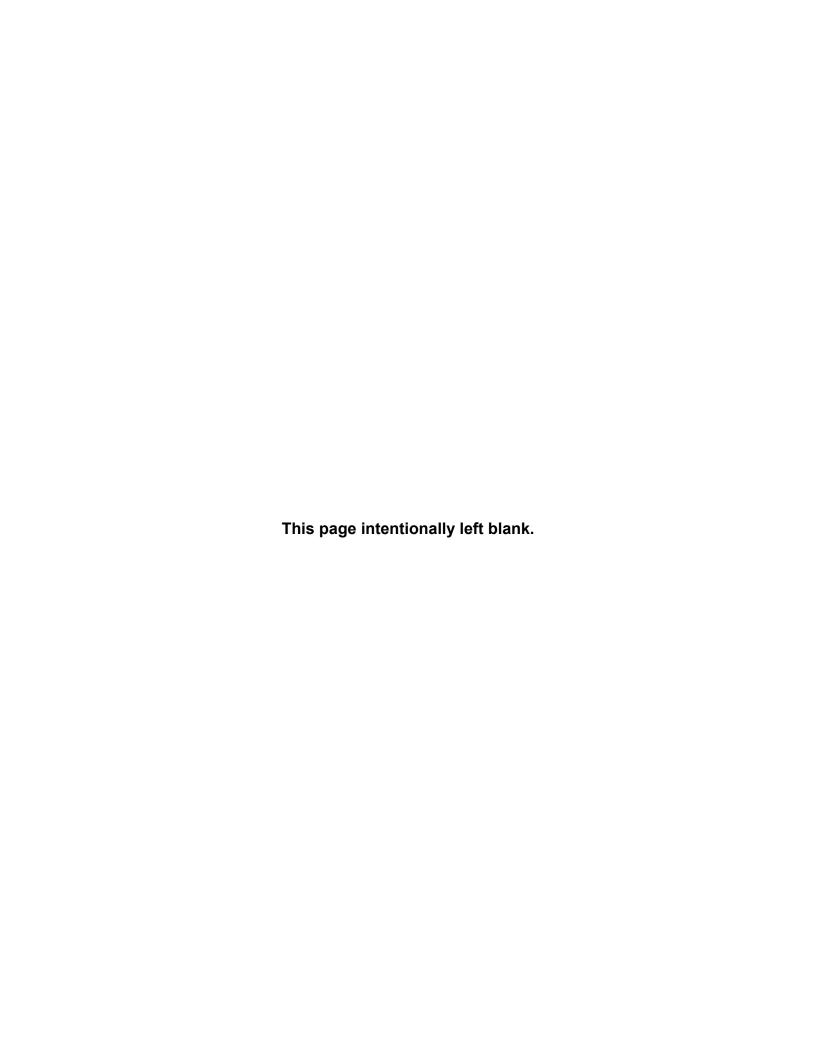




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REPORT OF INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS

Arlington Local School District Hancock County 336 South Main Street P.O. Box 260 Arlington, Ohio 45814-0260

To the Board of Education:

We have audited the accompanying general-purpose financial statements of Arlington Local School District (the District) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2001, as listed in the table of contents. These generalpurpose financial statements are the responsibility of the District's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these general-purpose financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the general-purpose financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Arlington Local School District, as of June 30, 2001, and the results of its operations and the cash flows of its enterprise fund for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

As described in note 3 to the financial statements the District changed its method of accounting for fixed assets during fiscal year 2001.

Arlington Local School District Hancock County Report of Independent Accountants Page 2

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 18, 2002 on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grants. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* and should be read in conjunction with this report in considering the results of our audit.

Jim Petro Auditor of State

December 18, 2002

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Combined Balance Sheet All Fund Types and Account Groups June 30, 2001

	Governmental Fund Types			
	General	Special Revenue	Debt Service	Capital Projects
ASSETS AND OTHER DEBITS:				
Assets:				
Equity in Pooled Cash and				
Cash Equivalents	\$2,671,440	\$164,471	\$74,358	\$15,908
Cash and Cash Equivalents with Fiscal Agent		5,898		
Receivables:				
Property Taxes	1,138,893		158,669	
Income Taxes	298,907			
Accounts	3,077	599		
Intergovernmental	2,286			
Accrued Interest	2,718			
Prepaid Items	34,772	1,601		
Inventory Held for Resale				
Materials and Supplies Inventory	25,430			
Restricted Assets:				
Equity in Pooled Cash and				
Cash Equivalents	129,980			
Fixed Assets (net, where applicable,				
of accumulated depreciation)				
Other Debits:				
Amount Available in Debt Service				
Fund for Retirement of General				
Obligation Debt				
Amount to be Provided from				
General Governmental Resources				
Total Assets and Other Debits	\$4,307,503	\$172,569	\$233,027	\$15,908

Proprietary	Fiduciary			
Fund Type	Fund Type		t Groups	
		General	General	Totals
F	A	Fixed	Long-Term	(Memorandum
Enterprise	Agency	Assets	Obligations	Only)
\$15,332	\$25,937			\$2,967,446
				5,898
				1,297,562
				298,907
35				3,711
3,196				5,482
				2,718
2,515				38,888
8,335				8,335
1,182				26,612
				129,980
3,460		\$5,821,724		5,825,184
			\$84,678	84,678
			1,613,964	1,613,964
\$34,055	\$25,937	\$5,821,724	\$1,698,642	\$12,309,365

(Continued)

Combined Balance Sheet All Fund Types and Account Groups June 30, 2001 (Continued)

_	Governmental Fund Types			
-	General	Special Revenue	Debt Service	Capital Projects
LIABILITIES, FUND EQUITY, AND OTHER CREDITS:				
Liabilities:				
Accounts Payable	\$10,138	\$1,473		
Accrued Wages and Benefits	336,829	6,333		
Compensated Absences Payable	12,254			
Intergovernmental Payable	77,007	1,156		\$2,363
Deferred Revenue	1,064,705	206	\$148,349	
Due to Students				
General Obligation Bonds Payable				
Total Liabilities	1,500,933	9,168	148,349	2,363
Fund Equity and Other Credits:				
Investment in General Fixed Assets				
Retained Earnings:				
Unreserved (Deficit)				
Contributed Capital				
Fund Balance:				
Reserved for Property Taxes	75,680		10,320	
Reserved for Inventory	25,430		•	
Reserved for Textbooks	68,659			
Reserved for Capital Improvements	48,147			
Reserved for Budget Stabilization	13,174			
Reserved for Encumbrances	84,640	22,663		
Designated for Textbooks	97,586	•		
Designated for Capital Improvements	44,434			
Unreserved, Undesignated	2,348,820	140,738	74,358	13,545
Total Fund Equity and Other Credits	2,806,570	163,401	84,678	13,545
Total Liabilities, Fund Equity and Other Credits	\$4,307,503	\$172,569	\$233,027	\$15,908

Proprietary	Fiduciary	Accoun	t Crauna	
Fund Type	Fund Type	General	t Groups General	Totals
		Fixed	Long-Term	(Memorandum
Enterprise	Agency	Assets	Obligations	Only)
Littorprioo	Agonoy	Accord	Obligations	- Ciny)
\$12				\$11,623
15,661				358,823
10,972			\$336,935	360,161
11,748			34,936	127,210
5,415			34,930	1,218,675
0,410	\$25,937			25,937
	Ψ20,001		1,326,771	1,326,771
			1,020,777	1,020,771
43,808	25,937		1,698,642	3,429,200
(21,473) 11,720		\$5,821,724		5,821,724 (21,473) 11,720 86,000 25,430 68,659 48,147 13,174 107,303 97,586 44,434
				2,577,461
(9,753)		5,821,724		8,880,165
\$34,055	\$25,937	\$5,821,724	\$1,698,642	\$12,309,365

Combined Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances All Governmental Fund Types For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2001

Governmental Fund Types Totals Special Debt Capital (Memorandum General Revenue Service **Projects** Only) Revenues: **Property Taxes** \$1,272,138 \$1,445,493 \$173,355 Income Taxes 804.795 804.795 Intergovernmental 2,336,823 \$179.901 21,647 \$32,000 2,570,371 Interest 172.457 177,999 5,542 **Tuition and Fees** 41,187 41,187 **Extracurricular Activities** 4,662 110,562 115,224 Gifts and Donations 15,430 16,498 31,928 Miscellaneous 18,057 5,940 23,997 **Total Revenues** 4,665,549 32,000 312,503 200,942 5,210,994 **Expenditures:** Current: Instruction: Regular 1,815,754 72,057 1,892,559 4,748 Special 337,639 43,378 381,017 Vocational 179,915 179,915 Support Services: Pupils 68.850 18.222 87.072 Instructional Staff 2.363 253.461 237.641 13.457 Board of Education 19,380 754 20,134 Administration 360,545 7,502 368.047 Fiscal 161,391 130 3,267 164,788 Operation and Maintenance of Plant 433,392 433,392 **Pupil Transportation** 136,453 136,453 Central 1,600 1,600 Non-Instructional Services 273 273 **Extracurricular Activities** 136,171 76,813 212,984 Capital Outlay 10,078 11,344 21,422 Debt Service: 150,000 150,000 Principal Retirement Interest and Fiscal Charges 61,766 61,766 232,586 **Total Expenditures** 3,898,809 215,033 18,455 4,364,883 Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures 766,740 79,917 (14,091)13,545 846,111 Other Financing Sources: Sale of Fixed Assets 4,515 4,515 Excess of Revenues and Other Financing Sources Over (Under) Expenditures 771.255 79.917 (14,091)13.545 850.626 Fund Balances at Beginning of Year 2,034,427 83,484 98,769 2,216,680

See Accompanying Notes to the General-Purpose Financial Statements

Increase in Reserve for Inventory

Fund Balances at End of Year

\$163,401

\$84,678

\$13,545

888

\$2,806,570

888

\$3,068,194

Combined Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual Comparison All Governmental Fund Types For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2001

		General Fund	
Parameter	Revised Budget	Actual	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)
Revenues:	¢1 217 710	¢1 250 520	\$40,818
Property Taxes Income Taxes	\$1,217,710 773,467	\$1,258,528 756,626	(16,841)
Intergovernmental	2,214,892	2,336,823	121,931
Interest	184,594	172,300	(12,294)
Tuition and Fees	51,675	41,187	(10,488)
Extracurricular Activities	4,900	4,662	(238)
Gifts and Donations	14,500	15,430	930
Miscellaneous	1,200	5,183	3,983
Total Revenues	4,462,938	4,590,739	127,801
Expenditures:			
Current:			
Instruction:			
Regular	1,912,929	1,810,512	102,417
Special	332,198	329,983	2,215
Vocational	229,678	193,695	35,983
Adult/Continuing	512		512
Support Services:	60.462	CO 000	470
Pupils	69,462	68,989	473
Instructional Staff	279,549 39,880	245,984	33,565
Board of Education Administration	39,000 378,955	21,012 359,735	18,868 19,220
Fiscal	159,715	157,707	2,008
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	498,439	477,441	20,998
Pupil Transportation	175,581	144,454	31,127
Central	1,775	1,600	175
Extracurricular Activities	138,182	135,961	2,221
Capital Outlay	14,000	14,000	2,221
Debt Service:	,555	,000	
Principal Retirement			
Interest and Fiscal Charges	·		
Total Expenditures	4,230,855	3,961,073	269,782
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	232,083	629,666	397,583
Other Financing Sources:			
Sale of Fixed Assets	1,000	4,515	3,515
Refund of Prior Year Expenditures	8,500	10,003	1,503
Other Financing Sources	150	82	(68)
Total Other Financing Sources	9,650	14,600	4,950
Excess of Revenues and Other Financing			
Sources Over (Under) Expenditures	241,733	644,266	402,533
Fund Balances at Beginning of Year	2,011,108	2,011,108	
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated	47,132	47,132	
Fund Balances at End of Year	\$2,299,973	\$2,702,506	\$402,533

(Continued)

Combined Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual Comparison All Governmental Fund Types For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2001 (Continued)

	Special Revenue Funds			
	Revised Budget	Actual	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)	
Revenues: Property Taxes Income Taxes				
Intergovernmental Interest Tuition and Fees	\$138,962 4,750	\$138,962 5,542	\$792	
Extracurricular Activities Gifts and Donations Miscellaneous	123,923 10,025	110,057 16,498	(13,866) 6,473	
Total Revenues	277,660	271,059	(6,601)	
Expenditures: Current: Instruction:				
Regular Special Vocational Adult/Continuing	103,627 38,020	79,705 35,572	23,922 2,448	
Support Services: Pupils Instructional Staff Board of Education	7,941 763	5,823 763	2,118	
Administration Fiscal Operation and Maintenance of Plant Pupil Transportation Central	1,000	1,000		
Extracurricular Activities Capital Outlay Debt Service: Principal Retirement Interest and Fiscal Charges	104,262	94,576	9,686	
Total Expenditures	255,613	217,439	38,174	
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	22,047	53,620	31,573	
Other Financing Sources: Sale of Fixed Assets	500	0.47	(0.50)	
Refund of Prior Year Expenditures Other Financing Sources	500 75	247 55	(253) (20)	
Total Other Financing Sources	575	302	(273)	
Excess of Revenues and Other Financing Sources Over (Under) Expenditures	22,622	53,922	31,300	
Fund Balances at Beginning of Year Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated	70,242 16,170	70,242 16,170		
Fund Balances at End of Year	\$109,034	\$140,334	\$31,300	

Debt Service Fund		Capital Projects Funds			
Revised Budget	Actual	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)	Revised Budget	Actual	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)
\$174,594	\$175,965	\$1,371			
20,548	21,647	1,099	\$32,000	\$32,000	
5,940	5,940				
201,082	203,552	2,470	32,000	32,000	
			26,000	14,129	\$11,871
			6,000	4,326	1,674
3,763	3,267	496			
150,000 92,296	150,000 92,296				
246,059	245,563	496	32,000	18,455	13,545
(44,977)	(42,011)	2,966		13,545	13,545
(44,977)	(42,011)	2,966		13,545	13,545
116,369	116,369				
\$71,392	\$74,358	\$2,966		\$13,545	\$13,545

(Continued)

Combined Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual Comparison All Governmental Fund Types For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2001 (Continued)

	Totals (Memorandum Only)			
Davanusa	Revised Budget	Actual	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)	
Revenues:	¢1 202 204	¢1 424 402	¢42 100	
Property Taxes Income Taxes	\$1,392,304 773,467	\$1,434,493 756,626	\$42,189 (16,841)	
Intergovernmental	2,406,402	2,529,432	123,030	
Interest	189,344	177,842	(11,502)	
Tuition and Fees	51,675	41,187	(10,488)	
Extracurricular Activities	128,823	114,719	(14,104)	
Gifts and Donations	24,525	31,928	7,403	
Miscellaneous	7,140	11,123	3,983	
Total Revenues	4,973,680	5,097,350	123,670	
Expenditures:		_		
Current:				
Instruction:				
Regular	2,042,556	1,904,346	138,210	
Special	370,218	365,555	4,663	
Vocational	229,678	193,695	35,983	
Adult/Continuing	512		512	
Support Services:				
Pupils	69,462	68,989	473	
Instructional Staff	293,490	256,133	37,357	
Board of Education	40,643	21,775	18,868	
Administration Fiscal	379,955 163,478	360,735 160,974	19,220 2,504	
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	498,439	477,441	20,998	
Pupil Transportation	175,581	144,454	31,127	
Central	1,775	1,600	175	
Extracurricular Activities	242,444	230,537	11,907	
Capital Outlay	14,000	14,000	11,007	
Debt Service:	,	,		
Principal Retirement	150,000	150,000		
Interest and Fiscal Charges	92,296	92,296		
Total Expenditures	4,764,527	4,442,530	321,997	
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	209,153	654,820	445,667	
Other Financing Sources:				
Sale of Fixed Assets	1,000	4,515	3,515	
Refund of Prior Year Expenditures	9,000	10,250	1,250	
Other Financing Sources	225	137	(88)	
Total Other Financing Sources	10,225	14,902	4,677	
Excess of Revenues and Other Financing	040.070	600 700	450.044	
Sources Over (Under) Expenditures	219,378	669,722	450,344	
Fund Balances at Beginning of Year	2,197,719	2,197,719		
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated	63,302	63,302		
Fund Balances at End of Year	\$2,480,399	\$2,930,743	\$450,344	

Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Equity Enterprise Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2001

Operating Revenues:	
Sales	\$162,124
Operating Expenses:	
Salaries	90,745
Fringe Benefits	31,323
Purchased Services	1,107
Materials and Supplies	4,335
Cost of Sales	86,710
Depreciation	889
Total Operating Expenses	215,109
Operating Loss	(52,985)
Non-Operating Revenues:	
Federal Donated Commodities	15,886
Operating Grants	26,401
Interest	1,324
Total Non-Operating Revenues	43,611
Net Loss	(9,374)
Retained Earnings (Deficit) at Beginning of Year (Restated Note 4)	(12,099)
Retained Earnings (Deficit) at End of Year	(21,473)
Contributed Capital at Beginning and End of Year	11,720
Total Fund Deficit at End of Year	(\$9,753)

Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Balance Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual Comparison Enterprise Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2001

	Revised Budget	Actual	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)
Revenues:			
Sales	\$168,800	\$162,114	(\$6,686)
Operating Grants	25,000	23,279	(1,721)
Interest	1,200	1,324	124
Total Revenues	195,000	186,717	(8,283)
Expenses:			
Salaries	90,126	89,801	325
Fringe Benefits	32,331	32,124	207
Purchased Services	3,750	1,905	1,845
Materials and Supplies	91,000	76,393	14,607
Capital Outlay	5,300	175	5,125
Other Expenses	100		100
Total Expenses	222,607	200,398	22,209
Excess of Expenses Over Revenues	(27,607)	(13,681)	13,926
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year	28,996	28,996	
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$1,389	\$15,315	<u>\$13,926</u>

Statement of Cash Flows Enterprise Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2001

Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash Flows from Operating Activities: Cash Received from Customers Cash Payments for Salaries Cash Payments for Fringe Benefits Cash Payments for Goods and Services	\$162,114 (89,801) (32,124) (78,456)
Net Cash Used for Operating Activities	(38,267)
Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities: Cash Received from Operating Grants	23,279
Cash Flows from Investing Activities: Cash Received from Interest	1,324
Net Decrease in Cash and Cash Equivalents	(13,664)
Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Year	28,996
Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Year	\$15,332
Reconciliation of Operating Loss to Net Cash Used for Operating Activities:	
Operating Loss	(\$52,985)
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Loss to Net Cash Used for Operating Activities: Depreciation Donated Commodities Used During Year Changes in Assets and Liabilities: Increase in Accounts Receivable Increase in Prepaid Items Increase in Inventory Held for Resale Increase in Materials and Supplies Inventory Increase in Accounts Payable Increase in Accrued Wages and Benefits Increase in Compensated Absences Payable	889 15,886 (10) (722) (916) (493) 12 87 714
Decrease in Intergovernmental Payable	(729)
Net Cash Used for Operating Activities	(\$38,267)

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Notes to the General-Purpose Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2001

NOTE 1 - DESCRIPTION OF THE SCHOOL DISTRICT AND REPORTING ENTITY

Arlington Local School District (the School District) is organized under Article VI, Sections 2 and 3 of the Constitution of the State of Ohio. The School District operates under a locally-elected Board form of government consisting of five members elected at-large for staggered four year terms. The School District provides educational services as authorized by state statute and/or federal guidelines.

The School District was established in 1923 through the consolidation of existing land areas and school districts. The School District serves an area of approximately seventy-six square miles. It is located in Hancock County, and includes all of the Village of Arlington and portions of Eagle, Jackson, Madison, and Van Buren Townships. The School District is the 561st largest in the State of Ohio (among 612 school districts) in terms of enrollment. It is staffed by thirty-four classified employees, forty-seven certified teaching personnel, and three administrative employees who provide services to six hundred eighty-six students and other community members. The School District currently operates one facility which includes the elementary, middle, and high schools.

Reporting Entity

A reporting entity is composed of the primary government, component units, and other organizations that are included to insure the financial statements are not misleading. The primary government of the School District consists of all funds, departments, boards, and agencies that are not legally separate from the School District. For Arlington Local School District, this includes general operations, food service, and student related activities of the School District.

Component units are legally separate organizations for which the School District is financially accountable. The School District is financially accountable for an organization if the School District appoints a voting majority of the organization's governing board and (1) the School District is able to significantly influence the programs or services performed or provided by the organization; or (2) the School District is legally entitled to or can otherwise access the organization's resources; the School District is legally obligated or has otherwise assumed the responsibility to finance the deficits of or provide financial support to the organization; or the School District is obligated for the debt of the organization. Component units may also include organizations that are fiscally dependent on the School District in that the School District approves the budget, the issuance of debt, or the levying of taxes. There are no component units of the Arlington Local School District.

The School District participates in four jointly governed organizations and two insurance pools. These organizations are the Northwest Ohio Area Computer Services Cooperative, Millstream Cooperative Career Center, Hancock County Local Professional Development Committee, Northwestern Ohio Educational Research Council, Inc., Hancock County Schools Health Benefit Fund and Trust, and NOACSC Workers' Compensation Group Rating Plan. Information about these organizations is presented in Notes 18 and 19 to the combined financial statements.

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of Arlington Local School District have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The School District also applies Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) statements and interpretations issued on or before November 30, 1989, to the enterprise fund provided they do not conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements. Following are the more significant of the School District's accounting policies.

Notes to the General-Purpose Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2001 (Continued)

A. Basis of Presentation - Fund Accounting

The School District uses funds and account groups to report on its financial position and the results of its operations. Fund accounting is designed to demonstrate legal compliance and to aid financial management by segregating transactions related to certain School District functions or activities.

A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts recording cash and other financial resources, together with all related liabilities and residual equities or balances, and changes therein, which are segregated for the purpose of carrying on specific activities or attaining certain objectives in accordance with special restrictions or limitations. An account group is a financial reporting device designed to provide accountability for certain assets and liabilities not recorded in the funds because they do not directly affect net available expendable resources.

For financial statement presentation purposes, the various funds of the School District are grouped into the following generic fund types under the broad fund categories of governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary.

Governmental Fund Types

Governmental funds are those through which most governmental functions of the School District are financed. The acquisition, use, and balances of the School District's expendable financial resources and the related current liabilities (except those accounted for in proprietary funds) are accounted for through governmental funds. The following are the School District's governmental fund types:

General Fund - The General Fund is the operating fund of the School District and is used to account for all financial resources, except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The General Fund balance is available to the School District for any purpose provided it is expended or transferred according to the general laws of Ohio.

<u>Special Revenue Funds</u> - Special revenue funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than major capital projects) that are legally restricted to expenditure for specified purposes.

<u>Debt Service Fund</u> - The debt service fund is used to account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, general long-term obligation principal, interest, and related costs.

<u>Capital Projects Funds</u> - Capital projects funds are used to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities, other than those financed by proprietary funds.

Proprietary Fund Type

Proprietary funds are used to account for the School District's ongoing activities which are similar to those found in the private sector. The following is the School District's proprietary fund type:

<u>Enterprise Fund</u> - The enterprise fund is used to account for activities that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises where the intent is that the costs (expenses, including depreciation) of providing goods or services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges or where it has been decided that periodic determination of revenues earned, expenses incurred, and/or net income is appropriate for capital maintenance, public policy, management control, accountability, or other purposes.

Notes to the General-Purpose Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2001 (Continued)

Fiduciary Fund Type

Fiduciary funds are used to account for assets held by the School District in a trustee capacity or as an agent for individuals, private organizations, other governmental units, and/or other funds. The School District's fiduciary funds are agency funds, which are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations.

Account Groups

To make a clear distinction between fixed assets related to specific funds and those of general government, and between long-term liabilities related to specific funds and those of a general nature, the following account groups are used:

<u>General Fixed Assets Account Group</u> - This account group is established to account for all fixed assets of the School District, except those accounted for in proprietary funds.

<u>General Long-Term Obligations Account Group</u> - This account group is established to account for all long-term obligations of the School District, except those accounted for in proprietary funds.

B. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

The accounting and financial reporting treatment applied to a fund is determined by its measurement focus. All governmental fund types are accounted for using a flow of current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities are generally included on the balance sheet. Operating statements of these funds present increases (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and decreases (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) in net current assets.

The enterprise fund is accounted for using a flow of economic resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, all assets and all liabilities associated with the operation of this fund are included on the balance sheet. Fund equity (i.e., net total assets) is segregated into contributed capital and retained earnings components. The operating statement of this fund presents increases (e.g., revenues) and decreases (e.g., expenses) in net total assets.

Basis of accounting refers to when revenues and expenditures or expenses are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. Basis of accounting relates to the timing of the measurements made.

The modified accrual basis of accounting is followed for the governmental fund types and agency funds. The full accrual basis of accounting is followed for the enterprise fund.

Revenue resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, is recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On the modified accrual basis, revenue is recorded in the fiscal year in which the resources are measurable and become available. Available means the resources will be collected within the current fiscal year or are expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current fiscal year. For the School District, available means expected to be received within sixty days of fiscal year end.

Non-exchange transactions, in which the School District receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include property taxes, income taxes, grants, entitlements, and donations. On the accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from income taxes is recognized in the period in which the income is earned. Revenue from grants, entitlements, and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility

Notes to the General-Purpose Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2001 (Continued)

requirements include timing requirements, which specify the fiscal year when the resources are required to be used or the fiscal year when use is first permitted; matching requirements, in which the School District must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose; and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the School District on a reimbursement basis. On the modified accrual basis, revenue from non-exchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized.

Under the modified accrual basis, the following revenue sources are considered both measurable and available at fiscal year end: property taxes available as an advance, income taxes, grants, interest, tuition, and student fees.

Deferred revenues arise when assets are recognized before revenue recognition criteria have been satisfied. Property taxes for which there is an enforceable legal claim as of June 30, 2001, but which were levied to finance fiscal year 2002 operations, are recorded as deferred revenue. Grants and entitlements received before the eligibility requirements are met are also recorded as deferred revenue. On the modified accrual basis, revenues that are not collected within the available period are recorded as deferred revenue.

On the accrual basis of accounting, expenses are recognized at the time they are incurred. The fair value of donated commodities used during the year is reported on the operating statement as an expense with a like amount reported as donated commodities revenue. Unused donated commodities are reported as deferred revenue.

The measurement focus of governmental fund accounting is on decreases in net financial resources (expenditures) rather than expenses. Expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred, if measurable. Allocations of cost, such as depreciation and amortization, are not recognized in governmental funds.

C. Budgetary Process

The budgetary process is prescribed by provisions of the Ohio Revised Code and entails the preparation of budgetary documents within an established timetable. The major documents prepared are the tax budget, the certificate of estimated resources, and the appropriation resolution, all of which are prepared on the budgetary basis of accounting. The certificate of estimated resources and the appropriation resolution are subject to amendment throughout the year with the legal restriction that appropriations cannot exceed estimated resources, as certified.

All funds, other than agency funds, are legally required to be budgeted and appropriated. The primary level of budgetary control is at the fund and function level for the General Fund and the fund level for all other funds. Any budgetary modifications at this level may only be made by resolution of the Board of Education. Budgetary allocations at the object level in the General Fund, and the function and object level within all other funds are made by the School District Treasurer.

The Eisenhower, Title VI-B, Drug Free, and Early Childhood Preschool special revenue funds are flow through grants in which the Hancock County Educational Service Center is the primary recipient. Budgetary information for these funds is not included within the School District's reporting entity for which the "appropriated budget" is adopted.

Tax Budget

Prior to January 15, the Superintendent and Treasurer submit, to the Board of Education, a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing the following July 1. The budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing for all funds. Public hearings are publicized and conducted to obtain

Notes to the General-Purpose Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2001 (Continued)

taxpayers' comments. The express purpose of this budget document is to reflect the need for existing or increased tax rates.

By no later than January 20, the Board-adopted budget is filed with the Hancock County Budget Commission for rate determination.

Estimated Resources

Prior to April 1, the Board of Education accepts, by formal resolution, the tax rates, as determined by the County Budget Commission, and receives the commission's certificate of estimated resources, which states the projected revenue of each fund. Prior to June 30, the School District must revise its budget so that total contemplated expenditures from any fund during the ensuing fiscal year will not exceed the amount stated in the certificate of estimated resources. The revised budget then serves as the basis for the appropriation measure. On or about July 1, the certificate of estimated resources is amended to include any unencumbered cash balances from the preceding fiscal year. The certificate of estimated resources may be further amended during the year if projected increases or decreases in revenue are identified by the School District Treasurer. The amounts reported in the budgetary statements reflect the amounts in the final amended certificate of estimated resources issued during fiscal year 2001.

Appropriations

Upon receipt from the County Auditor of an amended certificate of estimated resources, based on final assessed values and tax rates, or a certificate saying no new certificate is necessary, the annual appropriation resolution is legally enacted by the Board of Education at the fund and function level of expenditures in the General Fund, and the fund level of expenditures within all other funds, which are the legal levels of budgetary control. Prior to the passage of the annual appropriation measure, the Board may pass a temporary appropriation measure to meet the ordinary expenses of the School District. The appropriation resolution, by fund, must be within the estimated resources as certified by the County Budget Commission and the total of expenditures and encumbrances may not exceed the appropriation totals at any level of control.

The Board may pass supplemental fund appropriations as long as the total appropriations by fund do not exceed the amounts set forth in the most recent certificate of estimated resources. During the year, several supplemental appropriation resolutions were legally enacted.

The budget figures which appear in the statements of budgetary comparisons represent the final appropriation amounts passed during the fiscal year. Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year for all funds, except agency funds and funds held by the Hancock County Educational Service Center, consistent with statutory provisions.

Encumbrances

As part of formal budgetary control, purchase orders, contracts, and other commitments for the expenditure of monies are recorded as the equivalent of expenditures on the non-GAAP budgetary basis in order to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation. On the GAAP basis, encumbrances outstanding at fiscal year end are reported as a reservation of fund balance for subsequent-year expenditures for governmental fund types and reported in the notes to the financial statements for the enterprise fund.

Notes to the General-Purpose Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2001 (Continued)

Lapsing of Appropriations

At the close of each fiscal year, the unencumbered balance of each appropriation reverts to the respective fund from which it was appropriated and becomes subject to future appropriation. Encumbered appropriations are carried forward to the succeeding fiscal year and are not reappropriated.

D. Cash and Investments

To improve cash management, cash received by the School District is pooled. Monies for all funds are maintained in this pool. Individual fund integrity is maintained through School District records. Each fund's interest in the pool is presented as "Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents" on the combined balance sheet.

Cash and cash equivalents held for the School District by the Hancock County Educational Service Center are included on the combined balance sheet as "Cash and Cash Equivalents with Fiscal Agent".

During fiscal year 2000, investments were limited to repurchase agreements and STAR Ohio. Repurchase agreements are reported at cost. STAR Ohio is an investment pool, managed by the State Treasurer's Office, which allows governments within the State to pool their funds for investment purposes. STAR Ohio is not registered with the SEC as an investment company, but does operate in a manner consistent with Rule 2a7 of the Investment Company Act of 1940. Investments in STAR Ohio are valued at STAR Ohio's share price, which is the price the investment could be sold for on June 30, 2001.

Following Ohio statutes, the Board of Education has, by resolution, specified the funds to receive an allocation of interest earnings. Interest revenue credited to the General Fund during fiscal year 2001 was \$172,457, which included \$9,420 assigned from other School District funds.

For purposes of the combined statement of cash flows and for presentation on the combined balance sheet, investments of the cash management pool and investments with an original maturity of three months or less at the time they are purchased by the School District are considered to be cash equivalents. Investments with an initial maturity of more than three months, and not purchased from the pool, are reported as investments.

E. Prepaid Items

Payments made to vendors for services that will benefit periods beyond June 30, 2001, are recorded as prepaid items using the consumption method. A current asset for the prepaid amount is recorded at the time of the purchase and an expenditure/expense is reported in the year in which services are consumed.

F. Inventory

Inventory in governmental funds is stated at cost while inventory in the enterprise fund is stated at the lower of cost or market. For all funds, cost is determined on a first-in, first-out basis. Inventory in the governmental funds consists of expendable supplies held for consumption. The costs of inventory items are recorded as expenditures in the governmental fund types when purchased. Reported materials and supplies inventory is equally offset by a fund balance reserve in the governmental funds which indicates that it does not constitute available expendable resources even though it is a component of net current assets. Inventory in the enterprise fund consists of donated and purchased food and is expensed when used.

Notes to the General-Purpose Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2001 (Continued)

G. Restricted Assets

Restricted assets in the General Fund represent cash and cash equivalents whose use is limited by legal requirements. Restricted assets include amounts required by State statute to be set aside for the purchase of textbooks and other instructional materials, the acquisition and construction of capital improvements, and to create a reserve for budget stabilization.

H. Fixed Assets and Depreciation

General fixed assets are not capitalized in the funds used to acquire or construct them. Instead, capital acquisition and construction costs are reflected as expenditures in governmental funds, and the related assets are reported in the general fixed assets account group. Fixed assets utilized in the enterprise funds are capitalized in the fund. All fixed assets are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost) and updated for additions and reductions during the year. Donated fixed assets are recorded at their fair market value as of the date received. The School District maintains a capitalization threshold of one thousand dollars. The School District does not have any infrastructure.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an asset's life are not capitalized. Improvements are capitalized. Improvements to enterprise fund fixed assets are depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related fixed assets.

Assets in the general fixed assets account group are not depreciated. Depreciation of furniture and equipment in the enterprise fund is computed using the straight-line method over an estimated useful life of five to twenty-five years.

I. Compensated Absences

Vacation benefits are accrued as a liability as the benefits are earned if the employees' rights to receive compensation are attributable to services already rendered and it is probable that the School District will compensate the employees for the benefits through paid time off or some other means. The School District records a liability for accumulated unused vacation time when earned for all employees with more than one year of service.

Sick leave benefits are accrued as a liability using the vesting method. The liability includes the employees who are currently eligible to receive termination benefits and those the School District has identified as probable of receiving payment in the future. The amount is based on accumulated sick leave and employees' wage rates at fiscal year end, taking into consideration any limits specified in the School District's termination policy. The School District records a liability for accumulated unused sick leave for all employees after eight years of service with the School District.

For governmental funds, the current portion of unpaid compensated absences is the amount expected to be paid using available expendable resources. These amounts are recorded in the account "Compensated Absences Payable" in the fund from which the employees who have accumulated unpaid leave are paid. The remainder is reported in the general long-term obligations account group. In the enterprise fund, the entire amount of compensated absences is reported as a fund liability.

J. Accrued Liabilities and Long-Term Obligations

In general, governmental fund payables and accrued liabilities are reported as obligations of the funds regardless of whether they will be liquidated with current resources. However, compensated absences and contractually required pension contributions that will be paid from governmental funds are reported as liabilities

Notes to the General-Purpose Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2001 (Continued)

in the general long-term obligations account group to the extent that they will not be paid with current available expendable resources. Payments made more than sixty days after fiscal year end are not considered to have been paid using current available expendable resources. Bonds are reported as a liability in the general long-term obligations account group until due.

Long-term debt and other obligations financed by the enterprise fund are reported as liabilities in the fund.

K. Contributed Capital

Contributed capital represents resources from other funds, other governments, and private sources provided to the enterprise fund that is not subject to repayment. These assets are recorded at their fair market value on the date donated. Depreciation on those assets acquired or constructed with contributed resources is expensed and closed to unreserved retained earnings at fiscal year end.

Because the School District did not prepare financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles prior to fiscal year 1994, the exact amount of contributed capital cannot be determined. Consequently, only those amounts that have been specifically identified have been classified as contributed capital in the accompanying combined financial statements. All other fund equity amounts pertaining to the enterprise fund have been classified as retained earnings.

L. Fund Balance Reserves and Designations

The School District reserves those portions of fund equity which are legally segregated for a specific future use or which do not represent available expendable resources and, therefore, are not available for appropriation or expenditure. Unreserved fund balance indicates that portion of fund equity which is available for appropriation in future periods. Fund equity reserves have been established for property taxes, inventories of materials and supplies, textbooks, capital improvements, budget stabilization, and encumbrances.

The reserve for property taxes represents taxes recognized as revenue under generally accepted accounting principles but not available for appropriation under State statute. The reserve for budget stabilization represents monies required to be set aside by State statue to protect against cyclical changes in revenues and expenditures. The designation for textbooks and capital improvements represent revenues set aside that exceed statutorily required amounts.

M. Interfund Transactions

Quasi-external transactions are accounted for as revenues and expenditures, or expenses. Transactions that constitute reimbursements to a fund for expenditures/expenses initially made from it that are properly applicable to another fund are recorded as expenditures/expenses in the reimbursing fund and as reductions of expenditures/expenses in the fund that is reimbursed.

Nonrecurring or nonroutine permanent transfers of equity are reported as residual equity transfers. All other interfund transfers are reported as operating transfers.

N. Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

Notes to the General-Purpose Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2001 (Continued)

O. Total Columns on General-Purpose Financial Statements

Total columns on the general-purpose financial statements are captioned "Totals (Memorandum Only)" to indicate that they are presented only to facilitate financial analysis. Data in these columns do not present financial position or results of operations in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles. Neither is such data comparable to a consolidation. Interfund eliminations have not been made in the aggregation of this data.

NOTE 3 - CHANGE IN ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLES

For fiscal year 2001, the School District has implemented Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 33, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Nonexchange Transactions" and Statement No. 36, "Recipient Reporting for Certain Shared Nonexchange Revenues". These statements establish accounting and financial reporting standards for nonexchange transactions involving financial or capital resources. The timing for the recognition of assets, liabilities, and expenditures/expenses resulting from nonexchange transactions will be the same whether the accrual or the modified accrual basis of accounting is required. However, for revenue recognition to occur on the modified accrual basis the criteria established for accrual basis revenue recognition must be met and the revenues must be available. For the School District, the implementation of these statements had no effect on fund balances/retained earnings as previously reported for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2000.

For fiscal year 2001, the School District has increased the threshold amount for capitalizing fixed assets. The threshold amount was increased from \$300 to \$1,000.

NOTE 4 - RESTATEMENT OF FUND EQUITY

Fixed assets and accumulated depreciation in the enterprise fund decreased due to the change in the threshold amount for capitalizing fixed assets. Fixed assets decreased \$8,312, from \$42,591 to \$34,279, and accumulated depreciation decreased \$6,954, from \$36,884 to \$29,930. As a result of the restatement, retained earnings as previously reported as of June 30, 2000, decreased \$1,358, from (\$10,741) to (\$12,099).

The fixed assets reported in the general fixed assets account group decreased \$660,982, from \$6,425,158 to \$5,764,176, due to the change in the threshold amount for capitalizing fixed assets.

NOTE 5 - ACCOUNTABILITY

The Title I and Title VI special revenue funds had deficit fund balances of \$2,750 and \$12, respectively, at June 30, 2001. The General Fund provides transfers to cover deficit balances; however, this is done when cash is needed rather than when accruals occur.

The Food Service enterprise fund had deficit retained earnings of \$21,473 at June 30, 2001, as a result of accumulated operating losses from prior years.

NOTE 6 - BUDGETARY BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

While the School District is reporting financial position, results of operations, and changes in fund balances/retained earnings on the basis of generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP), the budgetary basis as provided by law is based upon accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements, and encumbrances. The Combined Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual - All Governmental Fund Types and the Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual - Enterprise

Notes to the General-Purpose Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2001 (Continued)

Fund are presented on the budgetary basis to provide a meaningful comparison of actual results with the budget. The major differences between the budget basis and GAAP basis are that:

- 1. Revenues are recorded when received in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when susceptible to accrual (GAAP basis).
- 2. Expenditures/expenses are recorded when paid in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when the liability is incurred (GAAP basis).
- 3. Encumbrances are treated as expenditures/expenses for all funds (budget basis) rather than as a reservation of fund balance for governmental fund types and as note disclosure in the enterprise fund (GAAP basis).
- 4. Although not part of the appropriated budget, the Eisenhower, Title VI-B, Drug Free, and Early Childhood Preschool special revenue funds are included as part of the reporting entity when preparing financial statements that conform with GAAP.

The following tables summarize the adjustments necessary to reconcile the GAAP and budgetary basis statements by fund type.

Excess of Revenues and Other Financing Sources Over (Under) Expenditures All Governmental Fund Types

	General	Special Revenue	Debt Service	Capital Projects
GAAP Basis	\$771,255	\$79,917	(\$14,091)	\$13,545
Increase (Decrease) Due To:				
Revenue Accruals:				
Accrued FY 2000, Received in Cash FY 2001	316,375	190	12,930	
Accrued FY 2001, Not Yet Received in Cash	(381,176)	(393)	(10,320)	
Expenditure Accruals:				
Accrued FY 2000, Paid in Cash FY 2001	(395,632)	(8,725)	(30,530)	
Accrued FY 2001, Not Yet Paid in Cash	436,228	8,962		2,363
Cash Adjustments:				
Unrecorded Activity FY 2000	76			
Prepaid Items	(3,946)	(463)		
Excess of Revenues Over Expenditures				
for Nonbudgeted Funds		(1,429)		
Encumbrances Outstanding				
at Year End (Budget Basis)	(98,914)	(24,137)		(2,363)
Budget Basis	\$644,266	\$53,922	(\$42,011)	\$13,545

Notes to the General-Purpose Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2001 (Continued)

Net Loss/Excess of Revenues Under Expenses Enterprise Funds

Enterprise runus	
GAAP Basis	(\$9,374)
Increase (Decrease) Due To:	
Revenue Accruals:	
Accrued FY 2000, Received in Cash FY 2001	99
Accrued FY 2001, Not Yet Received in Cash	(3,231)
Expense Accruals:	
Accrued FY 2000, Paid in Cash FY 2001	(38,309)
Accrued FY 2001, Not Yet Paid in Cash	38,393
Prepaid Items	(722)
Inventory Held for Resale	(916)
Materials and Supplies Inventory	(493)
Depreciation Expense	889
Encumbrances Outstanding at Year End (Budget Basis)	(17)
Budget Basis	(\$13,681)

NOTE 7 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

State statutes classify monies held by the School District into three categories.

Active deposits are public deposits necessary to meet current demands on the treasury. Such monies must be maintained either as cash in the School District treasury, in commercial accounts payable or withdrawable on demand, including negotiable order of withdrawal (NOW) accounts, or in money market deposit accounts.

Inactive deposits are public deposits the Board of Education has identified as not required for use within the current two year period of designation of depositories. Inactive deposits must either be evidenced by certificates of deposit maturing not later than the end of the current period of designation of depositories, or by savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts.

Interim deposits are deposits of interim monies. Interim monies are those monies which are not needed for immediate use but which will be needed before the end of the current period of designation of depositories. Interim deposits must be evidenced by time certificates of deposit maturing not more than one year from the date of deposit, or by savings or deposit accounts, including passbook accounts.

Protection of the School District's deposits is provided by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC), by eligible securities pledged by the financial institution as security for repayment, by surety company bonds deposited with the Treasurer by the financial institution, or by a single collateral pool established by the financial institution to secure the repayment of all public monies deposited with the institution.

Interim monies may be deposited or invested in the following securities:

- United States treasury bills, bonds, notes, or any other obligation or security issued by the United States Treasury, or any other obligation guaranteed as to principal and interest by the United States;
- 2. Bonds, notes, debentures, or any other obligation or security issued by any federal government agency or instrumentality including, but not limited to, the Federal National Mortgage Association.

Notes to the General-Purpose Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2001 (Continued)

Federal Home Loan Bank, Federal Farm Credit Bank, Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation, Government National Mortgage Association, and Student Loan Marketing Association. All federal agency securities shall be direct issuances of federal government agencies or instrumentalities;

- Written repurchase agreements in the securities listed above provided the market value of the securities subject to the repurchase agreement must exceed the principal value of the agreement by at least 2 percent and be marked to market daily, and the term of the agreement must not exceed thirty days;
- 4. Bonds and other obligations of the State of Ohio;
- 5. No-load money market mutual funds consisting exclusively of obligations described in division (1) or (2) and repurchase agreements secured by such obligations, provided that investments in securities described in this division are made only through eligible institutions; and
- 6. The State Treasurer's investment pool (STAR Ohio).

Investments in stripped principal or interest obligations, reverse repurchase agreements, and derivatives are prohibited. The issuance of taxable notes for the purpose of arbitrage, the use of leverage, and short selling are also prohibited. An investment must mature within five years from the date of purchase, unless matched to a specific obligation or debt of the School District, and must be purchased with the expectation that it will be held to maturity. Investments may only be made through specified dealers and institutions. Payment for investments may be made only upon delivery of the securities representing the investments to the Treasurer or qualified trustee or, if the securities are not represented by a certificate, upon receipt of confirmation of transfer from the custodian.

At fiscal year end, the School District had \$5,898 in cash and cash equivalents held by the Hancock Educational Service Center, which are included on the balance sheet as "Cash and Cash Equivalents with Fiscal Agent". The Educational Service Center holds this flow through grant money for the School District together with that of other school districts, and therefore, the School District cannot classify this money by risk under GASB Statement No. 3.

At fiscal year end, the carrying amount of the School District's deposits was \$85,560 and the bank balance was \$177,229. Of the bank balance, \$100,000 was covered by federal depository insurance and \$77,229 was uninsured and uncollateralized. Although all State statutory requirements for the deposit of money had been followed, non-compliance with federal requirements could potentially subject the School District to a successful claim by the FDIC.

The School District's investments are categorized to give an indication of the level of risk assumed by the School District at fiscal year end. Category 1 includes investments that are insured or registered for which the securities are held by the School District or its agent in the School District's name. Category 2 includes uninsured and unregistered investments for which the securities are held by the counterparty's trust department or agent in the School District's name. Category 3 includes uninsured and unregistered investments for which the securities are held by the counterparty, or by its trust department or agent but not in the School District's name. The School District's investment in STAR Ohio is unclassified since it is not evidenced by securities that exist in physical or book entry form. At June 30, 2001, the fair value of funds on deposit with STAR Ohio was \$3,011,866.

The classification of cash and cash equivalents and investments on the combined balance sheet is based on criteria set forth in GASB Statement No. 9, "Reporting Cash Flows of Proprietary and Nonexpendable Trust Funds and Governmental Entities That Use Proprietary Fund Accounting". A reconciliation between the

Notes to the General-Purpose Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2001 (Continued)

classification of cash and cash equivalents and investments on the combined balance sheet and the classification of deposits and investments according to GASB Statement No. 3 is as follows:

	Cash and Cash Equivalents/ Deposits	Investments
GASB Statement No. 9	\$3,103,324	
Cash and Cash Equivalents with Educational Service Center Investments:	(5,898)	
STAR Ohio	(3,011,866)	\$3,011,866
GASB Statement No. 3	\$85,560	\$3,011,866

NOTE 8 - PROPERTY TAXES

Property taxes are levied and assessed on a calendar year basis, while the School District's fiscal year runs from July through June. First-half tax distributions are received by the School District in the second half of the fiscal year. Second half tax distributions are received in the first half of the following fiscal year.

Property taxes include amounts levied against all real property, public utility property, and tangible personal (used in business) property located in the School District. Real and public utility property tax revenues received in calendar year 2001 represent the collection of calendar year 2000 taxes. Real property taxes received in calendar year 2001 are levied after April 1, 2000, on the assessed values as of January 1, 2000, the lien date. Assessed values for real property taxes are established by State law at 35 percent of appraised market value. Real property taxes are payable annually or semiannually. If paid annually, payment is due December 31; if paid semiannually, the first payment is due December 31, with the remainder payable by June 20. Under certain circumstances, State statute permits alternate payment dates to be established.

Public utility real and tangible personal property taxes received in calendar year 2001 were levied after April 1, 2000, on the assessed values as of December 31, 1999, the lien date. Public utility real property is assessed at 35 percent of true value; tangible personal property is currently assessed at varying percentages of true value. Public utility property taxes are payable on the same dates as real property taxes described previously.

Tangible personal property tax revenues received in calendar year 2001 (other than public utility property) represent the collection of calendar year 2001 taxes. Tangible personal property taxes received in calendar year 2001 were levied after April 1, 2000, on the value as of December 31, 2000. Tangible personal property is currently assessed at 25 percent of true value. Amounts paid by multi-county taxpayers are due September 20. Single county taxpayers may pay annually or semiannually. If paid annually, payment is due April 30; if paid semiannually, the first payment is due April 30, with the remainder payable by September 20.

The School District receives property taxes from Hancock County. The County Auditor periodically advances to the School District its portion of the taxes collected. Second-half real property tax payments collected by the Counties by June 30, 2001, are available to finance fiscal year 2001 operations. The amount available to be advanced can vary based on the date the tax bills are sent.

Accrued property taxes receivable represents delinquent taxes outstanding and real property, public utility property, and tangible personal property taxes which were measurable as of June 30, 2001, and for which there is an enforceable legal claim. Although total property tax collections for the next fiscal year are measurable, only the amount available as an advance at June 30 is intended to finance current fiscal year operations and is reflected as revenue at year end. The receivable is offset by a credit to deferred revenue for

Notes to the General-Purpose Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2001 (Continued)

that portion not intended to finance current year operations. The amount available as an advance at June 30, 2001, was \$75,680 in the General Fund and \$10,320 in the Bond Retirement debt service fund. The amount available as an advance at June 30, 2000, was \$62,070 in the General Fund and \$12,930 in the Bond Retirement debt service fund.

The assessed values upon which the fiscal year 2001 taxes were collected are:

	2000 Second- Half Collections			2001 First- Half Collections	
	Amount	Percent	Amount	Percent	
Agricultural/Residential Industrial/Commercial Public Utility Tangible Personal	\$43,234,310 2,980,300 3,160,690 3,907,569	81.14% 5.60% 5.93% 7.33%	\$44,216,470 3,067,840 3,135,830 3,362,324	82.21% 5.71% 5.83% 6.25%	
Total Assessed Value	\$53,282,869	100.00%	\$53,782,464	100.00%	
Tax rate per \$1,000 of assessed valuation	\$39.65		\$38.89		

NOTE 9 - INCOME TAXES

The School District levies a voted tax of 1.25 percent for general operations on the income of residents and of estates. The total tax was effective on January 1, 1996, and is a continuing tax. Employers of residents are required to withhold income tax on compensation and remit the tax to the State. Taxpayers are required to file an annual return. The State makes quarterly distributions to the School District after withholding amounts for administrative fees and estimated refunds. Income tax revenue is credited to the General Fund.

NOTE 10 - RECEIVABLES

Receivables at June 30, 2001, consisted of both property and income taxes, accounts (student fees and billings for user charged services), intergovernmental, and accrued interest. All receivables are considered collectible in full due to the ability to foreclose for the nonpayment of taxes, the stable condition of State programs, and the current year guarantee of federal funds. Student fees are also considered collectible in full due to the withholding of diplomas and grade cards. Accounts receivable at June 30 were \$3,711.

A summary of the principal items of intergovernmental receivables follows:

	Amounts
General Fund: Transportation E-Rate	\$1,976 264
Miscellaneous	46
Total General Fund	2,286
Enterprise Fund: Food Service:	
National School Lunch Program	3,196
Total	\$5,482

Notes to the General-Purpose Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2001 (Continued)

NOTE 11 - FIXED ASSETS

A summary of the enterprise funds' fixed assets at June 30, 2001, follows:

Furniture and Equipment	\$34,279
Less Accumulated Depreciation	(30,819)
Net Fixed Assets	\$3,460

A summary of the changes in general fixed assets during fiscal year 2001 follows:

Asset Category	Balance at 6/30/00	Additions	Reductions	Balance at 6/30/01
Land and Improvements	\$318,166	\$19,105		\$337,271
Buildings	4,127,989	20,467		4,148,456
Furniture, Fixtures, and Equipment	900,014	43,990	\$26,014	917,990
Vehicles	418,007			418,007
Total General Fixed Assets	\$5,764,176	\$83,562	\$26,014	\$5,821,724

NOTE 12 - RISK MANAGEMENT

The School District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. During fiscal year 2001, the School District contracted for the following insurance coverage:

Coverage provided by Cincinnati Insurance Co. is as follows:

Total Policy Coverage - includes the following:

\$8,145,000

Buildings and Contents - replacement cost (\$500 deductible)

Inland Marine Coverage (\$500 deductible)

Boiler and Machinery (\$500 deductible for fire and explosion and mechanical)

General School District Liability

Per Occurrence	1,000,000
Total per Year	7,000,000
Umbrella Liability Insurance	6,000,000

Coverage provided by Auto Owners Mutual Insurance is as follows:

Automobile Liability	1.000.000
Uninsured Motorists	1,000,000
Medical Payments - per person	5,000

Settled claims have not exceeded this commercial coverage in any of the past three years, and there has been no significant reduction in insurance coverage from the prior fiscal year.

The School District participates in the Hancock County Schools Health Benefit Fund and Trust (the Trust), a public entity shared risk pool consisting of seven local school districts, the Hancock County Educational

Notes to the General-Purpose Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2001 (Continued)

Service Center, and the Blanchard Valley Board of Mental Retardation/Developmental Disabilities. The School District pays monthly premiums to the Trust for employee medical, dental, vision, and life insurance benefits. The Trust is responsible for the management and operations of the program. Upon withdrawal from the Trust, a participant is responsible for the payment of all Trust liabilities to its employees, dependents, and designated beneficiaries accruing as a result of withdrawal.

For fiscal year 2001, the School District participated in the NOACSC Workers' Compensation Group Rating Plan (the Plan), an insurance purchasing pool. The Plan is intended to achieve the benefit of a reduced premium for the School District by virtue of its grouping and representation with other participants in the Plan. The workers' compensation experience of the participating members is calculated as one experience and a common premium rate is applied to all members in the Plan. Each member pays its workers' compensation premiums to the State based on the rate for the Plan rather than its individual rate.

Participation in the Plan is limited to members that can meet the Plan's selection criteria. The members apply for participation each year. The firm of Acordia Workers' Compensation Services provides administrative, cost control and actuarial services to the Plan. Each year, the School District pays an enrollment fee to the Plan to cover the costs of administering the program.

NOTE 13 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS

A. State Teachers Retirement System

The School District contributes to the State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio (STRS), a cost-sharing multiple employer public employee retirement system administered by the State Teachers Retirement Board. STRS provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to members and beneficiaries. Benefits are established by Chapter 3307 of the Ohio Revised Code. STRS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. The report may be obtained by writing to the State Teachers Retirement System, 275 East Broad Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215-3771.

Plan members are required to contribute 9.3 percent of their annual covered salary and the School District is required to contribute 14 percent; 9.5 percent was the portion used to fund pension obligations for fiscal year 2001. For fiscal year 2000, 6 percent was the portion used to fund pension obligations. Contribution rates are established by STRS, upon recommendation of its consulting actuary, not to exceed statutory maximum rates of 10 percent for members and 14 percent for employers. The School District's required contribution for pension obligations to STRS for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2001, 2000, and 1999, were \$182,371, \$106,277, and \$102,080, respectively; 82 percent has been contributed for fiscal year 2001 and 100 percent for fiscal years 2000 and 1999. The unpaid contribution for fiscal year 2001, in the amount of \$32,590, is recorded as a liability within the respective funds.

B. School Employees Retirement System

The School District contributes to the School Employees Retirement System of Ohio (SERS), a cost-sharing multiple employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the School Employees Retirement Board. SERS provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to members and beneficiaries. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided by Chapter 3309 of the Ohio Revised Code. SERS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. The report may be obtained by writing to the School Employees Retirement System, 300 East Broad Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215-3746.

Notes to the General-Purpose Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2001 (Continued)

Plan members are required to contribute 9 percent of their annual covered salary and the School District is required to contribute an actuarially determined rate. The current rate is 14 percent of annual covered payroll; 4.2 percent was the portion used to fund pension obligations for fiscal year 2001. For fiscal year 2000, 5.5 percent was the portion used to fund pension obligations. The contribution requirements of plan members and employers are established and may be amended, up to statutory maximum amounts, by the SERS Retirement Board. The School District's required contribution for pension obligations to SERS for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2001, 2000, and 1999, were \$25,056, \$34,012, and \$39,863, respectively; 39 percent has been contributed for fiscal year 2001 and 100 percent for fiscal years 2000 and 1999. The unpaid contribution for fiscal year 2001, in the amount of \$15,253, is recorded as a liability within the respective funds and the general long-term obligations account group.

C. Social Security System

Effective July 1, 1991, all employees not otherwise covered by the State Teachers Retirement System or the School Employees Retirement System have an option to choose Social Security or the State Teachers Retirement System/School Employees Retirement System. As of June 30, 2001, four of the Board of Education members have elected Social Security. The Board's liability is 6.2 percent of wages paid.

NOTE 14 - POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

The School District provides comprehensive health care benefits to retired teachers and their dependents through the State Teachers Retirement System (STRS), and to retired classified employees and their dependents through the School Employees Retirement System (SERS). Benefits include hospitalization, physicians' fees, prescription drugs, and reimbursement of monthly Medicare premiums. Benefit provisions and the obligation to contribute are established by the Systems based on authority granted by State statute. Both systems are funded on a pay-as-you-go basis.

The State Teachers Retirement Board has statutory authority over how much, if any, of the health care costs will be absorbed by STRS. Most benefit recipients pay a portion of the health care cost in the form of a monthly premium. By law, the cost of coverage paid from STRS funds shall be included in the employer contribution rate, currently 14 percent of covered payroll. For fiscal year 2001, the Board allocated employer contributions equal to 4.5 percent of covered payroll to the Health Care Reserve Fund. For the School District, this amount equaled \$86,386.

STRS pays health care benefits from the Health Care Reserve Fund. The balance in the Fund was \$3,256 million at June 30, 2001 (the latest information available). For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2001, net health care costs paid by STRS were \$300,772,000, and STRS had 102,132 eligible benefit recipients.

For SERS, coverage is made available to service retirees with ten or more years of qualifying service credit, and to disability and survivor benefit recipients. Members retiring on or after August 1, 1989, with less than twenty-five years of service credit, must pay a portion of their premium for health care. The portion is based on years of service up to a maximum of 75 percent of the premium.

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2001, employer contributions to fund health care benefits were 9.8 percent of covered payroll, an increase of 1.3 percent from fiscal year 2000. In addition, SERS levies a surcharge to fund health care benefits equal to 14 percent of the difference between a minimum pay and the member's pay, pro-rated for partial service credit. For fiscal year 2001, the minimum pay was established at \$12,400. For the School District, the amount to fund health care benefits, including the surcharge, was \$69,034 for fiscal year 2001.

Notes to the General-Purpose Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2001 (Continued)

The surcharge, added to the unallocated portion of the 14 percent employer contribution rate, provides for maintenance of the asset target level for the health care fund. The target level for the health care reserve is 150 percent of annual health care expenses. Expenses for health care at June 30, 2001 (the latest information available), were \$161,439,934, and the target level was \$242.2 million. At June 30, 2001, SERS had net assets available for payment of health care benefits of \$315.7 million. SERS has approximately 50,000 participants currently receiving health care benefits.

NOTE 15 - OTHER EMPLOYEE BENEFITS

A. Compensated Absences

The criteria for determining vacation and sick leave benefits are derived from negotiated agreements and State laws. Classified employees earn five to twenty-five days of vacation per year, depending upon length of service. Teachers do not earn vacation time. Teachers, administrators, and classified employees earn sick leave at a rate of one and one-fourth days per month. Sick leave may be accumulated up to a maximum of two hundred days for all school personnel. Upon retirement, payment is made for one-fourth of their accrued, but unused sick leave credit to a maximum of fifty days.

B. Health Care Benefits

The School District provides medical, dental, vision, and life insurance to all employees through the Hancock County Schools Health Benefit Fund and Trust. Depending upon the plan chosen, the employees share the cost of the monthly premium with the Board. The premium varies with employee depending on the terms of the union contract.

NOTE 16 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

The changes in the School District's long-term obligations during fiscal year 2001 were as follows:

	Balance at 6/30/2000	Additions	Reductions	Balance at 6/30/2001
General Obligation Bonds:				
School Building Addition Bonds FY 1977 5.380%	\$35,000		\$35,000	
School Building Improvement Bonds FY 1992 6.6 - 6.7%	180,000		90,000	\$90,000
Refunding School Building Improvement Bonds FY 2000 4.1 -5.5%	1,250,773	\$10,998	25,000	1,236,771
Total General Obligation Bonds	1,465,773	10,998	150,000	1,326,771
Other Long-Term Obligations:				
Compensated Absences Payable	319,029	17,906		336,935
Intergovernmental Payable	34,172	34,936	34,172	34,936
Total General Long-Term Obligations	\$1,818,974	\$63,840	\$184,172	\$1,698,642

Notes to the General-Purpose Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2001 (Continued)

<u>FY 1977 School Building Addition Bonds</u> - On March 1, 1977, the School District issued \$871,700 in voted general obligation bonds for constructing a building addition. The bonds were fully retired in fiscal year 2001 through the Bond Retirement debt service fund.

<u>FY 1992 School Building Improvement Bonds</u> - On August 1, 1991, the School District issued \$1,990,000 in voted general obligation bonds for constructing a building addition to house the elementary school library, elementary classrooms, and a new gymnasium. The bonds were issued for a twenty-three year period, with final maturity in fiscal year 2015. The bonds are being retired through the Bond Retirement debt service fund.

<u>FY 2000 Refunding School Building Improvement Bonds</u> - On November 1, 1999, the School District issued bonds, in the amount of \$1,144,210, to refund bonds previously issued in fiscal year 1992, in the amount of \$1,990,000, for constructing a building addition to house the elementary school library, elementary classrooms, and a new gymnasium. The refunding bond issue included serial, term, and capital appreciation bonds, in the amount of \$625,000, \$425,000, and \$94,210, respectively. The bonds were issued for a fifteen year period, with final maturity during fiscal year 2015.

The term bonds maturing on December 1, 2012, are subject to mandatory sinking fund redemption, in part by lot, pursuant to the terms of the mandatory sinking fund redemption requirements of the School District. The mandatory redemption is to occur on December 1, in each of the years 2010 and 2011 (with the balance of \$85,000 to be paid at stated maturity on December 1, 2012), at a redemption price equal to 100 percent of the principal amount redeemed plus accrued interest to the redemption date, according to the following schedule:

Year	Amount
2010	\$90,000
2011	85,000

The term bonds maturing on December 1, 2014, are subject to mandatory sinking fund redemption, in part by lot, pursuant to the terms of the mandatory sinking fund redemption requirements of the School District. The mandatory redemption is to occur on December 1, in the year 2013 (with the balance of \$80,000 to be paid at stated maturity on December 1, 2014), at a redemption price equal to 100 percent of the principal amount redeemed plus accrued interest to the redemption date, according to the following schedule:

Year	Amount
2013	\$85,000

Term bonds redeemed by other than mandatory redemption, or purchased for cancellation, may be credited against the applicable mandatory redemption requirement.

The term bonds are also subject to prior redemption on or after December 1, 2009, by and at the sole option of the School District, either in whole on any date or in part on any interest payment date and in integral multiples of \$5,000, at par plus the following redemption prices (expressed as percentages of the principal amount redeemed) plus accrued interest to the redemption date:

Redemption Dates	Redemption
(Dates Inclusive)	Prices
December 1, 2009 through November 30, 2010	101 %
December 1, 2010 and thereafter	100

Notes to the General-Purpose Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2001 (Continued)

The capital appreciation bonds are not subject to prior redemption. The capital appreciation bonds will mature in fiscal years 2007 through 2009. The maturity amount of the bonds is \$315,000. For fiscal year 2001, \$10,998 was accreted on the capital appreciation bonds for a total outstanding bond value of the capital appreciation bonds of \$211,771 at fiscal year end.

The refunding school building improvement bonds defeased in-substance \$1,990,000 in school building improvement bonds. At June 30, 2001, \$1,055,000 of this debt was still outstanding.

Compensated absences and intergovernmental payables, representing the School District's contractually required pension contributions, will be paid from the fund from which the employees' salaries are paid.

The School District's overall debt margin was \$3,609,327 with an unvoted debt margin of \$53,782 at June 30, 2001.

Principal and interest requirements to retire general obligation debt outstanding at June 30, 2001, were as follows:

Fiscal Year	General Obligation Bonds				
Ending June 30,	Serial	Term	Capital	Interest	Total
2002	\$30,000	\$90,000		\$53,652	\$173,652
2003	115,000			47,346	162,346
2004	115,000			42,085	157,085
2005	115,000			36,709	151,709
2006	115,000			31,218	146,218
2007-2011	110,000	90,000	\$315,000	229,853	744,853
2012-2016		335,000		36,428	371,428
	\$600,000	\$515,000	\$315,000	\$477,291	\$1,907,291

NOTE 17 - SET ASIDE REQUIREMENTS

The School District is required by State statute to annually set aside, in the General Fund, an amount based on a statutory formula for the purchase of textbooks and other instructional materials, and an equal amount for the acquisition and construction of capital improvements. Amounts not spent by the end of the fiscal year or offset by similarly restricted resources received during the year must be held in cash at year end. These amounts must be carried forward to be used for the same purposes in future years. In prior years, the School District was also required to set aside money for budget stabilization. For fiscal year 2001, only the unspent portion of certain workers' compensation refunds continues to be set aside at fiscal year end.

The following cash basis information identifies the changes in the fund balance reserves for textbooks, capital improvements, and budget stabilization during fiscal year 2001.

Notes to the General-Purpose Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2001 (Continued)

		Capital	Budget
	Textbooks	Improvements	Stabilization
Balance June 30, 2000	\$34,367		\$64,493
Current Year Set Aside Requirement Legislative Reducation	102,659	\$102,659	(51,319)
Qualifying Expenditures	(68,367)	(54,512)	
Balance June 30, 2001	\$68,659	\$48,147	\$13,174

The total reserve balance for the set asides at the end of the fiscal year was \$129,980.

NOTE 18 - JOINTLY GOVERNED ORGANIZATIONS

A. Northwest Ohio Area Computer Services Cooperative

The School District is a participant in the Northwest Ohio Area Computer Services Cooperative (NOACSC), which is a computer consortium. NOACSC is an association of public school districts within the boundaries of Allen, Hancock, Mercer, Paulding, Putnam, and Van Wert Counties, and the Cities of St. Marys and Wapakoneta. The organization was formed for the purpose of applying modern technology with the aid of computers and other electronic equipment to administrative and instructional functions among member school districts. The governing board of NOACSC consists of two representatives from each county elected by majority vote of all charter member school districts within each county. Financial information can be obtained from Michael Wildermuth, who serves as director, 645 South Main Street, Lima, Ohio 45804.

B. Millstream Cooperative Career Center

The Millstream Cooperative Career Center (Career Center) is a distinct political subdivision of the State of Ohio established under Section 3313.90 of the Ohio Revised Code. The Career Center provides vocational instruction to students. The Career Center operates under the direction of an Advisory Council consisting of the superintendent of each participating school district and one additional representative appointed by the Findlay City School District. The Treasurers from the Hancock and Putnam County Educational Service Centers serve in an ex-officio capacity for all meetings. Financial information can be obtained from the Findlay City School District, Pam Barber, who serves as treasurer, 227 South West Street, Findlay, Ohio 45840-3377.

C. Hancock County Local Professional Development Committee

The Hancock County Local Professional Development Committee (HCLPDC) was established in 1999 to plan, promote, and facilitate effective and efficient professional educator license renewal standards and staff development activities. The HCLPDC is organized under Ohio laws as a regional council of governments pursuant to a written agreement entered into by its members. The HCLPDC is governed by a thirteen member Executive Board. Financial information can be obtained from the Hancock County Educational Service Center, who serves as fiscal agent, 7746 County Road 140, Findlay, Ohio 45840.

D. Northwestern Ohio Educational Research Council, Inc.

The Northwestern Ohio Educational Research Council, Inc. (NOERC) is a jointly governed organization formed to bring educational entities into a better understanding of their common educational problems, facilitate and conduct practical educational research, coordinate educational research among members, provide a means for evaluating and disseminating the results of research, serve as a repository for research and legislative materials, and provide opportunities for training. The NOERC serves a twenty-five county area in Northwest Ohio. The Board of Directors consists of superintendents from two educational service centers.

Notes to the General-Purpose Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2001 (Continued)

two exempted village school districts, five local school districts, and five city school districts, as well as representatives from two private or parochial schools and three institutions of higher education. Each active member is entitled to one vote on all issues addressed by the Board of Directors. Financial information can be obtained from the Northwestern Ohio Educational Research Council. Inc., Box 456, Ashland, Ohio 44805.

NOTE 19 - INSURANCE POOLS

A. Hancock County Schools Health Benefit Fund and Trust

The Hancock County Schools Health Benefit Fund and Trust (the Trust) is a public entity shared risk pool consisting of seven local school districts, the Hancock County Educational Service Center, and the Blanchard Valley Board of Mental Retardation/Developmental Disabilities. The Trust is a Voluntary Employee Benefit Association under Section 501(c)(9) of the Internal Revenue Code and provides medical, dental, vision, and life insurance benefits to participants. The Administrative Committee of the Trust consists of the superintendent from each participating member. The Administrative Committee advises the trustee, Sky Bank, concerning aspects of the administration of the Trust.

Each member decides which plans offered by the Administrative Committee will be extended to its employees. Participation in the Trust is by written application subject to acceptance by the Administrative Committee and payment of the monthly premiums. Financial information can be obtained from Tim Smith, Ohio Benefits Group, 545 Pearl Street, Bowling Green, Ohio 43402.

B. NOACSC Workers' Compensation Group Rating Plan

The School District participates in a group rating plan for workers' compensation as established under Section 4123.29 of the Ohio Revised Code. The NOACSC Workers' Compensation Group Rating Plan (the Plan) was established through the Northwest Ohio Area Computer Services Cooperative (NOACSC) as an insurance purchasing pool.

The Safety Coordinator, Robert Lotz of NOACSC, or his designee serves as coordinator of the Plan. Each year, the participating members pay an enrollment fee to the Plan to cover the costs of administering the program.

NOTE 20 - CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

A. Grants

The School District received financial assistance from federal and state agencies in the form of grants. The expenditure of funds received under these programs generally requires compliance with terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements and is subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims resulting from such audits could become a liability of the General Fund or other applicable funds. However, in the opinion of management, any such disallowed claims will not have a material adverse effect on the overall financial position of the School District at June 30, 2001.

B. Litigation

There are currently no matters in litigation with the School District as defendant.

Notes to the General-Purpose Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2001 (Continued)

NOTE 21 - STATE SCHOOL FUNDING DECISION

On December 11, 2002, the Ohio Supreme Court issued its latest opinion regarding the State's school funding plan. The decision reaffirmed earlier decisions that Ohio's current school-funding plan is unconstitutional.

The Supreme Court relinquished jurisdiction over the case and directed "...the Ohio General Assembly to enact a school-funding scheme that is thorough and efficient...". The School District is currently unable to determine what effect, if any, this decision will have on its future State funding and its financial operations.

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REPORT OF INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS ON COMPLIANCE AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL REQUIRED BY GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Arlington Local School District Hancock County 336 South Main Street P.O. Box 260 Arlington, Ohio 45814-0260

To the Board of Education:

We have audited the financial statements of Arlington Local School District (the District) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2001, and have issued our report thereon dated December 18, 2002 in which we disclosed the District changed its method of accounting for fixed assets. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Compliance

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the District's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grants, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements and not to provide assurance on the internal control over financial reporting. Our consideration of the internal control over financial reporting would not necessarily disclose all matters in the internal control over financial reporting that might be material weaknesses. A material weakness is a condition in which the design or operation of one or more of the internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that misstatements in amounts that would be material in relation to the financial statements being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions. We noted no matters involving the internal control over financial reporting and its operation that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, we noted other matters involving the internal control over financial reporting that do not require inclusion in this report, that we have reported to management of the District in a separate letter dated December 18, 2002.

Arlington Local School District
Hancock County
Report of Independent Accountants on Compliance and on Internal Control
Required by *Government Auditing Standards*Page 2

This report is intended for the information and use of the finance committee, management and the Board of Education, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Jim Petro Auditor of State

December 18, 2002

SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS JUNE 30, 2001

			Not Corrected, Partially Corrected; Significantly Different Corrective Action
Finding	Finding	Fully	Taken; or Finding No Longer Valid;
Number	Summary	Corrected?	Explain:
2000-10232-001	ORC § 5705.41(B)	Yes	
	expenditures exceed		
	appropriations.		



88 East Broad Street P.O. Box 1140 Columbus, Ohio 43216-1140

Telephone 614-466-4514

800-282-0370

Facsimile 614-466-4490

ARLINGTON LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT HANCOCK COUNTY

CLERK'S CERTIFICATION

This is a true and correct copy of the report which is required to be filed in the Office of the Auditor of State pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in Columbus, Ohio.

CLERK OF THE BUREAU

Susan Babbitt

CERTIFIED JANUARY 9, 2003