AUDITOR AMII///

VILLAGE OF CHICKASAW MERCER COUNTY

REGULAR AUDIT

FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2000-1999



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One First National Plaza 130 West Second Street Suite 2040 Dayton, Ohio 45402

Telephone 937-285-6677 800-443-9274

Facsimile 937-285-6688 www.auditor.state.oh.us

REPORT OF INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS

Village of Chickasaw Mercer County P.O. Box 14 Chickasaw, Ohio 45826

To the Village Council:

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the Village of Chickasaw, Mercer County, (the Village) as of and for the years ended December 31, 2000 and December 31, 1999. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Village's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

As discussed in Note 1, the Village prepares its financial statements on the basis of accounting prescribed or permitted by the Auditor of State, which is a comprehensive basis of accounting other than generally accepted accounting principles.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the combined fund cash balances and reserves for encumbrances of the Village as of December 31, 2000 and December 31, 1999, and its combined cash receipts and disbursements for the years then ended on the basis of accounting described in Note 1.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated March 29, 2001 on our consideration of the Village's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grants. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* and should be read in conjunction with this report in considering the results of our audit.

Village of Chickasaw Mercer County Report of Independent Accountants Page 2

This report is intended solely for the information and use of management and Village Council and other officials authorized to receive this report under § 117.26, Ohio Revised Code, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Jim Petro Auditor of State

March 29, 2001

COMBINED STATEMENT OF CASH RECEIPTS, CASH DISBURSEMENTS, AND CHANGES IN FUND CASH BALANCES ALL GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2000

Governmental Fund Types

	General	Special Revenue	Totals (Memorandum Only)
Cash Receipts:			
Property Tax and Other Local Taxes	\$25,856	\$964	\$26,820
Intergovernmental Receipts	40,906	11,004	51,910
Fines, Licenses, and Permits	375		375
Earnings on Investments	1,217		1,217
Miscellaneous	438		438_
Total Cash Receipts	68,792	11,968	80,760
Cash Disbursements:			
Current:			
Security of Persons and Property	5,456		5,456
Public Health Services Leisure Time Activities	1,470		1,470 1,700
Community Environment	1,700 2,889		2,889
Basic Utility Services	3,126		3,126
Transportation	12,798	14,354	27,152
General Government	18,936	,	18,936
Capital Outlay	70,000		70,000
Total Disbursements	116,375_	14,354	130,729
Total Receipts Over/(Under) Disbursements	(47,583)	(2,386)	(49,969)
Fund Cash Balances January 1	62,534	12,447	74,981
Fund Cash Balances, December 31	\$14,951	\$10,061	\$25,012
Reserves for Encumbrances, December 31	\$7,300	\$0	\$0

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

COMBINED STATEMENT OF CASH RECEIPTS, CASH DISBURSEMENTS, AND CHANGES IN FUND CASH BALANCES ALL GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 1999

Governmental Fund Types

	General	Special Revenue	Totals (Memorandum Only)
Cash Receipts:			
Property Tax and Other Local Taxes	\$23,894	\$892	\$24,786
Intergovernmental Receipts	59,993	11,501	71,494
Fines, Licenses, and Permits	200		200
Earnings on Investments	499		499
Miscellaneous	544	71	615
Total Cash Receipts	85,130	12,464	97,594
Cash Disbursements:			
Current:			
Security of Persons and Property	12,256		12,256
Public Health Services	1,667		1,667
Leisure Time Activities	1,872		1,872
Community Environment	1,254		1,254
Basic Utility Services Transportation	31,387 8,424	12,497	31,387 20,921
General Government	0,424 14,136	12,497	14,136
General Government	14,130		14,130
Total Disbursements	70,996	12,497	83,493
Total Receipts Over/(Under) Disbursements	14,134	(33)	14,101
Fund Cash Balances January 1	48,400	12,480	60,880
Fund Cash Balances, December 31	\$62,534	\$12,447	\$74,981

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2000 AND 1999

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

A. Description of the Entity

The Village of Chickasaw, Mercer County, (the Village) is a body corporate and politic established to exercise the rights and privileges conveyed to it by the constitution and laws of the State of Ohio. The Village is directed by a publicly-elected six-member Council. The Village provides general governmental services, including park operations (leisure time activities), ambulance services, and street lighting.

The Village's management believes these financial statements present all activities for which the Village is financially accountable.

B. Basis of Accounting

These financial statements follow the basis of accounting prescribed or permitted by the Auditor of State, which is similar to the cash receipts and disbursements basis of accounting. Receipts are recognized when received in cash rather than when earned, and disbursements are recognized when paid rather than when a liability is incurred. Budgetary presentations report budgetary expenditures when a commitment is made (i.e., when an encumbrance is approved).

These statements include adequate disclosure of material matters, as prescribed or permitted by the Auditor of State.

C. Cash and Investments

Certificates of deposit and cash deposits are valued at cost.

D. Fund Accounting

The Village uses fund accounting to segregate cash and investments that are restricted as to use. The Village classifies its funds into the following types:

1. General Fund

The General Fund is the general operating fund. It is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

2. Special Revenue Fund

These funds are used to account for proceeds from specific sources (other than from trusts or for capital projects) that are restricted to expenditure for specific purposes. The Village had the following significant Special Revenue Fund:

Street Construction, Maintenance and Repair Fund - This fund receives gasoline tax and motor vehicle tax money for constructing, maintaining and repairing Village streets.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2000 AND 1999 (Continued)

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

E. Budgetary Process

The Ohio Revised Code requires that each fund be budgeted annually.

1. Appropriations

Budgetary expenditures (that is, disbursements and encumbrances) may not exceed appropriations at the fund, function or object level of control, and appropriations may not exceed estimated resources. The Council must annually approve appropriation measures and subsequent amendments. The County Budget Commission must also approve the annual appropriation measure. Unencumbered appropriations lapse at year end.

2. Estimated Resources

Estimated resources include estimates of cash to be received (budgeted receipts) plus unencumbered cash as of January 1. The County Budget Commission must also approve estimated resources.

3. Encumbrances

The Ohio Revised Code requires the Village to reserve (encumber) appropriations when commitments are made. Encumbrances outstanding at year end are carried over, and need not be reappropriated. The Village did not encumber all commitments required by Ohio law.

A summary of 2000 and 1999 budgetary activity appears in Note 3.

F. Property, Plant and Equipment

Acquisitions of property, plant and equipment are recorded as disbursements when paid. These items are not reflected as assets on the accompanying financial statements.

2. EQUITY IN POOLED CASH AND INVESTMENTS

The Village maintains a cash and investments pool used by all funds. The Ohio Revised Code prescribes allowable deposits and investments. The carrying amount of cash and investments at December 31 was as follows:

	<u>2000</u>	<u>1999</u>
Demand deposits Certificates of deposit	\$ 25,012 0	\$ 24,981 50,000
Total deposits	\$ 25,012	\$ 74,981

Deposits: Deposits are either insured by the Federal Depository Insurance Corporation, or collateralized by the financial institution's public entity deposit pool.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2000 AND 1999 (Continued)

3. BUDGETARY ACTIVITY

Budgetary activity for the years ending December 31, 2000 and December 31, 1999 follows:

2000 Budgeted vs. Actual Receipts						
Budgeted Actual						
Fund Type	F	Receipts	F	Receipts	V	ariance
General Special Revenue	\$	64,429 12,295	\$	68,792 11,968	\$	4,363 (327)

Total

2000 Budgeted vs. Actual Budgetary Basis Expenditures

76,724

80,760

4,036

Fund Type		Appropriation Authority		Budgetary Expenditures		Variance	
General Special Revenue		\$	121,365 21,000	\$ 123,675 14,354	\$	(2,310) 6,646	
	Total	\$	142,365	\$ 138,029	\$	4,336	

1999 Budgeted vs. Actual Receipts

Fund Type		Budgeted Actual Receipts Receipts			Variance		
General Special Revenue		\$	81,869 11,875	\$	85,130 12,464	\$	3,261 589
	Total	\$	93,744	\$	97,594	\$	3,850

1999 Budgeted vs. Actual Budgetary Basis Expenditures

Fund Type		•	propriation Authority	udgetary penditures	_\	/ariance
General Special Revenue		\$	104,320 20,000	\$ 70,996 12,497	\$	33,324 7,503
	Total	\$	124,320	\$ 83,493	\$	40,827

The Village did not comply with Ohio Revised Code Section 5705.41 (D).

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2000 AND 1999 (Continued)

4. PROPERTY TAX

Real property taxes become a lien on January 1 preceding the October 1 date for which rates are adopted by Village Council. The State Board of Tax Equalization adjusts these rates for inflation. Property taxes are also reduced for applicable homestead and rollback deductions. Homestead and rollback amounts are then paid by the State, and are reflected in the accompanying financial statements as Intergovernmental Receipts. Payments are due to the County by December 31. If the property owner elects to make semiannual payment, the first half is due December 31. The second half payment is due the following June 20.

Public utilities are also taxed on personal and real property located within the Village.

Tangible personal property tax is assessed by the property owners, who must file a list of such property to the County by each April 30.

The County is responsible for assessing property, and for billing, collecting, and distributing all property taxes on behalf of the Village.

5. RETIREMENT SYSTEMS

The Village's part-time employees and public officials belong to the Public Employees Retirement System (PERS) of Ohio. PERS is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer plan. This plan provides retirement benefits, including postretirement healthcare, and survivor and disability benefits to participants as prescribed by the Ohio Revised Code.

Contribution rates are also prescribed by the Ohio Revised Code. For 2000 and 1999, members of PERS contributed 8.5% of their gross salaries through June 30, 2000. The Village contributed an amount equal to 13.55% of participants' gross salaries. For the period July 1, 2000 to December 31, 2000 the employer rate was temporarily rolled back to 8.13% of participant's gross salaries. The Village has paid all contributions required through December 31, 2000.

6. RISK MANAGEMENT

The Village has obtained commercial insurance for the following risks:

- Comprehensive property and general liability
- Vehicles
- Errors and omissions
- Inland Marine



One First National Plaza 130 West Second Street Suite 2040 Dayton, Ohio 45402

Telephone 937-285-6677

800-443-9274 937-285-6688

Facsimile 937-285-6688 www.auditor.state.oh.us

REPORT OF INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS ON COMPLIANCE AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL REQUIRED BY GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Village of Chickasaw Mercer County P.O. Box 14 Chickasaw. Ohio 45826

To the Village Council:

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the Village of Chickasaw, Mercer County, Ohio (the Village), as of and for the years ended December 31, 2000 and December 31, 1999, and have issued our report thereon dated March 29, 2001. We conducted our audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Compliance

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Village's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grants, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed an instance of noncompliance that is required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*, which is described in the accompanying schedule of findings as item 2000-30254-001. We also noted certain immaterial instances of noncompliance that we have reported to management of the Village in a separate letter dated March 29, 2001.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered Village's internal control over financial reporting in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements and not to provide assurance on the internal control over financial reporting. Our consideration of the internal control over financial reporting would not necessarily disclose all matters in the internal control over financial reporting that might be material weaknesses. A material weakness is a condition in which the design or operation of one or more of the internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that misstatements in amounts that would be material in relation to the financial statements being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions. We noted no matters involving the internal control over financial reporting and its operation that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, we noted other matters involving the internal control over financial reporting that do not require inclusion in this report, that we have reported to management of the Village in a separate letter dated March 29, 2001.

Village of Chickasaw Mercer County Report of Independent Accountants on Compliance and on Internal Control Required by *Government Auditing Standards* Page 2

This report is intended for the information and use of management and the Village Council, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Jim Petro Auditor of State

March 29, 2001

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS DECEMBER 31, 2000 AND 1999

FINDINGS RELATED TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS

Finding Number 2000-30254-001	
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Ohio Rev. Code Section 5705.41(D) states that no subdivision shall make any expenditure of money unless the certificate of the fiscal officer is attached. The fiscal officer must certify that the amount required to meet such a commitment has been lawfully appropriated and is in the treasury or in the process of collection to of an appropriated fund free from any previous encumbrance. Further, contracts and order for expenditures lacking prior certification should be considered null and void. If no certificate is issued at the time the contract or order is entered into, the fiscal officer may later certify that there were funds properly appropriated and in the treasury or in the process of collection and such funds are free from previous encumbrance both at the time the contract or order was entered into and at the time of payment. After certifying this, the fiscal officer may proceed to pay for such order or contract. If the amount involved is over \$1,000, the taxing authority must approve of such payment within 30 days of the date of the fiscal officer's certification.

In eighty three percent (83%) of the invoices tested, the date of the invoice preceded the date of the purchase order or blanket certificate date. There was evidence that the Village Council approved the expenditure by formal resolution within thirty days, however, the certification of funds did not indicate that the funds were free from previous encumbrance both at the time of contract and of the time of payment ("Then and Now" certificate).

The Village should require that all employees and officials obtain the required certification prior to incurring the obligations. If prior certification is not obtained and the Village does approve the expenditure by formal resolution, the certification of funds should indicate that funds were available at the time the contract or order was made and at the time of payment.

SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS DECEMBER 31, 2000 AND 1999

Finding <u>Number</u>	Finding <u>Summary</u>	Fully Corrected?	Not Corrected, Partially Corrected; Significantly Different Corrective Action Taken; or Finding No Longer Valid; <i>Explain</i> :
1998-30254-001	ORC 5705.39, appropriations exceeded estimated revenue	Yes	



88 East Broad Street P.O. Box 1140 Columbus, Ohio 43216-1140

Telephone 614-466-4514

800-282-0370

Facsimile 614-466-4490

VILLAGE OF CHICKASAW MERCER COUNTY

CLERK'S CERTIFICATION

This is a true and correct copy of the report which is required to be filed in the Office of the Auditor of State pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in Columbus, Ohio.

CLERK OF THE BUREAU

Susan Babbitt

CERTIFIED APRIL 17, 2001