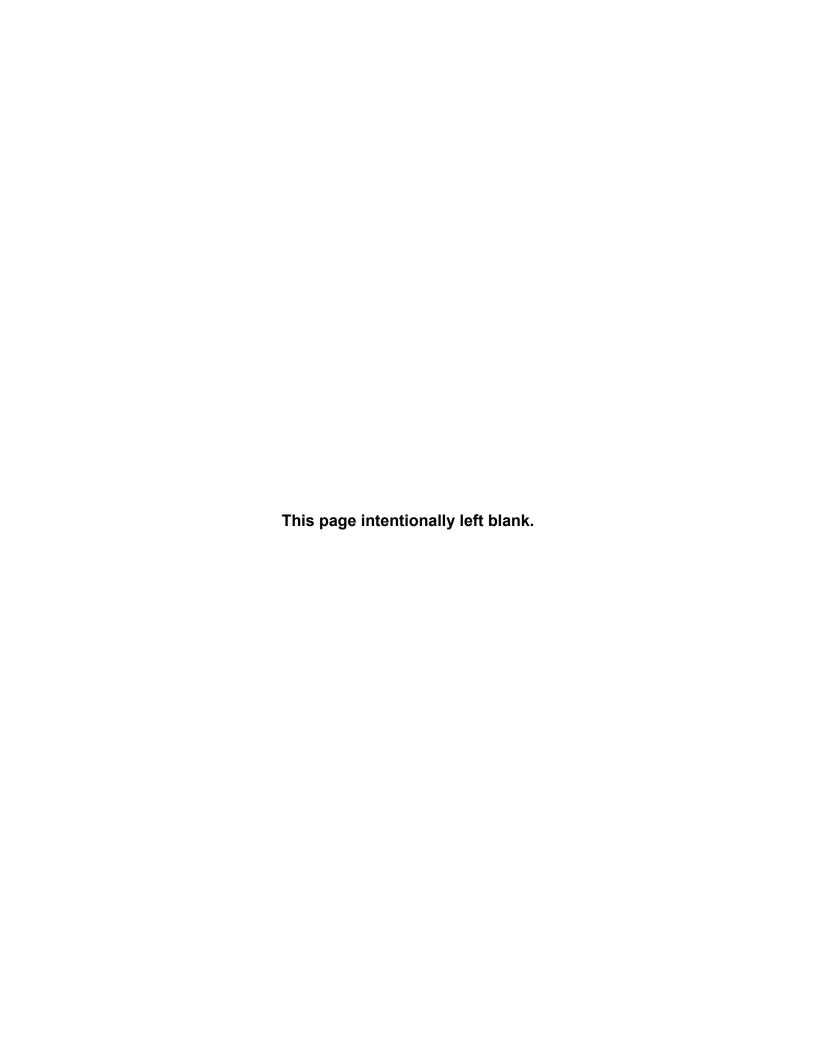




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#### REPORT OF INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS

Village of Belmore
Putnam County
121 East Main Street
P.O. Box 10
Belmore, Ohio 45815-0010

To the Village Council:

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the Village of Belmore (the Village) as of and for the years ended December 31, 2001 and 2000. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Village's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

As discussed in Note 1, the Village prepares its financial statements on the basis of accounting prescribed or permitted by the Auditor of State, which is a comprehensive basis of accounting other than generally accepted accounting principles.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the combined fund cash balances of the Village as of December 31, 2001 and 2000, and its combined cash receipts and disbursements for the years then ended on the basis of accounting described in Note 1.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated May 23, 2002 on our consideration of the Village's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grants. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* and should be read in conjunction with this report in considering the results of our audit.

Village of Belmore Putnam County Report of Independent Accountants Page 2

This report is intended solely for the information and use of management, Village Council and other officials authorized to receive this report under § 117.26, Ohio Revised Code, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

**Jim Petro** Auditor of State

May 23, 2002

# COMBINED STATEMENT OF CASH RECEIPTS, CASH DISBURSEMENTS, AND CHANGES IN FUND CASH BALANCES - ALL GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2001

	Governmental Fund Types		_
	General	Special Revenue	Totals (Memorandum Only)
Cash Receipts:			
Property Tax and Other Local Taxes	\$1,057	\$2,041	\$3,098
Intergovernmental Receipts	41,461	5,520	46,981
Charges for Services	1,300		1,300
Earnings on Investments	647	647	1,294
Miscellaneous			2
Total Cash Receipts	44,467	8,208	52,675
Cash Disbursements:			
Current:			
Security of Persons and Property	3,936		3,936
Basic Utility Services	10,618	2,315	12,933
Transportation		5,835	5,835
General Government	33,111	67	33,178
Total Cash Disbursements	47,665	8,217	55,882
Total Disbursements Over Receipts	(3,198)	(9)	(3,207)
Fund Cash Balances, January 1	10,295	38,080	48,375
Fund Cash Balances, December 31	\$7,097	\$38,071	\$45,168

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

# COMBINED STATEMENT OF CASH RECEIPTS, CASH DISBURSEMENTS, AND CHANGES IN FUND CASH BALANCES - ALL GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2000

	Governmental Fund Types		_
	General	Special Revenue	Totals (Memorandum Only)
Cash Receipts:			
Property Tax and Other Local Taxes	\$1,205	\$2,342	\$3,547
Intergovernmental Receipts	40,271	5,102	45,373
Charges for Services	650		650
Earnings on Investments	808	818	1,626
Miscellaneous	85		85
Total Cash Receipts	43,019	8,262	51,281
Cash Disbursements:			
Current:			
Security of Persons and Property	7,606		7,606
Basic Utility Services	9,361	2,371	11,732
Transportation		2,350	2,350
General Government	40,339	47	40,386
Total Cash Disbursements	57,306	4,768	62,074
Total Receipts Over/(Under) Disbursements	(14,287)	3,494	(10,793)
Fund Cash Balances, January 1	24,582	34,586	59,168
Fund Cash Balances, December 31	<u>\$10,295</u>	\$38,080	\$48,375

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2001 AND 2000

#### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### A. Description of the Entity

The Village of Belmore, Putnam County, (the Village) is a body corporate and politic established to exercise the rights and privileges conveyed to it by the constitution and laws of the State of Ohio. The Village is directed by a publicly-elected six-member Council. The Village provides general governmental services, and fire services.

The Village's management believes these financial statements present all activities for which the Village is financially accountable.

#### B. Basis of Accounting

These financial statements follow the basis of accounting prescribed or permitted by the Auditor of State, which is similar to the cash receipts and disbursements basis of accounting. Receipts are recognized when received in cash rather than when earned, and disbursements are recognized when paid rather than when a liability is incurred. Budgetary presentations report budgetary expenditures when a commitment is made (i.e., when an encumbrance is approved).

These statements include adequate disclosure of material matters, as prescribed or permitted by the Auditor of State.

#### C. Cash and Investments

Certificates of Deposits are valued at cost.

Investments are reported as assets. Accordingly, purchases of investments are not recorded as disbursements, and sales of investments are not recorded as receipts. Gains or losses at the time of sale are recorded as receipts or disbursements, respectively.

### D. Fund Accounting

The Village uses fund accounting to segregate cash and investments that are restricted as to use. The Village classifies its funds into the following types:

#### 1. General Fund

The General Fund is the general operating fund. It is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

### 2. Special Revenue Fund

These funds are used to account for proceeds from specific sources (other than from trusts or for capital projects) that are restricted to expenditure for specific purposes. The Village had the following significant Special Revenue Funds:

Street Construction, Maintenance and Repair Fund - This fund receives gasoline tax and motor vehicle tax money for constructing, maintaining and repairing Village streets.

Street Lighting Fund - This fund receives property tax money for paying the cost of street lighting in the Village.

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2001 AND 2000 (Continued)

#### E. Budgetary Process

The Ohio Revised Code requires that each fund be budgeted annually.

### 1. Appropriations

Budgetary expenditures (that is, disbursements and encumbrances) may not exceed appropriations at the fund, function or object level of control, and appropriations may not exceed estimated resources. The Council must annually approve appropriation measures and subsequent amendments. The County Budget Commission must also approve the annual appropriation measure. Appropriations lapse at year end.

#### 2. Estimated Resources

Estimated resources include estimates of cash to be received (budgeted receipts) plus cash as of January 1. The County Budget Commission must also approve estimated resources.

#### 3. Encumbrances

The Ohio Revised Code requires the Village to reserve (encumber) appropriations when commitments are made. The Village did not use the encumbrance method of accounting.

A summary of 2001 and 2000 budgetary activity appears in Note 3.

#### F. Property, Plant and Equipment

Acquisitions of property, plant and equipment are recorded as disbursements when paid. These items are not reflected as assets on the accompanying financial statements.

#### 2. EQUITY IN POOLED CASH AND INVESTMENTS

The Village maintains a cash and investments pool used by all funds. The Ohio Revised Code prescribes allowable deposits and investments. The carrying amount of cash and investments at December 31 was as follows:

	2001	2000
Cash on Hand	\$6,746	
Demand deposits	18,422	\$28,375
Certificates of deposit	20,000	20,000
Total deposits	\$45,168	\$48,375

Deposits are insured by the Federal Depository Insurance Corporation.

#### 3. BUDGETARY ACTIVITY

Budgetary activity for the years ending December 31, 2001 and 2000 follows:

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2001 AND 2000 (Continued)

2001 Budgeted vs. Actual Receipts

	Budgeted	Actual	
Fund Type	Receipts	Receipts	Variance
General	\$53,926	\$44,467	(\$9,459)
Special Revenue	7,936	8,208	272
Total	\$61,862	\$52,675	(\$9,187)

2001 Budgeted vs. Actual Budgetary Basis Expenditures

	Appropriation	Budgetary	
Fund Type	Authority	Expenditures	Variance
General	\$30,854	\$47,665	(\$16,811)
Special Revenue	14,819	8,217	6,602
Total	\$45,673	\$55,882	(\$10,209)

2000 Budgeted vs. Actual Receipts

	Budgeted	Actual	
Fund Type	Receipts	Receipts	Variance
General	\$47,489	\$43,019	(\$4,470)
Special Revenue	7,893	8,262	369
Total	\$55,382	\$51,281	(\$4,101)

2000 Budgeted vs. Actual Budgetary Basis Expenditures

	Appropriation	Budgetary	
Fund Type	Authority	Expenditures	Variance
General	\$67,715	\$57,306	\$10,409
Special Revenue	14,824	4,768	10,056
Total	\$82,539	\$62,074	\$20,465

The Village did not certify funds as required by Ohio Revised Code § 5705.41(D).

Although there were no negative fund balances at year end, the following funds were found to have deficit balances throughout the audit period by the maximum amount indicated: General Fund \$4,396 and Street Lighting Fund \$987.

The following funds had expenditures exceeding appropriations at year end.

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2001 AND 2000 (Continued)

Fund	Appropriations	Expenditures	Variance
December 31, 2000 Street Lighting Fund	\$2,293	\$2,418	(\$125)
December 31, 2001			
General Fund	\$30,854	\$47,665	(\$16,811)
Street Lighting Fund	2,336	2,382	(46)

#### 4. PROPERTY TAX

Real property taxes become a lien on January 1 preceding the October 1 date for which rates are adopted by Village Council. The State Board of Tax Equalization adjusts these rates for inflation. Property taxes are also reduced for applicable homestead and rollback deductions. Homestead and rollback amounts are then paid by the State, and are reflected in the accompanying financial statements as Intergovernmental Receipts. Payments are due to the County by December 31. If the property owner elects to make semiannual payments, the first half is due December 31. The second half payment is due the following June 20.

Public utilities are also taxed on personal and real property located within the Village.

Tangible personal property tax is assessed by the property owners, who must file a list of such property to the County by each April 30.

The County is responsible for assessing property, and for billing, collecting, and distributing all property taxes on behalf of the Village.

#### 5. RETIREMENT SYSTEMS

The Village's official and employees belong to the Public Employees Retirement System (PERS) of Ohio. PERS is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer plan. This plan provides retirement benefits, including postretirement healthcare, and survivor and disability benefits to participants as prescribed by the Ohio Revised Code.

Contribution rates are also prescribed by the Ohio Revised Code. For 2001 and 2000, PERS members contributed 8.5% of their wages. The Village contributed an amount equal to 13.55% of participants' gross salaries for 2001 and from January 1, 2000 through June 30, 2000. PERS temporarily reduced the employer contribution rate to 8.13%, effective July 1, 2000 through December 31, 2000. The Village has paid all contributions required through December 31, 2001.

#### 6. RISK MANAGEMENT

The Village has obtained commercial insurance for vehicles.

### **Risk Pool Membership**

The Government belongs to the Public Entities Pool of Ohio ("PEP"), a risk-sharing pool available to Ohio local governments. PEP provides property and casualty insurance for its members. PEP is a member of the American Public Entity Excess Pool (APEEP). Member governments pay annual contributions to fund PEP. PEP pays judgments, settlements and other expenses resulting from covered claims that exceed the members" deductibles.

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2001 AND 2000 (Continued)

#### Casualty Insurance

PEP retains casualty risks up to \$250,000 per claim. Claims exceeding \$250,000 are reinsured with APEEP up to \$1,750,000 per claim and \$5,000,000 in the aggregate per year. Governments can elect additional coverage, from \$2,000,000 to \$10,000,000, from the General Reinsurance Corporation.

If losses exhaust PEP's retained earnings, APEEP covers PEP losses up to \$5,000,000 per year, subject to a per-claim limit of \$2,000,000.

#### Property Insurance

PEP retains property risks, including automobile physical damage up to \$100,000 on any specific loss. The Travelers Indemnity Company reinsures specific losses exceeding \$100,000. The Travelers Indemnity Company also provides aggregate excess coverage for property including automobile physical damage subject to an annual stop loss. When the stop loss is reached in any year, The Travelers Indemnity Company provides coverage in excess of \$10,000.

The aforementioned casualty and property reinsurance agreements do not discharge PEP's primary liability for claims payments on covered losses. Claims exceeding coverage limits are the obligation of the respective government.

#### **Financial Position**

PEP's financial statements (audited by other accountants) conform with generally accepted accounting principles, and reported the following assets, liabilities and retained earnings at December 31:

Casualty Coverage	2000	1999
Assets Liabilities	\$17,112,129 7,715,035	\$15,295,389 6,636,543
Retained earnings	\$9,397,094	\$8,658,846
Property Coverage	2000	1999
Assets	\$1,575,614	\$1,118,222
Liabilities	281,561	279,871
Retained earnings	\$1,294,053	\$838,351

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# REPORT OF INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS ON COMPLIANCE AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL REQUIRED BY GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Village of Belmore Putnam County 121 East Main Street P.O. Box 10 Belmore, Ohio 45815-0010

To the Village Council:

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the Village of Belmore (the Village) as of and for the years ended December 31, 2001 and 2000, and have issued our report thereon dated May 23, 2002. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

#### Compliance

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Village's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grants, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed instances of noncompliance that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards* which are described in the accompanying schedule of findings as items 2001-30269-001, 2001-30269-002 and 2001-30269-003. We also noted certain immaterial instances of noncompliance that we have reported to management of the Village in a separate letter dated May 23, 2002.

#### **Internal Control Over Financial Reporting**

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the Village's internal control over financial reporting in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements and not to provide assurance on the internal control over financial reporting. However, we noted an instance involving the internal control over financial reporting and its operation that we consider to be a reportable condition. Reportable conditions involve matters coming to our attention relating to significant deficiencies in the design or operation of the internal control over financial reporting that, in our judgment, could adversely affect the Village's ability to record, process, summarized and report financial data consistent with the assertions of management in the financial statements. The reportable condition is described in the accompanying schedule of findings as item 2001-30269-004.

Village of Belmore
Putnam County
Report of Independent Accountants on Compliance and on Internal Control
Required by Government Auditing Standards
Page 2

A material weakness is a condition in which the design or operation of one or more of the internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that misstatements in amounts that would be material in relation to the financial statements being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions. Our consideration of the internal control over financial reporting would not necessarily disclose all matters in the internal control that might be reportable conditions and, accordingly, would not necessarily disclose all reportable conditions that are also considered to be material weaknesses. We believe the reportable condition described above is a material weakness. We also noted other matters involving the internal control over financial reporting that do not require inclusion in this report, that we have reported to management of the Village in a separate letter dated May 23, 2002.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of management and Village Council, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Jim Petro Auditor of State

May 23, 2002

### SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS DECEMBER 31, 2001 AND 2000

# FINDINGS RELATED TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS

#### FINDING NUMBER 2001-30269-001

#### **Noncompliance Citation**

Ohio Revised Code § 5705.10 states money paid into any fund shall be used only for the purposes for which the fund was established.

The existence of a deficit balance in any fund indicates that money from another fund or funds has been used to pay the obligations of the fund carrying the deficit balance. Although there were no negative fund balances at year end, the following funds were found to have deficit balances during the audit period by the maximum amount indicated: General Fund \$4,396 and Street Lighting Fund \$987.

We recommend the Village monitor cash balances and make transfers or advances as necessary from the General Fund or reduce planned expenditures to avoid deficit balances.

#### **FINDING NUMBER 2001-30269-002**

### **Noncompliance Citation**

Ohio Revised Code § 5705.41 (B) prohibits a subdivision from making any expenditure of money unless it has been lawfully appropriated as provided in such chapter.

The following funds had expenditures exceeding appropriations at year end:

Fund	Appropriations	Expenditures	Variance
December 31, 2000 Street Lighting Fund	\$2,293	\$2,418	(\$125)
December 31, 2001			
General Fund	\$30,854	\$47,665	(\$16,811)
Street Lighting Fund	2,336	2,382	(46)

The Clerk/Treasurer should not issue purchase orders or checks for expenditures that would exceed appropriations. The Clerk/Treasurer should inform the Council of the insufficiency of appropriations, and whether current resources permit an increase to appropriations. The Council should determine if they wish to increase appropriations and if needed, obtain an amended certificate of estimated resources. We reported this matter in the management letter during our audit of the 1998 and 1999 financial statements.

Village of Belmore Putnam County Schedule of Findings Page 2

#### **FINDING NUMBER 2001-30269-003**

#### **Noncompliance Citation**

Ohio Revised Code § 5705.41(D) states that no subdivision or taxing unit shall make any contract or order any expenditure of money unless the certificate of the fiscal officer is attached. The fiscal officer must certify that the amount required to meet such a commitment has been lawfully appropriated and is in the treasury or in the process of collection to the credit of an appropriate fund free from any previous encumbrance. Further, contracts and orders for expenditures lacking prior certification should be considered null and void.

This section also provides two exceptions to the above requirements:

- A. Then and Now Certificate if no certificate is furnished as required, upon receipt of the fiscal officer's certificate that a sufficient sum was, both at the time of the purchase order or contract and at the time of the certificate, appropriated and free of any previous encumbrance, the Council may authorize the issuance of a check in payment of the amount due upon such contract or order by resolution within 30 days from the receipt of such certificate, if such expenditure is otherwise valid.
- B. If the amount involved is less than \$1,000, the fiscal officer may authorize it to be paid without the affirmation of the Council, if such expenditure is otherwise valid.

None of the transactions tested included prior certification nor were they certified using a then-and-now certification. Certification is not only required by Ohio law but is also a key control in the disbursement process to assure purchase commitments receive prior approval, and to help reduce the possibility of Village funds being over expended or exceeding budgetary spending limitations as set by Council.

To improve controls over disbursements we recommend all Village disbursements, receive prior certification of the Clerk/Treasurer and the Council periodically review the expenditures made to ensure they are within appropriations adopted by the Council certified by the Clerk/Treasurer and recorded against appropriations. We also reported this matter in our audit of the 1998 and 1999 financial statements.

#### FINDING NUMBER 2001-30269-004

#### **Material Weakness - Financial Monitoring**

The Village receipts and appropriations ledgers were not reconciled to the cash journal, the cash journal did not reconcile with the bank at December 31, 2001 the Clerk/Treasurer reported a general fund balance of \$21,987.88 when the actual balance was \$7,097.04, some receipts collected by the Village were not posted on the Village's books and other receipts were not deposited and recorded for up to eight weeks after receipt, the annual financial reports submitted to the State were incomplete and not in balance with the Village records and there was no evidence the Clerk/Treasurer had attended training.

Village of Belmore Putnam County Schedule of Findings Page 3

# FINDING NUMBER 2001-30269-004 (Continued)

This indicates a lack of financial monitoring by Council. To properly maintain the records of the Village, the receipts and appropriations ledgers should be reconciled to the cash journal monthly, the cash balances should be reconciled to the bank monthly and all activity of the Village should be recorded when it occurs. To ensure the records are up to date and in balance the Council finance committee should review the records to ensure all amounts are properly posted, all the records are in agreement and in balance with the bank and the annual financial report accurately reflects the activity and balances of the Village. To assist the finance committee with their review the Clerk should provide the Council with monthly financial statements that include comparisons of budget and actual receipts and disbursements. The Village could gain efficiencies in both financial accounting and reporting if Council would consider investing in training for the Clerk/Treasurer.

# SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS DECEMBER 31, 2001 AND 2000

Finding Number	Finding Summary	Fully Corrected?	Not Corrected, Partially Corrected; Significantly Different Corrective Action Taken; or Finding No Longer Valid; <i>Explain</i> :
1999-30269-001	ORC § 5705.41(D) certification of funds	No	This finding has not been corrected and has been repeated in this report as finding 2001-30269-003.
1999-30269-002	Financial Monitoring	No	This finding has not been corrected and has been repeated in this report as finding 2001-30269-004.



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### VILLAGE OF BELMORE

### **PUTNAM COUNTY**

# **CLERK'S CERTIFICATION**

This is a true and correct copy of the report which is required to be filed in the Office of the Auditor of State pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in Columbus, Ohio.

**CLERK OF THE BUREAU** 

Susan Babbitt

CERTIFIED JUNE 18, 2002