ROSS COUNTY

SINGLE AUDIT

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2001

J. L. Uhrig & Associates, Inc.

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

78 North Plaza Blvd. Chillicothe, Ohio 45601



STATE OF OHIO OFFICE OF THE AUDITOR

JIM PETRO, AUDITOR OF STATE

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Board of Education Scioto Valley Local School District 757 Jackson Street Richmond Dale, OH 45673

We have reviewed the Independent Auditor's Report of the Scioto Valley Local School District, Ross County, prepared by J. L. Uhrig & Associates, Inc., for the audit period July 1, 2000 to June 30, 2001. Based upon this review, we have accepted these reports in lieu of the audit required by Section 117.11, Revised Code. The Auditor of State did not audit the accompanying financial statements and, accordingly, we are unable to express, and do not express an opinion on them.

Our review was made in reference to the applicable sections of legislative criteria, as reflected by the Ohio Constitution, and the Revised Code, policies, procedures and guidelines of the Auditor of State, regulations and grant requirements. The Scioto Valley Local School District is responsible for compliance with these laws and regulations.

JIM PETRO Auditor of State

February 1, 2002

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Certified Public Accountants

78 North Plaza Blvd. Chillicothe, OH 45601 (740) 775-8448 Fax: (740) 775-8442

Independent Auditor's Report

Board of Education Scioto Valley Local School District 757 Jackson Street Richmond Dale, Ohio 45673

We have audited the accompanying general purpose financial statements of the Scioto Valley Local School District (the District) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2001. These general purpose financial statements are the responsibility of the District's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these general purpose financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the general purpose financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the general purpose financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall general purpose financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the general purpose financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the District as of June 30, 2001, and the results of its operations and cash flows of its proprietary fund type for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued a report dated December 7, 2001 on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grants. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* and should be read in conjunction with this report when considering the results of our audit.

Our audit was performed for the purpose of forming an opinion on the general purpose financial statements of the District, taken as a whole. The accompanying schedule of federal awards expenditures required by U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments and Non-Profit Organizations* is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the general purpose financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the general purpose financial statements taken as a whole.

J. L. Uhrig & Associates, I nc.

J. L. UHRIG AND ASSOCIATES, INC. Certified Public Accountants

December 7, 2001

Combined Balance Sheet All Fund Types and Account Groups June 30, 2001 (continued)

	GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES				
	General	Special Revenue	Debt Service	Capital Projects	
Assets and Other Debits:					
<u>Assets:</u>					
Equity in Pooled Cash and					
Cash Equivalents	\$481,127	\$327,982	\$211,983	\$8,780,425	
Cash and Cash Equivalents					
with Fiscal Agents	0	0	0	0	
Receivables:					
Property Taxes	1,149,813	26,914	305,845	0	
Income Taxes	286,781	0	0	0	
Accounts	109	188	0	0	
Intergovernmental	0	154,399	0	15,641,623	
Interfund	119,861	0	0	0	
Prepaid Items	16,165	0	0	0	
Materials and Supplies Inventory	21,269	9,013	0	0	
Restricted Assets:					
Equity in Pooled Cash and					
Cash Equivalents	108,538	0	0	0	
Fixed Assets	0	0	0	0	
<u>Other Debits:</u>					
Amount Available in Debt Service					
Fund for Retirement of General					
Obligation Bonds	0	0	0	0	
Amount to be Provided from					
General Government Resources	0	0	0	0	
Total Assets and Other Debits	\$2,183,663	\$518,496	\$517,828	\$24,422,048	
				\$24,422	

PROPRIETARY FUND TYPE	FIDUCIARY FUND TYPE	ACCOUNT	GROUPS	
Internal Service	Agency	General Fixed Assets	General Long-Term Obligations	Totals (Memorandum Only)
\$33,173	\$26,238	\$0	\$0	\$9,860,928
7,477	0	0	0	7,477
0	0	0	0	1,482,572
0	0	0	0	286,781
0	0	0	0	297
41,204	0	0	0	15,837,226
0	0	0	0	119,861
0	0	0	0	16,165
0	0	0	0	30,282
0	0	0	0	108,538
0	0	8,844,716	0	8,844,716
0	0	0	230,834	230,834
0	0	0	4,351,572	4,351,572
\$81,854	\$26,238	\$8,844,716	\$4,582,406	\$41,177,249

See accompanying notes to the general purpose financial statements

(continued)

Combined Balance Sheet All Fund Types and Account Groups June 30, 2001 (continued)

	GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES				
	General	Special Revenue	Debt Service	Capital Projects	
Liabilities,					
Fund Equity and Other Credits:					
<u>Liabilities:</u>					
Accounts Payable	\$23,610	\$3,840	\$0	\$44,488	
Contracts Payable	0	0	0	396,334	
Accrued Wages and Benefits	526,762	109,631	0	0	
Compensated Absences Payable	6,020	0	0	0	
Retainage Payable	0	0	0	41,668	
Interfund Payable	0	79,424	0	40,437	
Intergovernmental Payable	132,084	4,550	0	32,250	
Deferred Revenue	1,073,166	133,732	286,994	15,577,927	
Undistributed Monies	0	0	0	0	
Claims Payable	0	0	0	0	
Capital Leases Payable	0	0	0	0	
Energy Conservation Loan Payable	0	0	0	0	
General Obligation Bonds Payable	0	0	0	0	
Total Liabilities	1,761,642	331,177	286,994	16,133,104	
Fund Equity and Other Credits:					
Investment in General Fixed Assets	0	0	0	0	
Retained Earnings:					
Unreserved (Deficit)	0	0	0	0	
Fund Balance:					
Reserved for Encumbrances	326,073	74,297	0	869,663	
Reserved for Inventory	21,269	9,013	0	0	
Reserved for Property Taxes	76,647	1,830	18,851	0	
Reserved for Budget Stabilization	52,374	0	0	0	
Reserved for Textbooks	1,390	0	0	0	
Reserved for Capital Improvements	6,946	0	0	0	
Reserved for School Bus Purchases	47,828	0	0	0	
Unreserved, Undesignated (Deficit)	(110,506)	102,179	211,983	7,419,281	
Total Fund Equity (Deficit)					
and Other Credits	422,021	187,319	230,834	8,288,944	
Total Liabilities, Fund Equity					
and Other Credits	\$2,183,663	\$518,496	\$517,828	\$24,422,048	

	GROUPS	ACCOUNT	FIDUCIARY FUND TYPE	PROPRIETARY FUND TYPE
Totals	General	General		
(Memorandum	Long-Term	Fixed		Internal
Only)	Obligations	Assets	Agency	Service
\$71,938	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
396,334	0	0	0	0
636,393	0	0	0	0
340,138	334,118	0	0	0
41,668	0	0	0	0
119,861	0	0	0	0
228,251	59,367	0	0	0
17,071,819	0	0	0	0
26,238	0	0	26,238	0
233,816	0	0	0	233,816
95,665	95,665	0	0	0
110,000	110,000	0	0	0
3,983,256	3,983,256	0	0	0
23,355,377	4,582,406	0	26,238	233,816
8,844,716	0	8,844,716	0	0
(151,962)	0	0	0	(151,962)
1,270,033	0	0	0	0
30,282	0	0	0	0
97,328	0	0	0	0
52,374	0	0	0	0
1,390	0	0	0	0
6,946	0	0	0	0
47,828	0	0	0	0
7,622,937	0	0	0	0
17,821,872	0	8,844,716	0	(151,962)
\$41,177,249	\$4,582,406	\$8,844,716	\$26,238	\$81,854

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SCIOTO VALLEY LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT Combined Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances

All Governmental Fund Types For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2001

		Special	Debt	Capital	Totals (Memorandum
	General	Revenue	Service	Projects	Only)
<u>Revenues:</u>					
Property Taxes	\$1,187,281	\$27,324	\$314,525	\$0	\$1,529,130
Income Tax	560,477	0	0	0	560,477
Intergovernmental	4,656,323	1,004,861	32,086	5,525,981	11,219,251
Interest	96,808	573	7,849	290,713	395,943
Tuition and Fees	21,975	2,871	0	0	24,846
Rent	42,581	0	0	0	42,581
Extracurricular Activities	0	117,056	0	0	117,056
Gifts and Donations	0	12,402	0	1,000	13,402
Customer Services	0	154,847	0	0 0	154,847
Miscellaneous	15,486		0		
Total Revenues	6,580,931	1,319,949	354,460	5,817,694	14,073,034
Expenditures:					
Current:					
Instruction:	2 556 026	523,950	0	20 000	3,110,774
Regular	2,556,926 365,712	,	0	29,898 0	, ,
Special Vocational	7,365	249,956 0	0 0	0	615,668 7,365
Support Services:	7,505	0	0	0	7,305
Pupils	172,699	4,347	0	41,698	218,744
Instructional Staff	190,170	173,842	0	41,098	364,012
Board of Education	331,450	0	0	0	331,450
Administration	514,358	2,491	0	0	516,849
Fiscal	208,569	531	5,473	0	214,573
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	680,860	0	0	8,279	689,139
Pupil Transportation	645,734	1,033	0	0,279	646,767
Central	0	376	0	2,352	2,728
Operation of Non-Instructional	0	570	0	2,002	2,720
Services	26,540	339,014	0	0	365,554
Extracurricular Activities	116,475	66,518	0	0	182,993
Capital Outlay	108,955	0	0	2,410,518	2,519,473
Debt Service:				, .,	, ,
Principal Retirement	27,431	0	80,000	0	107,431
Interest and Fiscal Charges	3,596	0	214,206	140,146	357,948
Total Expenditures	5,956,840	1,362,058	299,679	2,632,891	10,251,468
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	624,091	(42,109)	54,781	3,184,803	3,821,566
Other Financing Sources (Uses):					
Inception of Capital Lease	108,355	0	0	0	108,355
Operating Transfers In	1,125	62,154	0	309,300	372,579
Operating Transfers Out	(511,851)	(1,336)	0	(1,125)	(514,312)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(402,371)	60,818	0	308,175	(33,378)
Excess of Revenues and Other					
Financing Sources Over Expenditures	221 720	10 700	54 501	2 402 070	2 700 100
and Other Financing Uses	221,720	18,709	54,781	3,492,978	3,788,188
Fund Balances at Beginning of Year	211,668	167,265	176,053	4,795,966	5,350,952
Increase (Decrease) in Reserve for Inventory	(11,367)	1,345	0	0	(10,022)
Fund Balances at End of Year	\$422,021	\$187,319	\$230,834	\$8,288,944	\$9,129,118

SCIOTO VALLEY LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT Combined Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual (Budget Basis) All Governmental Fund Types For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2001

	GENERAL FUND			SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS		
			Variance	51 Belli		Variance
	Revised		Favorable	Revised		Favorable
	Budget	Actual	(Unfavorable)	Budget	Actual	(Unfavorable)
<u>Revenues:</u>						
Property Taxes	\$1,203,938	\$1,203,938	\$0	\$27,753	\$27,753	\$0
Income Tax	334,605	334,605	0	0	0	0
Intergovernmental	4,656,323	4,656,323	0	978,030	978,030	0
Interest	97,045	97,045	0	573	573	0
Tuition and Fees	22,123	22,123	0	3,065	3,065	0
Rent	42,581	42,581	0	0	0	0
Extracurricular Activities	0	0	0	117,056	117,056	0
Gifts and Donations	0	0	0	12,402	12,402	0
Customer Services		0		154,848	154,848	
Miscellaneous	3,104	3,104	0	15	15	0
Total Revenues	6,359,719	6,359,719	0	1,293,742	1,293,742	0
<u>Expenditures:</u> Current:						
Instruction:						
Regular	2,619,437	2,619,437	0	535,776	535,776	0
Special	349,129	349,129	0	252,436	252,436	0
Vocational	15,704	15,704	0	0	0	0
Support Services:						
Pupils	185,458	185,458	0	8,956	8,956	0
Instructional Staff	165,467	165,467	0	179,937	179,937	0
Board of Education	345,635	345,635	0	0	0	0
Administration	567,895	567,895	0	2,484	2,484	0
Fiscal	202,717	202,717	0	531	531	0
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	745,016	745,016	0	0	0	0
Pupil Transportation	765,185	765,185	0	1,033	1,033	0
Central	0	0	0	0	0	0
Operation of Non-Instructional						
Services	16,445	16,445	0	372,535	372,535	0
Extracurricular Activities	116,387	116,387	0	76,804	76,804	0
Capital Outlay	600	600	0	0	0	0
Debt Service:						
Principal Retirement	0	0	0	0	0	0
Interest and Fiscal Charges	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total Expenditures	6,095,075	6,095,075	0	1,430,492	1,430,492	0
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	264,644	264,644	0	(136,750)	(136,750)	0
Other Financing Sources (Uses):						
Refund of Prior Year Expenditures	12,357	12,357	0	0	0	0
Advances In	0	12,557	0	43.818	43.818	0
Advances Out	(43,818)	(43,818)	ů 0	0	0	0
Operating Transfers In	1,125	1,125	0	91,546	91,546	0
Operating Transfers Out	(513,728)	(513,728)	0	(30,728)	(30,728)	0
Refund of Prior Year Receipts	(23,132)	(23,132)	0	0	0	0
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(567,196)	(567,196)	0	104,636	104,636	0
Excess of Revenues and Other Financing Sources Over (Under)						
Expenditures and Other Financing Uses	(302,552)	(302,552)	0	(32,114)	(32,114)	0
Fund Balances at Beginning of Year	277,505	277,505	0	217,560	217,560	0
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated	263,342	263,342	0	64,962	64,962	0
Fund Balances at End of Year	\$238,295	\$238,295	\$0	\$250,408	\$250,408	\$0
	=					

DEBT SERVICE FUND			CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS					
Revised		Variance Favorable	Revised		Variance Favorable	Revised		Variance Favorable
Budget	Actual	(Unfavorable)	Budget	Actual	(Unfavorable)	Budget	Actual	(Unfavorable)
\$318,939	\$318,939	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$1,550,630	\$1,550,630	\$0
0	0	0	0	0	0	334,605	334,605	0
32,086	32,086	0	5,462,285	5,462,285	0	11,128,724	11,128,724	ů 0
7,849	7,849	0	290,713	290,713	0	396,180	396,180	0
0	0	0	220,719	230,715	0	25,188	25,188	0
0	ů 0	0	0	0	0	42,581	42,581	0
0	0	0	0	0	0	117,056	117,056	0
0	0	0	1,000	1,000	0	13,402	13,402	0
0	0	0	1,000	1,000	0	154,848	154,848	0
0	0	0	0	0	0	3,119	3,119	0
358,874	358,874	0	5,753,998	5,753,998	0	13,766,333	13,766,333	0
0	0	0	0	0	0	3,155,213	3,155,213	0
0	0	0	0	0	0	601,565	601,565	0
0	0	0	0	0	0	15,704	15,704	0
0	0	0	42,331	42,331	0	236,745	236,745	0
0	0	0	21,648	21,648	0	367,052	367,052	0
0	0	0	0	0	0	345,635	345,635	0
0	0	0	0	0	0	570,379	570,379	0
5,473	5,473	0	0	0	0	208,721	208,721	0
0	0	0	9,053	9,053	0	754,069	754,069	0
0	0	0	0	0	0	766,218	766,218	0
0	0	0	2,352	2,352	0	2,352	2,352	0
0	0	0	0	0	0	388,980	388,980	0
0	0	0	0	0	0	193,191	193,191	0
0	0	0	3,303,350	3,303,350	0	3,303,950	3,303,950	0
80,000	80,000	0	3,982,000	3,982,000	0	4,062,000	4,062,000	0
214,206	214,206	0	140,146	140,146	0	354,352	354,352	0
299,679	299,679	0	7,500,880	7,500,880	0	15,326,126	15,326,126	0
59,195	59,195	0	(1,746,882)	(1,746,882)	0	(1,559,793)	(1,559,793)	0
0	0	0	0	0	0	12,357	12,357	0
0	ů 0	0	0	0	0	43,818	43,818	0
0	0	0	0	0	0	(43,818)	(43,818)	0
0	0	0	309,300	309,300	0	401,971	401,971	0
0	0	0	(1,125)	(1,125)	0	(545,581)	(545,581)	0
0	0	0	(1,125)	(1,123)	0	(23,132)	(23,132)	0
0	0	0	308,175	308,175	0	(154,385)	(154,385)	0
				-,				
59,195	59,195	0	(1,438,707)	(1,438,707)	0	(1,714,178)	(1,714,178)	0
152,788	152,788	0	8,449,994	8,449,994	0	9,097,847	9,097,847	0
0	0	0	414,633	414,633	0	742,937	742,937	0

Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Retained Earnings Internal Service Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2001

	Self-Insurance
Operating Revenues:	
Charges for Services	\$710,741
<u>Operating Expenses:</u>	
Purchased Services	52,221
Claims	863,214
Total Operating Expenses	915,435
Operating Loss	(204,694)
Transfers In	141,733
	·
Net Loss	(62,961)
Retained Earnings (Deficit) at Beginning of Year	(89,001)
Retained Earnings (Deficit) at End of Year	(\$151,962)

Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Equity - Budget and Actual (Budget Basis) Internal Service Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2001

	SELF-INSURANCE					
	Revised Budget	Actual	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)			
<u>Revenues:</u> Charges for Services	\$37,153	\$37,153	\$0			
<u>Expenses:</u> Purchased Services	183,673	183,673	0			
Excess of Revenues Under Expenses	(146,520)	(146,520)	0			
Transfers-In	141,733	141,733	0			
Excess of Revenues Under Expenses and Transfers	(4,787)	(4,787)	0			
Fund Equity at Beginning of Year	31,596	31,596	0			
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated	2,595	2,595	0			
Fund Equity at End of Year	\$29,404	\$29,404	\$0 ======			

Statement of Cash Flows Internal Service Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2001

Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents: <u>Cash Flows from Operating Activities:</u>	Self-Insurance
Cash Received from Quasi-External Transactions	<u> </u>
with Other Funds	\$710,741
Cash Payments to Suppliers for Goods and Services	(52,221)
Cash Payments for Claims	(763,825)
Net Cash Used for Operating Activities	(105,305)
Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities:	
Transfers In	141,733
Short-Term Loans to Other Governments	(30,986)
Net Cash Provided by Noncapital	
Financing Activities	110,747
Net Increase in Cash and Cash Equivalents	5,442
Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Year	35,208
Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Year	\$40,650 =========
Reconciliation of Operating Loss to Net <u>Cash Used for Operating Activities:</u>	
Operating Loss	(\$204,694)
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Loss to	
<u>Net Cash Used for Operating Activities:</u>	
Changes in Assets and Liabilities:	
Increase in Claims Payable	99,389
Net Cash Used for Operating Activities	(\$105,305)

NOTE 1 - DESCRIPTION OF THE SCHOOL DISTRICT AND REPORTING ENTITY

Scioto Valley Local School District (the "School District") is organized under Article VI, Sections 2 and 3 of the Constitution of the State of Ohio. The School District operates under a locally-elected Board form of government consisting of five members elected at-large for staggered four year terms. The School District provides educational services as authorized by State statute and/or federal guidelines.

The School District was established in 1938 through the consolidation of existing land areas and school districts. The School District serves an area of approximately 140 square miles. It is located in Ross County, and includes the Hamlets of Londonderry, Higby, Harrison and Richmond Dale, and portions of Liberty, Jefferson, Harrison, Springfield, Franklin and Scioto Townships. It is staffed by 61 non-certificated employees, 77 certificated full-time teaching personnel and 4 administrative employees who provide services to 1,125 students and other community members. The School District currently operates 5 instructional buildings and 1 bus garage.

Reporting Entity:

A reporting entity is comprised of the primary government, component units, and other organizations that are included to insure that the financial statements are not misleading. The primary government of the School District consists of all funds, departments, boards, and agencies that are not legally separate from the School District. For Scioto Valley Local School District, this includes general operations, food service, and student related activities of the School District.

Component units are legally separate organizations for which the School District is financially accountable. The School District is financially accountable for an organization if the School District appoints a voting majority of the organization's governing board and (1) the School District is able to significantly influence the programs or services performed or provided by the organization; or (2) the School District is legally entitled to or can otherwise access the organization's resources; the School District is legally obligated or has otherwise assumed the responsibility to finance the deficits of, or provide financial support to, the organization; or the School District is obligated for the debt of the organization. Component units may also include organizations that are fiscally dependent on the School District in that the School District approves the budget, the issuance of debt, or the levying of taxes. The School District has no component units.

The following entities which perform activities within the School District's boundaries for the benefit of its residents are excluded from the accompanying financial statements because the School District is not financially accountable for these entities nor are they fiscally dependent on the School District.

- Parent Teacher Organization
- ► Ross County Educational Service Center

NOTE 1 - DESCRIPTION OF THE SCHOOL DISTRICT AND REPORTING ENTITY (continued)

The School District is associated with five organizations, three of which are defined as jointly governed organizations, one as a claims servicing pool, and one as an insurance purchasing pool. These organizations are the South Central Ohio Computer Association, the Pickaway-Ross County Joint Vocational School, the Great Seal Education Network of Tomorrow, the Ross County School Employees Insurance Consortium, and the Ohio School Boards Association Workers' Compensation Group Rating Plan. These organizations are presented in Notes 20 and 21 to the general purpose financial statements.

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of the Scioto Valley Local School District have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The School District also applies Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) statements and interpretations issued on or before November 30, 1989, to its proprietary activities provided they do not conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements. The more significant of the School District's accounting policies are described below.

A. Basis Of Presentation - Fund Accounting

The School District uses funds and account groups to report on its financial position and the results of its operations. Fund accounting is designed to demonstrate legal compliance and to aid financial management by segregating transactions related to certain School District functions or activities.

A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts recording cash and other financial resources, together with all related liabilities and residual equities or balances, and changes therein, which are segregated for the purpose of carrying on specific activities or attaining certain objectives in accordance with special restrictions or limitations. An account group is a financial reporting device designed to provide accountability for certain assets and liabilities not recorded in the funds because they do not directly affect net available expendable resources.

For financial statement presentation purposes, the various funds of the School District are grouped into the following generic fund types under the broad fund categories governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary.

Governmental Fund Types:

Governmental funds are those through which most governmental functions of the School District are financed. The acquisition, use, and balances of the School District's expendable financial resources and the related current liabilities (except those accounted for in proprietary funds) are accounted for through governmental funds.

The following are the School District's governmental fund types:

General Fund - The General Fund is the operating fund of the School District and is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The General Fund balance is available to the School District for any purpose provided it is expended or transferred according to the general laws of Ohio.

Special Revenue Funds - Special revenue funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than major capital projects) that are legally restricted to expenditure for specified purposes.

Debt Service Fund - The debt service fund is used to account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, general long-term obligation principal, interest, and related costs.

Capital Projects Funds - The capital projects funds are used to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities (other than those financed by proprietary funds).

Proprietary Fund Type:

Proprietary funds are used to account for the School District's ongoing activities which are similar to those found in the private sector. The following is the School District's proprietary fund type:

Internal Service Fund - The internal service fund accounts for the financing of services provided by one department or agency to other departments or agencies of the School District on a cost reimbursement basis.

Fiduciary Fund Type:

Fiduciary funds are used to account for assets held by the School District in a trustee capacity or as an agent for individuals, private organizations, other governmental units, and/or other funds. The School District's only fiduciary funds are agency funds. Agency funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations.

Account Groups:

To make a clear distinction between fixed assets related to specific funds and those of general government, and between long-term liabilities related to specific funds and those of a general nature, the following account groups are used:

General Fixed Assets Account Group - This account group is established to account for all fixed assets of the School District, other than those accounted for in the proprietary fund.

General Long-Term Obligations Account Group - This account group is established to account for all long-term obligations of the School District except those accounted for in the proprietary fund.

B. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

The accounting and financial reporting treatment applied to a fund is determined by its measurement focus. All governmental fund types are accounted for using a flow of current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities are generally included on the balance sheet. Operating statements of these funds present increases (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and decreases (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) in net current assets.

All proprietary funds are accounted for on a flow of economic resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, all assets and all liabilities associated with the operation of these funds are included on the balance sheet. Fund equity (i.e., net total assets) is segregated into contributed capital and retained earnings components. The School District had no contributed capital. Proprietary fund operating statements present increases (e.g., revenues) and decreases (e.g., expenses) in net total assets.

Basis of accounting refers to when revenues and expenditures or expenses are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. Basis of accounting relates to the timing of the measurements made.

The modified accrual basis of accounting is followed for the governmental and agency funds. The full accrual basis of accounting is followed for the proprietary funds.

Revenue resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, is recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On a modified accrual basis, revenue is recorded in the fiscal year in which the resources are measurable and become available. Available means that the resources will be collected within the current fiscal year or are expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current fiscal year. For the School District, available means expected to be received within sixty days of year-end.

Non-exchange transactions, in which the School District receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include property taxes, income taxes, grants, entitlements and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from income tax is recognized in the fiscal year in which the exchange on which the tax is imposed takes place and revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. (See Note 7.) Revenue from grants, entitlements and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are required to be used or the fiscal year when use is first permitted, matching requirements, in which the resources are provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose, and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the School District on a reimbursement basis. On a modified accrual basis, revenue from non-exchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized.

Under the modified accrual basis, the following revenue sources are considered to be both measurable and available at fiscal year-end: property taxes available as an advance, accounts, and grants. ...

Deferred revenue arises when assets are recognized before revenue recognition criteria have been satisfied. Property taxes for which there is an enforceable legal claim as of June 30, 2001, but which were levied to finance fiscal year 2002 operations, have been recorded as deferred revenue. Grants and entitlements received before eligibility requirements are met are also recorded as deferred revenue. On a modified accrual basis, receivables that will not be collected within the available period have also been reported as deferred revenue.

The measurement focus of governmental fund accounting is on decreases in net financial resources (expenditures) rather than expenses. Expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred, if measurable. Allocations of cost, such as depreciation and amortization, are not recognized in governmental funds.

On the accrual basis of accounting, expenses are recognized at the time they are incurred.

C. Budgetary Process

The budgetary process is prescribed by provisions of the Ohio Revised Code and entails the preparation of budgetary documents within an established timetable. The major documents prepared are the tax budget, the certificate of estimated resources, and the appropriation resolution, all of which are prepared on the budgetary basis of accounting. The certificate of estimated resources and the appropriations resolution are subject to amendment throughout the year with the legal restriction that appropriations cannot exceed estimated resources, as certified.

All funds, other than agency funds, are legally required to be budgeted and appropriated. The Self-Insurance Internal Service fund has only the dental insurance portion of the fund budgeted and shown as part of the School District's cash activity; the medical insurance activity is handled by a fiscal agent and is not budgeted. The legal level of budgetary control is at the fund level. Any budgetary modifications at this level may only be made by resolution of the Board of Education. Budgetary allocations at the function and object level within all funds are made by the School District Treasurer. Because the activity of agency funds is not budgeted, transfers-in and transfers-out do not equal on a budgetary basis due to a transfer of \$1,877 made to an agency fund from the general fund.

Tax Budget:

Prior to January 15, the Superintendent and Treasurer submit to the Board of Education a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing the following July 1. The budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing for all funds. Public hearings are publicized and conducted to obtain taxpayers' comments. The express purpose of this budget document is to reflect the need for existing (or increased) tax rates.

By no later than January 20, the Board-adopted budget is filed with the Ross County Budget Commission for rate determination.

Estimated Resources:

Prior to April 1, the Board of Education accepts, by formal resolution, the tax rates as determined by the County Budget Commission and receives the Commission's certificate of estimated resources which states the projected revenue of each fund. Prior to June 30, the School District must revise

its budget so that total contemplated expenditures from any fund during the ensuing year will not exceed the amount stated in the certificate of estimated resources. The revised budget then serves as the basis for the appropriation measure. On or about July 1, the certificate is amended to include

any unencumbered cash balances from the preceding year. The certificate may be further amended during the year if projected increases or decreases in revenue are identified by the School District Treasurer. The amounts reported in the budgetary statements reflect the amounts in the final amended certificate issued during fiscal year 2001. Before year-end, the School District requested and received an amended certificate of estimated resources that reflected actual revenue for the fiscal year.

Appropriations:

Upon receipt from the County Auditor of an amended certificate of estimated resources based on final assessed values and tax rates or a certificate saying no new certificate is necessary, the annual appropriation resolution must be legally enacted by the Board of Education at the fund level of expenditures, which is the legal level of budgetary control. Prior to the passage of the annual appropriation measure, the Board may pass a temporary appropriation measure to meet the ordinary expenses of the School District. The appropriation resolution, by fund, must be within the estimated

resources as certified by the County Budget Commission and the total of expenditures and encumbrances may not exceed the appropriation totals at the legal level of control.

The Board may pass supplemental fund appropriations so long as the total appropriations by fund do not exceed the amounts set forth in the most recent certificate of estimated resources. During the year, two supplemental appropriations were legally enacted, however neither of them were significant.

The budget figures which appear in the statements of budgetary comparisons represent the final appropriation amounts, including all supplemental appropriations. Formal budgetary integration is employed by the Board of Education as a management control device during the year for all funds at the fund level other than agency funds and a portion of the self-insurance internal service fund, consistent with statutory provisions. Prior to year-end, the School District passed a supplemental appropriation that reflected actual expenditures and encumbrances for the fiscal year.

Encumbrances:

As part of formal budgetary control, purchase orders, contracts, and other commitments for the expenditure of monies are recorded as the equivalent of expenditures on the non-GAAP budgetary basis in order to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation and to determine and maintain legal compliance. On the GAAP basis, encumbrances outstanding at fiscal year end are reported as a reservation of fund balance for subsequent-year expenditures for governmental funds and reported in the notes to the financial statements for the proprietary fund.

Lapsing of Appropriations:

At the close of each fiscal year, the unencumbered balance of each appropriation reverts to the respective fund from which it was appropriated and becomes subject to future appropriation. Encumbered appropriations are carried forward to the succeeding fiscal year and are not reappropriated.

D. Cash and Cash Equivalents

To improve cash management, all cash received by the School District is pooled. Monies for all funds, including proprietary funds, are maintained in this pool. Individual fund integrity is maintained through School District records. Each fund's interest in the pool is presented as "Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents" on the combined balance sheet.

The School District participates in a claims servicing pool that pays employee health insurance claims on the School District's behalf. The balance of the School District's funds held by the claims administrator at June 30, 2001 is presented as "Cash and Cash Equivalents with Fiscal Agents" on the balance sheet.

During fiscal year 2001, the School District's investments were limited to STAR Ohio and Certificates of Deposit. Nonparticipating investment contracts such as nonnegotiable certificates of deposit are reported at cost.

The District has invested funds in the State Treasury Assets Reserve of Ohio (STAROhio) during fiscal year 2001. STAROhio is an investment pool managed by the State Treasurer's Office which allows governments within the State to pool their funds for investment purposes. STAROhio is not registered with the SEC as an investment company, but does operate in a manner consistent with Rule 2a7 of the Investment Company Act of 1940. Investments in STAROhio are valued at STAROhio's share price which is the price the investment could be sold for on June 30, 2001.

Following Ohio statutes, the Board of Education has, by resolution, specified the funds to receive an allocation of interest earnings. Interest revenue credited to the general fund during fiscal year 2001 amounted to \$96,808 which includes \$43,237 assigned from other School District funds.

For purposes of the statement of cash flows and for presentation on the combined balance sheet, investments of the cash management pool and investments with an original maturity of three months or less at the time they are purchased by the School District are considered to be cash equivalents. **E. Inventory**

Inventories of governmental funds are stated at cost. For all funds, cost is determined on a first-in, first-out basis. Inventory in governmental funds consists of expendable supplies held for consumption, donated food and purchased food held for resale. The cost of inventory items is recorded as an expenditure in the governmental fund types when purchased. Reported material and supplies inventory is equally offset by a fund balance reserve in the governmental funds which indicates that it does not constitute available expendable resources even though it is a component of net current assets.

F. Prepaid Items

Payments made to vendors for services that will benefit periods beyond June 30, 2001, are recorded as prepaid items using the consumption method. A current asset for the prepaid amount is recorded at the time of the purchase and an expenditure is reported in the year in which services are consumed.

G. Fixed Assets and Depreciation

General fixed assets are not capitalized in the funds used to acquire or construct them. Instead, capital acquisition and construction costs are reflected as expenditures in governmental funds, and the related assets are reported in the general fixed assets account group. All fixed assets are

capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost) and updated for additions and retirements during the year. Donated fixed assets are recorded at their fair market values as of the date received. The School District maintains a capitalization threshold of five hundred dollars. The School District does not have any infrastructure.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an asset's life are not capitalized. Improvements are capitalized. Assets in the general fixed assets account group are not depreciated.

H. Interfund Assets/Liabilities

Short-term interfund loans are classified as "interfund receivables" and "interfund payables."

I. Compensated Absences

Vacation benefits are accrued as a liability as the benefits are earned if the employees' rights to receive compensation are attributable to services already rendered and it is probable that the School District will compensate the employees for the benefits through paid time off or some other means. Sick leave benefits are accrued as a liability using the vesting method. The liability includes the employees who are currently eligible to receive termination benefits and those the School District has identified as probable of receiving payment in the future. The amount is based on accumulated sick leave and employees' wage rates at fiscal year end, taking into consideration any limits specified in the School District's termination policy.

For governmental funds, the School District records a liability for accumulated unused vacation time when earned for all employees with more than one year of service. The School District records a liability for accumulated unused sick leave for all employees after 15 years of current service with the School District. The current portion of unpaid compensated absences is the amount expected to be paid using available expendable resources. These amounts are recorded in the account "compensated absences payable" in the fund from which the employees who have accumulated unpaid leave are paid. The remainder is reported in the general long-term obligations account group.

J. Accrued Liabilities and Long-Term Obligations

In general, governmental fund payables and accrued liabilities are reported as obligations of the funds regardless of whether they will be liquidated with current resources. However, compensated absences and contractually required pension contributions that will be paid from governmental funds are reported as a liability in the general long-term obligations account group to the extent that they will not be paid with current available expendable financial resources. Payments made more than sixty days after year-end are considered not to have used current available financial resources. Long-term loans, bonds, and capital leases are reported as a liability of the general long-term obligations account group until due.

Long-term obligations financed by the proprietary fund are reported as liabilities in the proprietary fund.

K. Interfund Transactions

Quasi-external transactions are accounted for as revenues and expenditures or expenses. Transactions that constitute reimbursements to a fund for expenditures/expenses initially made from it that are properly applicable to another fund are recorded as expenditures/expenses in the reimbursing fund and as reductions of expenditures/expenses in the fund that is reimbursed.

Nonrecurring or nonroutine permanent transfers of equity are reported as residual equity transfers. All other interfund transfers are reported as operating transfers.

L. Restricted Assets

Restricted assets in the general fund represent cash and cash equivalents whose use is limited by legal requirements. Restricted assets represent amounts required by statute to be set-aside by the School District to create a reserve for the purchase of textbooks and other instructional materials, for the acquisition or construction of capital assets, for budget stabilization which consists of Bureau of Workers' Compensation refunds, and for the unexpended revenues restricted for the purchase of buses. See Note 22 for the calculation of the year-end restricted asset balance and the corresponding fund balance reserves.

M. Fund Balance Reserves

The School District reserves those portions of fund equity which are legally segregated for a specific future use or which do not represent available expendable resources and therefore are not available for appropriation or expenditure. Unreserved fund balance indicates that portion of fund equity which is available for appropriation in future periods. Fund equity reserves have been established for encumbrances, inventories of supplies and materials, property taxes, budget stabilization, textbook purchases, capital improvements, and school bus purchases.

The reserve for property taxes represents taxes recognized as revenue under generally accepted accounting principles but not available for appropriations under State statute.

N. Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

O. Total Columns on General Purpose Financial Statements

Total columns on the general purpose financial statements are captioned "Totals - (Memorandum Only)" to indicate that they are presented only to facilitate financial analysis. Data in these columns do not present financial position or results of operations in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles. Neither is such data comparable to a consolidation. Interfund eliminations have not been made in the aggregation of this data.

NOTE 3 – CHANGE IN ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLE

For fiscal year 2001, the School District has implemented *GASB Statement No. 33*, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Nonexchange Transactions," and GASB Statement No. 36, "Recipient Reporting for Certain Shared Nonexchange Revenues," which changes how the School District reports certain types of revenues. The implementation of these pronouncements caused no change to the School District's prior year ending balances.

NOTE 4 - ACCOUNTABILITY

At June 30, 2001, the Career Enhancement, Disadvantaged Pupil Impact Aid, Title VI-B, and Title I Special Revenue Funds, as well as the Interactive Video Distance Learning Capital Projects Fund and Self-Insurance Internal Service Fund have deficit fund balances/retained earnings of \$12, \$43,929, \$19,807, \$82,212, \$9,796, and \$151,962 respectively. The General Fund provides transfers to cover deficit balances; however, this is done when cash is needed rather than when accruals occur.

NOTE 5 - BUDGETARY BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

While the School District is reporting financial position, results of operations, and changes in fund balances/retained earnings on the basis of generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP), the budgetary basis as provided by law is based upon accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements, and encumbrances. The Combined Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual (Budget Basis) - All Governmental Fund Types and the Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Equity - Budget and Actual (Budget Basis) - Internal Service Fund are presented on the budgetary basis to provide a meaningful comparison of actual results with the budget. The major differences between the budget basis and GAAP basis are that:

- 1. Revenues are recorded when received in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when susceptible to accrual (GAAP basis).
- 2. Expenditures/expenses are recorded when paid in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when the liability is incurred (GAAP basis).
- 3. Encumbrances are treated as expenditures/expenses for all funds (budget basis) rather than as a reservation of fund balance for governmental fund types and as note disclosure in the proprietary fund type (GAAP basis).
- 4. Advances-In and Advances-Out are operating transactions (budget) as opposed to balance sheet transactions (GAAP).
- 5. The School District does not budget for the activities of the fiscal agent who collects and holds assets for the payment of medical claims. However, the activities of the fiscal agent are included in the internal service fund for GAAP reporting purposes.

The following tables summarize the adjustments necessary to reconcile the GAAP and budgetary basis statements by fund type.

Excess of Revenues and Other Financing Sources Over (Under) Expenditures and Other Financing Uses All Governmental Fund Types

		Special	Debt	Capital
	General	Revenue	Service	Projects
GAAP Basis	\$221,720	\$18,709	\$54,781	\$3,492,978
Revenue Accruals	(208,855)	(26,207)	4,414	(63,696)
Expenditure Accruals	81,648	9,140	0	468,516
Principal Retirement	0	0	0	(3,982,000)
Transfers	(1,877)	0	0	0
Advances	(43,818)	43,818	0	0
Encumbrances	(351,370)	(77,574)	0	(1,354,505)
Budget Basis	(\$302,552)	(\$32,114)	\$59,195	(\$1,438,707)

NOTE 5 - BUDGETARY BASIS OF ACCOUNTING (continued)

Net Loss/Excess of Revenues Under Expenses and Transfers Internal Service Fund

	Self-Insurance
GAAP Basis	(\$62,961)
Expense Accruals	99,389
Non-Budgeted Activity	(37,447)
Encumbrances	(3,768)
Budget Basis	(\$4,787)

NOTE 6 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

State statutes classify monies held by the School District into three categories.

Active deposits are public deposits necessary to meet current demands on the treasury. Such monies must be maintained either as cash in the School District treasury, in commercial accounts payable or withdrawable on demand, including negotiable order of withdrawal (NOW) accounts, or in money market deposit accounts.

Inactive deposits are public deposits that the Board of Education has identified as not required for use within the current two year period of designation of depositories. Inactive deposits must either be evidenced by certificates of deposit maturing not later than the end of the current period of designation of depositories, or by savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts.

Interim deposits are deposits of interim monies. Interim monies are those monies which are not needed for immediate use but which will be needed before the end of the current period of designation of depositories. Interim deposits must be evidenced by time certificates of deposit maturing not more than one year from the date of deposit, or by savings accounts, including passbook accounts.

Protection of the School District's deposits is provided by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC), by eligible securities pledged by the financial institution as security for repayment, by surety company bonds deposited with the Treasurer by the financial institution or by a single collateral pool established by the financial institution to secure the repayment of all public monies deposited with the institution.

NOTE 6 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (continued)

Interim monies may be deposited or invested in the following securities:

- 1. United States Treasury Notes, Bills, Bonds, or any other obligation or security issued by the United States Treasury or any other obligation guaranteed as to principal and interest by the United States;
- 2. Bonds, notes, debentures, or any other obligations or securities issued by any federal government agency or instrumentality, including but not limited to, the Federal National Mortgage Association, Federal Home Loan Bank, Federal Farm Credit Bank, Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation, Government National Mortgage Association, and Student Loan Marketing Association. All federal agency securities shall be direct issuances of federal government agencies or instrumentalities;
- 3. Written repurchase agreements in the securities listed above provided that the market value of the securities subject to the repurchase agreement must exceed the principal value of the agreement by at least two percent and be marked to market daily, and that the term of the agreement must not exceed thirty days;
- 4. Bond and other obligations of the State of Ohio;
- 5. No-load money market mutual funds consisting exclusively of obligations described in division (1) or (2) and repurchase agreements secured by such obligations, provided that investments in securities described in this division are made only through eligible institutions;
- 6. The State Treasurer's investment pool (STAR Ohio);
- 7. Certain bankers' acceptances and commercial paper notes for a period not to exceed one hundred eighty days from the date of purchase in an amount not to exceed twenty-five percent of the interim monies available for investment at any one time; and
- 8. Under limited circumstances, debt interests rated in either of the two highest rating classifications by at least two nationally recognized rating agencies.

Investments in stripped principal or interest obligations, reverse repurchase agreements and derivatives are prohibited. The issuance of taxable notes for the purpose of arbitrage, the use of leverage and short selling are also prohibited. An investment must mature within five years from the date of purchase unless matched to a specific obligation or debt of the School District, and must be purchased with the expectation that it will be held to maturity.

NOTE 6 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (continued)

Investments may only be made through specified dealers and institutions. Payment for investments may be made only upon delivery of the securities representing the investments to the Treasurer or qualified trustee or, if the securities are not represented by a certificate, upon receipt of confirmation of transfer from the custodian.

The following information classifies deposits and investments by categories of risk as defined in GASB Statement No. 3, "Deposits With Financial Institutions, Investments (including Repurchase Agreements), and Reverse Repurchase Agreements."

Deposits: At fiscal year end, the carrying amount of the School District's deposits was \$969,736 and the bank balance was \$1,295,695. Of the bank balance:

- 1. \$100,000 was covered by federal depository insurance; and
- 2. \$1,195,695 was uninsured and uncollateralized. Although the securities serving as collateral were held by the pledging financial institution's trust department in the School District's name and all State statutory requirements for the deposit of money had been followed, non-compliance with federal requirements could potentially subject the School District to a successful claim by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation.

Investments: The School District's investments are required to be categorized to give an indication of the level of risk assumed by the School District at fiscal year end. Category 1 includes investments that are insured or registered or for which the securities are held by the School District or its agent in the School District's name. Category 2 includes uninsured and unregistered investments which are held by the counterparty's trust department or agent in the School District's name. Category 3 includes uninsured and unregistered investments for which the securities are held by the counterparty, or by its trust department or agent but not in the School District's name. The School District's investments in STAR Ohio, an investment pool operated by the Ohio State Treasurer, are unclassified investments since they are not evidenced by securities that exist in physical or book entry form.

	Fair Value
STAR Ohio	\$9,007,207

The classification of cash and cash equivalents, and investments on the combined financial statements is based on criteria set forth in GASB Statement No. 9, "Reporting Cash Flows of Proprietary and Non-Expendable Trust Funds and Governmental Entities That Use Proprietary Fund Accounting."

NOTE 6 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (continued)

A reconciliation between the classifications of cash and cash equivalents and investments on the combined financial statements and the classification of deposits and investments presented above per *GASB Statement No*. *3* is as follows:

	Cash and	
	Cash Equivalents	Investments
GASB Statement No. 9	\$9,976,943	\$0
Investment:		
STAR Ohio	(9,007,207)	9,007,207
GASB Statement No. 3	\$969,736	\$9,007,207

NOTE 7 - PROPERTY TAXES

Property taxes are levied and assessed on a calendar year basis while the School District fiscal year runs from July through June. First half tax collections are received by the School District in the second half of the fiscal year. Second half tax distributions occur in the first half of the following fiscal year.

Property taxes include amounts levied against all real, public utility, and tangible personal property located in the School District. Property tax revenue received during calender 2001 for real and public utility property taxes represents collections of calender 2000 taxes. Property tax payments received during calendar 2001 for tangible personal property (other than public utility property) are for calendar 2001 taxes.

2001 real property taxes are levied after April 1, 2001, on the assessed value as of January 1, 2001, the lien date. Assessed values are established by State law at thirty-five percent of appraised market value. First half 2001 real property taxes are collected in and intended to finance fiscal year 2002.

Public utility tangible personal property currently is assessed at varying percentages of true value; public utility real property is assessed at thirty-five percent of true value. 2001 public utility property taxes became a lien December 31, 2000, are levied after April 1, 2001 and are collected in 2002 with real property taxes.

2001 tangible personal property taxes are levied after April 1, 2000, on the value as of December 31, 2000. Collections are made in 2001. Tangible personal property assessments are twenty-five percent of true value.

NOTE 7 - PROPERTY TAXES (continued)

Real property taxes are payable annually or semiannually. If paid annually, payment is due December 31; if paid semiannually, the first payment is due December 31 with the remainder payable by June 20. Under certain circumstances, State statute permits alternate payment dates to be established.

Tangible personal property taxes paid by multi-county taxpayers are due September 20. Single county taxpayers may pay annually or semiannually. If paid annually, payment is due April 30; if paid semiannually, the first payment is due April 30, with the remainder payable by September 20.

The assessed values upon which fiscal year 2001 taxes were collected are:

	2000 Second- Half Collections		2001 First- Half Collections	
	Amount	Percent	Amount	Percent
Agricultural/Residential and Other Real Estate	\$44,425,700	76.40%	\$46,751,810	77.74%
Public Utility	8,056,350	13.85%	5,788,620	9.63%
Tangible Personal Property	5,665,580	9.75%	7,599,040	12.63%
Total Assessed Value	\$58,147,630	100.00%	\$60,139,470	100.00%
Tax rate per \$1,000 of assessed valuation	\$33.95		\$33.95	

The School District receives property taxes from Ross County. The County Auditor periodically advances to the School District its portion of the taxes collected. Second-half real property tax payments collected by the County by June 30, 2001, are available to finance fiscal year 2001 operations. The amount available to be advanced can vary based on the date the tax bills are sent.

Accrued property taxes receivable represents delinquent taxes outstanding and real property, tangible personal property, and public utility taxes which became measurable as of June 30, 2001 and for which there is an enforceable legal claim. Although total property tax collections for the next fiscal year are measurable, only the amount available as an advance at June 30 were levied to finance current fiscal year operations. The receivable is therefore offset by a credit to deferred revenue for that portion not levied to finance current year operations. The amount available as an advance is recognized as revenue.

The amount available as an advance at June 30, 2001, was \$76,647 in the General Fund, \$1,830 in the Facilities Maintenance Special Revenue Fund, and \$18,851 in the Bond Retirement Debt Service Fund.

NOTE 8 - INCOME TAX

The School District levies a voted tax of .75 percent for general operations on the income of residents and of estates. The tax was effective on January 1, 2000 and will continue for five years. Employers of residents are required to withhold income tax on compensation and remit the tax to the State. Taxpayers are required to file an annual return. The State makes quarterly distributions to the School District after withholding amounts for administrative fees and estimated refunds. Income tax revenue is credited to the General Fund.

NOTE 9 - RECEIVABLES

Receivables at June 30, 2001, consisted of property and income taxes, accounts (billings for user charged services, tuition, and student fees), interfund and intergovernmental grants. All receivables are considered collectible in full due to the ability to foreclose for the nonpayment of taxes, and the stable condition of State programs.

A summary of the principal items of the intergovernmental receivables follows:

	Amounts
Special Revenue Funds:	
Title VI	\$3,088
Title VI-R	3,356
Title VI-B	25,437
Title I	76,767
Federal and State Subsidies	45,751
Total Special Revenue Funds	154,399
Capital Projects Funds:	
Classroom Facilities	15,548,029
Interactive Video Distance Learning	45,000
School Facilities Repair	48,594
Total Capital Projects Funds	15,641,623
Internal Service Fund:	
Short-Term Loans to Other Governments	41,204
Total Intergovernmental Receivables	\$15,837,226

NOTE 10 - FIXED ASSETS

A summary of the changes in general fixed assets during fiscal year 2001 follows:

Asset Category	Balance at 6/30/00	Additions	Deletions	Balance at 6/30/01
Land, Buildings				
Improvements	\$3,558,597	\$0	\$0	\$3,558,597
Furniture, Fixtures and				
Equipment	1,440,858	278,616	23,975	1,695,499
Vehicles	774,816	105,032	0	879,848
Construction in Progress	0	2,710,772	0	2,710,772
Totals	\$5,774,271	\$3,094,420	\$23,975	\$8,844,716

NOTE 11 - RISK MANAGEMENT

The School District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. During fiscal year 2001, the School District contracted with Nationwide Insurance for property and fleet insurance, liability insurance and inland marine coverage. Coverage provided by Nationwide Insurance is as follows:

Building and Contents-replacement cost (\$500 deductible)	\$13,772,400
Inland Marine Coverage (\$500 deductible)	28,061
Boiler and Machinery (\$1,000 deductible)	5,535,100
Crime Insurance	10,000
Automobile Liability (\$100 deductible)	
Bodily Injury - Each person	100,000
Bodily Injury - Each accident	300,000
Property Damage - Each accident	50,000
General Liability	
Per occurrence	1,000,000
Total per year	5,000,000

Settled claims have not exceeded this commercial coverage in any of the past three years. There has been no significant reduction in coverage from last year.

For fiscal year 2001, the School District participated in the Ohio School Boards Association Workers' Compensation Group Rating Plan (GRP), an insurance purchasing pool (Note 21). The intent of the GRP is to achieve the benefit of a reduced premium for the School District by virtue of its grouping and representation with other participants in the GRP. The workers' compensation experience of the participating school districts is calculated as one experience and a common premium rate is applied to all school districts in the GRP. Each participant pays its workers' compensation premium to the State based on the rate for the GRP rather than its individual rate.

NOTE 11 - RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)

Total savings are nthen calculated and each participant's individual performance is compared to the overall savings percentage of the GRP. A participant will then either receive money from or be required to contribute to the "Equity Pooling Fund". This "equity pooling" arrangement insures that each participant shares equally in the overall performance of the GRP. Participation in the GRP is limited to school districts that can meet the GRP's selection criteria. The firm of Gates McDonald & Co. provides administrative, cost control and actuarial services to the GRP.

Medical/surgical and dental insurance is offered to employees through a self-insurance internal service fund. The School District is a member of a claims servicing pool (Note 21), consisting of eighteen school districts within Ross County and its surrounding area, in which monthly premiums are paid to the fiscal agent who in turn pays the claims on the School District's behalf. The claims liability of \$233,816 reported in the internal service fund at June 30, 2001 is based on an estimate provided by the third party administrator and the requirements of *GASB Statement No. 30 "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Risk Financing and Related Insurance Issues"*, which requires that a liability for unpaid claim costs, including estimates of costs relating to incurred but not reported claims, be reported. The estimate was not affected by incremental claim adjustment expenses and does not include other allocated or unallocated claim adjustment expenses. Changes in claims activity for the past two fiscal years are as follows:

	Balance at	Current Year	Claims	Balance at
	Beginning of Year	Claims	Payments	End of Year
2000	\$138,601	\$518,623	\$522,797	\$134,427
2001	134,427	863,214	763,825	233,816

NOTE 12 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS

A. School Employees Retirement System

The School District contributes to the School Employees Retirement System of Ohio (SERS), a cost-sharing multiple employer defined benefit pension plan. SERS provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided by State statute per Chapter 3309 of the Ohio Revised Code. SERS issues a publicly available, stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained by writing to the School Employees Retirement System, 45 N. Fourth Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215-3634.

NOTE 12 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (continued)

Plan members are required to contribute 9 percent of their annual covered salary and the School District is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. The current rate is 14 percent of annual covered payroll. A portion of the School District's contribution is used to fund pension obligations with the remainder being used to fund health care benefits; for fiscal year 2001, 4.2 percent of annual covered salary was the portion used to fund pension obligations. For fiscal year 2000, 5.5 percent was used to fund pension obligations. The contribution requirements of plan members and employers are established and may be amended, up to a statutory maximum amount, by the SERS' Retirement Board. The School District's required contributions for pension obligations to SERS for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2001, 2000, and 1999 were \$37,028, \$56,239, and \$59,287, respectively; 36.80 percent has been contributed for fiscal year 2001 and 100 percent for the fiscal years 2000 and 1999. \$23,404 representing the unpaid contribution for fiscal year 2001, is recorded as a liability within the respective funds and the general long-term obligations account group.

B. State Teachers Retirement System

The School District contributes to the State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio (STRS), a cost-sharing multiple employer public employee retirement system. STRS provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death and survivor benefits to members and beneficiaries. Benefits are established by Chapter 3307 of the Ohio Revised Code. STRS issues a publicly available, stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for STRS. That report may be obtained by writing to the State Teachers Retirement System, 275 East Broad Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215-3371.

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2001, plan members were required to contribute 9.3 percent of their annual covered salaries. The School District was required to contribute 14 percent; 9.5 percent was the portion used to fund pension obligations. For fiscal year 2000, the portion used to fund pension obligations was 6.0 percent. Contribution rates are established by STRS, upon recommendations of its consulting actuary, not to exceed statutory maximum rates of 10 percent for members and 14 percent for employers. The School District's required contributions for pension obligations to STRS for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2001, 2000, and 1999 were \$307,678, \$172,827, and \$124,978, respectively; 84.33 percent has been contributed for fiscal year 2001 and 100 percent for the fiscal years 2000 and 1999. \$48,206 representing the unpaid contribution for fiscal year 2001, is recorded as a liability within the respective funds.

NOTE 13 - POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

The School District provides comprehensive health care benefits to retired teachers and their dependents through the State Teachers Retirement System (STRS), and to retired non-certified employees and their dependents through the School Employees Retirement System (SERS). Benefits include hospitalization, physicians' fees, prescription drugs and reimbursement of monthly Medicare premiums. Benefit provisions and the obligations to contribute are established by the Systems based on authority granted by State statute. Both systems are on a pay-as-you-go basis.

All STRS benefit recipients and sponsored dependents are eligible for health care coverage. The STRS Board has statutory authority over how much, if any, of the health care costs will be absorbed by STRS. Most benefit recipients pay a portion of the health care cost in the form of a monthly premium. By law, the cost of coverage paid from STRS funds is included in the employer contribution rate, currently 14 percent of covered payroll. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2001, the STRS Board allocated employer contributions equal to 4.5 percent of covered payroll to the Health Care Reserve Fund. For the School District,

this amount equaled \$145,742 for fiscal year 2001.

STRS pays health care benefits from the Health Care Reserve Fund. At June 30, 2000, (the latest information available) the balance in the Fund was \$3.419 million. For the year ended June 30, 2000, net health care costs paid by STRS were \$283,137,000 and STRS had 99,011 eligible benefit recipients.

For SERS, coverage is made available to service retirees with ten or more fiscal years of qualifying service credit, and to disability and survivor benefit recipients. Members retiring on or after August 1, 1989, with less than twenty-five years of service credit must pay a portion of their premium for health care. The portion is based on years of service up to a maximum of 75 percent of the premium.

After the allocation for basic benefits, the remainder of the employer's 14 percent contribution is allocated to providing health care benefits. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2001, employer contributions to fund health care benefits were 9.8 percent of covered payroll, an increase of 1.3 percent from fiscal year 2000. In addition, SERS levies a surcharge to fund health care benefits equal to 14 percent of the difference between a minimum pay and the member's pay, pro-rated for partial service credit. For fiscal year 2001, the minimum pay was established at \$12,400. For the School District, the amount contributed to fund health care benefits, including the surcharge, during the 2001 fiscal year equaled \$93,758.

The surcharge, added to the unallocated portion of the 14 percent employer contribution rate, provides for maintenance of the asset target level for the health care fund. The target level for the health care reserve is 150 percent of the annual health care expenses. Expenses for health care for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2000 (the latest information available), were \$140,696,340 and the target level was \$211 million. At June 30, 2000, SERS had net assets available for payment of health care benefits of \$252.3 million. SERS has approximately 50,000 participants currently receiving health care benefits.

NOTE 14 - EMPLOYEE BENEFITS

A. Compensated Absences

The criteria for determining vacation and sick leave components are derived from negotiated agreements and State laws. Classified employees earn ten to twenty days of vacation per fiscal year, depending upon length of service. Accumulated, unused vacation time is paid to classified employees and administrators upon termination of employment. Teachers do not earn vacation time.

Teachers, administrators, and classified employees earn sick leave at the rate of one and one-fourth days per month. There is no limit of sick leave accumulation for all personnel. Upon retirement, payment is made for one-fourth of up to 120 of their accrued, but unused sick leave credit for all employees. Certified employees receive additional amounts based on length of service as follows:

Length of service	Additional Compensation
10 years	\$10 per day over 120
11 - 20 years	\$20 per day over 120
21 years and over	\$30 per day over 120

B. Insurance Benefits

The School District provides life and accidental death and dismemberment insurance to all full-time employees through Safeco.

C. Deferred Compensation

School District employees may participate in the Ohio Public Employees Deferred Compensation Plan. This plan was created in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 457. Participation is on a voluntary payroll deduction basis. The plan permits deferral of compensation until future years. According to the plan, the deferred compensation is not available until termination, retirement, death or an unforeseeable emergency.

NOTE 15 - CAPITAL LEASES - LESSEE DISCLOSURE

During fiscal 2001, and; in prior years, the School District has entered into capitalized leases for equipment and furniture and fixtures. Each lease meets the criteria of a capital lease as defined by *Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 13, "Accounting for Leases,"* which defines a capital lease generally as one which transfers benefits and risks of ownership to the lessee. Capital lease payments have been reclassified and are reflected as debt service expenditures in the combined financial statements for the governmental funds. These expenditures are reported as function expenditures on the budgetary statements.

NOTE 15 - CAPITAL LEASES - LESSEE DISCLOSURE (continued)

General fixed assets consisting of equipment and furniture and fixtures have been capitalized in the general fixed assets account group in the amount of \$108,355. This amount represents the present value of the minimum lease payments at the time of acquisition. A corresponding liability was recorded in the general long-term obligations account group. Principal payments in fiscal year 2001 totaled \$27,431 in the governmental funds.

The following is a schedule of the future long-term minimum lease payments required under the capital leases and the present value of the minimum lease payments as of June 30, 2001.

Fiscal Year Ending June 30,	GLTDAG
2001	\$106,315
Less: Amount Representing Interest	(10,650)
Present Value of Net Minimum Lease Payments	\$95,665

NOTE 16 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

The changes in the School District's long-term obligations during fiscal year 2001 were as follows:

	Principal Outstanding 6/30/00	Additions	Deductions	Principal Outstanding 6/30/01
Energy Conservation				
Loan 1995 6.6%	\$135,000	\$0	\$25,000	\$110,000
General Obligation Bonds				
2000 5.84%	4,010,128	28,128	55,000	3,983,256
Capital Lease Payable	14,741	108,355	27,431	95,665
Pension Obligation	60,477	59,367	60,477	59,367
Compensated Absences	320,988	13,130	0	334,118
Total General Long-Term Obligations	\$4,541,334	\$208,980	\$167,908	\$4,582,406

Energy Conservation Loan - On January 1, 1996, Scioto Valley Local School District issued \$233,000 in unvoted general obligation notes for the purpose of providing energy conservation measures for the School District, under the authority of Ohio Revised Code sections 133.06(G) and 3313.372. The notes were issued for a ten year period with final maturity during fiscal year 2005. The loan will be retired from the debt service fund.

NOTE 16 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (continued)

General Obligation Bonds - The School District issued \$3,982,000 in voted general obligation bonds for the purpose of constructing a new K-12 facility. The bonds were issued for a twenty-three year period with final maturity in December 2022. The bonds will be retired from the debt service fund.

The term bonds maturing on December 1, 2022 are subject to mandatory sinking fund redemption at a redemption price of 100 percent of the principal amount to be redeemed plus accrued interest to the date of redemption, on December 1, in the years and in the respective principal amounts as follows:

Year	Amount
2012	\$175,000
2013	185,000
2014	200,000
2015	215,000
2016	235,000
2017	255,000
2018	275,000
2019	295,000
2020	320,000
2021	345,000
2022	350,000

NOTE 16 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (continued)

Serial bonds maturing on or after December 1, 2012 are subject to optional redemption, in whole or in part on any date at the option of the Issuer on or after December 1, 2010, as follows:

Redemption Dates (Dates Inclusive)	Redemption Prices
December 1, 2010 through November 30, 2011	101%
December 1, 2011 and thereafter	100

The capital appreciation bonds are not subject to prior redemption. The capital appreciation bonds will mature in fiscal years 2011 and 2012. The maturity amount of the bonds is \$672,050. For fiscal year 2001, \$28,128 was accreted on the capital appreciation bonds for a total outstanding bond value of \$3,983,256 at fiscal year end. The bond value at final maturity will be \$4,250,000.

Capital leases will be paid from the General Fund. Compensated absences and the pension obligation will be paid from the fund from which the employees' salaries are paid.

The School District's overall legal debt margin was \$1,660,130 with an unvoted debt margin of \$60,139 at June 30, 2001.

Principal and interest requirements to retire Classroom Facilities Bonds outstanding at June 30, 2001, are as follows:

			Capital		
Fiscal year	Term	Serial	Appreciation		
Ending June 30,	Bonds	Bonds	Bonds	Interest	Total
2002	\$0	\$75,000	\$0	\$211,485	\$286,485
2003	0	85,000	0	207,703	292,703
2004	0	95,000	0	203,382	298,382
2005	0	105,000	0	198,505	303,505
2006	0	115,000	0	193,086	308,086
2007-2011	0	575,000	175,000	1,027,262	1,777,262
2012-2016	1,010,000	0	175,000	884,444	2,069,444
2017-2021	1,490,000	0	0	403,127	1,893,127
2022-2023	350,000	0	0	39,410	389,410
Total	\$2,850,000	\$1,050,000	\$350,000	\$3,368,404	\$7,618,404

NOTE 16 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (continued)

Principal and interest requirements to retire the Energy Conservation loans outstanding at June 30, 2001, are as follows:

Fiscal year			
Ending June 30,	Principal	Interest	Total
2002	\$25,000	\$6,435	\$31,435
2003	25,000	4,785	29,785
2004	30,000	2,970	32,970
2005	30,000	990	30,990
Total	\$110,000	\$15,180	\$125,180

NOTE 17 - SHORT-TERM OBLIGATIONS

As of June 30, 2000, the School District had outstanding short-term obligations in the amount of \$3,982,000 in anticipation of the issuance of long-term bonds disclosed above. The 4.7% notes were issued on December 22, 1999 and were retired on September 21, 2000.

	Principal Outstanding 06/30/00	Additions	Deletions	Principal Outstanding 06/30/01
4.7% Bond Anticipation Notes	\$3,982,000	\$0	\$3,982,000	\$0

NOTE 18 - CONTRACTUAL COMMITMENTS

As of June 30, 2001, the School District had contractual purchase commitments for professional design services for the construction of new school facilities as follows:

Contractor	Contract Amount	Amount Expended	Balance at 6/30/01
Monarch Construction	\$9,809,000	\$197,000	\$9,612,000
Kirk Williams Co.	3,513,500	105,405	3,408,095
Croson-Teepe Mechanical	377,479	0	377,479
Brush Contractors	1,758,700	0	1,758,700
Capital Equipment	496,457	0	496,457
G. V. Aikman	280,105	0	280,105
Service Supply	195,730	0	195,730
Foill, Inc.	345,530	0	345,530
Materials Testing, Inc.	100,698	53,382	47,316
Peck, Shaffer & Williams	24,000	9,413	14,587
Valley Mining	1,282,097	1,277,441	4,656
Steed-Hammond-Paul	1,421,341	1,068,131	353,210
Total	\$19,604,637	\$2,710,772	\$16,893,865

NOTE 19 - INTERFUND ACTIVITY

As of June 30, 2001, receivables and payables that resulted from various interfund transactions were as follows:

Fund Type/Fund	Interfund Receivables	Interfund Payables
General Fund	\$119,861	\$0
Special Revenue Funds:		
Title VI-B	0	25,250
Title I	0	50,207
Title II		3,967
Total Special Revenue Funds	0	79,424
Capital Projects Fund:		
Emergency School Building Repairs	0	40,437
Total All Funds	\$119,861	\$119,861

NOTE 20 - JOINTLY GOVERNED ORGANIZATIONS

South Central Ohio Computer Association - The School District is a participant in the South Central Ohio Computer Association (SCOCA) which is a computer consortium. SCOCA is an association of public school districts within the boundaries of Highland, Adams, Pike, Scioto, Brown, Ross, Jackson, Vinton, and Lawrence Counties. The organization was formed for the purpose of applying modern technology with the aid of computers and other electronic equipment to administrative and instructional functions among member school districts. The governing board of SCOCA consists of two representatives from each county in the SCOCA service region designated by the Ohio Department of Education, two representatives of the school treasurers, and one representative from the fiscal agent. The School District paid SCOCA \$17,338 for services provided during the year. Financial information can be obtained from their fiscal agent, the Pike County Joint Vocational School District, Tonya Cooper who serves as Treasurer, at P. O. Box 577, 175 Beaver Creek Road, Piketon, Ohio 45661.

Pickaway-Ross County Joint Vocational School - The Pickaway-Ross County Joint Vocational School is a distinct political subdivision of the State of Ohio operated under the direction of a Board consisting of eleven representatives from the various City and County Boards within Pickaway and Ross Counties, which possesses its own budgeting and taxing authority. To obtain financial information write to the Pickaway-Ross County Joint Vocational School, Ben VanHorn who serves as Treasurer, at 895 Crouse Chapel Road, Chillicothe, Ohio 45601.

Great Seal Education Network of Tomorrow - The Great Seal Education Network of Tomorrow is a regional council of governments (the "Council") consisting of twelve city, local, and joint vocational school districts, two educational service centers and the Ohio University-Chillicothe Campus for the purpose of promoting the use of advanced telecommunications and technology to provide enhanced educational opportunities to the communities of Ross and Pickaway Counties. The Council is operated under the direction of a Board of Directors consisting of one representative (the superintendent or another person appointed by the board of education) of each of the members. The Council possesses its own budgeting and taxing authority. To obtain financial information, write to the Ohio University-Chillicothe Campus, who acts as fiscal agent, at 571 West Fifth Street, Chillicothe, Ohio 45601.

NOTE 21 - CLAIMS SERVICING AND INSURANCE PURCHASING POOLS

Ross County School Employees Insurance Consortium - The School District is a member of the Ross County School Employees Insurance Consortium (the "Consortium"), a claims servicing pool consisting of eighteen school districts within Ross County and its surrounding area. Medical/surgical, dental, vision, or life insurance is administered through a third party administrator, Professional Risk Management Co., depending on which coverage the individual member district chooses. The Consortium's business and affairs are managed by a Council consisting of one representative for each participating school. The participating school districts pay an administrative fee to the fiscal agent to cover the costs of administering the Consortium. To obtain financial information, write to the Westfall Local School District, Scott Glandon who serves as Treasurer, at 19463 Pherson Pike, Williamsport, Ohio 43164-9745.

Ohio School Boards Association Workers' Compensation Group Rating Plan - The School District participates in the Ohio School Boards Association Workers' Compensation Group Rating Plan (GRP), an insurance purchasing pool. The GRP's business and affairs are conducted by a three member Board of directors consisting of the President, the President-Elect and the Immediate Past President of the OSBA. The Executive Director of the OSBA, or his designee, serves as coordinator of the program. Each year, the participating school districts pay an enrollment fee to the GRP to cover the costs of administering the program.

NOTE 22 - SET-ASIDE CALCULATIONS

The School District is required by State statute to annually set aside, in the General fund an amount based on a statutory formula for the purchase of textbooks and other instructional materials and an equal amount for the acquisition or construction of capital improvements. Amounts not spent by year-end or offset by similarly restricted resources received during the year must be held in cash at year-end and carried forward to be used for the same purposes in future years.

For fiscal year ended June 30, 2001, the School District was no longer required to set aside funds in the budget reserve set-aside, with the exception of monies received from the Bureau of Workers' Compensation, which must be spent for specified purposes. The total of Bureau of Workers' Compensation refunds remaining in the Reserve of Budget Stabilization line item on the balance sheet is \$52,374.

NOTE 22 - SET-ASIDE CALCULATIONS (continued)

The following information describes the change in the year-end set aside amounts for textbooks and instructional materials. Disclosure of this information is required by State statute.

	Textbooks	Capital Acquisition	Budget Stabilization
Set-aside Reserve Balance as of June 30, 2000	\$85,137	\$90,568	\$96,366
Current year set-aside requirement	89,198	89,198	0
Reduction in Requirement based on revised Legislation			(43,992)
Current year offsets	0	0	0
Qualifying disbursements	(172,945)	(172,820)	0
Set-aside Reserve Balance as of June 30, 2001	\$1,390	\$6,946	\$52,374

The total reserve balance for the set-asides and budget stabilization at the end of the fiscal year was \$60,710.

NOTE 23 - CONTINGENCIES

A. Grants

The School District received financial assistance from federal and state agencies in the form of grants. The expenditure of funds received under these programs generally requires compliance with terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements and is subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims resulting from such audits could become a liability of the General Fund or other applicable funds. However, in the opinion of management, any such disallowed claims will not have a material adverse effect on the overall financial position of the School District at June 30, 2001.

B. Litigation

The School District is not currently party to legal proceedings.

NOTE 24 - SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

On September 6, 2001, the Ohio Supreme Court issued its latest opinion regarding the State's school funding plan. The decision identified aspects of the current plan that require modification if the plan is to be considered constitutional, including:

- A change in the school districts that are used as the basis for determining the base cost support amount. Any change in the amount of funds distributed to school districts as a result of this change must be retroactive to July 1, 2001, although a time line for distribution is not specified.
- Fully funding parity aid no later than the beginning of fiscal year 2004 rather than fiscal year 2006.

The Supreme Court relinquished jurisdiction over the case based on anticipated compliance with its order.

In general, it is expected that the decision would result in an increase in State funding for most Ohio school districts. However, as of December 7, 2001, the Ohio General Assembly is still analyzing the impact this Supreme Court decision will have on funding for individual school districts.

Further, the State of Ohio, in a motion filed September 17, 2001, asked the Court to reconsider and clarify the parts of the decision changing the School Districts that are used as the basis for determining the base cost support amount and the requirement that changes be made retroactive to July 1, 2001.

On November 2, 2001, the Court granted this motion for reconsideration. The Court may re-examine and redetermine any issue upon such reconsideration.

As of the date of these financial statements, the School District is unable to determine what effect, if any, this decision and the reconsideration will have on its future State funding and on its financial operations.

SCIOTO VALLEY LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT

Schedule of Federal Awards Expenditures For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2001

Federal Grantor / Pass Through Grantor / Program Title	Pass Through Entity Number	Federal CFDA Number	Receipts	Expenditures
<u>U.S. Department of Agriculture</u> Passed Through Ohio Department of Education:				
Nutrition Cluster:				
School Breakfast Program	05-PU 2001	10.553	\$55,412	\$54,252
National School Lunch Program	04-PU 2001	10.555	128,456	120,641
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture			183,868	174,893
<u>U.S. Department of Education</u> Passed Through Ohio Department of Education:				
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	C1-S1 2001	84.010	277,051	312,512
Special Education - Grants to States (IDEA Part B)	6B-SF 2000 P	84.027	81,502	75,831
Safe and Drug-Free Schools and Communities	DR-S1-01	84.186	4,977	347
Goals 2000: Improvement Grants	G2-S1 00/01	84.276	27,000	13,966
Eisenhower Professional Development Grant	MS-S1 2001	84.281	5,899	3,668
Innovative Educational Program Strategies	C2-S1 2001	84.298	10,052	5,921
Class Size Reduction	CR-S1 2001	84.340	45,023	37,862
Total U.S. Department of Education			451,504	450,107
Total Federal Financial Assistance			\$635,372	\$625,000

Note 1 - Noncash Federal Financial Assistance

During the year ended June 30, 2001, the District received \$35,890 and used \$35,029 in fair value inventory under the Nutrition Cluster - Food Distribution (Commodities) Program, Federal CFDA Number 10.550, that is not reported in the above schedule. At June 30, 2001 the District had no significant food commodities inventory.

Note 2 - Significant Accounting Policies

The District prepares its Schedule of Federal Awards Expenditures on the cash basis of accounting, which is a comprehensive basis of accounting other than generally accepted accounting principles. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of OMB Circular A-133, Audits of States, Local Governments and Non-Profit Organizations. Therefore, some amounts presented in this schedule may differ from amounts presented in, or used in the preparation of the general purpose financial statements.

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Certified Public Accountants

78 North Plaza Blvd. Chillicothe, OH 45601 (740) 775-8448 FAX: (740) 775-8442

Report on Compliance and on Internal Control over Financial Reporting Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards

Board of Education Scioto Valley Local School District 757 Jackson Street Richmond Dale, Ohio 45673

We have audited the financial statements of the Scioto Valley Local School District (the District), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2001 and have issued our report thereon dated December 7, 2001. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States of America.

Compliance

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the District's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grants, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements and not to provide assurance on the internal control over financial reporting. Our consideration of the internal control over financial reporting would not necessarily disclose all matters in the internal control over financial reporting that might be material weaknesses. A material weakness is a condition in which the design or operation of one or more of the internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that misstatements in amounts that would be material in relation to the financial statements being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions. We noted no matters involving the internal control over financial reporting and its operation that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, we noted certain matters involving the internal control over financial reporting that we have reported to the management of the district in a separate letter dated December 7, 2001.

This report is intended for the information and use of the Board of Education, management, federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

J. L. Uhrig & Associates, I nc.

J. L. UHRIG & ASSOCIATES, INC Certified Public Accountants

December 7, 2001

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Certified Public Accountants

78 North Plaza Blvd. Chillicothe, Ohio 45601 (740) 775-8448 FAX: (740) 775-8442

Report on Compliance with Requirements Applicable to Each Major Program and Internal Control over Compliance in Accordance with OMB Circular A-133

Board of Education Scioto Valley Local School District 757 Jackson Street Richmond Dale, Ohio 45673

Compliance

We have audited the compliance of Scioto Valley Local School District (the District) with the types of compliance requirements described in the *U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Circular A-133, Compliance Supplement* that are applicable to its major federal program for the year ended June 30, 2001. The District's major federal program is identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs. Compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts and grants applicable to its major federal program is the responsibility of the District's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the District's compliance based on our audit.

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. Those standards and OMB Circular A-133 require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance occurred with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our audit does not provide a legal determination on the District's compliance with those requirements.

In our opinion, the District complied, in all material respects, with the requirements referred to above that are applicable to its major federal program for the year ended June 30, 2001.

Internal Control over Compliance

The management of the District is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with requirements of laws, regulations, contracts and grants applicable to federal programs. In planning and performing our audit, we considered the District's internal control over compliance with requirements that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on compliance and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with OMB Circular A-133.

Our consideration of the internal control over compliance would not necessarily disclose all matters in the internal control that might be material weaknesses. A material weakness is a condition in which the design or operation of one or more of the internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that noncompliance with applicable requirements of laws, regulations, contracts and grants that would be material in relation to a major federal program being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions. We noted no matters involving the internal control over compliance and its operation that we consider to be material weaknesses.

Board of Education Scioto Valley Local School District Report on Compliance with Requirements Applicable to Each Major Program and Internal Control over Compliance in Accordance with OMB Circular A-133

This report is intended for the information and use of the Board of Education, management, federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

J. L. Uhrig & Associates, I nc.

J. L. UHRIG & ASSOCIATES, INC Certified Public Accountants

December 7, 2001

SCIOTO VALLEY LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2001

	A. SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS		
1.	Type of Financial Statement Opinion	Unqualified	
2.	Were there any material internal control weaknesses reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No	
3.	Were there any other reportable internal control weaknesses reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No	
4.	Was there any material noncompliance reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No	
5.	Were there any material internal control weaknesses reported for major federal programs?	No	
6.	Were there any other reportable internal control weaknesses reported for major federal programs?	No	
7.	Type of Major Programs' Compliance Opinion	Unqualified	
8.	Are there any reportable findings under § .510?	No	
<i>9</i> .	Major Programs (list):	Nutrition Cluster: CFDA #10.550 Food Distribution CFDA #10.553 School Breakfast Program CFDA #10.555 National School Lunch Program	
10.	Dollar Threshold: Type A/B Programs	Type A: >\$300,000 Type B: All Other Programs	
11.	Low Risk Auditee?	Yes	

B. FINDINGS RELATED TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS

There were no findings related to the financial statements required to be reported in accordance with GAGAS.

C. FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR FEDERAL AWARDS

There were no findings and questioned costs for federal awards.



STATE OF OHIO OFFICE OF THE AUDITOR

JIM PETRO, AUDITOR OF STATE

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SCIOTO VALLEY LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT

ROSS COUNTY

CLERK'S CERTIFICATION

This is a true and correct copy of the report which is required to be filed in the Office of the Auditor of State pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in Columbus, Ohio.

Susan Babbitt

CLERK OF THE BUREAU

CERTIFIED FEBRUARY 7, 2002