AUDITOR C

WILLARD CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT HURON COUNTY

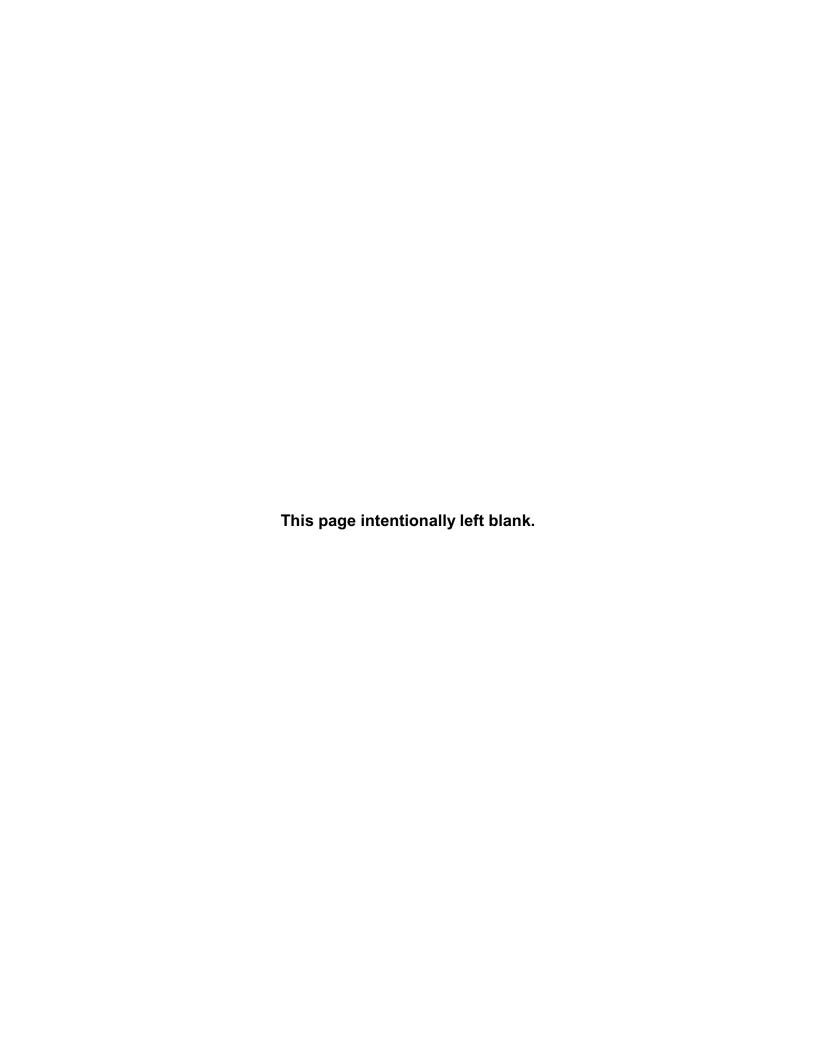
SINGLE AUDIT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2000



TABLE OF CONTENTS

TITLE	PAGE
Report of Independent Accountants	1
Combined Balance Sheet – All Fund Types and Account Groups	3
Combined Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances – All Governmental and Similar Fiduciary Fund Types	5
Combined Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances – Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) – All Governmental and Similar Fiduciary Fund Types	7
Combined Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Equity – All Proprietary and Similar Fiduciary Fund Types	11
Combined Statement of Cash Flows – All Proprietary and Similar Fiduciary Fund Types	12
Notes to the General-Purpose Financial Statements	15
Schedule of Federal Assistance Awards Expenditures	40
Notes to the Schedule of Federal Assistance Awards Expenditures	42
Report of Independent Accountants on Compliance and on Internal Control Required by Government Auditing Standards	43
Report of Independent Accountants on Compliance with Requirements Applicable to the Major Federal Program and Internal Control Over Compliance in Accordance with OMB Circular A-133	45
Schedule of Findings	47





One Government Center Room 1420 Toledo, Ohio 43604-2246 Telephone 419-245-2811

800-443-9276 Facsimile 419-245-2484 www.auditor.state.oh.us

REPORT OF INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS

Willard City School District Huron County 955 South Main Street P.O. Box 150 Willard, Ohio 44890-0150

To the Board of Education:

We have audited the accompanying general-purpose financial statements of the Willard City School District, Huron County, (the District) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2000, as listed in the table of contents. These general-purpose financial statements are the responsibility of the District's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these general-purpose financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the general-purpose financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Willard City District, Huron County, as of June 30, 2000, and the results of its operations and the cash flows of its proprietary fund types and nonexpendable trust fund for the year then ended in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 19, 2000 on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grants. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* and should be read in conjunction with this report in considering the results of our audit.

Willard City School District Huron County Report of Independent Accountants Page 2

Our audit was performed for the purpose of forming an opinion on the general-purpose financial statements of the District, taken as a whole. The accompanying schedule of federal awards expenditures is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*, and is not a required part of the general-purpose financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the general-purpose financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the general-purpose financial statements taken as a whole.

Jim PetroAuditor of State

December 19, 2000

This page intentionally left blank.

Combined Balance Sheet All Fund Types and Account Groups June 30, 2000

ASSETS AND OTHER DEBITS Assets: Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents Receivables: Taxes 4,663,892 628,817 125, Accounts 22,990 73 564 Interfund Receivable 14,151 Materials and Supplies Inventory 59,459 Prepaid Items 16,946 Restricted Assets: Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents 73,709 Fixed Assets Accountlated Depreciation Other Debits: Amount Available in Debt Service Fund for Retirement of Long-Term Obligations Provided from General Government Resources Total Assets and Other Debits \$6,657,328 \$347,102 \$1,670,169 \$309, LIABILITIES, FUND EQUITY AND OTHER CREDITS Liabilities: Accounts Payable \$82,184 \$14,525	
Assets: Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents \$1,806,181 \$347,029 \$1,040,788 \$183, Receivables: Taxes 4,663,892 628,817 125, Accounts 22,990 73 564 Interfund Receivable 14,151 Materials and Supplies Inventory 59,459 Prepaid Items 16,946 Restricted Assets: Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents 73,709 Fixed Assets Accumulated Depreciation Other Debits: Amount Available in Debt Service Fund for Retirement of Long-Term Obligations Provided from General Government Resources Total Assets and Other Debits \$6,657,328 \$347,102 \$1,670,169 \$309, LIABILITIES, FUND EQUITY AND OTHER CREDITS Liabilities:	
Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents Receivables: Taxes 4,663,892 Accounts Interfund Receivable Materials and Supplies Inventory Prepaid Items Restricted Assets: Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents Fixed Assets Accumulated Depreciation Other Debits: Amount Available in Debt Service Fund for Retirement of Long-Term Obligations Provided from General Government Resources Total Assets and Other Debits Liabilities: \$1,806,181 \$347,029 \$1,040,788 \$183, 8347,029 \$1,040,788 \$183, 8347,029 \$1,040,788 \$183, 8183, 8183, 8183, 8183, 8183, 8183, 8183, 8183, 8183, 8183, 8183, 8183, 8183, 8183, 8183, 8183, 8183, 8183, 8183, 8183, 8183, 8183, 8183, 8183, 8183, 8183, 8183, 8183, 8183, 8183, 8183, 8183, 8183, 8183, 8183, 8183, 8183, 8183, 8183, 8183, 8183, 8183, 8183, 8183, 8183, 8183, 8183, 8183, 8183, 8183, 8183, 8183, 8183, 8183, 8183, 8183, 8183, 8183, 8183, 8183, 8183, 8183, 8183, 8183, 8183, 8183, 8183, 8183, 8183, 8183, 8183, 8183, 8183, 8183, 8183, 8183, 8183, 8183, 8183, 8183, 8183, 8183, 8183, 8183, 8183, 8183, 8183, 8183, 8183, 8183, 8183, 8183, 8183, 8183, 8183, 8183, 8183, 8183, 8183, 8183, 8183, 8183, 8183, 8183, 8183, 8183, 8183, 8183, 8183, 8183, 8183, 8183, 8183, 8183, 8183, 8183, 8183, 8183, 8183, 8183, 8183, 8183, 8183, 8183, 8183, 8183, 8183, 8183, 8183, 8183, 8183, 8183, 8183, 8183, 8183, 8183, 8183, 8183, 8183, 8183, 8183, 8183, 8183, 8183, 8183, 8183, 8183, 8183, 8183, 8183, 8183, 8183, 8183, 8183, 8183, 8183, 8183, 8183, 818, 818	
Accounts 22,990 73 564 Interfund Receivable 14,151 Materials and Supplies Inventory 59,459 Prepaid Items 16,946 Restricted Assets: Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents 73,709 Fixed Assets Accumulated Depreciation Other Debits: Amount Available in Debt Service Fund for Retirement of Long-Term Obligations Provided from General Government Resources Total Assets and Other Debits \$6,657,328 \$347,102 \$1,670,169 \$309, LIABILITIES, FUND EQUITY AND OTHER CREDITS Liabilities:	,941
Amount Available in Debt Service Fund for Retirement of Long-Term Obligations Provided from General Government Resources Total Assets and Other Debits \$6,657,328 \$347,102 \$1,670,169 \$309, LIABILITIES, FUND EQUITY AND OTHER CREDITS Liabilities:	5,527 90
LIABILITIES, FUND EQUITY AND OTHER CREDITS Liabilities:	
Liabilities:	,558
	3,088
Accrued Wages and Benefits 1,192,931 64,924 Compensated Absences Payable 36,630 Interfund Payable	,000
Intergovernmental Payable 199,462	3,412
Total Liabilities 5,410,500 79,449 500,434 111,	,500
Fund Equity and Other Credits: Investment in General Fixed Assets Contributed Capital Retained Earnings: Unreserved Fund Balances: Reserved:	
Reserved for Encumbrances 442,122 63,169 14, Reserved for Inventory 59,459 Reserved for Prepaid Items 16,946 Reserved for Debt Service Principal 1,041,352	,155
Reserved for Advances Reserved for Property Taxes 764,599 128,383 22, Reserved for Budget Stabilization 73,709	2,115
Unreserved: Unreserved, Undesignated (110,007) 204,484 161,	,788
Total Fund Equity and Other Credits 1,246,828 267,653 1,169,735 198,	3,058
Total Liabilities, Fund Equity and Other Credits \$6,657,328 \$347,102 \$1,670,169 \$309,	550

Proprie Fund T		Fiduciary Fund Types	Account Groups		
Enterprise	Internal Service	Trust and Agency	General Fixed Assets	General Long-Term Obligations	Totals (Memorandum Only)
\$3,994	\$115,359	\$13,247			\$3,510,539
32,908					5,418,236 23,717 14,151 92,367 16,946
142,607 (80,253)			\$15,367,510		73,709 15,510,117 (80,253)
				\$1,169,735	1,169,735
				4,326,999	4,326,999
\$99,256	\$115,359	\$13,247	\$15,367,510	\$5,496,734	\$30,076,263
\$2,553		\$295			\$99,557
46,590	\$47,232	Ψ200			55,320 1,304,445
12,873	0.447			\$773,317	822,820
12,004 36,109	2,147			84,101	14,151 319,672
15,663		7,293			4,518,802 7,293
				54,316 4,585,000	54,316 4,585,000
125,792	49,379	7,588		5,496,734	11,781,376
129,951			\$15,367,510		15,367,510 129,951
(156,487)	65,980				(90,507)
					519,446 59,459 16,946 1,041,352
					915,097 73,709
		5,659			261,924
(26,536)	65,980	5,659	15,367,510		18,294,887
\$99,256	\$115,359	\$13,247	\$15,367,510	\$5,496,734	\$30,076,263

Combined Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances All Governmental and Similar Fiduciary Fund Types For the Year Ended June 30, 2000

Revenues: General Special Revenues Intergovernmental Intergovernmental Interest \$6,811,153 \$833,372 Intergovernmental Interest 231,057 Tuition and Fees 2,226 Extracurricular Activities 2,229 Gifts and Donations 2,90,932 Property and Other Local Taxes 4,590,226 Miscellaneous 68,136 6,996 Total Revenues 11,725,047 1,163,192 Expenditures: 11,725,047 1,163,192 Instruction: 68,336 6,996 Kegular 5,836,518 86,041 Special 63,3174 291,024 Vocational 236,498 1,520 Regular 5,836,518 86,041 Special 63,3174 291,024 Vocational 236,498 1,520 Adult/Continuing 179,947 279,172 Support services: 19,943 279,377 Pupils 646,568 8,962 Instructional Staff 984,337 278,317		Governmental Fund Types		
Intergovernmental \$8,811,153 \$833,372 Intergovernmental 123,057 Tuition and Fees 221,246 Rent 22,246 Rent 22,246 Rent 22,246 Rent 22,295 290,932 31,892 290,932 31,892 290,932 31,892 290,932 31,892 290,932 31,892 290,932 31,892 290,932 31,892 290,932 31,892 290,932 31,892 290,932 31,892 290,932 31,892 290,932 31,892 290,932 31,892 290,932 31,892 290,932 31,892 290,932 31,892 290,932 31,892 290,932 31,892 290,932 31,892 290,932 31,892 290,932 31,892 290,932 31,892 290,932 31,892 31,892 31,892 31,892 31,892 31,892 31,892 31,892 31,892 31,892 31,892 31,892 31,892 31,892 31,892 31,892 31,892 31,892 31,892 31,892 31,892 31,892 31,892 31,892 31,892 31,892 31,892 31,892 31,892 31,892 31,892 31,892 31,892 31,892 31,892 31,892 31,892 31,892 31,892 31,892 31,892 31,892 31,892 31,892 31,892 31,892 31,892 31,892 31,892 31,892 31,892 31,892 31,892 31,892 31,892 31,892 31,892 31,892 31,892 31,892 31,892 31,892 31,892 31,892 31,892 31,892 31,892 31,892 31,892 31,892 31,892 31,892 31,892 31,892 31,892 31,892 31,892 31,892 31,892 31,892 31,892 31,892 31,892 31,892 31,892 31,892 31,892 31,892 31,892 31,892 31,892 31,892 31,892 31,892 31,892 31,892 31,892 31,892 31,892 31,892 31,892 31,892 31,892 31,892 31,892 31,892 31,892 31,892 31,892 31,892 31,892 31,892 31,892 31,892 31,892 31,892 31,892 31,892 31,892 31,892 31,892 31,892 31,892 31,892 31,892 31,892 31,892 31,892 31,892 31,892 31,892 31,892 31,892 31,892 31,892 31,892 31,892 31,892 31,892 31,892 31,892 31,892 31,892 31,892 31,892 31,892 31,892 31,892 31,892 31,892 31,892 31,892 31,892 31,892 31,892 31,892 31,892 31,892 31,892 31,892 31,892	Deverage	General		
Extracurricular Activities 290,932 Gifts and Donations 31,892 Property and Other Local Taxes 4,590,226 6,996 Miscellaneous 11,725,047 1,163,192 Expenditures: 11,725,047 1,163,192 Expenditures: 11,725,047 20,018 Instruction: 86,041 291,024 Special 623,174 291,024 Special 623,174 291,024 Vocational 623,174 291,024 Vocational 623,174 291,024 Vocational 623,498 8,661 Adult/Continuing 179,947 291,024 Other 179,947 279,317 Support services: 194,337 279,317 Pupils 646,568 8,962 Instructional Staff 994,337 279,317 Board of Education 132,150 30,47 Fiscal 255,082 8 Business 61,003 3,047 Pupil Transportation 537,357 2,183	Intergovernmental Interest Tuition and Fees	231,057 22,246	\$833,372	
Miscellaneous 68,136 6,996 Total Revenues 11,725,047 1,163,192 Expenditures: Instruction: Regular 5,836,518 86,041 Special 623,174 291,024 Vocational 236,498 41,520 Adult/Continuing 179,947 200 Other 179,947 200 Support services: 179,947 200 Instructional Staff 994,337 279,317 Board of Education 132,150 30 Administration 1,241,744 77,303 Fiscal 255,082 3 Business 61,008 3 Operation and Maintenance of Plant 996,390 3,047 Pupil Transportation 537,357 2,183 Central 3,704 3 Non-Instructional Services 279,477 253,494 Capital Outlay 20 253,494 Debt Service - Principal 2 2 Dett Service - Principal 2	Extracurricular Activities Gifts and Donations			
Instruction: Regular S.836,518 86,041 Special 623,174 291,024 Vocational 236,498 Adult/Continuing 1,520 Chter 179,947 Support services: Pupils 646,568 8,962 Instructional Staff 994,337 279,317 Board of Education 132,150 Administration 1,241,744 77,303 Fiscal 255,082 Business 61,008 Operation and Maintenance of Plant 956,390 3,047 Pupil Transportation 537,357 2,183 Central 3,704 Non-Instructional Services 279,477 253,494 Capital Outlay Debt Service - Principal Debt Service - Principal Debt Service - Principal Debt Service - Interest 11,983,954 1,107,729 Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures 11,978 Refund of Prior Year Expenditures 24,295 Refund of Prior Year Expenditures (85,382) Refund of Prior Year Expenditures (85,382) Refund of Prior Year Receipts (83,369) (50,063) Excess of Revenues and Other Financing Sources Over (Under) Expenditures (83,386) (83,386) Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (63,969) (50,063) Excess of Revenues and Other Financing Sources Over (Under) Expenditures (85,382) Refund of Prior Year Receipts (83,386) (83,386) (83,386) (83,386) (83,386) (83,386) (83,386) (83,386) (83,386) (83,386) (83,386) (83,386) (83,386) (83,386) (83,386) (83,386) (83,386) (83,386) (83,386) (83,386) (83,386) (83,386) (83,386) (83,386) (83,386) (83,386) (83,386) (83,386) (83,386) (83,386) (83,386) (83,386) (83,386) (83,386) (83,386) (83,386) (83,386) (83,386) (83,386) (83,386) (83,386) (83,386) (83,386) (83,386) (83,386) (83,386) (83,386) (83,386) (83,386) (83,386) (83,386) (83,386) (83,386) (83,386) (83,386) (83,386) (83,386) (83,386) (83,386) (83,386) (83,386) (83,386) (83,386) (83,386) (83,386) (83,386) (83,386) (83,386) (83,386) (83,386) (83,386) (83,386) (83,386) (83,386) (83,386) (83,386) (83,386) (83,386) (83,386) (83			6,996	
Regular S,836,518 86,041 Special 623,174 291,024 Vocational 236,498 Adult/Continuing 1,520 Other 179,947 Support services: 179,947 Support services: 179,947 Support services: 179,947 279,317 Board of Education 1,221,500 Administration 1,221,500 Administration 1,221,500 Administration 1,241,744 77,303 Fiscal 255,082 Business 61,008 Operation and Maintenance of Plant 956,390 3,047 Pupil Transportation 537,357 2,183 Central 3,704 Non-Instructional Services 104,838 Extracurricular activities 279,477 253,494 Capital Outlay Debt Service - Principal Debt Service - Interest 11,983,954 1,107,729 Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures 11,078 Refund of Prior Year Expenditures 11,078 Refund of Prior Year Expenditures 8,855 1,000 Other Financing Sources 1,480 9,000 Operating Transfers fu (85,382) Refund of Prior Year Expenditures (85,382) Refund of Prior Year Receipts (84,358) Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (63,969) 5,400 Excess of Revenues and Other Financing Sources Over (Under) Expenditures 3,22,876 5,400 Fund Balance at Beginning of Year 1,569,704 262,253 Condet Regular Support of Para Support of Support	Total Revenues	11,725,047	1,163,192	
Adult/Continuing Other 1,520 Other Other 179,947 Support services: 179,947 Pupils 646,568 8,962 Instructional Staff 994,337 279,317 Board of Education 132,150 4 Administration 1,241,744 77,303 Fiscal 255,082 8 Business 61,008 6 Operation and Maintenance of Plant 956,390 3,047 Pupil Transportation 537,357 2,183 Central 3,704 104,838 Extracurricular activities 279,477 253,494 Capital Outlay 24,295 4 Dett Service - Principal Debt Service - Principal Debt Service - Interest 11,983,954 1,107,729 Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures (258,907) 55,463 Other Financing Sources and Uses Operating Transfers In 24,295 Proceeds from Sale of Fixed Assets 11,078 24,295 Refund of Prior Year Expenditures 8,855 1,000 <	Instruction: Regular			
Pupils 646,568 8,962 Instructional Staff 994,337 279,317 Board of Education 132,150 Administration 1,241,744 77,303 Fiscal 255,082 Business 61,008 Operation and Maintenance of Plant 956,390 3,047 Pupil Transportation 537,357 2,183 Central 3,704 104,838 Extracurricular activities 279,477 253,494 Capital Outlay 279,477 253,494 Debt Service - Principal 24,295 279,477 253,494 Total Expenditures 11,983,954 1,107,729 253,494 24,295 24,295 24,295 24,295 24,295 24,295 24,295 24,295 24,295 24,295 24,295 24,295 24,295 24,295 24,295 24,295 24,295 24,295 24,295 24,295 24,295 24,295 24,295 24,295 24,295 24,295 24,295 24,295 24,295 24,295 24,295	Vocational Adult/Continuing Other	236,498		
Administration 1,241,744 77,303 Fiscal 255,082 8 Business 61,008	Pupils Instructional Staff	994,337		
Pupil Transportation Central 537,357 3,704 2,183 104,838 Non-Instructional Services 104,838 Extracurricular activities 279,477 253,494 Capital Outlay 253,494 Debt Service - Principal Debt Service - Interest	Administration Fiscal Business	1,241,744 255,082 61,008		
Extracurricular activities 279,477 253,494 Capital Outlay 253,494 Debt Service - Principal Debt Service - Interest 253,494 Total Expenditures 11,983,954 1,107,729 Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures (258,907) 55,463 Other Financing Sources and Uses 24,295 Operating Transfers In Proceeds from Sale of Fixed Assets 11,078 11,078 Refund of Prior Year Expenditures 8,855 1,000 Other Financing Sources 1,480 9,000 Operating Transfers Out (85,382) (84,358) Refund of Prior Year Receipts (84,358) (84,358) Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (63,969) (50,063) Excess of Revenues and Other Financing Uses (322,876) 5,400 Fund Balance at Beginning of Year 1,569,704 262,253	Pupil Transportation Central	537,357	2,183	
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures (258,907) 55,463 Other Financing Sources and Uses Operating Transfers In Proceeds from Sale of Fixed Assets 11,078 Refund of Prior Year Expenditures 8,855 1,000 Other Financing Sources 1,480 9,000 Operating Transfers Out Refund of Prior Year Receipts (85,382) (84,358) Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (63,969) (50,063) Excess of Revenues and Other Financing Sources Over (Under) Expenditures and Other Financing Uses (322,876) 5,400 Fund Balance at Beginning of Year 1,569,704 262,253	Extracurricular activities Capital Outlay Debt Service Debt Service - Principal	279,477		
Other Financing Sources and Uses Operating Transfers In Proceeds from Sale of Fixed Assets 11,078 Refund of Prior Year Expenditures 8,855 1,000 Other Financing Sources 1,480 9,000 Operating Transfers Out Refund of Prior Year Receipts (85,382) (84,358) Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (63,969) (50,063) Excess of Revenues and Other Financing Sources Over (Under) Expenditures and Other Financing Uses (322,876) 5,400 Fund Balance at Beginning of Year 1,569,704 262,253	Total Expenditures	11,983,954	1,107,729	
Operating Transfers In Proceeds from Sale of Fixed Assets 24,295 Proceeds from Sale of Fixed Assets 11,078 Refund of Prior Year Expenditures 8,855 1,000 Other Financing Sources 1,480 9,000 Operating Transfers Out Refund of Prior Year Receipts (85,382) (84,358) Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (63,969) (50,063) Excess of Revenues and Other Financing Sources Over (Under) Expenditures and Other Financing Uses (322,876) 5,400 Fund Balance at Beginning of Year 1,569,704 262,253	Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(258,907)	55,463	
Other Financing Sources 1,480 (85,382) 9,000 Operating Transfers Out Refund of Prior Year Receipts (85,382) (84,358) Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (63,969) (50,063) Excess of Revenues and Other Financing Sources Over (Under) Expenditures and Other Financing Uses (322,876) 5,400 Fund Balance at Beginning of Year 1,569,704 262,253	Operating Transfers In Proceeds from Sale of Fixed Assets	11,078	•	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (63,969) (50,063) Excess of Revenues and Other Financing Sources Over (Under) Expenditures and Other Financing Uses (322,876) 5,400 Fund Balance at Beginning of Year 1,569,704 262,253	Other Financing Sources Operating Transfers Out	1,480	9,000	
Excess of Revenues and Other Financing Sources Over (Under) Expenditures and Other Financing Uses (322,876) 5,400 Fund Balance at Beginning of Year 1,569,704 262,253	·	(63.969)		
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year 1,569,704 262,253	Excess of Revenues and Other Financing Sources Over		, , ,	
	, , ,			

Governmental Fund Types		Fiduciary Fund Types		
Debt Service	Capital Projects	Expendable Trust	Totals (Memorandum) Only)	
\$53,944	\$13,256		\$7,711,725 231,057 22,246 2,229 290,932 31,892	
641,666	125,092		5,356,984 75,132	
695,610	138,348		13,722,197	
	5,672		5,928,231 914,198 236,498 1,520 179,947	
642 14,319	111 2,628	\$500	655,530 1,273,654 132,150 1,319,800 272,029 61,008 959,437 539,540 3,704 105,338 532,971	
	149,468		149,468	
317,050 327,290			317,050 327,290	
659,301	157,879	500	13,909,363	
36,309	(19,531)	(500)	(187,166)	
17,738	(17,738)		42,033 11,078 9,855 10,480 (103,120) (84,358)	
17,738	(17,738)		(114,032)	
17,700	(17,700)		(117,002)	
54,047	(37,269)	(500)	(301,198)	
1,115,688	235,327	5,381	3,188,353	
\$1,169,735	\$198,058	\$4,881	\$2,887,155	

Combined Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) All Governmental and Similar Fiduciary Fund Types For the Year Ended June 30, 2000

	General		
Povemusev	Budget	Actual	Variance: Favorable (Unfavorable)
Revenues: Intergovernmental Interest Tuition and Fees Rent Extracurricular Activities	\$6,340,000 140,000	\$6,811,004 232,766 22,795 3,068	\$471,004 92,766 22,795 3,068
Gifts and Donations Property and Other Local Taxes Miscellaneous	4,603,523 30,000	4,201,234 67,792	(402,289) 37,792
Total Revenues	11,113,523	11,338,659	225,136
Expenditures: Current: Instruction: Regular Special Vocational Adult/Continuing Other Support services:	6,120,687 730,434 239,841 254,972	5,832,450 655,604 233,428 254,972	288,237 74,830 6,413
Pupils Instructional Staff Board of Education Administration Fiscal Business Operation and Maintenance of Plant Pupil Transportation Central Non-Instructional Services Extracurricular activities Capital Outlay Debt Service: Principal Interest	705,046 1,810,320 117,940 1,282,896 294,760 60,889 1,096,573 579,172 7,574 285,053	638,063 1,145,461 100,862 1,275,120 262,300 60,889 1,096,527 568,943 4,822 274,905	66,983 664,859 17,078 7,776 32,460 46 10,229 2,752
Total Expenditures	13,586,157	12,404,346	1,181,811
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(2,472,634)	(1,065,687)	1,406,947
Other Financing Sources and Uses Operating Transfers In Proceeds from Sale of Fixed Assets Refund of Prior Year Expenditures Advances In Other Financing Sources Operating Transfers Out Refund of Prior Year Receipts	(85,382)	11,078 6,645 21,000 1,480 (85,382)	11,078 6,645 21,000 1,480
Advances Out	(14,151)	(14,151)	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(99,533)	(59,330)	40,203
Excess of Revenues and Other Financing Sources Over (Under) Expenditures and Other Financing Uses	(2,572,167)	(1,125,017)	1,447,150
Fund Balances at Beginning of Year Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated	1,805,144 691,878	1,805,144 691,878	
Fund Balance at end of Year	(\$75,145)	\$1,372,005	\$1,447,150

	Debt Service			pecial Revenue	S
Variance: Favorable (Unfavorable)	Actual	Budget	Variance: Favorable (Unfavorable)	Actual	Budget
\$53,944	\$53,944		\$32,532	\$833,372	\$800,840
			81,576 10,812	292,753 31,892	211,177 21,080
(90,546	575,454	\$666,000			
(36,602	629,398	666,000	6,996 131,916	6,996 1,165,013	1,033,097
(30,002	029,390		131,910	1,100,013	1,033,097
			212,486 429,212	101,609 296,404	314,095 725,616
				4,870	4,870
			43,395 34,380	11,791 265,712	55,186 300,092
681	642 14,319	642 15,000	3,559	99,034	102,593
				3,047 2,183	3,047 2,183
			43,983 20,455	129,271 264,045	173,254 284,500
22,710	317,050 327,290	317,050 350,000			
23,391	659,301	682,692	787,470	1,177,966	1,965,436
(13,211	(29,903)	(16,692)	919,386	(12,953)	(932,339)
17,738	17,738		24,295	24,295	
			1,000	1,000	
			4,000	9,000	5,000
				(84,358)	(84,358)
17,738	17,738		29,295	(50,063)	(79,358)
4,527	(12,165)	(16,692)	948,681	(63,016)	(1,011,697)
	1,052,953	1,052,953		292,136 42,556	292,136 42,556
\$4,527	\$1,040,788	\$1,036,261	\$948,681	\$271,676	(\$677,005)

(Continued)

Combined Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) All Governmental and Similar Fiduciary Fund Types For the Year Ended June 30, 2000 (Continued) Capital Projects

	Capital Projects		
	Budget	Actual	Variance: Favorable (Unfavorable)
Revenues: Intergovernmental Interest Tuition and Fees Rent Extracurricular Activities	\$9,000	\$13,256	\$4,256
Gifts and Donations Property and Other Local Taxes Miscellaneous	110,000	113,792	3,792
Total Revenues	119,000	127,048	8,048
Expenditures: Current: Instruction: Regular Special Vocational Adult/Continuing Other Support services:	381,885	18,989	362,896
Pupils Instructional Staff Board of Education Administration Fiscal Business Operation and Maintenance of Plant Pupil Transportation Central Non-Instructional Services	111 2,700	111 2,628	72
Extracurricular activities Capital Outlay Debt Service: Principal Interest	187,982	176,035	11,947
Total Expenditures	572,678	197,763	374,915
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(453,678)	(70,715)	382,963
Other Financing Sources and Uses Operating Transfers In Proceeds from Sale of Fixed Assets Refund of Prior Year Expenditures Advances In Other Financing Sources Operating Transfers Out Refund of Prior Year Receipts	(18,000)	(17,738)	262
Advances Out Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(18,000)	(17,738)	262
Excess of Revenues and Other Financing Sources Over	(10,000)	(17,730)	
(Under) Expenditures and Other Financing Uses	(471,678)	(88,453)	383,225
Fund Balances at Beginning of Year Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated	195,449 62,790	195,449 62,790	
Fund Balance at end of Year	(\$213,439)	\$169,786	\$383,225

	Expendable Trust Variance:		Totals (Memorandum Only) Variance		
Budget	Actual	Favorable (Unfavorable)	Budget	Actual	Favorable (Unfavorable)
			\$7,149,840	\$7,711,576	\$561,736
			140,000	232,766	92,766
				22,795	22,79
			044.477	3,068	3,068
			211,177 21,080	292,753 31,892	81,576
			5,379,523	4,890,480	10,812 (489,043
			30,000	74,788	44,788
			12,931,620	13,260,118	328,498
			6,816,667	5,953,048	863,619
			1,456,050	952,008	504,042
			239,841	233,428	6,413
			4,870	4,870	
			254,972	254,972	
			760,232	649,854	110,37
			2,110,412	1,411,173	699,23
			117,940	100,862	17,07
			1,386,242	1,374,907	11,33
			312,460	279,247	33,21
			60,889	60,889	4
			1,099,620 581,355	1,099,574 571,126	40,22
			7,574	4,822	2,75
\$902	\$500	\$402	174,156	129,771	44,38
-	*	¥ · • =	569,553	538,950	30,60
			187,982	176,035	11,94
			317,050 350,000	317,050 327,290	22,710
902	500	402	16,807,865	14,439,876	2,367,989
(902)	(500)	402	(3,876,245)	(1,179,758)	2,696,48
				42,033	42,03
				11,078	11,07
				7,645	7,64
			F 000	21,000	21,00
			5,000	10,480	5,48
			(85,382) (102,358)	(85,382) (102,096)	26
			(14,151)	(14,151)	20.
			(196,891)	(109,393)	87,49
				(, , -)	0.700.00
(902)	(500)	402	(4,073,136)	(1,289,151)	2,783,98
(902) 5,381	(500) 5,381	402	(4,073,136) 3,351,063 797,224	(1,289,151) 3,351,063 797,224	2,783,98

Combined Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Equity All Proprietary and Similar Fiduciary Fund Types For the Year Ended June 30, 2000

	Proprietary Fund Types		Fiduciary Fund Types	
	Enterprise	Internal Service	Nonexpendable Trust	Totals (Memorandum Only)
Operating Revenues: Sales Charges for Services	\$464,696	\$7,133		\$464,696 7,133
Total Operating Revenues	464,696	7,133		471,829
Operating Expenses Salaries Fringe Benefits Purchased Services Materials and Supplies Depreciation Other	250,555 121,280 6,206 472,546 6,622	12,686 109,932		250,555 121,280 6,206 485,232 6,622 109,932
Total Operating Expenses	857,209	122,618		979,827
Operating Income (Loss)	(392,513)	(115,485)		(507,998)
Non-Operating Revenues and Expenses Federal Donated Commodities Federal and State Subsidies Other	64,878 253,043	98,059		64,878 253,043 98,059
Total Non-Operating Revenues and Expenses	317,921	98,059		415,980
Income (Loss) Before Operating Transfers Operating Transfers-In	(74,592) 61,087	(17,426)		(92,018) 61,087
Net Income (Loss)	(13,505)	(17,426)		(30,931)
Retained Earnings/Fund Balances at Beginning of Year	(142,982)	83,406	\$778	(58,798)
Retained Earnings/Fund Balances at End of Year	(156,487)	65,980	778	(89,729)
Contributed Capital at Beginning of Year	129,951			129,951
Contributed Capital at End of Year	129,951			129,951
Total Fund Equity at End of Year	(\$26,536)	\$65,980	\$778	\$40,222

Combined Statement Of Cash Flow All Proprietary And Similar Fiduciary Fund Types For The Year Ended June 30, 2000

	Proprietary Fund Types		Fiduciary Fund Type	
	Enterprise	Internal Service	Nonexpendable Trust	Totals (Memorandum Only)
Cash Flows from Operating Activities: Cash Received from Sales Cash Received from Charges for Services	\$465,337	\$7,393		\$465,337 7,393
Cash Payments to Suppliers for Goods and Service Cash Payments for Contract Services Cash Payments for Employee Services Cash Payments for Employee Benefits	(408,657) (6,206) (237,270) (127,626)	(12,686)		(408,657) (18,892) (237,270) (127,626)
Net Cash Used by Operating Activities	(314,422)	(5,293)		(319,715)
Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities: Operating Grants Received Transfers In Other Advances In Advances Out	253,043 61,087 12,004 (21,000)	98,059 2,147		253,043 61,087 98,059 14,151 (21,000)
Net Cash Provided by Noncapital Financing Activities	305,134	100,206		405,340
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities Payments for Capital Acquisitions	(2,074)	(62,700)		(64,774)
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Year	(11,362) 15,356	32,213 83,146	778	20,851 99,280
Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Year	\$3,994	\$115,359	\$778	\$120,131
Reconciliation of Operating Loss to Net Cash Used by Operating Activities:				
Operating Income (Loss)	(\$392,513)	(\$115,485)		(\$507,998)
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Loss to Net Cash Used by Operating Activities: Depreciation Donated Commodities Used During the Year Adjustments to Capital Outlay	6,622 64,878 499	109,932		6,622 64,878 110,431
(Increase) Decrease in Assets:	044	000		004
Accounts Receivable Material and Supplies Inventory Increase (Decrease) in Liabilities:	641 (1,642)	260		901 (1,642)
Compensated Absences Payable Intergovernmental Payable Deferred Revenue Accrued Wages and Benefits Accounts Payable	940 3,735 (1,686) 2,264 1,840			940 3,735 (1,686) 2,264 1,840
Total Adjustments	(\$314,422)	(\$5,293)		(\$319,715)
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities				
Reconciliation of Nonexpendable Trust Fund Cash Balan Cash and Cash Equivalents — Trust and Agency Funds Less: Expendable Trust Funds Less: Agency Funds	ce as of June 3	0, 2000:		\$13,247 (\$7,588) (4,881)
Cash and Cash Equivalents — Nonexpendable Trust Fun	ds			\$778

This page intentionally left blank.

NOTES TO THE GENERAL-PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30. 2000

NOTE 1 - DESCRIPTION OF THE DISTRICT AND REPORTING ENTITY

Willard City School District (the District) is organized under Article VI, Sections 2 and 3 of the Constitution of the State of Ohio. The District operates under a locally-elected Board form of government consisting of five members elected at-large for staggered four year terms. The District provides educational services as authorized by state statute and/or federal guidelines.

The District was established in 1961 through the consolidation of existing land areas and school districts. The District serves an area of approximately 90 square miles. It is located in Huron County, and includes the City of Willard, and the Villages of Plymouth, New Haven, and Steuben and portions of Richmond, Greenfield, Auburn, Norwich, and New Haven Townships. The District is the 226th largest in the State of Ohio (among 611 school districts) in terms of enrollment. It is staffed by 96 non-certificated employees and 155 certificated full-time teaching personnel, who provide services to 2,362 students and other community members. The District currently operates 6 instructional buildings and one garage.

Reporting Entity

The reporting entity is comprised of the primary government, component units, and other organizations that are included to insure that the financial statements of the District are not misleading. The primary government consists of all funds, departments, boards, and agencies that are not legally separate from the District. For the Willard City School District, this includes general operations, food service, and student related activities of the District.

Component units are legally separate organizations for which the District is financially accountable. The District is financially accountable for an organization if the District appoints a voting majority of the organization's governing board and (1) the District is able to significantly influence the programs or services performed or provided by the organization; or (2) the District is legally entitled to or can otherwise access the organization's resources; the District is legally obligated or has otherwise assumed the responsibility to finance the deficits of, or provide financial support to, the organization; or the District is obligated for the debt of the organization. Component units may also include organizations that are fiscally dependent on the District in that the District approves the budget, the issuance of debt, or the levying of taxes.

The following activities are included within the reporting entity:

Parochial Schools - Within the District boundaries, St. Francis Xavier Elementary School is operated through the Toledo Catholic Diocese; Celeryville Christian School is operated as a private school by the Celeryville Christian School and is governed by a board of six members. Current State legislation provides funding to these parochial schools. These monies are received and disbursed on behalf of the parochial schools by the Treasurer of the District, as directed by the parochial schools. The activity of these State monies by the District is reflected in a special revenue fund for financial reporting purposes.

The District is associated with five organizations, which are defined as jointly governed organizations, insurance purchasing pools, and a related organization. These organizations include the North Central Ohio Computer Cooperative, the Pioneer Joint Vocational School District, the Ohio School Boards Association Worker's Compensation Group Rating Plan, the Huron-Erie School Employee Welfare Benefit Association Plan and Trust Agreement, and the Willard Memorial Library. These organizations are presented in Notes 17, 18, 19, and 20 to the general-purpose financial statements.

NOTES TO THE GENERAL-PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2000 (Continued)

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of the Willard City School District have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The District also applies Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) statements and interpretations issued on or before November 30, 1989, to its proprietary activities provided they do not conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements. The more significant of the District's accounting policies are described below.

A. Basis Of Presentation - Fund Accounting

The District uses funds and account groups to report on its financial position and the results of its operations. Fund accounting is designed to demonstrate legal compliance and to aid financial management by segregating transactions related to certain District functions or activities.

A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts recording cash and other financial resources, together with all related liabilities and residual equities or balances, and changes therein, which are segregated for the purpose of carrying on specific activities or attaining certain objectives in accordance with special restrictions or limitations. An account group is a financial reporting device designed to provide accountability for certain assets and liabilities not recorded in the funds because they do not directly affect net available expendable resources.

For financial statement presentation purposes, the various funds of the District are grouped into the following generic fund types under the broad fund categories governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary.

1. Governmental Fund Types

Governmental funds are those through which most governmental functions of the District are financed. The acquisition, use, and balances of the District's expendable financial resources and the related current liabilities (except those accounted for in proprietary funds and trust funds) are accounted for through governmental funds. The following are the District's governmental fund types:

General Fund - The General Fund is the operating fund of the District and is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The General Fund balance is available to the District for any purpose provided it is expended or transferred according to the general laws of Ohio.

Special Revenue Funds - Special revenue funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than expendable trusts or major capital projects) that are legally restricted to expenditure for specified purposes.

Debt Service Fund - The debt service fund is used to account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, general long-term obligation principal, interest, and related costs.

Capital Projects Funds - The capital projects funds are used to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities (other than those financed by proprietary funds or trust funds).

NOTES TO THE GENERAL-PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2000 (Continued)

2. Proprietary Fund Types

Proprietary funds are used to account for the District's ongoing activities, which are similar to those found in the private sector. The following are the District's proprietary fund types:

Enterprise Funds - Enterprise funds are used to account for District activities that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises where the intent is that the costs (expenses, including depreciation) of providing goods or services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges or where it has been decided that periodic determination of revenues earned, expenses incurred, and/or net income is appropriate for capital maintenance, public policy, management control, accountability, or other purposes.

Internal Service Fund - Internal service fund is used to account for the financing of services provided by one department or agency to other departments or agencies of the District on a cost reimbursement basis.

3. Fiduciary Fund Types

Fiduciary funds are used to account for assets held by the District in a trustee capacity or as an agent for individuals, private organizations, other governmental units, and/or other funds. The District's fiduciary funds include expendable trust, nonexpendable trust, and agency funds. Expendable trust funds are accounted for in essentially the same manner as governmental funds. Nonexpendable trust funds are accounted for in essentially the same manner as proprietary funds. Agency funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations.

4. Account Groups

To make a clear distinction between fixed assets related to specific funds and those of general government, and between long-term liabilities related to specific funds and those of a general nature, the following account groups are used:

General Fixed Assets Account Group - This account group is established to account for all fixed assets of the District, other than those accounted for in the proprietary or trust funds.

General Long-Term Obligations Account Group - This account group is established to account for all long-term obligations of the District except those accounted for in the proprietary or trust funds.

B. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

The accounting and financial reporting treatment applied to a fund is determined by its measurement focus. All governmental fund types and expendable trust funds are accounted for using a flow of current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities are generally included on the balance sheet. Operating statements of these funds present increases (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and decreases (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) in net current assets.

NOTES TO THE GENERAL-PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2000 (Continued)

All proprietary funds and nonexpendable trust funds are accounted for on a flow of economic resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, all assets and all liabilities associated with the operation of these funds are included on the balance sheet. Fund equity (i.e., net total assets) is segregated into contributed capital and retained earnings components. Proprietary and nonexpendable trust fund operating statements present increases (i.e., revenues) and decreases (i.e., expenses) in net total assets.

Basis of accounting refers to when revenues and expenditures or expenses are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. Basis of accounting relates to the timing of the measurements made.

The modified accrual basis of accounting is followed for the governmental, expendable trust, and agency funds. Under this basis, revenues are recognized in the accounting period when they become both measurable and available. "Measurable" means the amount of the transaction can be determined and "available" means collectible within the current fiscal year or soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current fiscal year. The available period for the District is sixty days after fiscal year end.

In applying the susceptible to accrual concept under the modified accrual basis, the following revenue sources are deemed both measurable and available: interest, tuition, grants, and student fees.

The District reports deferred revenues on its combined balance sheet. Deferred revenues arise when potential revenue does not meet both the measurable and available criteria for recognition in the current period. In the subsequent period, when both revenue recognition criteria are met, the liability for deferred revenue is removed from the combined balance sheet and revenue is recognized. Property taxes measurable as of June 30, 2000, and delinquent property taxes, whose availability is indeterminable and which are intended to finance fiscal year 2001 operations, have been recorded as deferred revenue.

The measurement focus of governmental fund accounting is on decreases in net financial resources (expenditures) rather than expenses. Expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred, if measurable. Allocations of cost, such as depreciation and amortization, are not recognized in the governmental funds.

The accrual basis of accounting is utilized for reporting purposes by the proprietary fund types and the nonexpendable trust fund. Revenues are recognized in the accounting period in which they are earned, and expenses are recognized at the time they are incurred. The fair value of donated commodities used during the year is reported on the operating statement as an expense with a like amount reported as donated commodities revenue. Unused donated commodities are reported as deferred revenue.

C. Budgetary Process

The budgetary process is prescribed by provisions of the Ohio Revised Code and entails the preparation of budgetary documents within an established timetable. The major documents prepared are the tax budget, the certificate of estimated resources, and the appropriation resolution, all of which are prepared on the budgetary basis of accounting. The certificate of estimated resources and the appropriations resolution are subject to amendment throughout the year with the legal restriction that appropriations cannot exceed estimated resources, as certified.

NOTES TO THE GENERAL-PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2000 (Continued)

All funds, other than agency funds, are legally required to be budgeted and appropriated. The primary level of budgetary control is at the object level within each function. Any budgetary modifications at this level may only be made by resolution of the Board of Education.

Advances in and Advances out are not required to be budgeted since they represent a temporary cash flow resource and are intended to be repaid.

1. Tax Budget

Prior to January 15, the Superintendent and Treasurer submit to the Board of Education a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing the following July 1. The budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing for all funds. Public hearings are publicized and conducted to obtain taxpayers' comments. The express purpose of this budget document is to reflect the need for existing (or increased) tax rates.

By no later than January 20, the Board-adopted budget is filed with the Huron County Budget Commission for rate determination.

2. Estimated Resources

Prior to April 1, the Board of Education accepts, by formal resolution, the tax rates as determined by the County Budget Commission and receives the commission's certificate of estimated resources, which states the projected revenue of each fund. Prior to June 30, the District must revise its budget so that total contemplated expenditures from any fund during the ensuing year will not exceed the amount stated in the certificate of estimated resources. The revised budget then serves as the basis for the appropriation measure. On or about July 1, the certificate is amended to include any unencumbered cash balances from the preceding year. The certificate may be further amended during the year if projected increases or decreases in revenue are identified by the District Treasurer. The amounts reported in the budgetary statements reflect the amounts in the final amended certificate issued during fiscal year 2000.

3. Appropriations

Upon receipt from the County Auditor of an amended certificate of estimated resources based on final assessed values and tax rates or a certificate saying no new certificate is necessary, the annual appropriation resolution must be legally enacted by the Board of Education at the fund, function, and object level of expenditures, which are the legal levels of budgetary control. Prior to the passage of the annual appropriation measure, the Board may pass a temporary appropriation measure to meet the ordinary expenses of the District. The appropriation resolution, by fund, must be within the estimated resources as certified by the County Budget Commission and the total of expenditures and encumbrances may not exceed the appropriation totals at any level of control. Any revisions that alter the total of any fund appropriation, or alter total function appropriations within a fund, or alter object appropriations within functions, must be approved by the Board of Education.

The Board may pass supplemental fund appropriations so long as the total appropriations by fund do not exceed the amounts set forth in the most recent certificate of estimated resources. During the year, several supplemental appropriations were legally enacted; however, none of these amendments were significant.

NOTES TO THE GENERAL-PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2000 (Continued)

The budget figures, which appear in the statements of budgetary comparisons, represent the final appropriation amounts, including all supplemental appropriations. Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year for all funds other than agency funds, consistent with statutory provisions.

4. Encumbrances

As part of formal budgetary control, purchase orders, contracts, and other commitments for the expenditure of monies are recorded as the equivalent of expenditures on the non-GAAP budgetary basis in order to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation and to determine and maintain legal compliance. Expenditures plus encumbrances may not legally exceed appropriations. On the GAAP basis, encumbrances outstanding at fiscal year end are reported as a reservation of fund balance for subsequent-year expenditures for governmental funds.

5. Lapsing of Appropriations

At the close of each fiscal year, the unencumbered balance of each appropriation reverts to the respective fund from which it was appropriated and becomes subject to future appropriation. Encumbered appropriations are carried forward to the succeeding fiscal year and are not reappropriated.

D. Cash and Cash Equivalents

To improve cash management, all cash received by the District is pooled in a central bank account. Monies for all funds, including proprietary funds, are maintained in this account or temporarily used to purchase short-term investments. Individual fund integrity is maintained through District records. Each fund's interest in the pool is presented as "Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents" on the balance sheet. During fiscal year 1998, investments were limited to STAR Ohio and nonnegotiable certificates of deposit.

Except for nonparticipating investment contracts, investments are reported at fair value which is based on quoted market prices. Nonparticipating investment contracts such as nonnegotiable certificates of deposit are reported at cost.

The District has invested funds in the State Treasury Asset Reserve of Ohio (STAR Ohio) during fiscal year 1998. STAR Ohio is an investment pool managed by the State Treasurer's Office which allows governments within the State to pool their funds for investment purposes. STAR Ohio is not registered with the SEC as an investment company, but does operate in a manner consistent with Rule 2a7 of the Investment Company Act of 1940. Investments in STAR Ohio are valued at STAR Ohio's share price which is the price the investment could be sold for on June 30, 2000.

Following Ohio statutes, the Board of Education has, by resolution, specified the funds to receive an allocation of interest earnings. Interest revenue credited to the general fund during fiscal year 2000 amounted to \$231,057, which includes \$112,178 assigned from other School District funds.

For purposes of the combined statement of cash flows and for presentation on the combined balance sheet, investments of the cash management pool and investments with an original maturity of three months or less at the time they are purchased by the District are considered to be cash equivalents.

NOTES TO THE GENERAL-PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2000 (Continued)

E. Inventory

Inventories of governmental funds are stated at cost while inventories of proprietary funds are stated at the lower of cost or market. For all funds, cost is determined on a first-in, first-out basis. Inventory in governmental funds consists of expendable supplies held for consumption. The cost of inventory items is recorded as an expenditure in the governmental fund types when purchased. Reported material and supplies inventory is equally offset by a fund balance reserve in the governmental funds, which indicates that it does not constitute available expendable resources even though it is a component of net current assets. Inventories of proprietary funds consist of donated food, purchased food, and school supplies held for resale and are expensed when used.

F. Prepaid Items

Payments made to vendors for services that will benefit periods beyond June 30, 2000, are recorded as prepaid items using the consumption method. A current asset for the prepaid amount is recorded at the time of the purchase and an expenditure/expense is reported in the year in which services are consumed.

G. Fixed Assets and Depreciation

General fixed assets are not capitalized in the funds used to acquire or construct them. Instead, capital acquisition and construction costs are reflected as expenditures in governmental funds, and the related assets are reported in the general fixed assets account group. Fixed assets utilized in the proprietary funds are capitalized in the fund. All fixed assets are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost) and updated for additions and retirements during the year. Donated fixed assets are recorded at their fair market values as of the date received. The District maintains a capitalization threshold of five hundred dollars. The District does not have any infrastructure.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an asset's life are not capitalized. Improvements are capitalized. Improvements to fund fixed assets are depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related fixed assets.

Assets in the general fixed assets account group are not depreciated. Depreciation of furniture and equipment in the enterprise funds is computed using the straight-line method over an estimated useful life of five to twenty years.

H. Intergovernmental Revenues

For governmental funds, intergovernmental revenues, such as entitlements and grants awarded on a non-reimbursement basis, are recorded as receivables and revenues when measurable and available. Reimbursement type grants are recorded as receivables and revenues when the related expenditures are incurred. Other than commodities, grants and entitlements for proprietary fund operations are recognized as non-operating revenues in the accounting period in which they are earned and become measurable.

The District currently participates in several State and Federal programs, categorized as follows:

NOTES TO THE GENERAL-PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2000 (Continued)

Entitlements

General Fund
State Foundation Program
School Bus Purchase Reimbursement

Non-Reimbursable Grants

Special Revenue Funds

Auxiliary Services

Teacher Development

Early Childhood Development

Education Management Information Systems

Disadvantaged Pupil Impact Aid

Textbook and Instructional Material Subsidy

Ohio Reads

Data Communications

Title I: Instructional Programs for Migrant Children

Education for Economic Security Act

Title VI-B

Title I

Title VI

Drug-Free Schools

EHA Preschool Grants for the Handicapped

Capital Projects Funds

School Net

Technology Equity

Reimbursable Grants

General Fund

Driver Education

Proprietary Funds

National School Lunch Program National School Breakfast Program Government Donated Commodities

Grants and entitlements amounted to approximately 56 percent of the District's operating revenue during the 2000 fiscal year.

I. Interfund Assets/Liabilities

Short-term interfund loans are classified as "interfund receivables" and "interfund payables". Long-term interfund loans are classified as "advances to/from other funds" and are equally offset by a fund balance reserve account, which indicates that they do not constitute available expendable resources since they are not a component of net current assets.

NOTES TO THE GENERAL-PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2000 (Continued)

J. Compensated Absences

Vacation benefits are accrued as a liability as the benefits are earned if the employees' rights to receive compensation are attributable to services already rendered and it is probable that the District will compensate the employees for the benefits through paid time off or some other means. Sick leave benefits are accrued as a liability using the vesting method. The liability includes the employees who are currently eligible to receive termination benefits and those the District has identified as probable of receiving payment in the future. The amount is based on accumulated sick leave and employees' wage rates at fiscal year end, taking into consideration any limits specified in the District's termination policy.

For governmental funds, the District records a liability for accumulated unused vacation time when earned for all employees with more than one year of service. The District records a liability for accumulated unused sick leave for employees after 20 years of current service with the District, or after 15 years of service and at least 45 years of age, or after 5 years of service and at least 50 years of age. The current portion of unpaid compensated absences is the amount expected to be paid using available expendable resources. These amounts are recorded in the account "compensated absences payable" in the fund from which the employees who have accumulated unpaid leave are paid. The remainder is reported in the general long-term obligations account group. In proprietary funds, the entire amount of compensated absences is reported as a fund liability.

K. Accrued Liabilities and Long-Term Obligations

In general, governmental fund payables and accrued liabilities are reported as obligations of the funds regardless of whether they will be liquidated with current resources. However, compensated absences and contractually required pension contributions that will be paid from governmental funds are reported as a liability in the general long-term obligations account group to the extent that they will not be paid with current available expendable financial resources. Bonds, capital leases, and long-term loans are reported as a liability of the general long-term obligations account group until due.

Under Ohio law, a debt service fund must be created and used for the payment of tax and revenue anticipation notes. Generally accepted accounting principles require the reporting of the liability in the funds that received the proceeds. To comply with GAAP reporting requirements, the District's debt service fund has been split among the appropriate funds. Debt service fund resources used to pay both principal and interest have also been allocated accordingly.

L. Interfund Transactions

Quasi-external transactions are accounted for as revenues and expenditures or expenses. Transactions that constitute reimbursements to a fund for expenditures/expenses initially made from it that are properly applicable to another fund are recorded as expenditures/expenses in the reimbursing fund and as reductions of expenditures/expenses in the fund that is reimbursed.

Nonrecurring or nonroutine permanent transfers of equity are reported as residual equity transfers. All other interfund transfers are reported as operating transfers.

M. Restricted Assets

Restricted assets in the general fund represent cash and cash equivalents whose use is limited by legal requirements. Restricted assets include unexpended revenues restricted for amounts required by statute

NOTES TO THE GENERAL-PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2000 (Continued)

to be set-aside by the District to create a reserve for budget stabilization. See Note 21 for the calculation of the year-end restricted asset balance and the corresponding fund balance reserve.

N. Fund Balance Reserves

The District reserves those portions of fund equity which are legally segregated for a specific future use or which do not represent available expendable resources and therefore are not available for appropriation or expenditure. Unreserved fund balance indicates that portion of fund equity, which is available for appropriation in future periods. Fund equity reserves have been established for encumbrances, inventories, prepaid items, property taxes, budget stabilization, debt service, and advances.

The reserve for property taxes represents taxes recognized as revenue under generally accepted accounting principles but not available for appropriation under State statute. The reserve for budget stabilization represents money required to be set-aside by statute to protect against cyclical changes in revenues and expenditures.

O. Contributed Capital

Contributed capital represents resources from other funds, other governments, and private sources provided to proprietary funds that are not subject to repayment. These assets are recorded at their fair market value on the date donated. Depreciation on those assets acquired or constructed with contributed resources is expensed and closed to unreserved retained earnings at year end.

Because the District did not prepare financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles prior to fiscal year 1996, the exact amount of contributed capital cannot be determined. Consequently, only those amounts that have been specifically identified have been classified as contributed capital in the accompanying combined financial statements. All other fund equity amounts pertaining to proprietary funds have been classified as retained earnings.

P. Total Columns on General-Purpose Financial Statements

Total columns on the general-purpose financial statements are captioned "Totals - (Memorandum Only)" to indicate that they are presented only to facilitate financial analysis. Data in these columns do not present financial position, results of operations, or cash flows in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles. Neither is such data comparable to a consolidation. Interfund eliminations have not been made in the aggregation of this data.

NOTE 3 – CHANGES IN FINANCIAL STATEMENT PRESENTATION

Prior Period Adjustment

An adjustment was made to the financial statements to reclassify reported fund balances at June 30, 1999 in the Debt Service and Capital Project fund types.

	Dept Service	Capital Projects
Previously stated balance at June 30, 1999	\$1,162,239	\$188,776
Adjustment	(46,551)	46,551
Restated balance at July 1, 1999	\$1,115,688	\$235,327

NOTES TO THE GENERAL-PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2000 (Continued)

NOTE 4 - ACCOUNTABILITY AND COMPLIANCE

A. Accountability

At June 30, 2000, the Disadvantaged Pupil Impact Aid, Food Service, Uniform School Supplies, and AFLAC funds had deficit fund balances of \$19,024, \$14,777, \$11,759 and \$2,147, respectively, which were created by the application of generally accepted accounting principles. The General Fund provides transfers to cover deficit balances; however, this is done when cash is needed rather than when accruals occur.

B. Compliance

Numerous funds had appropriations in excess of estimated resources plus available balances for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2000.

NOTE 5 - BUDGETARY BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

While the District is reporting financial position, results of operations, and changes in fund balances on the basis of generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP), the budgetary basis as provided by law is based upon accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements, and encumbrances. The Combined Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual-All Governmental Fund Types are presented on the budgetary basis to provide a meaningful comparison of actual results with the budget. The major differences between the budget basis and GAAP basis are that:

- 1. Revenues are recorded when received in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when susceptible to accrual (GAAP basis).
- 2. Expenditures are recorded when paid in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when the liability is incurred (GAAP basis).
- 3. Encumbrances are treated as expenditures for all funds (budget basis) rather than as a reservation of fund balance for governmental fund types (GAAP basis).

The following tables summarize the adjustments necessary to reconcile the GAAP and budgetary basis statements by fund type.

Excess of Revenues and Other Financing Sources
Over (Under) Expenditures and Other Financing Uses
All Governmental Fund Types and Expendable Trust Fund

	Special		Capital	Expendable
General	Revenue	Debt Service	Projects	Trust
(\$1,125,017)	(\$63,016)	(\$12,165)	(\$88,453)	(\$500)
386,388	(1,821)	66,212	11,300	
(87,493)	(5,117)		25,729	
(4,639)	. ,			
507,885	75,354		14,155	
(\$322,876)	\$5,400	\$54,047	(\$37,269)	(\$500)
_	(\$1,125,017) 386,388 (87,493) (4,639) 507,885	(\$1,125,017) (\$63,016) 386,388 (1,821) (87,493) (5,117) (4,639) 507,885 75,354	(\$1,125,017) (\$63,016) (\$12,165) 386,388 (1,821) 66,212 (87,493) (5,117) (4,639) 75,354	(\$1,125,017) (\$63,016) (\$12,165) (\$88,453) 386,388 (1,821) 66,212 11,300 (87,493) (5,117) 25,729 (4,639) 75,354 14,155

NOTES TO THE GENERAL-PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2000 (Continued)

NOTE 6 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

State statutes classify monies held by the District into three categories.

Active deposits are public deposits necessary to meet current demands on the treasury. Such monies must be maintained either as cash in the District Treasury, in commercial accounts payable or withdrawable on demand, including negotiable order of withdrawal (NOW) accounts, or in money market deposit accounts.

Inactive deposits are public deposits that the Board of Education has identified as not required for use within the current two year period of designation of depositories. Inactive deposits must either be evidenced by certificates of deposit maturing not later than the end of the current period of designation of depositories, or by savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts.

Interim deposits are deposits of interim monies. Interim monies are those monies, which are not needed for immediate use but which will be needed before the end of the current period of designation of depositories. Interim deposits must be evidenced by time certificates of deposit maturing not more than one year from the date of deposit or by savings or deposit accounts including passbook accounts.

Protection of District's deposits is provided by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation, by eligible securities pledged by the financial institution as security for repayment, by surety company bonds deposited with the treasurer by the financial institution or by a single collateral pool established by the financial institution to secure the repayment of all public monies deposited with the institution.

Interim monies may be deposited or invested in the following securities:

- 1. United States Treasury Notes, Bills, Bonds, or other obligation or security issued by the United States Treasury or any other obligation guaranteed as to principal or interest by the United States;
- 2. Bonds, notes, debentures, or other obligations or securities issued by any federal government agency or instrumentality, including but not limited to, the Federal National Mortgage Association, Federal Home Loan Bank, Federal Farm Credit Bank, Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation, Government National Mortgage Association, and Student Loan Marketing Association. All federal agency securities shall be direct issuances of the federal government agencies or instrumentalities;
- Written repurchase agreements in the securities listed above provided that the market value of the securities subject to the repurchase agreement must exceed the principal value of the agreement by at least two percent and be marked to market daily, and that the term of the agreement must not exceed thirty days;
- 4. Bonds and other obligations of the State of Ohio:
- 5. No-load money market mutual funds consisting exclusively of obligations described in division (1) or (2) of this section and repurchase agreements secured by such obligations, provided that investments in securities described in this division are made only through eligible institutions;
- 6. The State Treasurer's investment pool (STAR Ohio); and
- 7. Certain bankers' acceptances and commercial paper notes for a period not to exceed one hundred eighty days in an amount not to exceed 25 percent of interim monies available for investment at any one time.

NOTES TO THE GENERAL-PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2000 (Continued)

Investments in stripped principal or interest obligations, reverse purchase agreements and derivatives are prohibited. The issuance of taxable notes for the purpose of arbitrage, the use of leverage and short selling are also prohibited. An investment must mature within five years from the date of purchase unless matched to a specific obligation or debt of the District, and must be purchased with the expectation that it will be held to maturity. Investments may only be made through specified dealers and institutions. Payment for investments may be made only upon delivery of the securities representing the investments to the treasurer or, if the securities are not represented by a certificate, upon receipt of confirmation of transfer from the custodian.

Funds invested by fiscal agents are determined by trust agreements and bond indentures. Like the cash invested by the District Treasurer, eligible investments include U.S. government obligations, U.S. government agencies, and certificate of deposit.

Any public depository, at the time it receives a District deposit or investment in a certificate of deposit, is required to pledge to the investing authority as collateral eligible securities of aggregate market value that, when added to the portion of the deposit insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or the Savings Association Fund, equals or exceeds the amount of District funds deposited.

A public depository may at its option pledge a single pool of eligible securities to secure the repayment of all public monies held by the depository. The pool of securities so pledged must have a current market value at least equal to 110 percent of all public monies on deposit with the depository including the amount covered by federal insurance.

At fiscal year end, the District had \$2,575 in undeposited cash on hand, which is included on the balance sheet of the District as part of "equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents".

The following information classifies deposits and investments by categories of risk as defined in GASB Statement 3, "Deposits with Financial Institutions, Investments and Reverse Repurchase Agreements".

Deposits: At fiscal year end, the carrying amount of the District's deposits was \$2,267,849 and the bank balance was \$2,379,506. Of the bank balance, \$200,000 was covered by federal depository insurance and \$2,179,506 was uninsured and uncollateralized. Although the securities serving as collateral were held by the pledging financial institution's trust department in the District's name and all State statutory requirements for the deposit of money had been followed, noncompliance with federal requirements would potentially subject the District to a successful claim by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation.

Investments: The District's investments are categorized below to give an indication of the level of risk assumed by the District at fiscal year end. Category 1 includes investments that are insured or registered or for which the securities are held by the District or its agent in the District's name. Category 2 includes uninsured and unregistered investments, which are held by the counterparty's trust department or agent in the District's name. Category 3 includes uninsured and unregistered investments for which the securities are held by the counterparty, or by its trust department or agent but not in the District's name. The District's investments in STAR Ohio, an investment pool operated by the Ohio State Treasurer, are unclassified investments since they are not evidenced by securities that exist in physical or book entry form.

	Reported	Fair
	Amount	Value
STAR Ohio	\$1,313,824	\$1,313,824

NOTES TO THE GENERAL-PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2000 (Continued)

NOTE 7 - PROPERTY TAXES

Property taxes are levied and assessed on a calendar year basis. Second half distributions occur in a new fiscal year. Property taxes include amounts levied against all real, public utility, and tangible personal (used in business) property located in the District. Real property taxes are levied after April 1 on the assessed value listed as of the prior January 1, the lien date. Public utility property taxes attached as a lien on December 31 of the prior year were levied April 1 and are collected with real property taxes. Assessed values for real property taxes are established by State law at 35 percent of appraised market value. All property is required to be revalued every six years. Public utility property taxes are assessed on tangible personal property at 88 percent of true value (with certain exceptions) and on real property at 35 percent of true value. Tangible personal property taxes are levied after April 1 on the value listed as of December 31 of the current year. Tangible personal property assessments are 25 percent of true value.

Real property taxes are payable annually or semi-annually. If paid annually, payment is due December 31; if paid semi-annually, the first payment is due December 31 with the remainder payable by June 20. Under certain circumstances, State statute permits alternate payment dates to be established.

Tangible personal property taxes paid by multi-county taxpayers are due September 20. Single county taxpayers may pay annually or semi-annually. If paid annually, payment is due April 30; if paid semi-annually, the first payment is due April 30, with the remainder payable by September 20.

The District receives property taxes from Huron County. The County Auditor periodically advances to the District its portion of the taxes collected. Second-half real property tax payments collected by the County by June 30, 2000, are available to finance fiscal year 2000 operations. The amount available to be advanced can vary based on the date the tax bills are sent.

Accrued property taxes receivable represents delinquent taxes outstanding and real property, tangible personal property, and public utility taxes, which became measurable as of June 30, 2000. Although total property tax collections for the next fiscal year are measurable, only the amount available as an advance at June 30 is intended to finance current fiscal year operations. The receivable is therefore offset by a credit to deferred revenue for that portion not intended to finance current year operations. The amount available as an advance at June 30, 2000, was \$764,599 in the General Fund, \$128,383 in the Bond Retirement Debt Service Fund and \$22,115 in the Permanent Improvement Capital Projects Fund.

The assessed values of real and tangible personal property upon which property tax revenues were based are as follows:

	1999 Second-Half Collections		2000 First-Half Collections	
	Amount	Amount Percent		Percent
Agricultural/Residential and Other Real Estate	\$113,036,410	65%	\$115,032,610	68%
Public Utility	12,447,610	7%	12,184,590	7%
Tangible Personal Property	48,190,130	28%	42,352,120	25%
Total Assessed Value	\$173,674,150	100%	\$169,569,320	100%
Tax rate per \$1,000 of assessed valuation	\$45.75		\$45.75	

NOTES TO THE GENERAL-PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2000 (Continued)

NOTE 8 - RECEIVABLES

Receivables at June 30, 2000, consisted of property taxes, accounts (rent, billings for user charged services, and student fees) and intergovernmental grants. All receivables are considered collectible in full due to the ability to foreclose for the nonpayment of taxes, the stable condition of State programs, and the current fiscal year guarantee of federal funds.

A summary of the principal items of receivables follows:

	Amounts
General Fund	
Taxes Receivable	\$4,663,892
Accounts Receivable	22,990
Special Revenue	
Accounts Receivable	73
Debt Service Fund	
Taxes Receivable	628,817
Accounts Receivable	564
Capital Project Funds	
Taxes Receivable	125,527
Accounts Receivable	90
Total Receivables	\$5,441,953

NOTE 9 – INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS

A reconciliation of the District's interfund receivables/payables for 2000 is as follows:

	Receivables	Payables
General Fund	\$14,151	
Enterprise Fund:		\$12,004
Internal Service Fund		2,147
Food Service	\$14,151	\$14,151

A reconciliation of the District's operating transfers for 2000 is as follows:

	Transfers In	Transfers Out
General Fund		\$85,382
Special Revenue Funds:		
Athletics	\$2,078	
DPITA	22,217	
Debt Service Fund	17,738	
Capital Projects Funds:		
Permanent Improvement		17,738
Enterprise Funds		
Food Service	61,087	
Totals	\$103,120	\$103,120

NOTES TO THE GENERAL-PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2000 (Continued)

NOTE 10 - FIXED ASSETS

A summary of the enterprise funds' fixed assets at June 30, 2000, follows:

Furniture and Equipment	\$142,607
Less: Accumulated Depreciation	(80,253)
Net Fixed Assets	\$62,354

A summary of the changes in general fixed assets during fiscal year 2000 follows:

	Balance at	A 1 1141	5	Balance at
Asset Category	6/30/99	Additions	Deletions	6/30/00
Land and Improvements	\$528,136	\$15,447		\$543,583
Buildings and Improvements	10,506,871	13,867		10,520,738
Furniture and Equipment	3,040,349	405,855	\$46,258	3,399,946
Vehicles	773,494	48,733		822,227
Construction in Progress		81,016		81,016
Totals	\$14,848,850	\$564,918	\$46,258	\$15,367,510

NOTE 11 - RISK MANAGEMENT

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft or damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. During fiscal year 2000, the District's insurance coverage was as follows:

Type of Coverage	Deductible	Liability Limit
Building and Contents-replacement cost	\$1,000	\$21,338,000
Inland Marine Coverage	250	163,000
Musical Instruments	1,000	250,000
Automobile Liability	250/500	1,000,000
Uninsured Motorists	250/500	1,000,000

Settled claims have not exceeded this commercial coverage in any of the past three years.

For fiscal year 2000, the District participated in the Ohio School Boards Association Workers' Compensation Group Rating Program (GRP), an insurance purchasing pool (Note 19). The intent of the GRP is to achieve the benefit of a reduced premium for the District by virtue of its grouping and representation with other participants in the GRP. The workers' compensation experience of the participating school districts is calculated as one experience and a common premium rate is applied to all school districts in the GRP. Each participant pays its workers' compensation premium to the State based on the rate for the GRP rather than its individual rate. Total savings are then calculated and each participant's individual performance is compared to the overall savings percentage of the GRP. A participant will then either receive money from or be required to contribute to the "Equity Pooling Fund". This "equity pooling" arrangement insures that each participant shares equally in the overall performance of the GRP. Participation in the GRP is limited to school districts that can meet the GRP's selection criteria. The firm of Gates McDonald & Co. provides administrative, cost control and actuarial services to the GRP.

NOTES TO THE GENERAL-PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2000 (Continued)

NOTE 12 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS

A. School Employees Retirement System

The Willard City School District contributes to the School Employees Retirement System of Ohio (SERS), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. SERS provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided by State per Chapter 3309 of the Ohio Revised Code. The School Employees Retirement System issues a publicly available, stand alone financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for SERS. The report may be obtained by writing to the School Employees Retirement System, 45 North Fourth Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215 or by calling (614)-222-5853.

Plan members are required to contribute 9 percent of their annual covered salary and the Willard City School District is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. The current rate is 14 percent of annual covered payroll. The contribution requirements of plan members and employers are established and may be amended, up to statutory maximum amounts, by the SERS' Retirement Board. The District's contributions to SERS for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2000, 1999, and 1998 were \$241,262, \$228,148 and \$206,628, respectively; 50 percent has been contributed for fiscal year 2000 and 100 percent for the fiscal years 1999 and 1998. \$121,380 representing the unpaid contribution for fiscal year 2000, is recorded as a liability within the respective funds and the general long-term obligations account group.

B. State Teachers Retirement System

The Willard City School District contributes to the State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio (STRS), a cost-sharing multiple employer public employee retirement system. The plan offers comprehensive health care benefits to retirees and their dependents. Coverage includes hospitalization, physicians' fees, prescription drugs and partial reimbursement of monthly Medicare premiums. Benefits are established by Chapter 3307, of the Ohio Revised Code. STRS issues a publicly available, standalone financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained by writing to the STRS, 275 East Broad Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215-3771, or by calling (614)-227-4090.

Contribution requirements and the contributions actually made for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2000 were 9.3 percent of covered payroll for members and 14 percent for employers. Contribution rates are established by the State Teachers Retirement Board, upon recommendations of its consulting actuary, not to exceed statutory maximum rates of 10 percent for members and 14 percent for employers. The District's required contributions for pension obligations to STRS for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2000, 1999, and 1998 were \$952,221, \$870,971, and \$805,489, respectively; 78 percent has been contributed for fiscal year 2000 and 100 percent for the fiscal years 1999 and 1998. \$207,042 representing the unpaid contribution for fiscal year 2000 is recorded as a liability within the respective funds.

C. Social Security System

Effective July 1, 1991, all employees not otherwise covered by the School Employees Retirement System or the State Teachers Retirement System have an option to choose Social Security or the School Employees Retirement System/State Teachers Retirement System. As of June 30, 2000, all

NOTES TO THE GENERAL-PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2000 (Continued)

members of the Board of Education have elected social security. The Board's liability is 6.2 percent of wages paid.

NOTE 13 - POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

The State Teachers Retirement System (STRS) provides comprehensive health care benefits to retirees and their dependents. Coverage includes hospitalization, physician fees, prescription drugs and reimbursement of monthly Medicare premiums. All benefit recipients and sponsored dependents are eligible for health care coverage. Pursuant to the Revised Code, the State Teachers Retirement Board has discretionary authority over how much, if any, of the health care costs will be absorbed by STRS. Most benefit recipients pay a portion of health care costs in the form of a monthly premium.

The Revised Code grants authority to STRS to provide health care coverage to benefit recipients, spouses and dependents. By Ohio law, the cost of the coverage paid from STRS funds shall be included in the employer contribution rate, currently at 14 percent of covered payroll.

The Retirement Board allocates employer contributions equal to 2 percent of covered payroll to the Health Care Reserve Fund from which health care benefits are paid. However, for the fiscal year ended June 30, 1999, the board allocated employer contributions equal to 8 percent of covered payroll to Health Care Reserve Fund. The balance in the Health Care Reserve Fund was \$2.783 billion on June 30, 1999. The Health Care Reserve Fund allocation for the year ended June 30, 2000 will be 8 percent of covered payroll.

For the year ended June 30, 1999, net health care costs paid by STRS were \$249,929,000. There were 95,796 eligible benefit recipients.

The Ohio Revised Code gives SERS the discretionary authority to provide postretirement health care to retirees and their dependents. Coverage is made available to service retirees with ten or more years of qualifying service credit, disability and survivor benefit recipients. Members retiring on or after August 1, 1989 with less than twenty-five years of service credit must pay a portion of their premium for health care. The portion is based on years of service up to a maximum of 75 percent of the premium.

After the allocation for the basic benefits, the remainder of the employer's 14 percent contribution is allocated to providing health care benefits. At June 30, 1999, the allocation rate is 6.30 percent. In addition, SERS levies a surcharge to fund health care benefits equal to 14 percent of the difference between a minimum pay and the member's pay, pro-rated for partial service credit. For fiscal 1999, the minimum pay has been established as \$12,400. The surcharge, added to the unallocated portion of the 14 percent employer contribution rate, provides for maintenance of the asset target level for the health care fund.

Health care benefits are financed on a pay-as-you-go basis. The target level for the health care reserve is 150 percent of annual health care expenses. Expenses for health care at June 30, 1999 were \$126,380,984 and the target level was \$189.6 million. At June 30, 1999, the Retirement System's net assets available for payment of health care benefits were \$188.0 million. The number of participants currently receiving health care benefits is approximately 51,000.

The portion of your employer contributions that were used to fund postemployment benefits can be determined by multiplying actual employer contributions times .450, then adding the surcharge due as of June 30, 2000, as certified to your district by SERS.

NOTES TO THE GENERAL-PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2000 (Continued)

NOTE 14 - EMPLOYEE BENEFITS

A. Compensated Absences

The criteria for determining vacation and sick leave components are derived from negotiated agreements and State laws. Classified employees earn ten to twenty days of vacation per fiscal year, depending upon length of service. Accumulated, unused vacation time is paid to classified employees and administrators upon termination of employment. Teachers do not earn vacation time.

Teachers, administrators, and classified employees earn sick leave at the rate of one and one-fourth days per month. Sick leave may be accumulated up to a maximum of 260 days for all personnel. Upon retirement, payment is made for one-fourth of accrued, but unused sick leave credit for all employees.

B. Life Insurance

The District provides life insurance and accidental death and dismemberment insurance to most employees through the National Term Life Insurance Company.

NOTE 15 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

The changes in the District's long-term obligations during fiscal year 2000 were as follows:

	Balance at 07/01/99	Additions	Deductions	Balance at 06/30/00
High School Addition	\$450,000		\$45,000	\$405,000
Remodel High School and Elementary School	935,000		95,000	840,000
Library Improvement	235,000		110,000	125,000
Elementary School Renovation	3,265,000		50,000	3,215,000
EPA Asbestos Loan	62,672		8,356	54,316
Energy Conservation Loan	17,050		17,050	
Long-Term Bonds and Notes Payable	4,964,722		325,406	4,639,316
Pension Obligation	77,177	\$6,924		84,101
Compensated Absences	782,795		9,478	773,317
Total Long-Term Obligations	\$5,824,694	\$6,924	\$334,884	\$5,496,734

Compensated absences and the pension obligation will be paid from the fund from which the employees' salaries are paid. All debt is collateralized solely by the District's taxing authority.

The District's voted legal debt margin was \$10,676,239 with an unvoted debt margin of \$169,569 at June 30, 2000.

Principal and interest requirements to retire general obligation debt, including notes outstanding at June 30, 2000, are as follows:

NOTES TO THE GENERAL-PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2000 (Continued)

Fiscal year	5		
Ending June 30,	Principal	Interest	Total
2001	\$333,356	\$306,280	\$639,636
2002	218,356	284,527	502,883
2003	228,356	268,687	497,043
2004	238,356	252,238	490,594
2005	248,356	235,158	483,514
2006-2010	1,167,536	911,450	2,078,986
2011-2015	905,000	564,181	1,469,181
2016-2020	1,300,000	204,000	1,504,000
Total	\$4,639,316	\$3,026,521	\$7,665,837

NOTE 16 - SEGMENT INFORMATION FOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS

The District maintains two enterprise funds to account for the operations of food service and uniform school supplies. The table below reflects the more significant financial data relating to the enterprise funds of the Willard City School District as of and for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2000.

	Food Service	Uniform School Supplies	Total Enterprise Funds
Operating Revenues	\$414,665	\$50,031	\$464,696
Depreciation Expense	6,622		6,622
Operating (Loss)	(368,546)	(23,967)	(392,513)
Donated Commodities	64,878		64,878
Grants	253,043		253,043
Transfers In	61,087		61,087
Net Income (Loss)	10,462	(23,967)	(13,505)
Net Working Capital	(77,131)	(11,759)	(88,890)
Total Assets	99,011	245	99,256
Total Liabilities	113,788	12,004	125,792
Total Equity	(14,777)	(11,759)	(26,536)

NOTE 17 - JOINT VENTURE WITHOUT EQUITY INTEREST

North Central Ohio Computer Cooperative - The North Central Ohio Computer Cooperative (NCOCC) is a governmental joint venture consisting of 21 school districts and 3 county boards of education. The joint venture was formed for the purpose of applying modern technology with the aid of computers and other electronic equipment to the administrative and instructional functions among member districts. Each of the governments of these schools supports NCOCC based upon a per pupil charge dependent upon the software package utilized. In the event of dissolution of the organization, all current members will share in the net obligations or asset liquidation in a ratio proportionate to their last twelve months financial obligations. NCOCC is governed by a Board of Directors consisting of superintendents of the member school districts. The degree of control exercised by any participating school district is limited to its representation on the Board. In accordance with GASB Statement No. 14, the District does not have an

NOTES TO THE GENERAL-PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2000 (Continued)

equity interest in NCOCC as the residual interest in the net resources of a joint venture upon dissolution is not equivalent to an equity interest. Financial information can be obtained from Jerry Payne, who serves at the Treasurer, at P. O. Box 309, 27 Ryan Road, Shelby, Ohio 44875.

NOTE 18 - JOINTLY GOVERNED ORGANIZATIONS

Pioneer Joint Vocational School District - The Pioneer Joint Vocational School District is a distinct political subdivision of the State of Ohio operated under the direction of a Board consisting of one representative from each participating school districts' elected boards, which possesses its own budgeting and taxing authority. To obtain financial information write to the Pioneer Joint Vocational School District, Jerry A. Payne, who serves as Treasurer, at P. O. Box 309, 27 Ryan Road, Shelby, Ohio 44875.

NOTE 19 - INSURANCE PURCHASING POOLS

Ohio School Boards Association Workers' Compensation Group Rating Plan - The District participates in the Ohio School Boards Association Workers' Compensation Group Rating Program (GRP), an insurance purchasing pool. The GRP's business and affairs are conducted by a three member Board of Directors consisting of the President, the President-Elect and the Immediate Past President of the OSBA. The Executive Director of the OSBA, or his designee, serves as coordinator of the program. Each year, the participating school districts pay an enrollment fee to the GRP to cover the costs of administering the program.

The intent of the GRP is to achieve the benefit of a reduced premium for the District by virtue of its grouping and representation with other participants in the GRP. The workers compensation experience of the participating school districts is calculated as one experience and a common premium rate is applied to all school districts in the GRP. Each participant pays its workers' compensation premium to the State based on the rate for the GRP rather than its individual rate. Total savings are then calculated and each participant's individual performance is compared to the overall savings percentage of the GRP. A participant will then either receive money from or be required to contribute to the "Equity Pooling Fund". This "equity pooling" arrangement insures that each participant shares equally in the overall performance of the GRP. Participation in the GRP is limited to school districts that can meet the GRP's selection criteria. The firm of GatesMcDonald & Co. provides administrative, cost control and actuarial services to the GRP.

Huron-Erie School Employee Welfare Benefit Association Plan and Trust Agreement - The District participates in the Huron-Erie School Employee Welfare Benefit Association Plan and Trust Agreement (the Plan), an insurance purchasing pool. The Plan's business and affairs are conducted by a Board of Trustees consisting of the current Superintendent of each of the thirteen school districts and county boards of education in the Plan.

NOTE 20 - RELATED ORGANIZATION

Willard Memorial Library - The Willard Memorial Library is a distinct political subdivision of the State of Ohio created under Chapter 3375 of the Ohio Revised Code. The Library is governed by a Board of Trustees appointed by the Willard City School District Board of Education. The Board of Trustees possesses its own contracting and budgeting authority, hires and fires personnel and does not depend on the District for operational subsidies. Although the District does serve as the taxing authority and may issue tax related debt on behalf of the Library, its role is limited to a ministerial function. The determination to request approval of a tax, the rate and the purpose are discretionary decisions made solely by the Board of Trustees. Financial information can be obtained from the Willard Memorial Library, Florence Shreve, Treasurer, at 3915 Center Street, New Haven, Ohio 44850.

NOTES TO THE GENERAL-PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2000 (Continued)

NOTE 21 - SET-ASIDE CALCULATIONS AND FUND RESERVES

The District is required by State statute to annually set aside in the general fund an amount based on a statutory formula for the purchase of textbooks and other instructional materials and an equal amount for the acquisition and construction of capital improvements. Amounts not spent by year-end or offset by similarly restricted resources received during the year must be held in cash at year-end and carried forward to be used for the same purposes in future years. The District is also required to set aside money for budget stabilization.

The following cash basis information describes the change in the year-end set-aside amounts for textbooks, capital acquisition, and budget stabilization. Disclosure of this information is required by State statute.

	Textbooks	Capital Acquisition	Budget Stabilization	Totals
Set-aside Cash Balance as of June 30, 1999			\$73,709	\$73,709
Current Year Set-aside Requirement	\$148,698	\$148,698		297,396
Current Year Offsets				
Qualifying Disbursements	(406,576)	(148,698)		(297,396)
Total	(257,878)		\$73,709	_
Cash Balance Carried Forward to FY 2001			\$73,709	\$73,709
Total Restricted Assets				\$73,709

Although the District had offsets and qualifying disbursements during the year that reduced the Capital Acquisition set-aside amounts to below zero, the extra amount may not be used to reduce the set-aside requirement of future years.

NOTE 22 - CHANGES IN CONTRIBUTED CAPITAL

Changes in contributed capital for the year ended June 30, 2000, are summarized by source as follows:

	Food Service
Contributed Capital, July 1, 1999	\$129,951
Current Contributions	
Contributed Capital, June 30, 2000	\$129,951

NOTE 23 - CONTINGENCIES

Grants

The District received financial assistance from federal and state agencies in the form of grants. The expenditure of funds received under these programs generally requires compliance with terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements and are subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims resulting from such audits could become a liability of the General Fund or other applicable funds. However,

NOTES TO THE GENERAL-PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2000 (Continued)

in the opinion of management, any such disallowed claims will not have a material adverse effect on the overall financial position of the District at June 30, 2000.

NOTE 24 – STATE SCHOOL FUNDING DECISION

On March 24, 1997, the Ohio Supreme Court rendered a decision declaring certain portions of the Ohio school funding plan unconstitutional. The Court stayed the effect of its ruling for one year to allow the State's legislature to design a plan to remedy the perceived defects in the system. Declared unconstitutional was the State's "school foundation program," which provides significant amounts of monetary support to the District. During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2000, the District received \$6,413,002 of school foundation support for its general fund.

Since the Supreme Court ruling, numerous pieces of legislation have been passed by the State General Assembly in an attempt to address the issues identified by the Court. The Court of Common Pleas in Perry County reviewed the new laws and, in a decision issued on February 26, 1999, determined they are not sufficiently responsive to the constitutional issues raised under the "thorough and efficient" clause of the Ohio Constitution. The State appealed the decision made by the Court of Common Pleas to the Ohio Supreme Court. On May 11, 2000, the Ohio Supreme Court rendered an opinion on this issue. The Court concluded, "the mandate of the Ohio Constitution has not been fulfilled." The Court's majority recognized efforts by the Ohio General Assembly taken in response to the Court's March 24. 1997, decision, however, it found seven "major areas warrant further attention, study, and development by the General Assembly," including the State's reliance on local property tax funding, the state's basic aid formula, the school foundation program, as discussed above, the mechanism for, and adequacy of, funding for school facilities, and the existence of the State's School Solvency Assistance Fund, which the Court found took the place of the unconstitutional emergency school loan assistance program.

The Court decided to maintain jurisdiction over these issues and continued the case at least until June 15, 2001.

As of the date of these financial statements, the District is unable to determine what effect, if any, this ongoing litigation will have on its future State funding under this program and on its financial operations.

This page intentionally left blank.

This page intentionally left blank.

SCHEDULE OF FEDERAL AWARDS EXPENDITURES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2000

FEDERAL GRANTOR Pass Through Grantor Program Title	Pass Through Entity Number	Federal CFDA Number
UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE Passed Through Ohio Department of Education:		
Nutrition Cluster: Food Distribution Program National School Lunch Program School Breakfast Program	N/A 045096 04-PU 045096 05-PU	10.550 10.555 10.553
Total Department of Agriculture - Nutrition Cluster		
UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION Passed Through Ohio Department of Education:		
Special Education Cluster:		
Special Education Grants to States (IDEA Part B) Special Education - Preschool Grant Total Special Education Cluster	045096 6B-SF 045096 PG-S1	84.027 84.173
Vocational Travel Reimbursement Vocational Consumer and Homemaker Migrant Education Basis State Grant Program Grants to Local Educational Agencies (ESEA Title I) Eisenhower Professional Development State Grant Innovative Educational Program Strategies Drug-Free Schools Grant Title VI-R Class Size Reduction	N/A N/A 045096 MG-S1 045096 C1-S1 045096 MS-S1 045096 C2-S1 045096 DR-S1	84.048 84.049 84.011 84.010 84.281 84.298 84.186 84.340

Total Department of Education

Totals

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this schedule.

	Non-Cash		Non-Cash
Receipts	Receipts	Disbursements	Disbursements
	\$62,719		\$64,404
\$221,646		\$221,646	
17,674		17,674	
239,320	62,719	239,320	64,404
255,520	02,713	200,020	04,404
106,500		114,827	
121,742		15,453	
228,242		130,280	
515		515	
79		79	
85,557		80,532	
231,226		235,439	
3,274		20,582	
9,808		9,355	
15,718		16,682	
38,826		24,131	
613,245		517,595	
013,243		317,393	
\$852,565	\$62,719	\$756,915	\$64,404

NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF FEDERAL AWARDS EXPENDITURES JUNE 30, 2000

NOTE A – SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accompanying Schedule of Federal Awards Expenditures (the Schedule) summarizes activity of the School District's federal award programs. The schedule has been prepared on the cash basis of accounting.

NOTE B - FOOD DISTRIBUTION

Non-monetary assistance, such as food received from the U.S. Department of Agriculture, is reported in the Schedule at the fair market value of the commodities received and consumed. Cash receipts from the U.S. Department of Agriculture are commingled with State grants. It is assumed federal monies are expended first. At June 30, 2000, the District had no significant food commodities in inventory.

NOTE C – ASBESTOS ABATEMENT LOAN

The School District received an Asbestos Abatement Loan (CFDA# 66.200) from the Environmental Protection Agency. As of June 30, 2000, the loan balance was \$54,316. Other than repayment of the obligation, there are no continuing compliance requirements. This obligation has not been included in the Schedule of Federal Awards Expenditures.

NOTE D - MATCHING REQUIREMENTS

Certain Federal programs require that the School District contribute non-Federal funds (matching funds) to support the Federally-funded programs. The School District has complied with the matching requirements. The expenditure of non-Federal matching funds is not included on the Schedule.



One Government Center Room 1420 Toledo, Ohio 43604-2246 Telephone 419-245-2811

Facsimile 419-245-2484 www.auditor.state.oh.us

800-443-9276

REPORT OF INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS ON COMPLIANCE AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL REQUIRED BY GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Willard City School District Huron County 955 South Main Street P.O. Box 150 Willard, Ohio 44890-0150

To the Board of Education:

We have audited the financial statements of Willard City School District as of and for the year ended June 30, 2000, and have issued our report thereon dated December 19, 2000. We conducted our audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Compliance

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Willard City School District's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grants, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed an instance of noncompliance that is required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards* which is described in the accompanying schedule of findings as item 2000-10539-001. We also noted certain immaterial instances of noncompliance that we have reported to the management of the District in a separate letter dated December 19, 2000.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements and not to provide assurance on the internal control over financial reporting. However, we noted a certain matter involving the internal control over financial reporting and its operation that we consider to be a reportable condition. Reportable conditions involve matters coming to our attention relating to significant deficiencies in the design or operation of the internal control over financial reporting that, in our judgment, could adversely affect the District's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial data consistent with the assertions of management in the financial statements. The reportable condition is described in the accompanying schedule of findings as item 2000-10539-001. We also noted a certain matter involving the internal control over financial reporting that does not require inclusion in this report, that we have reported to management of the District in a separate letter dated December 19, 2000.

Willard City School District Huron County Report of Independent Accountants on Compliance and on Internal Control Required by *Government Auditing Standards* Page 2

A material weakness is a condition in which the design or operation of one or more of the internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that misstatements in amounts that would be material in relation to the financial statements being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions. Our consideration of the internal control over financial reporting would not necessarily disclose all matters in the internal control that might be reportable conditions and, accordingly, would not necessarily disclose all reportable conditions that are also considered to be material weaknesses. However, we do not consider the reportable condition described above to be a material weakness.

This report is intended for the information and use of the audit committee, management, the Board of Education, federal awarding agencies, and pass-through entities, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Jim Petro Auditor of State

December 19, 2000



One Government Center Room 1420 Toledo, Ohio 43604-2246

Telephone 419-245-2811 800-443-9276 Facsimile 419-245-2484 www.auditor.state.oh.us

REPORT OF INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS ON COMPLIANCE WITH REQUIREMENTS APPLICABLE TO THE MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE IN ACCORDANCE WITH OMB CIRCULAR A-133

Willard City School District Huron County 955 South Main Street P.O. Box 150 Willard, Ohio 44890-0150

To the Board of Education:

Compliance

We have audited the compliance of Willard City School District, Huron County, (the District) with the types of compliance requirements described in the *U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Circular A-133, Compliance Supplement* that are applicable to each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2000. The District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings. Compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts and grants applicable to each of its major federal programs is the responsibility of the District's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the District's compliance based on our audit.

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. Those standards and OMB Circular A-133 require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance occurred with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our audit does not provide a legal determination on the District's compliance with those requirements.

In our opinion, the District complied, in all material respects, with the requirements referred to above that are applicable to its major federal program for the year ended June 30, 2000.

Internal Control Over Compliance

The management of the District is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with requirements of laws, regulations, contracts and grants applicable to federal programs. In planning and performing our audit, we considered the District's internal control over compliance with requirements that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on compliance and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with OMB Circular A-133.

Willard City School District
Huron County
Report of Independent Accountants on Compliance with Requirements
Applicable to the Major Federal Program and Internal Control Over
Compliance in Accordance with OMB Circular A-133
Page 2

Our consideration of the internal control over compliance would not necessarily disclose all matters in the internal control that might be material weaknesses. A material weakness is a condition in which the design or operation of one or more of the internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that noncompliance with applicable requirements of laws, regulations, contracts and grants that would be material in relation to a major federal program being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions. We noted no matters involving the internal control over compliance and its operation that we consider to be material weaknesses.

This report is intended for the information and use of the audit committee, management, the Board of Education, federal awarding agencies, and pass-through entities, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Jim Petro Auditor of State

December 19, 2000

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS OMB CIRCULAR A -133 § .505 JUNE 30, 2000

1. SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

(d)(1)(i)	Type of Financial Statement Opinion	Unqualified
(d)(1)(ii)	Were there any material control weakness conditions reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
(d)(1)(ii)	Were there any other reportable control weakness conditions reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	Yes
(d)(1)(iii)	Was there any reported material noncompliance at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	Yes
(d)(1)(iv)	Were there any material internal control weakness conditions reported for major federal programs?	No
(d)(1)(iv)	Were there any other reportable internal control weakness conditions reported for major federal programs?	No
(d)(1)(v)	Type of Major Programs' Compliance Opinion	Unqualified
(d)(1)(vi)	Are there any reportable findings under §.510?	No
(d)(1)(vii)	Major Programs (list):	Title I - CFDA # 84.010
(d)(1)(viii)	Dollar Threshold: Type A\B Programs	Type A: > \$ 300,000 Type B: all others
(d)(1)(ix)	Low Risk Auditee?	Yes

2. FINDINGS RELATED TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS

FINDING NUMBER 2000-10539-001

Noncompliance Citation

Ohio Revised Code § 5705.39 provides that appropriations from each fund shall not exceed the estimated revenue available for expenditure as certified by the budget commission. The funds below were found to have appropriations in excess of the amount certified as available by the budget commission for fiscal year 2000.

Willard City School District Huron County Schedule of Findings Page 2

FINDING NUMBER 2000-10539-001 (Continued)

		Amended	
Fund Type	Appropriations	Certificate	Variance
Special Revenue Funds:			
Teacher Development Grant Fund	\$15,898	\$15,370	(\$528)
DPIA Fund	201,568	107,724	(93,844)
Migrant Grant Fund	111,066	85,858	(25,208)
Title VI-B Fund	271,344	127,026	(144,318)
Title I Fund	698,806	99,655	(599,151)
Title VI Fund	18,966	1,259	(17,707)
Drug Free Schools Grant Fund	23,570	10,620	(12,950)
Preschool Grant Fund	31,425	4,721	(26,704)
CIP Grant Fund	25,010	8,980	(16,030)
Titus and Jennings Grant Fund	22,176	9,241	(12,935)
Capital Projects Fund:			
School Net Plus Fund	364,348	135,536	(228,812)
Enterprise Funds:			
Food Service Fund	731,211	649,124	(82,087)
Uniform School Fund	742,420	62,242	(680,178)
Internal Service Fund:			
AFLAC Fund	17,146	10,395	(6,751)
Agency Fund:			
Student Managed Activities Fund	70,371	52,733	(17,638)

The following funds had actual receipts that were not sufficient to permit the District to obtain an amended certificate of estimated resources greater than or equal to the appropriations adopted: Teacher Development Fund, DPIA Fund, Migrant Fund, Title VI-B Fund, Title 1 Fund, Drug Free Schools Grant Fund, Preschool Grant Fund, Titus and Jennings Grant Funds, School Net Plus Fund, Uniform School Supply Fund, AFLAC Fund, and Student Managed Activities Fund.

This situation could allow the District to overspend its funds if appropriations are not limited by the amended certificate. We recommend appropriation measures be compared to the latest amended certificate of estimated resources and appropriation modifications be made prior to submitting it to the County Auditor. In addition, the District should request a certificate from the County Auditor for each appropriation measure.

3. FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR FEDERAL AWARDS

None.



88 East Broad Street P.O. Box 1140 Columbus, Ohio 43216-1140

Telephone 614-466-4514

800-282-0370

Facsimile 614-466-4490

WILLARD CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT HURON COUNTY

CLERK'S CERTIFICATION

This is a true and correct copy of the report which is required to be filed in the Office of the Auditor of State pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in Columbus, Ohio.

CLERK OF THE BUREAU

Susan Babbitt

CERTIFIED JANUARY 16, 2001