GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
(AUDITED)
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED
JUNE 30, 2002



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Board of Education Reynoldsburg City School District Reynoldsburg, Ohio

We have reviewed the Independent Auditor's Report of the Reynoldsburg City School District, Franklin County, prepared by Trimble, Julian & Grube, Inc, for the audit period July 1, 2001 through June 30, 2002. Based upon this review, we have accepted these reports in lieu of the audit required by Section 117.11, Revised Code. The Auditor of State did not audit the accompanying financial statements and, accordingly, we are unable to express, and do not express an opinion on them.

Our review was made in reference to the applicable sections of legislative criteria, as reflected by the Ohio Constitution, and the Revised Code, policies, procedures and guidelines of the Auditor of State, regulations and grant requirements. The Reynoldsburg City School District is responsible for compliance with these laws and regulations.

BETTY MONTGOMERY Auditor of State

Butty Montgomeny

January 21, 2003



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TRIMBLE, JULIAN & GRUBE, INC.

"SERVING OHIO LOCAL GOVERNMENTS"

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Independent Auditor's Report

Board of Education Reynoldsburg City School District 7244 E. Main Street Reynoldsburg, Ohio 43068-3585

We have audited the accompanying general purpose financial statements of the Reynoldsburg City School District, Franklin County (the "District") as of and for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2002, as listed in the table of contents. These general purpose financial statements are the responsibility of the District's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these general purpose financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the general purpose financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the general purpose financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and the significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall general purpose financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the general purpose financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Reynoldsburg City School District, Franklin County, as of June 30, 2002, and the results of its operations and the cash flows of its proprietary fund types and nonexpendable trust fund for the fiscal year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 27, 2002, on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grants. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* and should be read in conjunction with this report in considering the results of our audit.

Our audit was performed for the purpose of forming an opinion on the general purpose financial statements of the District, taken as a whole. The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by U. S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*, and is not a required part of the general purpose financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the general purpose financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the general purpose financial statements taken as a whole.

Trimble, Julian & Grube, Inc. December 27, 2002

COMBINED BALANCE SHEET ALL FUND TYPES AND ACCOUNT GROUPS JUNE 30, 2002

	Governmental Fund Types							
		General		Special Revenue		Debt Service		Capital Projects
ASSETS AND OTHER DEBITS ASSETS:								,
Equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents Equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents -	\$	14,371,018	\$	882,529	\$	-	\$	491,836
nonexpendable trust fund		-		-		-		-
Cash in segregated accounts		5,470		-		-		-
Receivables (net of allowances of uncollectibles):								
Taxes - current & delinquent		18,208,626		-		1,890,380		924,339
Accounts		2,982		1,622		-		-
Accrued interest		67,593		-		-		-
Interfund loan receivable		96,308		10,547		-		-
Due from other governments		1,991		353,121		-		-
Materials and supplies inventory		113,457		-		-		-
Prepayments		149,238		-		-		-
Equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents		172,006		-		-		-
Property, plant and equipment (net of accumulated								
depreciation where applicable)		-		-		-		-
OTHER DEBITS:								
Amount available in debt service fund								
		-		-		-		-
Amount to be provided for retirement of general long-term obligations								
			-	<u>-</u>	-	<u>-</u>	-	<u>-</u>
Total assets and other debits	\$	33,188,689	\$	1,247,819	\$	1,890,380	\$	1,416,175
LIABILITIES, EQUITY AND OTHER CREDITS								
LIABILITIES:								
Accounts payable	\$	413,573	\$	75,016	\$	-	\$	14,556
Accrued wages and benefits		4,373,600		155,610		-		-
Compensated absences payable		112,349		-		-		-
Pension obligation payable		612,448		15,910		-		-
Interfund loan payable		-		43,218		53,090		-
Deferred revenue		14,901,517		167,044		1,665,715		814,688
Due to other governments		223,213		9,820		-		-
Accrued interest payable		1,799		-		-		-
Due to students		-		_		-		-
Claims payable		-		_		-		-
Energy conservation notes payable		-		-		-		-
General obligation bonds payable		-		_		-		-
Capital lease obligation payable		_		_		<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>
Total liabilities		20,638,499		466,618		1,718,805		829,244
			-				•	
EQUITY AND OTHER CREDITS:								
Investment in general fixed assets		-		-		-		-
Contributed capital		-		-		-		-
Retained earnings (accumulated deficit): unreserved		-		-		-		-
Fund balances (deficit):		1 525 601		154 676				200 (02
Reserved for encumbrances		1,525,691		154,676		-		388,682
Reserved for materials and supplies inventory		113,457		-		-		-
Reserved for prepayments		149,238		-		224.665		100.651
Reserved for tax revenue unavailable for appropriation		1,990,831		-		224,665		109,651
Reserved for principal endowment		150.004		-		-		-
Reserved for BWC refunds		172,006		-		-		-
Unreserved:		0 -10 1						
Designated for budget stabilization		2,513,224		-		- (52.000)		-
Unreserved: Undesignated		6,085,743		626,525		(53,090)		88,598
Total equity and other credits		12,550,190		781,201		171,575		586,931
Total liabilities, equity and other credits	\$	33,188,689	\$	1,247,819	\$	1,890,380	\$	1,416,175

	Proprietary	Fund Tv	nes		nd Types	Account Groups					
	Enterprise	•	Internal Service		rust and Agency	General Fixed Assets		Ger Long	neral -Term gations	(N	Total Iemorandum Only)
	Enterprise		Service		Agency	AS	sets	Oblig	gations		Olliy)
\$	218,987	\$	664,486	\$	186,242	\$	-	\$	-	\$	16,815,098
	_		_		25,000		_		_		25,000
	-		-		-		-		-		5,470
	-		-		-		-		-		21,023,345
	3,564		-		-		-		-		8,168
	-		-		-		-		-		67,593
	-		-		-		-		-		106,855
	30,741		-		-		-		-		385,853
	2,222		-		-		-		-		115,679
	-		-		-		-		-		149,238
	-		-		-		-		-		172,006
	208,465		-		-	54	,331,101		-		54,539,566
	-		-		-		-		171,575		171,575
	-		-		_		-	21	,263,663		21,263,663
•	463,979	\$	664,486	\$	211,242	\$ 54	,331,101		,435,238	\$	114,849,109
\$	403,979	<u> </u>	004,480	<u>\$</u>	211,242	<u>\$ 34</u>	,,331,101	\$ 21	1,433,238	<u>\$</u>	114,849,109
\$	6,018	\$		\$		\$		\$		¢	509,163
Э		Э	-	Þ	-	Э	-	Э	-	\$	
	202,164 28,858		-		-		-	_	2,455,332		4,731,374 2,596,539
	45,665		-		-		-	2	269,459		943,482
	10,547		_		_		-		209,439		106,855
	744		_		_		_		_		17,549,708
	5,036		_		35,554		_		_		273,623
	5,030		_		-		_		_		1,799
	_		_		92,353		_		_		92,353
	_		505,802		-		_		_		505,802
	_		-		_		_		675,000		675,000
	_		-		_		_	17	7,271,520		17,271,520
	-		-		-		-		763,927		763,927
	299,032		505,802		127,907			21	,435,238	_	46,021,145
						<i>-</i> 4	221 101				54 221 101
	812,140		-		-	54	,331,101		-		54,331,101 812,140
	(647,193)		158,684		-		-		-		(488,509)
	<u>-</u>		_		5,244		_		_		2,074,293
	-		_		- ,		_		-		113,457
	-		_		-		_		-		149,238
	-		-		-		-		-		2,325,147
	-		-		25,000		-		-		25,000
	-		-		-		-		-		172,006
	-		-		-		-		-		2,513,224
	<u> </u>		<u> </u>		53,091		<u> </u>				6,800,867
	164,947		158,684		83,335	54	,331,101				68,827,964
\$	463,979	\$	664,486	\$	211,242	\$ 54	,331,101	\$ 21	,435,238	\$	114,849,109

Fiduciary

COMBINED STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES ALL GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES AND EXPENDABLE TRUST FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2002

		Governmen	ntal Fund Types		Fiduciary Fund Type	
	General	Special Revenue	Debt Service	Capital Projects	Expendable Trust	Total (Memorandum Only)
Revenues:						
From local sources:	r 10 420 201	¢.	ф. 1.717.040	¢ 922.222	¢.	e 20.070.562
Taxes.	\$ 18,428,391	\$ -	\$ 1,717,940	\$ 833,232	\$ -	\$ 20,979,563
Tuition	15,542 600,244	1 405	-	-	628	15,542
Earnings on investments	000,244	1,405 382,094	-	-	16,268	602,277 398,362
Other local revenues	314,429	91,409	-	30,000	10,208	435,838
Other revenue	514,427	114,000		30,000		114,000
Intergovernmental - State	22,252,696	1,678,802	225,320	189,294	_	24,346,112
Intergovernmental - Federal	100,373	697,604	-	-	_	797,977
Total revenues	41,711,675	2,965,314	1,943,260	1,052,526	16,896	47,689,671
Expenditures:						
Current:						
Instruction:	21 470 570	279 292		2.650		21 960 519
Regular	21,478,578	378,282	-	3,658	-	21,860,518
Special	2,241,644 204,616	354,368	-	-	1,500	2,596,012 206,116
Support services:	204,010	-	-	-	1,500	200,110
Pupil	3,560,133	251,834	_	_	_	3,811,967
Instructional staff	807,700	530,214	_	2,562	_	1,340,476
Board of Education	87,732	2,728	_	2,502	_	90,460
Administration	3,633,119	401,708	_	_	700	4,035,527
Fiscal.	569,529	40,900	23,055	14,441	-	647,925
Business	141,973	5,303			_	147,276
Operations and maintenance	3,211,126	4,207	_	751,116	_	3,966,449
Pupil transportation	1,860,120	300	-	-	-	1,860,420
Central	287,515	43,070	-	-	-	330,585
Community services	· -	17,823	-	-	53	17,876
Extracurricular activities	581,850	335,571	-	-	1,248	918,669
Facilities acquisition and construction	251,339	-	-	351,689	-	603,028
Capital outlay	211,021	-	-	-	-	211,021
Intergovernmental pass-through	-	290,175	-	-	-	290,175
Debt service:						
Principal retirement	207,662	-	1,155,000	-	-	1,362,662
Interest and fiscal charges	45,401		909,346			954,747
Total expenditures	39,381,058	2,656,483	2,087,401	1,123,466	3,501	45,251,909
Excess (deficiency) of revenues						
over (under) expenditures	2,330,617	308,831	(144,141)	(70,940)	13,395	2,437,762
Other financing course ()						
Other financing sources (uses):		10.020				10.020
Operating transfers in	(101.020)	19,938	-	-	-	19,938
Operating transfers out	(181,939) 211,021	-	-	-	-	(181,939) 211,021
Proceeds from sale of assets	300	-	-	-	-	300
Proceeds from sale of assets		_	-	-		300
Total other financing sources (uses)	29,382	19,938				49,320
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and						
other financing sources over (under)						
expenditures and other financing (uses) .	2,359,999	328,769	(144,141)	(70,940)	13,395	2,487,082
Fund halaneas, July 1	10 102 524	450 420	215 717	657 071	44.040	11 654 402
Fund balances, July 1	10,183,534	452,432	315,716	657,871	44,940	11,654,493
Increase in reserve for inventory	6,657		-			6,657
Fund balances, June 30	\$ 12,550,190	\$ 781,201	<u>\$ 171,575</u>	\$ 586,931	\$ 58,335	\$ 14,148,232



COMBINED STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

BUDGET AND ACTUAL COMPARISON (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) ALL GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2002

	General			Special Revenue			
			Variance:			Variance:	
	Revised		Favorable	Revised		Favorable	
_	Budget	Actual	(Unfavorable)	Budget	Actual	(Unfavorable)	
Revenues:							
From local sources:	4 10.050.150	A 10.550.420	A (201.750)	Φ.	4	Φ.	
Taxes.	\$ 18,970,170	\$ 18,578,420	\$ (391,750)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	
Tuition	15,788	15,462	(326)	1 422	1 406	- (26)	
Earnings on investments	597,683	585,340	(12,343)	1,432	1,406	(26)	
Extracurricular.	102.070	00.456	(2, (22)	390,029	382,835	(7,194)	
Other local revenues	102,078	99,456	(2,622)	145,699	74,770	(70,929)	
Other revenue		22.252.606	(460.226)	116,142	114,000	(2,142)	
Intergovernmental - State	22,721,922	22,252,696	(469,226)	1,513,095	1,485,187	(27,908)	
Intergovernmental - Federal	100,170	98,382	(1,788)	782,663	764,817	(17,846)	
Total revenues	42,507,811	41,629,756	(878,055)	2,949,060	2,823,015	(126,045)	
Expenditures:							
Current:							
Instruction:							
Regular	21,316,793	21,393,053	(76,260)	475,351	388,174	87,177	
Special	2,304,167	2,237,918	66,249	433,695	354,158	79,537	
Vocational	258,711	205,065	53,646	-	-	-	
Support services:							
Pupil	2,909,754	3,432,616	(522,862)	288,851	235,877	52,974	
Instructional staff	974,443	929,017	45,426	657,087	536,581	120,506	
Board of Education	87,010	75,394	11,616	-	-	-	
Administration	3,718,451	3,702,401	16,050	667,238	515,485	151,753	
Fiscal	602,178	595,367	6,811	50,085	40,900	9,185	
Business	245,475	230,898	14,577	6,494	5,303	1,191	
Operations and maintenance	3,659,150	3,446,750	212,400	13,112	10,707	2,405	
Pupil transportation	1,879,606	1,901,308	(21,702)	367	300	67	
Central	468,517	290,432	178,085	55,629	45,427	10,202	
Community services	-	-	-	29,559	24,138	5,421	
Extracurricular activities	555,359	545,552	9,807	422,212	344,781	77,431	
Facilities acquisition and construction	1,357,215	1,351,416	5,799	-	-	-	
Intergovernmental pass-through	-	-	_	370,011	302,153	67,858	
Debt service:							
Principal retirement	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Interest and fiscal charges	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Total expenditures	40,336,829	40,337,187	(358)	3,469,691	2,803,984	665,707	
•			(655)				
Excess (deficiency) of revenues	2,170,982	1 202 560	(979 412)	(520,621)	10.021	520,662	
over (under) expenditures	2,170,982	1,292,569	(878,413)	(520,631)	19,031	539,662	
Other financing sources (uses):							
Advances in	-	<u>-</u>	-	44,030	43,218	(812)	
Advances out	(43,218)	(96,308)	(53,090)	(12,916)	(10,547)	2,369	
Operating transfers in	-	- -		20,313	19,938	(375)	
Operating transfers out	(233,029)	(181,939)	51,090	-	-	-	
Proceeds from sale of assets	306	300	(6)	-	-	-	
Refund of prior year's receipts	(2,000)	-	2,000	-	-	-	
Refund of prior year's expenditures	214	210	(4)				
Total other financing sources (uses)	(277,727)	(277,737)	(10)	51,427	52,609	1,182	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and							
other financing sources over (under)							
expenditures and other financing (uses)	1,893,255	1,014,832	(878,423)	(469,204)	71,640	540,844	
Fund balances, July 1	11,109,952	11,109,952		335,779	335,779		
Prior year encumbrances appropriated	515,297	515,297	- -	263,708	263,708	=	
Fund balances, June 30			¢ (070 402)			¢ 540.044	
runu balances, June 30	\$ 13,518,504	\$ 12,640,081	\$ (878,423)	\$ 130,283	\$ 671,127	\$ 540,844	

	Debt Service			Capital Projects		To	tal (Memorandum or	nly)
Revised		Variance: Favorable	Revised		Variance: Favorable	Revised	(Variance: Favorable
Budget	Actual	(Unfavorable)	Budget	Actual	(Unfavorable)	Budget	Actual	(Unfavorable)
§ 1,871,524	\$ 1,741,909	\$ (129,615)	\$ 880,795	\$ 841,324	\$ (39,471)	\$ 21,722,489	\$ 21,161,653	\$ (560,836)
1,6/1,524	\$ 1,741,909	\$ (129,013)	\$ 660,795	\$ 641,324	\$ (39,471)	15,788	15,462	(326)
-	-	-	-	-	-	599,115	586,746	(12,369)
-	-	-	-	-	-			
-	-	-	21 720	20,000	(1,728)	390,029	382,835	(7,194)
-	-	-	31,728	30,000	(1,728)	279,505	204,226	(75,279
242.096	225 220	(16.766)	200 200	100 204	(10,006)	116,142	114,000	(2,142
242,086	225,320	(16,766)	200,200	189,294	(10,906)	24,677,303	24,152,497	(524,806
						882,833	863,199	(19,634
2,113,610	1,967,229	(146,381)	1,112,723	1,060,618	(52,105)	48,683,204	47,480,618	(1,202,586
-	-	-	11,155	10,097	1,058	21,803,299	21,791,324	11,975
-	-	-	-	-	-	2,737,862	2,592,076	145,786
-	-	-	-	-	-	258,711	205,065	53,646
-	-	-	-	-	-	3,198,605	3,668,493	(469,888
_	_	-	2,835	2,566	269	1,634,365	1,468,164	166,201
_	_	-	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	· -	_	87,010	75,394	11,616
_	_	_	_	_	_	4,385,689	4,217,886	167,803
25,004	23,055	1,949	15,954	14,441	1,513	693,221	673,763	19,458
		-,	-		-,	251,969	236,201	15,768
_	_	_	1,060,366	995,986	64,380	4,732,628	4,453,443	279,185
_	_	_	-	-		1,879,973	1,901,608	(21,635
_	_	_	_	_	_	524,146	335,859	188,287
_	_	_	_	_	_	29,559	24,138	5,421
_	_	_	_	_	_	977,571	890,333	87,238
_	_	_	586,293	530,678	55,615	1,943,508	1,882,094	61,414
-	-	-	-	-	-	370,011	302,153	67,858
1,155,000	1,155,000	-	-	-	_	1,155,000	1,155,000	-
909,346	909,346	-	-	-	-	909,346	909,346	-
2,089,350	2,087,401	1,949	1,676,603	1,553,768	122,835	47,572,473	46,782,340	790,133
24,260	(120,172)	(144,432)	(563,880)	(493,150)	70,730	1,110,731	698,278	(412,453
24,200	(120,172)	(144,432)	(303,880)	(473,130)	70,730	1,110,731	078,278	(412,433
57,040	53,090	(3,950)	-	-	-	101,070	96,308	(4,762
-	-	-	-	-	-	(56,134)	(106,855)	(50,721
-	-	-	-	-	-	20,313	19,938	(375
-	-	-	-	-	-	(233,029)	(181,939)	51,090
-	-	-	-	-	-	306	300	(6
-	-	-	-	-	-	(2,000)	-	2,000
						214	210	(4
57,040	53,090	(3,950)				(169,260)	(172,038)	(2,778
81,300	(67,082)	(148,382)	(563,880)	(493,150)	70,730	941,471	526,240	(415,231
67,082	67,082	-	372,790 208,958	372,790 208,958	-	11,885,603 987,963	11,885,603 987,963	-
140.000	<u> </u>	<u>-</u>						Φ /117.55
148,382	<u>\$ -</u>	\$ (148,382)	\$ 17,868	\$ 88,598	\$ 70,730	\$ 13,815,037	\$ 13,399,806	\$ (415,231

COMBINED STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES,
AND CHANGES IN RETAINED EARNINGS (ACCUMULATED DEFICIT)/FUND BALANCE
ALL PROPRIETARY FUND TYPES AND NONEXPENDABLE TRUST FUND
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2002

	Proprietar	y Fund Types	Fiduciary Fund Type	Total (Memorandum Only)	
	Enterprise	Internal Service	Nonexpendable Trust		
Operating revenues:					
Tuition and fees	\$ 42,688	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 42,688	
Sales/charges for services	1,110,234	3,430,236	-	4,540,470	
Interest revenue	-	-	956	956	
Other operating revenues		26,919		26,919	
Total operating revenues	1,152,922	3,457,155	956	4,611,033	
Operating expenses:					
Personal services	849,109	1,260,007	_	2,109,116	
Purchased services	36,724	37,048	_	73,772	
Materials and supplies	635,069	_	-	635,069	
Depreciation	20,282	-	-	20,282	
Claims expense	-	3,296,460	-	3,296,460	
Other		566	1,378	1,944	
Total operating expenses	1,541,184	4,594,081	1,378	6,136,643	
Operating loss	(388,262)	(1,136,926)	(422)	(1,525,610)	
Nonoperating revenues:					
Operating grants	226,902	-	_	226,902	
Federal commodities	15,530	_	-	15,530	
Interest revenue	2,090			2,090	
Other nonoperating revenue					
Total nonoperating revenues	244,522	_	-	244,522	
Net loss before operating transfers	(143,740)	(1,136,926)	(422)	(1,281,088)	
Operating transfers in	162,001		<u>-</u>	162,001	
Net income (loss)	18,261	(1,136,926)	(422)	(1,119,087)	
Retained earnings (accumulated deficit)/ fund balance, July 1	(665,454)	1,295,610	25,422	655,578	
Retained earnings (accumulated deficit)/ fund balance, June 30	\$ (647,193)	<u>\$ 158,684</u>	\$ 25,000	\$ (463,509)	

COMBINED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS ALL PROPRIETARY FUND TYPES AND NONEXPENDABLE TRUST FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2002

	Proprietary Fund Types		Fiduciary Fund Type	m . i	
	Enterprise	Internal Service	Nonexpendable Trust	Total (Memorandum Only)	
Cash flows from operating activities: Cash received from tuition and fees	\$ 42,688	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 42,688	
Cash received from sales/service charges	1,111,078	3,430,236	-	4,541,314	
Cash received from other operations	-	26,919	-	26,919	
Cash payments for personal services	(827,192)	(1,260,007)	-	(2,087,199)	
Cash payments for purchased services	(33,266)	(37,048)	-	(70,314)	
Cash payments for materials and supplies	(618,611)	(2.250, 605)	-	(618,611)	
Cash payments for claims	-	(3,258,607)	(1.279)	(3,258,607)	
Cash payments for other expenses		(566)	(1,378)	(1,944)	
Net cash used in operating activities	(325,303)	(1,099,073)	(1,378)	(1,425,754)	
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities:					
Cash received from operating grants	196,161	-	-	196,161	
Cash received from interfund loans	10,547	-	-	10,547	
Transfer in from other funds	162,001		<u>-</u>	162,001	
Net cash provided by					
noncapital financing activities	368,709		<u> </u>	368,709	
Cash flows from investing activities:					
Interest received	2,090		956	3,046	
Net cash provided by investing activities	2,090		956	3,046	
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	45,496	(1,099,073)	(422)	(1,053,999)	
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year	173,491	1,763,559	25,422	1,962,472	
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	\$ 218,987	\$ 664,486	\$ 25,000	\$ 908,473	
Reconciliation of operating loss to					
net cash used in operating activities:					
Operating loss	\$ (388,262)	\$ (1,136,926)	\$ (422)	\$ (1,525,610)	
to net cash used in operating activities:					
Depreciation	20,282	-	_	20,282	
Federal donated commodities	15,530	-	-	15,530	
Interest reported as operating income	-	-	(956)	(956)	
Changes in assets and liabilities:					
Increase in materials and supplies inventory	(239)	-	-	(239)	
Decrease in accounts receivable	844	-	-	844	
Increase in accounts payable	4,520	-	-	4,520	
Increase in accrued wages and benefits	15,248	-	-	15,248	
Increase in compensated absences payable	3,887	-	-	3,887	
Decrease in pension obligation payable	(2,255)	-	-	(2,255)	
Increase in due to other governments	5,037	-	-	5,037	
Increase in claims payable	105	37,853	<u> </u>	37,853 105	
Net cash used in operating activities	\$ (325,303)	\$ (1,099,073)	\$ (1,378)	\$ (1,425,754)	

NOTES TO GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2002

NOTE 1 - DESCRIPTION OF THE SCHOOL DISTRICT

The Reynoldsburg City School District (the "District") is a body politic and corporate established for the purpose of exercising the rights and privileges conveyed to it by the constitution and laws of the State of Ohio. The District is a city school district as defined by Section 3311.03 of the Ohio Revised Code. The District operates under an elected Board of Education (five members) and is responsible for the provision of public education to residents of the District.

The District ranks as the 49th largest by enrollment among the 705 public and community school districts in the State. The District employs 164 non-certified and 345 certified employees to provide services to approximately 6,224 students and community groups. The District provides regular, vocational and special instruction. The District also provides support services for the pupils, instructional staff, general and school administration, business and fiscal services, facilities acquisitions and construction services, operation and maintenance of plant, student transportation, food services, extracurricular activities and non-programmed services.

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The general purpose financial statements (GPFS) of the District have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The District also applies Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) Statements and Interpretations issued on or before November 30, 1989, to its proprietary activities provided they do not conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements. The District's significant accounting policies are described below.

A. Reporting Entity

The reporting entity is comprised of the primary government, component units, and other organizations that are included to insure that the general purpose financial statements of the District are not misleading. The primary government consists of all funds, departments, boards, and agencies that are not legally separate from the District. For the District, this includes general operations, food service, and student related activities.

NOTES TO GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2002

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

Component units are legally separate organizations for which the District is financially accountable. The District is financially accountable for an organization if the District appoints a voting majority of the organization's governing board and (1) the District is able to significantly influence the programs or services performed or provided by the organization; or (2) the District is legally entitled to or can otherwise access the organization's resources; the District is legally obligated or has otherwise assumed the responsibility to finance the deficits of, or provide financial support to the organization; or the District is obligated for the debt of the organization. Component units may also include organizations that are fiscally dependent on the District in that the District approves the budget, the issuance of debt, or the levying of taxes. The District has no component units. The following organizations are described due to their relationship to the District.

JOINTLY GOVERNED ORGANIZATION

Metropolitan Education Council (MEC)

The MEC is a not for profit educational council whose primary purpose and objective is to contribute to the educational services available to school districts in Franklin County and surrounding areas by cooperative action membership. The governing board consists of a representative from each of the Franklin County districts. Districts outside of Franklin County are associate members and each county selects a single district to represent them on the governing board. MEC is its own fiscal agent.

PUBLIC ENTITY RISK POOL

Ohio School Boards Association Workers' Compensation Group Rating Plan

The District participates in a group rating plan for workers' compensation as established under Section 4123.29 of the Ohio Revised Code. The Ohio School Boards Association Workers' Compensation Group Rating Plan (the Plan) was established through the Ohio School Boards Association (OSBA) as a group purchasing pool.

The Plan's business and affairs are conducted by a three-member Board of Directors consisting of the President, the President-Elect, and the Immediate Past President of the OSBA. The Executive Director of the OSBA, or his designee, serves as coordinator of the Plan. Each year, the participating school districts pay an enrollment fee to the Plan to cover the costs of administering the program.

NOTES TO GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2002

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

B. Fund Accounting

The District uses funds and account groups to report its financial position and the results of its operations. A fund is a separate accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. An account group, on the other hand, is a financial reporting device designed to provide accountability for certain assets and liabilities that are not recorded in the funds because they do not directly affect net expendable available financial resources. Fund accounting is designed to demonstrate legal compliance and to aid financial management by segregating transactions related to certain school district activities or functions. Funds are classified into three categories: governmental, proprietary and fiduciary. Each category is divided into separate fund types.

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Governmental funds are those through which most governmental functions of the District are financed. The acquisition, use and balances of the District's expendable financial resources and the related liabilities (except those accounted for in proprietary funds) are accounted for through governmental funds. The following are the District's governmental fund types:

<u>General Fund</u> - The general fund is the general operating fund of the District and is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

<u>Special Revenue Funds</u> - The special revenue funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than expendable trusts, or major capital projects) that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes.

<u>Debt Service Fund</u> - The debt service fund is used to account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, general long-term debt principal, interest, and related costs.

<u>Capital Projects Funds</u> - The capital projects funds are used to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities (other than those financed by proprietary funds).

NOTES TO GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2002

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

PROPRIETARY FUNDS

Proprietary funds are used to account for the District's ongoing activities, which are similar to those often found in the private sector where the determination of net income is necessary or useful to sound financial administration. The following are the District's proprietary fund types:

<u>Enterprise Funds</u> - The enterprise funds are used to account for operations (a) that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises--where the intent of the governing body is that the costs (expenses, including depreciation) of providing goods or services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges; or (b) where the governing body has decided that periodic determination of revenues earned, expenses incurred, and/or net income is appropriate for capital maintenance, public policy, management control, accountability, or other purposes.

<u>Internal Service Funds</u> - The internal service funds are used to account for the financing of goods or services provided by one department or agency to other departments or agencies of the district, or to other governments, on a cost-reimbursement basis.

FIDUCIARY FUNDS

Fiduciary funds are used to account for assets held by the District in a trustee capacity or as an agent for individuals, private organizations, other governmental units and/or other funds. These include an expendable trust fund, a nonexpendable trust fund and agency funds. The expendable trust fund is accounted for in the same manner as governmental funds. The nonexpendable trust fund is accounted for in the same manner as proprietary funds. Agency funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations. The agency funds are presented on a budget basis, with note disclosure identifying items, which would be subject to accrual for other fund types (see Note 3.B.).

NOTES TO GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2002

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

ACCOUNT GROUPS

To make a clear distinction between fixed assets related to specific funds and those of general government, and between long-term liabilities related to specific funds and those of general nature, the following account groups are used:

<u>General Fixed Assets Account Group</u> - This group of accounts is established to account for all fixed assets of the District, other than those accounted for in the proprietary funds.

<u>General Long-Term Obligations Account Group</u> - This group of accounts is established to account for all long-term obligations of the District except those accounted for in the proprietary funds.

C. Measurement Focus/Basis of Accounting

The accounting and financial reporting treatment applied to a fund is determined by its measurement focus. All governmental funds and the expendable trust fund are accounted for using a current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities generally are included on the balance sheet. Operating statements of these funds present increases (revenues and other financing sources) and decreases (expenditures and other financing uses) in net current assets.

All proprietary and nonexpendable trust funds are accounted for on a flow of economic resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, all assets and all liabilities associated with the operations of these funds are included on the balance sheet. Proprietary fund type operating statements present increases (revenues) and decreases (expenses) in net total assets.

NOTES TO GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2002

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

The modified accrual basis of accounting is followed for governmental funds and the expendable trust fund. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when they become both measurable and available to finance expenditures of the current period, which for the District is 60 days after the June 30 year-end. Revenues accrued at the end of the year include interest, grants, and accounts (student fees and rent). Current property taxes measurable as of June 30, 2002, and which are intended to finance fiscal 2003 operations, have been recorded as deferred revenues. Delinquent property taxes measurable and available (received within 60 days) are recognized as revenue. In proprietary funds, unused donated commodities are reported as deferred revenue.

Nonexchange transactions, in which the District receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include property taxes, income taxes, grants, entitlements and donations. On the modified accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied and the resources are available. Revenue from income taxes is recognized in the fiscal year in which the underlying exchange occurred and the resources are available. Revenue from grants, entitlements and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been met and the resources are available. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are required to be used or the fiscal year when use is first permitted, matching requirements, in which the District must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose, and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the District on a reimbursement basis.

The District reports deferred revenue on its combined balance sheet. Deferred revenues arise when a potential revenue does not meet both the "measurable" and "available" criteria for recognition in the current period. Deferred revenues also arise when resources are received by the District before it has a legal claim to them, as when grant monies are received prior to the incurrence of qualifying expenditures. In subsequent periods, when both revenue recognition criteria are met, or when the government has a legal claim to the resources, the liability for deferred revenue is removed from the combined balance sheet and revenue is recognized.

NOTES TO GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2002

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

Expenditures (decreases in net financial resources) are recognized in the period in which the fund liability is incurred with the following exceptions: general long-term obligation principal and interest are reported only when due; and the costs of accumulated unpaid vacation and sick leave are reported as expenditures in the period in which they will be liquidated with available financial resources rather than in the period earned by employees.

The proprietary and nonexpendable trust funds are accounted for on the accrual basis of accounting. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred. The fair value of donated commodities used during the year is reported in the operating statement as an expense and a like amount is reported as donated commodities revenue.

On the accrual basis of accounting, revenue from nonexchange transactions, such as grants, entitlements and donations, is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been met. The proprietary funds receive no revenue from property or income taxes.

D. Budgets

The District is required by state statute to adopt an annual appropriated cash basis budget for all funds. The specific timetable is as follows.

- 1. Prior to January 15, the Superintendent and Treasurer submit to the Board of Education a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing the following July 1. The budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing for all funds. Public hearings are publicized and conducted to obtain taxpayers' comments. The expressed purpose of this budget document is to reflect the need for existing (or increased) tax rates.
- 2. By no later than January 20, the Board-adopted budget is filed with the Franklin County Budget Commission for tax rate determination.

NOTES TO GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2002

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

- 3. Prior to April 1, the Board of Education accepts, by formal resolution, the tax rates as determined by the Budget Commission and receives the Commission's Certificate of Estimated Resources, which states the projected revenue of each fund. Prior to June 30, the District must revise its budget so that total contemplated expenditures from any fund during the ensuing year will not exceed the amount stated in the Certificate of Estimated Resources. The revised budget then serves as a basis for the appropriation measure. On or about July 1, the Certificate is amended to include any unencumbered balances from the preceding year as reported by the District Treasurer. The Certificate may be further amended during the year if projected increases or decreases in revenue are identified by the District Treasurer. The amounts reported in the budgetary statement reflect the amounts set forth in the final Amended Certificate issued for fiscal year 2002.
- 4. By July 1, the Annual Appropriation Resolution is legally enacted by the Board of Education at the fund level of expenditures, which is the legal level of budgetary control. (State statute permits a temporary appropriation to be effective until no later than October 1 of each year.) Although the legal level of budgetary control was established at the fund level of expenditures, the District has elected to present budgetary statement comparisons at the fund and function level of expenditures. Resolution appropriations by fund must be within the estimated resources as certified by the County Budget Commission and the total of expenditures and encumbrances may not exceed the appropriation totals.
- 5. Any revisions that alter the total of any fund appropriation must be approved by the Board of Education.
- 6. Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year for all funds consistent with statutory provisions.
- 7. Appropriation amounts are as originally adopted, or as amended by the Board of Education throughout the year by supplemental appropriations, which either reallocated or increased the original appropriated amounts. All supplemental appropriations were legally enacted. The budget figures, which appear in the statements of budgetary comparisons represent the permanent appropriation amounts plus all supplemental appropriations legally enacted during the year.

NOTES TO GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2002

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

8. At the close of each year, the unencumbered balance of each appropriation reverts to the respective fund from which it was appropriated and becomes subject to future appropriations. The encumbered appropriation balance is carried forward to the succeeding fiscal year and need not be reappropriated.

Encumbrance accounting is utilized with District funds in the normal course of operations for purchase orders and contract related expenditures. An encumbrance is a reserve on the available spending authority due to commitment for a future expenditure and does not represent a liability. For governmental fund types, encumbrances outstanding at year-end, not recognized as accounts payable, appear as a reserve to the fund balance on a GAAP basis and as the equivalent of expenditures on a non-GAAP budgetary basis in order to demonstrate legal compliance. Note 17 provides a reconciliation of the budgetary and GAAP basis of accounting. Encumbrances for enterprise funds are disclosed in Note 14 to the GPFS.

E. Cash and Investments

To improve cash management, cash received by the District is pooled. Monies for all funds, including proprietary funds, are maintained in this pool. Individual fund integrity is maintained through the District's records. Each fund's interest in the pool is presented as "Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents" on the combined balance sheet.

During fiscal year 2002, investments were limited to federal agency securities, a repurchase agreement and investments in the State Treasury Asset Reserve of Ohio (STAR Ohio). Except for nonparticipating investment contracts, investments are reported at fair value which is based on quoted market prices. Nonparticipating investment contracts such as repurchase agreements are reported at cost.

The District has invested funds in STAR Ohio during fiscal year 2002. STAR Ohio is an investment pool managed by the State Treasurer's Office, which allows governments within the State to pool their funds for investment purposes. STAR Ohio is not registered with the SEC as an investment company, but does operate in a manner consistent with Rule 2a7 of the Investment Company Act of 1940. Investments in STAR Ohio are valued at STAR Ohio's share price, which is the price the investment could be sold for on June 30, 2002.

NOTES TO GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2002

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

Under existing Ohio statute and federal regulations, all investment earnings are assigned to the general fund unless statutorily required to be credited to a specific fund. The District via Board policy allocates interest to the following funds: General fund, Special Revenue Fund Type: Public School Support and Auxiliary Services, Expendable Trust fund, Nonexpendable Trust fund, and Enterprise Fund Type: Food Service. Interest revenues credited to the general fund during the fiscal year 2002 amounted to \$600,244, which includes \$75,256 assigned from other District funds.

The District has segregated bank accounts for petty cash monies held separate from the District's central bank account. These interest bearing depository accounts are presented on the combined balance sheet as "Cash in Segregated Accounts" since they are not required to be deposited into the District's treasury.

For purposes of the combined statement of cash flows and for presentation on the combined balance sheet, investments of the cash management pool and investments with original maturities of three months or less at the time they are purchased by the District are considered to be cash equivalents. Investments with an initial maturity of more than three months are reported as investments.

An analysis of the Treasurer's investments at year-end is provided in Note 4.

F. Materials and Supplies Inventory

Inventories of governmental funds are stated at cost while inventories of proprietary funds are stated at the lower of cost or market. For all funds, cost is determined on a first-in, first-out basis. Inventories are determined by physical count. Inventory in governmental funds consists of expendable supplies held for consumption. The cost of the governmental fund type inventories are recorded as expenditures when purchased (purchase method) rather than when consumed. Reported inventories in these funds are equally offset by a fund balance reserve, which indicates they are unavailable for appropriation. Inventories of proprietary funds consist of donated food, purchased food, and general supplies, and are expensed when used.

NOTES TO GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2002

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

G. Fixed Assets and Depreciation

1. <u>General Fixed Assets Account Group</u>

General fixed assets are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost) and updated for the cost of additions and retirements during the year in the general fixed assets account group. Donated fixed assets are recorded at their fair market value as of the date donated. The District has a policy of not capitalizing assets with a cost of less than \$500. No depreciation is recognized for assets in the general fixed assets account group. The District has not included infrastructure in the general fixed assets account group. Interest on debt issued to construct general fixed assets is not capitalized in the account group. Upon approval by the Board of Education, fixed assets that are no longer in service are retired. A retired general fixed asset is deleted from the property, plant, and equipment balance in the general fixed asset account group at its original cost.

2. <u>Proprietary Funds</u>

Equipment reflected in these funds are stated at historical cost (or estimated historical cost) and updated for the cost of additions and retirements during the year. Donated fixed assets are recorded at their fair market values as of the date donated. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs, that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives, are not capitalized. Improvements are capitalized and depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related fixed assets, as applicable. Depreciation has been provided, where appropriate, on a straight-line basis over an estimated useful life of 8 to 20 years. Upon approval by the Board of Education, fixed assets that are no longer in service are retired. A retired fixed asset that was utilized in a proprietary fund is deleted from the property, plant, and equipment balance in its respective fund at its net depreciated value. Gains or losses on disposal would only be recognized on fixed assets utilized in proprietary funds.

NOTES TO GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2002

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

H. Interfund Transactions

During the course of normal operations, the District may have numerous transactions between funds. The most significant may include:

- 1. Transfers of resources from one fund to another fund. The resources transferred are to be expended for operations by the receiving fund and are recorded as operating transfers, with the exception of agency funds, which do not show transfers of resources as operating transfers.
- 2. Reimbursements from one fund to another are treated as expenditures/expenses in the reimbursing fund and a reduction in expenditures/expenses in the reimbursed fund. Quasi-external transactions are accounted for as revenues, expenditures or expenses.
- 3. Short-term interfund loans and accrued interfund reimbursements and accrued operating transfers are reflected as "interfund loans receivable or payable". The District had short-term interfund loans receivable and payable at June 30, 2002.
- 4. Long-term interfund loans that will not be repaid within the next year are termed "advances" and are shown as reservations of fund balances on the combined balance sheet for those funds that report advances to other funds as assets because they are not spendable, available resources. The District had no long-term advances receivable or payable at June 30, 2002.

An analysis of interfund transactions is presented in Note 5.

I. Compensated Absences

Compensated absences of the District consist of vacation leave and severance liability to the extent that payments to the employee for these absences are attributable to services already rendered and are not contingent on a specific event that is outside the control of the District and the employee.

NOTES TO GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2002

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

In accordance with the provisions of GASB Statement No. 16, "Accounting for Compensated Absences", a liability for vacation leave is accrued if a) the employees' rights to payment are attributable to services already rendered; and b) it is probable that the employer will compensate the employees for the benefits through paid time off or other means, such as cash payment at termination or retirement. A liability for severance is accrued using the vesting method; i.e., the liability is based on the sick leave accumulated at the balance sheet date by those employees who are currently eligible to receive termination (severance) payments, as well as those employees expected to become eligible in the future. For purposes of establishing a liability for severance on employees expected to become eligible to retire in the future, all employees with at least ten years of service were considered expected to become eligible to retire in accordance with GASB Statement No. 16.

The total liability for vacation and severance payments has been calculated using pay rates in effect at the balance sheet date, and reduced to the maximum payment allowed by labor contract and/or statute, plus any applicable additional salary related payments.

Accumulated vacation and severance liability of governmental fund type employees meeting the above requirements have been recorded in the appropriate governmental fund as a current liability to the extent that the amounts are expected to be payable within the current available period. The balance of the liability is recorded in the general long-term obligation account group. Vacation and severance liability for employees meeting the above requirements who are paid from proprietary funds is recorded as an expense when earned.

J. Prepayments

Prepayments for governmental funds represent cash disbursements, which have occurred and are therefore not current expendable resources. These items are reported as fund assets on the balance sheet using the allocation method, which amortizes their cost over the periods benefitting from the advance payment. At fiscal year-end, since prepayments are not available to finance future governmental fund expenditures, the fund balance is reserved by an amount equal to the carrying value of the asset.

NOTES TO GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2002

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

K. Long-Term Obligations

Long-term debt is recognized as a liability of a government fund when due, or when resources have been accumulated in the debt service fund for payment early in the following year. For other long-term obligations, only that portion expected to be financed from expendable available financial resources is reported as a fund liability of a governmental fund. The remaining portion of such obligations is reported in the general long-term obligation account group. Long-term liabilities expected to be financed from proprietary fund operations are accounted for in those funds.

L. Fund Equity

Reserved fund balances indicate that portion of fund equity, which is not available for current appropriation or is legally segregated for a specific use. Fund balances are reserved for encumbrances, materials and supplies inventory, prepayments, tax revenue unavailable for appropriation, principal endowment, and Bureau of Workers Compensation (BWC) refunds. Although the nonexpendable trust fund uses the total economic resources measurement focus, fund equity is reserved for the amount of the principal endowment. The reserve for tax advance unavailable for appropriation represents taxes recognized as revenue under GAAP, but not available for appropriation under state statute. The unreserved portions of fund equity reflected for the governmental funds are available for use within the specific purposes of those funds.

Designated fund balance represents planned actions for monies set-a-side by the District for budget stabilization.

M. Parochial Schools

St. Pius School operates within the District's boundaries. Current state legislation provides funding to this parochial school. These monies are received and disbursed on behalf of the parochial school by the Treasurer of the District, as directed by the parochial school. The fiduciary responsibility of the District for these monies is reflected in a special revenue fund for financial reporting purposes.

NOTES TO GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2002

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

N. Restricted Assets

Restricted assets in the general fund represent cash and cash equivalents that are restricted in use by state statute. A fund balance reserve has also been established. See Note 19 for details.

O. Estimates

The preparation of the GPFS in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the GPFS and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

P. Contributed Capital

Contributed capital is recorded in proprietary funds that have received capital grants or contributions from developers, customers or other funds. These assets are recorded at their fair market value on the date contributed. Depreciation on those assets acquired or constructed with contributed resources is expensed and closed to unreserved retained earnings at year-end. In accordance with GASB Statement No. 33, capital contributions are recorded as revenue and a component of retained earnings at fiscal year-end. There were no capital contributions received by the enterprise funds in 2002. Contributed capital in the enterprise funds at June 30, 2002, is \$812,140.

Q. Memorandum Only - Total Columns

Total columns on the GPFS are captioned "Total (Memorandum Only)" to indicate that they are presented only to facilitate financial analysis. Data in these columns do not present financial position, results of operations, or changes in financial position in conformity with GAAP. Neither is such data comparable to a consolidation. Interfund eliminations have not been made in the aggregation of this data.

NOTES TO GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2002

NOTE 3 - ACCOUNTABILITY AND COMPLIANCE

A. Deficit Fund Balances/Retained Earnings

Fund balances/retained earnings at June 30, 2002 included the following individual fund deficits:

	Deficit Fund Balances
Special Revenue Funds	
Alternative School Grant	\$ 3,056
Title VI-B	80,065
Title I	851
Class Size Reduction	13,687
EHA Preschool Grants for the Handicapped	3,091
Educational Management Information System	232
Miscellaneous Federal Grants	5,608
Enterprise Funds	
Food Service	551,022
Summer School	96,171

These funds complied with Ohio state law, which does not permit a cash basis deficit at year-end.

The deficit fund balances in the Alternative School Grant, Title VI-B, Title I, Class Size Reduction, EHA Preschool Grants for the Handicapped and Educational Management Information System special revenue funds are caused by accruing wage and benefit obligations in accordance with GAAP. These deficits will be eliminated by intergovernmental revenues and other resources not recognized at June 30.

The deficit balance in the Miscellaneous Federal Grants special revenue fund is primarily due to the reporting if interfund loans as a fund liability rather than as an "other financing source". This deficit will be eliminated as intergovernmental revenues are received to repay this interfund loan.

The deficit retained earnings in the Food Service and Summer School enterprise funds are due to accruing wage, benefit and retirement obligations in accordance with GAAP. These deficits will be funded by user fees and other subsidies not recognized at June 30.

NOTES TO GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2002

NOTE 3 - ACCOUNTABILITY AND COMPLIANCE - (Continued)

B. Agency Fund

The following is an accrual for the agency fund, which, if in another fund type, would be recognized on the combined balance sheet:

LIABILITIES

Accounts payable

\$955

NOTE 4 - EQUITY IN POOLED CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

State statutes classify monies held by the District into three categories:

Active deposits are public deposits necessary to meet certain demands on the treasury. Such monies must be maintained either as cash in the District treasury, in commercial accounts payable or withdrawable on demand, including negotiable order of withdrawal (NOW) accounts, or in money market deposit accounts.

Inactive deposits are public deposits the Board of Education has identified as not required for use within the current two-year period of designation of depositories. Inactive deposits must either be evidenced by certificates of deposit maturing not later than the end of the current period of designation of depositories, or by savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts.

Interim deposits are deposits of interim monies. Interim monies are those monies, which are not needed for immediate use, but which will be needed before the end of the current period of designation of depositories. Interim deposits must be evidenced by certificates of deposit maturing not more than one year from the date of deposit or by savings accounts, including passbook accounts.

Protection of the District's deposits is provided by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC), by eligible securities pledged by the financial institution as security for repayment, by surety company bonds deposited with the Treasurer by the financial institution or by a single collateral pool established by the financial institution to secure the repayment of all public money deposited with the institution.

NOTES TO GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2002

NOTE 4 - EQUITY IN POOLED CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - (Continued)

Interim monies may be deposited or invested in the following securities:

- 1. United States Treasury Notes, Bills, Bonds, or any other obligation or security issued by the United States Treasury or any other obligation guaranteed as to principal or interest by the United States;
- 2. Bonds, notes, debentures, or any other obligations or securities issued by any federal government agency or instrumentality, including but not limited to, the Federal National Mortgage Association, Federal Home Loan Bank, Federal Farm Credit Bank, Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation, Government National Mortgage Association, and Student Loan Marketing Association. All federal agency securities shall be direct issuances of federal government agencies or instrumentalities;
- 3. Written repurchase agreements in the securities listed above provided that the market value of the securities subject to the repurchase agreement must exceed the principal value of the agreement by at least 2% and be marked to market daily, and that the term of the agreement must not exceed 30 days;
- 4. Bonds and other obligations of the State of Ohio;
- 5. No-load money market mutual funds consisting exclusively of obligations described in division (1) or (2) of this section and repurchase agreements secured by such obligations, provided that investments in securities described in this division are made only through eligible institutions;
- 6. The State Treasury Asset Reserve of Ohio (STAR Ohio);
- 7. Certain bankers' acceptances and commercial paper notes for a period not to exceed 180 days in an amount not to exceed 25% of the interim monies available for investment at any one time; and
- 8. Under limited circumstances, corporate debt instruments rated in either of the two highest rating classifications by at least two nationally recognized rating agencies.

NOTES TO GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2002

NOTE 4 - EQUITY IN POOLED CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - (Continued)

Investments in stripped principal or interest obligations, reverse repurchase agreements and derivatives are prohibited. The issuance of taxable notes for the purpose of arbitrage, the use of leverage and short selling are also prohibited. An investment must mature within five years from the date of purchase unless matched to a specific obligation or debt of the District, and must be purchased with the expectation that it will be held to maturity. Investments may only be made through specified dealers and institutions. Payment for investments may be made only upon delivery of the securities representing the investments to the Treasurer or qualified trustee or, if the securities are not represented by a certificate, upon receipt of confirmation of transfer from the custodian.

The following information classifies deposits and investments by categories of risk as defined in GASB Statement No. 3, "<u>Deposits With Financial Institutions</u>, <u>Investments</u> (<u>including Repurchase Agreements</u>), and <u>Reverse Repurchase Agreements</u>".

Deposits: At year-end, the carrying amount of the District's deposits was \$4,841,359, (including monies of \$5,470 held in segregated accounts) and the bank balance, including nonnegotiable certificates of deposit, was \$5,526,132 (including monies of \$5,470 held in segregated accounts). Of the bank balance:

- 1. \$100,000 was covered by federal depository insurance; and
- 2. \$5,426,132 was uninsured and uncollateralized as defined by GASB although it was secured by collateral held by third party trustees, pursuant to section 135.181 Ohio Revised Code, in collateralized pools securing all public funds on deposit with specific depository institutions; these securities not being in the name of the District. Although all State statutory requirements for the deposit of money had been followed, non-compliance with federal requirements would potentially subject the District to a successful claim by the FDIC.

NOTES TO GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2002

NOTE 4 - EQUITY IN POOLED CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - (Continued)

Investments: Investments are categorized to give an indication of the level of risk assumed by the entity at year-end. Category 1 includes investments that are insured or registered or securities held by the District. Category 2 includes uninsured and unregistered investments for which the securities are held by the counterparty's trust department or agent in the District's name. Category 3 includes uninsured and unregistered investments for which the securities are held by the counterparty or by its trust department, but not in the District's name. STAR Ohio is an unclassified investment since it is not evidenced by securities that exist in physical or book entry form.

	Category 2	Category 3	Reported Amount	Fair Value
Repurchase agreement Federal agency securities Investment in state	\$ - 7,460,781	\$372,675 -	\$ 372,675 7,460,781	\$ 372,675 7,460,781
treasurer's investment pool	_		4,342,759	4,342,759
Total investments	<u>\$7,460,781</u>	<u>\$372,675</u>	\$12,176,215	<u>\$12,176,215</u>

The federal agency securities have maturities ranging from August, 2002 to May, 2004.

The classification of cash and cash equivalents, and investments on the combined balance sheet is based on criteria set forth in GASB Statement No. 9, "Reporting Cash Flows of Proprietary and Nonexpendable Trust Funds and Governmental Entities That Use Proprietary Fund Accounting".

NOTES TO GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2002

NOTE 4 - EQUITY IN POOLED CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - (Continued)

A reconciliation between the classifications of cash and cash equivalents and investments on the combined balance sheet and the classifications of deposits and investments presented above per GASB Statement No. 3 is as follows:

	Cash and Cash <u>Equivalents/Deposits</u>	Investments
Per GASB Statement No. 9	\$17,017,574	\$ -
Investments of the cash management pool:		
Repurchase agreement	(372,675)	372,675
Federal agency securities	(7,460,781)	7,460,781
State treasurer's investment pool	(4,342,759)	4,342,759
GASB Statement No. 3	<u>\$ 4,841,359</u>	<u>\$12,176,215</u>

NOTE 5 - INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS

A. The following is a summarized breakdown of the District's operating transfers for fiscal year 2002:

·	Transfers In	Transfers Out
General Fund	\$ -	\$181,939
Special Revenue Funds Public School Support LPDC District Support	8,000 11,938	
Enterprise Fund Summer School	162,001	=
Total	<u>\$181,939</u>	<u>\$181,939</u>

NOTES TO GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2002

NOTE 5 - INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS - (Continued)

B. Interfund balances at June 30, 2002, consist of the following individual interfund loans receivable and payable:

recorracte data pagaete.	Interfund Loan Receivable	Interfund Loan Payable
General Fund	\$ 96,308	\$ -
Debt Service Fund Bond Retirement	-	53,090
Special Revenue Funds Summer Intervention Title VI-B Smaller Learning Community	10,547	38,389 4,829
Enterprise Fund Summer School	_	10,547
Total	<u>\$106,855</u>	<u>\$106,855</u>

NOTE 6 - PROPERTY TAXES

Property taxes are levied and assessed on a calendar year basis. Distributions from the second half of the calendar year occur in a new fiscal year and are intended to finance the operations of that year. Property taxes include amounts levied against all real, public utility and tangible (used in business) property located in the District.

Real property taxes and public utility taxes are levied after April 1 on the assessed value listed as of the prior January 1, the lien date. Assessed values are established by State law at 35% of appraised market value. All property is required to be revalued every six years. The last revaluation was completed in 1999.

Public utility property taxes are assessed on tangible personal property, as well as land and improvements. Real property is assessed at 35% of market value and personal property is assessed at 100% of market value, except for the personal property of rural electric companies, which is assessed 50% of market, and railroads, which are assessed at 29%.

NOTES TO GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2002

NOTE 6 - PROPERTY TAXES - (Continued)

Tangible personal property taxes attach as a lien and are levied on January 1 of the current year. Tangible personal property assessments are 25% of true value.

The assessed value upon which the 2001 taxes were collected was \$474,937,156. Agricultural/residential real estate represented \$341,289,780 or 71.86% of this total; commercial & industrial real estate represented \$97,477,730 or 20.52% of this total; public utility tangible represented \$22,525,210 or 4.75% of this total and general tangible property \$13,644,436 or 2.87% of this total. The voted general tax rate for operations at the fiscal year ended June 30, 2002, was \$49.90 per \$1,000.00 of assessed valuation, \$3.22 per \$1,000.00 of assessed valuation for debt service and \$2.00 per \$1,000.00 of assessed valuation for permanent improvement.

Real property taxes are payable annually or semi-annually. If paid annually, payment is due December 31; if paid semi-annually, the first payment is due December 31 with the remainder payable by June 20.

The Franklin, Licking and Fairfield County Treasurers collect property tax on behalf of the District. The Franklin, Licking and Fairfield County Auditors periodically remit to the District its portion of the taxes collected. These tax "advances" are based on statutory cash flow collection rates. Final "settlements" are made each February and August.

Accrued property taxes receivable represent delinquent taxes outstanding and real property, personal property and public utility taxes, which became measurable as of June 30, 2002. Although total property tax collections for the next fiscal year are measurable, they are not (exclusive of advances) intended to finance current year operations. The net receivable (total receivable less amount available intended to finance the current year) is therefore offset by a credit to deferred revenue. A total of \$2,325,147 was available to the District as an advance at June 30 and is recognized as revenue.

Taxes available for advance and recognized as revenue, but not received by the district prior to June 30, 2002, are reflected as a reservation of fund balance for future appropriations. The District is prohibited, by law, from appropriating this revenue in accordance with ORC Section 5705.35, since an advance of revenue was not requested or received prior to the fiscal year-end.

NOTES TO GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2002

NOTE 7 - INCOME TAX

The District levies a voted tax of one-half percent for general operations on the income of residents and of estates. The tax was effective on January 1, 1990 and is a continuing tax. Employers of residents are required to withhold income tax on compensation and remit the tax to the state. Taxpayers are required to file an annual return. The state makes quarterly distributions to the District after withholding amounts for administrative fees and estimated refunds. Income tax revenue for fiscal year 2002 totaled \$3,474,910 and is credited to the general fund.

NOTE 8 - RECEIVABLES

Receivables at June 30, 2002, consisted of taxes, accounts (billings for user charged services and student fees), accrued interest, interfund loans, and intergovernmental grants and entitlements that are due from other governments (to the extent eligibility requirements have been met by fiscal year-end). Intergovernmental receivables have been reported as "Due From Other Governments" on the combined balance sheet. All receivables are considered collectible in full due to the ability to foreclose for the nonpayment of taxes, the stable condition of state programs and the current year guarantee of federal funds. A summary of receivables follows:

	Amounts
General Fund	
Taxes - current and delinquent	\$18,208,626
Accounts	2,982
Accrued interest	67,593
Interfund loans	96,308
Due from other governments	1,991
Special Revenue Funds	
Accounts	1,622
Interfund loans	10,547
Due from other governments	353,121
Debt Service Fund	
Taxes - current and delinquent	1,890,380
Capital Projects Fund	
Taxes - current and delinquent	924,339
Enterprise Funds	
Accounts	3,564
Due from other governments	30,741

NOTES TO GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2002

NOTE 9 - FIXED ASSETS

A. General Fixed Assets

A summary of the changes in the general fixed asset account group during the fiscal year follows:

	Balance July 1, 2001	Increases	Decreases	Balance June 30, 2002
Land/improvements Buildings Furniture/equipment Vehicles	\$ 3,544,649 39,376,701 7,906,040 1,917,215	\$ 335,482 560,627 497,006 311,188	\$ - (117,807)	\$ 3,880,131 39,937,328 8,285,239 2,228,403
Total	<u>\$52,744,605</u>	<u>\$1,704,303</u>	<u>\$(117,807</u>)	<u>\$54,331,101</u>

B. Proprietary Fixed Assets

A summary of enterprise fund fixed assets at June 30, 2002, follows:

Furniture and equipment	\$ 819,662
Less: accumulated depreciation	<u>(611,197</u>)
Net fixed assets	\$ 208.465

NOTE 10 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

A. All general obligations bonds and notes outstanding, issued to provide funds for the acquisition, construction and renovation of District facilities are general obligations of the District for which full faith and credit of the District is pledged for repayment. Accordingly, such unmatured obligations of the District are accounted for in the general long-term obligation account group. Payments of principal and interest relating to these liabilities are recorded as expenditures in the debt service fund.

NOTES TO GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2002

NOTE 10 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS - (Continued)

The following is a description of the District's long-term obligations outstanding as of June 30, 2002:

	Interest	Issue	Maturity	Outstanding	Retired	Outstanding
	Rate	<u>Date</u>	Date	July 1, 2001	<u>in 2002</u>	June 30, 2002
School improvement						
bonds	6.6158%	2/15/92	12/01/17	\$18,281,520	\$(1,010,000)	\$17,271,520
Energy						
conservation note	5.2593%	12/01/92	12/01/02	225,000	(110,000)	115,000
Energy						
conservation note	5.05%	12/02/98	12/01/13	595,000	(35,000)	560,000
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Total				<u>\$19,101,520</u>	<u>\$(1,155,000</u>)	<u>\$17,946,520</u>

B. The following is a description of the District's future annual requirements to amortize the debt outstanding:

Fiscal Year	Principal on G.O. Bonds/ Energy Conservation Notes	Interest on G.O. Bonds/ Energy Conservation Notes	Total
2003	\$ 1,205,000	\$ 827,839	\$ 2,032,839
2004	1,140,000	801,009	1,941,009
2005	1,195,000	746,558	1,941,558
2006	1,250,000	688,658	1,938,658
2007	1,310,000	627,414	1,937,414
2008 - 2012	3,459,262	2,418,829	5,878,091
2013 - 2017	6,587,258	1,558,493	8,145,751
2018	1,800,000	49,050	1,849,050
Total	<u>\$17,946,520</u>	<u>\$7,717,850</u>	\$25,664,370

NOTES TO GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2002

NOTE 10 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS - (Continued)

C. During the year ended June 30, 2002, the following changes occurred in the liabilities reported in the general long-term obligations account group. Compensated absences and the pension obligation will be paid from the fund in which the employee was paid. Capital lease payments are made from the general fund.

	Balance at July 1, 2001	Additions	Deletions	Balance at June 30, 2002
Compensated absences	\$ 2,236,916	\$218,416	\$ -	\$ 2,455,332
Pension obligation payable	280,288	269,459	(280,288)	269,459
General obligation bonds	18,281,520	-	(1,010,000)	17,271,520
Energy conservation notes	820,000	-	(145,000)	675,000
Capital lease obligation	<u>760,568</u>	211,021	(207,662)	763,927
Total	\$22,379,292	<u>\$698,896</u>	<u>\$(1,642,950)</u>	\$21,435,238

D. Legal Debt Margin

The Ohio Revised Code provides that voted net general obligation debt of the District shall never exceed 9% of the total assessed valuation of the District. The code further provides that unvoted indebtedness shall not exceed 1/10 of 1% of the property valuation of the District. The effects of these debt limitations at June 30, 2002, are a voted debt margin of \$25,644,399 and an unvoted debt margin of \$474,937.

NOTES TO GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2002

NOTE 11 - COMPENSATED ABSENCES

The criteria for determining vested vacation and sick leave components are derived from board policy, board minutes, negotiated agreements and State laws. Only the administrators and 12-month classified employees earn 10 to 20 days of vacation per year, depending upon length of service. School support personnel accumulate vacation based on the following factors:

Length of Service	<u>Vacation Leave</u>
1 to 3 Years	10 Days
4 to 7 Years	12 Days
8 to 12 Years	15 Days
13 to 16 Years	17 Days
Over 17 Years	20 Days

<u>Vacation Pay</u>: Upon separation from employment a full-time employee shall be entitled to compensation at his/her current rate of pay for all lawfully accrued and unused vacation leave to his/her credit at the time of separation.

<u>Sick Leave</u>: Each employee earns sick leave at the rate of one and one-fourth days per month. Sick leave may be accumulated up to a maximum of 244 days for certificated employees and 242 days for classified employees.

<u>Service Retirement</u>: Upon retirement, employees shall receive in one lump sum, payment equal to twenty-five percent of accumulated unused sick leave. This severance payment is based upon the above schedule utilizing the employees accumulated sick leave, up to a maximum of 244 days for certificated employees and 242 days for classified employees.

NOTES TO GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2002

NOTE 12 - CAPITAL LEASES - LESSEE DISCLOSURE

During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2002, the District entered into several capital lease agreements for copiers and telecommunications equipment related to upgrading the District's wide-area network (WAN).

Also in prior years, the District entered into capitalized leases for equipment and furniture and fixtures. Each lease meets the criteria of a capital lease as defined by FASB Statement No.13, "Accounting for Leases", which defines a capital lease generally as one which transfers benefits and risks of ownership to the lessee. Capital lease payments have been reclassified and are reflected as debt service expenditures in the combined financial statements for the government funds. These expenditures are reported as function expenditures on the budgetary statements.

General fixed assets consisting of equipment and furniture and fixtures have been capitalized in the general fixed assets account group in the amount of \$1,313,286. This amount represents the present value of the minimum lease payments at the time of acquisition. A corresponding liability was recorded in the general long-term obligations account group. Principal and interest payments made in fiscal year 2002, were \$207,662 and \$45,401, respectively, and are reported as debt service in the general fund.

The following is a schedule of the future long-term minimum lease payments required under the capital leases and the present value of the minimum lease payments as of June 30, 2002.

Fiscal Year Ending	Amount
2003 2004 2005 2006 2007	\$273,045 264,993 227,850 70,140 7,548
Total minimum lease payments	843,576
Less: amount representing interest Present value of minimum lease payments	<u>(79,649)</u> <u>\$763,927</u>

NOTES TO GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2002

NOTE 13 - RISK MANAGEMENT

A. Comprehensive

The District maintains comprehensive insurance coverage with private carriers for liability, real property, building contents and vehicles. Vehicle policies include liability coverage for bodily injury and property damage. The following is a description of the District's insurance coverage:

		Limits of	
<u>Coverage</u>	<u>Insurer</u>	<u>Coverage</u>	<u>Deductible</u>
Education liability:			
Each occurrence	Indiana Insurance	\$ 2,000,000	\$ 0
Aggregate		5,000,000	0
Umbrella liability:			
Each occurrence	Indiana Insurance	5,000,000	
Aggregate		5,000,000	0
Building and contents	Indiana Insurance	80,471,800	5,000
Employee Benefits Liability	Core Source	500,000	0

Settled claims have not exceeded this commercial coverage in any of the past three years. There has been no significant reduction in the amount of insurance coverage from fiscal 2001.

B. Health Care Self-Insurance Program

The District provides medical coverage for its employees and is self-insured up to a stop loss limit for the cost of providing this coverage. The District is covered by a monthly cumulative stop loss of approximately \$65,000 per month, and by an annual aggregate stop loss of approximately \$2,062,895 per year. This activity is accounted for as a proprietary fund type, internal service fund.

Expenses for claims are recorded as other expenses when it is probable that an asset has been impaired or a liability has been incurred and the amount of loss can be reasonably estimated. The basis for estimating the liability for unpaid claims is based on past experience and known balances. The liability at June 30, 2002, is not discounted. An actuary was used in determining this liability.

NOTES TO GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2002

NOTE 13 - RISK MANAGEMENT - (Continued)

The claims liability is \$505,802 reported in the internal service fund at June 30, 2002, is based on an estimate provided by the third party administrator and the requirements of GASB Statement No. 10, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Risk Financing and Related Insurance Issues", as amended by GASB Statement No. 30, "Risk Financing Omnibus", which requires that a liability for unpaid claims costs, including estimates of costs relating to incurred but not reported claims, be accrued at the estimated ultimate cost of settling the claims. Changes in claims activity for the current and past fiscal year are as follows:

Fiscal Year	Beginning Balance	Current Year Claims	Claims Payments	Ending Balance
2002	\$467,949	\$3,296,460	\$(3,258,607)	\$505,802
2001	367,797	2,535,757	(2,435,605)	467,949

C. Workers' Compensation

For fiscal year 2002, the District participated in the Ohio School Boards Association Workers' Compensation Group Rating Program (GRP), an insurance purchasing pool (Note 2.A.). The intent of the GRP is to achieve the benefit of a reduced premium for the School District by virtue of its grouping and representation with other participants in the GRP. The workers' compensation experience of the participating school districts is calculated as one experience and a common premium rate is applied to all school districts in the GRP. Each participant pays its workers' compensation premium to the State based on the rate for the GRP rather than its individual rate. Total savings are then calculated and each participant's individual performance is compared to the overall savings percentage of the GRP. A participant will then either receive money from or be required to contribute to the "Equity Pooling Fund". This "equity pooling" arrangement insures that each participant shares equally in the overall performance of the GRP. Participation in the GRP is limited to school districts that can meet the GRP's selection criteria. The firm of Gates McDonald & Co. provides administrative, cost control and actuarial services to the GRP.

NOTES TO GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2002

NOTE 14 - SEGMENT INFORMATION - ENTERPRISE FUNDS

The District maintains two enterprise funds to account for the operations of food service and summer schools. The table below reflects, in a summarized format, the more significant financial data relating to the enterprise funds of the District as of and for the year ended June 30, 2002.

	Food Service	Summer School	Total
Operating revenues	\$1,110,234	\$ 42,688	\$1,152,922
Operating expenses before depreciation	1,299,894	221,008	1,520,902
Depreciation	20,282	-	20,282
Operating loss	(209,942)	(178,320)	(388,262)
Operating grants	226,902	-	226,902
Federal donated commodities	15,530	-	15,530
Net income (loss) before operating transfers	34,580	(178,320)	(143,740)
Transfers in	-	162,001	162,001
Net working capital	81,511	(96,171)	(14,660)
Total assets	431,658	32,321	463,979
Total liabilities	170,540	128,492	299,032
Contributed capital	812,140	-	812,140
Total equity	261,118	(96,171)	164,947
Encumbrances at June 30, 2002	3,437	12,275	15,712

NOTES TO GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2002

NOTE 15 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS

A. School Employees Retirement System

The District contributes to the School Employees Retirement System of Ohio (SERS), a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the School Employees Retirement Board. SERS provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided by Chapter 3309 of the Ohio Revised Code. SERS issues a publicly available, stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. The report may be obtained by writing to the School Employees Retirement System, 300 East Broad Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215, or by calling (614) 222-5853.

Plan members are required to contribute 9% of their annual covered salary and the District is required to contribute 14% for 2002; 5.46% was the portion to fund pension obligations. The contribution rates are not determined actuarially, but are established by the School Employees Retirement Board within the rates allowed by State statute. The adequacy of the contribution rates is determined annually. The District's required contributions for pension obligations to SERS for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2002, 2001, and 2000 were \$665,239, \$596,257, and \$520,179, respectively; 43.25% has been contributed for fiscal year 2002 and 100% for the fiscal years 2001 and 2000. \$377,508 represents the unpaid contribution for fiscal year 2002 and is recorded as a liability within the respective funds and the general long-term obligations account group.

B. State Teachers Retirement System

The District contributes to the State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio (STRS), a cost-sharing, multiple-employer public employee retirement system administered by the State Teachers Retirement Board. STRS provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death and survivor benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided by Chapter 3307 of the Ohio Revised Code. STRS issues a publicly available, stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. The report may be obtained by writing to the State Teachers Retirement System, 275 East Broad Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215-3771, or by calling (614) 227-4090.

NOTES TO GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2002

NOTE 15 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

Plan members are required to contribute 9.3% of their annual covered salary and the District is required to contribute 14%; 9.5% was the portion used to fund pension obligations. Contribution rates are established by the State Teachers Retirement Board, upon recommendation of its consulting actuary, not to exceed statutory maximum rates of 10% for members and 14% for employers. The District's required contributions for pension obligations to STRS for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2002, 2001, and 2000 were \$2,851,629, \$2,606,123, and \$2,375,274, respectively; 81.85% has been contributed for fiscal year 2002 and 100% for the fiscal years 2001 and 2000. \$517,636 represents the unpaid contribution for fiscal year 2002, and is recorded as a liability within the respective funds.

C. Social Security System

Effective July 1, 1991, all employees not otherwise covered by SERS or STRS have an option to choose Social Security or SERS/STRS. As of June 30, 2002, certain members of the Board of Education have elected Social Security. The Board's liability is 6.2% of wages paid.

NOTE 16 - POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

The District provides comprehensive health care benefits to retired teachers and their dependents through STRS, and to retired non-certified employees and their dependents through SERS. Benefits include hospitalization, physicians' fees, prescription drugs, and partial reimbursement of monthly Medicare Part B premiums. Benefit provisions and the obligations to contribute are established by STRS and SERS based on authority granted by State statute. Both STRS and SERS are funded on a pay-as-you-go basis.

The State Teachers Retirement Board has statutory authority over how much, if any, of the health care costs will be absorbed by STRS. Most benefit recipients pay a portion of the health care cost in the form of a monthly premium. By Ohio law, the cost of coverage paid from STRS funds shall be included in the employer contribution rate, currently 14 percent of covered payroll. For this fiscal year, the State Teachers Retirement Board allocated employer contributions equal to 4.5 percent of covered payroll to the Health Care Reserve Fund. For the District, this amount equaled \$213,827 during fiscal 2002.

NOTES TO GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2002

NOTE 16 - POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS - (Continued)

STRS pays health care benefits from the Health Care Reserve Fund. The balance in the Health Care Reserve Fund was \$3.256 billion at June 30, 2001 (the latest information available). For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2001 (the latest information available), net health care costs paid by STRS were \$300.772 million and STRS had 102,132 eligible benefit recipients.

For SERS, coverage is made available to service retirees with 10 or more years of qualifying service credit, and disability and survivor benefit recipients. Members retiring on or after August 1, 1989, with less than 25 years of service credit must pay a portion of their premium for health care. The portion is based on years of service up to a maximum of 75 percent of the premium.

For this fiscal year, employer contributions to fund health care benefits were 8.54 percent of covered payroll. In addition, SERS levies a surcharge to fund health care benefits equal to 14 percent of the difference between a minimum pay and the member's pay, pro-rated for partial service credit. For fiscal year 2002, the minimum pay has been established at \$12,400. The surcharge, added to the unallocated portion of the 14 percent employer contribution rate, provides for maintenance of the asset target level for the health care fund.

The target level for the health care reserve is 150 percent of annual health care expenses. Expenses for health care at June 30, 2001 (the latest information available), were \$161.440 million and the target level was \$242.2 million. At June 30, 2001 (the latest information available), SERS had net assets available for payment of health care benefits of \$315.7 million and SERS had approximately 50,000 participants receiving health care benefits. For the District, the amount to fund health care benefits, including surcharge, equaled \$1,808,278 during the 2002 fiscal year.

NOTES TO GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2002

NOTE 17 - BUDGETARY BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

While reporting financial position, results of operations, and changes in fund balance on the basis of GAAP, the budgetary basis as provided by law is based upon accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts and disbursements.

The Combined Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual Comparison (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) - All Governmental Fund Types is presented on the budgetary basis to provide a meaningful comparison of actual results with the budget. The major differences between the budget basis and the GAAP basis are that:

- (a) Revenues are recorded when received in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when susceptible to accrual (GAAP basis);
- (b) Expenditures are recorded when paid in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when the liability is incurred (GAAP basis);
- (c) In order to determine compliance with Ohio law, and to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation, total outstanding encumbrances (budget basis) are recorded as the equivalent of an expenditure, as opposed to a reservation of fund balance for that portion of outstanding encumbrances not already recognized as an account payable (GAAP basis); and
- (d) Certain funds that are classified as part of the general fund (GAAP basis) are reported in other fund types on a cash basis (budget basis). These items are reflected as "fund reclassifications".

NOTES TO GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2002

NOTE 17 - BUDGETARY BASIS OF ACCOUNTING - (Continued)

The adjustments necessary to convert the results of operations for the year on the budget basis to the GAAP basis for the governmental funds are as follows:

Excess of Revenues and Other Financing Sources Over/(Under) Expenditures and Other Financing Uses

Governmental Fund Types

	<u>General</u>	Special Revenue	Debt <u>Service</u>	Capital Projects
Budget basis	\$1,014,832	\$71,640	\$(67,082)	\$(493,150)
Net adjustment for revenue accruals	(98,235)	142,299	(23,969)	(8,092)
Net adjustment for expenditure accruals	(629,122)	(63,901)	-	27,064
Net adjustment for other sources/uses	307,119	(32,671)	(53,090)	-
Adjustment for encumbrances	1,761,047	211,402	-	403,238
Adjustment for fund classification	4,358			
GAAP basis	\$2,359,999	<u>\$328,769</u>	<u>\$(144,141</u>)	<u>\$ (70,940</u>)

NOTES TO GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2002

NOTE 18 - CONTINGENCIES

A. Grants

The District receives significant financial assistance from numerous federal, state and local agencies in the form of grants. The disbursement of funds received under these programs generally requires compliance with terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements and is subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims resulting from such audits could become a liability of the general fund or other applicable funds; however in the opinion of management, any such disallowed claims will not have a material effect on any of the general purpose financial statements of the individual fund types included herein or on the overall financial position of the District at June 30, 2002.

B. Litigation

The District is party to various legal proceedings. The District's management is of the opinion that the ultimate outcome of such litigation will not result in a material adverse effect on the District's financial position.

C. State School Funding Decision

On December 11, 2002, the Ohio Supreme Court issued its latest opinion regarding the state's school funding plan. The decision reaffirmed earlier decisions that Ohio's current school funding plan is unconstitutional.

The Supreme Court relinquished jurisdiction over the case and directed "...the Ohio General Assembly to enact a school funding scheme that is thorough and efficient...". The District is currently unable to determine what effect, if any, this decision will have on its future state funding and its financial operations.

NOTES TO GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2002

NOTE 19 - STATUTORY RESERVES

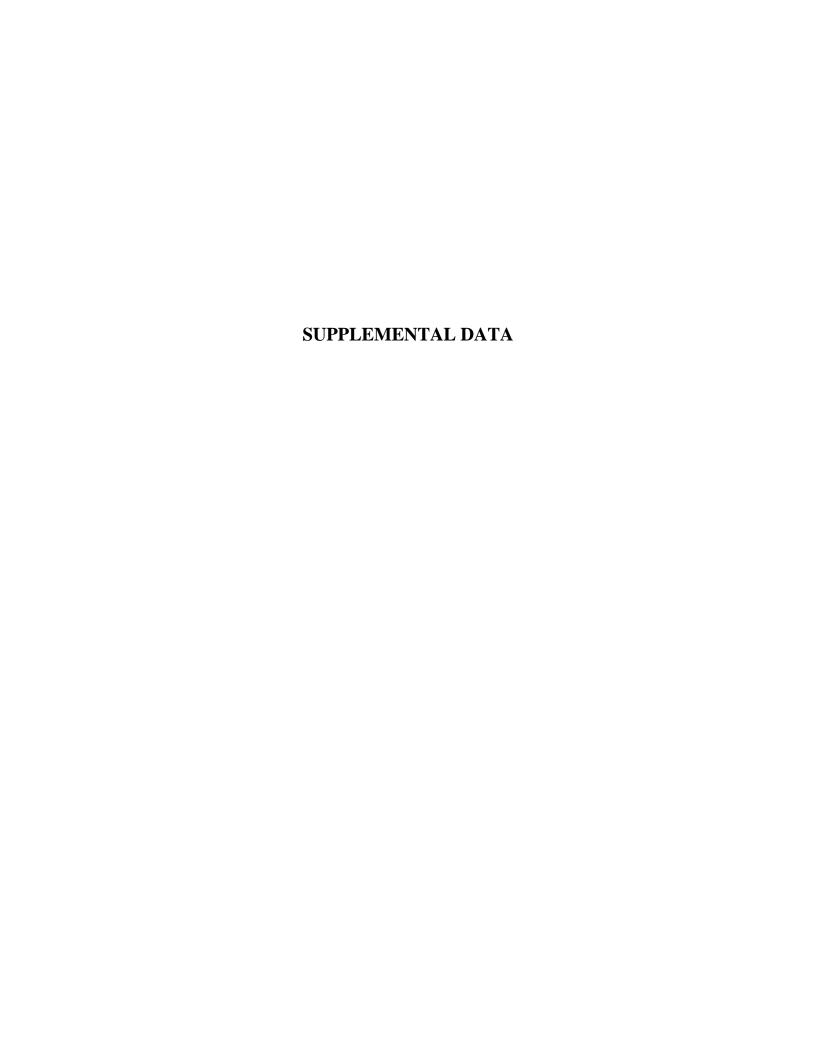
The District is required by state law to set-aside certain general fund revenue amounts, as defined by statute, into various reserves. These reserves are calculated and presented on a cash basis. During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2002, the reserve activity was as follows:

			Budget	
	Textbooks	Capital Acquisition	Stabilization Designated	BWC Refunds
Set-aside cash balance as of June 30, 2001	\$ (893,660)	\$ (858,936)	\$2,513,224	\$172,006
Current year set-aside requirement	709,079	709,079	-	-
Current year offsets	-	(841,324)	-	-
Qualifying disbursements	(1,120,498)	(189,408)	_	
Total	<u>\$(1,305,079)</u>	<u>\$(1,180,589</u>)	\$2,513,224	<u>\$172,006</u>
Cash balance carried forward to FY 2003	<u>\$(1,305,079</u>)	<u>\$(1,180,589</u>)	<u>\$2,513,224</u>	<u>\$172,006</u>

The District had offsets and qualifying disbursements during the year that reduced the set-aside amount below zero for the textbook and capital acquisition reserves, these extra amounts may be used to reduce the set-aside requirement for future years. The negative amounts are therefore presented as being carried forward to the next fiscal year.

A schedule of the restricted assets at June 30, 2002 follows:

Amount restricted for BWC refunds	<u>\$172,006</u>
Total restricted assets	\$172,006



REYNOLDSBURG CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2002

SUB (RAL GRANTOR/ GRANTOR/ GRAM TITLE	CFDA NUMBER	PASS-THROUGH GRANT NUMBER	(E) CASH FEDERAL RECEIPTS	OTHER FEDERAL RECEIPTS	(E) CASH FEDERAL DISBURSEMENTS	OTHER FEDERAL DISBURSEMENTS
PASS	EPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE ED THROUGH THE DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION:						
(A) (C) (A) (D) (A) (D) (A) (D)		10.550 10.553 10.553 10.555 10.555	N/A 047001-05-PU-2001 047001-05-PU-2002 047001-LL-P4-2001 047001-LL-P4-2002	\$ - 145 745 24,048 161,287	\$ 15,635	\$ 145 745 24,048 161,287	\$ 15,530
T	otal U.S. Department of Agriculture and Nutrition Cluster			186,225	15,635	186,225	15,530
	EPARTMENT OF EDUCATION ED THROUGH THE						
	Smaller Learning Community	84.215L	S215L002037	106,996		157,799	
PASS	EPARTMENT OF EDUCATION ED THROUGH THE DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION:						
	Title I	84.010	047001-C1-S1-2002	196,121		196,121	
(B) (B)	pecial Education Cluster: Title VI-B - Education of the Handicapped Act Title VI-B - Education of the Handicapped Act Total Title VI-B	84.027 84.027	047001-6B-SF-2001-P 047001-6B-SF-2002-P	26,163 218,689 244,852		44,932 257,079 302,011	
(B)	Special Education Preschool	84.173	047001-PG-S1-2002-P	15,244		15,244	
	Total Special Education Cluster			260,096		317,255	
	Safe and Drug-Free Schools Safe and Drug-Free Schools Total Safe and Drug-Free Schools	84.186 84.186	047001-DR-S1-2001 047001-DR-S1-2002	17,396 30,187 47,583		26,020 13,776 39,796	
	Eisenhower Professional Development Eisenhower Professional Development Eisenhower Professional Development Total Eisenhower Professional Development	84.281 84.281 84.281	044453-MS-S1 2000 047001-MS-S1-2001 047001-MS-S1-2002	1,706 18,756 20,462		5,078 9,867 14,945	
	Innovative Educational Program Strategies Innovative Educational Program Strategies Innovative Educational Program Strategies Total Innovative Educational Program Strategies	84.298 84.298 84.298	047001-C2-S1-2001 047001-C2-A1-2001 047001-C2-S1-2002	25,923 19,237 9,574 54,734		28,911 - - 3,220 - 32,131	
	Title VI-R - Class Size Reduction Title VI-R - Class Size Reduction Total Title VI-R - Class Size Reduction	84.340 84.340	047001-CR-S1 2001 047001-CR-S1 2002	78,825 78,825		5,175 78,756 83,931	
	Total U.S. Department of Education			764,817		841,978	
PASS: OHIO	EPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES ED THROUGH THE DEPARTMENT OF MENTAL RETARDATION AND LOPMENTAL DISABILITIES:						
	Community Alternative Funding System Program	93.778	N/A	98,382		98,382	
	Total Federal Financial Assistance			\$ 1,049,424	\$ 15,635	\$ 1,126,585	\$ 15,530

 ⁽A) Included as part of "Nutrition Grant Cluster" in determining major programs.
 (B) Included as part of "Special Education Grant Cluster" in determining major programs.
 (C) The Food Distribution Program is a non-cash, in kind, federal grant. Commodities are valued at fair market prices.
 (D) Commigled with state and local revenue from sales of lunches; assumed expenditures were made on a first-in, first-out basis.
 (E) This schedule was prepared on the cash basis of accounting.

TRIMBLE, JULIAN & GRUBE, INC.

"SERVING OHIO LOCAL GOVERNMENTS"

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Report on Compliance and on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting Based on an Audit of General Purpose Financial Statements Performed in Accordance With *Government Auditing Standards*

Board of Education Reynoldsburg City School District 7244 E. Main Street Reynoldsburg, Ohio 43068-3585

We have audited the general purpose financial statements of Reynoldsburg City School District as of and for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2002, and have issued our report thereon dated December 27, 2002. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Compliance

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Reynoldsburg City School District's general purpose financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grants, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*. However, we noted certain immaterial instances of noncompliance that we have reported to management of Reynoldsburg City School District in a separate letter dated December 27, 2002.

Board of Education Reynoldsburg City School District

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered Reynoldsburg City School District's internal control over financial reporting in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the general purpose financial statements and not to provide assurance on the internal control over financial reporting. Our consideration of the internal control over financial reporting would not necessarily disclose all matters in the internal control over financial reporting that might be material weaknesses. A material weakness is a condition in which the design or operation of one or more of the internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that misstatements in amounts that would be material in relation to the financial statements being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions. We noted no matters involving the internal control over financial reporting and its operation that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, we noted other matters involving the internal control over financial reporting that do not require inclusion in this report, that we have reported to management of Reynoldsburg City School District in a separate letter dated December 27, 2002.

This report is intended for the information of the management and the Board of Education of Reynoldsburg City School District, Franklin County, federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Trimble, Julian & Grube, Inc. December 27, 2002

TRIMBLE, JULIAN & GRUBE, INC.

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Report on Compliance With Requirements Applicable to Each Major Federal Program and on Internal Control Over Compliance in Accordance With *OMB Circular A-133*

Board of Education Reynoldsburg City School District 7244 E. Main Street Reynoldsburg, Ohio 43068-3585

Compliance

We have audited the compliance of Reynoldsburg City School District with the types of compliance requirements described in the *U. S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Circular A-133 Compliance Supplement* that are applicable to each major federal program for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2002. Reynoldsburg City School District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings. Compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts and grants applicable to each major federal programs are the responsibility of Reynoldsburg City School District's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on Reynoldsburg City School District's compliance based on our audit.

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States of America; and OMB Circular A-133, *Audit of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. Those standards and OMB Circular A-133 require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about Reynoldsburg City School District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our audit does not provide a legal determination on Reynoldsburg City School District's compliance with those requirements.

Board of Education Reynoldsburg City School District

In our opinion, Reynoldsburg City School District complied, in all material respects, with the requirements referred to above that are applicable to each major federal program for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2002.

Internal Control Over Compliance

The management of Reynoldsburg City School District is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with requirements of laws, regulations, contracts and grants applicable to federal programs. In planning and performing our audit, we considered Reynoldsburg City School District's internal control over compliance with requirements that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on compliance and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with *OMB Circular A-133*.

Our consideration of the internal control over compliance would not necessarily disclose all matters in the internal control that might be material weaknesses. A material weakness is a condition in which the design or operation of one or more of the internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that noncompliance with applicable requirements of laws, regulations, contracts and grants that would be material in relation to a major federal program being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions. We noted no matters involving the internal control over compliance and its operation that we consider to be material weaknesses.

This report is intended for the information of the management and the Board of Reynoldsburg City School District, Franklin County, federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Trimble, Julian & Grube, Inc. December 27, 2002

REYNOLDSBURG CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT FRANKLIN COUNTY JUNE 30, 2002

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS OMB CIRCULAR A-133 § .505

1. SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

(d)(1)(i)	Type of Financial Statement Opinion	Unqualified
(d)(1)(ii)	Were there any material control weakness conditions reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
(d)(1)(ii)	Were there any other reportable control weakness conditions reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
(d)(1)(iii)	Was there any reported non- compliance at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
(d)(1)(iv)	Were there any material internal control weakness conditions reported for major federal programs?	No
(d)(1)(iv)	Were there any other reportable internal control weakness conditions reported for major federal programs?	No
(d)(1)(v)	Type of Major Programs' Compliance Opinion	Unqualified
(d)(1)(vi)	Are there any reportable findings under § .510?	No
(d)(1)(vii)	Major Programs:	Title I, CFDA #84.010; Special Education Grant Cluster: Title VI-B, CFDA #84.027; Special Education Preschool Grant, CFDA #84.173
(d)(1)(viii)	Dollar Threshold: Type A/B Programs	Type A: >\$300,000 Type B: all others
(d)(1)(ix)	Low Risk Auditee?	Yes

REYNOLDSBURG CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT FRANKLIN COUNTY JUNE 30, 2002

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS OMB CIRCULAR A-133 § .505

2.	FINDINGS RELATED TO THE GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
	REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS

None.

3. FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR FEDERAL AWARDS

None.



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REYNOLDSBURG CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT FRANKLIN COUNTY

CLERK'S CERTIFICATION

This is a true and correct copy of the report which is required to be filed in the Office of the Auditor of State pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in Columbus, Ohio.

CLERK OF THE BUREAU

Susan Babbitt

CERTIFIED FEBRUARY 4, 2003