Scioto County Joint Vocational School District

A Component Unit of the South Central Ohio Educational Service Center

Scioto County

Single Audit

July 1, 2001 Through June 30, 2002

Fiscal Year Audited Under GAGAS: 2002

BALESTRA & COMPANY

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS 528 South West Street, P.O. Box 687 Piketon, Ohio 45661

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STATE OF OHIO OFFICE OF THE AUDITOR

JIM PETRO, AUDITOR OF STATE

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Members of the Board Scioto County Joint Vocational School District P. O. Box 766 Lucasville, Ohio 45648

We have reviewed the Independent Auditor's Report of the Scioto County Joint Vocational School District, Scioto County, prepared by Balestra & Company, for the audit period July 1, 2001 to June 30, 2002. Based upon this review, we have accepted these reports in lieu of the audit required by Section 117.11, Revised Code. The Auditor of State did not audit the accompanying financial statements and, accordingly, we are unable to express, and do not express an opinion on them.

Our review was made in reference to the applicable sections of legislative criteria, as reflected by the Ohio Constitution, and the Revised Code, policies, procedures and guidelines of the Auditor of State, regulations and grant requirements. The Scioto County Joint Vocational School District is responsible for compliance with these laws and regulations.

JIM PETRO Auditor of State

November 14, 2002

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SCIOTO COUNTY JOINT VOCATIONAL SCHOOL DISTRICT SCIOTO COUNTY

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Member American Institute of Certified Public Accountants

Ohio Society of Certified Public Accountants

Independent Auditor's Report

Members of the Board Scioto County Joint Vocational School District P.O. Box 766 Lucasville, Ohio 45648

We have audited the accompanying general-purpose financial statements of the Scioto County Joint Vocational School District, a component unit of South Central Ohio Educational Service Center, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2002, as listed in the table of contents. These general-purpose financial statements are the responsibility of the Scioto County Joint Vocational School District's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these general-purpose financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the general-purpose financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the general-purpose financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Scioto County Joint Vocational School District, as of June 30, 2002, and the results of its operations and cash flows of its proprietary fund type for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated October 3, 2002, on our consideration of the Scioto County Joint Vocational School District's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grants. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards and should be read in conjunction with this report in considering the results of our audit.

The accompanying schedule of federal awards expenditures is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations, and is not a required part of the general-purpose financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the general-purpose financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the generalpurpose financial statements taken as a whole.

Balestra & Company Balestra & Company

October 3, 2002

Scioto County Joint Vocational School District

Combined Balance Sheet All Fund Types and Account Groups June 30, 2002

	Gove	Governmental Fund Types			
	General	Special Revenue	Capital Projects		
Assets and Other Debits:			¥		
Assets:					
Equity in Pooled Cash and					
Cash Equivalents	\$1,966,438	\$453,777	\$1,235,495		
Receivables:					
Taxes	2,227,698	0	701,359		
Accounts	50,868	0	0		
Intergovernmental	0	10,337,995	0		
Interfund	407,089	0	0		
Prepaid Items	18,528	0	0		
Inventory Held for Resale	6,559	0	0		
Materials and Supplies Inventory	0	0	0		
Restricted Assets:					
Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents	272,485	0	0		
Fixed Assets (net of					
Accumulated Depreciation where applicable)	0	0	0		
<u>Other Debits:</u>					
Amount to be Provided from					
General Government Resources	0_	0	0		
Total Assets and Other Debits	\$4,949,665	\$10,791,772	\$1,936,854		

Proprietary Fund Type	Fiduciary Fund Type	Account	t Groups	
Enterprise	Agency	General Fixed Assets	General Long-Term Obligations	Totals (Memorandum Only)
\$613,261	\$13,617	\$0	\$0	\$4,282,588
0 156,462 0 0 0 15,336 950 0	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	2,929,057 207,330 10,337,995 407,089 18,528 21,895 950 272,485
166,611 0	0	7,337,208	707,783	7,503,819
\$952,620	\$13,617	\$7,337,208	\$707,783	\$26,689,519

(continued)

Scioto County Joint Vocational School District

Combined Balance Sheet All Fund Types and Account Groups June 30, 2002

	Governmental Fund Types			
	General	Special Revenue	Capital Projects	
<u>Liabilities, Fund Equity and Other Credits:</u>				
<u>Liabilities:</u>	\$12,220	¢25.022	\$ 0	
Accounts Payable	\$12,230	\$35,833	\$0	
Accrued Wages and Benefits	384,458	28,857	0	
Compensated Absences Payable	710	620	0	
Interfund Payable	0	407,089	0	
Intergovernmental Payable	62,290	9,022	0	
Deferred Revenue	1,565,677	9,471,164	556,097	
Undistributed Monies	0	0	0	
Notes Payable	0	0	840,000	
Capital Leases Payable	0	0	0	
Energy Conservation Loan Payable	0	0	0	
Total Liabilities	2,025,365	9,952,585	1,396,097	
Fund Equity and Other Credits:				
Investment in General Fixed Assets	0	0	0	
Retained Earnings:				
Unreserved	0	0	0	
Fund Balance:				
Reserved for Encumbrances	51,913	104,349	3,156	
Reserved for Inventory	6,559	0	0	
Reserved for Prepaid Items	18,528	0	0	
Reserved for Property Taxes	166,116	0	60,414	
Reserved for Capital Improvements	272,485	0	0	
Unreserved:				
Undesignated (Deficit)	2,408,699	734,838	477,187	
Total Fund Equity (Deficit) and Other Credits	2,924,300	839,187	540,757	
Total Liabilities, Fund Equity				
and Other Credits	\$4,949,665	\$10,791,772	\$1,936,854	

Proprietary	Fiduciary			
Fund Type	Fund Type		t Groups	
		General	General	Totals
T		Fixed	Long-Term	(Memorandum
Enterprise	Agency	Assets	Obligations	Only)
\$4,146	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$52,209
44,423	0	0	0	457,738
81,154	0	0	315,614	398,098
0	0	0	0	407,089
36,034	0	0	119,612	226,958
8,458	0	0	0	11,601,396
0	13,617	0	0	13,617
0	0	0	0	840,000
0	0	0	12,557	12,557
0	0	0	260,000	260,000
174,215	13,617	0	707,783	14,269,662
0	0	7,337,208	0	7,337,208
778,405	0	0	0	778,405
0	0	0	0	159,418
0	0	0	0	6,559
0	0	0	0	18,528
0	0	0	0	226,530
0	0	0	0	272,485
-	-	-	-	- ,
0	0	0	0	3,620,724
778,405	0	7,337,208	0	12,419,857
\$6.50	¢12 -17			
\$952,620	\$13,617	\$7,337,208	\$707,783	\$26,689,519

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Scioto County Joint Vocational School District

Combined Statement of Revenues, Expenditures

and Changes in Fund Balances

All Governmental Fund Types For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2002

	Governmental Fund Types				Totals
		Special		Capital	(Memorandum
	General	Revenue	Debt Service	Projects	Only)
<u>Revenues:</u>					
Taxes	\$2,213,051	\$0	\$0	\$626,367	\$2,839,418
Intergovernmental	3,488,101	7,285,466	0	78,358	10,851,925
Interest	59,366	0	0	0	59,366
Tuition and Fees	49,585	0	0	0	49,585
Extracurricular Activities	10,000	0	0	0	10,000
Customer Services	683,037	0	0	0	683,037
Miscellaneous	60,129	14,206	0	0	74,335
Total Revenues	6,563,269	7,299,672	0	704,725	14,567,666
Expenditures:					
Current:					
Instruction:					
Special	44,936	0	0	0	44,936
Vocational	2,609,656	566,924	0	0	3,176,580
Other Support Services:	1,216	0	0	0	1,216
Pupils	411,482	6,401,042	0	0	6,812,524
Instructional Staff	189,139	54,045	0	12,176	255,360
Board of Education	6,539	34,043 0	0	12,178	6,539
Administration	395,466	20,270	0	0	415,736
Fiscal	176.155	61,274	0	50.476	287,905
Business	90,902	01,274	0	0	90,902
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	642,554	0	0	200,155	842,709
Central	042,554	89,059	0	200,133	89,059
Extracurricular Activities	47,751	15,000	0	0	62,751
Capital Outlay	5,744	15,000	0	0	5,744
Debt Service:	5,744	0	0	0	5,744
Principal Retirement	62,253	0	130,000	0	192,253
Interest and Fiscal Charges	6,773	0	20,150	54,521	81,444
Total Expenditures	4,690,566	7,207,614	150,150	317,328	12,365,658
Excess of Revenues Over					
(Under) Expenditures	1,872,703	92,058	(150,150)	387,397	2,202,008
Other Financing Sources (Uses):					
Operating Transfers In	0	0	150,150	0	150,150
Operating Transfers Out	(75,717)	0	0	(150,150)	(225,867)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(75,717)	0	150,150	(150,150)	(75,717)
Excess of Revenues and Other					
Financing Sources Over (Under) Expenditures and Other Financing Uses	1,796,986	92,058	0	237,247	2,126,291
Decrease in Inventory	(12,825)	0	0	0	(12,825)
Fund Balances (Deficit) at					
July 1, 2001	1,140,139	747,129	0	303,510	2,190,778
Fund Balances (Deficit) at June 30, 2002	\$2,924,300	\$839,187	\$0	\$540,757	\$4,304,244

Scioto County Joint Vocational School District Combined Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual (Budget Basis) All Governmental Fund Types For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2002

	General Fund			Spe	cial Revenue Fun	ds
	Variance				Variance	
	Revised		Favorable	Revised		Favorable
	Budget	Actual	(Unfavorable)	Budget	Actual	(Unfavorable)
<u>Revenues:</u>						
Intergovernmental	\$3,488,101	\$3,488,101	\$0	\$7,022,741	\$7,002,596	(\$20,145)
Interest	59,366	59,366	0	0	0	0
Tuition and Fees	58,626	58,626	0	0	0	0
Extracurricular Activities	10,000	10,000	0	0	0	0
Customer Services	683,037	683,037	0	0	0	0
Property and Other Local Taxes	1,779,480	1,779,480	0	0	0	0
Miscellaneous	55,241	55,241	0	14,206	14,206	0
Total Revenues	6,133,851	6,133,851	0	7,036,947	7,016,802	(20,145)
<u>Expenditures:</u>						
Current:						
Instruction:						
Special	44,354	44,354	0	0	0	0
Vocational	2,667,772	2,667,772	0	575,703	575,703	0
Support Services:	, ,	, ,		,	,	
Pupils	413,205	412,998	207	6,611,090	6,611,090	0
Instructional Staff	216,090	216,070	20	52,787	52,787	0
Board of Education	6,691	6,691	0	0	0	0
Administration	385,633	385,633	0	22,197	22,197	0
Fiscal	214,363	214,363	0	66,762	66,762	0
Business	94,108	94,108	0	0	0	0
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	730,013	730,013	0	0	0	0
Central	0	0	0	114,885	110,437	4,448
Extracurricular Activities	48,865	48,865	0	15,000	15,000	0
Capital Outlay	3,716	3,716	0	0	0	0
Debt Service:						
Principal Retirement	0	0	0	0	0	0
Interest & Fiscal Charges	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total Expenditures	4,824,810	4,824,583	227	7,458,424	7,453,976	4,448
Excess of Revenues Over						
(Under) Expenditures	1,309,041	1,309,268	227	(421,477)	(437,174)	(15,697)
	, ,-	, ,			(, - ,	(- , ,
Other Financing Sources (Uses):						
Advances In	46,889	46,889	0	407,089	407,089	0
Operating Transfers In	36,411	36,300	(111)	0	0	0
Refund of Prior Year Expenditures	4,889	4,889	0	6,138	6,138	0
Advances Out	(453,978)	(453,978)	0	0	0	0
Operating Transfers Out	(112,017)	(112,017)	0	0	0	0
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(477,806)	(477,917)	(111)	413,227	413,227	0
Excess of Revenues and Other						
Financing Sources Over (Under)						
Expenditures and Other Financing Uses	831,235	831,351	116	(8,250)	(23,947)	(15,697)
Fund Balances (Deficit) at July 1, 2001	1,348,711	1,348,711	0	273,229	273,229	0
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated	4,283	4,283	0	67,176	67,176	0_
Fund Balances (Deficit) at June 30, 2002	\$2,184,229	\$2,184,345	\$116	\$332,155	\$316,458	(\$15,697)

		Total						
	um Only)	(Memorand		ital Projects Fund	Cap		ebt Service Fund	D
Variance		D · 1	Variance		D · 1	Variance		D · 1
Favorable (Unfavorable	A strep1	Revised Budget	Favorable (Unfavorable)	A atreal	Revised Budget	Favorable (Unfavorable)	A	Revised Budget
(Unfavorable	Actual	Budget	(Unfavorable)	Actual	Budget	(Unravorable)	Actual	Budget
(\$21,13	\$10,569,055	\$10,590,190	(\$990)	\$78,358	\$79,348	\$0	\$0	\$0
(+=+,++	59,366	59,366	0	0	0	0	0	0
	58,626	58,626	0	0	0	0	0	0
	10,000	10,000	0	0	0	0	0	0
	683,037	683,037	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2,340,082	2,340,082	0	560,602	560,602	0	0	0
	69,447	69,447	0	0	0	0	0	0
(21,13	13,789,613	13,810,748	(990)	638,960	639,950	0	0	0
	44,354 3,243,475	44,354 3,243,475	0 0	0 0	0 0	0 0	0 0	0
	5,245,475	5,245,475	0	0	0	0	0	0
20	7,024,088	7,024,295	0	0	0	0	0	0
2	281,033	281,053	0	12,176	12,176	0	0	0
	6,691	6,691	0	0	0	0	0	0
	407,830	407,830	0	0	0	0	0	0
	331,601	331,601	0	50,476	50,476	0	0	0
	94,108	94,108	0	0	0	0	0	0
	943,138	943,138	0	213,125	213,125	0	0	0
4,44	110,437	114,885	0	0	0	0	0	0
	63,865	63,865	0	0	0	0	0	0
	3,716	3,716	0	0	0	0	0	0
	410,000	410,000	0	280,000	280,000	0	130,000	130,000
	74,671	74,671	0_	54,521	54,521	0	20,150	20,150
4,67	13,039,007	13,043,682	0	610,298	610,298	0	150,150	150,150
(16,46	750,606	767,066	(990)	28,662	29,652	0	(150,150)	(150,150)
	453 978	453 978	0	0	0	0	0	0
								150,150
× ×			0	0	0	0	0	0
			0	0	0	0	0	0
	(262,167)	(262,167)	0	(150,150)	(150,150)	0	0	0
(11	(64,690)	(64,579)	0	(150,150)	(150,150)	0	150,150	150,150
(11	453,978 186,450 11,027 (453,978) (262,167)	453,978 186,561 11,027 (453,978) (262,167)	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 (150,150)	0 0 0 (150,150)	0 0 0 0 0	0 150,150 0 0 0	
(16,57	685,916	702,487	(990)	(121,488)	(120,498)	0	0	0
	2,822,197	2,822,197	0	1,200,257	1,200,257	0	0	0
	225,029	225,029	0	153,570	153,570	0	0	0

Scioto County Joint Vocational School District Combined Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Retained Earnings Proprietary Fund Type For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2002

	Enterprise
<u>Operating Revenues:</u>	40606011
Tuition	\$963,844
Sales Other Operating Revenues	66,803 260
Other Operating Revenues	260
Total Operating Revenues	1,030,907
Operating Expenses:	
Salaries	947,512
Fringe Benefits	411,503
Purchased Services	108,581
Materials and Supplies	185,179
Cost of Sales	51,914
Depreciation	38,372
Other	2,166
Total Operating Expenses	1,745,227
Operating Loss	(714,320)
Non-Operating Revenues :	
Federal Donated Commodities	12,193
Interest	320
Federal and State Subsidies	622,017
Total Non-Operating Revenues	634,530
Net Loss Before Operating Transfers	(79,790)
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Operating Transfers In	75,717
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	75,717
Net Loss	(4,073)
Retained Earnings at July 1, 2001	782,478
Retained Earnings at June 30, 2002	\$778,405

Scioto County Joint Vocational School District

Combined Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Equity - Budget and Actual (Budget Basis) Proprietary Fund Type For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2002

	Enterprise			
			Variance	
	Revised		Favorable	
	Budget	Actual	(Unfavorable)	
<u>Revenues:</u>	¢1 177 026	¢1 177 026	ф <u>о</u>	
Tuition	\$1,177,926	\$1,177,926	\$0	
Sales	66,803 320	66,803	0	
Interest		320	0	
Other Revenues	1,121	260	(861)	
Federal and State Subsidies	622,017	622,017	0	
Operating Transfers In	164,878	164,878	0_	
Total Revenues	2,033,065	2,032,204	(861)	
<u>Expenses:</u>				
Salaries	936,714	936,714	0	
Fringe Benefits	438,426	438,426	0	
Purchased Services	119,176	119,176	0	
Materials and Supplies	265,137	265,137	0	
Capital Outlay	18,599	18,599	0	
Other	7,006	7,006	0	
Operating Transfers Out	89,161	89,161	0	
Total Expenses	1,874,219	1,874,219	0_	
Excess of Revenues Over (Under)				
Expenses	158,846	157,985	(861)	
Fund Equity (Deficit) at July 1, 2001	374,483	374,483	0	
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated	61,070	61,070	0	
Fund Equity at June 30, 2002	\$594,399	\$593,538	(\$861)	

Scioto County Joint Vocational School District Combined Statement of Cash Flows

Combined Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Fund Type

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2002

	Enterprise
Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents:	
<u>Cash Flows from Operating Activities:</u> Cash Received from Customers	\$66,803
Cash Received from Tuition Payments	1,177,926
Cash Received from Other Operating Sources	260
Cash Payments to Suppliers for Goods and Services	(369,843)
Cash Payments to Employees for Services	(936,714)
Cash Payments for Employee Benefits	(438,426)
	(100,120)
Net Cash Used for Operating Activities	(499,994)
Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities:	
Operating Grants Received	622,017
Transfers In	164,878
Transfers Out	(89,161)
Net Cash Provided by Noncapital	
Financing Activities	697,734
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities:	
Payments for Capital Acquisitions	(20,352)
Net Cash Used for Capital and Related Financing Activities	(20,352)
Cash Elana from Investing Asticition	
<u>Cash Flows from Investing Activities:</u> Interest on Investments	320
Net Cash Provided by Investing Activities	320
Net Increase in Cash and Cash Equivalents	177,708
Cash and Cash Equivalents at July 1, 2001	435,553
Cash and Cash Equivalents at June 30, 2002	\$613,261
<u>Reconciliation of Operating Loss to Net</u> Cash Used for Operating Activities:	
Operating Loss	(\$714.320)
Operating Loss	(\$714,320)
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating	
Loss to Net Cash Used for Operating Activities:	20 270
Depreciation	38,372
Donated Commodities Used During Year	12,193
<u>Changes in Assets and Liabilities:</u> (Increase)/Decrease in Accounts Receivable	214 082
(Increase)/Decrease in Inventory Held for Resale	214,082 (341)
Increase/(Decrease) in Accounts Payable	(33,997)
Increase/(Decrease) in Accrued Wages	4,541
Increase/(Decrease) in Compensated Absences Payable	6,047
Increase/(Decrease) in Intergovernmental Payable	(26,713)
Increase/(Decrease) in Deferred Revenue	142
save, (2 concase) in Deteriod rectonde	172
Total Adjustments	214,326
J ana a sa	.,
Net Cash Used For Operating Activities	(\$499,994)

NOTE 1 - DESCRIPTION OF THE SCHOOL DISTRICT AND REPORTING ENTITY

Scioto County Joint Vocational School (the "School District") is organized under Article VI, Sections 2 and 3 of the Constitution of the State of Ohio. The School District operates under a locally-elected Board form of government consisting of five members elected at-large for staggered four year terms. The School District provides educational services as authorized by state statute and/or federal guidelines.

The School District is a discretely presented component unit of South Central Ohio Educational Service Center (the Service Center), a legally separate body politic. Three out of five board members of the Scioto County Joint Vocational School District are also board members of the Service Center. The Joint Vocational School is responsible for levying taxes, approving its own budgets, appointing personnel, and accounting and financing related activities.

The School District was established in 1971 through the consolidation of existing land areas and school districts. The School District serves the entire Scioto County area. It is located in Lucasville, Ohio. It is staffed by 27 non-certificated employees, 55 certificated full-time teaching personnel and 10 administrative employees who provide services to 469 students and other community members. The School District currently operates 3 instructional buildings and 1 garage.

Reporting Entity:

The reporting entity is comprised of the primary government, component units, and other organizations that are included to insure that the financial statements of the Scioto County Joint Vocational School District are not misleading. The primary government consists of all funds, departments, boards, and agencies that are not legally separate from the School District. For the Scioto County Joint Vocational School District, this includes general operations, food service, and student related activities of the School District.

Component units are legally separate organizations for which the School District is financially accountable. The School District is financially accountable for an organization if the School District appoints a voting majority of the organization's governing board and (1) the School District is able to significantly influence the programs or services performed or provided by the organization; or (2) the School District is legally entitled to or can otherwise access the organization's resources; the School District is legally obligated or has otherwise assumed the responsibility to finance the deficits of, or provide financial support to, the organization; or the School District is obligated for the debt of the organization. Component units may also include organizations that are fiscally dependent on the School District in that the School District approves the budget, the issuance of debt, or the levying of taxes. The School District has no component units.

The School District is associated with three organizations, of which two are defined as jointly governed organizations and one as an insurance purchasing pool. These organizations are the South Central Ohio Computer Association (SCOCA), Scioto County Regional Council of Governments and the Ohio School Boards Association Workers' Compensation Group Rating Plan. These organizations are presented in Notes 14 and 16 to the general-purpose financial statements.

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

A. Basis Of Presentation - Fund Accounting

The financial statements of the Scioto County Joint Vocational School District have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The School District also applies Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) statements and interpretations issued on or before November 30, 1989, to its proprietary activities provided they do not conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements. The more significant of the School District's accounting policies are described below.

A. Basis Of Presentation - Fund Accounting (continued)

The School District uses funds and account groups to report on its financial position and the results of its operations. Fund accounting is designed to demonstrate legal compliance and to aid financial management by segregating transactions related to certain School District functions or activities.

A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts recording cash and other financial resources, together with all related liabilities and residual equities or balances, and changes therein, which are segregated for the purpose of carrying on specific activities or attaining certain objectives in accordance with special restrictions or limitations. An account group is a financial reporting device designed to provide accountability for certain assets and liabilities not recorded in the funds because they do not directly affect net available expendable resources.

For financial statement presentation purposes, the various funds of the School District are grouped into the following generic fund types under the broad fund categories governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary.

Governmental Fund Types:

Governmental funds are those through which most governmental functions of the School District are financed. The acquisition, use, and balances of the School District's expendable financial resources and the related current liabilities (except those accounted for in proprietary funds) are accounted for through governmental funds. The following are the School District's governmental fund types:

General Fund - The General Fund is the operating fund of the School District and is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The General Fund balance is available to the School District for any purpose provided it is expended or transferred according to the general laws of Ohio.

Special Revenue Funds - Special revenue funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than expendable trust or major capital projects) that are legally restricted to expenditure for specified purposes.

Debt Service Fund - The debt service fund is used to account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, general long-term obligation principal, interest, and related costs.

Capital Projects Fund - The capital projects fund is used to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities (other than those financed by proprietary funds).

Proprietary Fund Type:

Proprietary funds are used to account for the School District's ongoing activities which are similar to those found in the private sector. The following is the School District's proprietary fund type:

Enterprise Fund(s) - Enterprise funds are used to account for School District activities that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises where the intent is that the costs (expenses, including depreciation) of providing goods or services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges or where it has been decided that periodic determination of revenues earned, expenses incurred, and/or net income is appropriate for capital maintenance, public policy, management control, accountability, or other purposes.

A. Basis Of Presentation - Fund Accounting (continued)

Fiduciary Fund Type:

Fiduciary funds are used to account for assets held by the School District in a trustee capacity or as an agent for individuals, private organizations, other governmental units, and/or other funds. The School District's fiduciary funds include agency funds. Agency funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations.

Account Groups:

To make a clear distinction between fixed assets related to specific funds and those of general government, and between long-term liabilities related to specific funds and those of a general nature, the following account groups are used:

General Fixed Assets Account Group - This account group is established to account for all fixed assets of the School District, other than those accounted for in the proprietary funds.

General Long-Term Obligations Account Group - This account group is established to account for all long-term obligations of the School District except those accounted for in the proprietary funds.

B. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

The accounting and financial reporting treatment applied to a fund is determined by its measurement focus. All governmental fund types are accounted for using a flow of current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities are generally included on the balance sheet. Operating statements of these funds present increases (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and decreases (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) in net current assets.

All proprietary funds are accounted for on a flow of economic resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, all assets and all liabilities associated with the operation of these funds are included on the balance sheet. Fund equity (i.e., net total assets) is segregated into contributed capital and retained earnings components. Proprietary fund type operating statements present increases (i.e., revenues) and decreases (i.e., expenses) in net total assets.

Basis of accounting refers to when revenues and expenditures or expenses are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. Basis of accounting relates to the timing of the measurements made.

Revenues-Exchange and Non-exchange Transactions Revenue resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, is recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On a modified accrual basis, revenue is recorded in the fiscal year in which the resources are measurable and become available. Available means that the resources will be collected within the current fiscal year or are expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current fiscal year. For the School District, available means expected to be received within sixty days of fiscal year end.

Non-exchange transactions, in which the School District receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include property taxes, grants, entitlements and donations. Revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which taxes are levied. (See Note 6.) Revenue from grants is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are required to be used or the fiscal year when use is first permitted, matching requirements, in which the School District must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose, and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the School District on a reimbursement basis. On a modified accrual basis, revenue from non-exchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized.

B. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting (continued)

Under the modified accrual basis, the following revenue sources are considered to be both measurable and available at fiscal year end: property taxes available as an advance, interest, tuition, grants, and student fees.

Deferred Revenue Deferred revenue arises when assets are recognized before revenue recognition criteria have been satisfied.

Property taxes for which there is an enforceable legal claim as of June 30, 2002, but which were levied to finance fiscal year 2003 operations, have been recorded as deferred revenue.

Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, receivables that will not be collected within the available period have also been reported as deferred revenue.

The measurement focus of governmental fund accounting is on decreases in net financial resources (expenditures) rather than expenses. Expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred, if measurable. Allocations of cost, such as depreciation and amortization, are not recognized in the governmental funds.

The accrual basis of accounting is utilized for reporting purposes by the proprietary fund types. Revenues are recognized in the accounting period which they are earned, and expenses are recognized at the time they are incurred. The fair value of donated commodities used during the year is reported in the operating statement as an expense with a like amount reported as donated commodities revenue. Unused donated commodities are reported as deferred revenue.

C. Budgetary Process

The budgetary process is prescribed by provisions of the Ohio Revised Code and entails the preparation of budgetary documents within an established timetable. The major documents prepared are the tax budget, the certificate of estimated resources, and the appropriation resolution, all of which are prepared on the budgetary basis of accounting. The certificate of estimated resources and the appropriations resolution are subject to amendment throughout the year with the legal restriction that appropriations cannot exceed estimated resources, as certified.

All funds, other than agency funds, are legally required to be budgeted and appropriated. The primary level of budgetary control is at the fund level. Any budgetary modifications at this level may only be made by resolution of the Board of Education.

Advances in and Advances out are not required to be budgeted since they represent a temporary cash flow resource and are intended to be repaid.

Tax Budget:

Prior to January 15, the Superintendent and Treasurer submit to the Board of Education a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing the following July 1. The budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing for all funds. Public hearings are publicized and conducted to obtain taxpayers' comments. The express purpose of this budget document is to reflect the need for existing (or increased) tax rates.

By no later than January 20, the Board-adopted budget is filed with the Scioto County Budget Commission for rate determination.

C. Budgetary Process (continued)

Estimated Resources:

Prior to April 1, the Board of Education accepts, by formal resolution, the tax rates as determined by the County Budget Commission and receives the commission's certificate of estimated resources which states the projected revenue of each fund. Prior to June 30, the School District must revise its budget so that total contemplated expenditures from any fund during the ensuing year will not exceed the amount stated in the certificate of estimated resources. The revised budget then serves as the basis for the appropriation measure. On or about July 1, the certificate is amended to include any unencumbered cash balances from the preceding year.

The certificate may be further amended during the year if projected increases or decreases in revenue are identified by the School District Treasurer. The amounts reported in the budgetary statements reflect the amounts in the final amended certificate issued during fiscal year 2002.

Appropriations:

Upon receipt from the County Auditor of an amended certificate of estimated resources based on final assessed values and tax rates or a certificate saying no new certificate is necessary, the annual appropriation resolution must be legally enacted by the Board of Education at the fund level of expenditures, which is the legal level of budgetary control. Prior to the passage of the annual appropriation measure, the Board may pass a temporary appropriation measure to meet the ordinary expenses of the School District. The appropriation resolution, by fund, must be within the estimated resources as certified by the County Budget Commission and the total of expenditures and encumbrances may not exceed the appropriation totals at the level of control. Any revisions that alter the total of any fund appropriation must be approved by the Board of Education.

The Board may pass supplemental fund appropriations so long as the total appropriations by fund do not exceed the amounts set forth in the most recent certificate of estimated resources. During the year, one supplemental appropriation was legally enacted; however, this amendment was not significant.

The budget figures which appear in the statements of budgetary comparisons represent the final appropriation amounts, including all supplemental appropriations. Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year for all funds other than agency funds, consistent with statutory provisions.

Encumbrances:

As part of formal budgetary control, purchase orders, contracts and other commitments for the expenditure of monies are recorded as the equivalent of expenditures on the non-GAAP budgetary basis in order to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation and to determine and maintain legal compliance. On the GAAP basis, encumbrances outstanding at year end are reported as a reservation of fund balance for subsequent-year expenditures for governmental funds and reported in the notes to the financial statements for proprietary funds.

Lapsing of Appropriations:

At the close of each fiscal year, the unencumbered balance of each appropriation reverts to the respective fund from which it was appropriated and becomes subject to future appropriation. Encumbered appropriations are carried forward to the succeeding fiscal year and are not reappropriated.

D. Cash and Cash Equivalents

To improve cash management, cash received by the School District is pooled. Monies for all funds, including proprietary funds, are maintained in this pool. Individual fund integrity is maintained through the School District's records. Each fund's interest in the pool is presented as "Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents" on the combined balance sheet.

During fiscal year 2002, investments were limited to repurchase agreements.

Except for nonparticipating investment contracts, investments are reported at fair value which is based on quoted market prices. Nonparticipating investment contracts such as repurchase agreements and nonnegotiable certificates of deposit are reported at cost.

For purposes of the combined statement of cash flows and for presentation on the combined balance sheet, investments of the cash management pool and investments with original maturities of three months or less at the time they are purchased be the School District are considered to be cash equivalents. Investments with an initial maturity of more than three months are reported as investments.

E. Inventory

Inventories of governmental funds are stated at cost while inventories of proprietary funds are stated at the lower of cost or market. For all funds, cost is determined on a first-in, first-out basis. Inventory in governmental funds consists of expendable supplies held for consumption. The cost of inventory items is recorded as an expenditure in the governmental fund types when purchased. Reported material and supplies inventory is equally offset by a fund balance reserve in the governmental funds which indicates that it does not constitute available expendable resources even though it is a component of net current assets. Inventories of proprietary funds consist of donated food, purchased food, and school supplies held for resale and are expensed when used.

F. Prepaid Items

Payments made to vendors for services that will benefit periods beyond June 30, 2002, are recorded as prepaid items using the consumption method. A current asset for the prepaid amount is recorded at the time of the purchase and an expenditure/expense is reported in the year in which services are consumed.

G. Fixed Assets and Depreciation

General fixed assets are not capitalized in the funds used to acquire or construct them. Instead, capital acquisition and construction costs are reflected as expenditures in governmental funds, and the related assets are reported in the general fixed assets account group. Fixed assets utilized in the proprietary funds are capitalized in the fund. All fixed assets are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost) and updated for additions and retirements during the year. Donated fixed assets are recorded at their fair market values as of the date received. The School District maintains a capitalization threshold of five hundred dollars. The School District does not have any infrastructure.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an asset's life are not capitalized. Improvements are capitalized. Improvements to fund fixed assets are depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related fixed assets. Assets in the general fixed assets account group are not depreciated. Depreciation of furniture and equipment in the enterprise funds is computed using the straight-line method over an estimated useful life of five to twenty years.

H. Compensated Absences

Vacation benefits are accrued as a liability as the benefits are earned if the employees' rights to receive compensation are attributable to services already rendered and it is probable that the School District will compensate the employees for the benefits through paid time off or some other means. Sick leave benefits are accrued as a liability using the termination payment method. An accrual for earned sick leave is made to the extent it is probable that benefits will result in termination payments. The liability is an estimate based on the School District's past experience of making termination payments.

For governmental funds, the current portion of unpaid compensated absences is the amount expected to be paid using expendable available resources. These amounts are recorded in the account "compensated absences payable" in the fund from which the employees who have accumulated unpaid leave are paid. The remainder is reported in the general long-term obligations account group. In proprietary funds, the entire amount of compensated absences is reported as a fund liability.

I. Accrued Liabilities and Long-Term Obligations

In general, governmental fund payables and accrued liabilities are reported as obligations of the funds regardless of whether they will be liquidated with current resources. However, compensated absences and contractually required pension contributions that will be paid from governmental funds are reported as a liability in the general long-term obligations account group to the extent that they will not be paid with current available expendable financial resources.

Bonds, capital leases, and long-term loans are reported as a liability of the general long-term obligations account group until due.

Long-term debt and other obligations financed by proprietary funds are reported as liabilities in the appropriate proprietary funds.

J. Interfund Transactions

Quasi-external transactions are accounted for as revenues and expenditures or expenses. Transactions that constitute reimbursements to a fund for expenditures/expenses initially made from it that are properly applicable to another fund are recorded as expenditures/expenses in the reimbursing fund and as reductions of expenditures/expenses in the fund that is reimbursed.

Nonrecurring or nonroutine permanent transfers of equity are reported as residual equity transfers. All other interfund transfers are reported as operating transfers.

K. Fund Balance Reserves

The School District records reservations for portions of fund equity which are legally segregated for specific future use or which do not represent available expendable resources and therefore are not available for appropriation or expenditure. Unreserved fund balance indicates that portion of fund equity which is available for appropriation in future periods. Fund balance reserves are established for encumbrances, inventories of supplies and materials, prepaid items, property taxes, and capital improvements. The reserve for property taxes represents taxes recognized as revenue under accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America but not available for appropriations under State statute.

L. Restricted Assets

Restricted assets in the general fund represent cash and cash equivalents set aside to establish a capital maintenance reserve. This reserve is required by State statute.

M. Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

N. Total Columns on General Purpose Financial Statements

Total columns on the general purpose financial statements are captioned "Totals- (Memorandum Only)" to indicate that they are presented only to facilitate financial analysis. Data in these columns do not present financial position, results of operations, or cash flows in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Neither is such data comparable to a consolidation. Interfund eliminations have not been made in the aggregation of this data.

NOTE 3 - ACCOUNTABILITY

Accountability

At June 30, 2002, the Title II and Career Development Special Revenue Funds had deficit fund balances of \$4,169 and \$1,888 respectively. Deficits were created by the application of accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The General Fund provides transfers to cover deficit balances; however, this is done when cash is needed rather than when accruals occur.

NOTE 4 - BUDGETARY BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

While the School District is reporting financial position, results of operations, and changes in fund balances/retained earnings on the basis of accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP), the budgetary basis as provided by law is based upon accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements, and encumbrances. The Combined Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual (Budget Basis) - All Governmental Fund Types and the Combined Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Equity - Budget and Actual (Budget Basis) - All Enterprise Funds are presented on the budgetary basis to provide a meaningful comparison of actual results with the budget. The major differences between the budget basis and GAAP basis are that:

- 1. Revenues are recorded when received in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when susceptible to accrual (GAAP basis).
- 2. Expenditures/expenses are recorded when paid in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when the liability is incurred (GAAP basis).
- 3. Encumbrances are treated as expenditures/expenses for all funds (budget basis) rather than as a reservation of fund balance for governmental fund types and as note disclosure in the proprietary fund type (GAAP basis).
- 4. For proprietary funds, the acquisition and construction of capital assets are reported on the operating statement (budget basis) rather than as balance sheet transactions (GAAP basis).

NOTE 4 - BUDGETARY BASIS OF ACCOUNTING (continued)

The following tables summarize the adjustments necessary to reconcile the GAAP and budgetary basis statements by fund type.

Excess of Revenues and Other Financing Sources Over (Under) Expenditures and Other Financing Uses All Governmental fund Types

		Special	Capital
	General	Revenue	Projects
GAAP Basis	\$1,796,986	\$92,058	\$237,247
Revenue Accruals	(341,341)	130,357	(65,765)
Expenditure Accruals	(569,714)	(109,042)	(289,814)
Encumbrances	(54,580)	(137,320)	(3,156)
Budget Basis	\$831,351	(\$23,947)	(\$121,488)

There were no adjustments required for the Debt Service Fund as the budget basis and the GAAP basis were the same.

Net Income/Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenses, Transfers Proprietary Fund Type

	Enterprise
GAAP Basis	\$ (4,073)
Revenue Accrual:	291,049
Expense Accrual:	(128,991)
Budget Basis	<u>\$157,985</u>

NOTE 5 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

State statutes classify monies held by the District into three categories.

Active deposits are public deposits necessary to meet current demands on the treasury. Such monies must be maintained either as cash, in commercial accounts payable or withdrawable on demand, including negotiable order of withdrawal (NOW) accounts, or in money market deposit accounts.

Inactive deposits are public deposits that the Board has identified as not required for use within the current two year period of designation of depositories. Inactive deposits must be either evidenced by certificates of deposit maturing not later than the end of the current period of designation of depositories, or by savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts.

Interim deposits are deposits of interim moneys. Interim moneys are those moneys which are not needed for immediate use but which will be needed before the end of the current period of designation of depositories. Interim deposits must be evidenced by time certificates of deposit maturing not more than one year form the date of deposit or by savings or deposit accounts including passbook accounts.

Protection of the School District's deposits is provided by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC), by eligible securities pledged by the financial institution as security for repayment, by surety company bonds deposited with the treasurer by the financial institution or by a single collateral pool established by the financial institution to secure the repayment of all public money deposited with the institution.

NOTE 5 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (continued)

Interim moneys may be deposited or invested in the following securities:

- 1. United States treasury notes, bills, bonds, or other obligations of or security issued by the United States treasury or any other obligation guaranteed as to the payment of principal and interest by the United States;
- 2. Bonds, notes, debentures, or other obligations or securities issued by any federal government agency or instrumentality, including but not limited to, the federal national mortgage association, federal home loan bank, federal farm credit bank, federal home loan mortgage corporation, government national mortgage association, and student loan marketing association. All federal agency securities shall be direct issuances of federal government agencies or instrumentalities;
- 3. Written repurchase agreements in the securities listed above, provided that the market value of the securities subject to the repurchase agreement must exceed the principal value of the agreement by at least two percent and be marked to market daily, and that the term of the agreement must not exceed thirty days;
- 4. Bond and other obligations of the State of Ohio;
- 5. No-load money market mutual funds consisting exclusively of obligations described in division (1) or (2) of this section, and repurchase agreements secured by such obligations, provided that investments in securities described in this division are made only through eligible institutions;
- 6. The State Treasurer's investment pool (STAR Ohio);
- 7. Certain Banker's acceptances and commercial paper notes for a period not to exceed one hundred and eighty days from the date of purchase in an amount not to exceed twenty-five percent of the interim moneys available for investment at any one time; and
- 8. Under limited circumstances, debt interests rated in either of the two highest rating classifications by at least two nationally recognized rating agencies.

Investments in stripped principal or interest obligations, reverse repurchase agreements and derivatives are prohibited. The issuance of taxable notes for the purpose of arbitrage, the use of leverage and short selling are also prohibited. An investment must mature within five years from the date of purchase unless matched to a specific obligation or debt of the District, and must be purchased with the expectation that it will be held to maturity.

Investments may only be made through specified dealers and institutions. Payment for investments may be made only upon delivery of the securities representing the investments to the treasurer or qualified trustee or, if the securities are not represented by a certificate, upon receipt of confirmation of transfer from the custodian.

Cash on Hand At year end, the School District had \$160 in undeposited cash on had which is included on the balance sheet of the School District as part of "equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents".

The following information classifies deposits and investments by categories of risk as defined in GASB Statement No. 3, *Deposits With Financial Institutions, Investments (including Repurchase Agreements), and Reverse Repurchase Agreements.*

Deposits At year end, the carrying amount of the School District's deposits was \$13,913 and the bank balance was \$198,963. Of the bank balance:

- 1. \$100,217 was covered by federal depository insurance; and
- 2. \$98,746 was uninsured and uncollateralized. Although all state statutory requirements for the deposit of money had been followed, non-compliance with federal requirements could potentially subject the School District to a successful claim by the FDIC.

NOTE 5 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (continued)

Investments The School District's investments are required to be categorized to give an indication of the level of rick assumed by the School District at year end. Category 1 includes investments that are insured or registered or for which the securities are held by the School District or its agent in the School District's name. Category 2 includes uninsured and unregistered investments for which the securities are held by the counterparty's trust department or agent in the School District's name. Category 3 includes uninsured and unregistered investments for which the securities are held by the counterparty, or by its trust department or agent but not in the School District's name.

	Category 3	Carrying Amount	Fair Value
Investments:			
Repurchase Agreements	\$4,541,000	\$4,541,000	\$4,541,000
Total Investments	\$4,541,000	\$4,541,000	\$4,541,000

The classification of cash and cash equivalents, and investments on the combined financial statements is based on criteria set forth in GASB Statement No. 9. *Reporting Cash Flows of Proprietary and Non-Expendable Trust Funds and Governmental Entities That Use Proprietary Fund Accounting*.

A reconciliation between the classifications of cash and investments on the combined financial statements and the classifications of deposits and investments presented above per GASB Statement No. 3 is as follows:

	Cash and Cash Equivalents/Deposits	Investments
GASB Statement 9	\$4,555,073	\$0
Cash on Hand	(160)	0
Investments:		
Repurchase Agreements	(4,541,000)	4,541,000
GASB Statement 3	\$13,913	\$4,541,000

NOTE 6 - PROPERTY TAXES

Property taxes are levied and assessed on a calendar year basis. Second half distributions occur in a new fiscal year. Property taxes include amounts levied against all real, public utility, and tangible personal (used in business) property located in the School District. Real property taxes are levied after April 1 on the assessed value listed as of the prior January 1, the lien date. Public utility property taxes attached as a lien on December 31 of the prior year, were levied April 1 and are collected with real property taxes. Assessed values for real property taxes are established by State law at 35 percent of appraised market value. All property at 88 percent of true value (with certain exceptions) and on real property at 35 percent of true value. Tangible personal property taxes are levied after April 1 on the value listed as of December 31 of the current year. Tangible personal property assessments are 25 percent of true value.

Real property taxes are payable annually or semi-annually. If paid annually, payment is due December 31; if paid semi-annually, the first payment is due December 31 with the remainder payable by June 20. Under certain circumstances, State statute permits alternate payment dates to be established.

NOTE 6 - PROPERTY TAXES (continued)

Tangible personal property taxes paid by multi-county taxpayers are due September 20. Single county taxpayers may pay annually or semi-annually. If paid annually, payment is due April 30; if paid semi-annually, the first payment is due April 30, with the remainder payable by September 20.

The School District receives property taxes from Scioto County. The County Auditor periodically advances to the School District its portion of the taxes collected. Second-half real property tax payments collected by the County by June 30, 2002, are available to finance fiscal year 2002 operations. The amount available to be advanced can vary based on the date the tax bills are sent.

Accrued property taxes receivable represents delinquent taxes outstanding and real property, tangible personal property, and public utility taxes which became measurable as of June 30, 2002. Although total property tax collections for the next fiscal year are measurable, only the amount available as an advance at June 30 is intended to finance current fiscal year operations.

The receivable is therefore offset by a credit to deferred revenue for that portion not intended to finance current year operations. The amount available as an advance at June 30, 2002, was \$166,116 in the General Fund and \$60,414 in the Permanent Improvement Capital Projects Fund.

The assessed values upon which fiscal year 2002 taxes were collected are:

	2001 Second- Half Collections		2002 First- Half Collections	
	Amount	Percent	Amount	Percent
Agricultural/Residential and Other Real Estate	\$537,689,870	76.73%	\$605,517,010	79.23%
Public Utility	82,986,140	11.84%	75,689,630	9.90%
Tangible Personal Property	80,147,510	11.43%	83,091,270	10.87%
Total Assessed Value	\$700,823,520	100.00%	\$764,297,910	100.00%
Tax rate per \$1,000 of assessed valuation	\$5.37		\$5.37	

NOTE 7 - RECEIVABLES

Receivables at June 30, 2002, consisted of property taxes and accounts (rent, billings for user charged services, and student fees) and intergovernmental grants. All receivables are considered collectible in full due to the ability to foreclose for the nonpayment of taxes, the stable condition of State programs, and the current fiscal year guarantee of federal funds. A summary of the principal items of intergovernmental receivables follows:

Special Revenue Funds	
21 st Century Grant	\$9,968,469
Carl Perkins	366,831
Title VI	2,695
Total Intergovernmental Receivable	<u>\$10,337,995</u>

NOTE 8 - FIXED ASSETS

A summary of the enterprise funds' fixed assets at June 30, 2002, follows:

Furniture and Equipment	\$433,582
Less Accumulated Depreciation	(266,971)
Net Fixed Assets	\$166,611

A summary of the changes in general fixed assets during fiscal year 2002 follows:

Asset Category	Balance at 6/30/01	Additions	Deletions	Balance at 6/30/02
Land and Improvements	\$567,834	\$0	\$0	\$567,834
Buildings and Improvements	3,838,661	0	0	3,838,661
Furniture, Fixtures and Equipment	2,156,533	148,542	0	2,305,075
Textbooks	292,612	0	0	292,612
Assets held under Capital Lease	270,865	0	0	270,865
Vehicles	48,161	14,000	0	62,161
Totals	\$7,174,666	\$162,542	\$0	\$7,337,208

NOTE 9 - RISK MANAGEMENT

The School District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft or damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. During fiscal year 2002, the School District contracted with Nationwide Mutual Insurance Company for property and fleet insurance and liability insurance. Coverages provided by Nationwide Mutual Insurance Company are as follows:

Building and Contents-replacement cost	
(\$25,000 deductible)	\$16,890,141
Boiler and Machinery (\$25,000 deductible)	No limit
Automobile Liability (\$100 deductible)	100,000
General Liability	
Per occurrence	2,000,000
Total per year	5,000,000

Settled claims have not exceeded this commercial coverage in any of the past three years. There has been no significant change in coverage from last year.

For fiscal year 2002, the School District participated in the Ohio School Boards Association Workers' Compensation Group Grating Program (the Plan), an insurance purchasing pool (Note 14). The Plan is intended to reduce premiums for the participants. The workers' compensation experience of the participating school districts is calculated as one experience and a common premium rate is applied to all school districts in the Plan. Each participant pays its rate. Total savings are then calculated and each participant's individual performance is compared to the overall savings of the Plan.

NOTE 9 - RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)

A participant will then either receive money from or be required to contribute to the "equity pooling fund." This "equity pooling fund" arrangement insures that each participant shares equally in the overall performance of the Plan. Participation in the Plan is limited to school districts that can meet the Plan's selection criteria. The school districts apply for participation each year. The firm of Gates McDonald and Co. provides administrative, cost control, and actuarial services to the Plan. Each year, the School District pays an enrollment fee to the Plan to cover the costs of administering the program.

The School District is a member of the Scioto County Regional Council of Governments, a public entity risk pool (Note 16), consisting of school districts within the county offering medical and dental insurance to their employees. Monthly premiums are paid to the Scioto County Educational Service Center as fiscal agent, who in turns pays the claims on the School District's behalf.

NOTE 10 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS

A. School Employees Retirement System

The School District contributes to the School Employees Retirement System of Ohio (SERS), a cost-sharing multipleemployer defined pension plan. SERS provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided by state statute per Chapter 3309 of the Ohio Revised Code. The School Employees Retirement System issues a publicly available, standalone financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained by writing to SERS, 300 East Broad Street, Suite 100, Columbus, Ohio 43215-3746 or by calling (614)222-5853.

Plan members are required to contribute 9 percent of their annual covered salary and the School District is required to contribute an actuarially determined rate. The current rate is 14 percent of annual covered payroll. The contribution requirements of plan members and employers are established and may be amended, up to statutory maximum amounts, by the SERS Retirement Board. The School District's contributions to SERS for the fiscal years ending June 30, 2000, 2001 and 2002 were \$85,944, \$60,197 and \$52,443 respectively, 12 percent has been contributed for fiscal year 2002, and 100 percent for the fiscal years 2001 and 2000. \$44,427 representing the unpaid contribution for fiscal year 2002, is recorded as a liability within the respective funds and the general long-term obligations account group.

B. State Teachers Retirement System

The School District contributes to the State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio (STRS), a cost-sharing multiple employer public employee retirement system administered by the State Teachers Retirement Board. STRS provides basic retirement benefits, disability, survivor, and health care benefits based on eligible service credit to members and beneficiaries. Benefits are established by Chapter 3307 of the Ohio Revised Code. STRS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. The report may be obtained by writing to the State Teachers Retirement System, 275 East Broad Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215-3371 or by calling (614)227-4090.

Plan members are required to contribute 9.3 percent of their annual covered salary and the School District is required to contribute 14 percent; 9.5 percent was the portion used to fund pension obligations. Contribution rates are established by STRS, upon recommendation of its consulting actuary, not to exceed statutory maximum rates of 10 percent for members and 14 percent for employers. The District's contribution for pension obligations to STRS for the fiscal years ending June 30, 2000, 2001 and 2002 were \$145,157,\$377,943 and \$404,053 respectively, 84 percent has been contributed for fiscal year 2002 and 100 percent for the fiscal years 2001 and 2000. \$39,903 representing the unpaid contribution for fiscal year 2002, is recorded as a liability within the respective funds.

NOTE 10 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (continued)

C. Social Security System

Effective July 1, 1991, all employees not otherwise covered by the School Employees Retirement System or the State Teachers Retirement System have an option to choose Social Security or the School Employees Retirement System/State Teachers Retirement System. As of June 30, 2002, three members of the Board of Education has elected Social Security. The Board's liability is 6.2 percent of wages paid.

NOTE 11 - POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

The School District provides comprehensive health care benefits to retired teachers and their dependents through the State Teachers Retirement System (STRS), and to retired non-certified employees and their dependents through the School Employees Retirement System (SERS). Benefits include hospitalization, physicians' fees, prescription drugs and reimbursement of monthly medicare premiums. Benefit provisions and the obligation to contribute are established by the Systems based on authority granted by State statute. Both systems are funded on a pay-as-you-go basis.

All STRS benefit recipients and sponsored dependents are eligible for health care coverage. The State Teachers Retirement Board has statutory authority over how much, if any, of the health care costs will be absorbed by STRS. Most benefit recipients pay a portion of the health care cost in the form of a monthly premium. By Ohio law, the cost of coverage paid from STRS funds shall be included in the employer contribution rate, currently 14 percent of covered payroll. For fiscal year 2001, and after, the STRS Board allocated employer contributions equal to 4.5 percent of covered payroll to the Health Care Reserve Fund. For the School District, this amount equaled \$201,830 during fiscal year 2002.

STRS pays health care benefits from the Health Care Reserve Fund. The balance in the Fund was \$3,256 million at June 30, 2001 (the latest information available). For the year ended June 30, 2001, net health care costs paid by STRS were \$300,772,000 and STRS had 102,132 eligible benefits recipients.

For SERS, coverage is made available to service retirees with ten or more fiscal years of qualifying service credit, disability, and survivor benefit recipients. Members retiring on or after August 1, 1989, with less than twenty-five years of service credit must pay a portion of their premium for health care. The portion is based on years of service up to a maximum of 75 percent of the premium.

After the allocation for basic benefits, the remainder of the employer's 14 percent contribution is allocated to providing health care benefits. For this fiscal year, employer contributions to fund health care benefits were 8.45 percent of covered payroll. In addition, SERS levies a surcharge to fund health care benefits equal to 14 percent of the difference between a minimum pay and the member's pay, pro-rated for partial service credit. For fiscal year 2002, the minimum pay has been established at \$12,400. The surcharge, added to the unallocated portion of the 14 percent employer contribution rate, provides for maintenance of the asset target level for the health care fund. The portion of the employer contributions that were used to fund postemployment benefits was \$1,097,601.

The target level for the health care reserve is 150 percent of annual health care expenses. Expenses for health care at June 30, 2001 were \$161,439,934 and the target level was \$242.2 million. At June 30, 2001 SERS had net assets available for payment of health care benefits of \$315.7 million. SERS has approximately 50,000 participants currently receiving health care benefits.

NOTE 12 - EMPLOYEE BENEFITS

A. Compensated Absences

The criteria for determining vacation and sick leave components are derived from negotiated agreements and State laws. Classified employees earn ten to twenty days of vacation per fiscal year, depending upon length of service. Accumulated, unused vacation time is paid to classified employees and administrators upon termination of employment.

Teachers do not earn vacation time. Teachers, administrators, and classified employees earn sick leave at the rate of one and one-fourth days per month. Sick leave may be accumulated up to a maximum of 150 days for all personnel. Upon retirement, payment is made for thirty percent of accrued, but unused sick leave credit to a maximum of 45 days for classified employees and 45 days for certified employees.

B. Life Insurance

Energy Conservation Loan 1994 6.20%

Pension Obligations

Capital Lease

Obligations

Total Long-Term Loans

Compensated Absences

Total General Long-Term

The School District provides life insurance and accidental death and dismemberment insurance to most employees through CoreSource.

NOTE 13 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

Scioto County JVS Energy Conservation Loan - On December 1, 1995, Scioto County Joint Vocational School District issued \$1,200,000 in unvoted general obligation notes for the purpose of providing energy conservation measures for the School District, under the authority of Ohio Revised Code sections 133.06(G) and 3313.372. The notes were issued for a eight year period with final maturity during fiscal year 2004. The debt will be retired from property taxes.

0

0

0

119,612

12,919

\$132,531

130,000

130,000

108,198

62,253

\$300,451

0

260,000

260,000

119,612

12,557

315,614

\$707,783

The changes in the School District's long-term	obligations c	luring fiscal year	2002 were as follows:	
Prir	ncipal			Principal
Outst	tanding			Outstanding
6/3	80/01	Additions	Deductions	6/30/02

390,000

390,000

108,198

74,810

302,695

\$875,703

The changes in the School District's long-term obligations during fiscal year 2002 were as follows:

The School District's voted legal debt margin was \$68,526,812 with an unvoted debt margin of \$764,298 at June 30, 2002.

NOTE 13 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (continued)

Eigenl woor

Principal and interest requirements to retire general obligation debt outstanding at June 30, 2002, are as follows:

riscal year			
Ending June 30,	Principal	Interest	Total
2003	130,000	12,090	142,090
2004	130,000	4,030	134,030
Total	\$260,000	\$16,120	\$276,120

Debt outstanding on June 30, 2002 consisted of the following:

Date of Issue	Interest Rate	Maturity Date	Balance 07/01/01	Additions	Deletions	Balance 06/30/2002
07/07/1999	5.59%	10/01/04	\$1,120,000	0	\$280,000	\$840,000

Outstanding Tax Anticipation Notes were issued for school building improvements. Tax Anticipation Notes are direct obligations of the District for which its full faith, credit and resources are pledged and are payable from taxes levied on all taxable property in the District.

A summary of the District's future amortization of debt funding requirements as of June 30, 2002, follows:

Year of Funding	Principal	Interest	Total
2003	280,000	39,130	319,130
2004	280,000	23,478	303,478
2005	280,000	7,826	287,826
Total	\$840,000	\$70,434	\$910,434

Under Ohio law, a debt retirement fund must be created and used for the payment of tax anticipation notes. Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires the reporting of the liability in the funds that received the proceeds. To comply with GAAP reporting requirements, the activity of the School District's debt service fund has been split among the appropriate funds. Debt service fund resources used to pay both principal and interest have also been allocated accordingly.

NOTE 14 - GROUP PURCHASING POOL

Ohio School Boards Association Workers' Compensation Group Rating Plan - The School District participates in a group rating plan for workers' compensation as established under section 4123.29 of the Ohio Revised Code. The Ohio School Boards Association Workers' Compensation Group Rating Program (WCGRP) was established through the Ohio School Boards Association (OSBA) as a group purchasing pool.

The WCGRP's business and affairs are conducted by a three member Board of directors consisting of the President, the President-Elect and the Immediate Past President of the OSBA. The Executive Director of the OSBA, or his designee, serves as coordinator of the program. Each year, the participating school districts pay an enrollment fee to the WCGRP to cover the costs of administering the program.

NOTE 15 - SEGMENT INFORMATION FOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS

The School District maintains two enterprise funds to account for the operations of food service and adult education. The table below reflects the more significant financial data relating to the enterprise funds of the Scioto County Joint Vocational School District as of and for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2002.

			Total
	Food	Adult	Enterprise
	Service	Education	Funds
Operating Revenues	\$67,063	\$963,844	\$1,030,907
Operating Expenses			
less Depreciation	182,429	1,524,426	1,706,855
Depreciation Expense	6,679	31,675	38,372
Operating Income (Loss)	(122,063)	(592,258)	(714,320)
Donated Commodities	12,193	0	12,193
Operating Grants	24,171	597,846	622,017
Operating Transfers - Net	75,717	0	75,717
Net Income	(9,662)	5,589	(4,073)
Net Working Capital	(17,628)	629,422	611,794
Total Assets	81,762	870,860	952,620
Total Equity	48,798	729,609	778,405
Encumbrances 2002	0	19,724	19,724

NOTE 16 - JOINTLY GOVERNED ORGANIZATIONS

South Central Ohio Computer Association - The School District is a participant in the South Central Ohio Computer Association (SCOCA) which is a computer consortium. SCOCA is an association of public school districts within the boundaries of Highland, Adams, Pike, Scioto, Brown, Ross, and Lawrence Counties. The organization was formed for the purpose of applying modern technology with the aid of computers and other electronic equipment to administrative and instructional functions among member school districts.

The governing board of SCOCA consists of two representatives from each county elected by majority vote of all charter member school districts within each county plus one representative from the fiscal agent. The School District paid SCOCA \$18,292 for services provided during the year. Financial information can be obtained from the Pike County JVS, Piketon, Ohio 45661.

Scioto County Regional Council of Governments - The Scioto County Regional Council of Governments, a public entity risk pool, currently operates to provide health insurance coverage to enrolled employees of the consortium members and to eligible dependents of those enrolled employees. Several Scioto County school districts have entered into an agreement with the Scioto County Educational Service Center to form the Scioto County Regional Council of Governments. The overall objectives of the council are to formulate and administer a program of health insurance for the benefit of the council members' employees and their dependents, to obtain lower costs for health coverage, and to secure cost control by implementing a program of comprehensive loss control. The Scioto County Regional Council of Governments, a jointly governed organization, is a distinct political subdivision of the State of Ohio operated under the direction of a Board of Directors, consisting of superintendents from the participating school districts.

Accordingly, the Scioto County Regional Council of Governments is not part of the District and its operations are not included as part of the reporting entity. To obtain financial information, write to the Scioto County Educational Service Center at Fourth and Court Streets, Portsmouth, Ohio 45662.

NOTE 17 - STATE SCHOOL FUNDING DECISION

On September 6, 2001, the Ohio Supreme Court issued its third opinion regarding the State's school funding plan. The decision identified aspects of the current plan that require modification if the plan is to be considered constitutional, including:

- , A change in the school districts that are used as the basis for determining the base cost support amount. Any change in the amount of funds distributed to school districts as a result of this change must be retroactive to July 1, 2001, although a time line for distribution is not specified.
- , Fully funding parity aid no later than the beginning of fiscal year 2004 rather than fiscal year 2006.

The Supreme Court relinquished jurisdiction over the case based on anticipated compliance with its order.

The State of Ohio, in a motion filed September 17, 2001, asked the Court to reconsider and clarify the parts of the decision changing in the school districts that are used as the basis for determining the base cost support amount and the requirement that changes be made retroactive to July 1, 2001. In November, 2001, the Court granted the request for reconsideration, but also ordered the parties to participate in a settlement conference with a court appointed mediator. On March 21, 2002, the mediator issued his final report indicating that the conference was unable to produce a settlement. The case is now under reconsideration by the Court.

As of the date of these financial statements, the School District is unable to determine what effect, if any, this decision will have on its future State funding and on its financial operations.

NOTE 18 - CONTINGENCIES

The School District received financial assistance from federal and state agencies in the form of grants. The expenditure of funds received under these programs generally requires compliance with terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements and is subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims resulting from such audits could become a liability of the General Fund or other applicable funds. However, in the opinion of management, any such disallowed claims will not have a material adverse effect on the overall financial position of the School District at June 30, 2002.

NOTE 19 - CAPITALIZED LEASES - LESSEE DISCLOSURE

The School District has entered into a capital lease for computers and a copier. Both leases meet the criteria of a capital lease as defined by Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 13, *Accounting for Leases*, which defines a capital lease generally as one which transfers benefits and risks of ownership to the lessee. Capital lease payments have been reclassified and are reflected as debt service expenditures in the combined financial statements for the governmental funds. These expenditures are reported as function expenditures on the budgetary statements.

General fixed assets consisting of equipment have been capitalized in the general fixed assets account group in the amount of \$270,865. This amount represents the present value of the minimum lease payments at the time of acquisition. A corresponding liability was recorded in the general long-term debt account group. Principal payments in fiscal year 2002 totaled \$62,253 in the governmental funds.

NOTE 19 - CAPITALIZED LEASES - LESSEE DISCLOSURE (continued)

The following is a schedule of the future long-term minimum lease payments required under the capital lease and the present value of the minimum lease payments as of June 30, 2002:

Year Ending June 30,	Long-Term Debt
2003	14,250
Total Minimum Lease Payments	14,250
Less: Amount Representing Interest	(1,693)
Present Value of Minimum Lease Payments	<u>\$ 12,557</u>

NOTE 20 - STATUTORY RESERVES

The School District is required by State statute to annually set aside in the general fund an amount based on a statutory formula for the purchase of textbooks and other instructional materials and an equal amount for the acquisition or construction of capital improvements. Amounts not spent by year-end or offset by similarly restricted resources received during the year must be held in restricted cash at year-end and carried forward to be used for the same purposes in future years.

The following information describes the change in the year-end set-aside amounts for textbooks and capital acquisition. Disclosure of this information is required by State statute.

	Textbook Reserve	Capital Maintenance Reserve	Total
Cash Balance 07/01/2001	\$0	\$201,819	\$201,819
Current Year Set-Aside Requirement	70,666	70,666	141,332
Offset Credits and Pr. Yr. Carryover	(341,847)	0	(341,847)
Qualifying Expenditures	(452,488)	0	(452,488)
Balance Carried Forward to FY 2002	\$(723,669)	\$272,485	\$(451,184)
Set Aside Reserve Cash Balance as of June 30, 2002	\$0	\$272,485	\$272,485

The School District had offset and qualifying disbursements during the year that reduced the set-aside amounts below zero in the Textbooks Reserve, these extra amounts may be carried forward and used to reduce the set-aside requirements of future years.

Scioto County Joint Vocational School District Scioto County

Schedule of Federal Awards Expenditures For the Year Ended June 30, 2002

Federal Grantor/ Pass Through Grantor/ Program Title	Pass Through Entity Number	Federal CFDA Number	Receipts	Non-Cash Receipts	Disbursements	Non-Cash Disbursements
United States Department of Agriculture	-					
Passed through Ohio Department of Education Nutrition Cluster:						
	NA	10.550	\$0	¢10.005	\$0	¢10,100
Food Distribution Program			ەن 22.329	\$12,335 0		\$12,193
National School Lunch Program	LL-P4 2001	10.555	22,329	0	22,329	0
Total United States Department of Agriculture - Nutrition Clu	ster		22,329	12,335	22,329	12,193
United States Department of Education	_					
Direct from the Federal Agency						
Student Financial Aid Cluster:						
Pell Grant Program	Ν	84.063	365,064	0	366,017	0
Guaranteed Student Loans	Ν	84.032	0	370,900	0	370,900
Total Student Financial Aid Cluster			365,064	370,900	366,017	370,900
21st Century Grant	N	84.287	6,562,000	0	6,317,871	0
Passed through Ohio Department of Education					, ,	
VOCED Basic Grant	20-C2 2001	84.048	26,780	0	526,873	0
Eisenhower Professional Development Grant	MS-S1 2000	84.281	1,028	0	1,393	0
Innovative Education Program Strategy	C2-S1 2001	84.298	0	0	3,369	0
Total United States Department of Education			6,954,872	370,900	7,215,523	370,900
United States Department of Labor						
Passed through the Jackson City School District	-					
Appalachian Vocational & Other Educational						
School to Work	NA	17.249	0	0	2.275	0
			· · ·		_,	C C
United States Department of Health & Human Services	_					
Passed through the Ohio Department of Education						
Learn & Serve America - School & Community Based Programs	SV-S2 98	94.004	0	0	743	0
Total Federal Financial Assistance			\$6,977,201	\$383,235	\$7,240,870	\$383,093

NA - Pass Through Entity is Not Available

N - Direct from the Federal Government

See Accompanying Notes to the Schedule of Federal Awards Expenditures

SCIOTO COUNTY JOINT VOCATIONAL SCHOOL DISTRICT SCIOTO COUNTY JUNE 30, 2002

NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF FEDERAL AWARDS EXPENDITURES

NOTE A - - SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accompanying schedule of federal awards expenditures is a summary of the activity of the District's federal award programs. The schedule has been prepared on the cash basis of accounting.

NOTE B - - FOOD DISTRIBUTIONS

Nonmonetary assistance is reported in the schedule at the fair market value of the commodities received and disbursed. Monies are commingled with State grants. It is assumed federal monies are expended first. At June 30, 2002, the District had no significant food commodities in inventory.

NOTE C - GUARANTEED STUDENT LOANS

Nonmonetary assistance is reported in the schedule at the dollar amount of guaranteed student loans disbursed.

BALESTRA & COMPANY CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS 528 South West Street, P.O. Box 687 Piketon, Ohio 45661

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Ohio Society of Certified Public Accountants

Report on Compliance and on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance With Government Auditing Standards

Members of the Board Scioto County Joint Vocational School District P.O. Box 766 Lucasville, Ohio 45648

We have audited the general-purpose financial statements of the Scioto County Joint Vocational School District (the District). Scioto County, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2002, and have issued our report thereon dated October 3, 2002. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Compliance

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Scioto County Joint Vocational School District's general-purpose financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grants, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of general-purpose financial statement amounts. However, providing and opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance that are required to be reported under Government Auditing Standards.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered Scioto County Joint Vocational School District's internal control over financial reporting in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the general-purpose financial statements and not to provide assurance on the internal control over financial reporting. Our consideration of the internal control over financial reporting would not necessarily disclose all matters in the internal control over financial reporting that might be material weaknesses. A material weakness is a condition in which the design or operation of one or more of the internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that misstatements in amounts that would be material in relation to the financial statements being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions. We noted no matters involving the internal control over financial reporting and its operation that we consider to be material weaknesses.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the audit committee, management, members of the Board, federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Balestra & Company Balestra & Company

October 3, 2002

BALESTRA & COMPANY CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS 528 South West Street, P.O. Box 687 Piketon, Ohio 45661

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Ohio Society of Certified Public Accountants

Report on Compliance With Requirements Applicable to Each Major Program and on Internal Control Over Compliance in Accordance With OMB Circular A-133

Members of the Board Scioto County Joint Vocational School District P.O. Box 766 Lucasville, Ohio 45648

Compliance

We have audited the compliance of the Scioto County Joint Vocational School District with the types of compliance requirements described in the U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Circular A-133 Compliance Supplement that are applicable to each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2002. Scioto County Joint Vocational School District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. Compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts and grants applicable to each of its major federal programs is the responsibility of Scioto County Joint Vocational School District's compliance based on our audit.

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. Those standards and OMB Circular A-133 require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about Scioto County Joint Vocational School District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of Scioto County Joint Vocational School District's compliance with those requirements.

In our opinion, Scioto County Joint Vocational School District complied, in all material respects, with the requirements referred to above that are applicable to each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2002.

Internal Control Over Compliance

The management of Scioto County Joint Vocational School District is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with requirements of laws, regulations, contracts and grants applicable to federal programs. In planning and performing our audit, we considered Scioto County Joint Vocational School District's internal control over compliance with requirements that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on compliance and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with OMB Circular A-133.

Members of the Board Scioto County Joint Vocational School District Lucasville, Ohio 45648 Report on Compliance With Requirements Applicable to Each Major Program and on Internal Control Over Compliance in Accordance With OMB Circular A-133 Page 2

Our consideration of the internal control over compliance would not necessarily disclose all matters in the internal control that might be material weaknesses. A material weakness is a condition in which the design or operation of one or more of the internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that noncompliance with applicable requirements of laws, regulations, contracts and grants that would be material in relation to a major federal program being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions. We noted no matters involving the internal control over compliance and its operation that we consider to be material weaknesses.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the audit committee, management, members of the Board, federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Balestra & Company Balestra & Company

October 3, 2002

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS OMB CIRCULAR A-133 SECTION .505

SCIOTO COUNTY JOINT VOCATIONAL SCHOOL DISTRICT SCIOTO COUNTY JUNE 30, 2002

1. SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

(d)(1)(i)	Type of Financial Statement Opinion	Unqualified
(d)(1)(ii)	Were there any material control weakness conditions reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
(d)(1)(ii)	Were there any other reportable control weakness conditions reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
(d)(1)(iii)	Was there any reported noncompliance at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
(d)(1)(iv)	Were there any material internal control weakness conditions reported for major federal programs?	No
(d)(1)(iv)	Were there any other reportable internal control weakness conditions reported for major federal programs?	No
(d)(1)(v)	Type of Major Programs' Compliance Opinion	Unqualified
(d)(1)(vi)	Are there any reportable findings under section .510?	No
(d)(1)(vii)	Major Programs (list):	21 st Century Grant, CFDA #82.287 & Vocational Education Program CFDA # 84.048
(d)(1)(viii)	Dollar Threshold: Type A\B Programs	Type A: > \$300,000 Type B: all others
(d)(1)(ix)	Low Risk Auditee?	Yes

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS OMB CIRCULAR A-133 SECTION .505

SCIOTO COUNTY JOINT VOCATIONAL SCHOOL DISTRICT SCIOTO COUNTY JUNE 30, 2002

2. FINDINGS RELATED TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS

Finding Number	None
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3. FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR FEDERAL AWARDS

Finding Number	None
CFDA Title and Number	
Federal Award Number/Year	
Federal Agency	
Pass-Through Agency	



STATE OF OHIO OFFICE OF THE AUDITOR

JIM PETRO, AUDITOR OF STATE

88 East Broad Street P.O. Box 1140 Columbus, Ohio 43216-1140

Telephone 614-466-4514 800-282-0370

Facsimile 614-466-4490

SCIOTO COUNTY JOINT VOCATIONAL SCHOOL DISTRICT

SCIOTO COUNTY

CLERK'S CERTIFICATION

This is a true and correct copy of the report which is required to be filed in the Office of the Auditor of State pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in Columbus, Ohio.

Susan Babbett

CLERK OF THE BUREAU

CERTIFIED NOVEMBER 26, 2002