## GENEVA AREA CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT

### **AUDIT REPORT**

For the Year Ended June 30, 2001

Charles E. Harris & Associates, Inc.
Certified Public Accountants



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Board of Education Geneva Area City School District

We have reviewed the Independent Auditor's Report of the Geneva Area City School District, Ashtabula County, prepared by Charles E. Harris & Associates, Inc. for the audit period July 1, 2000 through June 30, 2001. Based upon this review, we have accepted these reports in lieu of the audit required by Section 117.11, Revised Code. The Auditor of State did not audit the accompanying financial statements and, accordingly, we are unable to express, and do not express an opinion on them.

Our review was made in reference to the applicable sections of legislative criteria, as reflected by the Ohio Constitution, and the Revised Code, policies, procedures and guidelines of the Auditor of State, regulations and grant requirements. The Geneva Area City School District is responsible for compliance with these laws and regulations.

JIM PETRO Auditor of State

March 26, 2002



## GENEVA AREA CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT AUDIT REPORT

For the Year Ended June 30, 2001

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### **List of Principal Officials**

### June 30, 2001

BOARD OF EDUCATION						
Norman O. Perala President						
Kathleen C. Bobulsky Vice President						
Ford N. Behm Member						
Terry W. Persily Member						
Judith A. Robson Member						

### TREASURER

Kevin Lillie

ADMINISTRATION
Ronald J. Donatone
Brett P. Horvath
Joanna L. Daniels
Norman L. Urcheck Geneva Area High School Assistant Principal
Richard F. Belconis Geneva Junior High School
Kaye E. Haskins
Melissa A. Doherty
John M. Spiesman Geneva Elementary School Principal
John M. Spiesman Krzic Elementary School Principal
Michael R. Penzenik

### Geneva Area City School District For the Year Ended June 30, 2001

#### INDEX OF FUNDS AND ACCOUNT GROUPS

#### **GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES:**

General Fund: General Fund

Special Revenue Funds:

CAFS Fund

Athletics and Fine Arts Fund

**Auxiliary Fund** 

Career Development Fund

Teacher Development Fund

**Educational Management Information System Fund** 

**DPIA** Fund

SchoolNet Professional Development Fund

Ohio Reads Grant Fund

Summer Intervention Fund

Extended Learning Fund

School Reading Improvement Fund

Safe School Help Line Fund

Title I Grant Fund

Title II Grant Fund

Title VI Grant Fund

Title VI-B Grant Fund

Title VI-R Grant Fund

Title IV Grant Fund

PreSchool Grant Fund

Telecommunications Grant Fund

Debt Service Fund:

**Bond Retirement Fund** 

Capital Projects Funds:

Permanent Improvements Fund

Library Building Fund

Vocational Education Equipment Fund

SchoolNet Fund

Technology Equity Fund

Emergency School Building Repair Fund

#### **PROPRIETARY FUND TYPES:**

Enterprise Funds:

Lunchroom Fund

Uniform School Supplies Fund

Internal Service Fund:

Intradistrict Health Club Fund

### **Geneva Area City School District** For the Year Ended June 30, 2001

### **INDEX OF FUNDS AND ACCOUNT GROUPS - (continued)**

### FIDUCIARY FUND TYPES:

Expendable Trust Fund: Memorial Funds

Non-Expendable Trust Fund: Scholarship Fund

Agency Fund: Unclaimed Monies Fund Student Activities Fund

ACCOUNT GROUPS:
General Fixed Asset Account Group General Long-Term Obligations Account Group

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#### REPORT OF INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS

Board of Education Geneva Area City School District Geneva, Ohio

We have audited the accompanying general purpose financial statements of the Geneva Area City School District (the District), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2001 as listed in the table of contents. These general purpose financial statements are the responsibility of the District's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these general purpose financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the general purpose financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the general purpose financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the general purpose financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the District as of June 30, 2001 and the results of its operations and cash flows of its proprietary fund types and non-expendable trust funds for the year then ended in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles.

As described in Note 16 to the financial statements, the District adopted Governmental Accounting and Standards Board Statements Nos. 33 and 36 for the year ended June 30, 2001.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued a report dated February 22, 2002 on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grants. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* and should be read in conjunction with this report in considering the results of our audit.

Our audit was made for the purpose of forming an opinion on the general purpose financial statements of the Geneva Area City School District taken as a whole. The accompanying schedule of federal awards expenditures is presented for the purposes of additional analysis as required by *U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations,* and is not a required part of the general purpose financial statements. Such information as been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the general purpose financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects, in relation to the general purpose financial statements taken as a whole.

Charles E. Harris & Associates, Inc. February 22, 2002

# Geneva Area City School District Combined Balance Sheet All Fund Types and Account Groups June 30, 2001

				,							
					Fiduciary					Totals	
		Governmenta	I Fund Types		Proprietary F	Proprietary Fund Types Fund Types			t Groups	2001	
		Special	Debt	Capital		Internal	Trust and	General	General	(Memorandum	
	General	Revenue	Service	Projects	Enterprise	Service	Agency	Fixed Assets	Long Term Debt	Only)	
Assets and Other Debits:											
Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 4,036,399	515,442	75,791	975,319	191	1,108	116,388	0	0	\$ 5,720,638	
Restricted Asset	358,077	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	358,077	
Cash with Fiscal Agent	0	0	15,000	0	0	0	0	0	0	15,000	
Taxes Receivable	5,150,580	0	76,019	233,837	0	0	0	0	0	5,460,436	
Interfund Receivable	8,292	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	8,292	
Intergovernmental Receivables	0	34,420	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	34,420	
Accounts Receivable	80,082	5,949	0	0	300	0	0	0	0	86,331	
Supplies Inventory	61,384	0	0	0	2,439	0	0	0	0	63,823	
Inventory for Resale	0	0	0	0	20,700	0	0	0	0	20,700	
Property, Plant & Equipment	0	0	0	0	406,380	0	0	12,402,082	0	12,808,462	
Accumulated Depreciation, where applicable	0	0	0	0	(249,511)	0	0	0	0	(249,511)	
Amount Available in Debt Service Fund	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	108,264	108,264	
Amount to be Provided for Retirement of											
General Long Term Debt	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2,332,017	2,332,017	
Total Assets and Other Debits	\$ 9,694,814	555,811	166,810	1,209,156	180,499	1,108	116,388	12,402,082	2,440,281	\$ 26,766,949	

(Continued)

# Geneva Area City School District Combined Balance Sheet All Fund Types and Account Groups, Continued June 30, 2001

		Governmenta	I Fund Types	<b>,</b>	Proprietary F	Fund Types	Fiduciary Fund Types	Accoun	t Groups	Totals 2001
		Special	Debt	Capital	Порпечатут	Internal	Trust and	General	General	(Memorandum
	General	Revenue	Service	Projects	Enterprise	Service	Agency	Fixed Assets	Long Term Debt	Only)
Liabilities:										
Interfund Payable	\$ 0	1,195	0	0	7,097	0	0	0	0	\$ 8,292
Intergovernmental Payable	383,693	4,500	0	0	3,257	0	0	0	120,005	511,455
Accounts Payable	83,009	12,585	0	0	0	0	5,027	0	0	100,621
Matured Bonds & Coupons Payable	0	0	15,000	0	0	0	0	0	0	15,000
Accrued Salaries and Benefits	1,756,077	64,801	0	0	44,153	0	0	0	0	1,865,031
Deferred Revenue	2,946,566	0	43,546	133,843	16,024	0	0	0	0	3,139,979
Due to Others	0	0	0	0	0	0	56,057	0	0	56,057
General Obligation Notes Payable	0	0	0	325,000	0	0	0	0	0	325,000
General Obligation Bonds Payable	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	840,000	840,000
Compensated Absences Payable	111,553	0	0	0	38,370	0	0	0	1,480,276	1,630,199
Total Liabilities	5,280,898	83,081	58,546	458,843	108,901	0	61,084	0	2,440,281	8,491,634
Fund Equity and Other Credits:										
Investment in General Fixed Assets	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	12,402,082	0	12,402,082
Contributed Capital	0	0	0	0	52,028	0	0	0	0	52,028
Retained Earnings	0	0	0	0	19,570	1,108	0	0	0	20,678
Fund Balances:										
Reserved for Scholarship Funds	0	0	0	0	0	0	32,885	0	0	32,885
Reserved for Budget Stabilization	358,077	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	358,077
Reserved for Inventory	61,384	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	61,384
Reserved for Encumbrances	471,742	51,768	0	82,484	0	0	1,259	0	0	607,253
Reserved for Future Appropriation	2,204,014	0	32,473	99,994	0	0	0	0	0	2,336,481
Reserved for Debt Service	0	0	75,791	0	0	0	0	0	0	75,791
Unreserved Fund Balance	1,318,699	420,962	0	567,835	0	0	21,160	0	0	2,328,656
Total Fund Balances/Retained Earnings and Other Credits	4,413,916	472,730	108,264	750,313	71,598	1,108	55,304	12,402,082	0	18,275,315
Total Liabilities, Fund Equity, and Other Credits	\$ 9,694,814	555,811	166,810	1,209,156	180,499	1,108	116,388	12,402,082	2,440,281	\$ 26,766,949

See Accompanying Notes to the General Purpose Financial Statements.

# Geneva Area City School District Combined Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances All Governmental Fund Types and Expendable Trust Funds Year Ended June 30, 2001

	1001	Governmental Fund Types		Conital	Fiduciary Fund Type	Totals (Memorandum	
	General	Special Revenue	Debt Service	Capital Projects	Expendable Trust	Only)	
REVENUES:				,		• •	
Taxes	\$ 5,544,348	0	89,520	236,911		\$ 5,870,779	
Tuition	906,203	0	0	0	0	906,203	
Earnings on Investments	343,075	1,586	0	43,606	1,254	389,521	
Extracurricular Activities	0	110,423	0	0	0	110,423	
Miscellaneous	6,097	4,594	0	0	1,989	12,680	
Revenue from State Sources							
Unrestricted Grants-in-Aid	10,900,561	0	18,214	18,663	0	10,937,438	
Restricted Grants-in-Aid	115,290	365,006	0	157,000	0	637,296	
Revenue for/on Behalf of the District	600	0	0	0	0	600	
Revenue from Federal Sources							
Unrestricted Grants -in-Aid	0	88,358	0	0	0	88,358	
Restricted Grants-in-Aid	0	760,049	0	0	0	760,049	
Total Revenue	17,816,174	1,330,016	107,734	456,180	3,243	19,713,347	
EXPENDITURES: Instruction							
Regular	8,645,718	217,167	0	2,696	1,249	8,866,830	
Special	1,454,156	409,331	0	0	0	1,863,487	
Vocational	285,082	0	0	0	0	285,082	
Other	600,355	0	0	0	0	600,355	
Supporting Services							
Pupils	966,347	226,356	0	37,151	0	1,229,854	
Instructional Staff	404,351	53,007	0	9,592	0	466,950	
Board of Education	9,791	0	0	0	0	9,791	
Administration	1,257,784	66,336	0	0	0	1,324,120	
Fiscal Services	321,974	0	3,018	3,161	0	328,153	
Business	36,461	0	0	0	0	36,461	
Operation & Maintenance-Plant	1,608,556	32,008	0	0	0	1,640,564	
Pupil Transportation	1,101,793	14,895	0	0	0	1,116,688	
Central Services	2,572	0	0	0	0	2,572	
Operation of Non-Instructional Services							
Community Services	0	148,579	0	22,335	0	170,914	
Food Service Operations	19,011	0	0	0	0	19,011	
Extracurricular Activities							
Academic & Subject Oriented	42,286	20,652	0	0	0	62,938	
Occupation Oriented Activities	0	5,414	0	0	0	5,414	
Sports Oriented	279,112	93,590	0	0	0	372,702	
Co-Curricular Activities	20,545	6,671	0	0	0	27,216	
Capital Outlay	04 470	0	0	0	0	84,178	
Site Improvement	84,178	0 955	0	0	0	•	
Building Construction and Improvement  Debt Service	8,967	955	U	U	U	9,922	
Principal Payment	0	0	50,000	0	0	50,000	
• •	0	0			0		
Interest Payment Total Expenditures	17,149,039	1,294,961	53,115 106,133	18,979 93,914	1,249	72,094 18,645,296	
•	17,149,039	1,294,901	100,133	93,914	1,249	10,045,290	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues							
Over (Under) Expenditures	667,135	35,055	1,601	362,266	1,994	1,068,051	
Other Financing Sources and Uses:							
Sale & Loss of Assets	8,715	0	0	0	0	8,715	
Transfers-In	5,844	38,534	0	0	0	44,378	
Transfers-Out	(113,561)	(5,844)	0	0	0	(119,405)	
Refund of Prior Years Expense	148,803	4,423	0	0	0	153,226	
Other Financing Uses	(2,861)		0	0	0	(2,861)	
Net Other Financing Sources and Uses Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues and Other Sources Over Expenditures	46,940	37,113	0	0	0	84,053	
and Other Uses	714,075	72,168	1,601	362,266	1,994	1,152,104	
Increase in Inventory	8,399	0	0	0	0	8,399	
Beginning Fund Balance	3,691,442	400,562	106,663	388,047	19,255	4,605,969	
Ending Fund Balance	\$ 4,413,916	472,730	108,264	750,313	21,249		
	7,710,010	.,,,,,,,	.00,207	. 00,010	21,270	- 5,700,472	

See Accompanying Notes to the General Purpose Financial Statements.

## Combined Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Basis)

### All Governmental Fund Types and Expendable Trust Funds

### Year Ended June 30, 2001

		Lilueu Julie	00, 200.				
		General Fund		Special Revenue Funds			
			Variance			Variance	
	Revised		Favorable	Revised		Favorable	
	Budget	Actual	(Unfavorable)	Budget	Actual	(Unfavorable)	
Revenues:							
Taxes	\$ 5,425,506	5,425,506	0	0	0	\$ 0	
Tuition	906,203	906,203	0	0	0	0	
Earnings on Investment	335,518	335,518	0	1,586	1,586	0	
Extracurricular Activities	0	0	0	109,211	109,211	0	
Miscellaneous	6,119	6,119	0	4,594	4,594	0	
State Unrestricted Grants-in-Aid	10,900,561	10,900,561	0	0	0	0	
State Restricted Grants-in-Aid	115,290	115,290	0	363,811	363,811	0	
Revenue for/on Behalf of District	8,850	8,850	0	0	0	0	
Federal Unrestricted Grants-in-aid	0	0	0	67,986	67,986	0	
Federal Restricted Grants-in-Aid	0	0	0	765,761	765,761	0	
Total Revenue	17,698,047	17,698,047	0	1,312,949	1,312,949	0	
Expenditures:	,,	,,.		.,	.,,		
Regular Instruction	9,238,165	8,641,795	596,370	274,666	222,296	52,370	
Special Instruction	1,553,385	1,453,385	100,000	543,152	428,455	114,697	
Vocational Instruction	287,092	287,092	0	0	0	0	
Other Instruction	699,463	599,463	100,000	0	0	0	
Support Services-Pupils	1,124,588	1,024,588	100,000	241,098	232,613	8,485	
Support Services-Instructional Staff	402,922	402,922	0	100,750	55,411	45,339	
Support Services-Institutional Stan	9,824	9,824	0	0	0	43,333	
Support Services-Administration	1,367,545	1,267,585	99,960	83,600	66,405	17,195	
Support Services-Administration Support Services-Fiscal Services	323,034	323,034	99,900	0	00,409	0	
Support Services-Husiness	41,320	41,320	0	0	0	0	
Operation & Maintenance-Plant	1,889,247	1,689,247	200,000	32,008	32,008	0	
•			100,000			0	
Support Services-Transportation	1,367,604	1,267,604	100,000	18,331 0	18,331 0	0	
Support Services-Central	2,572	2,572	0	0	0	0	
Food Services Operations	19,011 0	19,011	0				
Community Services		0		169,901	160,450	9,451	
Academic & Subject Oriented	41,855	41,855	0	41,286	26,462	14,824	
Occupation Oriented Activities	0	0	0	12,842	5,474	7,368	
Sports Oriented	286,267	286,267	0	106,147	96,472	9,675	
Co-Curricular activities	20,383	20,383	0	22,799	6,949	15,850	
Site Improvement	84,178	84,178	0	0	0	0	
Building Improvement	12,109	12,109	0	955	955	0	
Debt Service:							
Payment of Principal	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Payment of Interest	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Total Expenditures	18,770,564	17,474,234	1,296,330	1,647,535	1,352,281	295,254	
Excess of Revenue Over							
(Under) Expenditures	(1,072,517)	223,813	1,296,330	(334,586)	(39,332)	295,254	
Other Financing Sources (Uses):							
Sale & Loss of Assets	8,715	8,715	0	0	0	0	
Proceeds from Sale of Notes	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Transfers-In	5,844	5,844	0	38,534	38,534	0	
Advances-In	14,097	14,097	0	1,195	1,195	0	
Refund of Prior Years Exp.	148,580	148,580	0	1,919	1,919	0	
Transfers-Out	(113,561)	(113,561)	0	(5,844)	(5,844)	0	
Advances-Out	(8,292)	(8,292)	0	0	(6,833)	(6,833)	
Refund of Prior Years Receipts	(2,861)	(2,861)	0	0	0	0	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	52,522	52,522	0	35,804	28,971	(6,833)	
Excess of Revenues & Other Financing			į.			, , , ,	
Sources Over (Under) Expenditures							
and Other Financing Uses	(1,019,995)	276,335	1,296,330	(298,782)	(10,361)	288,421	
Beginning Fund Balance	3,255,128	3,255,128	0	427,583	427,583	0	
			0	34,449	34,449		
Prior Year Carry Over Encumbrances	325,489	325,489	U	34.449	34.449	0	

(Continued)

## Combined Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Basis)

## All Governmental Fund Types and Expendable Trust Funds - Continued Year Ended June 30, 2001

		<b>Enaea June</b> Debt Service Fund	30, 2001	Capital Projects Funds			
			Variance	Cal	oitai Projects Fund	Variance	
	Revised		Favorable	Revised		Favorable	
		Actual			Actual		
_	Budget	Actual	(Unfavorable)	Budget	Actual	(Unfavorable)	
Revenues:		00.400					
Taxes	\$ 88,162	88,162	0	232,658	235,658		
Tuition	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Earnings on Investment	0	0	0	43,606	43,606	0	
Extracurricular Activities	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Miscellaneous	0	0	0	18,663	18,663	0	
State Unrestricted Grants-in-Aid	18,214	18,214	0	157,000	157,000	0	
State Restricted Grants-in-Aid	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Revenue for/on Behalf of District	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Federal Unrestricted Grants-in-aid	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Federal Restricted Grants-in-Aid	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Total Revenue	106,376	106,376	0	451,927	454,927	3,000	
Expenditures:							
Regular Instruction	0	0	0	5,512	2,856	2,656	
Special Instruction	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Vocational Instruction	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Other Instruction	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Support Services-Pupils	0	0	0	138,386	64,879	73,507	
Support Services-Instructional Staff	0	0	0	12,092	12,072	20	
Support Services-Board of Education	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Support Services-Administration	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Support Services-Fiscal Services	3,020	3,020	0	4,000	3,161	839	
Support Services-Business	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Operation & Maintenance-Plant	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Support Services-Transportation	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Support Services-Central	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Food Services	0	0	0	30,000	22,336	7,664	
Community Services	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Academic & Subject Oriented	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Occupation Oriented Activities	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Sports Oriented	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Co-Curricular activities	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Site Improvement	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Building Improvement	0	0	0	382,850	52,116	330,734	
Debt Service:	U	U	U	302,030	52,110	330,734	
Payment of Principal	50,000	50,000	0	375,000	375,000	0	
•	54,807	50,000 54,807	0		375,000 17,287	0	
Payment of Interest	107,827	107,827		17,287 965,127	549,707	415,420	
Total Expenditures	107,627	107,027		905,127	549,707	415,420	
Excess of Revenue Over	(4.454)	(4.454)	0	(540,000)	(04.700)	440 400	
(Under) Expenditures	(1,451)	(1,451)	0	(513,200)	(94,780)	412,420	
Other Financing Sources (Uses):							
Sale & Loss of Assets	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Proceeds from Sale of Notes	0	0	0	325,000	325,000	0	
Transfers-In	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Advances-In	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Refund of Prior Years Expenses	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Transfers-Out	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Advances-Out	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Refund of Prior Years Receipts	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Total Other Sources (Uses)	0	0	0	325,000	325,000	0	
Excess of Revenues & Other Financing Sources Over (Under) Expenditures							
and Other Financing Uses	(1,451)	(1,451)	0	(188,200)	230,220	412,420	
Beginning Fund Balance	140,172	140,172	0	534,442	534,442	0	
Prior Year Carry Over Encumbrances	0	0	0	33,241	33,241	0	
Ending Fund Balance	\$ 138,721	138,721	0	379,483	797,903	\$ 412,420	
•		,		·	,	(Continued)	

(Continued)

## Combined Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Basis)

## All Governmental Fund Types and Expendable Trust Funds - Continued Year Ended June 30, 2001

		Lilded Julie	•	T.1.1	(1.4	ım Only)		
	Ехр	endable Trust Fund		Totals (Memorandum				
			Variance			Variance		
	Revised		Favorable	Revised		Favorable		
	Budget	Actual	(Unfavorable)	Budget	Actual	(Unfavorable)		
Revenues:								
Taxes	\$ 0	0	0	5,746,326	5,749,326	\$ 3,000		
Tuition	0	0	0	906,203	906,203	0		
Earnings on Investment	1,254	1,254	0	381,964	381,964	0		
Extracurricular Activities	0	0	0	109,211	109,211	0		
Miscellaneous	1,989	1,989	0	31,365	31,365	0		
State Unrestricted Grants-in-Aid	0	0	0	11,075,775	11,075,775	0		
State Restricted Grants-in-Aid	0	0	0	479,101	479,101	0		
Revenue for/on Behalf of District	0	0	0	8,850	8,850	0		
Federal Unrestricted Grants-in-aid	0	0	0	67,986	67,986	0		
Federal Restricted Grants-in-Aid	0	0	0	765,761	765,761	0		
Total Revenue	3,243	3,243	0	19,572,542	19,575,542	3,000		
Expenditures:								
Regular Instruction	2,882	2,509	373	9,521,225	8,869,456	651,769		
Special Instruction	0	0	0	2,096,537	1,881,840	214,697		
Vocational Instruction	0	0	0	287,092	287,092	0		
Other Instruction	0	0	0	699,463	599,463	100,000		
Support Services-Pupils	0	0	0	1,504,072	1,322,080	181,992		
Support Services-Instructional Staff	0	0	0	515,764	470,405	45,359		
Support Services-Board of Education	0	0	0	9,824	9,824	0		
Support Services-Administration	0	0	0	1,451,145	1,333,990	117,155		
Support Services-Fiscal Services	0	0	0	330,054	329,215	839		
Support Services-Business	0	0	0	41,320	41,320	0		
Operation & Maintenance-Plant	0	0	0	1,921,255	1,721,255	200,000		
Support Services-Transportation	0	0	0	1,385,935	1,285,935	100,000		
Support Services-Central	0	0	0	2,572	2,572	0		
Food Services	0	0	0	49,011	41,347	7,664		
Community Services	0	0	0	169,901		9,451		
<u> </u>	0	0	0	,	160,450			
Academic & Subject Oriented	0	0		83,141	68,317	14,824		
Occupation Oriented Activities	0	0	0	12,842	5,474	7,368		
Sports Oriented	-			392,414	382,739	9,675		
Co-Curricular Activities	0	0	0	43,182	27,332	15,850		
Site Improvement	0	0	0	84,178	84,178	0		
Building Improvement	0	0	0	395,914	65,180	330,734		
Debt Service:	0	0	0	425,000	405.000	0		
Payment of Interest	0	0	0	72,094	425,000 72,094	0		
Payment of Interest Total Expenditures	2,882	2,509	373	21,493,935	19,486,558	2,007,377		
Excess of Revenue Over	2,002	2,509	3/3	21,493,933	19,400,556	2,007,377		
	201	70.4	070	(4.004.000)	00.004	0.040.077		
(Under) Expenditures Other Financing Sources (Uses):	361	734	373	(1,921,393)	88,984	2,010,377		
Sale & Loss of Assets	0	0	0	0 715	0 715	0		
Proceeds from Sale of Notes	0	0	0	8,715 325,000	8,715	0		
Transfers-In	0	0	0		325,000	0		
	0	0		44,378	44,378			
Advances-In		•	0	15,292	15,292	0		
Refund of Prior Years Expenses	0	0	0	150,499	150,499	0		
Transfers-Out	0	0	0	(119,405)	(119,405)	0		
Advances-Out	0	0	0	(8,292)	(15,125)	(6,833)		
Refund of Prior Years Receipts		0	0 -	(2.861)	(2.861)	(6.033)		
Total Other Sources (Uses)	0	0	0	413,326	406,493	(6,833)		
Excess of Revenues & Other Financing								
Sources Over (Under) Expenditures	361	734	373	(1 500 067)	AOE 477	2 002 544		
and Other Financing Uses	18,004			(1,508,067)	495,477	2,003,544		
Beginning Fund Balance Prior Year Carry Over Encumbrances	18,004	18,004 1,250	0	4,375,329 394,429	4,375,329 394,429	0		
Ending Fund Balance	\$ 19.615	19 988	373	3 261 691	5 265 235			
Litaring Fulla Dalarioc	<u> </u>	12,200		بنيد بالبلتدا	14,711,711,1	<u> </u>		

See Accompanying Notes to the General Purpose Financial Statements.

## Combined Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Retained Earnings/Fund Balance

### All Proprietary Fund Types and Non-Expendable Trust Funds Year Ended June 30, 2001

	Proprietary Fund Types		Fiduciary Fund Type		
	Enterprise Funds	Internal Service Funds	Non- Expendable Trust Fund	Totals (Memorandum Only)	
Operating Revenues:					
Food Service	\$ 547,364	0	0	\$ 547,364	
Classroom Materials & Fees	6,806	0	0	6,806	
Earnings on Investments	0	0	2,046	2,046	
Miscellaneous	0	170	300	470	
Total Operating Revenue	554,170	170	2,346	556,686	
Operating Expenses:					
Personal Services	363,783	0	0	363,783	
Employee Benefits	225,808	0	0	225,808	
Purchased Services	8,872	0	0	8,872	
Supplies and Materials	468,731	277	0	469,008	
Other Expenses	85	0	2,027	2,112	
Depreciation	17,783	0	0	17,783	
Total Operating Expenses	1,085,062	277	2,027	1,087,366	
Operating Income (Loss)	(530,892)	(107)	319	(530,680)	
Non-Operating Revenues:					
Loss on Disposal of Assets	(3,187)	0	0	(3,187)	
State Unrestricted Grants-In-Aid	19,340	0	0	19,340	
Federal Unrestricted Grants-in-Aid	336,605	0	0	336,605	
Federal Restricted Grants-in-Aid	88,988	0	0	88,988	
Total Non-Operating Revenues	441,746	0	0	441,746	
Net Income (Loss) Before Operating Transfers	(89,146)	(107)	319	(88,934)	
Transfers-In	75,027	0_	0	75,027	
Total Transfers	75,027	0	0	75,027	
Net Income(Loss)	(14,119)	(107)	319	(13,907)	
Beginning Retained Earnings/Fund Balance	33,689	1,215	33,736	68,640	
Ending Retained Earnings/Fund Balance	\$ 19,570	1,108	34,055	\$ 54,733	
•					

See Accompanying Notes to the General Purpose Financial Statements

### **Combined Statement of Changes in Cash Flows**

## All Proprietary Fund Types and Non-Expendable Trust Funds

Year Ended June 30, 2001

	Proprietary Fund Types		Fiduciary Fund Types		
	Enterprise Funds	Internal Service Funds	Non- Expendable Trust Fund	Totals (Memorandum Only)	
Cash Flows from Operating Activities Operating Gain (Loss)	\$ (530,892)	(107)	319	\$ (530,680)	
Adjustment to Reconcile Operating Gain (Loss)					
To Net Cash used in Operating Activities:					
Federal Commodities	88,988	0	0	88,988	
Depreciation	17,783	0	0	17,783	
Net (Increase) Decrease in Assets: Accounts Receivable	6	0	0	6	
Inventory	(8,076)	0	0	(8,076)	
•	(0,010)	Ü	o o	(0,070)	
Net Increases (Decreases) in Liabilities:	(407)	0	0	(407)	
Interfund Payable	(167) 28	0	0	(167) 28	
Intergovernmental Payable Deferred Revenue	20 (4,576)	0	0	26 (4,576)	
Accrued Wages and Benefits	3,512	0	0	3,512	
Compensated Absences	2,613	0	0	2,613	
Total Adjustments	100,111	0	0	100,111	
Net Cash Used in Operating Activities	(430,781)	(107)	319	(430,569)	
Cash Flows from Noncapital Activities:					
Transfers from Other Funds	75,027	0	0	75,027	
Grants from State Sources	19,340	0	0	19,340	
Grants from Federal Sources	336,605	0	0	336,605	
Net Cash Provided by Noncapital Financing Sources	430,972	0	0	430,972	
Net Increase/Decrease in Cash & Cash Equivalents	191	(107)	319	403	
Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Year	0	1,215	33,736	34,951	
Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Year	\$ 191	1,108	34,055	\$ 35,354	

See Accompanying Notes to General Purpose Financial Statements.

A reconciliation of the Non-expendable trust cash and cash equivalents above to the balance sheet as follows:

Non-expendable trust fund	\$ 34,055
Expendable trust fund	21,249
Agency fund	61,084
Total cash and cash equivalents	\$ 116,388

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#### Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The financial statements of the Geneva Area City School District (the District) have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to government units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant of the District's accounting policies are described below.

#### A. Reporting Entity

The District is a body politic and corporate established for the purpose of exercising the rights and privileges conveyed to it by the constitution and laws of the State of Ohio. The District is a city district as defined by Section 3311.2 of the Ohio Revised Code. The District operates under an elected Board of Education (5 members) and is responsible for the provision of public education to residents of the District.

Average daily membership (ADM) as of October 1, 2000, was 3,105. The District employed 190 certified employees and 120 non-certificated employees.

The District provides regular, vocational and special instruction. The District also provides support services for the pupils, instructional staff, general and school administration, business and fiscal services, facilities acquisition and construction services, operation and maintenance of plant, student transportation, food services, extracurricular activities and non-programmed services.

The accompanying general purpose financial statements comply with the provisions of Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 14, *The Financial Reporting Entity*, in that the financial statements include all organizations, activities and functions for which the District is financially accountable. This report includes all activities considered by management to be part of the District by virtue of Section 2100 of the Codification of Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards.

Section 2100 indicates that the reporting entity consists of (a) the primary government, (b) organizations for which the primary government is financially accountable, and (c) other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government are such that exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete.

The definition of the reporting entity is based primarily on the notion of financial accountability. A primary government is financially accountable for the organizations that make up its legal entity.

It is also financially accountable for legally separate organizations if its officials appoint a voting majority of an organization's governing body and either it is able to impose its will on that organization or there is a potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits to, or to impose specific financial burdens on the primary government. A primary government may also be financially accountable for governmental organizations that are fiscally dependent on it.

A primary government has the ability to impose its will on an organization if it can significantly influence the programs, projects, or activities of, or the level of services performed or provided by, the organization.

#### Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

A financial benefit or burden relationship exists if the primary government (a) is entitled to the organization's resources; (b) is legally obligated or has otherwise assumed the obligation to finance the deficits of, or provide financial support to, the organization; or (c) is obligated in some manner for the debt of the organization.

The Ashtabula County District Library (the Library) is a library created under Chapter 3375 of the Ohio Revised Code(ORC) and is located in the Geneva Area City School District. The Board of Trustees of the Library controls and manages the Library and issues its own financial statements, therefore, is excluded from these financial statements.

The District may act as the Library's agent on debt issues required pursuant to Chapter 3375.431 of the ORC. In 1996, as requested by the Library, the District issued, on behalf of the Library, bond anticipation notes in the amount of \$1,500,000, for the purpose of constructing, furnishing and equipping a new public library to be operated by the Ashtabula County District Library and improving its site.

The District issued \$325,000 in bond anticipation notes in April, 2001 and \$990,000 of general obligation bonds in May, 1997. The debt was issued for the purpose of the construction of a new library, as approved by the electorate in May 1995. Although the debt is issued on behalf of the Library, the bonds constitute indebtedness of the District and are considered in determining the District's debt limitations. Property tax revenues collected to retire the debt are paid directly to the District, and the District pays the interest and retires the debt.

However, the District has no ability to influence the Library's operations, no accountability over the fiscal matters of the Library, nor any responsibility for the Library's deficits. Accordingly, other than the debt and the related property tax revenue referred to in the preceding paragraph, the Library's financial statements are not included herein.

The District is associated with organizations which are defined as jointly governed organizations. These organizations are the Northeast Ohio Management Information Network, the Ashtabula County Schools Council of Governments, and the Ashtabula County Joint Vocational School District, which are presented in Note 14 to the general purpose financial statements.

Within the District boundaries are two non-public schools, Assumption School and The Grand River Academy. Current State legislation provides funding to these schools. These monies are received and disbursed on behalf of the schools by the Treasurer of the District, as directed by the non-public schools.

Management believes the financial statements included in this report represent all of the funds of the District over which the Board of Education is financially accountable.

#### **B. Fund Accounting**

The District uses funds and account groups to report on its financial position and the results of its operations. Fund accounting is designed to demonstrate legal compliance and to aid financial management by segregating transactions related to certain government functions or activities.

#### Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts recording cash and other financial resources, together with all related liabilities and residual equities or balances, and changes therein, which are segregated for the purpose of carrying on specific activities or attaining certain objectives in accordance with special regulations, restrictions or limitations. An account group is a financial reporting device designed to provide accountability for certain assets and liabilities that are not recorded in the funds because they do not directly affect net expendable available financial resources.

Funds are classified into three categories: governmental, proprietary and fiduciary. Each category, in turn, is divided into separate "fund types."

#### Governmental Fund Types

Governmental funds are those through which most governmental functions typically are financed. Governmental Fund Types are accounted for on a flow of current financial resources measurement focus. Only current assets and current liabilities are generally included on their balance sheets. Their operating statements present sources (revenues and other financing sources) and uses (expenditures and other financing uses) of "available spendable resources" during the period.

<u>General Fund</u> - This fund is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The General Fund balance is available to the District for any purpose provided it is expended or transferred according to the bylaws of the District and the laws of the State of Ohio.

<u>Special Revenue Funds</u> - These funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than amounts relating to expendable trusts or formajor capital projects) that are legally restricted to expenditures for specific purposes.

<u>Debt Service Fund</u> - This fund is used to account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, general long-term debt principal and interest.

<u>Capital Projects Funds</u> - These funds are used to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital assets or facilities (other than those financed by proprietary and trust funds).

#### Proprietary Fund Types

Proprietary funds are used to account for the District's ongoing activities which are similar to those found in the private sector. The following are the proprietary fund types:

<u>Enterprise Funds</u> - These funds are used to account for the operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises where the intent is that the costs (expenses, including depreciation) of providing goods or services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges or where it has been decided that periodic determination of revenue earned, expenses incurred, and/or net income is appropriate for capital maintenance, public policy, management control, accountability or other purposes.

#### Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

<u>Internal Service Fund</u> - This fund accounts for the financing of services provided by one department or agency to other departments or agencies of the District on a cost reimbursement basis.

#### Fiduciary Fund Types

Fiduciary funds are used to account for assets held by the District in a trustee capacity or as an agent for individuals, private organizations, other governments, or other funds. The following are the fiduciary fund types:

<u>Expendable Trust Fund</u> - This fund accounts for resources, including both principal and earnings, which must be expended according to the provision of a trust agreement. Expendable trust funds are accounted for in essentially the same manner as governmental funds.

Nonexpendable Trust Fund - This fund accounts for trust principal which may not be expended. Only interest earned on the principal may be used for trust operations. Nonexpendable trust funds are accounted for in essentially the same manner as proprietary funds.

Agency Fund - This fund is purely custodial and thus does not involve measurement of results of operations.

#### Account Groups

Account Groups are financial reporting devices to provide accountability for certain assets and liabilities that are not recorded in the funds because they do not affect expendable available financial resources. The following are the account groups:

<u>General Fixed Assets Account Group</u> - This account group is used to account for all of the District's fixed assets other than those accounted for in the Proprietary funds or Trust funds.

<u>General Long-Term Debt Account Group</u> - This account group is used to account for all of the District's long-term obligations other than those accounted for in the Proprietary Funds.

#### C. Measurement Focus/Basis of Accounting

The accounting and financial reporting treatment applied to a fund is determined by its measurement focus. All governmental fund types and expendable trust funds are accounted for using a flow of current financial resources measurement focus.

All proprietary fund types and non-expendable trust funds are accounted for on a flow of economic resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, all assets and all liabilities associated with the operation of these funds are included on the balance sheet. Fund equity (i.e., net total assets) is segregated into contributed capital and retained earnings components. Proprietary fund type operating statements present increases (e.g., revenues) and decreases (e.g., expenses) in net total assets.

#### Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

The modified accrual basis of accounting is followed for Governmental and Expendable Trust Funds. The measurement focus is upon determination of financial position and changes in financial position (sources, uses and balances of financial resources) rather than upon net income determination. Under this basis of accounting:

- 1) Only current assets and current liabilities are generally included on their balance sheets.
- 2) Operating statements present increases (revenues and other financing sources) and decreases (expenditures and other financing uses) in net current assets.
- 3) Expenditures are recognized in the period in which the fund liability is incurred with the following exceptions: general long term obligation principal and interest are reported only when due; the current costs of accumulated unpaid vacation and sick leave are reported in the period in which they will be liquidated with available financial resources rather than in the period earned by employees.

Revenue resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, is recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On a modified accrual basis, revenue is recorded in the fiscal year in which the resources are measurable and become available. Available means that resources will be collected within the current fiscal year or are expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current fiscal year. For the District, available means expected to be received within sixty days of year-end.

Non-exchange transactions, in which the District receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include property taxes, grants, entitlements and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from grants, entitlements and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are required to be used or the fiscal year when use is first permitted, matching requirements, in which the District must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose, and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the District on a reimbursement basis. On a modified accrual basis, revenue from non-exchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized.

Under the modified accrual basis, the following revenues are considered to be both measurable and available at fiscal year-end: property taxes available as an advance, interest, tuition, grants, student fees and rentals.

The District reports deferred revenues on its combined balance sheet. Deferred revenues arise when a potential revenue does not meet both he measurable and available criteria for recognition in the current period. In the subsequent period, when both revenue and recognition criteria are met, the liability for deferred revenue is removed from the combined balance sheet and revenue is recognized. Property taxes measurable at the end of the current fiscal year, and delinquent property taxes, whose availability is indeterminable and which are intended to finance the subsequent fiscal year operations, have been recorded as deferred revenue.

The Proprietary Funds are accounted for on the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized in the period earned and expenses are recognized in the period incurred. Pursuant to GASB Statement No. 20,

#### Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Accounting and Financial Reporting for Proprietary Funds and Other Governmental Entities that Use Proprietary Fund Accounting, the District follows GASB guidance as applicable to proprietary funds and Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) Statements and Interpretations, Accounting Principles Board Opinions and Accounting Research Bulletins issued on or before November 30, 1989 that do not conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements.

Agency fund assets and liabilities are recognized on the modified accrual basis of accounting.

### D. Budget and Budgetary Accounting

The budgetary process is prescribed by provisions of Ohio Revised Code and entails the preparation of budgetary documents with an established timetable. The major documents prepared are the tax budget, the certificate of estimated resources, and the appropriation resolution, all of which are prepared on the budgetary basis of accounting. The certificate of estimated resources and the appropriation resolution are subject to amendment throughout the year with the legal restriction that appropriations cannot exceed estimated resources, as certified. All funds, other than agency funds, are legally required to be budgeted and appropriated. The legal level of budgetary control is at the object level within each function. Any budgetary modifications at this level may only be made by resolution of the Board of Education.

- A Tax Budget of estimated cash receipts and disbursements is submitted to the County Auditor, as secretary of the County Budget Commission, by January 20th of each year, for the fiscal year commencing the following July 1st. The Board of Education normally adopts the Tax Budget at either its regular board meeting in December or its organizational board meeting in January. Public hearings are publicized and conducted to obtain taxpayers' comments. The express purpose of this budget document is to reflect the need for existing (or increased) tax rates.
- 2) The County Budget Commission certifies its actions to the District by March 1st. As part of this certification, the District receives the Official Certificate of Estimated Resources which states the projected receipts of each fund. During the month of July, this Certificate is amended to include any unencumbered balances from the preceding fiscal year.
- An annual appropriation measure must be passed by the Board of Education by October 1st of each year for the period July 1st to June 30th. Unencumbered appropriations lapse at year-end and the encumbered appropriation balance is carried forward to the succeeding fiscal year and need not be reappropriated. The Board of Education usually adopts temporary appropriations at its regular board meeting in June. The Annual Appropriation Resolution is usually adopted at the September regular board meeting. The appropriation measure may be amended or supplemented during the year as new information becomes available. Appropriations may not exceed estimated resources and expenditures may not exceed appropriations in any fund at the object level.
- The District prepares its budget on a basis of accounting that differs from generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). The actual results of operations are presented in the "Combined Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances--Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Basis)--All Governmental Fund Types and Expendable Trust Funds" to provide a meaningful comparison of actual results with the budget.

#### Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

The major differences between the budget basis of accounting and GAAP basis are that:

- a) Revenues are recorded when received in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when susceptible to accrual (GAAP basis);
- b) Expenditures are recorded when encumbered (budget basis) as opposed to when the liability is incurred (GAAP basis);
- Encumbrances are recorded as the equivalent of expenditures (budget basis) as opposed to a reservation of fund balance for governmental fund types and as note disclosures in the proprietary fund types (GAAP basis);
- d) Proceeds from and principal payment on bond and tax anticipation notes are reported on the operating statement (budget basis) rather than on the balance sheet (GAAP basis); and
- e) Short-term note debt is paid from the debt service fund (budget basis) as opposed to the fund that received the proceeds (GAAP basis). Debt service fund resources used to pay both principal and interest have been allocated accordingly.

See Note 2 to the general purpose financial statements for reconciliation of Budget vs. GAAP "Excess of Revenues and Other Financing Sources Over (Under) Expenditures and Other Financing Uses."

<u>Encumbrances</u> - As part of formal budgetary control, purchase orders, contracts, and other commitments for the expenditure of funds are recorded as the equivalent of expenditures on the budgetary basis in order to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation and to determine and maintain legal compliance. On the GAAP basis, encumbrances outstanding at year end are reported as a reservation of fund balance for subsequent-year expenditures for governmental funds and reported in the notes to the general purpose financial statements for proprietary funds. There were no encumbrances for proprietary funds for the year ended June 30, 2001.

<u>Lapsing of Appropriations</u> - At the close of each year, the unencumbered balance of each appropriation reverts to the respective fund from which it was appropriated and becomes subject to future appropriation. Encumbered appropriations are carried forward to the succeeding fiscal year and are not reappropriated.

#### E. Cash and Investments

Cash received by the District is pooled in various bank accounts with individual fund balance integrity maintained throughout. Individual fund integrity is maintained through the District's records. Each fund's interest in the pool is presented as "Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments." During the fiscal year all investments were limited to certificates of deposit, and repurchase agreements.

Except for nonparticipating investments contracts, investments are reported at fair market value which is based on quoted market prices. Nonparticipating investment contracts such as repurchase agreements and negotiable certificates of deposits are reported at cost.

#### Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Under existing Ohio statutes all investment earnings are assigned to the General Fund unless statutorily required to be credited to a specific fund. Interest is not allocated to the Food Service Enterprise Fund due to immateriality.

For the District, all investment earnings accrue to the General Fund, Special Revenue Funds, Capital Projects Funds, Auxiliary Service Funds, Expendable Trust Fund, and Non-expendable Trust Fund as authorized by board resolution. Interest income earned in fiscal year 2001 totaled \$391,567. Interest revenue credited to the General Fund during the fiscal year amounted to \$343,075; Special Revenue Funds, \$1,586; Capital Projects Funds, \$43,606; Expendable Trust Fund, \$1,254; and Non-expendable Trust Fund, \$2,046.

For purposes of the combined statement of cash flows and for presentation on the combined balance sheet, investments of the cash management pool and investments with original maturities of three months or less at the time they are purchased by the District are considered to be cash equivalents. Investments with an initial maturity of more than three months are reported as investments.

#### F. Restricted Assets

Restricted assets in the general fund represent cash and cash equivalents set aside to establish a budget stabilization reserve. A fund balance reserve has also been established.

#### G. Taxes Receivable

The financial statements reflect taxes receivable as of June 30, 2001. GAAP permits the recognition of revenue from any property tax assessment in the fiscal period levied, provided the funds are "available." "Available" means then due, or past due and receivable within the current period or expected to be collected soon thereafter. While these taxes have been assessed, the majority are not due at June 30, 2001 and accordingly have been recorded as deferred revenue in the accompanying financial statements. Taxes that become delinquent remain recorded in deferred revenue until they are determined to be uncollectible.

#### H. Inventories

Inventories of governmental funds are stated at cost while inventories of proprietary funds are stated at the lower of cost or market. For all funds, cost is determined on a first-in, first-out basis. Inventories are determined by physical count. Inventory in governmental funds consists of expendable supplies held for consumption. The cost of the governmental fund type inventories are recorded as expenditures when purchased (purchase method) rather than when consumed. Reported inventories in these funds are equally offset by a fund balance reserve which indicates they are unavailable for appropriation. Inventories of proprietary funds consist of donated food, purchased food, and general supplies, and are expended when used.

#### Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

#### I. Prepaid Items

Payments made to vendors for services that will benefit periods beyond June 30, 2001, are recognized under the nonallocation method. The nonallocation method of prepayments and deferrals is consistent with the basic governmental concept that only expendable financial resources are reported by a specific governmental fund. Payments for the prepaid items or deferrals are fully recognized as an expenditure in the year of payment. Under the nonallocation method no asset for the prepayment or deferral is created, and no expenditure allocation to future accounting periods is required.

#### J. Fixed Assets

General fixed assets are not capitalized in the funds used to acquire or construct them. Instead, capital acquisition and construction are reflected as expenditures in governmental funds, and the related assets are reported in the general fixed assets account group. Fixed assets utilized in the proprietary funds are capitalized in the respective fund. The original cost of equipment was estimated using standard industry assumptions as determined by an outside consultant. All purchased fixed assets since the initial valuation are valued at cost where historical records are available and at an estimated historical cost where no historical records exist. Donated fixed assets are valued at their estimated fair market value on the date received. The District has a capitalization threshold of \$500.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized. Improvements are capitalized and depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related fixed assets, as applicable.

Assets in the general fixed assets account group are not depreciated. Depreciation of buildings, equipment and vehicles in the proprietary fund types is computed using the straight-line method over an estimated useful life of the assets (five to twenty years).

#### K. Intergovernmental Revenues

For governmental funds, intergovernmental revenues, such as grants awarded on a non-reimbursement basis and entitlements, are recorded as receivables and revenues when measurable and available. Reimbursement type grants are recorded as receivables and revenues when the related expenditures are incurred and the funding is available. Other than commodities, grants and entitlements for proprietary fund operations are recognized as non-operating revenues in the accounting period in which they are earned and become measurable.

The District currently participates in several State and Federal programs, categorized as follows:

#### Entitlements:

General Fund
State Foundation Program
School Bus Funding

Special Revenue Funds

**Educational Management Information Systems** 

#### Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

#### Capital Projects Funds

School Net Plus

Technology Equity Funds

**Emergency School Building Repair Funds** 

#### Non-Reimbursable Grants:

### Special Revenue Funds

Auxiliary Services Funding

Title I

Title II-Eisenhower

Title VI

Title VI B

Title VI-R

DPIA

Ohio Reads

**Teacher Development** 

Title IV - Drug Free Schools

Pre-School Grants

Miscellaneous State and Federal Grants

#### Reimbursable Grants:

#### General Fund

Driver Education Reimbursement

#### Proprietary Funds

National School Lunch Program
Government Donated Commodities

Grants and entitlements amounted to approximately 63% of the District's operating revenue during the 2001 fiscal year.

#### L. Short-Term Interfund Receivables/Payables

During the course of operations, numerous transactions occur between individual funds for goods provided or services rendered. These receivables and payables are classified as "Due from other funds" or "Due to other funds." Short-term interfund loans are classified as "Interfund receivables/payables. At June 30, 2001, the District had no "Due to/Due from other funds" and \$8,292 in "Interfund Receivables/Payables." The "Advances-in" do not equal the "Advances-out" on the Budget vs Actual Statements due to activity in the Enterprise and Internal Service Funds.

#### M. Advances to Other Funds

Non-current portions of long-term interfund loan receivables are reported as advances and are offset equally by a fund balance reserve account which indicates that they do not constitute expendable available financial resources and therefore are not available for appropriation. At June 30, 2001 the District had no long-term interfund loans.

#### Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

#### N. Compensated Absences

The District accounts for compensated absences in accordance with GASB Statement No. 16. Sick leave benefits are accrued as a liability using the vesting method. Sick leave and other compensated absences with similar characteristics are accrued as a liability based on the sick leave accumulated at the balance sheet date by those employees who currently are eligible to receive termination payments, as well as other employees who are expected to become eligible in the future to receive such payments. To calculate the liability, these accumulations are reduced to the maximum amount allowed as a termination payment. Accruals for those employees who are expected to become eligible in the future are based on assumptions concerning the probability that individual employees or class or group of employees will become eligible to receive termination payments. All employees with ten or more years of service were included in the calculation of the long-term compensated absences accrual amount.

Vacation leave and other compensated absences with similar characteristics are accrued as a liability as the benefits are earned by the employees if both of the following conditions are met: 1.) The employees' rights to receive compensation are attributable to services already rendered and that are not contingent on a specific event that is outside the control of the employer and employee; and 2.) It is probable that the employer will compensate the employees for the benefits through paid time off or some other means, such as cash payments at termination or retirement.

For governmental funds, the District records a liability for accumulated unused vacation and sick leave when earned. The current portion of these unpaid compensated absences is the amount expected to be paid using expendable available resources. These amounts are recorded in the account "compensated absences payable" in the fund from which the employees who have accumulated unpaid leave are paid. The remainder is reported in the general long-term debt account group. In proprietary funds, compensated absences are expensed when earned with the amount reported as a fund liability.

#### O. Accrued Liabilities and Long-Term Obligations

In general, governmental fund payables and accrued liabilities are reported as obligations of the funds regardless of whether they will be liquidated with current resources. However, claims and judgments, compensated absences, contractually required pension contributions and special termination benefits that will be paid from governmental funds are reported as a liability in the general long-term obligations account group to the extent that they will not be paid with current expendable available financial resources. In general, amounts paid more than sixty days after year end are considered not to have been paid with current available financial resources. Bonds and capital leases are recognized as a liability of the general long-term obligations account group until due.

Long-term debt and other obligations financed by proprietary funds are reported as liabilities in the appropriate proprietary funds.

#### Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

#### P. Contributed Capital

Contributed capital is recorded in proprietary funds that have received capital grants or contributions from developers, customers or other funds. The assets are recorded at their fair market value on the date contributed. Depreciation on those assets acquired or constructed with contributed resources is expended and closed to unreserved retained earnings at year end. At June 30, 2001, the District had \$52,028 in contributed capital.

#### Q. Long-Term Obligations

Long-term debt is recognized as a liability of a governmental fund when due, or when resources have been accumulated in the debt service fund for payment early in the following year. For other long-term obligations, only that portion expected to be financed from expendable available financial resources is reported as a fund liability of a governmental fund. The remaining portion of such obligations is reported in the general long-term debt account group. Long-term liabilities expected to be financed from proprietary fund operations are accounted for in those funds.

#### R. Interfund Transactions

Quasi-external transactions are accounted for as revenues, expenditures or expenses. Transactions that constitute reimbursements to a fund for expenditures/expenses initially made from it that are properly applicable to another fund, are recorded as expenditures/expenses in the reimbursing fund and as reductions of expenditures/expenses in the fund that is reimbursed.

All other interfund transactions, except quasi-external transactions and reimbursements, are reported as transfers. Non-recurring or non-routine permanent transfers of equity are reported as residual equity transfers. All other interfund transfers are reported as operating transfers.

#### S. Fund Balance Reserves

Reserved Fund Balances indicate that portion of fund equity which is not available for current appropriation or is legally segregated for a specific use. Fund Balances are reserved for supplies inventory, budget stabilization, debt service, encumbrances, scholarship funds and future appropriation. The reserve for future appropriation represents the amount of the property taxes available for advance and recognized as revenue. The District is prohibited by law from appropriating the advance, since it was not received, for the current fiscal year. The unreserved portions of fund equity reflected for the Governmental Funds are available for use within the specific purposes of those funds.

Reserves represent those portions of fund equity not appropriable for expenditure or legally segregated for a specific future use. Designated fund balances represent tentative plans for future use of financial resources.

#### T. Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

#### Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

#### U. Memorandum Only - Total Columns

Total columns on the general purpose financial statements are captioned "Memorandum Only" to indicate that they are presented only to facilitate financial analysis. Data in these columns do not present financial position, results of operations or cash flows in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles. Neither is such data comparable to a consolidation. Interfund eliminations have not been made in the aggregation of this data.

#### Note 2. Budgetary Basis of Accounting

The following table summarizes the adjustments necessary to reconcile the GAAP and budgetary basis statements by fund type:

# Excess of Revenues and Other Financing Sources Over (Under) Expenditures and Other Financing Uses All Governmental Fund Types and Expendable Trust Funds

	Governmental Fund Type					Fiduciary Fund Type	
	General Fund	Special Revenue	Debt Service	Capital Project	E	xpendable Trust	
GAAP Basis	\$ 714,075	72,168	1,601	362,266	\$	1,994	
Increase (Decrease):							
Due to Revenues:							
Net Adjustments to Revenues	(118,127)	(17,067)	(1,358)	(1,253)		0	
Due to Expenditures:							
Net Adjustments to Expenditures	(325,195)	(57,320)	(1,694)	(455,793)		(1,260)	
Due to Other Sources/Uses	5,582	(8,142)	0	325,000		0	
Budget Basis	\$ 276,335	(10,361)	(1,451)	230,220	\$	734	

#### Note 3. Cash and Investments

State statutes classify monies held by the District into three categories. Active deposits are public deposits necessary to meet current demands on the treasury. Such monies must be maintained either as cash in the District Treasury, in commercial accounts payable or withdrawable on demand, including negotiable order of withdrawal (NOW) accounts, or in money market deposit accounts.

Inactive deposits are public deposits that the Board of Education has identified as not required for use within the current period of designation of depositories. Inactive deposits must either be evidenced by certificates of deposit maturing not later than the end of the current period of designation of depositories, or by savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts.

#### Note 3. Cash and Investments (continued)

Interim deposits are public deposits of interim monies. Interim monies are those monies which are not needed for immediate use but which will be needed before the end of the current period of designation of depositories. Interim deposits must be evidenced by time certificates of deposit maturing not more than one year from the date of deposit or by savings or deposit accounts including passbook accounts.

Interim monies may be deposited or invested in the following securities:

- 1. United States Treasury Notes, Bills, Bonds, or any other obligation or security issued by the United States Treasury or any other obligation guaranteed as to principal and interest by the United States;
- 2. Bonds, notes, debentures, or any other obligations or securities issued by any federal government agency or instrumentality, including but not limited to, the Federal National Mortgage Association, Federal Home Loan Bank, Federal Farm Credit Bank, Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation, Government National Mortgage Association, and Student Loan Marketing Association. All federal agency securities shall be direct issuances of federal government agencies or instrumentalities;
- Written repurchase agreements in the securities listed above provided that the market value of the securities subject to the repurchase agreement must exceed the principal value of the agreement by at least two percent and be marked to market daily, and that the term of the agreement must not exceed thirty days;
- 4. Bonds and other obligations of the State of Ohio;
- 5. No-load money market mutual funds consisting exclusively of obligations described in division (1) or (2) of this section and repurchase agreements secured by such obligations, provided that investments in securities described in this division are made only through eligible institutions;
- 6. The State Treasurer's investment pool (STAR Ohio); and
- 7. Certain bankers' acceptances and commercial paper notes for a period not to exceed one hundred and eighty days from the date of purchase in an amount not to exceed twenty-five percent of the interim monies available for investment at any one time.

Investments in stripped principal or interest obligations, reverse repurchase agreements and derivatives are prohibited. The issuance of taxable notes for the purpose of arbitrage, the use of leverage and short selling are also prohibited. An investment must mature within five years from the date of purchase unless matched to a specific obligation or debt of the District, and must be purchased with the expectation that it will be held to maturity. Investments may only be made through specified dealers and institutions. Payment for investments may be made only upon delivery of the securities representing the investments to the treasurer or qualified trustee or, if the securities are not represented by a certificate, upon receipt of confirmation of transfer from the custodian.

#### Note 3. Cash and Investments (continued)

Protection of school district deposits is provided by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC), by eligible securities pledged by the financial institution as security for repayment, by surety company bonds deposited with the treasurer by the financial institution or by a single collateral pool established by the financial institution to secure the repayment of all public monies deposited with the institution.

The following information classifies deposits and investments by categories of risk as defined by GASB Statement No. 3, Deposits with Financial Institutions, Investments (including Repurchase Agreements) and Reverse Repurchase Agreements.

<u>Deposits</u> At fiscal year end, the carrying amount of the District's deposits was \$5,723,640 and the bank balance was \$6,064,085, of which \$300,000 was covered by federal depository insurance and \$5,764,085 was uninsured, but collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent not in the District's name. Although the securities serving as collateral were held by the pledging institution in the pledging institution's name and all State statutory requirements for the deposit of money had been followed, noncompliance with federal requirements would potentially subject the District to a successful claim by the FDIC.

Investments GASB Statement No. 3, entitled Deposits with Financial Institutions, Investments (including Repurchase Agreements), and Reverse Repurchase Agreements requires the District's investments to be categorized to give an indication of the level of risk assumed by the District at fiscal year end. Category 1 includes investments that are insured or registered or for which the securities are held by the District or its agent in the District's name. Category 2 includes uninsured and unregistered investments for which the securities are held by the counter-party's trust department or agent in the District's name. Category 3 includes uninsured and unregistered investments for which the securities are held by the counter-party, or by its trust department or agent but not in the District's name.

		Category	/		Carrying		Fair
	1	2	3		3 Value		Value
Repurchase Agreement			\$	370,000	370,000	\$	370,000
Total Investments			\$	370,000	370,000	\$	370,000

The classification of cash and cash equivalents and investments on the combined financial statements is based on criteria set forth in GASB Statement No. 9 entitled Reporting Cash Flows of Proprietary and Non-Expendable Trust Funds and Governmental Entities That Use Proprietary Fund Accounting.

#### Note 3. Cash and Investments (continued)

A reconciliation between the classifications of cash and investments on the combined financial statements and the classifications of deposits and investments presented above per GASB Statement No. 3 is as follows:

	 sh and Cash quivalents	Investments		
GASB Statement No. 9	\$ 6,093,715	\$	0	
Investments:				
Repurchase Agreement	 (370,000)		370,000	
Total	5,723,715		370,000	
Cash on Hand	(75)		0	
GASB Statement No. 3	\$ 5,723,640	\$	370,000	

#### Note 4. Property Tax

Property taxes are levied, assessed and collected on a calendar year basis. They include amounts levied against all real, public utility, and tangible personal property located in the District. Taxes collected on real property (other than public utility) in one calendar year are levied in the preceding calendar year on assessed values as of January 1 of that preceding year, the lien date. Assessed values are established by the Ashtabula County Auditor at 35% of appraised market value. All property is required to be revalued every six years. The last revaluation for the District was completed in 1996, an update was done in 1999. The next revaluation is scheduled for 2002.

Real property taxes are payable annually or semi-annually. The first payment is usually due February 14, (and may be paid annually) with the remainder payable June 20. Taxes collected from tangible personal property (other than public utility) in one calendar year are levied in the prior calendar year on assessed values during and at the close of the most recent fiscal year of the taxpayer that ended on or before December 31of that calendar year. Tangible personal property used in business (except for public utilities) is currently assessed for taxation purposes at 25% of its true value. Amounts paid by multi-county taxpayers may be paid annually or semi-annually, the first payment due April 30, with the remainder payable by September 28.

Public utility real and public utility personal property taxes collected in one calendar year are levied in the preceding calendar year on assessed values determined as of December 31 of the second year preceding the tax collection year, the lien date. Real property is assessed at 35% of market value and personal property is assessed at 100% of market value. Public utility property taxes are payable on the same dates as real property taxes described previously.

The Ashtabula County Treasurer collects property taxes on behalf of the District and the Ashtabula County Auditor remits the collected taxes to the District. Tax settlements are made each March and August for real property taxes and each June and October for personal property.

#### Note 4. Property Tax (continued)

Taxes available for advance and recognized as revenue, but not received by the District prior to June 30, are reflected as a reservation of fund balance. The District is prohibited by law from appropriating the property taxes recognized as revenue in accordance with Ohio Revised Code Section 5705.35 since an advance of tax revenue was not received by the end of the fiscal year. At June 30, 2001, taxes available for advance were: General Fund, \$2,204,014; Debt Service, \$32,473; and Capital Projects, \$99,994.

The full tax rate at the fiscal year ended June 30, 2001 for operations was \$45.39 per \$1,000 of assessed valuation. Additionally, the full tax rates for Permanent Improvements and Debt Retirement were \$.85 and \$.74 per \$1,000 of assessed valuation, respectively. The assessed values of real and tangible personal property on which the fiscal year 2001 taxes were collected were as follows:

	 1999	 2000
Real Property-Commercial/Industrial	\$ 30,863,790	\$ 31,543,140
Real Property-Residential/Agricultural	168,304,380	171,902,440
Real Property-Public Utilities	100,130	100,720
Personal Property-General	16,413,660	16,845,330
Personal Property-Public Utilities	 19,532,020	 17,924,760
Total Assessed Value	\$ 235,213,980	\$ 238,316,390

#### Note 5. Receivables

Receivables at June 30, 2001 consisted of taxes, accounts (miscellaneous), and intergovernmental grants and entitlements. All receivables are considered collectible in full due to the ability to foreclose for the nonpayment of taxes, the stable condition of State programs, and the current guarantee of Federal funds.

A summary of the principal items of Intergovernmental Receivables follows:

Special Revenue Funds:	
CAFS	\$ 33,225
Career Development	1,195
Grand Total	\$ 34,420

#### Note 6. Fixed Assets

The following is a summary of the proprietary funds property, plant and equipment at June 30, 2001:

Enterprise Fund	
Furniture and Equipment	\$ 406,380
Less Accumulated Depreciation	 (249,511)
Net Fixed Assets	\$ 156,869

#### Note 6. Fixed Assets (continued)

The following is a summary of changes in the General Fixed Assets Account Group during the fiscal year 2001:

	General Fixed Assets June 30, 2000		Additions	Deletions		eneral Fixed Assets une 30, 2001
Land & Land Improvements	\$	499,616	21,960	0	\$	521,576
Buildings & Bldg. Improvements		4,773,148	30,159	0		4,803,307
Furniture, Fixtures & Equipment		5,018,352	343,035	31,811		5,329,576
Vehicles		1,679,478	76,045	7,900	1	1,747,623
Total General Fixed Assets	\$	11,970,594	471,199	39,711	\$	12,402,082

There was no significant construction in progress at June 30, 2001 for District owned property.

#### Note 7. Defined Benefit Pension Plans

#### A. School Employees Retirement System

The District contributes to the School Employees Retirement System (SERS), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. SERS provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided by Chapter 3309 of the Ohio Revised Code. SERS issues a publicly available, standalone financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained by writing to the School Employees Retirement System, 300 East Broad Street, Suite 100, Columbus, Ohio 43215-3746

Plan members are required to contribute 9 percent of their annual covered salary and the District is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. The current District rate is 14 percent of annual covered payroll. A portion of the District's contribution is used to fund pension obligations with the remainder being used to fund health care benefits; for fiscal year 2001, 4.2 percent of annual covered salary was the portion used to fund pension obligations. For fiscal year 2000, 5.5 percent was used to fund the pension obligations. The contribution requirements of plan members and employers are established and may be amended, up to statutory maximum amount, by the SERS' Retirement Board. The District's required contributions for pension obligations to SERS for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2001, 2000, and 1999 were \$254,100, \$244,812 and \$251,616 respectively; 36 percent has been contributed for fiscal year 2001 and 100 percent for fiscal years 2000 and 1999. \$162,966 representing the unpaid contribution for fiscal year 2001, including the surcharge, is recorded as a liability within the respective funds and the general long-term obligations account group.

#### Note 7. Defined Benefit Pension Plans (continued)

#### **B. State Teachers Retirement System**

The District participates in the State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio (STRS), a cost-sharing multiple employer public employee retirement system. STRS provides basic retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death and survivor benefits to members and beneficiaries. Benefits are established by Chapter 3307 of the Ohio Revised Code. STRS issues a publicly available, stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for STRS. That report may be obtained by writing to the State Teachers Retirement System, 275 East Broad Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215-3771.

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2001, plan members are required to contribute 9.3 percent of their annual covered salaries. The District is required to contribute 14 percent; 9.5 percent was the portion used to fund pension obligations. For fiscal year 2000, 6 percent was used to fund pension obligations. Contribution rates are established by STRS, upon recommendation of its consulting actuary, not to exceed statutory maximum rates of 10 percent for members and 14 percent for employers. The District's required contributions for pension obligations to STRS for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2001, 2000, and 1999 were \$1,248,421, \$1,116,096 and \$1,245,504, respectively; 8 percent has been contributed for fiscal year 2001, and 100 percent for fiscal years 2000 and 1999. \$213,556 representing the unpaid contribution for fiscal year 2001, is recorded as a liability within the respective funds.

#### Note 8. Postemployment Benefits

The District provides comprehensive health care benefits to retired teachers and their dependents through the State Teachers Retirement System (STRS), and to retired non-certificated employees and their dependents through the School Employees Retirement System (SERS). Benefits include hospitalization, physicians' fees, prescription drugs and reimbursement of monthly Medicare premiums. Benefit provisions and the obligations to contribute are established by the Systems based on authority granted by State statute. Both systems are funded on a pay-as-you-go basis.

All STRS benefit recipients and sponsored dependents are eligible for health care coverage. The STRS Board has statutory authority over how much, if any, of the health care cost will be absorbed by STRS. Most benefit recipients pay a portion of the health care cost in the form of a monthly premium. By law, the cost of coverage paid from STRS funds is included in the employer contribution rate, currently 14 percent of covered payroll. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2001, the STRS Board allocated employer contributions equal to 4.5 percent of covered payroll to the Health Care Reserve Fund, a decrease of 3.5 percent for fiscal year 2001. For the District, this amount equaled \$411,858 for fiscal year 2001.

STRS pays health care benefits from the Health Care Reserve Fund. At June 30, 2001, (the latest information available) the balance in the Fund was \$3.256 billion. For the year ended June 30, 2001, net health care costs paid by STRS were \$300,772,000 and STRS had 102,132 eligible benefit recipients.

For SERS, coverage is made available to service retirees with ten or more years of qualifying service credit, and to disability and survivor benefit recipients. Members retiring on or after August 1, 1989, with less than twenty-five years of service credit must pay a portion of their premium for health care. The portion is based on years of service up to a maximum of 75 percent of the premium.

#### Note 8. Postemployment Benefits (continued)

After the allocation for basic benefits, the remainder of the employer's 14 percent contribution is allocated to providing health care benefits. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2001, employer contributions to fund health care benefits were 9.8 percent of covered payroll, an increase of 1.3 percent for fiscal year 2001. In addition, SERS levies a surcharge to fund health care benefits equal to 14 percent of the difference between a minimum pay and the member's pay, pro-rated for partial service credit. For fiscal year 2001, the minimum pay has been established at \$12,400. For the District, the amount to fund health care benefits, including surcharge, during the 2001 fiscal year equaled \$218,454.

The surcharge, added to the unallocated portion of the 14 percent employer contribution rate, provides for maintenance of the asset target level for the health care fund. The target level for the health care reserve is 150 percent of annual health care expenses. Expenses for health care at June 30, 2001, (the latest information available), were \$161,439,934 and the target level was \$242.2 million. At June 30, 2001, SERS had net assets available for payment of health care benefits of \$315.7 million. SERS has approximately 50,000 participants receiving health care benefits.

#### Note 9. Compensated Absences

#### Vacation Leave:

The criteria for determining vested vacation and sick leave components are derived from negotiated agreements and State laws. Only administrative and support personnel who are under a full year contract (11 and 12 month) are eligible for vacation time. The number of days granted is determined upon length of service. For fiscal year 2001, the superintendent was granted twenty days of vacation and the treasurer was granted ten days of vacation. Administrators may accrue vacation leave up to a maximum of three years prior to using the vacation leave days.

Classified employees earn ten to twenty days of vacation per year, depending upon length of service (with a year defined as at least 120 days). Classified employees may accrue vacation up to a maximum of two years prior to using the vacation leave days. Accumulated, unused vacation time is paid to classified employees and administrators upon termination of employment.

The administrative and classified personnel accumulate vacation based on the following schedule:

Years Service	Vacation Days
at the completion of 1 -8 years	10
at the completion of 9 -17 years	15
at the completion of 18 or more years	20

#### Sick Leave/Severance Pay:

Each employee earns sick leave at the rate of one and one-fourth days per month. Sick leave shall accumulate during active employment on a continuous year-to-year basis. Maximum sick leave accumulation for employees is 300 days.

#### Note 9. Compensated Absences (continued)

For all employees, retirement severance is paid to each employee retiring from the District at a per diem rate of the annual salary at the time of retirement if the employee has been employed by the District for a minimum of ten consecutive years at the time of retirement. Any certificated employee receiving retirement severance pay shall be entitled to one-fourth of the employee's total available accumulated sick leave up to 200 days at the daily rate at the time of retirement up to 50 days plus 15 percent of all days accumulated between 201-300 days. The maximum number of retirement pay days is 65. Any classified employee receiving retirement severance pay shall be entitled to a dollar amount equivalent to one-fourth of all accumulated sick leave credited to that employee up to 50 days.

#### Note 10. Risk Management

#### A. General Risk

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets, errors and omissions, injuries to employees and natural disasters. The District has addressed these various types of risk by purchasing a comprehensive insurance policy through commercial carriers.

Professional liability insurance is maintained in the amount of \$2,000,000 for single occurrence and \$5,000,000 in the aggregate. The District maintains fleet insurance in the amount of \$1,000,000 for any one accident or loss. The District maintains replacement cost insurance on buildings and contents in the amount of \$33,051,604.

Settled claims have not exceeded this commercial coverage in any of the past five years. There have been no significant reductions in insurance coverage from last year.

#### B. Workers' Compensation

The District participates in the Workers' Compensation Program provided by the State of Ohio. The Ohio system of workers' compensation has been in effect since 1913 providing compensation for work-related injuries, diseases and deaths. The system is maintained by the Ohio Bureau of Workers' Compensation and the Industrial Commission. The Bureau of Workers' Compensation determines basic premium rates by the cost of claims generated within the school's industry classification. New rates are effective each January 1. Premiums are paid annually.

#### C. Health Insurance

In July, 1987, the District joined the Ashtabula County Schools Council of Governments Employees Insurance Consortium to insure its medical and vision claims. The consortium currently includes seven member school districts. Contributions are determined by the consortium's board of directors. The program is operated as a full indemnity program with no financial liability (other than monthly premiums) or risk to the District. An alternate health maintenance plan is also offered to employees through Anthem Blue Cross/Blue Shield.

The District provides dental and life insurance coverage through Anthem Blue Cross/Blue Shield.

#### Note 11. Notes and Long-Term Debt

A. Notes Payable: The District's Bond Anticipation Note of \$375,000 matured April 26, 2001, with an interest payment of \$17,287. The District issued new notes in the amount of \$325,000 on April 25, 2001. The notes mature on April 25, 2002 and have an interest rate of 3.56%. The related interest payment is \$11,570.

B. Long-Term Debt: A summary of changes in debt obligations for the year ended June 30, 2001, are as follows:

		Balance				Balance
	J	luly 1, 2000	Additions	Deletions	J۱	une 30,2001
Intergovernmental Payable	\$	118,616	120,005	118,616	\$	120,005
Bonds Payable		890,000	0	50,000		840,000
Capital Leases Payable		316	0	316		0
Compensated Absences Payable		1,459,203	21,073	0		1,480,276
	\$	2,468,135	141,078	168,932	\$	2,440,281

Additions and deletions of compensated absences are shown net since it is impracticable for the District to determine these amounts separately.

The Ohio Revised Code (ORC) provides that the net debt of a school district, whether or not approved by the people, shall not exceed 9.0% of the total value of all property in the District as listed and assessed for taxation. In addition, the unvoted net debt of a school district cannot exceed .1% of the total assessed value of property. The District has no unvoted debt. The District's unvoted debt limit is \$238,316. The voted debt limit at June 30, 2001 is \$21,448,475.

<u>Bonds Payable:</u> As discussed in Note 1 to the General Purpose Financial Statements, the District issued General Obligation bonds, on behalf of the Library, in the amount of \$990,000 on May 1, 1997. The bonds mature in December 2016 and have an average interest rate of 5.8%. The annual maturities of the general obligation bonds as of June 30, 2001, and related interest payments are as follows:

	F	Principal	Interest	Payment
FY2002	\$	50,000	50,565	\$ 100,565
FY2003		50,000	47,927	97,927
FY2004		50,000	45,215	95,215
FY2005		50,000	42,440	92,440
FY2006 and thereafter		640,000	249,829	889,829
	\$	840,000	435,976	\$ 1,275,976

#### Note 11. Notes and Long-Term Debt (continued)

<u>Capital Leases</u>: The District made its final installment payment on copiers in fiscal year 2001. The copiers were purchased at an original cost of \$8,274 and have been capitalized in the general fixed assets account group.

#### Note 12. Interfund Transactions

At June 30, 2001, the District had short-term interfund loans which are classified as "Interfund Receivables/Payables." Receivables and payables resulting from goods provided or services rendered are classified as "Due from/to other funds." An analysis of interfund balances is as follows:

Interfund Receivables/Interfund Payables:

	Receivables		P	ayables
General Fund	\$	8,292	\$	0
Special Revenue Fund		0		1,195
Enterprise Fund		0		7,097
	\$	8,292	\$	8,292

#### Note 13. Segments of Enterprise Activities

Key financial data for the District's Enterprise Funds for the year ended June 30, 2001, are as follows:

		Uniform School	
	Lunchroom	Supply	
	Fund	Fund	Total
Operating Revenues	\$ 547,364	6,806	\$ 554,170
Operating Expenses:			
Depreciation	(17,783)	0	(17,783)
Other Expenses	(1,060,831)	(6,448)	(1,067,279)
Total Operating Expenses	(1,078,614)	(6,448)	(1,085,062)
Operating Income/Loss	(531,250)	358	(530,892)
Non-Operating Revenues and Expenses:			
State Grants	19,340	0	19,340
Federal Grants	336,605	0	336,605
Federal Commodities	88,988	0	88,988
Loss on Disposal of Assets	(3,187)	0	(3,187)
Transfers from Other Funds	75,027	0	75,027
Net Income/Loss	\$ (14,477)	358	\$ (14,119)
Net Working Capital	\$ (78,364)	(6,906)	\$ (85,270)
Total Assets	\$ 180,308	191	\$ 180,499
Total Fund Equity	\$ 78,504	(6,906)	\$ 71,598

#### Note 14. Jointly Governed Organizations and Public Entity Risk Pools

Northeast Ohio Management Information Network- (NEOMIN) is a jointly governed organization among thirty school districts in Trumbull and Ashtabula Counties. The jointly governed organization was formed for the purpose of applying modern technology with the aid of computers and other electronic equipment to administrative and instructional functions among member districts. Each of the districts support NEOMIN based upon a per pupil charge.

Superintendents of the participating school districts are eligible to be voting members of the Governing Board which consists of ten members: the Trumbull and Ashtabula County superintendents (permanent members), three superintendents from Ashtabula County school districts, three superintendents from Trumbull County districts, and a treasurer from each county. The District was represented on the Governing Board during fiscal year 2001. The degree of control exercised by any participating school district is limited to its representation on the Governing Board. A complete set of separate financial statements may be obtained from the Trumbull County Educational Service Center, 347 North Park Avenue, Warren, Ohio, 44481.

#### Note 14. Jointly Governed Organizations and Public Entity Risk Pools (continued)

#### Ashtabula County Schools Council of Governments:

The District's Superintendent is a member of the governing board of the Ashtabula County Schools Council of Governments, a separate entity formed for the purpose of purchasing health insurance. The District has no ongoing financial interest or financial responsibility to the Council of Governments other than via participation by purchasing health insurance.

#### Ashtabula County Joint Vocational School District:

The District is a member of the Ashtabula County Joint Vocational School District. The Ashtabula County Joint Vocational School District has a seven-member board of education and is funded by levying millage and state and federal support. The District has one member as a board representative.

The District has no ongoing financial interest or financial responsibility to the Ashtabula County Joint Vocational School District.

#### Note 15. Contingencies

#### A. Grants

The District received financial assistance from federal and state agencies in the form of grants. The disbursement of funds received under these programs generally requires compliance with terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements and is subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims resulting from such audits could become a liability of the general fund or other applicable funds. However, in the opinion of management, any such disallowed claims will not have a material adverse effect on the overall financial position of the District at June 30, 2001.

#### B. Litigation

The District is a defendant in a legal proceedings pertaining to matters which are incidental to performing routine governmental and other functions. Based on the status of this legal proceeding, it is the opinion of management that the ultimate resolution of such will not have a material effect on the District's financial statements.

#### Note 16. Changes in Accounting Principles and Restatement of Fund Balance

For fiscal year end June 30, 2001, the District has adopted the new accounting provision GASB Statement No. 33, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Nonexchange Transactions. The District has also adopted the new provision GASB 36, Recipient Reporting for Certain Shared Nonexchange Revenues. The implementation of GASB's 33 and 36 had no effect on fund balance as it was previously reported as of June 30, 2000.

#### Note 17. State School Funding Decision

On September 6, 2001, the Ohio Supreme Court issued its latest opinion regarding the State's school funding plan. The decision identified aspects of the current plan that require modification if the plan is to be considered constitutional, including:

- A change in the school districts that are used as the basis for determining the base cost support amount. Any change in the amount of funds distributed to school districts as a result of this change must be retroactive to July 1, 2001, although a time line for distribution is not specified.
- Fully funding parity aid no later than the beginning of fiscal year 2004 rather than fiscal year 2006.

The Supreme Court relinquished jurisdiction over the case based on anticipated compliance with its order.

In general, it is expected that the decision would result in an increase in State funding for most Ohio school districts. However, as of the date of this report, the Ohio General Assembly is still analyzing the impact this Supreme Court decision will have on funding for individual school districts. Further, the State of Ohio, in a motion filed September 17, 2001, asked the Court to reconsider and clarify the parts of the decision changing the school districts that are used as the basis for determining the base cost support amount and the requirement that changes be made retroactive to July 1, 2001.

On November 2, 2001, the Court granted this motion for reconsideration. The Court may re-examine and redetermine any issue upon such reconsideration.

As of the date of these financial statements, the District is unable to determine what effect, if any, this decision and the reconsideration will have on its future State funding and on its financial operations.

#### Note 18. Statutory Reserves

The District is required by State statute to set aside, annually, in the general fund an amount based on a statutory formula for the purchase of textbooks and other instructional materials and an equal amount for the acquisition and construction of capital improvements. Amounts not spent by year-end or offset by similarly restricted resources received during the year must be held in cash at year-end and carried forward to be used for the same purposes in future years. The District may also set aside money for budget stabilization.

The following cash basis information describes the change in the year-end set aside amounts for textbooks, capital acquisition, and budget stabilization. Disclosure of this information is required by State statute.

#### Note 18. Statutory Reserves (continued)

During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2001, the reserve activity was as follows:

	 Textbook Reserve	Capital Maintenance Reserve	Budget Stabilization Reserve	Total
Balance, 7/1/2000	\$ 0	0	358,077	\$ 358,077
Required Set Aside	390,891	390,891	0	781,782
Offset Credits	0	(204,914)	0	(204,914)
Qualifying Expenditures	 (390,891)	(185,977)	0	 (576,868)
Balance, 6/30/2001	\$ 0	0	358,077	\$ 358,077
Cash Balance Carried Forward to FY 2002	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 358,077	\$ 358,077
Restricted Assets				\$ 358,077

The District is entitled to show qualifying disbursements over set-aside requirements to reduce future set-aside amounts. However, the District has elected not to do so.

#### Note 19. Ohio Schools Council

The District participates in the Ohio Schools Council's electricity purchase program which was implemented during fiscal year 1998. This program allows school districts to purchase electricity at reduced rates, if the school districts will commit to participating for an eight year period. The participants make monthly payments based on estimated usage. Each June these estimated payments are compared to their actual usage for the year and any necessary adjustments are made.

Energy Acquisition Corp., a non-profit corporation with a self-appointing board, issued \$119,140,000 in debt to purchase eight years of electricity from Cleveland Electric Illuminating (CEI) for the participants. The participating school districts are not obligated in any manner for this debt. If a participating school district terminates its agreement, the district is required to repay the savings to CEI and CEI will refund the remaining prepayment related to that participant to Energy Acquisition Corp.

#### Note 20. Fund Deficits

#### Fund Deficits:

Fund Balances and Retained Earnings at June 30, 2001, included the following individual fund deficits:

Capital Projects Funds

Library Building Fund \$ (292,527)

**Enterprise Funds** 

Uniform School Supplies \$ (6,906)

These fund deficits resulted from adjustments for accrued liabilities. The general fund is liable for any deficits in the funds and provides operating transfers when cash is required, not when accruals occur.

**GENEVA AREA CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT**Schedule of Federal Awards Expenditures
For the Year Ended June 30, 2001

		Number	_	Federal Revenues	Federal Expenditures
<u>U.S. Department of Agriculture</u> Pass through Ohio Department of Education					
Nutrition Cluster: National School Lunch Program National School Breakfast Program Food Distribution (Note 2)	044047-03-PU-00 044057-05-PU-00 n/a	10.550 10.553 10.555	\$	306,181 \$ 30,423 84,412	306,181 30,423 88,988
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture - Nutrition Cluster			\$	421,016 \$	425,592
<u>U.S. Department of Health and Human Services</u> Pass through Ohio Department of Mental Retardation					
Medical Assistance Program - CAFS	DMR-800-617-6733	93.778	_	67,986	66,492
Total Medical Assistance Program - CAFS				67,986	66,492
Total U.S. Department of Health and Human Services				67,986	66,492
<u>U.S. Department of Education</u> Pass through Ohio Department of Education					
Title I Title I	044047-C1-S1-00 044047-C1-S1-01	84.010 84.010		65,202 348,719	112,421 243,895
Total Title I			_	413,921	356,316
Title VI	044057-C2-S1-99	84.298		-	507
Title VI Title VI	044047-C2-S1-00 044057-C2-S1-01	84.298 84.298		12,294 17,073	13,850 16,731
Total VI				29,367	31,088
Drug Free Schools Drug Free Schools	044057-DR-S1-00 044057-DR-S1-01	84.186 84.186	_	- 14,305	689 14,182
Total Drug Free Schools				14,305	14,871
Special Education Cluster: Pre-School Grant - Pre-School Grant - Title VIB-Handicapped Title VIB-Handicapped	044057-6B-SF-01 044057-6B-SF-00 044057-6B-SF-01 044057-6B-SF-00	84.173 84.173 84.027 84.027		- 11,448 - 186,147	1,561 11,218 58,423 142,318
Total Special Education Cluster				197,595	213,520
Eisenhower Professional Development Eisenhower Professional Development Eisenhower Professional Development	044057-MS-S1-99 044057-MS-S1-00 044057-MS-S1-01	84.281 84.281 84.281	_	- 13,022 13,102	6,293 8,836 181
Total Eisenhower Professional Development				26,124	15,310
Dependant Care Plan	DC-S1-00	93.673	_	6,833	
Total Dependant Care Plan				6,833	-
Title VI-R Title VI-R	044057-CR-S1-00 044057-CR-S1-01	84.340 84.340	_	- 72,647	11,670 51,110
Total VI-R				72,647	62,780
Total U.S. Department of Education			_	828,778	760,377
Total Federal Expenditures			\$_	1,249,794 \$	1,185,969

See accompanying Notes to the Schedule of Federal Awards Expenditures

## GENEVA CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT Notes to the Schedule of Federal Awards Expenditures For the Year Ended June 30, 2001

#### 1. Significant Accounting Policies

The accompanying schedule of federal awards expenditures is a summary of the activity of the District's federal award programs. The schedule has been prepared on the cash basis of accounting.

#### 2. Food Distribution

Nonmonetary assistance is reported in the schedule at fair market value of the commodities received and disbursed. Monies are commingled with State grants. It is assumed federal monies are expended first. At June 30, 2001, the District had commodities in inventory.

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## REPORT ON COMPLIANCE AND INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Board of Education Geneva Area City School District Geneva, Ohio

We have audited the general purpose financial statements of the Geneva Area City School District as of and for the year ended June 30, 2001 and have issued our report thereon dated February 22, 2002, wherein we noted the District adopted Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statements Nos. 33 and 36 for the year ended June 30, 2001. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

#### Compliance

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the District's general purpose financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grants, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*. However, we noted certain immaterial instances of noncompliance that we have reported to management in a separate letter dated February 22, 2002.

#### Internal Controls Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the general purpose financial statements and not to provide assurance on the internal control over financial reporting. Our consideration of the internal control over financial reporting would not necessarily disclose all matters in the internal control over financial reporting that might be material weaknesses. A material weakness is a condition in which the design or operation of one or more of the internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that misstatements in amounts that would be material in relation to the financial statements being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions. We noted no matters involving the internal control over financial reporting and its operation that we consider to be material weaknesses.

However, we noted other matters involving the internal control over financial reporting that we have reported to the management of the District in a separate letter dated February 22, 2002.

This report is intended for the information and use of management, the Board of Education, federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Charles E. Harris & Associates, Inc. February 22, 2002

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## REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH REQUIREMENTS APPLICABLE TO EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE IN ACCORDANCE WITH OMB CIRCULAR A-133

Board of Education Geneva Area City School District Geneva, Ohio

#### Compliance

We have audited the compliance of the Geneva Area City School District with the types of compliance requirements described in *U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Circular A-133 Compliance Supplement* that are applicable to its major federal program for the year ended June 30, 2001. The District's major federal program is identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. Compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts and grants applicable to its major federal program is the responsibility of the District's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the District's compliance based on our audit.

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. Those standards and OMB Circular A-133 require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our audit does not provide a legal determination on the District's compliance with those requirements.

In our opinion, the District complied, in all material respects, with the requirements referred to above that are applicable to its major federal program for the year ended June 30, 2001.

#### **Internal Control Over Compliance**

The management of the District is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with requirements of laws, regulations, contracts and grants applicable to federal programs. In planning and performing our audit, we considered the District's internal control over compliance with requirements that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on compliance and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with *OMB Circular A-133*.

Our consideration of the internal control over compliance would not necessarily disclose all matters in the internal control that might be material weaknesses. A material weakness is a condition in which the design or operation of one or more of the internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that noncompliance with applicable requirements of laws, regulations, contracts and grants that would be material in relation to a major federal program being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions. We noted no matters involving the internal control over compliance and its operation that we consider to be material weaknesses.

This report intended for the information and use of management, the Board of Education, federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Charles E. Harris & Associates, Inc. February 22, 2002

### SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS OMB CIRCULAR A-133 SECTION .505

## GENEVA AREA CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT ASHTABULA COUNTY June 30, 2001

#### 1. SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

(d)(1)(i)	Type of Financial Statement Opinion	Unqualified
(d)(1)(ii)	Were there any material control weakness conditions reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
(d)(1)(ii)	Were there any other reportable control weakness conditions reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
(d)(1)(iii)	Was there any reported material non-compliance at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
(d)(1)(iv)	Were there any material internal control weakness conditions reported for major federal programs?	No
(d)(1)(iv)	Were there any other reportable internal control weakness conditions reported for major federal programs?	No
(d)(1)(v)	Type of Major Programs' Compliance Opinion	Unqualified
(d)(1)(vi)	Are there any reportable findings under Section .510	No
(d)(1)(vii)	Major Programs:	Title I CFDA #84.010
(d)(1)(viii)	Dollar Threshold: Type A\B Programs	Type A: > \$300,000 Type B: all others
(d)(1)(ix)	Low Risk Auditee?	Yes

### SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS - (continued) OMB CIRCULAR A-133 SECTION .505

## GENEVA AREA CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT ASHTABULA COUNTY June 30, 2001

### 2. FINDINGS RELATED TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS

None.

3. FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR FEDERAL AWA	AKDS
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None.

#### STATUS OF PRIOR AUDIT'S CITATIONS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

The prior audit report, for the period ending June 30, 2000 included no material citations or recommendations.



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## GENEVA AREA CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT ASHTABULA COUNTY

#### **CLERK'S CERTIFICATION**

This is a true and correct copy of the report which is required to be filed in the Office of the Auditor of State pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in Columbus, Ohio.

**CLERK OF THE BUREAU** 

Susan Babbitt

CERTIFIED APRIL 11, 2002