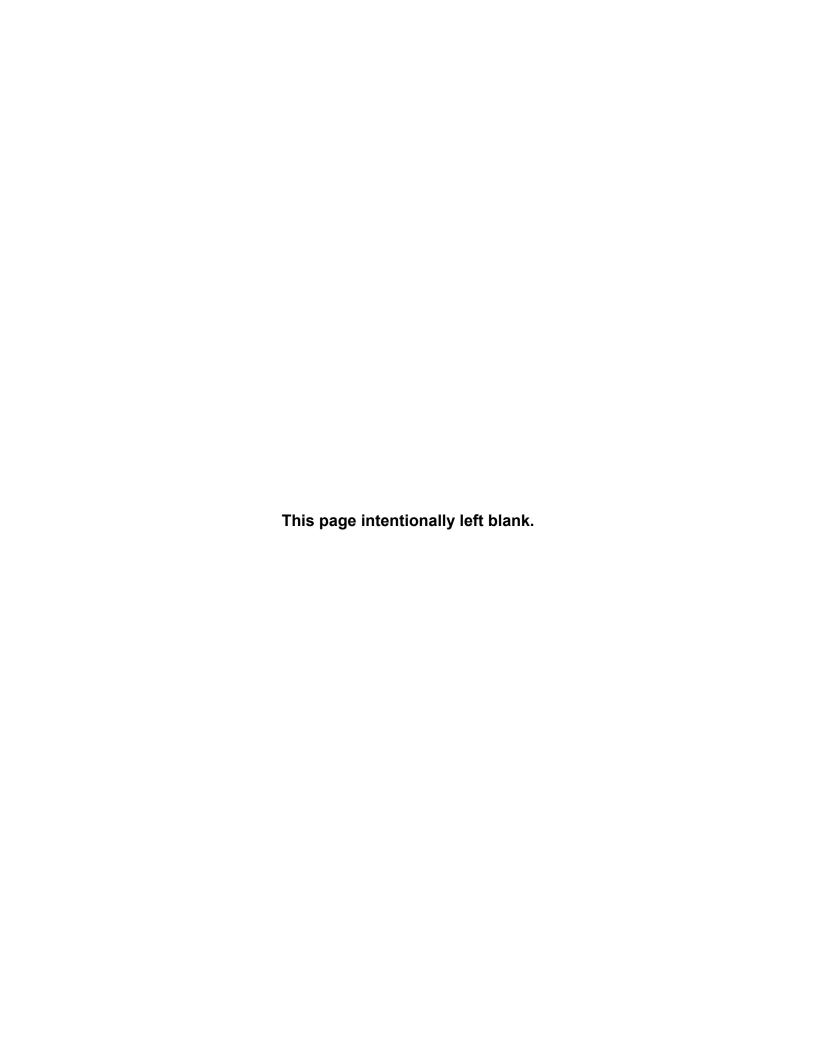




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REPORT OF INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS

Village of Dellroy Carroll County PO Box 174 Ohio Street Dellroy, Ohio 44620

To the Village Council:

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the Village of Dellroy, Carroll County, (the Village) as of and for the years ended December 31, 2001 and 2000. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Village's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

As discussed in Note 1, the Village prepares its financial statements on the basis of accounting prescribed or permitted by the Auditor of State, which is a comprehensive basis of accounting other than generally accepted accounting principles.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the combined fund cash balances and reserves for encumbrances of the Village of Dellroy, Carroll County, as of December 31, 2001 and 2000, and its combined cash receipts and disbursements for the years then ended on the basis of accounting described in Note 1.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated April 17, 2002 on our consideration of the Village's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grants. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* and should be read in conjunction with this report in considering the results of our audit.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the audit committee, management, Village Council and other officials authorized to receive this report under § 117.26, Ohio Revised Code, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Jim Petro Auditor of State

April 17, 2002

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COMBINED STATEMENT OF CASH RECEIPTS, CASH DISBURSEMENTS, AND CHANGES IN FUND CASH BALANCES - ALL GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2001

_	Governmental Fund Types			
	General	Special Revenue	Totals (Memorandum Only)	
Cash Receipts:				
Property Tax and Other Local Taxes	\$18,085	\$4,265	\$22,350	
Intergovernmental Receipts	44,227	13,187	57,414	
Fines, Licenses, and Permits	1,695		1,695	
Earnings on Investments	346	39	385	
Miscellaneous	1,405		1,405	
Total Cash Receipts	65,758	17,491	83,249	
Cash Disbursements:				
Current:				
Security of Persons and Property	16,086	4,966	21,052	
Public Health Services	943		943	
Community Environment	47		47	
Transportation	685	10,988	11,673	
General Government	29,188	4.50	29,188	
Capital Outlay	250	150	400	
Total Cash Disbursements	47,199	16,104	63,303	
Total Receipts Over/(Under) Disbursements	18,559	1,387	19,946	
Other Financing Receipts/(Disbursements):				
Sale of Fixed Assets	56		56	
Total Other Financing Receipts/(Disbursements)	56		56	
Excess of Cash Receipts and Other Financing Receipts Over/(Under) Cash Disbursements				
and Other Financing Disbursements	18,615	1,387	20,002	
Fund Cash Balances, January 1	27,294	3,537	30,831	
Fund Cash Balances, December 31	\$45,909	\$4,924	\$50,833	
Reserves for Encumbrances, December 31	\$11,770	\$1,348	\$13,118	
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The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

COMBINED STATEMENT OF CASH RECEIPTS, CASH DISBURSEMENTS, AND CHANGES IN FUND CASH BALANCES - ALL GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2000

	Governmental Fund Types			
	General	Special Revenue	Totals (Memorandum Only)	
Cash Receipts:				
Property Tax and Other Local Taxes	\$19,264	\$4,499	\$23,763	
Intergovernmental Receipts	46,755	12,894	59,649	
Fines, Licenses, and Permits	2,309		2,309	
Earnings on Investments	307	51	358	
Miscellaneous	1,558		1,558	
Total Cash Receipts	70,193	17,444	87,637	
Cash Disbursements:				
Current:				
Security of Persons and Property	14,563	5,171	19,734	
Public Health Services	915		915	
Community Environment	72		72	
Transportation	225	12,249	12,474	
General Government	36,201		36,201	
Capital Outlay	2,070		2,070	
Total Cash Disbursements	54,046	17,420	71,466	
Total Receipts Over/(Under) Disbursements	16,147	24	16,171	
Fund Cash Balances, January 1	11,147	3,513	14,660	
Fund Cash Balances, December 31	\$27,294	\$3,537	\$30,831	
Reserves for Encumbrances, December 31	\$765	\$684	\$1,449	
111111111111111111111111111111111111111				

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2001 AND 2000

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

A. Description of the Entity

The Village of Dellroy, Carroll County, (the Village) is a body corporate and politic established to exercise the rights and privileges conveyed to it by the constitution and laws of the State of Ohio. The Village is directed by a publicly-elected six-member Council. The Village provides street repair and maintenance, general government services and police services. The Village contracts with the Dellroy Volunteer Fire Department to provide fire protection services.

The Village's management believes these financial statements present all activities for which the Village is financially accountable.

B. Basis of Accounting

These financial statements follow the basis of accounting prescribed or permitted by the Auditor of State, which is similar to the cash receipts and disbursements basis of accounting. Receipts are recognized when received in cash rather than when earned, and disbursements are recognized when paid rather than when a liability is incurred. Budgetary presentations report budgetary expenditures when a commitment is made (i.e., when an encumbrance is approved).

These statements include adequate disclosure of material matters, as prescribed or permitted by the Auditor of State.

C. Fund Accounting

The Village uses fund accounting to segregate cash and investments that are restricted as to use. The Village classifies its funds into the following types:

1. General Fund

The General Fund is the general operating fund. It is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

2. Special Revenue Fund

These funds are used to account for proceeds from specific sources (other than from trusts or for capital projects) that are restricted to expenditure for specific purposes. The Village had the following significant Special Revenue Funds:

Street Construction, Maintenance and Repair Fund - This fund receives gasoline tax and motor vehicle tax money for constructing, maintaining and repairing Village streets.

Fire Protection Fund - This fund receives local tax receipts to purchase fire service from the Dellroy Volunteer Fire Department.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2001 AND 2000 (Continued)

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

D. Budgetary Process

The Ohio Revised Code requires that each fund be budgeted annually.

1. Appropriations

Budgetary expenditures (that is, disbursements and encumbrances) may not exceed appropriations at the fund level of control, and appropriations may not exceed estimated resources. The Council must annually approve appropriation measures and subsequent amendments. The County Budget Commission must also approve the annual appropriation measure. Unencumbered appropriations lapse at year end.

2. Estimated Resources

Estimated resources include estimates of cash to be received (budgeted receipts) plus unencumbered cash as of January 1. The County Budget Commission must also approve estimated resources.

3. Encumbrances

The Ohio Revised Code requires the Village to reserve (encumber) appropriations when commitments are made. Encumbrances outstanding at year end are carried over, and need not be reappropriated.

A summary of 2001 and 2000 budgetary activity appears in Note 3.

F. Property, Plant and Equipment

Acquisitions of property, plant and equipment are recorded as disbursements when paid. These items are not reflected as assets on the accompanying financial statements.

2. EQUITY IN POOLED CASH

The Village maintains a cash pool used by all funds. The Ohio Revised Code prescribes allowable deposits and investments. The carrying amount of cash December 31 was as follows:

	 2001	 2000
Demand Deposits	\$ 50,833	\$ 30,831

Deposits: Deposits are insured by the Federal Depository Insurance Corporation.

3. BUDGETARY ACTIVITY

Budgetary activity for the years ended December 31, 2001 and 2000 follows:

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2001 AND 2000 (Continued)

3. BUDGETARY ACTIVITY (Continued)

Fund Type	Budgeted Receipts	Actual Receipts	Variance
General	\$66,650	\$65,814	(\$836)
Special Revenue	18,000	17,491	(509)

2001Budgeted vs. Actual Receipts

Total \$84,650 \$83,305 (\$1,345)

2001 Budgeted vs. Actual Budgetary Basis Expenditures

Fund Type	_	Appropriation Authority	Budgetary Expenditures	Variance
General Special Revenue		\$89,923 20,474	\$58,969 17,452	\$30,954 3,022
	Total	\$110,397	\$76,421	\$33,976

2000 Budgeted vs. Actual Receipts

2000 Budgeted Vs. Actual Necelpts					
	Budgeted	Actual			
	Receipts	Receipts	Variance		
	\$64,329	\$70,193	\$5,864		
	17,618	17,444	(174)		
Total	\$81,947	\$87,637	\$5,690		
		Budgeted Receipts \$64,329 17,618	Receipts Receipts \$64,329 \$70,193 17,618 17,444		

2000 Budgeted vs. Actual Budgetary Basis Expenditures

Fund Type		Appropriation Authority	Budgetary Expenditures	Variance
General Special Revenue		\$74,164 20,507	\$54,811 18,104	\$19,353 2,403
	Total	\$94,671	\$72,915	\$21,756

4. PROPERTY TAX

Real property taxes become a lien on January 1 preceding the October 1 date for which rates are adopted by Village Council. The State Board of Tax Equalization adjusts these rates for inflation. Property taxes are also reduced for applicable homestead and rollback deductions. Homestead and rollback amounts are then paid by the State, and are reflected in the accompanying financial statements as Intergovernmental Receipts. Payments are due to the County by December 31. If the property owner elects to make semiannual payment, the first half is due December 31. The second half payment is due the following June 20.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2001 AND 2000 (Continued)

4. PROPERTY TAX (Continued)

Tangible personal property tax is assessed by the property owners, who must file a list of such property to the County by each April 30.

The County is responsible for assessing property, and for billing, collecting, and distributing all property taxes on behalf of the Village.

5. RETIREMENT SYSTEM

The Village's employees belong to the Public Employees Retirement System (PERS) of Ohio. PERS is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer plan. This plan provides retirement benefits, including postretirement healthcare, and survivor and disability benefits to participants as prescribed by the Ohio Revised Code.

Contribution rates are also prescribed by the Ohio Revised Code. For 2001and 2000, PERS members contributed 8.5% of their gross wages. The Village contributed an amount equal to 13.55% of PERS participants' gross salaries for 2001 and from January 1, 2000 through June 30, 2000. Commencing July 1, 2000, PERS temporarily reduced employer contributions to 8.13% effective July 1, through December 31, 2000. The Village has paid all contributions required through December 31, 2001.

6. RISK POOL MEMBERSHIP

The Village belongs to the Public Entities Pool of Ohio ("PEP"), a risk-sharing pool available to Ohio local governments. PEP provides property and casualty insurance for its members. PEP is a member of the American Public Entity Excess Pool (APEEP). Member governments pay annual contributions to fund PEP. PEP pays judgements, settlements and other expenses resulting from covered claims that exceed the members' deductibles.

A. Casualty Insurance

PEP retains casualty risks up to \$250,000 per claim. Claims exceeding \$250,000 are reinsured with APEEP up to \$1,750,000 per claim and \$5,000,000 in the aggregate per year. Governments can elect additional coverage, from \$2,000,000 to \$10,000,000 from the General Reinsurance Corporation. If losses exhaust PEP's retained earnings, APEEP covers PEP losses up to \$5,000,000 per year, subject to a per-claim limit of \$2,000,000.

B. Property Insurance

PEP retains property risks including automobile physical damage up to \$100,000 on any specific loss. The Travelers Indemnity Company reinsures specific losses exceeding up \$100,000. The Travelers Indemnity Company also provides aggregate excess coverage for property including automobile physical damage subject to an annual stop loss. When the stop loss is reached in any year, The Travelers Indemnity Company provides coverage in excess of \$10,000.

The aforementioned casualty and property reinsurance agreements do not dischargePEP's primary liablity for claims payments on covered losses. Claims exceeding coverage limits are the obligation of the respective government.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2001 AND 2000 (Continued)

6. RISK POOL MEMBERSHIP (Continued)

C. Financial Position

PEP's financial statements (audited by other accountants) conform with generally accepted accounting principals, and reported the following assets, liabilities and retained earnings at December 31: (latest information available)

Casualty Coverage	<u>2000</u>	<u>1999</u>
Assets	\$17,112,129	\$15,295,389
Liabilities	7,715,035	6,636,543
Retained Earnings	\$9,397,094	\$8,658,846
Property Coverage		
Assets	\$1,575,614	\$1,118,222
Liabilities	281,561	279,871
Retained Earnings	\$1,294,053	\$838,351

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REPORT OF INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS ON COMPLIANCE AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL REQUIRED BY GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Village of Dellroy Carroll County PO Box 174 Ohio Street Dellroy, Ohio 44620

To the Village Council:

We have audited the financial statements of the Village of Dellroy (the Village) as of and for the years ended December 31, 2001 and 2000, and have issued our report thereon dated April 17, 2002. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Compliance

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Village's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grants, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the Village's internal control over financial reporting in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements and not to provide assurance on the internal control over financial reporting. Our consideration of the internal control over financial reporting would not necessarily disclose all matters in the internal control over financial reporting that might be material weaknesses. A material weakness is a condition in which the design or operation of one or more of the internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that misstatements in amounts that would be material in relation to the financial statements being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions. We noted no matters involving the internal control over financial reporting and its operation that we consider to be material weaknesses.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the audit committee, management and Village Council, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Jim Petro Auditor of State

April 17, 2002

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SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS DECEMBER 31, 2001 AND 2000

Finding Number	Finding Summary	Fully Corrected?	Not Corrected, Partially Corrected; Significantly Different Corrective Action Taken; or Finding No Longer Valid; <i>Explain</i> :
1999-31210-01	Total Appropriations exceeded Total Estimated Resources	Yes	
1999-31210-02	Ohio Revised Code Section 5705.41 (D) Disbursements were not properly certified.	Yes	
1999-31210-03	Ohio Revised Code Section 5705.09 Agency Fund was not established for Mayor's Court.	No	Finding No Longer Valid
1999-31210-04	Ohio Administrative Rule 117-5-07 Receipts were not properly classified for their auto license receipts.	Yes	



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VILLAGE OF DELLROY

CARROLL COUNTY

CLERK'S CERTIFICATION

This is a true and correct copy of the report which is required to be filed in the Office of the Auditor of State pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in Columbus, Ohio.

CLERK OF THE BUREAU

Susan Babbitt

CERTIFIED JUNE 11, 2002