COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT CLEVELAND HEIGHTS, OHIO







2003

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2003



The city for a lifetime



City Council City of Cleveland Heights 40 Severance Circle Cleveland Heights, OH 44118

We have reviewed the Independent Auditor's Report of the City of Cleveland Heights, Cuyahoga County, prepared by Ciuni & Panichi, Inc., for the audit period January 1, 2003 through December 31, 2003. Based upon this review, we have accepted these reports in lieu of the audit required by Section 117.11, Revised Code. The Auditor of State did not audit the accompanying financial statements and, accordingly, we are unable to express, and do not express an opinion on them.

Our review was made in reference to the applicable sections of legislative criteria, as reflected by the Ohio Constitution, and the Revised Code, policies, procedures and guidelines of the Auditor of State, regulations and grant requirements. The City of Cleveland Heights is responsible for compliance with these laws and regulations.

Betty Montgomeny

BETTY MONTGOMERY Auditor of State

September 27, 2004



COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT CLEVELAND HEIGHTS, OHIO



2003

Prepared by the Department of Finance Thomas K. Malone, Director Sharon E. McGuire, CPA, Assistant Director Nick Vitalone, Supervisor of Fiscal Control

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2003

INTRODUCTORY

SECTION



2003

Table of Contents	Page
Introductory Section	
Title Page Table of Contents Letter of Transmittal	i ii vi xv xvi xvii
Organizational Chart – Department of Finance	xviii
Financial Section	
Independent Auditors' Report	1
Management's Discussion and Analysis	3
Basic Financial Statements:	
Government-Wide Financial Statements:	
Statement of Net Assets	17
Statement of Activities	18
Fund Financial Statements: Balance Sheet-Governmental Funds	20
Reconciliation of Total Governmental Fund Balances to Net Assets of Governmental Activities	21
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – Governmental Funds	22
Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities	23
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, Encumbrances, and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budget): General Fund	24
Statement of Fund Net Assets – Proprietary Funds	25
Assets – Proprietary Funds	26
Statement of Cash Flows – Proprietary Funds	27

1 able of Contents (Continued)	Page
Financial Section (continued)	
Statement of Fiduciary Net Assets – Fiduciary Funds	29
Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Assets	30
Notes to Basic Financial Statements	31
Combining Statements and Individual Fund Schedules – Nonmajor Governmental Funds	61
Combining Balance Sheet – Nonmajor Governmental Funds.	64
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances – Nonmajor Governmental Funds	65
Combining Balance Sheet – Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds	66
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances – Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds	72
Combining Balance Sheet – Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds	78
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances – Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds	80
Combining Statements – Agency Funds	82
Combining Statements of Changes in Assets and Liabilities – All Agency Funds	83
Individual Fund Schedules of Revenues, Expenditures, Encumbrances, and Changes in Fund Balances – Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budget):	
General Fund	85 86
Street Construction, Maintenance and Repair Fund	86 87

Table of Contents (Continued)	Page
Financial Section (continued)	
Foundation Grants Fund	88
First Suburbs Consortium Fund	89
Communications System Operating Fund	90
Public Building Maintenance Fund	91
Law Enforcement Trust Fund	92
Drug Law Enforcement Fund	93
CDBG Resource Fund	94
CDBG Program Income Fund	95
HOME Program Fund	96
FEMA Grant Fund	97
Local T.V. Programming Fund.	98
Cain Park Fund	99
ODNR Recycling Grants Fund	100
Indigent Driver's Alcohol Treatment Fund	101
Municipal Court Clerk Computerization Fund	102
DUI Enforcement and Education Fund	103
Municipal Court Special Projects Fund	104
Lead Safe Cuyahoga Fund	105
Street Lighting Fund	106
Tree Fund	107
Police Pension Fund	108
Fire Pension Fund	109
Earned Benefits Fund	110
Section 108 Loan Guarantee Fund	111
Office on Aging Donation Fund	112
Animal Adoption Fund	113
Youth Recreation Donation Fund	114
Capital Improvements Fund	115
Economic Development Fund	116
City Hall Maintenance and Repair Fund	117
Recreation Improvements Fund.	118
Zagara TIF Fund	119
Ring Road Reconstruction Fund.	120
King Road Reconstruction 1 and	120
Statistical Section	
Statistical Tables	121
General Fund Revenues by Source	122
General Fund Expenditures by Function	123

Table of Contents (Continued)	Page
Statistical Section (continued)	
Assessed and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property	124
Property Tax Rates – All Direct and Overlapping Governments (Per \$1,000 of Assessed Valuation)	125
Property Tax Levies and Collections – Real and Public Utility	126
Special Assessment Collections	127
Computation of Legal Debt Margin	128
Computation of Direct and Overlapping Debt	129
Ratio of Annual Debt Service Expenditures for General Bonded Debt to Total General Fund Expenditures	130
Ratio of Net General Bonded Debt to Assessed Valuation and Net Bonded Debt Per Capita	131
Demographic Statistics	132
Employment Distribution by Occupation	133
Property Value, New Construction and Bank Deposits	134
Principal Taxpayers	135
Other Statistics	136



June 1, 2004

Dear Members of Council and Residents of the City of Cleveland Heights:

The purpose of this letter is to acquaint you with the City's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2003. The City, and more specifically the Department of Finance, assumes responsibility for the accuracy, completeness, fairness of presentation, and all disclosures contained within this report and believe the data included is accurate in all material respects. Further, it is our intention to present it in a manner that fairly sets forth the financial position of the City and results of operations as measured by its various activities.

The CAFR consists of three sections. The <u>Introductory Section</u> which contains the table of contents, this letter of transmittal, a list of principal City officials, and organizational charts of the City and the Department of Finance; the <u>Financial Section</u> with the opinion letter of the City's independent auditor, the Management's Discussion and Analysis, the basic Financial Statements and Notes that provide an overview of the City's financial position and operating results, the Combining Statements for Non-Major Funds and other schedules that provide detailed information relative to the Basic Financial Statements; and the <u>Statistical Section</u> which details selected financial, economic, and demographic information about the City for the past ten years.

REPORTING ENTITY

The reporting entity is comprised of the primary government, component units and other organizations that are included to ensure that the financial statements of the City are not misleading. This definition of the reporting entity is found in GASB Statement No. 14, "The Financial Reporting Entity."

The City of Cleveland Heights' primary government consists of all funds and departments, which are not legally separate from the City. They include a public safety department, a public service department, a street maintenance department, a water and sewer department, a parks and recreation department, a planning and zoning department, and a staff to provide essential support to these service providers.

The Cleveland Heights Municipal Court has been included in the City's financial statements as an agency fund. The clerk of courts is an appointed City official who has a fiduciary responsibility for the collection and distribution of the court fees and fines.

Component units are legally separate organizations for which the City is financially accountable. The City is financially accountable for an organization if the City appoints a voting majority of the organization's governing board and (1) the City is able to significantly influence the programs or services performed or provided by the organization; or (2) the City is legally entitled to or can otherwise access the organization's resources; the City is legally obligated or has otherwise assumed the responsibility to finance the deficits of or provide financial support to, the organization; or the City is obligated for the debt of the organization. Component units may also include organizations for which the City approves the budget, the issuance of debt or the levying of taxes. The reporting entity of the City does not include any component units.

CITY ORGANIZATION

The City of Cleveland Heights, located in northeastern Ohio immediately east of Cleveland, is a residential community, which covers 8.11 square miles. The City's population from the 2000 Federal Census was 50,769. The City, incorporated under Ohio law in February 1921, operates under its own charter, which was adopted in August 1921. The Charter provides that the City operate under the council/manager form of government. The City Manager, appointed by the seven members elected Council, is the chief administrative officer of the City.

The City Manager, under authority granted by the City Charter, has the power to appoint and to remove all administrative officers and employees. His appointment of the Directors of Law, Finance, and Planning requires the approval of a majority of the members of Council. A Vice City Manager and two Assistants to the City Manager work with the City Manager in handling the administrative operations of the City, including the areas of Personnel, Budget and Capital Projects.

City Council holds its regular bi-monthly council meetings on the first and third Mondays of each month. The Charter provides procedures for special or emergency meetings if the need arises. The City Manager and his administrative staff together with the various Department Directors attend all regular council meetings. City Council generally meets in committee or as a committee of the whole on those Mondays when there is no regularly scheduled meeting.

ECONOMIC CONDITIONS AND OUTLOOK

The City continued to benefit due to its proximity to the major cultural, educational, and medical facilities in northeastern Ohio. These facilities include the University Circle area comprised of Case Western Reserve University and its associated University Hospitals, Severance Hall for the Performing Arts which also serves as resident base to the internationally-acclaimed Cleveland Symphony Orchestra, and the Cleveland Clinic, a world-renowned medical research and treatment facility. In addition, the City is strategically located to facilitate efficient and quick access to the revitalized downtown Cleveland business district, sports facilities for the Cleveland Indians major league baseball team, the Cleveland Cavaliers professional basketball team, the Cleveland Browns professional football team, the Great Lakes Science Center, and the National Rock and Roll Hall of Fame. As a result, the City's unemployment rate in April 2004 was 4.1% as compared to the county rate of 6.5%, a State of Ohio rate of 5.8%, and a national rate of 5.6%.

Property values have increased on average by 41% since 1994. This is a key indicator of this City's economic health and stability where the primary "industry" is its housing. All indications are that the City will continue to be a highly desirable place in which to live, further contributing to an appreciation in property values, which outpaces the rate of inflation.

2003 income tax collections remained strong and accounted for over 53% of all General Fund receipts.

MAJOR INITIATIVES

Through a variety of municipal services and programs, together with public/private partnerships and citizen cooperation, there have been continued efforts to maintain and improve the exceptional environmental, economic, and social quality of life to which the residents of the City of Cleveland Heights have become accustomed.

Cain Park, the municipally-owned and operated outdoor theatrical complex, is home to both the Alma Theater and the Dina Rees Evans Amphitheater. Orchestral, dance, and theatrical performances produced during 2003 included: Fiddler on the Roof, The Jimmy Dorsey Orchestra, Joe Cocker, Cheryl Crow, Bela Fleck and the Flecktones, Nashville Mandolin Ensemble, The Rippingtons, Dayton Contemporary Dance Company, DanceBrazil, "Wizards of Acoustic Guitar", Solomon Burke, and the Eileen Ivers Band. The Cain Park Arts Festival is recognized as one of the ten best such events in the United States.

Our commercial districts, integral to the City's residential neighborhoods, are home to the many new businesses which open in Cleveland Heights every year, complementing wonderful existing enterprises.

Severance Town Center began its life in 1963 as the area's first enclosed shopping mall. After an extensive \$100 million redevelopment, the new Severance Town Center has been successful in attracting a number of new occupants to the remodeled retail space. Home Depot and Wal-Mart have opened very busy stores which also anchor the new Severance. In addition to these successful stores, many other new businesses have located in Severance. Among these are Office Max, Borders Books and Café, and Marshall's. Regal Cinemas operates a fourteen-theatre complex. Two restaurants have been built and opened in 2004 on outlying lots of Severance Center. The recently opened Burger King and IHOP have seen great early success.

Spring 2004 marked the completion of the sale of Severance Town Center from Canyon-Johnson to Pine Tree Commercial Realty of Chicago, Illinois. Pine Tree is proceeding with plans for the construction of additional outlying restaurants.

In conjunction with these plans for further development of Severance Town Center, the reconstruction of Severance Circle Ring Road was begun in May 2003. The estimated cost of the project is \$3.7 million of which nearly 70% is being financed through the levy and collection of special assessments from the property owners. Work is expected to be completed in Fall 2004.

In addition to the revitalization of the retail spaces of Town Center, Severance Circle, which surrounds the shopping area, has seen significant capital investments in commercial projects. Among these are \$26 million for a new Kaiser Permanente medical facility which was completed in 2000 and \$5 million for a new U.S. Post Office which was completed in 1998.

The Giant Eagle grocery store at Cedar Road underwent an extensive remodel. It was completed in early 2002. Among other things, the store now has an expanded product array, new fixtures, flooring and a bright new decor. It is also a charming enhancement to the character of the surrounding district.

Zagara's Market and Café was completed in June, 2002. The new, state-of-the-art, independent supermarket was built on the site of two formerly vacant buildings along Lee Road. It is expected that the new market will anchor the area and encourage other development along the corridor. The city participated in the project through a Tax Increment Financing (TIF) agreement and the subsequent issuance of \$2 million of Economic Development Revenue Bonds.

The first new housing subdivision in the City since the mid 1980's was Greyton Court by Zaremba, Inc. Construction of the 22 new town homes began in December, 1999. Phase I was completed in the spring of 2001 while Phase II was completed in the spring of 2002. The City participated in the development of this project by establishing a linked deposit program with Third Federal Savings Bank. This program offered reduced mortgage interest rates to initial buyers of the new townhomes. In addition to these single-family residences, a \$15 million assisted-living complex, Homewood Residence at Rockefeller Gardens, was opened in January, 2000.

Other new housing projects have begun since the success at Zaremba's Greyton Court. City Vision Development has transformed the corner of Euclid Heights Boulevard and Lee Road with the \$3 million eight-unit Boulevard Townhomes. The townhomes offer a contempory exterior to accompany the unique design features of the interiors. The City participated in the project by offering a 50% tax abatement for ten years. The Boulevard Townhomes are within walking distance of the city's Cain Park outdoor theater.

Cedarmount Condominiums is an \$8 million development at Cedar Road and Fairmont Boulevard. The seventeen luxury condominiums offer many design options. Seven of the units offer a "brownstone" rowhouse design including four levels of living and featuring rooftop patios with great city views. The remaining ten units have Tudor accents and copper awnings.

The Courtyards at Severance is being developed by The Coral Company. January, 2002 marked the beginning of the project. There will be seventy-one single-family attached townhomes offering maintenance-free living with brick detailing on all front elevations. There will be professionally designed landscaping plus a nearby city park to provide welcome green space. The city has participated in this project by offering tax abatement to the new homeowners in the amount of 50% for the first ten years.

Villa Carabelli Townhomes is being built along Mayfield Road in the area leading to Cleveland's "Little Italy" neighborhood. The project spans both cities and will offer twenty luxury townhomes. All units will have views of the neighborhood and the cityscape beyond. The wooded hillsides will provide a gracious urban retreat. Construction has begun and six units are already sold. The base price is in the range of \$450,000 to \$550,000 with the cost of options and amenities adding as much as \$150,000 to \$200,000 to that base. Both cities, Cleveland and Cleveland Heights will offer tax abatement to the new homeowners. The tax abatement for the units in the City of Cleveland Heights will be 65% for seven years.

PLANNED DEVELOPMENT PROJECTS FOR 2004

In response to the ongoing interest in the previously described housing projects, several more developments have been planned for 2004.

The Boulevard Townhomes will start their second phase of seven additional units. The City again will participate by offering 50% tax abatement for ten years. The planned sales prices are \$200,000 to \$315,000.

The Brownstones at Derbyshire will begin a twenty-one unit development in the Cedar Fairmount area with prices ranging from \$175,000 to \$475,000.

Fairmount Courts is planning a six-unit development in the Cedar Fairmount area for later this year. Pricing of units will average \$450,000.

Kenilworth Mews will also add to the Cedar Fairmount area. The seventeen units planned for this development will begin at \$450,000.

Severance Place on the Severance Circle is a rehabilitation to a new use of a medical facility which has been vacant for nearly four years. This project will convert the building into thirty-nine flats ranging from \$150,000 to \$242,000. Additional construction of fourteen townhomes will be included on the site. The City is discussing its participation in this innovative project.

CITY UTILITIES

The City purchases water in bulk from the City of Cleveland through master meters and then distributes the water to City residents through the City's water mains. The City owns and maintains its water mains and also bills all water users for their consumption of water. While the City collects sewage through its own sewage system, the Northeastern Ohio Regional Sewer District handles the treatment of sewage. The City's Automatic Water Meter Reading System (AMR) utilizes water meters which are read by radio signals rather than by conventional meter reader personnel, allowing staff to read the entire City in less than three working days. For convenience and safety, the meters are read in the middle of the night. The monthly water bills are sent with the billing information, a return envelope, and a message section that serves as an informative reminder of City events. As a matter of convenience, customers can now pay their water and sewer bills by credit card or ACH debit from their checking account. In addition, the City altered its relationship with the Northeast Ohio Sewer District from master meter to that of a direct billing agent. This change resulted in residents receiving a direct statement each quarter from the Sewer District. A major benefit of this change is that residents are able to participate in the summer sprinkling program, which results in savings because of increased water usage in the summer.

The Cleveland Electric Illuminating Company and the Dominion East Ohio Gas Company, both independent, publicly-owned utilities provide City residents with electricity and natural gas. The City had placed issues of government aggregation of electricity supplies and natural gas supplies on the ballots in 2000 and 2001, respectively. Both issues were approved by the voters. The City proceeded with the aggregation plan and has now offered its residents city-wide aggregation plans with special rates for the supply of electricity and natural gas. The City contracted with First Energy Solutions as its aggregation supplier of electricity and with WPS Energy Services as its aggregation supplier of natural gas. Both programs have been popular with the residents.

COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT BLOCK GRANT PROGRAM

The Community Development Block Grant (CDBG) Program is administered by the Planning and Development Department. In 2003, the City received \$2.102 million in CDBG dollars which were allocated to an array of projects including housing preservation, commercial district improvements, youth programs, senior services, and fair housing.

CITY SERVICES

The City provides the following services for its citizens: Police and Fire Protection, Emergency Medical Services, Refuse, Recyclable and Yard Waste Collection, Street Maintenance, Recreation Programs, Municipal Court, Public Health, Community Development, Public Improvements, Water and Sewer Services, and General Administrative Services.

In addition to the basic services just described, the City continues to offer superior recreational facilities for its residents. The City operates a total of six municipal parks, which include two swimming pools and the usual sports, playground, and picnic facilities. In addition, the expansion of the Recreation Pavilion into a full-service Community Center was completed in 2001. The Olympic-size ice rink was opened in September, 2001 providing the City with two ice rinks. The Senior Activity Center opened in December, 2001. The Field House and Fitness Center opened in January, 2002. The Field House has two high-school-size side-by-side courts with wooden floors, bleachers, scoreboards, glass backboards and the flexibility to accommodate both basketball and volleyball as well as other programs. It also includes a four-lane elevated track with a rubberized surface and length of 180 yards. The Fitness Center features Nautilus exercise machines, aerobic, elliptical, and step machines along with a variety of bikes. There is also a cardio theater system and an aerobics room. The Community Center also contains child care facilities and meeting and general recreation rooms.

The curbside recycling program continued to be successful due to the cooperation of the residents. Included in the recycling collection are newspapers, magazines and catalogs, mixed paper (including cereal and dry good boxes), corrugated cardboard, metal, glass and #1 and #2 plastic containers. In addition, the City diverted most of its yard waste from the landfill to composting facilities. Cleveland Heights promotes the use of products made from recycled material whenever possible.

In keeping with its primarily residential character, the City operates an urban forestry department which is funded mainly through an annual special assessment on all properties. With the addition of new equipment and manpower, the department has been able to concentrate on removing and replanting Cleveland Heights' aging urban forest. During 2003, the Forestry Department planted 350 trees (size 2.5" – 3"caliper) and removed 425 hazardous trees and trimmed 455 hazardous trees. The trimming and removal of hazardous trees resulted in 174 loads of wood chips and 59 loads of logs which are then offered to residents. The City received its 25th Tree City USA Award, sponsored by the National Arbor Day Foundation in cooperation with the U.S. Forest Service, the U.S. Conference of Mayors, the National Association of State Foresters, and the National League of Cities.

The annual street resurfacing program involves removal of the asphalt street surface to its base, making base repairs, replacing curbs, catch basin and manhole castings as needed, setting all castings flush to the new street level and placing a new asphalt surface which is crowned and graded for proper drainage. The primary sources of funding for this program are motor vehicle license fees and gasoline excise tax, which generate about \$1.2 million per year. An additional \$168,314 of CDBG funds were used on streets in low/moderate income districts. The annual street surface treatment program extends the life of the road's surface by application of crack fillers, chip sealing, and single pass asphalt recycling, a method of reclaiming the top inch of loose asphalt.

FINANCIAL CONDITION

This is the first year that the City of Cleveland Heights has prepared financial statements in accordance with GASB Statement 34, "Basic Financial Statements – Management's Discussion and Analysis – For State and Local Governments". GASB 34 creates new basic financial statements for reporting on the City's financial activities as follows:

Government-Wide Financial Statements

These statements are prepared on an accrual basis of accounting which is similar to the basis of accounting followed by businesses.

Fund Financial Statements

These statements present information for individual major funds rather than by fund type. Nonmajor funds are presented in total in one column. Governmental funds use the modified accrual basis of accounting and include a reconciliation to the governmental activities accrual information presented in the government-wide financial statements. Fiduciary funds use the accrual basis of accounting.

Statement of Budgetary Comparisons

These statements present comparisons of actual information to the legally adopted budget. The budgetary basis as provided by law is based upon accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements, and encumbrances.

As part of the new reporting model, management is responsible for preparing a discussion and analysis of the City's finances for 2003. This discussion follows the Independent Auditors' Report.

The City maintains its legal level of budgetary control at the fund level. However, management control is exercised at the department level (Public Safety, Public Health, Culture and Recreation, Community Development, Sanitation, Transportation, and General Government). The City Manager is authorized to transfer amounts between objects of expenditure within and between departments so long as the total appropriation for each fund does not exceed that of the Council approved appropriation. The City's fully automated financial system maintains this budgetary control through its purchase order/encumbrance feature. The purchase order, required before making any purchase, creates the encumbrance against the current budget. No purchase order will be generated unless there is sufficient unobligated budget to accept the encumbrance without a budget overrun.

INTERNAL ACCOUNTING AND REPORTING CONTROL

As part of its continuing commitment to excellence in financial reporting, the City utilizes a fully integrated, computerized financial accounting, budgeting and reporting system. Because the system is integrated, the financial and budgetary information maintained by the system is immediately available to the City's management. The timeliness and accuracy of the information provided by the City's accounting, budgeting and reporting system provides each member of the City's management with a solid, informed financial basis for daily decision-making, performance evaluation and planning.

The City has built internal accounting controls into its financial accounting, budgeting and reporting system to provide reasonable, but not absolute, assurance regarding: (1) the safeguarding of assets against loss resulting from unauthorized use or disposition; and (2) the reliability of financial records for preparing financial statements and maintaining accountability for assets. The internal accounting controls built into the City's system were developed within the framework of the concept of reasonable assurance. This concept recognizes that the cost of control should not exceed the benefits likely to be derived and that the evaluation of costs and benefits requires estimates and judgments by management. Regular reviews of internal control occur within this policy framework. We believe that the City's internal accounting controls adequately safeguard the City's assets and provide reasonable assurance of proper recording and reporting of financial transactions.

CASH MANAGEMENT

The City's investment policy is to ensure safety of principal while maintaining adequate liquidity with competitive yields on its portfolio. The cash resources of all funds are combined and invested to the extent available in treasury bills, treasury notes, and other authorized instruments. Interest earned is first distributed on a pro-rata basis to restricted funds with the remainder distributed to the General Fund.

RISK MANAGEMENT

As a means of providing superior coverage and at a cost lower than conventional insurance, the City developed and implemented its own self-funded insurance plan which covers all areas of risk including general liability, property, vehicle coverage, law enforcement professional and public official coverage. This plan utilizes the services of a third-party administrator, with the City maintaining a self-insured retention overlaid with conventional excess coverage.

In addition, the City maintains two health insurance plans for its employees. One plan is an HMO; the other is a self-funded program which is reinsured through a commercial insurance company and administered through a third-party administrator. Cost containment and enhanced control over health benefit levels have resulted from the City's health plan initiatives.

The City applied for and was accepted into the State of Ohio Workers Compensation Retrospective Rating Plan. Under the terms of this plan, the City initially pays a fraction of the premium (the minimum premium) it would pay as an experience-rated risk. As costs for the employer's injured workers' claims are incurred, the employer must reimburse the State fund for those costs, subject to the plan's individual claim cost limitation and the employer's premium limitation. The City's retrospective rating plan provides for a \$250,000 catastrophic limit per claim and an unlimited claim limit.

OTHER INFORMATION

Independent Audit

The financial records, books of accounts, and transactions of the City of Cleveland Heights, Ohio for the year ended December 31, 2003, have been audited by the firm of Ciuni & Panichi, Inc., Certified Public Accountants. The auditor's unqualified opinion has been included in this report.

In addition, the City is required to undergo an annual single audit in conformity with the provisions of the Federal Single Audit Act of 1984 and the Single Audit Act Amendments of 1997 in accordance with U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations. Based upon prior experience, management believes that no material weakness in internal controls exist or questioned costs, if any, will have an adverse material effect on the financial condition of the City.

Certificate Of Achievement For Excellence In Financial Reporting

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement For Excellence In Financial Reporting to the City of Cleveland Heights, Ohio, for its comprehensive annual financial report for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2002. The Certificate of Achievement is a prestigious national award recognizing conformance with the highest standards for preparation of state and local government financial reports.

In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a government unit must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized comprehensive annual financial report, whose contents conform to program standards. Such CAFR must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of only one year. The City of Cleveland Heights, Ohio, has received a Certificate of Achievement for the last nineteen (19) consecutive years (fiscal years ended December 31, 1984, through December 31, 2002). We believe our current report continues to conform to the Certificate of Achievement program requirements, and we are submitting it to the GFOA.

Acknowledgments

Successful preparation of a report of this scope depends upon the dedicated contributions of many employees. The sincere appreciation of those primarily responsible for its completion is extended to all contributors, but especially to those employees in the Departments of Finance, Planning, and Public Relations who have spent their time and energy on various parts of the project. Finally, City Staff wants to extend its appreciation to the Mayor and City Council for their support and commitment to responsible fiscal reporting.

Postscript

All of the programs and offerings noted in this letter of transmittal are aimed at supporting the City's mission:

"Cleveland Heights is a mature residential community with a racially and culturally diverse population. We recognize this diversity as a primary strength and seek to retain our current population mix which contributes to a wholesome integrated community. In order to accomplish these objectives, we commit ourselves not only to traditional mandated services but to the following actions:

To maintain our housing stock at optimum value.

To maintain a high quality of life through recreational and cultural opportunities.

To maintain and support our commercial districts to ensure access to goods and services.

To actively engage in an on-going dialogue with neighborhood groups and residents so that changing needs of our community shape our services.

To remain competitive in relation to other surrounding communities in attracting new residents through developing new housing, controlling taxes and enhancing the quality of our community life through new and existing programs.

To assure a high return to our residents on every tax dollar."

As employees of the City of Cleveland Heights, we are proud of the community in which we work and live. We pledge our continued dedication to providing the highest possible level of service to the citizens of the City, and we commit ourselves to helping enhance the quality of life which our residents, our greatest asset, enjoy.

Respectfully submitted,

Robert C. Downey
City Manager

Thomas K. Malone Director of Finance

Thomas K. Malone

Listing Of Principal City Officials

December 31, 2003

ELECTED OFFICIALS

Mayor	Edward J. Kelley
Vice Mayor	Kenneth R. Montlack
Councilmember	Bonita W. Caplan
Councilmember	Nancy J. Dietrich
Councilmember	Phyllis L. Evans
Councilmember	Jimmie Hicks, Jr.
Councilmember	Dennis R. Wilcox
Municipal Judge	A. Deane Buchanon

APPOINTED OFFICIALS

City Manager	Robert C. Downey Kathleen A. Ruane Eddie L. Carter
Assistant to the City Manager	Carl Czaga
Director of Community Services	Susanna Niermann O'Neil
Director of Finance	Thomas K. Malone
Assistant Director of Finance	Sharon E. McGuire
Director of Law	John H. Gibbon
First Assistant Director of Law	Laure A. Wagner
Assistant Director of Law	William R. Hanna
Assistant Director of Law	R. Todd Hunt
Assistant Director of Law	L. James Juliano, Jr.
Assistant Director of Law	Aviva Rich
Assistant Director of Law	Kim Segebarth
Director of Planning.	Richard E. Wong
Assistant Director of Planning	Kimberly Steigerwald
Director of Public Safety	Robert C. Downey
Director of Public Works	Craig R. Zins
Chief of Fire	Kevin C. Mohr
Chief of Police	Martin G. Lentz

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

City of Cleveland Heights, Ohio

For its Comprehensive Annual
Financial Report
for the Fiscal Year Ended
December 31, 2002

A Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting is presented by the Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada to government units and public employee retirement systems whose comprehensive annual financial reports (CAFRs) achieve the highest standards in government accounting and financial reporting.

UNITED STATES

UNITED STATES

CORPOPATION

SEALAN

AMICAGO

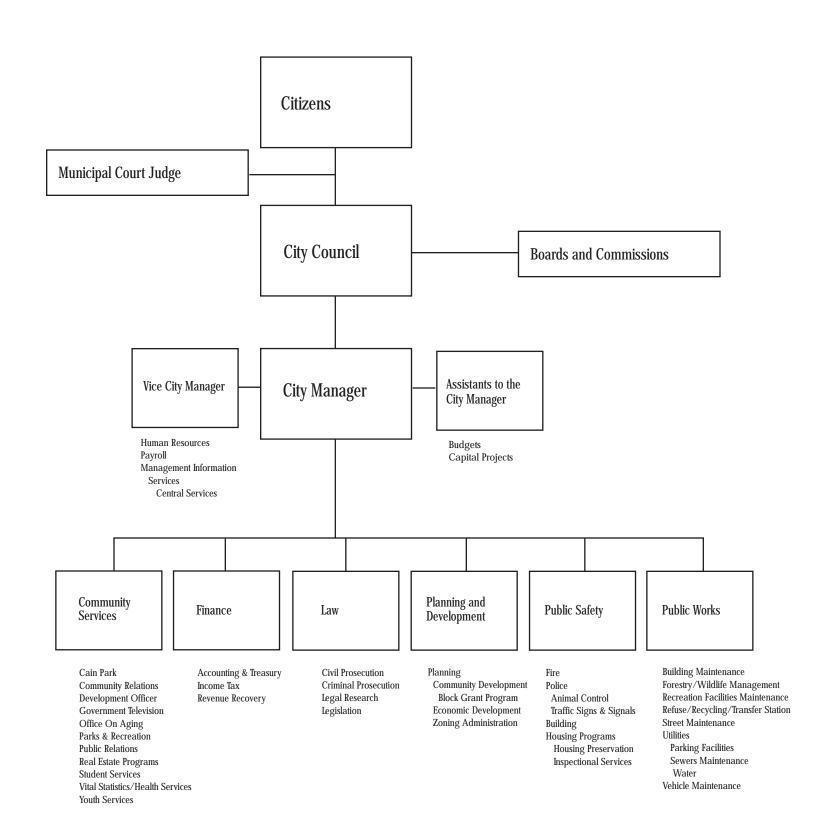
AMICAG

President

Executive Director

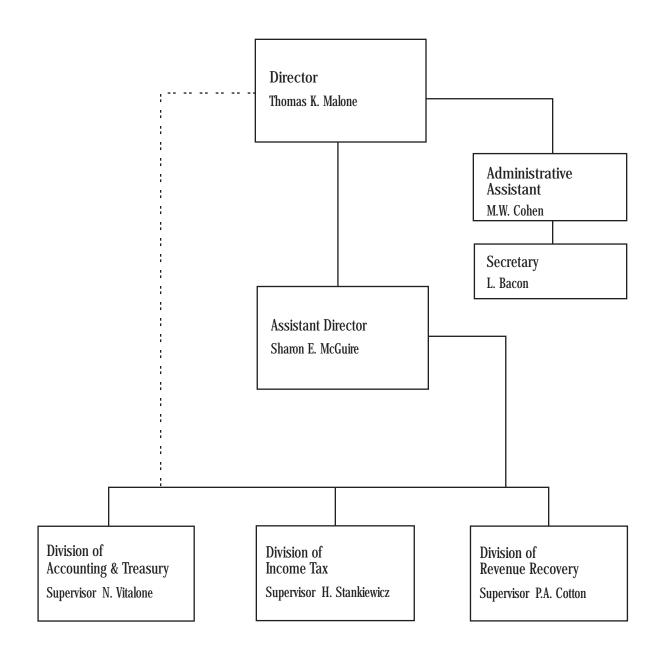


City Organization as of December 31, 2003





Department of Finance Organization as of December 31, 2003



FINANCIAL

SECTION



2003



Independent Auditors' Report

Members of the City Council City of Cleveland Heights, Ohio

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Cleveland Heights, Ohio, as of and for the year ended December 31, 2003, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the City of Cleveland Heights' management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Cleveland Heights, as of December 31, 2003, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows, where applicable, and the respective budgetary comparison for the General Fund thereof for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

As described in Note 3 to the financial statements, the City has implemented a new reporting model, as required by the provisions of GASB Statement No. 34 *Basic Financial Statements—and Management's Discussion and Analysis—for State and Local Governments*, as of December 31, 2003.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated June 1, 2004 on our consideration of the City of Cleveland Heights' internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* and should be read in conjunction with this report in considering the results of our audit.



25201 Chagrin Boulevard Cleveland, Ohio 44122.5683 p. 216.831.7171 f. 216.831.3020 www.cp-advisors.com



Members of the City Council City of Cleveland Heights, Ohio

The management's discussion and analysis is not a required part of the basic financial statements but is supplementary information required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the required supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements. The introductory section, combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements, and statistical tables are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements have been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole. The introductory section and statistical tables have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on them.

& Panichi Inc.

Cleveland, Ohio June 1, 2004

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal year Ended December 31, 2003 Unaudited

The discussion and analysis of the City of Cleveland Heights' financial performance provides an overall review of the City's financial activities for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2003. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the City's financial performance as a whole; readers are encouraged to consider the information presented here in conjunction with the additional information contained in the financial statements and the notes thereof.

Financial Highlights

Key financial highlights for 2003 are as follows:

- The total assets of the City of Cleveland Heights exceeded its total liabilities at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$87,097,378.
- Total assets increased by \$707,675 from 2002 levels. The biggest change was an increase in the net capital assets due to the rehabilitation of Severance Ring Road.
- Total liabilities increased by \$272,365 over 2002. A major contributing factor was a \$3,513,000 increase in short term note obligations for the specific purpose of rehabilitating the Severance Ring Road. However, there was a decrease of \$2,882,642 in the long term obligations of the city.
- In total, net assets in governmental activities increased by \$1,381,463 during 2003. This represents a .5 percent increase from 2002.

Using this Annual Financial Report

The discussion and analysis are intended to serve as an introduction to the City of Cleveland Heights' basic financial statements. The City of Cleveland Heights' basic financial statements are comprised of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-wide financial statements - Reporting the City of Cleveland Heights as a Whole

Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities

The Statement of Net Assets presents information on all the City of Cleveland Heights' assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net assets. Over time, an increase or decrease in net assets may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City of Cleveland Heights is improving or deteriorating. However, in evaluating the overall position of the City, nonfinancial factors such as the City's tax base, change in property and income tax laws, and the condition of the capital assets should also be considered. Both the Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities use the accrual basis of accounting similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. This basis of accounting takes into account all of the current year's revenues and expenses regardless of when cash is received or paid.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal year Ended December 31, 2003 Unaudited

In the Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities, we identify two kinds of activities in the City:

- <u>Governmental activities</u>: most of the City's basic services are reported here, including the police, fire, street maintenance, parks and recreation, and general administration. Income taxes, property taxes, and state and federal grants finance most of these activities.
- <u>Business-type activities:</u> the City charges a fee to customers to help it cover all or most of the cost of certain services it provides. The City's water and sewer systems, off-street parking, and ambulance services are reported here.

Fund Financial Statements - Reporting the City of Cleveland Heights' Most Significant Funds

Fund Financial Statements

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objects. The City of Cleveland Heights, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the City of Cleveland Heights can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

Governmental Funds

Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on the balance of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements. These funds are reported using an accounting method called modified accrual accounting, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the City's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate a comparison between governmental activities (reported in the Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities) and governmental funds.

The City of Cleveland Heights maintains 36 individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental funds balance sheet and in the governmental funds statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances, for the General fund and Debt Service fund both of which are considered to be major funds. Data from the other governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these nonmajor governmental funds is provided in the form of combining statements elsewhere in this report.

The City of Cleveland Heights adopts an annual appropriated budget for each of its funds. A budgetary comparison statement (non-GAAP basis) has been provided for each governmental and proprietary fund to demonstrate budgetary compliance.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal year Ended December 31, 2003 Unaudited

Proprietary Funds

The City of Cleveland Heights maintains two different types of proprietary funds. Enterprise funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The City uses enterprise funds to account for its Utilities operations and Off-Street Parking operations and Ambulance Services activity. Internal service funds are an accounting device used to accumulate and allocate costs internally among the City's various functions. The City maintains such a fund for its self-insurance of health related employee benefits. Because this purpose predominately benefits governmental rather than business functions, it has been included within governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. The City maintains a second internal service fund for its workers' compensation retrospective rating.

Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The proprietary fund financial statements provide separate information for the Utilities Services, Off-Street Parking, and Ambulance Services as they are considered major funds. The internal service fund is for self-insurance for health benefits.

The basic proprietary fund financial statements can be found starting on page 24 of this report.

Fiduciary Funds

Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statement because the resources are not available to support the City's own programs. The City of Cleveland Heights has only agency funds to report within the Fiduciary Fund category. Agency funds are reported on a full accrual basis and only present a statement of assets and liabilities.

Notes to the Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential for a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found starting on page 30 of this report.

Other information

In addition to the basic financial statements and the accompanying notes, this report also presents certain other information that the City believes readers will find useful. After the notes to the financial statements, the combining statements referred to earlier in connection with nonmajor governmental funds are presented, as well as individual detailed budgetary comparisons for all nonmajor funds. This information can be found starting on page 60 of this report.

Government-wide Financial Analysis - City of Cleveland Heights as a Whole

As noted earlier, the Statement of Net Assets looks at the City as a whole and can prove to be a useful indicator of the City's financial position.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal year Ended December 31, 2003 Unaudited

The Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities are divided into the following categories:

- Assets
- Liabilities
- Net Assets (Assets minus Liabilities)
- Program Expenses and Revenues
- General Revenues
- Net Assets Beginning and End of Year

The Statement of Net Assets looks at the City as a whole. The following Table 1 provides a summary of the City's net assets for 2003 as compared to 2002.

Table 1 City of Cleveland Heights' Net Assets

	_	Governmental Activities		Business-Type Activities			Total		
		2003	2002		2003	2002		2003	2002
Current and other assets Capital assets, net	\$	39,065,947 \$ 66,141,377	43,093,739 60,475,767	\$	7,882,862 \$ 29,551,870	8,753,914 29,610,961	\$	46,948,809 95,693,247	\$ 51,847,653 90,086,728
Total assets	_	105,207,324	103,569,506		37,434,732	38,364,875		142,642,056	141,934,381
Current and other liabilities Long-term liabilities:		24,778,539	22,172,800		2,144,066	2,062,533		26,922,605	24,235,333
Due within one year		4,988,029	2,702,119		62,203	65,523		5,050,232	2,767,642
Due in more than one year	_	22,632,153	27,267,447		939,688	1,001,891		23,571,841	28,269,338
Total liabilities	_	52,398,721	52,142,366		3,145,957	3,129,947		55,544,678	55,272,313
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt		45,405,726	37,332,998		28,549,980	28,543,547		73,955,706	65,876,545
Restricted for:									
Other purposes		4,156,178	4,075,941		-	-		4,156,178	4,075,941
Debt service		5,846,721	5,808,626		-	-		5,846,721	5,808,626
Unrestricted	_	(2,600,022)	4,209,575		5,738,795	6,691,381		3,138,773	10,900,956
Total net assets	\$	52,808,603 \$	51,427,140	\$	34,288,775 \$_	35,234,928	\$	87,097,378	\$ <u>86,662,068</u>

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal year Ended December 31, 2003 Unaudited

Total assets exceeded total liabilities for all of Cleveland Heights' funds by \$87,097,378. The net assets have increased by \$435,310 since 2002. Over time this can be a useful indicator of a government's financial position.

The major category of the City's net assets (84.91%) is investment in capital assets such as land, buildings, infrastructure, machinery, and equipment. The amounts reflected in Table 1 are less any related outstanding debt used to acquire those assets. These assets are essential to provide services to the citizens therefore they are not available for future spending. Although the investment in capital assets is reported net of the related debt, note that the funds to repay the debt must come from sources other than the capital assets themselves.

The City's total assets increased \$707,675 from 2002 to 2003 while the total liabilities increased only \$272,365 in that period. Among the most significant changes to assets was a decrease in Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents of \$3,191,647, including restricted cash, during the 2003 fiscal year. The increase in capital assets is attributable in large part to two major street construction projects on Lee Road and Severance Ring Road which totaled in excess of \$6.1 million. Some major changes in liabilities included an increase of \$3.5 million in notes payable during 2003 to finance the Severance Ring Road project. Much of this increase in notes payable was offset by a reduction in long term obligations through retirement of \$2.6 million of long term debt, mostly bonds.

The City has made concerted efforts to maximize the return on investments of its cash and cash equivalents and to use these funds to provide liquidity for planned future capital purchases. Due to the decline of interest rates in the past few years, the investments have shifted from mostly government notes and bills to include a greater mix of federal government agency issues. However, even though the State code allows for investments with maturities of five years or less, the City has infrequently invested in an instrument with a maturity of more than two years. The City maintained a weighted average maturity of 645 days for its portfolio during 2003.

Another tool used by the City to reduce its long term liability is to convert accumulated sick leave to a bonus payment for employees who have a balance in excess of 800 hours of sick time remaining in their account at the end of each year. This bonus is calculated for eligible employees based on the hours accumulated and the hours of sick leave used in the current year. Only employees who have used forty-eight or less hours of sick leave per year are eligible for this conversion to bonus option. Employees who have used forty-eight hours of sick leave during the year are eligible to convert up to eight hours of sick leave to the cash bonus. If the employee has used no sick hours the conversion to bonus could be up to fifty-six hours. This allows the City to buy back accumulated sick hours at the current hourly rate as opposed to paying for it at a higher rate in the future or at the time of retirement of the employee. Every hour that is converted to bonus will reduce the employee's accumulated sick leave hours one for one. The employees benefit by having funds available to them currently with the opportunity to invest them and potentially gain a higher rate of return as opposed to a future date.

The City of Cleveland Heights participates in the Ohio Bureau of Workers' Compensation retrospective rating program. Third party administration of claims is provided by CompManagement Incorporated. Various departments within the City have established safety committees to meet the Bureau guidelines and provide the employees with safety equipment to enable them to perform their tasks efficiently and also, as much as possible, to help keep the City premises an injury free work place. A random drug testing policy for employees with CDL licenses also affords an added measure toward achieving this goal.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal year Ended December 31, 2003 Unaudited

The City's Service Department developed programs and applied for funding which resulted in additional savings during the year. The City of Cleveland Heights is dedicated to the recycling effort. During 2003 approximately 38 percent of all material collected was recycled. Grant funding from the State of Ohio Department of Natural Resources (\$54,000) helps to offset many of the costs related to recycling. This is in addition to the savings of the cost of landfill fees for these materials. In 2003 the City received the Ohio Bicentennial Legacy Tree Planting Grant through the Ohio Environmental Protection Agency (\$15,000). This will fund a project to replace declining or missing trees along Monticello Boulevard. This project will be completed in 2004. The City received a grant from the Cleveland Clean Air Century Campaign in conjunction with the American Lung Association (\$35,000) to purchase and install five diesel engines in older vehicles. This work will be completed in 2004.

The net assets of our business-type activities decreased by 2.69 percent in 2003. The City generally can only use these net assets to finance the continuing operations of the water and sewer, off-street parking, and ambulance services departments. In order to further understand what makes up the changes in net assets for the current year, the following table gives readers further details regarding the results of activities for the current year. However, since this is the first year the City has prepared financial statements following GASB 34, revenue and expense comparisons to 2002 are not available. In future years, when prior year information is available, a comparative analysis of government-wide data will be presented.

Management's Discussion and Analysis
For the Fiscal year Ended December 31, 2003
Unaudited

Table 2 Changes in Net Assets

	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total	
	2003	2003	2003	
Revenues:				
Program Revenues:				
Charges for services	\$ 8,769,251	\$ 11,220,301	\$ 19,989,552	
Operating grants				
and contributions	1,877,803	105,420	1,983,223	
Capital grants				
and contributions	815,829	153,510	969,339	
Total program revenues	11,462,883	11,479,231	22,942,114	
General revenues:	10.416.600		10 414 400	
Property taxes Municipal income taxes	10,416,688 20,418,119	-	10,416,688 20,418,119	
Grants and entitlements	7,506,950	-	7,506,950	
Interest earnings	313,444	68,751	382,195	
Miscellaneous income	313,444	00,731	302,173	
(Including transfers)	1,294,701	30,409	1,325,110	
Total general revenues	39,949,902	99,160	40,049,062	
Total revenues	51,412,785	11,578,391	62,991,176	
Program Expenses: General government	13,763,275	-	13,763,275	
Public safety	17,671,151	-	17,671,151	
Public health	460,421	-	460,421	
Culture and Recreation	3,812,176	-	3,812,176	
Community development	7,912,186	-	7,912,186	
Sanitation	2,976,704	-	2,976,704	
Transportation	2,064,177	-	2,064,177	
Interest and fiscal charges	1,371,232	-	1,371,232	
Utilities	-	10,945,652	10,945,652	
Off-street parking	-	871,360	871,360	
Ambulance Services		707,532	707,532	
Total program expenses	50,031,322	12,524,544	62,555,866	
Increase in net assets	\$ 1,381,463	\$ (946,153)	\$ 435,310	

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal year Ended December 31, 2003 Unaudited

Governmental Activities

Several revenue sources fund our governmental activities with the City income tax being the largest contributor. The City's income tax rate is two percent on gross income and has not changed since 1979. The tax was originally instituted in 1966. Residents of the City who work in another community and pay the withholding tax for that community receive a fifty percent tax credit on their City tax up to a maximum of one-half percent. During 2003 the revenues generated from this tax amounted to \$ 20.4 million. This was an increase of \$900,000 from 2002. The increase in this revenue stream seemed to be opposite the nationwide trend due to the general state of the economy. The City had experienced a decrease in income tax revenue of \$300,000 from 2001 to 2002. In 2003 the City implemented the delinquent letter program and the subpoena program to ensure compliance with the local tax laws. Property tax revenues in 2003 of \$11.1 million constituted an increase of 12.7 percent over the \$9.5 million of revenues in 2002. The median home price in the City in 2003 was \$130,000 which is an increase of 34 percent since 1998. As expected, investment earnings continued to drop as the Federal Reserve maintained its momentum on rate cuts.

Public Safety and Transportation are the major activities of the City accounting for 39 percent of the governmental expenses. Currently, there are 107 full-time sworn officers in the police department operating from one police station. The City of Cleveland Heights was recently ranked number fifteen amongst the top sixty-five communities of the greater Cleveland area with regards to its safety in an annual study conducted by *Cleveland Magazine*. During 2003, the department continued to place strong emphasis on the training of its employees to keep up with the rapidly changing laws, practices and technology.

The fire department consists of seventy-five full-time fire fighters and officers of which fifty-six are fully trained paramedics. Again, training plays a crucial role in the day to day operation of the fire department. Techniques such as practice drills, continuing education classes, and watching training videos help keep the men updated to perform their jobs most efficiently. The department handled 5,430 calls for assistance of which approximately 4160 were for EMS and the rest for fire and fire-related incidents. This constituted an increase of less than one percent over 2002.

The City has an annual road program which entails major and minor resurfacing of the 303 roadway lanes miles in Cleveland Heights on a rotating basis year by year. The resurfacing program is subject to competitive bid. The bid award in 2003 was \$577,500. Of this amount \$73,750 was funded through Community Development Block Grant. The City also has a crack sealing and concrete repairs program which accounted for approximately \$110,000 in governmental expenses in 2003 for the upkeep and maintenance of the roadways within the City limits. A major project during 2003 was the rehabilitation of Severance Ring Road. The financing for this project was provided in the following manor. One million dollars was provided specifically for the project by the former owners of the Severance Town Center, a retail shopping center. This money was paid to the City of Cleveland Heights in 2002 at the time of the sale of the shopping center. The additional \$3.5 million was received as a result of a note offering in March, 2003. The notes will be converted to bonds in 2004. These bonds will be paid over the next twenty years by special assessments to all property owners with frontage on Severance Ring Road.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal year Ended December 31, 2003 Unaudited

Business-Type Activities

The Business-Type activities of the City, which include the City's Utilities operations, and Off-Street Parking operations and Ambulance Services, decreased the City's net assets by \$946,153.

Program expense exceeded program revenue in the amount of \$1,045,313 for the operations for 2003. In addition there were general revenues of \$99,160 from grants, interest earnings, and transfers from governmental funds.

The City's Funds

Governmental Funds

Information about the City's major funds starts on page 19. These funds are accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting. All governmental funds had total revenues of \$54.1 million and expenditures of \$61.1 million. The net change in fund balance for the year was most significant in the General Fund showing a decrease in fund balance of more than three million dollars. Overall some areas of the revenue base experienced significant reductions such as interest earnings and state funding for local government and estate taxes. Some of these reductions could not be anticipated prior to 2003 since they were the result of new state legislation. Concerted efforts have been made in 2003 and 2004 to control spending within the new reduced streams of revenues which can now be anticipated and budgeted accordingly.

General Fund Budgeting Highlights

The City's budget is prepared according to Ohio law and is based on accounting for certain transactions on the basis of cash receipts, disbursements and encumbrances. The most significant budgeted fund is the General Fund. An annual appropriation budget for the following fiscal year is legally required to be presented to City council by the City Manager in June of each year. Council is provided with a detailed budget by expenditure class for all departments and after a discussion at a regularly held council meeting, which is open to the public, the budget is adopted at an expenditure class level by City council. The approved budget is then submitted to the Cuyahoga County Budget Commission. Within a budgeted expenditure class the appropriations can be transferred between line items with the approval of the Assistant to the City Manager for Budget or the City Manager and the respective department head. Council must approve any revisions in the budget that alter the expenditure class totals or the total appropriations for any department or fund. The final budget for the current year must be reviewed and approved during December. The City Manager recommends necessary changes to the budget and provides information as requested by council. During fiscal year 2003, the City amended its general fund budget by an increase of \$1,048,976 at the end of the fiscal year. The Finance Director provides monthly reports to City Council depicting monthly and year-to-date activity for revenues and expenditures in a comparative format to the approved budget and certificate of estimated resources.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal year Ended December 31, 2003 Unaudited

For the general fund, budget basis revenue was \$788,691 below the original budget estimates of \$37.5 million. The City follows the conservative practice of estimating low in the tax, intergovernmental revenue and interest revenue areas however, several types of funding received from the state of Ohio were reduced during 2003 with little or no warning during the budget planning process that occurred in 2002. Interest earned on investments continued to decline during 2003, the full extent of which would not be known until 2003. The original appropriations of \$39.4 million was sufficient to meet the expenditures for the year, which ended up at \$39 million or \$.4 million less than anticipated due to a decision to reduce the prefunding of the police and fire pension bond funds and reduced expenditures for road salt in 2003.

The City's ending unobligated budgetary fund balance was \$849,213 lower than the final budgeted amount. \$176,413 was reserved for encumbrances at the end of 2003. No amount had been budgeted for the encumbrance obligation.

Business-Type Funds

The City's major Enterprise funds consist of the Utilities fund, the Off-Street Parking fund, and the Ambulance Services fund. The basic financial statements for the major funds are included in this report.

The Business-Type funds decreased the City's net total assets by \$946,153. Program expense exceeded program revenue in the amount of \$1,045,313. This was attributable mainly to the Utilities fund and the Water program in particular.

The water system experienced a high number of water main breaks in 2003 – fifty breaks compared to the twenty-five year average of thirty-four breaks per year. The unaccounted water which was purchased by the city but unbilled during the year has risen slowly over the last six years to 26.87%.

On January 16, 2001, the City Manager acting as the Director of Public Service notified City council of the five-year water rate increase from the City of Cleveland. In response the rates for Cleveland Heights residents were increased and set for the five-year period ending in December, 2005. The City charged \$38.91 per thousand cubic feet. During 2003 the water department reinstituted the shut off of water service in order to collect delinquent accounts. This was found to be successful and the intent is to increase the use of shut off actions in 2004.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal year Ended December 31, 2003 Unaudited

Capital Assets and Debt Administration

Capital Assets

At the end of fiscal 2003, the City of Cleveland Heights had \$95.7 million invested in capital assets (net of depreciation) which was an increase of \$5.6 million from 2002. This investment in capital assets includes, land, buildings, improvements, construction in progress, machinery, and equipment as well as infrastructure including roads, sidewalks, bridges, water lines, sanitary sewers, curbs, and gutters.

Table 3 shows fiscal 2003 balances of Capital Assets (net of depreciation) as compared to 2002:

Table 3
Capital Assets at December 31
(Net of Depreciation)

_	Governmental A	Activities	_	Business-T Activiti	J 1	Total				
	2003	2002	=	2003	2002	_	2003	2002		
Land \$	4,041,424 \$	4,933,518	\$	1,699,694	\$ 1,699,694	\$	5,741,118	\$ 6,633,212		
Construction in progress	6,220,970	1,787,330		234,757	1,038,041		6,455,727	2,825,371		
Land Improvements	483,697	467,268		186,658	13,731		670,355	480,999		
Buildings and Improvements	36,384,359	37,165,624		3,765,503	3,716,539		40,149,862	40,882,163		
Machinery and equipment	5,662,574	5,044,950		3,290,986	3,266,213		8,953,560	8,311,163		
Infrastructure:										
Streets and Sidewalks	13,348,353	11,077,077		-	-		13,348,353	11,077,077		
Water lines	-	-		13,098,321	12,756,208		13,098,321	12,756,208		
Sanitary sewer lines	-	-		4,603,805	4,474,837		4,603,805	4,474,837		
Storm sewer lines	-	-		1,770,352	1,687,177		1,770,352	1,687,177		
Off street parking lots	<u> </u>		-	901,794	958,521	_	901,794	958,521		
Total capital assets \$	66,141,377 \$	60,475,767	\$ _	29,551,870	\$ <u>29,610,961</u>	\$ _	95,693,247	90,086,728		

The majority of the increase in capital assets can be attributed to street projects completed in 2003 and construction in progress at year end. The completion of the Lee Road rehabilitation project which began in 2001 resulted in an increase of \$1,750,275. The City's annual street resurfacing project added another \$1,263,933 to streets and sidewalks. The Severance Ring Road reconstruction and Coventry Road rehabilitation project accounted for \$5,209,570 that remain in construction in progress and will be completed in 2004. The City will continue to carry out an aggressive policy in maintaining its assets in excellent condition. Along with the street improvement projects, the City will continue to issue short term notes to facilitate the purchase of motorized equipment on an annual basis. Vehicles, such as fire trucks, ambulances, rubbish trucks etc. are planned for well in advance by the respective department heads and a scheduled maintenance and replacement time table is followed to provide peak performance for the maximum time frame. Police cars are replaced on an annual basis with approximately thirteen new cruisers placed in service each year. The older vehicles are either traded in to the dealers or sold to the highest bidder at the City's annual vehicle auction.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal year Ended December 31, 2003 Unaudited

With regards to the infrastructure, the City's public works department maintains a comprehensive listing of all the streets, bridges, culverts and water and sewer lines in the City. The public works department performs in-house maintenance and repairs as a supplement to the road projects that are bid out annually. The City maintains annual street resurfacing and surface treatment programs. As part of the City's annual road maintenance program, the capital projects manager evaluates the condition of each street after the winter and prepares a list of streets to be either resurfaced or crack-sealed and in the case of concrete roads, either replaced or repaired. After approval from council, the projects are competitively bid in early spring to get the best possible pricing from contractors. This program is paid for out of the current operating funds of the City. In the case of a major resurfacing project on one of the main arteries in the City of Cleveland Heights, the City has effectively pursued external funding sources to provide as much as forty to fifty percent of the project. Grants and loan assistance programs are from sources such as Cuyahoga County, State Issue II funds, and Federal highway funds. These awards reduce the total amount that must be borrowed to provide the matching funds in some cases. Capital assets for business-type activities decreased by only \$59,091. There were no large water or sewer projects that were underway or completed during 2003 and therefore assets decreased only slightly from 2002.

Debt

At December 31, 2003, the City of Cleveland Heights had \$28,622,073 in total outstanding debt, of which \$21,680,000 was in general obligation bonds. There is a decrease of 7.8% in total outstanding debt from 2002. General obligation bonds decreased 9.9% from 2002. Table 4 summarizes the debt outstanding.

Table 4 Outstanding Debt at Year End

	Governm	ental A	activities	-	Business Activi	e	Total				
	2003		2002	-	2003	 2002		2003	2002		
General obligation bonds OWPC loans Economic development bonds Capital leases Compensated absences	21,680,000 1,660,000 510,650 3,769,532	0	24,070,000 - 1,840,000 642,769 3,416,797	\$	1,001,891 - - -	\$ 1,067,414 - - -	\$	21,680,000 1,001,891 1,660,000 510,650 3,769,532	\$ 24,070,000 1,067,414 1,840,000 642,769 3,416,797		
Total	27,620,18	2 \$	29,969,566	\$	1,001,891	\$ 1,067,414	\$	28,622,073	\$ <u>31,036,980</u>		

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal year Ended December 31, 2003 Unaudited

At December 31, 2003, the City's overall legal debt margin was \$67,371,183 with an unvoted debt margin of \$36,024,746. The City had an outstanding balance of \$1,001,891 on interest-free loans obtained from the Ohio Public Works Commission in 2000 for Cedar Road waterline rehabilitation and sanitary sewer improvement and in 2001 for Taylor Road rehabilitation. These loans allowed the City to spread the payments for \$1,244,064 of improvements over twenty years with no interest costs. Other obligations include accrued vacation pay and sick leave and capital leases. The City will be converting approximately \$3.5 million in notes to special assessment bonds during 2004. These will be special assessment bonds for the purpose of rehabilitation of Severance Ring Road. The twenty-year bonds will be paid by special assessments billed to and collected from all property owners on the Severance Ring Road by the Cuyahoga County Auditor. More detailed information about the City's long-term liabilities is presented in the notes to the basic financial statements.

Current Related Financial Activities

The City of Cleveland Heights has felt the effects of the same economic downturn that stalled the economy of the State of Ohio and the Nation as a whole. The City is currently budgeting for 2005 using an even more conservative approach than in the past. Revenues are being scrutinized for opportunities to create new revenue sources or to maximize the revenue from existing sources. Expenditures are being closely monitored at the department level as well as the City Manager level. City council reviews the budget and financial status of the City on a regular basis.

The City of Cleveland Heights, Ohio, has committed itself to financial excellence and has a history of doing just that. Management has been committed to provide the residents of the City of Cleveland Heights with full disclosure of the financial position of the City. To that end the City has received the Government Finance Officers Association (GFOA) Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting since 1984, the year of our first Comprehensive Annual Financial Report.

Contacting the City of Cleveland Heights' Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, investors and creditors with a general overview of the City's finances and to show the City's accountability for the money it receives, spends, or invests. If you have questions about this report or need financial information, contact the Finance Director Thomas K. Malone at the City of Cleveland Heights, 40 Severance Circle, Cleveland Heights, Ohio 44118, telephone 216-291-3900, or e-mail tmalone@clvhts.com.

This Page Intentionally Left Blank

Statement of Net Assets

December 31, 2003

Assets:		vernmental activities	I	Business-Type Activities		Total
Equity in city treasury cash	\$	14,096,836	\$	3,745,129	\$	17 9/1 065
Accounts receivable	Ф	460,175	Ф		Ф	, ,
				3,099,887		3,560,062
Special assessment receivable Installment sale receivable		1,286,960		-		1,286,960
		75,000		10.020		75,000
Interest receivable		46,989		10,838		57,827
Loans receivable		1,865,934		-		1,865,934
Due from other governments		100,007		5,669		105,676
Inventory of supplies		138,537		176,760		315,297
Taxes receivable		20,995,509				20,995,509
Restricted assets: cash		_		844,579		844,579
Nondepreciable capital assets		10,262,394		1,934,451		12,196,845
Depreciable capital assets, net		55,878,983	-	27,617,419		83,496,402
Total assets	1	05,207,324	-	37,434,732		142,642,056
Liabilities:						
Vouchers and accounts payable		1,094,457		887,989		1,982,446
Accrued wages and benefits		5,261,676		391,852		5,653,528
Contracts payable		148,911		19,646		168,557
Deferred revenue		11,828,063		_		11,828,063
Refundable deposits		6,142		844,579		850,721
Notes payable		6,127,000		-		6,127,000
Accrued interest payable		161,920		_		161,920
Claims payable		150,370		_		150,370
Long-term liabilities:		150,570				100,570
Due within one year		4,988,029		62,203		5,050,232
Due in more than one year		22,632,153		939,688		23,571,841
Due in more than one year		22,032,133	-	757,000		25,571,011
Total liabilities		52,398,721	-	3,145,957		55,544,678
Net assets:						
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt		45,405,726		28,549,980		73,955,706
Restricted for:		, ,		, , ,		, , ,
Other purposes		4,156,178		-		4,156,178
Debt service		5,846,721		-		5,846,721
Unrestricted		(2,600,022)		5,738,795		3,138,773
		<u>, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , </u>	-	- 1 1 2		
Total net assets	\$	52,808,603	\$ _	34,288,775	\$	87,097,378

Statement of Activities

For the Year Ended December 31, 2003

				I	Program Revenues	
	Expenses		Charges for Services		Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions
Governmental activities:	<u>-</u>					
General government	\$ 13,763,275	\$	3,757,832	\$	203,808	\$ -
Public safety	17,671,151		1,023,035		7,212	-
Public health	460,421		-		33,479	-
Culture and recreation	3,812,176		1,755,186		5,000	-
Community development	7,912,186		1,341,973		1,580,209	-
Sanitation	2,976,704		596,220		48,095	-
Transportation	2,064,177		295,005		-	815,829
Interest and fiscal charges	1,371,232					
Total governmental activities	50,031,322		8,769,251		1,877,803	815,829
Business-type activities:						
Utilities	10,945,652		10,048,930		95,330	-
Off-street parking	871,360		634,306		· -	-
Ambulance services	707,532		537,065		10,090	153,510
Total business-type activities	12,524,544	•	11,220,301		105,420	153,510
Total	\$ <u>62,555,866</u>	\$	19,989,552	\$	1,983,223	\$ 969,339

General revenues:

Property taxes levied for:

General purposes

Debt service

Police and fire pension

Municipal income taxes for general purposes

Grants and entitlements not restricted to

specific programs

Interest earnings

Reimbursements received

Other revenue

Gain on sale of assets

Transfers

Total general revenues

Change in net assets

Net assets at beginning of year

Net assets at end of year

Primary	Gov	ernment	
•		Business	
Governmental		Type	
Activities		Activities	Total
\$ (9,801,635)	\$	-	\$ (9,801,635)
(16,640,904)		-	(16,640,904)
(426,942)		-	(426,942)
(2,051,990)		-	(2,051,990)
(4,990,004)		-	(4,990,004)
(2,332,389)		=	(2,332,389)
(953,343)		-	(953,343)
(1,371,232)			(1,371,232)
(38,568,439)			(38,568,439)
_		(801,392)	(801,392)
_		(237,054)	(237,054)
_		(6,867)	(6,867)
		(1,045,313)	(1,045,313)
		(1,0 10,5 15)	(1,0 .0,515)
(38,568,439)		(1,045,313)	(39,613,752)
5,279,179		_	5,279,179
4,727,127		_	4,727,127
410,382		_	410,382
20,418,119		-	20,418,119
7.506.050			7.506.050
7,506,950		- (0.751	7,506,950
313,444		68,751	382,195
891,824		21.020	891,824
369,107		21,020	390,127
29,509		13,650	43,159
4,261		(4,261)	
39,949,902		99,160	40,049,062
1,381,463		(946,153)	435,310
51,427,140		35,234,928	86,662,068
\$ 52,808,603	\$	34,288,775	\$ 87,097,378

Balance Sheet Governmental Funds

December 31, 2003

	-	General	_	Debt Service	·	Other Governmental Funds		Total Governmental Funds
Assets: Equity in city treasury cash Receivables (net of allowance	\$	4,208,303	\$	3,342,416	\$	4,816,348	\$	12,367,067
for uncollectibles):								
Taxes		13,785,201		5,896,128		1,314,180		20,995,509
Accounts		431,511		-		28,664		460,175
Special assessments		-		-		1,286,960		1,286,960
Accrued interest		37,647		-		3,473		41,120
Loans		-		-		1,865,934		1,865,934
Intergovernmental		-		-		100,007		100,007
Interfund		-		-		1,782,717		1,782,717
Inventory of supplies	-	138,537	_		=	<u> </u>	-	138,537
Total assets	\$	18,601,199	\$ =	9,238,544	\$	11,198,283	\$	39,038,026
Liabilities and fund balances: Liabilities:								
Vouchers and accounts payable	\$	693,658	\$	_	\$	400,799	\$	1,094,457
Accrued wages and benefits		1,855,081		-		2,254,199		4,109,280
Contracts payable		-		-		148,911		148,911
Interfund payable		1,717,022		65,695		60,548		1,843,265
Deferred revenue		10,708,355		5,896,128		2,406,964		19,011,447
Refundable deposits		-		-		6,142		6,142
Notes payable		-		-		6,127,000		6,127,000
Accrued interest payable		-		-		66,920		66,920
Claims payable	-	150,370	_	<u> </u>	-	-	-	150,370
Total liabilities	-	15,124,486	_	5,961,823	-	11,471,483	-	32,557,792
Fund balances:								
Reserved for encumbrances		122,646		-		519,293		641,939
Reserve for loan receivable		´-		-		1,865,934		1,865,934
Reserved for inventory of supplies		138,537		-		-		138,537
Unreserved (deficit), undesignated,								
Reported in:								
General fund		3,215,530		-		-		3,215,530
Special revenue funds		-		-		1,731,121		1,731,121
Debt service fund		-		3,276,721		-		3,276,721
Capital projects funds	-		_		-	(4,389,548)		(4,389,548)
Total fund balances (deficit)	-	3,476,713	_	3,276,721	-	(273,200)	-	6,480,234
Total liabilities and								
fund balances	\$	18,601,199	\$ _	9,238,544	\$	11,198,283	\$	39,038,026

Reconciliation of Total Governmental Fund Balances to Net Assets of Governmental Activities

December 31, 2003

Determine 31, 2003		
Total governmental funds balances	\$	6,480,234
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Assets are different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.		66,141,377
Installment sale of capital assets that is deferred until all resources have been received, at which time the disposal of the capital asset will be recorded and deferred revenue will be eliminated.		(100,000)
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and therefore are deferred in the funds.		
Property and other taxes Municipal income taxes Special assessments Intergovernmental 1,331,951 2,347,000 1,286,960 1,286,960 2,392,473		
Total		7,358,384
Internal service fund are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities, such as insurance to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the Internal Service Fund are included in the governmental activities in the Statement of Net Assets		643,790
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and are therefore not reported in the funds.		
Interest payable (95,000) General obligation bonds (21,680,000) Economic development bonds (1,660,000) Capital lease payable (510,650) Compensated absences (3,769,532)		
Total	-	(27,715,182)
Net assets of governmental activities	\$ _	52,808,603

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds

For the Year Ended December 31, 2003

	General	-	Debt Service	(-	Other Governmental Funds	<u>.</u>	Total Governmental Funds
Revenues:							
Property and other local taxes \$	5,323,685	\$	3,541,996	\$	2,028,851	\$	10,894,532
Municipal income taxes	19,660,730		-		-		19,660,730
Intergovernmental	4,788,147		-		5,629,031		10,417,178
Charges for services	2,222,607		-		427,718		2,650,325
Fees, licenses, and permits	1,036,419		-		300		1,036,719
Interest earnings	227,294		300		48,508		276,102
Special assessments	1,107		-		1,168,668		1,169,775
Fines and forfeitures	2,254,992		-		588,238		2,843,230
Reimbursements received	928,844		_		-		928,844
Other revenue	189,580	-	25,514	-	920,968	-	1,136,062
Total revenues	36,633,405	_	3,567,810	_	10,812,282	-	51,013,497
Expenditures:							
Current:							
Public safety	14,165,637		-		3,709,160		17,874,797
Public health	442,175		-		5,696		447,871
Culture and recreation	2,636,460		-		848,707		3,485,167
Community development	2,618,329		-		4,082,366		6,700,695
Sanitation	2,664,011		_		313,581		2,977,592
Transportation	2,937,122		_		6,110,013		9,047,135
General government	12,875,737		45,902		296,869		13,218,508
Capital outlay	-		-		747,810		747,810
Debt service:					,		,
Principal	_		2,390,000		180,000		2,570,000
Interest and fiscal charges		-	1,223,480	-	160,752	_	1,384,232
Total expenditures	38,339,471	-	3,659,382	-	16,454,954	-	58,453,807
Excess of revenues over (under)							
expenditures	(1,706,066)	-	(91,572)	-	(5,642,672)	-	(7,440,310)
Other financing sources (uses):							
Transfers - in	-		-		2,687,283		2,687,283
Inception of capital lease	-		-		115,000		115,000
Proceeds from sale of assets	190,000		-		119,000		309,000
Transfers - out	(1,524,691)	-	(50,333)	-	(1,107,998)	-	(2,683,022)
Total other financing sources (uses)	(1,334,691)	-	(50,333)	-	1,813,285	-	428,261
Net change in fund balances	(3,040,757)		(141,905)		(3,829,387)		(7,012,049)
Fund balance at beginning of year, restated	6,517,470	=	3,418,626	=	3,556,187	-	13,492,283
Fund balance (deficit) at end of year \$	3,476,713	\$	3,276,721	\$	(273,200)	\$	6,480,234

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities

For the Year Ended December 31, 2003

For the Year Ended December 51, 2005		
Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds		\$ (7,012,049)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:		
Governmental funds report capital outlay as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which depreciation exceeded capital outlays in the current period. Capital outlay	9,861,885	
Depreciation	(3,082,404)	
Total		6,779,481
In the Statement of Activities, only the gain on the sale of capital assets is reported, whereas, in the governmental funds, the proceeds from the sale increase financial resources. Thus, the change in net assets differs from the change in fund balance by the cost of the capital assets.		(1,113,871)
In the Statement of Activities, the deferred revenue and the capital assets are reported for an installment sale, whereas, in the Governmental Funds, the proceeds from the installment sale increase financial resources. Thus, the change in Net Assets differ from the change in Fund Balance by the reduction		
of the installment receivable.		(50,000)
Revenues in the Statement of Activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.	217.005	
Property and other taxes Municipal income taxes Special assessments Intergovernmental	217,805 757,389 (1,181,272) 561,696	
Total		355,618
Other financing sources in the governmental funds that increase long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Assets. These sources were attributed to inception of capital lease.		(115,000)
Repayment of bond principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Assets.		2,817,119
Some expenses reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.		
Compensated absences Accrued interest on debt	(352,735) 13,000	(339,735)
An internal service fund is used by management to charge the costs of certain activities, such as insurance to individual funds. The net revenue (expense) of the internal service fund is reported with governmental activities		 59,900
Change in net assets of governmental activities		\$ 1,381,463

City Of Cleveland Heights, Ohio

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, Encumbrances, and Changes In Fund Balance – Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budget) – General Fund

For The Year Ended December 31, 2003

	-	Original Budget		Final Budget	<u>-</u>	Actual	F	ariance with inal Budget tive(Negative)
Revenues: Property taxes Municipal income taxes Other local taxes State levied shared taxes Intergovernmental grants and contracts Charges for services Fees, licenses, and permits Interest earnings Special assessments Fines and forfeitures Reimbursements received Other revenue	\$	5,320,000 20,100,000 216,000 4,440,625 770,600 1,596,620 1,140,000 - 1,900,000	\$	5,320,000 20,100,000 216,000 4,440,625 770,600 1,596,620 1,140,000 1,151,719 - 1,900,000	\$	5,061,374 19,554,572 240,869 4,207,952 730,843 2,166,867 1,036,419 351,542 1,107 2,245,185 928,844 189,580	\$	(258,626) (545,428) 24,869 (232,673) (39,757) 570,247 (103,581) (800,177) 1,107 345,185 928,844 (480,420)
Total revenues	-	37,503,845	•	37,305,564	•	36,715,154	•	(590,410)
Expenditures: Current:	-		;		•		•	
Public safety Public health		13,321,668 505,760		14,012,025 446,455		13,971,001 442,069		41,024 4,386
Culture and recreation		2,786,485		2,783,635		2,708,408		75,227
Community development		2,815,930		2,783,033		2,609,892		78,053
Sanitation		2,555,005		2,746,780		2,659,042		87,738
Transportation		2,883,475		3,383,630		2,854,916		528,714
General government		12,733,947		12,837,497		12,627,062		210,435
Total expenditures	-	37,602,270		38,897,967	-	37,872,390	•	1,025,577
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures	-	(98,425)		(1,592,403)		(1,157,236)	-	435,167
Other financing sources (uses): Transfers - out Proceeds from sale of assets	·	(1,784,850)		(1,538,129)		(1,130,669) 190,000		407,460 190,000
Total other financing sources (uses)		(1,784,850)		(1,538,129)		(940,669)		597,460
Net change in fund balance		(1,883,275)		(3,130,532)		(2,097,905)		1,032,627
Cash fund balance at beginning of year		6,285,101		6,285,101		6,285,101		-
Current year charges against prior year Cash fund balance: Reserved for encumbrances	-			<u>-</u>		(183,414)		(183,414)
Cash fund balance at end of year Unreserved Reserved for encumbrances	-	4,401,826		3,154,569	-	4,003,782 176,413		849,213 176,413
Total cash fund balance at end of year	\$	4,401,826	\$	3,154,569	\$	4,180,195	\$	1,025,626

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements

Statement of Fund Net Assets Proprietary Funds

December 31, 2003

		Вι	ısiness-Type A	vities			(Governmental	
	Utilities		Off-Street Parking		Ambulance Services	_	Total	-	Activities- Internal Service Fund
Assets:									
Current assets:									
Equity in city treasury cash Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles):	2,474,528	\$	619,545	\$	651,056	\$	3,745,129	\$	1,729,769
Accounts	2,998,260		-		101,627		3,099,887		-
Accrued interest	8,810		2,028		-		10,838		5,869
Intergovernmental	-		-		5,669		5,669		
Interfund	-		-		-		-		60,548
Inventory of supplies	101,498		75,262			-	176,760	-	- 1.706.106
Total current assets	5,583,096		696,835		758,352	-	7,038,283	-	1,796,186
Noncurrent assets: Restricted assets:									
Cash	844,579		-		-		844,579		-
Nondepreciable									
capital assets	223,659		1,710,792		-		1,934,451		-
Depreciable capital assets, net	21,572,162		4,148,116		1,897,141	_	27,617,419	_	
Total noncurrent assets	21,795,821		5,858,908		1,897,141	-	29,551,870	_	<u>-</u>
Total assets	28,223,496	•	6,555,743		2,655,493	=	37,434,732	-	1,796,186
Liabilities: Current liabilities: Vouchers and accounts									
payable	747,291		137,050		3,648		887,989		_
Accrued wages and benefits	369,459		22,393		-		391,852		1,152,396
Contracts payable	19,646		-		-		19,646		-
Due within one year	62,203					_	62,203	_	
Total current liabilities	1,198,599		159,443		3,648	_	1,361,690	_	1,152,396
Current liabilities (payable from restricted assets):									
Refundable deposits	844,579					_	844,579	_	<u> </u>
Long-term liabilities: Issue II loans payable	939,688					_	939,688	_	<u>-</u>
Total liabilities	2,982,866		159,443		3,648		3,145,957		1,152,396
Net assets: Invested in capital assets, net of related debt Unreserved Total net assets	20,793,931 4,446,699 25,240,630	\$	5,858,908 537,392 6,396,300	\$	1,897,141 754,704	<u>-</u>	28,549,980 5,738,795	•	- 643,790
1 Otal flet assets 5	<u> </u>	Ф	0,390,300	Ф	2,651,845	\$	34,288,775	\$ =	643,790

City Of Cleveland Heights, Ohio

Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Assets Proprietary Funds

For the Year Ended December 31, 2003

		Business-Type Activities											
	Utilities		Off-Street Parking		Ambulance Services		Total		Activities- Internal Service Fund				
Operating revenues:		•	<u> </u>			•							
	\$ 10,048,930	\$	634,306	\$	537,065	\$	11,220,301	\$	-				
Other income	2,425		12,420		6,175		21,020		22,559				
Total operating revenues	10,051,355		646,726		543,240		11,241,321		22,559				
Operating expenses:													
Personal services	1,479,434		67,916		20,385		1,567,735		_				
Fringe benefits	504,006		18,509		599		523,114		_				
Contractual services	7,770,874		235,512		457,149		8,463,535		_				
Materials and supplies	521,538		40,428		35,978		597,944		_				
Utilities and supplies	-		89,915		-		89,915		_				
Other operating	62,015		239,317		1,832		303,164		_				
Depreciation	607,785		179,763		191,589		979,137		_				
Total operating expenses	10,945,652	•	871,360		707,532	•	12,524,544		-				
Operating income (loss)	(894,297)	•	(224,634)		(164,292)		(1,283,223)		22,559				
Non-operating revenues (expenses	s):												
Interest income	56,145		11,278		1,328		68,751		37,341				
Intergovernmental grants and	,		,		,		,		,				
contracts	95,330		-		163,600		258,930		-				
(Gain) loss on sale of assets	(3,594)				17,244		13,650		<u>-</u>				
Total non-operating revenues													
(expenses)	147,881		11,278		182,172		341,331		37,341				
Net income (loss) before transfers	(746,416)		(213,356)		17,880		(941,892)		59,900				
Transfers - in	3,250		-		-		3,250		-				
Transfers - out					(7,511)		(7,511)						
Change in net assets	(743,166)		(213,356)		10,369		(946,153)		59,900				
Net assets at beginning of year, restated	25,983,796		6,609,656		2,641,476		35,234,928		583,890				
Net assets at end of year	\$25,240,630	\$	6,396,300	\$	2,651,845	\$	34,288,775	\$	643,790				

Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Funds

For the Year Ended December 31, 2003

	<u>.</u>		I	Business-Type Ac	ctivities		Governmental Activities-
		Utilities		Off-Street Parking	Ambulance Services	Total	Internal Service Fund
Operating Activities:	•	Ctilities	-	1 4111115	Services	Total	Tuna
Cash received from customers Cash payments to	\$	10,030,142	\$	634,306 \$	592,353 \$	11,256,801 \$	-
suppliers Cash payments to		(8,230,524)		(368,796)	(498,546)	(9,097,866)	-
employees		(1,951,715)		(85,614)	(21,599)	(2,058,928)	(303,697)
Cash payments for other expenses		(48,266)		(239,317)	-	(287,583)	-
Other operating receipts		2,425	_	12,420	6,175	21,020	12,980
Net cash provided by (use	ed fo						
Operating activities		(197,938)	_	(47,001)	78,383	(166,556)	(290,717)
Noncapital financing activitie	c.						
Transfers – in	٥.	3,250		-	-	3,250	-
Transfers – out		-		-	(7,511)	(7,511)	-
Advances to other funds			_		<u> </u>	<u> </u>	489,348
Net cash provided by (use	ed fo	or)					
noncapital		2.250			(5.511)	(4.0(1)	400.240
financing activities		3,250	-	-	(7,511)	(4,261)	489,348
Capital and related financing		rities:					
Acquisition and construction	n						
of capital assets		(460,711)		(18,874)	(480,813)	(960,398)	-
Principal paid on debt		(65,523)		-	-	(65,523)	-
Intergovernmental		95,330		-	163,600	258,930	-
Sale of capital assets Net cash used for capital	•	<u> </u>	-	 ,	54,000	54,000	
and related financing							
activities		(430,904)		(18,874)	(263,213)	(712,991)	-
	•		-			, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	
Investing activities: Interest received		66,878	_	13,612	1,328	81,818	44,715
Net increase (decrease) Cash and cash equivalents		(558,714)		(52,263)	(191,013)	(801,990)	243,346
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year	-	3,877,821	-	671,808	842,069	5,391,698	1,486,423
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	\$	3,319,107	=	619,545	651,056	4,589,708	1,729,769

Continued

Statement Of Cash Flows Proprietary Fund Types (Continued)

For the Year Ended December 31, 2003

Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash from	_ _	Utilities	Business-Type Ac Off-Street Parking	Ambulance Services	Total	Governmental Activities- Internal Service Fund
operating activities:	111					
Operating income (loss) Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash from operating activities:	\$	(894,297) \$	(224,634) \$	(164,292) \$	(1,283,223)\$	22,559
Depreciation Change in operating assets and liabilities:		607,785	179,763	191,589	979,137	-
Receivables		(18,788)	-	60,957	42,169	-
Inventory		20,330	(834)	´-	19,496	=
Refundable deposits		(32,297)	-	-	(32,297)	=
Due from other		` , ,			, , ,	
governments		_	_	(5,669)	(5,669)	_
Vouchers and accounts				(-,)	(0,000)	
payable		87,604	(2,107)	(3,560)	81,937	_
Accrued wages and benefit	ts	07,00	(=,107)	(5,500)	01,507	
payable		31,725	811	(615)	31,921	(313,276)
Customer deposits		-	-	(27)	(27)	-
Total adjustments	_	696,359	177,633	242,675	1,116,667	(313,276)
10001 000,00000000	_	<u> </u>	111,000	<u> </u>	-,1-10,001	(515,270)
Net cash provided by (used for)					
operating activities	\$_	(197,938) \$	(47,001) \$	78,383 \$	(166,556)\$	(290,717)

Statement of Fiduciary Net Assets Fiduciary Funds

December 31, 2003

	Private Purpose Trust James A. Nelson Trust Agency						
Assets:							
Equity in City treasury cash	\$24,405	\$ 745,066					
Total assets	<u>24,405</u>	\$745,066					
Liabilities:							
Due to others	-	\$ 168,219					
Due to other governments	-	86,750					
Deposits held and due to others		490,097					
Total liabilities	<u> </u>	\$745,066					
Net assets:							
Held in trust	\$ <u>24,405</u>						

Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Assets Fiduciary Funds

For the Year Ended December 31, 2003

	Jame	ate Purpose <u>Γrust</u> s A. Nelson <u>Γrust</u>
Additions: Interest	\$	196
Deductions:		(3,500)
Change in Net Assets		(3,304)
Net Assets Beginning of Year		27,709
Net Assets End of Year	\$	24,405

Notes To Basic Financial Statements

For the Year Ended December 31, 2003

Note 1: Description of the City and Reporting Entity

The City of Cleveland Heights is a home rule municipal corporation operating under its own charter since August 9, 1921. The charter provides that the City operate under the council/manager form of government. The city manager, appointed by the seven-member elected Council, is the chief administrative officer of the City.

Reporting Entity

A reporting entity is comprised of the primary government, component units and other organizations that are included to ensure that the financial statements are not misleading. The primary government of the City consists of all funds, departments, boards and agencies that are not legally separate from the City. For the City of Cleveland Heights this includes Public Safety, Street Maintenance, Refuse Collection, Recreation Programs, Municipal Court, Public Health, Community Development, Public Improvements, Water and Sewer Services, and General Administrative Services. The City's departments include a public safety department, a public service department, a street maintenance department, a water and sewer department, a parks and recreation department, a planning and zoning department, and a staff to provide support (i.e., payroll processing, accounts payable, and revenue collection) to the service providers. The operation of each of these activities and entities is directly controlled by the City Council through the budgetary process.

The Cleveland Heights Municipal Court has been included in the City's financial statements as an agency fund. The clerk of courts is an appointed City official who has a fiduciary responsibility for the collection and distribution of the court fees and fines.

Component units are legally separate organizations for which the City is financially accountable. The City is financially accountable for an organization if the City appoints a voting majority of the organization's governing board and (1) the City is able to significantly influence the programs or services performed or provided by the organization; or (2) the City is legally entitled to or can otherwise access the organization's resources; the City is legally obligated or has otherwise assumed the responsibility to finance deficits of, or provide financial support to, the organization. Component units may also include organizations that are fiscally dependent on the City in that the City approves the budget, the issuance of debt, or the levying of taxes. The City has no component units.

Note 2: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The financial statements of the City have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to local governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The City also applies Financial Accounting Standards Board Statements and Interpretations issued after November 30, 1989 to its governmental and business-type activities and to its proprietary funds, provided they do not conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements. The more significant of the City's accounting policies are described below.

Notes To Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

For the Year Ended December 31, 2003

Note 2: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

A. Basis of Presentation

The City's basic financial statements consist of government-wide statements, including a statement of net assets and a statement of activities, and fund financial statements which provide a more detailed level of financial information.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The statement of net assets and the statement of activities display information about the City as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the primary government, except for fiduciary funds. The activity of the internal service fund is eliminated to avoid doubling up revenues and expenses. The statements distinguish between those activities of the City that are governmental and those that are considered business-type activities.

The statement of net assets presents the financial condition of the governmental and business-type activities of the City at year-end. The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each program or function of the City's governmental activities and for the business-type activities of the City. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program or department and therefore clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipient of the goods or services offered by the program, grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program and interest earned on grants that is required to be used to support a particular program. Revenues not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues of the City, with certain limited exceptions. The comparison of direct expenses with program revenues identifies the extent to which each governmental function or business activity is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the City.

Fund Financial Statements

During the year, the City segregates transactions related to certain City functions or activities in separate funds in order to aid financial management and to demonstrate legal compliance. Fund financial statements are designed to present financial information of the City at this more detailed level. The focus of governmental and enterprise fund financial statements is on major funds. Each major fund is presented in a separate column. Nonmajor funds are aggregated and presented in a single column. The internal service fund is presented in a single column on the proprietary fund statements. Fiduciary funds are reported by type.

B. Fund Accounting

The City uses funds to maintain its financial records during the year. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. The City's funds are classified as governmental, proprietary or fiduciary.

Notes To Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

For the Year Ended December 31, 2003

Note 2: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

B. Fund Accounting (continued)

Governmental Funds

Governmental funds are those through which most governmental functions typically are financed. Governmental fund reporting focuses on the sources, uses and balances of current financial resources. Expendable assets are assigned to the various governmental funds according to the purposes for which they may or must be used. Current liabilities are assigned to the fund from which they will be paid. The difference between governmental fund assets and liabilities is reported as fund balance. The following are the City's major governmental funds:

General Fund

The general fund accounts for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The general fund balance is available to the City for any purpose provided it is expended or transferred according to the charter of the City of Cleveland Heights and/or the general laws of Ohio.

Debt Service Fund

The debt service fund is used to account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, general long-term debt principal and interest.

The other governmental funds of the City accounts for grants and other resources whose use is restricted to a particular purpose.

Proprietary Funds

The other governmental funds of the City accounts for grants and other resources whose use is restricted to a particular purpose.

Enterprise Funds

Enterprise funds may be used to account for any activity for which a fee is charged to external users for goods or services. The following are the City's major enterprise funds:

Utilities

To account for the monies received from water and sewer billings and the cost of furnishing water and sewer services.

Off-Street Parking

To account for the monies received from metered and permit charges for parking in municipal lots and the cost of maintaining such lots.

Ambulance Services

To account for the monies received from pre-hospital life support services.

Notes To Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

For the Year Ended December 31, 2003

Note 2: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

B. Fund Accounting (continued)

Internal Service Funds

Internal service funds account for the financing of services provided by one department to other departments of the City on a cost reimbursement basis. The City's internal service fund reports on the workers' compensation claims.

Fiduciary

Fiduciary fund reporting focuses on net assets and changes in net assets. The fiduciary fund category is split into four classifications: pension trust funds, investment trust funds, private purpose trust funds and agency funds. Trust funds are used to account for assets held by the City under a trust agreement for individuals, private organizations, or other governments and are therefore not available to support the City's own programs. The City maintains a private purpose trust fund – James A. Nelson Trust Fund. The City's agency funds are purely custodial in native (assets equal liabilities) and thus, do not involve measurement of results of operations. The City's primary agency funds account for the municipal court and construction deposits.

C. Measurement Focus

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. All assets and all liabilities associated with the operation of the City are included on the Statement of Net Assets, except Fiduciary Funds. The Statements of Activities presents increases (e.g., revenues) and decreases (e.g., expenses) in total assets.

Fund Financial Statements

All governmental fund types and expendable trust funds are accounted for using a flow of current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities are generally included on the balance sheet. The Statements of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in fund balances reports on the sources (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and uses (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) of current financial resources. This approach differs from the manner in which the governmental activities of the government-wide financial statements are prepared. Governmental fund financial statements therefore, include a reconciliation with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide statements and the statements for governmental funds.

Like the government-wide statements, all proprietary funds are accounted for on a flow of economic resources measurement focus. All assets and all liabilities associated with the operation of these funds are included on the Statement of Net Assets. The Statement of Changes in fund net assets presents increases (i.e., revenues) and decreases (i.e., expenses) in total net assets. The statement of cash flows provide information about how the City finances and meets the cash flow needs of its proprietary activities.

Notes To Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

For the Year Ended December 31, 2003

Note 2: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

D. Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting determines when transactions are recorded in the financial records and reported on the financial statements. Government-wide financial statements as well as fiduciary funds are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting; proprietary funds also use the accrual basis of accounting. Governmental funds use the modified accrual basis of accounting. Differences in the accrual and modified accrual basis of accounting arise in the recognition of revenue, the recording of deferred revenue and in the presentation of expenses versus expenditures.

Revenues – Exchange and Non-Exchange Transactions

Revenue resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, is recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On a modified accrual basis, revenue is recorded in the year in which the resources are measurable and become available. Available means that the resources will be collected within the current year or are expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current year. Available period for the City is sixty days after year-end.

Non-exchange transactions, in which the City receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include income taxes, property taxes, grants, entitlements and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from income taxes is recognized in the period in which the income is earned. Revenue from property taxes is recognized in the year for which the taxes are levied (see Note 6).

Revenue from grants, entitlements and donations is recognized in the year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are required to be used or the year when use is first permitted, matching requirements, in which the City must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose, and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the City on a reimbursement basis. On a modified accrual basis, revenue from non-exchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized. Under the modified accrual basis, the following revenue sources are considered to be both measurable and available at year-end: income tax, state-levied locally shared taxes (including gasoline tax), fines and forfeitures, licenses and permits, interest, grants and rentals.

Deferred Revenue

Deferred revenue arises when assets are recognized before revenue recognition criteria have been satisfied.

Property taxes for which there is an enforceable legal claim as of December 31, 2003, but which were levied to finance year 2004 operations, have been recorded as deferred revenue. Special assessments not received within the available period and grants and entitlements received before the eligibility requirements are met are also recorded as deferred revenue.

On governmental fund financial statements, receivables that will not be collected within the available period have also been reported as deferred revenue.

Notes To Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

For the Year Ended December 31, 2003

Note 2: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

D. Basis of Accounting (continued)

Expenses/Expenditures

On the accrual basis of accounting, expenses are recognized at the time they are incurred. The measurement focus of governmental fund accounting is on decreases in net financial resources (expenditures) rather than expenses. Expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred, if measurable. Allocations of cost, such as depreciation and amortization, are not recognized in governmental funds.

E. Budgetary Process

Tax Budget

By July 15, the City Manager submits an annual operating budget for all funds for the following fiscal year to City Council for consideration and passage. While the City adopts a budget for all funds, the City is legally required to report on such budgets only for its Governmental funds. The adopted budget is submitted to the County Auditor, as Secretary of the County Budget Commission, by July 20 of each year, for the period January 1 to December 31 of the following year.

Estimated Resources

The County Budget Commission certifies its actions relative to the annual budget to the City by September 1. As part of this certification, the City receives an Official Certificate of Estimated Resources which states projected revenues by fund. On or about January 1, this certificate is amended to include any unencumbered fund balances from the preceding year. Prior to December 31, the City must revise its budget so that the total estimated expenditures from any fund during the ensuing fiscal year will not exceed the amount as stated on the Amended Official Certificate of Resources. The revised budget then serves as the basis for the annual appropriation ordinance.

Appropriations

An appropriation ordinance (the appropriated budget) to control the level of expenditures must be legally enacted on or about January 1. The ordinance may be temporary in nature in that its effectiveness applies from the date on which it is enacted to the date on which a permanent appropriation ordinance must be passed. Ohio law requires the permanent appropriation ordinance to be passed no later than April 1 of the fiscal year for which it applies. Amendments to the 2003 appropriation ordinance were approved by City Council as provided by the City Charter. Amendments to the 2003 appropriation ordinance by fund type were immaterial in nature.

The City maintains its legal level of budgetary control at the fund level. However, management control is exercised at the department level (Police, Fire, Law, etc.) within each function (Public Safety, Public Health, Culture and Recreation, Community Development, Sanitation, Transportation, and General Government). The City Manager is authorized to transfer budgeted amounts within each fund (between departments), so long as the total amount appropriated by Council for each individual fund is not exceeded.

Notes To Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

For the Year Ended December 31, 2003

Note 2: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

E. Budgetary Process (continued)

Lapsing of Appropriations

Unencumbered appropriation balances lapse at year-end and revert to the respective funds from which they were originally appropriated, thus becoming available for future appropriation.

Encumbrances

As part of formal budgetary control over governmental funds, purchase orders, contracts and other commitments for the expenditure of monies are encumbered and recorded as the equivalent of expenditures on the Non-GAAP budget basis in order to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation. On the GAAP basis, encumbrances outstanding at year end are reported as reservations of fund balance for subsequent-year expenditures for the governmental funds.

F. Cash and Cash Equivalents

To improve cash management, cash received by the City is pooled. Monies for all funds, except the investment trust fund, are maintained in this pool. Individual fund integrity is maintained through City records. Each fund's interest in the pool is presented as "equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents" on the balance sheet.

Investments are reported at fair value, which is based on quoted market prices, with the exception of nonparticipating repurchase agreements, which are reported at cost. For investments in open-end mutual funds, fair value is determined by the fund's share price.

During the year, the City invested in STAROhio, an investment pool managed by the State Treasurer's Office. STAROhio which allows governments within the State to pool their funds for investment purposes. STAROhio is not registered with the SEC as an investment company, but does operate in a manner consistent with Rule 2a7 of the Investment Company Act of 1940. Investments in STAROhio are valued at STAROhio's share price, which is the price the investment could be sold for on December 31, 2003.

The cash resources of all funds are combined and invested to the extent available in the State of Ohio's Investment Pool, treasury notes, and other authorized instruments. Interest earned is first distributed on a pro rata basis to all restricted funds with the remainder being distributed to the General Fund.

For the purpose of the statement of cash flows, the proprietary funds consider all highly liquid investments (including restricted assets) with a maturity of three months or less when purchased to be cash equivalents.

G. Inventory

Inventories are presented at cost using the first-in, first-out basis and are expended/expensed when used. Inventory consists of expendable supplies.

Notes To Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

For the Year Ended December 31, 2003

Note 2: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

H. Prepaid Items

Payments made to vendors for services that will benefit periods beyond December 31, 2003, are recorded as prepaid items using the consumption method by recording a current asset for the prepaid amount and reflecting the expenditure in the year in which it was consumed. At December 31, 2003, the amount of the prepaid items was not material.

I. Capital Assets

General capital assets are capital assets which are associated with and generally arise from governmental activities reported in the proprietary funds. These assets generally result from expenditures in the governmental funds. These assets are reported in the governmental activities column of the government-wide statement of net assets but are not reported in the fund financial statements. Capital assets utilized by the proprietary funds are reported both in the business-type activities column of the government-wide statement of net assets and in the respective funds.

All capital assets are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost) and updated for additions and retirements during the year. Donated capital assets are recorded at their fair market values as of the date received. The City maintains a capitalization threshold of five thousand dollars. The City's infrastructure consists of bridges, culverts, curbs, sidewalks, storm sewers, streets, irrigation systems and water and sewer lines. Improvements are capitalized; the costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an asset's life are not. Interest incurred during the construction of capital assets is also capitalized.

All capital assets are depreciated except for land and construction in progress. Improvements are depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets. Useful lives for infrastructure were estimated based on the City's historical records of necessary improvements and replacement. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

Description	Estimated Lives
Buildings	30 to 50 years
Improvements	10 to 50 years
Equipment and Machinery	5 to 15 years
Infrastructure	15 to 100 years

J. Interfund Balances

On fund financial statements, outstanding interfund loans and unpaid amounts for interfund services are reported as "interfund receivable/payable". Interfund loans which do not represent available expendable resources are offset by a fund balance reserve account. Interfund balance amounts are eliminated in the statement of net assets.

Notes To Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

For the Year Ended December 31, 2003

Note 2: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

K. Compensated Absences

The City reports compensated absences in accordance with the provisions of GASB No. 16, "Accounting for Compensated Absences." Vacation benefits are accrued as a liability as the benefits are earned if the employees' rights to receive compensation are attributable to services already rendered and it is probable that the employer will compensate the employees for the benefits through paid time off or some other means. The City records a liability for accumulated unused vacation time when earned for all employees.

Sick leave benefits are accrued as a liability using the vesting method. The liability includes the employees who are currently eligible to receive termination benefits and those that the City has identified as probable of receiving payment in the future. The amount is based on accumulated sick leave and employee wage rates at fiscal year end taking into consideration any limits specified in the City's termination policy.

L. Accrued Liabilities and Long-Term Obligations

All payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations are reported in the government-wide financial statements, and all payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations payable from proprietary funds are reported on the proprietary fund financial statements.

In general, governmental fund payables and accrued liabilities that, once incurred, are paid in a timely manner and in full from current financial resources, are reported as obligations of the funds regardless of whether they will be liquidated with current resources. However, claims and judgments, compensated absences, special termination benefits and contractually required pension contributions that will be paid from governmental funds are reported as a liability in the fund financial statements only to the extent that they are due for payment during the current year. Bonds and long-term loans are recognized as a liability on the fund financial statements when due.

M. Fund Balance Reserves

The City reserves those portions of fund balance which are legally segregated for a specific future use or which do not represent expendable resources and therefore, are not available for appropriation and expenditure. Fund balances are reserved for encumbrances, inventory and loans receivable. A portion of the fund balance of the general fund has been designated for the payment of accrued compensated absences.

N. Net Assets

Net assets represent the difference between assets and liabilities. Net assets invested in capital assets, net of related debt consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowing used for the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. Net assets are reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the City or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments.

The City applies restricted resources when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net assets are available.

Notes To Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

For the Year Ended December 31, 2003

Note 2: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

O. Operating Revenues and Expenses

Operating revenues are those revenues that are generated directly from the primary activity of the proprietary funds. For the City, these revenues are charges for water and sewer services, off-street parking, and ambulance services. Operating expenses are necessary costs incurred to provide the service that is the primary activity of the fund.

P. Interfund Activity

Transfers between governmental and business-type activities on the government-wide statements are reported in the same manner as general revenues.

Exchange transactions between funds are reported as revenues in the seller funds and as expenditures/expenses in the purchaser funds. Flows of cash or goods from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds and after nonoperating revenues/expenses in proprietary funds. Repayments from funds responsible for particular expenditures/expenses to the funds that initially paid for them are not presented on the financial statements.

Q. Extraordinary and Special Items

Extraordinary items are transactions or events that are both unusual in nature and infrequent in occurrence. Special items are transactions or events that are within the control of the City Administration and that are either unusual in nature or infrequent in occurrence. Neither type of transaction occurred during 2003.

R. Estimates

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

Notes To Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

For the Year Ended December 31, 2003

Note 3: Change in Accounting Principle and Restatement of Prior Year Fund Balances

A. Changes in Accounting Principles

For 2003, the City has implemented GASB Statement No. 34, "Basic Financial Statements and Management's Discussion and Analysis for State and Local Governments", GASB Statement No. 37, "Basic Financial Statements and Management's Discussion and Analysis for State and Local Governments: Omnibus", GASB Statement No. 38, "Certain Financial Statement Note Disclosures", and GASB Interpretation No. 6, "Recognition and Measurement of Certain Liabilities and Expenditures in Governmental Fund Financial Statements."

GASB 34 creates new basic financial statements for reporting on the City's financial activities. The financial statements now include government-wide financial statements prepared on a accrual basis of accounting and fund financial statements which present information for individual major funds rather than by fund type. Nonmajor funds are presented in total in one column.

The beginning net asset amount for governmental activities reflects the change in fund balance for governmental funds at December 31, 2002, caused by the elimination of the internal service fund and the conversion to the accrual basis of accounting.

GASB Statement No. 37 clarifies certain provisions of GASB Statement No. 34, including the required content of the Management's Discussion and Analysis, the classification of program revenues and the criteria for determining major funds. GASB Statement No. 38 modifies, establishes and rescinds certain financial statement note disclosures.

GASB Interpretation No. 6 clarifies the application of standards for modified accrual recognition of certain liabilities and expenditures in areas where differences have arisen, or potentially could arise, in interpretation and practice.

The implementation of these changes had the following effects on fund balance of the major and nonmajor funds of the City as they were previously reported. The transition from governmental fund balance to net assets of the governmental activities is also presented.

Notes To Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

For the Year Ended December 31, 2003

Note 3: Change in Accounting Principle and Restatement of Prior Year Fund Balances (continued)

B. Restatement of Fund Balance

	_	General Fund		Debt Service Fund	Other Governmental Funds		Total Governmental Activities
Fund Balance, December 31, 2002	\$	6,517,470	\$	3,418,626	\$ 3,485,924	\$	13,422,020
Agency Fund reclassification	_	<u>-</u>			70,263		70,263
Fund Balance, December 31, 2002, restate	d\$_	6,517,470	\$	3,418,626	\$ 3,556,187	\$	13,492,283
Internal service fund 583,8 Installment sale receivable, net (50,0) Long-term liabilities (29,969,5) Long-term (deferred) assets 7,002,70					60,475,767 583,890 (50,000) (29,969,566) 7,002,766 (108,000)		
Governmental Activities Net Assets, Dece	mb	er 31, 2002				\$	51,427,140
	_	Utilities		Off-Street Parking	Ambulance Services		Total Business-Type Activities
Fund Balance, December 31, 2002	\$	19,894,971	\$	6,609,656	\$ 2,641,476	\$	29,146,103
Restatement of capital assets	_	6,088,825					6,088,825
Business-Type Activities Net Assets, December 31, 2002	\$ =	25,983,796	\$	6,609,656	\$ 2,641,476	\$	35,234,928

Note 4: Budgetary Basis of Accounting

While reporting financial position, results of operations, and changes in fund equity on the basis of generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP basis), the budgetary basis, as provided by law, is based upon accounting for transactions on a basis of cash receipts and disbursements.

Notes To Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

For the Year Ended December 31, 2003

Note 4: Budgetary Basis of Accounting (continued)

The Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, Encumbrances and Change in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual presented on the budgetary basis for the General Fund and is presented on the budgetary basis to provide a relevant comparison of actual results with the budget. The major differences between the budget basis and the GAAP basis are:

- (1) Revenues are recorded when received in cash (budget) as opposed to when susceptible to accrual (GAAP).
- (2) Expenditures are recorded when paid in cash or encumbered (budget) as opposed to when susceptible to accrual (GAAP).
- (3) Encumbrances are recorded as the equivalent of expenditures (budget) as opposed to reservation of fund balance (GAAP).

The adjustments necessary to convert results of operations and fund balances at the end of the year on the GAAP basis to the budget basis are as follows:

Excess of Revenues and Other Financing Sources Over (Under)
Expenditures and Other Financing Uses

GAAP Basis (as reported)	\$ <u>General</u> (3,040,757)
Increase (decrease) due to:	
Revenue Accruals	81,749
Expenditure Accruals	854,102
Encumbrances:	
Current year charges against	
prior year cash fund balance	
reserved for encumbrances	183,414
Encumbered at December 31, 2002,	
but recorded as the equivalent of	
cash expenditures for budgetary	
purposes	 (176,413)
Non-GAAP Budget Basis	\$ (2,097,905)

Notes To Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

For the Year Ended December 31, 2003

Note 5: Deposits and Investments

The City's Charter specifies that investments of the City will adhere to State statutes. Under these statutes, the Finance Director is responsible for selecting depositories and investing funds. The City, by statute, is to limit deposits and investments of City funds to insured demand deposit accounts, certificates of deposit, United States treasury bills, or obligations of other United States governmental agencies for which the principal and interest is guaranteed by the United States government, and repurchase agreements.

Protection of City cash and investments is provided by the various federal deposit insurance corporations as well as qualified securities pledged by the institutions holding the assets. By law, financial institutions may establish a collateral pool to cover all public deposits. The face value of the pooled collateral must equal at least 110% of public funds deposited. At least quarterly the City determines that the collateral has a market value adequate to cover the deposits. Collateral is held by trustees including the Federal Reserve Bank and designated third party trustees of the financial institutions.

Deposits – At year-end, the carrying amount of the City's deposits were \$3,669,235 and the bank balance was \$3,725,017. Of the bank balance, \$435,881 was covered by federal depository insurance and \$3,289,136 was covered by collateral held by third party trustees in collateral pools in the name of the respective depository institutions securing all public funds on deposit.

Investments – The City's ordinances authorize the City to invest in obligations of the U.S. Treasury, agencies, and instrumentalities, repurchase agreements, bonds and notes of the State of Ohio, bonds and notes of any municipal corporation, including city, county, township or other political subdivisions of Ohio, certificates of deposit and the State Treasury Asset Reserve of Ohio fund (STAR Ohio).

The City of Cleveland Heights has invested funds in the State Treasury Asset Reserve of Ohio (STAR Ohio) during fiscal year 2003. STAR Ohio is an investment pool managed by the State Treasurer's Office, which allows governments within the State to pool their funds for investment purposes. STAR Ohio is not registered with the SEC as an investment company, but does operate in a manner consistent with Rule 2a7 of the Investment Company Act of 1940. Investments in STAR Ohio are valued at STAR Ohio's share price, which is the price the investment could be sold for on December 31, 2003. The amounts invested with STAR Ohio are not classified by risk categories because they are not evidenced by securities that exist in physical or book entry form as defined by GASB Statement No. 3.

The City's investments are categorized to give an indication of the level of risk assumed by the entity at yearend. Category 1 includes investments that are insured or registered or for which the securities are held by the City or its agent in the City's name. Category 2 includes uninsured and unregistered investments for which the securities are held by the counterparty's trust department or agent in the City's name. Category 3 includes uninsured or unregistered investments for which the securities are held by the counterparty, or by its trust department or agent but not in the City's name.

Notes To Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

For the Year Ended December 31, 2003

Note 5: Deposits and Investments (continued)

	Category 2	Carrying Amount	Fair Value
U.S. Government Securities Centennial Tax Exempt Fund State Treasury Asset Reserve of Ohio (STAROhio)	\$ 13,531,458 - -	\$ 13,531,458 \$ 42,933*	13,531,458 42,933 2,212,389
Total Investments	\$ <u>13,531,458</u>	\$ <u>15,786,780</u> \$	15,786,780

^{*} Non-Categorized

The classification of cash and cash equivalents and investments on the financial statements is based on criteria set forth in GASB Statement No. 9 "Reporting Cash Flows of Proprietary and Nonexpendable Trust Funds and Government Entities That Use Proprietary Fund Accounting". Cash and equivalents are defined to include investments with original maturities of three months or less and funds included within the City's cash management pool. Reconciliation between the classification of cash and investments on the combined financial statements and the classifications per GASB Statement No. 3 is as follows:

	Casl	Investments	
Investments:		_	
GASB Statement No. 9	\$	19,456,015 \$	-
U.S. Government Securities		(13,531,458)	13,531,458
STAROhio		(2,212,389)	2,212,389
Centennial Tax Exempt Fund		(42,933)	42,933
GASB Statement No. 3	\$	3,669,235 \$	15,786,780

Note 6: Receivables

Receivables at December 31, 2003, consisted primarily of municipal income taxes, property and other taxes, accounts, special assessments arising from grants, entitlements, and shared revenues. All receivables are deemed collectible in full.

Notes To Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

For the Year Ended December 31, 2003

Note 6: Receivables (continued)

A. Intergovernmental Receivables

A summary of intergovernmental receivables for governmental activities is as follows:

	Amounts
State grant	\$ 83,105
Federal grant	372
City of Shaker Heights	16,530
Total	\$ 100,007

B. Property Taxes

Property taxes include amounts levied against all real, public utility, and tangible (used in business) personal property located in the City. Real property taxes and public utility taxes are levied after October 1 on the assessed value listed as of the prior January 1, the lien date. Tangible personal property taxes attach as a lien and are levied on January 1 of the current year.

Real property is assessed at 35% of true (market) value. The County Auditor is required to reappraise all real estate once every six years. Equalization adjustments are then made in the third year following reappraisal. The true value of personal property is based on composite annual allowances and is assessed at 25%, except electric utility distribution and transmission equipment which is assessed at 88% of true value, the personal property of rural electric companies which is assessed at 50% of true value, and the personal property of railroads which is assessed at 25% of true value. Effective in tax year 1995, all interexchange telephone personal property is assessed at 25%. Local exchange telephone personal property added to the tax roles during tax year 1995 and thereafter is assessed at 25% of true value; existing personal property is assessed at 88%. All other tangible personal property used in a business is assessed at 25% of true value.

Notes To Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

For the Year Ended December 31, 2003

Note 6: Receivables (continued)

B. Property Taxes (continued)

The assessed valuation upon which the 2002 levy (fourteen and eight-tenths mills (\$.0148) on each dollar of tax valuation) was based is as follows:

	<u> </u>	Assessed Value
Real property (other than public utility)	\$	840,995,810
Public utility real and personal tangible property		31,031,530
Tangible personal property (other than public utility)	_	19,034,202
Total Assessed Valuation	\$_	891,061,542

Real Property taxes are payable annually or semi-annually. If paid annually, payment is due January 20; if paid semi-annually, the first payment is due January 20 with the remainder payable by June 20. Taxes not paid become delinquent after December 31 of the year in which payable. Under certain circumstances, state statute permits earlier or later payment dates to be established.

The County Treasurer collects property taxes on behalf of all taxing districts in the county, including the City.

C. Income Taxes

The City levies a municipal income tax of 2% on all salaries, wages, commissions and other compensation, and the net profits earned within the City as well as incomes of residents earned outside the City. In the latter case the City allows a credit of 50% of the tax paid to another municipality to a maximum of one-half of one percent of income earned outside the City.

Employers within the City are required to withhold income tax on employee compensation and remit the tax to the City either monthly or quarterly as required. Corporations and other individual taxpayers are required to pay their estimated tax quarterly (if the annual estimated tax is greater than ten dollars) and file a declaration annually.

Notes To Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

For the Year Ended December 31, 2003

Note 7: Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the year ended December 31, 2003, was as follows:

	Balances 12/31/2002	Adjustment/ Reclassification	Restated Balance 12/31/2002	Additions	Deletions	Balances 12/31/2003
Governmental Activities Nondepreciable capital assets	:					
Land \$ Construction in progress	4,933,518 26,336	\$ - 1,760,994	\$ 4,933,518 1,787,330	\$ - 5,903,958	\$ (892,094) S (1,470,318)	\$ 4,041,424 6,220,970
Total nondepreciable capital assets	4,959,854	1,760,994	6,720,848	5,903,958	(2,362,412)	10,262,394
Depreciable capital assets: Land improvements	488,747	-	488,747	51,416	<u>-</u>	540,163
Building and improvements	s 49,565,981	-	49,565,981	687,101	(241,570)	50,011,512
Machinery and equipment Infrastructure:	13,496,184	-	13,496,184	1,675,520	-	15,171,704
Streets and sidewalks		14,907,266	14,907,266	3,014,208		17,921,474
Total depreciable capital assets	63,550,912	14,907,266	78,458,178	5,428,245	(241,570)	83,644,853
Less accumulated						
depreciation:	(21.470)		(21, 470)	(24.007)		(56.466)
Land improvements Buildings and	(21,479)	-	(21,479)	(34,987)	-	(56,466)
improvements	(12,400,357)	-	(12,400,357)	(1,246,589)	19,793	(13,627,153)
Machinery and equipment Infrastructure:	(8,451,234)	-	(8,451,234)	(1,057,896)	-	(9,509,130)
Streets and sidewalks		(3,830,189)	(3,830,189)	(742,932)		(4,573,121)
Total accumulated depreciation	(20,873,070)	(3,830,189)	(24,703,259)	(3,082,404)	19,793	(27,765,870)
Depreciable capital assets, net	42,677,842	14,907,266	53,754,919	2,345,841	(221,777)	55,878,983
Total governmental activities capital						
assets, net \$	47,637,696	\$16,668,260	\$ <u>60,475,767</u>	\$ 8,249,799	\$ (2,584,189)	\$ 66,141,377

Notes To Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

For the Year Ended December 31, 2003

Note 7: Capital Assets (continued)

Business-Type Activities	Balances	Adjustment/ Reclassification	Restated Balance 12/31/2002	Additions	Deletions	Balances 12/31/2003
Nondepreciable capital						
assets:						
Land \$	1,699,694	\$ -	\$ 1,699,694	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,699,694
Construction-in-prog		1,038,041	1,038,041	234,115	(1.037.399)	234,757
Total nondepreciable						
capital assets	1,699,694	1,038,041	2,737,735	234,115	(1,037,399)	1,934,451
Depreciable capital assets:						
Land improvements	14,800	_	14,800	173,914	_	188,714
Buildings and improver		(294,476)	4,935,420	194,667	_	5,130,087
Machinery and	101113 3,227,070	(2)1,170)	1,755,120	171,007		3,130,007
equipment	6,294,470	_	6,294,470	483,781	(252,740)	6,525,511
Infrastructure:	0,271,170		0,271,170	103,701	(232,710)	0,525,511
Waterlines	9,068,248	5,131,832	14,200,080	549,918	_	14,749,998
Sanitary sewer lines	4,217,546	806.512	5,024,058	229,360	_	5,253,418
Storm sewer lines	1,719,647	126,630	1,846,277	132,040	_	1,978,317
Off street parking lot		120,030	2,101,252	-	_	2,101,252
on sheet parking for	2,101,232		2,101,232			2,101,232
Total depreciable						
capital assets	28,645,859	5,770,498	34,416,357	1,763,680	(252,740)	35,927,297
Less accumulated					, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	
depreciation:						
Land improvements	(1,069)	-	(1,069)	(987)	-	(2,056)
Buildings and improver	nents(1,218,881)	-	(1,218,881)	(145,703)	-	(1,364,584)
Machinery and						
equipment	(3,028,257)	-	(3,028,257)	(418,658)	212,390	(3,234,525)
Infrastructure:						
Waterlines	(792,789)	(651,083)	(1,443,872)	(207,805)	-	(1,651,677)
Sanitary sewer lines	(480,590)	(68,631)	(549,221)	(100,392)	-	(649,613)
Storm sewer lines	(159,100)	-	(159,100)	(48,865)	-	(207,965)
Off street parking						
lots	(1,142,731)		(1,142,731)	(56,727)		(1,199,458)
Total accumulated						
depreciation	(6,823,417)	<u>(719,714</u>)	(7,543,131)	(979,137)	212,390	(8,309,878)
Total depreciable						
capital assets, net	21,822,442	5,050,784	26,873,226	784,543	(40,350)	27,617,419
Total business-type						
activities capital						
assets, net \$	23,522,136	\$ 6,088,825	\$ 29,610,961	\$1,018,658	\$ (1,077,749)	\$ 29,551,870
455005, 1100		Ψ <u>0,000,023</u>	<u> </u>	·	Ψ <u>(1,077,777</u>)	Ψ <u>π,υυ1,070</u>

Notes To Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

For the Year Ended December 31, 2003

Note 7: Capital Assets (continued)

Depreciation expense was charged to governmental activities as follows:

General Government	\$ 435,213
Public Safety	356,545
Public Health	11,784
Culture and Recreation	571,742
Community Development	468,796
Sanitation	247,448
Transportation	990,876
Total	\$ 3,082,404

Note 8: Long-Term Obligations

Long-term obligations of the City at December 31, 2003, are as follows:

		Interest (Original Issue	Balance cember 31,		Additions	1	Balance December 31,	Due Within One
YearD	escription	Rate	Amount	2002	(Reductions)			2003	Year
Governm	nental activities:	al activities:							
	al obligation bonds ed issues:								
1992	Recreational facilities improvements –								
	Refunding due 2004	3.000-5.800% \$	3 10,435,000	\$ 2,220,000	\$	(1,080,000)	\$	1,140,000	\$ 1,140,000
1997	Recreational facilities improvements								
	due 2017	3.850-6.375%	15,000,000	 12,615,000		(570,000)	_	12,045,000	595,000
	Total voted issues			 14,835,000		(1,650,000)	_	13,185,000	1,735,000
Unv	roted issues:								
1986	City Hall Construction								
	due 2009	6.250%	6,000,000	1,925,000		(275,000)		1,650,000	275,000
1999	Pension Fund								
	due 2013	3.050-4.500%	2,000,000	1,570,000		(115,000)		1,455,000	120,000
2001	Refund off-street parkin								
	facilities due 2012	3.300-4.400%	2,385,000	2,030,000		(165,000)		1,865,000	175,000
2001	Recreation facilities improvements								
	due 2017	3.300-4.900%	4,000,000	 3,710,000		(185,000)	_	3,525,000	190,000
	Total unvoted issues			9,235,000		(740,000)	-	8,495,000	760,000
	Total general obligation	on bonds		24,070,000		(2,390,000)	_	21,680,000	2,495,000

Notes To Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

For the Year Ended December 31, 2003

Note 8: Long-Term Obligations (continued)

<u>Description</u> Economic development	Interest Rate	Original Issue Amount	Balance December 31, 2002	Additions (Reductions)	Balance December 31, 2003	Due Within One Year
revenue bonds 2001Zagara TIF Project due 2011	2.900-4.100%	1,995,000	1,840,000	(180,000)	1,660,000	185,000
Accrued compensated absences			3,416,797	352,735	3,769,532	2,119,160
Capital lease commitments			642,769	115,000 (247,119)	510,650	188,869
Total governmental a long-term liabilitie			\$ 29,969,566	\$ (2,349,384)	\$ 27,620,182	\$ 4,988,029
Business-type activities: OPWC Loans			\$1,067,414	\$ (65,523)	\$1,001,891	\$ 62,203

In 1999, the City defeased the unfunded pension liability by placing proceeds of new bonds in an irrevocable trust to provide for all future debt service payments on the old liability.

In 2001, the City refunded Off-Street Parking Facilities bonds which were originally issued in 1992 at rates of 3.00%-6.20% and were due in 2012. The refunding bonds were issued in 2001 at rates of 3.30%-4.40% and are due in 2012. The refunding resulted in an economic gain to the City of \$106,940.

A description of all the City's advance refunded, defeased bonds with remaining outstanding amounts follows:

						Amount				Amount
				Redemption		Retired or not		Defeased	O	utstanding at
Description of	Interest	Date	Date	Or	Original	Subject to	Amount	Amount	1	December 31,
Defeased Bonds	Rate	Issued	Defeased	Call Date	 Amount	Refunding	Refunded	Redeemed		2003
Unfunded Pension Liability	4.25%	11/15/1973	01/11/1999	12/31/2034	\$ 3,588,449 \$	1,608,749	\$ 1,979,700 \$	524,700	\$	1,455,000
Off-Street Parking Facility	3.00-6.20%	10/01/1992	04/05/2001	12/01/2012	3,000,000	615,000	2,385,000	355,000		1,865,000
								520,000	S	3 320 000

As of December 31, 2003, the City's legal debt margin (the ability to issue additional principal amounts of general obligation bonded debt) was approximately \$67.4 million. Principal and interest requirements to retire long-term obligations outstanding at December 31, 2003, are:

		Governmen	tal 1	Activities						
				Eco	nor	nic	Business-Type Activities			
	G	eneral		Deve	lopr	nent				
	Ob	oligation		Re	vent	ue	OPWC			
	B	onds		В	ond	S	Loan	Т	otal	
Year	Principal	Interest		Principal		Interest	Principal	Principal		Interest
2004	\$ 2,495,000	\$1,109,126	\$	185,000	\$	60,843	\$ 62,203	\$ 2,742,203	\$	1,169,969
2005	1,410,000	979,764		190,000		55,200	62,203	1,662,203		1,034,964
2006	1,460,000	902,395		195,000		49,025	62,203	1,717,203		951,420
2007	1,530,000	822,133		200,000		42,395	62,203	1,792,203		864,528
2008	1,595,000	737,778		210,000		35,195	62,203	1,867,203		772,973
2009-2013	7,590,000	2,556,443		680,000		55,485	311,016	8,581,016		2,611,928
2014-2018	5,600,000	753,780		-		-	311,016	5,911,016		753,780
2019-2021							68,844	68,844		
Total	\$ 21,680,000	\$ <u>7,861,419</u>	\$	1,660,000	\$	298,143	\$ 1,001,891	\$ 24,341,891	\$_	8,159,562

Notes To Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

For the Year Ended December 31, 2003

Note 9: Notes Payable

Notes payable at December 31, 2003, consist of the bond anticipatory note issues listed below. Each of the motorized equipment and real estate acquisition notes is dated August 21, 2003, and due on August 19, 2004, at an interest rate of 1.20%. A summary of all short-term debt activity for the year ended December 31, 2003, follows:

				Balance			Balance
		Interest		December 31,		Additions	December 31,
Year	<u>Description</u>	Rate	_	2003		(Reductions)	 2003
1999	Motorized Equipment Note	1.65%	\$	251,000	\$	(251,000)	\$ -
2000	Motorized Equipment Note	1.65%		361,000		(361,000)	-
2000	Real Estate Acquisition Note	1.65%		608,000		(608,000)	-
2001	Motorized Equipment Note	1.65%		564,000		(564,000)	-
2002	Motorized Equipment Note	1.65%		830,000		(830,000)	-
2000	Real Estate Acquisition Note	1.20%		-		408,000	408,000
2001	Motorized Equipment Note	1.20%		-		414,000	414,000
2002	Motorized Equipment Note	1.20%		-		650,000	650,000
2003	Motorized Equipment Note	1.20%		-		610,000	610,000
2003	Recreation Facilities	1.20%		-		535,000	535,000
2003	Ring Road	2.00%	_		_	3,510,000	3,510,000
	Totals		\$	2,614,000	\$	3,513,000	\$ 6,127,000

Note 10: Lease Commitments

A. Capital Leases

The City is obligated under certain leases accounted for as capital leases. The leased assets and related obligations are accounted for in the capital assets and the long-term debt liabilities in the governmental activities, respectively. Capitalized assets acquired under capital leases totaled \$858,687 as of December 31, 2003. The following is a schedule by years of the future minimum lease payments for capital leases together with the present value of the net minimum lease payments as of December 31, 2003:

Year Ending	
December 31	 Amounts
2004	\$ 201,225
2005	163,632
2006	149,814
2007	 17,972
Minimum lease payments for all capital leases	532,643
Less: amount representing interest	 (21,993)
Present value of net minimum lease payments	\$ 510,650

B. Operating Leases

The City is obligated under certain leases accounted for as operating leases. Operating leases do not give rise to property rights or lease obligations, and therefore the results of the lease agreements are not reflected in the City's Statement of Net Assets.

Notes To Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

For the Year Ended December 31, 2003

Note 10: Lease Commitments (continued)

The following is a schedule by years of future minimum rental payments required under operating leases that have initial or remaining non-cancelable lease terms in excess of one year as of December 31, 2003:

Year Ending December 31	 Amounts
2004	\$ 34,382
2005	34,382
2006	31,893
2007	 4,133
Total minimum payments required	\$ 104,790

Note 11: Compensated Absences

Each bargaining unit and the management staff earn vacation at different rates and based upon length of service. No more than the amount of vacation accrued in the previous twelve-month period can be carried forward into the next calendar year without written consent of the City Manager. Without this approval, any excess is eliminated from the employee's leave balance. In the case of death, termination, or retirement an employee (or his estate), who has worked six months or more, is paid for the unused vacation up to a maximum of the two-year accrual or greater amount as approved by the City Manager.

All full-time employees earn sick leave at the rate of 4.6 hours for each 80 hours worked. It is the policy of the City that an employee with at least two consecutive years of service who terminates employment or whose employment is terminated with the City (for other than disciplinary reasons) is entitled to receive payment for accumulated sick leave according to various formulae to a maximum of between 347 to 565 hours.

Note 12: Pension Plans

A. Ohio Public Employees Retirement System

All full-time employees, other than non-administrative full-time police officers and firefighters, contribute to the Ohio Public Employees Retirement System ("OPERS"). OPERS administers three separate pension plans as described below:

- The traditional pension plan (TP) a cost sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan.
- The member-directed plan (MD) a defined contribution plan in which the member invests both member and employer contributions (employer contributions vest over five years at 20% per year). Under the member-directed plan members accumulate retirement assets equal to the value of member and (vested) employer contributions plus any investment earnings thereon.

Notes To Basic Financial Statements

For the Year Ended December 31, 2003

Note 12: Pension Plans (continued)

A. Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (continued)

• The combined plan (CO) – a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. Under the combined plan employer contributions are invested by the retirement system to provide a formula retirement benefit similar in nature to the traditional plan benefit. Member contributions, the investment of which is self-directed by the members, accumulate retirement assets in a manner similar to the member-directed plan.

OPERS provides retirement, disability, survivor and death benefits and annual cost of living adjustments to members of the traditional and combined plans. Members of the member-directed plan do not qualify for ancillary benefits.

Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided by state statute per Chapter 145 of the Ohio Revised Code. OPERS issues a stand-alone financial report that may be obtained by writing to the Ohio Public Employees Retirement System, 277 East Town Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215-4642 or by calling (614) 222-6705 or 1-800-222-PERS (7377).

The Ohio Revised Code provides statutory authority for member and employer contributions. For 2003, member and employer contribution rates were consistent across all three plans (TP, MD and CO). Separate divisions for law enforcement and public safety exist only within the traditional plan. City employees are required to contribute 8.5 percent of their annual covered salary to fund pension obligations. The 2003 employer contribution rate for the City was 13.55 percent of covered payroll. The City's contributions to the OPERS for the years ended December 31, 2003, 2002 and 2001 were \$2,370,236, \$2,244,470, and \$2,073,750, respectively, equal to the required contributions for each year.

B. Ohio Police and Fire Pension Fund

The City of Cleveland Heights contributes to the Ohio Police and Fire Pension Fund (OP&F), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. OP&F provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Benefit provisions are established by the Ohio State Legislature and are codified in Chapter 742 of the Ohio Revised Code. OP&F issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial information and required supplementary information for the plan. That report may be obtained by writing to OP&F, 140 East Town Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215-5164.

Plan members are required to contribute 10 percent of their annual covered salary, while employers are required to contribute 19.5 percent for police officers and 24 percent for firefighters. The City of Cleveland Heights' contributions to OP&F for the years ending December 31, 2003, 2002, and 2001, were \$2,059,095, \$1,904,017, and \$1,873,293, respectively, equal to the required contributions for each year.

Notes To Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

December 31, 2003

Note 13: Post Employment Benefits

A. Ohio Public Employees Retirement System

The Ohio Public Employees Retirement System of Ohio (OPERS) provides postretirement health care coverage to age and service retirees with ten or more years of qualifying Ohio service credit. Health care coverage for disability recipients and primary survivor recipients is available. The health care coverage provided by the retirement system is considered an Other Postemployment Benefit (OPEB) as described in GASB Statement 12. A portion of each employer's contribution to OPERS is set aside for the funding of postretirement health care. The Ohio Revised Code provides statutory authority for employer contributions. For local government employer units, the rate was 13.55 percent of covered payroll; 5.0 percent was the portion used to fund health care for the year. During 2003, the City's portion that was used to fund health care was \$874,626, representing 5.0 percent of covered payroll.

The postretirement health care coverage is advance-funded on an actuarially determined basis. The following assumptions and calculations were based on OPERS's latest actuarial review performed as of December 31, 2002; an entry age normal actuarial cost method of valuation is used in determining the present value of benefit liabilities; the difference between assumed and actual experience is part of the unfunded actuarial accrued liability; the investment assumption rate for 2002 was 8.0 percent; all investments are carried at market value; for actuarial valuation purposes, a smoothed market approach is used – meaning that assets are adjusted annually to reflect 25 percent of unrealized market appreciation or depreciation on investment assets; individual pay increases are assumed to increase 4.0 percent compounded annually, with no change in the number of active employees; annual pay increases over and above the 4.0 percent base increase were assumed to range from 0.50 percent to 6.3 percent; and health care costs are assumed to increase 4.0 percent annually. The actuarially accrued postretirement health care liability for OPERS at December 31, 2002 was \$18.7 billion. The net assets were \$10 billion, leaving an unfunded actuarial accrued liability of \$8.7 billion. The number of active participants was 364,881.

B. Ohio Police and Fire Pension Fund

The Ohio Police and Fire Pension Fund ("OP&F") provides post-retirement health care coverage to any person who received or is eligible to receive a monthly benefit check or is a spouse or eligible dependent child of such person. An eligible dependent child is any child under the age of 18 whether or not the child is attending school or under the age of 22 if attending school full-time or on a 2/3 basis.

Notes To Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

December 31, 2003

Note 13: Post Employment Benefits (continued)

B. Ohio Police and Fire Pension Fund (continued)

The health care coverage provided by the retirement system is considered an Other Postemployment Benefit ("OPEB") as described in GASB Statement No. 12. The Ohio Revised Code provides that health care cost paid from the funds of OP&F shall be included in the employer's contribution rate. The total police employer contribution rate is 19.5 percent of covered payroll and the total firefighter employer contribution rate is 24 percent of covered payroll. The Ohio Revised Code provides the statutory authority allowing the Ohio Police and Fire Pension Fund's Board of Trustees to provide health care coverage to all eligible individuals. Health care funding and accounting is on a pay-as-you-go basis. A percentage of covered payroll, as defined by the Board, is used to pay retiree health care expenses. The Board defined allocation was 7.75 percent of covered payroll in 2002 and 2003, respectively. In addition, since July 1, 1992, most retirees have been required to contribute a portion of the cost of their health care coverage through a deduction from their monthly benefit payment. Beginning in 2001, all retirees and survivors have monthly health care contributions.

The number of participants eligible to receive health care benefits as of December 31, 2002, the date of the last actuarial valuation available, was 13,527 for police and 10,396 for firefighters. The City's actual contributions for 2003 that were used to fund post-employment benefits were \$327,391 for police and \$398,911 for firefighters. OP&F's total health care expenses for the year ending December 31, 2002, the date of the last actuarial valuation available, was \$141,028,006, which was net of member contributions of \$12,623,875.

Note 14: Risk Management

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to property and casualty, general liability, workers' compensation and employee health and dental benefits.

The City has contracted with a commercial insurance company to provide property and liability insurance with the following claim limits and deductibles:

	Sel	Self-Insured		Liabilit	nits	
	R	Retention				
		(per		Per		Annual
<u>Coverage</u>	Oc	currence)_	_(Occurrence	_	Aggregate
General liability	\$	100,000	\$	10,000,000	\$	14,000,000
Property		50,000		(1)		Unlimited
Auto		100,000		10,000,000		Unlimited
Law enforcement professional		100,000		12,000,000		12,000,000
Public official		100,000		10,000,000		11,000,000

(1) Estimated actual value

The City accounts for its property and liability insurance premiums as well as its deductibles in the General Fund. The claims liability of \$150,370 reported in the General Fund at December 31, 2003, is based on the requirements of Government Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 10, which requires that a liability for claims be reported if information indicates that it is probable that a liability has been incurred at the date of the financial statements and the amount of the loss is reasonably estimable.

Notes To Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

December 31, 2003

Note 14: Risk Management (continued)

There were no reductions in insurance coverage from the previous year, nor have settlements exceeded insurance coverage in any of the prior three fiscal years.

The City maintains two hospitalization plans for its full-time employees and their dependents. Some City employees choose to belong to an HMO whereby the City makes a premium payment to the HMO and all risk is effectively transferred. Most City employees are enrolled in the City's self-funded program which is reinsured through a commercial insurance company. The City carries an \$85,000 specific stop/loss policy for catastrophic coverage, plus an aggregate policy set at 125% of expected claims. All full-time City employees receive dental benefits through the City's self-funded employee benefits program. Employee health and dental benefits are charged to the various funds of the City in accordance to where an employee's salary is charged. Based on historical estimates, a total of \$392,031 has been accrued at year end in the various funds of the City as a component of accrued wages and benefits.

The City is required to purchase workers' compensation insurance through the State of Ohio. The City applied for and was accepted into the State's Retrospective Rating Plan whereby the City initially pays a fraction of the premium (the minimum premium) it would pay as an experience-rated risk. As costs for the City's injured workers' claims are incurred, the City must reimburse the State fund for those costs, subject to the plan's individual claim cost limitation and the City's premium limitation.

The City has established a Workers' Compensation Self-Insurance Fund (an Internal Service Fund) to account for and pay workers' compensation claims from accumulated assets of the fund. The City's retrospective rating plan provides for a \$300,000 catastrophic limit per claim and an unlimited claim limit.

At December 31, 2003, \$1,152,396 has been accrued for workers' compensation claims representing estimates of amounts to be paid for reported claims and incurred but not reported claims based upon the current available information.

The schedule below presents the changes in claims liabilities for the past two fiscal years.

		Prop	Property				Employee					Workers'			
	_	and Cas	and Casualty			Be	nefit	S	Compensation						
	_	2003		2002		2003		2002		2003		2002			
Beginning of fiscal year liability	\$	82,388	\$	110,507	\$	322,880	\$	269,637	\$	1,465,672	\$	1,075,765			
Current year claims and changes															
in estimates		349344		58,128		3,795,546		3,297,333		(9,579)		496,368			
Claim payments	=	(281,362)		(86,247)		(3,726,395)		(3,244,090)		(303,697)		(106,461)			
Balance at fiscal year end	\$	150,370	\$	82,388	\$	392,031	\$	322,880	\$	1,152,396	\$	1,465,672			

Notes To Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

December 31, 2003

Note 15: Construction Commitments

At December 31, 2003, uncompleted construction contracts were as follows:

		Remaining
		Construction
	-	Committed
Community center	\$	56,731
Street improvements		5,563
Street resurfacing		450,934
Sewer/waterline improvements/infrastructure		192,313
Parks	_	54,010
Total	\$_	759,551

Note 16: Interfund Activity

A. Individual fund interfund receivable and payable balances at December 31, 2003, are as follows:

	Interfund		Interfund
<u>Fund</u>	Receivables	_	Payables
General	\$ -	\$	1,717,022
Debt service fund	-		65,695
Nonmajor governmental funds	1,782,717		60,548
Internal service fund	60,548	-	
Total interfund receivables/payables			
at December 31, 2003	\$ <u>1,843,265</u>	\$	1,843,265

B. Interfund transfers for the year ending December 31, 2003, consisted of the following:

		Tra	nsfe	er from			
Transfer to	General	Debt Service Fund		Ambulance Services	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	_	Total
Nonmajor governmental funds Utilities	\$ 1,524,691	\$ 50,333	\$	7,511	\$ 1,104,748 3,250	\$	2,687,283 3,250
	\$ 1,524,691	\$ 50,333	\$	7,511	\$ 1,107,998	\$ _	2,690,533

Note 17: Claims and Judgments

The City is currently a defendant in several lawsuits. It is the opinion of legal counsel that none of this litigation will have a material adverse affect on the financial condition of the City.

Notes To Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

December 31, 2003

Note 17: Claims and Judgments (continued)

In addition, there are several unasserted claims, the results of which, if asserted, would not have a material effect on the financial statements at December 31, 2003.

The City has received several federal and state grants for specific purposes which are subject to review and audit by the grantor agencies. Such audits could lead to requests for reimbursements to grantor agencies for expenditures disallowed under the terms of the Grant. Based upon prior experience, City management believes such disallowances, if any, will be immaterial.

Note 18: Accountability and Compliance

The following funds had a deficit balance at December 31, 2003:

Special revenue funds:	
First Suburbs Consortium	\$ 53,613
Communications system operating	16,530
C.D.B.G. Resource	133,597
Cain Park	3,855
ODNR recycling grants	4,077
Street lighting	31,241
Police pension	209,145
Fire pension	315,645
Capital projects funds:	
Capital improvements	1,993,167
Recreation improvements	110,692
Ring road construction	2,196,320

The deficit fund balances in the CDBG Resource, Communications System Operating, Cain Park, Street Lighting, First Suburbs Consortium, ODNR Recycling Grants, Police Pension Trust and Fire Pension Trust Special Revenue Funds are a result of the application of generally accepted accounting principles, namely the accruing of wages and accounts payable at year end. These deficits will be eliminated with intergovernmental revenues in the next accounting period.

The primary revenue source of the Street Lighting Fund is the ongoing collection of a service type special assessment fee which is collected by the County Auditor and remitted to the City semi-annually in June and December of each year. The special assessment fee receivable for street lighting due the City at year end is measurable; however, it does not meet our available criteria, and, therefore, has been offset as deferred revenue at year end. This treatment of the year end receivable as well as the recognition of expenditures on the modified accrual basis of accounting caused the fund deficit.

Notes To Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

December 31, 2003

Note 18: Accountability and Compliance (continued)

The deficits in the Capital Improvements, Recreation Improvements, and Ring Road Construction Funds arise from the issuance of short-term bond anticipation notes which are used to finance capital expenses until bonds are issued. Once bonds are issued and the liability is reported in the Statement of Net Assets rather than in the Individual Fund Financial Statements, the deficits will be eliminated.

Note 19: Solid Waste

In accordance with a notice letter received from the Ohio Environmental Protection Agency, the City of Cleveland Heights executed the final closure financial assurance instrument for the solid waste transfer station by the required September 30, 2003 deadline. The financial test assured that the City could support any amount up to \$200,000 in post-closure costs and that the City met all of the requirements set forth by Ohio Administrative Code Rule 3745-27-17. This location is used for the transfer of solid waste from the City's refuse trucks to a larger loader which is used to transport the waste to a commercial landfill located outside of the City. This transfer station has operated at this location for over fifty years and the City has no plans to close or move this transfer station. For this reason the City does not currently accrue a liability. This treatment is in accordance with the Governmental Accounting Standards Board.

Combining Statements and Individual Fund Schedules - Nonmajor Governmental Funds

Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds

Street Construction, Maintenance and Repair – Required by the Ohio Revised Code to account for that portion of the state gasoline tax and motor vehicle registration fees designated for repair and maintenance of streets within the City.

Foundation Grants – To account for grants received from various non-profit organizations used for community development and public health purposes.

First Suburbs Consortium – To account for staffing and other expenses of the Consortium office which is located in Cleveland Heights City Hall. The costs are shared by the twelve communities which make up and support the Consortium and its economic and community development initiatives.

Communication System Operating – To account for the operations of the fire department dispatch office serving Cleveland Heights and a neighboring community.

Public Building Maintenance – To account for funds received from lease of City property for placement of communication towers. These funds are to be used for only building maintenance.

Law Enforcement Trust – To account for monies received from certain civil penalties permitted by state law and collected by the City and costs of complex investigations and prosecutions and other law enforcement purposes as determined by Council.

Drug Law Enforcement Trust – To account for monies received from confiscated property to be used solely for drug law enforcement purposes.

Community Development Block Grant (C.D.B.G.) Resource – To account for monies received from the federal government under Community Development Block Grant programs for a wide variety of projects such as commercial area rehabilitation, residential winterization, and fair housing activities. The C.D.B.G. Resource Fund accounts for the grant of the current year and unspent grants from prior years.

C.D.B.G. Program Income – To account for monies generated by C.D.B.G. programs, such as interest on low-income loans, resale of rehabilitated homes, and other housing programs where the City receives revenue.

Home Program – To account for the City's portion of the funds available through the Cuyahoga Housing Consortium which includes Cuyahoga County, and the Cities of Euclid, Lakewood, Parma and East Cleveland pursuant to the Home Investment Partnership Program.

FEMA Grant – To account for fire and safety grants received from FEMA in a separate fund as required by FEMA.

Local Television (T.V.) Programming – To account for monies received pursuant to the franchise agreement with the local cable T.V. network and used for programming of local events.

Cain Park – To account for the operation and maintenance of the Cain Park Summer Theater.

Combining Statements and Individual Fund Schedules – Nonmajor Governmental Funds (Continued)

Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds (continued)

Ohio Department of Natural Resources (ODNR) Recycling Grants – To account for monies received from the Ohio Department of Natural Resources (ODNR) for recycling programs.

Indigent (DUI) Driver's Alcohol Treatment – To account for the City's portion of fines collected by the State of Ohio to pay for the cost of an alcohol and other drug addiction treatment program for those unable to pay for such attendance.

Municipal Court Clerk Computerization – To account for costs charged in all civil and/or criminal traffic convictions to be used by the court for computer-related expenditures.

Dui Enforcement and Education – To account for the City's portion of fines collected on all DUI-related offense convictions collected by the court and controlled by the police agency at their discretion for DUI-related law enforcement and education.

Municipal Court Special Projects – To account for costs charged in all civil and/or criminal traffic convictions to be used by the court for identified projects.

Lead Safe Cuyahoga – To account for grant received from Cuyahoga County for costs related to testing paint for lead content.

Street Lighting – To account for monies received from the levy of special assessments for the purpose of paying the cost of street lighting.

Tree – To account for monies received from the levy of special assessments for the purpose of paying the cost of maintaining trees on the public right-of-way.

Police Pension – To account for property taxes levied for the partial payment of the current and accrued liability for police disability and pension due the State pension agency.

Fire Pension – To account for property taxes levied for the partial payment of the current and accrued liability for fire disability and pension due the State pension agency.

Earned Benefits – To account for the accumulation of resources for those employees eligible to retire.

Section 108 Loan Guarantee – To account for receipts and disbursements made as an agency for the HUD Section 108 loan program financed by the issuance of U.S. Government Guaranteed Notes.

Office on Aging Donation - To account for the Martin bequest and other donations and their related expenditures.

Animal Adoption – To account for donation made to facilitate the adoption of animals by needy individuals.

Youth Recreation Donation - To account for donations made to benefit youth recreation.

Combining Statements and Individual Fund Schedules - Nonmajor Governmental Funds (Continued)

Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds

Capital Improvements – To account for the annual purchase of capital equipment and certain capital improvements financed by unvoted general obligation bond anticipation notes and General Fund operating transfers.

Economic Development – To account for transactions relative to the economic development of the City.

City Hall Maintenance and Repair – To account for the costs of major maintenance and repair of City Hall.

Recreation Improvements – To account for transactions relative to the voted 1.8735-mill Recreation Bond Issue for the purpose of acquiring, constructing, renovating, furnishing and equipping park, cultural and recreational facilities and acquiring any necessary real estate.

Zagara TIF – To account for transactions relative to the sale of special revenue bonds and disbursement of these bonds for the purpose of fulfilling a Tax Increment Financing (TIF) agreement to promote economic development in the City as allowed by the laws of the State of Ohio.

Ring Road Reconstruction – To account for receipts and disbursements related to reconstruction of Severance Center Ring Road.

Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Governmental Funds

	-	Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds	-	Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds		Total Nonmajor overnmental Funds
Assets:	Φ	2 774 450	Φ	2 0 4 1 0 0 0	Φ	4.016.240
Equity in city treasury cash	\$	2,774,459	\$	2,041,889	\$	4,816,348
Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles):		1 214 100				1 214 100
Taxes		1,314,180		-		1,314,180
Accounts		28,664		-		28,664
Special assessments		1,286,960		-		1,286,960
Accrued interest		2,455		1,018		3,473
Loans		1,865,934		-		1,865,934
Intergovernmental		100,007		-		100,007
Interfund	_	1,717,022	-	65,695	_	1,782,717
Total assets	\$ _	9,089,681	\$ _	2,108,602	\$ _	11,198,283
Liabilities and fund balances:						
Liabilities:						
Vouchers and accounts payable	\$	281,122	\$	119,677	\$	400,799
Accrued wages and benefits	Ψ	2,254,199	4	-	Ψ	2,254,199
Contracts payable		60,016		88,895`		148,911
Interfund payable		60,548		-		60,548
Deferred revenue		2,406,964		_		2,406,964
Refundable deposits		6,142		_		6,142
Bond anticipation notes payable		0,1 12		6,127,000		6,127,000
Accrued interest payable		_		66,920		66,920
Total liabilities	-	5,068,991	-	6,402,492	-	11,471,483
Total habilities	-	3,000,771	-	0,402,472	-	11,471,405
Fund balances:						
Reserved for encumbrances		423,635		95,658		519,293
Reserve for loans receivable		1,865,934		-		1,865,934
Unreserved (deficit), undesignated		1,731,121		(4,389,548)		(2,658,427)
omeserved (deficit), undesignated	-	1,731,121	-	(1,507,510)	-	(2,030,127)
Total fund balances (deficit)	_	4,020,690	_	(4,293,890)	_	(273,200)
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ _	9,089,681	\$	2,108,602	\$ _	11,198,283

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Nonmajor Governmental Funds

For Year Ended December 31, 2003

Revenues:		Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds	-	Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds		Total Nonmajor overnmental Funds
Property and other local taxes Intergovernmental Charges for services Fees, licenses, and permits Interest earnings Special assessments Fines and forfeitures Other revenue	\$	843,720 5,629,031 427,718 300 27,457 1,168,668 588,238 918,793	\$	1,185,131 - - - 21,051 - - 2,175	\$	2,028,851 5,629,031 427,718 300 48,508 1,168,668 588,238 920,968
Total revenues		9,603,925	Ē	1,208,357	-	10,812,282
Expenditures: Current: Public safety Public health Culture and recreation Community development Sanitation Transportation General government Capital outlay Debt service: Bond principal retirement Interest and fiscal charges Total expenditures		3,709,160 5,696 643,430 3,529,769 17,494 2,433,486 255,764 420,144		205,277 552,597 296,087 3,676,527 41,105 327,666 180,000 160,752 5,440,011	-	3,709,160 5,696 848,707 4,082,366 313,581 6,110,013 296,869 747,810 180,000 160,752
Excess of revenue over (under) expenditures	;	(1,411,018)	•	(4,231,654)	-	(5,642,672)
Other financing sources (uses): Transfers – in Inception of capital leases Proceeds from sale of assets Transfers – out		2,035,899 - - (1,058,248)		651,384 115,000 119,000 (49,750)	-	2,687,283 115,000 119,000 (1,107,998)
Total other financing sources (uses)	•	977,651	Ē	835,634	-	1,813,285
Net change in fund balances		(433,367)		(3,396,020)		(3,829,387)
Fund balances (deficit) beginning of year, restated		4,454,057		(897,870)	-	3,556,187
Fund balances (deficit) end of year	\$	4,020,690	\$	(4,293,890)	\$ _	(273,200)

Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds

	N	Street onstruction laintenance, and Repair	-	Foundation Grants	-	First Suburbs Consortium		Communications System Operating
Assets:	¢.	202 512	Ф	1 464	Ф		ø	
Equity in city treasury cash Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles):	\$	392,513	\$	1,464	\$	-	\$	-
Taxes		682,579		_		_		_
Accounts		-		-		-		-
Deferred special assessments		-		-		-		-
Accrued interest		1,134		-		-		-
Loans		-		-		-		-
Intergovernmental		-		-		-		16,530
Interfund	_	<u>-</u>	-		-		-	22,001
Total assets	\$ _	1,076,226	\$ _	1,464	\$ _	<u> </u>	\$	38,531
Liabilities and fund balances: Liabilities:								
Vouchers and accounts payable	\$	71,718	\$	_	\$	_	\$	10,482
Accrued wages and benefits	•	-	•	-	•	-	,	28,049
Contracts payable		60,016		-		-		-
Interfund payable		-		-		53,613		-
Deferred revenue		431,352		-		-		16,530
Refundable deposits	_		_		-		-	<u> </u>
Total liabilities	_	563,086	=		-	53,613	-	55,061
Fund balances:								
Reserved for encumbrances		275,498		_		_		_
Reserved for loans receivable		-		_		_		_
Unreserved (deficit), undesignated	_	237,642	-	1,464	-	(53,613)	-	(16,530)
Total fund balances (deficit)	_	513,140	-	1,464	-	(53,613)	-	(16,530)
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ _	1,076,226	\$ _	1,464	\$		\$	38,531

Public Building Maintenance	Law Enforcement Trust	Drug Law Enforcement Trust	-	C.D.B.G Resource	C.D.B.G. Program Income	_	HOME Program	_	FEMA Grant
\$ 25,135 \$	3,993	\$ 332,007	\$	-	\$ -	\$	1,738	\$	7,212
- - - - -	550 - 13 -	- - 1,077 - 60,837		- - - - 372	- - - - 1,865,934 -		- - - - -		- - - - -
\$ <u>25,135</u> \$	4,556	\$ 393,921	\$	372	\$ 1,865,934	\$ _	1,738	\$ _	7,212
\$ - \$ -	S - -	\$ 5,966 132	\$	100,768 32,457	\$ - -	\$	- -	\$	-
-	-	-		- -	-		-		-
-	-	60,837		372 372	-		-		-
<u>-</u>						-	-	_	
<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	66,935	•	133,969		-		-	
- - 25,135	- - 4,556	2,100 - 324,886		- (133,597)	1,865,934	_	- - 1,738	_	- - 7,212
25,135	4,556	326,986	-	(133,597)	1,865,934	-	1,738	_	7,212
\$ <u>25,135</u> \$	3 4,556	\$ 393,921	\$	372	\$ 1,865,934	\$ =	_	_	7,212 ntinued)

Combining Balance Sheet (Continued) Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds

Accepter		ocal T.V.	_	Cain Park		ODNR Recycling Grants	-	Indigent Driver's Alcohol Treatment
Assets:	ø	147 (00	¢		¢	10.000	ø	20 407
Equity in city treasury cash Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles):	\$	147,608	\$	-	\$	19,800	\$	38,407
Taxes		42,955		_		_		-
Accounts		´-		-		_		-
Deferred special assessments		_		-		-		-
Accrued interest		-		-		-		-
Loans		-		-		_		_
Intergovernmental		-		-		22,268		_
Interfund			_			<u> </u>	_	50
Total assets	\$	190,563	\$ _		\$	42,068	\$ _	38,457
Liabilities and fund balances: Liabilities:								
Vouchers and accounts payable	\$	9,241	\$	1,897	\$	17,314	\$	_
Accrued wages and benefits		5,506		1,958		-		-
Contracts payable		_		-		-		-
Interfund payable		-		-		6,563		-
Deferred revenue		-		-		22,268		-
Refundable deposits	_	<u>-</u>	_			<u>-</u>	_	
Total liabilities		14,747	_	3,855		46,145	_	
Fund balances:								
Reserved for encumbrances		_		_		2,486		_
Reserved for loans receivable		_		_		2,400		_
Unreserved (deficit), undesignated		175,816	_	(3,855)		(6,563)	-	38,457
Total fund balances (deficit)		175,816	_	(3,855)	•	(4,077)	-	38,457
Total liabilities and								
fund balances	\$	190,563	\$ __		\$	42,068	\$	38,457

Municipal Court Clerk Computer- ization	DUI Enforcement and Education	Municipal Court Special Projects	Lead Safe Cuyahoga	-	Street Lighting	-	Tree	Police Pension
\$ 957,146	\$ 34,088	\$ 453,379	\$ -	\$	23,902	\$	64,923	\$ -
10,359	- 218	- 17,487	- -		- -		- -	294,323
-	-	-	-		736,747		550,213	-
-	-	-	-		-		- -	-
	<u>-</u>		- -		- -		- -	-
\$ 967,505	\$ 34,306	\$ 470,866	\$ 	\$	760,649	\$	615,136	\$ 294,323
\$ 746 - -	\$ - - -	\$ 1,317 1,832	\$ - - -	\$	55,144 · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	\$	6,529 33,880	\$ 209,145
- - -	- - -	- -	- - -		- 736,746 -		550,213	- 294,323 -
746		3,149	 		791,890		590,622	503,468
393	-	5,716	-		-		26	-
966,366	34,306	462,001	- 		(31,241)	_	24,488	- (209,145)
966,759	34,306	467,717		-	(31,241)		24,514	(209,145)
\$ 967,505	\$ 34,306	\$ 470,866	\$ <u>-</u>	\$	760,649	\$		294,323 ontinued)

Combining Balance Sheet (Continued) Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds

	_	Fire Pension	_	Earned Benefits	_	Section 108	_	Office on Aging Donation
Assets:								
Equity in city treasury cash Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles):	\$	-	\$	-	\$	192,799	\$	70,339
Taxes		294,323		_		_		_
Accounts				_		_		_
Deferred special assessments		_		_		_		_
Accrued interest		_		_		_		231
Loans		_		_		_		-
Intergovernmental		_		_		_		_
Interfund		_		1,695,021		_		_
interrand	_	_	_	1,000,021	_	-	_	
Total assets	\$ _	294,323	\$ _	1,695,021	\$ =	192,799	\$ =	70,570
Liabilities and fund balances: Liabilities:								
Vouchers and accounts payable	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	-
Accrued wages and benefits		315,645		1,625,595		-		_
Contracts payable		-		-		-		_
Interfund payable		-		-		-		_
Deferred revenue		294,323		_		_		_
Refundable deposits		-		-		-		-
1	_				_		_	
Total liabilities		609,968	_	1,625,595	_		-	
Fund balances:								
Reserved for encumbrances		_		_		137,416		_
Reserved for loans receivable		_		_		-		_
Unreserved (deficit), undesignated		(315,645)		69,426		55,383		70,570
Omeserved (deficit), undesignated	_	(313,043)	_	07,420	_	33,363	-	70,370
Total fund balances (deficit)	_	(315,645)	_	69,426	-	192,799	-	70,570
Total liabilities and								
fund balances	\$ _	294,323	\$ =	1,695,021	\$ _	192,799	\$ =	70,570

Animal Adoption	Youth Recreation Donation	Total Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds
\$ 292	\$ 7,714	\$ 2,774,459
- - - - - -	- - - - - -	1,314,180 28,664 1,286,960 2,455 1,865,934 100,007 1,717,022
\$ 292	\$ 7,714	\$ 9,089,681
\$ - - - - - -	\$ - - - - 6,142 6,142	\$ 281,122 2,254,199 60,016 60,548 2,406,964 6,142 5,068,991
- - 292 - 292	1,572 1,572	423,635 1,865,934 1,731,121 4,020,690
\$ 292	\$ 7,714	\$ 9,089,681

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds

For Year Ended December 31, 2003

D.	Street Construction Maintenance, and Repair	Foundation Grants	First Suburbs Consortium	Communications System Operating
Revenues: Property and other local taxes	\$ 183,452	\$ -	\$ _	\$ -
Intergovernmental	1,969,308	-	-	182,629
Charges for services Fees, licenses, and permits	-	-	-	-
Interest earnings	17,632	-	-	- -
Special assessments	-	-	-	-
Fines and forfeitures	-	-	<u>-</u>	-
Other revenue		-	107,300	
Total revenues	2,170,392		107,300	182,629
Expenditures:				
Current:				
Public safety Public health	-	-	-	409,048
Culture and recreation		-	-	-
Community development	-	-	146,364	_
Sanitation	-	-	-	-
Transportation	2,230,393	-	-	-
General government	-	=	=	-
Capital outlay			<u> </u>	
Total expenditures	2,230,393		146,364	409,048
Excess of revenues over (under)	((0,001)		(20.0(4)	(22(, 410)
expenditures	(60,001)		(39,064)	(226,419)
Other financing sources (uses):				
Transfers – in Transfers – out	46,500	-	-	221,758
Transfers – Out			-	
Total other financing sources (uses)	46,500		-	221,758
Net change in fund balances	(13,501)	-	(39,064)	(4,661)
Fund balance (deficit) at beginning of year	526,641	1,464	(14,549)	(11,869)
Fund balance (deficit) at end of year	\$ 513,140	\$ 1,464	\$ (53,613)	\$ (16,530)

Public Building Maintenance	Law Enforcement Trust	Drug Law Enforcement Trust	C.D.B.G Resource	C.D.B.G. Program Income	HOME Program	FEMA Grant
\$ - \$ -	- \$ -	- \$	- 1,953,225	\$ - -	\$ - 292,624	\$ - 7,212
-	-	-	-	-	-	-
-	- 85	8,310	-	-	-	-
- -	83	8,310	-	- -	-	-
-	3,661	258,302	-	-	-	-
71,735		3,183		664,233	49,029	
71,735	3,746	269,795	1,953,225	664,233	341,653	7,212
_	5,922	325,876	_	_	_	_
-	´-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	- 2.042.671	190.060	104.050	-
- -	-	-	2,043,671	180,069	184,058	-
-	_	_	-	-	-	-
46,600	-	-	-	-	-	-
-		-	-			
46,600	5,922	325,876	2,043,671	180,069	184,058	
25,135	(2,176)	(56,081)	(90,446)	484,164	<u>157,595</u>	7,212
<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	281,735	(281,735)	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
			201.725			
			281,735	(281,735)		
25,135	(2,176)	(56,081)	191,289	202,429	157,595	7,212
<u> </u>	6,732	383,067	(324,886)	1,663,505	(155,857)	
\$ 25,135 \$	4,556 \$	326,986 \$	(133,597)	\$1,865,934	\$1,738	\$

(Continued)

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances (Continued) Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds

For Year Ended December 31, 2003

		Local T.V. Programming		Cain Park	-	ODNR Recycling Grants		Indigent Driver's Alcohol Treatment
Revenues:	\$	240.006	\$		\$		ø	
Property and other local taxes Intergovernmental	Ф	249,886	Ф	16,878	Þ	- 48,467	\$	1,275
Charges for services		-		427,718		-		-
Fees, licenses, and permits		-		-		-		-
Interest earnings		-		-		-		-
Special assessments		-		-		-		-
Fines and forfeitures		-		15.006		-		1,840
Other revenue				15,086	-	<u> </u>		-
Total revenues		249,886		459,682	-	48,467	•	3,115
Expenditures:								
Current:								
Public safety		-		-		-		-
Public health		-		-		-		-
Culture and recreation		106.651		640,832		-		-
Community development Sanitation		106,651		-		38,507 17,314		_
Transportation		-		-		17,514		_
General government		-		_		-		-
Capital outlay				<u>-</u> _				
Total expenditures		106,651		640,832		55,821		_
Total expenditures		100,031		040,032	-	33,021	•	
Excess of revenues over (under)								
expenditures		143,235		(181,150)		(7,354)		3,115
04 6								
Other financing sources (uses): Transfers – in				183,270				
Transfers – out		(776,513)		103,270		<u>-</u>		-
1141101010		(770,010)			-			_
Total other financing sources (uses)		(776,513)		183,270	-	<u>-</u>		
Net change in fund balances		(633,278)		2,120		(7,354)		3,115
Fund balance (deficit) at beginning of year		809,094		(5,975)	-	3,277		35,342
Fund balance (deficit) at end of year	\$	175,816	\$	(3,855)	\$	(4,077)	\$	38,457

Municipal Court Clerk Computer- ization	DUI Enforcement and Education	Municipal Courts Special Projects	Lead Safe Cuyahoga	_	Street Lighting		Tree	Police Pension
\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 202.000	\$	- \$	3	-	\$ 205,191
-	-	-	203,808		-		-	27,303
_	- -	- -	-		-		300	-
-	-	-	-		-		-	-
-	-	-	-		664,972		503,696	-
107,401	5,855	211,179	-		-		-	-
				-		_	544	
107,401	5,855	211,179	203,808	_	664,972	_	504,540	232,494
_	<u>-</u>	_	-		667,224		-	823,356
-	-	-	-		-		-	-
-	-	-	-		-		-	=
-	-	-	178,318		-		528,560	-
-	=	=	=		-		-	-
87,639	-	55,835	-		-		-	-
-			_					
87,639		55,835	178,318	_	667,224	_	528,560	823,356
19,762	5,855	155,344	25,490	-	(2,252)	_	(24,020)	(590,862)
<u>-</u>	<u> </u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	_	13,351	_	10,401	355,854
				_	13,351	_	10,401	355,854
19,762	5,855	155,344	25,490		11,099		(13,619)	(235,008)
946,997	28,451	312,373	(25,490)	-	(42,340)	_	38,133	25,863
\$ 966,759	\$34,306	\$ 467,717	\$ 	\$ _	(31,241) \$	S =	24,514	\$ <u>(209,145)</u>

(Continued)

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances (Continued) Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds

For the Year Ended December 31, 2003

		Fire Pension	-	Earned Benefits	Section 108	<u>-</u>	Office on Aging Donation
Revenues:						_	
Property and other local taxes	\$	205,191	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-
Intergovernmental		27,302		-	899,000		-
Charges for services		_		_	-		-
Fees, licenses, and permits Interest earnings		-		-	-		1,430
Special assessments		-		-	-		1,430
Fines and forfeitures		-		-	-		=
Other revenue		-		-	_		4,865
Other revenue		-	-	-	-	-	4,003
Total revenues		232,493	-		899,000	-	6,295
Expenditures:							
Current:		1 2 4 4 4 5 2		222.264			
Public safety		1,244,470		233,264	-		-
Public health		_		2.500	-		5,696
Culture and recreation		-		2,598 32,135	00 100		-
Community development Sanitation		-		180	90,190		-
Transportation		-		7,226	195,867		=
General government		_		65,690	193,607		_
Capital outlay		_		-	420,144		_
Capital Outlay		-	-	-	420,144	-	
Total expenditures	•	1,244,470	-	341,093	706,201	_	5,696
Excess of revenues over (under)							
expenditures		(1,011,977)		(341,093)	192,799		599
1			-			-	
Other financing sources (uses):							
Transfers – in		512,511		410,519	-		-
Transfers – out		-	-		-	_	
				440.540			
Total other financing sources (uses)	,	512,511	-	410,519	-	-	
Net change in fund balances		(499,466)		69,426	192,799		599
Fund balance (deficit) at beginning of year	•	183,821	-			_	69,971
Fund balance (deficit) at end of year	\$	(315,645)	\$	69,426	\$ 192,799	\$	70,570

Animal Adoption	Youth Recreation Donation	Total Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds
\$ _	\$ -	\$ 843,720
-	-	5,629,031
-	-	427,718
-	-	300
-	-	27,457
-	-	1,168,668
-	-	588,238
	2,818	918,793
	2,818	9,603,925
-	-	3,709,160
-	-	5,696
-	-	643,430
-	1,246	3,529,769
-	-	17,494
-	-	2,433,486
-	-	255,764
		420,144
	1,246	11,014,943
	1,572	(1,411,018)
<u>-</u>	- 	2,035,899 (1,058,248)
		977,651
-	1,572	(433,367)
292		4,454,057
\$ 292	\$ 1,572	\$ 4,020,690

Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds

	<u>I</u>	Capital mprovements	Economic Development		City Hall Maintenance and Repair		Recreation mprovements
Assets: Equity in city treasury cash Accrued interest receivable Interfund receivable	\$	310,638 1,018 65,695	\$ 1 - -	\$	6,288	\$ _	247,522
Total assets	\$ _	377,351	\$ 1	\$ _	6,288	\$ _	247,522
Liabilities and fund balances: Liabilities: Vouchers and accounts payable Contracts payable Bond anticipation notes payable Accrued interest payable	\$	3,572 17,642 2,339,000 10,304	\$ - - - -	\$	- - - -	\$	78,989 - 278,000 1,225
Total liabilities	-	2,370,518		_	-	_	358,214
Fund balances: Reserved for encumbrances Unreserved (deficit), undesignated	_	46,276 (2,039,443)	- <u>1</u>	_	6,288	_	48,496 (159,188)
Total fund balances (deficit)	-	(1,993,167)	1	-	6,288	_	(110,692)
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ _	377,351	\$ <u> </u>	\$ _	6,288	\$_	247,522

Zagara TIF	Ring Road Reconstruction	<u>L</u>	Total Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds
\$ -	\$ 1,477,440	\$	2,041,889
-	-		1,018
			65,695
\$ 	\$ 1,477,440	\$	2,108,602
\$ _	\$ 37,116	\$	119,677
_	71,253		88,895
_	3,510,000		6,127,000
_	55,391		66,920
	3,673,760		6,402,492
-	886		95,658
	(2,197,206)		(4,389,548)
	(2,196,320)		(4,293,890)
\$ 	\$ 1,477,440	\$	2,108,602

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds

For the Year Ended December 31, 2003

D.		Capital Improvements		Economic <u>Development</u>		City Hall Maintenance and Repair	<u>I1</u>	Recreation mprovements
Revenues: Property and other local taxes	\$	1,185,131	\$	_	\$		\$	
Interest earnings	Ф	4,565	Э	-	Ф	-	Ф	364
Other revenue		300		_		_		-
	•	200					_	
Total revenues		1,189,996					_	364
Expenditures:								
Current:								
Culture and recreation		-		-		-		134,024
Community development		126,500		426,097		-		-
Sanitation		296,087		-		-		-
Transportation		638,604		-		-		-
General government		40,325		-		780		-
Capital outlay		327,666		-		-		-
Debt service:								
Principal		-		-		-		1 225
Interest and fiscal charges		38,073		-		-	_	1,225
Total expenditures		1,467,255		426,097		<u>780</u>	_	135,249
Excess of revenues over (under)								
expenditures		(277,259)		(426,097)		<u>(780</u>)	_	(134,885)
Other financing sources (uses):								
Transfers – in		50,333		289,488		-		65,500
Inception of capital leases		115,000		-		-		-
Proceeds from sale of assets		-		119,000		-		=
Transfers – out							_	
Total other financing sources (uses)		165,333		408,488		-	_	65,500
Net change in fund balances		(111,926)		(17,609)		(780)		(69,385)
Fund balance (deficit) at beginning of year		(1,881,241)		17,610		7,068	_	(41,307)
Fund balance (deficit) at end of year	\$	(1,993,167)	\$	1	\$	6,288	\$ _	(110,692)

Zagara TIF	Ring Road Reconstruction	Total Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds
\$ - - -	\$ - \$ 16,122 1,875	1,185,131 21,051 2,175
	17,997	1,208,357
- -	71,253	205,277 552,597
- - -	3,037,923	296,087 3,676,527 41,105 327,666
180,000 66,063	55,391	180,000 160,752
246,063	3,164,567	5,440,011
(246,063)	(3,146,570)	(4,231,654)
246,063	- -	651,384 115,000
	<u>(49,750</u>)	119,000 (49,750)
246,063	(49,750)	835,634
-	(3,196,320)	(3,396,020)
	1,000,000	(897,870)
\$ <u> </u>	\$ (2,196,320) \$	(4,293,890)

Combining Statements – Agency Funds

For The Year Ended December 31, 2003

Agency Funds

General Liability Contingency – To account for the accumulation of resources to pay for extraordinary losses which may arise as a result of legal action against the City.

Municipal Court – To account for assets received and disbursed by the Cleveland Heights Municipal Court pursuant to the laws of the State.

Construction Deposit – To account for the receipt of refundable construction deposits required for the issuance of certain building permits.

Sales Tax – To account for any sales tax collected by the City and due the State Department of Taxation.

Miscellaneous Agency – To account for miscellaneous receipts received in an agency capacity by the City.

N.E.O.R.S.D. (*Northeast Ohio Regional Sewer District*) – To account for the financial transactions associated with the City acting as a billing agent for the Northeast Ohio Regional Sewer District.

Combining Statements Of Changes In Assets And Liabilities – All Agency Funds

For The Year Ended December 31, 2003

General liability contingency:	Balance December 31, 2002	Additions	<u>Deductions</u>	Balance December 31, 2003
Assets: Equity in City treasury cash Total assets	\$ <u>244,756</u> \$ <u>244,756</u>	\$ <u>72,615</u> \$ <u>72,615</u>	\$ <u>247,600</u> \$ <u>247,600</u>	\$ <u>69,771</u> \$ <u>69,771</u>
Liabilities: Restricted deposits Total liabilities	\$ <u>244,756</u> \$ <u>244,756</u>	\$ <u>72,615</u> \$ <u>72,615</u>	\$ <u>247,600</u> \$ <u>247,600</u>	\$ <u>69,771</u> \$ <u>69,771</u>
Municipal Court:				
Assets: Equity in City treasury cash Total assets	\$ <u>264,551</u> \$ <u>264,551</u>	\$ <u>3,017,306</u> \$ <u>3,017,306</u>	\$ <u>2,964,077</u> \$ <u>2,964,077</u>	\$ <u>317,780</u> \$ <u>317,780</u>
Liabilities: Due to others Restricted deposits Total liabilities	\$ 146,290 118,261 \$ 264,551	\$ 1,998,415 1,018,891 \$ 3,017,306	\$ 1,976,486 987,591 \$ 2,964,077	\$ 168,219 149,561 \$ 317,780
Construction deposit:				
Assets: Equity in City treasury cash Total assets	\$ <u>131,159</u> \$ <u>131,159</u>	\$ <u>200</u> \$ <u>200</u>	\$	\$130,959 \$ <u>130,959</u>
Liabilities: Restricted deposits Total liabilities	\$ <u>131,159</u> \$ <u>131,159</u>	\$ <u>200</u> \$ <u>200</u>	\$ <u>400</u> \$ <u>400</u>	\$ <u>130,959</u> \$ <u>130,959</u>
Sales tax:				
Assets: Equity in City treasury cash Total assets	\$ <u>13</u> \$ <u>13</u>	\$ <u>28</u> \$ <u></u> 28	\$ <u>24</u> \$ <u>24</u>	\$17 \$17
Liabilities: Due to other governments Total liabilities	\$ <u>13</u> \$ <u>13</u>	\$ <u>28</u> \$ <u>28</u>	\$ <u>24</u> \$ <u>24</u>	\$17 \$17
Miscellaneous agency:				
Assets: Equity in City treasury cash Total assets	\$ <u>162,134</u> \$ <u>162,134</u>	\$ <u>72,986</u> \$ <u>72,986</u>	\$ <u>95,314</u> \$ <u>95,314</u>	\$ <u>139,806</u> \$ <u>139,806</u>
Liabilities: Restricted deposits Total liabilities	\$ <u>162,134</u> \$ <u>162,134</u>	\$ <u>72,986</u> \$ <u>72,986</u>	\$ <u>95,314</u> \$ <u>95,314</u>	$\begin{array}{c} \$ & \underline{139,806} \\ \$ & \underline{139,806} \\ \hline \text{(continued)} \end{array}$

Combining Statements Of Changes In Assets And Liabilities – All Agency Funds (Continued)

For The Year Ended December 31, 2003

N.E.O.R.S.D.:	Balance December 31, 2002	_Additions_	<u>Deductions</u>	Balance December 31, 2003
Assets: Equity in City treasury cash Total assets	\$54,747 \$54,747	\$ <u>5,477,912</u> \$ <u>5,477,912</u>	\$ <u>5,445,926</u> \$ <u>5,445,926</u>	\$ <u>86,733</u> \$ <u>86,733</u>
Liabilities: Due to other governments Total liabilities	\$54,747 \$54,747	\$ <u>5,477,912</u> \$ <u>5,477,912</u>	\$ <u>5,445,926</u> \$ <u>5,445,926</u>	\$ <u>86,733</u> \$ <u>86,733</u>
Totals – All Agency Funds:				
Assets: Equity in City treasury cash Total assets	\$ <u>857,360</u> \$ <u>857,360</u>	\$ <u>8,641,047</u> \$ <u>8,641,047</u>	\$ <u>8,753,341</u> \$ <u>8,753,341</u>	\$ <u>745,066</u> \$ <u>745,066</u>
Liabilities: Due to others Due to other governments Restricted deposits Total liabilities	\$ 146,290 54,760 656,310 \$ 857,360	\$ 1,998,415 5,477,940 1,164,692 \$ 8,641,047	\$ 1,976,486 5,445,950 1,330,905 \$ 8,753,341	\$ 168,219 86,750 490,097 \$ 745,066

City Of Cleveland Heights, Ohio

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, Encumbrances, and Changes In Fund Balance – Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budget) – General Fund

		Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	<u>Po</u>	Variance with Final Budget ositive (Negative)
Revenues:				- 0 < 1 0 - 1	•	(2.70 (2.6)
Property taxes	\$	5,320,000	\$ 5,320,000	\$ 5,061,374	\$	(258,626)
Municipal income taxes		20,100,000	20,100,000	19,554,572		(545,428)
Other local taxes State levied shared taxes		216,000	216,000	240,869		24,869
Intergovernmental grants and contracts		4,440,625 770,600	4,440,625 770,600	4,207,952 730,843		(232,673) (39,757)
Charges for services		1,596,620	1,596,620	2,166,867		570,247
Fees, licenses, and permits		1,140,000	1,140,000	1,036,419		(103,581)
Interest earnings		1,350,000	1,151,719	351,542		(800,177)
Special assessments		-	-	1,107		1,107
Fines and forfeitures		1,900,000	1,900,000	2,245,185		345,185
Reimbursements received		-	-	928,844		928,844
Other revenue		670,000	670,000	189,580		(480,420)
Total revenues	-	37,503,845	37,305,564	36,715,154		(590,410)
Expenditures:						
Current:		12 221 770	14.012.025	12 071 001		41.024
Public safety Public health		13,321,668	14,012,025	13,971,001		41,024
Culture and recreation		505,760 2,786,485	446,455	442,069		4,386
Community development		2,780,485 2,815,930	2,783,635 2,687,945	2,708,408 2,609,892		75,227 78,053
Sanitation		2,555,005	2,087,943	2,659,042		87,738
Transportation		2,883,475	3,383,630	2,854,916		528,714
General government		12,733,947	12,837,497	12,627,062		210,435
Total expenditures	•	37,602,270	38,897,967	37,872,390		1,025,577
Excess of revenues over (under)		, , ,				
expenditures		(98,425)	(1,592,403)	(1,157,236)		435,167
expenditures	•	(76,423)	(1,392,403)	(1,137,230)		433,107
Other financing sources (uses):						
Transfers - out		(1,784,850)	(1,538,129)	(1,130,669)		407,460
Proceeds from sale of assets Total other financing sources (uses)	•	(1,784,850)	(1,538,129)	190,000 (940,669)		<u>190,000</u> 597,460
Net change in fund balance	•	(1,883,275)	(3,130,532)	(2,097,905)		1,032,627
•						1,032,027
Cash fund balance at beginning of year		6,285,101	6,285,101	6,285,101		-
Current year charges against prior year						
Cash fund balance:				(100 11 1)		(100 111)
Reserved for encumbrances	-			(183,414)		(183,414)
Cash fund balance at end of year						
Unreserved		4,401,826	3,154,569	4,003,782		849,213
Reserved for encumbrances				176,413		176,413
Total cash fund balance at						
end of year	\$	4,401,826	\$ 3,154,569	\$ 4,180,195	\$	1,025,626
•		,				·

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, Encumbrances, and Changes In Fund Balance – Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budget) – Debt Service Fund

	Original <u>Budget</u>	Final <u>Budget</u>	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues:				
Property taxes	\$ 4,696,357	\$ 4,696,357	\$ 4,727,127	\$ 30,770
Interest earnings	355	355	300	(55)
Other revenue	30,231	30,231	25,514	(4,717)
Total revenue	4,726,943	4,726,943	4,752,941	25,998
Expenditures:				
Current:				
General government	99,109	99,109	45,902	53,207
Debt service:				
Principal retirement	5,004,000	5,004,000	5,004,000	-
Interest and fiscal charges	1,396,891	1,396,891	1,274,455	122,436
Total expenditures	6,500,000	6,500,000	6,324,357	175,643
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures	(1,773,057)	(1,773,057)	(1,571,416)	201,641
Other financing sources (uses):				
Proceeds from sale of debt	1,753,414	1,753,414	1,479,844	(273,570)
Total other financing sources (uses)	1,753,414	1,753,414	1,479,844	(273,570)
Net change in fund balance	(19,643)	(19,643)	(91,572)	(71,929)
Cash fund balance at beginning of year	3,433,988	3,433,988	3,433,988	
Total cash fund balance at end of year	\$3,414,345	\$3,414,345	\$3,342,416	\$(71,929)

City Of Cleveland Heights, Ohio

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, Encumbrances, and Changes In Fund Balance – Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budget) – Street Construction, Maintenance and Repair Fund

Davanuaci	Original Budget	_	Final Budget	_	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues: Other local taxes State levied shared taxes Intergovernmental Interest earnings	\$ 75,52 503,70 892,43 7,13	7 7	173,192 1,155,169 2,046,655 16,364	\$	165,641 1,104,806 1,957,426 15,651	\$ (7,551) (50,363) (89,229) (713)
Total revenues	1,478,80	<u>0</u>	3,391,380	-	3,243,524	(147,856)
Expenditures: Current: Transportation General government	1,591,00 		2,527,121	_	2,526,687	434
Total expenditures	1,600,00	<u>0</u>	2,527,121	_	2,526,687	434
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures	(121,20	0)	864,259		716,837	(147,422)
Other financing sources: Operating transfers - in Other financing uses	21,20	0	48,620 (912,879)	_	46,500 (912,878)	(2,120)
Total other financing sources (uses)	21,20	<u>0</u>	(864,259)	_	(866,378)	(2,119)
Net change in fund balance	(100,00	0)	-		(149,541)	(149,541)
Cash fund balance at beginning of year	433,65	1	433,651		433,651	-
Current year charges against prior years Cash fund balance: Reserved for encumbrances	- _	_		_	(233,274)	(233,274)
Cash fund balance at end of year: Unreserved Reserved for encumbrances	333,65	1	433,651	_	50,836 340,830	(382,815) 340,830
Total cash fund balance at end of year	\$333,65	<u>1</u> \$	433,651	\$ =	391,666	\$(41,985)

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, Encumbrances, and Changes In Fund Balance – Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budget) – Foundation Grants Fund

	_	Original Budget	-	Final Budget	-	Actual	<u> </u>	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues: Intergovernmental	\$	18,600	\$	18,600	\$	_	\$	(18,600)
mergovernmentar	Ψ	10,000	Ψ	10,000	Ψ		Ψ	(10,000)
Total revenues	_	18,600		18,600			_	(18,600)
Expenditures: Current:								
General government		20,000		-		-		-
Total expenditures	=	20,000	-		-		_	<u> </u>
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures		(1,400)		18,600		-		(18,600)
Cash fund balance at beginning of year	=	1,464	-	1,464	-	1,464	_	-
Total cash fund balance at end of year	\$ _	64	\$	20,064	\$	1,464	\$	(18,600)

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, Encumbrances, and Changes In Fund Balance – Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budget) – First Suburbs Consortium Fund

		Original Budget		Final Budget	Actual]	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues:				-			· -
Other revenue	\$	72,399	\$	142,440	\$ 140,631	\$	(1,809)
Total revenues	_	72,399	-	142,440	140,631	-	(1,809)
Expenditures: Current:							
Community development		100,000		148,862	146,364		2,498
Total expenditures	_	100,000	-	148,862	146,364	-	2,498
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures		(27,601)		(6,422)	(5,733)		689
Other financing sources (uses): Other financing sources Other financing uses	_	27,601		54,303 (47,881)	53,614 (47,881)	-	(689)
Total other financing sources (uses)	_	27,601		6,422	5,733	-	(689)
Net change in fund balance		-		-	-		-
Cash fund balance at beginning of year	_		•			-	
Total cash fund balance at end of year	\$ _	<u>-</u>	\$	<u>-</u>	\$ <u>-</u> _	\$	

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, Encumbrances, and Changes In Fund Balance – Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budget) – Communications System Operating Fund

D.	_	Original Budget	_	Final Budget	_	Actual	<u>I</u>	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues: Intergovernmental	\$	180,510	\$	186,585	\$	182,629	\$	(3,956)
Expenditures Current:	Ψ _	100,510	Ψ_	100,505	Ψ	102,029	Ψ _	(3,200)
Public safety	_	415,400	_	430,000	_	420,884	_	9,116
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures		(234,890)		(243,415)		(238,255)		5,160
Other financing sources (uses): Transfers – in	_	235,490	_	243,415	_	238,255	_	(5,160)
Net change in fund balance		600		-		-		-
Cash fund balance at beginning of year					_	-	-	
Total cash fund balance at End of year	\$ _	600	\$ _		\$ _	<u> </u>	\$ _	

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, Encumbrances, and Changes In Fund Balance – Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budget) – Public Building Maintenance Fund

		Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual		Variance with Final Budget ositive (Negative)
Revenues:								
Other revenue	\$		\$_	46,600	\$	71,735	\$_	25,135
Expenditures: Current:								
General government		-	_	46,600		46,600	_	
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures		-		-		25,135		25,135
Cash fund balance at beginning of year	_		_	<u>=</u>	_		_	-
Total cash fund balance at end of year	\$	<u>-</u>	\$ _	<u>-</u>	\$	25,135	\$ _	25,135

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, Encumbrances, and Changes In Fund Balance – Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budget) – Law Enforcement Trust Fund

	_	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues:					
Interest earnings	\$	372	\$ 372	\$ 145	\$ (227)
Fines and forfeitures	_	7,988	7,988	3,111	(4,877)
Total revenue	_	8,360	8,360	3,256	(5,104)
Expenditures: Current:					
Public safety	-	15,000	8,900	5,922	2,978
Net change in fund balance		(6,640)	(540)	(2,666)	(2,126)
Cash fund balance at beginning of year	_	6,649	6,649	6,649	<u> </u>
Total cash fund balance at end of year	\$ _	9	\$ 6,109	\$ 3,983	\$ (2,126)

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, Encumbrances, and Changes In Fund Balance – Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budget) – Drug Law Enforcement Fund

Revenues:	_	Original Budget	<u>-</u>	Final Budget	-	Actual	<u> </u>	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
	\$	2 270	\$	10.572	\$	11 174	ø	601
Interest earnings Fines and forfeitures	Э	3,278 75,788	Þ	10,573 244,415	Э	11,174 258,302	Þ	13,887
Other revenue		934		3,012		3,183		171
Other revenue	-	734	-	3,012	-	3,163	-	1/1
Total revenues	=	80,000	=	258,000	-	272,659	_	14,659
Expenditures:								
Current:		75.000		(42,000		220 210		212 700
Public safety	-	75,000	-	642,000	-	328,210	-	313,790
Excess of revenues over (under)		5 000		(294,000)		(55 551)		229 440
expenditures		5,000		(384,000)		(55,551)		328,449
Cash fund balance at beginning of year		388,054		388,054		388,054		-
Current year charges against prior years Cash fund balance:								
Reserved for encumbrances	_				_	(3,400)	_	(3,400)
Cash fund balance at end of year:								
Unreserved		393,054		4,054		329,103		325,049
Reserved for encumbrances	_		-	-	-	2,100	_	2,100
Total cash fund balance at								
end of year	\$	393,054	\$	4,054	\$	331,203	\$	327,149
	₩ =	2,2,001	Ψ =	.,,,,	Ψ.		* =	<u> </u>

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, Encumbrances, and Changes In Fund Balance – Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budget) – CDBG Resource Fund

Daviduos		Original Budget	_	Final Budget	-	Actual		Variance with Final Budget ositive (Negative)
Revenues: Intergovernmental	\$_	2,009,732	\$_	3,470,426	\$	1,953,225	\$	(1,517,201)
Expenditures: Current:								
Community development	_	2,300,000	_	3,971,663	-	2,017,799		1,953,864
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures		(290,268)		(501,237)		(64,574)		436,663
Other financing sources (uses):								
Transfers – in		289,885		500,578		281,735		(218,843)
Other financing sources		383		661		372		(289)
Other financing uses	_	-	-		-	(217,533)		(217,533)
Total other financing sources (uses)	_	290,268	_	501,239	-	64,574		(436,665)
Net change in fund balance		-		2		-		(2)
Cash fund balance at beginning of year	_		_	<u> </u>	-	<u>-</u>	_	<u> </u>
Total cash fund balance at end of year	\$ ₌	<u>-</u>	\$ =	2	\$		\$ _	(2)

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, Encumbrances, and Changes In Fund Balance – Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budget) – CDBG Program Income Fund

Revenues:	_	Original Budget	 Final Budget	-	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Other revenue	\$ _	500,000	\$ 500,000	\$_	461,804	\$ (38,196)
Expenditures: Current:						
Community development	_	500,000	 405,079	-	180,069	225,010
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditu	ures	-	94,921		281,735	186,814
Other financing sources (uses): Transfers – out	_		 	-	(281,735)	(281,735)
Net change in fund balance		-	94,921		-	(94,921)
Cash fund balance at beginning of year	_		 	_		
Total cash fund balance at end of year	\$ _		\$ 94,921	\$		\$ (94,921)

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, Encumbrances, and Changes In Fund Balance – Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budget) – HOME Program Fund

D	_	Original Budget	_	Final Budget	_	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues: Intergovernmental Other revenue	\$	128,474 21,526	\$ _	657,450 110,155	\$_	292,624 49,029	\$ (364,826) (61,126)
Total revenues		150,000	_	767,605	_	341,653	(425,952)
Expenditures: Current: Community development		150,000	-	611,747	_	184,060	427,687
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures		-		155,858		157,593	1,735
Other financing sources (uses): Other financing uses			_	(155,856)	_	(155,855)	1
Net change in fund balance		-		2		1,738	1,736
Cash fund balance at beginning of year	_		_		_		-
Total cash fund balance at end of year	\$	<u>-</u>	\$ _	2	\$ _	1,738	\$ <u>1,736</u>

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, Encumbrances, and Changes In Fund Balance – Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budget) – FEMA Grant Fund

	_	Original Budget	_	Final Budget	_	Actual	<u>]</u>	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues: Intergovernmental	\$_		\$_		\$_	7,212	\$_	7,212
Cash fund balance at beginning of year	-	-			_		-	-
Total cash fund balance at end of year	\$ _		\$ _		\$	7,212	\$	7,212

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, Encumbrances, and Changes In Fund Balance – Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budget) – Local T.V. Programming Fund

Revenues: Other revenues	-	Original Budget	\$ Final Budget 219,946	\$	Actual 249,420	_	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative) 29,474
Expenditures Current:							
Community development	_	225,520	148,000	•	147,261	_	739
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures		(161,938)	71,946		102,159		30,213
Other financing sources (uses): Transfers – out		-	(785,500)		(776,513)		8,987
Other financing sources	_	206,418	714,054	•	809,741	_	95,687
Total other financing sources (uses)	_	206,418	(71,446)	-	33,228	_	104,674
Net change in fund balance		44,480	500		135,387		134,887
Cash fund balance at beginning of year		8,602	8,602		8,602		-
Current year charges against prior years Cash fund balance:					(2.2)		
Reserved for encumbrances	_	-	-	-	(92)	_	(92)
Cash fund balance at end of year: Unreserved Reserved for encumbrances		53,082	9,102		143,897 3,711		134,795 3,711
reserved for encumerances	-	<u>=</u>			5,/11	-	5,711
Total cash fund balance at end of year	\$ _	53,082	\$ 9,102	\$	147,608	\$ _	138,506

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, Encumbrances, and Changes In Fund Balance – Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budget) – Cain Park Fund

D.	_	Original Budget	-	Final Budget	_	Actual		fariance with Final Budget sitive (Negative)
Revenues: Intergovernmental	\$	17,063	\$	17,063	\$	16,878	\$	(185)
Charges for services	•	432,407	,	432,407	•	427,718	•	(4,689)
Other revenue	_	15,251	-	15,251	_	15,086		(165)
Total revenues	_	464,721	-	464,721	_	459,682		(5,039)
Expenditures: Current:								
Culture and recreation	-	600,000	-	645,000	-	642,952		2,048
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures		(135,279)		(180,279)		(183,270)		(2,991)
Other financing sources (uses): Transfers – in	_	185,279	-	185,279	_	183,270		(2,009)
Net change in fund balance		50,000		5,000		-		(5,000)
Cash fund balance at beginning of year		5,816		5,816		5,816		-
Current year charges against prior years Cash fund balance: Reserved for encumbrances	_	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>		_	(5,816)		(5,816)
Total cash fund balance at end of year	\$ _	55,816	\$	10,816	\$ _		\$	(10,816)

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, Encumbrances, and Changes In Fund Balance – Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budget) – ODNR Recycling Grants Fund

	_	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues: Intergovernmental	\$_	32,059	\$ 50,026	\$ 48,467	\$ (1,559)
Expenditures: Current: Community development		38,000	58,434	56,707	1,727
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures		(5,941)	(8,408)	(8,240)	168
Other financing sources (uses): Other funding sources	_	4,341	6,774	6,563	(211)
Net change in fund balance		(1,600)	(1,634)	(1,677)	(43)
Cash fund balance at beginning of year		3,277	3,277	3,277	-
Current year charges against prior years Cash fund balance: Reserved for encumbrances			-	(1,600)	(1,600)
Cash fund balance at end of year: Unreserved Reserved for encumbrances	_	1,677	1,643	_ 19,800	(1,643) 19,800
Total cash fund balance at end of year	\$ _	1,677	\$ 1,643	\$ 19,800	\$ <u> 18,157</u>

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, Encumbrances, and Changes In Fund Balance – Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budget) – Indigent Driver's Alcohol Treatment Fund

Revenues:	_	Original Budget	_	Final Budget		Actual		Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Intergovernmental	\$		\$		\$	1,275	\$	1,275
_	Ф	=	Ф	-	Φ	,	Ф	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Fines and forfeitures	-	<u> </u>	-	<u> </u>		1,940		1,940
Total revenues	_	-	=	_		3,215		3,215
Expenditures:								
General government		14,000		14,000		_		14,000
Constant Sovermient	_	1 1,000	-	11,000		-		11,000
Excess of revenues over (under)								
expenditures		(14,000)		(14,000)		3,215		17,215
		(-1,000)		(-1,000)		-,		,
Cash fund balance at beginning of year		35,192		35,192		35,192		-
			-	<u>, </u>		,		
Total cash fund balance at end of year	\$ _	21,192	\$	21,192	\$	38,407	\$	17,215

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, Encumbrances, and Changes In Fund Balance – Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budget) – Municipal Court Clerk Computerization Fund

		Original Budget	_	Final Budget	_	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues:							
Fines and forfeitures	\$	22,000	\$_	22,000	\$_	104,352	\$ 82,352
Expenditures: Current:							
General government		140,000	_	153,100	_	87,864	65,236
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures		(118,000)		(131,100)		16,488	147,588
Cash fund balance at beginning of year		940,540		940,540		940,540	-
Current year charges against prior years Cash fund balance: Reserved for encumbrances	_		_		_	(275)	(275)
Cash fund balance at end of year: Unreserved Reserved for encumbrances	_	822,540		809,440	_	956,753 393	147,313 393
Total cash fund balance at end of year	\$	822,540	\$ _	809,440	\$ _	957,146	\$ 147,706

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, Encumbrances, and Changes In Fund Balance – Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budget) – DUI Enforcement and Education Fund

_	_	Original Budget	_	Final Budget	-	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues:						< 100	< 400
Fines and forfeitures	\$_	<u>-</u>	\$_	<u>-</u>	\$	6,122	\$ 6,122
Expenditures: General government	-	10,000	_	10,000	-		\$ 10,000
Excess of revenues over (under) Expenditures		(10,000)		(10,000)		6,122	16,122
Cash fund balance at beginning of year	-	27,966	_	27,966	-	27,966	
Total cash fund balance at end of year	\$	17,966	\$ _	17,966	\$	34,088	\$ 16,122

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, Encumbrances, and Changes In Fund Balance – Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budget) – Municipal Court Special Projects Fund

	_	Original Budget	_	Final Budget	_	Actual	F	nriance with inal Budget itive (Negative)
Revenues:	Ф		Ф		ø	200.022	¢.	200.022
Fines and forfeitures	\$_		\$_	-	\$_	209,023	\$	209,023
Expenditures: Current:								
General government	-	25,000	-	82,000	-	60,128		21,872
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures		(25,000)		(82,000)		148,895		230,895
Cash fund balance at beginning of year	=	298,768	-	298,768	-	298,768		<u> </u>
Cash fund balance at end of year: Unreserved Reserved for encumbrances	-	273,768	-	216,768	-	447,663 5,716		230,895 5,716
Total cash fund balance at End of year	\$ _	273,768	\$ _	216,768	\$ _	453,379	\$	236,611

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, Encumbrances, and Changes In Fund Balance – Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budget) – Lead Safe Cuyahoga Fund

Revenues:	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Intergovernmental	\$208,510	\$324,010	\$203,808	\$ (120,202)
Expenditures: Current: Community development	208,510	298,510	<u>178,318</u>	120,192
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures	-	25,500	25,490	(10)
Other financing sources (uses): Other financing uses		(25,490)	(25,490)	-
Total other financing sources (uses)		(25,490)	(25,490)	
Net change in fund balance	-	10	-	(10)
Cash fund balance at beginning of year	-			<u> </u>
Total cash fund balance at end of year	\$	\$10	\$	\$(10)

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, Encumbrances, and Changes In Fund Balance – Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budget) – Street Lighting Fund

Revenues:	Original <u>Budget</u>	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Special assessments	\$ 696,026	\$ 696,026	\$ 664,972	\$(31,054)
Expenditures:				
Current: Public safety	670,000	670,000	667,566	2,434
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures	26,026	26,026	(2,594)	(28,620)
Other financing sources (uses): Transfers – in	13,974	13,974	13,351	(623)
Net change in fund balance	40,000	40,000	10,757	(29,243)
Cash fund balance at beginning of year	13,145	13,145	13,145	
Total cash fund balance at end of year	\$53,145	\$53,145	\$23,902	\$ (29,243)

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, Encumbrances, and Changes In Fund Balance – Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budget) – Tree Fund

Revenues:	-	Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual		Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Fees, licenses, and permits	\$	306	\$	306	\$	300	\$	(6)
Special assessments	Ψ	513,535	Ψ	513,535	Ψ	503,696	Ψ	(9,839)
Other revenue		555		555		544		(11)
Total revenues	-	514,396		514,396		504,540		(9,856)
Expenditures:								
Current: Community development	-	530,121		530,121		520,072		10,049
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures		(15,725)		(15,725)		(15,532)		193
Other financing sources (uses): Transfers – in		10,604		10,604		10,401		(203)
Net change in fund balance		(5,121)		(5,121)		(5,131)		(10)
Cash fund balance at beginning of year		64,406		64,406		64,406		-
Current year charges against prior years Cash fund balance:								
Reserved for encumbrances	-		•			(732)		(732)
Cash fund balance at end of year:						-0 - 10		(7.12)
Unreserved		59,285		59,285		58,543		(742)
Reserved for encumbrances	-	<u> </u>	•	<u> </u>		6,380		6,380
Total cash fund balance at	Ф	50 2 0 5	Φ.	50.005	.	CA 022	.	5 (22)
End of year	\$	59,285	\$	59,285	\$	64,923	\$	5,638

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, Encumbrances, and Changes In Fund Balance – Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budget) – Police Pension Fund

	_	Original Budget	_	Final Budget	_	Actual]	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues:								
Property taxes	\$	230,968	\$	230,968	\$	205,191	\$	(25,777)
Intergovernmental		36,413	-	36,413	-	27,303		(9,110)
Total revenues	_	267,381	_	267,381	_	232,494		(34,887)
Expenditures:								
Current:		015 000		924.000		922.750		241
Public safety		815,000	-	824,000	-	823,759		241
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures		(547,619)		(556,619)		(591,265)		(34,646)
Other financing sources (uses):								
Transfers – in	_	474,587	-	474,587	=	355,854		(118,733)
Net change in fund balance		(73,032)		(82,032)		(235,411)		(153,379)
Cash fund balance at beginning of year	_	235,411	-	235,411	=	235,411		
Total cash fund balance at end of year	\$	162,379	\$ _	153,379	\$ _		9	(153,379)

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, Encumbrances, and Changes In Fund Balance – Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budget) – Fire Pension Fund

D.	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues:	Ф. 220.060	Φ 220.060	Φ 205.101	Φ (25.777)
Property taxes	\$ 230,968	\$ 230,968	\$ 205,191	\$ (25,777)
Intergovernmental	<u>37,831</u>	<u>37,831</u>	<u>27,302</u>	(10,529)
Total revenues	268,799	268,799	232,493	(36,306)
Expenditures:				
Current:				
Public safety	1,205,000	1,236,000	1,235,995	5
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures	(936,201)	(967,201)	(1,003,502)	(36,301)
Other financing sources (uses): Transfers – in	710,169	710,169	512,511	(197,658)
Net change in fund balance	(226,032)	(257,032)	(490,991)	(233,959)
Cash fund balance at beginning of year	490,991	490,991	490,991	
Cash fund balance at end of year	\$264,959	\$233,959	\$	\$(233,959)

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, Encumbrances, and Changes In Fund Balance – Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budget) – Earned Benefits Fund

D.	_	Original Budget	_	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues: Other revenue	\$_	45,000	\$_	45,000	\$ <u>-</u>	\$ (45,000)
Expenditures: Current: General government	_	45,000	_		<u> </u>	
Net change in fund balance		-		45,000	-	(45,000)
Cash fund balance at beginning of year	_		_			
Total cash fund balance at end of year	\$ _	<u> </u>	\$ _	45,000	\$ <u> </u>	\$ (45,000)

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, Encumbrances, and Changes In Fund Balance – Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budget) – Section 108 Loan Guarantee Fund

		Original Budget	-	Final Budget	Actual		Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues:							
Intergovernmental	\$_	<u>-</u>	\$_	899,000	\$ 899,0	<u>000</u>	\$
Expenditures: Current:							
Community development		_		227,946	227,0	606	340
Transportation		_		195,910	195,		43
Capital outlay		_		420,144	420,		- -
Suprim Suring	_		-	120,111			-
Total expenditures	_		-	844,000	843,0	<u>617</u>	383
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures		-		55,000	55,2	383	383
Cash fund balance at beginning of year	_	<u>-</u>	_	<u> </u>			
Cash fund balance at end of year: Unreserved Reserved for encumbrances		- -	-	55,000	55,; 137,		383 137,416
Total cash fund balance at end of year	\$ _	<u> </u>	\$	55,000	\$	<u>799</u>	\$137,799

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, Encumbrances, and Changes In Fund Balance – Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budget) – Office on Aging Donation Fund

	_	Original Budget		Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues:						
Interest earnings	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 1,881	\$ 1,881
Other revenues	-	10,000	-	10,000	4,865	(5,135)
Total revenues	_	10,000	-	10,000	6,746	(3,254)
Expenditures: Current:						
Public health	_	4,800	_	8,400	5,696	2,704
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures		5,200		1,600	1,050	(550)
expenditures		3,200		1,000	1,030	(330)
Cash fund balance at beginning of year	_	69,117	-	69,117	69,117	<u> </u>
Total cash fund balance at end of year	\$ _	74,317	\$	70,717	\$ 70,167	\$ (550)

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, Encumbrances, and Changes In Fund Balance – Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budget) – Animal Adoption Fund

	-	Original Budget	-	Final Budget	-	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Expenditures: Current: Public safety	\$_	250	\$_	250	\$_		\$ 250
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures		(250)		(250)		-	250
Cash fund balance at beginning of year	-	292	-	292	-	292	-
Total cash fund balance at end of year	\$ _	42	\$ _	42	\$	292	\$ 250

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, Encumbrances, and Changes In Fund Balance – Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budget) – Youth Recreation Donation Fund

D.	<u>-</u>	Original Budget	_	Final Budget	_	Actual		Variance with Final Budget ositive (Negative)
Revenues:	Φ		C		C	2 010	C	2 010
Other revenues	\$_		\$_	<u> </u>	\$_	2,818	\$	2,818
Total revenues	_		_		_	2,818	_	2,818
Expenditures: Current:								
General government	_	3,000	_	3,000	_	1,246	_	1,754
Excess of revenues over (under)								
expenditures		(3,000)		(3,000)		1,572		4,572
Cash fund balance at beginning of year	ar _	6,142	_	6,142	_	6,142		
Total cash fund balance at end of year	r \$ _	3,142	\$_	3,142	\$_	7,714	\$_	4,572

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, Encumbrances, and Changes In Fund Balance – Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budget) – Capital Improvements Fund

		Original Budget	Final Budget	_	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues:						, ,
Interest earnings	\$	10,748	\$ 10,748	\$	11,940	\$
Other revenue		270	<u>270</u>	_	300	30
Total revenues	_	11,018	11,018	_	12,240	1,222
Expenditures:						
Current:						
Sanitation		151,638	172,986		172,983	3
Transportation		394,013	449,483		419,492	29,991
General government		27,134	30,954		30,954	-
Capital outlay	_	322,215	367,577	_	367,296	281
Total expenditures	_	895,000	1,021,000	_	990,725	30,275
Excess of revenues over (under)						
expenditures	_	(883,982)	(1,009,982)	_	(978,485)	31,497
Other financing sources (uses):						
Proceeds from sale of debt		780,461	780,461		867,000	86,539
Other financing sources	_	103,521	103,521	_	115,000	11,479
Total other financing sources (uses)	_	883,982	883,982	_	982,000	98,018
Net change in fund balance		-	(126,000)		3,515	129,515
Cash fund balance at beginning of year		741,769	741,769		741,769	-
Current year charges against prior years Cash fund balance:						
Reserved for encumbrances	_	=		_	(502,896)	(502,896)
Cash fund balance at end of year:						
Unreserved		741,769	615,769		242,388	(373,381)
Reserved for encumbrances	_			_	67,490	67,490
Total cash fund balance at						
end of year	\$ _	741,769	\$ 615,769	\$ _	309,878	\$ (305,891)

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, Encumbrances, and Changes In Fund Balance – Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budget) – Economic Development Fund

Expenditures:	Original Budget	Final <u>Budget</u>	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Community development	\$15,000	\$426,100	\$ 426,097	\$3
Other financing sources (uses): Proceeds from sale of capital assets Transfers – in	72,830 <u>177,170</u>	119,771 291,364	119,000 289,488	(771) (1,876)
Total other financing sources (uses)	250,000	411,135	408,488	(2,647)
Net change in fund balance	235,000	(14,965)	(17,609)	(2,644)
Cash fund balance at beginning of year	17,610	17,610	17,610	
Total cash fund balance at end of year	\$252,610	\$ <u>2,645</u>	\$ <u> </u>	\$(2,644)

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, Encumbrances, and Changes In Fund Balance – Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budget) – City Hall Maintenance and Repair Fund

Expenditures:	-	Original Budget	-	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Current: General government	\$_	6,000	\$	6,000	\$ 780	\$ 5,220
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures	-	(6,000)	-	(6,000)	<u>(780</u>)	5,220
Net change in fund balance		(6,000)		(6,000)	(780)	5,220
Cash fund balance at beginning of year	-	6,768	-	6,768	6,768	-
Total cash fund balance at end of year	\$	768	\$	768	\$ 5,988	\$ 5,220

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, Encumbrances, and Changes In Fund Balance – Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budget) – Recreation Improvements Fund

		Original Budget	Final Budget	-	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues: Interest earnings	\$_		\$ 311	\$	364	\$ 53
Expenditures: Culture and recreation			309,191		309,189	2
Excess of revenues over (under) Expenditures		-	(308,880)		(308,825)	55
Other financing sources (uses): Proceeds from sale of debt Transfers – in		- -	237,687 56,002	-	278,000 65,500	40,313 9,498
Net change in fund balance		-	(15,191)		34,675	49,866
Cash fund balance at beginning of year		273,194	273,194		273,194	-
Current year charges against prior years Cash fund balance: Reserved for encumbrances				-	(117,964)	(117,964)
Cash fund balance at end of year: Unreserved Reserved for encumbrances	_	273,194	258,003	-	189,905 57,617	(68,098) 57,617
Total cash fund balance at end of year	\$ _	273,194	\$ 258,003	\$	247,522	\$ (10,481)

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, Encumbrances, and Changes In Fund Balance – Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budget) – Zagara TIF Fund

Expenditures:	_	Original Budget	-	Final Budget		Actual	Variance with Final Budge Positive (Negar	t
Debt service:								
Principal retirement	\$	-	\$	180,000	\$	180,000	\$	-
Interest and fiscal charges	_	110,000	-	66,063		66,063		-
Total expenditures	_	110,000	-	246,063		246,063		<u>-</u> _
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures		(110,000)		(246,063)		(246,063)		-
Other financing sources (uses): Transfers – in	_	246,100	-	246,100	•	246,063	(<u>(37</u>)
Net change in fund balance		136,100		37		-	((37)
Cash fund balance at beginning of year	_		-					<u>-</u>
Total cash fund balance at end of year	\$_	136,100	\$	37	\$		\$	<u>(37</u>)

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, Encumbrances, and Changes In Fund Balance – Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budget) – Ring Road Reconstruction Fund

		Original Budget	<u>-</u>	Final Budget	<u>-</u>	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues:							
Interest earnings	\$	-	\$	-	\$	16,122	\$ 16,122
Other revenue	_		-		-	1,875	1,875
Total revenues	_		-		-	17,997	17,997
Expenditures:							
Current:							
Transportation	_	-	-	3,400,500	-	3,072,946	327,554
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures		-		(3,400,500)		(3,054,949)	345,551
Other financing sources (uses): Proceeds from sale of debt Transfers – out	_	- -	-	3,510,000 (99,500)	-	3,510,000 (49,750)	49,750
Total other financing sources (uses)	_		-	3,410,500	-	3,460,250	49,750
Net change in fund balance		-		10,000		405,301	395,301
Cash fund balance at beginning of year	_	1,000,000	<u>-</u>	1,000,000	-	1,000,000	
Cash fund balance at end of year: Unreserved Reserved for encumbrances	_	1,000,000		1,010,000	-	1,405,301 72,139	395,301 72,139
Total cash fund balance at end of year	\$ _	1,000,000	\$ _	1,010,000	\$	1,477,440	\$ 467,440

STATISTICAI

SECTION



2003

Statistical Tables

December 31, 2003

STATISTICAL TABLES

The following unaudited statistical tables reflect social and economic data, financial trends and fiscal capacity of the City.

City Of Cleveland Heights, Ohio

General Fund Revenues By Source

Last Ten Fiscal Years

Table 1

<u>Year</u>	Taxes (a)	Inter- Govern- mental Revenues	Charges for Services	Licenses and Permits	Interest Revenue	Fines and Forfeitures	Other Revenue	Total
1994	\$ 22,172,749	\$ 542,034	\$ 1,310,535	\$ 748,534	\$ 743,491	\$ 1,244,594	\$ 439,629	\$ 27,201,566
1995	23,884,536	603,220	1,367,070	743,416	876,412	1,370,099	480,789	29,325,542
1996	23,996,891	719,248	1,391,770	783,425	1,103,000	2,071,687	399,757	30,465,778
1997	26,098,341	658,498	1,419,925	911,559	1,189,767	1,902,163	395,667	32,575,920
1998	27,630,331	714,016	1,406,238	842,090	1,267,841	2,013,851	528,916	34,403,283
1999	29,429,027	614,922	1,318,896	978,009	1,219,641	1,987,761	597,969	36,146,225
2000	30,678,243	657,585	1,186,295	941,980	1,415,494	2,082,131	680,213	37,641,941
2001	31,186,431	755,909	1,317,992	860,712	1,328,792	1,976,035	616,862	38,042,733
2002	29,432,002	715,305	1,972,398	886,025	594,990	1,894,685	1,064,008	36,559,413
2003	24,984,415(b)	4,788,147(b)	2,222,607	1,036,419	227,294	2,254,992	1,119,531	36,633,405

⁽a) Includes Property, Income, State-Levied and Shared, and Other Local Taxes.

SOURCE: City of Cleveland Heights, Finance Department

⁽b) State-Levied and Shared Taxes have been included in Intergovernmental Revenues.

City Of Cleveland Heights, Ohio

General Fund Expenditures By Function

Last Ten Fiscal Years

Table 2

<u>Year</u>	Public Safety	Public Health	Culture and Recreation	Community Development	Sanitation	Transportation	General Government	_	Total
1994	\$ 9,306,577	\$ 279,000	\$ 1,109,892	\$ 1,834,469	\$ 2,288,295	\$ 2,030,139	\$ 8,760,536	\$	25,608,908
1995	9,822,017	280,958	1,232,996	1,939,734	2,383,654	2,281,047	8,653,584		26,593,990
1996	10,979,749	310,003	1,339,726	2,075,300	2,474,798	2,243,557	8,173,437		27,596,570
1997	11,260,137	319,063	1,430,290	2,152,006	2,549,230	2,213,505	9,748,274		29,672,505
1998	11,470,408	321,010	1,416,539	2,200,943	2,577,468	2,114,355	9,367,305		29,468,028
1999	11,861,707	359,111	1,432,760	2,361,960	2,756,424	2,457,930	10,752,575		31,982,467
2000	12,692,494	381,495	1,569,774	2,725,883	2,863,542	2,737,375	11,191,191		34,161,754
2001	13,130,206	446,732	1,965,501	2,604,284	2,921,629	2,792,305	11,878,068		35,738,725
2002	13,073,176	421,092	2,933,284	2,770,185	2,506,851	3,114,675	12,607,065		37,426,328
2003	14,165,637	442,175	2,636,460	2,618,329	2,664,011	2,937,122	12,875,737		38,339,471

SOURCE: City of Cleveland Heights, Finance Department

City Of Cleveland Heights, Ohio

Assessed And Estimated Actual Value Of Taxable Property

Last Ten Fiscal Years

Table 3

•				pperty		Personal	Public			
Tax Year/ Collection		Assessed Value		Estimated Actual		Property Assessed		Utilities Assessed		Total Assessed
<u>Year</u>		v aiue	•	Value (a)	-	Value	-	Value	-	Value
1994/1995	\$	589,889,570	\$	1,685,398,771	\$	17,021,062	\$	29,618,460	\$	636,529,092
1995/1996		587,116,490		1,677,475,686		17,916,634		26,488,890		631,522,014
1996/1997		586,912,820		1,676,893,771		19,364,921		25,795,560		632,073,301
1997/1998		625,688,610		1,787,681,743		20,006,001		24,891,160		670,585,771
1998/1999		625,224,870		1,786,356,771		17,799,923		25,053,540		668,078,333
1999/2000		635,943,320		1,816,980,914		17,814,173		23,144,800		676,902,293
2000/2001		726,866,140		2,076,760,400		29,093,694		27,071,690		783,031,524
2001/2002		729,924,820		2,085,499,486		20,182,093		17,405,910		767,512,823
2002/2003		732,499,420		2,092,855,486		21,123,332		28,711,240		782,333,992
2003/2004		840,995,810		2,402,845,171		19,034,202		31,031,530		891,061,542

⁽a) Estimated Actual Value based on assessment level of 35% from tax year 1976 and later.

City Of Cleveland Heights, Ohio

Property Tax Rates – All Direct And Overlapping Governments (Per \$1,000 Of Assessed Valuation)

Last Ten Fiscal Years

Table 4

	_		C	City of Cleve	land He	eights				
Tax Year/ Collection Year		General Fund		Pension Trust Funds		Debt Service Funds	 Total	 Cleveland Heights School District (a)	 Cuyahoga County	 Total
1994/1995	\$	7.40	\$.60	\$	5.40	\$ 13.40	\$ 106.10	\$ 16.80	\$ 136.30
1995/1996		7.40		.60		5.00	13.00	106.10	16.60	135.70
1996/1997		7.40		.60		5.00	13.00	115.00	16.60	144.60
1997/1998		7.40		.60		6.80	14.80	115.00	16.60	146.40
1998/1999		7.40		.60		6.80	14.80	115.00	15.30	145.10
1999/2000		7.40		.60		6.80	14.80	115.00	15.30	145.10
2000/2001		7.40		.60		6.10	14.10	120.40	22.10	156.60
2001/2002		7.40		.60		6.00	14.00	121.10	22.10	157.20
2002/2003		7.02		.60		6.48	14.10	121.10	22.10	157.30
2003/2004		6.92		.60		6.48	14.00	121.10	23.90	159.00

⁽a) Includes Metroparks and Library Millage

City Of Cleveland Heights, Ohio

Property Tax Levies And Collections – Real And Public Utility

Last Ten Fiscal Years

Table 5

Tax Year/ Collection Year	Current Levy	Current Collections	Percent of Current Levy Collected	Collection Including Deficiencies	Total Collections As Percent of Current Levy	Accumulated Delinquency
1993/1994	\$ 7,559,491	\$ 7,337,943	97.1%	\$ 7,519,818	99.5%	\$ 406,460
1994/1995	8,270,939	7,998,778	96.7	8,158,566	98.8	454,893
1995/1996	7,973,014	7,771,157	97.5	8,042,842	100.9	441,489
1996/1997	7,962,696	7,634,915	95.9	7,846,977	98.5	526,354
1997/1998	9,616,713	9,178,450	95.4	9,475,890	98.5	678,710
1998/1999	9,635,501	9,172,322	95.1	9,711,046	100.7	716,147
1999/2000	9,743,195	9,252,309	94.9	9,767,024	100.2	699,950
2000/2001	10,625,214	9,943,816	93.6	10,421,735	98.1	934,936
2001/2002	10,446,924	9,671,218	92.6	10,305,299	98.6	1,008,768
2002/2003	10,790,451	10,045,171	93.1	10,662,371	98.8	1,250,800

City Of Cleveland Heights, Ohio

Special Assessment Collections

<u>Last Ten Fiscal Years</u> Table 6

Fiscal Year	_	Current Assessments Due	Total Collection Including Delinquencies	Total Collections As Percent of Current Assessments	Cumulative Delinquency
1994	\$	1,053,026	\$ 1,034,452	98.2%	\$ 116,613
1995		1,000,014	1,000,379	100.0	86,409
1996		1,050,219	1,049,510	99.9	72,614
1997		1,050,118	1,028,681	97.9	93,902
1998		1,324,209	1,324,415	100.0	338,061
1999		1,417,172	1,531,880	100.0	380,705
2000		1,444,773	1,678,829	100.0	367,476
2001		1,487,745	1,581,917	100.0	514,989
2002		1,681,306	1,880,374	111.8	522,920
2003		2,055,723	1,890,331	92.0	807,785

Computation Of Legal Debt Margin

SOURCE:

December 31, 2003		Table 7
Total Assessed Valuation		\$ <u>891,061,542</u>
Overall Debt Limitation – 10-1/2% of assessed valuation		\$ 93,561,462
Gross Indebtedness Less: Debt outside limitations	\$ 29,467,000	
Debt within 10-½% limitation Less: Bond Retirement Fund Balance	29,467,000 3,276,721	
Net debt within 10-1/2% limitation		26,190,279
Legal debt margin within 10-1/2% limitation		\$ 67,371,183
Unvoted Debt Limitation – 5-1/2% of assessed valuation		\$ 49,008,385
Gross indebtedness authorized by Council Less: Debt outside limitations	\$ 14,622,000	
Debt within 5-1/2% limitation Less: Bond Retirement Fund Balance	14,622,000 1,638,361	
Net debt within 5-1/2% limitation		12,983,639
Legal debt margin within 5-1/2% limitation		\$36,024,746

City of Cleveland Heights, Finance Department

Computation Of Direct And Overlapping Debt

December 31, 2003			Table 8
	Debt <u>Outstanding</u>	Percentage Applicable To City of Cleveland Heights	Amount Applicable To City of Cleveland Heights
City of Cleveland Heights	\$ 29,467,000 (a)	100.00%	\$ 29,467,000
Cleveland Heights – University Heights School District	15,534,990 (b)	74.55	11,581,335
Cuyahoga County	183,239,636 (b)	2.94	5,387,245
Greater Cleveland Regional Transit	<u>130,795,000</u> (b)	2.94	3,845,373
Total Overlapping Debt	329,569,626		20,813,953
Total Debt	\$ 359,036,626		\$ <u>50,280,953</u>

⁽a) Total General Obligation Debt Outstanding Including Notes Payable and Economic Development Revenue Bonds

SOURCE:

- (a) City of Cleveland Heights, Finance Department
- (b) Cuyahoga County Auditor's Office

⁽b) Gross General Obligation Debt Outstanding

City Of Cleveland Heights, Ohio

Ratio Of Annual Debt Service Expenditures For General Bonded Debt To Total General Fund Expenditures

Last Ten Fiscal Years

Table 9

<u>Year</u>	<u>Principal</u>	Interest	Total Debt Service on General Bonded Debt	General Fund Expenditures	Ratio of Tax Supported Debt Service To General Fund Expenditures
1994	\$ 1,905,000	\$ 1,170,544	\$ 3,075,544	\$ 25,608,908	12.0%
1995	1,935,000	1,067,850	3,002,850	26,593,990	11.3
1996	1,975,000	959,897	2,934,897	27,596,570	10.6
1997	1,635,000	847,653	2,482,653	29,672,505	8.4
1998	1,730,000	1,671,949	3,401,949	29,468,028	11.5
1999	2,040,000	1,515,039	3,555,039	31,982,467	11.1
2000	2,115,000	1,422,183	3,537,183	34,161,754	10.4
2001	2,185,000	1,362,126	3,547,126	35,738,725	9.9
2002	2,450,000	1,456,857	3,906,857	37,426,328	10.4
2003	2,570,000	1,297,386	3,867,386	38,339,471	10.1

SOURCE:

City of Cleveland Heights, Finance Department

City Of Cleveland Heights, Ohio

Ratio Of Net General Bonded Debt To Assessed Valuation And Net Bonded Debt Per Capita

Last Ten Fiscal Years

Table 10

<u>Year</u>	Population	Assessed Value (b)	_	Gross General Bonded Debt	_	Less Balance In Debt Service Fund	_	Net General Bonded Debt	Ratio of Net Bonded Debt To Assessed Value	I -	Net Bonded Debt Per Capita
1994	54,052 \$	636,529,092	\$	18,785,000	\$	3,412,511	\$	15,372,489	2.42%	\$	284.40
1995	54,052	631,522,014		16,850,000		3,374,719		13,475,281	2.13		249.30
1996	54,540	632,074,301		14,875,000		3,289,091		11,585,909	1.83		212.43
1997	54,540	670,585,771		28,240,000		3,181,982		25,058,018	3.74		459.44
1998	54,540	668,078,333		26,510,000		3,160,459		23,349,541	3.50		428.12
1999	54,540	676,902,293		26,470,000		3,067,926		23,402,074	3.46		429.08
2000	49,958	783,031,524		24,355,000		3,223,776		21,131,224	2.70		422.98
2001	50,769 ^(a)	767,512,823		26,365,000		3,136,351		23,228,649	3.03		457.54
2002	50,769 ^(a)	782,333,992		24,070,000		3,418,626		20,651,374	2.64		406.77
2003	50,769 ^(a)	891,061,542		27,807,000		3,276,721		24,530,279	2.75		483.17

⁽a) SOURCE: Federal 2001 Census, as revised by the U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census.

⁽b) SOURCE: Cuyahoga County Auditor

Demographic Statistics

December 31, 2003						Table 11
	_	1980		1990	_	2000
Population		56,438		54,540		50,769
Per capita income (in 1996 dollars)	\$	20,118	\$	22,584	\$	25,804
Number of dwelling units		21,405		21,862		21,828
Persons per household		2.64		2.52		2.38
Median age		31.00		33.70		35.20
Percentage owner-occupied dwelling units		62.6%		62.6%		62.1%
Median family income	\$	25,397	\$	43,541	\$	58,028
Family income distribution:						
\$0 - \$9,999 \$10,000 - \$14,999 \$15,000 - \$24,999 over \$25,000 Total families	_	1,526 1,316 4,003 7,153	_	684 451 1,663 10,407	_	712 252 970 10,370 12,304
Education distribution/grade years completed:						
0-8 9-11 12 13-15 16 or more		7.2% 9.4% 25.4% 18.4% 39.6%		3.6% 8.3% 18.1% 24.9% 45.1%		1.9% 6.5% 15.6% 26.0% 50.0%
High school graduates		83.4%		88.1%		91.6%

SOURCE: Federal 2000 Census, U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census.

Employment Distribution By Occupation

December 31, 2003 Table 12

	Number	Percentage
	Employed	of Total
Residents' employment distribution by occupation:	- · ·	
Management, professional, and related occupations	14,225	53.5%
Service occupations	3,180	12.0
Sales and office occupations	6,022	22.6
Farming, fishing, and forestry occupations	11	0.0
Construction, extraction, and maintenance occupations	880	3.3
Productions, transportation, and material moving occupations	2,284	8.6
Total employment	<u>26,602</u>	<u>100.0</u> %
Residents' employment distribution by industry:		
Agricultural, forestry, fishing and hunting, and mining	18	0.1%
Construction	683	2.6
Manufacturing	2,601	9.8
Wholesale trade	706	2.6
Retail trade	2,246	8.4
Transportation and warehousing, and utilities	1,063	4.0
Information	982	3.7
Finance, insurance, real estate, and rental and leasing	2,187	8.2
Professional, scientific, management, administrative,		
and waste management services	3,167	11.9
Educational, health and social services	8,836	33.2
Arts, entertainment, recreation, accommodation and food services	2,046	7.7
Other services (except public administration0	1,057	4.0
Public administration	1,010	3.8
Total employment	<u>26,602</u>	<u>100.0</u> %

SOURCE: Federal 2000 Census, U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census

City Of Cleveland Heights, Ohio

Last Ten Fiscal Years

(a)

Property Value, New Construction And Bank Deposits Table 13

Year Calendar/	Commercial/ Industrial	Residential	Cuyahoga County Bank Deposits (b)		Total Asse	essed	Value (a)
Collection	Construction (a)	Construction (a)	(In Thousands)	-	Commercial	_	Residential
1994/1995	\$ 772,050	\$ 358,330	\$ 20,885,453	\$	89,409,600	\$	500,479,970
1995/1996	1,572,754	638,966	22,458,573		88,586,160		498,530,330
1996/1997	411,930	604,850	27,068,211		88,619,930		498,292,890
1997/1998	1,566,920	643,090	53,941,971		92,988,980		532,699,630
1998/1999	900,680	426,820	58,904,596		92,643,810		532,581,060
1999/2000	8,942,790	681,830	57,816,942		103,265,710		532,677,610
2000/2001	4,332,580	475,420	61,942,764		121,304,650		605,561,490
2001/2002	2,240,210	1,003,440	63,893,769		124,836,080		605,388,740
2002/2003	3,493,310	1,984,410	95,761,917		124,975,940		563,120,040
2003/2004	1,444,180	3,151,530	97,238,973		134,174,420		706,821,340
SOURCE:	Cuyahoga County A	uditor					
SOURCE:	Federal Reserve Ban	nk of Cleveland (total o	demand, time, and saving	gs de _l	posits) for Cuyahoga (Count	ty, Ohio Banks

Principal Taxpayers

<u>December 31, 2003</u> Table 14

<u>Taxpayer</u>	Assessed Valuation (a)	Percentage of Total Assessed Valuation
SCIT Incorporated	\$ 13,146,540	1.47%
AT&T Wireless PCS	11,680,030	1.31
Kaiser Foundation Health Plan of Ohio	8,407,390	0.94
Ohio Bell Telephone Company	6,141,950	0.69
The Cleveland Electric Illuminating Company	6,067,950	0.68
American Retirement Corporation	4,165,810	0.47
Kensington Ltd. Partnership	2,401,070	0.27
Concord Company	2,366,530	0.27
Waldorf Partners Limited Partnership	2,216,320	0.25
SAA Incorporated	2,206,020	0.25
Total	\$ 58,799,610	6.60%
Total Assessed Valuation of City	\$ 891,061,542	

Property assessed at 35% of Fair Market Value

Other Statistics

December 31, 2003	Table 15
Date of incorporation as a village	May 1903
Date of incorporation as a city	February 1921
City Charter adopted	August 1921
Form of government	Council/Manager
Area	8.11 square miles
Miles of streets	132
Number of street lights	4,660
Fire protection: Number of stations Number of firemen and officers	2 79
Police protection: Number of stations Number of policemen and officers	1 107
Sewers: Miles of storm sewers. Miles of sanitary sewers	150 150
Building: 2003 Permits issued	2,108 \$26,368,502
Parks and recreation: Number of parks	6 2 2 18 9 3 5
SOURCE: City of Cleveland Heights, Planning Department City of Cleveland Heights, Building Department City of Cleveland Heights, Parks and Recreation Department City of Cleveland Heights, Payroll Department City of Cleveland Heights, Water Department City of Cleveland Heights, Street Maintenance Department	

Single Audit Reports

December 31, 2003

For The Year Ended December 31, 2003

Table Of Contents

<u>Title</u>	<u>Page</u>
Report on Compliance and on Internal Control over Financial Reporting based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards	1-2
Report on Compliance with Requirements Applicable to Each Major Program and Internal Control Over Compliance in Accordance with OMB Circular A-133	3-4
Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards	5
Notes to the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards	6
Schedule of Findings OMB Circular A-133 Section .505	7
Schedule of Prior Audit Findings OMB Circular A-133 Section .315(b)	8
Response to Findings Associated with Audit Conducted in Accordance with <i>Government Auditing Standards</i> for the Year Ended December 31, 2003	9



Report on Compliance and on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards

Members of the City Council of the City of Cleveland Heights, Ohio

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Cleveland Heights, Ohio as of and for the year ended December 31, 2003, which collectively comprise the City of Cleveland Heights, Ohio's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated June 1, 2004, wherein we noted the City of Cleveland Heights adopted *Government Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 34*. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Compliance

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City of Cleveland Heights, Ohio's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the City of Cleveland Heights, Ohio's internal control over financial reporting in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements and not to provide assurance on the internal control over financial reporting. Our consideration of the internal control over financial reporting would not necessarily disclose all matters in the internal control that might be material weaknesses. A material weakness is a condition in which the design or operation of one or more of the internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that misstatements in amounts that would be material in relation to the financial statements being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions. We noted no matters involving the internal control over financial reporting and its operation that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, we noted other matters involving the internal control over financial reporting that we have reported to management of the City in a separate letter dated June 1, 2004.



Joel Strom Associates LLC National Investor Services, Ltd. 25201 Chagrin Boulevard Cleveland, Ohio 44122.5683 p. 216.831.7171 f. 216.831.3020 www.cp-advisors.com



Members of the City Council of the City of Cleveland Heights, Ohio

Ciuni & Banichi, Inc.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the City Council, Finance Committee, Management, Auditor of State's Office, and federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Cleveland, Ohio



CPAs and Business Advisors

Report on Compliance with Requirements Applicable to Each Major Program and on Internal Control Over Compliance in Accordance with OMB Circular A-133

Members of the City Council of the City of Cleveland Heights, Ohio

Compliance

We have audited the compliance of the City of Cleveland Heights, Ohio with the types of compliance requirements described in the *U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Circular A-133 Compliance Supplement* that are applicable to each of its major federal programs for the year ended December 31, 2003. The City of Cleveland Heights, Ohio's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings. Compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to each of its major federal programs is the responsibility of the City of Cleveland Heights, Ohio's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the City of Cleveland Heights, Ohio's compliance based on our audit.

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. Those standards and OMB Circular A-133 require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the City of Cleveland Heights, Ohio's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the City of Cleveland Heights, Ohio's compliance with those requirements.

In our opinion, the City of Cleveland Heights complied, in all material respects, with the requirements referred to above that are applicable to each of its major federal programs for the year ended December 31, 2003.



25201 Chagrin Boulevard Cleveland, Ohio 44122.5683 p. 216.831.7171 f. 216.831.3020 www.cp-advisors.com



Members of the City Council of the City of Cleveland Heights, Ohio

Internal Control Over Compliance

The management of the City of Cleveland Heights is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to federal programs. In planning and performing our audit, we considered the City of Cleveland Heights, Ohio's internal control over compliance with requirements that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on compliance and to test and report on the internal control over compliance in accordance with OMB Circular A-133.

Our consideration of the internal control over compliance would not necessarily disclose all matters in the internal control that might be material weaknesses. A material weakness is a condition in which the design or operation of one or more of the internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that noncompliance with applicable requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants that would be material in relation to a major federal program being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions. We noted no matters involving the internal control over compliance and its operation that we consider to be material weaknesses.

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards

Ciuni & Banichi, Inc.

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of City of Cleveland Heights, Ohio, as of and for the year ended December 31, 2003, and have issued our report thereon dated June 1, 2004, wherein we noted the City of Cleveland Heights adopted *Government Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 34*. Our audit was performed for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City of Cleveland Heights, Ohio's basic financial statements. The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by OMB Circular A-133 and is not a required part of the basis financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the City Council, Finance Committee, Management, Auditor of State's Office, and federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Cleveland, Ohio June 1, 2004

Schedule Of Expenditures Of Federal Awards

For The Year Ended December 31, 2003

Federal Grantor/Pass-Through	Federal CFDA Number	Pass-Through Entity Identifying Number	Federal Expenditures
U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development:			
Community Development Block Grant Subtotal Direct Program	14.218	N/A	\$ 2,415,390
Section 108 Loan Program	14.248	N/A	706,201
Pass-Through Program From: Cuyahoga County Housing Consortium: HOME Investment Partnership Program	14.239	N/A	184,060
Pass-Through Program From Cuyahoga County Department of Development Lead Safe Cuyahoga Program	14.900	N/A	203,808
Total U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development			3,509,459
U.S. Department of Health and Human Services:			
Pass-Through Program From: State Department of Aging and the Western Reserve Area Agency on Aging: Title III-B of the Older Americans Act	94.044	N/A	33,479
Total U.S. Department of Health and Human Services			33,479
Federal Emergency Management Agency: Assistance to Firefighters Grant Program Total Federal Emergency Management Agency	83.554	N/A	153,510 153,510
U.S. Environmental Protection Agency: Pass-Through Program From: American Lung Association of Ohio: Cleveland Air Toxics Pilot Project	66.034	N/A	<u> 16,467</u>
Total Expenditures of Federal Awards			\$ <u>3,712,915</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this schedule

Notes To The Schedule Of Expenditures Of Federal Awards

For The Year Ended December 31, 2003

Note 1: Basis of Presentation

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards includes the federal grant activity of the City of Cleveland Heights, Ohio and is presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. Therefore, some amounts presented in this schedule may differ from amounts presented in, or used in the preparation of, the basic financial statements.

Note 2: Subrecipients

Of the federal expenditures presented in the schedule, the City of Cleveland Heights provided federal awards to subrecipients as follows:

	Federal	Amount
	CFDA	Provided to
Program Title	Number	Subrecipients
Community Development Block Grant		
Entitlement Grants	14.218	\$ 515,253

Note 3: Loans Outstanding

In 2003 the City received a \$899,000 loan from HUD under Section 108 of Title I of the Housing and Community Development Act, as amended, of which \$706,201 was expended. The funds will be repaid to the City once the project is completed. The amount loaned out by the City has not been reflected in this schedule of expenditures of federal awards. The outstanding loan balance as of December 31, 2003 was \$706,201.

Note 4: Subsequent Event

From 2000 to 2003 HUD performed an audit of the CDBG Grant and their report was issued in May, 2004. Within the report there were no findings or questioned costs against the City of Cleveland Heights.

Schedule Of Findings OMB Circular A-133 Section .505

December 31, 2003

1. Summary of Auditor's Results

(d)(I)(i)	Type of Financial Statement Opinion	Unqualified
(d)(I)(ii)	Were there any material control weakness conditions reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
(d)(I)(ii)	Were there any other reportable control weakness conditions reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
(d)(I)(iii)	Was there any material reported noncompliance at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
(d)(I)(iv)	Were there any material internal control weakness conditions reported for major federal programs?	No
(d)(I) (iv)	Were there any other reportable internal control weakness conditions reported for major federal programs?	No
(d)(I) (v)	Type of Major Programs' Compliance Opinion	Unqualified
(d)(I)(vi)	Are there any reportable findings under Section .510?	No
(d)(I)(vii)	Major Programs	Community Development Block Grant CFDA No. 14.218 Section 108 Loan Program CFDA No. 14.248
(d)(I)(viii)	Dollar Threshold: Type A/B Programs	Type A:>\$300,000 Type B:>All Others
(d)(I)(ix)	Low Risk Auditee?	Yes

2. Findings Related To the Financial Statements Required To Be Reported In Accordance With GAGAS

None.	
-------	--

3. Findings for Federal Awards

None.

Schedule Of Prior Audit Findings OMB Circular A-133 Section .315(B)

December 31, 2003

None.

40 Severance Circle Cleveland Heights, Ohio 44118 (216) 291-4444

Response to Findings Associated With Audit Conducted In Accordance With *Government Auditing Standards*For The Year Ended December 31, 2003

eipated Respon	Anticipated		
oletion Con	Completion	Planned Corrective	Finding
ate Pers	Date	Action	Number
ale	Date	Action	Not Applicable



88 East Broad Street P.O. Box 1140 Columbus, Ohio 43216-1140

Telephone 614-466-4514

800-282-0370

Facsimile 614-466-4490

CITY OF CLEVELAND HEIGHTS CUYAHOGA COUNTY

CLERK'S CERTIFICATION

This is a true and correct copy of the report which is required to be filed in the Office of the Auditor of State pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in Columbus, Ohio.

CLERK OF THE BUREAU

Susan Babbitt

CERTIFIED OCTOBER 7, 2004