



Auditor of State Betty Montgomery

Table of Contents

Title	Page
Independent Accountants' Report	1
Combined Balance Sheet - All Fund Types and Account Groups	4
Combined Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - All Governmental Fund Types	8
Combined Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual Comparison (Non-GAAP Basis) - All Governmental Fund Types	10
Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Equity - Enterprise Fund	14
Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Comparison (Non-GAAP Basis) - Enterprise Fund	15
Statement of Cash Flows - Enterprise Fund	16
Notes to the General-Purpose Financial Statements	17
Independent Accountants' Report on Compliance and on Internal Control Required by <i>Government Auditing Standards</i>	41
Schedule of Findings	43

This page intentionally left blank.



Auditor of State Betty Montgomery

INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT

Cory-Rawson Local School District Hancock County 3930 County Road 26 Rawson, Ohio 45881-9609

To the Board of Education:

We have audited the accompanying general-purpose financial statements of Cory-Rawson Local School District, Hancock County, (the District) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2002, as listed in the table of contents. These general-purpose financial statements are the responsibility of the District's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these general-purpose financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the general-purpose financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Cory-Rawson Local School District, Hancock County, as of June 30, 2002, and the results of its operations and the cash flows of its enterprise fund for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 23, 2003 on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grants. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* and should be read in conjunction with this report in considering the results of our audit.

Betty Montgomery

Betty Montgomery Auditor of State

December 23, 2003

One Government Center / Room 1420 / Toledo, OH 43604-2246 Telephone: (419) 245-2811 (800) 443-9276 Fax: (419) 245-2484 www.auditor.state.oh.us This page intentionally left blank.

This page intentionally left blank.

Combined Balance Sheet All Fund Types and Account Groups June 30, 2002

	Governmental Fund Types						
	General	Special Revenue	Debt Service	Capital Projects			
ASSETS AND OTHER DEBITS							
Assets:							
Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents Cash and Cash Equivalents with Fiscal Agents Receivables:	\$ 219,954 -	\$ 84,633 7,955	\$ 15,875 -	\$ 75,321 -			
Property Taxes	1,522,909	-	-	75,591			
Income Taxes	235,749	-	-	-			
Accounts	1,031	591	-	-			
Intergovernmental	-	21,276	-	-			
Interfund	26,648	-	-	-			
Prepaid Items	41,901	-	-	-			
Inventory Held for Resale	-	-	-	-			
Materials and Supplies Inventory Restricted Assets:	6,692	-	-	-			
Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents Fixed Assets (net, where applicable,	15,285	-	-	-			
of accumulated depreciation)	-	-	-	-			
Other Debits:							
Amount Available in Debt Service Fund for Retirement of General Obligation Debt Amount to be Provided from General Governmental Resources	-	-	-	-			
Total Assets and Other Debits	\$ 2,070,169	\$ 114,455	\$ 15,875	\$ 150,912			

	oprietary nd Type		duciary nd Type	A	ccoun	t Group	S		
				Gene	ral	Ge	neral		Totals
Γ.				Fixe			g-Term	(Me	emorandum
En	terprise		gency	Asse	ts	gildO	ations		Only)
\$	14,167	\$	33,689	\$	_	\$	_	\$	443,639
Ŧ	-	Ŧ	-	Ŧ	-	Ŧ	-	Ŧ	7,955
									4 500 500
	-		-		-		-		1,598,500 235,749
	-		-		-		-		1,622
	4,060		-		_		_		25,336
	-		-		-		-		26,648
	742		-		-		-		42,643
	3,789		-		-		-		3,789
	950		-		-		-		7,642
	-		-		-		-		15,285
	9,159		-	6,313	3,921		-		6,323,080
							45.075		45.075
	-		-		-		15,875		15,875
	-		-		-	5	05,529		505,529
\$	32,867	\$	33,689	\$ 6,313	8,921	\$5	21,404	\$	9,253,292
	<u> </u>		<u> </u>						<u> </u>

(Continued)

Combined Balance Sheet All Fund Types and Account Groups June 30, 2002 (Continued)

	Governmental Fund Types						
	General	Special Revenue	Debt Service	Capital Projects			
LIABILITIES, FUND EQUITY, AND OTHER CREDI	TS:						
Liabilities:							
Accounts Payable	\$ 16,360	\$ 16,140	\$-	\$-			
Accrued Wages and Benefits	608,632	6,713	-	-			
Compensated Absences Payable	3,509	-	-	-			
Intergovernmental Payable	93,619	-	-	-			
Interfund Payable	-	21,178	-	-			
Deferred Revenue	1,462,284	-	-	71,417			
Undistributed Assets	-	-	-	-			
Due to Students	-	-	-	-			
Accrued Interest Payable	-	-	-	544			
Computer Notes Payable	-	-	-	-			
Musical Instruments Notes Payable	-	-	-	-			
Permanent Improvement Notes Payable				52,932			
Total Liabilities	2,184,404	44,031		124,893			
Fund Equity and Other Credits:							
Investment in General Fixed Assets	-	-	-	-			
Retained Earnings:							
Unreserved (Deficit)	-	-	-	-			
Contributed Capital	-	-	-	-			
Fund Balance:							
Reserved for Property Taxes	84,826	-	-	4,174			
Reserved for Bus Purchase	15,285	-	-	-			
Reserved for Encumbrances	11,673	19,057	-	1,575			
Unreserved (Deficit)	(226,019)	51,367	15,875	20,270			
Total Fund Equity (Deficit) and Other Credits	(114,235)	70,424	15,875	26,019			
Total Liabilities, Fund Equity, and Other Credits	\$ 2,070,169	\$ 114,455	\$ 15,875	\$ 150,912			

Proprietary Fund Type	Fiduciary Fund Type	Account	t Groups	
Enterprise	Agency	General Fixed Assets	General Long-Term Obligations	Totals (Memorandum Only)
\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$ 32,500
16,490	-	-	-	631,835
770	-	-	438,223	442,502
12,838	-	-	42,318	148,775
5,223	247	-	-	26,648
-	-	-	-	1,533,701
-	5,311	-	-	5,311
-	28,131	-	-	28,131
-	-	-	-	544
-	-	-	25,022	25,022
-	-	-	15,841	15,841
-		-		52,932
35,321	33,689		521,404	2,943,742
-	-	6,313,921	-	6,313,921
(66,194)	_	_	_	(66,194)
63,740	_			63,740
00,740	-	-	-	03,740
-	-	-	_	89,000
-	-	-	_	15,285
-	-	-	_	32,305
				(138,507)
(2,454)		6,313,921		6,309,550
\$ 32,867	\$ 33,689	\$ 6,313,921	\$ 521,404	\$ 9,253,292

Combined Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances All Governmental Fund Types For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2002

	Governmental Fund Types				
D	General	Special Revenue			
Revenues: Property Taxes Income Taxes Payment in Lieu of Taxes Intergovernmental Interest Tuition and Fees Extracurricular Activities Gifts and Donations Miscellaneous	\$ 1,499,822 612,839 17,928 2,715,994 21,676 43,216 - 10,438 38,419	\$			
Total Revenues	4,960,332	348,054			
Expenditures: Current: Instruction: Regular Special Vocational Other Support Services: Pupils Instructional Staff Board of Education Administration	2,358,677 358,224 198,240 37,103 158,151 303,795 25,748 598,589	97,602 28,734 - - 28,667 23,283 - 58,288			
Fiscal	158,984	-			
Business Operation and Maintenance of Plant Pupil Transportation Central Non-Instructional Services Extracurricular Activities Capital Outlay Intergovernmental Debt Service: Principal Retirement Interest and Fiscal Charges	16 453,085 323,214 2,974 - 140,449 - - -	- 11,737 1,775 105,745 - 3,386 - -			
Total Expenditures	5,117,249	359,217			
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(156,917)	(11,163)			
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Sale of Fixed Assets Operating Transfers In Operating Transfers Out Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	1,163 (15,718) (14,555)	4,526			
Excess of Revenues and Other Financing Sources Over					
(Under) Expenditures and Other Financing Uses Fund Balances (Deficit) at Beginning of Year	(171,472) 57,237	(6,637) 77,061			
Fund Balances (Deficit) at End of Year	\$ (114,235)	\$ 70,424			

Governmental	Fund Types	
Debt Service	Capital Projects	Totals (Memorandum Only)
\$ 28,475	\$ 78,483	\$ 1,606,780
-	-	612,839
-	31,220	49,148
-	33,026	2,948,730
-	480	22,361
-	-	43,334
-	-	125,413
-	-	32,285 39,180
20.475	142.200	
28,475	143,209	5,480,070
-	-	2,456,279
-	-	386,958
-	-	198,240
-	-	37,103
-	-	186,818
-	-	327,078
-	-	25,748
-	-	656,877
-	1,503	160,487
-	-	16
-	7,190	460,275
-	-	323,214
-	-	14,711 1,775
	_	246,194
-	70,404	70,404
-	-	3,386
25 150		25,150
25,150 3,325	4,264	7,589
28,475	83,361	5,588,302
20,475		
-	59,848	(108,232)
-	-	1,163
-	-	4,526
		(15,718)
-	-	(10,029)
-	59,848	(118,261)
15,875	(33,829)	116,344
\$ 15,875	\$ 26,019	\$ (1,917)

Combined Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Budget and Actual Comparison (Non-GAAP Basis) All Governmental Fund Types For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2002

	General Fund					
		Revised Budget		Actual	Fav	riance vorable ivorable)
Revenues: Property Taxes Income Taxes Payment in Lieu of Taxes Intergovernmental Interest Tuition and Fees Extracurricular Activities	\$	1,492,089 620,000 200 2,725,709 35,000 36,100	\$	1,492,089 611,682 17,928 2,715,994 20,281 43,171	\$	(8,318) 17,728 (9,715) (14,719) 7,071
Gifts and Donations Miscellaneous		4,000 40,484		10,403 42,342		6,403 1,858
Total Revenues		4,953,582		4,953,890		308
Expenditures:						
Current: Instruction: Regular Special Vocational Adult/Continuing		2,364,982 356,614 196,489		2,336,379 356,607 195,449		28,603 7 1,040
Other Support Services:		37,105		37,103		2
Pupils Instructional Staff Board of Education Administration Fiscal		158,646 306,672 27,515 612,983 163,589		157,854 301,308 26,863 595,285 160,023		792 5,364 652 17,698 3,566
Business Operation and Maintenance of Plant Pupil Transportation Central Non-Instructional Services		20 466,906 326,573 2,995		16 459,417 325,873 2,991		4 7,489 700 4
Extracurricular Activities Capital Outlay Intergovernmental Debt Service: Principal Retirement Interest and Fiscal Charges		146,936 - - -		140,190 - - -		6,746 - - -
Total Expenditures		5,168,025		5,095,358		72,667
Excess of Revenues Under Expenditures		(214,443)		(141,468)		72,975
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Sale of Fixed Assets Refund of Prior Year Expenditures Other Financing Sources Other Financing Uses Advances In Advances Out Operating Transfers In		200		1,163 222 8,113 (27,429)		963 222 8,113 3,193
Operating Transfers Out Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(12,532)		(15,718)		<u>(3,186)</u> 9,305
Excess of Revenues and Other Financing Sources Over (Under) Expenditures and Other Financing Uses		(42,954)		(33,649) (175,117)		9,305
Fund Balances at Beginning of Year Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated		376,554 9,593		376,554 9,593		-
Fund Balances at End of Year	\$	128,750	\$	211,030	\$	82,280

	Spec	ial Revenue	unds	Marianaa		Debt S	ervice Fund	Ver	
Revised Budget		Actual		Variance Favorable Infavorable)	Revised Budget		Actual	Fav	iance orable vorable)
\$	- \$	5	- \$	-	\$ 65,721	\$	65,721	\$	
69,0 ⁻ 80	- 78 00	116,52 20	- 22 05	- 47,444 (595)	- -				
144,70 19,00 6,50	00	125,6 21,3 7	- 56 74 00	- (19,044) 2,374 (5,800)					
240,0		264,4		24,379	 65,721		65,721		
29,10		76,8	97	(47,736)	-		-		
21,54	46 -	21,54	46 -	-	-		-		
	-		-	-	-		-		
8,3	23	10,32	23	(2,000)	-		-		
80,8	77	47,40	28	33,469	800		-		80
3,4	- 50		-	- 3,450	-		-		
5,4 1,7 125,1	76	11,73 1,73 112,10	75	- (6,300) 1 13,011					
3,3	- 86	3,38	36	-	-		-		
	-		-	-	57,796 7,925		57,796 7,925		
279,0	75	285,18	30	(6,105)	 66,521		65,721		80
(38,9	97)	(20,72	23)	18,274	 (800)		-		80
	-	(- 61	61	-		-		
(31,09 4,80 (5,3 4,00	66 15)	(31,09 27,42 (8,1 4,52	<u>29</u> 13)	- 22,563 (2,798) 526			-		
(27,54	-	(7,18		20,352	 		-		
					 (900)				
(66,55 67,80 9,43	63	(27,9 ⁻ 67,8(9,4{	63	38,626 - -	 (800) 15,875 -		- 15,875 -		80
\$ 10,8				38,626	\$ 15,075	\$	15,875	\$	80

(Continued)

Combined Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Budget and Actual Comparison (Non-GAAP Basis) All Governmental Fund Types For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2002 (Continued)

	Capital Projects Funds						
_		evised udget		Actual	Fa	ariance avorable favorable)	
Revenues: Property Taxes	\$	40,484	\$	40,970	\$	486	
Income Taxes	φ	40,404	φ	-	φ	-	
Payment in Lieu of Taxes		10,000		31,220		21,220	
Intergovernmental Interest		8,000 150		33,026 480		25,026 330	
Tuition and Fees		-		-		-	
Extracurricular Activities Gifts and Donations		-		-		-	
Miscellaneous		-		-		-	
Total Revenues		58,634		105,696		47,062	
Expenditures:							
Current:							
Instruction: Regular		10.119		34.293		(24.174)	
Special		- 10.119		- 54.295		(24.174)	
Vocational Adult/Continuing		-		-		-	
Adult/Continuing Other		-		-		-	
Support Services:							
Pupils Instructional Staff		-		-		-	
Board of Education		-		-		-	
Administration		4 505		4 500		-	
Fiscal Business		1.505		1.503		2	
Operation and Maintenance of Plant		60.772		9.917		50.855	
Pupil Transportation Central		-		-		-	
Non-Instructional Services		-		-		-	
Extracurricular Activities Capital Outlay		- 36.195		- 36.194		- 1	
Intergovernmental		- 30.195		- 30.194		-	
Debt Service: Principal Retirement							
Interest and Fiscal Charges		-		-		-	
Total Expenditures		108,591		81,907		26,684	
Excess of Revenues Under Expenditures		(49,957)		23,789		73,746	
Other Financing Sources (Uses):							
Sale of Fixed Assets Refund of Prior Year Expenditures		-		-		-	
Other Financing Sources		-		-		-	
Other Financing Uses		-		-		-	
Advances In Advances Out		-		-		-	
Operating Transfers In		-		-		-	
Operating Transfers Out		-		-		-	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		-		-		-	
Excess of Revenues and Other Financing Sources Over		(40.057)		00 700		70 740	
(Under) Expenditures and Other Financing Uses		(49,957) 44,578		23,789		73,746	
Fund Balances at Beginning of Year Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated		44,578 5,379		44,578 5,379		-	
Fund Balances at End of Year	\$		\$	73,746	\$	73,746	
	–		–	,	<u> </u>	,	

Тс	otals (Memorandum Onl	y)
Revised Budget	Actual	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)
\$ 1,598,294 620,000 10,200 2,802,787 35,950 36,100 144,700 23,000 46,984 5,318,015	\$ 1,598,780 611,682 49,148 2,865,542 20,966 43,171 125,656 31,777 43,042 5,200,764	\$ 486 (8,318) 38,948 62,755 (14,984) 7,071 (19,044) 8,777 (3,942) 7,174
5,316,015	5,389,764	71,749
2,404,262 378,160 196,489	2,447,569 378,153 195,449	(43,307) 7 1,040
37,105	37,103	2
$\begin{array}{c} 158,646\\ 314,995\\ 27,515\\ 693,860\\ 165,894\\ 20\\ 531,128\\ 326,573\\ 8,432\\ 1,776\\ 272,055\\ 36,195\\ 3,386\end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 157,854\\ 311,631\\ 26,863\\ 642,693\\ 161,526\\ 16\\ 469,334\\ 325,873\\ 14,728\\ 1,775\\ 252,298\\ 36,194\\ 3,386\end{array}$	792 3,364 652 51,167 4,368 4 61,794 700 (6,296) 1 19,757 1
57,796 7,925	57,796 7,925	-
5,622,212	5,528,166	94,046
(304,197)	(138,402)	165,795
200	1,163 283	963 283
(31,091) 4,866 (35,937) 4,000 (12,532)	(31,091) 35,542 (35,542) 4,526 (15,718)	- 30,676 395 526 (3,186)
(70,494)	(40,837)	29,657
(374,691) 504,870 24,456	(179,239) 504,870 24,456	195,452 - -
\$ 154,635	\$ 350,087	\$ 195,452

Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Equity Enterprise Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2002

Operating Revenues: Sales	\$ 172,921
Operating Expenses: Salaries Fringe Benefits Purchased Services Materials and Supplies Cost of Sales Depreciation	 84,753 21,663 340 5,778 119,968 1,729
Total Operating Expenses	 234,231
Operating Loss	 (61,310)
Non-Operating Revenues: Interest Federal Donated Commodities Operating Grants	 204 14,464 36,226
Total Non-Operating Revenues	 50,894
Loss before Operating Transfers	(10,416)
Operating Transfers In	 11,192
Net Income	776
Retained Earnings (Deficit) at Beginning of Year	 (66,970)
Retained Earnings (Deficit) at End of Year	(66,194)
Contributed Capital at Beginning and End of Year	 63,740
Total Fund Equity (Deficit) at End of Year	\$ (2,454)

Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual Comparison (Non-GAAP Basis) Enterprise Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2002

	-	Revised Budget	 Actual	Fa	ariance vorable avorable)
Revenues: Sales Interest Operating Grants	\$	161,500 - 42,500	\$ 172,921 204 32,166	\$	11,421 204 (10,334)
Total Revenues		204,000	 205,291		1,291
Expenses: Salaries Fringe Benefits Purchased Services Materials and Supplies Capital Outlay		89,124 24,550 1,031 111,074 2,200	 84,797 20,762 340 111,066 1,331		4,327 3,788 691 8 869
Total Expenses		227,979	 218,296		9,683
Excess of Revenues Under Expenses		(23,979)	(13,005)		10,974
Operating Transfers In		8,000	 11,192		(3,192)
Excess of Revenues Under Expenses and Transfers		(15,979)	(1,813)		14,166
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year		15,979	 15,979		-
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$		\$ 14,166	\$	14,166

Statement of Cash Flows Enterprise Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2002

Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash Flows from Operating Activities: Cash Received from Customers Cash Payments for Salaries Cash Payments for Fringe Benefits Cash Payments to Suppliers	\$ 172,921 (84,797) (20,762) (111,485)
Net Cash Used for Operating Activities	 (44,123)
Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities: Cash Received from Operating Grants Cash Received from Operating Transfers In	 32,166 11,192
Net Cash Provided by Noncapital Financing Activities	 43,358
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities: Cash Payments for Fixed Assets	 (1,251)
Cash Flows from Investing Activities: Cash Received from Interest	 204
Net Decrease in Cash and Cash Equivalents	(1,812)
Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Year	 15,979
Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Year	\$ 14,167
Reconciliation of Operating Loss to Net Cash Used for Operating Activities:	
Operating Loss	\$ (61,310)
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Loss to Net Cash Used for Operating Activities: Depreciation	1,729
Donated Commodities Received During Year Changes in Assets and Liabilities: Increase in Prepaid Items	14,464 (110)
Decrease in Inventory Held for Resale	393
Increase in Materials and Supplies Inventory Increase in Accrued Wages and Benefits	(256) 1,137
Decrease in Compensated Absences Payable	(192)
Increase in Intergovernmental Payable	 22
Net Cash Used for Operating Activities	\$ (44,123)

Non-Cash Transactions:

During fiscal year 2002, the School District received donated commodities in the Food Service enterprise fund, in the amount of \$14,464.

Notes to the General Purpose Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2002

NOTE 1 - DESCRIPTION OF THE SCHOOL DISTRICT AND REPORTING ENTITY

Cory-Rawson Local School District (the School District) is organized under Article VI, Sections 2 and 3 of the Constitution of the State of Ohio. The School District operates under a locally-elected Board form of government consisting of five members elected at-large for staggered four year terms. The School District provides educational services as authorized by state and federal guidelines.

The School District was established in 1949 through the consolidation of existing land areas and school districts. The School District serves an area of approximately one hundred five square miles. It is located in Hancock County. The School District is the 545th largest in the State of Ohio (among 613 school districts) in terms of enrollment. It is staffed by thirty-nine classified employees, fifty-four certified teaching personnel, and six administrative employees who provide services to seven hundred seventy-six students and other community members. It currently operates an elementary school and a middle/high school.

Reporting Entity

A reporting entity is composed of the primary government, component units, and other organizations that are included to insure the financial statements are not misleading. The primary government of the School District consists of all funds, departments, boards, and agencies that are not legally separate from the School District. For Cory-Rawson Local School District, this includes general operations, food service, and student related activities of the School District.

Component units are legally separate organizations for which the School District is financially accountable. The School District is financially accountable for an organization if the School District appoints a voting majority of the organization's governing board and (1) the School District is able to significantly influence the programs or services performed or provided by the organization; or (2) the School District is legally entitled to or can otherwise access the organization's resources; the School District is legally obligated or has otherwise assumed the responsibility to finance the deficits of, or provide financial support to, the organization; or the School District is obligated for the debt of the organization. Component units may also include organizations that are fiscally dependent on the School District in that the School District approves the budget, the issuance of debt, or the levying of taxes. There are no component units of the Cory-Rawson Local School District.

The School District's reporting entity includes the following:

<u>Trinity Evangelical Lutheran School</u> - Within the School District's boundaries, Trinity Evangelical Lutheran School is operated as a private school. Current State legislation provides funding to the parochial school. The monies are received and disbursed on behalf of the parochial school by the Treasurer of the School District, as directed by the parochial school. The activity is reflected in a special revenue fund of the School District.

The School District is associated with four jointly governed organizations and two insurance pools. These organizations are the Northwest Ohio Area Computer Services Cooperative, Millstream Cooperative Vocational Career Center, Hancock County Local Professional Development Committee, Northwestern Ohio Educational Research Council, Inc., Hancock County Schools Health Benefit Fund and Trust, and the NOACSC Workers' Compensation Group Rating Plan. Information about these organizations is presented in Notes 18 and 19 to the combined financial statements.

Notes to the General Purpose Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2002 (Continued)

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of Cory-Rawson Local School District have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The School District also applies Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) statements and interpretations issued on or before November 30, 1989, to the enterprise fund provided they do not conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements. Following are the more significant of the School District's accounting policies.

A. Basis of Presentation - Fund Accounting

The School District uses funds and account groups to report on its financial position and the results of its operations. Fund accounting is designed to demonstrate legal compliance and to aid financial management by segregating transactions related to certain School District functions or activities.

A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts recording cash and other financial resources, together with all related liabilities and residual equities or balances, and changes therein, which are segregated for the purpose of carrying on specific activities or attaining certain objectives in accordance with special restrictions or limitations. An account group is a financial reporting device designed to provide accountability for certain assets and liabilities not recorded in the funds because they do not directly affect net available expendable resources.

For financial statement presentation purposes, the various funds of the School District are grouped into the following generic fund types under the broad fund categories of governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary.

GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES

Governmental funds are those through which most governmental functions of the School District are financed. The acquisition, use, and balances of the School District's expendable financial resources and the related current liabilities (except those accounted for in proprietary funds and trust funds) are accounted for through governmental funds. The following are the School District's governmental fund types:

<u>General Fund</u> - The General Fund is the operating fund of the School District and is used to account for all financial resources, except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The General Fund balance is available to the School District for any purpose provided it is expended or transferred according to the general laws of Ohio.

<u>Special Revenue Funds</u> - Special revenue funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than major capital projects) that are legally restricted to expenditure for specified purposes.

<u>Debt Service Fund</u> - The debt service fund is used to account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, general long-term obligation principal, interest, and related costs.

Notes to the General Purpose Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2002 (Continued)

<u>Capital Projects Funds</u> - Capital projects funds are used to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities (other than those financed by proprietary funds).

PROPRIETARY FUND TYPE

Proprietary funds are used to account for the School District's ongoing activities which are similar to those found in the private sector. The following is the School District's proprietary fund type:

<u>Enterprise Fund</u> - The enterprise fund is used to account for activities that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises where the intent is that the costs (expenses, including depreciation) of providing goods or services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges or where it has been decided that periodic determination of revenues earned, expenses incurred, and/or net income is appropriate for capital maintenance, public policy, management control, accountability, or other purposes.

FIDUCIARY FUND TYPE

Fiduciary funds are used to account for assets held by the School District in a trustee capacity or as an agent for individuals, private organizations, other governmental units, and/or other funds. The School District's fiduciary funds are agency funds, which are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations.

ACCOUNT GROUPS

To make a clear distinction between fixed assets related to specific funds and those of general government, and between long-term liabilities related to specific funds and those of a general nature, the following account groups are used:

<u>General Fixed Assets Account Group</u> - This account group is established to account for all fixed assets of the School District, except those accounted for in proprietary funds.

<u>General Long-Term Obligations Account Group</u> - This account group is established to account for all long-term obligations of the School District, except those accounted for in proprietary funds.

B. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

The accounting and financial reporting treatment applied to a fund is determined by its measurement focus. All governmental fund types are accounted for using a flow of current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities are generally included on the balance sheet. Operating statements of these funds present increases (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and decreases (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) in net current assets.

The enterprise fund is accounted for using a flow of economic resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, all assets and all liabilities associated with the operation of this fund are included on the balance sheet. Fund equity (i.e., net total assets) is segregated into contributed

Notes to the General Purpose Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2002 (Continued)

capital and retained earnings components. The enterprise fund operating statement presents increases (e.g., revenues) and decreases (e.g., expenses) in net total assets.

Basis of accounting refers to when revenues and expenditures or expenses are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. Basis of accounting relates to the timing of the measurements made.

The modified accrual basis of accounting is followed for the governmental fund types and agency funds. The full accrual basis of accounting is followed by the enterprise fund.

Revenue resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, is recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On the modified accrual basis, revenue is recorded in the fiscal year in which the resources are measurable and become available. Available means the resources will be collected within the current fiscal year or are expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current fiscal year. For the School District, available means expected to be received within sixty days of fiscal year end.

Nonexchange transactions, in which the School District receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include property taxes, income taxes, grants, entitlements, and donations. On the accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from income taxes is recognized in the fiscal year in which the income is earned. Revenue from grants, entitlements, and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the fiscal year when the resources are required to be used or the fiscal year when use is first permitted; matching requirements, in which the School District must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose; and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the School District on a reimbursement basis. On the modified accrual basis, revenue from nonexchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized.

Under the modified accrual basis, the following revenue sources are considered both measurable and available at fiscal year end: property taxes available as an advance, income taxes, grants, interest, tuition, and student fees.

Deferred revenues arise when assets are recognized before revenue recognition criteria have been satisfied. Property taxes for which there was an enforceable legal claim as of June 30, 2002, but which were levied to finance fiscal year 2003 operations, are recorded as deferred revenue. Grants and entitlements received before the eligibility requirements are met are also recorded as deferred revenue. On the modified accrual basis, revenues that are not collected within the available period are recorded as deferred revenue.

On the accrual basis, expenses are recognized at the time they are incurred.

The measurement focus of governmental fund accounting is on decreases in net financial resources (expenditures) rather than expenses. Expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred, if measurable. Allocations of cost, such as depreciation and amortization, are not recognized in the governmental funds.

Notes to the General Purpose Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2002 (Continued)

C. Budgetary Process

The budgetary process is prescribed by provisions of the Ohio Revised Code and entails the preparation of budgetary documents within an established timetable. The major documents prepared are the tax budget, the certificate of estimated resources, and the appropriation resolution, all of which are prepared on the budgetary basis of accounting. The certificate of estimated resources and the appropriation resolution are subject to amendment throughout the year with the legal restriction that appropriations by fund cannot exceed estimated resources, as certified.

All funds, other than agency funds, are legally required to be budgeted and appropriated. The legal level of budgetary control is at the fund level for all funds. Any budgetary modifications at this level may only be made by resolution of the Board of Education. Budgetary allocations to the function and object level are made by the School District Treasurer.

The Eisenhower, Title VI-B, Drug Free, and Early Childhood Preschool special revenue funds are flow through grants in which the Hancock County Educational Service Center is the primary recipient. Budgetary information for these funds is not included within the School District's reporting entity for which the "appropriated budget" is adopted.

Tax Budget

Prior to January 15, the Superintendent and Treasurer submit, to the Board of Education, a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing the following July 1. The budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing for all funds. Public hearings are publicized and conducted to obtain taxpayers' comments. The express purpose of this budget document is to reflect the need for existing or increased tax rates.

By no later than January 20, the Board-adopted budget is filed with the Hancock County Budget Commission for rate determination.

Estimated Resources

Prior to April 1, the Board of Education accepts, by formal resolution, the tax rates, as determined by the County Budget Commission, and receives the commission's certificate of estimated resources, which states the projected revenue of each fund. Prior to June 30, the School District must revise its budget so that total contemplated expenditures from any fund during the ensuing fiscal year will not exceed the amount stated in the certificate of estimated resources. The revised budget then serves as the basis for the appropriation measure. On or about July 1, the certificate of estimated resources is amended to include any unencumbered cash balances from the preceding fiscal year. The certificate of estimated resources may be further amended during the year if projected increases or decreases in revenue are identified by the School District Treasurer. The amounts reported on the budgetary statements reflect the amounts on the amended certificate of estimated resources in effect at the time final appropriations were passed by the Board.

Appropriations

Upon receipt from the County Auditor of an amended certificate of estimated resources, based on final assessed values and tax rates, or a certificate saying no new certificate is necessary, the annual appropriation resolution is legally enacted by the Board of Education. Prior to the passage

Notes to the General Purpose Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2002 (Continued)

of the annual appropriation measure, the Board may pass a temporary appropriation measure to meet the ordinary expenses of the School District. The total of expenditures and encumbrances may not exceed the appropriation totals at any legal level of control.

The Board may pass supplemental fund appropriations as long as the total appropriations by fund do not exceed the amounts set forth in the most recent certificate of estimated resources. During the year, one supplemental appropriation resolution was legally enacted.

The budget figures which appear in the statements of budgetary comparisons represent the final appropriation amounts passed during the fiscal year. Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year for all funds, except agency funds and funds held by the Hancock Educational Service Center, consistent with statutory provisions.

Encumbrances

As part of formal budgetary control, purchase orders, contracts, and other commitments for the expenditure of monies are recorded as the equivalent of expenditures on the non-GAAP budgetary basis in order to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation. On the GAAP basis, encumbrances outstanding at fiscal year end are reported as a reservation of fund balance for subsequent-year expenditures for governmental fund types and reported in the notes to the financial statements for the enterprise fund.

Lapsing of Appropriations

At the close of each fiscal year, the unencumbered balance of each appropriation reverts to the respective fund from which it was appropriated and becomes subject to future appropriation. Encumbered appropriations are carried forward to the succeeding fiscal year and are not reappropriated.

D. Cash and Investments

To improve cash management, cash received by the School District is pooled. Monies for all funds are maintained in this pool. Individual fund integrity is maintained through School District records. Each fund's interest in the pool is presented as "Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents" on the combined balance sheet.

Cash and cash equivalents held for the School District by the Hancock County Educational Service Center is included on the combined balance sheet as "Cash and Cash Equivalents with Fiscal Agents".

During fiscal year 2002, investments were limited to repurchase agreements and STAR Ohio. Repurchase agreements are reported at cost. STAR Ohio is an investment pool, managed by the State Treasurer's Office, which allows governments within the State to pool their funds for investment purposes. STAR Ohio is not registered with the SEC as an investment company, but does operate in a manner consistent with Rule 2a7 of the Investment Company Act of 1940. Investments in STAR Ohio are valued at STAR Ohio's share price, which is the price the investment could be sold for on June 30, 2002.

Notes to the General Purpose Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2002 (Continued)

Following Ohio statutes, the Board of Education has, by resolution, specified the funds to receive an allocation of interest earnings. Interest revenue credited to the General Fund during fiscal year 2002 was \$21,676, which included \$4,795 assigned from other School District funds.

For purposes of the statement of cash flows and for presentation on the combined balance sheet, investments of the cash management pool and investments with an original maturity of three months or less at the time they are purchased by the School District are considered to be cash equivalents. Investments with an initial maturity of more than three months, and not purchased from the pool, are reported as investments.

E. Prepaid Items

Payments made to vendors for services that will benefit periods beyond June 30, 2002, are recorded as prepaid items using the consumption method. A current asset for the prepaid amount is recorded at the time of purchase and an expenditure/expense is reported in the year in which services are consumed.

F. Inventory

Inventory is stated at cost on a first-in, first-out basis and is expended/expensed when used. Inventory consists of administrative supplies in the governmental funds and donated and purchased food in the enterprise fund.

G. Restricted Assets

Restricted assets in the General Fund represent cash and cash equivalents whose use is limited by legal requirements. Restricted assets include unexpended revenues restricted for bus purchases.

H. Fixed Assets and Depreciation

General fixed assets are not capitalized in the funds used to acquire or construct them. Instead, capital acquisition and construction costs are reflected as expenditures in governmental funds, and the related assets are reported in the general fixed assets account group. Fixed assets utilized in the enterprise fund are capitalized in the fund. All fixed assets are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost) and updated for additions and reductions during the year. Donated fixed assets are recorded at their fair market value as of the date received. The School District maintains a capitalization threshold of two hundred dollars. The School District does not have any infrastructure.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an asset's life are not capitalized. Improvements are capitalized. Improvements to enterprise fund fixed assets are depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related fixed assets.

Assets in the general fixed assets account group are not depreciated. Depreciation of furniture and equipment in the enterprise fund is computed using the straight-line method over an estimated useful life of twelve years.

Notes to the General Purpose Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2002 (Continued)

I. Interfund Assets/Liabilities

Short-term interfund loans are classified as "Interfund Receivables/Payables".

J. Compensated Absences

Vacation benefits are accrued as a liability as the benefits are earned if the employees' rights to receive compensation are attributable to services already rendered and it is probable that the School District will compensate the employees for the benefits through paid time off or some other means. The School District records a liability for accumulated unused vacation time when earned for all employees with more than one year of service.

Sick leave benefits are accrued as a liability using the vesting method. The liability includes the employees who are currently eligible to receive termination benefits and those the School District has identified as probable of receiving payment in the future. The amount is based on accumulated sick leave and employees' wage rates at fiscal year end, taking into consideration any limits specified in the School District's termination policy. The School District records a liability for accumulated unused sick leave for all employees after ten years of service with the School District.

For governmental funds, the current portion of unpaid compensated absences is the amount expected to be paid using available expendable resources. These amounts are recorded in the account "Compensated Absences Payable" in the fund from which the employees who have accumulated unpaid leave are paid. The remainder is reported in the general long-term obligations account group. In the enterprise fund, the entire amount of compensated absences is reported as a fund liability.

K. Accrued Liabilities and Long-Term Obligations

In general, governmental fund payables and accrued liabilities are reported as obligations of the funds regardless of whether they will be liquidated with current resources. However, compensated absences and contractually required pension contributions that will be paid from governmental funds are reported as liabilities in the general long-term obligations account group to the extent that they will not be paid with current available expendable resources. In general, payments made more than sixty days after fiscal year end are not considered to have been paid using current available expendable resources as liabilities in the general long-term notes are reported as liabilities in the general long-term obligations account group until due.

Long-term debt and other obligations financed by the enterprise fund are reported as liabilities in the fund.

Under Ohio law, a debt service fund may be created and used for the payment of tax anticipation notes. Generally accepted accounting principles require reporting the liability in the fund that received the proceeds. To comply with GAAP reporting requirements, the School District's debt service fund has been split among the appropriate funds. Debt service fund resources used to pay both principal and interest have also been allocated accordingly.

L. Contributed Capital

Contributed capital represents resources from other funds, other governments, and private sources provided to the enterprise fund prior to fiscal year 2001 that is not subject to repayment. These

Notes to the General Purpose Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2002 (Continued)

assets are recorded at their fair market value on the date donated. Depreciation on those assets acquired or constructed with contributed resources is expensed and closed to unreserved retained earnings at fiscal year end.

Capital contributions received from other governments and private sources subsequent to fiscal year 2000 are recorded as revenues and reported as retained earnings. Contributions from other funds continue to be reported as contributed capital.

M. Fund Balance Reserves

The School District reserves those portions of fund equity which are legally segregated for a specific future use or which do not represent available expendable resources and, therefore, are not available for appropriation or expenditure. Unreserved fund balance indicates that portion of fund equity which is available for appropriation in future periods. Fund equity reserves have been established for property taxes, bus purchase, and encumbrances.

The reserve for property taxes represents taxes recognized as revenue under generally accepted accounting principles but not available for appropriation under State statute.

N. Interfund Transactions

Quasi-external transactions are accounted for as revenues and expenditures, or expenses. Transactions that constitute reimbursements to a fund for expenditures/expenses initially made from it that are properly applicable to another fund are recorded as expenditures/expenses in the reimbursing fund and as reductions of expenditures/expenses in the fund that is reimbursed.

Nonrecurring or nonroutine permanent transfers of equity are reported as residual equity transfers. All other interfund transfers are reported as operating transfers.

O. Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

P. Total Columns on General-Purpose Financial Statements

Total columns on the general-purpose financial statements are captioned "Totals (Memorandum Only)" to indicate that they are presented only to facilitate financial analysis. Data in these columns do not present financial position or results of operations in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles. Neither is such data comparable to a consolidation. Interfund eliminations have not been made in the aggregation of this data.

NOTE 3 - ACCOUNTABILITY

At June 30, 2002, the General Fund had a deficit fund balance, in the amount of \$114,235.

The Title I and Title VI-R special revenue funds had deficit fund balances, in the amount of \$132 and \$5,122, as a result of adjustments for accrued liabilities

Notes to the General Purpose Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2002 (Continued)

The Food Service enterprise fund had deficit retained earnings of \$66,194 as a result of accumulated operating losses from prior years.

NOTE 4 - BUDGETARY BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

While the School District is reporting financial position, results of operations, and changes in fund balances/retained earnings on the basis of generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP), the budgetary basis as provided by law is based upon accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements, and encumbrances. The Combined Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual - All Governmental Fund Types and the Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual - Enterprise Fund are presented on the budgetary basis to provide a meaningful comparison of actual results with the budget. The major differences between the budget basis and GAAP basis are that:

- 1. Revenues are recorded when received in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when susceptible to accrual (GAAP basis).
- 2. Expenditures/expenses are recorded when paid in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when the liability is incurred (GAAP basis).
- 3. Encumbrances are treated as expenditures/expenses for all funds (budget basis) rather than as a reservation of fund balance for governmental fund types and as note disclosure in the enterprise fund (GAAP basis).
- 4. The School District repays tax anticipation notes from the debt service fund (budget basis) as opposed to the fund that received the proceeds (GAAP basis). Debt service fund resources used to pay both principal and interest have been allocated accordingly.
- 5. For the enterprise fund, the acquisition and construction of fixed assets are reported on the operating statement (budget basis) rather than as balance sheet transactions (GAAP basis).
- 6. Although not part of the appropriated budget, the Eisenhower, Title VI-B, Drug Free, and Early Childhood Preschool special revenue funds are included as part of the reporting entity when preparing financial statements that conform with GAAP.

The following tables summarize the adjustments necessary to reconcile the GAAP and budgetary basis statements by fund type.

Notes to the General Purpose Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2002 (Continued)

Excess of Revenues and Other Financing Sources

Over (Under) Expenditures and Other Financing Uses All Governmental Fund Types								
	General		Special Revenue		Debt Service		Capital Projects	
GAAP Basis	\$	(171,472)	\$	(6,637)	\$	-	\$	59,848
Increase (Decrease) Due To:								
Revenue Accruals:								
Accrued FY 2001, Received in Cash FY 2002		291,185		243		-		3,907
Accrued FY 2002, Not Yet Received in Cash		(297,405)		(21,867)		-		(4,174)
Expenditure Accruals:								
Accrued FY 2001, Paid in Cash FY 2002		(670,268)		(5,760)		-		(2,115)
Accrued FY 2002, Not Yet Paid in Cash		722,120		22,853		-		544
Prepaid Items		(8,242)		196		-		-
Materials and Supply Inventory		2,490		-		-		-
Note Principal Retirement		-		-		(32,646)		-
Note Interest		-		-		(4,600)		4,600
Reallocation of Debt Activity		-		-		37,246		(37,246)
Advances In		8,113		27,429		-		-
Advances Out		(27,429)		(8,113)		-		-
Excess of Revenues Over								
Expenditures for Nonbudgeted Funds		-		(1,058)		-		-
Encumbrances Outstanding								
at Fiscal Year End (Budget Basis)		(24,209)		(35,197)		-		(1,575)
Budget Basis	\$	(175,117)	\$	(27,911)	\$	_	\$	23,789

Net Income/Excess of Revenues Under Expenses and Transfers Enterprise Fund

GAAP Basis	\$ 776
Increase (Decrease) Due To:	
Revenue Accruals:	
Accrued FY 2002, Not Yet Received in Cash	(4,060)
Expense Accruals:	
Accrued FY 2001, Paid in Cash FY 2002	(29,131)
Accrued FY 2002, Not Yet Paid in Cash	30,098
Prepaid Items	(110)
Inventory Held for Resale	393
Materials and Supplies Inventory	(256)
Acquisition of Fixed Assets	(1,251)
Depreciation Expense	1,729
Encumbrances Outstanding at Fiscal Year End (Budget Basis)	 (1)
Budget Basis	\$ (1,813)

Notes to the General Purpose Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2002 (Continued)

NOTE 5 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

State statutes classify monies held by the School District into three categories.

Active deposits are public deposits necessary to meet current demands on the treasury. Such monies must be maintained either as cash in the School District Treasury, in commercial accounts payable or withdrawable on demand, including negotiable order of withdrawal (NOW) accounts, or in money market deposit accounts.

Inactive deposits are public deposits the Board of Education has identified as not required for use within the current five year period of designation of depositories. Inactive deposits must either be evidenced by certificates of deposit maturing not later than the end of the current period of designation of depositories, or by savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts.

Interim deposits are deposits of interim monies. Interim monies are those monies which are not needed for immediate use but which will be needed before the end of the current period of designation of depositories. Interim deposits must be evidenced by time certificates of deposit maturing not more than one year from the date of deposit, or by savings or deposit accounts, including passbook accounts.

Protection of School District's deposits is provided by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC), by eligible securities pledged by the financial institution as security for repayment, by surety company bonds deposited with the Treasurer by the financial institution, or by a single collateral pool established by the financial institution to secure the repayment of all public monies deposited with the institution.

Interim monies may be deposited or invested in the following securities:

- 1. United States Treasury bills, bonds, notes, or any other obligation or security issued by the United States Treasury, or any other obligation guaranteed as to principal and interest by the United States;
- Bonds, notes, debentures, or any other obligation or security issued by any federal government agency or instrumentality including, but not limited to, the Federal National Mortgage Association, Federal Home Loan Bank, Federal Farm Credit Bank, Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation, Government National Mortgage Association, and Student Loan Marketing Association. All federal agency securities shall be direct issuances of federal government agencies or instrumentalities;
- 3. Written repurchase agreements in the securities listed above provided the market value of the securities subject to the repurchase agreement must exceed the principal value of the agreement by at least 2 percent and be marked to market daily, and the term of the agreement must not exceed thirty days;
- 4. Bonds and other obligations of the State of Ohio;
- No-load money market mutual funds consisting exclusively of obligations described in division (1) or (2) and repurchase agreements secured by such obligations, provided that investments in securities described in this division are made only through eligible institutions, and;
- 6. The State Treasurer's investment pool (STAR Ohio).

Notes to the General Purpose Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2002 (Continued)

Investments in stripped principal or interest obligations, reverse repurchase agreements, and derivatives are prohibited. The issuance of taxable notes for the purpose of arbitrage, the use of leverage, and short selling are also prohibited. An investment must mature within five years from the date of purchase, unless matched to a specific obligation or debt of the School District, and must be purchased with the expectation that it will be held to maturity.

Investments may only be made through specified dealers and institutions. Payment for investments may be made only upon delivery of the securities representing the investments to the Treasurer or qualified trustee or, if the securities are not represented by a certificate, upon receipt of confirmation of transfer from the custodian.

At fiscal year end, the School District had \$192 in undeposited cash on hand which is included on the balance sheet of the School District as part of "Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents". The School District also had \$7,955 held by the Hancock County Educational Service Center, which is included on the balance sheet as part of "Cash and Cash Equivalents with Fiscal Agents". The Educational Service Center holds this flow through grant money for the School District together with that of other school districts, and therefore, the School District cannot classify this money by risk under GASB Statement No. 3.

The following information classifies deposits and investments by categories of risk as defined in GASB Statement No. 3, "Deposits with Financial Institutions, Investments (including Repurchase Agreements), and Reverse Repurchase Agreements".

At fiscal year end, the carrying amount of the School District's deposits was \$80,062 and the bank balance was \$174,607. Of the bank balance, \$105,928 was covered by federal depository insurance and \$68,679 was uninsured and uncollateralized. Although all State statutory requirements for the deposit of money had been followed, non-compliance with federal requirements could potentially subject the School District to a successful claim by the FDIC.

The School District's investments are categorized to give an indication of the level of risk assumed by the School District at fiscal year end. Category 1 includes investments that are insured or registered for which the securities are held by the School District or the School District's agent in the School District's name. Category 2 includes uninsured and unregistered investments for which the securities are held by the counterparty's trust department or agent in the School District's name. Category 3 includes uninsured and unregistered investments for which the securities are held by the counterparty, or by its trust department or agent but not in the School District's name. The School District's investment in STAR Ohio is unclassified since it is not evidenced by securities that exist in physical or book entry form. At June 30, 2002, the fair value of funds on deposit with STAR Ohio was \$378,670.

The classification of cash and cash equivalents and investments on the combined balance sheet is based on criteria set forth in GASB Statement No. 9, "Reporting Cash Flows of Proprietary and Nonexpendable Trust Funds and Governmental Entities That Use Proprietary Fund Accounting". A reconciliation between the classification of cash and cash equivalents and investments on the combined balance sheet and the classification of deposits and investments according to GASB Statement No. 3 is as follows:

Notes to the General Purpose Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2002 (Continued)

	Cash	Cash and Equivalents/ Deposits	Investments		
GASB Statement No. 9	\$	466,879	\$	-	
Cash on Hand		(192)		-	
Cash and Cash Equivalents					
with Educational Service Center		(7,955)		-	
Investments:					
STAR Ohio		(378,670)		378,670	
GASB Statement No. 3	\$	80,062	\$	378,670	

NOTE 6 - PROPERTY TAXES

Property taxes are levied and assessed on a calendar year basis, while the School District's fiscal year runs from July through June. First-half tax distributions are received by the School District in the second half of the fiscal year. Second-half tax distributions are received in the first half of the following fiscal year.

Property taxes include amounts levied against all real property, public utility property, and tangible personal (used in business) property located in the School District. Real and public utility property tax revenues received in calendar year 2002 represent the collection of calendar year 2001 taxes. Real property taxes received in calendar year 2002 were levied after April 1, 2001, on the assessed values as of January 1, 2001, the lien date. Assessed values for real property taxes are established by State statute at 35 percent of appraised market value. Real property taxes are payable annually or semiannually. If paid annually, payment is due December 31; if paid semiannually, the first payment is due December 31, with the remainder payable by June 20. Under certain circumstances, State statute permits alternate payment dates to be established.

Public utility real and tangible personal property taxes received in calendar year 2002 were levied after April 1, 2001, on the assessed values as of December 31, 2000, the lien date. Public utility real property is assessed at 35 percent of true value; tangible personal property is currently assessed at varying percentages of true value. Public utility property taxes are payable on the same dates as real property taxes described previously.

Tangible personal property tax revenues received in calendar year 2002 (other than public utility property) represent the collection of calendar year 2002 taxes. Tangible personal property taxes received in calendar year 2002 were levied after April 1, 2001, on the value as of December 31, 2001. Tangible personal property is currently assessed at 25 percent of true value. Amounts paid by multi-county taxpayers are due September 20. Single county taxpayers may pay annually or semiannually. If paid annually, payment is due April 30; if paid semiannually, the first payment is due April 30, with the remainder payable by September 20.

The School District receives property taxes from Hancock County. The County Auditor periodically advances to the School District its portion of the taxes collected. Second-half real property tax payments collected by the County by June 30, 2002, are available to finance fiscal year 2002 operations. The amount available to be advanced can vary based on the date the tax bills are sent.

Notes to the General Purpose Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2002 (Continued)

Accrued property taxes receivable represents delinquent taxes outstanding and real property, public utility property, and tangible personal property taxes which were measurable as of June 30, 2002, and for which there was an enforceable legal claim. Although total property tax collections for the next fiscal year are measurable, only the amount available as an advance at June 30 is intended to finance current fiscal year operations and is recognized as revenue at fiscal year end. The receivable is offset by a credit to deferred revenue for that portion not intended to finance current year operations. The amount available as an advance at June 30, 2002, was \$84,826 in the General Fund and \$4,174 in the Permanent Improvement capital projects fund. The amount available as an advance at June 30, 2001, was \$77,093 in the General Fund and \$3,907 in the Permanent Improvement capital projects fund.

The assessed values upon which the fiscal year 2002 taxes were collected are:

	2001 Sec Half Colle		2002 First- Half Collections			
	Amount	Percent	Amount	Percent		
Agricultural/Residential Industrial/Commercial	\$ 52,053,560 6,096,300	76.63% 8.97%	\$ 53,323,900 6,186,020	76.34% 8.69%		
Public Utility Tangible Personal	4,255,770 5,524,858	6.27% 8.13%	3,709,240 6,942,504	5.21% 9.76%		
Total Assessed Value	<u>\$67,930,488</u>	100.00%	<u>\$ 70,161,664</u>	100.00%		
Tax rate per \$1,000 of assessed valuation	<u>\$ 34.50</u>		<u>\$ 34.50</u>			

NOTE 7 - INCOME TAXES

The School District levies a voted tax of 1 percent for general operations on the income of residents and of estates. The tax was effective January 1, 1992, and is for a continuing period. Employers of residents are required to withhold income tax on compensation and remit the tax to the State. Taxpayers are required to file an annual return. The State makes quarterly distributions to the School District after withholding amounts for administrative fees and estimated refunds. Income tax revenue is credited to the General Fund.

NOTE 8 - RECEIVABLES

Receivables at June 30, 2002, consisted of both property and income taxes, accounts (student fees and billings for user charged services), intergovernmental, and interfund receivables. All receivables are considered collectible in full due to the ability to foreclose for the nonpayment of taxes, the stable condition of State programs, and the current year guarantee of federal funds. Student fees are also considered collectible in full due to the withholding of diplomas and grade cards. Accounts receivable at June 30 were \$1,622.

A summary of the principal items of intergovernmental receivables follows:

Notes to the General Purpose Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2002 (Continued)

	A	mounts
Special Revenue Funds		
Eisenhower	\$	230
Title I		17,878
Title VI		3,168
Total Special Revenue Funds		21,276
Enterprise Fund Food Service		
Lunch Program		4,060
Total Intergovernmental Receivables	\$	25,336

NOTE 9 - FIXED ASSETS

A summary of the enterprise funds' fixed assets at June 30, 2002, follows:

Furniture and Equipment	\$ 74,907
Less Accumulated Depreciation	 (65,748)
Net Fixed Assets	\$ 9,159

A summary of the changes in general fixed assets during fiscal year 2002 follows:

Asset Category	E	Balance at 06/30/01		Additions		Reductions		Balance at 06/30/02	
Land and Improvements	\$	96,690	\$	-	\$	-	\$	96,690	
Buildings and Improvements		3,550,279		36,193		-		3,586,472	
Furniture, Fixtures, and Equipment		1,634,938		94,591		-		1,729,529	
Books		272,510		-		-		272,510	
Vehicles		587,547		72,279		31,106		628,720	
Total	\$	6,141,964	\$	203,063	\$	31,106	\$	6,313,921	

NOTE 10 - INTERFUND ASSETS/LIABILITIES

At June 30, 2002, the General Fund had an interfund receivable, in the amount of \$26,648, and the Title I and Title VI special revenue funds, the Food Service enterprise fund, and the Staff agency fund had an interfund payable, in the amount of \$3,168, \$18,010, \$5,223, and \$247, respectively.

NOTE 11 - RISK MANAGEMENT

The School District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. During fiscal year 2002, the School District contracted for the following insurance coverage:

Notes to the General Purpose Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2002 (Continued)

Coverage provided by Utica National Insurance Group is as follows: Buildings and Contents - replacement cost (\$1,000 deductible) Employee Dishonesty - per loss	\$13,261,000 100,000
Coverage provided by Nationwide Insurance is as follows:	
Automobile Liability	\$2,000,000
Uninsured Motorists	2,000,000
Medical Payments - per person	3,000
Coverage provided by Great American Alliance Insurance is as follows:	
General School District Liability (\$1,000 deductible)	
Per Occurrence	\$1,000,000
Total per Year	5,000,000
Wrongful Acts	1,000,000
Umbrella	1,000,000

Settled claims have not exceeded this commercial coverage in any of the past three years, and there has been no significant reduction in insurance coverage from the prior fiscal year.

The School District participates in the Hancock County Schools Health Benefit Fund and Trust (Trust), a public entity shared risk pool consisting of seven local school districts, the Hancock County Educational Service Center, and the Blanchard Valley Board of Mental Retardation/Developmental Disabilities. The School District pays monthly premiums to the Trust for employee medical, dental, vision, and life insurance benefits. The Trust is responsible for the management and operations of the program. Upon withdrawal from the Trust, a participant is responsible for the payment of all Trust liabilities to its employees, dependents, and designated beneficiaries accruing as a result of withdrawal.

For fiscal year 2002, the School District participated in the NOACSC Workers' Compensation Group Rating Plan (Plan), an insurance purchasing pool. The Plan is intended to achieve the benefit of a reduced premium for the School District by virtue of its grouping and representation with other participants in the Plan. The workers' compensation experience of the participating members is calculated as one experience and a common premium rate is applied to all members in the Plan. Each member pays its workers' compensation premiums to the State based on the rate for the Plan rather than its individual rate.

Participation in the Plan is limited to members that can meet the Plan's selection criteria. The members apply for participation each year. The firm of Acordia Workers' Compensation Services provides administrative, cost control, and actuarial services to the Plan. Each year, the School District pays an enrollment fee to the Plan to cover the costs of administering the program.

NOTE 12 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS

A. State Teachers Retirement System

The School District contributes to the State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio (STRS), a costsharing multiple employer public employee retirement system administered by the State Teachers Retirement Board. STRS provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living

Notes to the General Purpose Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2002 (Continued)

adjustments, and death benefits to members and beneficiaries. Benefits are established by Chapter 3307 of the Ohio Revised Code. STRS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. The report may be obtained by writing to the State Teachers Retirement System, 275 East Broad Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215-3771.

Plan members are required to contribute 9.3 percent of their annual covered salary and the School District is required to contribute 14 percent; 9.5 percent was the portion used to fund pension obligations for fiscal year 2002. Contribution rates are established by STRS, upon recommendation of its consulting actuary, not to exceed statutory maximum rates of 10 percent for members and 14 percent for employers. The School District's required contribution for pension obligations to STRS for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2002, 2001, and 2000, were \$241,081, \$230,325, and \$137,070, respectively; 83 percent has been contributed for fiscal year 2002 and 100 percent for fiscal years 2001 and 2000. The unpaid contribution for fiscal year 2002, in the amount of \$40,872, is recorded as a liability within the respective funds.

B. School Employees Retirement System

The School District contributes to the School Employees Retirement System of Ohio (SERS), a cost-sharing multiple employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the School Employees Retirement Board. SERS provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to members and beneficiaries. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided by Chapter 3309 of the Ohio Revised Code. SERS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. The report may be obtained by writing to the School Employees Retirement System, 300 East Broad Street, Suite 100, Columbus, Ohio 43215-3746.

Plan members are required to contribute 9 percent of their annual covered salary and the School District is required to contribute an actuarially determined rate. The current rate is 14 percent of annual covered payroll; 5.46 percent was the portion used to fund pension obligations for fiscal year 2002. The contribution requirements of plan members and employers are established and may be amended, up to statutory maximum amounts, by the SERS Retirement Board. The School District's required contribution for pension obligations to SERS for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2002, 2001, and 2000, were \$41,142, \$30,023, and \$38,233, respectively; 44 percent has been contributed for fiscal year 2002 and 100 percent for fiscal years 2001 and 2000. The unpaid contribution for fiscal year 2002, in the amount of \$22,988, is recorded as a liability within the respective funds and the general long-term obligations account group.

C. Social Security System

Effective July 1, 1991, all employees not otherwise covered by the State Teachers Retirement System or the School Employees Retirement System have an option to choose Social Security or the State Teachers Retirement System/School Employees Retirement System. As of June 30, 2002, one of the Board of Education members has elected Social Security. The Board's liability is 6.2 percent of wages paid.

NOTE 13 - POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

The School District provides comprehensive health care benefits to retired teachers and their dependents through the State Teachers Retirement System (STRS), and to retired classified employees and their

Notes to the General Purpose Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2002 (Continued)

dependents through the School Employees Retirement System (SERS). Benefits include hospitalization, physicians' fees, prescription drugs, and reimbursement of monthly Medicare premiums. Benefit provisions and the obligation to contribute are established by the Systems based on authority granted by State statute. Both systems are funded on a pay-as-you-go basis.

The State Teachers Retirement Board has statutory authority over how much, if any, of the health care costs will be absorbed by STRS. Most benefit recipients pay a portion of the health care cost in the form of a monthly premium. By law, the cost of coverage paid from STRS funds shall be included in the employer contribution rate, currently 14 percent of covered payroll. For fiscal year 2002, the Board allocated employer contributions equal to 4.5 percent of covered payroll to the Health Care Reserve Fund. For the School District, this amount was \$114,196.

STRS pays health care benefits from the Health Care Reserve Fund. The balance in the Fund was \$3,256 million at June 30, 2001 (the latest information available). For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2001, net health care costs paid by STRS were \$300,772,000, and STRS had 102,132 eligible benefit recipients.

For SERS, coverage is made available to service retirees with ten or more years of qualifying service credit, and to disability and survivor benefit recipients. Members retiring on or after August 1, 1989, with less than twenty-five years of service credit, must pay a portion of their premium for health care. The portion is based on years of service up to a maximum of 75 percent of the premium.

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2002, employer contributions to fund health care benefits were 8.54 percent of covered payroll. In addition, SERS levies a surcharge to fund health care benefits equal to 14 percent of the difference between a minimum pay and the member's pay, pro-rated for partial service credit. For fiscal year 2002, the minimum pay has been established at \$12,400. For the School District, the amount to fund health care benefits, including the surcharge, was \$78,026 for fiscal year 2002.

The surcharge, added to the unallocated portion of the 14 percent employer contribution rate, provides for maintenance of the asset target level for the health care fund. The target level for the health care reserve is 150 percent of annual health care expenses. Expenses for health care for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2001 (the latest information available), were \$161,439,934, and the target level was \$242.2 million. At June 30, 2001, SERS had net assets available for payment of health care benefits of \$317.7 million. SERS has approximately 50,000 participants currently receiving health care benefits.

NOTE 14 - OTHER EMPLOYEE BENEFITS

A. Compensated Absences

The criteria for determining vacation and sick leave benefits are derived from negotiated agreements and State laws. Classified employees earn ten to twenty days of vacation per year, depending upon length of service. Accumulated unused vacation time is paid to classified employees and administrators upon termination of employment. Teachers do not earn vacation time.

Teachers, administrators, and classified employees earn sick leave at a rate of one and one-fourth days per month. Sick leave may be accumulated up to a maximum of two hundred days for all school personnel. Upon retirement, payment is made for one-third of their accrued, but unused sick leave credit to a maximum of fifty days. Additional sick leave bonus days may be earned by

Notes to the General Purpose Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2002 (Continued)

employees meeting certain criteria. Bonus days earned can increase the maximum sick leave days paid upon retirement.

B. Health Care Benefits

The School District provides medical, dental, vision, and life insurance to all employees through the Hancock County Schools Health Benefit Fund and Trust. Depending upon the plan chosen, the employees share the cost of the monthly premium with the Board. The premium varies with employee depending on the terms of the union contract.

NOTE 15 - NOTES PAYABLE

On April 22, 1999, the School District issued tax anticipation notes, in the amount of \$145,000, for permanent improvements, including roof replacement. The notes were issued under the authority of House Bill 710 for a five year period, with final maturity during fiscal year 2004. The notes have an interest rate of 6.17 percent. The notes are being repaid through the Permanent Improvement capital projects fund with tax revenues. During fiscal year 2002, principal, in the amount of \$32,646, was retired. The outstanding balance at June 30, 2002, was \$52,932.

Principal and interest requirements to retire the notes are as follows:

Fiscal Year							
Ending June 30,	Principal		Interest		Total		
2003	\$	34,738	\$	2,509	\$	37,247	
2004		18,194		428		18,622	
Total	\$	52,932	\$	2,937	\$	55,869	

NOTE 16 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

The changes in the School District's long-term obligations during fiscal year 2002 were as follows:

	Balance at 06/30/01	Additions	Reductions	Balance at 06/30/02	
Long-Term Obligations:					
Computer Loan 1999 5.800% Musical Instruments Loan	\$ 43,767	\$-	\$ 18,745	\$ 25,022	
2000 5.750%	22,246		6,405	15,841	
Total Long-Term Obligations	66,013	-	25,150	40,863	
Compensated Absences Payable Intergovernmental Payable	458,764 44,059	- 42,318	20,541 44,059	438,223 42,318	
Total General Long-Term Obligations	<u>\$ 568,836</u>	<u>\$ 42,318</u>	<u>\$ 89,750</u>	<u>\$ 521,404</u>	

Notes to the General Purpose Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2002 (Continued)

<u>1999 Computer Loan</u> - On July 15, 1998, the School District obtained a loan, in the amount of \$90,000, for computer equipment. The loan was obtained under the authority of Ohio Revised Code Section 3313.37 for a five year period, with final maturity in fiscal year 2004. The loan is being retired through the Bond Retirement debt service fund.

<u>2000 Musical Instruments Loan</u> - On September 2, 1999, the School District obtained a loan, in the amount of \$32,600, for musical instruments. The loan was obtained for a five year period, with final maturity in fiscal year 2005. The loan is being retired through the Bond Retirement debt service fund.

Compensated absences and intergovernmental payables, representing the School District's contractually required pension contributions, will be paid from the fund from which the employees' salaries are paid.

The School District's overall debt margin was \$6,326,630 with an unvoted debt margin of \$46,174 at June 30, 2002.

Principal and interest requirements to retire general obligation debt outstanding at June 30, 2002, were as follows:

Fiscal Year							
Ending June 30,	Principal		Interest		Total		
2003	\$	26,657	\$	1,817	\$	28,474	
2004		12,342		449		12,791	
2005		1,864		28		1,892	
	\$	40,863	\$	2,294	\$	43,157	

NOTE 17 - SET ASIDE REQUIREMENTS

The School District is required by State statute to annually set aside, in the General Fund, an amount based on a statutory formula for the purchase of textbooks and other instructional materials, and an equal amount for the acquisition and construction of capital improvements. Amounts not spent by fiscal year end or offset by similarly restricted resources received during the fiscal year must be held in cash at fiscal year end. These amounts must be carried forward to be used for the same purposes in future years. In prior years, the School District was also required to set aside money for budget stabilization.

The following cash basis information identifies the changes in the fund balance reserves for textbooks, capital improvements, and budget stabilization during fiscal year 2002.

				Capital		Budget	
	Textbooks		Improvements		Stabilization		
Balance June 30, 2001	\$	(43,041)	\$	-	\$	17,328	
Current Year Set Aside Requirement		96,468		96,468		-	
Qualifying Expenditures		(117,288)		(96,468)		(17,328)	
Amount Carried Forward to Fiscal Year 2003	\$	(63,861)	\$		\$	-	
Set Aside Reserve Balance, June 30, 2002	\$	-	\$		\$	-	

Notes to the General Purpose Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2002 (Continued)

The School District had qualifying expenditures during the fiscal year that reduced the textbooks set aside amount below zero. This amount may be used to reduce the set aside requirement in future fiscal years.

NOTE 18 - JOINTLY GOVERNED ORGANIZATIONS

A. Northwest Ohio Area Computer Services Cooperative

The School District is a participant in the Northwest Ohio Area Computer Services Cooperative (NOACSC), which is a computer consortium. NOACSC is an association of public school districts within the boundaries of Allen, Hancock, Mercer, Paulding, Putnam, and Van Wert Counties, and the Cities of St. Marys and Wapakoneta. The organization was formed for the purpose of applying modern technology with the aid of computers and other electronic equipment to administrative and instructional functions among member school districts. The governing board of NOACSC consists of two representatives from each county elected by majority vote of all charter member school districts within each county. During fiscal year 2002, the School District paid \$16,249 to NOACSC for various services. Financial information can be obtained from Michael Wildermuth, who serves as director, 645 South Main Street, Lima, Ohio 45804.

B. Millstream Cooperative Vocational Career Center

The Millstream Cooperative Vocational Career Center (Career Center) is a distinct political subdivision of the State of Ohio established under Section 3313.90. The Career Center provides vocational instruction to students. The Career Center operates under the direction of an Advisory Council consisting of the superintendent of each participating school district and one additional representative from the Findlay City School District. The Treasurers from the Hancock and Putnam County Educational Service Centers serve in an ex-officio capacity for all meetings. Financial information can be obtained from the Findlay City School District, Pam Barber, who serves as treasurer, 227 South West Street, Findlay, Ohio 45840-3377.

C. Hancock County Local Professional Development Committee

The Hancock County Local Professional Development Committee (HCLPDC) was established in 1999 to plan, promote, and facilitate effective and efficient professional educator license renewal standards and staff development activities. The HCLPDC is organized under Ohio laws as a regional council of governments pursuant to a written agreement entered into by its members. The HCLPDC is governed by a thirteen member Executive Board. Financial information can be obtained from the Hancock County Educational Service Center, who serves as fiscal agent, 7746 County Road 140, Findlay, Ohio 45840.

D. Northwestern Ohio Educational Research Council, Inc.

The Northwestern Ohio Educational Research Council, Inc. (NOERC) is a jointly governed organization formed to bring educational entities into a better understanding of their common educational problems, facilitate and conduct practical educational research, coordinate educational research among members, provide a means for evaluating and disseminating the results of research, serve as a repository for research and legislative materials, and provide opportunities for training. The NOERC serves a twenty-five county area in Northwest Ohio. The Board of Directors consists of superintendents from two educational service centers, two exempted village school districts, five local school districts, and five city school districts, as well as representatives from two private or parochial schools and three institutions of higher education. Each active member is

Notes to the General Purpose Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2002 (Continued)

entitled to one vote on all issues addressed by the Board of Directors. Financial information can be obtained from the Northwestern Ohio Educational Research Council, Inc., Box 456, Ashland, Ohio 44805.

NOTE 19 - INSURANCE POOLS

A. Hancock County Schools Health Benefit Fund and Trust

The Hancock County Schools Health Benefit Fund and Trust (Trust) is a public entity shared risk pool consisting of seven local school districts, the Hancock County Educational Service Center, and the Blanchard Valley Board of Mental Retardation/Developmental Disabilities. The Trust is a Voluntary Employee Benefit Association under Section 501(c)(9) of the Internal Revenue Code and provides medical, dental, vision, and life insurance benefits to participants. The Administrative Committee of the Trust consists of the superintendent from each participating member. The Administrative Committee advises the trustee, Sky Bank, concerning aspects of the administration of the Trust.

Each member decides which plans offered by the Administrative Committee that will be extended to its employees. Participation in the Trust is by written application subject to acceptance by the Administrative Committee and payment of the monthly premiums. Financial information can be obtained from Tim Smith, Ohio Benefits Group, 545 Pearl Street, Bowling Green, Ohio 43402.

B. NOACSC Workers' Compensation Group Rating Plan

The School District participates in a group rating plan for workers' compensation as established under § 4123.29 of the Ohio Revised Code. The NOACSC Workers' Compensation Group Rating Plan (Plan) was established through the Northwest Ohio Area Computer Services Cooperative (NOACSC) as an insurance purchasing pool.

The Safety Coordinator, Robert Lotz of NOACSC, or his designee serves as coordinator of the Plan. Each year, the participating members pay an enrollment fee to the Plan to cover the costs of administering the program.

NOTE 20 - STATE SCHOOL FUNDING DECISION

On December 11, 2002, the Ohio Supreme Court issued its latest opinion regarding the State's school funding plan. The decision reaffirmed earlier decisions that Ohio's current school funding plan is unconstitutional.

The Supreme Court relinquished jurisdiction over the case and directed the "...Ohio General Assembly to enact a school funding scheme that is thorough and efficient...." The School District is currently unable to determine what effect, if any, this decision will have on its future State funding and its financial operations.

NOTE 21 - CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

A. Grants

The School District received financial assistance from federal and state agencies in the form of grants. The expenditure of funds received under these programs generally requires compliance with terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements and is subject to audit by the grantor

Notes to the General Purpose Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2002 (Continued)

with terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements and is subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims resulting from such audits could become a liability of the General Fund or other applicable funds. However, in the opinion of management, any such disallowed claims will not have a material adverse effect on the overall financial position of the School District at June 30, 2002.

B. Litigation

There are currently no matters in litigation with the School District as defendant.

NOTE 22 – SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

On July 1, 2003, the District borrowed \$160,000 to pay operating expenditures. This promissory note had a maturity date of August 1, 2003.

The District passed an additional .75 percent income tax on November 4, 2003, for general operations.



Auditor of State Betty Montgomery

INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT ON COMPLIANCE AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL REQUIRED BY *GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS*

Cory-Rawson Local School District Hancock County 3930 County Road 26 Rawson, Ohio 45881-9609

To the Board of Education:

We have audited the financial statements of Cory-Rawson Local School District, Hancock County, (the District) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2002, and have issued our report thereon dated December 23, 2003. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Compliance

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the District's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grants, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*. However, we noted certain immaterial instances of noncompliance that we have reported to management of the District in a separate letter dated December 23, 2003.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements and not to provide assurance on the internal control over financial reporting. However, we noted a certain matter involving the internal control over financial reporting and its operation that we consider to be a reportable condition. Reportable conditions involve matters coming to our attention relating to significant deficiencies in the design or operation of the internal control over financial reporting that, in our judgment, could adversely affect District's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial data consistent with the assertions of management in the financial statements. A reportable condition is described in the accompanying schedule of findings as item 2002-001.

One Government Center / Room 1420 / Toledo, OH 43604-2246 Telephone: (419) 245-2811 (800) 443-9276 Fax: (419) 245-2484 www.auditor.state.oh.us Cory-Rawson Local School District Hancock County Independent Accountants' Report on Compliance and on Internal Control Required by *Government Auditing Standards* Page 2

A material weakness is a condition in which the design or operation of one or more of the internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that misstatements in amounts that would be material in relation to the financial statements being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions. Our consideration of the internal control over financial reporting would not necessarily disclose all matters in the internal control that might be reportable conditions and, accordingly, would not necessarily disclose all reportable conditions that are also considered to be material weaknesses. However, we believe the reportable condition described above is not a material weakness. We also noted other matters involving the internal control over financial reporting that do not require inclusion in this report, that we have reported to management of the District in a separate letter dated December 23, 2003.

This report is intended for the information and use of the finance and audit committees, management, and the Board of Education, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Betty Montgomeny

Betty Montgomery Auditor of State

December 23, 2003

Schedule of Findings June 30, 2002

FINDINGS RELATED TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS

FINDING NUMBER 2002-001

Reportable Condition

District Managed and Student Managed Activity Funds

Advisors should be required to fill out Sales Project Potential sheets for approval to hold a fundraiser project. At the end of the project, the back of the Sales Project Potential sheet is to be completed. The back side of the form contains a reconciliation, item description, quantity ordered, selling price, gross sales, less any returns. This should agree to the amount of revenues turned into the Treasurer's office. The following weaknesses were found during our testing of the Principal Fund, Student Activity Fundraiser/Candy Machine Sales, FFA fruit sales and Yearbook Sales:

- 1. Sales Project Potential Sheets could not be located for fundraisers held;
- 2. There was no inventory maintained for items given away for prizes, awards or items not sold;
- 3. No one is reviewing that Sales Project Potential Sheets are completed at beginning or end of projects.
- 4. There is no segregation of duties between person ordering candy, filling candy machines, counting the money and paying the money in;
- 5. Cash payments were being made with vending machine receipt and vending machine money received by the middle school principal was not deposited with the Treasurer timely;
- 6. No records were maintained for FFA fruit sales

Inadequate documentation could result in revenues being diverted without timely detection. To improve controls we recommend:

- 1. All Fundraisers have completed Sales Project Potential Sheets;
- 2. The reconciliations should show the total quantity ordered. This should agree to the items purchased per the invoice.
- 3. The reconciliations should show the selling price of each unit.
- 4. The reconciliations should explain any items not sold, returned, spoiled, stolen, or given away free. The total purchased, per invoice, minus the amount of the items not sold, returned, spoiled, stolen, or given away free, will equal the total items sold.
- 5. An inventory should be maintained for the items not sold along with a copy of the Sales Project Potential Sheet. If and when these items are sold, the information should be put on the Sales Project Potential Sheet and turned in.
- 6. The individual approving the project should follow up at the finish of the project by recalculating the information on the reconciliation and comparing it to the District's records.
- 7. Duties should be segregated between people ordering candy, filling candy machines, counting the money and paying the money in.
- 8. All funds should be receipted intact on the day received and all disbursements should be issued on a check issued by the Treasurer.
- 9. Complete records of the FFA fund raisers should be maintained and include at a minimum, number of items sold reconciled to the items purchases, record of items given away or spoiled and a reconciliation of the anticipated receipts to the amounts actually paid into the District's Treasurer.



Auditor of State Betty Montgomery 88 East Broad Street P.O. Box 1140 Columbus, Ohio 43216-1140

Telephone 614-466-4514 800-282-0370

Facsimile 614-466-4490

CORY-RAWSON LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT

HANCOCK COUNTY

CLERK'S CERTIFICATION

This is a true and correct copy of the report which is required to be filed in the Office of the Auditor of State pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in Columbus, Ohio.

Susan Babbett

CLERK OF THE BUREAU

CERTIFIED JANUARY 20, 2004