REGULAR AUDIT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2000



TABLE OF CONTENTS

TITLE PAGE
Report of Independent Accountants
FINANCIAL SECTION
General Purpose Financial Statements:
Combined Balance Sheet - All Fund Types and Account Groups
Combined Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances -All Governmental Fund Types
Combined Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances -Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Basis)-All Governmental Fund Types 6
Combined Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Retained Earnings/Deficit -All Proprietary Fund Types
Combined Statement of Cash Flows -All Proprietary Fund Types
Notes to the General Purpose Financial Statements
Report of Independent Accountants on Compliance and on Internal Control Required by Government Auditing Standards





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REPORT OF INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS

Board of Education Liberty Union-Thurston Local School District Fairfield County 621 Washington Street Baltimore, Ohio 43105

We have audited the accompanying general-purpose financial statements of the Liberty Union-Thurston Local School District, Fairfield County, (the District) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2000, as listed in the table of contents. These general-purpose financial statements are the responsibility of the District's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these general-purpose financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the general-purpose financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Liberty Union-Thurston Local School District, Fairfield County, as of June 30, 2000, and the results of its operations and the cash flows of its proprietary fund types for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 21, 2001 on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grants. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* and should be read in conjunction with this report in considering the results of our audit.

JIM PETRO Auditor of State

December 21, 2001

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Liberty Union-Thurston Local School District Combined Balance Sheet All Fund Types and Account Groups June 30, 2000

					Proprie	etary	Fiduciary			Totals
		Governmental Fund Types		Fund 1	Fund Type Fund Type		Accoun	2000		
		Special	Debt	Capital		Internal	Trust and	General	General	(Memorandum)
	General	Revenue	Service	Project	Enterprise	Service	Agency	Fixed Assets	Long Term Debt	(Only)
Assets and Other Debits:										
Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments	\$ 796,403	100,073	436,350	48,248	27,204	21,109	46,564	0	0	\$ 1,475,951
Restricted Cash	116,757	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	116,757
Cash in Segregated Account	0	0	0	0	0	288,024	0	0	0	288,024
Taxes Receivable	2,665,329	48,353	208,482	104,296	0	0	0	0	0	3,026,460
Intergovernmental Receivables	7,468	1,000	0	0	215	0	0	0	0	8,683
Accounts Receivable	12,070	2,070	0	0	45	333	1,403,919	0	0	1,418,437
Supply Inventory	0	0	0	0	1,282	0	0	0	0	1,282
Inventory for Resale	0	0	0	0	9,104	0	0	0	0	9,104
Net Property, Plant & Equipment	0	0	0	0	182,829	0	0	16,837,707	0	17,020,536
Amount Available in Debt Service Fund	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	444,826	444,826
Amount to be Provided for Retirement of GLTD	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2,068,007	2,068,007
Total Assets and Other Debits	\$ 3,598,027	151,496	644,832	152,544	220,679	309,466	1,450,483	16,837,707	2,512,833	\$ 25,878,067

(Continued)

Liberty Union-Thurston Local School District Combined Balance Sheet All Fund Types and Account Groups, Continued June 30, 2000

		Governmental Fund Types			Proprietary Fund Type		ary /pe Account Groups		Totals 2000	
	Special					Internal	Trust and	General	General	(Memorandum)
	General	Revenue	Service	Projects	Enterprise	Service	Agency	Fixed Assets	Long Term Debt	(Only)
Liabilities:										
Intergovernmental Payables	\$ 160,893	286	0	0	8,724	0	0	0	54,836	\$ 224,739
Accounts Payable	56,741	3,353	0	0	377	0	0	0	0	60,471
Accrued Salaries and Benefits	657,873	16,311	0	0	24,905	0	0	0	0	699,089
Deferred Revenue	1,995,954	46,428	200,006	100,168	8,158	0	0	0	0	2,350,714
Due to Others	0	0	0	0	0	0	17,894	0	0	17,894
Claims Payable	0	0	0	0	0	36,189	1,432,589	0	0	1,468,778
Capital Leases Payable	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	13,760	13,760
Notes Payable	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	397,000	397,000
Bonds Payable	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1,350,000	1,350,000
Compensated Absences Payable	12,669	0	0	0	22,217	0	0	0	697,237	732,123
Total Liabilities	2,884,130	66,378	200,006	100,168	64,381	36,189	1,450,483	0	2,512,833	7,314,568
Fund Equity and Other Credits:										
Investment in General Fixed Assets	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	16,837,707	0	16,837,707
Contributed Capital	0	0	0	0	208,255	0	0	0	0	208,255
Retained Earnings	0	0	0	0	(51,957)	273,277	0	0	0	221,320
Fund Balances:										
Reserved for Future Appropriation	66,042	1,650	7,262	3,466	0	0	0	0	0	78,420
Reserved for Encumbrances	67,644	0	0	26,648	0	0	0	0	0	94,292
Reserved for Budget Stabilization	116,757	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	116,757
Unreserved Fund Balance	463,454	83,468	437,564	22,262	0	0	0	0	0	1,006,748
Total Fund Balances	713,897	85,118	444,826	52,376	0	0	0	0	0	1,296,217
Total Fund Balances/Retained Earnings and Other Credits	713,897	85,118	444,826	52,376	156,298	273,277	0	16,837,707	0	18,563,499
Total Liabilities, Fund Equity, and Other Credits	\$ 3,598,027	151,496	644,832	152,544	220,679	309,466	1,450,483	16,837,707	2,512,833	\$ 25,878,067

Liberty Union-Thurston Local School District Combined Statement of Revenue, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance All Governmental Fund Types Year Ended June 30, 2000

		Totals			
	General	Governmental I Special Revenue	Debt Service	Capital Projects	(Memorandum) (Only)
REVENUES:					
Revenue from Local Sources					
Taxes	\$ 3,620,196	46,375	204,057	98,111	\$ 3,968,739
Tuition	163,617	0	0	0	163,617
Transportation Fees	1,444 128,940	0 0	0 0	0	1,444
Earnings on Investments Extracurricular Activities	126,940	171.465	0	0	128,940 171.465
Classroom Materials & Fees	43,482	4,404	0	0	47,886
Miscellaneous	34,624	66,294	0	0	100,918
Revenue from State Sources	,	,			,
Unrestricted Grants-in-Aid	4,193,077	12,475	26,252	12,416	4,244,220
Restricted Grants-in-Aid	24,481	139,083	0	357,848	521,412
Revenue for/on Behalf of District	4,798	0	0	0	4,798
Revenue from Federal Sources	0.000	004	0		0.044
Unrestricted Grants-in-Aid Restricted Grants-in-Aid	2,980 0	631	0	0	3,611 156.380
Total Revenue	8,217,639	<u>156,380</u> 597.107	230.309	468.375	9,513,430
EXPENDITURES:	0,217,000	001,101	200,000	400,070	0,010,400
Instruction Regular Instruction	3,941,094	62,891	0	0	4,003,985
Special Instruction	486,884	222,470	0	0	709,354
Vocational Instruction/Other Instruction	249,656	0	0	0	249,656
Supporting Services	2 .0,000	· ·	ŭ	· ·	2.0,000
Supporting Services-Pupils	356,827	5,000	0	0	361,827
Supporting Services-Instructional Staff	291,196	22,830	0	0	314,026
Supporting Services-Board of Education	62,102	6,961	0	0	69,063
Supporting Services-Administration	701,501	53,185	0	0	754,686
Fiscal Services	264,053	818	4,808	1,732	271,411
Operation & Maintenance-Plant	922,839	1,390	0	29,451	953,680
Supporting Services-Pupil Transportation	450,611	0	0	0	450,611
Supporting Services-Food Services	186	0	0	0	186
Extracurricular Activities	40.450	4.007	•		40.000
Academic & Subject Oriented Occupation Oriented	12,156 0	1,837 44	0 0	0	13,993 44
Sports Oriented	186,077	131.126	0	0	317.203
Co-Curricular Activities	6,556	35,103	0	0	41,659
Capital Outlay	0,000	00,100	· ·	O	41,000
Other Facility Acquisition & Improvement	132,089	122,334	0	355,905	610,328
Debt Service					
Repayment of Debt	62,829	0	241,313	91,809	395,951
Total Expenditures	8,126,656	665,989	246,121	478,897	9,517,663
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues					
Over (Under) Expenditures	90,983	(68,882)	(15,812)	(10,522)	(4,233)
Other Financing Sources and Uses:					
Other Financing Sources		•		•	
Sale & Loss of Assets	900	0	0	0	900
Proceeds from Sale of Notes	60,000 13,709	0	0	0 13,845	60,000
Other Receipts Other Financing Uses	13,709	U	U	13,645	27,554
Transfers-Out	(902)	0	0	0	(902)
Other Uses	(71.119)	0	0	0	(71,119)
Net Other Financing Sources and Uses	2.588	0	0	13.845	16.433
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenue Receipts	2,000			. 0,0 . 0	. 3, .30
and Other Sources Over (Under) Expenditure					
Disbursement and Other Uses	93,571	(68,882)	(15,812)	3,323	12,200
Beginning Fund Balance	620.326	154.000	460.638	49.053	1.284.017
Ending Fund Balance	\$ 713,897	85,118	444,826	52,376	\$ 1,296,217
Linding I dild Dalatice	ψ 113,031	00,110	774,020	32,310	Ψ 1,230,217

Liberty Union-Thurston Local School District Combined Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Basis) All Governmental Fund Types Year Ended June 30, 2000

		General Fund			Special Revenue Funds			
	Revised		Variance Favorable	Revised		Variance Favorable		
	Budget	Actual	(Unfavorable)	Budget	Actual	(Unfavorable)		
Revenues:								
Taxes	\$ 3,591,764	3,591,764	0	46,920	46,920	\$ 0		
Tuition	158,347	158,347	0	0	0	0		
Transportation Fees	934	934	0	0	0	0		
Earnings on Investment	123,595	129,197	5,602	0	0	0		
Extracurricular Activities	0	0	0	172,060	172,060	0		
Classroom Materials & Fees	43,391	43,400	9	4,404	4,404	0		
Miscellaneous	31,873	32,024	151	65,524	65,524	0		
State Unrestricted Grants-in-Aid	4,193,277	4,193,277	0	12,475	12,475	0		
State Restricted Grants-in-Aid	24,481	24,481	0	138,083	138,083	0		
State Revenue for/on Behalf of District	4,798	4,798	0	0	0	0		
Federal Unrestricted Grants-in-Aid	3,544	3,544	0	4,000	4,000	0		
Federal Restricted Grants-in-Aid	0	0	0	156,380	156,380	0		
Total Revenue	8,176,004	8,181,766	5,762	599,846	599,846	0		
Expenditures:								
Regular Instruction	3,915,436	3,915,436	0	68,438	63,921	4,517		
Special Instruction	479,199	479,199	0	243,710	225,614	18,096		
Vocational Instruction	251,396	251,396	0	0	0	0		
Support Services-Pupils	317,177	317,177	0	5,000	5,000	0		
Support Services-Instructional Staff	286,418	286,418	0	22,830	22,830	0		
Support Services-Board of Education	53,743	53,743	0	6,961	6,961	0		
Support Services-Administration	696,608	696,608	0	82,192	52,552	29,640		
Fiscal Services	260,152	260,152	0	1,000	818	182		
Operation & Maintenance-Plant	932,136	932,136	0	1,390	1,390	0		
Support Services-Transportation	497,420	497,420	0	0	0	0		
Academic & Subject Oriented	11,395	11,395	0	6,550	1,837	4,713		
Occupation Oriented Activities	0	0	0	82	44	38		
Sports Oriented	186,293	186,293	0	157,848	131,465	26,383		
Co-Curricular Activities	6,405	6,405	0	48,788	35,103	13,685		
Other Facilities, Acq. & Construction	132,637	132,637	0	122,342	122,334	8		
Repayment of Debt	62,829	62,829	0	0	0	0		
Total Expenditures	8,089,244	8,089,244	0	767,131	669,869	97,262		
Excess of Revenue Over								
(Under) Expenditures	86,760	92,522	5,762	(167,285)	(70,023)	97,262		
Other Financing Sources (Uses):								
Sale & Loss of Assets	900	900	0	0	0	0		
Proceeds from Sale of Notes	60,000	60,000	0	0	0	0		
Advances-In	400	400	0	0	0	0		
Transfers-Out	(902)	(902)	0	0	0	0		
Refund of Prior Years Rec/Exp.	(61,486)	(61,486)	0	0	0	0		
Total Other Sources (Uses)	(1,088)	(1,088)	0	0	0	0		
Excess of Revenues & Other Financing Sources Over (Under) Expenditures								
and Other Financing Uses	85,672	91,434	5,762	(167,285)	(70,023)	97,262		
Beginning Fund Balance	661,978	661,978	0	166,529	166,529	0		
Prior Year Carry Over Encumbrances	91,136	91,136	0	745	745	0		
Ending Fund Balance	\$ 838,786	844,548	5,762	(11)	97.251	\$ 97,262		
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Liberty Union-Thurston Local School District Combined Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Basis) All Governmental Fund Types - Continued Year Ended June 30, 2000

	De	Debt Service Fund			Capital Projects Funds			
	Revised Budget	Actual	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)	Revised Budget	Actual	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)		
Revenues:		_			_			
Taxes	\$ 206,450	206,450	0	99,104	99,104	\$ 0		
Tuition	0	0	0	0	0	0		
Transportation Fees	0	0	0	0	0	0		
Earnings on Investment	0	0	0	0	0	0		
Extracurricular Activities	0	0	0	0	0	0		
Classroom Materials & Fees	0	0	0	0	0	0		
Miscellaneous	0	0	0	0	0	0		
State Unrestricted Grants-in-Aid	26,252	26,252	0	12,416	12,416	0		
State Restricted Grants-in-Aid	0	0	0	357,848	357,848	0		
State Revenue for/on Behalf of District	0	0	0	0	0	0		
Federal Unrestricted Grants-in-Aid	0	0	0	0	0	0		
Federal Restricted Grant-in-Aid	0	0	0	0	0	0		
Total Revenue	232,702	232,702	0	469,368	469,368	0		
Expenditures:								
Regular Instruction	0	0	0	0	0	0		
Special Instruction	0	0	0	0	0	0		
Vocational Instruction	0	0	0	0	0	0		
Support Services-Pupils	0	0	0	0	0	0		
Support Services-Instructional Staff	0	0	0	0	0	0		
Support Services-Board of Education	0	0	0	0	0	0		
Support Services-Administration	0	0	0	0	0	0		
Fiscal Services	5,010	4,810	200	1,932	1,732	200		
Operation & Maintenance-Plant	0	0	0	75,557	56,100	19,457		
Support Services-Transportation	0	0	0	0	0	0		
Academic & Subject Oriented	0	0	0	0	0	0		
Occupation Oriented Activities	0	0	0	0	0	0		
Sports Oriented	0	0	0	0	0	0		
Co-Curricular Activities	0	0	0	0	0	0		
Other Facilities, Acq. & Construction	0	0	0	357,848	355,905	1,943		
Repayment of Debt	241,313	241,313	0	91,809	91,809	0		
Total Expenditures	246,323	246,123	200	527,146	505,546	21,600		
Excess of Revenue Over								
(Under) Expenditures	(13,621)	(13,421)	200	(57,778)	(36,178)	21,600		
Other Financing Sources (Uses):	• • •	, ,		, , ,	,			
Sale & Loss of Assets	0	0	0	0	0	0		
Proceeds from Sale of Notes	0	0	0	0	0	0		
Advances-In	0	0	0	0	0	0		
Transfers-Out	0	0	0	0	0	0		
Refund of Prior Years Rec/Exp.	0	0	0	13,845	13,845	0		
Total Other Sources (Uses)		0		13,845	13,845			
Excess of Revenues & Other Financing Sources Over (Under) Expenditures				,	,			
and Other Financing Uses	(13,621)	(13,421)	200	(43,933)	(22,333)	21,600		
Beginning Fund Balance	449,769	449,769	0	43,932	43,932	0		
Prior Year Carry Over Encumbrances	0	0	0	0	0	0		
Ending Fund Balance	\$ 436 148	436.348	200	(1)	21 599	\$ 21,600		
Enang Fana Dalanoo			7,11		7 1 1 1 1 1			

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Liberty Union-Thurston Local School District Combined Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Basis) All Governmental Fund Types - Continued Year Ended June 30, 2000

	Totals (Memorandum Only)					
				Variance		
		Revised		Favorable		
		Budget	Actual	(Unfavorable)		
Revenues:		Duuget	Actual	(Onlavorable)		
Taxes	\$	3,944,238	3,944,238	\$ 0		
	Ф		, ,	·		
Tuition		158,347 934	158,347 934	0		
Transportation Fees				•		
Earnings on Investment		123,595	129,197	5,602 0		
Extracurricular Activities		172,060	172,060	9		
Classroom Materials & Fees		47,795	47,804	*		
Miscellaneous		97,397	97,548	151		
State Unrestricted Grants-in-Aid		4,244,420	4,244,420	0		
State Restricted Grants-in-Aid		520,412	520,412	0		
State Revenue for/on Behalf of District		4,798	4,798	-		
Federal Unrestricted Grants-In-Aid		7,544	7,544	0		
Federal Restricted Grants-in-Aid	_	156,380	156,380	5.700		
Total Revenue		9,477,920	9,483,682	5,762		
Expenditures:		2 002 074	2 070 257	4,517		
Regular Instruction		3,983,874	3,979,357			
Special Instruction		722,909	704,813	18,096		
Vocational Instruction		251,396	251,396	0		
Support Services-Pupils		322,177	322,177	•		
Support Services-Instructional Staff		309,248	309,248	0		
Support Services-Board of Education		60,704	60,704	0		
Support Services-Administration		778,800	749,160	29,640		
Fiscal Services		268,094	267,512	582		
Operation & Maintenance-Plant		1,009,083	989,626	19,457		
Support Services-Transportation		497,420	497,420	0		
Academic & Subject Oriented		17,945	13,232	4,713		
Occupation Oriented Activities		82	44	38		
Sports Oriented		344,141	317,758	26,383		
Co-Curricular Activities		55,193	41,508	13,685		
Other Facilities, Acq.& Construction		612,827	610,876	1,951		
Repayment of Debt	_	395,951	395,951	0		
Total Expenditures	_	9,629,844	9,510,782	119,062		
Excess of Revenue Over		(454.004)	(07.400)	404.004		
(Under) Expenditures		(151,924)	(27,100)	124,824		
Other Financing Sources (Uses):			200	•		
Sale and Loss of Assets		900	900	0		
Proceeds from Sale of Notes		60,000	60,000	0		
Advances-In		400	400	0		
Transfers-Out		(902)	(902)	0		
Refund of Prior Years Rec/Exp.		(47,641)	(47,641)			
Total Other Sources (Uses)	_	12,757	12,757	0		
Excess of Revenues & Other Financing						
Sources Over (Under) Expenditures						
and Other Financing Uses		(139,167)	(14,343)	124,824		
Beginning Fund Balance		1,322,208	1,322,208	0		
Prior Year Carry Over Encumbrances		91,881	91,881	0		
Ending Fund Balance	\$	1,274,922	1,399,746	<u>\$ 124,824</u>		

Liberty Union-Thurston Local School District Combined Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Retained Earnings/Deficit All Proprietary Fund Types Year Ended June 30, 2000

		Proprietary Fu	nd Types	
		Enterprise Funds	Internal Service Funds	Totals (Memorandum) (Only)
Operating Revenues:				
Food Service	\$	250,663	0	\$ 250,663
Extracurricular Activities	Ψ	0	35,655	35,655
Charges for Services		0	782,755	782,755
Miscellaneous		1,275	10,822	12,097
Total Operating Revenue		251,938	829,232	1,081,170
Operating Expenses:				
Personal Services - Salary		113,635	0	113,635
Employee Benefits		86,467	0	86,467
Purchased Services		5,400	17,064	22,464
Supplies and Materials		148,474	5,796	154,270
Claims		0	642,234	642,234
Depreciation		5,984	0	5,984
Total Operating Expenses		359,960	665,094	1,025,054
Operating Income (Loss)		(108,022)	164,138	56,116
Non-Operating Revenues:				
State Restricted Grants-in-Aid		2,603	0	2,603
Interest Revenue		1,517	0	1,517
Federal Unrestricted Grants-in-Aid		1,925	0	1,925
Federal Restricted Grants-in-Aid		88,667	0	88,667
Other Non-Operating Revenues		24	0	24
Total Non-Operating Revenues		94,736	0	94,736
Net Income (Loss) before Operating Transfers		(13,286)	164,138	150,852
Transfers-In		0	902	902
Total Transfers		0	902	902
Net Income (Loss)		(13,286)	165,040	151,754
Beginning Retained Earnings (Deficit)		(38,671)	108,237	69,566
Retained Earnings (Deficit) at End of Year	\$	(51,957)	273,277	\$ 221,320

Liberty Union-Thurston Local School District Combined Statement of Cash Flows All Proprietary Fund Types Year Ended June 30, 2000

	E	Proprietary F Enterprise Funds	und Types Internal Service Funds	Totals (Memorandum) (Only)	
Cash Flows from Operating Activities Operating Income (Loss)	\$	(108,022)	164,138	\$	56,116
Adjustment to Reconcile Operating Gain (Loss)		, , ,			
To Net Cash Provided by (used in) Operating Activities: Depreciation		5,984	0		5,984
Net (Increase) Decrease in Assets: Intergovernmental Receivable Accounts Receivable		(215) 33	0 (333)		(215) (300)
Inventory		(432)) O		(432)
Net Increases (Decreases) in Liabilities: Intergovernmental Payable		(5,628)	0		(5,628)
Accounts Payable Deferred Revenue		377 861	0		377 861
Claims Payable		0	(67,044)		(67,044)
Accrued Wages and Benefits		(1,289)	0		(1,289)
Compensated Absences Total Adjustments		7,011 6,702	(67,377)		7,011 (60,675)
Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Operating Activities		(101,320)	96,761		(4,559)
Cash Flows from Noncapital Activities:					
Investment Activity		1,517	0		1,517
Miscellaneous		24	0		24
Operating Grants from State Sources Operating Grants from Federal Sources		2,603 90,592	0		2,603 90,592
Transfers-In		90,392	902		90,392
Net Cash Provided by Noncapital Financing Activities		94,736	902		95,638
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash & Cash Equivalents		(6,584)	97,663		91,079
Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Year		33,788	211,470		245,258
Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Year	\$	27,204	309,133	\$	336,337

NOTES TO THE GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2000

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of the Liberty Union-Thurston School District (the District) have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to government units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant of the District's accounting policies are described below.

A. Reporting Entity

The District is a body politic and corporate established for the purpose of exercising the rights and privileges conveyed to it by the constitution and laws of the State of Ohio. The District is a local district as defined by Section 3311.03 of the Ohio Revised Code. The District operates under an elected Board of Education (5 members) and is responsible for the provision of public education to residents of the District.

Average daily membership (ADM) as of October 1, 1999, was 1,382. The District employed 80 certified employees and 38 non-certificated employees. The District is supervised by the Fairfield County Educational Service Center, a separate entity.

The District provides regular, vocational and special instruction. The District also provides support services for the pupils, instructional staff, general and school administration, business and fiscal services, facilities acquisition and construction services, operation and maintenance of plant, student transportation, food services, extracurricular activities and non-programmed services.

The accompanying general purpose financial statements comply with the provisions of Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 14, *The Financial Reporting Entity*, in that the financial statements include all organizations, activities and functions for which the District is financially accountable. This report includes all activities considered by management to be part of the District by virtue of Section 2100 of the Codification of Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards.

Section 2100 indicates that the reporting entity consists of (a) the primary government, (b) organizations for which the primary government is financially accountable, and (c) other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government are such that exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete.

The definition of a reporting entity is based primarily on the notion of financial accountability. A primary government is financially accountable for the organizations that make up its legal entity.

The District is associated with four jointly governed organizations. These organizations are discussed in Note 13 to the general purpose financial statements.

It is also financially accountable for legally separate organizations if its officials appoint a voting majority of an organization's governing body and either it is able to impose its will on that organization or there is a potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits to, or to impose specific financial burdens on the primary government. A primary government may also be financially accountable for governmental organizations that are fiscally dependent on it.

NOTES TO THE GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2000 (Continued)

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

A. Reporting Entity (Continued)

A primary government has the ability to impose its will on an organization if it can significantly influence the programs, projects, or activities of, or the level of services performed or provided by, the organization. financial benefit or burden relationship exists if the primary government (a) is entitled to the organization's resources; (b) is legally obligated or has otherwise assumed the obligation to finance the deficits of, or provide financial support to, the organization; or (c) is obligated in some manner for the debt of the organization.

Management believes the financial statements included in this report represent all of the funds of the District over which the District is financially accountable.

B. Fund Accounting

The District uses funds and account groups to report on its financial position and the results of its operations. Fund accounting is designed to demonstrate legal compliance and to aid financial management by segregating transactions related to certain government functions or activities.

A fund is a separate accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. An account group, on the other hand, is a financial reporting device designed to provide accountability for certain assets and liabilities that are not recorded in the funds because they do not directly affect net expendable available financial resources.

Funds are classified into three categories: governmental, proprietary and fiduciary. Each category, in turn, is divided into separate "fund types."

Governmental Fund Types:

Governmental funds are those through which most governmental functions typically are financed. Governmental Fund Types are accounted for on a flow of current financial resources measurement focus. Only current assets and current liabilities are generally included on their balance sheets. Their operating statements present sources (revenues and other financing sources) and uses (expenditures and other financing uses) of "available spendable resources" during the period.

<u>General Fund</u> - This fund is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The General Fund balance is available to the District for any purpose provided it is expended or transferred according to the bylaws of the District and the laws of the State of Ohio.

<u>Special Revenue Funds</u> - These funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than amounts relating to expendable trusts or for major capital projects) that are legally restricted to expenditures for specific purposes.

<u>Debt Service Fund</u> - This fund is used to account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, general long-term debt principal and interest.

<u>Capital Projects Funds</u> - These funds are used to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital assets or facilities (other than those financed by proprietary and trust funds).

NOTES TO THE GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2000 (Continued)

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

B. Fund Accounting (Continued)

Proprietary Fund Types:

Proprietary funds are used to account for the District's ongoing activities which are similar to those found in the private sector. The following are the proprietary fund types:

Enterprise Funds - These funds are used to account for the operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises where the intent is that the costs (expenses, including depreciation) of providing goods or services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges or where it has been decided that periodic determination of revenue earned, expenses incurred, and/or net income is appropriate for capital maintenance, public policy, management control, accountability or other purposes.

<u>Internal Service Funds</u> - These funds account for the financing of services provided by one department or agency to other departments or agencies of the District on a cost reimbursement basis.

Fiduciary Fund Types:

Fiduciary funds are used to account for assets held by the District in a trustee capacity or as an agent for individuals, private organizations, other governments, or other funds. The following are the fiduciary fund types:

Expendable Trust Funds - These funds account for resources, including both principal and earnings, which must be expended according to the provision of a trust agreement. Expendable trust funds are accounted for in essentially the same manner as governmental funds. The District currently has no expendable trust funds.

<u>Nonexpendable Trust Funds</u> - These funds account for trust principal which may not be expended. Only interest earned on the principal may be used for trust operations. Nonexpendable trust funds are accounted for in essentially the same manner as proprietary funds. The District currently has no nonexpendable trust funds.

<u>Agency Funds</u> - These funds are purely custodial and thus do not involve measurement of results of operations.

Account Groups:

Account Groups are financial reporting devices to provide accountability for certain assets and liabilities that are not recorded in the funds because they do not affect expendable available financial resources. The following are the account groups:

<u>General Fixed Assets Account Group</u> - This account group is used to account for all of the District's fixed assets other than those accounted for in the Proprietary funds.

<u>General Long-Term Debt Account Group</u> - This account group is used to account for all of the District's long-term obligations other than those accounted for in the Proprietary Funds.

NOTES TO THE GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2000 (Continued)

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

C. Measurement/Accounting Focus

The modified accrual basis of accounting is followed for Governmental Funds. The measurement focus is upon determination of financial position and changes in financial position (sources, uses and balances of financial resources) rather than upon net income determination. Under the basis of accounting:

- 1) Only current assets and current liabilities are generally included on their balance sheets.
- 2) Operating statements present increases (revenues and other financing sources) and decreases (expenditures and other financing uses) in net current assets.
- 3) Revenues are recognized when they become both measurable and available to finance expenditures for the current period, which for the District is 60 days after year end.
 - Revenue accrued at the end of the year may include book fines, fees, interest and tuition.
 - b) Property taxes measurable as of June 30, 2000 and delinquent property taxes, whose availability is indeterminate, and are not intended to finance fiscal year 2000 operations, have been recorded as deferred revenues.
- 4) Expenditures are recognized in the period in which the fund liability is incurred with the following exceptions: general long term obligation principal and interest are reported only when due; the current costs of accumulated unpaid vacation and sick leave are reported in the period in which they will be liquidated with available financial resources rather than in the period earned by employees.

The Proprietary Funds are accounted for on the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized in the period earned and expenses are recognized in the period incurred. Pursuant to GASB Statement No. 20, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Proprietary Funds and Other Governmental Entities that Use Proprietary Fund Accounting, the District follows GASB guidance as applicable to proprietary funds and FASB Statements and Interpretations, Accounting Principles Board Opinions and Accounting Research Bulletins issued on or before November 30, 1989 that do not conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements.

Agency fund assets and liabilities are recognized on the modified accrual basis of accounting.

D. Budget and Budgetary Accounting

All governmental and proprietary fund types are subject to annual expenditures budgets. The Board follows the procedures outlined below in establishing the expenditure budget data reported in the general purpose financial statements:

A Tax Budget of estimated cash receipts and disbursements is submitted to the County Auditor, as secretary of the County Budget Commission, by January 20 of each year, for the fiscal year commencing the following July 1st. The Board of Education normally adopts the Tax Budget at its regular board meeting in January.

NOTES TO THE GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2000 (Continued)

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

D. Budget and Budgetary Accounting (Continued)

- 2) The County Budget Commission certifies its actions to the District by March 1st. As part of this certification, the District receives the Official Certificate of Estimated Resources which states the projected receipts of each fund. During the month of July, this certificate is amended to include any unencumbered balances from the preceding fiscal year.
- 3) An annual appropriation measure must be passed by the Board of Education by October 1st of each year for the period July 1st to June 30th. Unencumbered appropriations lapse at year-end and the encumbered appropriation balance is carried forward to the succeeding fiscal year and need not be reappropriated. The Board of Education usually adopts three month temporary appropriations at its regular board meeting in June. The Annual Appropriation Resolution is usually adopted at the September regular board meeting. The appropriation measure may be amended or supplemented during the year as new information becomes available. Individual building and/or departments may transfer funds within their budgets upon review and approval of the Treasurer, Superintendent, and the Board of Education. Appropriations may not exceed estimated resources and expenditures may not exceed appropriations in any fund at the object level.
- 4) The District prepares its budget on a basis of accounting that differs from generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). The actual results of operations are presented in the "Combined Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances-Budget and Actual (Non GAAP Basis)--All Governmental Fund Types" in accordance with the budget basis of accounting.

The major differences between the budgetary basis of accounting and GAAP basis are that:

- Revenues are recorded when received in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when susceptible to accrual (GAAP basis);
- b) Expenditures are recorded when encumbered (budget basis) as opposed to when the liability is incurred (GAAP basis);
- c) Encumbrances are recorded as the equivalent of expenditures (budget basis) as opposed to a reservation of fund balance for governmental fund types and as note disclosures in the proprietary fund types (GAAP basis); and
- d) For proprietary funds, the acquisition and construction of capital assets are reported on the operating statement (budget basis) rather than as balance sheet transactions (GAAP basis).

Encumbrances - As part of formal budgetary control, purchase orders, contracts, and other commitments for the expenditure of funds are recorded as the equivalent of expenditures on the budgetary basis in order to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation and to determine and maintain legal compliance. On the GAAP basis, encumbrances outstanding at year end are reported as a reservation of fund balance for subsequent-year expenditures for governmental funds.

NOTES TO THE GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2000 (Continued)

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

E. Cash and Investments

Cash received by the District is pooled in a central bank account with individual fund balance integrity maintained throughout. Individual fund integrity is maintained through the District's records. Each fund's interest in the pool is presented as "Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments." During the fiscal year all investments were limited to the State Treasury Asset Reserve of Ohio (STAR Ohio), certificates of deposit and repurchase agreements.

Nonparticipating investment contracts such as repurchase agreements and nonnegotiable certificates of deposit are reported at cost. Except for investment contracts and money market investments that had a remaining maturity of one year or less at the time of purchase, investments are reported at fair value which is based on quoted market prices. Investment contracts and money market investments that had a remaining maturity of one year or less at the time of purchase are reported at amortized cost.

STAR Ohio is an investment pool managed by the State Treasurer's Office which allows governments within the State to pool their funds for investment purposes. STAR Ohio is not registered with the SEC as an investment company, but does operate in a manner consistent with Rule 2a7 of the Investment Company Act of 1940. Investments in STAR Ohio are valued at STAR Ohio's share price which is the price the investment could be sold for on June 30, 2000.

Under existing Ohio statutes all investment earnings are assigned to the General Fund unless statutorily required to be credited to a specific fund. For the District, all investment earnings accrued to the General Fund and Enterprise Fund as authorized by board resolution. Interest income earned in fiscal year 2000 totaled \$130,457.

F. Taxes Receivable

The financial statements reflect taxes receivable as of June 30, 2000. GAAP permits the recognition of revenue from any property tax assessment in the fiscal period levied, provided the funds are "available." "Available" means then due, or past due and receivable within the current period or expected to be collected soon thereafter. While these taxes have been assessed, the majority are not due at June 30, 2000 and accordingly have been recorded as deferred revenue in the accompanying financial statements. Taxes that become delinquent remain recorded in deferred revenue until they are determined to be uncollectible.

G. Inventories

Inventories of proprietary funds are stated at the lower of cost or market. Cost is determined on a first-in, first-out basis. Inventories are determined by physical count. Inventories of proprietary funds consist of donated food, purchased food, and general supplies, and are expended when used.

NOTES TO THE GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2000 (Continued)

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

H. Prepaid Items

Payments made to vendors for services that will benefit periods beyond June 30, 2000 are recorded as prepaid items by using the consumption method. A current asset for the prepaid amount is recorded at the time of the purchase and an expenditure is reported in the year in which services are consumed. Some examples of prepaid items are: equipment maintenance agreements, vehicle insurance, liability insurance, and building and contents insurance.

I. Fixed Assets

General fixed assets are not capitalized in the funds used to acquire or construct them. Instead, capital acquisition and construction are reflected as expenditures in governmental funds, and the related assets are reported in the general fixed assets account group. Fixed assets utilized in the proprietary funds are capitalized in the respective fund. All purchased fixed assets are valued at cost where historical records are available and at an estimated historical cost where no historical records exist. Donated fixed assets are valued at their estimated fair market value on the date received.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs, that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives, are not capitalized. Improvements are capitalized and depreciated over the remaining useful lives (five to twenty years for machinery, equipment and vehicles) of the related fixed assets, as applicable. The District maintains a capitalization threshold of three hundred dollars for general fixed assets. No threshold is used for proprietary fixed assets. The District does not possess any infrastructure.

Assets in the general fixed assets account group are not depreciated. Depreciation of buildings, equipment and vehicles in the proprietary fund types is computed using the straight-line method over an estimated useful life of the assets (five to twenty years).

J. Intergovernmental Revenues

For governmental funds, intergovernmental revenues, such as grants awarded on a non-reimbursement basis and entitlements, are recorded as receivables and revenues when measurable and available. Reimbursement type grants are recorded as receivables and revenues when the related expenditures are incurred. Other than commodities, grants and entitlements for proprietary fund operations are recognized as non-operating revenues in the accounting period in which they are earned and become measurable.

The District currently participates in several State and Federal programs, categorized as follows:

Entitlements:

General Fund
State Foundation Program
School Bus Funding
Homestead and Rollback Property Tax State Subsidy

Capital Project Funds School Net

NOTES TO THE GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2000 (Continued)

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

J. Intergovernmental Revenues (Continued)

Special Revenue Funds

Educational Management Information Systems

Tech Equity Grant

Non-Reimbursable Grants:

Special Revenue Funds

Disadvantaged Pupils Program

Data Communications

Technology Equity

Textbook/Instructional Subsidy

Professional Development Grants

Ohio Reads

Title I

Title VI

Title VI-B

Title VI-R

Vocational Education Funding

Telecommunications Act Grant

Miscellaneous State and Federal Grants

Reimbursable Grants:

General Fund

Driver Education Reimbursement

Tutor Reimbursement

Vocational Education Reimbursement

CAFS

Proprietary Funds

National School Lunch Program

Government Donated Commodities

Grants and entitlements amounted to approximately 52% of the District's operating revenue during the 2000 fiscal year.

K. Short-Term Interfund Receivables/Payables

During the course of operations, numerous transactions occur between individual funds for goods provided or services rendered. These receivables and payables are classified as "due from other funds" or "due to other funds." Short-term interfund loans are classified as "interfund receivables/payables." At June 30, 2000, the District had no "Due to Other Funds" and no "Interfund Receivables/Payables."

NOTES TO THE GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2000 (Continued)

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

L. Restricted Cash

Restricted assets in the general fund represent cash and cash equivalents (an intergovernmental receivable) set aside to establish a budget stabilization reserve. This reserve is required by State statute and can be used only after a two-thirds vote of the board of education and receiving approval from the State Superintendent of Public Instruction for the replenishment of the reserve. A fund balance reserve has also been established.

M. Compensated Absences

The District accounts for compensated absences in accordance with GASB Statement No. 16. Sick leave and other compensated absences with similar characteristics are accrued as a liability based on the sick leave accumulated at the balance sheet date by those employees who currently are eligible to receive termination payments, as well as other employees who are expected to become eligible in the future to receive such payments. To calculate the liability, these accumulations are reduced to the maximum amount allowed as a termination payment. Accruals for those employees who are expected to become eligible in the future are based on assumptions concerning the probability that individual employees or class or group of employees will become eligible to receive termination payments. All employees with fifteen or more years of service were included in the calculation of the long-term compensated absences accrual amount.

Vacation leave and other compensated absences with similar characteristics are accrued as a liability as the benefits are earned by the employees if both of the following conditions are met:

1.) The employees' rights to receive compensation are attributable to services already rendered and that are not contingent on a specific event that is outside the control of the employer and employee; and 2.) It is probable that the employer will compensate the employees for the benefits through paid time off or some other means, such as cash payments at termination or retirement.

For governmental funds, the District records a liability for accumulated unused vacation and sick leave when earned. The current portion of these unpaid compensated absences is the amount expected to be paid using expendable available resources. These amounts are recorded in the account "compensated absences payable" in the fund from which the employees who have accumulated unpaid leave are paid. The remainder is reported in the general long-term debt account group. In proprietary funds, compensated absences are expensed when earned with the amount reported as a fund liability.

N. Contributed Capital

Contributed capital is recorded in proprietary funds that have received capital grants or contributions from developers, customers or other funds. The assets are recorded at their fair market value on the date contributed. Depreciation on those assets acquired or constructed with contributed resources is expended and closed to unreserved retained earnings at year end. Reserves represent those portions of fund equity not appropriable for expenditure or legally segregated for a specific future use. Designated fund balances represent tentative plans for future use of financial resources.

NOTES TO THE GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2000 (Continued)

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

O. Long-Term Obligations

Long-term debt is recognized as a liability of a governmental fund when due, or when resources have been accumulated in the debt service fund for payment early in the following year. For other long-term obligations, only that portion expected to be financed from expendable available financial resources is reported as a fund liability of a governmental fund. The remaining portion of such obligations is reported in the general long-term debt account group. Long-term liabilities expected to be financed from proprietary fund operations are accounted for in those funds.

P. Interfund Transactions

Quasi-external transactions are accounted for as revenues, expenditures or expenses. Transactions that constitute reimbursements to a fund for expenditures/expenses initially made from it that are properly applicable to another fund, are recorded as expenditures/expenses in the reimbursing fund and as reductions of expenditures/expenses in the fund that is reimbursed.

All other interfund transactions, except quasi-external transactions and reimbursements, are reported as transfers. Non-recurring or non-routine permanent transfers of equity are reported as residual equity transfers. All other interfund transfers are reported as operating transfers.

Q. Fund Balance Reserves

Reserved Fund Balances indicate that portion of fund equity which is not available for current appropriation or is legally segregated for a specific use. Fund Balances are reserved for future appropriation, encumbrances and budget stabilization.. The reserve for future appropriation represents the amount of the property taxes available for advance and recognized as revenue. The District is prohibited by law from appropriating the advance, since it was not received, for the current fiscal year. The unreserved portions of fund equity reflected for the Governmental Funds are available for use within the specific purposes of those funds.

R. Memorandum Only - Total Columns

Total columns on the general purpose financial statements are captioned "Memorandum Only" to indicate that they are presented only to facilitate financial analysis. Data in these columns do not present financial position, results of operations or cash flows in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles. Neither is such data comparable to a consolidation. Interfund eliminations have not been made in the aggregation of this data.

S. Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

NOTES TO THE GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2000 (Continued)

2. BUDGETARY BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

The following table summarizes the adjustments necessary to reconcile the GAAP and budgetary basis statements by fund type:

Excess of Revenues and Other Financing Sources Over (Under) Expenditures and Other Financing Uses Governmental Fund Types

	General Fund	Special Revenue	Debt Service	Capital Project
GAAP Basis	\$ 93,571	(68,882)	(15,812)	\$ 3,323
Increase (Decrease):				
Due to Revenues:				
Net Adjustments to Revenue Accruals	(35,873)	2,739	2,393	993
Due to Expenditures:				
Net Adjustments to Expenditure Accruals	37,412	(3,880)	(2)	(26,649)
Due to Other Sources/Uses	(3,676)	0	0	0
Budget Basis	\$ 91,434	(70,023)	(13,421)	\$ (22,333)

3. CASH AND INVESTMENTS

State statutes classify monies held by the District into three categories.

Active deposits are public deposits necessary to meet current demands on the treasury. Such monies must be maintained either as cash in the District treasury, in commercial accounts payable or withdrawable on demand, including negotiable order of withdrawal (NOW) accounts, or in money market deposit accounts.

Inactive deposits are public deposits the Board of Education has identified as not required for use within the current period of designation of depositories. Inactive deposits must either be evidenced by certificates of deposit maturing not later than the end of the current period of designation of depositories, or by savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts. Interim deposits are deposits of interim monies. Interim monies are those monies which are not needed for immediate use but which will be needed before the end of the current period of designation of depositories. Interim deposits must be evidenced by time certificates of deposit maturing not more than one year from the date of deposit or by savings accounts, including passbook accounts.

Protection of the District's deposits is provided by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC), by eligible securities pledged by the financial institution as security for repayment, by surety company bonds deposited with the treasurer by the financial institution or by a single collateral pool established by the financial institution to secure the repayment of all public money deposited with the institution.

NOTES TO THE GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2000 (Continued)

3. CASH AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

Interim monies may be deposited or invested in the following securities:

- 1. United States Treasury Notes, Bills, Bonds, or any other obligation or security issued by the United States Treasury or any other obligation guaranteed as to principal and interest by the United States:
- Bonds, notes, debentures, or any other obligations or securities issued by any federal government agency or instrumentality, including but not limited to, the Federal National Mortgage Association, Federal Home Loan Bank, Federal Farm Credit Bank, Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation, Government National Mortgage Association, and Student Loan Marketing Association. All federal agency securities shall be direct issuances of federal government agencies or instrumentalities;
- 3. Written repurchase agreements in the securities listed above provided that the market value of the securities subject to the repurchase agreement must exceed the principal value of the agreement by at least two percent and be marked to market daily, and that the term of the agreement must not exceed thirty days;
- 4. Bond and other obligations of the State of Ohio;
- 5. No-load money market mutual funds consisting exclusively of obligations described in division (1) or (2) and repurchase agreements secured by such obligations, provided that investments in securities described in this division are made only through eligible institutions;
- 6. The State Treasurer's investment pool (STAR Ohio); and
- 7. Certain bankers' acceptances and commercial paper notes for a period not to exceed one hundred and eighty days from the date of purchase in an amount not to exceed twenty-five percent of the interim monies available for investment at any one time.

Investments in stripped principal or interest obligations, reverse repurchase agreements and derivatives are prohibited. The issuance of taxable notes for the purpose of arbitrage, the use of leverage and short selling are also prohibited. An investment must mature within five years from the date of purchase unless matched to a specific obligation or debt of the District, and must be purchased with the expectation that it will be held to maturity. Investments may only be made through specified dealers and institutions. Payment for investments may be made only upon delivery of the securities representing the investments to the treasurer or qualified trustee or, if the securities are not represented by a certificate, upon receipt of confirmation of transfer from the custodian.

The following information classifies deposits and investments by categories of risk as defined in GASB Statement No. 3, Deposits With Financial Institutions, Investments (including Repurchase Agreements), and Reverse Repurchase Agreements.

<u>Deposits</u>: At year end, the carrying amount of the District's deposits was \$124,076 and the bank balance was \$201,957. Of the bank balance, \$100,000 was covered by Federal Depository Insurance and \$101,957 was uninsured and uncollateralized. Although the securities were held by the pledging institutions' trust department in the District's name and all statutory requirements for the investment of the money had been followed, noncompliance with Federal requirements could potentially subject the District to a successful claim by the FDIC.

NOTES TO THE GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2000 (Continued)

3. CASH AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

Investments: The District's investments are required to be categorized to give an indication of the level of risk assumed by the District at year end. Category 1 includes investments that are insured or registered or for which the securities are held by the District or its agent in the District's name. Category 2 includes uninsured and unregistered investments for which the securities are held by the counterparty's trust department or agent in the District's name. Category 3 includes uninsured and unregistered investments for which the securities are held by the counterparty, or by its trust department or agent but not in the District's name. STAR Ohio is an unclassified investment since it is not evidenced by securities that exist in physical or book entry form.

		Category	Reported	Fair	
	 1 2 3		Amount	Value	
Bleacher Notes	\$ 60,000	0	0	\$ 60,000	\$ 60,000
Repurchase Agreements	0	0	602,633	602,633	602,633
STAR Ohio				1,102,023	1,102,023
Total Investments				\$ 1,764,656	\$ 1,764,656

The classification of cash and cash equivalents, and investments on the combined financial statements is based on criteria set forth in GASB Statement No. 9, Reporting Cash Flows of Proprietary and Non-Expendable Trust Funds and Governmental Entities That Use Proprietary Fund Accounting.

A reconciliation between the classifications of cash and cash equivalents and investments on the combined financial statements and the classifications of deposits and investments presented above per GASB Statement No. 3 is as follows:

	Ca	ash and Cash Equivalents	Investments
GASB Statement No. 9	\$	1,888,732	\$ 0
Investments:			
Bleacher Notes		(60,000)	60,000
Repurchase Agreements		(602,633)	602,633
STAR Ohio		(1,102,023)	1,102,023
Total Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	124,076	\$ 1,764,656

4. SCHOOL INCOME TAX

The District currently benefits from a 1.25% income Tax, which is assessed on all residents of the District.

In the year ended June 30, 2000, the income tax generated \$1,462,630. The District apportions all the proceeds to the General Fund.

NOTES TO THE GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2000 (Continued)

5. PROPERTY TAX

Property taxes are levied, assessed and collected on a calendar year basis. They include amounts levied against all real, public utility, and tangible personal property located in the District. Taxes collected on real property (other than public utility) in one calendar year are levied in the preceding calendar year on assessed values as of January 1 of that preceding year, the lien date. Assessed values are established by the Fairfield County Auditor at 35% of appraised market value. All property is required to be revalued every six years. The last revaluation for the District was completed in 1995, an update was done in 1999. The next revaluation is scheduled for 2001. Real property taxes are payable annually or semi-annually. If paid annually, payment is due December 31. If paid semi-annually, the first payment is usually due February 14, with the remainder payable June 20.

Taxes collected from tangible personal property (other than public utility) in one calendar year are levied in the prior calendar year on assessed values during and at the close of the most recent fiscal year of the taxpayer that ended on or before December 31 of that calendar year. Tangible personal property used in business (except for public utilities) is currently assessed for taxation purposes at 25% of its true value. Amounts paid by multi-county taxpayers may be paid annually or semi-annually, the first payment is due April 30, with the remainder payable by September 20.

Public utility real and public utility personal property taxes collected in one calendar year are levied in the preceding calendar year on assessed values determined as of December 31 of the second year preceding the tax collection year, the lien date. Real property is assessed at 35% of market value and personal property is assessed at 100% of market value. Public utility property taxes are payable on the same dates as real property taxes described previously.

The Fairfield County Treasurer collects property tax on behalf of the District. The Fairfield County Auditor remits the collected taxes to the District. Tax settlements are made each March and August for real property taxes and each June and October for personal property.

Taxes available for advance and recognized as revenue, but not received by the District prior to June 30, are reflected as a reservation of fund balance. The District is prohibited by law from appropriating the property taxes recognized as revenue in accordance with Ohio Revised Code Section 5705.35 since an advance of tax revenue was not received by the end of the fiscal year.

The full tax rate at the fiscal year ended June 30, 2000 for operations was \$37.70 per \$1,000 of assessed valuation and \$1.20 per \$1,000 of assessed valuation for permanent improvements. The assessed values of real and tangible personal property on which the fiscal year 2000 taxes were collected were as follows:

Real Property-Residential/Agricultural	\$ 85,466,190
Real Property-Public Utility	55,900
Real Property-Commercial/Industrial	7,827,360
Real Property-Minerals	544,760
Personal Property-General	5,331,240
Personal Property-Public Utility	 7,255,820
Total Assessed Value	\$ 106,481,270

NOTES TO THE GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2000 (Continued)

6. RECEIVABLES

Receivables at June 30, 2000 consisted of taxes, accounts (miscellaneous), and intergovernmental grants and entitlements. All receivables are considered collectible in full due to the ability to foreclose for the nonpayment of taxes, the stable condition of State programs, and the current guarantee of Federal funds.

A summary of the principal items of Intergovernmental Receivables follows:

General Fund	•
	•

Tuition and Transportation Reimbursements	\$ 6,714
CAFS	754
Special Revenue Funds:	
School Net Professional Development	1,000
Enterprise Funds:	
State Lunchroom Reimbursement	215
Total	\$ 8,683

7. FIXED ASSETS

The following is a summary of the proprietary funds property, plant and equipment at June 30, 2000:

Furniture and Equipment	\$ 327,110		
Less Accumulated Depreciation	(144,281)	
Net Fixed Assets	\$	182,829	

The following is a summary of changes in the General Fixed Assets Account Group during the fiscal year 2000

	eneral Fixed Assets une 30, 1999	Additions	Deletions		eneral Fixed Assets ne 30, 2000
Land and Improvements	\$ 647,771	0	0	\$	647,771
Buildings	12,529,961	112,266	0	•	12,642,227
Furniture and Equipment	2,712,963	142,498	7,657		2,847,804
Vehicles	 892,755	35,930	228,780		699,905
Total General Fixed Assets	\$ 16,783,450	290,694	236,437	\$	16,837,707

There was no significant construction in progress at June 30, 2000.

NOTES TO THE GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2000 (Continued)

8. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS

A. School Employees Retirement System

The District contributes to the School Employees Retirement System of Ohio (SERS), a cost-sharing multiple employer public employee retirement system administered by the School Employees Retirement Board. SERS provides basic retirement benefits, disability, survivor, and health care benefits based on eligible service credit to members and beneficiaries. Benefits are established by Chapter 3309 of the Ohio Revised Code. SERS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for SERS. The report may be obtained by writing to the School Employees Retirement System, 45 North Fourth Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215-3634.

Plan members are required to contribute 9 percent of their annual covered salary and the District is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. The current District rate is 14 percent of annual covered payroll. The contribution requirements of plan members and employers are established and may be amended, up to a statutory maximum amount, by the SERS' Retirement Board. The District's contributions for pension obligations to SERS for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2000, 1999, and 1998 were \$142,176, \$130,296 and \$120,486, respectively; 46 percent has been contributed for fiscal year 2000 and 100 percent for fiscal years 1999 and 1998. \$83,614 representing the unpaid contribution for fiscal year 2000, including the surcharge, is recorded as a liability within the respective funds and the general long-term obligations account group.

B. State Teachers Retirement System

The District contributes to the State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio (STRS), a cost-sharing multiple employer public employee retirement system administered by the State Teachers Retirement Board. STRS provides basic retirement benefits, disability, survivor, and health care benefits based on eligible service credit to members and beneficiaries. Benefits are established by Chapter 3307 of the Ohio Revised Code. STRS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for STRS. The report may be obtained by writing to the State Teachers Retirement System, 275 East Broad Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215-3771.

Plan members are required to contribute 9.3 percent of their annual covered salary and the District is required to contribute 14 percent. Contribution rates are established by STRS, upon recommendation of its consulting actuary, not to exceed statutory maximum rates of 10 percent for members and 14 percent for employers. The District's contributions for pension obligations to STRS for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2000, 1999, and 1998 were \$599,616, \$567,936 and \$536,064, respectively; 83.3 percent has been contributed for fiscal year 2000 and 100 percent for fiscal years 1999 and 1998. \$99,936 representing the unpaid contribution for fiscal year 2000, is recorded as a liability within the respective funds.

C. Social Security

Effective July 1, 1991, all employees not otherwise covered by the School Employees Retirement System or the State Teachers Retirement System have an option to choose Social Security or the School Employees Retirement System /State Teachers Retirement System. As of June 30, 2000, no members of the Board of Education have elected Social Security. The Board's liability is 6.2 percent of wages paid.

NOTES TO THE GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2000 (Continued)

9. POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

The District provides comprehensive health care benefits to retired teachers and their dependents through the State Teachers Retirement System (STRS), and to retired classified employees and their dependents through the School Employees Retirement System (SERS). Benefits include hospitalization, physicians' fees, prescription drugs and reimbursement of monthly Medicare premiums. Benefit provisions and the obligations to contribute are established by the Systems based on authority granted by State Statute. Both systems are funded on a pay as you go basis.

All STRS benefit recipients and sponsored dependents are eligible for health care coverage. The STRS Board has statutory authority over how much, if any, of the health care costs will be absorbed by STRS. Most benefit recipients pay a portion of the health care cost in the form of a monthly premium. By law, the cost of coverage paid from STRS funds is included in the employer contribution rate, currently 14 percent of covered payroll. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 1999, the STRS Board allocated employer contributions equal to 8 percent of covered payroll to the Health Care Reserve Fund. For the District, this amount equaled \$342,638 for fiscal year 2000. STRS pays health care benefits from the Health Care Reserve Fund. The balance in the Health Care Reserve Fund was \$3.419 billion at June 30, 2000. For the year ended June 30, 2000, net health care costs paid by STRS were \$283,137,000 and STRS had 99,011 eligible benefit recipients.

For SERS, coverage is made available to service retirees with ten or more fiscal years of qualifying service credit, disability, and survivor benefit recipients. Members retiring on or after August 1, 1989, with less than twenty-five years of service credit must pay a portion of their premium for health care. The portion is based on years of service up to a maximum of 75 percent of the premium.

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 1999, employer contributions to fund health care benefits were 8.5 percent of covered payroll, an increase of 2.2 percent from fiscal year 1999. In addition, SERS levies a surcharge to fund health care benefits equal to 14 percent of the difference between a minimum pay and the member's pay, pro-rated for partial service credit. For fiscal year 2000, the minimum pay has been established at \$12,400. The surcharge rate added to the unallocated portion of the 14 percent employer contribution rate provides for maintenance of the asset target level for the health care fund. For the District, this amount equaled \$98,847 during the 2000 fiscal year.

The target level for the health care reserve is 150% of annual health care expenses. Expenses for health care at June 30, 2000, were \$140,696,340 and the target level was \$211.0 million. At June 30, 2000, the Retirement System's net assets available for payment of health care benefits was \$252.3 million. The number of participants currently receiving health care benefits is approximately 50,000.

NOTES TO THE GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2000 (Continued)

10. COMPENSATED ABSENCES

The criteria for determining vested vacation and sick leave components are derived from negotiated agreements, Board policies and State laws. Only administrative and support personnel who are under a full year contract (11 and 12 months) are eligible for vacation time. The administrators are granted days of vacation per year as follows:

Years Service	Vacation Days
1 - 2	12
3 -9	15
10+	20

Classified employees earn ten to twenty five days of vacation per year, depending upon length of service. Accumulated, unused vacation time is paid to classified employees and administrators upon termination of employment.

The classified personnel accumulate vacation based on the following schedule:

Years Service	Vacation Days
0-10	10
10-15	15
15-20	20
20+	25

Each employee earns sick leave at the rate of one and one-fourth days per month. Sick leave shall accumulate during active employment on a continuous year-to-year basis. Maximum sick leave accumulation for severance for classified employees and administrators is 250 days and for certified employees it is 250 days.

Retirement severance is paid to each employee retiring from the District at a per diem rate of the annual salary at the time of retirement. Any teacher, administrator or classified union employee receiving retirement severance pay shall be entitled to a dollar amount equivalent to one-fourth of all accumulated sick leave credited to that employee up to 62.5 days. Non-union classified employees receive retirement severance pay equivalent to one-third of all accumulated sick leave credited to that employee up to 62.5 days. In addition, teachers and administrators have the following severance incentive: In the school year the employee reaches thirty (30) years of experience, the employee shall receive an addition of 22.5 days severance pay, up to a maximum of 82.5 total, if the employee retires at thirty years service.

11. RISK MANAGEMENT

A. General Risk

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets, errors and omissions, injuries to employees and natural disasters. The District has addressed these various types of risk by purchasing a comprehensive insurance policy through commercial carriers.

NOTES TO THE GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2000 (Continued)

11. RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

A. General Risk (Continued)

General liability insurance is maintained in the amount of \$1,000,000 for each occurrence and \$3,000,000 in the aggregate. In addition, The District maintains a \$50,000 worker's compensation defense cost liability policy.

The District maintains fleet insurance in the amount of \$1,000,000 for any one accident or loss.

The District maintains replacement cost insurance on buildings and contents in the amount of \$17,732,000. Other property insurance includes \$500,000 business personal property coverage.

The District participates in the Ohio School Boards Association Workers' Compensation Group Rating Program (GRP), an insurance purchasing pool. The GRP's business and affairs are conducted by a three member Board of Directors consisting of the President, the President-Elect and the Immediate Past President of the Ohio School Boards Association (OSBA). The Executive Director of the OSBA, or his designee, serves as coordinator of the program. Each year, the participating school districts pay an enrollment fee to the GRP to cover the costs of administering the program.

The intent of the GRP is to achieve the benefit of a reduced premium for the District by virtue of its grouping and representation with other participants in the GRP. The workers' compensation experience of the participating school districts is calculated as one experience and a common premium rate is applied to all school districts in the GRP. Each participant pays its workers' compensation premium to the State based on the rate for the GRP rather than its individual rate. Total savings are then calculated and each participant's individual performance is compared to the overall savings percentage of the GRP. A participant will then either receive money from or be required to contribute to the "Equity Pooling Fund." This "equity pooling" arrangement insures that each participant shares equally in the overall performance of the GRP. Participation in the GRP is limited to school districts that can meet the GRP's selection criteria. The firm of Gates McDonald & Co. provides administrative, cost control and actuarial services to the GRP.

B. Health Insurance

The District has established an internal service "self-insurance" fund, in conjunction with a formalized risk management program, in an effort to minimize risk exposure and control claims and premium costs. This self-insurance fund was established July, 1992 for the purpose of accumulating balances sufficient to self-insure basic medical, dental, vision, and prescription drug coverage and permit excess umbrella coverage for claims over a pre-determined level. Board and employee premium contributions are determined by negotiated agreement. Amounts are paid into this fund from the General Fund, Lunchroom Fund, and certain Special Revenue Funds (Grants). Claims payments are made on an as-incurred basis, thus no "reserve" remains with the insurance carrier. Effective July 1, 1998, the District terminated the independent carrier for self-insurance for basic medical, and prescription drug coverage and joined the South Central Ohio Insurance Consortium. The District continues to maintain an independent self-insurance fund for dental coverage.

NOTES TO THE GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2000 (Continued)

11. RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

B. Health Insurance (Continued)

Expenses for claims are recorded as other expenses when it is probable that an asset has been impaired or a liability has been incurred and the amount of loss can be reasonably estimated. Liabilities include an amount for claims that have been incurred but not reported. Because actual claims liabilities depend on such complex factors as inflation, changes in legal doctrines, and damage awards, the process used in computing claims liability does not necessarily result in an exact amount. Claims liabilities are re-evaluated periodically to take into consideration recently settled claims, the frequency of claims, and other economic and social factors. Liabilities for incurred losses to be settled by fixed or reasonably determinable payments over a long period of time are reported at their present value using expected future investment assumptions as determined by the third party administrator. These liabilities are reported at their present value of at June 30, 2000.

A summary of changes in self-insurance claims for the year ended June 30, 2000:

Claim Liabilities at June 30, 1999	\$ 103,233
Incurred Claims	642,234
Claims Paid	(709,278)
Claim Liabilities at June 30, 2000	\$ 36,189

In July, 1998, the District joined the South Central Ohio Insurance Consortium (SCOIC) to self insure its medical claims. SCOIC currently includes eight member school districts, one educational service center and two city government members, and one county government member. The District serves as the fiscal agent for the consortium, the District has established an agency fund to record the activity of the consortium. Contributions are determined by the consortium's board of directors and are remitted monthly to the consortium's fiscal agent, who then pays all incurred claims. Thus actual cash "reserves" are held by the fiscal agent.

The following is a summary of the medical claims liability for the consortium:

Berne Union Local School District	\$ 50,729
Bloom-Carroll Local School District	128,059
Canal Winchester Local School District	107,296
Fairfield County Educational Service Center	1,134
Fairfield Union Local School District	92,157
Groveport Madison Local School District	70,997
Hocking County	162,681
Lancaster City	382,337
Liberty Thurston-Union Local School District	68,886
Logan City	45,916
Miami Trace Local School District	165,555
Vinton County Local School District	156,842
Total Claims Liability	\$ 1,432,589

NOTES TO THE GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2000 (Continued)

11. RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

B. Health Insurance (Continued)

Professional Risk Management, Inc., a third party administrator, services all health / medical claims submitted by employees. An excess coverage insurance policy covers individual claims for the District in excess of \$30,000 and \$2,000,000 lifetime maximum, per employee consortium wide.

12. LONG-TERM DEBT

A summary of changes in long-term obligations for the year ended June 30, 2000, are as follows:

	Balance				Balance
	 July 1, 1999	Additions	Deletions	J	une 30,2000
Intergovernmental Payable	\$ 45,720	54,836	45,720	\$	54,836
General Obligation Notes Payable	464,000	60,000	127,000		397,000
General Obligation Bonds Payable	1,485,000	0	135,000		1,350,000
Capital Leases Payable	32,306	0	18,546		13,760
Compensated Absences Payable	679,172	18,065	0		697,237
Total	\$ 2,706,198	132,901	326,266	\$	2,512,833

General Obligation Notes Payable:

The annual maturities of the general obligation notes (Energy Conservation Notes) as of June 30, 2000, and related interest payments are as follows:

	Principal	Interest	Payment
FY2001	\$ 15,000	3,640	\$ 18,640
FY2002	15,000	2,800	17,800
FY2003	15,000	1,960	16,960
FY2004	20,000	1,120	21,120
	\$ 65,000	9,520	\$ 74,520

Permanent Improvement Notes:

In June, 1999 the District issued two notes totaling \$340,000 for the purpose of land and building improvements. The notes were issued for five years at 5% interest and mature December, 2004. These notes are in full compliance with the general laws of the State of Ohio, particularly Sections 5705.216 of the Revised Code.

	Principal	Interest	Payment		
FY2001	\$ 68,000	11,900	\$	79,900	
FY2002	68,000	8,500		76,500	
FY2003	68,000	5,100		73,100	
FY2004	 68,000	1,700		69,700	
	\$ 272,000	27,200	\$	299,200	

NOTES TO THE GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2000 (Continued)

12. LONG-TERM DEBT (Continued)

Bleacher Notes:

The District, in May, 2000, issued notes from its Bond Retirement Fund for the purchase of bleacher seating in the amount of \$60,000 at 4% to be repaid over a five-year period. The outstanding balance on these notes was \$60,000 at June 30, 2000.

General Obligation Bonds Payable:

The \$1,350,000 of outstanding general obligation bond relate to two projects. In 1976, bonds were issued for the purpose of remodeling and equipping the middle school building and improving the site thereof. The bonds were issued for \$1,610,000 at 6.5% interest and mature December, 1999. In 1986, bonds were issued for the purpose of remodeling and equipping the high school and general district remodeling. The bonds were issued for \$3,105,000 at 7.5% interest and mature December, 2009. These bonds are in full compliance with the general laws of the State of Ohio, particularly Sections 133.01 to 133.48, inclusive, of the Revised Code and Section 133.09 thereof.

The annual maturities of the general obligation bonds as of June 30, 2000, and related interest payments are as follows:

	Principal		Interest	Payment	
FY2001	\$	135,000	96,187	\$ 231,187	
FY2002		135,000	86,062	221,062	
FY2003		135,000	80,198	215,198	
FY2004 and thereafter		945,000	243,802	1,188,802	
	\$	1,350,000	506,249	\$ 1,856,249	

The District is making installment payments for computers. This equipment has been capitalized in the general fixed assets account group. This obligation has an outstanding balance of \$32,306 at June 30, 2000. The following is a schedule of future minimum lease payments required under capital leases and present value of the minimum lease payments in the Governmental funds as of June 30, 2000:

	F	Principal	Interest	Payment		
FY2001	\$	10,227	492	\$	10,719	
FY2002		3,533	40		3,573	
	\$	13,760	532	\$	14,292	

Debt Limitation:

The Ohio Revised Code (ORC) provides that the net debt of a school district, whether or not approved by the people, shall not exceed 9.0% of the total value of all property in the District as listed and assessed for taxation. In addition, the unvoted net debt of a school district cannot exceed .1% of the total assessed value of property. The District has no unvoted debt, the District 's unvoted debt limit is \$106,481. The voted debt limit at June 30, 2000 is \$9,583,314.

NOTES TO THE GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2000 (Continued)

13. JOINTLY GOVERNED ORGANIZATIONS AND PUBLIC ENTITY RISK POOLS

Metropolitan Educational Council (MEC) - MEC is a not for profit educational council whose primary purpose and objective is to contribute to the educational services available to school districts in Franklin County and surrounding areas by cooperative action membership. The governing board consists of a representative from each of the Franklin County districts. Districts outside of Franklin County are associate members and each county selects a single district to represent them on the governing board. MEC is it's own fiscal agent. The District does not have an ongoing financial interest in or ongoing financial responsibility for MEC. MEC provides computer services to the District.

South Central Ohio Insurance Consortium - The South Central Ohio Insurance Consortium (SCOIC) is a Regional Council of Governments organized under Ohio Revised Code Chapter 167. The SCOIC's primary purpose and objective is establishing and carrying out a cooperative health program for its member organizations. The governing board consists of the superintendent or other designee appointed by each of the members of the SCOIC. The District serves as the fiscal agent for the SCOIC. The District does not have an ongoing financial interest in or ongoing financial responsibility for the SCOIC other than claims paid on behalf of the District for its employees.

Fairfield County Council for Educational Collaboration - The Fairfield County Council of Educational Collaboration (FCCEC) is a not-for-profit Council of Governments owned and operated by certain Boards of Education and institutions of higher education within Fairfield County. The purpose of the FCCEC is to bring together the public school systems and the public institution for higher education in Fairfield County so they can collectively devise and provide for enhanced educational opportunities for the students and citizens of the community. The areas of interest that my be addressed by the FCCEC include, but are not limited to, student programming, school management issues, and any other collaborative projects deemed appropriate by the governing body of the FCCEC. The FCCEC is not dependent upon the continued participation of the District and the District does not maintain any equity interest in or financial responsibility for the FCCEC.

Central Ohio Special Education Regional Resource Center - The Central Ohio Special Education Regional Resource Center (COSERC) is a not-for-profit Council of Governments of various school districts in Central Ohio. The District participates in services that assist the District in complying with Mandates of Public Law 101-476 and Public Law 99-457 for educating children with disabilities. There is no financial commitment made by the District. COSERC is not dependent upon the continued participation of the District and the District does not maintain an equity interest in or financial responsibility for COSERC.

Public Entity Risk Pools:

The District participates in the Ohio School Boards Association Workers' Compensation Group Rating Program (GRP), an insurance purchasing pool. The GRP's business and affairs are conducted by a three member Board of directors consisting of the President, the President-Elect and the Immediate Past President of the OSBA. The Executive Director of the OSBA, or his designee, serves as coordinator of the program. Each year, the participating school districts pay an enrollment fee to the GRP to cover the costs of administering the program.

NOTES TO THE GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2000 (Continued)

14. CONTINGENCIES

A. Grants

The District received financial assistance from federal and state agencies in the form of grants. The disbursement of funds received under these programs generally requires compliance with terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements and is subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims resulting from such audits could become a liability of the general fund or other applicable funds. However, in the opinion of management, any such disallowed claims will not have a material adverse effect on the overall financial position of the District at June 30, 2000.

B. Litigation

The District is not a party to any legal proceedings seeking damages or injunctive relief generally incidental to its operations and pending at June 30, 2000.

15. SCHOOL FUNDING DECISION

On September 6, 2001, the Ohio Supreme Court issued its latest opinion regarding the State's school funding plan. The decision identified aspects of the current plant that require modification if the plan is to be considered constitutional, including:

- A change in the school districts that are used as the basis for determining the base cost support amount. Any change in the amount of funds distributed to school districts as a result of this change must be retroactive to July 1, 2001, although a time line for distribution is not specified.
- Fully funding parity aid no later than the beginning of the fiscal year 2004 rather than fiscal year 2006.

The Supreme Court relinquished jurisdiction over the case based on anticipated compliance with this order.

In general, it is expected that the decision would result in an increase in State funding for most Ohio school districts. However, as of November 12, 2001, the Ohio General Assembly is still analyzing the impact this Supreme Court decision will have on funding for individual school districts. Further, the State of Ohio, in a motion filed September 17, 2001, asked the Court to reconsider and clarify the parts of the decision changing the school districts that are used as the basis for determining the base cost support amount and the requirement that changes be made retroactive to July 1, 2001.

On November 2, 2001, the Court granted this motion for reconsideration. The Court may re-examine and redetermine any issue upon such reconsideration.

As of the date of these financial statements, the District is unable to determine what effect, if any, this ongoing litigation will have on its future State funding under this program and on its financial operations.

NOTES TO THE GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2000 (Continued)

16. STATUTORY RESERVES

The District is required by state law to set aside certain general fund revenue amounts, as defined, into various reserves. During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2000, the reserve activity was as follows:

		extbook equisition	Capital Acquisition	Budget Stabilization	To	otal
Set aside Cash Balance as of June 30, 1999	\$	0	0	97,705	\$	97,705
Current Year Set-Aside Requirement		179,133	179,133	19,052		377,318
Qualifying Disbursements		(296,205)	(485,799)	0		(782,004)
Total	\$	(117,072)	(306,666)	116,757	\$	(306,981)
Cash Balance Carried Forward to FY2001	\$	0	0	116,757		
Amount Restricted for Budget Stabilization					\$	116,757
Total Restricted Assets					\$	116,757

Although the District had offsets and qualifying disbursements during the year that reduced the setaside amounts below zero, these amounts may not be used to reduce the set-aside requirement of future years. Negative amounts, therefore, are not presented as being carried forward to the next fiscal year.

17. FUND DEFICITS/RETAINED EARNINGS

Retained earnings/fund balances at June 30, 2000, included the following individual deficits:

Enterprise Fund: Lunchroom Fund (\$51,957)

This deficit resulted from adjustments for GAAP accruals. The General Fund is liable for any deficits in the Enterprise Fund and provides operating transfers when cash is required, not when accruals occur.

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REPORT OF INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS ON COMPLIANCE AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL REQUIRED BY GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Board of Education Liberty Union-Thurston Local School District Fairfield County 621 Washington Street Baltimore, Ohio 43105

We have audited the general-purpose financial statements of the Liberty Union-Thurston Local School District, Fairfield County, Ohio (the District), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2000, and have issued our report thereon dated December 21, 2001. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Compliance

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the District's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grants, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*. However, we noted certain immaterial instances of noncompliance that we have reported to management of the District in a separate letter dated December 21, 2001.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements and not to provide assurance on the internal control over financial reporting. Our consideration of the internal control over financial reporting would not necessarily disclose all matters in the internal control over financial reporting that might be material weaknesses. A material weakness is a condition in which the design or operation of one or more of the internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that misstatements in amounts that would be material in relation to the financial statement being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions. We noted no matters involving the internal control over financial reporting and its operation that we consider to be material weaknesses.

Board of Education Liberty Union-Thurston Local School District Fairfield County Report of Independent Accountants on Compliance and on Internal Control Required by *Government Auditing Standards* Page 2

This report is intended for the information and use of the management, and the Board of Education, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

JIM PETRO Auditor of State

December 21, 2001



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LIBERTY UNION-THURSTON LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT FAIRFIELD COUNTY

CLERK'S CERTIFICATION

This is a true and correct copy of the report which is required to be filed in the Office of the Auditor of State pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in Columbus, Ohio.

CLERK OF THE BUREAU

Susan Babbitt

CERTIFIED JANUARY 22, 2002