# CITY OF HAMILTON! OHIO WASTEWATER SYSTEM

**Financial Statements** 

Year Ended December 31, 2002

With

**Independent Auditors' Report** 



Auditor of State Betty Montgomery

Mayor and Members of Council City of Hamilton! 345 High Street Hamilton, Ohio 45011

We have reviewed the Independent Auditor's Report of the City of Hamilton! Ohio – Wastewater System, Butler County, prepared by Clark, Schaefer, Hackett & Co., for the audit period January 1, 2002 to December 31, 2002. Based upon this review, we have accepted these reports in lieu of the audit required by Section 117.11, Revised Code. The Auditor of State did not audit the accompanying financial statements and, accordingly, we are unable to express, and do not express an opinion on them.

Our review was made in reference to the applicable sections of legislative criteria, as reflected by the Ohio Constitution, and the Revised Code, policies, procedures and guidelines of the Auditor of State, regulations and grant requirements. The City of Hamilton! Ohio – Wastewater System is responsible for compliance with these laws and regulations.

Betty Montgomery

BETTY MONTGOMERY Auditor of State

August 4, 2003

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# CITY OF HAMILTON! OHIO - WASTEWATER SYSTEM

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#### **INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT**

Honorable City Council City of Hamilton! Ohio

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the City of Hamilton! Ohio - Wastewater System, an enterprise fund of the City of Hamilton! Ohio as of and for the year ended December 31, 2002, as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the City of Hamilton!'s management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

As discussed in Note 1, the financial statements present only the Wastewater System and do not purport to, and do not, present fairly the financial position of the City of Hamilton! Ohio as of December 31, 2002, and the changes in its financial position and cash flows, where applicable, for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the City of Hamilton! Ohio - Wastewater System as of December 31, 2002 and the changes in financial position and cash flows thereof for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

As described in Note 1 to the financial statements, the Wastewater System adopted the provisions of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 34, Basic Financial Statements – Management's Discussion and Analysis – For State and Local Governments; Statement No. 37, Basic Financial Statements – and Management's Discussion and Analysis – for State and Local Governments: Omnibus; Statement No. 38, Certain Financial Statement Note Disclosures; and Interpretation No. 6, Recognition and Measurement of Certain Liabilities and Expenditures in Governmental Fund Financial Statements, as of January 1, 2002. This results in a change to the Wastewater System's format and content of the financial statements.

Clark, Scharfer, Hackett & Co.

Cincinnati, Ohio June 16, 2003

#### CITY OF HAMILTON! OHIO – WASTEWATER SYSTEM STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS DECEMBER 31, 2002

ASSETS		
Current assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	5,015,347
Investments		7,167,700
Accounts receivable (less allowance for		
uncollectible accounts of \$965,241)		1,340,549
Interest receivable		100,628
Due from other funds		5,000
Inventory of supplies at cost		1,055
Prepaid expenses	-	96,392
Total current assets		13,726,671
Restricted assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents		3,408,733
Investments		1,327,516
Total restricted assets		4,736,249
Bond issuance costs		270,749
Capital assets:		
Property, plant and equipment		85,229,892
Construction in progress		1,858,720
Accumulated depreciation		(36,959,411)
Total capital assets		50,129,201
Total assets	\$	68,862,870
LIABILITIES		
Current liabilities:		
Accounts payable	\$	399,271
Accrued wages and benefits	Ψ	97,602
Intergovernmental payable		27,287
Accrued interest payable		653,966
Ohio Water Development Authority loans payable - current portion		484,944
Revenue bonds payable - current portion		830,000
Total current liabilities		2,493,070
Non-current liabilities:		
Customer deposits payable		79,929
Compensated absences payable		696,103
Ohio Water Development Authority loans payable		7,227,504
Revenue bonds payable (net of unamortized discounts)		27,173,651
Total noncurrent liabilities		35,177,187
Total liabilities		37,670,257
NET ACCETS		
NET ASSETS		22 125 550
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt Unrestricted		22,125,550 9,067,063
	<u>م</u>	
Total net assets	\$	31,192,613

# CITY OF HAMILTON! OHIO - WASTEWATER FUND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET ASSETS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2002

Operating revenues:	
Charges for services	\$ 12,057,899
Other operating revenues	3,495
Total operating revenues	12,061,394
Operating expenses:	
Personal services	2,222,394
Contractual services	1,761,027
Depreciation	2,265,106
Materials and supplies	359,264
Other operating expenses	1,979,842
Total operating expenses	8,587,633
Operating income	3,473,761
Non-operating revenues (expenses):	
Investment earnings	448,578
Loss on disposal of capital assets	(35,010)
Interest and fiscal charges	(2,200,817)
Total non-operating revenues (expenses)	(1,787,249)
Change in net assets	1,686,512
Net assets - beginning of year	29,506,101
Net assets - end of year	\$ 31,192,613

See notes to financial statements.

### CITY OF HAMILTON! OHIO - WASTEWATER SYSTEM STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2002

Cash flows from operating activities:		
Cash received from customers	5	12,171,854
Cash paid for employee services and benefits		(2,204,488)
Cash paid to suppliers for goods and services		(4,425,928)
Other operating revenues		20,261
Net cash provided by operating activities	-	5,561,699
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities:		
Acquisition and construction of capital assets		(2,374,095)
Principal payment on debt		(1,242,035)
Interest payment on debt		(2,192,890)
Net cash used in capital and related financing activities		(5,809,020)
Cash flows from investing activities:		
Purchase of investments		(8,495,216)
Sale of investments		13,295,549
Interest from investments		537,675
Net cash provided by investing activities		5,338,008
Net change in cash and cash equivalents		5,090,687
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year		3,333,393
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	\$	8,424,080
Reconciliation of operating income to net cash provided by operating activities	3:	
Operating income	\$	3,473,761
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash		
provided by operating activities:		
Depreciation		2,265,106
Changes in assets and liabilities:		
Accounts receivable		116,808
Inventories		152
Prepaid expenses		(16,228)
Accrued wages and benefits		16,103
Intergovernmental payables		14,150
Accounts payable		(46,685)
Compensated absences payable		49,990
Customer deposits		6,106
Due to other funds		(317,564)
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$	5,561,699

See notes to financial statements.

### **CITY OF HAMILTON! OHIO – WASTEWATER SYSTEM**

Notes to Financial Statements Year Ended December 31, 2002

#### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

**Financial Reporting Entity** – The City of Hamilton! Ohio – Wastewater System (Wastewater System) is a utility operating as a separate enterprise fund of the City of Hamilton! Ohio (City). The Wastewater System is controlled by and is dependent on the City's executive and legislative branches. Control by or dependence on the City is determined on the basis of outstanding debt secured by revenues or general obligations of the City, obligation of the City to finance any deficits that may occur, or receipt of subsidies from the City.

*Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Basis of Presentation* – The financial statements are prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as applied to government units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of cash flows. The Wastewater System has elected only to apply Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) pronouncements issued on or before November 30, 1989 that do not conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements.

Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with the Wastewater System's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues are charges to customers for sales and services. Operating expenses include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting these definitions are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

*Income Taxes* – The Wastewater System, which is owned and operated by the City, is exempt from income taxes since it is a division of a municipality.

**Cash and Investments** – Certain Wastewater System cash and investments are held in the City Treasury and pooled for investment management purposes. The portion of these pooled funds owned by the Wastewater System is reported as either cash and cash equivalents or investments, as appropriate. The Wastewater System's investments are stated at fair value. Interest earned on funds invested is distributed on the basis of the relationship of the average monthly balance of all funds, including the Wastewater System. The Wastewater System considers all highly liquid investments with a maturity of three months or less when purchased to be cash and cash equivalents.

*Inventories* – Inventories are stated at the lower of cost or market based on a moving-average cost method.

**Capital Assets** – Expenditures that increase values or extend the useful life of the respective assets are capitalized while the costs of maintenance and repairs are charged to operating expenses. Interest costs related to the construction of property, plant and equipment are capitalized. Depreciation is calculated on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful life of the various classes of assets. The range of useful lives for computing depreciation is 3 to 75 years.

**Bond Discounts and Issuance Costs** – Unamortized bond discounts and issuance costs are amortized on the interest method over the term of the related bonds. Amortization of bond discounts and issuance costs amounted to \$14,513 and \$21,410, respectively, in 2002.

**Compensated Absences** - The Wastewater System follows the provisions of GASB Statement No. 16, "Accounting for Compensated Absences". Vacation and compensatory time benefits are accrued as a liability as the benefits are earned if the employees' rights to receive compensation are attributable to services already rendered and it is probable that the Wastewater System will compensate the employees for the benefits through paid time off or some other means. Sick leave termination benefits are accrued using the vesting method. The liability includes the employees who are currently eligible to receive termination benefits and those employees for whom it is probable that they will become eligible to receive payment in the future. The amount is based on accumulated sick leave and employees' wage rates at year-end.

*Changes in Accounting Principles* – For 2002, the Wastewater System implemented the following:

- GASB Statement No. 34 "Basic Financial Statements and Management's Discussion and Analysis for State and Local Governments."
- GASB Statement No. 37 "Basic Financial Statements and Management's Discussion and Analysis for State and Local Governments: Omnibus."
- GASB Statement No. 38 "Certain Financial Statement Note Disclosure".
- GASB Interpretation No. 6 "Recognition and Measurement of Certain Liabilities and Expenditures in Governmental Fund Financial Statements."

GASB Statements no. 34, 37, and 38 create and amend new basic financial statements and note disclosure for reporting on the Wastewater System's financial activities. These changes had no effect on prior year net assets.

Use of Estimates – The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

#### 2. CASH AND INVESTMENTS

The Wastewater System follows the practice of pooling cash and investments with the City Treasurer except for the cash and investments of certain accounts maintained by trustees. Pooled cash and investments of the Wastewater System totaled \$12,183,047 at December 31, 2002 and consisted of demand deposits, money market funds, U.S. government securities and STAR Ohio.

Star Ohio is an investment pool managed by the State Treasurer's Office, which allows governments within the State to pool their funds for investment purposes. STAR Ohio is not registered with the SEC as an investment company, but does operate in a manner consistent with Rule 2a7 of the Investment Company Act of 1940. Investments in STAR Ohio are valued at STAR Ohio's share price, which is the price the investment could be sold for on December 31, 2002.

**Deposits** – The carrying amount of the Wastewater System's deposits at December 31, 2002 was \$3,201,994 and the bank balance was \$3,330,617. Of the bank balance, \$157,475 was covered by federal depository insurance. The remaining amounts are considered uninsured and uncollateralized as defined by GASB Statement No. 3. However, the State of Ohio has established by statute a collateral pooling system for financial institutions acting as public depositories. Public depositories must pledge qualified securities with fair values greater than the total amount of all public deposits to be secured by the collateral pool. This pooled collateral covers the Wastewater System's uninsured and uncollateralized deposits.

*Investments* – The State of Ohio statutes, Wastewater Revenue Bond indentures, and the City Charter authorize the City to invest in obligations of the U.S. Treasury, agencies, instrumentalities, and repurchase agreements. The Wastewater System's investments are categorized as either (1) insured or registered, or securities held by the City or its agent in the City's name; or (2) uninsured and unregistered, with securities held by the counterparty's trust department or agent in the City's name; or (3) uninsured and unregistered with securities held by the counterparty or its trust department or agent but not in the City's name.

	Fair	Risk
	Value	Category
Pooled investments held by City Treasurer:		
U.S. Government Securities	\$ 7,167,700	Category 1
Investments held in trust:		
U.S. Government Securities	1,327,516	Category 2
Pooled and held by City Treasurer:		
STAR Ohio	5,222,086	Uncategorized
	\$ 13,717,302	

**Reconciliation of Cash, Cash Equivalents and Investments** – The classification of cash, cash equivalents and investments on the financial statements is based on criteria set forth in GASB Statement No. 9. The classification of cash and cash equivalents (deposits) for purposes of this note are based on criteria set forth in GASB Statement No. 3. A reconciliation between GASB Statements No. 9 and No. 3 follows:

	Cash and Cash	
	Equivalents/	
	Deposits	Investments
GASB Statement No. 9	\$ 8,424,080	8,495,216
Investments:		
STAR Ohio	(5,222,086)	5,222,086
GASB Statement No. 3	\$ 3,201,994	13,717,302

### 3. ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE

Receivables at December 31, 2002 consist of the following:

Earned and unbilled consumer accounts	\$ 403,528
Earned and billed consumer accounts	1,901,483
Other	779
Less allowance for uncollectible accounts	 (965,241)
Total	\$ <u>1,340,549</u>

### 4. CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended December 31, 2002 was as follows:

		Beginning Balance	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balance
Capital assets not being	-		<u> </u>		
depreciated:					
Land	\$	6,080,342	7,159	-	6,087,501
Construction in progress		812,938	1,046,849	(1,067)	1,858,720
Subtotal	-	6,893,280	1,054,008	(1,067)	7,946,221
Capital assets being	•	A			
depreciated:					
Buildings and improvements		53,071,694	1,161,113	(58,026)	54,174,781
Machinery and equipment		24,875,067	135,038	(42,495)	24,967,610
Subtotal		77,946,761	1,296,151	(100,521)	79,142,391
Totals at historical cost	•	84,840,041	2,350,159	(101,588)	87,088,612
Less accumulated depreciation:					
Buildings and improvements		27,072,633	1,784,217	-	28,856,850
Machinery and equipment		7,679,471	480,889	(57,799)	8,102,561
Total accumulated depreciation		34,752,104	2,265,106	(57,799)	36,959,411
Capital assets, net	\$	50,087,937	85,053	(43,789)	50,129,201

#### 5. **RESTRICTED ASSETS**

Restricted assets consist of assets whose use has been restricted by bond indenture, City Charter or City Council ordinance for debt service, capital improvements or wastewater rate stabilization. Restrictions and related assets are as follows:

Debt service Construction of capital improvements Reserve for debt service Wastewater rate stabilization	\$ 383,351 36,792 2,315,337 2,000,769
Total	\$ 4,736,249

#### 6. LONG TERM DEBT

Long-term debt consists of Wastewater System Mortgage Revenue Bonds including the 1998 Series, due serially through 2023 with an interest rate of 5.10% and the 1996 Series, due serially through 2021 with interest rates from 4% to 6%. Also, the Wastewater System borrowed from the Ohio Water Development Authority (OWDA) under a loan originating in 1988 with a final maturity in 2013 and an interest rate of 8.48%. Subsequent to December 31, 2002, the OWDA loan was defeased (Note 11).

Debt activity for the year ended December 31, 2002 was as follows:

	Balance			Balance	Due
	January 1,			December	Within
	2002	Additions	Reductions	<u>31, 2002</u>	One Year
1998 Series Bonds	\$ 20,635,000	-	(560,000)	20,075,000	580,000
Less deferred amount					
for issuance discounts	(107,475)	-	(6,722)	(100,753)	-
1996 Series Bonds	8,340,000	-	(235,000)	8,105,000	250,000
Less deferred amount					
for issuance discounts	(83,387)	<u> </u>	(7,791)	(75,596)	<u> </u>
Total bonds	28,784,138		(809,513)	28,003,651	830,000
OWDA Loans	8,159,483		(447,035)	7,712,448	484,944
	\$ <u>36,943,621</u>		(1,256,548)	35,716,099	<u>1,314,944</u>

All property and revenue of the Wastewater System facilities have been pledged as collateral on the indebtness. Under the terms of the revenue bond indenture, the City has agreed to certain covenants including, among other things, maintaining revenue levels and providing for operating expenses and debt service. The Mortgage Revenue Bonds are insured under a municipal bond insurance policy. Under the terms of this policy, the payments of principal and interest are guaranteed by the insurer.

		<b>Principal</b>	Interest	<u>Total</u>
2003	\$	830,000	1,466,255	2,296,255
2004		865,000	1,429,145	2,294,145
2005		905,000	1,389,610	2,294,610
2006		950,000	1,347,315	2,297,315
2007		995,000	1,302,285	2,297,285
2008-2012		5,755,000	5,726,785	11,481,785
2013-2017		7,430,000	4,053,825	11,483,825
2018-2022		8,950,000	1,809,335	10,759,335
2023	_	1,500,000	78,000	1,578,000
Total	\$	28,180,000	18,602,555	46,782,555

Maturities of mortgage revenue bonds at December 31, 2002 are as follows:

A table for future maturities of the OWDA Loan has not been presented because the City defeased this debt in January 2003. See Note 11 for further discussion of this subsequent event.

## 7. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

The City contributes to the Public Employees Retirement System of Ohio (PERS), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. PERS provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost of living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. The authority to establish and amend benefits is provided by state statute per Chapter 145 of the Ohio Revised Code. PERS issues a stand-alone financial report that may be obtained by writing to PERS, 277 East Town Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215-4642.

The Ohio Revised Code provides statutory authority for employee and employer contributions. Plan members, other than law enforcement and public safety employees, are required to contribute 8.5% of their annual covered salary. The City was required to contribute 13.55% of covered payroll for employees. The Wastewater System's required contributions to PERS for the years ended December 31, 2002, 2001, and 2000 were approximately \$230,000, \$206,000 and \$128,000 respectively, equal to the required contributions for each year.

PERS provides postretirement health care coverage to age and service retirees with ten or more years of qualifying Ohio service credit and to primary survivor recipients of such retirees. Health care coverage for disability recipients is available. The health care coverage provided by the retirement system is considered an Other Postemployment Benefit (OPEB) as described in GASB Statement No. 12. A portion of each employer's contribution to PERS is set aside for the funding of postretirement health care based on authority granted by State statute. The 2002 employer contribution rate was 13.55% of covered payroll for employees and 5.0% was the portion that was used to fund health care for the year.

The assumptions and calculations below were based on the System's latest Actuarial Review performed as of December 31, 2001. An entry age normal actuarial cost method of valuation is used in determining the present value of OPEB. The difference between assumed and actual experience (actuarial gains and losses) becomes part of unfunded actuarial accrued liability. All investments are carried at market value. For actuarial valuation purposes, a smoothed market approach is used. Under this approach, assets are adjusted annually to reflect 25% of unrealized market appreciation or depreciation on investment assets. The investment assumption rate for 2001 was 8.00%. An annual increase of 4.00% compounded annually, is the base portion of the individual pay increase assumption. This assumes no change in the number of active employees. Additionally, annual pay increases, over and above the 4.00% base increase, were assumed to range from 0.50% to 6.30%. Health care costs were assumed to increase 4.00% annually.

The OPEB's are advance-funded on an actuarially determined basis. The number of active contributing participants was 402,041. The portion of the Wastewater Systems's contributions that were used to fund postemployment benefits was approximately \$85,000. At December 31, 2001, the actuarial value of the Retirement System's net assets available for OPEB was \$11.6 billion. The actuarially accrued liability and the unfunded actuarial accrued liability, based on the actuarial cost method used, were \$16.4 billion and \$4.8 billion, respectively.

#### 8. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

Various claims and lawsuits are pending against the City involving the Wastewater System. The City believes that the ultimate disposition of such claims and lawsuits will not have a material adverse effect on the financial position of the Wastewater System.

The City entered into a Consent Decree in 1994 in <u>State of Ohio ex. Rel Fisher v. City of</u> <u>Hamilton</u>, Case No. CV88-10-1450 (In the Court of Common Please of Butler County) to address sanitary sewer overflows in the Wastewater System. The City is currently negotiating with the State relative to modification of the 1994 Consent Decree to further address such SSOs. The City plans to deal with the effect and impact of the SSO Remediation in an economic and effective fashion over the next five years. However, the outcome of the negotiations with the State in this regard may have a material impact on the Wastewater System and Fund, including its rates to fund the remediation. The City does not, at this time, have adequate information to estimate the required costs to maintain EPA compliance nor of its effect on the Wastewater System or its rates.

#### 9. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

The Wastewater System purchases electricity from the City's Electric System. Purchases of approximately \$507,000 from the Electric System are included in operating expenses in 2002.

The City allocates the cost of certain administrative services. In addition, the City established internal service funds which provide services to various City departments. Charges to the Wastewater System for these services were approximately \$2,022,000 in 2002 and are included in other operating expenses.

#### 10. RISK MANAGEMENT

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts and liability, damage to and theft of or destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The City maintains comprehensive insurance coverage, for all City departments including the Wastewater System, with private carriers for real property, building contents, vehicle, property and general liability insurance, police professional liability, and public officials errors and omissions insurance. Vehicle policies include liability coverage for bodily injury and property damage. Claim payments have not exceeded coverage in the past three years. There was no decline in the level of coverage from the prior year.

#### 11. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

In 1988, the City entered into a long-term loan arrangement with the Ohio Water Development Authority. The loan provided funding for the acquisition, construction and upgrade of certain assets of the Wastewater System. As a part of the Council authorized Wastewater Rate Mitigation Program, which was a series of pro-active fiscal measures intended to minimize and delay the need for double digit rate increases in the Wastewater System, the 8.48% \$7,712,448 OWDA Loan balance was escrowed to maturity through the purchase of U.S. Government securities with an irrevocable trust agreement with Huntington National Bank. The purchased securities, with the interest earned thereon, are considered sufficient to provide for an insubstance defeasance of the OWDA loan. The escrow was funded with existing cash reserves and the agreement executed in January of 2003.

In January 2003, the City issued \$1,550,000 of bond anticipation notes to provide funding for remediation of sanitary sewer overflow in the wastewater system as well as for construction and acquisition of wastewater system fixed assets.



Honorable City Council City of Hamilton! Ohio

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America the statement of net assets of the City of Hamilton! Ohio - Wastewater System, (Wastewater System) as of December 31, 2002, and the related statements of operations and cash flows for the year then ended, and have issued our report thereon dated June 16, 2003.

In connection with our audit, nothing came to our attention that caused us to believe that the Wastewater System failed to comply with the terms, covenants, provisions or conditions of Sections 5.2, 5.5, 5.6, and 5.14 of the Indenture dated July 1, 1996 and Sections 5.2, 5.5, 5.6, and 5.14 of the Indenture dated January 15, 1998, with U.S. Bank, trustee, insofar as they relate to financial and accounting matters. However, our audit was not directed primarily toward obtaining knowledge of noncompliance with such Sections.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the City Council and management of the City of Hamilton! Ohio, Auditor of State of Ohio, and U.S. Bank and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Clark, Schafer, Hackett & Lo.

Cincinnati, Ohio June 16, 2003

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## **CITY OF HAMILTON - WASTE WATER SYSTEM**

# **BUTLER COUNTY**

## **CLERK'S CERTIFICATION**

This is a true and correct copy of the report which is required to be filed in the Office of the Auditor of State pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in Columbus, Ohio.

Susan Babbett

CLERK OF THE BUREAU

CERTIFIED AUGUST 26, 2003