

Years ended December 31, 2001 and 2000 with Report of Independent Auditors



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Board of Trustees Clinton Memorial Hospital 610 West Main Street P.O. Box 600 Wilmington, Ohio 45177-0600

We have reviewed the Independent Auditor's Report of the Clinton Memorial Hospital, Clinton County, prepared by Ernst & Young, LLP, for the audit period January 1, 2001 through December 31, 2001. Based upon this review, we have accepted these reports in lieu of the audit required by Section 117.11, Revised Code. The Auditor of State did not audit the accompanying financial statements and, accordingly, we are unable to express, and do not express an opinion on them.

Our review was made in reference to the applicable sections of legislative criteria, as reflected by the Ohio Constitution, and the Revised Code, policies, procedures and guidelines of the Auditor of State, regulations and grant requirements. The Clinton Memorial Hospital is responsible for compliance with these laws and regulations.

JIM PETRO Auditor of State

August 1, 2002



## Financial Statements

Years ended December 31, 2001 and 2000

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#### Report of Independent Auditors

Board of Trustees of Clinton Memorial Hospital d/b/a CMH Regional Health System

We have audited the accompanying balance sheets of Clinton Memorial Hospital d/b/a CMH Regional Health System (the Hospital) as of December 31, 2001 and 2000, and the related statements of operations of general fund and changes in fund balance and statements of cash flows of general fund for the years then ended. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Hospital's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audits.

We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Hospital at December 31, 2001 and 2000, and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the years then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States.

In accordance with the *Government Auditing Standards*, we have issued a report dated May 3, 2002 on our consideration of the Hospital's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grants. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Governmental Auditing Standards* and should be read in conjunction with this report when considering the results of our audit.

Ernet + Young LLP

## Balance Sheets

	December 31		
	2001	2000	
Assets			
Current assets:	¢17 272 000	¢ 0.026.024	
Cash and cash equivalents		\$ 9,036,934	
Short term investments Patient accounts receivable (less allowance for doubtful accounts of approximately \$2,573,000	2,091,096	1,422,774	
in 2001 and \$2,869,000 in 2000)	9,132,291	9,769,539	
Notes and other receivables	1,054,412	558,377	
Inventories	964,671	755,797	
Prepaid expenses and other	597,975		
Total current assets	31,213,454	22,025,834	
Property, buildings and equipment, net	45,364,980	35,138,542	
Other assets:			
Investments	5,915,613	7,295,713	
Notes and other receivables	947,205	571,119	
	6,862,818	7,866,832	
Total assets	\$83,441,252	\$65,031,208	

	December 31		
	2001	2000	
Liabilities and fund balance			
Current liabilities:			
Trade accounts payable	\$ 5,519,413	\$ 3,865,733	
Accrued salaries and wages	865,376	690,358	
Accrued vacation expenses	2,371,815	2,261,625	
Other accrued expenses	2,522,252	1,158,530	
Estimated settlement amounts due third-party payors	81,029	688,568	
Current portion of long-term debt	1,633,532	1,165,845	
Total current liabilities	12,993,417	9,830,659	
Long-term debt	17,846,356	8,424,888	
Fund balance Total liabilities and fund balance	52,601,479 \$83,441,252	46,775,661 \$65,031,208	

See accompanying notes.

## Statements of Operations of General Fund and Changes in Fund Balance

	Year ended December 31		
	2001	2000	
Operating revenue:			
Net patient service revenue	\$ 68,462,037	\$ 57,672,225	
Other operating revenue	1,345,696		
Total operating revenue	69,807,733	59,369,116	
Operating expenses:			
Salaries and wages	26,763,289	24,362,185	
Employee benefits	7,413,130	5,515,820	
Supplies	9,654,257	9,178,686	
Purchased services	6,243,715	5,289,513	
Depreciation and rent	3,998,753	3,944,423	
Provision for bad debts	2,963,339	2,674,451	
Occupancy	2,444,185	2,258,255	
Physician fees	2,504,831	2,432,280	
Insurance	453,366	364,037	
Interest	302,308	409,048	
Other	1,907,505	1,353,571	
Total operating expenses	64,648,678	57,782,269	
Income from operations	5,159,055	1,586,847	
Nonoperating gains, net	454,188	1,145,441	
Revenue and gains in excess of expenses	5,613,243	2,732,288	
Change in unrealized gains and losses on investments	212,575	311,245	
Fund balance at beginning of year	46,775,661		
Fund balance at end of year	\$ 52,601,479	\$ 46,775,661	

See accompanying notes.

## Statements of Cash Flows of General Fund

	December 31	
	2001	2000
Cash flow from operating activities		_
Income from operations	\$ 5,159,055	\$ 1,586,847
Adjustments to reconcile income from operations to		
net cash provided by operating activities:		
Depreciation	3,687,181	3,625,851
Loss (gain) on disposal of assets	15,546	(88,375)
Change in net unrealized gains on investments	212,575	311,245
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:		
Patients accounts, notes and other receivables	(234,873)	(1,046,316)
Inventories	(208,874)	(32,677)
Prepaid expenses and other assets	(115,562)	110,988
Trade accounts payable	1,653,680	767,217
Other accrued expenses	1,648,930	929,738
Estimated settlement amounts third party payors	(607,539)	386,994
Net cash provided by operating activities	11,210,119	6,551,512
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities Donations (made) received	(432,301)	197,886
Rental loss	(20,593)	(21,266)
Net cash (used) provided by noncapital financing activities	(452,894)	176,620
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities		
Issuance of debt	11,200,000	2,300,000
Repayment of debt	(1,310,845)	
Acquisition of property, buildings and equipment	(13,929,165)	
Net cash used by capital and related financing activities	(4,040,010)	(8,842,327)
Cash flows from investing activities		
Sale of investments	711,778	604,744
Interest income	907,082	968,821
Net cash provided by investing activities	1,618,860	1,573,565
	0.224.0==	(540.500)
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	8,336,075	(540,630)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year	9,036,934	9,577,564
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	\$17,373,009	\$ 9,036,934

See accompanying notes.

#### Notes to Financial Statements

December 31, 2001

#### 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

#### Organization

Clinton Memorial Hospital (the "Hospital"), d/b/a CMH Regional Health System, located in Clinton County, Ohio, is a county-owned tax-exempt Ohio not-for-profit organization that operates an acute-care hospital facility under the provisions of the Ohio Revised Code. The Hospital also has tax-exempt status under Section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code.

The Hospital's primary mission is to provide compassionate, accessible, quality healthcare to the communities it serves. Only those activities directly associated with the furtherance of this purpose are considered to be operating activities.

The Hospital utilizes the proprietary fund method of accounting whereby revenue and expenses are recognized on the accrual basis. Substantially all revenue and expenses are subject to accrual. Pursuant to Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 20, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Proprietary Funds and Other Governmental Entities That Use Proprietary Fund Accounting, the Hospital has elected to apply the provisions of all relevant pronouncements of the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) including those issued after November 30, 1989.

Other activities that result in gains or losses unrelated to the Hospital's primary mission are considered to be nonoperating. Nonoperating gains and losses include unrestricted donations to the Hospital, interest earnings on investments, and real estate rental income net of expenses.

#### **Property, Buildings and Equipment**

Depreciation is calculated on the straight-line method over estimated service lives for individual assets. Amortization of assets recorded under capital lease is included in depreciation expense. Property, buildings and equipment are stated at cost or fair market value at date of donation.

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

#### 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

#### **Net Patient Service Revenue**

Net patient service revenue is reported at estimated net realizable amounts. Revenue from the Medicare and Medicaid programs accounted for approximately 48 percent and 40 percent of the Hospital's net patient service revenue for the years ended December 31, 2001 and 2000, respectively. Payment for the majority of Medicare and Medicaid inpatient services is based on a prospectively determined fixed price, based on the discharge diagnosis per patient case. Certain other Medicare and Medicaid outpatient services are also reimbursed on a prospectively determined fixed price. The Hospital receives reimbursement for other Medicaid and other Medicare outpatient services at amounts which approximate the cost of providing the services.

The Hospital has also entered into other contractual arrangements that provide a discount from full established rates for patients enrolled in these plans. Determination of amounts due the Hospital or payable to the third-party payor is subject to audit by the responsible payor. Management believes that adequate provision has been made for any adjustments that may result from final settlement under these programs.

#### **Charity Care**

The Hospital treats patients regardless of their ability to pay. Additionally, the Hospital considers amounts not collected under indigent care programs to be charity care. Charity care measured at established rates, approximated \$2,987,000 and \$2,722,000 in 2001 and 2000, respectively. These charges are not included in net patient service revenue.

#### **Professional Liability Insurance**

The Hospital's professional liability insurance is underwritten through Ohio Hospital Insurance Company, a private insurer. Professional liability coverage is provided up to \$1 million per occurrence with an annual aggregate of \$3 million and excess insurance of \$7 million for professional and general liability risks.

#### **Cash and Cash Equivalents**

The Hospital considers cash in saving accounts, checking accounts, government securities and certificates of deposit that mature in three months or less to be cash and cash equivalents.

#### Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

#### 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continue d)

#### **Use of Estimates**

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements. Estimates also affect the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from these estimates.

#### 2. Deposits and Investments

At December 31, 2001 and 2000, the Hospital's carrying amount of deposits was \$3,739,002 and \$1,311,727, respectively, and the bank balance was \$3,776,576 and \$1,387,274, respectively. Of the bank balance, \$200,000 and \$200,000, respectively, was covered by Federal Depository Insurance. Of the remaining balance, \$281,831 and \$600,074, respectively, was collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent in the Hospital's name and \$3,294,745 and \$587,200, respectively, was collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent but not in the Hospital's name.

Investments are stated at market value plus accrued interest. Cost values also include accrued interest. Market value is based on quoted market prices.

	Decembe	er 31, 2001	<b>December 31, 2000</b>			
	Cost	Cost Market		Cost Market Cost		Market
Cash	\$ 3,739,002	\$ 3,739,002	\$ 1,311,727	\$ 1,311,727		
Other short-term investments	6,045,963	6,045,963	1,482,843	1,482,843		
U.S. Treasury	6,591,422	6,684,219	4,727,576	4,757,723		
U.S. Government/ Agencies	8,726,372	8,910,534	10,168,891	10,203,128		
Total	\$ 25,102,759	\$ 25,379,718	\$ 17,691,037	\$ 17,755,421		

The Hospital's investments are uninsured with securities held by the counter party, or by its agent, in the Hospital's name.

#### Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

#### 3. Property, Buildings and Equipment

Property, buildings and equipment consisted of the following at December 31:

	2001	2000
Land and land improvements	\$ 2,342,149	\$ 2,158,904
Buildings and building improvements	30,060,203	27,746,776
Equipment	24,002,453	22,588,339
Construction in progress	16,067,814	6,193,622
Total	72,472,619	58,687,641
Less accumulated depreciation	(27,107,639)	(23,549,099)
Property, buildings and equipment, net	\$ 45,364,980	\$ 35,138,542

The Hospital has entered into various agreements to purchase capital items and for capital improvements. As of December 31, 2001, these commitments totaled approximately \$15.4 million.

In connection with the capital improvements the hospital has capitalized interest of approximately \$212,000 and \$55,000 for the year ended December 31, 2001 and 2000, respectively.

#### 4. Concentrations of Credit Risk

The Hospital grants credit without collateral to its patients, most of whom are insured under third-party payor agreements. The mix of receivables from self-pay patients and third-party payors as of December 31 was as follows:

	2001	2000
Medicare	45%	41%
Medicaid	6	6
Other third-party payors	34	37
Self pay patients	15	16
	100%	100%

#### Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

#### 4. Concentrations of Credit Risk (continued)

Laws and regulations governing the Medicare and Medicaid programs are complex and subject to interpretation. Compliance with such laws and regulations can be subject to future government review and interpretation as well as significant regulatory action including fines, penalties, and exclusion from the Medicare and Medicaid programs. The Hospital believes that it is in compliance with all applicable laws and regulations but has had inquiries from the programs related specifically to the billing of laboratory services. In the opinion of management, the ultimate outcome of these matters will not have a material effect on the financial position of the Hospital. However, there is at least a reasonable possibility that recorded estimates will change by a material amount in the near future. In 2001, the Hospital received settlements related to prior year cost reports which resulted in a decrease in net patient service revenue of approximately \$150,000. In 2000, the Hospital received settlement related to prior year cost reports which resulted in an increase in net patient service revenue of approximately \$53,000.

#### 5. Long-Term Debt

Long-term debt consisted of the following at December 31:

	2001	2000
Clinton County, Ohio, Variable Rate Demand Hospital Improvement Revenue Bonds: Series 1992, with varying rates (from 1.3% to 5.0% in 2001)		
with final maturity in February 2012	\$ 2,700,000	\$ 2,900,000
Clinton County, Ohio, Variable Rate Demand Hospital Revenue	, ,	
Bonds:		
Series 1998, with varying rates (from 1.2% to 4.9% in		
2001) with final maturity in November 2026	15,515,000	5,120,000
Installment note, 8.0%, maturing in December 2003, with monthly		
payments of \$2,427, including interest	53,653	77,436
Capital lease obligations	1,211,235	1,493,297
Total	19,479,888	9,590,733
Less current portion	(1,633,532)	(1,165,845)
	\$17,846,356	\$ 8,424,888

#### Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

#### **5. Long-Term Debt (continued)**

The 1992 Clinton County, Ohio, Hospital Improvement Variable Rate Demand Revenue Bonds were used to finance certain capital expenditures. The Bonds are collateralized by an irrevocable letter of credit issued by a financial institution and a pledge of accounts receivable.

The Series 1998 Variable Rate Demand Hospital Revenue Bonds totaling \$15,515,000 were issued as a part of a \$148,380,000 County of Clinton, Ohio pooled financing program and were used to finance certain equipment purchases. The Bonds are collateralized by an irrevocable letter of credit issued by a financial institution and a pledge of future revenue. The Hospital reserved a total of \$25,000,000 of the proceeds from this issuance from the State of Ohio. Under the reimbursement agreement, the Hospital is under no obligation to draw the entire amount that they reserved. If the Hospital does not make draws in accordance with the draw schedule included in the reimbursement agreement, the Hospital may forfeit the reserved funds. Likewise, if the Hospital does not draw down the proceeds from this issuance within three years of the bond issuance date, the Hospital will forfeit the reserve funds. The draw schedule calls for periodic draws through November 30, 2002. The Hospital has drawn another \$1,500,000 and \$3,000,000 on January 30, 2002 and March 27, 2002, respectively.

The installment note pertains to the purchase of certain real estate and is collateralized by a lien on that real estate.

## Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

#### **5. Long-Term Debt (continued)**

Scheduled principal payments on long-term debt and the capital lease obligation are as follows:

Year Ending December 31	pital bligations	Pay	rincipal ments on Term Debt	on Lon	Payments g-Term ebt
2002 2003 2004 2005 2006 2007-2011 2012-2016 2017-2021 2022-2026	\$ 356,155 356,155 356,107 269,486	\$	1,335,757 1,332,896 1,310,000 1,315,000 740,000 4,090,000 3,015,000 2,710,000 2,420,000	\$	313,935 274,903 251,985 228,980 215,192 865,477 548,297 310,552 78,779
Less amount representing interest on obligation under capital lease	(126,668) 1,211,235	\$	18,268,653	\$ 3	3,088,100

The rate used for computing the interest payments for both the Series 1992 and Series 1998 was 1.75%, the interest rate as of December 26, 2001 and January 1, 2002 respectively.

The net carrying value of assets recorded under capital lease was \$1,045,772 and \$1,398,168 at December 31, 2001 and 2000, respectively.

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

#### 6. Future Minimum Rental Expense and Income

Rent expense amounted to approximately \$289,000 and \$282,000 in 2001 and 2000, respectively. One of the leases, which expires in 2003, provides the Hospital with the option to purchase the building. The remaining leases expire through 2047.

Future minimum rental expense payments under the noncancelable leases are as follows:

2002	\$ 258,334
2003	106,862
2004	71,716
2005	59,139
2006	60,553
Thereafter	556,844
Total	\$ 1,113,448

The Hospital owns two medical office buildings and leases one facility from which it earns rental income under operating leases. The following is a schedule of minimum future rentals receivable by year and in the aggregate on noncancelable operating leases:

2002	\$ 218,591		
2003	 63,371		
	\$ 281,962		

#### 7. Pension Plan

All Hospital employees, with the exception of certain students, are required to be members of the Public Employees Retirement System of Ohio (System or PERS), a cost-sharing multiple-employer public employee retirement system.

A member may retire at any age with thirty years of service, at age sixty with a minimum of five years of credited service, or at age fifty-five with a minimum of twenty-five years of service. Those individuals retiring with less than thirty years of service or at less than age sixty-five receive reduced retirement benefits. Benefits fully vest upon reaching five years of service and are established by state statute.

#### Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

#### 7. Pension Plan (continued)

Eligible members are entitled to a retirement benefit, payable for life, equal to 2.1% of their final average salary for each year of credited service up to thirty years, and 2.5% of their final average salary for each year of service in excess of thirty years. Final average salary is the employee's average salary over the highest three years of earnings.

The Ohio Revised Code provides statutory authority for employee and employer contributions. Employees contributed 8.5% of their annual compensation for 2001, 2000 and 1999. The Hospital's contribution rate for 2001 and 1999 was 13.55% of covered payroll; the contribution rate for 2000 was 10.84% of covered payroll. The portion used to fund pension obligations was 6.54% and 9.35% for 2000 and 1999, respectively. The portion used to fund the pension obligation for 2001 was unavailable as of the date of this report. The difference between the employer rate and the portion used to fund pension obligations is the amount used to fund the health care program for retirees. Ohio PERS determines their actuarial liability based on the entry age normal method of funding.

Plan information is not maintained for individual local government units, thus the Hospital is unable to determine its share of the unfunded accrued liability.

Information pertaining to Hospital and employee contributions (as required by state statute) to the plan is detailed below:

	2001	2000	1999
Total Hagnital navgall	\$26,432,000	\$23,972,000	\$22,090,000
Total Hospital payroll	\$20,432,000	\$23,972,000	\$22,090,000
Total Hospital covered payroll	\$26,135,000	\$23,752,000	\$21,856,000
T . 1 1	ф <b>2.541</b> .000	ф <b>2</b> 564 000	ф <b>2</b> 0<1 000
Total Hospital contributions	\$ 3,541,000	\$ 2,564,000	\$ 2,961,000
Total employee contributions	2,221,000	2,019,000	1,858,000
Total contributions	\$ 5,762,000	\$ 4,583,000	\$ 4,819,000

The pension benefit obligation is a standardized disclosure measure of the present value of pension benefits, adjusted for the effects of projected salary increases and step-rate benefits, estimated to be payable in the future as a result of employee service to date. The measure, which is the actuarial present value of credited projected benefits, is intended to help users assess the System's funding

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

status on a going-concern basis, assess progress made in accumulating sufficient assets to pay benefits when due, and make comparisons among Systems and among employers.

#### Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

#### 7. Pension Plan (continued)

The measure is independent of the actuarial funding method used to determine contributions to the retirement system. The System does not make separate measurements of assets and pension benefit obligations for individual employers. The pension benefit obligation at December 31, 1999 (the most recent actuarial valuation) for the System as a whole was approximately \$26.02 billion.

The System's net assets available for benefits on that date (valued at market) was approximately \$26.01 billion, leaving an unfunded pension benefit obligation of approximately \$.01 billion at December 31, 1999. Total pension benefit obligation does not include any obligation for health care coverage.

Information, in addition to the above, concerning the System's accumulation of sufficient assets to pay benefits when due is presented in the System's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the year ended December 31, 2000.

#### 8. Postemployment Retirement Benefits

PERS provides postretirement health care coverage to age and service retirees with 10 or more years of qualifying Ohio service credit. Health care coverage for disability recipients and primary survivor recipients is available. The health care coverage provided by the retirement system is considered an Other Postemployment Benefit (OPEB) as described in GASB Statement No. 12. A portion of each employer's contribution to PERS is set aside for the funding of postretirement health care. The Ohio Revised Code provides statutory authority for employer contributions. The Hospital's actual contribution for 2001 and 2000, which was used to fund postretirement health care benefits was approximately \$248,000 and \$192,000, respectively, which is included in the Hospital's PERS contribution of \$5,762,000 and \$4,583,000, respectively.

Benefits are advance-funded using the entry age normal actuarial cost method. Significant actuarial assumptions include a rate of return on investments of 7.75 percent; active employee payroll increases of 4.75 percent compounded annually and additional pay increases above the 4.75 percent base increase were assumed to range from 0.54 to 5.10 percent; and health care premium increases of 4.75 percent annually.

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

#### 8. Postemployment Retirement Benefits (continued)

As of December 31, 2000, (the most recent information available), PERS had \$11.736 billion in net assets available for payment of postemployment benefits. The actuarial accrued liability for postemployment benefits and the unfunded actuarial accrued liability were \$14.365 billion and \$2.629 billion, respectively. The number of active contributing employees was 411,076.

#### 9. Related Party Transactions

During the year ended December 31, 2001 the Hospital made a contribution of \$500,000 to the Clinton Memorial Foundation, a related entity. This contribution is recorded in nonoperating losses on the Statement of Operations of General Fund and Changes in Fund Balance.

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# Report on Compliance and on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting Based on an Audit of the Financial Statements in Accordance With *Government Auditing Standards*

Board Of Trustees Clinton Memorial Hospital and Jim Petro, Auditor of State:

We have audited the financial statements of Clinton Memorial Hospital (the Hospital) as of and for the year ended December 31, 2001, and have issued our report thereon dated May 3, 2002. We conducted our audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards in the United States and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

#### Compliance

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Hospital's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grants, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

#### Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the Hospital's internal control over financial reporting in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements and not to provide assurance on the internal control over financial reporting. Our consideration of the internal control over financial reporting would not necessarily disclose all matters in the internal control over financial reporting that might be material weaknesses. A material weakness is a condition in which the design or operation of one or more of the internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that misstatements in amounts that would be material in relation to the financial statements being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions. We noted no matters involving the internal control over financial reporting and its operation that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, we noted other matters involving the internal control over financial reporting, which we have reported to management and the Board of Trustees of the Hospital in a separate letter dated May 3, 2002.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Board of Trustees, management and pass-through entities and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than those specified parties.

Ernet + Young LLP

May 3, 2002



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# CLINTON MEMORIAL HOSPITAL CLINTON COUNTY

#### **CLERK'S CERTIFICATION**

This is a true and correct copy of the report which is required to be filed in the Office of the Auditor of State pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in Columbus, Ohio.

**CLERK OF THE BUREAU** 

Susan Babbitt

CERTIFIED AUGUST 22, 2002