



CLEVELAND METROPOLITAN PARK DISTRICT CUYAHOGA COUNTY

TABLE OF CONTENTS

PAGE
1
4
9
10
11
12
13
14
15
16
31
32
33
35
37





INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT

Cleveland Metropolitan Park District Cuyahoga County 4101 Fulton Parkway Cleveland. Ohio 44144

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and the major fund for the Cleveland Metropolitan Park District, Cuyahoga County, Ohio (the Park District) as of and for the year ended December 31, 2002, which collectively comprises the Park District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Park District's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and the major fund for the Cleveland Metropolitan Park District, Cuyahoga County, Ohio, as of December 31, 2002, and the respective changes in financial position and the respective budgetary comparison for the General Fund thereof and for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated June 27, 2003 on our consideration of the Park District's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grants. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* and should be read in conjunction with this report in considering the results of our audit.

Cleveland Metropolitan Park District Cuyahoga County Independent Accountants' Report Page 2

Management's Discussion and Analysis is not a required part of the basic financial statements but is supplementary information the Governmental Accounting Standards Board requires. We have applied certain limited procedures, consisting principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the required supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

We conducted our audit to form opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Park District's basic financial statements. The accompanying federal awards expenditure schedule is required by U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*, and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. We subjected the federal awards expenditure schedule to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements. In our opinion, this information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Betty Montgomery Auditor of State

Butty Montgomery

June 27, 2003

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Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended December 31, 2002 Unaudited

The discussion and analysis of the Cleveland Metropolitan Park District's (the "District") financial performance provides an overall review of the District's financial activities for the year ended December 31, 2002. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the District's financial performance as a whole; readers should also review the basic financial statements and notes to enhance their understanding of the District's financial performance.

Financial Highlights

Key Financial Highlights for 2002 are as follows:

- In total, Net Assets increased \$4,140,103 or a 2.63 percent over 2001.
- Total Liabilities increased by \$1,715,976 or 4.18 percent from 2001.
- The District had \$54,448,109 in expenses. Only \$17,989,859 of these expenses were offset by program specific charges for services, operating and capital grants and contributions. General revenues of \$40,598,353 were adequate to provide for these programs.

Using this Annual Financial Report

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements and notes to those statements. These statements are prepared and organized so the reader can understand the District as a financial whole or as an entire operating entity. The statements then proceed to provide an increasingly detailed look at our specific financial conditions.

The Statement of Net Assets and Statement of Activities provide information about the activities of the whole District, presenting both an aggregate view of the District's finances and a longer-term view of those assets. The Statement of Activities shows net (expense) revenue and changes to net assets related to each department of the District. Fund financial statements tell how services were financed in the short-term as well as what dollars remain for future spending.

Reporting on the District as a Whole

Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities

The Statement of Net Assets and Statement of Activities include all assets and liabilities using the accrual basis of accounting similar to the accounting method used by the private sector. The basis for this accounting takes into account all of the current year's revenues and expenses regardless of when the cash was received or paid.

These two statements report the District's net assets and the changes in those net assets. The change in net assets is important because it tells the reader whether, for the District as a whole, the financial position of the District has improved or diminished. However, in evaluating the overall position of the District, non-financial information such as changes in the District's tax base and the condition of the District capital assets will also need to be evaluated.

In the State of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities, all of the District's activities are reported as Governmental Activities.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended December 31, 2002 Unaudited

Reporting on the District's Most Significant Fund

Governmental Fund

The presentation for the District's only fund, the general fund, focuses on how resources flow into and out of it and the balance that is left at year end and available for spending in future periods. The general fund is reported using modified accrual accounting which measures cash and all other financial assets that are expected to be readily converted to cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the District's general operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future on services provided to our District users. The relationship (or differences) between governmental activities (reported on the Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities) and the general fund is reconciled in the financial statements.

The Cleveland Metropolitan Park District as a Whole

Recall that the Statement of Net Assets looks at the District as a whole. Table 1 provides a summary of the District's net assets for 2002 compared to 2001.

Table 1 Net Assets

	2002	2001
Assets		
Current and Other Assets	\$67,580,068	\$69,012,986
Capital Assets, Net	136,522,063	129,233,066
Total Assets	204,102,131	198,246,052
Liabilities		
Current and Other Liabilities	38,342,845	36,781,686
Long-Term Liabilities:		
Due Within One Year	814,834	602,885
Due In More Than One Year	3,641,114	3,698,246
Total Liabilities	42,798,793	41,082,817
Net Assets		
Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt	136,522,063	129,233,066
Unrestricted	24,781,275	27,930,169
Total Net Assets	\$161,303,338	\$157,163,235

The \$5,856,079 increase in assets is primarily attributed to the increase in capital assets (see Table 3). Cash and cash equivalents decreased by \$1,745,577 for 2002.

Liabilities increased by \$1,715,976 from 2001, primarily due to increased accounts payable and intergovernmental payable reported in 2002 compared to 2001.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended December 31, 2002 Unaudited

Table 2 shows the changes in net assets for the year ended December 31, 2002.

Table 2
Changes in Net Assets

	2002	2001
Revenues		
Program Revenues		
Charges for Services	\$12,792,204	\$12,974,164
Operating Grants and Contributions	587,846	981,443
Capital Grants and Contributions	4,609,809	718,401
Total Progam Revenues	17,989,859	14,674,008
General Revenues		
Property Taxes	38,438,812	33,330,772
Grants and Entitlements	1,058,118	5,919,507
Investment Earnings	609,781	1,483,767
Miscellaneous	491,642	90,035
Total General Revenues	40,598,353	40,824,081
Total Revenues	58,588,212	55,498,089
Program Expenses		
Park Operations	18,493,101	15,143,220
Zoo Operations	15,473,133	15,148,816
Golf Course	5,629,745	5,523,519
Ranger Department	5,817,287	5,617,461
Administration	9,034,843	7,801,838
Total Program Expenses	54,448,109	49,234,854
Increase in Net Assets	\$4,140,103	\$6,263,235

Several revenue sources fund our District. Property tax is the biggest contributor, accounting for 65.6 percent of gross revenue. The property tax of 1.5 mills was voted on by the citizenry of Cuyahoga County and Hinckley Township of Medina County in November of 1995. This levy is scheduled to continue through 2005 and will experience only modest increases related to new property construction within the taxing district. One of the main increases in expenditures was due to over \$2.5 million in capital project rehabilitation projects. An unforeseen cost of \$1.5 million was needed for a retaining wall for the Rock Cliff Road all purpose trail.

The District has maintained a philosophy to strive for self-sufficiency in the areas dedicated to recreation. As a result of this, charges for services accounted for \$12,792,204, which is 21.83 percent of gross revenue.

The expense of park operations, including outdoor education, represented 33.96 percent of our total program expenses. Maintenance of the fourteen park reservations, connecting roads and trails represent a significant part of this expense.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended December 31, 2002 Unaudited

Zoo operations amounted to \$15,473,133 of the total program expenses or 28.42 percent of program expenses.

Golf course operations amounted to \$5,629,745 of the total program expenses of the District, or 10.34 percent.

The ranger department continues to monitor and provide safety for District visitors and facilities. The ranger department accounts for \$5,817,287 of the total program expenses or 10.68 percent of the total.

The District's Fund

Information about the District's governmental fund begins on page 11. This fund is accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting. The District had Governmental revenues of \$58,524,863 and expenditures of \$61,589,525.

Budgeting Highlights

The District's budget is prepared according to Ohio law and is based on accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements, and encumbrances.

During the course of 2002, the District amended its general fund budget. All recommendations for a budget change come from the District Treasurer of the Board of Park Commissioners for resolution enactment on the change. The general fund is monitored closely looking for possible revenue shortfalls or over spending by individual departments.

Original budgeted revenues for the general fund were \$55,730,678; final budget amount was \$57,670,324 and the actual revenue was \$58,809,839. The major factors contributing to the increase of actual revenues over budgeted revenues were increased revenues in zoo receipts, park receipts and property taxes.

Capital Assets

Table 3
Capital Assets at December 31
(Net of Depreciation)

	2002	2001
Land	\$24,339,828	\$22,331,973
Construction in Progress	5,223,685	4,015,071
Buildings	62,332,431	61,542,203
Machinery and Equipment	6,151,459	6,042,842
Vehicles	3,244,103	3,163,738
Infrastructure		
Bridges	13,520,886	13,598,807
Fords	1,614,935	1,596,913
Roads	6,523,237	6,127,800
All Purpose Trails	10,825,732	7,969,995
Golf Course Cart Paths	437,231	352,163
Other Paved Areas	2,308,536	2,491,561
Totals	\$136,522,063	\$129,233,066

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended December 31, 2002 Unaudited

The \$7,288,997 increase in capital assets was attributable to additional construction projects and park road projects. During 2002, various significant park and zoo rehabilitation projects were completed. Some of these include: the Bedford Park Management Center, the Mill Creek Falls Trail Extension, restoration of the Rockcliffe Retaining Wall, Trail and Road, the second phase of the all-purpose trail at Canal Park Management, upgrades to the pump house and irrigation system at Manakiki Golf Course, improvement to the fire alarms and electric system throughout the Zoo, refurbishing of the RainForest (specifically the Tapir exhibit). In addition, new construction commenced to the Zoo Animal Hospital, the Park Operations and Ranger Headquarter buildings and renovation to the Garfield Nature Center. Other various projects include road paving, crack sealing, trail extensions, tee and green enhancements, installation of romtech toilets and bridge rehabilitation throughout the entire District. See Note 8 to the basic financial statements for additional information on capital assets.

Current Financial Related Activities

Long and short-term goals. The revenues and expenditures within the budget are directed to achieve the District's mission. The budget addresses the five critical issues outlined in District Strategic Plan 2000 and helps support the initiatives narrated in the Zoo Master Plan. The budget supports specific departmental work programs and verifies to the public that the District has been debt-free, with no capital obligations or unfunded liabilities.

Performance tools and response to change. The annual financial report provides measurement tools to judge the financial performance of each department, as well as the District as an agency.

Non-tax funds. Non-tax funds coming to the District are attributable to initiatives of District personnel and generosity of other organizations. The continuing effort toward self-sufficiency of District golf courses, Zoo, The Chalet, Aquatics, and other program operations is by the continuing success of earned revenue from these enterprises that provide the Zoo's commitment toward "self-sufficiency", which reached 45.9 percent in 2002.

Contacting the Park District's Treasurer's Office

This financial report is designed to provide our citizenry with the general overview of the District's finances and show the District's accountability for all money it receives, spends or invests. If you have any questions about this report or need financial information, contact Robert L. Miller, Treasurer, Cleveland Metropolitan Park District, 4101 Fulton Parkway, Cleveland, Ohio 44144.

Statement of Net Assets December 31, 2002

	Governmental
	Activities
Assets	007.777. 076
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$25,575,056
Cash and Cash Equivalents	400 (00
With Fiscal Agents	199,628
Accounts Receivable	25,952
Accrued Interest Receivable	43,283
Intergovernmental Receivable	2,849,232
Taxes Receivable	37,971,388
Prepaid Items	72,842
Materials and Supplies Inventory	842,687
Nondepreciable Capital Assets	29,563,513
Depreciable Capital Assets, Net	106,958,550
Total Assets	204,102,131
X 1 1 111.4	
Liabilities	
Accounts Payable	852,321
Contracts Payable	748,823
Accrued Wages	1,226,071
Matured Compensated Absences Payable	51,107
Retainage Payable	199,628
Intergovernmental Payable	312,089
Deferred Revenue	34,952,806
Long-Term Liabilities:	
Due Within One Year	814,834
Due Within More Than One Year	3,641,114
Total Liabilities	42,798,793
Net Assets	
	126 502 062
Invested in Capital Assets	136,522,063
Unrestricted	24,781,275
Total Net Assets	\$161,303,338

Statement of Activities
For the Year Ended December 31, 2002

			Program Revenues		Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Assets
		CI C	0	0 110	C 1
	Expenses	Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions	Governmental Activities
Governmental Activities	Expenses	Services	and Contributions	and Contributions	Activities
Park Operations	\$18,493,101	\$1,135,156	\$96,159	\$3,859,809	(\$13,401,977)
Zoo Operations	15,473,133	6,144,773	219,174	750,000	(8,359,186)
Golf Course	5,629,745	5,410,352	0	0	(219,393)
Ranger Department	5,817,287	101,923	69,340	0	(5,646,024)
Administration	9,034,843	0	203,173	0	(8,831,670)
Total Governmental Activities	\$54,448,109	\$12,792,204	\$587,846	\$4,609,809	(36,458,250)
			I to Specific Programs	ı	38,438,812 1,058,118
	Investment Earnings				609,781
	Miscellaneous				491,642
	Total General Revenues			40,598,353	
	Change in Net Asset	S			4,140,103
	Net Assets Beginning	g of Year - (Resta	ted See Note 3)		157,163,235
	Net Assets End of Ye	ear			\$161,303,338

Balance Sheet Governmental Fund December 31, 2002

	General Fund
Assets	
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$25,575,056
Cash and Cash Equivalents	
With Fiscal Agents	199,628
Taxes Receivable	37,971,388
Accounts Receivable	25,952
Accrued Interest Receivable	43,283
Intergovernmental Receivable	2,849,232
Prepaid Items	72,842
Materials and Supplies	
Inventory	842,687
Total Assets	\$67,580,068
Liabilities and Fund Balances	
Liabilities	
Accounts Payable	\$852,321
Contracts Payable	748,823
Accrued Wages	1,226,071
Matured Compensated Absences Payable	51,107
Retainage Payable	199,628
Intergovernmental Payable	312,089
Deferred Revenue	40,435,164
Total Liabilities	43,825,203
Fund Balance:	
Reserved for Encumbrances	7,277,708
Reserved for Inventory	842,687
Unreserved, Undesignated	15,634,470
Total Fund Balance	23,754,865
Total Liabilities and Fund Balance	\$67,580,068

Reconciliation of Governmental Fund Balance to Net Assets of Governmental Activities December 31, 2002

Total Governmental Fund Balance

\$23,754,865

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets are different because

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore not reported in the fund.

136,522,063

Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and therefore are deferred in the fund:

Intergovernmental2,463,776Delinquent Property Taxes3,018,582

Total 5,482,358

Long-term liabilities, such as compensated absences, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not included in the fund.

(4,455,948)

Net Assets of Governmental Activities

\$161,303,338

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Governmental Fund

For the Year Ended December 31, 2002

	General
	General Fund
Revenues	Tund
Property Taxes	\$37,903,365
Intergovernmental	5,407,366
Donations and Sponsors	1,320,505
Interest	609,781
Golf Receipts	5,410,352
Zoo Receipts	6,144,773
Park Receipts	1,135,156
Damages and Fines	101,923
Miscellaneous	491,642
Total Revenues	58,524,863
Expenditures	
Current:	
Park Operations	15,926,370
Zoo Operations	13,771,816
Golf Course	5,068,011
Ranger Department	5,700,722
Administration	8,632,429
Capital Outlay	12,490,177
Total Expenditures	61,589,525
Net Change in Fund Balance	(3,064,662)
Fund Balance Beginning of Year	26,812,291
Increase in Reserve for Inventory	7,236
Fund Balance End of Year	\$23,754,865

Reconciliation of the Changes in Fund Balance of Governmental Fund to the Statement of Activities For the Year Ended December 31, 2002

Net Change in Fund Balance - Total Governmental Funds

(\$3,064,662)

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because

Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlays exceeded depreciation in the current period.

Fixed Asset Additions 12,521,911 Current Year Depreciation (5,085,136)

Total 7,436,775

Governmental funds only report the disposal of assets to the extent proceeds are received from the sale. In the statement of activities, a loss is reported for each disposal.

(147,778)

Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.

Intergovernmental (472,098)
Delinquent Property Taxes 535,447

Total 63,349

Some expenses reported in the statement of activities, such as compensated absences, do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.

Compensated Absences (154,817) Change in Inventory 7,236

Total (147,581)

Change in Net Assets \$4,140,103

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual General Fund For the Year Ended December 31, 2002

	Budgeted	Amounts		Variance with Final Budget
	Original	Final	Actual	Favorable (Unfavorable)
Revenues				
Property Taxes	\$35,948,839	\$37,200,000	\$37,903,365	\$703,365
Intergovernmental	5,257,122	5,305,150	5,343,480	38,330
Donations and Sponsors	1,481,436	1,667,936	1,448,353	(219,583)
Interest	434,865	450,000	792,885	342,885
Golf Receipts	5,525,908	5,718,231	5,413,483	(304,748)
Zoo Receipts	5,785,208	5,986,556	6,182,259	195,703
Park Receipts	951,453	984,567	1,134,900	150,333
Damages and Fines	80,208	83,000	89,863	6,863
Miscellaneous	265,639	274,884	501,251	226,367
Total Revenues	55,730,678	57,670,324	58,809,839	1,139,515
Expenditures				
Current:				
Park Operations	15,851,650	16,962,269	15,483,686	1,478,583
Zoo Operations	12,739,464	13,632,033	13,632,033	0
Golf Course	4,950,487	5,297,334	5,185,666	111,668
Ranger Department	5,611,648	6,004,819	5,767,648	237,171
Administration	9,051,079	9,794,431	9,221,034	573,397
Capital Outlay	21,659,983	23,177,553	19,975,740	3,201,813
Total Expenditures	69,864,311	74,868,439	69,265,807	5,602,632
Net Change in Fund Balance	(14,133,633)	(17,198,115)	(10,455,968)	6,742,147
Fund Balances Beginning of Year	23,049,156	23,049,156	23,049,156	0
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated	4,351,344	4,351,344	4,351,344	0
Fund Balances End of Year	\$13,266,867	\$10,202,385	\$16,944,532	\$6,742,147

Notes To The Basic Financial Statements For The Year Ended December 31, 2002

Note 1 - Reporting Entity and Basis of Presentation

The Cleveland Metropolitan Park District (the District) is a body politic established on July 23, 1917, by the Cuyahoga County Probate Court, under the authority of Section 1545.01, Ohio Revised Code.

The District's governing body is a three member Board of Park Commissioners (the Commissioners), who are appointed to three year terms by the Cuyahoga County Probate Court. Cuyahoga County cannot directly impose its will on the District; therefore, the District is a related organization of Cuyahoga County.

The District is dedicated to the conservation of natural resources and wildlife, while providing various recreational facilities and services which are to be enjoyed by the public. These activities are directly controlled by the Commissioners through the budgetary process and are included within this report.

In evaluating how to define the District for financial reporting purposes, management has considered all agencies, departments and organizations making up the Cleveland Metropolitan Park District and its potential component units consistent with Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 14, "The Financial Reporting Entity."

Component units are legally separate organizations for which the District is financially accountable. The District is financially accountable for an organization if the District appoints a voting majority of the organization's governing board and (1) the District is able to significantly influence the programs or services performed or provided by the organization; or (2) the District is legally entitled to or can otherwise access the organization's resources; the District is legally obligated or has otherwise assumed the responsibility to finance deficits of or provide financial support to the organization or the District is obligated for the debt of the organization. Component units may also include organizations that are fiscally dependent on the District in that the District approves the budget, the issuance of debt, or the levying of taxes. Currently, the District has no component units.

Note 2 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The financial statements of the District have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to local governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial principles. The District also applies FASB statements and interpretations issued on or before November 30, 1989 to its governmental activities, provided they don't conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements.

A. Basis of Presentation

The District's basic financial statements consist of government-wide statements, including a statement of net assets and a statement of activities, and fund financial statements which provide a more detailed level of financial information.

Government-wide Financial Statements

The statement of net assets and the statement of activities display information about the District as a whole.

Notes To The Basic Financial Statements For The Year Ended December 31, 2002

The statement of net assets presents the financial condition of the governmental activities of the District at year-end. The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each program or function of the District's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program or department and therefore clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipient of the goods or services offered by the program, grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program and interest earned on grants that is required to be used to support a particular program. Revenues which are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues of the District, with certain limited exceptions. The comparison of direct expenses with program revenues identifies the extent to which each governmental program is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the District.

Fund Financial Statements

During the year, the District accounts for its financial activities in a single governmental fund. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self balancing set of accounts. Governmental funds are those through which most governmental functions are financed. Governmental fund reporting focuses on the sources, uses and balances of current financial resources. The difference between governmental fund assets and liabilities is reported as fund balance. The District's only governmental fund is the general fund which accounts for all financial resources. The general fund balance is available to the District for any purpose provided it is expended according to the general laws of Ohio.

B. Measurement Focus

Government-wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are prepared using a flow of economic resources measurement focus. All assets and all liabilities associated with the operation of the District are included on the statement of net assets. The statement of activities presents increases (i.e., revenues) and decreases (i.e., expenses) in total net assets.

Fund Financial Statements

The general fund is accounted for using a flow of current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities generally are included on the balance sheet. The statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balance reports on the sources (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and uses (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) of current financial resources. This approach differs from the manner in which the governmental activities of the government-wide financial statements are prepared. Governmental fund financial statements therefore include a reconciliation with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide statements and the statements for the general fund.

C. Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting determines when transactions are recorded in the financial records and reported on the financial statements. Government-wide financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. The General fund uses the modified accrual basis of accounting. Differences in the accrual and modified accrual basis of accounting arise in the recognition of revenue, the recording of deferred revenue and in the presentation of expenses versus expenditures.

Notes To The Basic Financial Statements For The Year Ended December 31, 2002

Revenues - Exchange and Nonexchange Transactions

Revenue resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, is recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On a modified accrual basis, revenue is recorded in the year in which the resources are measurable and become available. Available means that the resources will be collected within the current year or are expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current year. For the District, available means expected to be received within sixty days of year-end.

Nonexchange transactions, in which the District receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include property taxes, grants, entitlements and donations. Revenue from property taxes is recognized in the year for which the taxes are levied (See Note 6). Revenue from grants, entitlements and donations is recognized in the year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are required to be used or the year when use is first permitted, matching requirements, in which the District must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose, and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the District on a reimbursement basis. On the modified accrual basis, revenue from nonexchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized.

Under the modified accrual basis, the following revenue sources are considered to be both measurable and available at year-end: state-levied locally shared taxes, damages and fines, interest, grants and rentals.

Deferred Revenue

Deferred revenue arises when assets are recognized before revenue recognition criteria have been satisfied.

Property taxes for which there is an enforceable legal claim as of December 31, 2002, but which were levied to finance year 2003 operations, have been recorded as deferred revenue. Grants and entitlements received before the eligibility requirements are met are also recorded as deferred revenue.

On governmental fund financial statements, receivables that will not be collected within the available period have also been reported as deferred revenue.

Expenses/Expenditures

The measurement focus of governmental fund accounting is on decreases in net financial resources (expenditures) rather than expenses. Expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred, if measurable. Allocations of cost, such as depreciation and amortization, are not recognized in governmental funds.

D. Cash and Cash Equivalents

The District utilizes a fiscal agent to hold retainage on construction contracts. The balances of these accounts are presented on the combined balance sheet as "cash and cash equivalents with fiscal agents".

During 2002 the District's investments were limited to certificates of deposit, repurchase agreements, Federal National Mortgage Association Notes and STAROhio.

Nonparticipating investment contracts such as repurchase agreements and nonnegotiable certificates of deposit are reported at cost.

Notes To The Basic Financial Statements For The Year Ended December 31, 2002

STAROhio is an investment pool managed by the State Treasurer's Office. STAROhio allows governments within the State to pool their funds for investment purposes. STAROhio is not registered with the SEC as an investment company, but does operate in a manner consistent with Rule 2a7 of the Investment Company Act of 1940. Investments in STAROhio are valued at STAROhio's share price which is the price the investment could be sold for on December 31, 2002.

Investment procedures are restricted by the provisions of the Ohio Revised Code. Interest revenue credited to the general fund during 2002 amounted to \$609,781.

Investments with an original maturity of three months or less at the time of purchase are presented on the financial statements as cash equivalents.

E. Inventory

On government-wide financial statements, inventories are presented at the lower of cost or market on a first-in, first-out basis and are expensed when used.

On fund financial statements, inventories of governmental funds are stated at cost. Cost is determined on a first-in, first-out basis. The cost of inventory items is recorded as an expenditure in the general fund when purchased.

F. Prepaid Items

Payments made to vendors for services that will benefit periods beyond December 31, 2002, are recorded as prepaid items using the consumption method by recording a current asset for the prepaid amount at the time of purchase and reflecting the expenditure/expense in the year in which the services are consumed.

G. Capital Assets

The District's only capital assets are general capital assets. General capital assets are capital assets which are associated with and generally arise from governmental activities. They generally result from expenditures in the governmental funds. General capital assets are reported in the governmental activities column of the government-wide statement of net assets but are not reported in the financial statements of the general fund.

All capital assets, except for the District's collection of zoo animals, are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost) and updated for additions and retirements during the year. Donated fixed assets are recorded at their fair market values as of the date received. The capitalization thresholds for the District's capital assets are as follows:

Land	All
Construction in Progress	All
Buildings	\$50,000
Machinery and Equipment	1,000
Vehicles	1,000
Infrastructure	All

Improvements are capitalized; the costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an asset's life are not.

Notes To The Basic Financial Statements For The Year Ended December 31, 2002

The District's infrastructure consists of bridges, fords, dams, roads, all purpose trails, golf course cart paths and other paved areas.

All capital assets are depreciated except for land and construction in progress. Improvements are depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets. Useful lives for infrastructure were estimated based on the District's historical records of necessary improvements and replacement. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

	Governmental Activities	
Description	Estimated Lives	
Land	N/A	
Buildings and Improvements	40 years	
Equipment	10 years	
Vehicles	7 years	
Infrastructure	20-40 years	

H. Accrued Liabilities and Long-Term Obligations

All payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations are reported in the government-wide financial statements.

In general, governmental fund payables and accrued liabilities that, once incurred, are paid in a timely manner and in full from current financial resources are reported as obligations of the fund. However, compensated absences are reported as a liability in the fund financial statements only to the extent payments come due each period upon the occurrence of employee resignations and retirements.

I. Compensated Absences

Vacation benefits are accrued as a liability as the benefits are earned if the employees' rights to receive compensation are attributable to services already rendered and it is probable that the employer will compensate the employees for the benefits through paid time off or some other means. The District records a liability for all accumulated unused vacation time when earned for all employees with more than one year of service.

Sick leave benefits are accrued as a liability using the termination method. An accrual for earned sick leave is made to the extent that it is probable that the benefits will result in termination payments. The liability is based upon the District's past experience of making termination payments.

J. Fund Balance Reserves

The District reserves those portions of fund balance which are legally segregated for a specific future use or which do not represent expendable resources and therefore are not available for appropriation or expenditure. Fund balance reserves have been established for encumbrances and inventories.

K. Net Assets

Net assets represent the difference between assets and liabilities. Net assets invested in capital assets consist of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation.

Notes To The Basic Financial Statements For The Year Ended December 31, 2002

L. Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

M. Budgetary Process

The general fund is legally required to be budgeted and appropriated. The major documents prepared are the tax budget, the certificate of estimated resources, and the appropriations resolution, all of which are prepared on the budgetary basis of accounting. The tax budget demonstrates a need for existing or increased tax rates. The certificate of estimated resources establishes a limit on the amount the Commissioners may appropriate. The appropriations resolution is the Commissioner's authorization to spend resources and sets annual limits on expenditures plus encumbrances at the level of control selected by the Commissioners. The legal level of control has been established by the Commissioners at the object level within each department. Any budgetary modifications at this level may only be made by resolution of the Commissioners.

The certificate of estimated resources may be amended during the year if projected increases or decreases in revenue are identified by the Treasurer. The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts on the budgetary statements reflect the amounts on the certificate of estimated resources when the original appropriations were adopted. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts on the budgetary statements reflect the amounts on the amended certificate of estimated resources in effect at the time the final appropriations were passed. The appropriation resolution is subject to amendment throughout the year with the restriction that appropriations cannot exceed estimated resources. The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts reflect the first appropriation resolution for that fund that covered the entire year, including amounts automatically carried forward from prior years. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts represent the final appropriation amounts passed by the Commissioners during the year.

Note 3 – Restatement of Net Assets

During fiscal year 2001 it was determined that capital assets were overstated by \$81,477 at December 31, 2001. The restatement resulted in a change in net assets from \$157,244,712 to \$157,163,235.

Note 4 - Budgetary Basis of Accounting

While reporting financial position, results of operations, and changes in fund balance on the basis of generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP basis), the budgetary basis as provided by law is based upon accounting for transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements and encumbrances. The Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual, general fund, is presented on the budgetary basis to provide a meaningful comparison of actual results with the budget and to demonstrate compliance with State statute. The major differences between the budget basis and the GAAP basis (generally accepted accounting principles) are:

1. Revenues are recorded when received in cash (budget) as opposed to when susceptible to accrual (GAAP).

Notes To The Basic Financial Statements For The Year Ended December 31, 2002

- 2. Expenditures are recorded when paid in cash (budget) as opposed to when the liability is incurred (GAAP).
- 3. Encumbrances are treated as expenditures (budget) rather than as a reservation of fund balance (GAAP).
- 4. Unrecorded expenditures and cash represent amounts expended or received but not included as expenditures or revenues on the budget basis operating statements. These amounts are included as expenditures and revenues on the GAAP basis operating statements.

The following table summarizes the adjustments necessary to reconcile the GAAP basis statement to the budgetary basis statement for the general fund.

Net Change in Fund Balance

GAAP Basis	(\$3,064,662)
Net Adjustment for Rev. Accruals	284,976
Net Adjustment for Expenditure Accruals	1,062,129
Encumbrances	(8,738,411)
Budget Basis	(\$10,455,968)

Note 5 - Deposits and Investments

State statutes classify monies held by the District into three categories.

Active deposits are public deposits necessary to meet current demands on the treasury. Such monies must be maintained either as cash in the District treasury, in commercial accounts payable or withdrawable on demand, including negotiable order of withdrawal (NOW) accounts, or in money market deposit accounts.

Inactive deposits are public deposits that the Board of Park Commissioners has identified as not required for use within the current five year period of designation of depositories. Inactive deposits must either be evidenced by certificates of deposit maturing not later than the end of the current period of designation of depositories, or by savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts.

Interim deposits are deposits of interim monies. Interim monies are those monies which are not needed for immediate use but which will be needed before the end of the current period of designation of depositories. Interim deposits must be evidenced by time certificates of deposit maturing not more than one year from the date of deposit or by savings or deposit accounts including passbook accounts.

Protection of the District's deposits is provided by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation, by eligible securities pledged by the financial institution as security for repayment, by surety company bonds deposited with the Treasurer by the financial institution or by a single collateral pool established by the financial institution to secure the repayment of all public monies deposited with the institution. Interim monies may be deposited or invested in the following securities:

Notes To The Basic Financial Statements For The Year Ended December 31, 2002

- 1. Bonds, notes, or other obligations of or guaranteed by the United States, or those for which the faith of the United States is pledged for the payment of principal and interest;
- 2. Bonds, notes, debentures, or other obligations or securities issued by any federal government agency or instrumentality;
- 3. Written repurchase agreements for a period not to exceed thirty days in securities listed above that mature within five years from the date of purchase;
- 4. Bonds and other obligations of the State of Ohio;
- 5. No load market mutual funds consisting exclusively of obligations described in division (1) or (2) of this section and repurchase agreements secured by such obligations, provided that investments in securities described in this division are made only through eligible institutions, and;
- 6. The State Treasurer's investment pool (STAROhio).

Investments in stripped principal or interest obligations, reverse repurchase agreements and derivatives are prohibited. The issuance of taxable notes for the purpose of arbitrage, the use of leverage and short selling are also prohibited. An investment must mature within five years from the date of purchase unless matched to a specific obligation or debt of the District, and must be purchased with the expectation that it will be held to maturity.

The following information classifies deposits and investments by categories as defined in GASB Statement 3 "Deposits with Financial Institutions, Investments (including Repurchase Agreements), and Reverse Repurchase Agreements."

Deposits At year-end, the carrying amount of the District's deposits was \$8,403,503 and the bank balance was \$8,749,971. Of the bank balance, \$600,000 was covered by federal depository insurance and \$8,149,971 was uncollateralized and uninsured. Although the securities were held by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent in the District's name and all State statutory requirements for the investment of money had been followed, noncompliance with federal requirements could potentially subject the District to a successful claim by the FDIC.

Investments Investments are classified under the guidelines of GASB Statement No. 3 into three categories. Category 1 includes investments that are insured or registered or are held by the District or its agent in the District's name. Category 2 includes uninsured and unregistered investments which are held by the counterparty's trust department or agent in the District's name. Category 3 includes uninsured and unregistered investments which are held by the counterparty, or by its trust department or agent but not in the District's name. STAROhio is an unclassified investment since it is not evidenced by securities that exist in physical or book entry form.

Notes To The Basic Financial Statements For The Year Ended December 31, 2002

	Category 3	Carrying Value	Fair Value
Repurchase Agreements	\$11,915,993	\$11,915,993	\$11,915,993
STAROhio	0	5,455,188	5,455,188
Total Investments	\$11,915,993	\$17,371,181	\$17,371,181

The classification of cash and cash equivalents and investments on the combined financial statements is based on criteria set forth in GASB Statement No. 9, "Reporting Cash Flows of Proprietary and Nonexpendable Trust Funds and Governmental Entities That Use Proprietary Fund Accounting."

A reconciliation between the classification of cash and cash equivalents and investments on the combined financial statements and the classification of deposits and investments presented above per GASB Statement No. 3 is as follows:

	Cash and Cash		
	Equivalents/Deposits	Investments	
GASB Statement No. 9	\$25,774,684	\$0	
Repurchase Agreement	(11,915,993)	11,915,993	
STAROhio	(5,455,188)	5,455,188	
GASB Statement No. 3	\$8,403,503	\$17,371,181	

Note 6 - Property Taxes

Property taxes include amounts levied against all real, public utility and tangible personal property located in Cuyahoga County and Districts 16 and 17 in Medina County. Property tax revenue received during 2002 for real and public property taxes represents collections of 2001 taxes. Property tax payments received during 2002 for tangible personal property (other than public utility property) are for 2002 taxes.

2002 real property taxes are levied after October 1, 2002 on the assessed value as of January 1, 2002 the lien date. Assessed values are established by State law at 35 percent of appraised market value. 2002 real property taxes are collected in and intended to finance 2003.

Public utility tangible personal property currently is assessed at varying percentages of true value; public utility real property is assessed at 35 percent of true value. 2002 public utility property taxes which became a lien December 31, 2001, are levied after October 1, 2002, and are collected in 2003 with real property taxes.

2002 tangible personal property taxes are levied after October 1, 2001, on the value as of December 31, 2001. Collections are made in 2002. Tangible personal property assessments are 25 percent of true value for capital assets and 24 percent of true value for inventory.

Notes To The Basic Financial Statements For The Year Ended December 31, 2002

The full tax rate for all District operations for the year ended December 31, 2002 was \$1.55 per \$1,000 of assessed value. The assessed values of real and tangible personal property upon which 2002 property tax receipts were based are as follows:

	Cuyahoga County	Medina County
Real Property	\$24,889,648,690	\$208,193,360
Public Utility Property	981,962,430	4,376,660
Tangible Personal Property	3,038,060,527	6,885,300
Total Assessed Value	\$28,909,671,647	\$219,455,320

Real property taxes are payable annually or semi-annually. If paid annually, payment is due December 31; if paid semi-annually, the first payment is due December 31, with the remainder payable by June 20. Under certain circumstances, State statute permits later payment dates to be established.

Tangible personal property taxes paid by multi-county taxpayers are due by September 20. Single county taxpayers may pay annually or semi-annually. If paid annually, payment is due April 30; if paid semi-annually, the first payment is due April 30, with the remainder payable at September 20.

The County Treasurers collect property taxes on behalf of all taxing districts in the county, including the Cleveland Metropolitan Park District. The County Auditors periodically remit to the District its portion of the taxes collected. Property taxes receivable represent real and tangible personal property taxes, public utility taxes and outstanding delinquencies which are measurable as of December 31, 2002 and for which there is an enforceable legal claim. In the general fund, the entire receivable has been offset by deferred revenue since the current taxes were not levied to finance 2002 operations and the collection of delinquent taxes during the available period is not subject to reasonable estimation. On a full accrual basis, delinquent property taxes have been recorded as revenue while the remainder of the receivable is deferred.

Note 7 - Receivables

Receivables at December 31, 2002 primarily consisted of property taxes, accounts (billings for user charged services) and intergovernmental receivables. All receivables are considered fully collectible. The principal items of intergovernmental receivables are fees from other governmental entities.

Cleveland Metropolitan Park District, Cuyahoga County Notes To The Basic Financial Statements

Notes To The Basic Financial Statements For The Year Ended December 31, 2002

Note 8 - Capital Assets

A summary of changes in capital assets during 2002 follows:

	Balance			Balance
	12/31/2001	Additions	Deletions	12/31/2002
Governmental Activities				
Capital Assets, not being depreciated:	Ф 22 221 0 7 2	Φ 2 00 7 055	Φ0	ФО 4 220 020
Land	\$22,331,973	\$2,007,855	\$0	\$24,339,828
Construction in Progress	4,015,071	6,921,346	(5,712,732)	5,223,685
Total Capital Assets, not being depreciated	26,347,044	8,929,201	(5,712,732)	29,563,513
Capital Assets, being depreciated:				
Buildings	79,941,754	2,533,186	0	82,474,940
Machinery and Equipment	11,464,053	1,003,435	(739,082)	11,728,406
Vehicles	6,987,608	859,503	(316,801)	7,530,310
Infrastructure				
Bridges	18,696,614	378,718	0	19,075,332
Fords	1,748,064	61,693	0	1,809,757
Dams	85,000	0	0	85,000
Roads	10,813,688	893,474	(519,998)	11,187,164
All Purpose Trails	12,294,589	3,461,336	(176,233)	15,579,692
Golf Course Cart Paths	580,596	114,097	0	694,693
Other Paved Areas	3,732,954	0	(20,694)	3,712,260
Total Capital Assets, being Depreciated	146,344,920	9,305,442	(1,772,808)	153,877,554
Total Capital Assets, Governmental Activities	172,691,964	18,234,643	(7,485,540)	183,441,067
Less Accumulated Depreciation:				
Buildings	(18,399,551)	(1,742,958)	0	(20,142,509)
Machinery and Equipment	(5,421,211)	(836,223)	680,487	(5,576,947)
Vehicles	(3,823,870)	(689,955)	227,618	(4,286,207)
Infrastructure				
Bridges	(5,097,807)	(456,639)	0	(5,554,446)
Fords	(151,151)	(43,671)	0	(194,822)
Dams	(85,000)	0	0	(85,000)
Roads	(4,685,888)	(498,037)	519,998	(4,663,927)
All Purpose Trails	(4,324,594)	(605,599)	176,233	(4,753,960)
Golf Course Cart Paths	(228,433)	(29,029)	0	(257,462)
Other Paved Areas	(1,241,393)	(183,025)	20,694	(1,403,724)
Total Accumulated Depreciation	(43,458,898)	(5,085,136) *	1,625,030	(46,919,004)
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated, Net	102,886,022	4,220,306	(147,778)	106,958,550
Governmental Activities Capital Assets, Net	\$129,233,066	\$13,149,507	(\$5,860,510)	\$136,522,063

Notes To The Basic Financial Statements For The Year Ended December 31, 2002

^{*} Depreciation expense was charged to governmental functions as follows:

Park Operations	\$2,887,597
Zoo Operations	1,591,064
Golf Course	297,965
Rangers	104,981
Administration	203,529
Total	\$5,085,136

Note 9 - Compensated Absences

The criteria for determining vacation and sick leave liabilities are derived from negotiated agreements. Employees earn vacation and sick leave at different rates which are also affected by length of service. Vacation can be accumulated for up to three years. Sick leave accrual is continuous, without limit.

Upon retirement, termination, or death, employees with ten or more years of service with the District will be paid for one fourth of their accumulated hours of sick leave. Upon retirement, termination, or death, an employee will be paid for unused vacation up to the three year limit.

Holiday time may be accumulated for rangers and compensatory time earned must be taken by the end of the subsequent calendar year.

Note 10 - Defined Benefit Pension Plan

Public Employee Retirement System

All District full-time employees, participate in the Ohio Public Employees Retirement System of Ohio (OPERS), a cost sharing multiple-employer public employee retirement system administered by the Public Employees Retirement Board. OPERS provides basic retirement and disability benefits, annual cost of living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. The authority to establish and amend benefits is provided by Chapter 145 of the Ohio Revised Code. OPERS issues a stand-alone financial report which may be obtained by writing to the Ohio Public Employees Retirement System, 277 East Town Street, Columbus, Ohio, 43215-4642.

Plan members, other than those engaged in law enforcement, are required to contribute 8.5 percent of their annual covered salary to fund pension obligations. The 2002 employer pension contribution rate for District employees was 8.55 percent of covered payroll, decreased from 9.25 percent of covered payroll in 2001. The District contribution for law enforcement employees was 9.5 percent of their annual covered salary to fund pension obligations. Contributions are authorized by State statute. The District's required contributions to PERS for the years ended December 31, 2002, 2001, and 2000 were \$2,337,491, \$2,386,298, and \$1,583,588, respectively. The full amount has been contributed for 2001 and 2000. 97.16 percent has been contributed for 2002 with the remainder being reported as a fund liability.

Notes To The Basic Financial Statements For The Year Ended December 31, 2002

Note 11 - Postemployment Benefits

Public Employees Retirement System

The Ohio Public Employees Retirement System of Ohio (OPERS) provides postretirement health care coverage to age and service retirees with ten or more years of qualifying Ohio service credit. Health care coverage for disability recipients and primary survivor recipients is available. The health care coverage provided by the retirement system is considered an Other Postemployment Benefit as described in GASB Statement No. 12. A portion of each employer's contribution to OPERS is set aside for the funding of postretirement health care based on authority granted by State statute. The 2002 employer contribution rate was 13.55 percent of covered payroll; 5.00 percent was the portion that was used to fund health care for 2002. For 2001, the contribution rate was 13.55 percent of covered payroll; 4.30 percent was the portion that was used to fund health care.

Benefits are advance-funded using the entry age normal cost method. Significant actuarial assumptions, based on OPERS's latest actuarial review performed as of December 31, 2001, include a rate of return on investments of 8.0 percent, an annual increase in active employee total payroll of 4.0 percent compounded annually (assuming no change in the number of active employees) and an additional increase in total payroll of between .5 percent and 6.3 percent based on additional annual pay increases. Health care premiums were assumed to increase 4.0 percent annually.

All investments are carried at market. For actuarial valuation purposes, a smoothed market approach is used. Assets are adjusted to reflect 25 percent of unrealized market appreciation or depreciation on investment assets.

The number of active contributing participants was 402,041. The District's actual contributions for 2002 which were used to fund postemployment benefits were \$1,366,954. The actual contribution and the actuarially required contribution amounts are the same. OPERS's net assets available for payment of benefits at December 31, 2001, (the latest information available) were \$11.6 billion. The actuarially accrued liability and the unfunded actuarial accrued liability were \$16.4 billion and \$4.8 billion, respectively.

Note 12 - Contingencies

The District is a party to legal proceedings seeking damages. The District management is of the opinion that the ultimate disposition of a majority of the claims and legal proceedings will not have a material effect, if any, on the financial condition of the District.

Notes To The Basic Financial Statements For The Year Ended December 31, 2002

Note 13 - Risk Management

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. During 2002, the District contracted with several companies for various types of insurance as follows:

Company	Туре	Coverage
St. Paul	Flood	\$5,000,000
	Employment Practices	1,000,000
	General Liability	1,000,000
	Liquor Liability	1,000,000
	Excess Liability	10,000,000
	Property	100,150,000
	Automobile Liability	1,000,000
	Inland Marine	8,262,000
	Treasurer Bond	1,000,000
	Public Official/Law Enforcement	2,015,000
	Boiler and Machinery	30,000,000
	Data Processing Equipment	1,750,000
	Commercial Crime	250,000
NFIP	Flood	1,694,300

Workers' compensation coverage is provided by the State. The District pays the State Workers' Compensation System a premium based on a rate per \$100 of salaries. This rate is calculated based on accident history and administrative costs.

There has not been a significant reduction in commercial coverage from the prior year and settled claims have not exceeded coverage in any of the last five years.

Note 14 - Long Term Obligations

Changes in the long-term obligations of the District during 2002 were as follows:

	Outstanding			Outstanding	Amount Due
	12/31/2001	Additions	(Reductions)	12/31/2002	in One Year
Compensated Absences	\$4,301,131	\$318,673	(\$163,856)	\$4,455,948	\$814,834

Compensated absences will be paid from the general fund.

Cleveland Metropolitan Park District, Cuyahoga County Notes To The Basic Financial Statements

Notes To The Basic Financial Statements For The Year Ended December 31, 2002

Note 15 - Contractual Commitments

At December 31, 2002, the District's significant contractual commitments consisted of:

	Contract	Amount	Remaining on
	Amount	Paid	Contract
Park and Administration Improvements	\$9,647,027	\$1,015,881	\$8,631,146
Bedford Viaduct Park Improvements	13,860	0	13,860
Garfield Park Improvements	1,426,514	1,362,754	63,760
Rocky River Marina Improvements	1,674,188	1,640,141	34,047
Ohio/Erie Canal Park Improvements	330,896	134,042	196,854
Golf Course Improvements	143,530	134,000	9,530
Zoo Expansion and Improvements	8,816,759	936,868	7,879,891
Total	\$22,052,774	\$5,223,686	\$16,829,088

CLEVELAND METROPOLITAN PARK DISTRICT CUYAHOGA COUNTY

SCHEDULE OF FEDERAL AWARDS EXPENDITURES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2002

Fadaval Cuanta v/Daga Thua vala Cuanta v Dua vuana Titla	Grant	Federal CFDA	Diahumananta
Federal Grantor/Pass Through Grantor Program Title	Number	Number	Disbursements
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HIGHWAY PLANNING AND CONSTRUCTION Passed through the Ohio Department of Transportation and Passed through the City of Cleveland:			
Highway Planning and Construction Grant	TE-21-G010(427)	20.205	\$780,000
Total U.S. Department of Highway Planning and Construction	1		780,000
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE Direct Program:			
COPS Fast	1999ULWX0008	16.710	46,131
Bulletproof Vest Grant Acts of 1998	15-0404-0-0-754	16.607	9,737
Total U.S. Department of Justice			55,868
U.S. ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY Direct Program:			
Environmental Education Project Watershed Grant	NE-97552301	66.951	8,201
Total U.S. Environmental Protection Agency			8,201
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR Direct Program:			
Inventory of Indiana Bats	H6160020011	15.615	11,828
Total U.S. Department of the Interior, National Park Service, 0	Cuyahoga National Park		11,828
OFFICE OF MUSEUM SERVICES, INSTITUTE OF MUSEUM AND LIBRARY SERVICES, NATIONAL FOUNDATION ON THE ARTS AND THE HUMANITIES Direct Program:			
Learning Opportunity Grant	IG-10440-01	45.301	52,607
Total Institution o Museum and Library Services			52,607
Total Federal Assistance			\$908,504

The accompanying notes to this schedule are an integral part of this schedule.

CLEVELAND METROPOLITAN PARK DISTRICT CUYAHOGA COUNTY

NOTES TO THE SCHEDULE OF FEDERAL AWARDS EXPENDITURES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2002

NOTE A – SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accompanying Schedule of Federal Awards Expenditures (the Schedule) is a summary of the activity of the Park District's federal awards programs. The schedule has been prepared on the cash basis of accounting.

CFDA – Catalog of Federal Domestic Assistance

N/A - Not applicable



INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT ON COMPLIANCE AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL REQUIRED BY GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Cleveland Metropolitan Park District Cuyahoga County 4101 Fulton Parkway Cleveland, Ohio 44144

We have audited the financial statements of the Cleveland Metropolitan Park District, Cuyahoga County, Ohio, (the Park District) as of and for the year ended December 31, 2002, and have issued our report thereon dated June 27, 2003. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Compliance

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Park District's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grants, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the Park District's internal control over financial reporting in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements and not to provide assurance on the internal control over financial reporting. Our consideration of the internal control over financial reporting would not necessarily disclose all matters in the internal control over financial reporting that might be material weaknesses. A material weakness is a condition in which the design or operation of one or more of the internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that misstatements in amounts that would be material in relation to the financial statements being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions. We noted no matters involving the internal control over financial reporting and its operation that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, we noted a matter involving the internal control over financial reporting that does not require inclusion in this report, that we have reported to management of the Park District in a separate letter dated June 27, 2003.

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www.auditor.state.oh.us

Cleveland Metropolitan Park District Cuyahoga County Independent Accountants' Report on Compliance and on Internal Control Required by *Government Auditing Standards*

This report is intended for the information and use of the audit committee, management, the Park Board, and federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Betty Montgomery Auditor of State

Betty Montgomeny

June 27, 2003



INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH REQUIREMENTS APPLICABLE TO ITS MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE IN ACCORDANCE WITH OMB CIRCULAR A-133

Cleveland Metropolitan Park District Cuyahoga County 4101 Fulton Parkway Cleveland, Ohio 44144

Compliance

We have audited the compliance of the Cleveland Metropolitan Park District, Cuyahoga County, Ohio (the Park District) with the types of compliance requirements described in the *U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Circular A-133, Compliance Supplement* that are applicable to its major federal program for the year ended December 31, 2002. The Park District's major federal program is identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings. Compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts and grants applicable to its major federal program is the responsibility of Park District's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Park District's compliance based on our audit.

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. Those standards and OMB Circular A-133 require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance occurred with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about Park District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our audit does not provide a legal determination on the Park District's compliance with those requirements.

In our opinion, the Park District complied, in all material respects, with the requirements referred to above that are applicable to its major federal program for the year ended December 31, 2002.

Internal Control Over Compliance

The management of Park District is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with requirements of laws, regulations, contracts and grants applicable to federal programs. In planning and performing our audit, we considered the Park District's internal control over compliance with requirements that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on compliance and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with OMB Circular A-133.

Cleveland Metropolitan Park District
Cuyahoga County
Independent Accountants' Report on Compliance With Requirements Applicable
to Its Major Federal Program and Internal Control Over Compliance
In Accordance With OMB Circular A-133

Our consideration of the internal control over compliance would not necessarily disclose all matters in the internal control that might be material weaknesses. A material weakness is a condition in which the design or operation of one or more of the internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that noncompliance with applicable requirements of laws, regulations, contracts and grants that would be material in relation to a major federal program being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions. We noted no matters involving the internal control over compliance and its operation that we consider to be material weaknesses.

This report is intended for the information and use of the audit committee, management, the Park Board, federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Betty Montgomery Auditor of State

Butty Montgomery

June 27, 2003

CLEVELAND METROPLOITAN PARK DISTRICT CUYAHOGA COUNTY DECEMBER 31, 2002

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS OMB CIRCULAR A -133 § .505

1. SUMMARY OF AUDITORS RESULTS

(d)(1)(i)	Type of Financial Statement Opinion	Unqualified
(d)(1)(ii)	Were there any material control weakness conditions reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
(d)(1)(ii)	Were there any other reportable control weakness conditions reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
(d)(1)(iii)	Was there any reported material non- compliance at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
(d)(1)(iv)	Were there any material internal control weakness conditions reported for major federal programs?	No
(d)(1)(iv)	Were there any other reportable internal control weakness conditions reported for major federal programs?	No
(d)(1)(v)	Type of Major Programs Compliance Opinion	Unqualified
(d)(1)(vi)	Are there any reportable findings under § .510?	No
(d)(1)(vii)	Major Program (list):	Highway Planning and Construction Grant/CFDA #20.205
(d)(1)(viii)	Dollar Threshold: Type A\B Programs	Type A: > \$ 300,000 Type B: all others
(d)(1)(ix)	Low Risk Auditee?	No

2. FINDINGS RELATED TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS

None

3. FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR FEDERAL AWARDS

None



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CLEVELAND METROPOLITAN PARK DISTRICT CUYAHOGA COUNTY

CLERK'S CERTIFICATION

This is a true and correct copy of the report which is required to be filed in the Office of the Auditor of State pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in Columbus, Ohio.

CLERK OF THE BUREAU

Susan Babbitt

CERTIFIED AUGUST 12, 2003