# AUDITOR

## WOODMORE LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT SANDUSKY COUNTY

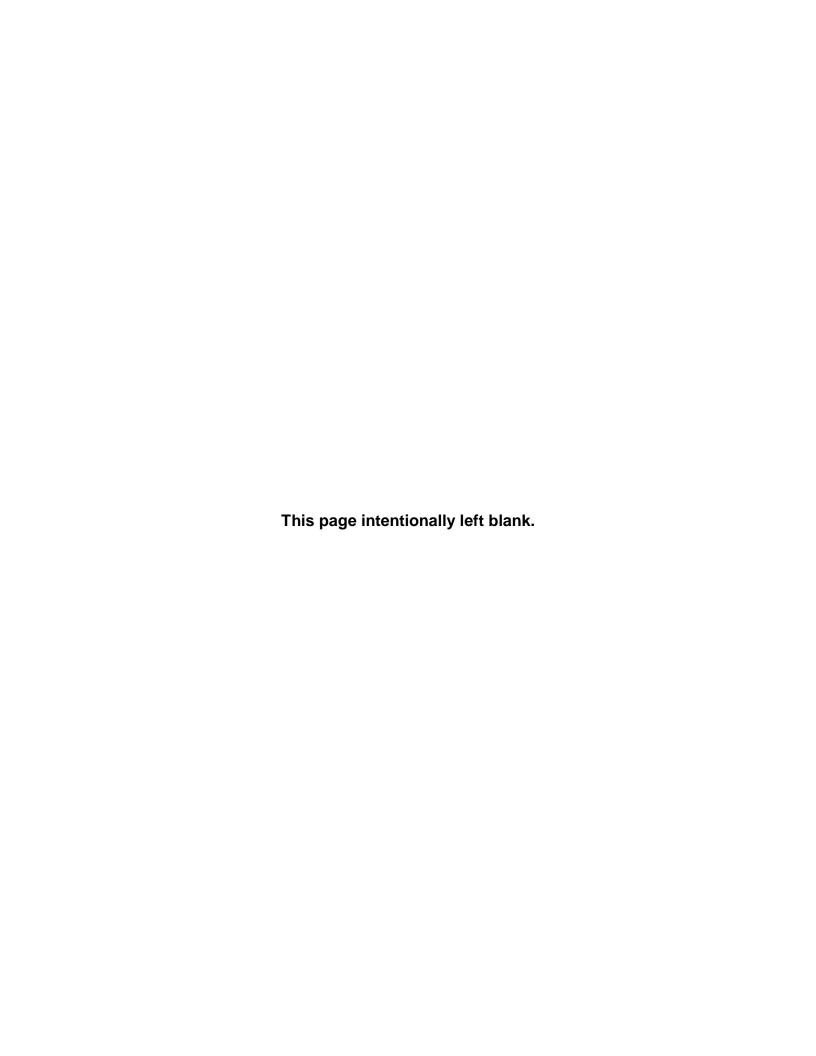
SINGLE AUDIT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2000



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#### REPORT OF INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS

Woodmore Local School District Sandusky County 708 West Main Street Woodville, Ohio 43469–1099

#### To the Board of Education:

We have audited the accompanying general-purpose financial statements of Woodmore Local School District, Sandusky County, (the District) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2000, as listed in the table of contents. These general-purpose financial statements are the responsibility of the District's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these general-purpose financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the general-purpose financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Woodmore Local School District, Sandusky County, as of June 30, 2000, and the results of its operations and the cash flows of its proprietary fund type for the year then ended in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated January 30, 2001, on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grants. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* and should be read in conjunction with this report in considering the results of our audit.

Woodmore Local School District Sandusky County Report of Independent Accountants Page 2

Our audit was performed for the purpose of forming an opinion on the general-purpose financial statements of the District, taken as a whole. The accompanying schedule of federal awards expenditures is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*, and is not a required part of the general-purpose financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the general-purpose financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the general-purpose financial statements taken as a whole.

Jim Petro Auditor of State

January 30, 2001

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## Combined Balance Sheet All Fund Types and Account Groups For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2000

	Governmental Fund Types			
	General	Special Revenue	Debt Service	Capital Projects
Assets and Other Debits:				
Assets:				
Equity in Pooled Cash and				
Cash Equivalents	\$840,223	\$182,185	\$239,684	\$372,137
Receivables:				
Property Taxes	3,706,753	0	525,300	125,408
Accounts	5,792	0	0	0
Intergovernmental	0	0	0	833
Accrued Interest	6,185	0	0	0
Interfund	67,701	0	1,495	0
Prepaid Items	43,754	148	0	0
Inventory Held for Resale	0	0	0	0
Materials and Supplies Inventory	16,707	0	0	0
Restricted Assets:				
Equity in Pooled Cash and				
Cash Equivalents	54,717	0	0	0
Fixed Assets (net, where applicable,				
of accumulated depreciation)	0	0	0	0
Other Debits:				
Amount Available in Debt Service				
Fund for Retirement of Long-term				
Obligation	0	0	0	0
Amount to be Provided from				
General Governmental Resources	0	0	0	0
<b>Total Assets and Other Debits</b>	\$4,741,832	\$182,333	\$766,479	\$498,378

Proprietary Fund Type	Fiduciary Fund Types	Account		
Fund Type	runa Types	General	General	Totals
	Trust and	Fixed	Long-Term	(Memorandum
Enterprise	Agency	Assets	Obligations	Only)
\$6,653	\$118,649	\$0	\$0	\$1,759,531
0	0	0	0	4,357,461
0	0	0	0	5,792
0	0	0	0	833
0	0	0	0	6,185
0	0	0	0	69,196
998	0	0	0	44,900
8,075	0	0	0	8,075
1,600	0	0	0	18,307
0	0	0	0	54,717
33,553	0	11,791,488	0	11,825,041
0	0	0	304,607	304,607
0	0	0	3,666,900	3,666,900
\$50,879	\$118,649	\$11,791,488	\$3,971,507	\$22,121,545

(continued)

## Combined Balance Sheet All Fund Types and Account Groups For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2000 (Continued)

-	Governmental Fund Types			
<u>-</u>	General	Special Revenue	Debt Service	Capital Projects
Liabilities, Fund Equity, and Other Credits	:			
<u>Liabilities:</u>				
Accounts Payable	\$63,580	\$5,853	\$0	\$2,847
Contracts Payable	1,167	0	0	54,111
Accrued Wages and Benefits	555,837	11,165	0	0
Compensated Absences Payable	23,791	0	0	0
Retainage Payable	5,247	0	0	0
Intergovernmental Payable	148,498	10,139	0	0
Interfund Payable	1,495	29,071	0	19,366
Deferred Revenue	3,285,127	0	461,872	109,765
Due to Students	0	0	0	0
Energy Conservation Loan Payable	0	0	0	0
General Obligation Bonds Payable	0	0	0	0
Total Liabilities	4,084,742	56,228	461,872	186,089
Fund Equity and Other Credits:				
Investment in General Fixed Assets	0	0	0	0
Retained Earnings:				
Unreserved (Deficit)	0	0	0	0
Fund Balance:				
Reserved for Property Taxes	421,626	0	63,428	15,643
Reserved for Inventory	16,707	0	0	0
Reserved for Budget Stabilization	54,717	0	0	0
Reserved for Encumbrances	164,922	35,572	0	280,005
Designated for Budget Stabilization	93,273	0	0	0
Unreserved, Undesignated (Deficit)	(94,155)	90,533	241,179	16,641
Total Fund Equity (Deficit)				
and Other Credits	657,090	126,105	304,607	312,289
Total Liabilities, Fund Equity,				
and Other Credits	\$4,741,832	\$182,333	\$766,479	\$498,378

Proprietary Fund Type	Fiduciary Fund Types	Account		
Fullu Type	Fullu Types	General	General	Totals
	Trust and	Fixed	Long-Term	(Memorandum
Enterprise	Agency	Assets	Obligations	Only)
\$10,057	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$82,337
0	0	0	0	55,278
2,323	0	0	0	569,325
7,565	0	0	539,920	571,276
0	0	0	0	5,247
5,602	0	0	86,761	251,000
19,264	0	0	0	69,196
6,195	0	0	0	3,862,959
0	51,338	0	0	51,338
0	0	0	240,000	240,000
0	0	0	3,104,826	3,104,826
51,006	51,338	0	3,971,507	8,862,782
0	0	11,791,488	0	11,791,488
(127)	0	0	0	(127)
0	0	0	0	500,697
0		0		16,707
0	0 0	0	0 0	54,717
0	0	0	0	480,499
0	0	0	0	93,273
	•			·
0	67,311	0	0	321,509
(127)	67,311	11,791,488	0	13,258,763
\$50,879	\$118,649	\$11,791,488	\$3,971,507	\$22,121,545

## Combined Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances All Governmental and Similar Fiduciary Fund Types For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2000

	Governmental Fund Types		
		Special	
_	General	Revenue	
Revenues:	<b>\$2.505.420</b>	ΦO	
Property Taxes	\$3,585,128 0	\$0 0	
Payment in Lieu of Taxes Intergovernmental	2,920,356	335,192	
Interest	101,082	0	
Tuition and Fees	39,018	0	
Extracurricular Activities	0	160,382	
Gifts and Donations	2,000	2,181	
Miscellaneous	639	1,266	
Total Revenues	6,648,223	499,021	
Expenditures:			
Current:			
Instruction:			
Regular	3,423,645	21,088	
Special	733,572	92,323	
Vocational	101,193	0	
Adult Continuing	0	0	
Other	48,385	0	
Support Services:	400.400		
Pupils	432,130	66,505	
Instructional Staff	113,333	13,609	
Board of Education	39,764	0	
Administration	592,893	49,650	
Fiscal Operation and Maintenance of Blant	220,191	500	
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	653,935	2,041 5,826	
Pupil Transportation Non-Instructional Services	337,390 0	32,916	
Extracurricular Activities	166,108	182,963	
Capital Outlay	2,370	0	
Debt Service:	2,010	O	
Principal Retirement	55,000	0	
Interest and Fiscal Charges	14,980	0	
Total Expenditures	6,934,889	467,421	
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(286,666)	31,600	
Other Financing Sources:			
Proceeds from Sale of Fixed Assets	9,027	0	
Excess of Revenues and Other Financing Sources			
Over (Under) Expenditures	(277,639)	31,600	
Fund Balances at Beginning of Year	933,792	94,505	
Increase in Reserve for Inventory	937		
Fund Balances at End of Year	\$657,090	\$126,105	

Governmental Debt	Governmental Fund Types  Debt Capital		Totals (Memorandum	
Service	Projects	Trust	Only)	
\$489,370	\$127,348	\$0	\$4,201,846	
0	186,368	0	186,368	
45,110	120,548	0	3,421,206	
0	0	4,182	105,264	
0	0	0	39,018	
0	0	0	160,382	
0	0	8,559	12,740	
0	0	0	1,905	
534,480	434,264	12,741	8,128,729	
0	12,556	170	3,457,459	
0	0	0	825,895	
0	0	0	101,193	
0	0	12,475	12,475	
0	0	0	48,385	
0	0	0	498,635	
0	0	0	126,942	
0	0	0	39,764	
0	0	0	642,543	
10,120	2,484	0	233,295	
0	76,959	0	732,935	
0	0	0	343,216	
0	0	0	32,916	
0	0	0	349,071	
0	253,333	0	255,703	
360,000	0	0	415,000	
173,895	0	0	188,875	
544,015	345,332	12,645	8,304,302	
	_			
(9,535)	88,932	96	(175,573)	
0	0	0	9,027	
(9,535)	88,932	96	(166,546)	
314,142	223,357	67,215	1,633,011	
0	0	07,219	937	
\$304,607	\$312,289	\$67,311	\$1,467,402	
	<del>+,</del>	<del>+ ,</del>	<del>+ -,,=</del>	

## Combined Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Budget and Actual Comparison (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) All Governmental Fund Types and Expendable Trust Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2000

	General Fund			
	Revised Budget	Actual	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)	
Revenues:	<b>#0.057.700</b>	Φ0.077.007	<b>#</b> 40.040	
Property Taxes	\$3,657,768	\$3,677,087	\$19,319	
Payment in Lieu of Taxes	0	0	0	
Intergovernmental	2,883,839	2,920,356	36,517	
Interest Tuition and Fees	80,001 44,901	97,839 37,304	17,838 (7,597)	
Extracurricular Activities	44,901	42,790	42,790	
Gifts and Donations	0	2,000	2,000	
Total Revenues	6,666,509	6,777,376	110,867	
Expenditures:				
Current:				
Instruction:				
Regular	3,475,473	3,443,710	31,763	
Special	378,819	732,521	(353,702)	
Vocational	103,234	104,165	(931)	
Adult Continuing	0	0	0	
Other	41,467	52,495	(11,028)	
Support Services:	057.007	400.440	(70.075)	
Pupils	357,337	433,412	(76,075)	
Instructional Staff Board of Education	130,807	129,471	1,336	
Administration	40,150	36,876	3,274	
Fiscal	995,952 240,129	604,738 226,848	391,214 13,281	
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	729,128	690,900	38,228	
Pupil Transportation	413,556	400,003	13,553	
Non-Instructional Services	0	0	0	
Extracurricular Activities	139,112	173,446	(34,334)	
Capital Outlay	3,097	3,241	(144)	
Debt Service:	,	,	,	
Principal Retirement	55,000	55,000	0	
Interest and Fiscal Charges	14,980	14,980	0	
Total Expenditures	7,118,241	7,101,806	16,435	
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(451,732)	(324,430)	127,302	
Other Financing Sources (Uses):				
Proceeds from Sale of Fixed Assets	0	9,027	9,027	
Other Financing Sources	400	489	89	
Advances In	80,560	23,808	(56,752)	
Advances Out	(50,000)	(53,740)	(3,740)	
Operating Transfers Out  Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	30,960	(20,416)	(51,376)	
	30,900	(20,410)	(31,370)	
Excess of Revenues and Other Financing Sources Over (Under) Expenditures and Other Financing Uses	(420,772)	(344,846)	75,926	
Fund Balances at Beginning of Year	817,380	817,380	0	
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated	180,776	180,776	0	
Fund Balances at End of Year	\$577,384	\$653,310	\$75,926	

Spec	ial Revenue Fur	nds	Debt Service Fund		d
Revised Budget	Actual	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)	Revised Budget	Actual	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)
\$0	\$0	\$0	\$505,009	\$506,923	\$1,914
0	0	0	0	0	0
467,057	358,731	(108,326)	45,306	45,110	(196)
0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	0
161,887 9,605	160,382 2,181	(1,505) (7,424)	0 0	0	0
	,	(7,424)	<u></u> , <u></u>		
638,549	521,294	(117,255)	550,315	552,033	1,718
7,323	24,486	(17,163)	0	0	0
140,686	95,776	44,910	0	0	0
0 0	0 0	0 0	0 0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	0
107,257	73,253	34,004	0	0	0
19,273	16,643	2,630	0	0	0
0 78,826	0 53,850	0 24,976	0 0	0	0
1,000	500	500	11,000	10,120	880
9,797	2,294	7,503	0	0	0
11,010	7,942	3,068	0	0	0
54,827	42,767	12,060	0	0	0
249,991	204,460	45,531	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	0
0 0	0	0	360,000 173,905	360,000 173,895	0 10
679,990	521,971	158,019	544,905	544,015	890
(41,441)	(677)	40,764	5,410	8,018	2,608
0	0	0	0	0	0
81	1,266	1,185	0	0	0
0	29,071	29,071	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	0
(1,414)	0	1,414	0	0	0
(1,333)	30,337	31,670	0	0	0
(42,774)	29,660	72,434	5,410	8,018	2,608
48,963 62,894	48,963 62,894	0 0	231,666 0	231,666 0	0
\$69,083	\$141,517	\$72,434	\$237, <b>0</b> 76	\$239,684	\$2,608
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(continued)

## Combined Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Budget and Actual Comparison (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) All Governmental Fund Types and Expendable Trust Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2000 (Continued)

	Capital Projects Funds			
P	Revised Budget	Actual	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)	
Revenues: Property Taxes	\$123,929	\$124,407	\$478	
Payment in Lieu of Taxes	186,368	186,368	φ <del>4</del> 76	
Intergovernmental	188,784	119,715	(69,069)	
Interest	0	0	00,000)	
Tuition and Fees	0	0	0	
Extracurricular Activities	0	0	0	
Gifts and Donations	0	0	0	
Total Revenues	499,081	430,490	(68,591)	
Expenditures:				
Current:				
Instruction:				
Regular	79,853	90,473	(10,620)	
Special	0	0	0	
Vocational	0	0	0	
Adult Continuing	0	0	0	
Other	0	0	0	
Support Services: Pupils	0	0	0	
Instructional Staff	0	0	0	
Board of Education	0	0	0	
Administration	0	0	0	
Fiscal	2,459	2,484	(25)	
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	390,832	503,767	(112,935)	
Pupil Transportation	0	0	0	
Non-Instructional Services	0	0	0	
Extracurricular Activities	0	0	0	
Capital Outlay	12,780	28,516	(15,736)	
Debt Service:				
Principal Retirement	0	0	0	
Interest and Fiscal Charges	0	0	0	
Total Expenditures	485,924	625,240	(139,316)	
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	13,157	(194,750)	(207,907)	
Other Financing Sources (Uses):		_		
Proceeds from Sale of Fixed Assets	0	0	0	
Other Financing Sources	0	0	0	
Advances In	0	19,366	19,366	
Advances Out	0	0	0	
Operating Transfers Out			10.266	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		19,366	19,366	
Excess of Revenues and Other Financing Sources Over (Under) Expenditures and Other Financing Uses	13,157	(175,384)	(188,541)	
Fund Balances at Beginning of Year	151,930	151,930	0	
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated	59,107	59,107	0	
Fund Balances at End of Year	\$224,194	\$35,653	(\$188,541)	

Expe	ndable Trust Fu	nds	Totals (Memorandum Only)		Only)
Revised Budget	Actual	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)	Revised Budget	Actual	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)
ΦO	¢0	<b>Φ</b> Ω	£4.20C.70C	¢4 200 447	<b>COA 744</b>
\$0	\$0	\$0	\$4,286,706	\$4,308,417	\$21,711
0	0	0	186,368	186,368	(4.44.074)
0	0	0	3,584,986	3,443,912	(141,074)
2,350	4,182	1,832	82,351	102,021	19,670
0	0	0	44,901	37,304	(7,597)
0 7,100	8,559	1,459	161,887 16,705	203,172 12,740	41,285 (3,965)
9,450	12,741	3,291	8,363,904	8,293,934	(69,970)
0	170	(170)	3,562,649	3,558,839	3,810
0	0	0	519,505	828,297	(308,792)
0	0	0	103,234	104,165	(931)
25,796	12,575	13,221	25,796	12,575	13,221
0	0	0	41,467	52,495	(11,028)
0	0	0	464,594	506,665	(42,071)
0	0	0	150,080	146,114	3,966
0	0	0	40,150	36,876	3,274
0	0	0	1,074,778	658,588	416,190
0	0	0	254,588	239,952	14,636
0	0	0	1,129,757	1,196,961	(67,204)
0	0	0	424,566	407,945	16,621
0	0	0	54,827	42,767	12,060
0	0	0	389,103	377,906	11,197
0	U	0	15,877	31,757	(15,880)
0	0	0	415,000	415,000	0
0	0	0	188,885	188,875	10
25,796	12,745	13,051	8,854,856	8,805,777	49,079
(16,346)	(4)	16,342	(490,952)	(511,843)	(20,891)
0	0	0	0	9,027	9,027
0	0	0	481	1,755	1,274
0	0	0	80,560	72,245	(8,315)
0	0	0	(50,000)	(53,740)	(3,740)
0	0	0	(1,414)	0	1,414
0	0	0	29,627	29,287	(340)
(16,346)	(4)	16,342	(461,325)	(482,556)	(21,231)
67,315 0	67,315 0	0	1,317,254 302,777	1,317,254 302,777	0
\$50,969	\$67,311	\$16,342	\$1,158,706	\$1,137,475	(\$21,231)
	, ,	,		. ,,	

## Combined Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Retained Earnings Enterprise Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2000

Operating Revenues:	
Sales	\$238,473
Onorating Evnonces	
Operating Expenses: Salaries	105,332
Fringe Benefits	26,835
Purchased Services	4,671
Materials and Supplies	4,794
Cost of Sales	151,151
Depreciation	2,346
Other Operating Expenses	248
Total Operating Expenses	295,377
Operating Loss	(56,904)
Non-Operating Revenues:	
Federal Donated Commodities	13,332
Operating Grants	34,159
Gain on Disposal of Fixed Assets	9,585
Total Non-Operating Revenues	57,076
Net Income	172
Retained Earnings (Deficit) at Beginning of Year	(299)
Retained Earnings (Deficit) at End of Year	(\$127)

## Combined Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Balances Budget and Actual Comparison (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) Enterprise Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2000

	Revised Budget	Actual	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)
Revenues:			
Sales	\$288,470	\$238,473	(\$49,997)
Operating Grants	43,070	42,775	(295)
Total Revenues	331,540	281,248	(50,292)
Expenses:			
Salaries	104,400	104,110	290
Fringe Benefits	29,465	26,901	2,564
Purchased Services	4,557	4,671	(114)
Materials and Supplies	172,070	140,508	31,562
Other Expenses	330	248	82
Total Expenses	310,822	276,438	34,384
Excess of Revenues Over Expenses	20,718	4,810	(15,908)
Advances In	0	5,303	5,303
Advances Out	0	(23,808)	(23,808)
Excess of Revenues Over			
(Under) Expenses and Advances	20,718	(13,695)	(34,413)
Fund Balances at Beginning of Year	0	0	0
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated	17,437	17,437	0
Fund Balances at End of Year	\$38,155	\$3,742	(\$34,413)

#### Combined Statement of Cash Flows Enterprise Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2000

#### Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash Flows from Operating Activities:	
Cash Received from Customers	\$238,473
Cash Payments for Salaries	(104,110)
Cash Payments for Fringe Benefits	(26,901)
Cash Payments to Suppliers for Goods and Services	(142,268)
Cash Payments for Other Expenses	(248)
Net Cash Used for Operating Activities	(35,054)
Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities:	
Cash Received from Operating Grants	42,775
Cash Received from Advances In	5,303
Cash Payments for Advances Out	(23,808)
Net Cash Provided by Noncapital Financing Activities	24,270
	· · · · · ·
Net Decrease in Cash and Cash Equivalents	(10,784)
Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Year	17,437
Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Year	\$6,653
Reconciliation of Operating Loss to Net	
Cash Used for Operating Activities:	
Operating Loss	(\$56,904)
Operating Loss	(\$30,904)
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Loss to Net	
Cash Used for Operating Activities:	
Depreciation	2,346
Donated Commodities Used During Year	13,332
Changes in Assets and Liabilities:	
Increase in Prepaid Items	(38)
Increase in Inventory Held for Resale	(152)
Increase in Materials and Supplies Inventory	(418)
Increase in Accounts Payable	5,586
Increase in Accrued Wages and Benefits	204
Increase in Compensated Absences Payable	1,169
Decrease in Intergovernmental Payable	(179)
Net Cash Used for Operating Activities	(\$35,054)

#### Notes to the General-Purpose Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2000

#### NOTE 1 - DESCRIPTION OF THE SCHOOL DISTRICT AND REPORTING ENTITY

Woodmore Local School District (the School District) is organized under Article VI, Sections 2 and 3 of the Constitution of the State of Ohio. The School District operates under a locally-elected Board form of government consisting of five members elected at-large for staggered four year terms. The School District provides educational services as authorized by state statute and/or federal guidelines.

The School District was established in 1968. The School District serves an area of approximately sixty-seven square miles. It is located in Sandusky and Ottawa Counties and includes all of the Village of Woodville and the Village of Elmore. The School District is the 422<sup>nd</sup> largest in the State of Ohio (among 611 school districts) in terms of enrollment. It is staffed by forty classified employees, eighty-four certified teaching personnel, and twelve administrative employees who provide services to 1,179 students and other community members. The School District currently operates an elementary school and a middle/high school.

#### Reporting Entity

A reporting entity is composed of the primary government, component units, and other organizations that are included to insure that the financial statements are not misleading. The primary government of the School District consists of all funds, departments, boards, and agencies that are not legally separate from the School District. For Woodmore Local School District, this includes general operations, food service, and student related activities of the School District.

Component units are legally separate organizations for which the School District is financially accountable. The School District is financially accountable for an organization if the School District appoints a voting majority of the organization's governing board and (1) the School District is able to significantly influence the programs or services performed or provided by the organization; or (2) the School District is legally entitled to or can otherwise access the organization's resources; the School District is legally obligated or has otherwise assumed the responsibility to finance the deficits of, or provide financial support to, the organization; or the School District is obligated for the debt of the organization. Component units may also include organizations that are fiscally dependent on the School District in that the School District approves the budget, the issuance of debt, or the levying of taxes. There are no component units of the Woodmore Local School District.

The following activity is included within the School District's reporting entity:

<u>Solomon Lutheran</u> - Within the School District boundaries, Solomon Lutheran is operated as a private school. Current state legislation provides funding to this parochial school. The monies are received and disbursed on behalf of the parochial school by the Treasurer of the School District, as directed by the parochial school. The activity of these monies is reflected as a special revenue fund for financial reporting purposes by the School District.

The School District is associated with three jointly governed organizations, two insurance pools, and a related organization. These organizations are the Northern Ohio Educational Computer Association, Penta County Joint Vocational School, and Bay Area Council, San-Ott Insurance Consortium, Ohio School Boards Association Workers' Compensation Group Rating Plan, and the Harris-Elmore Public Library. Information about these organizations is presented in Notes 17, 18, and 19 to the combined financial statements.

Notes to the General-Purpose Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2000 (Continued)

#### NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of Woodmore Local School District have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The School District also applies Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) statements and interpretations issued on or before November 30, 1989, to its enterprise activities provided they do not conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements. Following are the more significant of the School District's accounting policies.

#### A. Basis of Presentation - Fund Accounting

The School District uses funds and account groups to report on its financial position and the results of its operations. Fund accounting is designed to demonstrate legal compliance and to aid financial management by segregating transactions related to certain School District functions or activities.

A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts recording cash and other financial resources, together with all related liabilities and residual equities or balances, and changes therein, which are segregated for the purpose of carrying on specific activities or attaining certain objectives in accordance with special restrictions or limitations. An account group is a financial reporting device designed to provide accountability for certain assets and liabilities not recorded in the funds because they do not directly affect net available expendable resources.

For financial statement presentation purposes, the various funds of the School District are grouped into the following generic fund types under the broad fund categories of governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary.

#### Governmental Fund Types

Governmental funds are those through which most governmental functions of the School District are financed. The acquisition, use, and balances of the School District's expendable financial resources and the related current liabilities (except those accounted for in proprietary funds and trust funds) are accounted for through governmental funds. The following are the School District's governmental fund types:

<u>General Fund</u> - The General Fund is the operating fund of the School District and is used to account for all financial resources, except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The General Fund balance is available to the School District for any purpose provided it is expended or transferred according to the general laws of Ohio.

<u>Special Revenue Funds</u> - Special revenue funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than major capital projects and expendable trusts) that are legally restricted to expenditure for specified purposes.

<u>Debt Service Fund</u> - The debt service fund is used to account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, general long-term obligation principal, interest, and related costs.

<u>Capital Projects Funds</u> - Capital projects funds are used to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities (other than those financed by proprietary funds or trust funds).

Notes to the General-Purpose Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2000 (Continued)

#### NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

#### Proprietary Fund Type

Proprietary funds are used to account for the School District's ongoing activities which are similar to those found in the private sector. The following is the School District's proprietary fund type:

<u>Enterprise Funds</u> - Enterprise funds are used to account for activities that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises where the intent is that the costs (expenses, including depreciation) of providing goods or services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges or where it has been decided that periodic determination of revenues earned, expenses incurred, and/or net income is appropriate for capital maintenance, public policy, management control, accountability, or other purposes.

#### Fiduciary Fund Types

Fiduciary funds are used to account for assets held by the School District in a trustee capacity or as an agent for individuals, private organizations, other governmental units, and/or other funds. These include expendable trust, nonexpendable trust, and agency funds. Expendable trust funds are accounted for in essentially the same manner as proprietary funds. Nonexpendable trust funds are accounted for in essentially the same manner as proprietary funds. The School District did not have any nonexpendable trust funds in fiscal year 2000. Agency funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations.

#### **Account Groups**

To make a clear distinction between fixed assets related to specific funds and those of general government, and between long-term liabilities related to specific funds and those of a general nature, the following account groups are used:

<u>General Fixed Assets Account Group</u> - This account group is established to account for all fixed assets of the School District, except those accounted for in proprietary funds or trust funds.

<u>General Long-Term Obligations Account Group</u> - This account group is established to account for all long-term obligations of the School District, except those accounted for in proprietary funds or trust funds.

#### B. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

The accounting and financial reporting treatment applied to a fund is determined by its measurement focus. All governmental fund types and expendable trust funds are accounted for using a flow of current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities are generally included on the balance sheet. Operating statements of these funds present increases (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and decreases (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) in net current assets.

Notes to the General-Purpose Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2000 (Continued)

#### NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

The enterprise funds are accounted for using a flow of economic resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, all assets and all liabilities associated with the operation of these funds are included on the balance sheet. Operating statements of these funds present increases (e.g., revenues) and decreases (e.g., expenses) in net total assets.

Basis of accounting refers to when revenues and expenditures or expenses are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. Basis of accounting relates to the timing of the measurements made.

The modified accrual basis of accounting is followed for the governmental fund types, expendable trust and agency funds. Under this basis, revenues are recognized in the accounting period when they become both measurable and available. "Measurable" means the amount of the transaction can be determined, and "available" means collectible within the current fiscal year or soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current fiscal year. The available period for the School District is sixty days after fiscal year end.

In applying the susceptible to accrual concept under the modified accrual basis, the following revenue sources are deemed both measurable and available: grants, interest, tuition, and student fees.

The School District reports deferred revenues on its combined balance sheet. Deferred revenues arise when a potential revenue does not meet both the measurable and available criteria for recognition in the current period. In the subsequent period, when both revenue recognition criteria are met, the liability for deferred revenue is removed from the combined balance sheet and revenue is recognized. Property taxes measurable as of June 30, 2000, and delinquent property taxes, whose availability is indeterminable and which are intended to finance fiscal year 2001 operations, have been recorded as deferred revenue.

The measurement focus of governmental fund accounting is on decreases in net financial resources (expenditures) rather than expenses. Expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred, if measurable. Allocations of cost, such as depreciation and amortization, are not recognized in the governmental funds.

The accrual basis of accounting is utilized for reporting purposes by the enterprise funds. Revenues are recognized in the accounting period in which they are earned, and expenses are recognized at the time they are incurred. The fair value of donated commodities used during the year is reported on the operating statement as an expense with a like amount reported as donated commodities revenue. Unused donated commodities are reported as deferred revenue.

#### C. Budgetary Process

The budgetary process is prescribed by provisions of the Ohio Revised Code and entails the preparation of budgetary documents within an established timetable. The major documents prepared are the tax budget, the certificate of estimated resources, and the appropriation resolution, all of which are prepared on the budgetary basis of accounting. The certificate of estimated resources and the appropriation resolution are subject to amendment throughout the year with the legal restriction that appropriations cannot exceed estimated resources, as certified.

Notes to the General-Purpose Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2000 (Continued)

#### NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

All funds, other than agency funds, are legally required to be budgeted and appropriated. The primary level of budgetary control is at the object level within each function and fund. Any budgetary modifications at this level may only be made by resolution of the Board of Education.

Advances in and advances out are not required to be budgeted since they represent a temporary cash flow resource and are intended to be repaid.

#### Tax Budget

Prior to January 15, the Superintendent and Treasurer submit, to the Board of Education, a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing the following July 1. The budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing for all funds. Public hearings are publicized and conducted to obtain taxpayers' comments. The express purpose of this budget document is to reflect the need for existing or increased tax rates.

By no later than January 20, the Board-adopted budget is filed with the Sandusky County Budget Commission for rate determination.

#### **Estimated Resources**

Prior to April 1, the Board of Education accepts, by formal resolution, the tax rates, as determined by the County Budget Commission, and receives the commission's certificate of estimated resources, which states the projected revenue of each fund. Prior to June 30, the School District must revise its budget so that total contemplated expenditures from any fund during the ensuing fiscal year will not exceed the amount stated in the certificate of estimated resources. The revised budget then serves as the basis for the appropriation measure. On or about July 1, the certificate of estimated resources is amended to include any unencumbered cash balances from the preceding fiscal year. The certificate of estimated resources may be further amended during the year if projected increases or decreases in revenue are identified by the School District Treasurer. The amounts reported in the budgetary statements reflect the amounts in the final amended certificate of estimated resources issued during fiscal year 2000.

#### **Appropriations**

Upon receipt from the County Auditor of an amended certificate of estimated resources, based on final assessed values and tax rates, or a certificate saying no new certificate is necessary, the annual appropriation resolution is legally enacted by the Board of Education at the fund, function, and object level of expenditures, which are the legal levels of budgetary control. Prior to the passage of the annual appropriation measure, the Board may pass a temporary appropriation measure to meet the ordinary expenses of the School District. The appropriation resolution, by fund, must be within the estimated resources as certified by the County Budget Commission, and the total of expenditures and encumbrances may not exceed the appropriation totals at any level of control. Any revisions that alter the total of any fund appropriation, or alter total function appropriations within a fund, or alter object appropriations within functions must be approved by the Board of Education.

Notes to the General-Purpose Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2000 (Continued)

#### NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

The Board of Education may pass supplemental fund appropriations as long as the total appropriations by fund do not exceed the amounts set forth in the most recent certificate of estimated resources. During the year, several supplemental appropriation resolutions were legally enacted.

The budget figures which appear in the statements of budgetary comparisons represent the final appropriation amounts, including all supplemental appropriations. Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year for all funds, other than agency funds, consistent with statutory provisions.

#### Encumbrances

As part of formal budgetary control, purchase orders, contracts, and other commitments for the expenditure of monies are recorded as the equivalent of expenditures on the non-GAAP budgetary basis in order to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation and to determine and maintain legal compliance. On the GAAP basis, encumbrances outstanding at fiscal year end are reported as a reservation of fund balance for subsequent-year expenditures for governmental fund types and expendable trust funds and reported in the notes to the financial statements for enterprise funds.

#### Lapsing of Appropriations

At the close of each fiscal year, the unencumbered balance of each appropriation reverts to the respective fund from which it was appropriated and becomes subject to future appropriation. Encumbered appropriations are carried forward to the succeeding fiscal year and are not reappropriated.

#### D. Cash and Investments

To improve cash management, cash received by the School District is pooled. Monies for all funds are maintained in this pool. Individual fund integrity is maintained through School District records. Each fund's interest in the pool is presented as "Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents" on the combined balance sheet.

During fiscal year 2000, investments were limited to nonnegotiable certificates of deposit, repurchase agreements, and STAR Ohio. Nonnegotiable certificates of deposit and repurchase agreements are reported at cost. STAR Ohio is an investment pool, managed by the State Treasurer's Office, which allows governments within the State to pool their funds for investment purposes. STAR Ohio is not registered with the SEC as an investment company, but does operate in a manner consistent with Rule 2a7 of the Investment Company Act of 1940. Investments in STAR Ohio are valued at STAR Ohio's share price, which is the price the investment could be sold for on June 30, 2000.

The School District allocates interest according to State statutes. Interest revenue credited to the General Fund during fiscal year 2000 was \$101,082, which included \$38,414 assigned from other School District funds.

For purposes of the statement of cash flows and for presentation on the combined balance sheet, investments of the cash management pool and investments with an original maturity of three months or less at the time they are purchased by the School District are considered to be cash equivalents. Investments with an initial maturity of more than three months are reported as investments.

Notes to the General-Purpose Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2000 (Continued)

#### NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

#### E. Prepaid Items

Payments made to vendors for services that will benefit periods beyond June 30, 2000, are recorded as prepaid items using the consumption method. A current asset for the prepaid amount is recorded at the time of purchase and an expenditure/expense is reported in the year in which services are consumed.

#### F. Inventory

Inventory in governmental funds is stated at cost while inventory in the enterprise funds is stated at the lower of cost or market. For all funds, cost is determined on a first-in, first-out basis. Inventory in the governmental funds consists of expendable supplies held for consumption. The costs of inventory items are recorded as expenditures in the governmental fund types when purchased. Reported materials and supplies inventory is equally offset by a fund balance reserve in the governmental funds which indicates that it does not constitute available expendable resources even though it is a component of net current assets. Inventory in the enterprise funds consists of donated food, purchased food, and school supplies held for resale and is expensed when used.

#### **G.** Restricted Assets

Restricted assets in the General Fund represent cash and cash equivalents whose use is limited by legal requirements. Restricted assets represent amounts required by State statute to be set aside to create a reserve for budget stabilization. See Note 15 for the calculation of the year end restricted asset balance and the corresponding fund balance reserves.

#### H. Fixed Assets and Depreciation

General fixed assets are not capitalized in the funds used to acquire or construct them. Instead, capital acquisition and construction costs are reflected as expenditures in governmental funds, and the related assets are reported in the general fixed assets account group. Fixed assets utilized in the enterprise funds are capitalized in the respective fund. All fixed assets are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost) and updated for additions and reductions during the year. Donated fixed assets are recorded at their fair market value as of the date received. The School District maintains a capitalization threshold of five hundred dollars. The School District does not have any infrastructure.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an asset's life are not capitalized. Improvements are capitalized. Improvements to enterprise fund fixed assets are depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related fixed assets.

Assets in the general fixed assets account group are not depreciated. Depreciation of furniture and equipment in the enterprise funds is computed using the straight-line method over an estimated useful life of eight to twenty years.

#### I. Interfund Assets/Liabilities

Short-term interfund loans are classified as "Interfund Receivables/Payables".

Notes to the General-Purpose Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2000 (Continued)

#### NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

#### J. Compensated Absences

Vacation benefits are accrued as a liability as the benefits are earned if the employees' rights to receive compensation are attributable to services already rendered and it is probable that the School District will compensate the employees for the benefits through paid time off or some other means. No liability for vacation benefits is recorded because an employee cannot carryover vacation days from year to year.

Sick leave benefits are accrued as a liability using the vesting method. The liability includes the employees who are currently eligible to receive termination benefits and those the School District has identified as probable of receiving payment in the future. The amount is based on accumulated sick leave and employees' wage rates at fiscal year end, taking into consideration any limits specified in the School District's termination policy. The School District records a liability for accumulated unused sick leave for all employees after ten years of service with the School District.

For governmental funds, the current portion of unpaid compensated absences is the amount expected to be paid using available expendable resources. These amounts are recorded in the account "Compensated Absences Payable" in the fund from which the employees who have accumulated unpaid leave are paid. The remainder is reported in the general long-term obligations account group. In the enterprise funds, the entire amount of compensated absences is reported as a fund liability.

#### K. Accrued Liabilities and Long-Term Obligations

In general, governmental fund payables and accrued liabilities are reported as obligations of the funds regardless of whether they will be liquidated with current resources. However, compensated absences and contractually required pension contributions that will be paid from governmental funds are reported as liabilities in the general long-term obligations account group to the extent that they will not be paid with current available expendable resources. Payments for these liabilities made more than sixty days after fiscal year end are considered not to have required the use of current available expendable resources. Long-term loans and bonds are reported as liabilities in the general long-term obligations account group until due.

Long-term debt and other obligations financed by the enterprise funds are reported as liabilities in the appropriate fund.

#### L. Fund Balance Reserves and Designations

The School District reserves those portions of fund equity which are legally segregated for a specific future use or which do not represent available expendable resources and, therefore, are not available for appropriation or expenditure. Fund balance designations are established to indicate tentative plans for financial resource utilization in future periods. Unreserved, undesignated fund balance indicates that portion of fund equity which is available for appropriation in future periods. Fund equity reserves have been established for property taxes, inventories of materials and supplies, budget stabilization, and encumbrances.

Notes to the General-Purpose Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2000 (Continued)

#### NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

The reserve for property taxes represents taxes recognized as revenue under generally accepted accounting principles but not available for appropriation under State statute. The reserve for budget stabilization represents monies required to be set aside by State statue to protect against cyclical changes in revenues and expenditures. The designation for budget stabilization represents revenues set aside that exceed statutorily required amounts.

#### M. Intergovernmental Revenues

For governmental funds, intergovernmental revenues, such as grants awarded on a non-reimbursement basis, entitlements, and shared revenues are recorded as receivables and revenues when measurable and available. Reimbursement type grants are recorded as receivables and revenues when the related expenditures are incurred. Other than commodities, grants and entitlements for enterprise fund operations are recognized as non-operating revenues in the accounting period in which they are earned and become measurable.

The School District currently participates in several State and Federal programs, categorized as follows:

#### Entitlements

General Fund

State Foundation Program
State Property Tax Relief
School Bus Purchase Allocation

#### Non-Reimbursable Grants

Special Revenue Funds

Venture Capital

**Auxiliary Services** 

Professional Development

**Education Management Information System** 

RPDC Technology

Disadvantaged Pupil Impact Aid

Ohio Reads

Summer Intervention

**Educational Initiative** 

Migrant Education

Eisenhower

Title VI-B

Indo Chinese Refugee

Title I

Title VI

Drug Free

Capital Projects Funds

SchoolNet/SchoolNet Plus

Textbook/Instructional Materials

Power Up

Notes to the General-Purpose Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2000 (Continued)

#### NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Reimbursable Grants
General Fund
Driver Education
Special Revenue Fund
E-Rate

Enterprise Funds
National School Lunch Program

Government Donated Commodities

Grants and entitlements were 42 percent of the revenues in the School District's governmental fund types during the 2000 fiscal year.

#### N. Interfund Transactions

Quasi-external transactions are accounted for as revenues and expenditures, or expenses. Transactions that constitute reimbursements to a fund for expenditures/expenses initially made from it that are properly applicable to another fund are recorded as expenditures/expenses in the reimbursing fund and as reductions of expenditures/expenses in the fund that is reimbursed.

Nonrecurring or nonroutine permanent transfers of equity are reported as residual equity transfers. All other interfund transfers are reported as operating transfers.

#### O. Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

#### P. Total Columns on General-Purpose Financial Statements

Total columns on the general-purpose financial statements are captioned "Totals (Memorandum Only)" to indicate that they are presented only to facilitate financial analysis. Data in these columns do not present financial position or results of operations in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles. Neither is such data comparable to a consolidation. Interfund eliminations have not been made in the aggregation of this data.

Notes to the General-Purpose Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2000 (Continued)

#### NOTE 3 - ACCOUNTABILITY AND COMPLIANCE

#### A. Accountability

At June 30, 2000, the Title VI-B and Title I special revenue funds had deficit fund balances of \$17,866 and \$3,623, respectively, which were created by the application of generally accepted accounting principles. The General Fund provides transfers to cover deficit balances; however, this is done when cash is needed rather than when accruals occur.

The Uniform School Supplies enterprise fund had deficit retained earnings of \$11,334, at June 30, 2000, as a result of accumulated operating losses from prior years.

#### **B.** Compliance

The Permanent Improvement capital projects fund had appropriations in excess of estimated resources plus available balances for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2000, in the amount of \$4,595.

The following accounts had expenditures in excess of appropriations for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2000:

Fund Type/Fund/ Function/Object	Appropriations	Expenditures	Excess
General Fund			
Regular			
Materials and Supplies	\$156,920	\$173,551	16,631
Capital Outlay - Replacement	920	11,527	10,607
Special			
Purchased Services	950	372,074	371,124
Vocational			
Materials and Supplies	7,445	11,067	3,622
Other			
Purchased Services	41,468	52,495	11,027
Pupils			
Salaries	276,939	292,001	15,062
Fringe Benefits	62,638	64,821	2,183
Purchased Services	11,216	70,753	59,537
Capital Outlay - Replacement	244	571	327
Instructional Staff			
Salaries	67,686	68,504	818
Materials and Supplies	26,122	29,929	3,807
			(continued)

#### Notes to the General-Purpose Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2000 (Continued)

#### NOTE 3 - ACCOUNTABILITY AND COMPLIANCE (continued)

Fund Type/Fund/ Function/Object	Appropriations	Expenditures	Excess
General Fund (continued)			
Board of Education			
Purchased Services	\$23,540	\$26,467	\$2,927
Administration			
Salaries	367,800	369,640	1,840
Fiscal			
Salaries	91,500	96,275	4,775
Purchased Services	17,147	19,125	1,978
Materials and Supplies	2,728	2,735	7
Pupil Transportation			
Materials and Supplies	52,514	56,432	3,918
Extracurricular Activities			
Salaries	111,543	134,795	23,252
Fringe Benefits	17,569	20,456	2,887
Other	10,000	18,194	8,194
Capital Outlay			
Purchased Services	3,098	3,241	143
Special Revenue Funds			
Athletic			
Extracurricular Activities			
Fringe Benefits	1,128	1,382	254
Professional Development			
Pupils			
Fringe Benefits	0	4	4
Instructional Staff			
Salaries	0	2,509	2,509
Fringe Benefits	0	142	142
Non-Instructional Services			
Fringe Benefits	0	252	252
Disadvantaged Pupil Impact Aid			
Regular			
Salaries	2,278	4,284	2,006
Fringe Benefits	365	649	284
			(continued)

#### Notes to the General-Purpose Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2000 (Continued)

#### NOTE 3 - ACCOUNTABILITY AND COMPLIANCE (continued)

Ohio Reads           Regular         \$0         \$1,579         \$1,579           Salaries         \$0         221         221           Fringe Benefits         0         221         221           Materials and Supplies         14         200         186           Miscellaneous State Grants         Regular         Purchased Services         0         1,377         1,377           Materials and Supplies         0         140         140           Migrant Education         40         140         140           Administration         420         446         26           Pupil Transportation         420         446         26           Pupil Transportation         420         446         26           Puril Transportation         45         2,534         936           Non-Instructional Services         46         75         29           Materials and Supplies         1,554         5,724         4,170           Eisenhower         8         2,244         2,244           Materials and Supplies         290         1,892         1,602           Instructional Staff         9         3,297         3,297           Titl	Fund Type/Fund/ Function/Object	Appropriations	Expenditures	Excess
Salaries         \$0         \$1,579         \$1,579           Fringe Benefits         0         221         221           Materials and Supplies         14         200         186           Miscellaneous State Grants         Regular         Variable of the process of the p	Ohio Reads	_		
Fringe Benefits       0       221       221         Materials and Supplies       14       200       186         Miscellaneous State Grants       Regular         Purchased Services       0       1,377       1,377         Materials and Supplies       0       140       140         Migrant Education       Administration         Materials and Supplies       420       446       26         Pupil Transportation       Materials and Supplies       1,598       2,534       936         Non-Instructional Services       4       6       75       29         Materials and Supplies       1,554       5,724       4,170         Eisenhower       Regular         Purchased Services       0       2,244       2,244         Materials and Supplies       290       1,892       1,602         Instructional Staff       Purchased Services       0       300       300         Materials and Supplies       0       3,297       3,297         Title VI       Regular         Materials and Supplies       0       6,241       6,241         Capital Outlay - New       376       1,972	Regular			
Materials and Supplies       14       200       186         Miscellaneous State Grants       Regular       1,377       1,377         Purchased Services       0       1,377       1,377         Materials and Supplies       0       140       140         Migrant Education       440       446       26         Administration       420       446       26         Pupil Transportation       46       75       29         Materials and Supplies       1,558       2,534       936         Non-Instructional Services       46       75       29         Materials and Supplies       29       1,892       1,602         Instructional Staff       400       3,297       3,297         Title VI       70       3,297       3,297       3,297         Title VI       70       4,241       4,241       4,	Salaries	\$0	\$1,579	\$1,579
Miscellaneous State Grants         Regular       9       1,377       1,377         Materials and Supplies       0       140       140         Migrant Education       Administration       420       446       26         Pupil Transportation       Materials and Supplies       1,598       2,534       936         Non-Instructional Services       46       75       29         Materials and Supplies       1,554       5,724       4,170         Eisenhower       8       2,244       2,244         Materials and Supplies       290       1,892       1,602         Instructional Staff       9       3,297       3,297         Title VI       8       2,241       6,241       6,241         Regular       0       6,241       6,241       6,241         Capital Outlay - New       376       1,972       1,596         Non-Instructional       Materials and Supplies       0       285       285	Fringe Benefits	0	221	221
Regular         Purchased Services         0         1,377         1,377           Materials and Supplies         0         140         140           Migrant Education         Administration           Materials and Supplies         420         446         26           Pupil Transportation         Materials and Supplies         1,598         2,534         936           Non-Instructional Services         46         75         29           Materials and Supplies         1,554         5,724         4,170           Eisenhower         Regular           Purchased Services         0         2,244         2,244           Materials and Supplies         290         1,892         1,602           Instructional Staff         Purchased Services         0         300         300           Materials and Supplies         0         3,297         3,297           Title VI         Regular           Materials and Supplies         0         6,241         6,241           Capital Outlay - New         376         1,972         1,596           Non-Instructional         Materials and Supplies         0         285         285	Materials and Supplies	14	200	186
Purchased Services         0         1,377         1,377           Materials and Supplies         0         140         140           Migrant Education         Administration           Materials and Supplies         420         446         26           Pupil Transportation         Materials and Supplies         1,598         2,534         936           Non-Instructional Services         46         75         29           Materials and Supplies         1,554         5,724         4,170           Eisenhower         Regular           Purchased Services         0         2,244         2,244           Materials and Supplies         290         1,892         1,602           Instructional Staff         Purchased Services         0         300         300           Materials and Supplies         0         3,297         3,297           Title VI         Regular           Materials and Supplies         0         6,241         6,241           Capital Outlay - New         376         1,972         1,596           Non-Instructional         Materials and Supplies         0         285         285	Miscellaneous State Grants			
Materials and Supplies       0       140       140         Migrant Education         Administration       3420       446       26         Pupil Transportation       3420       446       26         Pupil Transportation       3420       446       26         Materials and Supplies       1,598       2,534       936         Non-Instructional Services       46       75       29         Materials and Supplies       1,554       5,724       4,170         Eisenhower       Regular       290       1,892       1,602         Purchased Services       0       2,244       2,244         Materials and Supplies       290       1,892       1,602         Instructional Staff       9       300       300       300         Materials and Supplies       0       3,297       3,297         Title VI       Regular       4       6,241       6,241         Materials and Supplies       0       6,241       6,241         Capital Outlay - New       376       1,972       1,596         Non-Instructional       Materials and Supplies       0       285       285	Regular			
Migrant Education         Administration       420       446       26         Materials and Supplies       1,598       2,534       936         Non-Instructional Services       9       2,534       936         Non-Instructional Services       46       75       29         Materials and Supplies       1,554       5,724       4,170         Eisenhower       8       8       2,244       4,170         Eisenhower       8       2,244       2,244       2,244       2,244       2,244       4,170       1,602       1,892       1,602	Purchased Services	0	1,377	1,377
Administration       420       446       26         Pupil Transportation       36       2,534       936         Materials and Supplies       1,598       2,534       936         Non-Instructional Services       46       75       29         Materials and Supplies       1,554       5,724       4,170         Eisenhower       8       8       1,554       5,724       4,170         Eisenhower       8       8       1,554       5,724       4,170         Eisenhower       8       8       2,244       2,244       2,244       2,244       2,244       2,244       2,244       2,244       3,292       1,602 <td>Materials and Supplies</td> <td>0</td> <td>140</td> <td>140</td>	Materials and Supplies	0	140	140
Materials and Supplies       420       446       26         Pupil Transportation       30       30       30         Materials and Supplies       1,598       2,534       936         Non-Instructional Services       30       75       29         Materials and Supplies       1,554       5,724       4,170         Eisenhower       8       2,244       4,170         Eisenhower       2       2,244       2,244         Materials and Supplies       290       1,892       1,602         Instructional Staff       9       300       300         Purchased Services       0       300       300         Materials and Supplies       0       3,297       3,297         Title VI       8       8       1,972       1,596         Non-Instructional       376       1,972       1,596         Non-Instructional       Materials and Supplies       0       285       285	Migrant Education			
Pupil Transportation       Materials and Supplies       1,598       2,534       936         Non-Instructional Services       46       75       29         Materials and Supplies       1,554       5,724       4,170         Eisenhower       Regular         Purchased Services       0       2,244       2,244         Materials and Supplies       290       1,892       1,602         Instructional Staff       1       300       300         Purchased Services       0       300       300         Materials and Supplies       0       3,297       3,297         Title VI       Regular         Materials and Supplies       0       6,241       6,241         Capital Outlay - New       376       1,972       1,596         Non-Instructional       Materials and Supplies       0       285       285	Administration			
Materials and Supplies       1,598       2,534       936         Non-Instructional Services       46       75       29         Purchased Services       46       5,724       4,170         Eisenhower       Regular         Purchased Services       0       2,244       2,244         Materials and Supplies       290       1,892       1,602         Instructional Staff       9       300       300       300         Materials and Supplies       0       3,297       3,297       3,297         Title VI       Regular         Materials and Supplies       0       6,241       6,241         Capital Outlay - New       376       1,972       1,596         Non-Instructional       Materials and Supplies       0       285       285	Materials and Supplies	420	446	26
Non-Instructional Services       46       75       29         Materials and Supplies       1,554       5,724       4,170         Eisenhower       Regular         Purchased Services       0       2,244       2,244         Materials and Supplies       290       1,892       1,602         Instructional Staff       Purchased Services       0       300       300         Materials and Supplies       0       3,297       3,297         Title VI       Regular         Materials and Supplies       0       6,241       6,241         Capital Outlay - New       376       1,972       1,596         Non-Instructional       Materials and Supplies       0       285       285	Pupil Transportation			
Purchased Services       46       75       29         Materials and Supplies       1,554       5,724       4,170         Eisenhower       Regular         Purchased Services       0       2,244       2,244         Materials and Supplies       290       1,892       1,602         Instructional Staff       Purchased Services       0       300       300         Materials and Supplies       0       3,297       3,297         Title VI       Regular         Materials and Supplies       0       6,241       6,241         Capital Outlay - New       376       1,972       1,596         Non-Instructional       Materials and Supplies       0       285       285	Materials and Supplies	1,598	2,534	936
Materials and Supplies       1,554       5,724       4,170         Eisenhower       Regular         Purchased Services       0       2,244       2,244         Materials and Supplies       290       1,892       1,602         Instructional Staff       Purchased Services       0       300       300         Materials and Supplies       0       3,297       3,297         Title VI         Regular       Materials and Supplies       0       6,241       6,241         Capital Outlay - New       376       1,972       1,596         Non-Instructional       Materials and Supplies       0       285       285	Non-Instructional Services			
Eisenhower         Regular       0       2,244       2,244         Purchased Services       290       1,892       1,602         Instructional Staff       0       300       300         Purchased Services       0       300       300         Materials and Supplies       0       3,297       3,297         Title VI	Purchased Services	46	75	29
Regular         Purchased Services       0       2,244       2,244         Materials and Supplies       290       1,892       1,602         Instructional Staff       Purchased Services       0       300       300         Materials and Supplies       0       3,297       3,297         Title VI         Regular       Materials and Supplies       0       6,241       6,241         Capital Outlay - New       376       1,972       1,596         Non-Instructional       Materials and Supplies       0       285       285	Materials and Supplies	1,554	5,724	4,170
Purchased Services       0       2,244       2,244         Materials and Supplies       290       1,892       1,602         Instructional Staff       300       300       300         Purchased Services       0       300       300         Materials and Supplies       0       3,297       3,297         Title VI       Regular       376       6,241       6,241         Capital Outlay - New       376       1,972       1,596         Non-Instructional       Materials and Supplies       0       285       285	Eisenhower			
Materials and Supplies       290       1,892       1,602         Instructional Staff       0       300       300         Purchased Services       0       300       300         Materials and Supplies       0       3,297       3,297         Title VI       Title VI       4 </td <td>Regular</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>	Regular			
Instructional Staff         Purchased Services       0       300       300         Materials and Supplies       0       3,297       3,297         Title VI       Regular         Materials and Supplies       0       6,241       6,241         Capital Outlay - New       376       1,972       1,596         Non-Instructional       0       285       285	Purchased Services	0	2,244	2,244
Purchased Services       0       300       300         Materials and Supplies       0       3,297       3,297         Title VI         Regular       0       6,241       6,241         Capital Supplies       0       6,241       6,241         Capital Outlay - New       376       1,972       1,596         Non-Instructional       0       285       285	Materials and Supplies	290	1,892	1,602
Materials and Supplies       0       3,297       3,297         Title VI       Regular         Materials and Supplies       0       6,241       6,241         Capital Outlay - New       376       1,972       1,596         Non-Instructional       Materials and Supplies       0       285       285	Instructional Staff			
Title VI         Regular         Materials and Supplies       0       6,241       6,241         Capital Outlay - New       376       1,972       1,596         Non-Instructional         Materials and Supplies       0       285       285	Purchased Services	0	300	300
Regular         Materials and Supplies       0       6,241       6,241         Capital Outlay - New       376       1,972       1,596         Non-Instructional         Materials and Supplies       0       285       285	Materials and Supplies	0	3,297	3,297
Materials and Supplies       0       6,241       6,241         Capital Outlay - New       376       1,972       1,596         Non-Instructional       To a construct the construction of the constructio	Title VI			
Capital Outlay - New 376 1,972 1,596  Non-Instructional  Materials and Supplies 0 285 285	Regular			
Capital Outlay - New 376 1,972 1,596 Non-Instructional Materials and Supplies 0 285 285	Materials and Supplies	0	6,241	6,241
Materials and Supplies 0 285 285	Capital Outlay - New	376		
	Materials and Supplies	0	285	285
				(continued)

#### Notes to the General-Purpose Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2000 (Continued)

#### NOTE 3 - ACCOUNTABILITY AND COMPLIANCE (continued)

Fund Type/Fund/ Function/Object	Appropriations	Expenditures	Excess
Drug Free			
Pupils			
Materials and Supplies	\$857	\$1,830	\$973
E-Rate			
Administration			
Purchased Services	0	2,663	2,663
Capital Projects Funds			
Permanent Improvement			
Fiscal			
Other	2,459	2,484	25
SchoolNet/SchoolNet Plus			
Regular			
Capital Outlay - New	18,443	70,084	51,641
Power Up			
Operation and Maintenance of Plant			
Capital Outlay - New	0	123,390	123,390
Capital Outlay			
Purchased Services	280	21,772	21,492
Expendable Trust Fund			
Scholarship			
Regular			
Other	0	170	170
Enterprise Fund			
Food Service			
Purchased Services	4,558	4,671	113

Notes to the General-Purpose Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2000 (Continued)

#### **NOTE 4 - BUDGETARY BASIS OF ACCOUNTING**

While the School District is reporting financial position, results of operations, and changes in fund balances/retained earnings on the basis of generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP), the budgetary basis as provided by law is based upon accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements, and encumbrances. The Combined Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual - All Governmental Fund Types and Expendable Trust Funds and the Combined Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual - Enterprise Funds are presented on the budgetary basis to provide a meaningful comparison of actual results with the budget. The major differences between the budget basis and GAAP basis are that:

- 1. Revenues are recorded when received in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when susceptible to accrual (GAAP basis).
- 2. Expenditures/expenses are recorded when paid in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when the liability is incurred (GAAP basis).
- 3. Encumbrances are treated as expenditures/expenses for all funds (budget basis) rather than as a reservation of fund balance for governmental fund types and expendable trust funds and as note disclosure in the enterprise funds (GAAP basis).

The following tables summarize the adjustments necessary to reconcile the GAAP and budgetary basis statements by fund type.

Excess of Revenues and Other Financing Sources Over (Under) Expenditures and Other Financing Uses All Governmental Fund Types and Expendable Trust Funds

Governmental Fund Types				
General	Special Revenue	Debt Service	Capital Projects	Expendable Trust
(\$277,639)	\$31,600	(\$9,535)	\$88,932	\$96
561,421	23,539	80,981	12,702	0
(433,603)	0	(63,428)	(16,476)	0 (continued)
	General (\$277,639) 561,421	General         Special Revenue           (\$277,639)         \$31,600           561,421         23,539	General         Special Revenue         Debt Service           (\$277,639)         \$31,600         (\$9,535)           561,421         23,539         80,981	General         Special Revenue         Debt Service         Capital Projects           (\$277,639)         \$31,600         (\$9,535)         \$88,932           561,421         23,539         80,981         12,702

#### Notes to the General-Purpose Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2000 (Continued)

#### NOTE 4 - BUDGETARY BASIS OF ACCOUNTING (continued)

Excess of Revenues and Other Financing Sources Over (Under) Expenditures and Other Financing Uses All Governmental Fund Types and Expendable Trust Funds (continued)

	Governmental Fund Types				
	General	Special Revenue	Debt Service	Capital Projects	Expendable Trust
Expenditure Accruals:					
Accrued FY 1999, Paid in Cash FY 2000	(\$714,793)	(\$40,891)	\$0	(\$382)	(\$100)
Accrued FY 2000, Not Yet Paid in Cash	798,120	27,157	0	56,958	0
Cash Adjustments: Unrecorded Activity 1999	1,824	0	0	0	0
Prepaid Items	(8,614)	(148)	0	0	0
Advances In	23,808	29,071	0	19,366	0
Advances Out	(53,740)	0	0	0	0
Encumbrances Outstanding at Year End (Budget Basis)	(241,630)	(40,668)	0	(336,484)	0
Budget Basis	(\$344,846)	\$29,660	\$8,018	(\$175,384)	(\$4)

Net Income/Excess of Revenues Under Expenses and Advances Enterprise Funds

GAAP Basis	\$172
Increase (Decrease) Due To:	
Revenue Accruals:	
Accrued FY 1999, Received in Cash FY 2000	8,616
Accrued FY 2000, Not Yet Received in Cash	0
	(continued)

Notes to the General-Purpose Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2000 (Continued)

### NOTE 4 - BUDGETARY BASIS OF ACCOUNTING (continued)

Net Income/Excess of Revenues Under Expenses and Advances Enterprise Funds (continued)

### Expense Accruals:

Accrued FY 1999, Paid in Cash FY 2000	(\$18,767)
Accrued FY 2000, Not Yet Paid in Cash	25,547
Prepaid Items	(38)
Inventory Held for Resale	(152)
Materials and Supplies Inventory	(418)
Depreciation Expense	2,346
Gain on Disposal of Fixed Assets	(9,585)
Advances In	5,303
Advances Out	(23,808)
Encumbrances Outstanding at Year End (Budget Basis)	(2,911)
Budget Basis	(\$13,695)

#### **NOTE 5 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS**

State statutes classify monies held by the School District into three categories.

Active deposits are public deposits necessary to meet current demands on the treasury. Such monies must be maintained either as cash in the School District Treasury, in commercial accounts payable or withdrawable on demand, including negotiable order of withdrawal (NOW) accounts, or in money market deposit accounts.

Inactive deposits are public deposits the Board of Education has identified as not required for use within the current two year period of designation of depositories. Inactive deposits must either be evidenced by certificates of deposit maturing not later than the end of the current period of designation of depositories, or by savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts.

Interim deposits are deposits of interim monies. Interim monies are those monies which are not needed for immediate use but which will be needed before the end of the current period of designation of depositories. Interim deposits must be evidenced by time certificates of deposit maturing not more than one year from the date of deposit, or by savings or deposit accounts, including passbook accounts.

Notes to the General-Purpose Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2000 (Continued)

#### NOTE 5 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (continued)

Protection of the School District's deposits is provided by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC), by eligible securities pledged by the financial institution as security for repayment, by surety company bonds deposited with the Treasurer by the financial institution, or by a single collateral pool established by the financial institution to secure the repayment of all public monies deposited with the institution.

Interim monies may be deposited or invested in the following securities:

- United States Treasury bills, bonds, notes, or any other obligation or security issued by the United States Treasury, or any other obligation guaranteed as to principal and interest by the United States;
- Bonds, notes, debentures, or any other obligation or security issued by any federal government agency or instrumentality including, but not limited to, the Federal National Mortgage Association, Federal Home Loan Bank, Federal Farm Credit Bank, Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation, Government National Mortgage Association, and Student Loan Marketing Association. All federal agency securities shall be direct issuances of federal government agencies or instrumentalities;
- Written repurchase agreements in the securities listed above provided the market value of the securities subject to the repurchase agreement must exceed the principal value of the agreement by at least 2 percent and be marked to market daily, and the term of the agreement must not exceed thirty days;
- 4. Bonds and other obligations of the State of Ohio;
- 5. No-load money market mutual funds consisting exclusively of obligations described in division (1) or (2) and repurchase agreements secured by such obligations, provided that investments in securities described in this division are made only through eligible institutions; and
- 6. The State Treasurer's investment pool (STAR Ohio).

Investments in stripped principal or interest obligations, reverse repurchase agreements, and derivatives are prohibited. The issuance of taxable notes for the purpose of arbitrage, the use of leverage, and short selling are also prohibited. An investment must mature within five years from the date of purchase, unless matched to a specific obligation or debt of the School District, and must be purchased with the expectation that it will be held to maturity. Investments may only be made through specified dealers and institutions. Payment for investments may be made only upon delivery of the securities representing the investments to the Treasurer or qualified trustee or, if the securities are not represented by a certificate, upon receipt of confirmation of transfer from the custodian.

At fiscal year end, the School District had \$2,401 in undeposited cash on hand which is included on the balance sheet of the School District as part of "Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents".

The following information classifies deposits and investments by categories of risk as defined in GASB Statement No. 3, "Deposits with Financial Institutions, Investments (including Repurchase Agreements), and Reverse Repurchase Agreements".

### Notes to the General-Purpose Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2000 (Continued)

#### **NOTE 5 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS** (continued)

At fiscal year end, the carrying amount of the School District's deposits was \$1,116,068 and the bank balance was \$1,263,876. Of the bank balance, \$257,839 was covered by federal depository insurance and \$1,006,037 was uninsured and uncollateralized. Although all State statutory requirements for the deposit of money had been followed, noncompliance with federal requirements could potentially subject the School District to a successful claim by the FDIC.

The School District's investments are categorized to give an indication of the level of risk assumed by the School District at fiscal year end. Category 1 includes investments that are insured or registered for which the securities are held by the School District or its agent in the School District's name. Category 2 includes uninsured and unregistered investments for which the securities are held by the counterparty's trust department or agent in the School District's name. Category 3 includes uninsured and unregistered investments for which the securities are held by the counterparty, or by its trust department or agent but not in the School District's name. The School District's investment in STAR Ohio is an unclassified investment since it is not evidenced by securities that exist in physical or book entry form.

	Category 3	Reported Amount	Fair Value
Repurchase Agreements	\$396,140	\$396,140	\$396,167
STAR Ohio		299,639	299,639
Totals		\$695,779	\$695,806

The classification of cash and cash equivalents and investments on the combined balance sheet is based on criteria set forth in GASB Statement No. 9, "Reporting Cash Flows of Proprietary and Nonexpendable Trust Funds and Governmental Entities That Use Proprietary Fund Accounting". A reconciliation between the classification of cash and cash equivalents and investments on the combined balance sheet and the classification of deposits and investments according to GASB Statement No. 3 is as follows:

	Cash and Cash Equivalents/Deposits	Investments
GASB Statement No. 9	\$1,814,248	\$0
Cash on Hand	(2,401)	0
Investments:		
Repurchase Agreements	(396,140)	396,140
STAR Ohio	(299,639)	299,639
GASB Statement No. 3	\$1,116,068	695,779

Notes to the General-Purpose Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2000 (Continued)

#### **NOTE 6 - PROPERTY TAXES**

Property taxes are levied and assessed on a calendar year basis, while the School District's fiscal year runs from July through June. First-half tax distributions are received by the School District in the second half of the fiscal year. Second-half tax distributions are received in the first half of the following fiscal year.

Property taxes include amounts levied against all real, public utility, and tangible personal (used in business) property located in the School District. Real and public utility property tax revenues received in calendar year 2000 represent the collection of calendar year 1999 taxes. Real property taxes for 2000 were levied after April 1, 2000, on the assessed values as of January 1, 2000, the lien date. Assessed values for real property taxes are established by State statute at 35 percent of appraised market value. Real property taxes are payable annually or semiannually. If paid annually, payment is due December 31; if paid semiannually, the first payment is due December 31, with the remainder payable by June 20. Under certain circumstances, State statute permits alternate payment dates to be established.

Public utility real and tangible personal property taxes for 2000 were levied after April 1, 2000, on the assessed values as of December 31, 1999, the lien date. Public utility real property is assessed at 35 percent of true value; tangible personal property is currently assessed at varying percentages of true value. Public utility property taxes are payable on the same dates as real property taxes described previously.

Tangible personal property tax revenues received in calendar year 2000 (other than public utility property) represent the collection of calendar year 2000 taxes. Tangible personal property taxes for 2000 were levied after April 1, 1999, on the value as of December 31, 1999. Tangible personal property is currently assessed at 25 percent of true value. Amounts paid by multi-county taxpayers are due September 20. Single county taxpayers may pay annually or semiannually. If paid annually, payment is due April 30; if paid semiannually, the first payment is due April 30, with the remainder payable by September 20.

The School District receives property taxes from Sandusky and Ottawa Counties. The County Auditors periodically advance to the School District its portion of the taxes collected. Second-half real property tax payments collected by the Counties by June 30, 2000, are available to finance fiscal year 2000 operations. The amount available to be advanced can vary based on the date the tax bills are sent.

Accrued property taxes receivable represents delinquent taxes outstanding and real property, public utility property, and tangible personal property taxes which were measurable as of June 30, 2000. Although total property tax collections for the next fiscal year are measurable, only the amount available as an advance at June 30 is intended to finance current fiscal year operations. The receivable is therefore offset by a credit to deferred revenue for that portion not intended to finance current year operations. The amount available as an advance at June 30, 2000, was \$421,626 in the General Fund, \$63,428 in the Bond Retirement debt service fund, and \$15,643 in the Permanent Improvement capital projects fund. The amount available as an advance at June 30, 1999, was \$513,585 in the General Fund, \$80,981 in the Bond Retirement debt service fund, and \$12,702 in the Permanent Improvement capital projects fund.

### Notes to the General-Purpose Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2000 (Continued)

#### NOTE 6 - PROPERTY TAXES (continued)

The assessed values upon which the fiscal year 2000 taxes were collected are:

	1999 Sec Half Collec		2000 Fi Half Collec	
	Amount	Percent	Amount	Percent
Agricultural/Residential	\$74,767,000	56.85 %	\$76,537,000	56.17 %
Industrial/Commercial	12,720,850	9.67	13,285,480	9.75
Public Utility	11,287,280	8.58	10,942,600	8.03
Tangible Personal	32,743,565	24.90	35,491,031	26.05
Total Assessed Value	\$131,518,695	100.00 %	\$136,256,111	100.00 %
Tax rate per \$1,000 of assessed valuation	\$40.70		\$40.70	

#### **NOTE 7 - RECEIVABLES**

Receivables at June 30, 2000, consisted of property taxes, accounts (student fees, rent, and billings for user charged services), intergovernmental, accrued interest, and interfund receivables. All receivables are considered collectible in full due to the ability to foreclose for the nonpayment of taxes, the stable condition of State programs, and the current year guarantee of federal funds. Accounts receivable at June 30 were \$5,792. An intergovernmental receivable of \$833 was recorded in the SchoolNet/SchoolNet Plus capital projects fund.

### **NOTE 8 - FIXED ASSETS**

A summary of the enterprise funds' fixed assets at June 30, 2000, follows:

Furniture and Equipment	\$139,585
Less Accumulated Depreciation	(106,032)
Net Fixed Assets	\$33,553

### Notes to the General-Purpose Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2000 (Continued)

### NOTE 8 - FIXED ASSETS (continued)

A summary of the changes in general fixed assets during fiscal year 2000 follows:

Asset Category	Balance at 6/30/99	Additions	Reductions	Balance at 6/30/00
Land and Improvements	\$672,813	\$0	\$174,977	\$497,836
Buildings and Improvements	8,275,300	95,767	79,539	8,291,528
Furniture, Fixtures, and Equipment	2,302,523	206,917	735,628	1,773,812
Vehicles	542,477	120,489	0	662,966
Books	574,325	0	69,504	504,821
Construction in Progress	0	60,525	0	60,525
Totals	\$12,367,438	\$483,698	\$1,059,648	\$11,791,488

### **NOTE 9 - INTERFUND ASSETS/LIABILITIES**

At June 30, 2000, receivables and payables that resulted from various interfund transactions were as follows:

Fund Type/Fund	Interfund Receivable	Interfund Payable
General Fund	\$67,701	\$1,495
Special Revenue Funds		
Athletic	0	12,572
Title VI-B	0	16,499
Total Special Revenue Funds	0	29,071
Debt Service Fund		
Bond Retirement	1,495	0
Capital Projects Fund		
Power Up	0	19,366
Enterprise Funds		
Food Service	0	13,961
Uniform School Supplies	0	5,303
Total Enterprise Funds	0	19,264
Total All Funds	\$69,196	\$69,196

### Notes to the General-Purpose Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2000 (Continued)

#### **NOTE 10 - RISK MANAGEMENT**

The School District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. During fiscal year 2000, the School District contracted for the following insurance coverages:

Coverages provided by Utica National Insurance are as follows:

Building and Contents/Boiler and Machinery - replacement cost (\$1,000 deductible)	\$21,366,920
Miscellaneous Property (\$1,000 deductible)	116,940
Musical Instruments	190,185
Coverages provided by Grange Mutual Casualty are as follows:	
Automobile Liability (\$500 deductible per person/accident)	1,000,000
Medical Payments - per person	5,000
Coverages provided by Nationwide Insurance are as follows:	
General School District Liability	
Per Occurrence	1,000,000
Total per Year	3,000,000
Umbrella Liability	
Per Occurrence	2,000,000
Total per Year	2,000,000

Settled claims have not exceeded this commercial coverage in any of the past three years, and there has been no significant reduction in insurance coverage from the prior fiscal year.

The School District participates in the San-Ott Insurance Consortium (the Consortium), a public entity shared risk pool consisting of ten local school districts. The School District pays monthly premiums to the Consortium for employee medical and dental insurance benefits. The Consortium is responsible for the management and operation of the program. Upon withdrawal from the Consortium, a participant is responsible for the payment of all liabilities to its employees, dependents, and designated beneficiaries accruing as a result of withdrawal.

Notes to the General-Purpose Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2000 (Continued)

#### NOTE 10 - RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)

For fiscal year 2000, the School District participated in the Ohio School Boards Association Workers' Compensation Group Rating Plan (GRP), an insurance purchasing pool. The intent of the GRP is to achieve the benefit of a reduced premium for the School District by virtue of its grouping and representation with other participants in the GRP. The workers' compensation experience of the participants is calculated as one experience and a common premium rate is applied to all participants in the GRP. Each participant pays its workers' compensation premium to the State based on the rate for the GRP rather than its individual rate. Total savings are then calculated and each participant's individual performance is compared to the overall savings percentage of the GRP. A participant will then either receive money from or be required to contribute to the "Equity Pooling Fund". This "equity pooling" arrangement insures that each participant shares equally in the overall performance of the GRP. Participation in the GRP is limited to participants that can meet the GRP's selection criteria. The firm of Gates McDonald & Co. provides administrative, cost control, and actuarial services to the GRP.

#### **NOTE 11 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS**

#### A. State Teachers Retirement System

The School District contributes to the State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio (STRS), a cost-sharing multiple employer public employee retirement system administered by the State Teachers Retirement Board. STRS provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to members and beneficiaries. Benefits are established by Chapter 3307 of the Ohio Revised Code. STRS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. The report may be obtained by writing to the State Teachers Retirement System, 275 East Broad Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215-3771.

Plan members are required to contribute 9.3 percent of their annual covered salary and the School District is required to contribute 14 percent; 6 percent was the portion used to fund pension obligations for fiscal year 2000. Contribution rates are established by STRS, upon recommendation of its consulting actuary, not to exceed statutory maximum rates of 10 percent for members and 14 percent for employers. The School District's required contribution for pension obligations to STRS for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2000, 1999, and 1998, were \$222,828, \$226,786, and \$328,225, respectively; 83 percent has been contributed for fiscal year 2000 and 100 percent for fiscal years 1999 and 1998. The unpaid contribution for fiscal year 2000, in the amount of \$38,316, is recorded as a liability within the respective funds.

#### **B. School Employees Retirement System**

The School District contributes to the School Employees Retirement System of Ohio (SERS), a cost-sharing multiple employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the School Employees Retirement Board. SERS provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to members and beneficiaries. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided by Chapter 3309 of the Ohio Revised Code. SERS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. The report may be obtained by writing to the School Employees Retirement System, 45 North Fourth Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215-3634.

Notes to the General-Purpose Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2000 (Continued)

#### NOTE 11 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (continued)

Plan members are required to contribute 9 percent of their annual covered salary and the School District is required to contribute an actuarially determined rate. The current rate is 14 percent of annual covered payroll; 5.5 percent was the portion used to fund pension obligations for fiscal year 2000. For fiscal year 1999, 7.7 percent was the portion used to fund pension obligations. The contribution requirements of plan members and employers are established and may be amended, up to statutory maximum amounts, by the SERS Retirement Board. The School District's required contribution for pension obligations to SERS for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2000, 1999, and 1998, were \$51,498, \$67,305, and \$81,850, respectively; 44 percent has been contributed for fiscal year 2000 and 100 percent for fiscal years 1999 and 1998. The unpaid contribution for fiscal year 2000, in the amount of \$28,828, is recorded as a liability within the respective funds and the general long-term obligations account group.

#### C. Social Security System

Effective July 1, 1991, all employees not otherwise covered by the State Teachers Retirement System or the School Employees Retirement System have an option to choose Social Security or the State Teachers Retirement System/School Employees Retirement System. As of June 30, 2000, two of the Board of Education members have elected Social Security. The Board's liability is 6.2 percent of wages paid.

#### **NOTE 12 - POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS**

The School District provides comprehensive health care benefits to retired teachers and their dependents through the State Teachers Retirement System (STRS), and to retired classified employees and their dependents through the School Employees Retirement System (SERS). Benefits include hospitalization, physicians' fees, prescription drugs, and reimbursement of monthly Medicare premiums. Benefit provisions and the obligation to contribute are established by the Systems based on authority granted by State statute. Both systems are funded on a pay-as-you-go basis.

The State Teachers Retirement Board has statutory authority over how much, if any, of the health care costs will be absorbed by STRS. Most benefit recipients pay a portion of the health care cost in the form of a monthly premium. By law, the cost of coverage paid from STRS funds shall be included in the employer contribution rate, currently 14 percent of covered payroll. For fiscal year 2000, the Board allocated employer contributions equal to 8 percent of covered payroll to the Health Care Reserve Fund. For the School District, this amount equaled \$297,104 for fiscal year 2000.

STRS pays health care benefits from the Health Care Reserve Fund. The balance in the Fund was \$2,783 million at June 30, 1999 (the latest information available). For the fiscal year ended June 30, 1999, net health care costs paid by STRS were \$249,929,000, and STRS had 95,796 eligible benefit recipients.

For SERS, coverage is made available to service retirees with ten or more years of qualifying service credit, disability, and survivor benefit recipients. Members retiring on or after August 1, 1989, with less than twenty-five years of service credit, must pay a portion of their premium for health care. The portion is based on years of service up to a maximum of 75 percent of the premium.

Notes to the General-Purpose Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2000 (Continued)

#### NOTE 12 - POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (continued)

For this fiscal year, employer contributions to fund health care benefits were 8.5 percent of covered payroll, an increase from 6.3 percent for fiscal year 1999. In addition, SERS levies a surcharge to fund health care benefits equal to 14 percent of the difference between a minimum pay and the member's pay, pro-rated for partial service credit. For fiscal year 2000, the minimum pay has been established at \$12,400. For the School District, the amount to fund health care benefits, including the surcharge, was \$94,277 for fiscal year 2000.

The surcharge, added to the unallocated portion of the 14 percent employer contribution rate, provides for maintenance of the asset target level for the health care fund. The target level for the health care reserve is 150 percent of annual health care expenses. Expenses for health care at June 30 ,1999, were \$126,380,984, and the target level was \$189.6 million. At June 30, 1999, SERS had net assets available for payment of health care benefits of \$188 million. SERS has approximately 51,000 participants currently receiving health care benefits.

#### **NOTE 13 - OTHER EMPLOYEE BENEFITS**

#### A. Compensated Absences

The criteria for determining vacation and sick leave components is derived from negotiated agreements and State laws. Classified employees earn ten to twenty days of vacation per fiscal year, depending upon length of service. Accumulated unused vacation time is paid to classified employees and administrators upon termination of employment. Teachers do not earn vacation time.

Teachers, administrators, and classified employees earn sick leave at a rate of one and one-fourth days per month. Sick leave may be accumulated up to a maximum of two hundred fifteen days for classified employees and two hundred sixty days for certified employees. Upon retirement, payment is made for 25 percent of accumulated unused sick leave credit to a maximum of forty-seven days for classified employees and sixty-five days for certified employees.

#### **B.** Health Care Benefits

The School District provides medical and dental insurance to most employees through the San-Ott Insurance Consortium. Depending upon the plan chosen, the employees share the cost of the monthly premium with the Board. The premium varies with employee depending on the terms of the union contract. Life insurance and accidental death and dismemberment insurance are provided through Mutual of Omaha Insurance Company.

### Notes to the General-Purpose Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2000 (Continued)

#### **NOTE 14 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS**

The changes in the School District's long-term obligations during fiscal year 2000 were as follows:

Balance at 6/30/99	Additions	Reduction s	Balance at 6/30/00
\$295,000	\$0	\$55,000	\$240,000
3,464,826	0	360,000	3,104,826
3,759,826	0	415,000	3,344,826
486,222	53,698	0	539,920
62,196	86,761	62,196	86,761
\$4,308,244	\$140,459	\$477,196	\$3,971,507
	\$295,000 3,464,826 3,759,826 486,222 62,196	6/30/99 Additions  \$295,000 \$0  3,464,826 0  3,759,826 0  486,222 53,698 62,196 86,761	6/30/99     Additions     Reduction       \$295,000     \$0     \$55,000       3,464,826     0     360,000       3,759,826     0     415,000       486,222     53,698     0       62,196     86,761     62,196

<u>Energy Conservation Loan</u> - On May 23, 1994, the School District obtained a loan, in the amount of \$518,109, to provide energy conservation measures for the School District. The loan was obtained for a ten year period, with final maturity in fiscal year 2004. The loan is being retired through the General Fund.

<u>School Improvement General Obligation Bonds</u> - On April 15, 1993, the School District issued \$5,249,826 in voted general obligation bonds for school building improvements. The bonds were issued for a seventeen year period with final maturity on December 1, 2009. The bonds are being retired through the Bond Retirement debt service fund.

Compensated absences and intergovernmental payables, representing the School District's contractually required pension contributions, will be paid from the fund from which the employees' salaries are paid.

The School District's overall debt margin was \$9,462,831 with an unvoted debt margin of \$136,256 at June 30, 2000.

Principal and interest requirements to retire outstanding general obligation debt at June 30, 2000, were as follows:

Fiscal Year	Principal	Interest	Total
2001	445,000	159,170	604,170
2002	475,000	133,730	608,730
2003	495,000	110,603	605,603
2004	505,000	86,210	591,210
2005	480,000	61,720	541,720
2005 - 2009	944,826	1,053,486	1,998,312
	\$3,344,826	\$1,604,919	4,949,745

Notes to the General-Purpose Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2000 (Continued)

#### **NOTE 15 - SET ASIDE REQUIREMENTS**

The School District is required by State statute to annually set aside, in the General Fund, an amount based on a statutory formula for the purchase of textbooks and other instructional materials, and an equal amount for the acquisition and construction of capital improvements. Amounts not spent by the end of the fiscal year or offset by similarly restricted resources received during the year must be held in cash at year end. These amounts must be carried forward and used for the same purposes in future years. In addition, the School District is required to set aside money for budget stabilization.

The following cash basis information identifies the changes in the fund balance reserves for textbooks, capital improvements, and budget stabilization during fiscal year 2000.

	Textbooks	Capital Improvements	Budget Stabilization
Balance June 30, 1999	\$0	\$0	\$90,052
Current Year Set Aside Requirement	105,797	105,797	0
Qualifying Expenditures	(156,783)	0	0
Current Year Offsets	0	(105,797)	(35,335)
Amount Carried Forward to Fiscal Year 2001	(\$50,986)	\$0	\$54,717
Set Aside Reserve Balance June 30, 2000	\$0	\$0	\$54,717

The total reserve balance for the set asides at the end of the fiscal year was \$54,717.

#### **NOTE 16 - SEGMENT INFORMATION FOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS**

The School District maintains two enterprise funds to account for the operations of food service and uniform school supplies. The table below reflects the more significant financial data relating to the enterprise funds of the Woodmore Local School District as of and for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2000.

		Uniform School	Total Enterprise
	Food Service	Supplies	Funds
Operating Revenues	\$216,347	\$22,126	\$238,473
Depreciation Expense	2,346	0	2,346
Operating Loss	(54,293)	(2,611)	(56,904)
Federal Donated Commodities	13,332	0	13,332
Operating Grants	34,159	0	34,159
Net Income (Loss)	2,783	(2,611)	172
			(continued)

Notes to the General-Purpose Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2000 (Continued)

#### NOTE 16 - SEGMENT INFORMATION FOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS (continued)

	Food Service	Uniform School Supplies	Total Enterprise Funds
Fixed Asset Disposals	\$3,871	\$0	\$3,871
Net Working Capital	(14,781)	(11,334)	(26,115)
Total Assets	47,056	3,823	50,879
Total Equity (Deficit)	11,207	(11,334)	(127)
Encumbrances Outstanding at Year End (Budget Basis)	2,911	0	2,911

#### **NOTE 17 - JOINTLY GOVERNED ORGANIZATIONS**

#### A. Northern Ohio Educational Computer Association

The School District is a participant in the Northern Ohio Educational Computer Association (NOECA), which is a computer consortium. NOECA is an association of thirty-eight school districts formed for the purpose of applying modern technology with the aid of computers and other electronic equipment to administrative and instructional functions among member school districts. The NOECA Board of Directors consists of two representatives from each county in which participating school districts are located, and the chairman of each of the operating committees. Financial information can be obtained from Betty Schwiefert, who serves as Controller, 2900 South Columbus Avenue, Sandusky, Ohio 44870.

#### **B. Penta County Joint Vocational School**

The Penta County Joint Vocational School (JVS) is a distinct political subdivision of the State of Ohio which provides vocational education. The JVS operates under the direction of a Board consisting of eleven members, each appointed for a term of two years, to serve the sixteen participating school districts. Six members are appointed during the even number years, one each from the Lucas, Ottawa, and Wood County Educational Service Centers and one each from the Bowling Green, Maumee, and Rossford City Boards of Education. Five members are appointed during the odd number years, one each from the Fulton, Lucas, Sandusky, and Wood County Educational Service Centers and one from the Perrysburg City Board of Education. The degree of control exercised by the School District is limited to its representation on the Board. The Board possesses its own budgeting and taxing authority. Financial information can be obtained from Carrie Herringshaw, who serves as Treasurer, 30095 Oregon Road, Perrysburg, Ohio 43551-4594.

#### C. Bay Area Council

The Bay Area Council was established in 1986 to carry out a cooperative program for the purchase of natural gas among boards of education located in Erie, Huron, Ottawa, Sandusky, Seneca, and Wood Counties. The Bay Area Council is organized under Ohio laws as a regional council of governments pursuant to a written agreement entered into by its member boards of education. The Bay Area Council is governed by a Board of Directors. This Board is elected by an Assembly consisting of a representative from each participating school district. Financial information can be obtained from the Erie County Educational Service Center, who serves as Fiscal Agent, 2902 Columbus Avenue, Sandusky, Ohio 44870.

Notes to the General-Purpose Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2000 (Continued)

#### **NOTE 18 - INSURANCE POOLS**

#### A. San-Ott Insurance Consortium

The San-Ott Insurance Consortium (the Consortium) is a public entity shared risk pool consisting of ten local school districts. The Consortium is a Voluntary Employee Benefit Association under Section 501(c)(9) of the Internal Revenue Code and provides medical and dental insurance benefits to the employees of the participants. Each participants' superintendent is appointed to an Administrative Committee which advises the Trustee, Key Bank, concerning aspects of the administration of the Consortium.

Each participant decides which plans offered by the Administrative Committee will be extended to its employees. Participation in the Consortium is by written application subject to acceptance by the Administrative Committee and payment of the monthly premiums. Financial information can be obtained from Jay Valasek, who serves as Treasurer, 1306 Cedar Street, Fremont, Ohio 43420.

### B. Ohio School Boards Association Workers' Compensation Group Rating Plan

The School District participates in a group rating plan for workers' compensation as established under Section 4123.29 of the Ohio Revised Code. The Ohio School Boards Association Workers' Compensation Group Rating Plan (GRP) was established through the Ohio School Boards Association (OSBA) as an insurance purchasing pool.

The GRP's business and affairs are conducted by a three member Board of Directors consisting of the President, the President-Elect, and the Immediate Past President of the OSBA. The Executive Director of the OSBA, or his designee, serves as coordinator of the GRP. Each year, the participants pay an enrollment fee to the GRP to cover the costs of administering the program.

#### **NOTE 19 - RELATED ORGANIZATION**

#### **Harris-Elmore Public Library**

The Harris-Elmore Public Library is a distinct political subdivision of the State of Ohio created under Chapter 3375 of the Ohio Revised Code. The Library is governed by a Board of Trustees appointed by the Woodmore Board of Education. The Board of Trustees possesses its own contracting and budgeting authority, hires and fires personnel, and does not depend on the School District for operational subsidies. Although the School District serves as the taxing authority, its role is limited to a ministerial function. The determination to request approval of a tax, the rate, and the purpose are discretionary decisions made solely by the Board of Trustees. Financial information can be obtained from Georgia Huizenga, who serves as Clerk/Treasurer, 328 Toledo Street, Elmore, Ohio 43416.

#### **NOTE 20 - STATE SCHOOL FUNDING DECISION**

On March 24, 1997, the Ohio Supreme Court rendered a decision declaring certain portions of the Ohio school funding plan unconstitutional. The Court stayed the effect of its ruling for one year to allow the State's Legislature to design a plan to remedy the perceived defects in the system. Declared unconstitutional was the State's "School Foundation Program", which provides significant monetary support to the School District. During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2000, the School District received \$2,631,035 of school foundation support for its General Fund.

Notes to the General-Purpose Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2000 (Continued)

#### NOTE 20 - STATE SCHOOL FUNDING DECISION (continued)

Since the Supreme Court ruling, numerous pieces of legislation have been passed by the Ohio General Assembly in an attempt to address the issues identified by the Court. The Court of Common Pleas in Perry County reviewed the new laws and, in a decision issued on February 26, 1999, determined they are not sufficiently responsive to the constitutional issues raised under the "thorough and efficient" clause of the Ohio Constitution. The State appealed the decision made by the Court of Common Pleas to the Ohio Supreme Court. On May 11, 2000, the Supreme Court rendered an opinion on this issue. The Supreme Court concluded, "...the mandate of the [Ohio] Constitution has not been fulfilled". The Supreme Court's majority recognized efforts by the Ohio General Assembly taken in response to the Court's March 24, 1997, decision; however, it found seven "...major areas warrant further attention, study, and development by the Ohio General Assembly...", including the State's reliance on local property tax funding; the State's basic aid formula; the school foundation program, as discussed above; the mechanism for, and adequacy of, funding for school facilities; and the existence of the State's School Solvency Assistance Fund, which the Supreme Court found took the place of the unconstitutional emergency school loan assistance program.

The Supreme Court decided to maintain jurisdiction over these issues and continued the case at least until June 15, 2001.

As of the date of these financial statements, the School District is unable to determine what effect, if any, this ongoing litigation will have on its future State funding under this program and on its financial operations.

#### **NOTE 21 - CONTINGENCIES**

#### A. Grants

The School District received financial assistance from federal and state agencies in the form of grants. The expenditure of funds received under these programs generally requires compliance with terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements and is subject to audit by the grantor agencies.

Any disallowed claims resulting from such audits could become a liability of the General Fund or other applicable funds. However, in the opinion of management, any such disallowed claims will not have a material adverse effect on the overall financial position of the School District at June 30, 2000.

#### **B.** Litigation

The School District is party to legal proceedings. The School District's management is of the opinion that ultimate disposition of these claims and legal proceedings will not have a material effect, if any, on the financial condition of the School District.

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# SCHEDULE OF FEDERAL AWARDS EXPENDITURES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2000

FEDERAL GRANTOR Pass Through Grantor Program Title	Pass Through Entity Number	Federal CFDA Number
UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE Passed Through Ohio Department of Education:		
Nutrition Cluster: Food Distribution		10 550
National School Lunch Program	049577 03PU 00099	10.550 10.555
Hallottal College Earlott Fogram	049577 03PU 00000	10.000
	049577 04PU 00099	
	049577 04PU 00000	
Total National School Lunch Program	0.40577 05811 00000	40.550
School Breakfast Program Summer Food Service Program for Children	049577 05PU 00099 049577 23ML 00099	10.553 10.559
Total Department of Agriculture - Nutrition Cluster	049577 23IVIL 00099	10.559
UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION		
Passed Through Ohio Department of Education:		
Special Education Grants to States		
(IDEA Part B)	049577 6B-SF 98P	84.027
	049577 6B-SF 99P 049577 6B-SF 00	
Total Special Education Grants to States	049377 0B-3F 00	
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	049577 C1-S1 98	84.010
Thie i Grants to Local Eddeational Agencies	049577 C1-S1 99	04.010
	049577 C1-S1 00	
Total Grants to Local Educational Agencies		
Migrant Education Basic State Grant Program	049577 MG-S1 98	84.011
	049577 MG-S1 00	
Total State Migrant Education Program		
Eisenhower Professional Development	049577 MS-S1 98	84.281
State Grants	049577 MS-S1 99	
Total Dwight D. Eisenhower Proficiency	049577 MS-S1 00	
-	049577 DR-S1 98	84.186
Safe and Drug-Free Schools and Communities State Grants	049577 DR-S1 96 049577 DR-S1 99	04.100
Gommandes otate Grants	049577 DR-S1 00	
Total Drug-Free Schools Grant		
Innovative Education Program Strategies	049577 C2-S1 99	84.298
5 5	049577 C2-S1 00	
Total Innovative Education Program Strategy		
Total Department of Education		
Totals		

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this schedule.

Receipts	Non-Cash Receipts	Disbursements	Non-Cash Disbursements
	\$13,332		\$13,332
\$6,130		\$6,130	
10,198		10,198	
14,765		14,765	
14,734	0	14,734	0
45,827 2,794	U	45,827 2,794	U
581		581	
49,202	13,332	49,202	13,332
	,		
25,048			
46,460	40.400	6,659	
71,508	16,499 16,499	62,909 69,568	0
71,506	10,499		U
40.000		969	
12,223 26,302		10,224 25,170	
38,525	0	36,363	0
87,298	· ·	90,411	· ·
67,403		32,650	
154,701	0	123,061	0
	•	288	-
		3,848	
3,597		480	
3,597	0	4,616	0
		28	
1,922		731	
3,494		1,236	
5,416	0	1,995	0
863		1,972	
6,663		2,801	
7,526	0	4,773	0
281,273	16,499	240,376	0
\$330,475	\$29,831	\$289,578	\$13,332

# NOTES TO THE SCHEDULE OF FEDERAL AWARDS EXPENDITURES FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2000

#### **NOTE A - SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES**

The accompanying Schedule of Federal Awards Expenditures (the Schedule) summarizes activity of the District's federal award programs. The schedule has been prepared on the cash basis of accounting.

#### **NOTE B - FOOD DISTRIBUTION**

Non-monetary assistance, such as food received from the U.S. Department of Agriculture, is reported in the Schedule at the fair market value of the commodities received and consumed. Cash receipts from the U.S. Department of Agriculture are commingled with State grants. It is assumed federal monies are expended first. At June 30, 2000, the District had no significant food commodities in inventory.

#### **NOTE C - MATCHING REQUIREMENTS**

Certain Federal programs require that the District contribute non-Federal funds (matching funds) to support the Federally-funded programs. The District has complied with the matching requirements. The expenditure of non-Federal matching funds is not included on the Schedule.



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# REPORT OF INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS ON COMPLIANCE AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL REQUIRED BY GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Woodmore Local School District Sandusky County 708 West Main Street Woodville, Ohio 43469–1099

To the Board of Education:

We have audited the financial statements of Woodmore Local School District as of and for the year ended June 30, 2000, and have issued our report thereon dated January 30, 2001. We conducted our audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

#### Compliance

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Woodmore Local School District's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grants, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed an instance of noncompliance that is required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards* which is described in the accompanying schedule of findings as item 2000-10172-001. We also noted certain immaterial instances of noncompliance that we have reported to management of the District in a separate letter dated January 30, 2001.

#### **Internal Control Over Financial Reporting**

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements and not to provide assurance on the internal control over financial reporting. Our consideration of the internal control over financial reporting would not necessarily disclose all matters in the internal control over financial reporting that might be material weaknesses. A material weakness is a condition in which the design or operation of one or more of the internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that misstatements in amounts that would be material in relation to the financial statements being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions. We noted no matters involving the internal control over financial reporting and its operation that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, we noted other matters involving the internal control over financial reporting that do not require inclusion in this report, that we have reported to management of the District in a separate letter dated January 30, 2001.

Woodmore Local School District Sandusky County Report of Independent Accountants on Compliance and on Internal Control Required by *Government Auditing Standards* Page 2

This report is intended for the information and use of the audit committee, management, the Board of Education, federal awarding agencies, and pass-through entities, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Jim Petro Auditor of State

January 30, 2001



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# REPORT OF INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS ON COMPLIANCE WITH REQUIREMENTS APPLICABLE TO THE MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE IN ACCORDANCE WITH OMB CIRCULAR A-133

Woodmore Local School District Sandusky County 708 West Main Street Woodville, Ohio 43469–1099

To the Board of Education:

### Compliance

We have audited the compliance of Woodmore Local School District, Sandusky County, (the District) with the types of compliance requirements described in the *U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Circular A-133, Compliance Supplement* that are applicable to each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2000. The District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings. Compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts and grants applicable to each of its major federal programs is the responsibility of the District's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the District's compliance based on our audit.

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. Those standards and OMB Circular A-133 require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance occurred with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our audit does not provide a legal determination on the District's compliance with those requirements.

In our opinion, the District complied, in all material respects, with the requirements referred to above that are applicable to each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2000.

#### **Internal Control Over Compliance**

The management of the District is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with requirements of laws, regulations, contracts and grants applicable to federal programs. In planning and performing our audit, we considered the District's internal control over compliance with requirements that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on compliance and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with OMB Circular A-133.

Woodmore Local School District Sandusky County Report of Independent Accountants on Compliance with Requirements Applicable to the Major Federal Program and Internal Control Over Compliance in Accordance with OMB Circular A-133 Page 2

Our consideration of the internal control over compliance would not necessarily disclose all matters in the internal control that might be material weaknesses. A material weakness is a condition in which the design or operation of one or more of the internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that noncompliance with applicable requirements of laws, regulations, contracts and grants that would be material in relation to a major federal program being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions. We noted no matters involving the internal control over compliance and its operation that we consider to be material weaknesses.

This report is intended for the information and use of the audit committee, management, the Board of Education, federal awarding agencies, and pass-through entities, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Jim Petro Auditor of State

January 30, 2001

# SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS OMB CIRCULAR A -133 § .505 JUNE 30, 2000

### 1. SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

(d)(1)(i)	Type of Financial Statement Opinion	Unqualified
(d)(1)(ii)	Were there any material control weakness conditions reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
(d)(1)(ii)	Were there any other reportable control weakness conditions reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
(d)(1)(iii)	Was there any reported material noncompliance at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	Yes
(d)(1)(iv)	Were there any material internal control weakness conditions reported for major federal programs?	No
(d)(1)(iv)	Were there any other reportable internal control weakness conditions reported for major federal programs?	No
(d)(1)(v)	Type of Major Programs' Compliance Opinion	Unqualified
(d)(1)(vi)	Are there any reportable findings under § .510?	No
(d)(1)(vii)	Major Programs (list):	Migrant Education Basic State Grant Program CFDA #84.011  Special Education Grants to States (IDEA Part B) CFDA #84.027
(d)(1)(viii)	Dollar Threshold: Type A\B Programs	Type A: > \$ 300,000 Type B: all others
(d)(1)(ix)	Low Risk Auditee?	No

# 2. FINDINGS RELATED TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS

### FINDING NUMBER 2000-10172-001

### **Noncompliance Citation**

Ohio Revised Code § 5705.41 (B) states no subdivision shall make any expenditures of money unless it has been lawfully appropriated as provided in such chapter. The following had expenditures that exceeded appropriations for June 30, 2000:

Fund Type/Fund/Function/Object	Appropriations	Expenditures	Excess
General Fund			
Regular			
Materials and Supplies	156,920	173,551	16,631
Capital Outlay - Replacement	920	11,527	10,607
Special Special	020	11,021	10,001
Purchased Services	950	372,074	371,124
Vocational		J. <u>_</u> ,J	J,
Materials and Supplies	7,445	11,067	3,622
Other	,,,,,	,	-,
Purchased Services	41,468	52,495	11,027
Pupils	,	- ,	, -
Salaries	276,939	292,001	15,062
Fringe Benefits	62,638	64,821	2,183
Purchased Services	11,216	70,753	59,537
Capital Outlay - Replacement	244	571	327
Instructional Staff			
Salaries	67,686	68,504	818
Materials and Supplies	26,122	29,929	3,807
Board of Education			
Purchased Services	23,540	26,467	2,927
Administration			
Salaries	367,800	369,640	1,840
Fiscal			
Salaries	91,500	96,275	4,775
Purchased Services	17,147	19,125	1,978
Materials and Supplies	2,728	2,735	7
Pupil Transportation			
Materials and Supplies	52,514	56,432	3,918
Extracurricular Activities			
Salaries	111,543	134,795	23,252
Fringe Benefits	17,569	20,456	2,887
Other	10,000	18,194	8,194
Capital Outlay			
Purchased Services	3,098	3,241	143

(continued)

Woodmore Local School District Sandusky County Schedule of Findings Page 3

# FINDING NUMBER 2000-10172-001 (Continued)

Fund Type/Fund/Function/Object	Appropriations	Expenditures	Excess
Special Revenue Funds:			
Athletic			
Extracurricular Activities			
Fringe Benefits	1,128	1,382	254
Professional Development			
Pupils			
Fringe Benefits	0	4	4
Instructional Staff			
Salaries	0	2,509	2,509
Fringe Benefits	0	142	142
Non-Instructional Services			
Fringe Benefits	0	252	252
Disadvantaged Pupil Impact Aid			
Regular			
Salaries	2,278	4,284	2,006
Fringe Benefits	365	649	284
Ohio Reads			
Regular			
Salaries	0	1,579	1,579
Fringe Benefits	0	221	221
Materials and Supplies	14	200	186
Miscellaneous State Grants			
Regular			
Purchased Services	0	1,377	1,377
Materials and Supplies	0	140	140
Migrant Education			
Administration			
Materials and Supplies	420	446	26
Pupil transportation			
Materials and Supplies	1,598	2,534	936
Non-Instructional Services	,	,	
Purchased Services	46	75	29
Materials and Supplies	1,554	5,724	4,170
Eisenhower	,,,,,,	-,:	.,
Regular			
Purchased Services	0	2,244	2,244
Materials and Supplies	290	1,892	1,602
Instructional Staff	200	.,002	.,002
Purchased Services	0	300	300
Materials and Supplies	0	3,297	3,297
a.ca.c and Cappinoo	Ŭ	3,201	0,201
			(continued)

# FINDING NUMBER 2000-10172-001 (Continued)

Fund Type/Fund/Function/Object	Appropriations	Expenditures	Excess
Title VI			
Regular			
Materials and Supplies	0	6,241	6,241
Capital Outlay - New	376	1,972	1,596
Non-Instructional		,	,
Materials and Supplies	0	285	285
Drug Free			
Pupils			
Materials and Supplies	857	1,830	973
E-Rate			
Administration			
Purchased Services	0	2,663	2,663
Capital Projects Funds:			
Permanent Improvement			
Fiscal			
Other	2,459	2,484	25
School Net/School Net Plus			
Regular			
Capital Outlay - New	18,443	70,084	51,641
Power Up			
Operation and Maintenance of Plant			
Capital Outlay - New	0	123,390	123,390
Capital Outlay			
Purchased Services	280	21,772	21,492
Expendable Trust Fund:			
Scholarship			
Regular			
Other	0	170	170
Enterprise Fund:			
Food Service			
Purchased Services	4,558	4,671	113

The Treasurer should not approve purchase orders or payments exceeding appropriations. If sufficient resources exist, the Treasurer should request the Board of Education to amend appropriations (and estimated resources, if needed).

### 3. FINDINGS FOR FEDERAL AWARDS

None.

# SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS OMB CIRCULAR A -133 § .315 (b) JUNE 30, 2000

Finding Number	Finding Summary	Fully Corrected?	Not Corrected, Partially Corrected; Significantly Different Corrective Action Taken; or Finding No Longer Valid; <i>Explain</i> :
1999-10172-001	ORC § 5705.41 (B)	No	Not corrected

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# CORRECTIVE ACTION PLAN OMB CIRCULAR A -133 § .315 (c) JUNE 30, 2000

Finding Number	Planned Corrective Action	Anticipated Completion Date	Responsible Contact Person
2000-10172-001	The Board will be reviewing the appropriations on a monthly basis with amendments being done.	This is in process.	William Ott, Treasurer



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# WOODMORE LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT SANDUSKY COUNTY

### **CLERK'S CERTIFICATION**

This is a true and correct copy of the report which is required to be filed in the Office of the Auditor of State pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in Columbus, Ohio.

**CLERK OF THE BUREAU** 

Susan Babbitt

CERTIFIED FEBRUARY 22, 2001