SINGLE AUDIT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2000



Jim Petro Auditor of State

STATE OF OHIO

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STATE OF OHIO OFFICE OF THE AUDITOR

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REPORT OF INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS

Wheelersburg Local School District Scioto County Post Office Box 340 Wheelersburg, Ohio 45694

To the Board of Education:

We have audited the accompanying general purpose financial statements of the Wheelersburg Local School District, Scioto County, Ohio (the School District), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2000, as listed in the table of contents. These general purpose financial statements are the responsibility of the School District's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these general purpose financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the general purpose financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Wheelersburg Local School District, Scioto County, as of June 30, 2000, and the results of its operations and the cash flows of its enterprise fund and nonexpendable trust fund for the year then ended in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued a report dated November 30, 2000, on our consideration of the School District's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grants. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* and should be read in conjunction with this report in considering the results of our audit.

Wheelersburg Local School District Scioto County Report of Independent Accountants Page 2

Our audit was performed for the purpose of forming an opinion on the general purpose financial statements of the School District taken as a whole. The accompanying Schedule of Federal Award Receipts and Expenditures is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by U. S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations,* and is not a required part of the general purpose financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the general purpose financial statements taken as a whole.

Jim Petro Auditor of State

November 30, 2000

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COMBINED BALANCE SHEET ALL FUND TYPES AND ACCOUNT GROUPS JUNE 30, 2000

	Governmental Fund Types			
	General	Special Revenue	Capital Projects	
Assets and Other Debits:				
Assets:				
Equity in Pooled Cash and				
Cash Equivalents	\$406,489	\$358,960	\$11,647	
Receivables:				
Taxes	2,039,974	0	43,932	
Intergovernmental	9,259	4,658	0	
Accrued Interest	3,785	0	0	
Interfund Receivable	32,801	0	3,000	
Prepaid Items	16,637	0	0	
Inventory Held for Resale	0	0	0	
Materials and Supplies Inventory	36,276	0	0	
Restricted Assets:				
Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents	137,432	0	0	
Fixed Assets (Net, where applicable,				
of Accumulated Depreciation)	0	0	0	
Other Debits:				
Amount to be Provided from				
General Government Resources	0	0	0	
Total Assets and Other Debits	\$2,682,653	\$363,618	\$58,579	

Proprietary Fund Type	Fiduciary <u>Fund Types</u> Trust and	Account General Fixed	Groups General Long-Term	Totals (Memorandum
Enterprise	Agency	Assets	Obligations	Only)
\$3,409	\$331,238	\$0	\$0	\$1,111,743
0	0	0	0	2,083,906
0	0	0	0	13,917
0	5,822	0	0	9,607
0	0	0	0	35,801
0	0	0	0	16,637
3,441	0	0	0	3,441
873	0	0	0	37,149
0	0	0	0	137,432
11,355	0	8,330,800	0	8,342,155
0	0	0	522,700	522,700
\$19,078	\$337,060	\$8,330,800	\$522,700	\$12,314,488
				(continued)

COMBINED BALANCE SHEET ALL FUND TYPES AND ACCOUNT GROUPS JUNE 30, 2000 (Continued)

	Governmental Fund Types			
	General	Special Revenue	Capital Projects	
Liabilities, Fund Equity and Other Credits				
Liabilities:				
Accounts Payable	\$34,100	\$16,361	\$3,300	
Accrued Wages and Benefits	714,607	106,211	0	
Compensated Absences Payable	6,394	0	0	
Interfund Payable	0	3,000	32,801	
Intergovernmental Payable	126,130	16,673	0	
Deferred Revenue	1,946,205	0	41,603	
Undistributed Monies	0	0	0	
Tax Refund Payable	0	0	0	
Total Liabilities	2,827,436	142,245	77,704	
Fund Equity and Other Credits:				
Investment in General Fixed Assets	0	0	0	
Contributed Capital	0	0	0	
Retained Earnings:				
Unreserved (Deficit)	0	0	0	
Fund Balance:				
Reserved for Encumbrances	90,429	24,960	500	
Reserved for Inventory	36,276	0	0	
Reserved for Property Taxes	93,769	0	2,329	
Reserved for Textbooks	21,716	0	0	
Reserved for Capital Improvements	9,012	0	0	
Reserved for Budget Stabilization	106,704	0	0	
Designated for Set-asides	4,132	0	0	
Designated for Severance Payments	35,574	0	0	
Unreserved:				
Undesignated (Deficit)	(542,395)	196,413		
Total Fund Equity (Deficit) and Other Credits	(144,783)	221,373		
Total Liabilities, Fund Equity and Other Credits	\$2,682,653 =======	\$363,618	\$58,579	

\$19,078	\$337,060	\$8,330,800	\$522,700	\$12,314,488
(32,910)	309,131	8,330,800	0	8,664,486
0	309,131	0	0	(58,805)
0	0	0	0	35,574
0	0	0	0	4,132
0	0	0	0	106,704
0	0	0	0	9,012
0	0	0	0	21,716
0	0	0	0	96,098
0	0	0	0	36,276
0	0	0	0	115,889
(38,047)	0	0	0	(38,047)
5,137	0	0	0	5,137
0	0	8,330,800	0	8,330,800
51,988	27,929	0	522,700	3,650,002
0	0	0	88,801	88,801
0	27,929	0	0	27,929
2,007	0	0	0	1,989,815
11,867	0	0	54,908	209,578
0	0	0	0	35,801
8,273	0	0	378,991	393,658
29,212	0	0	0	850,030
\$629	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$54,390
Enterprise	Agency	Assets	Obligations	Only)
-	and	Fixed	Long-Term	(Memorandum
	Trust	General	General	Totals
Fund Type	Fund Types	Account	A	Tc 4-1-
Proprietary	Fiduciary	A	Cround	

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COMBINED STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES ALL GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES AND EXPENDABLE TRUST FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2000

	Governmental Fund Types			Fiduciary Fund Type	Totals	
	0076	Special	Capital	Expendable	(Memorandum	
	General	Revenue	Projects	Trust	(Memorandum Only)	
Revenues:	General	Revenue	Tibjects	11050	Olly)	
Property Taxes	\$2,001,382	\$0	\$45,780	\$0	\$2,047,162	
Intergovernmental	5,011,518	1,272,764	18,181	30 0	6,302,463	
Interest	71,449	1,272,704	2,998	0	74,447	
Tuition and Fees		0	2,998	0		
	58,157 800	0	0	0	58,157 800	
Rent						
Extracurricular Activities	0	212,335	0	0	212,335	
Gifts and Donations	500	44,998	0	7,500	52,998	
Miscellaneous	25,798	560	0	0	26,358	
Total Revenues	7,169,604	1,530,657	66,959	7,500	8,774,720	
Expenditures:						
Current:						
Instruction:						
Regular	3,719,251	607,659	11,731	0	4,338,641	
Special	385,034	439,286	0	0	824,320	
Vocational	1,817	0	0	0	1,817	
Other	217,640	0	0	0	217,640	
Support Services:						
Pupils	296,201	86,467	0	7,000	389,668	
Instructional Staff	335,958	92,775	0	0	428,733	
Board of Education	79,992	0	0	0	79,992	
Administration	589,393	453	859	0	590,705	
Fiscal	207,474	0	1,318	0	208,792	
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	633,577	1,571	0	0	635,148	
Pupil Transportation	400,718	2,367	0	0	403,085	
Central	86,009	12,189	37,774	0	135,972	
Non-Instructional Services	00,009	2,245	0	0	2,245	
Extracurricular Activities	153,064	194,018	0	0	347,082	
	32,744	194,018	558	0		
Refund of Property Taxes					33,302	
Capital Outlay	2,283	27,468	185,329	0	215,080	
Intergovernmental	0	32,518	0	0	32,518	
Total Expenditures	7,141,155	1,499,016	237,569	7,000	8,884,740	
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	28,449	31,641	(170,610)	500	(110,020)	
Other Financing Sources (Uses):						
Operating Transfers - In	0	969	0	0	969	
Operating Transfers - Out	(36,969)	0	0	0	(36,969)	
Operating Transfers - Out	(30,909)				(30,909)	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(36,969)	969	0	0	(36,000)	
Excess of Revenues and Other						
Financing Sources Over (Under)						
Expenditures and Other Financing Uses	(8,520)	32,610	(170,610)	500	(146,020)	
Fund Balances (Deficit) at						
Beginning of Year - Restated (Note 21)	(129,745)	188,763	151,485	10,000	220,503	
Decrease in Reserve for Inventory	(6,518)	0	0	0	(6,518)	
Fund Balances (Deficit) at End of Year	(\$144,783)	\$221,373	(\$19,125)	\$10,500	\$67,965	
	=======					

COMBINED STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (BUDGET BASIS) ALL GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES AND EXPENDABLE TRUST FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2000

	General Fund		Special Revenue Funds			
-	Revised Budget	Actual	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)	Revised Budget	Actual	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)
Revenues:						
Property Taxes	\$2,065,269	\$2,059,335	(\$5,934)	\$0	\$0	\$0
Intergovernmental	4,988,867	5,002,259	13,392	1,246,446	1,255,428	8,982
Interest	71,000	69,064	(1,936)	0	0	0,502
Tuition and Fees	62,500	58,157	(4,343)	0	0	0
Rent	1,000	800	(200)	0	0	0
Extracurricular Activities	0	0	0	214,469	212,335	(2.134)
Gifts and Donations	500	500	0	46,402	44,998	(1,404)
Miscellaneous	20,000	22,636	2,636	0	0	0
Total Revenues	7,209,136	7,212,751	3,615	1,507,317	1,512,761	5,444
Expenditures:						
Current:						
Instruction:						
Regular	3,682,903	3,682,903	0	630,127	630,127	0
Special	389,979	389,979	0	432,681	432,681	0
Vocational	10,125	10,125	0	0	0	0
Other	219,155	219,155	0	0	0	0
Support Services:						
Pupils	308,295	308,295	0	90,790	90,790	0
Instructional Staff	348,202	348,202	0	92,825	92,825	0
Board of Education	82,447	82,447	0	0	0	0
Administration	595,397	595,397	0	453	453	0
Fiscal	207,644	207,644	0	0	0	0
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	644,834	644,834	0	1,571	1,571	0
Pupil Transportation	459,597	459,597	0	2,367	2,367	0
Central	87,796	87,796	0	12,189	12,189	0
Extracurricular Activities	152,975	152,975	0	197,946	197,946	0
Capital Outlay	3,251	3,251	0	27,468	27,468	0
Total Expenditures	7,192,600	7,192,600	0	1,488,417	1,488,417	0
Excess of Revenues Over						
(Under) Expenditures	16,536	20,151	3,615	18,900	24,344	5,444
Other Financing Sources (Uses):						
Refund of Prior Year Expenditures	3,380	3,162	(218)	0	0	0
Refund of Prior Year Receipts	(32,744)	(32,744)	0	0	0	0
Advances - In	5,000	5,000	0	0	0	0
Advances - Out	(32,801)	(32,801)	0	(5,000)	(5,000)	0
Operating Transfers - In	29,012	0	(29,012)	648	969	321
Operating Transfers - Out	(36,969)	(36,969)	0	0	0	0
Other Financing Sources	0	0	0	560	560	0
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(65,122)	(94,352)	(29,230)	(3,792)	(3,471)	321
Excess of Revenues and Other Financing Sources Over (Under)						
Expenditures and Other Financing Uses	(48,586)	(74,201)	(25,615)	15,108	20,873	5,765
Fund Balances at Beginning of Year	342,116	342,116	0	215,628	215,628	0
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated	117,477	117,477	0	81,614	81,614	0
Fund Balances at End of Year	\$411,007	\$385,392	(\$25,615)	\$312,350	\$318,115	\$5,765

Variance			Variance			Variance	v	
Favorable		Revised	Favorable		Revised	Favorable		Revised
(Unfavorable)	Actual	Budget	(Unfavorable)	Actual	Budget	(Unfavorable)	Actual	Budget
(\$6,19	\$2,106,074	\$2,112,269	\$0	\$0	\$0	(\$261)	\$46,739	\$47,000
(8,99	6,275,868	6,284,865	0	0	0	(31,371)	18,181	49,552
(2,23	72,062	74,300	0	0	0	(302)	2,998	3,300
(4,34	58,157	62,500	0	0	0	0	0	0
(20	800	1,000	0	0	0	0	0	0
(2,13	212,335	214,469	0	0	0	0	0	0
(1,40	52,998	54,402	0	7,500	7,500	0	0	0
2,63	22,636	20,000	0	0	0	0	0	0
(22,87	8,800,930	8,823,805	0	7,500	7,500	(31,934)	67,918	99,852
	4 224 761	4 224 761	0	0	0	0	11 721	11 721
	4,324,761	4,324,761	0 0	0 0	0	0	11,731 0	11,731 0
	822,660 10,125	822,660 10,125	0	0	0	0	0	0
	219,155	219,155	0	0	0	0	0	0
	405,752	405,752	0	6,667	6,667	0	0	0
	441,027	441,027	0	0	0	0	0	0
	82,447	82,447	0	0	0	0	0	0
	596,709	596,709	0	0	0	0	859	859
	208,962	208,962	0	0	0	0	1,318	1,318
	646,405	646,405	0	0	0	0	0	0
	461,964	461,964	0	0	0	0	0	0
	139,001	139,001	0	0	0	0	39,016	39,016
	350,921	350,921	0	0	0	0	0	0
	223,388	223,388	0	0	0	0	192,669	192,669
	8,933,277	8,933,277	0	6,667	6,667	0	245,593	245,593
(22,87	(132,347)	(109,472)	0	833	833	(31,934)	(177,675)	(145,741)
(21	3,162	3,380	0	0	0	0	0	0
(21	(33,634)	(33,634)	0	(333)	(333)	0	(557)	(557)
34,80	39,801	5,000	0	0	0	34,801	34,801	0
54,00	(38,801)	(38,801)	0	0	0	0	(1,000)	(1,000)
(28,69	969	29,660	0	0	0	0	0	0
(_0,0)	(36,969)	(36,969)	0	0	0	0	0	0
	560	560	0	0	0	0	0	0
5,89	(64,912)	(70,804)	0	(333)	(333)	34,801	33,244	(1,557)
(16,98	(197,259)	(180,276)	0	500	500	2,867	(144,431)	(147,298)
	636,486	636,486	0	10,000	10,000	0	68,742	68,742
	282,627	282,627	0	0	0	0	83,536	83,536

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STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND EQUITY / FUND BALANCE ENTERPRISE FUND AND NONEXPENDABLE TRUST FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2000

	Enterprise	Nonexpendable Trust	Totals (Memorandum Only)
Operating Revenues:	Enterprise	11450	0mj)
Sales	\$195,824	\$0	\$195,824
Interest	0	15,613	15,613
Gifts and Donations	0	10,291	10,291
Total Operating Revenues	195,824	25,904	221,728
Operating Expenses:			
Salaries	109,223	0	109,223
Fringe Benefits	81,736	0	81,736
Purchased Services	14,373	0	14,373
Materials and Supplies	14,314	0	14,314
Cost of Sales	130,251	0	130,251
Depreciation	1,264	0	1,264
Other	0	6,000	6,000
Total Operating Expenses	351,161	6,000	357,161
Operating Income (Loss)	(155,337)	19,904	(135,433)
Non-Operating Revenues:			
Federal Donated Commodities	15,208	0	15,208
Interest	3,399	0	3,399
Federal and State Subsidies	96,533	0	96,533
Other Revenue	0	333	333
Total Non-Operating Revenues	115,140	333	115,473
Income (Loss) Before Operating Transfers	(40,197)	20,237	(19,960)
Operating Transfers - In	36,000	0	36,000
Net Income (Loss)	(4,197)	20,237	16,040
Retained Earnings (Deficit) / Fund Balance at Beginning of Year	(33,850)	278,394	244,544
Retained Earnings (Deficit) / Fund Balance at End of Year	(38,047)	298,631	260,584
Contributed Capital at Beginning and End of Year	5,137	0	5,137
Total Fund Equity (Deficit) at End of Year	(\$32,910)	\$298,631	\$265,721

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND EQUITY - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (BUDGET BASIS) ENTERPRISE FUND AND NONEXPENDABLE TRUST FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2000

		Enterprise	
	Revised Budget	Actual	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)
Revenues:			
Sales	\$183,000	\$195,824	\$12,824
Interest	6,000	3,399	(2,601)
Federal and State Subsidies	98,000	96,533	(1,467)
Gifts and Donations	0	0	0
Refund of Prior Year Expenditures	0	0	0
Total Revenues	287,000	295,756	8,756
Expenses:			
Salaries	107,013	107,013	0
Fringe Benefits	80,038	80,038	0
Purchased Services	14,841	14,841	0 0
Materials and Supplies	128,867	128,867	ů 0
Other	0	0	0
Total Expenses	330,759	330,759	0
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenses	(43,759)	(35,003)	8,756
Operating Transfers - In	45,001	36,000	(9,001)
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenses and Transfers	1,242	997	(245)
Fund Equity (Deficit) at Beginning of Year	(1)	(1)	0
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated	1,664	1,664	0
Fund Equity at End of Year	\$2,905	\$2,660	(\$245)
			=

N	Ionexpendable	Trust	Total	Memorandum Only)		
Revised Budget	Actual	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)	Revised Budget	Actual	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)	
\$0 16,300	\$0 10,322	\$0 (5,978)	\$183,000 22,300	\$195,824 13,721	\$12,824 (8,579)	
0	0	0	98,000	96,533	(1,467)	
0 0	10,291 333	10,291 333	0 0	10,291 333	10,291 333	
16,300	20,946	4,646	303,300	316,702	13,402	
			107.012	107.012		
$\begin{array}{c} 0\\ 0\end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 0\\ 0\end{array}$	0 0	107,013 80,038	107,013 80,038	$\begin{array}{c} 0\\ 0\end{array}$	
0	0	0	14,841	14,841	0	
Ő	Ő	ů 0	128,867	128,867	ů 0	
6,000	6,000	0	6,000	6,000	0	
6,000	6,000	0	336,759	336,759	0	
10,300	14,946	4,646	(33,459)	(20,057)	13,402	
0	0	0	45,001	36,000	(9,001)	
10,300	14,946	4,646	11,542	15,943	4,401	
277,863	277,863	0	277,862	277,862	0	
0	0	0	1,664	1,664	0	
\$288,163	\$292,809	\$4,646	\$291,068	\$295,469	\$4,401	

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS ENTERPRISE FUND AND NONEXPENDABLE TRUST FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2000

		Nonexpendable	Totals (Memorandum
Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents:	Enterprise	Trust	Only)
Cash Flows from Operating Activities: Cash Received from Sales	\$195,824	\$0	\$195,824
Cash Received from Other Operating Sources	\$195,624 0	10,291	10,291
Cash Payments to Suppliers for Goods and Services	(142,959)	0	(142,959)
Cash Payments to Employees for Services	(107,013)	0	(107,013)
Cash Payments for Employee Benefits	(80,038)	0	(80,038)
Cash Payments for Other Operating Expenses	0	(6,000)	(6,000)
Net Cash Provided by (Used for) Operating Activities	(134,186)	4,291	(129,895)
Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities:			
Federal and State Subsidies	96,533	0	96,533
Operating Transfers - In	36,000	0	36,000
Cash Received for Other Non-operating Revenues	0	333	333
Net Cash Provided by Noncapital Financing Activities	132,533	333	132,866
Cash Flows from Investing Activities: Interest	3,399	10,322	13,721
Net Increase in Cash and Cash Equivalents	1,746	14,946	16,692
Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Year	1,663	277,863	279,526
Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Year	\$3,409	\$292,809	\$296,218
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided by (Used for) Operating Activities: Operating Income (Loss)	(\$155,337)	\$19,904	(\$135,433)
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income			
(Loss) to Net Cash Provided by (Used for) Operating Activities	:		
Depreciation	1,264	0	1,264
Donated Commodities Used During Year	15,208	0	15,208
Nonexpendable Trust Interest	0	(10,322)	(10,322)
Changes in Assets and Liabilities:			
Increase in Accrued Interest Receivable	0	(5,291)	(5,291)
Decrease in Inventory Held for Resale	648	0	648
Increase in Materials and Supplies Inventory	(73)	0	(73)
Increase in Accounts Payable	196	0	196
Increase in Accrued Wages and Benefits Payable	4,712	0	4,712
Increase in Compensated Absences Payable	1,013	0	1,013
Decrease in Intergovernmental Payable	(1,817)	0	(1,817)
Total Adjustments	21,151	(15,613)	5,538
Net Cash Provided by (Used for) Operating Activities	(\$134,186)	\$4,291	(\$129,895)
Deconsiliation of Cash and Cash Equivalents of			
Reconciliation of Cash and Cash Equivalents of Nonexpendable Trust Funds to Balance Sheet			
Cash and Cash Equivalents - All Fiduciary Funds		\$331,238	
Cash and Cash Equivalents - An Fluctury Funds		(27,929)	
Cash and Cash Equivalents - Agency Fund Cash and Cash Equivalents - Expendable Trust Fund		(10,500)	
Cash and Cash Equivalents - Nonexpendable Trust Funds		\$292,809	

NOTES TO THE GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2000

NOTE 1 - DESCRIPTION OF THE SCHOOL DISTRICT AND REPORTING ENTITY

Wheelersburg Local School District (the "School District") is organized under Article VI, Sections 2 and 3 of the Constitution of the State of Ohio. The School District operates under a locally-elected Board form of government consisting of five members elected at-large for staggered four year terms. The School District provides educational services as authorized by State statute and/or federal guidelines.

The School District was established in 1859 through the consolidation of existing land areas and school districts. The School District serves an area of approximately 17 square miles. It is located in Scioto County, and includes all of Porter Township. It is staffed by 53 non-certificated employees, 108 certificated full-time teaching personnel and 7 administrative employees who provide services to 1,518 students and other community members. The School District currently operates two instructional buildings, one administrative building, and one garage.

Reporting Entity:

A reporting entity is comprised of the primary government, component units, and other organizations that are included to insure that the financial statements are not misleading. The primary government of the School District consists of all funds, departments, boards, and agencies that are not legally separate from the School District. For Wheelersburg Local School District, this includes general operations, food service, and student related activities of the School District.

Component units are legally separate organizations for which the School District is financially accountable. The School District is financially accountable for an organization if the School District appoints a voting majority of the organization's governing board and (1) the School District is able to significantly influence the programs or services performed or provided by the organization; or (2) the School District is legally entitled to or can otherwise access the organization's resources; the School District is legally obligated or has otherwise assumed the responsibility to finance the deficits of, or provide financial support to, the organization; or the School District is obligated for the debt of the organization. Component units may also include organizations that are fiscally dependent on the School District in that the School District approves the budget, the issuance of debt, or the levying of taxes. The School District has no component units.

The following entities which perform activities within the School District's boundaries for the benefit of its residents are excluded from the accompanying financial statements because the School District is not financially accountable for these entities nor are they fiscally dependent on the School District.

- < Parent Teacher Organizations
- < South Central Ohio Educational Service Center
- < Booster Organizations

NOTES TO THE GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2000

NOTE 1 - DESCRIPTION OF THE SCHOOL DISTRICT AND REPORTING ENTITY (continued)

The School District is associated with four organizations, two of which are defined as jointly governed organizations, one as an insurance purchasing pool, and one as a public entity shared risk pool. These organizations are the South Central Ohio Computer Association, the Scioto County Joint Vocational School, the Ohio School Boards Association Workers' Compensation Group Rating Plan, and the Scioto County Schools Council. These organizations are presented in Notes 15, 16 and 17 to the general purpose financial statements.

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of the Wheelersburg Local School District have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The School District also applies Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) statements and interpretations issued on or before November 30, 1989, to its proprietary activities provided they do not conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements. The more significant of the School District's accounting policies are described below.

A. Basis of Presentation - Fund Accounting

The School District uses funds and account groups to report on its financial position and the results of its operations. Fund accounting is designed to demonstrate legal compliance and to aid financial management by segregating transactions related to certain School District functions or activities.

A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts recording cash and other financial resources, together with all related liabilities and residual equities or balances, and changes therein, which are segregated for the purpose of carrying on specific activities or attaining certain objectives in accordance with special restrictions or limitations. An account group is a financial reporting device designed to provide accountability for certain assets and liabilities not recorded in the funds because they do not directly affect net available expendable resources.

For financial statement presentation purposes, the various funds of the School District are grouped into the following generic fund types under the broad fund categories governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary.

Governmental Fund Types:

Governmental funds are those through which most governmental functions of the School District are financed. The acquisition, use, and balances of the School District's expendable financial resources and the related current liabilities (except those accounted for in proprietary funds and trust funds) are accounted for through governmental funds.

NOTES TO THE GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2000

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

The following are the School District's governmental fund types:

General Fund - The General Fund is the operating fund of the School District and is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The General Fund balance is available to the School District for any purpose provided it is expended or transferred according to the general laws of Ohio.

Special Revenue Funds - Special Revenue funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than expendable trusts or major capital projects) that are legally restricted to expenditure for specified purposes.

Capital Projects Funds - The Capital Projects funds are used to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities (other than those financed by proprietary funds or trust funds).

Proprietary Fund Type:

Proprietary funds are used to account for the School District's ongoing activities which are similar to those found in the private sector. The following is the School District's proprietary fund type:

Enterprise Fund - The Enterprise fund is used to account for School District activities that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises where the intent is that the costs (expenses, including depreciation) of providing goods or services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges or where it has been decided that periodic determination of revenues earned, expenses incurred, and/or net income is appropriate for capital maintenance, public policy, management control, accountability, or other purposes.

Fiduciary Fund Types:

Fiduciary funds are used to account for assets held by the School District in a trustee capacity or as an agent for individuals, private organizations, other governmental units, and/or other funds. The School District's fiduciary funds include expendable trust, nonexpendable trust, and agency funds. Expendable trust funds are accounted for in essentially the same manner as governmental funds. Nonexpendable trust funds are accounted for in essentially the same manner as proprietary funds. Agency funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations.

NOTES TO THE GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2000

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Account Groups:

To make a clear distinction between fixed assets related to specific funds and those of general government, and between long-term liabilities related to specific funds and those of a general nature, the following account groups are used:

General Fixed Assets Account Group - This account group is established to account for all fixed assets of the School District, other than those accounted for in the proprietary or trust funds.

General Long-Term Obligations Account Group - This account group is established to account for all long-term obligations of the School District except those accounted for in the proprietary or trust funds.

B. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

The accounting and financial reporting treatment applied to a fund is determined by its measurement focus. All governmental fund types and expendable trust funds are accounted for using a flow of current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities are generally included on the balance sheet. Operating statements of these funds present increases (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and decreases (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) in net current assets.

All proprietary funds and nonexpendable trust funds are accounted for on a flow of economic resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, all assets and all liabilities associated with the operation of these funds are included on the balance sheet. Fund equity (i.e., net total assets) is segregated into contributed capital and retained earnings components. Proprietary and nonexpendable trust fund operating statements present increases (i.e., revenues) and decreases (i.e., expenses) in net total assets.

Basis of accounting refers to when revenues and expenditures or expenses are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. Basis of accounting relates to the timing of the measurements made.

The modified accrual basis of accounting is followed for the governmental, expendable trust, and agency funds. Under this basis, revenues are recognized in the accounting period when they become both measurable and available. "Measurable" means the amount of the transaction can be determined and "available" means collectible within the current fiscal year or soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current fiscal year. The available period for the School District is sixty days after fiscal year end.

NOTES TO THE GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2000

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

In applying the susceptible to accrual concept under the modified accrual basis, the following revenue sources are deemed both measurable and available: property taxes available as an advance, interest, and grants.

The School District reports deferred revenues on its combined balance sheet. Deferred revenues arise when a potential revenue does not meet both the measurable and available criteria for recognition in the current period. In the subsequent period, when both revenue recognition criteria are met, the liability for deferred revenue is removed from the combined balance sheet and revenue is recognized. Property taxes measurable as of June 30, 2000, and delinquent property taxes, whose availability is indeterminable and which are intended to finance fiscal year 2001 operations, have been recorded as deferred revenue.

The measurement focus of governmental fund accounting is on decreases in net financial resources (expenditures) rather than expenses. Expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred, if measurable. Allocations of cost, such as depreciation and amortization, are not recognized in the governmental funds.

The accrual basis of accounting is utilized for reporting purposes by the proprietary fund type and the nonexpendable trust fund. Revenues are recognized in the accounting period in which they are earned, and expenses are recognized at the time they are incurred. The fair value of donated commodities used during the year is reported on the operating statement as an expense with a like amount reported as donated commodities revenue. Unused donated commodities are reported as deferred revenue.

C. Budgetary Process

The budgetary process is prescribed by provisions of the Ohio Revised Code and entails the preparation of budgetary documents within an established timetable. The major documents prepared are the tax budget, the certificate of estimated resources, and the appropriation resolution, all of which are prepared on the budgetary basis of accounting. The certificate of estimated resources and the appropriations resolution are subject to amendment throughout the year with the legal restriction that appropriations cannot exceed estimated resources, as certified.

All funds, other than agency funds, are legally required to be budgeted and appropriated. The primary level of budgetary control is at the function level within each fund. Any budgetary modifications at this level may only be made by resolution of the Board of Education. Because the activity of agency funds is not budgeted, advances-in and advances-out do not equal on a budgetary basis due to an advance of \$1,000 from an agency fund to the General Fund.

NOTES TO THE GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2000

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Tax Budget:

Prior to January 15, the Superintendent and Treasurer submit to the Board of Education a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing the following July 1. The budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing for all funds. Public hearings are publicized and conducted to obtain taxpayers' comments. The express purpose of this budget document is to reflect the need for existing (or increased) tax rates.

By no later than January 20, the Board-adopted budget is filed with the Scioto County Budget Commission for rate determination.

Estimated Resources:

Prior to April 1, the Board of Education accepts, by formal resolution, the tax rates as determined by the County Budget Commission and receives the commission's certificate of estimated resources which states the projected revenue of each fund. Prior to June 30, the School District must revise its budget so that total contemplated expenditures from any fund during the ensuing year will not exceed the amount stated in the certificate of estimated resources. The revised budget then serves as the basis for the appropriation measure. On or about July 1, the certificate is amended to include any unencumbered cash balances from the preceding year. The certificate may be further amended during the year if projected increases or decreases in revenue are identified by the School District Treasurer. The amounts reported in the budgetary statements reflect the amounts in the final amended certificate issued during fiscal year 2000.

Appropriations:

Upon receipt from the County Auditor of an amended certificate of estimated resources based on final assessed values and tax rates or a certificate saying no new certificate is necessary, the annual appropriation resolution is legally enacted by the Board of Education at the fund and function level of expenditures, which are the legal levels of budgetary control. Prior to the passage of the annual appropriation measure, the Board may pass a temporary appropriation measure to meet the ordinary expenses of the School District. The appropriation resolution, by fund, must be within the estimated resources as certified by the County Budget Commission and the total of expenditures and encumbrances may not exceed the appropriation totals at any level of control. Any revisions that alter the total of any fund appropriation, or alter total function appropriations within a fund must be approved by the Board of Education.

The Board may pass supplemental fund appropriations so long as the total appropriations by fund do not exceed the amounts set forth in the most recent certificate of estimated resources. During the year, four supplemental appropriations were legally enacted, however none of these amendments were significant.

NOTES TO THE GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2000

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

The budget figures which appear in the statements of budgetary comparisons represent the final appropriation amounts, including all supplemental appropriations. Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year for all funds other than agency funds, consistent with statutory provisions. Prior to year-end, the School District passed a supplemental appropriation that reflected actual expenditures for the fiscal year.

Encumbrances:

As part of formal budgetary control, purchase orders, contracts, and other commitments for the expenditure of monies are recorded as the equivalent of expenditures on the non-GAAP budgetary basis in order to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation and to determine and maintain legal compliance. On the GAAP basis, encumbrances outstanding at fiscal year end are reported as a reservation of fund balance for subsequent-year expenditures for governmental funds and reported in the notes to the financial statements for proprietary funds.

Lapsing of Appropriations:

At the close of each fiscal year, the unencumbered balance of each appropriation reverts to the respective fund from which it was appropriated and becomes subject to future appropriation. Encumbered appropriations are carried forward to the succeeding fiscal year and are not reappropriated.

D. Cash and Cash Equivalents

To improve cash management, all cash received by the School District is pooled. Monies for all funds, including proprietary funds, are maintained in this pool. Individual fund integrity is maintained through School District's records. Each fund's interest in the pool is presented as "Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents" on the combined balance sheet.

During fiscal year 2000, the School District's investments were limited to funds invested in the State Treasury Assets Reserve of Ohio (STAR Ohio) and certificates of deposit. STAR Ohio is an investment pool managed by the State Treasurer's Office which allows governments within the State to pool their funds for investment purposes. STAR Ohio is not registered with the SEC as an investment company, but does operate in a manner consistent with Rule 2a7 of the Investment Company Act of 1940. Investments in STAR Ohio are valued at STAR Ohio's share price which is the price the investment could be sold for on June 30, 2000. Nonparticipating investment contracts such as nonnegotiable certificates of deposit are reported at cost.

NOTES TO THE GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2000

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Following Ohio statutes, the Board of Education has, by resolution, specified the funds to receive an allocation of interest earnings. Interest revenue credited to the general fund during fiscal year 2000 amounted to \$71,449, which includes \$22,259 from other School District funds. The Capital Projects, Enterprise, and Nonexpendable Trust funds also received interest revenue of \$2,998, \$3,399, and \$15,613, respectively.

For purposes of the statement of cash flows and for presentation on the combined balance sheet, investments of the cash management pool and investments with an original maturity of three months or less at the time they are purchased by the School District are considered to be cash equivalents.

E. Inventory

Inventories of governmental funds are stated at cost while inventories of proprietary funds are stated at the lower of cost or market. For all funds, cost is determined on a first-in, first-out basis. Inventory in governmental funds consists of expendable supplies held for consumption. The cost of inventory items is recorded as an expenditure in the governmental fund types when purchased. Reported material and supplies inventory is equally offset by a fund balance reserve in the governmental funds which indicates that it does not constitute available expendable resources even though it is a component of net current assets. Inventories of proprietary funds consist of donated food, purchased food held for resale and non-food supplies, all of which are expensed when used.

F. Prepaid Items

Payments made to vendors for services that will benefit periods beyond June 30, 2000, are recorded as prepaid items using the consumption method. A current asset for the prepaid amount is recorded at the time of the purchase and an expenditure/expense is reported in the year in which services are consumed.

G. Fixed Assets and Depreciation

General fixed assets are not capitalized in the funds used to acquire or construct them. Instead, capital acquisition and construction costs are reflected as expenditures in governmental funds, and the related assets are reported in the general fixed assets account group. Fixed assets utilized in the proprietary fund are capitalized in the fund. All fixed assets are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost) and updated for additions and retirements during the year. Donated fixed assets are recorded at their fair market values as of the date received. The School District maintains a capitalization threshold of five hundred dollars. The School District does not have any infrastructure.

NOTES TO THE GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2000

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an asset's life are not capitalized. Improvements are capitalized. Improvements to fund fixed assets are depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related fixed assets, as applicable.

Assets in the general fixed assets account group are not depreciated. Depreciation of furniture and equipment in the enterprise fund is computed using the straight-line method over an estimated useful life of five to twenty years.

H. Contributed Capital

Contributed capital represents resources from other funds, other governments, and private sources provided to proprietary funds that is not subject to repayment. These assets are recorded at their fair market value on the date donated. Depreciation on those assets acquired or constructed with contributed resources is expensed and closed to unreserved retained earnings at year end.

I. Intergovernmental Revenues

For governmental funds, intergovernmental revenues, such as entitlements and grants awarded on a non-reimbursement basis, are recorded as receivables and revenues when measurable and available. Reimbursement type grants are recorded as receivables and revenues when the related expenditures are incurred. Other than commodities, grants and entitlements for proprietary fund operations are recognized as non-operating revenues in the accounting period in which they are earned and become measurable.

The School District currently participates in several State and Federal programs, categorized as follows:

Entitlements

General Fund State Foundation Program State Property Tax Relief School Bus Purchase Reimbursement

Non-Reimbursable Grants

Special Revenue Fund Phonics Demonstration Gifted Research and Demonstration Grant Education Management Information Systems Disadvantaged Pupil Impact Aid SchoolNet Professional Development Ohio Reads Grant

NOTES TO THE GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2000

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Family and Children First Safe, Drug-Free Schools Title I Title VI Title VI-B Title VI-R (Class Size Reduction) Professional Development Block Grant Jobs for Ohio Graduating Seniors Grant School to Work Grant **Eisenhower Grant** Virtual Middle School Grant Raising the Bar Grant Library Services and Technology Grant Capital Projects Funds School Net School Net Plus **Technology Equity Emergency School Building Repair**

Reimbursable Grants General Fund Driver Education Special Revenue Funds Summer Intervention Telecommunications Proprietary Funds National School Lunch Program Government Donated Commodities

Grants and entitlements received in governmental funds amounted to approximately 72 percent of governmental fund revenue during the 2000 fiscal year.

J. Interfund Assets/Liabilities

Short-term interfund loans are classified as "interfund receivables" and "interfund payables".

K. Compensated Absences

Vacation benefits are accrued as a liability as the benefits are earned if the employees' rights to receive compensation are attributable to services already rendered and it is probable that the School District will compensate the employees for the benefits through paid time off or some other means.

NOTES TO THE GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2000

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Sick leave benefits are accrued as a liability using the termination payment method. An accrual for earned sick leave is made to the extent it is probable that benefits will result in termination payments. The liability is an estimate based on the School District's past experience of making termination payments.

For governmental funds, the current portion of unpaid compensated absences is the amount expected to be paid using expendable available resources. These amounts are recorded in the account "compensated absences payable" in the fund from which the employees who have accumulated unpaid leave are paid. The remainder is reported in the general long-term obligations account group. In the proprietary fund, the entire amount of compensated absences is reported as a fund liability.

L. Accrued Liabilities and Long-Term Obligations

In general, governmental fund payables and accrued liabilities are reported as obligations of the funds regardless of whether they will be liquidated with current resources. However, compensated absences and contractually required pension contributions that will be paid from governmental funds are reported as a liability in the general long-term obligations account group to the extent that they will not be paid with current available expendable financial resources. Payments made more than sixty days after year-end are considered not to have used current available financial resources. Tax refunds are reported as a liability of the general long-term obligations account group until due.

Long-term debt and other obligations financed by proprietary funds are reported as liabilities in the appropriate proprietary funds.

M. Interfund Transactions

Quasi-external transactions are accounted for as revenues and expenditures or expenses. Transactions that constitute reimbursements to a fund for expenditures/expenses initially made from it that are properly applicable to another fund are recorded as expenditures/expenses in the reimbursing fund and as reductions of expenditures/expenses in the fund that is reimbursed.

Nonrecurring or nonroutine permanent transfers of equity are reported as residual equity transfers. All other interfund transfers are reported as operating transfers.

N. Restricted Assets

Restricted assets in the General Fund represent cash and cash equivalents whose use is limited by legal requirements. Restricted assets include unexpended revenues restricted for the purchase of buses, and amounts required by statute to be set aside by the School District for the purchase of textbooks, for the acquisition or construction of capital assets and to create a reserve for budget stabilization.

NOTES TO THE GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2000

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

O. Fund Balance Reserves / Designations

The School District reserves those portions of fund equity which are legally segregated for a specific future use or which do not represent available expendable resources and therefore are not available for appropriation or expenditure. Unreserved fund balance indicates that portion of fund equity which is available for appropriation in future periods. Fund equity reserves have been established for encumbrances, inventories of supplies and materials, property taxes, textbook purchases, capital improvements, and budget stabilization.

The reserve for property taxes represents taxes recognized as revenue under generally accepted accounting principles but not available for appropriations under State statute. The reserve for budget stabilization represents money required to be set aside by statute to protect against cyclical changes in revenues and expenditures. A designation of fund balance has been made for future severance payments and excess amounts set aside for textbooks, capital acquisitions, and budget stabilization.

P. Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

Q. Total Columns on General Purpose Financial Statements

Total columns on the general purpose financial statements are captioned "Totals - (Memorandum Only)" to indicate that they are presented only to facilitate financial analysis. Data in these columns do not present financial position, results of operations, or cash flows in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles. Neither is such data comparable to a consolidation. Interfund eliminations have not been made in the aggregation of this data.

NOTE 3 - ACCOUNTABILITY AND COMPLIANCE

A. Accountability

At June 30, 2000, the General Fund had a deficit fund balance of \$144,783, which was created by the application of generally accepted accounting principles. The School District is currently monitoring its financial condition and is taking steps to reduce spending in part by the replacement of retired, tenured staff with younger, less-experienced employees. On a cash basis, the School District has sufficient money for its current operations.

NOTES TO THE GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2000

NOTE 3 - ACCOUNTABILITY AND COMPLIANCE (continued)

The Disadvantaged Pupil Impact Aid, Title VI-B, Title I, and Title VI-R Special Revenue Funds, the Emergency Building Repair Capital Projects Fund, and the Food Service Enterprise Fund have deficit fund balances/retained earnings of \$41,875, \$5,785, \$7,612, \$5,193, \$32,801, and \$38,047, respectively, which were created by the application of generally accepted accounting principles. The General Fund provides transfers to cover deficit balances; however, this is done when cash is needed rather than when accruals occur.

B. Compliance

The following fund had appropriations in excess of estimated resources plus available balances for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2000.

Fund Type/Fund	Estimated Resources	Appropriations	Excess
Capital Projects Fund:			
Emergency Building Repairs	\$31,791	\$33,130	(\$1,339)

NOTE 4 - BUDGETARY BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

While the School District is reporting financial position, results of operations, and changes in fund balances/retained earnings on the basis of generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP), the budgetary basis as provided by law is based upon accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements, and encumbrances. The Combined Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual (Budget Basis) - All Governmental Fund Types and Expendable Trust Fund and the Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Equity - Budget and Actual (Budget Basis) - Enterprise Fund and Nonexpendable Trust Fund are presented on the budgetary basis to provide a meaningful comparison of actual results with the budget. The major differences between the budget basis and GAAP basis are that:

- 1. Revenues are recorded when received in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when susceptible to accrual (GAAP basis).
- 2. Expenditures/expenses are recorded when paid in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when the liability is incurred (GAAP basis).
- 3. Encumbrances are treated as expenditures/expenses for all funds (budget basis) rather than as a reservation of fund balance for governmental fund types and as note disclosure in the proprietary fund type (GAAP basis).

NOTES TO THE GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2000

NOTE 4 - BUDGETARY BASIS OF ACCOUNTING (continued)

4. Advances-In and Advances-Out are operating transactions (budget basis) as opposed to balance sheet transactions (GAAP basis).

The following tables summarize the adjustments necessary to reconcile the GAAP and budgetary basis statements by fund type.

Over (Under) Expenditures and Other Financing Uses All Governmental fund Types and Expendable Trust Fund						
	General	Special Revenue	Capital Projects	Expendable Trust		
GAAP Basis	(\$8,520)	\$32,610	(\$170,610)	\$500		
Revenue Accruals	46,309	(17,336)	960	0		
Expenditure Accruals	74,121	51,444	(4,782)	0		
Advances	(27,801)	(5,000)	33,801	0		
Encumbrances	(158,310)	(40,845)	(3,800)	0		
Budget Basis	(\$74,201)	\$20,873	(\$144,431)	\$500		

Excess of Revenues and Other Financing Sources

Net Income (Loss)/Excess of Revenues Over Expenses and Transfers Enterprise Fund and Nonexpendable Trust Fund

	Enterprise	Nonexpendable Trust
GAAP Basis	(\$4,197)	\$20,237
Revenue Accruals	(15,208)	(5,291)
Expense Accruals	19,887	0
Depreciation Expense	1,264	0
Encumbrances	(749)	0
Budget Basis	\$997	\$14,946

NOTES TO THE GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2000

NOTE 5 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

State statutes classify monies held by the School District into three categories.

Active deposits are public deposits necessary to meet current demands on the treasury. Such monies must be maintained either as cash in the School District Treasury, in commercial accounts payable or withdrawable on demand, including negotiable order of withdrawal (NOW) accounts, or in money market deposit accounts.

Inactive deposits are public deposits that the Board of Education has identified as not required for use within the current two year period of designation of depositories. Inactive deposits must either be evidenced by certificates of deposit maturing not later than the end of the current period of designation of depositories, or by savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts.

Interim deposits are deposits of interim monies. Interim monies are those monies which are not needed for immediate use but which will be needed before the end of the current period of designation of depositories. Interim deposits must be evidenced by time certificates of deposit maturing not more than one year from the date of deposit, or by savings accounts, including passbook accounts.

Protection of School District's deposits is provided by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC), by eligible securities pledged by the financial institution as security for repayment, by surety company bonds deposited with the Treasurer by the financial institution, or by a single collateral pool established by the financial institution to secure the repayment of all public monies deposited with the institution.

Interim monies may be deposited or invested in the following securities:

- 1. United States treasury notes, bills, bonds, or any other obligation or security issued by the United States treasury or any other obligation guaranteed as to principal and interest by the United States;
- 2. Bonds, notes, debentures, or any other obligations or securities issued by the federal government agency or instrumentality, including but not limited to, the federal national mortgage association, federal home loan bank, federal farm credit bank, federal home loan mortgage corporation, government national mortgage association, and student loan marketing association. All federal agency securities shall be direct issuances of federal government agencies or instrumentalities;
- 3. Written repurchase agreements in the securities listed above provided that the market value of the securities subject to the repurchase agreement must exceed the principal value of the agreement by at least two percent and be marked to market daily, and that the term of the agreement must not exceed thirty days;

NOTES TO THE GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2000

NOTE 5 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (continued)

- 4. Bonds and other obligations of the State of Ohio;
- 5. No-load money market mutual funds consisting exclusively of obligations described in division (1) or (2) and repurchase agreements secured by such obligations, provided that investments in securities described in this division are made only through eligible institutions;
- 6. The State Treasurer's investment pool (STAR Ohio);
- 7. Certain bankers' acceptance and commercial paper notes for a period not to exceed one hundred eighty days from the date of purchase in an amount not to exceed twenty-five percent of the interim monies available for investment at any one time; and
- 8. Under limited circumstances, debt interests rated in either of the two highest rating classifications by at least two nationally recognized rating agencies.

Investments in stripped principal or interest obligations, reverse repurchase agreements and derivatives are prohibited. The issuance of taxable notes for the purpose of arbitrage, the use of leverage and short selling are also prohibited. An investment must mature within five years from the date of purchase unless matched to a specific obligation or debt of the School District, and must be purchased with the expectation that it will be held to maturity.

Investments may only be made through specified dealers and institutions. Payment for investments may be made only upon delivery of the securities representing the investments to the Treasurer or qualified trustee or, if the securities are not represented by a certificate, upon receipt of confirmation of transfer from the custodian.

At fiscal year end, the School District had \$500 undeposited cash on hand.

The following information classifies deposits and investments by categories of risk as defined in *GASB Statement No. 3, "Deposits with Financial Institutions, Investments (including Repurchase Agreements) and Reverse Repurchase Agreements".*

Deposits: At fiscal year end, the carrying amount of the School District's deposits was \$997,372 and the bank balance was \$1,124,236. Of the bank balance, \$200,000 was covered by federal depository insurance and \$924,236 was uninsured and uncollateralized. Although the securities serving as collateral were held by the pledging financial institution's trust department in the School District's name and all State statutory requirements for the deposit of money had been followed, non-compliance with federal requirements would potentially subject the School District to a successful claim by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation.

NOTES TO THE GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2000

NOTE 5 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (continued)

Investments: The School District's investments are required to be categorized to give an indication of the level of risk assumed by the School District at fiscal year end. Category 1 includes investments that are insured or registered or for which the securities are held by the School District or its agent in the School District's name. Category 2 includes uninsured and unregistered investments which are held by the counterparty's trust department or agent in the School District's name. Category 3 includes uninsured and unregistered investments for which the securities are held by the counterparty, or by its trust department or agent but not in the School District's name. The School District's investments in STAR Ohio, an investment pool operated by the Ohio State Treasurer, are unclassified investments since they are not evidenced by securities that exist in physical or book entry form.

	Fair Value
STAR Ohio	\$251,303

The classification of cash and cash equivalents and investments on the combined financial statements is based on criteria set forth in *GASB Statement No. 9*, *"Reporting Cash Flows of Proprietary and Nonexpendable Trust Funds and Governmental Entities That Use Proprietary Fund Accounting."*

A reconciliation between the classifications of cash and cash equivalents and investments on the combined financial statements and the classification of deposits and investments presented above per *GASB Statement No. 3* is as follows:

	Cash and Cash Equivalents/Deposits	Investments
GASB Statement No. 9	\$1,249,175	\$0
Investments:		
Cash on Hand	(500)	0
STAR Ohio	(251,303)	251,303
GASB Statement No. 3	\$997,372	\$251,303

NOTES TO THE GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2000

NOTE 6 - PROPERTY TAXES

Property taxes are levied and assessed on a calendar year basis while the School District fiscal year runs from July through June. First half tax collections are received by the School District in the second half of the fiscal year. Second half tax distributions occur in the first half of the following fiscal year.

Property taxes include amounts levied against all real, public utility, and tangible personal property located in the School District. Property tax revenue received during calender 2000 for real and public utility property taxes represents collections of calender 1999 taxes. Property tax payments received during calendar 2000 for tangible personal property (other than public utility property) is for calendar 2000 taxes.

2000 real property taxes are levied after April 1, 2000, on the assessed value as of January 1, 2000, the lien date. Assessed values are established by State law at thirty-five percent of appraised market value.

Public utility tangible personal property currently is assessed at varying percentages of true value; public utility real property is assessed at thirty-five percent of true value. 2000 public utility property taxes became a lien December 31, 1999, are levied after April 1, 2000 and are collected in 2001 with real property taxes.

2000 tangible personal property taxes are levied after April 1, 1999, on the value as of December 31, 1999. Collections are made in 2000. Tangible personal property assessments are twenty-five percent of true value.

Real property taxes are payable annually or semi-annually. If paid annually, payment is due December 31; if paid semi-annually, the first payment is due December 31 with the remainder payable by June 20. Under certain circumstances, State statute permits alternate payment dates to be established.

Tangible personal property taxes paid by multi-county taxpayers are due September 20. Single county taxpayers may pay annually or semi-annually. If paid annually, payment is due April 30; if paid semi-annually, the first payment is due April 30, with the remainder payable by September 20.

NOTES TO THE GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2000

NOTE 6 - PROPERTY TAXES (continued)

The assessed values upon which fiscal year 2000 taxes were collected are:

	1999 Second- Half Collections		2000 First- Half Collections		
	Amount	Percent	Amount	Percent	
Agricultural/Residential and Other Real Estate	\$77,471,810	75.83%	\$78,130,030	75.59%	
Public Utility	18,875,960	18.48%	18,956,940	18.34%	
Tangible Personal Property	5,811,540	5.69%	6,276,330	6.07%	
Total Assessed Value	\$102,159,310	100.00%	\$103,363,300	100.00%	
Tax rate per \$1,000 of assessed valuation	\$29.91		\$29.91		

The School District receives property taxes from Scioto County. The County Auditor periodically advances to the School District its portion of the taxes collected. Second-half real property tax payments collected by the County by June 30, 2000, are available to finance fiscal year 2001 operations. The amount available to be advanced can vary based on the date the tax bills are sent.

Accrued property taxes receivable represents delinquent taxes outstanding and real property, tangible personal property, and public utility taxes which became measurable as of June 30, 2000. Although total property tax collections for the next fiscal year are measurable, only the amount available as an advance at June 30 is intended to finance current fiscal year operations. The receivable is therefore offset by a credit to deferred revenue for that portion not intended to finance current year operations. The amount available as an advance at June 30, 2000, was \$93,769 in the General Fund and \$2,329 in the Permanent Improvement Capital Projects Fund.

NOTE 7 - RECEIVABLES

Receivables at June 30, 2000, consisted of property taxes, accrued interest, interfund, and intergovernmental grants. All receivables are considered collectible in full due to the ability to foreclose for the nonpayment of taxes, the stable condition of State programs, and the current fiscal year guarantee of federal funds.

NOTES TO THE GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2000

<u>NOTE 7 - RECEIVABLES</u> (continued)

A summary of the principal items of intergovernmental receivables follows:

	Amount
General Fund:	
Special Education Co-operative	\$9,259
Special Revenue Fund:	
Virtual Middle School	4,658
Total Intergovernmental Receivables	\$13,917

NOTE 8 - FIXED ASSETS

A summary of the enterprise fund's fixed assets at June 30, 2000, follows:

Furniture and Equipment	\$63,050
Less Accumulated Depreciation	(51,695)
Net Fixed Assets	\$11,355

A summary of the changes in general fixed assets during fiscal year 2000 follows:

Asset Category	Balance at 6/30/99	Additions	Deletions	Balance at 6/30/00
Land and Improvements	\$48,751	\$0	\$0	\$48,751
Buildings and Improvements	4,904,428	202,418	0	5,106,846
Furniture, Fixtures and Equipment	1,791,221	210,337	56,859	1,944,699
Vehicles	713,531	61,620	0	775,151
Textbooks	455,353	0	0	455,353
Total General Fixed Assets	\$7,913,284	\$474,375	\$56,859	\$8,330,800

NOTES TO THE GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2000

NOTE 9 - RISK MANAGEMENT

The School District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. During fiscal year 2000, the School District contracted with Wausau Insurance Company for liability insurance and Indiana Insurance Company for property and fleet insurance and inland marine coverage. Coverages provided by Wausau Insurance and Indiana Insurance are as follows:

Building and Contents-replacement cost (\$500 deductible)	\$19,478,773
Electronic Data Processing (\$250 deductible)	1,001,949
Equipment In Transit	100,195
Inland Marine Coverage (\$100 deductible)	80,417
Boiler and Machinery (\$500 deductible)	No limit
Automobile Liability	1,000,000
General Liability	
Per occurrence	2,000,000
Total per year	5,000,000

Settled claims have not exceeded this commercial coverage in any of the past three years. There has been no significant reduction in coverage from the prior year.

For fiscal year 2000, the School District participated in the Ohio School Boards Association Workers' Compensation Group Rating Plan (GRP), an insurance purchasing pool (Note 16). The intent of the GRP is to achieve the benefit of a reduced premium for the School District by virtue of its grouping and representation with other participants in the GRP. The workers' compensation experience of the participating school districts is calculated as one experience and a common premium rate is applied to all school districts in the GRP. Each participant pays its workers' compensation premium to the State based on the rate for the GRP rather than its individual rate. Total savings are then calculated and each participant's individual performance is compared to the overall savings percentage of the GRP. A participant will then either receive money from or be required to contribute to the "Equity Pooling Fund". This "equity pooling" arrangement insures that each participant shares equally in the overall performance of the GRP. Participation in the GRP is limited to school districts that can meet the GRP's selection criteria. The firm of Gates McDonald & Co. provides administrative, cost control and actuarial services to the GRP.

The School District is a member of the Scioto County Schools Council, a public entity shared risk pool (Note 17), consisting of school districts within the County offering medical and dental insurance to their employees. Monthly premiums are paid to the South Central Ohio Educational Service Center as fiscal agent, who in turns pays the claims on the School District's behalf. The Council is responsible for the management and operations of the program. Upon termination from the Council, for any reason, the Council shall have no obligation under the plan beyond paying the difference between the claims incurred (even though later filed) and expenses of the Plan due up to the date of termination plus extended benefits, if any, provided under the Plan. Such claims and expenses shall be paid from the funds of the Council.

NOTES TO THE GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2000

NOTE 10 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS

A. School Employees Retirement System

The School District contributes to the School Employees Retirement System of Ohio (SERS), a cost-sharing multiple employer defined benefit pension plan. SERS provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided by Chapter 3309 of the Ohio Revised Code. SERS issues a publicly available, stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained by writing to the School Employees Retirement System, 45 N. Fourth Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215-3634.

Plan members are required to contribute 9 percent of their annual covered salary and the School District is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. The current rate is 14 percent of annual covered payroll. A portion of the School District's contribution is used to fund pension obligations with the remainder being used to fund health care benefits; for fiscal year 2000, 5.5 percent of annual covered salary was the portion used to fund pension obligations. The contribution requirements of plan members and employers are established and may be amended, up to a statutory maximum amount, by the SERS' Retirement Board. The School District's required contributions for pension obligations to SERS for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2000, 1999, and 1998 were \$38,192, \$61,466, and \$89,881, respectively; 27 percent has been contributed for fiscal year 2000 and 100 percent for the fiscal years 1999 and 1998. \$27,859 representing the unpaid contribution for fiscal year 2000, is recorded as a liability within the respective funds and the general long-term obligations

account group.

B. State Teachers Retirement System

The School District contributes to the State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio (STRS), a cost-sharing multiple employer public employee retirement system. STRS provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death and survivor benefits to members and beneficiaries. Benefits are established by Chapter 3307 of the Ohio Revised Code. STRS issues a publicly available, stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for STRS. That report may be obtained by writing to the State Teachers Retirement System, 275 East Broad Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215-3371.

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2000, plan members were required to contribute 9.3 percent of their annual covered salaries. The School District was required to contribute 14 percent; 6 percent was the portion used to fund pension obligations. Contribution rates are established by STRS, upon recommendations of its consulting actuary, not to exceed statutory maximum rates of 10 percent for members and 14 percent for employers. The School District's required contributions for pension obligations to STRS for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2000, 1999, and 1998 were \$262,299, \$213,435, and \$405,693, respectively; 83 percent has been contributed for fiscal year 2000 and 100 percent for the fiscal years 1999 and 1998. \$43,565 representing the unpaid contribution for fiscal year 2000, is recorded as a liability within the respective funds.

NOTES TO THE GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2000

NOTE 11 - POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

The School District provides comprehensive health care benefits to retired teachers and their dependents through the State Teachers Retirement System (STRS), and to retired non-certified employees and their dependents through the School Employees Retirement System (SERS). Benefits include hospitalization, physicians' fees, prescription drugs and reimbursement of monthly Medicare premiums. Benefit provisions and the obligations to contribute are established by the Systems based on authority granted by State statute. Both systems are on a pay-as-you-go basis.

All STRS benefit recipients and sponsored dependents are eligible for health care coverage. The STRS Board has statutory authority over how much, if any, of the health care costs will be absorbed by STRS. Most benefit recipients pay a portion of the health care cost in the form of a monthly premium. By law, the cost of coverage paid from STRS funds is included in the employer contribution rate, currently 14 percent of covered payroll. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2000, the STRS Board allocated employer contributions equal to 8 percent of covered payroll to the Health Care Reserve Fund. For the School District, this amount equaled \$349,731 for fiscal year 2000.

STRS pays health care benefits from the Health Care Reserve Fund. At June 30, 1999, (the latest information available) the balance in the Fund was \$2,783 million. For the year ended June 30, 1999, net health care costs paid by STRS were \$249,929,000 and STRS had 95,796 eligible benefit recipients.

For SERS, coverage is made available to service retirees with ten or more fiscal years of qualifying service credit, and to disability and survivor benefit recipients. Members retiring on or after August 1, 1989, with less than twenty-five years of service credit must pay a portion of their premium for health care. The portion is based on years of service up to a maximum of 75 percent of the premium.

After the allocation for basic benefits, the remainder of the employer's 14 percent contribution is allocated to providing health care benefits. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2000, employer contributions to fund health care benefits were 8.50 percent of covered payroll, an increase from 6.30 percent for fiscal year 1999. In addition, SERS levies a surcharge to fund health care benefits equal to 14 percent of the difference between a minimum pay and the member's pay, pro-rated for partial service credit. For fiscal year 2000, the minimum pay was established at \$12,400. For the School District, the amount contributed to fund health care benefits, including the surcharge, during the 2000 fiscal year equaled \$75,227.

The surcharge, added to the unallocated portion of the 14 percent employer contribution rate, provides for maintenance of the asset target level for the health care fund. The target level for the health care reserve is 150 percent of the annual health care expenses. Expenses for health care for the fiscal year ended June 30, 1999 (the latest information available), were \$126,380,984 and the target level was \$189.6 million. At June 30, 1999, SERS had net assets available for payment of health care benefits of \$188.0 million. SERS has approximately 51,000 participants currently receiving health care benefits.

NOTES TO THE GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2000

NOTE 12 - EMPLOYEE BENEFITS

A. Compensated Absences

The criteria for determining vacation and sick leave components are derived from negotiated agreements and State laws. Classified employees earn ten to twenty days of vacation per fiscal year, depending upon length of service. Accumulated, unused vacation time is paid to classified employees and administrators upon termination of employment. Teachers do not earn vacation time.

Teachers, administrators, and classified employees earn sick leave at the rate of one and one-fourth days per month. Sick leave may be accumulated up to a maximum of 205 days for all personnel. Upon retirement, payment is made for one-fourth of accrued, but unused sick leave credit to a maximum of 50 days for classified and certified employees.

B. Life Insurance

The School District provides life insurance to most employees through Great American Reserve.

C. Special Termination Benefit Payable

Employees who retired June 30, 2000, were given a special termination benefit. A bargaining unit employee who is eligible under the Ohio Revised Code Section 3307.38 for, and elects to take, service retirement through STRS as of the end of the 1999-2000 school year was entitled to receive a one-time lump-sum payment of \$4,500 less payroll withholdings, to be paid no later than the second payroll in August 2000. For fiscal year ending June 30, 2000, two individuals retired who were eligible to receive this benefit and both were paid prior to fiscal year end.

D. Deferred Compensation

School District employees may participate in the Ohio Public Employees Deferred Compensation Plan. This plan was created in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 457. Participation is on a voluntary payroll deduction basis. The plan permits deferral of compensation until future years. According to the plan, the deferred compensation is not available until termination, retirement, death or an unforeseeable emergency.

NOTES TO THE GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2000

NOTE 13 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

The changes in the School District's long-term obligations during fiscal year 2000 were as follows:

	Principal Outstanding 6/30/99	Additions	Deductions	Principal Outstanding 6/30/00
Tax Refund Payable	\$122,103	\$0	\$33,302	\$88,801
Pension Obligation	53,189	54,908	53,189	54,908
Compensated Absences	348,141	30,850	0	378,991
Total General Long-Term Obligations	\$523,433	\$85,758	\$86,491	\$522,700

Based on the March 26, 1997 decision by the Ohio State Supreme Court, the School District is required to refund public utility property taxes collected for 1992 through 1996 tax years to Texas Eastern Transmission Corporation. The liability will be paid from the General Fund and Permanent Improvement Capital Projects Fund through reductions in tax settlements. No interest will be charged on the liability for the 1992 through 1996 tax years.

Per discussion with the Scioto County Auditor, the amount of principal repaid every year will vary due to variations in tax valuations. Since this amount will vary, no future debt payment schedule can be established and will therefore not be shown.

Compensated absences and the pension obligation will be paid from the funds from which the employees' salaries are paid.

The School District's overall legal debt margin was \$9,302,697 with an unvoted debt margin of \$103,363 at June 30, 2000.

NOTES TO THE GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2000

NOTE 14 - INTERFUND ACTIVITY

As of June 30, 2000, receivables and payables that resulted from various interfund transactions were as follows:

	Receivables	Payables
General Fund	\$32,801	\$0
Special Revenue Fund		
Student Activities	0	3,000
Capital Projects Funds:		
Permanent Improvement	3,000	0
Emergency Building Repairs	0	32,801
Total Capital Projects	3,000	32,801
Total All Funds	\$35,801	\$35,801

NOTE 15 - JOINTLY GOVERNED ORGANIZATIONS

South Central Ohio Computer Association - The School District is a participant in the South Central Ohio Computer Association (SCOCA) which is a computer consortium. SCOCA is an association of public school districts within the boundaries of Highland, Adams, Pike, Scioto, Brown, Ross, Jackson, Vinton and Lawrence Counties. The organization was formed for the purpose of applying modern technology with the aid of computers and other electronic equipment to administrative and instructional functions among member school districts. The governing board of SCOCA consists of two representatives from each of the participating counties, two representatives of the school treasurers, and one representative from the fiscal agent. The School District paid SCOCA \$6,388 for services provided during the year. Financial information can be obtained from their fiscal agent, the Pike County Joint Vocational School District, Tonya Cooper, who serves as Treasurer, at P. O. Box 577, 175 Beaver Creek Road, Piketon, Ohio 45661.

Scioto County Joint Vocational School - The Scioto County Joint Vocational School is a distinct political subdivision of the State of Ohio operated under the direction of a Board consisting of one representative from each of the county's school districts' elected boards, which possesses its own budgeting and taxing authority. To obtain financial information write to the Scioto County Joint Vocational School, at P.O. Box 766, Lucasville, Ohio 45648.

NOTES TO THE GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2000

NOTE 16 - INSURANCE PURCHASING POOL

Ohio School Boards Association Workers' Compensation Group Rating Plan - The School District participates in the Ohio School Boards Association Workers' Compensation Group Rating Plan (GRP), an insurance purchasing pool. The GRP's business and affairs are conducted by a three member Board of directors consisting of the President, the President-Elect and the Immediate Past President of the OSBA. The Executive Director of the OSBA, or his designee, serves as coordinator of the program. Each year, the participating school districts pay an enrollment fee to the GRP to cover the costs of administering the program.

NOTE 17 - PUBLIC ENTITY SHARED RISK POOL

Scioto County Schools Council - The School District is a member of the Scioto County Schools Council, a public entity shared risk pool. Several Scioto County school districts have entered into an agreement with the South Central Ohio Educational Service Center to form the Scioto County Schools Council. The overall objectives of the council are to formulate and administer a program of health insurance for the benefit of the council members' employees and their dependents, to obtain lower costs for health coverage, and to secure cost control by implementing a program of comprehensive loss control. The Council's business and affairs are managed by a Board of Directors, consisting of the superintendents from each of the participating school districts. The School District pays premiums based on what the Council estimates will cover the costs of all claims for which the Council is obligated. If the School District's claims exceed its premiums, there is no individual supplemental assessment; on the other hand, if the School District's claims are low, it will not receive a refund. The Council views its activities in the aggregate, rather than on an individual entity basis. To obtain financial information, write to the fiscal agent, South Central Ohio Educational Service Center at Fourth and Court Streets, Portsmouth, Ohio 45662.

NOTE 18 - SCHOOL FUNDING COURT DECISION

On March 24, 1997, the Ohio Supreme Court rendered a decision declaring certain portions of the Ohio school funding plan unconstitutional. The Court stayed the effect of its ruling for one year to allow the State's legislature to design a plan to remedy the perceived defects in that system. Declared unconstitutional was the State's "school foundation program", which provides significant amounts of monetary support to the School District. During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2000, the School District received \$4,844,477 of school foundation support for its general fund.

NOTES TO THE GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2000

NOTE 18 - SCHOOL FUNDING COURT DECISION (continued)

Since the Supreme Court ruling, numerous pieces of legislation have been passed by the State General Assembly in an attempt to address the issues identified by the Court. The Court of Common Pleas in Perry County has reviewed the new laws and, in a decision issued on February 26, 1999, determined they are not sufficiently responsive to the constitutional issues raised under the "thorough and efficient" clause of the Ohio Constitution. The State has appealed the decision made by the Court of Common Pleas to the Ohio Supreme Court. On May 11, 2000, the Ohio Supreme Court rendered an opinion on this issue. The Court concluded, "...the mandate of the [Ohio] Constitution has not been fulfilled." The Court's majority recognized efforts by the Ohio General Assembly taken in response to the Court's March 24, 1997, decision, however, it found seven "...major areas warrant further attention, study, and development by the General Assembly...", including the State's reliance on local property tax funding, the State's basic aid formula, the school foundation program, as discussed above, the mechanism for, and adequacy of, funding for school facilities, and the existence of the State's School Solvency Assistance Fund, which the Court found took the place of the unconstitutional emergency school loan assistance program.

The Court decided to maintain jurisdiction over these issues and continued the case at least until June 15, 2001.

As of the date of these financial statements, the School District is unable to determine what effect, if any, this ongoing litigation will have on its future State funding under these programs and on its financial operations.

NOTE 19 - SET-ASIDE CALCULATIONS

The School District is required by State statute to annually set aside in the General Fund an amount based on a statutory formula for the purchase of textbooks and other instructional materials and an equal amount for the acquisition and construction of capital improvements. Amounts not spent by year-end or offset by similarly restricted resources received during the year must be held in cash at year-end and carried forward to be used for the same purposes in future years. The School District is also required to set aside money for budget stabilization.

NOTES TO THE GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2000

NOTE 19 - SET-ASIDE CALCULATIONS (continued)

The following cash basis information describes the change in the year-end set-aside amounts for textbooks, capital acquisition and budget stabilization. Disclosure of this information is required by State statute.

	Textbooks	Capital Acquisition	Budget Stabilization
Set-aside Cash Balance as of June 30, 1999	\$2,209	\$7,272	\$94,783
Current year set-aside requirement	161,111	161,111	53,704
Current year offsets	0	(45,700)	(41,783)
Qualifying disbursements	(141,604)	(113,671)	0
Set-aside Cash Balance as of June 30, 2000	\$21,716	\$9,012	\$106,704

NOTE 20 - CONTINGENCIES

A. Grants

The School District received financial assistance from federal and state agencies in the form of grants. The expenditure of funds received under these programs generally requires compliance with terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements and is subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims resulting from such audits could become a liability of the General Fund or other applicable funds. However, in the opinion of management, any such disallowed claims will not have a material adverse effect on the overall financial position of the School District at June 30, 2000.

B. Litigation

The School District is currently not party to any legal proceedings.

NOTE 21 - RESTATEMENT OF FUND BALANCES

In the prior year, the fund balance of \$58,000 in the Severance Reserve Fund was classified as a special revenue fund. This year, the fund has been combined with the General Fund. This change had the following effects on fund balance as it was previously reported as of June 30, 1999.

	General	Special Revenue
Balances as previously reported	(\$187,745)	\$246,763
Reclassification of Fund	58,000	(58,000)
Restated Balances as of July 1, 1999	(\$129,745)	\$188,763

SCHEDULE OF FEDERAL AWARDS RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2000

Federal Grantor/ Pass Through Grantor Program Title	Pass Through Entity Number	Federal CFDA Number	Receipts	Noncash Receipts	Disbursements	Noncash Disbursements
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE Passed Through Ohio Department of Education:						
Nutrition Cluster: Food Distribution Program	N/A	10.550	\$	\$14,820	\$	\$15,209
National School Lunch Program	03-PU, 04-PU	10.555	90,344		90,344	
Total Nutrition Cluster			90,344	14,820	90,344	15,209
Total U. S. Department of Agriculture			90,344	14,820	90,344	15,209
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION Passed Through Ohio Department of Education:						
Special Education Grants to States (IDEA Part B)	6B-SF	84.027	68,244		94,792	
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	C1-S1	84.010	430,134		416,632	
Safe and Drug Free Schools and Communities State Grant	DR-S1	84.186	6,741		6,741	
Goals 2000 State and Local Education Systemic Improvement	WK-BE	84.276	928		3,956	
Eisenhower Professional Development	MS-S1	84.281	9,334		15,642	
Innovative Educational Program Strategies	C2-S1	84.298	8,985		8,385	
Technology Literacy Challenge Fund Grant	TF-VM	84.318	89,500		118,927	
Class Size Reduction Grant	CR-S1	84.340	45,497		42,980	
Total U.S. Department of Education			659,363		708,055	
NATIONAL FOUNDATION ON THE ARTS AND HUMAN Passed Through State Library of Ohio:	IITIES					
State Library Program	I-Kk-98	45.310	5,843		19,423	
Total National Foundation on the Arts and Humanities			5,843		19,423	
Total Federal Awards Receipts and Expenditures			\$755,550	\$14,820	\$817,822	\$15,209

The accompanying notes to this schedule are an integral part of this schedule.

NOTES TO THE SCHEDULE OF FEDERAL AWARDS RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2000

NOTE A - SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accompanying Schedule of Federal Awards Receipts and Expenditures (the Schedule) is a summary of the activity of the School District's federal awards programs. The Schedule has been prepared on the cash basis of accounting.

NOTE B - FOOD DISTRIBUTION

Nonmonetary assistance, such as food received from the U.S. Department of Agriculture, is reported in the schedule at the fair market value of the commodities received and consumed. Cash receipts from the U.S. Department of Agriculture are commingled with State grants. It is assumed federal monies are expended first. At June 30, 2000 the School District had food commodities valued at \$2,007.

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STATE OF OHIO OFFICE OF THE AUDITOR

JIM PETRO, AUDITOR OF STATE

743 East State Street Athens Mall, Suite B Athens, Ohio 45701

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REPORT OF INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS ON COMPLIANCE AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL REQUIRED BY GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Wheelersburg Local School District Scioto County Post Office Box 340 Wheelersburg, Ohio 45694

To the Board of Education:

We have audited the general purpose financial statements of the Wheelersburg Local School District, Scioto County, Ohio (the School District), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2000. We conducted our audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Compliance

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the School District's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grants, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*. However, we noted certain immaterial instances of noncompliance that we have reported to the management of the School District in a separate letter dated November 30, 2000.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the School District's internal control over financial reporting in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements and not to provide assurance on the internal control over financial reporting. Our consideration of the internal control over financial reporting that might be material weaknesses. A material weakness is a condition in which the design or operation of one or more of the internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that misstatements in amounts that would be material in relation to the financial statements being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions. We noted no matters involving the internal control over financial report, that we have reported to the management of the School District in a separate letter dated November 30, 2000.

Wheelersburg Local School District Scioto County Report of Independent Accountants on Compliance and on Internal Control Required by *Government Auditing Standards* Page 2

This report is intended for the information and use of the management, the Board of Education and federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Jim Petro Auditor of State

November 30, 2000



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REPORT OF INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS ON COMPLIANCE WITH REQUIREMENTS APPLICABLE TO EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE IN ACCORDANCE WITH OMB CIRCULAR A-133

Wheelersburg Local School District Scioto County Post Office Box 340 Wheelersburg, Ohio 45694

To the Board of Education:

Compliance

We have audited the compliance of Wheelersburg Local School District, Scioto County, Ohio (the School District), with the types of compliance requirements described in the *U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Circular A-133, Compliance Supplement* that are applicable to its major federal program for the year ended June 30, 2000. The School District's major federal program is identified in the Summary of Auditor's Results section of the accompanying Schedule of Findings. Compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts and grants applicable to its major federal program is the responsibility of the School District's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the School District's compliance based on our audit.

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States*, *Local Governments*, *and Non-Profit Organizations*. Those standards and OMB Circular A-133 require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance occurred with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the School District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our audit does not provide a legal determination on the School District's compliance with those requirements.

In our opinion, the School District complied, in all material respects, with the requirements referred to above that are applicable to its major federal program for the year ended June 30, 2000.

Internal Control Over Compliance

The management of the School District is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to federal programs. In planning and performing our audit, we considered the School District's internal control over compliance with requirements that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on compliance and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with OMB Circular A-133.

Wheelersburg Local School District Scioto County Report of Independent Accountants on Compliance with Requirements Applicable to Each Major Federal Program and Internal Control over Compliance in Accordance with OMB Circular A-133 Page 2

Our consideration of the internal control over compliance would not necessarily disclose all matters in the internal control that might be material weaknesses. A material weakness is a condition in which the design or operation of one or more of the internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that noncompliance with applicable requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants that would be material in relation to a major federal program being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions. We noted no matters involving the internal control over compliance and its operation that we consider to be material weaknesses.

This report is intended for the information of the management, the Board of Education, and federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Jim Petro Auditor of State

November 30, 2000

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS OMB CIRCULAR A-133, SECTION .505 FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2000

1. SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS		
(d)(1)(i)	Type of Financial Statement Opinion	Unqualified
(d)(1)(ii)	Were there any material control weakness conditions reported at financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
(d)(1)(ii)	Were there any other reportable control weakness conditions reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
(d)(1)(iii)	Was there any reported material noncompliance at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
(d)(1)(iv)	Were there any material internal control weakness conditions reported for major federal programs?	No
(d)(1)(iv)	Were there any other reportable internal control weakness conditions reported for major federal programs?	No
(d)(1)(v)	Type of Major Programs' Compliance Opinion	Unqualified
(d)(1)(vi)	Are there any reportable findings under Section .510?	No
(d)(1)(vii)	Major Programs (list):	Title I Grant CFDA# 84.010
(d)(1)(viii)	Dollar Threshold: Type A/B Programs	Type A: > \$300,000 Type B: all others
(d)(1)(ix)	Low Risk Auditee?	Yes

2. FINDINGS RELATED TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS

None

3. FINDINGS FOR FEDERAL AWARDS

None



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WHEELERSBURG LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT

SCIOTO COUNTY

CLERK'S CERTIFICATION

This is a true and correct copy of the report which is required to be filed in the Office of the Auditor of State pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in Columbus, Ohio.

Susan Babbitt

CLERK OF THE BUREAU

CERTIFIED JANUARY 16, 2001