AUDITOR AMII///

CLEVELAND METROPOLITAN PARK DISTRICT CUYAHOGA COUNTY

REGULAR AUDIT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2001



CLEVELAND METROPOLITAN PARK DISTRICT CUYAHOGA COUNTY

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REPORT OF INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS

Cleveland Metropolitan Park District Cuyahoga County 4101 Fulton Parkway Cleveland, Ohio 44144

To the Board Members:

We have audited the accompanying basic financial statements of the Cleveland Metropolitan Park District, Cuyahoga County, Ohio, (the Park District) as of and for the year ended December 31, 2001, as listed in the table of contents. These basic financial statements are the responsibility of the Park District's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these basic financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the basic financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Cleveland Metropolitan Park District, Cuyahoga County, Ohio as of December 31, 2001, and the results of its operations and the cash flows of its proprietary funds for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

As described in Note 3, to the basic financial statements, the Park District adopted Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statements 33, 34, 36, 37, 38 and Interpretation 6.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated June 12, 2002 on our consideration of the Park District's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grants. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* and should be read in conjunction with this report in considering the results of our audit.

Management's Discussion and Analysis is not a required part of the basic financial statements but is supplementary information the Governmental Accounting Standards Board requires. We applied limited procedures, consisting principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion thereon.

Jim Petro Auditor of State

June 12, 2002

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Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended December 31, 2001 Unaudited

The discussion and analysis of the Cleveland Metropolitan Park District's (the "District") financial performance provides an overall review of the District's financial activities for the year ended December 31, 2001. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the District's financial performance as a whole; readers should also review the basic financial statements to enhance their understanding of the District's financial performance.

Financial Highlights

Key Financial highlights for 2001 are as follows:

- In total, Net Assets increased \$6,263,235 or 4.15 percent over 2000.
- Total Liabilities decreased by \$727,558 or 1.74 percent from 2000.
- The District had \$49,234,854 in expenses. Only \$14,674,008 of these expenses were offset by program specific charges for services, capital grants and contributions. General revenues of \$40,824,081 were adequate to provide for these programs.

Using this Annual Financial Report

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements and notes to those statements. These statements are prepared and organized so the reader can understand the District as a financial whole or as an entire operating entity. The statements then proceed to provide an increasingly detailed look at our specific financial conditions.

The Statement of Net Assets and Statement of Activities provides information about the activities of the whole District, presenting both an aggregate view of the District's finances and a longer-term view of those assets. The Statement of Activities shows a net (expense) revenue and changes to net assets related to each department of the District. Fund financial statements tell how services were financed in the short-term as well as what dollars remain for future spending.

Reporting on the District as a Whole

Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities

The Statement of Net Assets and Statement of Activities include all assets and liabilities using the accrual basis of accounting similar to the accounting method used by the private sector. The basis for this accounting takes into account all of the current year's revenues and expenses regardless of when the cash was received or paid.

These two statements report the District's net assets and the changes in those assets. This change in assets is important because it tells the reader whether, for the District as a whole, the financial position of the District has improved or diminished. However, in evaluating the overall position of the District, non-financial information such as changes in the District's tax base and the condition of District capital assets will also need to be evaluated.

In the Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities, all of the District's activities are reported as Governmental Activities.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended December 31, 2001 Unaudited

Reporting on the District's Most Significant Fund

Governmental Fund

The presentation for the District's only fund, the general fund, focuses on how resources flow into and out of it and the balance that is left at year end and available for spending in future periods. The general fund is reported using modified accrual accounting which measures cash and all other financial assets that are expected to be readily converted to cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the District's general operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future on services provided to our District users. The relationship (or differences) between governmental activities (reported on the Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities) and the general fund is reconciled in the financial statements.

The Cleveland Metropolitan Park District as a Whole

Recall that the Statement of Net Assets looks at the District as a whole. Table 1 provides a summary of the District's net assets for 2001 compared to 2000.

Table 1 Net Assets

| | 2001 | 2000 |
|----------------------------|---------------|---------------|
| Assets | | _ |
| Current and Other Assets | \$69,012,986 | \$69,912,021 |
| Capital Assets, Net | 129,314,543 | 122,879,831 |
| Total Assets | 198,327,529 | 192,791,852 |
| Liabilities | | |
| Current Liabilities | 36,781,686 | 37,786,294 |
| Long-Term Liabilities: | | |
| Due within One Year | 223,111 | 198,382 |
| Due in More than One Year | 4,078,020 | 3,825,699 |
| Total Liabilities | 41,082,817 | 41,810,375 |
| Net Assets | | |
| Invested in Capital Assets | 129,314,543 | 122,879,831 |
| Unrestricted | 27,930,169 | 28,101,646 |
| Total Net Assets | \$157,244,712 | \$150,981,477 |

The \$5,535,677 increase in assets is primarily attributed to the increase in capital assets (see Table 3). Cash and cash equivalents decreased by \$438,971 from 2000.

Liabilities decreased by \$727,558 from 2000, primarily due to less accounts payable and intergovernmental payable reported in 2001 compared to 2000.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended December 31, 2001 Unaudited

Table 2 shows the changes in net assets for the year ended December 31, 2001. Since this is the first year the District has prepared financial statements following GASB Statement 34, revenue and expense comparisons to 2000 are not available. In future years, when prior-year information is available, a comparative analysis of government-wide data will be presented.

Table 2 Changes in Net Assets

| Revenues | |
|------------------------------------|--------------|
| Program Revenues | |
| Charges for Services | \$12,974,164 |
| Operating Grants and Contributions | 981,443 |
| Capital Grants and Contributions | 718,401 |
| General Revenues | |
| Property Taxes | 33,330,772 |
| Grants and Entitlements | 5,919,507 |
| Other | 1,573,802 |
| | |
| Total Revenues | 55,498,089 |
| | |
| Program Expenses | |
| Park Operations | 15,143,220 |
| Zoo Operations | 15,148,816 |
| Golf Course | 5,523,519 |
| Ranger Department | 5,617,461 |
| Administration | 7,801,838 |
| Total Expenses | 49,234,854 |
| Increase in Net Assets | \$6,263,235 |

Several revenue sources fund our District. Property tax is the biggest contributor, accounting for 67.03 percent of gross revenue. The property tax of 1.55 mills was voted on by the citizenry of Cuyahoga County and Hinckley Township of Medina County in November of 1995. This levy is scheduled to continue through 2005 and will experience only modest increases related to new property construction within the taxing district.

The District has maintained a philosophy to strive for self-sufficiency in the areas dedicated to recreation. As a result of this, charges for services accounted for \$12,974,164, which is 23.38 percent of gross revenue.

The expense for park operations, including outdoor education represented 30.76 percent of our total program expenses. Maintenance of the fourteen park reservations, connecting roads and trails represent a significant part of this expense.

Zoo operations amounted to \$15,148,816 of the total program expenses or 30.77 percent of program expenses.

Golf course operations amounted to \$5,523,519 of the total program expenses of the District, or 11.22 percent.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended December 31, 2001 Unaudited

The ranger department continues to monitor and provide safety for District visitors and facilities. The ranger department accounts for \$5,617,461 of the total program expense or 11.41 percent of the total.

The District's Fund

Information about the District's governmental fund begins on page 11. This fund is accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting. The District had Governmental revenues of \$54,996,889 and expenditures of \$55,439,612.

Budgeting Highlights

The District's budget is prepared according to Ohio law and is based on accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements, and encumbrances.

During the course of 2001, the District amended its general fund budget. All recommendations for a budget change come from the District Treasurer to the Board of Park Commissioners for resolution enactment on the change. The general fund is monitored closely looking for possible revenue shortfalls or over spending by individual departments.

Original budgeted revenues for the general fund were \$55,229,181; final budget amount was \$56,752,263; and the actual revenue was \$55,413,764. The major factors contributing to the decrease of actual revenues over budgeted revenues were decreased revenues in property taxes and grants, donations and sponsors.

The ending unencumbered cash balance in the general fund was \$5,616,380 over the final budgeted amount.

Capital Assets

Table 3
Capital Assets at December 31
(Net of Depreciation)

| | 2001 | 2000 |
|--------------------------|---------------|---------------|
| | | |
| Land | \$22,331,973 | \$22,224,493 |
| Construction in Progress | 4,015,071 | 1,744,277 |
| Buildings | 61,542,203 | 61,682,840 |
| Machinery and Equipment | 6,129,569 | 5,936,507 |
| Vehicles | 3,158,488 | 3,176,886 |
| Infrastructure | | |
| Bridges | 13,598,807 | 13,048,431 |
| Fords | 1,596,913 | 1,445,302 |
| Roads | 6,127,800 | 4,526,298 |
| All Purpose Trails | 7,969,995 | 6,277,629 |
| Golf Course Cart Paths | 352,163 | 358,819 |
| Other Paved Areas | 2,491,561 | 2,458,349 |
| Totals | \$129,314,543 | \$122,879,831 |

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended December 31, 2001 Unaudited

The \$6,434,712 increase in capital assets was attributable to additional construction projects and park road projects. During 2001, the RainForest tapir exhibit was enhanced and construction and design services were contracted for a new Zoo hospital.

Various park rehabilitation projects completed during 2001 included road paving, crack sealing, trail extension, tee and green enhancements, installing Romtech toilets and bridge rehabilitation.

Current Financial Related Activities

Long and short-term goals. The revenues and expenditures within the budget are directed to achieve the District's mission. The budget addresses the five critical issues outlined in District Strategic Plan 2000 and helps support the initiatives narrated in the Zoo Master Plan. The budget supports specific departmental work programs and verifies to the public that the District has been debt-free, with no capital obligations or unfunded liabilities.

Performance tools and response to change. The annual financial report provides measurement tools to judge the financial performance of each department, as well as the District as an agency.

Non-tax funds. Non-tax funds coming to the District are attributable to initiatives of District personnel and generosity of other organizations. The continuing effort toward self-sufficiency of District golf courses, Zoo, the Chalet, Aquatics, and other program operations, and how these enterprises continue to provide earned revenue and points out the Zoo's continued commitment toward "self-sufficiency", which reached a remarkable 85.8 percent in 1993 (from 26.2 percent in 1985), due to the opening of the Australian Adventure exhibit.

The District has committed itself to financial excellence and has a history of doing just that. The District has received the Government Finance Officers *Distinguished Budget Presentation Award* for nine consecutive fiscal years beginning January 1, 1993 through January 1, 2001.

Annually we make available our financial reports and budget documents. The District publishes a variety of informative documents related to the District and the Zoo. We also have information available at both park and zoo web sites.

On behalf of the Cleveland Metropolitan Park System, we personally thank our State Auditor, Mr. Jim Petro and his staff for their involvement and support in putting together the GASB 34 Statement. Mr. Petro and his staff certainly exemplify the fact that they seek the State of Ohio to be one of the more respected financial reporting governments and have committed themselves toward leading the way to providing the necessary guidance enabling all governments the opportunity to reach a level of reporting excellence.

Contacting the District's Treasurer's Office

This financial report is designed to provide our citizenry with the general overview of the District's finances and show the District's accountability for all money it receives, spends or invests. If you have any questions about this report or need financial information, contact Robert L. Miller, Treasurer, Cleveland Metropolitan Park District, 4101 Fulton Parkway, Cleveland, Ohio 44144.

Statement of Net Assets December 31, 2001

| | Governmental Activities |
|----------------------------------|-------------------------|
| Assets | |
| Cash and Cash Equivalents | \$27,320,633 |
| Cash and Cash Equivalents | |
| With Fiscal Agents | 263,972 |
| Accounts Receivable | 203,470 |
| Accrued Interest Receivable | 226,319 |
| Intergovernmental Receivable | 3,245,384 |
| Taxes Receivable | 36,873,430 |
| Prepaid Items | 44,327 |
| Materials and Supplies Inventory | 835,451 |
| Nondepreciable Capital Assets | 26,347,044 |
| Depreciable Capital Assets, Net | 102,967,499 |
| Total Assets | 198,327,529 |
| Liabilities | |
| Accounts Payable | 854,227 |
| Contracts Payable | 64,869 |
| Accrued Wages | 1,072,176 |
| Retainage Payable | 263,972 |
| Intergovernmental Payable | 136,147 |
| Deferred Revenue | 34,390,295 |
| Long-Term Liabilities: | |
| Due Within One Year | 223,111 |
| Due Within More Than One Year | 4,078,020 |
| Total Liabilities | 41,082,817 |
| Net Assets | 100 014 540 |
| Invested in Capital Assets | 129,314,543 |
| Unrestricted | 27,930,169 |
| Total Net Assets | \$157,244,712 |

Statement of Activities
For the Year Ended December 31, 2001

| | - | | Program Revenues | | Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Assets |
|--------------------------------|----------------------|---------------------|-----------------------|-------------------|--|
| | | Charges for | Operating Grants | Capital Grants | Governmental |
| | Expenses | Services | and Contributions | and Contributions | Activities |
| Governmental Activities | | | | | |
| Park Operations | \$15,143,220 | \$967,999 | \$433,596 | \$718,401 | (\$13,023,224) |
| Zoo Operations | 15,148,816 | 6,351,504 | 294,185 | 0 | (8,503,127) |
| Golf Course | 5,523,519 | 5,572,222 | 0 | 0 | 48,703 |
| Ranger Department | 5,617,461 | 82,439 | 22,252 | 0 | (5,512,770) |
| Administration | 7,801,838 | 0 | 231,410 | 0 | (7,570,428) |
| Total Governmental Activities | \$49,234,854 | \$12,974,164 | \$981,443 | \$718,401 | (34,560,846) |
| | General Revenues | | | | 22 220 772 |
| | Property Taxes | enta not Dostriotod | to Chasifia Duo anama | | 33,330,772 5,919,507 |
| | Investment Earnings | mis not Restricted | to Specific Programs | • | 1,483,767 |
| | Miscellaneous | | | | 90,035 |
| | Total General Reven | nues | | | 40,824,081 |
| | Change in Net Asset | s | | | 6,263,235 |
| | Net Assets Beginning | g of Year - (See N | Note 3) | | 150,981,477 |
| | Net Assets End of Ye | ear | | | \$157,244,712 |

Balance Sheet Governmental Fund December 31, 2001

| | General |
|--|--------------|
| | Fund |
| | |
| Assets | |
| Cash and Cash Equivalents | \$27,320,633 |
| Cash and Cash Equivalents | |
| With Fiscal Agents | 263,972 |
| Taxes Receivable | 36,873,430 |
| Accounts Receivable | 203,470 |
| Accrued Interest Receivable | 226,319 |
| Intergovernmental Receivable | 3,245,384 |
| Prepaid Items | 44,327 |
| Materials and Supplies | |
| Inventory | 835,451 |
| Total Assets | \$69,012,986 |
| Liabilities and Fund Balances | |
| Liabilities | |
| Accounts Payable | \$854,227 |
| Contracts Payable | 64,869 |
| Accrued Wages | 1,072,176 |
| Retainage Payable | 263,972 |
| Intergovernmental Payable | 136,147 |
| Deferred Revenue | 39,809,304 |
| Total Liabilities | 42,200,695 |
| Fund Poloness | |
| Fund Balances: Reserved for Encumbrances | 3,577,978 |
| | |
| Reserved for Inventory | 835,451 |
| Unreserved, Undesignated | 22,398,862 |
| Total Fund Balances | 26,812,291 |
| Total Liabilities and Fund Balances | \$69,012,986 |

Reconciliation of Governmental Fund Balance to Net Assets of Governmental Activities December 31, 2001

Total Governmental Fund Balance

\$26,812,291

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets are different because

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore not reported in the fund.

129,314,543

Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and therefore are deferred in the fund:

Intergovernmental2,935,874Delinquent Property Taxes2,483,135

Total 5,419,009

Long-term liabilities, such as compensated absences, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not included in the fund.

(4,301,131)

Net Assets of Governmental Activities

\$157,244,712

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Governmental Fund

For the Year Ended December 31, 2001

| | General Fund |
|-----------------------------------|-----------------|
| Revenues | |
| Property Taxes | \$33,330,107 |
| Intergovernmental | 5,861,392 |
| Grants, Donations, Sponsors | 1,257,424 |
| Interest | 1,483,767 |
| Golf Receipts | 5,572,222 |
| Zoo Receipts | 6,351,504 |
| Park Receipts | 967,999 |
| Damages and Fines | 82,439 |
| Miscellaneous | 90,035 |
| Total Revenues | 54,996,889 |
| Expenditures | |
| Current: | |
| Park Operations | 12,996,468 |
| Zoo Operations | 12,706,953 |
| Golf Course | 4,808,668 |
| Ranger Department | 5,414,968 |
| Administration | 7,879,977 |
| Capital Outlay | 11,632,578 |
| Total Expenditures | 55,439,612 |
| Net Change in Fund Balance | (442,723) |
| Fund Balance Beginning of Year - | |
| Restated (See Note 3) | 27,207,918 |
| Increase in Reserve for Inventory | 47,096 |
| Fund Balance End of Year | \$26,812,291 |

Reconciliation of the Changes in Fund Balance of Governmental Fund to the Statement of Activities For the Year Ended December 31, 2001

Net Change in Fund Balance - Total Governmental Funds

(\$442,723)

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because

Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlays exceeded depreciation in the current period.

| Fixed Asset Additions | 11,289,742 |
|---------------------------|-------------|
| Current Year Depreciation | (4,777,957) |

Total 6,511,785

Governmental funds only report the disposal of assets to the extent proceeds are received from the sale. In the statement of activities, a loss is reported for each disposal.

(77,073)

Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.

| Intergovernmental | 500,535 |
|---------------------------|---------|
| Delinquent Property Taxes | 665 |

Total 501,200

Some expenses reported in the statement of activities, such as compensated absences, do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.

| Compensated Absences | (277,050) |
|----------------------|-----------|
| Change in Inventory | 47,096 |

Total (229,954)

Change in Net Assets \$6,263,235

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual General Fund

For the Year Ended December 31, 2001

| | Budgeted Amounts | | | Variance with Final Budget Favorable |
|--------------------------------------|------------------|--------------|--------------|--|
| | Original | Final | Actual | (Unfavorable) |
| Revenues | | | | |
| Property Taxes | \$32,978,673 | \$34,037,425 | \$33,330,107 | (\$707,318) |
| Intergovernmental | 5,726,255 | 5,773,157 | 5,890,719 | 117,562 |
| Grants, Donations, Sponsors | 2,704,543 | 2,772,864 | 1,143,639 | (1,629,225) |
| Interest | 1,072,897 | 1,100,000 | 1,702,492 | 602,492 |
| Golf Receipts | 5,693,109 | 5,836,926 | 5,571,591 | (265,335) |
| Zoo Receipts | 5,836,789 | 5,984,235 | 6,349,439 | 365,204 |
| Park Receipts | 828,187 | 849,108 | 946,350 | 97,242 |
| Damages and Fines | 113,483 | 116,350 | 75,831 | (40,519) |
| Miscellaneous | 275,245 | 282,198 | 403,596 | 121,398 |
| Total Revenues | 55,229,181 | 56,752,263 | 55,413,764 | (1,338,499) |
| Expenditures | | | | |
| Current: | | | | |
| Park Operations | 13,305,617 | 13,763,604 | 13,283,364 | 480,240 |
| Zoo Operations | 13,013,233 | 13,461,156 | 12,997,306 | 463,850 |
| Golf Course | 4,896,121 | 5,064,648 | 4,930,717 | 133,931 |
| Ranger Department | 5,501,160 | 5,690,513 | 5,516,353 | 174,160 |
| Administration | 9,041,418 | 9,505,540 | 8,675,671 | 829,869 |
| Capital Outlay | 19,000,198 | 19,654,196 | 14,781,367 | 4,872,829 |
| Total Expenditures | 64,757,747 | 67,139,657 | 60,184,778 | 6,954,879 |
| Net Change in Fund Balance | (9,528,566) | (10,387,394) | (4,771,014) | 5,616,380 |
| Fund Balances Beginning of Year | 24,116,326 | 24,116,326 | 24,116,326 | 0 |
| Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated | 3,703,844 | 3,703,844 | 3,703,844 | 0 |
| Fund Balances End of Year | \$18,291,604 | \$17,432,776 | \$23,049,156 | \$5,616,380 |

Notes To The Basic Financial Statements For The Year Ended December 31, 2001

Note 1 - Reporting Entity and Basis of Presentation

The Cleveland Metropolitan Park District (the District) is a body politic established on July 23, 1917, by the Cuyahoga County Probate Court, under the authority of Section 1545.01, Ohio Revised Code.

The District's governing body is a three member Board of Park Commissioners (the Commissioners), who are appointed to three year terms by the Cuyahoga County Probate Court. Cuyahoga County cannot directly impose their will on the District; therefore, the District is a related organization of Cuyahoga County.

In evaluating how to define the District for financial reporting purposes, management has considered all agencies, departments and organizations making up the Cleveland Metropolitan Park District and its potential component units consistent with Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 14, "The Financial Reporting Entity."

The District is dedicated to the conservation of natural resources and wildlife, while providing various recreational facilities and services which are to be enjoyed by the public. The operation of each of these activities is directly controlled by the Commissioners through the budgetary process and are included within this report.

Component units are legally separate organizations for which the District is financially accountable. The District is financially accountable for an organization if the District appoints a voting majority of the organization's governing board and (1) the District is able to significantly influence the programs or services performed or provided by the organization; or (2) the District is legally entitled to or can otherwise access the organization's resources; the District is legally obligated or has otherwise assumed the responsibility to finance deficits of or provide financial support to the organization or the District is obligated for the debt of the organization. Component units may also include organizations that are fiscally dependent on the District in that the District approves the budget, the issuance of debt, or the levying of taxes. Currently, the District has no component units.

Note 2 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The financial statements of the District have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to local governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial principles. The District also applies FASB statements and interpretations issued on or before November 30, 1989 to its governmental activities, provided they don't conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements.

A. Basis of Presentation

The District's basic financial statements consist of government-wide statements, including a statement of net assets and a statement of activities, and fund financial statements which provide a more detailed level of financial information.

Government-wide Financial Statements The statement of net assets and the statement of activities display information about the District as a whole.

Notes To The Basic Financial Statements For The Year Ended December 31, 2001

The statement of net assets presents the financial condition of the governmental activities of the District at year-end. The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each program or function of the District's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program or department and therefore clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipient of the goods or services offered by the program, grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program and interest earned on grants that is required to be used to support a particular program. Revenues which are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues of the District, with certain limited exceptions. The comparison of direct expenses with program revenues identifies the extent to which each governmental program is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the District.

Fund Financial Statements During the year, the District accounts for its financial activities in a single governmental fund. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self balancing set of accounts. Governmental funds are those through which most governmental functions are financed. Governmental fund reporting focuses on the sources, uses and balances of current financial resources. The difference between governmental fund assets and liabilities is reported as fund balance. The District's only governmental fund is the general fund which accounts for all financial resources. The general fund balance is available to the District for any purpose provided it is expended according to the general laws of Ohio.

B. Measurement Focus

Government-wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are prepared using a flow of economic resources measurement focus. All assets and all liabilities associated with the operation of the District are included on the statement of net assets.

Fund Financial Statements

The general fund is accounted for using a flow of current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities generally are included on the balance sheet. The statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balance reports on the sources (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and uses (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) of current financial resources. This approach differs from the manner in which the governmental activities of the government-wide financial statements are prepared. Governmental fund financial statements therefore include a reconciliation with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide statements and the statements for the general fund.

C. Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting determines when transactions are recorded in the financial records and reported on the financial statements. Government-wide financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Governmental funds use the modified accrual basis of accounting. Differences in the accrual and modified accrual basis of accounting arise in the recognition of revenue, the recording of deferred revenue and in the presentation of expenses versus expenditures.

Notes To The Basic Financial Statements For The Year Ended December 31, 2001

Revenues - Exchange and Nonexchange Transactions

Revenue resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, is recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On a modified accrual basis, revenue is recorded in the year in which the resources are measurable and become available. Available means that the resources will be collected within the current year or are expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current year. For the District, available means expected to be received within sixty days of year-end.

Nonexchange transactions, in which the District receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include property taxes, grants, entitlements and donations. Revenue from property taxes is recognized in the year for which the taxes are levied (See Note 6). Revenue from grants, entitlements and donations is recognized in the year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are required to be used or the year when use is first permitted, matching requirements, in which the District must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose, and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the District on a reimbursement basis. On the modified accrual basis, revenue from nonexchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized.

Under the modified accrual basis, the following revenue sources are considered to be both measurable and available at year-end: state-levied locally shared taxes, damages and fines, interest, grants and rentals.

Deferred Revenue

Deferred revenue arises when assets are recognized before revenue recognition criteria have been satisfied.

Property taxes for which there is an enforceable legal claim as of December 31, 2001, but which were levied to finance year 2002 operations, have been recorded as deferred revenue. Grants and entitlements received before the eligibility requirements are met are also recorded as deferred revenue.

On governmental fund financial statements, receivables that will not be collected within the available period have also been reported as deferred revenue.

Expenses/Expenditures

The measurement focus of governmental fund accounting is on decreases in net financial resources (expenditures) rather than expenses. Expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred, if measurable. Allocations of cost, such as depreciation and amortization, are not recognized in governmental funds.

E. Cash and Cash Equivalents

The District utilizes a fiscal agent to hold retainage on construction contracts. The balances of these accounts are presented on the combined balance sheet as "cash and cash equivalents with fiscal agents".

During 2001 the District's investments were limited to certificates of deposit, repurchase agreements, STAROhio and savings sweep accounts.

Nonparticipating investment contracts such as repurchase agreements and nonnegotiable certificates of deposit are reported at cost.

Notes To The Basic Financial Statements For The Year Ended December 31, 2001

STAROhio is an investment pool managed by the State Treasurer's Office. STAROhio allows governments within the State to pool their funds for investment purposes. STAROhio is not registered with the SEC as an investment company, but does operate in a manner consistent with Rule 2a7 of the Investment Company Act of 1940. Investments in STAROhio are valued at STAROhio's share price which is the price the investment could be sold for on December 31, 2001.

Investment procedures are restricted by the provisions of the Ohio Revised Code. Interest revenue credited to the general fund during 2001 amounted to \$1,483,767.

Investments with an original maturity of three months or less at the time of purchase are presented on the financial statements as cash equivalents.

F. Inventory

On government-wide financial statements, inventories are presented at the lower of cost or market on a first-in, first-out basis and are expensed when used.

On fund financial statements, inventories of governmental funds are stated at cost. Cost is determined on a first-in, first-out basis. The cost of inventory items is recorded as an expenditure in the general fund when purchased.

G. Prepaid Items

Payments made to vendors for services that will benefit periods beyond December 31, 2001, are recorded as prepaid items using the consumption method by recording a current asset for the prepaid amount at the time of purchase and reflecting the expenditure/expense in the year in which the services are consumed.

H. Capital Assets

General capital assets are capital assets which are associated with and generally arise from governmental activities. They generally result from expenditures in the governmental funds. General capital assets are reported in the governmental activities column of the government-wide statement of net assets but are not reported in the financial statements of the general fund.

All capital assets, except for the District's collection of zoo animals, are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost) and updated for additions and retirements during the year. Donated fixed assets are recorded at their fair market values as of the date received. The capitalization thresholds for the District's capital assets are as follows:

| Land | All |
|--------------------------|----------|
| Construction in Progress | All |
| Buildings | \$50,000 |
| Machinery and Equipment | 1,000 |
| Vehicles | 1,000 |
| Infrastructure | All |

Improvements are capitalized; the costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an asset's life are not.

The District's infrastructure consists of bridges, fords, dams, roads, all purpose trails, golf course cart paths and other paved areas.

Notes To The Basic Financial Statements For The Year Ended December 31, 2001

All capital assets are depreciated except for land and construction in progress. Improvements are depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets. Useful lives for infrastructure were estimated based on the District's historical records of necessary improvements and replacement. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

| Description | Governmental Activities Estimated Lives |
|-----------------------------------|---|
| Land | |
| Buildings and Improvements | 40 years |
| Equipment | 10 years |
| Vehicles | 7 years |
| Infrastructure | 20-40 years |

I. Accrued Liabilities and Long-Term Obligations

All payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations are reported in the government-wide financial statements.

In general, governmental fund payables and accrued liabilities that, once incurred, are paid in a timely manner and in full from current financial resources, are reported as obligations of the fund. However, compensated absences are reported as a liability in the fund financial statements only to the extent that they are due for payment during the current year.

J. Compensated Absences

Vacation benefits are accrued as a liability as the benefits are earned if the employees' rights to receive compensation are attributable to services already rendered and it is probable that the employer will compensate the employees for the benefits through paid time off or some other means. The District records a liability, for all accumulated unused vacation time, when earned for all employees with more than one year of service.

Sick leave benefits are accrued as a liability using the termination method. An accrual for earned sick leave is made to the extent that it is probable that the benefits will result in termination payments. The liability is based upon the District's past experience of making termination payments.

K. Fund Balance Reserves

The District reserves those portions of fund balance which are legally segregated for a specific future use or which do not represent expendable resources and therefore are not available for appropriation or expenditure. Fund balance reserves have been established for encumbrances and inventories.

L. Net Assets

Net assets represent the difference between assets and liabilities. Net assets invested in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation.

M. Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

Notes To The Basic Financial Statements For The Year Ended December 31, 2001

N. Budgetary Process

The general fund is legally required to be budgeted and appropriated. The major documents prepared are the tax budget, the certificate of estimated resources, and the appropriations resolution, all of which are prepared on the budgetary basis of accounting. The tax budget demonstrates a need for existing or increased tax rates. The certificate of estimated resources establishes a limit on the amount the Commissioners may appropriate. The appropriations resolution is the Commissioner's authorization to spend resources and sets annual limits on expenditures plus encumbrances at the level of control selected by the Commissioners. The legal level of control has been established by the Commissioners at the object level within each department. Any budgetary modifications at this level may only be made by resolution of the Commissioners.

The certificate of estimated resources may be amended during the year if projected increases or decreases in revenue are identified by the Treasurer. The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts on the budgetary statements reflect the amounts on the certificate of estimated resources when the original appropriations were adopted. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts on the budgetary statements reflect the amounts on the final amended certificate of estimated resources issued during 2001. The appropriation resolution is subject to amendment throughout the year with the restriction that appropriations cannot exceed estimated resources. The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts reflect the first appropriation resolution for that fund that covered the entire year, including amounts automatically carried forward from prior years. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts represent the final appropriation amounts passed by the Commissioners during the year.

Note 3 - Change in Accounting Principles and Restatement of Prior Year Fund Equity

A. Changes in Accounting Principles

For 2001, the District has implemented GASB Statement No. 33, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Nonexchange Transactions", GASB Statement No. 34, "Basic Financial Statements - and Management's Discussion and Analysis - for State and Local Governments", GASB Statement No. 36, "Recipient Reporting for Certain Shared Nonexchange Revenues", GASB Statement No. 37, "Basic Financial Statements and Management's Discussion and Analysis for State and Local Governments: Omnibus", Statement No. 38, "Certain Financial Statement Note Disclosures", and GASB Interpretation No. 6, "Recognition and Measurement of Certain Liabilities and Expenditures in Governmental Fund Financial Statements."

GASB Statements No. 33 and 36 establish accounting and financial reporting standards for nonexchange transactions involving financial or capital resources. The timing for the recognition of assets, liabilities, and expenditures/expenses resulting from nonexchange transactions will be the same whether the accrual or modified accrual basis of accounting is required. For revenue recognition to occur on the modified accrual basis, however, the criteria established for accrual basis revenue recognition must be met and the revenue must be available.

GASB 34 creates new basic financial statements for reporting on the District's financial activities. The financial statements now include government-wide financial statements prepared on an accrual basis of accounting and fund financial statements which present information for individual major funds rather than by fund type.

Notes To The Basic Financial Statements For The Year Ended December 31, 2001

GASB Statement No. 37 clarifies certain provisions of Statement No. 34, including the required content of the MD&A, the classification of program revenues and the criteria for determining major funds. GASB Statement No. 38 modifies, establishes and rescinds certain financial statement note disclosures.

GASB Interpretation No. 6 clarifies the application of standards for modified accrual recognition of certain liabilities and expenditures in areas where differences have arisen, or potentially could arise, in interpretation and practice.

B. Restatement of Fund Balance

The implementation of these changes had the following effects on fund balance of the general fund of the District as it was previously reported. The transition from governmental fund balance to net assets of the governmental activities is also presented.

| | General |
|---|---------------|
| Fund Balance, December 31, 2000 | \$26,653,245 |
| Implementation of GASB Interpretation No. 6 | 171,493 |
| Implementation of GASB Statement No. 33 | 383,180 |
| Adjusted Fund Balance, December 31, 2000 | 27,207,918 |
| Capital Assets | 122,879,831 |
| Long-Term Liabilities | (4,024,081) |
| Long-Term (Deferred) Assets | 4,917,809 |
| Governmental Net Assets, December 31, 2000 | \$150,981,477 |

Note 4 - Budgetary Basis of Accounting

While reporting financial position, results of operations, and changes in fund balance on the basis of generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP basis), the budgetary basis as provided by law is based upon accounting for transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements and encumbrances. The Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual, General Fund, is presented on the budgetary basis to provide a meaningful comparison of actual results with the budget and to demonstrate compliance with State statute. The major differences between the budget basis and the GAAP basis (generally accepted accounting principles) are:

- 1. Revenues are recorded when received in cash (budget) as opposed to when susceptible to accrual (GAAP).
- 2. Expenditures are recorded when paid in cash (budget) as opposed to when the liability is incurred (GAAP).
- 3. Encumbrances are treated as expenditures (budget) rather than as a reservation of fund balance (GAAP).

Notes To The Basic Financial Statements For The Year Ended December 31, 2001

4. Unrecorded expenditures and cash represent amounts expended or received but not included as expenditures or revenues on the budget basis operating statements. These amounts are included as expenditures and revenues on the GAAP basis operating statements.

The following table summarizes the adjustments necessary to reconcile the GAAP basis statement to the budgetary basis statement for the general fund.

Net Change in Fund Balance

| GAAP Basis | (\$442,723) |
|---|---------------|
| Net Adjustment for Revenue Accruals | 416,990 |
| Net Adjustment for Expenditure Accruals | (393,937) |
| Encumbrances | (4,351,344) |
| Budget Basis | (\$4,771,014) |

Note 5 - Deposits and Investments

State statutes classify monies held by the District into three categories.

Active deposits are public deposits necessary to meet current demands on the treasury. Such monies must be maintained either as cash in the District treasury, in commercial accounts payable or withdrawable on demand, including negotiable order of withdrawal (NOW) accounts, or in money market deposit accounts.

Inactive deposits are public deposits that the Board of Park Commissioners has identified as not required for use within the current five year period of designation of depositories. Inactive deposits must either be evidenced by certificates of deposit maturing not later than the end of the current period of designation of depositories, or by savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts.

Interim deposits are deposits of interim monies. Interim monies are those monies which are not needed for immediate use but which will be needed before the end of the current period of designation of depositories. Interim deposits must be evidenced by time certificates of deposit maturing not more than one year from the date of deposit or by savings or deposit accounts including passbook accounts.

Protection of the District's deposits is provided by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation, by eligible securities pledged by the financial institution as security for repayment, by surety company bonds deposited with the Treasurer by the financial institution or by a single collateral pool established by the financial institution to secure the repayment of all public monies deposited with the institution. Interim monies may be deposited or invested in the following securities:

Notes To The Basic Financial Statements For The Year Ended December 31, 2001

- 1. Bonds, notes, or other obligations of or guaranteed by the United States, or those for which the faith of the United States is pledged for the payment of principal and interest;
- 2. Bonds, notes, debentures, or other obligations or securities issued by any federal government agency or instrumentality;
- 3. Written repurchase agreements for a period not to exceed thirty days in securities listed above that mature within five years from the date of purchase;
- 4. Bonds and other obligations of the State of Ohio;
- 5. No load market mutual funds consisting exclusively of obligations described in division (1) or (2) of this section and repurchase agreements secured by such obligations, provided that investments in securities described in this division are made only through eligible institutions, and;
- 6. The State Treasurer's investment pool (STAROhio).

Investments in stripped principal or interest obligations, reverse repurchase agreements and derivatives are prohibited. The issuance of taxable notes for the purpose of arbitrage, the use of leverage and short selling are also prohibited. An investment must mature within five years from the date of purchase unless matched to a specific obligation or debt of the District, and must be purchased with the expectation that it will be held to maturity.

The following information classifies deposits and investments by categories as defined in GASB Statement 3 "Deposits with Financial Institutions, Investments (including Repurchase Agreements), and Reverse Repurchase Agreements."

Deposits At year-end, the carrying amount of the District's deposits was \$14,723,662 and the bank balance was \$15,599,389. Of the bank balance, \$485,349 was covered by federal depository insurance and \$15,114,040 was uncollateralized and uninsured.

Investments Investments are classified under the guidelines of GASB Statement No. 3 into three categories. Category 1 includes investments that are insured or registered or are held by the District or its agent in the District's name. Category 2 includes uninsured and unregistered investments which are held by the counterparty's trust department or agent in the District's name. Category 3 includes uninsured and unregistered investments which are held by the counterparty, or by its trust department or agent but not in the District's name. STAROhio is an unclassified investment since it is not evidenced by securities that exist in physical or book entry form.

| | Category 3 | Carrying Value | Fair Value |
|----------------------|-------------|-------------------|---------------|
| Repurchase Agreement | \$3,542,410 | \$3,542,410 | \$3,541,961 |
| STAROhio | 0 | 9,318,533 | 9,318,533 |
| Total Investments | \$3,542,410 | \$12,860,943 | \$12,860,494 |

Notes To The Basic Financial Statements For The Year Ended December 31, 2001

The classification of cash and cash equivalents and investments on the combined financial statements is based on criteria set forth in GASB Statement No. 9, "Reporting Cash Flows of Proprietary and Nonexpendable Trust Funds and Governmental Entities That Use Proprietary Fund Accounting."

A reconciliation between the classification of cash and cash equivalents and investments on the combined financial statements and the classification of deposits and investments presented above per GASB Statement No. 3 is as follows:

| | Cash and Cash Equivalents/Deposits | Investments | |
|----------------------|------------------------------------|--------------|--|
| GASB Statement No. 9 | \$27,584,605 | \$0 | |
| Repurchase Agreement | (3,542,410) | 3,542,410 | |
| STAROhio | (9,318,533) | 9,318,533 | |
| GASB Statement No. 3 | \$14,723,662 | \$12,860,943 | |

Note 6 - Property Taxes

Property taxes include amounts levied against all real, public utility and tangible personal property located in Cuyahoga County and Districts 16 and 17 in Medina County. Property tax revenue received during 2001 for real and public property taxes represents collections of 2000 taxes. Property tax payments received during 2001 for tangible personal property (other than public utility property) are for 2001 taxes.

2001 real property taxes are levied after October 1, 2001 on the assessed value as of January 1, 2001 the lien date. Assessed values are established by State law at 35 percent of appraised market value. 2001 real property taxes are collected in and intended to finance 2002.

Public utility tangible personal property currently is assessed at varying percentages of true value; public utility real property is assessed at 35 percent of true value. 2001 public utility property taxes which became a lien December 31, 2000, are levied after October 1, 2001, and are collected in 2002 with real property taxes.

2001 tangible personal property taxes are levied after October 1, 2000, on the value as of December 31, 2000. Collections are made in 2001. Tangible personal property assessments are 25 percent of true value.

The full tax rate for all District operations for the year ended December 31, 2001 was \$1.55 per \$1,000 of assessed value. The assessed values of real and tangible personal property upon which 2001 property tax receipts were based are as follows:

Notes To The Basic Financial Statements For The Year Ended December 31, 2001

| | Cuyahoga County | Medina County | |
|----------------------------|--------------------|------------------|--|
| Real Property | \$24,689,595,570 | \$200,053,120 | |
| Public Utility Property | 977,712,740 | 4,249,690 | |
| Tangible Personal Property | 3,032,063,859 | 5,996,668 | |
| Total Assessed Value | \$28,699,372,169 | \$210,299,478 | |

Real property taxes are payable annually or semi-annually. If paid annually, payment is due December 31; if paid semi-annually, the first payment is due December 31, with the remainder payable by June 20. Under certain circumstances, State statute permits later payment dates to be established.

Tangible personal property taxes paid by multi-county taxpayers are due by September 20. Single county taxpayers may pay annually or semi-annually. If paid annually, payment is due April 30; if paid semi-annually, the first payment is due April 30, with the remainder payable at September 20.

The County Treasurers collect property taxes on behalf of all taxing districts in the county, including the Cleveland Metropolitan Park District. The County Auditors periodically remit to the District its portion of the taxes collected. Property taxes receivable represent real and tangible personal property taxes, public utility taxes and outstanding delinquencies which are measurable as of December 31, 2001 and for which there is an enforceable legal claim. In the general fund, the entire receivable has been offset by deferred revenue since the current taxes were not levied to finance 2001 operations and the collection of delinquent taxes during the available period is not subject to reasonable estimation. On a full accrual basis, delinquent property taxes have been recorded as revenue while the remainder of the receivable is deferred.

Note 7 - Receivables

Receivables at December 31, 2001 primarily consisted of property taxes, accounts (billings for user charged services) and intergovernmental receivables. All receivables are considered fully collectible. The principal items of intergovernmental receivables are fees from other governmental entities.

Cleveland Metropolitan Park District, Cuyahoga County Notes To The Basic Financial Statements

Notes To The Basic Financial Statements For The Year Ended December 31, 2001

Note 8– Capital Assets

A summary of changes in capital assets during 2001 follows:

| | Balance | | | Balance |
|---|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|
| | 01/01/01 | Additions | Deletions | 12/31/01 |
| Governmental Activities | | | | |
| Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated | | | | |
| Land | \$22,224,493 | \$107,480 | \$0 | \$22,331,973 |
| Construction in Progress | 1,744,277 | 3,646,343 | (1,375,549) | 4,015,071 |
| Total Capital AssetsNot Being Depreciated | 23,968,770 | 3,753,823 | (1,375,549) | 26,347,044 |
| Capital Assets Being Depreciated | | | | |
| Buildings | 78,355,500 | 1,588,878 | (2,624) | 79,941,754 |
| Machinery and Equipment | 10,954,300 | 970,167 | (808,744) | 11,115,723 |
| Vehicles | 6,905,001 | 710,342 | (635,941) | 6,979,402 |
| Infrastructure | | | | 0 |
| Bridges | 17,713,162 | 983,452 | 0 | 18,696,614 |
| Fords | 1,557,544 | 190,520 | 0 | 1,748,064 |
| Dams | 85,000 | 0 | 0 | 85,000 |
| Roads | 8,773,511 | 2,040,177 | 0 | 10,813,688 |
| All Purpose Trails | 10,097,356 | 2,197,233 | 0 | 12,294,589 |
| Golf Course Cart Paths | 559,287 | 21,309 | 0 | 580,596 |
| Other Paved Areas | 3,523,564 | 209,390 | 0 | 3,732,954 |
| Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated | 138,524,225 | 8,911,468 | (1,447,309) | 145,988,384 |
| Less Accumulated Depreciation | | | | |
| Buildings | (16,672,660) | (1,726,891) | 0 | (18,399,551) |
| Machinery and Equipment | (5,017,793) | (777,105) | 808,744 | (4,986,154) |
| Vehicles | (3,728,115) | (654,291) | 561,492 | (3,820,914) |
| Infrastructure | | | | 0 |
| Bridges | (4,664,731) | (433,076) | 0 | (5,097,807) |
| Fords | (112,242) | (38,909) | 0 | (151,151) |
| Dams | (85,000) | 0 | 0 | (85,000) |
| Roads | (4,247,213) | (438,675) | 0 | (4,685,888) |
| All Purpose Trails | (3,819,727) | (504,867) | 0 | (4,324,594) |
| Golf Course Cart Paths | (200,468) | (27,965) | 0 | (228,433) |
| Other Paved Areas | (1,065,215) | (176,178) | 0 | (1,241,393) |
| Total Accumulated Depreciation | (39,613,164) | (4,777,957) * | 1,370,236 | (43,020,885) |
| Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated, Net | 98,911,061 | 4,133,511 | (77,073) | 102,967,499 |
| Governmental Capital Assets, Net | \$122,879,831 | \$7,887,334 | (\$1,452,622) | \$129,314,543 |

Notes To The Basic Financial Statements For The Year Ended December 31, 2001

^{*} Depreciation expense was charged to governmental functions as follows:

| Park Operations | \$2,649,060 |
|-----------------|-------------|
| Zoo Operations | 1,578,437 |
| Golf Course | 271,948 |
| Rangers | 120,256 |
| Administration | 158,256 |
| | |
| Total | \$4,777,957 |

Note 9 - Compensated Absences

The criteria for determining vacation and sick leave liabilities are derived from negotiated agreements. Employees earn vacation and sick leave at different rates which are also affected by length of service. Vacation can be accumulated for up to three years. Sick leave accrual is continuous, without limit.

Upon retirement, termination, or death, employees with ten or more years of service with the District will be paid for one fourth of their accumulated hours of sick leave. Upon retirement, termination, or death, an employee will be paid for unused vacation up to the three year limit.

Holiday time may be accumulated for rangers and compensatory time earned must be taken by the end of the subsequent calendar year.

As of December 31, 2001, the liability for unpaid compensated absences was \$4,301,131.

Note 10 - Defined Benefit Pension Plan

Public Employee Retirement System

All District full-time employees, participate in the Public Employees Retirement System of Ohio (PERS), a cost sharing multiple-employer public employee retirement system administered by the Public Employees Retirement Board. PERS provides basic retirement and disability benefits, annual cost of living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Benefits are established by Chapter 145 of the Ohio Revised Code. PERS issues a stand-alone financial report which may be obtained by writing to the Public Employees Retirement System, 277 East Town Street, Columbus, Ohio, 43215-4642.

Plan members, other than those engaged in law enforcement, are required to contribute 8.5 percent of their annual covered salary to fund pension obligations. The 2001 employer pension contribution rate for District employees, other than those engaged in law enforcement, was 9.25 percent of covered payroll, increased from 6.54 percent in 2000. The District contribution for law enforcement employees was 9.5 percent of their annual covered salary to fund pension obligations. For 2000, PERS instituted a temporary employer rate rollback for state and local governments. Contributions are authorized by State statute. The contribution rates are determined actuarially. The District's required contributions to PERS for the years ended December 31, 2001, 2000, and 1999 were \$2,386,298, \$1,583,588, and \$2,172,980, respectively. The full amount has been contributed for 2000 and 1999. 97.37 percent has been contributed for 2001 with the remainder being reported as a fund liability.

Notes To The Basic Financial Statements For The Year Ended December 31, 2001

Note 11 - Postemployment Benefits

Public Employees Retirement System

The Public Employees Retirement System of Ohio (PERS) provides postretirement health care coverage to age and service retirees with ten or more years of qualifying Ohio service credit. Health care coverage for disability recipients and primary survivor recipients is available. The health care coverage provided by the retirement system is considered an Other Postemployment Benefit as described in GASB Statement No. 12. A portion of each employer's contribution to PERS is set aside for the funding of postretirement health care based on authority granted by State statute. The 2001 employer contribution rate was 13.55 percent of covered payroll; 4.30 percent was the portion that was used to fund health care for 2001. For 2000, the contribution rate was 10.84 percent of covered payroll; 4.30 percent was the portion that was used to fund health care. The employer contribution rate for law enforcement employees for 2001 was 16.7 percent; 7.2 percent was used to fund health care.

Benefits are advance-funded using the entry age normal cost method. Significant actuarial assumptions, based on PERS's latest actuarial review performed as of December 31, 2000, include a rate of return on investments of 7.75 percent, an annual increase in active employee total payroll of 4.75 percent compounded annually (assuming no change in the number of active employees) and an additional increase in total payroll of between .54 percent and 5.1 percent based on additional annual pay increases. Health care premiums were assumed to increase 4.75 percent annually.

All investments are carried at market. For actuarial valuation purposes, a smoothed market approach is used. Assets are adjusted to reflect 25 percent of unrealized market appreciation or depreciation on investment assets.

The number of active contributing participants was 411,076. The District's actual contributions for 2001 which were used to fund postemployment benefits were \$1,109,306. The actual contribution and the actuarially required contribution amounts are the same. PERS's net assets available for payment of benefits at December 31, 2000, (the latest information available) were \$11,735.9 million. The actuarially accrued liability and the unfunded actuarial accrued liability were \$14,364.6 million and \$2,628.7 million, respectively.

Note 12 - Contingencies

The District is a party to legal proceedings seeking damages. The District management is of the opinion that the ultimate disposition of a majority of the claims and legal proceedings will not have a material effect, if any, on the financial condition of the District.

Notes To The Basic Financial Statements For The Year Ended December 31, 2001

Note 13 - Risk Management

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. During 2001, the District contracted with several companies for various types of insurance as follows:

| Company | Type | Coverage |
|----------------|---------------------------------|--------------|
| Royal/St. Paul | Flood | \$20,000,000 |
| St. Paul | Excess Liability | 5,000,000 |
| | Property | 138,455,899 |
| | Automobile Liability | 1,000,000 |
| | Inland Marine | 1,801,723 |
| | Treasurer Bond | 1,000,000 |
| | Public Official/Law Enforcement | 4,000,000 |
| | Boiler and Machinery | 30,000,000 |
| | Data Processing Equipment | 1,750,000 |
| | Commercial Crime | 250,000 |
| NFIP | Flood | 1,620,400 |

Workers' compensation coverage is provided by the State. The District pays the State Workers' Compensation System a premium based on a rate per \$100 of salaries. This rate is calculated based on accident history and administrative costs.

There has not been a significant reduction in commercial coverage from the prior year and settled claims have not exceeded coverage in any of the last five years.

Note 14 - Long Term Obligations

Changes in the long-term obligations of the District during 2001 were as follows:

| | Outstanding 1/1/2001 | Additions | (Reductions) | Outstanding 12/31/2001 | Amount Due in One Year |
|----------------------|----------------------|-----------|--------------|------------------------|------------------------|
| Compensated Absences | \$4,024,081 | \$475,432 | (\$198,382) | \$4,301,131 | 223,111 |

Cleveland Metropolitan Park District, Cuyahoga County Notes To The Basic Financial Statements

Notes To The Basic Financial Statements For The Year Ended December 31, 2001

Note 15 - Contractual Commitments

At December 31, 2001, the District's significant contractual commitments consisted of:

| | Contract | Amount | Remaining on |
|--------------------------------------|--------------|-------------|--------------|
| Project | Amount | Paid | Contract |
| | | | |
| Painting, Resurfacing | \$4,129,282 | \$3,109,043 | \$1,020,239 |
| Golf Course Improvements | 272,837 | 127,934 | 144,903 |
| Bedford Viaduct Park Improvements | 51,260 | 39,060 | 12,200 |
| Garfield Park Improvements | 1,426,325 | 481,609 | 944,716 |
| Brecksville Park Improvements | 83,348 | 65,845 | 17,503 |
| Rocky River Park Marina Improvements | 1,629,996 | 1,615,235 | 14,761 |
| Ohio/Erie Canal Park Improvements | 2,413,436 | 2,035,665 | 377,771 |
| Zoo Expansion and Improvements | 1,070,058 | 682,593 | 387,465 |
| Total | \$11,076,542 | \$8,156,984 | \$2,919,558 |



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REPORT OF INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS ON COMPLIANCE AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL REQUIRED BY GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Cleveland Metropolitan Park District Cuyahoga County 4101 Fulton Parkway Cleveland. Ohio 44144

To the Board Members:

We have audited the financial statements of the Cleveland Metropolitan Park District, Cuyahoga County, Ohio, (the Park District) as of and for the year ended December 31, 2001, and have issued our report thereon dated June 12, 2002, wherein we noted the Park District adopted Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statements Nos. 33, 34, 36, 37, 38 and GASB Interpretation 6. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Compliance

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Park District's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grants, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the Park District's internal control over financial reporting in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements and not to provide assurance on the internal control over financial reporting. Our consideration of the internal control over financial reporting would not necessarily disclose all matters in the internal control over financial reporting that might be material weaknesses. A material weakness is a condition in which the design or operation of one or more of the internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that misstatements in amounts that would be material in relation to the financial statements being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions. We noted no matters involving the internal control over financial reporting and its operation that we consider to be material weaknesses.

Cleveland Metropolitan Park District Cuyahoga County Report on Compliance and on Internal Control Required by *Government Auditing Standards* Page 2

This report is intended for the information and use of management, the Board Members, and the audit committee and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Jim Petro Auditor of State

June 12, 2002



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CLEVELAND METROPOLITAN PARK DISTRICT CUYAHOGA COUNTY

CLERK'S CERTIFICATION

This is a true and correct copy of the report which is required to be filed in the Office of the Auditor of State pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in Columbus, Ohio.

CLERK OF THE BUREAU

Susan Babbitt

CERTIFIED JULY 23, 2002