GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (AUDITED)

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2002



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Board of Education Berlin-Milan Local School District

We have reviewed the Independent Auditor's Report of the Berlin-Milan Local School District, Erie County, prepared by Trimble, Julian & Grube, Inc. for the audit period July 1, 2001 through June 30, 2002. Based upon this review, we have accepted these reports in lieu of the audit required by Section 117.11, Revised Code. The Auditor of State did not audit the accompanying financial statements and, accordingly, we are unable to express, and do not express an opinion on them.

Our review was made in reference to the applicable sections of legislative criteria, as reflected by the Ohio Constitution, and the Revised Code, policies, procedures and guidelines of the Auditor of State, regulations and grant requirements. The Berlin-Milan Local School District is responsible for compliance with these laws and regulations.

BETTY MONTGOMERY Auditor of State

Betty Montgomeny

January 21, 2003



TABLE OF CONTENTS

Independent Auditor's Report	1
Combined Balance Sheet - All Fund Types and Account Groups	2 - 3
Combined Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - All Governmental Fund Types and Expendable Trust Fund	4
Combined Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Budget and Actual Comparison - (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) - All Governmental Fund Types	5 - 6
Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Retained Earnings - Proprietary Fund Type	7
Statement of Cash Flows - Proprietary Fund Type	8
Notes to the General Purpose Financial Statements	9 - 42
Supplemental Data	
Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards	43
Report on Compliance and on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting Based on an Audit of General Purpose Financial Statements Performed in Accordance With Government Auditing Standards	44 - 45
Report on Compliance With Requirements Applicable to Its Major Federal Program and on Internal Control Over Compliance in Accordance With OMB Circular A-133	46 - 47
Schedule of Findings <i>OMB Circular A-133 §.505</i>	48 - 49
Schedule of Prior Audit Findings <i>OMB Circular A-133</i> § .505	50



TRIMBLE, JULIAN & GRUBE, INC.

"SERVING OHIO LOCAL GOVERNMENTS"

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Independent Auditor's Report

Board of Education Berlin-Milan Local School District 140 South Main Street Milan, Ohio 44846-9770

We have audited the accompanying general purpose financial statements of the Berlin-Milan Local School District, Erie County, (the "District") as of and for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2002, as listed in the table of contents. These general purpose financial statements are the responsibility of the District's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these general purpose financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the general purpose financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the general purpose financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and the significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall general purpose financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the general purpose financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Berlin-Milan Local School District, Erie County, as of June 30, 2002, and the results of its operations and the cash flows of its proprietary fund type for the fiscal year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued a report dated December 5, 2002 on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grants. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* and should be read in conjunction with this report in considering the results of our audit.

Our audit was performed for the purpose of forming an opinion on the general purpose financial statements of the District, taken as a whole. The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*, and is not a required part of the general purpose financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the general purpose financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the general purpose financial statements taken as a whole.

Trimble, Julian & Grube, Inc. December 5, 2002

COMBINED BALANCE SHEET ALL FUND TYPES AND ACCOUNT GROUPS JUNE 30, 2002

	Governmental Fund Types						
	General		Special Levenue		Debt Service		Capital Projects
ASSETS AND OTHER DEBITS				-			
ASSETS: Equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents	\$ 4,056,014	\$	214,383	\$	554,314	\$	216,389
Receivables (net of allowances of uncollectibles):	\$ 4,030,014	Ф	214,363	Ф	334,314	Ф	210,369
Property taxes - current & delinquent	5,488,457		-		157,242		460,325
Accounts	20,908		1,219		-		-
Accrued interest	9,929		-		-		-
Interfund loan receivable	20,000		-		-		-
Due from other governments	22.452		20,364		-		-
Prepayments	22,452 6,379		-		-		-
Restricted assets:	0,377						
Equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents	83,833		_		-		_
Property, plant and equipment (net of accumulated	ŕ						
depreciation where applicable)	-		-		-		-
OTHER DEBITS:							
Amount available in debt service fund	_		_		_		_
Amount to be provided for retirement of							
general long-term obligations					<u> </u>		<u>-</u>
Total assets and other debits	\$ 9,707,972	\$	235,966	\$	711,556	\$	676,714
	<u> </u>	*	200,500	-		-	******
LIABILITIES, EQUITY AND OTHER CREDITS LIABILITIES:							
Accounts payable	\$ 34,479	\$	3,390	\$	_	\$	2,123
Accrued wages and benefits.	1,110,688	Ψ	42,167	Ψ	_	Ψ	2,123
Compensated absences payable	13,291		-		-		_
Pension obligation payable	153,996		3,682		-		-
Interfund loan payable	-		20,000		-		-
Deferred revenue	5,224,274		20,364		148,560		436,180
Due to other governments	43,985		1,845		-		-
Due to students	-		-		-		-
Deposits held and due to others.	-		-		-		-
General obligation bonds payable	-				-		-
Obligation under capital lease	_		_		_		_
•	6 500 512		01.440		140.560	-	120,202
Total liabilities	6,580,713		91,448		148,560		438,303
EQUITY AND OTHER CREDITS:							
Investment in general fixed assets	-		-		-		-
Retained earnings: unreserved	-		-		-		-
Fund balances: Reserved for encumbrances	325,543		41,058				66,760
Reserved for materials and supplies inventory	22,452		41,036		_		00,700
Reserved for prepayments	6,379		_		_		_
Reserved for debt service	-		_		554,314		_
Reserved for tax revenue unavailable for appropriation	264,183		-		8,682		24,145
Reserved for BWC Refunds	53,631		-		-		-
Unreserved:							
Designated for budget stabilization	160,950		102.460		-		147.506
Undesignated	2,294,121		103,460		<u>-</u>		147,506
Total equity and other credits	3,127,259		144,518		562,996	-	238,411
Total liabilities, equity and other credits	\$ 9,707,972	\$	235,966	\$	711,556	\$	676,714

	oprietary ind Type		duciary nd Types		Account Groups				
Enterprise		Trust and Agency			General Fixed Assets	General Long-Term Obligations		(M	Total Iemorandum Only)
\$	73,821	\$	71,651	\$	-	\$	-	\$	5,186,572
	-		-		-		-		6,106,024
	-		-		-		-		22,127
	-		-		-		-		9,929
	-		-		-		-		20,000
	11,360		-		-		-		31,724
	27,308		-		-		-		49,760
	-		-		-		-		6,379
	-		-		-		-		83,833
	68,369		-		10,195,679		-		10,264,048
	_		_		_		562,996		562,996
	_		_		_		972,843		972,843
Φ.	100.050	Ф.	71.651	Φ.	10.105.670	Φ.			_
\$	180,858	\$	71,651	\$	10,195,679	\$	1,535,839	\$	23,316,235
\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	-	\$	39,992
	28,451		-		_		-		1,181,306
	7,038		-		_		436,172		456,501
	20,961		-		-		87,851		266,490
	-		-		-		-		20,000
	-		-		-		-		5,829,378
	986		-		-		-		46,816
	-		64,933		-		-		64,933
	-		5,035		-		-		5,035
	-		-		-		675,000		675,000
	-		-		-		334,396		334,396
			<u>-</u>				2,420		2,420
	57,436		69,968		<u> </u>		1,535,839		8,922,267
	_		_		10,195,679		_		10,195,679
	123,422		-		-		-		123,422
	_		-		_		-		433,361
	-		-		_		-		22,452
	-		-		-		-		6,379
	-		-		-		-		554,314
	-		-		-		-		297,010
	-		-		-		-		53,631
	-		-		-		-		160,950
-	-	-	1,683		<u> </u>		=	-	2,546,770
	123,422		1,683		10,195,679		<u>-</u>		14,393,968
\$	180,858	\$	71,651	\$	10,195,679	\$	1,535,839	\$	23,316,235

COMBINED STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES ALL GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES AND EXPENDABLE TRUST FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2002

		Governn	nental F	und Types		Fiduciary Fund Type	m . 1
	General	Special Revenue		Debt Service	Capital Projects	Expendable Trust	Total (Memorandum Only)
Revenues:							
From local sources:	e 5757.004	¢.	•	154 222	e 460.740	•	e (272.97)
Taxes	\$ 5,757,894 101,537	\$ -	\$	154,233	\$ 460,749	\$ -	\$ 6,372,876 101,537
Earnings on investments	187,253	-	•	-	528	-	187,781
Extracurricular	167,233	256,946	<u>.</u>	_	328	524	257,470
Other local revenues	127,825	10,003		_	_	19	137,847
Intergovernmental - State	6,128,628	84,844		16,230	77,231	-	6,306,933
Intergovernmental - Federal		442,656		-			442,656
Total revenues	12,303,137	794,449	<u> </u>	170,463	538,508	543	13,807,100
Expenditures:							
Current:							
Instruction:							
Regular	5,664,977	165,150)	-	157,060	-	5,987,187
Special	1,078,136	149,692		-	-	-	1,227,828
Vocational	75,917	-	-	-	-	-	75,917
Other	217,698	-		-	-	-	217,698
Pupil	616,278	42,885	;	-	-	-	659,163
Instructional staff	335,673	118,046	i	-	3,520	-	457,239
Board of Education	37,363	-	•	-	-	-	37,363
Administration	1,107,377	16,588	;	-	-	-	1,123,965
Fiscal	291,564	6,011		-	8,240	-	305,815
Operations and maintenance	1,009,710	8,553		-	-	=	1,018,263
Pupil transportation	606,507	-	-	-	12,648	-	619,155
Central	541,493	-		-	-	-	541,493
Extracurricular activities	353,657	273,029	,	-	-	573	627,259
Facilities acquisition and construction Debt service:	38,738	-	•	-	256,393	-	295,131
Principal retirement	5,791	-		92,641	-	-	98,432
Interest and fiscal charges	23		-	71,832			71,855
Total expenditures	11,980,902	779,954	<u> </u>	164,473	437,861	573	13,363,763
Excess (deficiency) of revenues							
over (under) expenditures	322,235	14,495	_	5,990	100,647	(30)	443,337
Other financing sources (uses):							
Operating transfers in	_	-		64,832	_	=	64,832
Operating transfers out	(64,832)	-		· -	-	-	(64,832)
Proceeds from sale of fixed assets	628		_				628
Total other financing sources (uses)	(64,204)		<u> </u>	64,832		-	628
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and							
other financing sources over (under) expenditures and other financing (uses) .	258,031	14,495	i	70,822	100,647	(30)	443,965
Fund balances, July 1	2,868,574	130,023	i	492,174	137,764	1,713	3,630,248
	654		_	-			654
Fund balances, June 30	\$ 3,127,259	\$ 144,518	\$	562,996	\$ 238,411	\$ 1,683	\$ 4,074,867



COMBINED STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES

AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

BUDGET AND ACTUAL COMPARISON (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) ALL GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2002

		General		Special Revenue			
	Revised Budget	Actual	Variance: Favorable (Unfavorable)	Revised Budget	Actual	Variance: Favorable (Unfavorable)	
Revenues:							
From local sources:							
Taxes	\$ 5,757,730	\$ 5,779,391	\$ 21,661	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	
Tuition	83,855	84,170	315	-	-	-	
Earnings on investments	187,930	188,637	707	-	-	-	
Extracurricular	-	=	=	255,483	256,988	1,505	
Other local revenues	124,229	124,696	467	10,347	10,408	61	
Intergovernmental - State	6,105,657	6,128,628	22,971	82,407	82,892	485	
Intergovernmental - Federal		<u>=</u>	<u>=</u>	441,702	444,305	2,603	
Total revenues	12,259,401	12,305,522	46,121	789,939	794,593	4,654	
Expenditures: Current:							
Instruction:							
Regular	5,978,438	5,569,025	409,413	188,527	169,051	19,476	
Special	1,135,986	1,079,354	56,632	161,623	148,197	13,426	
Vocational.	85,744	73,555	12,189	101,025	170,17/	13,720	
Other.	198,800	216,814	(18,014)	_		_	
Support services:	170,000	210,014	(10,014)				
Pupil	613,730	603,717	10,013	58,913	52,070	6,843	
Instructional staff	310,532	325,716	(15,184)	125,395	111,543	13,852	
Board of Education	47,785	32,544	15,241	123,373	-	15,032	
Administration	1,186,939	1,131,750	55,189	17,401	15,451	1,950	
Fiscal.	261,898	294,524	(32,626)	6,250	6,013	237	
Operations and maintenance	1,097,706	1,061,225	36,481	4,592	10,199	(5,607)	
Pupil transportation	674,943	633,612	41,331	1,372	-	(5,007)	
Central	572,050	542,081	29,969	_	_	_	
Extracurricular activities	337,273	350,965	(13,692)	317,849	291,577	26,272	
Facilities acquisition and construction	71,060	149,645	(78,585)	317,047	271,377	20,272	
Debt service:	71,000	147,043	(70,303)				
Principal retirement	_	_	_	_	_	_	
Interest and fiscal charges	_	_	_	_	_	_	
Total expenditures	12,572,884	12,064,527	508,357	880,550	804,101	76,449	
Evenes (definionar) of revenues							
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	(313,483)	240,995	554,478	(90,611)	(9,508)	81,103	
over (anaer) enpenantares	(313, 163)			(>0,011)			
Other financing sources (uses):							
Advances in	-	-	-	19,883	20,000	117	
Advances out	-	(20,000)	(20,000)	-	-	-	
Operating transfers in	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Operating transfers out	(64,832)	(64,832)	-	-	-	-	
Pass-through	(750,000)	-	750,000	-	-	-	
Proceeds from sale of fixed assets	626	628	2	-	-	-	
Refund of prior year expenditure	1,113	1,117	4				
Total other financing sources (uses)	(813,093)	(83,087)	730,006	19,883	20,000	117	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and							
other financing sources over (under)							
expenditures and other financing (uses)	(1,126,576)	157,908	1,284,484	(70,728)	10,492	81,220	
Fund balances, July 1	3,223,820	3,223,820	-	108,162	108,162	-	
Prior year encumbrances appropriated	396,388	396,388	-	51,281	51,281	-	
Fund balances, June 30	\$ 2,493,632	\$ 3,778,116	\$ 1,284,484	\$ 88,715	\$ 169,935	\$ 81,220	
		÷ 5,770,110	Ψ 1,=01,101	\$ 00,713	+ 107,733	ψ 01, <u>220</u>	

		Debt	Service					Cap	ital Projects			Total (Memorandum only)		
	Budget Revised	Ac	etual	Favo	ance: orable vorable)		Budget Revised		Actual	F	ariance: avorable favorable)	Budget Revised	Actual	Variance: Favorable (Unfavorable)
\$	154,769	\$ 1	154,770	\$	1	\$	465,090	\$	442,448	\$	(22,642)	\$ 6,377,589	\$ 6,376,609	\$ (980)
	-		-		-		-		-		-	83,855	84,170	315
	-		-		-		555		528		(27)	188,485	189,165	680
	-		-		-		-		-		-	255,483	256,988	1,505
	16 220		16,230		-		81,183		77,231		(2.052)	134,576	135,104	528
	16,230		10,230		-		01,103		77,231		(3,952)	6,285,477 441,702	6,304,981 444,305	19,504 2,603
	170,999		171,000		1	_	546,828		520,207		(26,621)	13,767,167	13,791,322	24,155
	170,333		171,000		<u>.</u>		3 10,020		320,207		(20,021)		13,771,322	21,133
	-		-		-		239,777		215,187		24,590	6,406,742	5,953,263	453,479
	-		-		-		-		-		-	1,297,609 85,744	1,227,551 73,555	70,058 12,189
	-		_		-		-		-		-	198,800	216,814	(18,014)
												170,000	210,011	(10,011)
	-		_		-		-		-		-	672,643	655,787	16,856
	-		-		-		5,000		3,520		1,480	440,927	440,779	148
	-		-		-		-		-		-	47,785	32,544	15,241
	-		-		-		- 0.000		- 0.240		(2.40)	1,204,340	1,147,201	57,139
	-		-		-		8,000		8,240		(240)	276,148 1,102,298	308,777 1,071,424	(32,629) 30,874
	_		_		-		66,000		65,180		820	740,943	698,792	42,151
	_		_		_		-		-		-	572,050	542,081	29,969
	_		-		-		-		-		-	655,122	642,542	12,580
	-		-		-		275,380		270,621		4,759	346,440	420,266	(73,826)
	92,641		92,641									92,641	92,641	
	71,974		71,832		142		_		_		-	71,974	71,832	142
-	164,615		164,473	-	142	_	594,157		562,748		31,409	14,212,206	13,595,849	616,357
-	10.,010					_	07.,107		502,710		31,.05		15,656,615	
	6,384		6,527		143		(47,329)	_	(42,541)	_	4,788	(445,039)	195,473	640,512
												40.000	• • • • • •	
	-		-		-		-		-		-	19,883	20,000 (20,000)	117
	64,832		64,832		-				-		_	64,832	64,832	(20,000)
	-		-		-		_		_		_	(64,832)	(64,832)	_
	-		-		-		-		-		-	(750,000)	-	750,000
	-		-		-		-		-		-	626	628	2
						_			<u>-</u>			1,113	1,117	4
	64,832	-	64,832		<u> </u>	_			<u> </u>		<u>-</u>	(728,378)	1,745	730,123
	71,216		71,359		143		(47,329)		(42,541)		4,788	(1,173,417)	197,218	1,370,635
	482,955	2	182,955 -		-		75,321 114,726		75,321 114,726		- -	3,890,258 562,395	3,890,258 562,395	-
\$	554,171	\$ 5	554,314	\$	143	\$	142,718	\$	147,506	\$	4,788	\$ 3,279,236	\$ 4,649,871	\$ 1,370,635
Ψ	55 1,1/1	Ψ .	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	Ψ	1 13	Ψ	112,/10	Ψ	117,500	Ψ	1,700	φ 5,217,250	Ψ 1,077,071	ψ 1,570,033

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN RETAINED EARNINGS PROPRIETARY FUND TYPE FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2002

	Proprietary Fund Type
	Enterprise
Operating revenues:	
Sales/charges for services	\$ 351,585
Other operating revenues	8,460
Total operating revenues	360,045
Operating expenses:	
Personal services	224,907
Contract services	6,071
Materials and supplies	250,002
Depreciation	3,186
Total operating expenses	484,166
Operating loss	(124,121)
Nonoperating revenues (expenses):	
Operating grants	99,244
Federal commodities	68,938
Interest revenue.	1,045
Loss on disposal of assets	(520)
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	168,707
Net income	44,586
Retained earnings, July 1	78,836
Retained earnings, June 30	\$ 123,422

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUND TYPE FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2002

		roprietary und Type
	I	Enterprise
Cash flows from operating activities:		
Cash received from sales/service charges	\$	351,585
Cash received from other operations		11,516
Cash payments for personal services		(215,758)
Cash payments for contract services		(6,071)
Cash payments for materials and supplies		(205,429)
Net cash used in operating activities		(64,157)
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities:		
Cash received from operating grants		87,884
cuon recent and morphisms grants		07,001
Net cash provided by		
noncapital financing activities	-	87,884
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities:		
Acquisition of capital assets		(33,325)
		(55,520)
Net cash used in capital and related financing activities		(33,325)
Cash flows from investing activities:		
Interest received		1,045
Net cash provided by investing activities		1,045
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents		(8,553)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year		82,374
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	\$	73,821
Reconciliation of operating loss to		
net cash used in operating activities:		(104.101)
Operating loss	\$	(124,121)
Adjustments to reconcile operating loss		
to net cash used in operating activities: Depreciation		2 106
Federal donated commodities		3,186
		68,938
Changes in assets and liabilities: Increase in materials and supplies inventory		(9,533)
Decrease in accounts receivable		3,056
Decrease in due from other governments		696
Increase in accrued wages and benefits		6,812
Increase in compensated absences payable		516
Increase in due to other governments		986
Increase in ension obligation payable		139
Decrease in deferred revenue		(14,832)
Net cash used in operating activities	\$	(64,157)

NOTES TO THE GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2002

NOTE 1 - DESCRIPTION OF THE SCHOOL DISTRICT

The Berlin-Milan Local School District (the "District") is located in Erie County and encompasses the Villages of Milan and Berlinville and portions of surrounding townships.

The District was established through the consolidation of existing land areas and school districts and is organized under Sections 2 and 3, Article VI of the Constitution of the State of Ohio. Under such laws there is no authority for a school district to have a charter or adopt local laws. The legislative power of the school district is vested in the Board of Education, consisting of five members elected at large for staggered four-year terms.

The District ranks as the 301st largest by enrollment among the 705 public and community school districts in the State, and the 4th largest in Erie County. It currently operates 2 elementary schools, 1 middle school, and 1 comprehensive high school. The District employs 86 non-certified and 126 certified employees to provide services to 1,860 students in grades K through 12 and various community groups.

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The general purpose financial statements (GPFS) of the District have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The District also applies Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) Statements and Interpretations issued prior to November 30, 1989 to its proprietary activities unless those pronouncements conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements. The District's significant accounting policies are described below.

A. Reporting Entity

The District's reporting entity has been defined in accordance with GASB Statement No. 14, "The Financial Reporting Entity". A reporting entity is comprised of the primary government, component units, and other organizations that are included to insure that the financial statements of the District are not misleading. The primary government consists of all funds, departments, boards, and agencies that are not legally separate from the District. For the District, this includes general operations, food service, and student related activities of the District. Component units are legally separate organizations for which the District is financially accountable.

NOTES TO THE GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2002

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

The District is financially accountable for an organization if the District appoints a voting majority of the organization's governing board and (1) the District is able to significantly influence the programs or services performed or provided by the organization; or (2) the District is legally entitled to or can otherwise access the organization's resources; the District is legally obligated or has otherwise assumed the responsibility to finance the deficits of, or provide financial support to, the organization or the District is obligated for the debt of the organization. Component units may also include organizations that are fiscally dependent on the District in that the District approves the budget, the issuance of debt, or the levying of taxes for the organization. The financial statements of the reporting entity include only those of the District (the primary government). The District has no component units. The following organizations are described due to their relationship to the District.

JOINTLY GOVERNED ORGANIZATION

Bay Area Council of Governments (BACG)

The BACG is a jointly governed organization. Members of the BACG consist of 26 school districts representing 7 counties (Ottawa, Sandusky, Seneca, Erie, Huron, Wood, and Crawford). The BACG was formed for the purpose of purchasing goods and services at a lower cost. The items currently being purchased through the council of governments are natural gas and insurance. The only cost to the District is an administrative charge if they participate in purchasing through the BACG. The Board of Directors of the BACG consist of 1 elected representative of each county, the superintendent of the fiscal agent and 2 non-voting members (administrator and fiscal agent). Members of the Board serve two-year terms, which are staggered. Financial information can be obtained by contacting the Erie-Ottawa County Educational Service Center, who serves as fiscal agent, at 2900 South Columbus Avenue, Sandusky, Ohio 44870.

EHOVE Joint Vocational School

The vocational school district is a separate body politic and corporate, established by the Ohio Revised Code (ORC) to provide vocational and special education needs of the students. The school accepts non-tuition students from the District as a member school, however, it is considered a separate political subdivision and is not considered to be part of the District.

NOTES TO THE GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2002

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

Northern Ohio Educational Computer Association (NOECA)

NOECA is a jointly governed organization among 41 school districts. The joint venture was formed for the purpose of applying modern technology (with the aid of computers and other electronic equipment) to the administrative and instructional functions of member districts. Each of the governments of these schools supports NOECA based upon a per pupil charge dependent upon the software package utilized. In the event of dissolution of the organization, all current members will share in net obligations or asset liquidations in a ratio proportionate to their last twelve months' financial contributions. NOECA is governed by a Board of Directors consisting of superintendents of the member school districts. The degree of control exercised by any participating school district is limited to its representation on the Board. Financial information can be obtained by contacting the Erie-Ottawa County Educational Service Center, who serves as fiscal agent, at 2900 South Columbus Avenue, Sandusky, Ohio 44870.

RELATED ORGANIZATION

Milan Public Library

The Library is a distinct political subdivision of the State of Ohio governed by a board of trustees. The Board of Trustees possesses its own contracting and budgeting authority, hires, and fires personnel and does not depend on the District for operational subsidies. In 1997 the District passed a tax renewal of .8 mills on behalf of the Library. The District reports these monies in an agency fund. As of June 30, 2002, the Library collects its own tax levy monies and the District will no longer report these monies in an agency fund.

The District also participates in two insurance group purchasing pools, described in Note 11.

B. Fund Accounting

The District uses funds and account groups to report its financial position and the results of its operations. A fund is a separate accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. An account group, on the other hand, is a financial reporting device designed to provide accountability for certain assets and liabilities that are not recorded in the funds because they do not directly affect net expendable available financial resources. Fund accounting is designed to demonstrate legal compliance and to aid financial management by segregating transactions related to certain school district activities or functions. Funds are classified into three categories: governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary. Each category is divided into separate fund types.

NOTES TO THE GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2002

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Governmental funds are those through which most governmental functions of the District are financed. The acquisition, use and balances of the District's expendable financial resources and the related liabilities (except those accounted for in proprietary funds) are accounted for through governmental funds. The following are the District's governmental fund types:

<u>General Fund</u> - The general fund is the general operating fund of the District and is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The general fund balance is available to the District for any purpose provided it is expended or transferred in accordance with applicable Ohio statute.

<u>Special Revenue Funds</u> - The special revenue funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than expendable trusts, or major capital projects) that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes.

<u>Debt Service Funds</u> - The debt service funds are used to account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, general long-term debt principal, interest, and related costs.

<u>Capital Projects Funds</u> - The capital projects funds are used to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition of construction of major capital facilities (other than those financed by proprietary funds).

PROPRIETARY FUNDS

Proprietary funds are used to account for the District's ongoing activities which are similar to those often found in the private sector, where the determination of net income is necessary or useful to sound financial administration. The following is the District's proprietary fund type:

NOTES TO THE GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2002

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

<u>Enterprise Funds</u> - The enterprise funds are used to account for operations that are (a) financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises--where the intent of the governing body is that the costs (expenses, including depreciation) of providing goods or services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges; or (b) where the governing body has decided that periodic determination of revenues earned, expenses incurred, and/or net income is appropriate for capital maintenance, public policy, management control, accountability, or other purposes.

FIDUCIARY FUNDS

<u>Trust and Agency Funds</u> - These funds are used to account for assets held by the District in a trustee capacity or as an agent for individuals, private organizations, other governmental units, and/or other funds. These include expendable trust and agency funds. Expendable trust funds are accounted for in essentially the same manner as governmental funds. Agency funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities), and do not involve the measurement of results of operations. Agency funds are presented on a budgetary basis, with note disclosure, if applicable, regarding items, which, in other funds, would be subject to accrual. There were no significant accruals for agency funds at June 30, 2002.

ACCOUNT GROUPS

To make a clear distinction between fixed assets related to specific funds and those of general government, and between long-term liabilities related to specific funds and those of general nature, the following account groups are used:

<u>General Fixed Assets Account Group</u> - This group of accounts is established to account for all fixed assets of the District, other than those accounted for in the proprietary funds.

<u>General Long-Term Obligations Account Group</u> - This group of accounts is established to account for all long-term obligations of the District, other than those accounted for in the proprietary funds.

NOTES TO THE GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2002

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

C. Measurement Focus/Basis of Accounting

The accounting and financial reporting treatment applied to a fund is determined by its measurement focus. All governmental funds and the expendable trust fund are accounted for using a current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities generally are included on the balance sheet. Operating statements of these funds present increases (revenues and other financing sources) and decreases (expenditures and other financing uses) in net current assets.

All proprietary funds are accounted for on a flow of economic resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, all assets and all liabilities associated with the operations of these funds are included on the balance sheet. Proprietary fund type operating statements present increases (revenues) and decreases (expenses) in net total assets.

The modified accrual basis of accounting is followed for governmental and expendable trust funds. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when they become both measurable and available to finance expenditures of the current period, which for the District is 60 days after the June 30 year-end. Revenues accrued at the end of the year include taxes, (to the extent they are intended to finance the current fiscal year), interest, and accounts (student fees and tuition). Current property taxes measurable as of June 30, 2002 but which are intended to finance fiscal 2003 operations, have been recorded as deferred revenues. Delinquent property taxes measurable and available (received within 60 days) are recognized as revenue, at year-end. Taxes available for advance and recognized as revenue but not received by the District prior to June 30, 2002 are reflected as a reservation of fund balance for future appropriations. The District is prohibited by law from appropriating this revenue in accordance with ORC Section 5705.35, since an advance of revenue was not requested or received prior to the fiscal year-end.

NOTES TO THE GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2002

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

Nonexchange transactions, in which the District receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include property taxes, grants, entitlements, and donations. On the modified accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied and the resources are available. Revenue from grants, entitlements, and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been met and the resources are available. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are required to be used or the fiscal year when use is first permitted, matching requirements, in which the District must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose, and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the District on a reimbursement basis.

The District reports deferred revenue on its combined balance sheet. Deferred revenues arise when a potential revenue does not meet both the "measurable" and "available" criteria for recognition in the current period. Deferred revenues also arise when resources are received by the District before it has a legal claim to them, as when grant monies are received prior to the recognition of qualifying expenditures. In subsequent periods, when both revenue recognition criteria are met, or when the government has a legal claim to the resources, the liability for deferred revenue is removed from the combined balance sheet and revenue is recognized.

Expenditures (decreases in net financial resources) are recognized in the period in which the fund liability is incurred with the following exceptions: general long-term obligation principal and interest are reported only when due; and costs of accumulated unpaid vacation and sick leave are reported as expenditures in the period in which they will be liquidated with available financial resources rather than in the period earned by employees. Allocations of cost, such as depreciation and amortization, are not recognized in governmental funds.

The proprietary funds are accounted for on the accrual basis of accounting. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred. The fair value of donated commodities used during the year is reported on the operating statement as an expense, with a like amount reported as donated commodities revenue. Unused donated commodities are reported as nonoperating revenues - federal commodities on the "Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Retained Earnings".

NOTES TO THE GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2002

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

On the accrual basis of accounting, revenue from nonexchange transactions, such as grants, entitlements, and donations, is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been met. The proprietary funds receive no revenue from property taxes.

D. Budgets

The budgetary process is prescribed by provisions of the Ohio Revised Code and entails the preparation of budgetary documents within an established timetable. The major documents prepared are the tax budget, the certificate of estimated resources, and the appropriation resolution, all of which are prepared on the budgetary basis of accounting. The certificate of estimated resources and the appropriation resolution are subject to amendment throughout the year with the legal restriction that appropriations cannot exceed estimated resources, as certified. The specific timetable for fiscal year 2002 is as follows:

- 1. Prior to January 15 of the preceding year, the Superintendent and Treasurer submit to the Board of Education a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing the following July 1. The budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing for all funds. Public hearings are publicized and conducted to obtain taxpayers' comments. The expressed purpose of this budget document is to reflect the need for existing (or increased) tax rates.
- 2. By no later than January 20, the Board-adopted budget is filed with the Erie County Budget Commission for tax rate determination.
- 3. Prior to April 1, the Board of Education accepts, by formal resolution, the tax rates as determined by the Budget Commission and receives the Commission's Certificate of Estimated Resources, which states the projected revenue of each fund. Prior to June 30, the District must revise its budget so that total contemplated expenditures from any fund during the ensuing year will not exceed the amount stated in the Certificate of Estimated Resources. The revised budget then serves as a basis for the appropriation measure. On or about July 1, the Certificate is amended to include any unencumbered balances from the preceding year as reported by the District Treasurer.

NOTES TO THE GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2002

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

The Certificate may be further amended during the year if projected increases or decreases in revenue are identified by the District Treasurer. The amounts reported in the budgetary statement reflect the amounts set forth in the final Amended Certificate issued for fiscal year 2002

- 4. By July 1, the annual appropriation resolution is legally enacted by the Board of Education at the fund level of expenditures, which is the legal level of budgetary control. (State statute permits a temporary appropriation to be effective until no later than October 1 of each year.) Although the legal level of budgetary control was established at the fund level of expenditures, the District has elected to present budgetary statement of comparisons at the fund and function level of expenditures. Resolution appropriations by fund must be within the estimated resources as certified by the County Budget Commission and the total of expenditures may not exceed the appropriation totals.
- 5. All funds, other than agency funds, are legally required to be budgeted and appropriated. Short-term interfund loans are not required to be budgeted since they represent a temporary cash flow resource, and are intended to be repaid.
- 6. Any revisions that alter the total of any fund appropriation must be approved by the Board of Education.
- 7. Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year for all funds consistent with the general obligation bond indenture and other statutory provisions. All funds completed the year within the amount of their legally authorized cash basis appropriation.
- 8. Appropriation amounts are as originally adopted, or as amended by the Board of Education through the year by supplemental appropriations, which either reallocated or increased the original appropriated amounts. All supplemental appropriations were legally enacted by the Board during fiscal 2002
- 9. Unencumbered appropriations lapse at year-end. Encumbered appropriations are carried forward to the succeeding fiscal year and need not be reappropriated. Cash disbursements may not legally exceed budgeted appropriations at the fund level.

NOTES TO THE GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2002

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

Encumbrance accounting is utilized with District funds in the normal course of operations, for purchase orders and contract-related expenditures. An encumbrance is a reserve on the available spending authority due to commitment for a future expenditure and does not represent a liability. For governmental fund types, encumbrances outstanding at year-end (not recognized as accounts payable) appear as a reserve to the fund balance on a GAAP basis and as the equivalent of expenditures on a non-GAAP budgetary basis in order to demonstrate legal compliance. Note 15 provides a reconciliation of the budgetary and GAAP basis of accounting. Encumbrances for enterprise funds are disclosed in Note 12 to the financial statements.

E. Cash and Investments

To improve cash management, cash received by the District is pooled. Monies for all funds, including Proprietary funds, are maintained in this pool. Individual fund integrity is maintained through the District's records. Each fund's interest in the pool is presented as "Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents" on the combined balance sheet.

During 2002 investments were limited to the State Treasury Asset Reserve of Ohio (STAR Ohio), repurchase agreements, and federal agency securities.

Except for nonparticipating investment contracts, investments are reported at fair value, which is based on quoted market prices. Nonparticipating investment contracts such as repurchase agreements are reported at cost.

STAR Ohio is an investment pool managed by the State Treasurer's Office, which allows governments within the State to pool their funds for investment purposes. STAR Ohio is not registered with the SEC as an investment company, but does operate in a manner consistent with Rule 2a7 of the Investment Company Act of 1940. Investments in STAR Ohio are valued at STAR Ohio's share price, which is the price the investment could be sold for on June 30, 2002.

The District assigns all investment earnings to the general fund, except those specifically related to the Building Fund and the Food Service Fund. Interest revenue credited to the general fund during fiscal year 2002 amounted to \$187,253, which includes \$28,128 assigned from other District funds.

NOTES TO THE GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2002

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

For purposes of the statement of cash flows and for presentation on the combined balance sheet, investments of the cash management pool and investments with original maturities of three months or less at the time they are purchased by the District are considered to be cash equivalents. Investments with an initial maturity of more than three months are reported as investments.

F. Inventory

Inventories for all governmental funds are valued at cost (first-in/first-out method). The purchase method is used to account for inventories. Under the purchase method, inventories are recorded as expenditures when purchased; however, material amounts of inventories at period-end are reported as assets of the respective fund, which are equally offset by a fund balance reserve, which indicates they are unavailable for appropriation even though they are a component of reported assets.

Inventories of proprietary funds are valued at the lower of cost (first-in/first-out method) or market and expensed when used rather than when purchased.

G. Prepayments

Prepayments for governmental funds represent cash disbursements, which have occurred and are, therefore, not current expendable resources. These items are reported as fund assets on the balance sheet using the allocation method, which amortizes their cost over the periods benefitting from the advance payment. At fiscal year-end, because prepayments are not available to finance future governmental fund expenditures, the fund balance is reserved by an amount equal to the carrying value of the asset.

NOTES TO THE GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2002

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

H. Fixed Assets and Depreciation

1. General Fixed Assets Account Group

General fixed assets are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost) and updated for the cost of additions and retirements during the year in the general fixed assets account group. Donated fixed assets are recorded at their fair market values as of the date donated. The District follows the policy of not capitalizing assets with a cost of less than \$500 and a useful life of less than one year. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an asset's life are not capitalized. No depreciation is recognized for assets in the general fixed assets account group. The District has not included infrastructure in the general fixed asset account group.

2. <u>Proprietary Funds and Non-Expendable Trust Funds</u>

Equipment reflected in these funds are stated at historical cost or estimated historical cost and updated for the cost of additions and retirements during the year. Donated fixed assets are recorded at their fair market values as of the date donated. Improvements are capitalized and depreciated over the remaining useful life of the related fixed asset. Depreciation has been provided, where appropriate, on a straight-line basis over the following estimated useful lives:

Asset	Life (years)
Furniture/equipment	15 - 20

I. Compensated Absences

Compensated absences of the District consist of vacation leave and sick leave to the extent that payment to the employee for these absences are attributable to services already rendered and are not contingent on a specific event that is outside the control of the District and the employee.

NOTES TO THE GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2002

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

In accordance with the provisions of GASB Statement No. 16, "Accounting for Compensated Absences", a liability for vacation leave is accrued if a) the employees' rights to payment are attributable to services already rendered; and b) it is probable that the employer will compensate the employees for the benefits through paid time off or other means, such as cash payment at termination or retirement. A liability for severance is accrued using the vesting method; i.e., the liability is based on the sick leave accumulated at the balance sheet date by those employees who are currently eligible to receive termination (severance) payments, as well as those employees expected to become eligible in the future. For purposes of establishing a liability for severance on employees expected to become eligible to retire in the future, all employees age 50 or greater with at least 10 years of service were considered expected to become eligible to retire in accordance with GASB Statement No. 16.

The total liability for vacation and sick leave payments has been calculated using pay rates in effect at the balance sheet date, and reduced to the maximum payment allowed by labor contract and/or statute, plus any applicable additional salary related payments.

Accumulated vacation and severance of governmental fund type employees meeting the above requirements have been recorded in the appropriate governmental fund as a current liability to the extent that the amounts are expected to be payable within the current available period. The balance of the liability is recorded in the general long-term obligations account group. Vacation and sick leave for employees meeting the above requirements who are paid from proprietary funds is recorded as an expense when earned.

J. Long-Term Obligations

In general, governmental fund payables and accrued liabilities are reported as obligations of the funds, regardless of whether they will be liquidated with current resources; however, compensated absences and contractually required pension contributions that will be paid from governmental funds are reported as a liability in the general long-term obligations account group to the extent that they will not be paid with current available expendable financial resources. Payments made more than sixty days after year-end are generally considered not to have been paid with current available financial resources. Bonds, capital leases, and long-term loans are reported as a liability of the general long-term obligations account group until due.

NOTES TO THE GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2002

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

Long-term debt and other obligations financed by proprietary funds are reported as liabilities in the appropriate proprietary funds.

K. Fund Equity

Reserved fund balances indicate that portion of fund equity, which is not available for current appropriation or is legally segregated for a specific use. Fund balances are reserved for encumbrances, materials and supplies inventory, prepayments, debt service, tax revenue unavailable for appropriation and BWC refunds. In addition, fund equity is designated for budget stabilization due to action performed by the Board of Education. The reserve for property taxes represents taxes recognized as revenue under GAAP, but not available for appropriation under State statute. The unreserved portions of fund equity reflected for the governmental funds are available for use within the specific purposes of those funds.

L. Interfund Transactions

During the course of normal operations, the District has numerous transactions between funds. The most significant include:

- 1. Transfers of resources from one fund to another fund. The resources transferred are to be expended for operations by the receiving fund and are recorded as operating transfers, with the exception of agency funds, which do not report transfers of resources as operating transfers.
- 2. Reimbursements from one fund to another are treated as expenditures/expenses in the reimbursing fund and a reduction in expenditures/expenses in the reimbursed fund.
- 3. Short-term interfund loans made pursuant to Board of Education Resolution are reflected as "interfund loans receivable or payable." Such interfund loans are repaid in the following fiscal year.

NOTES TO THE GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2002

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

- 4. Quasi-external transactions are similar to the purchase of goods or services from a vendor; i.e., the fund which provides a service records revenue, and the fund, which receives that service records an expenditure/expense.
- 5. Residual equity transfers are non-recurring or non-routine permanent transfers of equity, generally made when a fund is closed.
- 6. Long-term interfund loans that will not be repaid within the next year are termed "advances" and are shown as reservations of fund balances on the combined balance sheet for those funds that report advances to other funds as assets because they are not spendable, available resources.

An analysis of the District's interfund transactions for fiscal year 2002 is presented in Note 5.

M. Estimates

The preparation of GPFS in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the GPFS and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

N. Restricted Assets

Restricted assets in the general fund represent cash whose use is restricted by State statute. The District has also received state monies that are restricted for school bus purchases. A fund balance reserve has also been established. See Note 17 for details.

O. Memorandum Only - Total Columns

Total columns on the general purpose financial statements are captioned (Memorandum Only) to indicate that they are presented only to facilitate financial analysis. Data in these columns do not present financial position, results of operations, or changes in financial position in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Neither is such data comparable to a consolidation. Interfund eliminations have not been made in the aggregation of this data.

NOTES TO THE GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2002

NOTE 3 - ACCOUNTABILITY AND COMPLIANCE

Deficit Fund Balances

Deficit fund balances at June 30, 2002 included the following individual fund deficits:

	<u>Deficit Balance</u>
Special Revenue Funds	
Public School Preschool	\$35,815
Teacher Development	103
Miscellaneous Federal Grants	2,654

These deficits, caused by the application of GAAP, will be funded by anticipated future intergovernmental revenues or other subsidies not recognized and recorded at June 30. The general fund provides transfers for deficit balances; however, transfers are made when cash is needed rather than when accruals occur. These funds complied with state statute which does not allow for a negative fund balance at year end.

NOTE 4 - CASH AND INVESTMENTS

State statutes classify monies held by the District into three categories.

Active deposits are public deposits necessary to meet current demands on the treasury. Such monies must be maintained either as cash in the District treasury, in commercial accounts payable or withdrawable on demand, including negotiable order of withdrawal (NOW) accounts, or in money market deposit accounts.

Inactive deposits are public deposits the Board of Education has identified as not required for use within the current two-year period of designation of depositories. Inactive deposits must either be evidenced by certificates of deposit maturing not later than the end of the current period of designation of depositories, or by savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts.

Interim deposits are deposits of interim monies. Interim monies are those monies, which are not needed for immediate use, but which will be needed before the end of the current period of designation of depositories. Interim deposits must be evidenced by time certificates of deposit maturing not more than one year from the date of deposit or by savings accounts, including passbook accounts.

NOTES TO THE GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2002

NOTE 4 - CASH AND INVESTMENTS - (Continued)

Protection of the District's deposits is provided by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation, by eligible securities pledged by the financial institution as security for repayment, by surety company bonds deposited with the Treasurer by the financial institution or by a single collateral pool established by the financial institution to secure the repayment of all public moneys deposited with the institution.

Interim monies may be deposited or invested in the following securities:

- 1. United States Treasury Notes, Bills, Bonds, or any other obligation or security issued by the United States Treasury or any other obligation guaranteed as to principal and interest by the United States;
- 2. Bonds, notes, debentures, or any other obligations or securities issued by any federal government agency or instrumentality, including but not limited to, the Federal National Mortgage Association, Federal Home Loan Bank, Federal Farm Credit Bank, Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation, Government National Mortgage Association, and Student Loan Marketing Association. All federal agency securities shall be direct issuances of federal government agencies or instrumentalities;
- 3. Written repurchase agreements in the securities listed above provided that the market value of the securities subject to the repurchase agreement must exceed the principal value of the agreement by at least 2% and be marked to market daily, and that the term of the agreement must not exceed 30 days;
- 4. Bond and other obligations of the State of Ohio;
- 5. No-load money market mutual funds consisting exclusively of obligations described in division (1) or (2) and repurchase agreements secured by such obligations, provided that investments in securities described in this division are made only through eligible institutions;
- 6. The State Treasurer's investment pool (STAR Ohio);
- 7. Certain bankers' acceptances and commercial paper notes for a period not to exceed 180 days from the date of purchase in an amount not to exceed 25% of the interim moneys available for investment at any one time; and,

NOTES TO THE GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2002

NOTE 4 - CASH AND INVESTMENTS - (Continued)

8. Under limited circumstances, corporate debt instruments rated in either of the two highest rating classifications by at least two nationally recognized rating agencies.

Investments in stripped principal or interest obligations, reverse repurchase agreements and derivatives are prohibited. The issuance of taxable notes for the purpose of arbitrage, the use of leverage and short selling are also prohibited. An investment must mature within five years from the date of purchase unless matched to a specific obligation or debt of the District, and must be purchased with the expectation that it will be held to maturity. Investments may only be made through specified dealers and institutions. Payment for investments may be made only upon delivery of the securities representing the investments to the Treasurer or qualified trustee or, if the securities are not represented by a certificate, upon receipt of confirmation of transfer from the custodian.

Cash on Hand: At year-end, the District had \$4,300 in undeposited cash on hand, which is included on the combined balance sheet as part of "Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents", but is not included in the total amount of deposits reported below.

The following information classifies deposits and investments by categories of risk as defined in GASB Statement No. 3, "<u>Deposits With Financial Institutions</u>, <u>Investments</u> (including Repurchase Agreements), and Reverse Repurchase Agreements".

Deposits: At year-end the carrying amount of the District's deposits was \$206,726 and the bank balance was \$471,641. Of the bank balance:

- 1. \$200,000 was covered by federal depository insurance; and
- 2. \$271,641 was uninsured and uncollateralized as defined by GASB although it was secured by collateral held by third party trustees pursuant to Section 135.181, Ohio Revised Code, in collateralized pools securing all public funds in depository institutions; these securities not being in the name of the District. Although all state statutory requirements for the deposit of money had been followed, non-compliance with federal requirements would potentially subject the District to a successful claim by the FDIC.

Investments: The District's investments are required to be categorized to give an indication of the level of risk assumed by the District at year end. Category 1 includes investments that are insured or registered or for which the securities are held by the District or its agent in the District's name. Category 2 includes uninsured and unregistered investments for which the securities are held by the counterparty's trust department or agent in the District's name.

NOTES TO THE GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2002

NOTE 4 - CASH AND INVESTMENTS - (Continued)

Category 3 includes uninsured and unregistered investments for which the securities are held by the counterparty, or by its trust department or agent, but not in the District's name. STAROhio and U.S. government market are unclassified investments since these investments are not evidenced by securities that exist in physical or book entry form.

	Category of Risk	Category of Risk	Reported Amount	Fair Value
Federal agency securities Repurchase agreement	\$2,154,338	\$ - 290,340	\$2,154,338 290,340	\$2,154,338 290,340
Not subject to categorization: Investment in STAR Ohio U.S. government money market	- 	<u>.</u>	1,014,110 1,600,591	1,014,110 1,600,591
Total investments	<u>\$2,154,338</u>	<u>\$290,340</u>	\$5,059,379	\$5,059,379

The classification of cash and cash equivalents and investments on the combined balance sheet is based on criteria set forth in GASB Statement No. 9, "Reporting Cash Flows of Proprietary and Nonexpendable Trust Funds and Governmental Entities That Use Proprietary Fund Accounting".

A reconciliation between the classifications of cash, cash equivalents, and investments on the combined balance sheet (per GASB Statement No. 9) and the classifications of deposits and investments presented above per GASB Statement No. 3 is as follows:

	Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents	Investments	
GASB Statement No. 9	\$ 5,270,405	\$	-
Investments of the cash management pool:			
Federal agency securities	(2,154,338)	2,154	,338
U.S. Government money market	(1,600,591)	1,600	,591
Investment in STAR Ohio	(1,014,110)	1,014	,110
Repurchase agreement	(290,340)	290	,340
Cash on hand	(4,300)		<u> </u>
GASB Statement No. 3	<u>\$ 206,726</u>	<u>\$5,059</u>	<u>,379</u>

NOTES TO THE GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2002

NOTE 5 - INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS

A. The following is a reconciliation of the District's operating transfers for fiscal year 2002:

	<u>Transfers In</u>	Transfers Out
General Fund	\$ -	\$64,832
Debt Service Fund	64,832	
Total	<u>\$64,832</u>	<u>\$64,832</u>

B. Interfund balances at June 30, 2002, consist of the following individual interfund loans receivable and payable:

	Interfund <u>Loan Receivable</u>	Interfund <u>Loan Payable</u>
General Fund	\$20,000	\$ -
Special Revenue Fund Public School Preschool	-	20,000
Total	<u>\$20,000</u>	\$20,000

NOTE 6 - PROPERTY TAXES

Property taxes are levied and assessed on a calendar year basis. Distributions from the second half of the calendar year occur in a new fiscal year and are intended to finance the operations of that year. Property taxes include amounts levied against all real, public utility and tangible (used in business) property located in the District. Real property taxes and public utility taxes are levied after November 1 on the assessed value listed as of the prior January 1, the lien date. Assessed values are established by State law at 35% of appraised market value.

Public utility property taxes are assessed on tangible personal property, as well as land and improvements. Real property is assessed at 35% of market value and personal property is assessed at varying rates of true value.

Tangible personal property taxes attach as a lien and are levied on January 1 of the current year. Tangible personal property assessments are 25% of true value. The first \$10,000 of assessed value is exempt from taxation. The District receives a state subsidy in lieu of tax revenue which would otherwise have been collected

NOTES TO THE GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2002

NOTE 6 - PROPERTY TAXES - (Continued)

The assessed value upon which the 2001 taxes were collected was \$193,852,537. Agricultural/residential and public utility/minerals real estate represented 66.79% or \$129,475,480 of this total; commercial & industrial real estate represented 14.71% or \$28,506,690 of this total; public utility tangible represented 7.11% or \$13,783,390 of this total and general tangible property represented 11.39% or \$22,086,977 of this total. The voted general tax rate at the fiscal year ended June 30, 2002 was \$53.80 per \$1,000.00 of assessed valuation for operations.

Real property taxes are payable annually or semi-annually. If paid annually, payment is due January 20; if paid semi-annually, the first payment is due January 20 with the remainder payable by June 20.

Tangible personal property taxes paid by multi-county taxpayers are due September 20. Single county taxpayers may pay annually or semiannually. If paid annually, payment is due April 30; if paid semiannually, the first payment is due April 30, with the remainder payable by September 20.

The Erie County Treasurer collects property taxes on behalf of the District. The County Auditor periodically remits to the District its portion of the taxes collected. These tax "advances" are based on statutory cash flow collection rates. Final "settlements" are made each February and August.

Accrued property taxes receivable represent delinquent taxes outstanding and real property, personal property, and public utility taxes which became measurable as of June 30, 2002. Although total property tax collections for the next fiscal year are measurable, they are not (exclusive of advances) intended to finance current year operations. The net receivable (total receivable less amount available intended to finance the current year) is therefore offset by a credit to deferred revenue.

Taxes available for advance and recognized as revenue, but not received by the District prior to June 30, 2002, are reflected as a reservation of fund balance for future appropriations. The District is prohibited, by law, from appropriating this revenue in accordance with ORC Section 5705.35, since an advance of revenue was not requested or received prior to the fiscal year end. Available tax advances at June 30, 2002 totaled \$264,183 in the general fund, \$8,682 in the debt service fund, and \$24,145 in the Permanent Improvement fund.

NOTES TO THE GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2002

NOTE 7 - RECEIVABLES

Receivables at June 30, 2002 consisted of taxes, accounts (billings for user charged services and student fees), accrued interest, interfund loans, and intergovernmental grants (to the extent eligibility requirements have been met by fiscal year-end). Intergovernmental grants receivable have been presented as "Due From Other Governments" on the combined balance sheet. Taxes and intergovernmental receivables are considered collectible in full due to the ability to foreclose for the nonpayment of taxes and the stable condition of state programs.

A summary of receivables follows:

	Amounts
General Fund Taxes - current and delinquent Accounts Accrued interest Interfund loan	\$5,488,457 20,908 9,929 20,000
Special Revenue Fund Accounts Due from other governments	1,219 20,364
Debt Service Fund Taxes - current and delinquent	157,242
Capital Projects Funds Taxes - current and delinquent	460,325
Enterprise Fund Due from other governments	11,360

NOTES TO THE GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2002

NOTE 8 - FIXED ASSETS

A summary of the changes in the general fixed assets account group during the fiscal year follows:

	Balance July 1, 2001	Additions	Deletions	Balance June 30, 2002
Land/improvements	\$1,058,944	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,058,944
Buildings/improvements	4,826,410	-	-	4,826,410
Furniture/equipment	2,156,787	424,414	(91,270)	2,489,931
Vehicles	1,164,518	155,394	(89,120)	1,230,792
Books	589,602	_		589,602
Total	<u>\$9,796,261</u>	<u>\$579,808</u>	<u>\$(180,390</u>)	<u>\$10,195,679</u>

A summary of the proprietary fixed assets at June 30, 2002 follows:

Furniture and equipment	\$ 201,077
Less: accumulated depreciation	(132,708)
Net fixed assets	\$ 68,369

NOTE 9 - CAPITALIZED LEASES - LESSEE DISCLOSURE

In prior years, the District has entered into capitalized leases for the acquisition of copiers. These leases meet the criteria of a capital lease as defined by FASB Statement No. 13, "Accounting for Leases", which defines a capital lease generally as one which transfers benefits and risks of ownership to the lessee. Fixed assets acquired by lease have been capitalized in the general fixed asset account group in an amount which is equal to the present value of the future minimum lease payments as of the date of their inception. A corresponding liability was recorded in the general long-term obligations account group.

Capital lease payments have been reclassified and are reflected as debt service expenditures in the Combined Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - All Governmental Fund Types and Expendable Trust Fund. Principal payments totaled \$5,791 in fiscal 2002. These expenditures are reflected as program/function expenditures on a budgetary basis.

NOTES TO THE GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2002

NOTE 9 - CAPITALIZED LEASES - LESSEE DISCLOSURE - (Continued)

The following is a schedule of the future minimum lease payments required under the capital leases and the present value of the future minimum lease payments as of June 30, 2002.

	General
Fiscal Year	Long-Term
Ending June 30	<u>Obligations</u>
2003	\$2,423
Total future minimum lease payments	\$2,423
Less: amount representing interest	(3)
Present value of future minimum lease payments	<u>\$2,420</u>

NOTE 10 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

A. The general obligation bonds are voted issues for school building improvement projects. General obligation bonds are direct obligations of the District for which its full faith, credit, and resources are pledged. These bonds are payable from a .85 (average) mill tax levied on all taxable property in the District. Accordingly, such unmatured obligations are accounted for in the general long-term obligations account group. Payments of principal and interest relating to these bonds are recorded as expenditures in the debt service fund

During a prior fiscal year, the District issued unvoted long-term "energy conservation" notes, under authority of H.B. 264. Energy conservation notes outstanding are general obligations of the District, for which the District's full faith and credit are pledged for repayment. Accordingly, these notes are accounted for in the general long-term obligations account group. Payments of principal and interest relating to these notes are recorded as expenditures in the debt service fund; however, unlike general obligation bonds, Ohio statute allows for the issuance of these notes without voter approval, and the subsequent repayment of the notes from operating revenues.

NOTES TO THE GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2002

NOTE 10 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS - (Continued)

B. The following is a description of the District's notes and bonds outstanding as of June 30, 2002:

	Interest Rate	Issue Date	Maturity Date	Balance July 1, 2001	Retired in Fiscal 2002	Balance June 30, 2002
Energy conservation notes	4.5%	02/26/98	12/01/08	\$ 382,037	\$(47,641)	\$ 334,396
General obligation bonds	7.34%	03/15/91	12/01/11	720,000	(45,000)	675,000
Total				<u>\$1,102,037</u>	<u>\$(92,641</u>)	\$1,009,396

C. The following is a summary of the District's future annual debt service requirements to maturity for energy conservation notes and general obligation bonds:

Fiscal Year Ending	General Obligation Bonds	Energy Conservation Notes	Total
2003	\$ 88,797	\$ 64,832	\$ 153,629
2004	90,632	64,832	155,464
2005	92,093	64,832	156,925
2006	93,181	64,832	158,013
2007	98,711	64,832	163,543
2008-2012	504,931	64,833	569,764
Total	968,345	388,993	1,357,338
Less Interest:	(293,345)	(54,597)	(347,942)
Total	\$ 675,000	<u>\$334,396</u>	\$1,009,396

NOTES TO THE GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2002

NOTE 10 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS - (Continued)

D. During the year ended June 30, 2002, the following changes occurred in the liabilities reported in the general long-term obligations account group. Compensated absences are presented net of actual increases and decreases due to the impracticality of determining these values. Compensated absences and the pension obligation will be paid from the fund in which the employee was paid.

	Balance July 1, 2001	Increase	Decrease	Balance June 30, 2002
Compensated absences	\$ 386,872	\$ 49,300	\$ -	\$ 436,172
Pension obligation	70,368	87,851	(70,368)	87,851
Capital leases	8,211	-	(5,791)	2,420
General obligation bonds	720,000	-	(45,000)	675,000
Energy conservation notes	382,037	_	(47,641)	334,396
Total	<u>\$1,567,488</u>	<u>\$137,151</u>	<u>\$(168,800</u>)	<u>\$1,535,839</u>

E. Legal Debt Margin

The Ohio Revised Code provides that voted net general obligation debt of the District shall never exceed 9% of the total assessed valuation of the District. The code further provides that unvoted indebtedness shall not exceed 1/10 of 1% of the property valuation of the District. The code further provides that unvoted indebtedness for energy conservation measures shall not exceed 9/10 of 1% of the property valuation of the District. The effects of these debt limitations at June 30, 2002 are a voted debt margin of \$17,334,724 (including available funds of \$562,996), an unvoted debt margin of \$193,853, and an unvoted energy conservation debt margin of \$1,410,277.

NOTE 11 - RISK MANAGEMENT

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The District maintains comprehensive insurance coverage with private carriers for real property, building contents and vehicles. Vehicle policies include liability coverage for bodily injury and property damage. Real property and contents are fully insured. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years. There has been no significant reductions in amounts of insurance coverage from 2001.

NOTES TO THE GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2002

NOTE 11 - RISK MANAGEMENT - (Continued)

The District provides employee health care benefits through membership in the Huron-Erie School Employees Insurance Association, a public entity risk management pool. Monthly payments are made to the Association for health, dental and vision insurance coverage. The pool agreement provides that the Association will be self-sustaining through member premiums, and the Association will purchase stop-loss insurance policies from commercial insurance carriers to cover any yearly claims in excess of 120% of the prior year's aggregate claims. Individual coverage cannot exceed \$1,000,000 in claims during their lifetime. Financial information can be obtained by writing to the Erie-Ottawa Educational Service Center, 2900 South Columbus Avenue, Sandusky, Ohio 44870.

Post employment health care is provided to plan participants or their beneficiaries through the respective retirement systems discussed in Note 14. As such, no funding provisions are required by the District.

For fiscal year 2002, the District participated in the Ohio School Boards Association Workers' Compensation Group Rating Program (GRP), an insurance purchasing pool. The intent of the GRP is to achieve the benefit of a reduced premium for the District by virtue of its grouping and representation with other participants in the GRP. The workers' compensation experience of the participating school districts is calculated as one experience and a common premium rate is applied to all school districts in the GRP. Each participant pays its workers' compensation premium to the State based on the rate for the GRP rather than its individual rate. Total savings are then calculated and each participant's individual performance is compared to the overall savings of the GRP. A participant will then either receive money from or be required to contribute to the "Equity Pooling Fund". This "equity pooling" arrangement insures that each participant shares equally in the overall performance of the GRP. Participation in the GRP is limited to school districts that can meet the GRP's selection criteria. The firm of Gates McDonald & Co. provides administrative, cost control and actuarial services to the GRP.

NOTE 12 - SEGMENT INFORMATION - ENTERPRISE FUNDS

The District maintains one enterprise fund, which provides lunchroom/cafeteria services; therefore, segment information for the year ended June 30, 2002, is not presented. The enterprise fund had \$1,808 of encumbrances outstanding at June 30, 2002.

NOTES TO THE GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2002

NOTE 13 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS

A. School Employees Retirement System

The District contributes to the School Employees Retirement System of Ohio (SERS), a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the School Employees Retirement Board. SERS provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided by Chapter 3309 of the Ohio Revised Code. SERS issues a publicly available, stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. The report may be obtained by writing to the School Employees Retirement System, 300 East Broad Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215, or by calling (614) 222-5853.

Plan members are required to contribute 9% of their annual covered salary and the District is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate, which was 14% for 2002; 5.46% was the portion to fund pension obligations. The contribution rates of plan members and employers are established and may be amended by the School Employees Retirement Board, up to maximum amounts allowed by State statute. The District's required contributions for pension obligations to SERS for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2002, 2001, and 2000 were \$254,315, \$235,977, and \$211,180, respectively; 53.56% has been contributed for fiscal year 2002 and 100% for the fiscal years 2001 and 2000. \$118,080, which represents the unpaid contribution for fiscal year 2002, is recorded as a liability within the respective funds and the general long-term obligations account group.

B. State Teachers Retirement System

The District contributes to the State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio (STRS), a cost-sharing multiple employer public employee retirement system administered by the State Teachers Retirement Board. STRS provides basic retirement benefits, disability, survivor, and health care benefits based on eligible service credit to members and beneficiaries. Benefits are established by Chapter 3307 of the Ohio Revised Code. STRS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for STRS. The report may be obtained by writing to the State Teachers Retirement System, 275 East Broad Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215-3771.

NOTES TO THE GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2002

NOTE 13 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

Plan members are required to contribute 9.3% of their annual covered salary and the District is required to contribute 14% for 2002; 9.5% was the portion used to fund pension obligations. Contribution rates are established by the State Teachers Retirement Board, upon recommendation of its consulting actuary, not to exceed statutory maximum rates of 10% for members and 14% for employers. The District's required contributions for pension obligations to STRS for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2002, 2001, and 2000 were \$731,298, \$696,661, and \$681,773, respectively; 83.58% has been contributed for fiscal year 2002 and 100% for the fiscal years 2001 and 2000. \$120,032, which represents the unpaid contribution for fiscal year 2002, is recorded as a liability within the respective funds.

C. Social Security System

Effective July 1, 1991, all employees not otherwise covered by SERS or STRS have an option to choose Social Security or SERS/STRS. As of June 30, 2002, certain members of the Board of Education have elected Social Security. The Board's liability is 6.2% of wages paid.

NOTE 14 - POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

The District provides comprehensive health care benefits to retired teachers and their dependents through STRS, and to retired non-certified employees and their dependents through SERS. Benefits include hospitalization, physicians' fees, prescription drugs, and partial reimbursement of monthly Medicare Part B premiums. Benefit provisions and the obligations to contribute are established by STRS and SERS based on authority granted by State statute. Both STRS and SERS are funded on a pay-as-you-go basis.

The State Teachers Retirement Board has statutory authority over how much, if any, of the health care costs will be absorbed by STRS. Most benefit recipients pay a portion of the health care cost in the form of a monthly premium. By Ohio law, the cost of coverage paid from STRS funds shall be included in the employer contribution rate, currently 14 percent of covered payroll. For this fiscal year, the State Teachers Retirement Board allocated employer contributions equal to 4.5 percent of covered payroll to the Health Care Reserve Fund. For the District, this amount equaled \$235,060 during fiscal 2002.

NOTES TO THE GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2002

NOTE 14 - POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS - (Continued)

STRS pays health care benefits from the Health Care Reserve Fund. The balance in the Health Care Reserve Fund was \$3.256 billion at June 30, 2001 (the latest information available). For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2001 (the latest information available), net health care costs paid by STRS were \$300.772 million and STRS had 102,132 eligible benefit recipients.

For SERS, coverage is made available to service retirees with 10 or more years of qualifying service credit, and disability and survivor benefit recipients. Members retiring on or after August 1, 1989, with less than 25 years of service credit must pay a portion of their premium for health care. The portion is based on years of service up to a maximum of 75 percent of the premium.

For this fiscal year, employer contributions to fund health care benefits were 8.54 percent of covered payroll. In addition, SERS levies a surcharge to fund health care benefits equal to 14 percent of the difference between a minimum pay and the member's pay, pro-rated for partial service credit. For fiscal year 2002, the minimum pay has been established at \$12,400. The surcharge, added to the unallocated portion of the 14 percent employer contribution rate, provides for maintenance of the asset target level for the health care fund.

The target level for the health care reserve is 150 percent of annual health care expenses. Expenses for health care at June 30, 2001 (the latest information available), were \$161.440 million and the target level was \$242.2 million. At June 30, 2001 (the latest information available), SERS had net assets available for payment of health care benefits of \$315.7 million and SERS had approximately 50,000 participants receiving health care benefits. For the District, the amount to fund health care benefits, including surcharge, equaled \$203,246 during the 2002 fiscal year.

NOTE 15 - BUDGETARY BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

While reporting financial position, results of operations, and changes in fund balance is done on a GAAP basis, the budgetary basis, as provided by law, is based upon accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts and disbursements.

NOTES TO THE GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2002

NOTE 15 - BUDGETARY BASIS OF ACCOUNTING - (Continued)

The Combined Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual Comparison - (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) - All Governmental Fund Types is presented on the budgetary basis to provide a meaningful comparison of actual results with the budget. The major differences between the budget basis and the GAAP basis are that:

- (a) Revenues are recorded when received in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when susceptible to accrual (GAAP basis);
- (b) Expenditures are recorded when paid in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when the liability is incurred (GAAP basis);
- (c) In order to determine compliance with Ohio law, and to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation, encumbrances are recorded as the equivalent of an expenditure (budget basis) as opposed to a reservation of fund balance for governmental funds (GAAP basis).

The adjustments necessary to convert the results of operations for the year on the budget basis to the GAAP basis for the governmental funds are as follows:

Excess of Revenues and Other Financing Sources Over/(Under) Expenditures and Other Financing Uses

Governmental Fund Types Special Debt Capital General Revenue Service **Projects** Funds Fund Funds Funds \$ 157,908 \$ 10,492 \$71,359 Budget basis \$(42,541) Net adjustment for revenue accruals 18,301 (2,385)(144)(537)Net adjustment for expenditure accruals (273,768)(20,301)56,004 Net adjustment for other financing sources/(uses) 18,883 (20,000)Encumbrances (budget basis) 68,883 357,393 44,448 **GAAP** basis \$70,822 \$ 258,031 <u>\$ 14,495</u> \$100,647

NOTES TO THE GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2002

NOTE 16 - CONTINGENCIES

A. Grants

The District receives significant financial assistance from numerous federal, state and local agencies in the form of grants. The disbursement of funds received under these programs generally requires compliance with terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements and is subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims resulting from such audits could become a liability of the general fund or other applicable funds; however, in the opinion of management, any such disallowed claims will not have a material effect on any of the financial statements of the individual fund types included herein or on the overall financial position of the District at June 30, 2002.

B. Litigation

The District is party to legal proceedings. The District management is of the opinion that ultimate disposition of these claims and legal proceedings will not have a material effect, if any, on the financial condition of the District.

C. State School Funding Decision

On September 6, 2001, the Ohio Supreme Court issued its latest opinion regarding the State's school funding plan. The decision identified aspects of the current plan that require modification if the plan is to be considered constitutional, including:

A change in the school districts that are used as the basis for determining the base cost support amount. Any change in the amount of funds distributed to school districts as a result of this change must be retroactive to July 1, 2001, although a timeline for distribution is not specified.

Fully funding parity aid no later than the beginning of fiscal year 2004 rather than fiscal year 2006.

The Supreme Court relinquished jurisdiction over the case based on anticipated compliance with its order.

NOTES TO THE GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2002

NOTE 16 - CONTINGENCIES - (Continued)

The State of Ohio, in a motion filed September 17, 2001, asked the Court to reconsider and clarify the parts of the decision changing the school districts that are used as the basis for determining the base cost support amount and the requirement that changes be made retroactive to July 1, 2001. In November, 2001, the Court granted the request for reconsideration, but also ordered the parties to participate in a settlement conference with a court appointed mediator. On March 21, 2002, the mediator issued his final report indicating that the conference was unable to produce a settlement. The case is now under reconsideration by the Court.

The District is currently unable to determine what effect, if any, this decision will have on its future State funding and on its financial operations.

NOTE 17 - STATUTORY RESERVES

The District is required by state law to set aside certain (cash basis) general fund revenue amounts, as defined by statute, into various reserves. During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2002, the reserve activity was as follows:

	Textbook Reserve	Capital Maintenance Reserve	BWC Refunds	Budget Stabilization Designated
Balance, July 1, 2001	\$ (83,264)	\$ (865,314)	\$53,631	\$160,950
Required set-aside	213,365	213,365	-	-
Offset credits	-	(493,042)	-	-
Qualifying expenditures	(241,723)			-
Total	<u>\$(111,622</u>)	<u>\$(1,144,991</u>)	<u>\$53,631</u>	<u>\$160,950</u>
Balance/carry forward to FY03	<u>\$(111,622</u>)	<u>\$(1,144,991</u>)	<u>\$53,631</u>	<u>\$160,950</u>

The District had offsets and qualifying disbursements during the year that reduced the textbook and capital maintenance set-aside amount below zero; these extra amounts are being carried forward to reduce the set-aside requirements of future years.

In addition to the above statutory reserves, the District also received monies restricted for school bus purchases. Fund balance has not been reserved as the entire balance was encumbered at fiscal year-end.

NOTES TO THE GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2002

NOTE 17 - STATUTORY RESERVES - (Continued)

A schedule of the restricted assets at June 30, 2002:

Amount restricted for BWC refunds	\$53,631
Amount restricted for school bus purchases	30,202
Total	\$83,833



BERLIN-MILAN LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2002

SUB	CRAL GRANTOR/ GRANTOR/ GRAM TITLE	CFDA NUMBER	PASS-THROUGH GRANT NUMBER	(E) CASH FEDERAL RECEIPTS	OTHER FEDERAL RECEIPTS	(E) CASH FEDERAL DISBURSEMENTS	OTHER FEDERAL DISBURSEMENTS
PASS	DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE ED THROUGH THE DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION:						
N	utrition Cluster:						
(A),(I	Food Distribution National School Lunch National School Lunch	10.550 10.555 10.555	N/A 046789-LL-P4-2001 046789-LL-P4-2002	\$ 12,743 71,739	\$ 54,107	\$ 12,743 71,739	\$ 45,433
T	otal U.S. Department of Agriculture and Nutrition Cluster			84,482	54,107	84,482	45,433
PASS	DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION ED THROUGH THE D DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION:						
	Title I Title I Total Title I	84.010 84.010	046789-C1-S1-2001 046789-C1-S1-2002	9,299 43,180 52,479		18,417 35,938 54,355	
s	pecial Education Cluster:						
(B) (B) (B)	Title VI-B Title VI-B Title VI-B Total Title VI-B	84.027 84.027 84.027	046789-6B-SF-2001-P 046789-6B-SF-2002-P 046789-6B-SX-2002-P	13,596 143,348 30,000 186,944		29,439 103,651 23,824 156,914	
(B) (B)	Special Education Preschool Handicapped Special Education Preschool Handicapped Total Special Education Preschool Handicapped	84.173 84.173	046789-PG-S1-2000 046789-PG-S1-2002-P	15,383 15,383		1,242 12,205 13,447	
	Total Special Education Cluster			202,327		170,361	
	Safe and Drug-Free Schools	84.186	046789-DR-S1-2002	7,151		7,151	
	Eisenhower Professional Development	84.281	046789-MS-S1-2002	6,365	:	6,365	
	Title VI Title VI Total Title VI	84.298 84.298	046789-C2-S1-2001 046789-C2-S1-2002	8,560 8,560		7,709 3,821 11,530	
	Title VI-R Title VI-R Total VI-R	84.340 84.340	046789-CR-S1-2001 046789-CR-S1-2002	22,454 22,454		72 20,923 20,995	
	School Renovation, IDEA and Technology	84.352A	N/A	5,569		5,340	
	Total U.S. Department of Education			304,905		276,097	
	Total Federal Financial Assistance			\$ 389,387	\$ 54,107	\$ 360,579	\$ 45,433

 ⁽A) Included as part of "Nutrition Grant Cluster" in determining major programs.
 (B) Included as part of "Special Education Grant Cluster" in determining major programs.
 (C) The Food Distribution Program is a non-cash, in kind, federal grant. Commodities are valued at fair market prices.
 (D) Commigled with state and local revenue from sales of lunches; assumed expenditures were made on a first-in, first-out basis.
 (E) This schedule was prepared on the cash basis of accounting.

TRIMBLE, JULIAN & GRUBE, INC.

"SERVING OHIO LOCAL GOVERNMENTS"

1445 WORTHINGTON WOODS BOULEVARD SUITE B WORTHINGTON, OHIO 43085 TELEPHONE 614.846.1899 FACSIMILE 614.846.2799

Report on Compliance and on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting Based on an Audit of General Purpose Financial Statements Performed in Accordance With *Government Auditing Standards*

Board of Education Berlin-Milan Local School District 140 South Main Street Milan, Ohio 44846-9770

We have audited the general purpose financial statements of Berlin-Milan Local School District as of and for the year ended June 30, 2002, and have issued our report thereon dated December 5, 2002. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Compliance

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Berlin-Milan Local School District's general purpose financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grants, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of general purpose financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Board of Education Berlin-Milan Local School District

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered Berlin-Milan Local School District's internal control over financial reporting in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the general purpose financial statements and not to provide assurance on the internal control over financial reporting. Our consideration of the internal control over financial reporting would not necessarily disclose all matters in the internal control over financial reporting that might be material weaknesses. A material weakness is a condition in which the design or operation of one or more of the internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that misstatements in amounts that would be material in relation to the financial statements being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions. We noted no matters involving the internal control over financial reporting and its operation that we consider to be material weaknesses.

This report is intended for the information and use of the management and Board of Education of the Berlin-Milan Local School District and federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Trimble, Julian & Grube, Inc. December 5, 2002

TRIMBLE, JULIAN & GRUBE, INC.

"SERVING OHIO LOCAL GOVERNMENTS"

1445 WORTHINGTON WOODS BOULEVARD SUITE B WORTHINGTON, OHIO 43085 TELEPHONE 614.846.1899 FACSIMILE 614.846.2799

Report on Compliance With Requirements Applicable to Its Major Federal Program and on Internal Control Over Compliance in Accordance With *OMB Circular A-133*

Board of Education Berlin-Milan Local School District 140 South Main Street Milan, Ohio 44846-9770

Compliance

We have audited the compliance of Berlin-Milan Local School District with the types of compliance requirements described in the *U. S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Circular A-133, Compliance Supplement* that are applicable to its major federal program for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2002. Berlin-Milan Local School District's major federal program is identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings. Compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts and grants applicable to its major federal program is the responsibility of Berlin-Milan Local School District's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on Berlin-Milan Local School District's compliance based on our audit.

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and *OMB Circular* A-133, *Audit of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. Those standards and *OMB Circular* A-133 require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance occurred with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about Berlin-Milan Local School District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our audit does not provide a legal determination on Berlin-Milan Local School District's compliance with those requirements.

Board of Education Berlin-Milan Local School District

In our opinion, Berlin-Milan Local School District complied, in all material respects, with the requirements referred to above that are applicable to its major federal program for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2002.

<u>Internal Control Over Compliance</u>

The management of Berlin-Milan Local School District is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with requirements of laws, regulations, contracts and grants applicable to federal programs. In planning and performing our audit, we considered Berlin-Milan Local School District's internal control over compliance with requirements that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on compliance and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with *OMB Circular A-133*.

Our consideration of the internal control over compliance would not necessarily disclose all matters in the internal control that might be material weaknesses. A material weakness is a condition in which the design or operation of one or more of the internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that noncompliance with applicable requirements of laws, regulations, contracts and grants that would be material in relation to a major federal program being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions. We noted no matters involving the internal control over compliance and its operations that we consider to be material weaknesses.

This report is intended for the information and use of management, the Board of Education of Berlin-Milan Local School District, federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Trimble, Julian & Grube, Inc. December 5, 2002

BERLIN-MILAN LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT ERIE COUNTY JUNE 30, 2002

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS OMB CIRCULAR A-133 § .505

	1. SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS				
(d)(1)(i)	Type of Financial Statement Opinion	Unqualified			
(d)(1)(ii)	Were there any material control weakness conditions reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No			
(d)(1)(ii)	Were there any other reportable control weakness conditions reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No			
(d)(1)(iii)	Was there any reported non- compliance at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No			
(d)(1)(iv)	Were there any material internal control weakness conditions reported for major federal programs?	No			
(d)(1)(iv)	Were there any other reportable internal control weakness conditions reported for major federal programs?	No			
(d)(1)(v)	Type of Major Programs' Compliance Opinion	Unqualified			
(d)(1)(vi)	Are there any reportable findings under § .510?	No			

BERLIN-MILAN LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT ERIE COUNTY JUNE 30, 2002

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS OMB CIRCULAR A-133 § .505

1. SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS (Continued)				
(d)(1)(vii)	Major Program:	Special Education Cluster: Title VI-B; CFDA #84.027 and Special Education Preschool Handicapped: CFDA #84.173		
(d)(1)(viii)	Dollar Threshold: Type A/B Programs	Type A: >\$300,000 Type B: all others		
(d)(1)(ix)	Low Risk Auditee?	Yes		

2. FINDINGS RELATED TO THE GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS

None.

3. FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR FEDERAL AWARDS

None.

BERLIN-MILAN LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT ERIE COUNTY JUNE 30, 2002

SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS OMB CIRCULAR A-133 § .505

Finding	Finding	Fully	Not Corrected, Partially Corrected; Significantly Different Corrective Action Taken; or Finding No Longer Valid; Explain:
<u>Number</u>	<u>Summary</u>	<u>Corrected</u> ?	
2001-BMLSD-001	Ohio Revised Code Section 5705.41 (B)	Yes	Finding No Longer Valid.



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BERLIN MILAN LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT

ERIE COUNTY

CLERK'S CERTIFICATION

This is a true and correct copy of the report which is required to be filed in the Office of the Auditor of State pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in Columbus, Ohio.

CLERK OF THE BUREAU

Susan Babbitt

CERTIFIED JANUARY 30, 2003