only be made through specified dealers and institutions. Payment for investments may be made only upon delivery of the securities representing the investments to the Treasurer or qualified trustee or, if the securities are not represented by a certificate, upon receipt of confirmation of transfer from the custodian.

Cash on Hand: At year end, the District had \$600 in undeposited cash on hand, which is included on the Balance Sheet of the District as part of "Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents", but is not included in the total amount of deposits reported below.

The following information classifies deposits and investments by categories of risk as defined in GASB Statement No. 3, <u>Deposits With Financial Institutions</u>, <u>Investments (including Repurchase Agreements)</u>, and Reverse Repurchase Agreements.

*Deposits:* At year-end the carrying amount of the District's deposits was \$873,046 and the bank balance was \$1.073.496. Of the bank balance:

- a. \$183,328 was covered by federal deposit insurance.
- b. \$890,168 was uninsured and uncollateralized. Although all statutory requirements for the deposit of money had been followed, noncompliance with federal requirements could potentially subject the District held to a successful claim by the FDIC.

Investments: The District's investments are required to be categorized to give an indication of the level of risk assumed by the District at year end. Category 1 includes investments that are insured or registered or for which the securities are held by the District or its agent in the District's name. Category 2 includes uninsured and unregistered investments for which the securities are held by the counterparty's trust department or agent in the District's name. Category 3 includes uninsured and unregistered investments for which the securities are held by the counterparty, or by its trust department or agent but not in the District's name. STAR Ohio is an unclassified investment since it is not evidenced by securities that exist in physical or book entry form.

# NOTES TO THE GENERAL-PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2000 (Continued)

Category of		
Risk	Reported	
3	Amount	Fair Value
\$428,931	\$428,931	\$428,931
	295,661	295,661
\$428,931	\$724,592	\$724,592
	Risk 3 \$428,931	Risk Reported 3 Amount \$428,931  295,661

The classification of cash and cash equivalents and investments on the combined balance sheet is based on criteria set forth in GASB Statement No. 9 entitled, Reporting Cash Flows of Proprietary and Nonexpendable Trust Funds and Governmental Entities That Use Proprietary Fund Accounting.

A reconciliation between the classifications of cash and cash equivalents and investments on the combined balance sheet per GASB Statement No. 9 and the classifications of deposits and investments presented above per GASB Statement No. 3 is as follows:

	Cash and Cash	
	Equivalents	Investments
GASB Statement No. 9	\$1,598,238	
Cash on Hand	(600)	
Investments:		
Repurchase Agreement	(428,931)	\$428,931
STAR Ohio	(295,661)	295,661
GASB Statement No. 3	\$873,046	\$724,592

#### **NOTE 5 - PROPERTY TAXES**

Property taxes are levied and assessed on a calendar year basis. Distributions from the second half of the calendar year occur in a new fiscal year and are intended to finance the operations of that year. Property taxes include amounts levied against all real, public utility and tangible (used in business) property located in the District.

Real property taxes and public utility taxes are levied after November 1 on the assessed value listed as of the prior January 1, the lien date. Assessed values are established by State law at 35% of appraised market value.

Public utility property taxes are assessed on tangible personal property, as well as land and improvements. Real property is assessed at 35% of market value and personal property is assessed at 100% of market value except for the personal property of rural electric companies, which are, assessed 50% of market and railroads which are assessed at 29%.

Tangible personal property taxes attach as a lien and are levied on January 1 of the current year. Tangible personal property assessments are 25% of true value.

# NOTES TO THE GENERAL-PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2000 (Continued)

The assessed value upon which the 2000 taxes were collected was \$149,716,889. Agricultural/Residential and public utility real estate represented 83% or \$123,580,870 of this total; Commercial & Industrial real estate represented 7% or \$10,161,870; public utility tangible 7% or \$10,880,130 and general tangible property 3% or \$5,094,019. The voted general tax rate for operations at the fiscal year ended June 30, 2000 was \$58.20 per \$1,000.00 of assessed valuation; the voted rate for debt service was \$.20 per \$1,000.00 of assessed valuation; and the voted rate for permanent improvements was \$1.60 per \$1,000.00 of assessed valuation.

Real property taxes are payable annually or semi-annually. If paid annually, payment is due January 20; if paid semi-annually, the first payment is due January 20 with the remainder payable by June 20.

The County Treasurer collects property tax on behalf of the District. The County Auditor periodically remits to the District its portion of the taxes collected. These tax "advances" are based on statutory cash flow collection rates. Final "settlements" are made each February and August.

Accrued property taxes receivable represent delinquent taxes outstanding and real property, personal property and public utility taxes which became measurable as of June 30, 2000. Although total property tax collections for the next fiscal year are measurable, they are not (exclusive of advances) intended to finance current year operations. The net receivable (total receivable less amount available intended to finance the current year) is therefore offset by a credit to deferred revenue.

#### **NOTE 6 - RECEIVABLES**

Receivables at June 30, 2000 consisted of taxes, accounts (rent and student fees), and intergovernmental grants and entitlements (to the extent such grants and/or entitlements relate to the current fiscal year). All receivables are considered collectible in full due to the ability to foreclose for the nonpayment of taxes and the stable condition of State programs.

A summary of the principal items of receivables follows:

	Amounts
General Fund Taxes Accounts	\$4,218,401 10,864
Special Revenue Fund Accounts	1,800
Debt Service Fund Taxes	18,122
<u>Capital Projects Funds</u> Taxes	141,741

# NOTES TO THE GENERAL-PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2000 (Continued)

#### **NOTE 7 - FIXED ASSETS**

The following changes occurred in the General Fixed Assets Account Group during the year:

Asset Category	Balance at 6/30/99	Additions	Deletions	Balance at 6/30/00
	0, 0 0, 0 0	Additions	Deletions	
Land and Improvements	\$306,118			\$306,118
Buildings and Improvements	4,376,964			4,376,964
Capital Leased Buildings	250,990			250,990
Furniture and Equipment	1,376,925	\$150,661	\$48,634	1,478,952
Leased Equipment	15,162			15,162
Vehicles	823,895			823,895
Totals	\$7,150,054	\$150,661	\$48,634	\$7,252,081

A summary of the Proprietary fixed assets at June 30, 2000 follows:

Furniture and Equipment	\$91,962
Less: Accumulated Depreciation	(74,305)
Net Fixed Assets	\$17,657

#### **NOTE 8 - CAPITALIZED LEASES - LESSEE DISCLOSURE**

In prior years, the District has entered into capitalized leases for the acquisition of a building.

The terms of the agreement provides an option to purchase the equipment. The lease meets the criteria of a capital lease as defined by Statement No. 13 of the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB), "Accounting for Leases", which defines a capital lease generally as one which transfers benefits and risks of ownership to the lessee at the conclusion of the lease term. Capital lease payments have been reclassified and are reflected as debt service expenditures in the Combined Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances for Governmental Fund Types and Expendable Trust Funds. These expenditures are reflected as program/function expenditures on a budgetary basis.

General fixed assets acquired by lease have been capitalized in the General Fixed Assets Account Group in an amount equal to the present value of the future minimum lease payments as of the date of their inception. A corresponding liability was recorded in the General Long-Term Obligations Account Group. Principal payments in the 2000 fiscal year totaled \$25,975. This amount is reflected as debt service principal retirement in the Special Revenue Funds.

The following is an analysis of the equipment under capital lease as of June 30, 2000:

General
Fixed Assets
\$250.990

Modular Building, Carrying Value

# NOTES TO THE GENERAL-PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2000 (Continued)

The following is a schedule of the future minimum lease payments required under the capital lease and the present value of the future minimum lease payments as of June 30, 2000:

General Long-Term Obligations

	Modular
Year Ending June 30	Building
2001	\$35,922
2002	35,922
2003	35,922
2004	35,922
2005	14,967
Total Future Minimum Lease Payments	158,655
Less: Amount Representing Interest	21,238
Present Value of Future Minimum Lease Payments	\$137,417

The District does not have a capitalized lease obligation after fiscal year 2005.

#### **NOTE 9 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS**

All current general obligation bonds outstanding, issued to provide funds for the acquisition and construction of equipment and facilities, are general obligations of the District for which the full faith and credit of the District is pledged for repayment. Accordingly, such unmatured obligations of the District are accounted for in the General Long-Term Obligations Account Group. Payments of principal and interest relating to these bonds are recorded as expenditures in the Debt Service fund. The source of payment is derived from a current .20 mill bonded debt tax levy.

Energy conservation notes and asbestos removal loans outstanding are general obligations of the District, for which the District's full faith and credit are pledged for repayment. Accordingly, these notes are accounted for in the General Long-Term Obligations Account Group. Payments of principal and interest relating to these notes are recorded as expenditures in the Debt Service fund; however, unlike general obligation bonds, Ohio statute allows for the issuance of these notes and loans without voter approval, and the subsequent repayment of the notes from operating revenues.

A. The following is a description of the Otsego Local School District bonds and notes outstanding as of June 30, 2000:

Purpose	Interest Rate	Issue Date	Maturity Date	Balance at 07/01/99	Retired in Fiscal 2000	Balance 06/30/00
Asbestos Removal Loan	None	08/21/86	12/30/01	\$12,420	\$5,000	\$7,420
Asbestos Removal Loan	None	04/08/86	12/30/00	5,254	5,000	254
School Energy Conservation Note	5.85%	07/01/94	07/01/04	165,000	30,000	135,000
School Facilities Improvement Bonds	5.00%	02/01/94	12/01/16	375,000	10,000	365,000
				\$557,674	\$50,000	\$507,674

# NOTES TO THE GENERAL-PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2000 (Continued)

B. The following is a summary of the District's future annual debt service requirements to maturity for general obligation bonds, energy conservation notes and asbestos removal loans:

Fiscal Year			
Ending June 30,	Principal	Interest	Total
2001	\$50,254 \$25,773		\$76,027
2002	52,420	23,268	75,688
2003	50,000	20,470	70,470
2004	50,000	17,672	67,672
2005	15,000	14,875	29,875
2006-2010	95,000	61,125	156,125
2011-2015	130,000	33,000	163,000
2016-2017	65,000 3,375		68,375
Total	\$507,674	\$199,558	\$707,232

C. During the year ended June 30, 2000, the following changes occurred in liabilities reported in the General Long-Term Obligations Account Group. Compensated absences and the pension obligation will be paid from the fund from which the employee is paid.

	Balance at 06/30/99	Increase	Decrease	Balance at 06/30/00
General Obligation Bonds	\$375,000		\$10,000	\$365,000
General Obligation Notes	17,674		10,000	7,674
<b>Energy Conservation Notes</b>	165,000		30,000	135,000
Capital Leases	163,392		25,975	137,417
Pension Obligation	78,177	12,958		91,135
Compensated Absences	614,071	104,397		718,468
Total Long-Term Obligations	\$1,413,314	\$117,355	\$75,975	\$1,454,694

#### D. Legal Debt Margin

The Ohio Revised Code provides that voted net general obligation debt of a school district shall never exceed 9% of the total assessed valuation of the District. The code further provides that unvoted indebtedness shall not exceed 1/10 of 1% of the property valuation of the district. The effects of these debt limitations for the District at June 30, 2000 are a voted debt margin of \$13,133,566 (including available funds of \$24,046) and an unvoted debt margin of \$149,717.

#### **NOTE 10 - RISK MANAGEMENT**

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The District maintains comprehensive commercial insurance coverage for real property, building contents, and vehicles. Vehicle policies include liability coverage for bodily injury and property damage.

## NOTES TO THE GENERAL-PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2000 (Continued)

Real property and contents have a liability limit of \$21,503,000 with 100% coinsurance.

The District's fleet insurance policy has a liability limit of \$2,000,000 each occurrence and \$2,000,000 for uninsured motorists.

The District has liability insurance coverage limits of \$1,000,000 per claim and \$5,000,000 annual aggregate.

Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded the commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

### **NOTE 11 - SEGMENT INFORMATION - ENTERPRISE FUNDS**

The District maintains three Enterprise funds to account for the operations of Food Services, Uniform School Supplies, and Rotary. The table below reflects, in a summarized format, the more significant financial data relating to the Enterprise Funds of the District as of and for the year ended June 30, 2000.

		Uniform		
	Food	School		
	Service	Supplies	Rotary	Totals
Operating revenues	\$316,827	\$15,711	\$38,767	\$371,305
Depreciation	3,213			3,213
Operating (loss)	(164,565)	(3,919)	717	(167,767)
Donated commodities	32,560			32,560
Grants	81,948			81,948
Interest	19			19
Operating transfers in	53,143			53,143
Net income (loss)	3,105	(3,919)	717	(97)
Net working capital	(64,120)	1,441	19,349	(43,330)
Total assets	20,200	2,095	19,349	41,644
Total liabilities	66,663	654		67,317
Total equity	(46,463)	1,441	19,349	(25,673)

### **NOTE 12 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS**

### A. School Employees Retirement System

The District contributes to the School Employees Retirement System of Ohio (SERS), a cost-sharing multiple employer public employee retirement system administered by the School Employees Retirement Board. SERS provides basic retirement benefits, disability, survivor, and health care benefits based on eligible service credit to members and beneficiaries. Benefits are established by Chapter 3309 of the Ohio Revised Code. SERS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for SERS. The report may be obtained by writing to the School Employees Retirement System, 45 North Fourth Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215-3634.

## NOTES TO THE GENERAL-PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2000 (Continued)

Plan members are required to contribute 9 percent of their annual covered salary and the District is required to contribute 14 percent for 2000; 9.79 percent was the portion to fund pension obligations. The contribution rates are not determined actuarially, but are established by the School Employees Retirement Board within the rates allowed by State statute. The adequacy of the contribution rates is determined annually. The District's required contributions for pension obligations to SERS for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2000, 1999, and 1998 were \$207,163, \$197,036, and \$196,375, respectively; 54 percent has been contributed for fiscal year 2000 and 100 percent for the fiscal years 1999 and 1998. \$94,463, which represents the unpaid contribution for fiscal year 2000, is recorded as a liability within the respective funds and the General Long-Term Obligations Account Group.

### B. State Teachers Retirement System

The District contributes to the State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio (STRS), a cost sharing multiple employer public employee retirement system administered by the State Teachers Retirement Board. STRS provides basic retirement benefits, disability, survivor, and health care benefits based on eligible service credit to members and beneficiaries. Benefits are established by Chapter 3307 of the Ohio Revised Code. STRS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for STRS. The report may be obtained by writing to the State Teachers Retirement System, 275 East Broad Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215-3771.

Plan members are required to contribute 9.3 percent of their annual covered salary and the District is required to contribute 14 percent; 6 percent was the portion used to fund pension obligations. Contribution rates are established by the State Teachers Retirement Board, upon recommendation of its consulting actuary, not to exceed statutory maximum rates of 10 percent for members and 14 percent for employers. The District's required contributions for pension obligations to STRS for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2000, 1998, and 1997 were \$681,347, \$661,471, and \$720,637, respectively; 83 percent has been contributed for fiscal year 2000 and 100 percent for the fiscal years 1999 and 1998. \$114,160, which represents the unpaid contribution for fiscal year 2000, is recorded as a liability within the respective funds.

### C. Social Security System

Effective July 1, 1991, all employees not otherwise covered by the School Employees Retirement System or the State Teachers Retirement System have an option to choose Social Security or the School Employees Retirement System/State Teachers Retirement System. As of June 30, 2000, members of the Board of Education have elected Social Security. The Board's liability is 6.2 percent of wages paid.

### **NOTE 13 - POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS**

The State Teachers Retirement System (STRS) provides comprehensive health care benefits to retirees and their dependents. Coverage includes hospitalization, physician fees, prescription drugs and reimbursement of monthly Medicare premiums. All benefit recipients and sponsored dependents are eligible for health care coverage. Pursuant to the Revised Code, the State Teachers Retirement Board has discretionary authority over how much, if any, of the health care costs will be absorbed by STRS. Most benefit recipients pay a portion of health care costs in the form of a monthly premium.

## NOTES TO THE GENERAL-PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2000 (Continued)

The Revised Code grants authority to STRS to provide health care coverage to benefit recipients, spouses and dependents. By Ohio law, the cost of the coverage paid from STRS funds shall be included in the employer contribution rate, currently at 14 percent of covered payroll.

The Retirement Board allocates employer contributions equal to 2 percent of covered payroll to the Health Care Reserve Fund from which health care benefits are paid. However, for the fiscal year ended June 30, 1999, the board allocated employer contributions equal to 8 percent of covered payroll to Health Care Reserve Fund. The balance in the Health Care Reserve Fund was \$2.783 billion on June 30, 1999. The Health Care Reserve Fund allocation for the year ended June 30, 2000 will be 8 percent of covered payroll.

For the year ended June 30, 1999, net health care costs paid by STRS were \$249,929,000. There were 95,796 eligible benefit recipients.

The Ohio Revised Code gives SERS the discretionary authority to provide postretirement health care to retirees and their dependents. Coverage is made available to service retirees with ten or more years of qualifying service credit, disability and survivor benefit recipients. Members retiring on or after August 1, 1989 with less than twenty-five years of service credit must pay a portion of their premium for health care. The portion is based on years of service up to a maximum of 75 percent of the premium.

After the allocation for the basic benefits, the remainder of the employer's 14 percent contribution is allocated to providing health care benefits. At June 30, 1999, the allocation rate is 6.30 percent. In addition, SERS levies a surcharge to fund health care benefits equal to 14 percent of the difference between a minimum pay and the member's pay, pro-rated for partial service credit. For fiscal 1999, the minimum pay has been established as \$12,400. The surcharge, added to the unallocated portion of the 14 percent employer contribution rate, provides for maintenance of the asset target level for the health care fund.

Health care benefits are financed on a pay-as-you-go basis. The target level for the health care reserve is 150 percent of annual health care expenses. Expenses for health care at June 30, 1999 were \$126,380,984 and the target level was \$189.6 million. At June 30, 1999, the Retirement System's net assets available for payment of health care benefits were \$188.0 million. The number of participants currently receiving health care benefits is approximately 51,000.

The portion of your employer contributions that were used to fund postemployment benefits can be determined by multiplying actual employer contributions times .450, then adding the surcharge due as of June 30, 2000, as certified to your district by SERS.

### **NOTE 14 - JOINTLY GOVERNED ORGANIZATIONS**

### A. Northwest Ohio Computer Association

The District is a participant in the Northwest Ohio Computer Association (NWOCA). NWOCA is an association of public school districts within the boundaries of Defiance, Fulton, Henry, Lucas, Williams and Wood counties. The organization was formed for the purpose of applying modern technology with the aid of computers and other electronic equipment to administrative and instructional functions among member school districts. NWOCA is governed by the Northern Buckeye Education Council and its participating members. Total fees paid by the District to NWOCA during this fiscal year were \$37,066. Financial information can be obtained from Cindy Siler, who serves as Treasurer, at 22-900 State Route 34, Archbold, Ohio 43502.

## NOTES TO THE GENERAL-PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2000 (Continued)

### B. Penta County Joint Vocational School District

The Penta County Joint Vocational School District is a distinct political subdivision of the State of Ohio operated under the direction of a Board consisting of one representative from each of the sixteen participating school districts' elected boards, which possesses its own budgeting and taxing authority. To obtain financial information write to the Penta County Joint Vocational School District, Carrie J. Herringshaw, who serves as Treasurer, at 30095 Oregon Road, Perrysburg, Ohio 43551.

### **NOTE 15 - RELATED ORGANIZATION**

### **Weston Public Library**

The Weston Public Library is a distinct political subdivision of the State of Ohio created under Chapter 3375 of the Ohio Revised Code. The Library is governed by a Board of Trustees appointed by the Otsego Local School District Board of Education. The Board of Trustees possesses its own contracting and budgeting authority, hires, and fires personnel, and does not depend on the District for operational subsidies. Although the District does serve as the taxing authority and may issue tax related debt on behalf of the Library, its role is limited to a ministerial function. The determination to request approval of a tax, the rate and the purpose are discretionary decisions made solely by the Board of Trustees

### **NOTE 16 - GROUP PURCHASING POOLS**

### **Wood County Schools Benefit Association**

The District has joined together with other school districts in the County to form Wood County Schools Benefit Association, a public entity risk pool currently operating as a common risk management and insurance program for 11 member school districts. The District pays an annual premium to Wood County Schools Benefit Association, for its general insurance coverage. It is intended that the Wood County Schools Benefit Association will be self-sustaining through member premiums and will reinsure through commercial companies for claims in excess of \$150,000 for each insured event.

### **OSBA Worker's Compensation Group Rating**

The District is a member of the OSBA Workers' Compensation Group Rating Program established in April 1991. The program was created by the Ohio Schools Boards Association as a result of the Workers' Compensation group rating plan as defined in 4123.29, Ohio Revised Code. The group rating plan will allow school districts to group together to potentially achieve a lower premium rate than they may otherwise be able to acquire as individual employers.

### **NOTE 17 - CONTINGENT LIABILITIES**

### A. Grants

The District receives significant financial assistance from numerous federal, state and local agencies in the form of grants. The disbursement of funds received under these programs generally requires compliance with terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements and is subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims resulting from such audits could become a liability of the

## NOTES TO THE GENERAL-PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2000 (Continued)

General Fund or other applicable funds. However in the opinion of management, any such disallowed claims will not have a material effect on any of the financial statements of the individual fund types included herein or on the overall financial position of the District at June 30, 2000.

### B. Litigation

The District is party to legal proceedings. The District management is of the opinion that ultimate disposition of these claims and legal proceedings will not have a material effect, if any, on the financial condition of the District.

### NOTE 18 - SET-ASIDE CALCULATIONS AND FUND RESERVES

The School District is required by State statute to annually set aside in the general fund an amount based on a statutory formula for the purchase of textbooks and other instructional materials and an equal amount for the acquisition and construction of capital improvements. Amounts not spent by year-end or offset by similarly restricted resources received during the year must be held in cash at year-end and carried forward to be used for the same purposes in future years. The School District is also required to set aside money for budget stabilization.

The following cash basis information describes the change in the year-end set-aside amounts for textbooks, capital acquisition, and budget stabilization. Disclosure of this information is required by State statute.

	Textbooks	Capital Acquisition	Budget Stabilization	Totals
Set-aside Cash Balance as of June 30, 1999			\$123,211	
Current Year Set-aside Requirement	\$205,540	\$205,540	68,513	
Current Year Offsets		(154,878)		
Qualifying Disbursements	(276,191)	(52,696)		
	(\$70,651)	(\$2,034)	\$191,724	
Cash Balance Carried Forward to FY 2001	(\$70,651)		\$191,724	
Amount restricted for Budget Stabilization				\$191,724
Total Restricted Assets				\$191,724

Although the School District had offsets and qualifying disbursements during the year that reduced the setaside amounts to below zero, these extra amounts may be used to reduce the set-aside requirements of future years. Negative amounts are therefore not presented as being carried forward to the next fiscal year.

## NOTES TO THE GENERAL-PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2000 (Continued)

### **NOTE 19 - STATE SCHOOL FUNDING DECISION**

On March 24, 1997, the Ohio Supreme Court rendered a decision declaring certain portions of the Ohio school funding plan unconstitutional. The Court stayed the effect of its ruling for one year to allow the State's legislature to design a plan to remedy the perceived defects in the system. Declared unconstitutional was the State's "school foundation program," which provides significant amounts of monetary support to the School District. During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2000, the School District received \$4,790,785 of school foundation support for its general fund.

Since the Supreme Court ruling, numerous pieces of legislation have been passed by the State General Assembly in an attempt to address the issues identified by the Court. The Court of Common Pleas in Perry County reviewed the new laws and, in a decision issued on February 26, 1999, determined they are not sufficiently responsive to the constitutional issues raised under the "thorough and efficient" clause of the Ohio Constitution. The State appealed the decision made by the Court of Common Pleas to the Ohio Supreme Court. On May 11, 2000, the Ohio Supreme Court rendered an opinion on this issue. The Court concluded, "the mandate of the Ohio Constitution has not been fulfilled." The Court's majority recognized efforts by the Ohio General Assembly taken in response to the Court's March 24. 1997, decision, however, it found seven ".major areas warrant further attention, study, and development by the General Assembly," including the State's reliance on local property tax funding, the state's basic aid formula, the school foundation program, as discussed above, the mechanism for, and adequacy of, funding for school facilities, and the existence of the State's School Solvency Assistance Fund, which the Court found took the place of the unconstitutional emergency school loan assistance program.

The Court decided to maintain jurisdiction over these issues and continued the case at least until June 15, 2001.

As of the date of these financial statements, the School District is unable to determine what effect, if any, this ongoing litigation will have on its future State funding under this program and on its financial operations.

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## SCHEDULE OF FEDERAL AWARDS EXPENDITURES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2000

FEDERAL GRANTOR	Federal	Pass-through
Pass Through Grantor	CFDA	Entity
Program Title	Number	Number
UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE		
Passed through the State Department of Education		
N. e. W. Co. e.		
Nutrition Cluster:	40.550	
Food Distribution Program	10.550	
School Breakfast Program	10.553	
National School Lunch Program	10.555	
Total Nutrition Cluster		
Total Department of Agriculture		
LINITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION		
UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION		
Passed through the State Department of Education		
Title I	84.010	050724 C1-S1 2000
Goals 2000	84.276	050724 G2-S2 1999
Title II	84.281	050724 MS-S1 2000
Title VI	84.298	050724 C2-S1 2000
Title VI - R	84.340	050724 CR-S1 2000
	0 1.0 10	333721 011 01 2000

TOTAL FEDERAL AWARDS EXPENDITURES

Total Department of Education

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this schedule.

Program				
or Award	Cash	Non-cash	Cash	Non-cash
Amount	Receipts	Receipts	Disbursements	Disbursements
		\$18,727		\$32,560
	\$2,701	Φ10,727	\$2,701	φ32,300
	75,142		75,142	
_	75,142		70,142	
	77,843	18,727	77,843	32,560
_	77,010	10,727		
	77,843	18,727	77,843	32,560
_		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	<del></del>	
\$223,056	210,380		202,113	
10,000			6,229	
7,934	2,380		1,587	
8,284	9,370		9,370	
38,671 _	38,671		32,146	
_	260,801		251,445	
	<b>#</b> 200 0 1 1	<b>440 707</b>	<b>#</b> 000 CCC	400 500
=	\$338,644	\$18,727	\$329,288	\$32,560

## NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF FEDERAL AWARDS EXPENDITURES FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2000

### **NOTE A - SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES**

The accompanying Schedule of Federal Awards Expenditures (the Schedule) summarizes activity of the District's federal award programs. The schedule has been prepared on the cash basis of accounting.

#### **NOTE B - FOOD DISTRIBUTION**

Nonmonetary assistance, such as food received from the U.S. Department of Agriculture, is reported in the Schedule at the fair market value of the commodities received and consumed. Cash receipts from the U.S. Department of Agriculture are commingled with State grants. It is assumed federal monies are expended first. At June 30, 2000, the District had no significant food commodities in inventory.

### NOTE C- ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY GRANT

District received no interest loans in 1986 and 1988 from the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency under the Asbestos Removal Grant Program (CFDA 66.702). As of June 30, 2000, the District owed \$7,674 on these loans. There are no continuing compliance requirements associated with these loans.



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## REPORT OF INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS ON COMPLIANCE AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL REQUIRED BY GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Otsego Local School District Wood County Tontogany Creek Road P.O. Box 290 Tontogany, Ohio 43565-0290

To the Board of Education:

We have audited the financial statements of Otsego Local School District, Wood County, (the District) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2000, and have issued our report thereon dated January 22, 2001. We conducted our audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

### Compliance

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the District's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grants, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*. However, we noted certain immaterial instances of noncompliance that do not require inclusion in this report that we have reported to the management of the District in a separate letter dated January 22, 2001.

### **Internal Control Over Financial Reporting**

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements and not to provide assurance on the internal control over financial reporting. Our consideration of the internal control over financial reporting would not necessarily disclose all matters in the internal control over financial reporting that might be material weaknesses. A material weakness is a condition in which the design or operation of one or more of the internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that misstatements in amounts that would be material in relation to the financial statements being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions. We noted no matters involving the internal control over financial reporting and its operation that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, we noted other matters involving the internal control over financial reporting that do not require inclusion in this report, that we have reported to the management of the District in a separate letter dated January 22, 2001.

Otsego Local School District Wood County Report of Independent Accountants on Compliance and on Internal Control Required by *Government Auditing Standards* Page 2

This report is intended for the information and use of the audit committee, management, Board of Education, federal awarding agencies, and pass-through entities, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Jim Petro

Auditor of State

January 22, 2001



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# REPORT OF INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS ON COMPLIANCE WITH REQUIREMENTS APPLICABLE TO THE MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE IN ACCORDANCE WITH OMB CIRCULAR A-133

Otsego Local School District Wood County Tontogany Creek Road P.O. Box 290 Tontogany, Ohio 43565-0290

To the Board of Education:

### Compliance

We have audited the compliance of Otsego Local School District, Wood County, (the [District]) with the types of compliance requirements described in the *U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Circular A-133, Compliance Supplement* that are applicable to each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2000. The District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings. Compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts and grants applicable to each of its major federal programs is the responsibility of the District's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the District's compliance based on our audit.

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. Those standards and OMB Circular A-133 require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance occurred with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our audit does not provide a legal determination on the District's compliance with those requirements.

In our opinion, the District complied, in all material respects, with the requirements referred to above that are applicable to each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2000. We noted an instance of noncompliance that does not require inclusion in this report that we have reported to the management of the District in a separate letter dated January 22, 2001.

### **Internal Control Over Compliance**

The management of the District is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with requirements of laws, regulations, contracts and grants applicable to federal programs. In planning and performing our audit, we considered the District 's internal control over compliance with requirements that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on compliance and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with OMB Circular A-133.

Otsego Local School District
Wood County
Report of Independent Accountants on Compliance with Requirements
Applicable to the Major Federal Program and Internal Control Over
Compliance in Accordance with OMB Circular A-133
Page 2

Our consideration of the internal control over compliance would not necessarily disclose all matters in the internal control that might be material weaknesses. A material weakness is a condition in which the design or operation of one or more of the internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that noncompliance with applicable requirements of laws, regulations, contracts and grants that would be material in relation to a major federal program being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions. We noted no matters involving the internal control over compliance and its operation that we consider to be material weaknesses.

This report is intended for the information and use of the audit committee, management, the Board of Education, federal awarding agencies, and pass-through entities, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Jim Petro Auditor of State

January 22, 2001

# SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS OMB CIRCULAR A -133 § .505 JUNE 30, 2000

### 1. SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

(d)(1)(i)	Type of Financial Statement Opinion	Unqualified
(d)(1)(ii)	Were there any material control weakness conditions reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
(d)(1)(ii)	Were there any other reportable control weakness conditions reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
(d)(1)(iii)	Was there any reported material noncompliance at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
(d)(1)(iv)	Were there any material internal control weakness conditions reported for major federal programs?	No
(d)(1)(iv)	Were there any other reportable internal control weakness conditions reported for major federal programs?	No
(d)(1)(v)	Type of Major Programs' Compliance Opinion	Unqualified
(d)(1)(vi)	Are there any reportable findings under § .510?	No
(d)(1)(vii)	Major Programs (list):	CFDA 84.010, Title I
(d)(1)(viii)	Dollar Threshold: Type A\B Programs	Type A: > \$ 300,000 Type B: all others
(d)(1)(ix)	Low Risk Auditee?	Yes

## 2. FINDINGS RELATED TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS

None.

### 3. FINDINGS FOR FEDERAL AWARDS

None.

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# SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS OMB CIRCULAR A -133 § .315 (b) JUNE 30, 2000

Finding Number	Finding Summary	Fully Corrected?	Not Corrected, Partially Corrected; Significantly Different Corrective Action Taken; or Finding No Longer Valid; <b>Explain</b> :
1999-10187-001	Reduced lunch applications were not included in the calculations in the ranking of school attendance areas within the District for determining low income student eligibility for Title I.	Corrected	



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# OTSEGO LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT WOOD COUNTY

### **CLERK'S CERTIFICATION**

This is a true and correct copy of the report which is required to be filed in the Office of the Auditor of State pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in Columbus, Ohio.

**CLERK OF THE BUREAU** 

Susan Babbitt

CERTIFIED FEBRUARY 20, 2001