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To the Board of Education Wadsworth City School District 360 College Street Wadsworth, Ohio 44281

We have reviewed the Independent Auditor's Report of the Wadsworth City School District, Medina County, prepared by Rea & Associates, Inc., for the audit period July 1, 2000 through June 30, 2001. Based upon this review, we have accepted these reports in lieu of the audit required by Section 117.11, Revised Code. The Auditor of State did not audit the accompanying financial statements and, accordingly, we are unable to express, and do not express an opinion on them.

Our review was made in reference to the applicable sections of legislative criteria, as reflected by the Ohio Constitution, and the Revised Code, policies, procedures and guidelines of the Auditor of State, regulations and grant requirements. The Wadsworth City School District is responsible for compliance with these laws and regulations.

JIM PETRO Auditor of State

January 17, 2002



WADSWORTH CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT Wadsworth, Ohio

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Rea & Associates, Inc.

ACCOUNTANTS AND BUSINESS CONSULTANTS

December 4, 2001

The Board of Education Wadsworth City School District Wadsworth, Ohio 44218

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

We have audited the accompanying general purpose financial statements of Wadsworth City School District as of and for the year ended June 30, 2001, as listed in the table of contents. These general purpose financial statements are the responsibility of the District's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these general purpose financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards and the standards generally accepted in the United States of America applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the general purpose financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the general purpose financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and the significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall general purpose financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the general purpose financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Wadsworth City School District as of June 30, 2001, and the results of its operations and the cash flows of its proprietary fund types for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued a report dated December 4, 2001, on our consideration of Wadsworth City School District's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grants. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Governmental Audit Standards* and should be read in conjunction with this report in considering the results of our audit.



<u>-</u>	Governmental Fund Types			
		Special		Capital
<u>-</u>	General	Revenue	Debt Service	Projects
Assets and Other Debits				
Assets		****		* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *
Equity Pooled in Cash and Investments	\$1,263,639	\$583,722	\$6,416,158	\$4,945,469
Receivables:	14 544 970	0	1 920 221	722 101
Taxes Accounts	14,544,879 8,238	0 246	1,820,321	722,191 4,100
Intergovernmental	0,238	48,193	0	0
Accrued Interest	17,227	0	0	26,606
Interfund	46,714	0	0	0
Restricted Assets:	.0,,,	· ·	Ů	v
Cash and Cash Equivalents with Fiscal Age	235,677	0	23,471	0
Inventory Held for Resale	0	0	0	0
Materials and Supplies Inventory	0	0	0	0
Fixed Assets (Net, Where Applicable,				
of Accumulated Depreciation)	0	0	0	0
Other Debits				
Amount Available in Debt Service Fund				
for Retirement of General Obligation Bonds	0	0	0	0
Amount to be Provided from				
General Government Resources	0	0	0	0
Total Assets and Other Debits	\$16,116,374	\$632,161	\$8,259,950	\$5,698,366
	_			
Liabilities, Fund Equity and Other Credits				
<u>Liabilities</u>				
Accounts Payable	\$76,303	\$123,084	\$0	\$701,721
Accrued Wages	1,632,307	16,999	0	0
Compensated Absences Payable	139,953	5,313	0	0
Interfund Payable	0 471 226	36,657	0	0
Intergovernmental Payable Deferred Revenue	471,226 14,015,092	20,517 47,193	_	-
Undistributed Monies	14,013,092	47,193	1,717,728 0	703,016 0
Claims Payable	0	0	0	0
Due to Students	0	0	0	0
Accrued Interest Payable	0	0	22,971	0
Notes Payable	0	0	0	725,000
General Obligation Bonds Payable	0	0	0	0
Total Liabilities	16,334,881	249,763	1,740,699	2,129,737
Fund Equity and Other Credits				
Investment in General Fixed Assets	0	0	0	0
Contributed Capital	0	0	0	0
Retained Earnings:				
Unreserved	0	0	0	0
Fund Balances:				
Reserved for Encumbrances	215,951	91,125	0	3,750,034
Reserved for Debt Service Principal	0	0	6,416,658	0
Reserved for Workers Compensation Refun	235,677	0	0	0
Reserved for Property Taxes	529,787	0	102,593	19,175
Unreserved:				
Undesignated	(1,199,922)	291,273	0	(200,580)
Total Fund Equity and Other Credits	(218,507)	382,398	6,519,251	3,568,629
Total Liabilities, Fund Equity and Other Crec	\$16,116,374	\$632,161	\$8,259,950	\$5,698,366

		Fiduciary			
Proprietary F	Fund Types	Fund Type	Account		
	Internal		General Fixed	General Long-Term	Totals (Memorandum
Interprise	Service	Agency	Assets	Obligations	Only)
\$77,107	\$357,825	\$79,100	\$0	\$0	\$13,723,020
0	0	0	0	0	17,087,391
727	0	61,571	0	0	74,882
0	0	0	0	0	48,193
0	0	0	0	0	43,833
0	0	0	0	0	46,714
0	0	0	0	0	259,148
12,789	0	0	0	0	12,789
1,432	0	0	0	0	1,432
305,178	0	0	59,497,265	0	59,802,443
0	0	0	0	6,519,251	6,519,251
0	0	0	0	38,353,361	38,353,361
\$397,233	\$357,825	\$140,671	\$59,497,265	\$44,872,612	\$135,972,457
\$19,705	\$240	\$11,154	\$0	\$0	\$932,207
6,155	0	8,875	0	0	1,664,336
74,025	0	0	0	3,014,615	3,233,906
7,612	0	2,445	0	0	46,714
88,420	0	4,301	0	460,014	1,044,478
8,995	0	0	0	0	16,492,024
0	0 180,465	62,426	0	0	62,426 180,465
0	180,463	0 51,470	0	0	51,470
0	0	0	0	0	22,971
0	0	0	0	5,600,000	6,325,000
0	0	0	0	35,797,983	35,797,983
204,912	180,705	140,671	0	44,872,612	65,853,980
0	0	0	59,497,265	0	59,497,265
168,252	0	0	39,497,203 0	0	168,252
24,069	177,120	0	0	0	201,189
0	0	0	0	0	4,057,110
0	0	0	0	0	6,416,658
0	0	0	0	0	235,677
0	0	0	0	0	651,555
0	0	0	0	0	(1,109,229)
0					
192,321	177,120	0	59,497,265	0	70,118,477

	Governmental Fund Types				
	C 1	Special		Capital	
Revenues	General	Revenue	Debt Service	Projects	
Taxes	\$13,327,843	\$0	\$1,976,782	\$618,704	
Intergovernmental	11,073,869	1,245,665	255,074	215,254	
Interest	318,735	10,786	64,307	599,516	
Tuition and Fees	167,817	0	0	0	
Rent	52,917	0	0	0	
Extracurricular Activities	0	521,918	0	0	
Gifts and Donations	0	105,987	0	0	
Customer Services	8,549	0	0	0	
Miscellaneous	193	19,296	33,279	4,100	
Total Revenues	24,949,923	1,903,652	2,329,442	1,437,574	
Expenditures					
Current:					
Instruction:					
Regular	12,741,994	111,122	0	305,562	
Special	1,483,126	216,120	0	0	
Vocational	905,157	156,444	0	0	
Other	301,891	0	0	0	
Support Services:					
Pupils	1,505,944	231,658	0	798,217	
Instructional Staff	1,004,009	248,546	0	22,910	
Board of Education	130,605	0	0	0	
Administration	2,342,387	271,629	0	0	
Fiscal	488,548	0	31,087	10,424	
Business	1,184	0	0	0	
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	3,210,843	0	0	0	
Pupil Transportation	1,105,561	0 57.090	0	0	
Central	835,015	57,980	-	0	
Operation of Non-Instructional Services Extracurricular Activities	0 511 800	257,049	0	0	
	511,809	331,280 0	0	9,071,719	
Capital Outlay Debt Service:	442,085	U	U	9,071,719	
Principal	0	0	2,857,000	0	
Interest	0	0	1,478,258	0	
Intergovernmental	0	35,507	0	0	
Total Expenditures	27,010,158	1,917,335	4,366,345	10,208,832	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues	(2.050.225)	(12.502)	(2.025.002)	(0.551.050)	
Over (Under) Expenditures	(2,060,235)	(13,683)	(2,036,903)	(8,771,258)	
Other Financing Sources (Uses)					
Operating Transfers In	0	10,000	0	0	
Proceeds from Sale of Fixed Assets	50,464	0	0	0	
Proceeds from Sale of Bonds	0	0	5,600,000	1,400,000	
Proceeds from Sale of Long-Term Notes	0	0	0	0	
Operating Transfers Out	(5,000)	(5,000)	0	0	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	45,464	5,000	5,600,000	1,400,000	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues and Other					
Financing Sources Over (Under) Expenditures					
and Other Financing (Uses)	(2,014,771)	(8,683)	3,563,097	(7,371,258)	
Fund Relenges at Paginning of V	1 907 264	201 001	2 056 154	10 020 997	
Fund Balances at Beginning of Year Residual Equity Transfers - Out	1,807,264 (11,000)	391,081 0	2,956,154 0	10,939,887 0	
	<u> </u>				
Fund Balances at End of Year	(\$218,507)	\$382,398	\$6,519,251	\$3,568,629	

Totals (Memorandum Only)
\$15,923,329 12,789,862 993,344 167,817 52,917 521,918 105,987 8,549 56,868
13,158,678 1,699,246 1,061,601
301,891 2,535,819 1,275,465 130,605 2,614,016 530,059
1,184 3,210,843 1,105,561 892,995 257,049 843,089 9,513,804
2,857,000 1,478,258 35,507 43,502,670
(12,882,079)
10,000 50,464 7,000,000 0
7,050,464
(5,831,615) 16,094,386
\$10,251,771

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2001	General Fund			
		General Fund	Variance	
			Favorable	
	Budget	Actual	(Unfavorable)	
Revenues	Budget	Actual	(Ciliavorable)	
Intergovernmental	\$11,000,749	\$11,000,749	\$0	
Interest	337,613	337,613	0	
Tuition and Fees	168,127	168,127	0	
Rent	48,954	48,954	0	
Extracurricular Activities	0	0	0	
Gifts and Donations	0	0	0	
Customer Services	8,549	8,549	0	
Property and Other Local Taxes	13,300,351	13,300,351	0	
Miscellaneous	12,319	12,319	0	
Total Revenues	24,876,662	24,876,662	0	
Expenditures				
Current:				
Instruction:				
Regular	12,922,912	12,922,912	0	
Special	1,455,801	1,455,801	0	
Vocational	983,462	983,462	0	
Other	328,603	328,603	0	
Support services:				
Pupils	1,470,305	1,470,305	0	
Instructional Staff	1,027,555	1,027,555	0	
Board of Education	133,185	133,185	0	
Administration	2,256,794	2,256,794	0	
Fiscal	536,324	536,324	0	
Business	1,184	1,184	0	
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	3,299,474	3,299,474	0	
Pupil Transportation	1,102,220	1,102,220	0	
Central	834,140		0	
		834,140	U	
Non-Instructional Services	0	0	•	
Extracurricular Activities	482,895	482,895	0	
Capital Outlay	469,029	469,029	0	
Debt Service:				
Principal Retirement	0	0	0	
Interest and Fiscal Charges	0	0	0	
Intergovernmental	0	0	0	
Total Expenditures	27,303,883	27,303,883	0	
(Deficiency) of Revenues (Under) Expenditures	(2,427,221)	(2,427,221)	0	
Other Financing Sources and (Uses)				
Operating Transfers In	0	0	0	
Proceeds from Sale of Bonds	0	0	0	
Proceeds from Sale of Long-Term Notes	0	0	0	
Proceeds from Sale of Fixed Assets	50,464	50,464	0	
Refund of Prior Year Expenditures	486,494	486,494	0	
Advances In	0	0	0	
Other Financing Sources	2,938	2,938	0	
Operating Transfers Out	(16,000)	(16,000)	0	
Refund of Prior Year Receipts	(412,529)	(412,529)	0	
Advances Out	(46,714)	(46,714)	0	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	64,653	64,653	0	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues and Other Financing Sources Over (Under) Expenditures and Other Financing (Uses)	(2,362,568)	(2,362,568)	0	
Fund Balances at Beginning of Year	3,087,888	3,087,888	0	
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated	470,640	470,640	0	
Fund Balances at End of Year	\$1,195,960	\$1,195,960	\$0	
•				

Spe	cial Revenue Fu	nds	Г	Debt Service Fun	d
		Variance			Variance
		Favorable			Favorable
Budget	Actual	(Unfavorable)	Budget	Actual	(Unfavorable)
\$1,138,645	\$1,138,645	\$0	\$255,074	\$255,074	\$0
10,967	10,967	0	64,307	64,307	0
0,967	0	0	04,307	04,307	0
0	0	0	0	0	0
522,132	522,132	0	0	0	0
105,987	105,987	0	0	0	0
0	005,987	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	1,953,603		0
19,296	19,296	0	33,279	1,953,603 33,279	0
17,270	17,270			33,217	
1,797,027	1,797,027	0	2,306,263	2,306,263	0
117,536	117,536	0	0	0	0
204,611	204,611	0	0	0	0
171,472	171,472	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	0
247,719	247,719	0	0	0	0
244,762	244,762	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	0
304,534	304,534	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	31,087	31,087	0
0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	0
57,980	57,980	0	0	0	0
283,222	283,222				
375,265	375,265	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	2,866,926	2,866,926	0
0	0	0	1,479,481	1,479,481	0
75	75	0	0	0	0
2,007,176	2,007,176	0	4,377,494	4,377,494	0
(210,149)	(210,149)	0	(2,071,231)	(2,071,231)	0
10,000	10,000	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	5,622,971	5,622,971	0
0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	0
47	47	0	0	0	0
36,657	36,657	0	90,606	90,606	0
105,974	105,974	0	0	0	0
(5,000)	(5,000)	0	0	0	0
(36,086)	(36,086)	0	0	0	0
(37,681)	(37,681)	0	(5,100)	(5,100)	0
73,911	73,911	0	5,708,477	5,708,477	0
(136,238)	(136,238)	0	3,637,246	3,637,246	0
371,181	371,181	0	2,802,383	2,802,383	0
134,568	134,568	0	0	0	0
\$369,511	\$369,511	\$0	\$6,439,629	\$6,439,629	\$0

(continued)

For the Fiscar Tear Effect June 30, 2001	Capital Projects Funds			
		Capital Trojects I tille		
	Dudant	A 041	Variance Favorable	
Revenues	Budget	Actual	(Unfavorable)	
Intergovernmental	\$215,254	\$215,254	\$0	
Interest	644,445	644,445	0	
Tuition and Fees	0	0	0	
Rent	0	0	0	
Extracurricular Activities	0	0	0	
Gifts and Donations	0	0	0	
Customer Services	0	0	0	
Property and Other Local Taxes	618,391	618,391	0	
Miscellaneous	0	0	0	
Total Revenues	1,478,090	1,478,090	0	
Expenditures				
Current:				
Instruction:	205.552	205.552		
Regular	305,562	305,562	0	
Special Vocational	0	0	0	
Other	0	0	0	
Support services:	O	0	Ü	
Pupils	836,045	836,045	0	
Instructional Staff	33,841	33,841	0	
Board of Education	0	0	0	
Administration	0	0	0	
Fiscal	10,424	10,424	0	
Business	0	0	0	
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	0	0	0	
Pupil Transportation	0	0	0	
Central	0	0	0	
Non-Instructional Services	0	0	0	
Extracurricular Activities Capital Outlay	0 13,918,452	0 13,918,452	0	
Debt Service:	15,916,452	13,916,432	U	
Principal Retirement	0	0	0	
Interest and Fiscal Charges	0	0	0	
Intergovernmental	0	0	0	
Total Expenditures	15,104,324	15,104,324	0	
(Deficiency) of Revenues (Under) Expenditures	(13,626,234)	(13,626,234)	0	
Other Financing Sources and (Uses)				
Operating Transfers In	0	0	0	
Proceeds from Sale of Bonds	1,400,000	1,400,000	0	
Proceeds from Sale of Long-Term Notes	725,000	725,000	0	
Proceeds from Sale of Fixed Assets	0	0	0	
Refund of Prior Year Expenditures	0	0	0	
Advances In	0	0	0	
Other Financing Sources	0	0	0	
Operating Transfers Out	0	0	0	
Refund of Prior Year Receipts	0	0	0	
Advances Out	0	0	0	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	2,125,000	2,125,000	0	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues and Other Financing Source Over (Under) Expenditures and Other Financing (Uses)	ces (11,501,234)	(11,501,234)	0	
Fund Balances at Beginning of Year	2,628,433	2,628,433	0	
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated	9,350,390	9,350,390	0	
Fund Balances at End of Year	\$477,589	\$477,589	\$0	

Totals	s (Memorandum	Only)
	(Variance
		Favorable
Budget	Actual	(Unfavorable)
Buager	rictuur	(Cinavorable)
\$12,609,722	\$12,609,722	\$0
1,057,332	1,057,332	0
168,127	168,127	0
48,954	48,954	0
522,132	522,132	0
105,987	105,987	0
8,549	8,549	0
15,872,345	15,872,345	0
64,894	64,894	0
30,458,042	30,458,042	0
13,346,010	13,346,010	0
1,660,412	1,660,412	0
		0
1,154,934	1,154,934	
328,603	328,603	0
2,554,069	2,554,069	0
1,306,158	1,306,158	0
133,185	133,185	0
2,561,328	2,561,328	0
577,835	577,835	0
1,184	1,184	0
3,299,474	3,299,474	0
1,102,220	1,102,220	0
892,120	892,120	0
283,222	283,222	0
858,160	858,160	0
14,387,481	14,387,481	0
2,866,926	2,866,926	0
1,479,481	1,479,481	0
75	75	0
48,792,877	48,792,877	0
(18,334,835)	(18,334,835)	0
10.000	10,000	0
10,000	10,000	0
7,022,971	7,022,971	0
725,000	725,000	0
50,464	50,464	0
486,541	486,541	0
127,263	127,263	0
108,912	108,912	0
(21,000)	(21,000)	0
(448,615)	(448,615)	0
(89,495)	(89,495)	0
(02,773)	(07,473)	
7,972,041	7,972,041	0
(10,362,794)	(10,362,794)	0
8,889,885	8,889,885	0
9,955,598	9,955,598	0
\$8,482,689	\$8,482,689	\$0
Ψ0, 102,007	Ψ0, 102,007	ΨΟ

	Proprietary Fund Types		Totals	
		Internal	(Memorandum	
	Enterprise	Service	Only)	
Operating Revenues				
Tuition	\$10,521	\$0	\$10,521	
Sales	895,380	0	895,380	
Charges for Services	232,528	2,158,484	2,391,012	
Other Operating Revenues	727	49,157	49,884	
Total Operating Revenues	1,139,156	2,207,641	3,346,797	
Operating Expenses				
Salaries	474,265	0	474,265	
Fringe Benefits	94,417	0	94,417	
Purchased Services	19,619	249,647	269,266	
Materials and Supplies	331,163	2,029	333,192	
Cost of Sales	410,413	0	410,413	
Depreciation	23,546	0	23,546	
Claims	0	2,102,326	2,102,326	
Total Operating Expenses	1,353,423	2,354,002	3,707,425	
Operating (Loss)	(214,267)	(146,361)	(360,628)	
Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses)				
Federal Donated Commodities	39,527	0	39,527	
Interest	341	19,384	19,725	
Federal and State Subsidies	143,729	0	143,729	
Loss on Sale of Fixed Assets	(3,905)	0	(3,905)	
Total Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses)	179,692	19,384	199,076	
Net (Loss)	(34,575)	(126,977)	(161,552)	
Retained Earnings at Beginning of Year	58,644	304,097	362,741	
Retained Earnings at End of Year	\$24,069	\$177,120	\$201,189	

	Proprietary Fund Types		Totals
	Entermise	Internal	(Memorandum
	Enterprise	Service	Only)
Cash Flows from Operating Activities			
Cash Received from Customers	\$1,129,529	\$2,166,634	\$3,296,163
Cash Received from Tuition Payments	10,521	0	10,521
Cash Payments to Suppliers for Goods and Services	(713,481)	(251,436)	(964,917)
Cash Payments to Employees for Services	(415,995)	0	(415,995)
Cash Payments for Employee Benefits	(131,739)	0	(131,739)
Cash Payments for Claims	0	(2,045,019)	(2,045,019)
Other Operating Revenues	0	49,157	49,157
Net Cash (Used for) Operating Activities	(121,165)	(80,664)	(201,829)
Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities			
Short-Term Loans from Other Funds	7,612	0	7,612
Operating Grants Received	143,730	0	143,730
Repayment of Short-Term Loans from Other Funds	(35,000)	0	(35,000)
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Net Cash Provided by Noncapital Financing Activities	116,342	0	116,342
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities			
Acquisition of Capital Assets	(32,317)	0	(32,317)
Net Cash (Used for) Capital and Related Financing Activities	(32,317)	0	(32,317)
Cash Flows from Investing Activities:			
Interest on Investments	341	19,385	19,726
Net Cash Provided by Investing Activities	341	19,385	19,726
Net (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents	(36,799)	(61,279)	(98,078)
Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Year	113,906	419,104	533,010
Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Tear	113,700	417,104	333,010
Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Year	\$77,107	\$357,825	\$434,932
Reconciliation of Operating (Loss) to Net			
Cash (Used for) Operating Activities			
Operating Income (Loss)	(\$214,267)	(\$146,361)	(\$360,628)
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating (Loss) to Net Cash			
(Used for) Operating Activities			
Depreciation Depreciation	23,546	0	23,546
Donated Commodities Used During Year	39,527	0	39,527
Changes in Assets and Liabilities:	·		·
(Increase)/Decrease in Accounts Receivable	894	8,150	9,044
(Increase)/Decrease in Inventory Held for Resale	1,551	0	1,551
(Increase)/Decrease in Materials and Supplies Inventory	429	0	429
Increase/(Decrease) in Accounts Payable	6,208	240	6,448
Increase/(Decrease) in Accrued Wages	(13,726)	0	(13,726)
Increase/(Decrease) in Compensated Absences Payable	17,417	0	17,417
Increase/(Decrease) in Intergovernmental Payable	17,256	0	17,256
Increase/(Decrease) in Claims Payable	0	57,307	57,307
Total Adjustments	93,102	65,697	158,799
Net Cash (Used for) Operating Activities	(\$121,165)	(\$80,664)	(\$201,829)
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NOTE 1 - DESCRIPTION OF THE ENTITY

The Wadsworth City School District (the District) is a body politic and corporate established for the purpose of exercising the rights and privileges conveyed to it by the constitution and laws of the State of Ohio.

The District operates under a locally-elected five-member board of education and provides educational services as mandated by state and/or federal agencies. This Board controls the District's eight instructional/support facilities staffed by 210 noncertificated employees, 263 certificated full-time teaching personnel and 18 administrators who provide services to 4,212 students and other community members.

The District provides more than instruction to its students. These additional services include student guidance, extracurricular activities, educational media, and care and upkeep of grounds and buildings. The operation of each of these activities is directly controlled by the Board of Education through the budgetary process. These District operations will be included as part of the reporting entity.

The District adopted the provisions of Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 14, "The Financial Reporting Entity", under which the financial statements include all the organizations, activities, functions and component units for which the District is financially accountable. Financial accountability is defined as the appointment of a voting majority of the component unit's board and either (1) the District's ability to impose its will over the component unit, or (2) the possibility that the component unit will provide a financial benefit to or impose a financial burden on the District. Management has determined the District has no component units.

On this basis, the combined financial statements include all of the funds and account groups of the District over which the Board of Education exercises operating control.

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of the District have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to government units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant of the District's accounting policies are described below.

BASIS OF PRESENTATION - FUND ACCOUNTING

The District uses funds and account groups to report its financial position and results of operation. Fund accounting is designed to demonstrate legal compliance and to aid financial management by segregating transactions related to certain District functions or activities.

A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts recording cash and other financial resources, together with all related liabilities and residual equities or balances, and changes therein, which are segregated for the purpose of carrying on specific activities or attaining certain objectives in accordance with special restrictions or limitations. An account group is a financial reporting device designed to provide accountability for certain assets and liabilities that are not recorded in the funds because they do not directly affect net expendable available financial resources.

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

For financial statement presentation purposes, the various funds of the District are grouped into the following generic fund types under the broad fund categories: governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary. Each category is then divided into various fund types. The following are the fund types and account groups utilized by the District:

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Governmental funds are those through which most governmental functions of the District are financed. The acquisition, use, and balances of the District's expendable financial resources and the related current liabilities, except those accounted for in proprietary and fiduciary funds, are accounted for through governmental funds. The measurement focus is upon determination of financial position and changes in financial position. The following are the District's governmental fund types:

General Fund

The general fund is the operating fund of the District and is used to account for all financial resources except those required by law or contract to be accounted for in another fund. The general fund balance is available to the District for any purpose provided it is expended or transferred according to the general laws of Ohio.

Special Revenue Funds

Special revenue funds are used to account for proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than major capital projects) that are legally restricted to expenditure for specified purposes.

Debt Service Fund

The debt service fund is used to account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, general long-term debt principal, interest and related costs.

Capital Projects Funds

Capital projects funds are used to account for financial resources to be expended for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities (other than those financed by proprietary funds).

PROPRIETARY FUNDS

Proprietary funds are used to account for the District's ongoing activities which are similar to those often found in the private sector. The District applies all applicable pronouncements from the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) in accounting and reporting issued on or before November 30, 1989 for its proprietary operations. The following are the District's proprietary fund types:

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Enterprise Funds

Enterprise funds are used to account for operations that (a) are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises where the intent of the District is that the costs (expenses, including depreciation) of providing goods or services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges, or (b) where the District has decided that periodic determination of revenues earned, expenses incurred, and/or net income is appropriate for capital maintenance, public policy, management control, accountability, or other purposes.

Internal Service Fund

This fund is used to account for the financing of goods or services provided by one department or agency to other departments or agencies of the District on a cost-reimbursement basis.

FIDUCIARY FUNDS

Fiduciary funds are used to account for assets held by the District in a trustee capacity or as an agent for individuals, private organizations, other governmental units, and other funds. The following is the District's fiduciary fund type:

Agency Funds

These funds are purely custodial in nature and thus do not involve measurement of results of operations.

ACCOUNT GROUPS

To make a clear distinction between fixed assets related to specific funds and those of general government, and long-term liabilities related to specific funds and those of a general nature, the following account groups are used:

General Fixed Assets Account Group

This account group is established to account for all fixed assets of the District, other than those accounted for in the proprietary funds.

General Long-Term Obligations Account Group

This account group is established to account for all long-term obligations of the District except those accounted for in the proprietary funds.

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

MEASUREMENT FOCUS AND BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

The accounting and financial reporting treatment applied to a fund is determined by its measurement focus. All governmental funds are accounted for using a flow of current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities are generally included on the Combined Balance Sheet. Operating statements of these funds present increases (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and decreases (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) in net current assets.

All proprietary fund types are accounted for on a flow of economic resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, all assets and all liabilities associated with the operation of these funds are included on the Combined Balance Sheet. The proprietary fund type operating statement presents increases (e.g., revenues) and decreases (e.g., expenses) in net total assets.

The modified accrual basis of accounting is used for reporting purposes by all governmental fund types and agency funds. Under this basis of accounting, the District recognizes revenues in the accounting period when they become both measurable and available. "Measurable" means the amount of the transaction can be determined. "Available" means collectible within the current fiscal period or soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current fiscal period, which the District considers to be sixty days after fiscal year end.

In applying the susceptible to accrual concept under the modified accrual basis, the following revenue sources are deemed both measurable and available: property taxes available as an advance at June 30, 2001, investment earnings, tuition, grants and entitlements, and student fees.

The District reports deferred revenue on its Combined Balance Sheet. Deferred revenues arise when a potential revenue does not meet both the measurable and available criteria for recognition in the current period. In the subsequent period, when both revenue recognition criteria are met, the liability for deferred revenue is removed from the Combined Balance Sheet and revenue is recognized. Property taxes measurable as of June 30, 2001, and delinquent property taxes, whose availability is indeterminable and which are intended to finance fiscal year 2002 operations, have been recorded as deferred revenue. In the proprietary fund types, unused donated commodities are reported as deferred revenue.

The measurement focus of governmental fund accounting is on decreases in net financial resources (expenditures) rather than expenses. Most expenditures are measurable and are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred except for unmatured principal and interest on general long-term debt which is reported only when due, and the costs of accumulated unpaid vacation and sick leave which are reported as expenditures in the period in which they will be liquidated with available financial resources rather than in the period earned by employees. Allocations of cost, such as depreciation and amortization, are not recognized in the governmental funds.

Proprietary funds are accounted for on the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when they are earned and become measurable, and expenses are recognized when they are incurred, if measurable. The fair value of donated commodities used during the year is reported in the operating statement as an expense with a like amount reported as donated commodities non-operating revenue.

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

BUDGETARY PROCESS

The budgetary process is prescribed by provisions of the Ohio Revised Code and entails the preparation of budgetary documents within an established timetable. The major documents prepared are the Tax Budget, the Certificate of Estimated Resources, and the Appropriation Resolution, all of which are prepared on the budgetary basis of accounting. The Certificate of Estimated Resources and the Appropriation Resolution are subject to amendment throughout the fiscal year with the legal restriction that appropriations cannot exceed estimated resources, as certified. All funds other than agency funds are legally required to be budgeted and appropriated. The legal level of budgetary control is at the fund level for all funds. Budgetary modifications may only be made by resolution of the Board of Education.

Tax Budget

Prior to January 15, the Superintendent and Treasurer submit to the Board of Education a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing the following July 1. The budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing for all funds. Public hearings are publicized and conducted to obtain taxpayers' comments. The express purpose of this budget document is to reflect the need for existing (or increased) tax rates. No later than January 20, the Board-adopted budget is filed with the Medina County Budget Commission for rate determination.

Estimated Resources

Prior to April 1, the Board of Education accepts, by formal resolution, the tax rates as determined by the County Budget Commission and receives the Commission's Certificate of Estimated Resources which states the projected revenue of each fund. Prior to June 30, the District must revise its budget so that total contemplated expenditures from any fund during the ensuing fiscal year will not exceed the amount stated in the Certificate of Estimated Resources. The revised budget then serves as a basis for the Appropriation Resolution. On or about July 1, the Certificate is amended to include any unencumbered balances from the preceding fiscal year. The Certificate may be further amended during the fiscal year if projected increases or decreases in revenue are identified by the District Treasurer. The amounts reported in the budgetary statement reflect the amounts set forth in the final amended Certificate issued for fiscal 2001.

Appropriations

By October 1, the annual Appropriation Resolution must be legally enacted by the Board of Education which becomes the legal level of budgetary control. Prior to the passage of the annual Appropriation Resolution, the Board may pass a temporary appropriation measure to meet the ordinary expenses of the District. Appropriations by fund must be within the estimated resources as certified by the County Budget Commission, and the total of expenditures and encumbrances may not exceed the appropriation at any level of control. Any revisions that alter the total of any fund appropriation must be approved by the Board of Education. The Board may pass supplemental fund appropriations so long as the total appropriations by fund does not exceed the amounts set forth in the most recent Certificate of Estimated Resources.

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the fiscal year for all funds consistent with statutory provisions. Appropriation amounts are as originally adopted, or as amended by the Board of Education throughout the fiscal year by supplemental appropriations which either reallocate or increase the original appropriated amounts. During the fiscal year, supplemental appropriation measures were legally enacted, however, none of these amendments were significant. The budget figures which appear in the statement of budgetary comparisons represent the final appropriation amounts, including all amendments and modifications.

Encumbrances

As part of formal budgetary control, purchase orders, contracts and other commitments for the expenditure of monies are recorded as the equivalent of expenditures on the non-GAAP budgetary basis in order to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation and to determine and maintain legal compliance. On the GAAP basis, encumbrances outstanding at fiscal year end are reported as a reservation of fund balances for subsequent-year expenditures for governmental funds and reported in the notes to the financial statements for proprietary funds.

Lapsing of Appropriations

At the close of each fiscal year, the unencumbered balance of each appropriation reverts to the respective fund from which it was appropriated and becomes subject to future appropriations. Encumbered appropriations are carried forward to the succeeding fiscal year and need not be reappropriated.

CASH AND INVESTMENTS

To improve cash management, cash received by the District is pooled. Monies for all funds, including proprietary funds, are maintained in this pool. Individual fund integrity is maintained through District records. Each fund's interest in the pool is presented as "Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments" on the Combined Balance Sheet.

During fiscal year 2001, investments were limited to STAR Ohio, overnight repurchase agreements, U.S. Treasury notes, Federal agency securities, commercial paper and bankers' acceptances. At June 30, 2001 investments were limited to STAR Ohio.

Except for nonparticipating investment contracts, investments are reported at fair value which is based on quoted market prices. Nonparticipating investment contracts such as overnight repurchase agreements are reported at cost.

Following Ohio statutes, the Board of Education has specified the funds to receive an allocation of interest earnings. Interest revenue has been credited to the general fund, education fund (special revenue), district managed student activity fund (special revenue), auxiliary services fund (special revenue), bond fund (debt service), permanent improvement fund (capital projects), construction fund (capital projects), food service fund (enterprise) and the employee benefits self-insurance fund (internal service). Interest credited to these funds during fiscal year 2001 amounted to \$1,013,069 which includes \$508,081 assigned from other District funds.

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

For purposes of the Combined Statement of Cash Flows and for presentation on the Combined Balance Sheet, investments of the cash management pool and investments with a maturity of three months or less at the time they are purchased by the District are considered to be cash equivalents. Investments with an initial maturity of more than three months are reported as investments.

RESTRICTED ASSETS

Restricted assets in the debt service fund represent accrued interest received from the \$7,000,000 in bonds issued.

INVENTORY

Inventories of governmental funds are stated at cost while inventories of proprietary funds are stated at the lower of cost or market. For all funds, cost is determined on a first-in, first-out basis. Inventory in governmental funds consists of expendable supplies held for consumption. The cost of inventory items are recorded as an expenditure in the governmental fund types when purchased and as an expense in the proprietary fund types when used. Reported material and supplies inventory is equally offset by a fund balance reserve in the governmental funds which indicates that it does not constitute available spendable resources even though it is a component of net current assets. Inventories of proprietary funds consist of donated and purchased food, and they are expensed when used. Unused donated commodities are reported as deferred revenue.

FIXED ASSETS AND DEPRECIATION

General fixed assets are not capitalized in the funds used to acquire or construct them. Instead, capital acquisition and construction costs are reflected as expenditures in governmental funds, and the related assets are reported in the general fixed assets account group. Fixed assets utilized in the proprietary funds are capitalized in the respective fund. There was no change to contributed capital during fiscal year 2001. All purchased fixed assets are valued at cost when historical records are available and at an estimated historical cost when no historical cost records exist. Donated fixed assets are valued at their estimated fair market value on the date received. The District does not possess any infrastructure.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized. In proprietary funds, improvements are capitalized and depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related fixed assets, as applicable.

Assets in the general fixed assets account group are not depreciated. Depreciation of furniture and equipment in the proprietary fund types is computed using the straight-line method over an estimated useful life of five to twenty years.

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

REVENUES – EXCHANGE AND NON-EXCHANGE TRANSACTIONS

Exchange transactions are those in which each party to a transaction gives and receives essentially something of equal value. Proprietary funds, where the full accrual basis of accounting is used, record revenue when the exchange takes place. Governmental funds, where the modified accrual basis of accounting is used, record revenue in the fiscal year in which the resources are both measurable and available.

Non-exchange transactions, in which the District receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include property taxes, grants, entitlements and donations. Property taxes available as an advance at June 30, are recognized as revenue. Revenue from grants, entititlements and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied and the revenues are both measurable and available. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are required to be used or the fiscal year when use is first permitted, matching requirements, in which the District must provide local resources to be used for a specific purpose, and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the District on a reimbursement basis.

SHORT-TERM INTERFUND ASSETS/LIABILITIES

Transactions between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as "Interfund Receivable/Payable".

COMPENSATED ABSENCES

The District reports compensated absences in accordance with the provisions of GASB Statement No. 16 "Accounting for Compensated Absences". Vacation leave and other compensated absences with similar characteristics should be accrued as a liability as the benefits are earned by the employees if both of the following conditions are met.

- 1. The employees' rights to receive compensation are attributable to services already rendered.
- 2. It is probable that the employer will compensate the employees for the benefits through paid time off or some other means.

Other compensated absences with characteristics similar to vacation leave are those which are not contingent on a specific event outside the control of the employer and employee.

Further, sick leave and other similar compensated absences are those which are contingent on a specific event that is outside the control of the employer and employee. The District has accrued a liability for these compensated absences using the termination method when the following criterion is met. The benefits are earned by the employees and it is probable that the employer will compensate the employees for the benefits through cash payments conditioned on the employees' retirement ("termination payments").

The sick leave liability has been based on the District's past experience of making termination payments for sick leave.

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

For governmental funds, that portion of the liability which is non-current is reported in the general long-term obligations account group. Liabilities that use current expendable resources are recorded in the fund from which the employees are paid. In proprietary funds, compensated absences are expensed when earned and the entire amount is reported as a fund liability.

ACCRUED LIABILITIES AND LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

In general, governmental fund payables and accrued liabilities are reported as obligations of the funds regardless of whether they will be liquidated with current resources. However, compensated absences and contractually required pension contributions that will be paid from governmental funds are reported as a liability in the general long-term obligations account group to the extent that they will not be paid with current available expendable financial resources. In general, payments made more than sixty days after fiscal year end are considered not to have been made with current available financial resources. Bonds and notes are reported as a liability of the general long-term obligations account group until due.

Long-term debt and other obligations financed by proprietary funds are reported as liabilities in the appropriate funds.

FUND BALANCES RESERVES

The District records reservations for portions of fund equity which are legally segregated for specific future use or which do not represent available expendable resources and therefore are not available for appropriations or expenditures. Unreserved fund balances indicate that portion of fund equity which is available for appropriation in future periods. Fund equity reserves are established for encumbrances, debt service principal and property taxes.

INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS

Quasi-external transactions are accounted for as revenues, expenditures or expenses. Transactions that constitute reimbursements to a fund for expenditures or expenses initially made from it that are properly applicable to another fund, are recorded as expenditures or expenses in the reimbursing fund and as reductions of expenditures or expenses in the fund that is reimbursed. Non-recurring or non-routine permanent transfers of equity are reported as residual equity transfers. All other interfund transfers are reported as operating transfers.

ESTIMATES

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

TOTAL COLUMNS ON GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Total columns on the General Purpose Financial Statements are captioned (Memorandum Only) to indicate that they are presented only to facilitate financial analysis. Data in these columns do not present financial position, results of operations or cash flows in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles. Neither is such data comparable to a consolidation. Interfund eliminations have not been made in the aggregation of this data.

NOTE 3 – CHANGES IN ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLES

For fiscal year 2001, the District has implemented GASB Statement No. 33, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Nonexchange Transactions". At June 30, 2000, there was no effect on fund balance as a result of implementing GASB Statement No. 33.

NOTE 4 - BUDGETARY BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

While reporting financial position, results of operations and changes in fund balances on the basis of generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP), the budgetary basis as provided by law and described above is based upon accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts and disbursements. The Combined Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual (Budget Basis), All Government Fund Types is presented on the budgetary basis to provide a meaningful comparison of actual results with the budget. The major differences between the budget and the GAAP basis are that:

- 1. Revenues are recorded when received in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when susceptible to accrual (GAAP basis).
- 2. Expenditures are recorded when paid in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when the liability is incurred (GAAP basis).
- 3. Outstanding fiscal year end encumbrances are treated as expenditures for all funds (budget basis) rather than as a reservation of fund balances for governmental fund types and as a note disclosure in the proprietary fund types (GAAP basis).
- 4. Advances are reported on the operating statement (budget basis) rather than on the Combined Balance Sheet (GAAP basis).

NOTE 4 - BUDGETARY BASIS OF ACCOUNTING (continued)

Adjustments necessary to convert the results of operations at the end of the fiscal year on the GAAP basis to the budget basis are as follows:

Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues and Other Financing Sources Over (Under)
Expenditures and Other Financing (Uses)
All Governmental Fund Types

		Special	Debt	Capital
	General	Revenue	Service	Projects
GAAP Basis	(\$2,014,771)	(\$8,683)	\$3,563,097	(\$6,646,258)
Net Adjustment for Revenue Accruals	416,171	36,054	90,398	40,516
Net Adjustment for Expenditure	(477,485)	50,601	(16,249)	(443,737)
Accruals				
Encumbrances	(286,483)	(214,210)	0	(4,451,755)
Budget Basis	(\$2,362,568)	(\$136,238)	\$3,637,246	(\$11,501,234)

NOTE 5 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

Deposits and investments are restricted by provisions of the Ohio Revised Code. State statutes require the classification of monies held by the District into three categories.

Active deposits are public deposits necessary to meet current demands on the treasury. Such monies must be maintained either as cash in the District treasury, in commercial accounts payable or withdrawable on demand, including negotiable order of withdrawal (NOW) accounts, or in money market deposit accounts.

Inactive deposits are public deposits that the Board of Education has identified as not required for use within the current two year period of designation of depositories. Inactive deposits must either be evidenced by certificates of deposit maturing not later than the end of the current period of designation of depositories, or by savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts.

Interim deposits are deposits of interim monies. Interim monies are those monies which are not needed for immediate use but which will be needed before the end of the current period of designation of depositories. Interim deposits may be evidenced by time certificates of deposit maturing not more than one year from the date of deposit, or by savings or deposit accounts including passbook accounts. Interim monies are permitted to be deposited or invested in the following securities:

- 1. United States Treasury Notes, Bills, Bonds, or any other obligation or security issued by the United States Treasury or any other obligation guaranteed as to principal or interest by the United States;
- 2. Bonds, notes, debentures, or any other obligations or securities issued by any federal government agency or instrumentality, including but not limited to, the Federal National Mortgage Association, Federal Home Loan Bank, Federal Farm Credit Bank, Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation, Government National Mortgage Association and Student Loan Marketing Association. All federal agency securities shall be direct issuances of federal government agencies or instrumentalities;

NOTE 5 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (continued)

- 3. Written repurchase agreements in the securities listed above provided that the market value of the securities subject to the repurchase agreement must exceed the principal value of the agreement by at least two percent and be marked to market daily, and that the term of the agreement must not exceed thirty days;
- 4. Bonds and other obligations of the State of Ohio;
- 5. No-load money market mutual funds consisting exclusively of obligations described in division (1) or (2) of this section and repurchase agreements secured by such obligations, provided that investments in securities described in this division are made only through eligible institutions;
- 6. The State Treasurer's investment pool (STAR Ohio); and
- 7. Certain bankers' acceptances and commercial paper notes for a period not to exceed one hundred and eighty days from the date of purchase in an amount not to exceed twenty-five percent of the interim monies available for investment at any one time.

Protection of the District's deposits is provided by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC), by eligible securities pledged by the financial institution as security for repayment, by surety company bonds deposited with the treasurer by the financial institution or by a single collateral pool established by the financial institution to secure the repayment of all public monies deposited with the institution.

Investments in stripped principal or interest obligations, reverse repurchase agreements and derivatives are prohibited. The issuance of taxable notes for the purpose of arbitrage, the use of leverage and short selling are also prohibited. An investment must mature within five years from the date of purchase unless matched to a specific obligation or debt of the District, and must be purchased with the expectation that it will be held to maturity.

Investments may only be made through specified dealers and institutions. Payment for investments may be made only upon delivery of the securities representing the investments to the treasurer or qualified trustee or, if the securities are not represented by a certificate, upon receipt of confirmation of transfer from the custodian.

Cash on Hand

At fiscal year end, the District had \$1,891 in undeposited cash on hand which is included on the Combined Balance Sheet of the District as part of "Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments".

The following information classifies deposits and investments by categories of risk as defined in GASB Statement No. 3, "Deposits with Financial Institutions, Investments (including Repurchase Agreements) and Reverse Repurchase Agreements".

NOTE 5 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (continued)

Deposits

At fiscal year end, the carrying amount of the District's deposits was \$698,910 and the bank balance was \$993,045. Of the bank balance:

- 1. \$287,903 was covered by federal depository insurance.
- \$705,142 was held in collateral pools with no specifications for whom such funds are held which is considered to be uninsured and uncollateralized as defined by GASB Statement No. 3. Although all State statutory requirements for the deposit of money had been followed, non-compliance with Federal requirements could potentially subject the District to a successful claim by the FDIC.

Investments

The District has invested funds in the State Treasury Asset Reserve of Ohio (STAR Ohio) during fiscal year 2001. STAR Ohio is an investment pool managed by the State Treasurer's Office which allows governments within the State to pool their funds for investment purposes. STAR Ohio is not registered with the SEC as an investment company, but does operate in a manner consistent with Rule 2a7 of the Investment Company Act of 1940. Investments in STAR Ohio are values at STAR Ohio's share price which is the price the investment could be sold for on June 30, 2001. At June 30, 2001, the fair value of STAR Ohio was \$13,281,367. Investments in STAR Ohio are not categorized since they are not evidenced by securities that exist in physical or book entry form.

The classification of cash, cash equivalents and investments on the combined financial statements is based on criteria set forth in GASB Statement No. 9 "Reporting Cash Flows of Proprietary and Non-Expendable Trust Funds and Governmental Entities That Use Proprietary Fund Accounting".

A reconciliation between the classifications of cash, cash equivalents and investments on the combined statements and the classifications of deposits and investments per GASB Statement No. 3 is as follows:

	Cash, Cash Equivalents	
	and Investments/Deposits	Investments
GASB Statement No. 9	\$13,982,168	\$0
Investments of the Cash Management Pool:		
STAR Ohio	(13,281,367)	13,281,367
Cash on Hand	(1,891)	0
GASB Statement No. 3	\$698,910	\$13,281,367

NOTE 6 - PROPERTY TAXES

Tax rate per \$1,000 of Assessed Valuation

Property taxes are levied and assessed on a calendar year basis. Second half distributions occur in a subsequent fiscal year. Property taxes include amounts levied against all real, public utility and tangible personal property used in business located in the District. Real property taxes are levied after April 1 on the assessed value listed as of the prior January 1, the lien date. Public utility property taxes attached as a lien on December 31 of the prior year, were levied April 1, and are collected with real property taxes. Assessed values for real property are established by State law at 35% of appraised market value. All property is required to be revalued every six years. Public utility property taxes are assessed on tangible personal property at 100% of true value (with certain exceptions) and on real property at 35% of true value. Tangible personal property taxes are levied after April 1 on the value listed as of December 31 of the previous year. Tangible personal property assessments are 25% of true value.

The assessed values upon which the fiscal year 2001 taxes were collected are:

	2000 Second Valuation	2001 First Half Valuations		
Category	Amount	%	Amount	%
Real Property Valuation:				
Commercial/Industrial	\$56,839,460	12.62%	\$59,344,930	14.24%
Residential/Agriculture	316,082,070	70.16%	321,655,870	77.16%
Public Utilities	10,640	0.00%	11,200	0.00%
Minerals	110,940	0.02%	64,440	0.02%
Tangible Personal Property				
Valuation:				
Public Utilities	31,348,320	6.96%	30,070,510	7.21%
General	46,156,622	10.24%	5,700,575	1.37%
Total Valuation	\$450,548,052	100.00%	\$416,847,525	100.00%

Real property taxes are payable annually or semi-annually. If paid annually, payment is due January 20; if paid semi-annually, the first payment is due January 20 with the remainder payable by June 20. Under certain circumstances, State statute permits earlier or later payment dates to be established.

\$65.75

\$66.63

Tangible personal property taxes paid by multi-county taxpayers are due September 20. Single county taxpayers may pay annually or semi-annually. If paid annually, payment is due April 30; if paid semi-annually, the first payment is due April 30, with the remainder payable by September 20.

The Medina County Treasurer collects property tax on behalf of all taxing districts within the County. The Medina County Auditor periodically advances to the District their portion of the taxes collected. The amount available to the District as an advance at June 30, 2001, is available to finance fiscal year 2001 operations. The amount available to be advanced can vary based on the date the tax bills are sent.

NOTE 6 - PROPERTY TAXES (continued)

Accrued property taxes receivable represents delinquent taxes outstanding and real property, personal property and public utility taxes which became measurable as of June 30, 2001. Although total property tax collections for the next fiscal year are measurable, only the amount available as an advance at June 30 is intended to finance current fiscal year operations. The receivable is therefore offset by a credit to deferred revenue for that portion not intended to finance current fiscal year operations. The amount available as an advance at June 30, which was reflected in 2001 as revenue, was \$651,555. This amount was also reflected as a reservation of fund balances for future appropriations.

NOTE 7 - RECEIVABLES

Receivables at June 30, 2001 consisted of taxes, accounts, accrued interest, interfund, and intergovernmental entitlements and grants. All receivables are considered collectible in full due to the ability to foreclose for the nonpayment of taxes, the stable condition of State programs, and the current fiscal year guarantee of Federal funds.

NOTE 8 - FIXED ASSETS

A summary of the enterprise funds' fixed assets at June 30, 2001 follows:

Furniture and Equipment	\$641,071
Less: Accumulated Depreciation	(335,893)
Net Fixed Assets	\$305,178

A summary of the changes in general fixed assets follows:

Balance				Balance
07/01/2000	Additions	Transfers	Deletions	06/30/2001
			_	
\$18,833,533	\$1,108,200	\$26,610,060	(\$523,916)	\$46,027,877
6,695,663	2,197,477	(19,722)	(853,582)	8,019,836
1,844,847	119,124	0	(155,760)	1,808,211
1,246,238	369,280	0	(22,029)	1,593,489
20,773,158	7,865,032	(26,590,338)	0	2,047,852
\$49,393,439	\$11,659,113	\$0	(\$1,555,287)	\$59,497,265
	07/01/2000 \$18,833,533 6,695,663 1,844,847 1,246,238 20,773,158	07/01/2000 Additions \$18,833,533 \$1,108,200 6,695,663 2,197,477 1,844,847 119,124 1,246,238 369,280 20,773,158 7,865,032	07/01/2000 Additions Transfers \$18,833,533 \$1,108,200 \$26,610,060 6,695,663 2,197,477 (19,722) 1,844,847 119,124 0 1,246,238 369,280 0 20,773,158 7,865,032 (26,590,338)	07/01/2000 Additions Transfers Deletions \$18,833,533 \$1,108,200 \$26,610,060 (\$523,916) 6,695,663 2,197,477 (19,722) (853,582) 1,844,847 119,124 0 (155,760) 1,246,238 369,280 0 (22,029) 20,773,158 7,865,032 (26,590,338) 0

NOTE 9 - INTERFUND RECEIVABLES AND PAYABLES

The account balances by fund of "Interfund Receivable" and "Interfund Payable" as of June 30, 2001 are as follows:

	Interfund	Interfund
Fund	Receivable	Payable
General	\$46,714	\$0
Special Revenue		_
Career Development	0	7,878
Vocational Education	0	28,779
Total Special Revenue	0	36,657
Enterprise Fund		
Vocational Education Customer Service	0	7,612
Agency		
Student Managed Activities	0	2,445
Total	\$46,714	\$46,714

NOTE 10 - RISK MANAGEMENT

A. Liability Insurance

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to or destruction of assets; errors and omissions; employee injuries; and, natural disasters. The District has a comprehensive property and casualty policy with a deductible of \$5,000 per incident. The District's vehicle liability insurance policy limit is \$1,000,000 with a \$250 collision deductible. All administrators and employees are covered under a District liability policy. The limits of this coverage are \$2,000,000 per occurrence and \$5,000,000 in aggregate. Settled claims have not exceeded this commercial coverage in any of the past three fiscal years. There has not been a significant reduction of coverage from the prior fiscal year.

B. Fidelity Bonds

The Board President and Superintendent have a \$20,000 position bond. The Treasurer is covered under a surety bond in the amount of \$20,000. All other school employees who are responsible for handling funds are covered by a \$20,000 crime coverage bond.

C. Workers' Compensation

The District pays the State Workers' Compensation System, an insurance purchasing pool, a premium based on a rate per \$100 of salaries. The District is a member of the Ohio School Boards Association Group Rating Program, an insurance purchasing pool. This rate is calculated based on accident history and administrative costs.

NOTE 10 - RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)

D. Employee Health Insurance

The District has established a health care self-insurance fund. The purpose of this fund is to pay medical and dental claims of the District's employees and their covered dependents in order to minimize the total cost of annual health care insurance. The District has contracted with a third party administrator to direct this program. Self-insurance is in effect for aggregate claims up to \$2,170,245 per fiscal year with a \$150,000 stop-loss per individual participant. Claims in excess of this aggregate stop loss are insured by private carriers.

The claims liability of \$180,465 reported in the fund at June 30, 2001 is based on the requirements of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 30, "Risk Financing Omnibus", which requires that a liability for unpaid claims costs, including estimates of costs relating to incurred but not reported claims, be reported. The costs are to be based on the estimated ultimate cost of settling the claims using past experience adjusted for current trends and any other factors that would modify past experience. The claims liability is based on an estimate supplied by the District's third party administrator. A summary of the fund's claims liability in fiscal years 2000 and 2001 is as follows:

	Balance	Current Year	Claims	Balance at
	Beginning of Year	Claims	Payments	End of Year
2000	\$109,922	\$1,437,468	(\$1,424,232)	\$123,158
2001	\$123,158	\$2,102,326	(\$2,045,019)	\$180,465

NOTE 11 - LONG-TERM DEBT OBLIGATIONS

Changes in long-term obligations of the District from July 1, 2000 through June 30, 2001, were as follows:

	Balance			Balance
	07/01/2000	Additions	Deletions	06/30/2001
GENERAL LONG-TERM		_		
OBLIGATIONS ACCOUNT				
GROUP				
Bond Anticipation Notes				
4.375%, 02/01 - 08/01	\$2,250,000	\$5,600,000	(\$2,250,000)	\$5,600,000
Tax Anticipation Notes				
4.655%, 02/01 - 12/02	0	725,000	0	725,000
Total Notes Payable	2,250,000	6,325,000	(2,250,000)	6,325,000
General Obligation Bonds:		_		
School Buses Purchase Bonds				
5.00%, 06/98 - 04/02	65,000	0	(32,000)	33,000
School Improvement Bonds - 1998				
3.75% - 5.125%, 04/98 - 12/22	14,324,986	0	(305,000)	14,019,986
School Improvement Bonds - 1999				
3.30% - 5.00%, 04/99 - 12/22	12,764,997	0	(225,000)	12,539,997

NOTE 11 - LONG-TERM DEBT OBLIGATIONS (continued)

	Balance			Balance
	07/01/2000	Additions	Deletions	06/30/2001
School Improvement Bonds - 2000				
4.25% - 5.75%, 04/00 - 12/22	2,250,000	0	(45,000)	2,205,000
Library Improvement Bonds - 2001				
3.00% - 5.15%, 12/01 - 12/22	0	5,600,000	0	5,600,000
Energy Conservation Improvement				
Bonds - 2001				
5.25%, 12/01 - 12/14	0	1,400,000	0	1,400,000
Total General Obligation Bonds				
Payable	29,404,983	7,000,000	(607,000)	35,797,983
Compensated Absences Payable	3,017,177	56,806	(59,368)	3,014,615
Intergovernmental Payable	292,539	460,014	(292,539)	460,014
Total General Long-Term				
Obligations	\$34,964,699	\$13,841,820	(\$3,208,907)	\$45,597,612

General obligation bonds and bond anticipation notes will be paid from the debt service fund. Intergovernmental payables and compensated absences will be paid from the fund from which the employee is paid.

The net proceeds of the Tax and Bond Anticipation Notes were used to provide funding for capital improvements. They will be repaid by the General Obligation Bonds issued by the District in June, 2001.

Principal and interest requirements to retire general obligation bonds outstanding at June 30, 2001, are as follows:

Fiscal Year	School Buses	School	School	School	Library	
Ending	Purchase	Improvement	Improvement	Improvement	Improvement	House Bill 264
June 30,	Bonds	Bonds - 1998	Bonds - 1999	Bonds - 2000	Bonds - 2001	Series 2001
2002	\$34,650	\$1,064,826	\$807,925	\$183,520	\$282,433	\$170,875
2003	0	1,096,964	823,075	180,300	424,915	165,625
2004	0	1,097,282	837,000	181,855	428,870	160,375
2005	0	1,096,499	854,550	183,095	427,105	155,125
2006	0	1,094,593	870,660	179,155	429,860	149,875
Thereafter	0	18,529,996	17,570,095	3,055,326	7,267,098	1,112,625
Total	34,650	23,980,160	21,763,305	3,963,251	9,260,281	1,914,500
Less Interest	(1,650)	(9,960,174)	(9,223,308)	(1,758,251)	(3,660,281)	(514,500)
Principal	\$33,000	\$14,019,986	\$12,539,997	\$2,205,000	\$5,600,000	\$1,400,000

The Library Improvement Bonds are conduit debt explained more fully in Note 12. All other bonds are backed by the full faith and credit of the District.

NOTE 12 – CONDUIT DEBT OBLIGATIONS

To provide for expansion and other permanent improvements at the Wadsworth Public Library, the District issued permanent improvement bonds. These bonds are special limited obligations of the District, payable solely from a tax levy passed by the voters of the Wadsworth City School District. The bonds do not constitute a debt or pledge of the faith and credit of the District. The bonds have been reported in the accompanying financial statements.

At June 30, 2001, Library Improvement Bonds outstanding totaled \$5,600,000.

NOTE 13 - SEGMENT INFORMATION FOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS

The District maintains four enterprise funds: food service, uniform school supplies, vocational education customer service and adult/community education which are operated on a sales basis. The table below reflects the more significant financial data relating to the enterprise funds of the District for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2001:

			Vocational		
		Uniform	Education	Adult/	
	Food	School	Customer	Community	
	Service	Supplies	Service	Education	Total
Operating revenues	\$877,647	\$18,460	\$232,528	\$10,521	\$1,139,156
Operating expenses before					0
Depreciation	(1,073,958)	(27,763)	(217,159)	(10,997)	(1,329,877)
Depreciation expense	(23,546)	0	0	0	(23,546)
Operating income/(loss)	(219,857)	(9,303)	15,369	(476)	(214,267)
Federal donated commodities	39,527	0	0	0	39,527
Interest	341	0	0	0	341
Operating grants	143,729	0	0	0	143,729
Loss on sale of fixed assets	(3,905)	0	0	0	(3,905)
Net income/(loss)	(40,165)	(9,303)	15,369	(476)	(34,575)
Net working capital	(53,309)	9,593	(8,084)	12,968	(38,832)
Total assets	356,114	13,619	14,111	13,389	397,233
Total equity	177,844	9,593	(8,084)	12,968	192,321
Encumbrances at June 30, 2001	\$3,013	\$5,790	\$14,112	\$0	\$22,915

NOTE 14 - RETIREMENT PLANS

State Teachers Retirement System

The District participates in the State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio (STRS Ohio), a cost sharing multiple employer public employee retirement system. STRS Ohio is a statewide retirement plan for certified teachers and other faculty members employed in the public schools of Ohio or any school, college, university, institution or other agency wholly controlled, managed and supported in whole, or in part, by the State or any political subdivision thereof. Any member who has (1) five years of service credit and attained age 60; (2) 25 years of service credit and attained age 55; or (3) 30 years of service credit regardless of age may retire. The maximum annual retirement allowance, payable for life, is the greater of the "formula benefit" or the "moneypurchase benefit" calculation. Under the "formula benefit", the retirement allowance is based on years of credit service and final average salary, which is the average of the member's three highest years' salaries. The annual allowance is calculated by using a base percentage of 2.1 percent multiplied by the total number of years of service credit (including Ohio-valued purchased credit) times the final average salary. The 31st year of earned Ohio service credit is calculated at 2.5 percent. An additional one-tenth of a percent is added to the calculation for every year of earned Ohio service over 31 years (2.6 percent for 32 years, 2.7 percent for 33 years and so on) until 100 percent of final average salary is reached.

Legislation passed in April, 2000 with a July, 1999 effective date provided an adjustment for retirees whose benefits have not kept pace with the rate of inflation. The legislation also changed the formula for calculating the formula benefit. The formula benefit increased to 2.2 percent from 2.1 percent per year for all years up to 30 years. For members with 35 or more years of earned Ohio service, the first 30 years, the formula will remain as current law, which provides an escalating formula of 2.5 percent for the 31st years, 2.6 percent for the 32nd years, 2.7 percent for the 33rd year, etc. until 100 percent of final average salary is reached.

Under the "money-purchase benefit" calculation, a member's lifetime contributions plus interest at specified rates are matched by an equal amount from other STRS Ohio funds. This total is then divided by an actuarially determined annuity factor to determine the maximum annual retirement allowance.

A retiree of the STRS Ohio or other Ohio public retirement system is eligible for reemployment as a teacher following the elapse of two months from the date of retirement. Contributions are made by the reemployed member and employer during the reemployment. Upon termination of employment or age 65, whichever comes later, the retiree is eligible for a money-purchase benefit or a lump-sum payment in addition to the original retirement allowance.

Retirement benefits are annually increased by the greater of the amount of the change in the Consumer Price Index (CPI) or the cumulative CPI increases since retirement, less previous cost-of-living increases, up to a maximum of three percent of the original base benefit. The plan offers comprehensive health care benefits to retirees and their dependents. Coverage includes hospitalization, physicians' fees, prescription drugs and partial reimbursement of monthly Medicare premiums.

A member with five or more years' credited service who becomes disabled is entitled to a disability benefit. Survivor benefits are available to eligible spouses and dependents of active members who die before retirement. A death benefit of \$1,000 is payable to the beneficiary of each deceased retired member. Additional death benefit coverage of \$1,000 or \$2,000 can be purchased. Various other benefits are available to members' beneficiaries.

NOTE 14 - RETIREMENT PLANS (continued)

Benefits are established by Chapter 3307, Revised Code.

Chapter 3307 of the Revised Code provides statutory authority for member and employer contributions. Contribution rates are established by the State Teachers Retirement Board, upon recommendations of its consulting actuary, not to exceed statutory maximum rates of 10 percent for members and 14 percent for employers.

Contribution requirements and the contributions actually made for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2001, were 9.3 percent of covered payroll for members and 14 percent for employers. The District's contributions to STRS for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2001, 2000 and 1999 were \$832,308, \$790,507 and \$730,268, respectively; 83.6 percent has been contributed for fiscal year 2001 and 100 percent for fiscal years 2000 and 1999. \$318,594 representing the unpaid contribution for fiscal year 2001, is recorded as a liability within the respective funds.

The STRS Ohio issues a stand-alone financial report. Copies of the STRS Ohio's 2000 *Comprehensive Annual Financial Report* will be available after January 1, 2001, and can be requested by writing to the STRS Ohio, 275 East Broad Street, Columbus, OH 43215-3371, or by calling (614)227-4090.

School Employees Retirement System

The District contributes to the School Employees Retirement System of Ohio (SERS), a cost-sharing multiple employer defined benefit pension plan. SERS provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided by State statute per Chapter 3309 of the Ohio Revised Code. SERS issues a publicly available, stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained by writing to the School Employees Retirement System, 45 North Fourth Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215 or by calling (614)222-5853.

Plan members are required to contribute 9 percent of their annual covered salary and the District is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. The current rate is 14 percent of annual covered payroll. For fiscal year 2000, 5.55 percent was the portion to fund pension obligations. The contribution requirements of plan members and employers are established and may be amended, up to statutory maximum amounts, by the SERS Retirement Board. The District's contributions for pension obligations to SERS for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2001, 2000 and 1999 were \$208,236, \$253,304 and \$272,293, respectively; 27.9 percent has been contributed for fiscal year 2001 and 100 percent for the fiscal years 2000 and 1999. \$378,702 representing the unpaid contribution for fiscal year 2001, is recorded as a liability within the respective funds and general long-term obligations account group.

NOTE 15 - POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

The District provides comprehensive health care benefits to retired teachers and their dependents through the State Teachers Retirement System (STRS), and to retired non-certified employees and their dependents through the School Employees Retirement System (SERS). Benefits include hospitalization, physicians' fees, prescription drugs and reimbursement of monthly Medicare premiums. Benefit provisions and the obligation to contribute are established by the Systems based on authority granted by State statute. Both systems are funded on a pay-as-you-go basis.

The State Teachers Retirement Board has discretionary authority over how much, if any, of the health care costs will be absorbed by STRS. Most benefit recipients pay a portion of the health care cost in the form of a monthly premium. By Ohio law, the cost of coverage paid from STRS funds shall be included in the employer contribution rate, currently 14 percent of covered payroll. The Retirement Board allocates employer contributions equal to eight percent of covered payroll to the Health Care Reserve Fund from which health care benefits are paid. For the District, this amount equaled \$1,109,614 during fiscal 2001.

STRS pays health care benefits from the Health Care Reserve Fund. The balance in the Fund was \$3.419 billion at June 30, 2000 (the latest information available). For the year ended June 30, 2000, net health care costs paid by STRS were \$283,137,000 and STRS had 99,011 eligible benefit recipients statewide.

For SERS, coverage is made available to service retirees with ten or more years of qualifying service credit, disability and survivor benefit recipients. Members retiring on or after August 1, 1989, with less than twenty-five years of service credit must pay a portion of their premium for health care. The portion is based on years of service up to a maximum of 75 percent of the premium.

For this fiscal year, employer contributions to fund health care benefits were 6.30 percent of covered payroll. In addition, SERS levies a surcharge to fund health care benefits equal to 14 percent of the difference between a minimum pay and the member's pay, pro-rated for partial service credit. For fiscal year 1999 (the latest information available), the minimum pay had been established at \$12,400. The surcharge, added to the unallocated portion of the 14 percent employer contribution rate, provides for maintenance of the asset target level for the health care fund.

The target level for the health care reserve is 150 percent of annual health care expenses. Expenses for health care at June 30, 2000, were \$140,696,340 and the target level was \$211.0 million. At June 30, 2000, SERS had net assets available for payment of health care benefits of \$252.3 million. SERS has approximately 50,000 participants statewide currently receiving health care benefits. For the District, the amount to fund health care benefits, including the surcharge, equaled \$395,326 during fiscal 2001.

NOTE 16 - OTHER EMPLOYEE BENEFITS - COMPENSATED ABSENCES

The criteria for determining vacation and sick leave benefits are derived from negotiated agreements and State laws. Classified employees working eleven or twelve months per year are entitled to an annual vacation, with pay, based on length of service in the District. Accumulated unused vacation time is paid to employees upon termination of employment. Teachers and administrators working fewer than ten months per year do not earn vacation time. Teachers, administrators and classified employees earn sick leave at the rate of one and one-fourth days per month. Sick leave may be accumulated up to a maximum of 230 days. For certified employees, payment is made at the time of termination for thirty percent of a certified employee's accumulated sick leave up to 200 days, a benefit of up to 60 days. For classified employees, payment is made at the time of termination for forty percent of a classified employee's accumulated sick leave up to 162 and one-half days, a benefit of up to 65 days. The amount of accumulated vacation and sick leave of employees paid from governmental funds that meets the eligibility requirements has been recorded in the appropriate governmental fund as a current liability to the extent that the amounts are expected to be paid using expendable available financial resources. The balance of the liability is recorded in the general long-term obligations account group. Vacation and sick leave for employees paid from proprietary funds is recorded as an expense and liability of the fund when earned.

NOTE 17 - COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY

The following funds had deficit fund balances/retained earnings caused by the recognition of expenditures/expenses and/or nonrecognition of revenues on the modified accrual basis of accounting and the accrual basis of accounting which substantially differ from those recognized on the cash basis of accounting:

Fund	Deficit
General Fund	(\$218,507)
Special Revenue	
Career Development	(7,358)
Title VI-B	(11,345)
Vocational Education	(34,323)
Title I	(7,794)
Safe and Drug-Free Schools Grant	(136)
Special Purpose	(99)
Enterprise	
Vocational Education Customer Service	(8,083)

NOTE 18 - CONSTRUCTION COMMITMENTS

The following construction commitments at June 30, 2001 will be financed with capital project funds revenues:

	Total Authorized	Expended to	Balance at
Project	Cost	06/30/2001	06/30/2001
Central Intermediate	\$6,641,212	\$1,464,144	\$5,177,068
High School HB264	365,125	358,025	7,100
Isham Elementary HB264	103,883	103,683	200
Overlook Elementary HB264	33,000	32,800	200
Valley View Elementary HB264	89,400	89,200	200

NOTE 19 - JOINTLY GOVERNED ORGANIZATION

The Midland Council of Governments is a jointly governed organization among twenty-two boards of education. The Council of Governments was formed to provide efficient and cost effective computer and data processing services to member boards. Financial support for the Council of Governments is provided by member fees levied according to the number of students within each member's respective district. The Executive Committee determines and sets the fees for all services.

Representation on the Midland Council of Governments consists of one member appointed by each member board of education. The representative shall be either the superintendent, assistant superintendent or treasurer of the member district board of education. The Council of Governments is governed by the Executive Committee who are elected for two year terms except the position of fiscal agent superintendent which is a permanent appointment. The Executive Committee consists of seven members. The members are two superintendents, two treasurers, two members-at-large and the fiscal agent superintendent.

NOTE 20 - CONTINGENCIES

Grants

The District received financial assistance from Federal and State agencies in the form of grants. The disbursement of funds received under these programs generally requires compliance with terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements and is subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims resulting from such audits could become a liability of the general fund or other applicable funds. However, in the opinion of management, any such disallowed claims will not have a material adverse effect on the overall financial position of the District at June 30, 2001.

Litigation

The District is not currently a party to any legal proceedings which would have a material impact on the financial statements.

NOTE 21 - SCHOOL FUNDING DECISION

On September 6, 2001, the Ohio Supreme Court issued its latest opinion regarding the State's school funding plan. The decision identified aspects of the current plan that require modification if the plan is to be considered constitutional, including:

- A change in the school districts that are used as the basis for determining the base cost support amount. Any change in the amount of funds distributed to school district as a result of this change must be retroactive to July 1, 2001, although a time line for distribution is not specified.
- Fully funding parity aid no later than the beginning of fiscal year 2004 rather than fiscal year 2006.

The Supreme Court relinquished jurisdiction over the case based on anticipated compliance with its order.

In general, it is expected that the decision would result in an increase in State funding for most Ohio school districts. However, as of December 4, 2001, the Ohio General Assembly is still analyzing the impact this Supreme Court decision will have on funding for individual school district. Further, the State of Ohio, in a motion filed September 17, 2001, asked the Court to reconsider and clarify the parts of the decision changing the school districts that are used as the basis for determining the base cost support amount and the requirement that changes be made retroactive to July 1, 2001.

On November 2, 2001, the Court granted this motion for reconsideration. The Court may re-examine and redetermine any issue upon such reconsideration.

As of the date of these financial statements, the District is unable to determine what effect, if any, this decision and the reconsideration will have on its future State funding and on its financial operations.

NOTE 22 - REQUIRED BUDGET SET ASIDES

The District is required by State statute to annually set aside an amount based on prior fiscal year revenues for the purpose of textbooks and other instructional materials and an additional amount for capital improvements. Amounts not spent by fiscal year end or offset by similarly restricted resources must be held in cash at fiscal year end and carried forward to be used for the same purposes in future fiscal years. The requirements for establishment of a budget stabilization set aside has been deleted from law. The change places special conditions on any refunds or rebates from the Bureau of Workers' Compensation. These monies are to be used to offset a budget deficit for school facility construction, renovation or repair, for the textbooks or instructional materials; for purchase of school buses; or for teachers' professional development. The District's Board, by appropriate Board resolution, has returned the balance of the set aside to the general fund.

NOTE 22 - REQUIRED BUDGET SET ASIDES (continued)

The following information describes the changes in the amounts set aside for textbooks and instructional materials and capital improvements from the end of the prior fiscal year to the end of the current fiscal year.

	Textbook	Capital Improvement	Workers' Compensation	
	Set Aside	Set Aside	Set Aside	Totals
Set Aside Cash Balance as of June 30, 2000	(\$542,495)	\$0	\$411,729	(\$130,766)
Current Year Set Aside Requirement	632,219	632,219	0	1,264,438
Transfer to General Fund	0	0	(176,052)	(176,052)
Qualifying Disbursements	(2,145,262)	(11,390,486)	0	(13,535,748)
Set Aside Cash Balance as of June 30, 2001	(\$2,055,538)	(\$10,758,267)	\$235,677	(\$12,578,128)
Balance Carried Forward to Fiscal Year 2002	(\$2,055,538)	\$0	\$235,677	
Amount Restricted for Set-Asides				\$235,677

Since the qualifying disbursements and offsets for the capital improvements set aside exceeded the fiscal year 2001 requirement, no amount will be carried forward to the next fiscal year. The District may use the negative amount in the textbooks/instructional materials set aside to reduce set aside requirements of future fiscal years.



Rea & Associates, Inc.

ACCOUNTANTS AND BUSINESS CONSULTANTS

December 4, 2001

The Board of Education Wadsworth City School District Wadsworth, Ohio 44218

REPORT ON COMPLIANCE AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

We have audited the general purpose financial statements of Wadsworth City School District as of and for the year ended June 30, 2001, and have issued our report thereon dated December 4, 2001. We have conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Compliance

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Wadsworth City School District's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grants, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered Wadsworth City School District's internal control over financial reporting in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the general purpose financial statements and not to provide assurance on the internal control over financial reporting. Our consideration of the internal control over financial reporting would not necessarily disclose all matters in the internal control over financial reporting that might be material weaknesses. A material weakness is a condition in which the design of operation of one or more of the internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that misstatements in amounts that would be material in relation to the general purpose financial statements being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions. We noted no matters involving the internal control over financial reporting and its operation that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, we noted other matters involving the internal control over financial reporting that we have reported to management of Wadsworth City School District in a separate letter dated December 4, 2001.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Board of Education, management, and federal awarding and pass-through entities and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.





Rea & Associates, Inc.

ACCOUNTANTS AND BUSINESS CONSULTANTS

December 4, 2001

The Board of Education Wadsworth City School District Wadsworth, Ohio 44218

REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH REQUIREMENTS APPLICABLE TO EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE IN ACCORDANCE WITH OMB CIRCULAR A-133

Compliance

We have audited the compliance of Wadsworth City School District with the types of compliance requirements described in the *U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Circular A-133 Compliance Supplement* that are applicable to each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2001. Wadsworth City School District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. Compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts and grants applicable to each of its major federal programs is the responsibility of Wadsworth City School District's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on Wadsworth City School District's compliance based on our audit.

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. Those standards and OMB Circulars A-133 require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about Wadsworth City School District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our audit does not provide a legal determination on Wadsworth City School District's compliance with those requirements.

In our opinion, Wadsworth City School District complied, in all material respects, with the requirements referred to above that are applicable to each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2001.

Wadsworth City School District Report on Compliance Page 2

Internal Control Over Compliance

The management of Wadsworth City School District is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with requirements of laws, regulations, contracts and grants applicable to federal programs. In planning and performing our audit, we considered Wadsworth City School District's internal control over compliance with requirements that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on compliance and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with OMB Circular A-133.

Our consideration of the internal control over compliance would not necessarily disclose all matters in the internal control that might be material weaknesses. A material weakness is a condition in which the design or operation of one or more of the internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that noncompliance with applicable requirements of laws, regulations, contracts and grants that would be material in relation to a major federal program being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions. We noted no matters involving the internal control over compliance and its operation that we consider to be material weaknesses.

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards - Non GAAP Budgetary Basis

We have audited the general purpose financial statements of Wadsworth City School District as of and for the year ended June 30, 2001, and have issued our report thereon dated December 4, 2001. Our audit was performed for the purpose of forming an opinion on the general purpose financial statements taken as a whole. The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by OMB Circular A-133 and is not a required part of the general purpose financial statements of Wadsworth City School District. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the general purpose financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the general purpose financial statements taken as a whole.

This report is intended solely for the information of the Board of Education, management, and federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Lea & Associates, Inc.

WADSWORTH CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURE OF FEDERAL AWARDS - NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2001

Federal Grantor/ Pass Through Grantor/ Program Title	CFDA Number	Grant Number	Program Amount	Federal Receipts	Federal Disbursements	Non-Cash Transactions
U. S. Department of Education (Passed Through Ohio Department of Education):						
Eisenhower Professional Development Eisenhower Professional Development Eisenhower Professional Development	84.281	MS-SI-01 MS-SI-00 MS-SI-99	14,408 16,066	12,967 0 0	9,104 8,992 1,124	0 0 0
Total Eisenhower Professional Development				12,967	19,220	0
Title VI Title VI Title VI	84.298	C2-SI-01 C2-SI-00 C2-SI-99C	21,926 22,611	21,926 0 0	21,926 578 70	0 0 0
Total Title VI				21,926	22,574	0
Title 1	84.010	C1-SI-01	305,282	305,282	295,048	0
Total Title 1				305,282	295,048	0
Safe and Drug-Free Schools and Communities Safe and Drug-Free Schools and Communities	84.186	DR-SI-01 DR-SI-00	16,783 17,350	16,783 0	16,606 919	0
Total Safe and Drug-Free Schools				16,783	17,525	0
Title VI-R Title VI-R	84.340	CR-S1-01 CR-S1-00	65,543 61,118	54,262 0	49,397 5,308	0
Total VI-R				54,262	54,705	0
Special Education Cluster:						
Title VI-B Flow Thru Title VI-B Flow Thru	84.027	6B-SF-2001P 6B-SF-2000P	205,515 230,351	203,476	203,476 57,501	0
Total Title VI-B Flow Thru				203,476	260,977	0
Preschool Grants Preschool Grants	84.173 84.173	PG-SI-2001P PG-SI-2000P	13,824 14,024	13,824	959 5,621	0
Total Preschool Grants				13,824	6,580	0
Total Special Education Cluster						
Vocational Education Vocational Education	84.048	VECPII-S01 20-CI-2000	191,861 201,986	163,082 26,114	191,861 10,698	0
Total Vocational Education				189,196	202,559	0
Total U.S. Department of Education				817,716	879,188	0
U. S. Department of Agriculture (Passed Through Ohio Department of Education):						
Nutrition Cluster						
Food Distribution (A) (B)	10.550			40,653	0	39,527
School Breakfast Program (A)	10.553			8,235	8,235	0
National School Lunch Program (A)	10.555			129,363	129,363	0
Total Department of Agriculture - Nutrition	n Cluster			178,251	137,598	39,527
National Foundation on the Arts and the Huma (Passed Through State Library of Ohio) State Library Program	anities 45.310	I-19-00		0	14,726	0
Total National Foundation on the Arts and				0	14,726	0
					1.,,20	J.
TOTAL FEDERAL FINANCIAL ASSIST	TANCE		5	995,967	1,031,512	39,527

⁽A) Federal money commingled with state subsidy reimbursements. It is assumed the money was spent on a first-in, first-out basis.

⁽B) Government commodities are reported at the fair market value of the commodities received and disbursed.

WADSWORTH CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS OMB CIRCULAR A-133, Section .505

OMB CIRCULAR A-133 , Section .50 JUNE 30, 2001

1. SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

(d) (1) (i)	Type of Financial Statement	Unqualified
	Opinion	
(d) (1) (ii)	Were there any material control weakness	No
	conditions reported at the financial statement	
	level (GAGAS)?	
(d) (1) (iii)	Was there any reported material non-	No
	compliance at the financial statement	
	level (GAGAS)?	
(d) (1) (iv)	Were there any material internal control	No
	weakness conditions reported for major	
	federal programs?	
(d) (1) (iv)	Were there any other reportable internal	No
	control weakness conditions reported for	
	major federal programs?	
(d) (1) (v)	Type of Major Programs'	Unqualified
	Compliance Opinion	
(d) (1) (vi)	Are there any reportable findings under	No
	Section .510?	
(d) (1) (vii)	Major Programs (list):	Title I, CFDA # 84.010
(d) (1) (viii)	Dollar Threshold: Type A/B	Type A: > \$300,000
	Programs	Type B: All others
(d) (1) (ix)	Low Risk Auditee?	Yes

2. FINDINGS RELATED TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS

None were noted

3. FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR FEDERAL AWARDS

None were noted



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WADSWORTH CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT MEDINA COUNTY

CLERK'S CERTIFICATION

This is a true and correct copy of the report which is required to be filed in the Office of the Auditor of State pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in Columbus, Ohio.

CLERK OF THE BUREAU

Susan Babbitt

CERTIFIED JANUARY 29, 2002