AUDITOR C

MOGADORE LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT SUMMIT COUNTY

REGULAR AUDIT

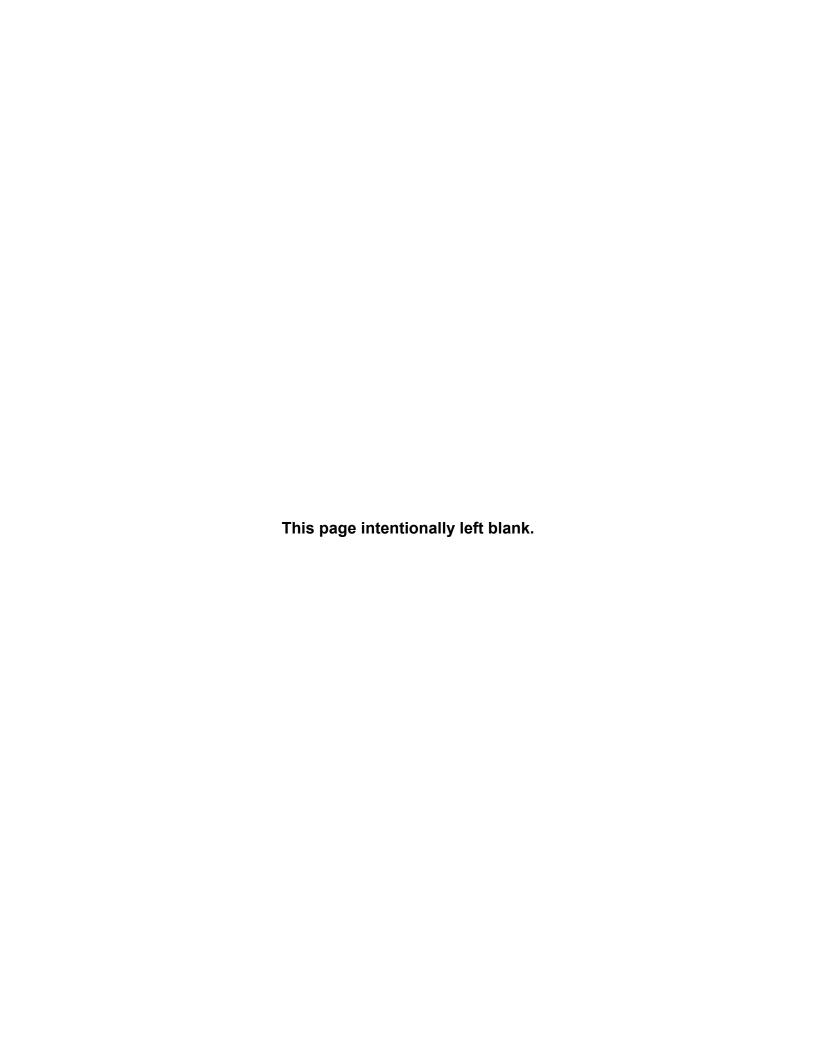
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2001



MOGADORE LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT SUMMIT COUNTY

TABLE OF CONTENTS

TITLE	PAGE
Report of Independent Accountants	1
Combined Balance Sheet All Fund Types and Account Groups	4
Combined Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances All Governmental Fund Types	8
Combined Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual (Budget Basis) All Governmental Fund Types	10
Combined Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Retained Earnings All Proprietary Fund Types	14
Combined Statement of Cash Flows All Proprietary Fund Types	15
Combined Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Equity - Budget and Actual (Budget Basis) All Proprietary Fund Types	16
Notes to the General Purpose Financial Statements	19
Report of Independent Accountants on Compliance and on Internal Control Required by Government Auditing Standards	45
Schedule of Prior Audit Findings	47





111 Second Street, NW Fourth Floor Canton, Ohio 44702

Telephone 330-438-0617 800-443-9272

Facsimile 330-471-0001 www.auditor.state.oh.us

REPORT OF INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS

Mogadore Local School District Summit County 130 South Cleveland Avenue Mogadore, Ohio 44260

To the Board of Education:

We have audited the accompanying general purpose financial statements of Mogadore Local School District, Summit County, Ohio, (the District) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2001, as listed in the Table of Contents. These general purpose financial statements are the responsibility of the District's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these general purpose financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the general purpose financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the District as of June 30, 2001, and the results of its operations and the cash flows of its Proprietary Fund Types for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

As more fully discussed in Note 9 in the general purpose financial statements, certain errors and omissions due to reappraisal resulting in the understatement of fixed assets in the General Fixed Asset Account Group were discovered during the year. The beginning balance for the General Fixed Asset Account Group was restated as of July 1, 2000.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 11, 2002 on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grants. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* and should be read in conjunction with this report in considering the results of our audit.

Jim Petro Auditor of State

December 11, 2002

This page intentionally left blank.

This page intentionally left blank.

Combined Balance Sheet All Fund Types and Account Groups June 30, 2001

<u>-</u>	Governmental Fund Types			
	General	Special Revenue	Debt Service	Capital Projects
ASSETS AND OTHER DEBIT				
Assets				
Equity in Pooled Cash and				
Cash Equivalents	\$3,874,406	\$165,412	\$0	\$270,032
Cash and Cash Equivalents	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	,,	* -	*
in Segregated Accounts	0	165	0	0
Receivables:				
Taxes	4,163,353	0	0	262,307
Accounts	1,540	530	0	0
Intergovernmental	0	5,587	0	0
Accrued Interest	8,780	0	0	0
Interfund Receivable	3,190	0	0	0
Inventory Held for Resale	0	0	0	0
Materials and Supplies				
Inventory	7,415	0	0	0
Fixed Assets (Net, where applicable,	,			
of Accumulated Depreciation)	0	0	0	0
Restricted Assets				
Equity in Pooled Cash and				
Cash Equivalents	207,280	0	0	0
Other Debit Amount to be Provided from				
General Government Resources	0	0	0	0
General Government Resources	<u> </u>			
Total Assets and Other Debit	\$8,265,964	\$171,694	\$0	\$532,339

Proprietary I	Fund Types	Fiduciary Fund Type		t Groups	
			General	General	Totals
T	Internal		Fixed	Long-Term	(Memorandum
Enterprise	Service	Agency	Assets	Obligations	Only)
\$17,138	\$4,778	\$17,302	\$0	\$0	\$4,349,068
0	0	0	0	0	165
0	0	0	0	0	4,425,660
0	0	0	0	0	2,070
0	0	0	0	0	5,587
0	0	0	0	0	8,780
0	0	0	0	0	3,190
4,574	0	0	0	0	4,574
0	0	0	0	0	7,415
30,329	0	0	4,560,806	0	4,591,135
0	0	0	0	0	207 290
0	0	0	0	0	207,280
0	0	0	0	941,111	941,111
\$52,041	\$4,778	\$17,302	\$4,560,806	\$941,111	\$14,546,035
	·	-		-	(continued)

Combined Balance Sheet
All Fund Types and Account Groups (continued)
June 30, 2001

	Governmental Fund Types			
	General	Special Revenue	Debt Service	Capital Projects
LIABILITIES, FUND EQUITY				
AND OTHER CREDITS				
Liabilities Accounts Payable	\$42,684	\$29,651	\$0	\$8,691
Accrued Wages	361,361	\$29,031 0	0	0
Compensated Absences Payable	49,207	0	0	0
Interfund Payable	49,207	1,335	0	0
Intergovernmental Payable	105,736	0	0	0
Deferred Revenue	4,065,824	0	0	254,619
Due to Students	0	0	0	0
Capital Leases Payable	0	0	0	0
Energy Conservation Bond Payable	0	0	0	0
Total Liabilities	4,624,812	30,986	0	263,310
Fund Equity and Other Credits				
Investment in General Fixed Assets	0	0	0	0
Contributed Capital	0	0	0	0
Retained Earnings:				
Unreserved (Deficit)	0	0	0	0
Fund Balance:				
Reserved for Encumbrances	262,528	38,008	0	96,819
Reserved for Inventory	7,415	0	0	0
Reserved for Taxes	97,529	0	0	7,688
Reserved for Budget Stabilization	207,280	0	0	0
Unreserved, Undesignated	3,066,400	102,700	0	164,522
Total Fund Equity				
and Other Credits	3,641,152	140,708	0	269,029
Total Liabilities, Fund Equity				
and Other Credits	\$8,265,964	\$171,694	\$0	\$532,339

Proprietary F	und Types	Fiduciary Fund Type	Account Groups		
	Internal		General Fixed	General Long-Term	Totals (Memorandum
Enterprise	Service	Agency	Assets	Obligations	Only)
\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$81,026
4,271	0	0	0	0	365,632
3,506	0	0	0	413,022	465,735
1,855	0	0	0	0	3,190
3,549	0	0	0	46,178	155,463
3,016	0	0	0	0	4,323,459
0	0	17,302	0	0	17,302
0	0	0	0	16,911	16,911
0	0	0	0	465,000	465,000
16,197	0	17,302	0	941,111	5,893,718
0	0	0	4,560,806	0	4,560,806
37,846	0	0	4,300,800	0	37,846
37,840	O	U	U	U	37,640
(2,002)	4,778	0	0	0	2,776
0	0	0	0	0	397,355
					7,415
0	0	0	0	0	105,217
0	0	0	0	0	207,280
0	0	0	0	0	3,333,622
35,844	4,778	0	4,560,806	0	8,652,317
0.50 0.41	0.4.770	#15 202	04.500.000	004141	014.546.025
\$52,041	\$4,778	\$17,302	\$4,560,806	\$941,111	\$14,546,035

Combined Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances All Governmental Fund Types For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2001

	General	Special Revenue	Debt Service
Revenues	#2 020 027	Φ0	0.0
Taxes	\$3,839,937	\$0	\$0
Intergovernmental	2,554,200	198,971	0
Interest	259,640	1,966	0
Tuition and Fees	11,953	0	0
Extracurricular Activities Contributions and Donations	21.018	201,504 34,395	$0 \\ 0$
Miscellaneous	21,918 87,991	16,235	0
Total Revenues	6,775,639	453,071	0
Expenditures Current:			
Instruction:			
Regular	2,843,029	62,501	0
Special	593,469	103,504	0
Vocational	95,246	2,096	0
Support Services:	,	,	
Pupils	305,910	69,492	0
Instructional Staff	227,396	82,272	0
Board of Education	49,496	0	0
Administration	489,759	0	0
Fiscal	228,193	7,519	0
Business	2,841	0	0
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	736,759	0	0
Pupil Transportation	282,615	1,040	0
Central	51,884	3,785	0
Extracurricular Activities	158,556	173,497	0
Capital Outlay	65,158	0	0
Debt Service:			
Principal Retirement	18,736	0	65,000
Interest and Fiscal Charges	2,240	0	27,775
Intergovernmental	49,888	0	0
Total Expenditures	6,201,175	505,706	92,775
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	574,464	(52,635)	(92,775)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)			
Sale of Fixed Assets	1,193	0	0
Operating Transfers In	0	3,080	92,775
Operating Transfers Out	(38,429)	0	0
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(37,236)	3,080	92,775
Excess of Revenues and Other Financing Sources Over (Under) Expenditures and Other Financing Sources (Uses)	537,228	(49,555)	0
Decrease in Inventory	(3,603)	0	0
Fund Balances at Beginning of Year	3,107,527	190,263	0
Fund Balances at End of Year	\$3,641,152	\$140,708	\$0

	Totals
Capital	(Memorandum
Projects	Only)
¢241 015	¢4 001 753
\$241,815 62,811	\$4,081,752 2,815,982
02,811	261,606
Ö	11,953
0	201,504
0	56,313
0	104,226
304,626	7,533,336
36,698	2,942,228
0	696,973
0	97,342
0	375,402
1,104	310,772
0	49,496
8,087	497,846
15,087	250,799
0	2,841
18,089	754,848
0	283,655
0	55,669
34,392	366,445
0	65,158
0	83,736
0	30,015
0	49,888
113,457	6,913,113
191,169	620,223
0	1,193
54,500	150,355
(147,275)	(185,704)
<u> </u>	
(92,775)	(34,156)
98,394	586,067
70,37 1	200,007
0	(3,603)
170,635	3,468,425
\$269,029	\$4,050,889
_	_

Combined Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual (Budget Basis) All Governmental Fund Types For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2001

		General Fund	
	Revised Budget	Actual	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)
Revenues	#2.010.671	#2 010 <i>(</i> 71	Φ0
Taxes	\$3,818,671	\$3,818,671	\$0 27.805
Intergovernmental Interest	2,517,305 249,253	2,555,200	37,895 2,399
Tuition and Fees	11,753	251,652 11,953	2,399
Extracurricular Activities	0	0	0
Contributions and Donations	21,918	21,918	0
Miscellaneous	89,458	89,693	235
Total Revenues	6,708,358	6,749,087	40,729
Expenditures			
Current:			
Instruction:	2.710.266	2.026.006	902 270
Regular	3,719,266 674,103	2,826,896 683,867	892,370 (9,764)
Special Vocational	107,175	100,939	6,236
Support Services:	107,175	100,737	0,230
Pupils	327,576	305,283	22,293
Instructional Staff	253,915	234,280	19,635
Board of Education	73,525	55,798	17,727
Administration	524,226	488,251	35,975
Fiscal	256,869	232,317	24,552
Business	4,600	2,948	1,652
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	873,093	830,690	42,403
Pupil Transportation	401,449	332,311	69,138
Central	67,000	57,660	9,340
Extracurricular Activities	190,147	165,318	24,829
Capital Outlay Debt Service:	569,515	80,948	488,567
Principal Retirement	0	0	0
Interest and Fiscal Charges	0	0	0
Interest and Fiscal Charges Intergovernmental	49,888	49,888	0
Total Expenditures	8,092,347	6,447,394	1,644,953
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(1,383,989)	301,693	1,685,682
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Proceeds from Sale of Fixed Assets	1,193	1,193	0
Advances In	2,540	2,540	0
Operating Transfers In	0	0	0
Operating Transfers Out	(42,427)	(38,429)	3,998
Refund of Prior Year Receipts	0	0	0
Advances Out	(3,190)	(3,190)	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(41,884)	(37,886)	3,998
Excess of Revenues and Other Financing			
Sources Over (Under) Expenditures			
and Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(1,425,873)	263,807	1,689,680
Fund Balances at Beginning of Year	2,565,824	2,565,824	0
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated	949,975	949,975	0
Fund Balances at End of Year	\$2,089,926	\$3,779,606	\$1,689,680

	ebt Service Fund	De		cial Revenue Fu	Spec
Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)	Actual	Revised Budget	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)	Actual	Revised Budget
\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
0	0	0	0	224,898	224,898
0	0	0	85	1,966	1,881
$0 \\ 0$	$0 \\ 0$	0	0 322	0 165,757	0 165,435
0	0	0	796	34,395	33,599
0	0	0	65	15,805	15,740
0	0_	0	1,268	442,821	441,553
0	0	0	13,938	65,159	79,097
0	0	0	0	103,504	103,504
0	0	0	Ö	2,096	2,096
0	0	0	5,041	70,356	75,397
0	0	0	6,116	95,522	101,638
$0 \\ 0$	0	0	0	$0 \\ 0$	0
0	0	0	348	7,519	7,867
0	Ö	Ö	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	1,040	1,040
0	0	0	0	3,785	3,785
0 0	0 0	$0 \\ 0$	15,712 0	162,442 0	178,154 0
0	65,000	65,000	0	0	0
0	27,775	27,775	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	0
0	92,775	92,775	41,155	511,423	552,578
0	(92,775)	(92,775)	42,423	(68,602)	(111,025)
0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	1,335	1,335
0	92,775	92,775	(548)	3,080	3,628
0	0	0	2,370	0	(2,370)
0	0	0	0	0	0
0	92,775	92,775	1,822	4,415	2,593
0	0	0	44,245	(64,187)	(108,432)
0	0	0	0	115,979	115,979
0	0	0	0	49,029	49,029
\$0	\$0	\$0	\$44,245	\$100,821	\$56,576
((t) 1)					

11

(continued)

Combined Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual (Budget Basis) All Governmental Fund Types For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2001

	Capital Projects Funds		
	Revised Budget	Actual	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)
Revenues	\$220.564	\$220.564	ΦΩ.
Taxes Intergovernmental	\$239,564 62,811	\$239,564 62,811	\$0 0
Interest	02,011	02,011	ő
Tuition and Fees	0	0	0
Extracurricular Activities	0	0	0
Contributions and Donations Miscellaneous	0	$0 \\ 0$	0
Total Revenues	302,375	302,375	0
Total Revenues	302,373	302,373	
Expenditures Current:			
Instruction: Regular	43,978	36,698	7,280
Special	0	0	0
Vocational	0	0	0
Support Services:			
Pupils	0	0	0
Instructional Staff Board of Education	10,000	1,104 0	8,896
Administration	9,088	8,087	0 1,001
Fiscal	16,793	15,087	1,706
Business	0	0	0
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	73,425	51,749	21,676
Pupil Transportation	20,196	0	20,196
Central Extracurricular Activities	0	0	0
Capital Outlay	192,436	97,613	94,823
Debt Service:	1, 2,	>7,015	y .,e25
Principal Retirement	0	0	0
Interest and Fiscal Charges	0	0	0
Intergovernmental	0	0	0
Total Expenditures	365,916	210,338	155,578
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(63,541)	92,037	155,578
Other Financing Sources (Uses)			
Proceeds from Sale of Fixed Assets	0	0	0
Advances In	0	0	0
Operating Transfers In	54,500	54,500	0
Operating Transfers Out	(147,275)	(147,275)	0
Refund of Prior Year Receipts Advances Out	0	0	0
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(92,775)	(92,775)	0
Excess of Revenues and Other Financing Sources Over (Under) Expenditures			
and Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(156,316)	(738)	155,578
Fund Balances at Beginning of Year	160,029	160,029	0
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated	5,230	5,230	0
Fund Balances at End of Year	\$8,943	\$164,521	\$155,578

Totals (Memorandum Only)					
Revised		Variance Favorable			
Budget	Actual	(Unfavorable)			
\$4,058,235	\$4,058,235	\$0			
2,805,014	2,842,909	37,895			
251,134	253,618	2,484			
11,753	11,953	200			
165,435	165,757	322			
55,517 105,198	56,313 105,498	796 300			
7,452,286	7,494,283	41,997			
3,842,341	2,928,753	913,588			
777,607	787,371	(9,764)			
109,271	103,035	6,236			
402,973	375,639	27,334			
365,553	330,906	34,647			
73,525 533,314	55,798 496,338	17,727 36,976			
281,529	254,923	26,606			
4,600	2,948	1,652			
946,518	882,439	64,079			
422,685	333,351	89,334			
70,785	61,445	9,340			
368,301	327,760	40,541			
761,951	178,561	583,390			
65,000	65,000	0			
27,775	27,775	0			
49,888	49,888	0			
9,103,616	7,261,930	1,841,686			
(1,651,330)	232,353	1,883,683			
1,193	1,193	0			
3,875	3,875	0			
150,903	150,355	(548)			
(192,072)	(185,704)	6,368			
(3,190)	(3,190)	0			
(39,291)	(33,471)	5,820			
(1,690,621)	198,882	1,889,503			
2,841,832	2,841,832	0			
1,004,234	1,004,234	0			
\$2,155,445	\$4,044,948	\$1,889,503			

Mogadore Local School District Combined Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Retained Earnings All Proprietary Fund Types
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2001

	Enterprise	Internal Service	Totals (Memorandum Only)
Operating Revenues Sales	\$67,863	\$0	\$67,863
Other	3,988	0	3,988
Total Operating Revenues	71,851	0	71,851
Operating Expenses			
Salaries and Wages	49,309	0	49,309
Fringe Benefits	15,597	0	15,597
Purchased Services	820	0	820
Materials and Supplies	23,980	0	23,980
Cost of Sales	26,625	0	26,625
Depreciation	1,611	0	1,611
Other	3,388	0	3,388
Total Operating Expenses	121,330	0	121,330
Operating Loss	(49,479)	0	(49,479)
Non-Operating Revenues			
Donated Commodities	10,278	0	10,278
Operating Grants	19,124	0	19,124
Total Non-Operating Revenues	29,402	0	29,402
Loss Before Operating Transfers	(20,077)	0	(20,077)
Operating Transfers In	35,349	0	35,349
Net Income	15,272	0	15,272
Retained Earnings (Deficit) at Beginning of Year	(17,274)	4,778	(12,496)
Retained Earnings (Deficit) at End of Year	(\$2,002)	\$4,778	\$2,776

Combined Statement of Cash Flows All Proprietary Fund Types For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2001

	Enterprise	Internal Service	Totals (Memorandum) Only)
INCREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	Enterprise	Berviee	
Cash Flows from Operating Activities			
Cash Received from Customers	\$67,863	\$0	\$67,863
Cash Received from Other Operating Sources	3,988	0	3,988
Cash Payments to Suppliers for Goods and Services	(43,378)	0	(43,378)
Cash Payments to Employees for Services	(54,543)	0	(54,543)
Cash Payments for Employee Benefits	(25,529)	0	(25,529)
Cash Payments for Other Operating Expenses	(3,388)	0	(3,388)
Net Cash Used for Operating Activities	(54,987)	0	(54,987)
Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activity			
Operating Advances In	1,855	0	1,855
Operating Transfers In	35,349	0	35,349
Intergovernmental Revenue	19,124	0	19,124
Operating Advances Out	(2,540)	0	(2,540)
Net Cash Provided by Noncapital			
Financing Activities	53,788	0	53,788
Net Decrease in Cash and Cash Equivalents	(1,199)	0	(1,199)
Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Year	18,337	4,778	23,115
Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Year	\$17,138	\$4,778	\$21,916
Reconciliation of Operating Loss to Net Cash Used for Operating Activities			
Operating Loss	(\$40,470)	\$0	(\$40,470)
Operating Loss	(\$49,479)	\$0	(\$49,479)
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Loss to Net Cash Used for Operating Activities:			
Donated Commodities Used During Year	10,278	0	10,278
Depreciation	1,611	0	1,611
Changes in Assets and Liabilities:	-,	•	-,
Increase in Inventory Held for Resale	(1,356)	0	(1,356)
Decrease in Accounts Payable	(875)	0	(875)
Decrease in Accrued Wages	(1,853)	0	(1,853)
Decrease in Compensated Absences Payable	(3,381)	0	(3,381)
Decrease in Intergovernmental Payable	(9,932)	0	(9,932)
	(-))		(- ;)
Total Adjustments	(5,508)	0	(5,508)
Net Cash Used for Operating Activities	(\$54,987)	\$0	(\$54,987)

Combined Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Equity - Budget and Actual (Budget Basis) All Proprietary Fund Types For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2001

	Enterprise Funds		
•	Revised Budget	Actual	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)
Revenues			
Sales	\$67,671	\$67,863	\$192
Other	3,988	3,988	0
Operating Grants	19,124	19,124	0
Total Revenues	90,783	90,975	192
Expenses			
Salaries and Wages	57,639	54,542	3,097
Fringe Benefits	25,972	25,529	443
Purchased Services	870	870	0
Materials and Supplies	46,727	43,778	2,949
Other	5,544	4,508	1,036
Total Expenses	136,752	129,227	7,525
Excess of Revenues Under Expenses	(45,969)	(38,252)	7,717
Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses)			
Advances In	1,855	1,855	0
Advances Out	(2,540)	(2,540)	0
Total Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses)	(685)	(685)	0
Excess of Revenues and Non-Operating Revenues Under Expenses and			
Non-Operating Expenses	(46,654)	(38,937)	7,717
Operating Transfers In	35,349	35,349	0
Excess of Revenues and Transfers Under Expenses	(11,305)	(3,588)	7,717
Fund Equity at Beginning of Year	10,889	10,889	0
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated	7,447	7,447	0
Fund Equity (Deficit) at End of Year	\$7,031	\$14,748	\$7,717

Int	ernal Service F	`und	Totals	(Memorandun	n Only)
Revised Budget	Actual	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)	Revised Budget	Actual	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)
\$0	\$0	\$0	\$67,671	\$67,863	\$192
0	0	0	3,988	3,988	0
0	0	0	19,124	19,124	0
0	0	0	90,783	90,975	192
0	0	0	57 (20	54.542	2.007
$0 \\ 0$	$0 \\ 0$	0	57,639 25,972	54,542	3,097 443
4,778	0	4,778	5,648	25,529 870	4,778
0	0	4,778	46,727	43,778	2,949
0	0		5,544	4,508	1,036
4,778	0	4,778	141,530	129,227	12,303
(4,778)	0	4,778	(50,747)	(38,252)	12,495
			4.0	4.0.	
0	0	0	1,855 (2,540)	1,855	$0 \\ 0$
			(2,340)	(2,540)	
0	0	0	(685)	(685)	0
0	0	0	(51,432)	(38,937)	12,495
0	0	0	35,349	35,349	0
(4,778)	0	4,778	(16,083)	(3,588)	12,495
4,778	4,778	0	15,667	15,667	0
0	0	0	7,447	7,447	0
\$0	\$4,778	\$4,778	\$7,031	\$19,526	\$12,495
Ψ0	Ψ 1,770	ΨΤ, / / Ο	Ψ1,051	Ψ17,520	Ψ12, τ/3

This page intentionally left blank.

Notes to the General Purpose Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2001

Note 1 - Description of the School District

Mogadore Local School District (the "School District") is organized under Article VI, Sections 2 and 3 of the Constitution of the State of Ohio. The School District operates under a locally-elected Board form of government consisting of five members elected at-large for staggered four year terms. The School District provides educational services as authorized by State statute and/or Federal guidelines.

The School District was established through the consolidation of existing land areas and school districts. The School District serves an area of approximately four square miles. It is located in Summit and Portage Counties, and includes the entire Village of Mogadore and portions of Suffield Township. It is staffed by 28 non-certificated employees and 64 certificated personnel who provide services to 835 students and other community members. The School District operates three instructional buildings and one bus garage.

Reporting Entity

The reporting entity is comprised of the primary government, component units and other organizations that are included to ensure that the financial statements of the School District are not misleading. The primary government consists of all funds, departments, boards and agencies that are not legally separate from the School District. For Mogadore Local School District, this includes general operations, food service and related activities of the School District.

Component units are legally separate organizations for which the School District is financially accountable. The School District is financially accountable for an organization if the School District appoints a voting majority of the organization's governing board and (1) the School District is able to significantly influence the programs or services performed or provided by the organization; or (2) the School District is legally entitled to or can otherwise access the organization's resources; the School District is legally obligated or has otherwise assumed the responsibility to finance the deficits of, or provide financial support to, the organization; or the School District is obligated for the debt of the organization. Component units may also include organizations that are fiscally dependent on the School District in that the School District approves the budget, the issuance of debt or the levying of taxes. The School District has no component units.

The School District is associated with organizations which are defined as a jointly governed organizations and public entity risk pools. These organizations include the North Eastern Ohio Network for Educational Training, Maplewood Vocational School, the Ohio School Boards Association Workers' Compensation Group Rating Plan and the Stark County Schools Council of Governments Health Benefits Program. These organizations are presented in Notes 16 and 17 to the general purpose financial statements.

Note 2 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The financial statements of the School District have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The School District also applies Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) statements and interpretations issued on or before November 30, 1989, to its proprietary activities provided they do not conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements. The more significant of the School District's accounting policies are described below.

Notes to the General Purpose Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2001 (Continued)

Note 2 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

A. Basis of Presentation - Fund Accounting

The School District uses funds and account groups to report on its financial position and the results of its operations. Fund accounting is designed to demonstrate legal compliance and to aid financial management by segregating transactions related to certain School District functions or activities.

A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts recording cash and other financial resources, together with all related liabilities and residual equities or balances, and changes therein, which are segregated for the purpose of carrying on specific activities or attaining certain objectives in accordance with special restrictions or limitations. An account group is a financial reporting device designed to provide accountability for certain assets and liabilities that are not recorded in the funds because they do not directly affect net expendable available financial resources.

For financial statement presentation purposes, the various funds of the School District are grouped into the following generic fund types under the broad fund categories governmental, proprietary and fiduciary.

Governmental Fund Types:

Governmental funds are those through which most governmental functions of the School District are financed. The acquisition, use and balances of the School District's expendable financial resources and the related current liabilities (except those accounted for in proprietary funds) are accounted for through governmental funds. The following are the School District's governmental fund types:

General Fund - The general fund is the operating fund of the School District and is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The general fund balance is available to the School District for any purpose provided it is expended or transferred according to the general laws of Ohio.

Special Revenue Funds - Special revenue funds are established to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than major capital projects funds) that are legally restricted to expenditure for specified purposes.

Debt Service Fund - The debt service fund is used to account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, general long-term obligation principal, interest, and related cost.

Capital Projects Funds - Capital projects funds are used to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities (other than those financed by proprietary funds).

Notes to the General Purpose Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2001 (Continued)

Note 2 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

A. Basis of Presentation - Fund Accounting (continued)

Proprietary Fund Types:

Proprietary funds are used to account for the School District's ongoing activities which are similar to those found in the private sector. The following is the School District's proprietary fund types:

Enterprise Funds - Enterprise funds are used to account for operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises where the intent of the Board of Education is that the costs (expenses, including depreciation) of providing goods or services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges or where the Board of Education had decided that periodic determination of revenues earned, expenses incurred, and/or net income is appropriate for capital maintenance, public policy, management control, accountability or other purposes.

Internal Service Fund - The internal service fund accounts for the financing of services provided by one department or agency to other departments or agencies of the School District on a cost reimbursement basis.

Fiduciary Fund Types:

Fiduciary funds are used to account for assets held by the School District in a trustee capacity or as an agent for individuals, private organizations, other governments and/or other funds. The School District has no trust funds. Agency funds are purely custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and thus do not involve measurement of results of operations.

Account Groups:

To make a clear distinction between fixed assets related to specific funds and those of general government, and between long-term liabilities related to specific funds and those of a general nature, the following account groups are used:

General Fixed Assets Account Group - This account group is established to account for all fixed assets of the School District, other than those accounted for in the proprietary funds.

General Long-Term Obligations Account Group - This account group is established to account for all long-term obligations of the School District, except those accounted for in the proprietary funds.

Notes to the General Purpose Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2001 (Continued)

Note 2 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

B. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

The accounting and financial reporting treatment applied to a fund is determined by its measurement focus. All governmental fund types are accounted for using a flow of current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities are generally included on the balance sheet. Operating statements of these funds present increases (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and decreases (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) in net current assets.

The proprietary funds are accounted for on a flow of economic resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, all assets and all liabilities associated with the operation of these funds are included on the balance sheet. Fund equity (i.e., net total assets) is segregated into contributed capital and retained earnings components. Proprietary fund operating statements present increases (i.e., revenues) and decreases (i.e., expenses) in net total assets.

Basis of accounting refers to when revenues and expenditures or expenses are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. Basis of accounting relates to the timing of the measurements made.

The modified accrual basis of accounting is followed for the governmental and agency funds. Under this basis, revenues are recognized in the accounting period when they become both measurable and available. "Measurable" means the amount of the transaction can be determined and "available" means collectible within the current fiscal year or soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current fiscal year. The available period for the School District is 60 days after year end.

Non-exchange transactions, in which the School District receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include property taxes, grants, entitlements and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. (See Note 8) Revenue from grants, entitlements and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are required to be used or the fiscal year when use is first permitted, matching requirements, in which the School District must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose, and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the School District on a reimbursement basis. On a modified accrual basis, revenue from non-exchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized.

In applying the susceptible to accrual concept under the modified accrual basis, the following revenue sources are deemed both measurable and available: property taxes available as an advance, interest, tuition, grants and student fees.

Notes to the General Purpose Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2001 (Continued)

Note 2 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

B. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting (continued)

The School District reports deferred revenues on its combined balance sheet. Deferred revenues arise when a potential revenue does not meet both the measurable and available criteria for recognition in the current period. In the subsequent period, when both revenue recognition criteria are met, the liability for deferred revenue is removed from the combined balance sheet and revenue is recognized. Property taxes measurable as of June 30, 2001, and delinquent property taxes, whose availability is indeterminable and which are intended to finance fiscal year 2002 operations, have been recorded as deferred revenue.

The measurement focus of governmental fund accounting is on decreases in net financial resources (expenditures) rather than expenses. Expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred, if measurable. Allocations of cost, such as depreciation and amortization, are not recognized in the governmental funds.

C. Budgetary Process

The accrual basis of accounting is utilized for reporting purposes by the proprietary fund types. Revenues are recognized when they are earned and become measurable, and expenses are recognized when they are incurred, if measurable. The fair value of donated commodities used during the year is reported in the operating statement as an expense with a like amount reported as donated commodities revenue. Unused donated commodities are reported as deferred revenue.

The budgetary process is prescribed by provisions of the Ohio Revised Code and entails the preparation of budgetary documents within an established timetable. The major documents prepared are the tax budget, the certificate of estimated resources, and the appropriation resolution, all of which are prepared on the budgetary basis of accounting. The certificate of estimated resources and the appropriations resolution are subject to amendment throughout the year with the legal restriction that appropriations cannot exceed estimated resources, as certified. All funds, other than agency funds, are legally required to be budgeted and appropriated. The primary level of budgetary control is at the object level within each function. Any budgetary modifications at this level may only be made by resolution of the Board of Education.

Tax Budget:

Prior to January 15, the Superintendent and Treasurer submit to the Board of Education a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing the following July 1. The budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing for all funds. Public hearings are publicized and conducted to obtain taxpayers' comments. The express purpose of this budget document is to reflect the need for existing or increased tax rates.

By no later than January 20, the Board-adopted budget is filed with the Summit County Budget Commission for rate determination.

Notes to the General Purpose Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2001 (Continued)

Note 2 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

C. Budgetary Process (continued)

Estimated Resources:

Prior to April 1, the Board of Education accepts, by formal resolution, the tax rates as determined by the Budget Commission and receives the Commission's certificate of estimated resources which states the projected revenue of each fund. Prior to June 30, the School District must revise its budget so that total contemplated expenditures from any fund during the ensuing year will not exceed the amount stated in the certificate of estimated resources. The revised budget then serves as the basis for the appropriation measure. On or about July 1, the certificate is amended to include any unencumbered cash balances from the preceding year. The certificate may be further amended during the year if projected increases or decreases in revenue are identified by the School District Treasurer. The amounts reported in the budgetary statement reflect the amounts in the final amended certificate issued during fiscal year 2001.

Appropriations:

Upon receipt from the Summit County Fiscal Officer of an amended certificate of estimated resources based on final assessed values and tax rates or a certificate saying no new certificate is necessary, the annual appropriation resolution must be legally enacted by the Board of Education at the fund, function, and object level of expenditures, which are the legal levels of budgetary control. Prior to the passage of the annual appropriation measure, the Board may pass a temporary appropriation measure to meet the ordinary expenses of the School District. The appropriation resolution, by fund, must be within the estimated resources as certified by the County Budget Commission and the total of expenditures and encumbrances may not exceed the appropriation totals at any level of control. Any revisions that alter the total of any fund appropriation, or alter total function appropriations within a fund, or alter object appropriations within functions, must be approved by the Board of Education. The Board may pass supplemental fund appropriations so long as the total appropriations by fund do not exceed the amounts set forth in the most recent certificate of estimated resources. During the year, several supplemental appropriations were legally enacted; however, none of these amendments were significant. The budget figures which appear in the statements of budgetary comparisons represent the final appropriation amounts, including all supplemental appropriations. Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year for all funds, other than agency funds, consistent with statutory provisions.

Encumbrances:

As part of formal budgetary control, purchase orders, contracts and other commitments for the expenditure of monies are recorded as the equivalent of expenditures on the non-GAAP budgetary basis in order to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation and to determine and maintain legal compliance. Encumbrances plus expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations at the legal level of control On the GAAP basis, encumbrances outstanding at fiscal year end are reported as a reservation of fund balance for subsequent-year expenditures for governmental funds and reported in the notes to the financial statements for proprietary funds.

Notes to the General Purpose Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2001 (Continued)

Note 2 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

C. Budgetary Process (continued)

Lapsing of Appropriations:

At the close of each year, the unencumbered balance of each appropriation reverts to the respective fund from which it was appropriated and becomes subject to future appropriation. Encumbered appropriations are carried forward to the succeeding fiscal year and are not reappropriated.

D. Cash and Cash Equivalents

To improve cash management, all cash received by the School District is pooled in a central bank account. Monies for all funds, including proprietary funds, are maintained in this account or temporarily used to purchase short term investments. Individual fund integrity is maintained through School District records. Each fund's interest in the pooled bank account is presented as "equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents" on the combined balance sheet.

Except for repurchase agreement investments that had a remaining maturity life of one year or less at the time of purchase, investments are reported at fair value which is based on quoted market price. Repurchase agreement investments that had a remaining maturity of one year or less at the time of purchase are reported at cost or amortized cost.

The School District has invested funds in the State Treasury Asset reserve of Ohio ("STAR Ohio") during fiscal year 2001. STAR Ohio is an investment pool managed by the State Treasurer's Office which allows governments within the State to pool their funds for investment purposes. STAR Ohio is not registered with the SEC as an investment company, but does operate in a manner consistent with Rule 2a7 of the investment Company Act of 1940. Investments in STAR Ohio are valued at STAR Ohio's share price which is the price the investment could be sold for on June 30, 2001.

During the year, all investment earnings were distributed to the General Fund and Scholarship Special Revenue Funds. Interest income earned during fiscal year 2001 totaled \$261,606.

The School District has a segregated bank account for the athletic and music special revenue funds' monies held separate from the School District's central bank account. This depository account is presented as "cash and cash equivalents in segregated accounts" on the combined balance sheet, since it is not required to be deposited into the School District's treasury.

For purposes of the combined statement of cash flows and for presentation on the combined balance sheet, investments of the cash management pool and investments with an original maturity of three months or less at the time they are purchased by the School District are considered to be cash equivalents.

Notes to the General Purpose Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2001 (Continued)

Note 2 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

E. Inventory

Inventories of governmental funds are stated at cost while inventories of proprietary funds are stated at the lower of cost or market. For all funds, cost is determined on a first-in, first-out basis. Inventory in governmental funds consists of expendable supplies held for consumption. The cost of inventory items is recorded as an expenditure in the governmental fund types when purchased. Reported material and supplies inventory is equally offset by a fund balance reserve in the governmental funds which indicates that it does not constitute available expendable resources even though it is a component of net current assets. Inventories of proprietary funds consist of donated food, purchased food and school supplies held for resale and are expensed when used.

F. Restricted Assets

Restricted assets in the general fund represent cash and cash equivalents set aside to establish a budget reserve. The reserve is required by State statute and can be used only after receiving approval from the State. A fund balance reserve has also been established.

G. Fixed Assets and Depreciation

General fixed assets are not capitalized in the funds used to acquire or construct them. Instead, capital acquisition and construction costs are reflected as expenditures in governmental funds, and the related assets are reported in the general fixed assets account group. Fixed assets utilized in the proprietary funds are capitalized in the respective fund. All fixed assets are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost) and updated for additions and retirements during the year. Donated fixed assets are recorded at their fair market values as of the date received. The School District maintains a capitalization threshold of \$500. The School District does not possess any infrastructure.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an asset's life are not capitalized. Improvements are capitalized. Improvements to fund fixed assets are depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related fixed assets.

Assets in the general fixed assets account group are not depreciated. Depreciation of furniture and equipment in the enterprise funds is computed using the straight-line method over an estimated useful life that ranges from five to 20 years.

Notes to the General Purpose Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2001 (Continued)

Note 2 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

H. Compensated Absences

Vacation benefits are accrued as a liability as the benefits are earned if the employees' rights to receive compensation are attributable to services already rendered and it is probable that the School District will compensate the employees for the benefits through paid time off or some other means. Sick leave benefits are accrued as a liability using the vesting payment method. The liability includes the employees who are currently eligible to receive termination benefits and those the School District has identified as probable of receiving payment in the future. The amount is based on accumulated sick leave and employees' wage rates at fiscal year end, taking into consideration any limits specified in the School District's termination policy.

For governmental funds, the current portion of unpaid compensated absences is the amount expected to be paid using available expendable resources. These amounts are recorded in the account "compensated absences payable" in the fund from which the employees who have accumulated unpaid leave are paid. The remainder is reported in the general long-term obligations account group. In proprietary funds, the entire amount of compensated absences is reported as a fund liability.

I. Accrued Liabilities and Long-Term Obligations

In general, governmental fund payables and accrued liabilities are reported as obligations of the funds regardless of whether they will be liquidated with current resources. However, claims and judgments, compensated absences, contractually required pension contributions and special termination benefits that will be paid from governmental funds are reported as a liability in the general long-term obligations account group to the extent that they will not be paid with current expendable available financial resources. Payments made more than two months after year-end are generally considered not to have been paid with current available financial resources. In general, bond payments made more than 60 days after year end are considered not to have been made with current available financial resources. Bonds and capital leases are reported as a liability of the general long-term obligations account group until due or until resources have been accumulated in the fund for payment early in the following year. Long-term debt and other obligations financed by proprietary funds are reported as liabilities in the appropriate proprietary funds.

J. Interfund Transactions

Quasi-external transactions are accounted for as revenues and expenditures or expenses. Transactions that constitute reimbursements to a fund for expenditures/expenses initially made from it that are properly applicable to another fund are recorded as expenditures/expenses in the reimbursing fund and as reductions of expenditures/expenses in the fund that is reimbursed.

Nonrecurring or nonroutine permanent transfers of equity are reported as residual equity transfers. All other interfund transfers are reported as operating transfers.

Notes to the General Purpose Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2001 (Continued)

Note 2 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

K. Fund Balance Reserves

The School District records reservations for portions of fund equity which are legally segregated for specific future use or which do not represent available expendable resources and therefore are not available for appropriations for expenditures. Unreserved fund balance indicates that portion of fund equity which is available for appropriation in future periods. Fund equity reserves are established for encumbrances, property taxes and budget stabilization. The reserve for property taxes represents taxes recognized as revenue under generally accepted accounting principles but not available for appropriations under State statute. The reserve for budget stabilization represents money required by state statute to be reserved for restricted reasons.

L. Contributed Capital

Contributed capital represents resources from other funds, other governments, and private sources provided to proprietary funds that is not subject to repayment. These assets are recorded at their fair market value on the date donated. Depreciation on those assets acquired or constructed with contributed resources is expensed and closed to unreserved retained earnings at year end. There was no change to contributed capital during fiscal year 2001.

M. Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates

N. Memorandum Only - Totals Columns

Total columns on the general purpose financial statements are captioned "Total-(Memorandum Only)" to indicate that they are presented only to facilitate financial analysis. Data in these columns do not present financial position, results of operations, or cash flows in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles. Neither is such data comparable to a consolidation. Interfund eliminations have not been made in the aggregation of this data.

Note 3 - Changes In Accounting Principles and Restatement of Fund Balances

The School District has implemented GASB Statement No. 33, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Non-exchange Transactions" and GASB Statement No. 36, "Recipient Reporting for Certain Shared Non-exchange Revenues." At June 30, 2000, there was no effect on fund balance as a result of these implementations.

Notes to the General Purpose Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2001 (Continued)

Note 4 - Budgetary Basis of Accounting

While the School District is reporting financial position, results of operations and changes in fund balance/retained earnings on the basis of generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP), the budgetary basis as provided by law is based upon accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements and encumbrances. The Combined Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual (Budget Basis) - All Governmental Fund Types and the Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Equity - Budget and Actual (Budget Basis) - All Proprietary Fund Types are presented on the budgetary basis to provide a meaningful comparison of actual results with the budget. The major differences between the budget basis and GAAP basis are that:

- 1. Revenues are recorded when received in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when susceptible to accrual (GAAP basis).
- 2. Expenditures/expenses are recorded when paid in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when the liability is incurred (GAAP basis).
- 3. Encumbrances are treated as expenditures/expenses for all funds (budget basis) rather than as a reservation of fund balance for governmental fund types and as note disclosures in the proprietary fund types (GAAP basis).
- 4. For proprietary funds, the acquisition and construction of capital assets are reported on the operating statement (budget basis) rather than as balance sheet transactions (GAAP basis).

The following tables summarize the adjustments necessary to reconcile the GAAP basis statements to the budgetary basis statements on a fund type basis.

Excess of Revenues and Other Financing Sources Over (Under) Expenditures and Other Financing Uses All Governmental Fund Types

	General	Special Revenue	Capital Projects
GAAP Basis	\$537,228	(\$49,555)	\$98,394
Net Adjustment for			
Revenue Accruals	(26,552)	(10,250)	(2,251)
Advances In	2,540	1,335	0
Net Adjustment for			
Expenditure Accruals	55,861	58,875	8,629
Advances Out	(3,190)	0	0
Adjustment for			
Encumbrances	(302,079)	(64,592)	(105,510)
Budget Basis	\$263,808	(\$64,187)	(\$738)

Notes to the General Purpose Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2001 (Continued)

Note 4 - Budgetary Basis of Accounting (continued)

Net Income/Excess of Revenues and Transfers Under Expenses All Proprietary Fund Types

	Enterprise
GAAP Basis	\$15,272
Advances In	1,855
Net Adjustment for Expense Accruals	(17,396)
Depreciation	1,611
Advances Out	(2,540)
Adjustment for Encumbrances	(2,390)
Budget Basis	(\$3,588)

For the internal service fund, there was no difference between the GAAP basis and budget basis of accounting.

Note 5 - Non-Compliance Issues and Fund Deficits

The following funds total expenditures plus encumbrances in excess of appropriations contrary to section 5705.41, O.R.C:

	Expenditures Plus		
Fund	Encumbrances	Appropriations	Excess
General Fund:			
Special Instruction	\$674,103	\$683,867	(\$9,764)

The food service enterprise fund had deficit retained earnings of \$2,002. The deficit retained earnings resulted from adjustments for accrued liabilities.

Note 6 - Deposits and Investments

State statutes classify monies held by the School District into three categories.

Active deposits are public deposits necessary to meet current demands on the treasury. Such monies must be maintained either as cash in the School District Treasury, in commercial accounts payable or withdrawable on demand, including negotiable order of withdrawal (NOW) accounts, or in money market deposit accounts.

Notes to the General Purpose Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2001 (Continued)

Note 6 - Deposits and Investments (continued)

Inactive deposits are public deposits that the School District's Board of Education has identified as not required for use within the current two year period of designation of depositories. Inactive deposits must either be evidenced by certificates of deposit maturing not later than the end of the current period of designation of depositories, or by savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts.

Interim deposits are deposits of interim monies. Interim monies are those monies which are not needed for immediate use but which will be needed before the end of the current period of designation of depositories. Interim deposits must be evidenced by time certificates of deposit maturing not more than one year from the date of deposit, or by savings or deposit accounts including passbook accounts.

State Statute permits interim monies to be deposited or invested in the following securities:

- 1. United States treasury notes, bills, bonds, or other obligations or security issued by the United States treasury or any other obligation guaranteed as to principal and interest by the United States;
- 2. Bonds, notes, debentures, or any other obligations or securities issued by any federal government agency or instrumentality, including but not limited to, the federal national mortgage association, federal home loan bank, federal farm credit bank, federal home loan mortgage corporation, government national mortgage association, and student loan marketing association. All federal agency securities shall be direct issuances of federal government agencies or instrumentalities;
- 3. Written repurchase agreements in the securities listed above provided that the market value of the securities subject to the repurchase agreement must exceed the principal value of the agreement by at least 2 percent and be marked to market daily; and that the term of the agreement does not exceed thirty days;
- 4. Bonds and other obligations of the State of Ohio;
- 5. No-load money market mutual funds consisting exclusively of obligations described in division (1) or (2) of this section and repurchase agreements secured by such obligations, provided that investments in securities described in this division are made only through eligible institutions;
- 6. The State Treasurer's investment pool (STAR Ohio);
- 7. Certain bankers' acceptances and commercial paper notes for a period not to exceed 180 days in an amount not to exceed 25 percent of the interim moneys available for investment at any one time; and
- 8. Under limited circumstances, corporate debt interests rated in either of the two highest rating classifications by at least two nationally recognized rating agencies.

Notes to the General Purpose Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2001 (Continued)

Note 6 - Deposits and Investments (continued)

Investments in stripped principal or interest obligations, reverse repurchase agreements and derivatives are prohibited. The issuance of taxable notes for the purpose of arbitrage, the use of leverage and short selling are also prohibited. An investment must mature within five years from the date of purchase unless matched to a specific obligation or debt of the School District, and must be purchased with the expectation that it will be held to maturity. Investments may only be made through specified dealers and institutions. Payment for investments may be made upon delivery of the securities representing the investments to the treasurer or, if the securities are not represented by a certificate, upon receipt of confirmation of transfer from the custodian.

Protection of School District's deposits is provided by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation, by eligible securities pledged by the financial institution as a security for repayment, by surety company bonds deposited with the treasurer by the financial institution or by a single collateral pool established by the financial institution to secure the repayment of all public moneys deposited with the institution.

Deposits: At fiscal year-end, the carrying amount of the School District's deposits was \$1,387,136 and the bank balance was \$1,504,955. \$104,955 was covered by federal depository insurance and \$1,400,000 was uninsured and uncollateralized. Although the securities serving as collateral were held by the pledging financial institution's trust department in the School District's name and all State statutory requirements for the deposit of money had been followed, non-compliance with federal requirements would potentially subject the School District to a successful claim by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation.

Investments: The School District's investments are categorized below to give an indication of the level of risk assumed by the School District at year-end. Category 1 includes investments that are insured or registered or for which the securities are held by the School District or its agent in the School District's name. Category 2 includes uninsured and unregistered investments which are held by the counterparty's trust department or agent in the School District's name. Category 3 includes uninsured and unregistered investments for which the securities are held by the counterparty, or by its trust department or agent but not in the School District's name. The investment in STAR Ohio is not classified by degree of credit risk since these investments are not evidenced by securities that exist in physical or book entry form.

	Category 1	Category 3	Carrying Value	Fair Value
Repurchase Agreement	\$0	\$1,775,000	\$1,775,000	\$1,775,000
U.S. Treasury Bill	495,148	0	495,148	498,420
Star Ohio			899,229	899,229
Totals	\$495,148	\$1,775,000	\$3,169,377	\$3,172,649

Notes to the General Purpose Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2001 (Continued)

Note 6 - Deposits and Investments (continued)

The classification of cash and cash equivalents, and investments on the combined financial statements is based on criteria set forth in GASB Statement No. 9. A reconciliation between the classifications of cash and investments on the combined financial statements and the classification per GASB Statement No. 3 is as follows:

	Cash and Cash	
	Equivalents	Investments
GASB Statement No. 9	\$4,556,513	\$0
Investments which are part of		
the cash management pool:		
Repurchase Agreement	(1,775,000)	1,775,000
U.S. Treasury Bill	(495,148)	495,148
STAR Ohio	(899,229)	899,229
GASB Statement No. 3	\$1,387,136	\$3,169,377

Note 7 - Property Taxes

Property taxes are levied and assessed on a calendar year basis. Second half distributions occur in a new fiscal year. Property taxes include amounts levied against all real, public utility and tangible personal (used in business) property located in the School District. Real property taxes are levied after April 1 on the assessed value listed as of the prior January 1, the lien date. Public utility property taxes, attached as a lien on December 31 of the prior year were levied April 1, and are collected with real property taxes. Assessed values for real property taxes are established by State law at 35 percent of appraised market value. All property is required to be revalued every six years. Public utility property taxes are assessed on tangible personal property at 88 percent of true value (with certain exceptions) and on real property at thirty-five percent of true value. Tangible personal property taxes are levied after April 1 on the value listed as of December 31 of the current year. Tangible personal property assessments are 25 percent of true value.

Real property taxes are payable annually or semi-annually. If paid annually, payment is due December 31; if paid semi-annually, the first payment is due December 31 with the remainder payable by June 20. Under certain circumstances, State statute permits alternate payment dates to be established.

Tangible personal property taxes paid by multi-county taxpayers are due September 20. Single county taxpayers may pay annually or semi-annually. If paid annually, payment is due April 30; if paid semi-annually, the first payment is due April 30, with the remainder payable by September 20.

The School District receives property taxes from Summit and Portage Counties. The Summit and Portage County Fiscal Officers periodically advance to the School District its portion of the taxes collected. Second-half real property tax payments collected by the Counties by June 30, 2001, are available to finance fiscal year 2001 operations. The amount available to be advanced can vary based on the date the tax bills are sent.

Notes to the General Purpose Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2001 (Continued)

Note 7 - Property Taxes (continued)

Accrued property taxes receivable represent delinquent taxes outstanding and real property, tangible personal property and public utility taxes which became measurable as of June 30, 2001. Although total property tax collections for the next fiscal year are measurable, only the amount available as an advance at June 30 is intended to finance current year operations. The receivable is therefore offset by a credit to deferred revenue for that portion not intended to finance current year operations. The amount available as an advance at June 30, 2001, was \$97,529 for the general fund and \$7,688 for the permanent improvement fund.

The assessed values upon which the fiscal year 2001 taxes were collected are:

	2000 Second- Half Collections		2001 First- Half Collections	
	Amount	Percent	Amount	Percent
Agricultural/Residential and Other Real Estate	\$65,317,630	64.11%	\$71,056,530	69.55%
Public Utility Personal	3,466,190	3.40	3,235,430	3.17
Tangible Personal Property	33,102,962	32.49	27,866,547	27.28
	\$101,886,782	100.00%	\$102,158,507	100.00%
Tax Rate per \$1,000 of assessed valuation	\$67.50		\$67.50	

Note 8 - Receivables

Receivables at June 30, 2001, consisted of taxes and intergovernmental grants. All receivables are considered collectible in full due to the ability to foreclose for the nonpayment of taxes, the stable condition of State programs, and the current year guarantee of federal funds.

A summary of the principal items of intergovernmental receivables follows:

	Amounts
Special Revenue Funds:	
Drug Free	\$2,444
Class Size Reduction	3,143
Total Intergovernmental Receivables	\$5,587

Notes to the General Purpose Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2001 (Continued)

Note 9 - Fixed Assets

A summary of the enterprise funds' fixed assets at June 30, 2001, follows:

Furniture and Equipment	\$54,767
Less: Accumulated Depreciation	(24,438)
Net Fixed Assets	\$30,329

The general fixed asset account group has been restated as of June 30, 2000 due to errors and omissions.

A summary of the changes in general fixed assets during fiscal year 2001 follows:

	Balance June 30, 2000	Correction	Restated Balance June 30, 2000	Additions	Deletions	Balance June 30, 2001
Land and Improvements	\$858,620	\$138,098	\$996,718	\$1,044	\$0	\$997,762
Buildings and Improvements	1,792,298	429,931	2,222,229	7,615	0	2,229,844
Furniture and Equipment	792,647	215,381	1,008,027	30,244	(9,050)	1,029,221
Vehicles	290,365	13,614	303,979	0	0	303,979
Total General Fixed Assets	\$3,733,930	\$797,024	\$4,530,953	\$38,903	(9,050)	\$4,560,806

Note 10 - Risk Management

The School District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees and natural disasters. During fiscal year 2001, the School District contracted with Nationwide Insurance for property and fleet insurance, liability insurance and inland marine coverage. Coverages provided by Nationwide Insurance are as follows:

	Coverage	Deductible
Buildings and Contents	\$17,844,343	\$250
Inland Marine Coverage	10,650	100
Boiler and Machinery	15,872,844	1,000
Automobile Liability	2,000,000	100
Uninsured Motorists	2,000,000	100
Crime Insurance	2,000	0
General Liability:		
Per Occurrence	2,000,000	0
Aggregate	5,000,000	0

Settled claims have not exceeded this commercial coverage in any of the past three years, and there has been no significant reduction in coverage from the prior year.

Notes to the General Purpose Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2001 (Continued)

Note 10 - Risk Management (continued)

For fiscal year 2001, the School District participated in the Ohio School Boards Association Workers' Compensation Group Rating Program (G.P.), an insurance purchasing pool (Note 17). The intent of the G.P. is to achieve the benefit of a reduced premium for the School District by virtue of its grouping and representation with other participants in the G.P. The workers' compensation experience of the participating school districts is calculated as one experience and a common premium rate is applied to all school districts in the G.P. Each participant pays its workers' compensation premium to the State based on the rate for the G.P. rather than its individual rate. Total savings are then calculated and each participant's individual performance is compared to the overall savings percentage of the G.P. A participant will then either receive money from or be required to contribute to the "Equity Pooling Fund". This "equity pooling" arrangement insures that each participant shares equally in the overall performance of the G.P. Participation in the G.P. is limited to school districts that can meet the G.P.'s selection criteria. The firm of Gates McDonald & Co, provides administrative, cost control and actuarial services of the G.P.

The School District changed from a self insured internal service fund to a premium base insurance plan during fiscal year 1995. As of June 30, 2001 the retained earnings of \$4,778 in the self-insurance internal service fund represents the remaining amount after all claims have been paid. The School District will analyze the fund during fiscal year 2002 to determine what to do with the retained earnings balance.

The School District has contracted with the Stark County Schools Council's Health Benefits Program to provide employee medical/surgical and dental benefits. The Stark County Schools Council's Health Benefits Program is a shared risk pool comprised of 15 Stark County school districts. Rates are set through an annual calculation process. The School District pays a monthly contribution which is paid in a common fund from which claim payments are made for all participants regardless of claims flow. The board of directors has the right to return monies to an exiting school district subsequent to the settlements of all expenses and claims. The School District pays premiums of \$591.19 for family coverage and \$242.97 for single coverage per employee per month.

Note 11 - Employee Benefits

A. Compensated Absences

The criteria for determining vested vacation and sick leave benefits are derived from negotiated agreements and State laws. Classified, full-time administrators and non-bargaining unit employees earn 10 to 23 days of vacation per year, depending upon length of service and hours worked. Accumulated unused vacation time is paid to classified employees and administrators upon termination of employment. Teachers and principals do not earn vacation time. Teachers, administrators and classified employees earn sick leave at the rate of one and one-fourth days per month. There is no limit as to the amount of sick leave that may be accumulated. Upon retirement employees receive payment for one-fourth of the total sick leave accumulation, up to a maximum accumulation of 60 days.

Notes to the General Purpose Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2001 (Continued)

Note 11 - Employee Benefits (continued)

B. Life Insurance

The School District provides life insurance and accidental death and dismemberment insurance to most employees. Life insurance is provided through the Stark County Council of Governments Health Benefits Program.

Note 12 - Defined Benefit Pension Plans

A. State Teachers Retirement System

The School District contributes to the State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio (STRS), a cost-sharing multiple employer public employee retirement system. STRS provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death and survivor benefits to members and beneficiaries. Benefits are established by Chapter 3307 of the Ohio Revised Code. STRS issues a publicly available, stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for STRS. The report may be obtained by writing to the State Teachers Retirement System, 275 East Broad Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215-3771.

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2001, plan members were required to contribute 9.3 percent of their annual covered salary. The School District was required to contribute 14 percent; 9.5 percent was the portion used to fund pension obligations. For fiscal year 2000, the portion used to fund pension obligations was 6 percent. Contribution rates are established by STRS, upon recommendation of its consulting actuary, not to exceed statutory maximum rates of 10 percent for members and 14 percent for employers. The School District's required contributions for pension obligations to STRS for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2001, 2000, and 1999 were \$284,994, \$174,152, and \$215,323, respectively; 83 percent has been contributed for fiscal year 2001 and 100 percent for the fiscal years 2000 and 1999. \$70,756 representing the unpaid contribution for fiscal year 2001, is recorded as a liability within the respective funds.

B. School Employees Retirement System

The School District contributes to the School Employees Retirement System of Ohio (SERS), a cost-sharing multiple employer defined benefit pension plan. SERS provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided by Chapter 3309 of the Ohio Revised Code. SERS issues a publicly available, stand alone financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. The report may be obtained by writing to the School Employees Retirement System, 300 East Broad Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215.

Notes to the General Purpose Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2001 (Continued)

Note 12 - Defined Benefit Pension Plans (continued)

B. School Employees Retirement System (continued)

Plan members are required to contribute 9 percent of their annual covered salary and the School District is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. The current rate is 14 percent of annual covered payroll. A portion of the School District's contribution is used to fund pension obligations with the remainder being used to fund health care benefits; for fiscal year 2001, 4.20 percent of annual covered salary was the portion used to fund pension obligations. For fiscal year 2000, the portion used to fund pension obligations was 5.55 percent. The contribution requirements of plan members and employees are established and may be amended, up to statutory maximum amounts by the SERS' Retirement Board. The School District's required contributions for pension obligations to SERS for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2001, 2000, and 1999 were \$34,668, \$58,864, and \$54,901, respectively; 50 percent has been contributed for fiscal year 2001 and 100 percent for the fiscal years 2000 and 2001. \$57,396 representing the unpaid contribution for fiscal year 2001, is recorded as a liability within the respective funds and the general long-term obligations account group.

C. Social Security System

Effective July 1, 1991, all employees not otherwise covered by the School Employees Retirement System or the State Teachers Retirement System have an option to choose Social Security or the School Employees Retirement System/State Teachers Retirement System. As of June 30, 2001, all members of the Board of Education have elected Social Security. The Board's liability is 6.2 percent of wages paid.

Note 13 - Postemployment Benefits

The School District provides comprehensive health care benefits to retired teachers and their dependents through the State Teachers Retirement System (STRS), and to retired non-certified employees and their dependents through the School Employees Retirement System (SERS). Benefits include hospitalization, physicians' fees, prescription drugs, and reimbursement of monthly Medicare premiums. Benefit provisions and the obligations to contribute are established by the Systems based on authority granted by State statute. Both systems are funded on a pay-as-you-go basis.

All STRS benefit recipients and sponsored dependents are eligible for health care coverage. The State Teachers Retirement Board has statutory authority over how much, if any, of the health care costs will be absorbed by STRS. Most benefit recipients pay a portion of health care cost in the form of a monthly premium. By Ohio Law, the cost of coverage paid from STRS funds is included in the employer contribution rate, currently 14 percent of covered payroll. The STRS board allocated employer contributions equal to 4.5 percent of covered payroll to the Health Care Reserve Fund. For the School District, this amount equaled \$134,997, for fiscal year 2001.

STRS pays health care benefits from the Health Care Reserve Fund. The balance in the Fund was \$3.419 million at June 30, 2000 (the latest information available). For the year ended June 30, 2000 (the latest information available), net health care costs paid by STRS were \$283,137,000 and STRS had 99,011 eligible benefit recipients.

Notes to the General Purpose Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2001 (Continued)

Note 13 - Postemployment Benefits (continued)

For SERS, coverage is made available to service retirees with ten or more fiscal years of qualifying service credit, and to disability and survivor benefit recipients. Members retiring on or after August 1, 1989, with less than 25 years of service credit must pay a portion of their premium for health care. The portion is based on years of service up to a maximum of 75 percent of the premium.

After the allocation for basic benefits, the remainder of the employer's 14 percent contribution is allocated to providing health care benefits. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2001, employer contributions to fund health care benefits were 9.80 percent of covered payroll, an increase of 1.3 percent from fiscal year 2000. In addition, SERS levies a surcharge to fund health care benefits equal to 14 percent of the difference between a minimum pay and the member's pay, pro-rated for partial service credit. For fiscal year 2001, the minimum pay was established at \$12,400. For the School District, the amount contributed to fund health care benefits, including surcharge, equaled \$91,384, during the 2001 fiscal year.

The surcharge, added to the unallocated portion of the 14 percent employer contribution rate, provides for maintenance of the asset target level for the health care fund. The target level for the health care reserve is 150 percent of annual health care expenses. Expenses for health care at June 30, 2000 (the latest information available), were \$140,696,340 and the target level was \$211.0 million. At June 30, 2000 (the latest information available) SERS had net assets available for payment of health care benefits of \$252.3 million. SERS has approximately 50,000 participating currently receiving health care benefits.

Note 14 - Capital Leases

Capital lease obligations recorded in the general long-term obligations account group relate to copier equipment which was leased under long-term agreements. During fiscal year 2001, the School District did not enter into any new leases. Each lease meets the criteria of a capital lease as defined by

Statement of Financial Accounting Standard No. 13, "Accounting for Leases". The following is a schedule of the future minimum lease payments required under the capital leases and the present value of the minimum lease payments as of June 30, 2001.

	General Long-Term		
Fiscal Year Ending June 30,	Obligation		
2002	13,377		
2003	4,460		
Total Minimum Lease Payments	17,837		
Less: Amount Representing Interest	(926)		
Present Value of Minimum Lease Payments	\$16,911		

Notes to the General Purpose Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2001 (Continued)

Note 14 - Capital Leases (continued)

The assets being acquired have been capitalized in the general fixed assets account group in the amount of \$89,708, the present value of the minimum lease payments at the inception of each lease.

Capital lease payments in the governmental funds have been reclassified and are reflected as debt service in the general purpose financial statements for various governmental funds. These expenditures are reflected as program/function expenditures on a budgetary basis.

Note 15 - Long-Term Obligations

Changes in long-term obligations of the School District during fiscal year 2001 were as follows:

	Principal			Principal
	Outstanding			Outstanding
	6/30/00	Additions	Deductions	6/30/01
Compensated Absences	\$353,166	\$59,856	\$0	\$413,022
Intergovernmental	30,089	46,178	(30,089)	46,178
Capital Leases	35,647	0	(18,736)	16,911
Energy Conservation Bonds	530,000	0	(65,000)	465,000
Total General Long-Term Obligations	\$948,902	\$106,034	(113,825)	\$941,111

Compensated absences and the intergovernmental payable, which represents contractually required pension contributions paid outside the available period, will be paid from the fund from which employee's are paid. Capital lease obligations will be paid from the general fund. The energy conservation bonds are paid from the debt service fund.

The School District's overall legal debt margin was \$9,240,058 at June 30, 2001.

Principal and interest requirements to retire the energy conservation bonds at June 30, 2001, are as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending June 30,	Principal	Interest	Total
2002	70,000	23,995	93,995
2003	70,000	20,075	90,075
2004	75,000	16,015	91,015
2005	80,000	11,675	91,675
2006	85,000	7,055	92,055
2007	85,000	2,337	87,337
Total Energy Conservation Bonds	\$465,000	\$81.152	\$546.152

Notes to the General Purpose Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2001 (Continued)

Note 16 - Jointly Governed Organizations

The School District is a participant in the North Eastern Ohio Network for educational Training (NEONET) which is a computer consortium. NEONET is a jointly governed organization among School Districts located withing the boundaries of Portage and Summit Counties and also includes the schools of Twinsburg, Barberton, Nordonia Hills, Springfield, Green, Revere, Mogadore, Kent, Woodridge, Conventry, Norton and Cuyahoga Falls. The jointly governed organization was formed for the purpose of applying modern technology with the aid of computers and other electronic equipment to administrative and instructional functions among member districts. NEONET is governed by an assembly consisting of superintendents or other designees from participating school districts. The assembly exercises total control over the operation of NEONET including budgeting, appropriating, contracting and designating management. All the NEONET revenues are generated from charges for services and state funding. To obtain financial information write NEONET, 420 Washington Ave., Cuyahoga Falls, Ohio 44221.

The Maplewood Joint Vocational School is a distinct political subdivision of the State of Ohio operated under the direction of a Board consisting of one representative from each of the ten participating school district's elected boards, which possess its own budgeting and taxing authority. To obtain financial information write to the Maplewood Joint Vocational School, 7075 State Route 88, Ravenna, Ohio 44266.

Note 17 - Public Entity Risk Pools

The Stark County Schools Council (Council) is a shared risk pool which is governed by an assembly which consists of one representative from each participating school district (usually the superintendent or designee). The assembly elects officers for one year terms to serve as the Board of Directors. The assembly exercises control over the operation of the Council. All Council revenues are generated from charges for services. The Council has a Health Benefits Program which is a shared risk pool comprised of 15 Stark County school districts. The Council also sponsors a workers' compensation group rating plan which is an insurance purchasing pool.

The School District participated in the Ohio School Boards Association Workers' Compensation Group Rating Program (G.P.), an insurance purchasing pool. The G.P.'s business affairs are conducted by a three member Board of Directors consisting of the president, the president-Elect and the Immediate Past President of the OSBA. The Executive Director of the OSBA, or his designee, serves as coordinator of the program. Each year, the participating school districts pay an enrollment fees to the G.P.'s to cover the costs of administering the program.

Note 18 - Contingencies

A. Grants

The School District receives financial assistance from federal and state agencies in the form of grants. The disbursement of funds received under these programs generally requires compliance with terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements and is subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims resulting from such audits could become a liability of the general fund or other applicable funds. However, in the opinion of management, any such disallowed claims will not have a material adverse effect on the overall financial position of the School District at June 30, 2001.

Notes to the General Purpose Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2001 (Continued)

Note 18 - Contingencies (continued)

B. Litigation

The School District is a party to legal proceedings. The School District management is of the opinion that ultimate disposition of these claims and legal proceedings will not have a material effect, if any, on the financial condition of the School District.

Note 19 - Segment Information

The School District maintains two enterprise funds to account for the operations of food service and uniform school supplies. The table below reflects in a summarized format the more significant financial data relating to the enterprise funds of the School District as of and for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2001.

	F 1	Uniform	Total
	Food	School	Enterprise
	Service	Supplies	Funds
Operating Revenues	\$48,453	\$23,398	\$71,851
Operating Expenses			
Before Depreciation	99,255	20,464	119,719
Depreciation	1,611	0	1,611
Operating Income (Loss)	(52,413)	2,934	(49,479)
Donated Commodities	10,278	0	10,278
Operating Grants	19,124	0	19,124
Operating Transfers In	33,274	2,075	35,349
Net Income	10,263	5,009	15,272
Net Working Capital	(7,663)	13,178	5,515
Total Assets	37,008	15,033	52,041
Total Equity	22,666	13,178	35,844
Encumbrances at			
June 30, 2001	50	2,340	2,390

Note 20 - School Funding Issue

On December 11, 2002, the Ohio Supreme Court issued its latest opinion regarding the State's school funding plan. The decision reaffirmed earlier decisions that Ohio's current school-funding plan is unconstitutional.

The Supreme Court relinquished jurisdiction over the case and directed "....the Ohio General Assembly to enact a school-funding scheme that is thorough and efficient...". The School District is currently unable to determine what effect, if any, this decision will have on its future State funding and its financial operations.

Notes to the General Purpose Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2001 (Continued)

Note 21 - Set-Asides

The School District is required by State statute to annually set aside in the general fund an amount based on a statutory formula for the purchase of textbooks and other instructional materials and an equal amount for the acquisition and construction of capital improvements. Amounts not spent by year end or offset by similarly restricted resources received during the year must be held in cash at year end and carried forward to be used for the same purpose in future years.

The following cash basis information describes the change in the year-end set asides amounts for textbooks, capital acquisition and budget stabilization. Disclosure of this information is required by State statute.

	Textbooks		Capital Acquisition		Budget Stabilization	
Set-Aside Cash Balance as of June 30, 2000	\$	0	\$	0	\$115,377	
Current Year Set-Aside Requirement	159,423		159,423		65,138	
Offsets	0		27,647		0	
Oualifying Disbursements	159,423		131,776		0	
Total	\$	0		\$0	\$180,515	
Reserve for Bus Purchases Set-Aside Cash Balance as of		0		0	\$ 26,765	
June 30, 2001	\$	0	\$	0	\$207,280	

Note 22 - Interfund Transactions

Interfund balances at June 30, 2001, consist of a receivable of \$3,190 for the general fund and a payable of \$548 for the athletic and music special revenue fund, \$787 for the vocational education special revenue fund and \$1,855 for the uniform school supplies enterprise fund.

This page intentionally left blank.



111 Second Street, NW Fourth Floor Canton, Ohio 44702

Telephone 330-438-0617 800-443-9272

Facsimile 330-471-0001 www.auditor.state.oh.us

REPORT ON INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS ON COMPLIANCE AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL REQUIRED BY GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Mogadore Local School District Summit County 130 South Cleveland Avenue Mogadore, Ohio 44260

To the Board of Education:

We have audited the general purpose financial statements of Mogadore Local School District, Summit County, Ohio, (the District) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2001, and have issued our report thereon dated December 11, 2002, which noted the corrections of errors and omissions in the General Fixed Asset Account Group. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Compliance

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance and whether the District's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grants, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

However, we noted certain immaterial instances of noncompliance that we have reported to management of the District in a separate letter dated December 11, 2002.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements and not to provide assurance on the internal control over financial reporting. Our consideration of the internal control over financial reporting would not necessarily disclose all matters in the internal control over financial reporting that might be material weaknesses. A material weakness is a condition in which the design or operation of one or more of the internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that misstatements in amounts that would be material in relation to the financial statements being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions. We noted no matters involving the internal control over financial reporting and its operation that we consider to be material weaknesses.

However, we noted other matters involving the internal control over financial reporting that do not require inclusion in this report, that we have reported to management of the District in a separate letter dated December 11, 2002.

Mogadore Local School District Summit County Report on Independent Accountants on Compliance and on Internal Control Required by *Government Auditing Standards* Page 2

This report is intended for the information and use of management and the Board of Education, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Jim Petro Auditor of State

December 11, 2002

MOGADORE LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT SUMMIT COUNTY

SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS JUNE 30, 2001

Finding Number	Finding Summary	Fully Corrected?	Not Corrected, Partially Corrected; Significantly Different Corrective Action Taken; or Finding No Longer Valid; <i>Explain</i> :
2000-10977-001	Ohio Rev. Code Section 135.22 - The former Treasurer did not attend required investment training.	Fully Corrected	The current Treasurer has attended the required training.
2000-10977-002	Grant donations were incorrectly recorded as reduction in expenditures.	Fully Corrected	Donations were properly recorded during our audit period.
2000-10977-003	Fixed Assets - Comprehensive fixed asset listing was not maintained.	Fully Corrected	A fixed asset appraisal was done and a listing is now maintained.



88 East Broad Street P.O. Box 1140 Columbus, Ohio 43216-1140

Telephone 614-466-4514

800-282-0370

Facsimile 614-466-4490

MOGADORE LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT SUMMIT COUNTY

CLERK'S CERTIFICATION

This is a true and correct copy of the report which is required to be filed in the Office of the Auditor of State pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in Columbus, Ohio.

CLERK OF THE BUREAU

Susan Babbitt

CERTIFIED JANUARY 9, 2003