Madison County, Ohio

Financial Statements

June 30, 2004



Board of Education Central Ohio Joint Vocational School District 7877 US Highway 42 South Plain City, Ohio 43064

We have reviewed the Independent Auditor's Report of the Central Ohio Joint Vocational School District, Madison County, prepared by Kennedy, Cottrell & Associates, LLC, for the audit period July 1, 2003. Based upon this review, we have accepted these reports in lieu of the audit required by Section 117.11, Revised Code. The Auditor of State did not audit the accompanying financial statements and, accordingly, we are unable to express, and do not express an opinion on them.

Our review was made in reference to the applicable sections of legislative criteria, as reflected by the Ohio Constitution, and the Revised Code, policies, procedures and guidelines of the Auditor of State, regulations and grant requirements. The Central Ohio Joint Vocational School District is responsible for compliance with these laws and regulations.

Butty Montgomeny

BETTY MONTGOMERY Auditor of State

February 16, 2005



CENTRAL OHIO JOINT VOCATIONAL SCHOOL DISTRICT Basic Financial Statements

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Board of Education Central Ohio Joint Vocational School District 7877 US Highway 42 South Plain City, Ohio 43064

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Central Ohio Joint Vocational School District, Madison County, Ohio (the District) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2004, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the District's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the District as of June 30, 2004, and the respective changes in financial position, where applicable, thereof for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated January 28, 2005 on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grants. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* and should be read in conjunction with this report in considering the results of our audit.

The management's discussion and analysis and budgetary comparison are not a required part of the basic financial statements, but are supplementary information required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. We applied certain limited procedures, consisting principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the supplementary information. We did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

We conducted our audit to form opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Kennedy, Cottrell + Associates

January 28, 2005

Kennedy, Cottrell + associates LLC

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Central Ohio Joint Vocational School District Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2004

(Unaudited)

The discussion and analysis of the Central Ohio Joint Vocational District's (the District) financial performance provides an overall review of the District's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2004. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the District's financial performance as a whole; readers should also review notes to the basic financial statements and financial statements to enhance their understanding of the District's financial performance.

Financial Highlights

Key financial highlights for 2004 are as follows:

Overall:

- Total net assets in Governmental Activities were \$26,653,365, a decrease of \$2,499,467 from the comparable amount at June 30, 2004. This was due to a decrease in millage from 1.1 mill to .5 mill effective January 1, 2003.
- The General Fund reported a positive fund balance of \$18,052,959 according to the Balance Sheet.
- The District has no outstanding debt.

Using this Annual Financial Report

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements and notes to those statements. These statements are organized so the reader can understand the District as a financial whole, an entire operating entity. The statements then proceed to provide an increasingly detailed look at specific financial activities.

The Statement of Net Assets and Statement of Activities provide information about the activities of the whole District, presenting both an aggregate view of the District's finances and a longer-term view of those finances. Fund financial statements provide the next level of detail. For governmental funds, these statements tell how services were financed in the short-term and what remains for future spending. The fund financial statements also look at the District's most significant funds with all other non-major finds presented in total in a single column. In the case of the District, the general fund is by far the most significant fund.

Reporting the District as a Whole

Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities

The statement of net assets and the statement of activities reflect how the District did financially during fiscal year 2004. These statements include all assets and liabilities using the accrual basis of accounting similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. This basis of accounting considers all of the current fiscal years' revenues and expenses regardless of when cash is received or paid.

These statements report the District's net assets and changes in those assets. This change in net assets is important because it tells the reader whether the financial position of the District as a whole has increased or decreased from the prior fiscal year. Over time, these increases and/or decreases are one indicator of whether the financial position is improving or deteriorating. Causes for these changes may be the result of many factors, some financial, some not. Nonfinancial factors include the District's property tax base, current property tax laws in Ohio restricting revenue growth, facility conditions, required educational programs and other factors.

In the Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities, the District reports on the following activity type:

 Governmental Activities - Most of the District's programs and services are reported here including instruction, support services, operation and maintenance of plant, pupil

Central Ohio Joint Vocational School District Management's Discussion and Analysis, Continued For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2004

(Unaudited)

transportation and extracurricular activities. These services are primarily funded by property tax revenues and from intergovernmental revenues, including federal and state grants and other shared revenues.

Reporting the District's Most Significant Funds

Fund Financial Statements

Fund financial reports provide detailed information about the District's major funds. While the District uses many funds to account for its financial transactions, the fund financial statements focus on the District's most significant funds. The District's major governmental fund is the General Fund.

Governmental Funds: The District's governmental funds are used to account for the same programs reported as governmental activities on the government-wide financial statements. The District's basic services are reported in these funds and focus on how money flows into and out of those funds as well as the balances available for spending at fiscal year end. These funds are reported using the modified accrual basis of accounting which measures cash and all other financial assets that can be readily converted to cash. The governmental fund financial statements provide a detailed short-term view of the District's operations. Because the focus of the governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for the governmental activities on the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the District's short-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to help make this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

Fiduciary Funds – Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the District. Fiduciary funds are not reflected on the government-wide financial statements because the resources from these funds are not available to support the District's programs. These funds use the accrual basis of accounting.

The District as a Whole

The District's total net assets decreased from a year ago, as shown in Table 1. The decrease indicates that the District was able to maintain its financial health while adding staff and programs to meet the needs of the students.

Net Assets - Governmental Activities

		2004		2003
Current assets	\$	21,566,475	\$	23,811,471
Capital assets		8,311,613	_	8,666,959
Total assets		29,878,088		32,478,430
Current liabilities		2,723,514		2,819,519
Long-term liabilities	_	501,209		506,079
Total liabilities		3,224,723		3,325,598
Net Assets:				
Invested in capital, net of debt		8,256,599		8,666,959
Restricted		575,869		600,228
Unrestricted	_	17,820,897	_	19,885,645
Total net assets	\$	26,653,365	\$	29,152,832

Central Ohio Joint Vocational School District Management's Discussion and Analysis, Continued For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2004 (Unaudited)

Current and Other Assets decreased mainly as a result in the reduction of property revenue in 2004, as the District used it cash balance to fund operations. The District's cash balance decreased \$2.1 million as a result of the decrease in millage from 1.1 mill to .5 mill effective January 1, 2003.

Capital Assets decreased due to disposal of capital assets.

Long-Term Liabilities increased due to the salary base used in calculating future severance payments.

Changes in Net Assets - Governmental Activities

	2004	2003
Program revenues:		
Charges for services	\$ 287,437	\$ 252,781
Operating grants	537,869	492,930
General revenues:		
Property taxes	2,410,690	3,410,548
Grants and entitlements	2,275,344	2,411,163
Other	 262,894	476,041
Total revenues	 5,774,234	7,043,463
Program expenses:		
Instructional:		
Regular	1,005,420	868,400
Special	154,377	156,084
Vocational	3,527,459	3,788,889
Adult/Continuing	180,052	43,040
Support services:		
Pupils	635,170	629,089
Instrucational staff	544,772	508,317
Board of education	67,657	43,301
Administration	623,363	655,153
Fiscal	231,086	227,696
Operation & maintenance of plant	882,710	928,973
Pupil transportation	9,026	4,003
Central	222,510	161,360
Operation of non-instructional services	173,591	157,021
Extra-curricular activities	 16,508	30,775
Total expenses	 8,273,701	8,202,101
Increase(decrease) in net assets	\$ (2,499,467)	\$ (1,158,638)

Program revenues for governmental activities are 14 percent of total revenues and are primarily represented by charges for tuition and fees and restricted intergovernmental revenues.

Central Ohio Joint Vocational School District Management's Discussion and Analysis, Continued For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2004

(Unaudited)

The major program expense for governmental activities is for instruction, which is 57 percent of all governmental expenses.

Governmental Activities

The table below indicates the total cost of services and the net cost of services for the governmental activities. The statement of activities reflects the cost of program services and the charges for services and sales, grants, and contributions offsetting those services. The net cost of services identities the cost of those services supported by tax revenues and unrestricted state entitlement.

	Total Cost of Services		Net Cost of Service	
Programs	2004	2003	2004	2003
Instruction	\$ 4,867,308	\$ 4,856,413	\$ 4,294,746	\$4,379,877
Support services:				
Pupil and instructional staff	1,179,942	1,137,406	1,121,226	1,036,718
Board of education, administration,				
fiscal and business	922,106	926,150	922,106	909,467
Operation & maintenance of plant	882,710	928,973	882,510	928,973
Pupil transportation	9,026	4,003	9,026	4,003
Central	222,510	161,360	219,510	161,360
Operation of non-instructional services	173,591	157,021	(17,237)	5,217
Extracurricular activities	16,508	30,775	16,508	30,775
Total	\$ 8,273,701	\$ 8,202,101	\$ 7,448,395	\$7,456,390

Of the total revenues for governmental activities 42 percent comes from local taxes.

The District's Funds

The District's governmental funds are accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting. All governmental funds had total revenues of \$6,109,808 and expenditures of \$8,069,160. The net change in fund balance for the year was most significant in the General Fund, where the fund balance decreased by \$1,959,352 in 2004.

General Fund Budgeting Highlights

The District's budget is prepared according to Ohio law and is based on accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements and encumbrances. The most significant budgeted fund is the General Fund.

During the course of fiscal 2004, the District amended its general fund budget as needed.

Final budgeted expenditures in the amount of \$25,137,883 were \$17,123,138 above actual expenditures. The District generally over appropriates in case unexpected expenditures arise during the fiscal year. Total actual expenditures on the budget basis (cash outlays plus encumbrances) were \$8,014,745, \$2,968,567 above revenues.

Capital Assets

At the end of fiscal 2004, the District had \$8,311,613 invested in land, buildings, equipment, and vehicles (net of accumulated depreciation); all in governmental activities.

Central Ohio Joint Vocational School District Management's Discussion and Analysis, Continued For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2004 (Unaudited)

The District had an auction at which time many items were sold and subsequently removed from the asset listing. This accounts for the majority of the decrease. Note 6 provides additional details

Current Issues

regarding capital assets.

The Central Ohio Joint Vocational School District remains stable in a declining economy and uncertainty in State funding. The District covers a diverse area that includes suburban residential areas as well as farming communities in Franklin, Madison, Union, Delaware and Fayette Counties.

The District has maintained an excellent financial position over the last 30 years. In 1972, a 1.8 mill continuing levy was passed. Because of significant growth in the District over the years the millage has been reduced. The last reduction was from 1.1 mill to .5 mill effective January 1, 2003. It is not anticipated that the District will need any additional voted millage in the near future.

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BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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Statement of Net Assets June 30, 2004

	ERNMENTAL
ASSETS Equity in pooled cash & investments Materials and supplies inventory Accounts receivable Due from other governments Prepaid items Property taxes receivable Nondepreciable capital assets Depreciable capital assets, net	\$ 18,726,991 38,786 102,078 69,102 39,626 2,589,892 249,859 8,061,754
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 29,878,088
LIABILITIES Accounts payable Accrued wages Due to other governments Deferred revenue Long-term Liabilities: Due within one year Due in more than one year	\$ 105,856 622,203 96,049 1,899,406 51,996 449,213
TOTAL LIABILITIES	 3,224,723
NET ASSETS Invested in capital assets, net of related debt Restricted for: Capital projects funds Other purposes Unrestricted	8,256,599 552,461 23,408 17,820,897
TOTAL NET ASSETS	\$ 26,653,365

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Statement of Activities
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2004

Instructional services: Regular				Program	Revenues	Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Assets
Instructional services: Regular			Expenses	Services	Grants and	
Regular \$ 1,005,420 - - (1,005,420) Special 154,377 - - (154,377) Vocational 3,527,459 163,039 375,325 (2,989,095) Adult/Continuing 180,052 - 34,198 (145,854) Support services: Pupils 635,170 - 54,988 (580,182) Instructional staff 544,772 - 3,728 (541,044) Board of education 67,657 - - (67,657) Administration 623,363 - - (231,086) Fiscal 231,086 - - (231,086) Operation & maintenance of plant 882,710 - 200 (882,510) Pupil transportation 9,026 - - (9,026) Central 222,510 - 3,000 (219,510) Operation of Non-Instructional services 173,591 124,398 66,430 17,237 Extracurricular student activities 16,508 - <	Governmental Activities					
Special	Instructional services:					
Vocational Adult/Continuing 3,527,459 180,052 163,039 375,325 375,325 (2,989,095) (2,989,095) Support services: Pupils 635,170 - 54,988 (580,182) Instructional staff 544,772 - 3,728 (541,044) Board of education 67,657 - - (67,657) Administration 623,363 - - (623,363) Fiscal 231,086 - - (231,086) Operation & maintenance of plant 882,710 - 200 (882,510) Pupil transportation 9,026 - - (9,026) Central 222,510 - 3,000 (219,510) Operation of Non-Instructional services 173,591 124,398 66,430 17,237 Extracurricular student activities 16,508 - - (16,508) Totals \$8,273,701 287,437 537,869 (7,448,395) General revenues: Property taxes levied for - 22,275,344 1,948,928		\$		-	-	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
Adult/Continuing Support services: Pupils 635,170 - 54,988 (580,182) Instructional staff 544,772 - 3,728 (541,044) Board of education 67,657 (67,657) Administration 623,363 (623,363) Fiscal 231,086 (231,086) Operation & maintenance of plant 882,710 - 200 (882,510) Operation & maintenance of plant 9,026 (9,026) Central 222,510 - 3,000 (219,510) Operation of Non-Instructional services 173,591 124,398 66,430 17,237 Extracurricular student activities 16,508 (16,508) Totals General revenues: Property taxes levied for - General purposes Grants and entitlements not restricted to specific programs 2,275,344 Investment earnings Miscellaneous Total general revenues Change in Net Assets Change in Net Assets Net Assets Beginning of Year 29,152,832	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		·	-	-	•
Support services: Pupils				163,039		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
Pupils			180,052	-	34,198	(145,854)
Instructional staff	· ·		005 470		E4.000	(500.400)
Board of education	·			-		,
Administration 623,363 (623,363) Fiscal 231,086 (231,086) Operation & maintenance of plant 882,710 - 200 (882,510) Pupil transportation 9,026 (9,026) Central 222,510 - 3,000 (219,510) Operation of Non-Instructional services 173,591 124,398 66,430 17,237 Extracurricular student activities 16,508 (16,508) Totals \$8,273,701 287,437 537,869 (7,448,395) General revenues: Property taxes levied for - General purposes 2,410,690 Grants and entitlements not restricted to specific programs 2,275,344 Investment earnings 228,214 Miscellaneous 34,680 Total general revenues 4,948,928 Change in Net Assets (2,499,467) Net Assets Beginning of Year 29,152,832			•	-	3,720	, ,
Fiscal 231,086 (231,086) Operation & maintenance of plant 882,710 - 200 (882,510) Pupil transportation 9,026 (9,026) Central 222,510 - 3,000 (219,510) Operation of Non-Instructional services 173,591 124,398 66,430 17,237 Extracurricular student activities 16,508 (16,508) Totals \$8,273,701 287,437 537,869 (7,448,395) General revenues: Property taxes levied for - General purposes Grants and entitlements not restricted to specific programs 2,275,344 Investment earnings Miscellaneous 34,680 Total general revenues Change in Net Assets (2,499,467) Net Assets Beginning of Year 29,152,832			•	_	_	, ,
Operation & maintenance of plant 882,710 - 200 (882,510) Pupil transportation 9,026 - - (9,026) Central 222,510 - 3,000 (219,510) Operation of Non-Instructional services 173,591 124,398 66,430 17,237 Extracurricular student activities 16,508 - - - (16,508) Totals \$ 8,273,701 287,437 537,869 (7,448,395) General revenues: Property taxes levied for - General purposes 2,410,690 Grants and entitlements not restricted to specific programs 2,275,344 Investment earnings 228,214 Miscellaneous 34,680 Total general revenues 4,948,928 Change in Net Assets (2,499,467) Net Assets Beginning of Year 29,152,832			·	_	_	•
Pupil transportation 9,026 - - (9,026) Central 222,510 - 3,000 (219,510) Operation of Non-Instructional services 173,591 124,398 66,430 17,237 Extracurricular student activities 16,508 - - (16,508) Totals \$8,273,701 287,437 537,869 (7,448,395) General revenues: Property taxes levied for - General purposes 2,410,690 Grants and entitlements not restricted to specific programs 2,275,344 Investment earnings 228,214 Miscellaneous 34,680 Total general revenues 4,948,928 Change in Net Assets (2,499,467) Net Assets Beginning of Year 29,152,832			·	_	200	, ,
Central Operation of Non-Instructional services Extracurricular student activities 173,591 124,398 66,430 17,237 16,508 173,591 124,398 66,430 17,237 (16,508) Totals \$ 8,273,701 287,437 537,869 (7,448,395) General revenues: Property taxes levied for - General purposes Grants and entitlements not restricted to specific programs 1,2275,344 Investment earnings Miscellaneous 34,680 Total general revenues 2,410,690 22,275,344 14,690	·		·	_	-	•
Operation of Non-Instructional services 173,591 124,398 66,430 17,237 Extracurricular student activities 16,508 - - (16,508) Totals \$8,273,701 287,437 537,869 (7,448,395) General revenues: Property taxes levied for - General purposes 2,410,690 Grants and entitlements not restricted to specific programs 2,275,344 Investment earnings 228,214 Miscellaneous 34,680 Total general revenues 4,948,928 Change in Net Assets (2,499,467) Net Assets Beginning of Year 29,152,832				-	3,000	,
Extracurricular student activities 16,508 - - (16,508) Totals \$ 8,273,701 287,437 537,869 (7,448,395) General revenues:				124,398	· ·	
General revenues: Property taxes levied for - General purposes 2,410,690 Grants and entitlements not restricted to specific programs 2,275,344 Investment earnings 228,214 Miscellaneous 34,680 Total general revenues 4,948,928 Change in Net Assets (2,499,467) Net Assets Beginning of Year 29,152,832	•				<u> </u>	
Property taxes levied for - General purposes 2,410,690 Grants and entitlements not restricted to specific programs 2,275,344 Investment earnings 228,214 Miscellaneous 34,680 Total general revenues 4,948,928 Change in Net Assets (2,499,467) Net Assets Beginning of Year 29,152,832	Totals	\$	8,273,701	287,437	537,869	(7,448,395)
Net Assets Beginning of Year 29,152,832	Property taxes General purp Grants and ent Investment ear Miscellaneous	levied oses itleme nings	ents not restri	cted to specific	programs	2,275,344 228,214 34,680
	Change in Net A	ssets				(2,499,467)
	Net Assets Begin	ning	of Year			29,152,832
		_				

Balance Sheet Governmental Funds June 30, 2004

		General	Other Governmental Funds	Total
ASSETS	_			
Equity and Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	18,064,445	662,546	18,726,991
Materials and supplies inventory		34,752	4,034	38,786
Accounts receivable		82,056	20,022	102,078
Interfund receivable		43,454	-	43,454
Intergovernmental receivable		-	69,102	69,102
Prepaid items		39,626	-	39,626
Property taxes receivables	_	2,589,892	<u>-</u>	2,589,892
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	20,854,225	755,704	21,609,929
LIABILITIES				
Accounts payable	\$	105,856	_	105,856
Accrued wages	•	577,833	44,370	622,203
Intergovernmental payables		80,756	14,148	94,904
Interfund payable		· -	43,454	43,454
Due to other funds		902	243	1,145
Deferred revenue		2,035,919	-	2,035,919
TOTAL LIABILITIES	_	2,801,266	102,215	2,903,481
FUND BALANCES		000 005		202 225
Reserved for encumbrances		823,235	4.004	823,235
Reserved for inventory		34,752	4,034	38,786
Reserved for future appropriations Unreserved, reported in:		553,973	-	553,973
General fund		16,640,999	-	16,640,999
Special Revenue funds		-	96,994	96,994
Capital Projects funds	_	<u> </u>	552,461	552,461
TOTAL FUND BALANCES	_	18,052,959	653,489	18,706,448
TOTAL LIABILITIES & FUND BALANCES	\$_	20,854,225	755,704	21,609,929

Reconciliation of Total Governmental Fund Balances to Net Assets of Governmental Activities June 30, 2004

Total Governmental Fund Balances	\$ 18,706,448
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets are different because:	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not functional resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.	8,311,613
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current period expenditures and therefore are deferred in the funds.	136,513
Long-term liabilities, including bonds and notes payable, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds.	
Compensated absences	(446,195)
Capital lease obligations	(55,014)
Net Assets of Governmental Activities	\$ 26,653,365

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2004

		Other Governmental	
	General	Funds	Total
REVENUES:			
Taxes	\$ 2,660,007	-	2,660,007
Intergovernmental	2,275,344	537,869	2,813,213
Interest	228,145	69	228,214
Tuition and fees	20,383	142,656	163,039
Charges for services	•	124,398	124,398
Miscellaneous	101,256	19,681	120,937
TOTAL REVENUES	5,285,135	824,673	6,109,808
EXPENDITURES:			
Current:			
Instructional services:			
Regular	952,340		952,340
Special	160,603		160,603
Vocational	2,828,179		3,167,836
Adult/Continuing		- 172,558	172,558
Support services:			
Pupils	577,934	•	628,258
Instructional staff	570,168	•	573,475
Board of education	67,657		67,657
Administration	567,769	•	622,846
Fiscal	226,070		226,070
Operation & maintenance of plant	872,762		872,875
Pupil transportation Central	6,445	•	8,498
	242,883	•	245,883
Operation of Non-Instructional services Extracurricular	15,977	- 171,948 -	171,948 15,977
Capital outlay	181,936		182,336
TOTAL EXPENDITURES			
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	7,270,723	3 798,437	8,069,160
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	(1,985,588	3) 26,236	(1,959,352)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):			
Transfers in		90,000	90,000
Transfers out	(90,000	-	(90,000)
Capital leases	59,678	-	59,678
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	(30,322	2) 90,000	59,678
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	(2,015,910	0) 116,236	(1,899,674)
FUND BALANCES AT BEGINNING OF YEAR	20,068,869	537,253	20,606,122
FUND BALANCE AT END OF YEAR	\$ 18,052,959	653,489	18,706,448

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2004

Net Changes in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds	\$ (1,899,674)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:	
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which depreciation exceeded capital outlays in the current period.	(269,089)
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenue in the funds.	(249,317)
Repayment of lease payable is an expenditure in governmental fund, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net assets and does not result in an expense in the statement of activities.	19,519
Proceeds resulting from a new capital lease agreement is not reported as revenue in the statement of activities.	(59,678)
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.	
Compensated absences Loss on disposal of fixed assets	45,029 (86,257)
Change in Net Assets of Governmental Activities	\$ (2,499,467)

Statement of Fiduciary Net Assets Fiduciary Funds June 30, 2004

	 Agency
ASSETS Equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents Due from other funds	\$ 25,584 1,145
TOTAL ASSETS	 26,729
LIABILITIES Due to Others	26,729
TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$ 26,729

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2004

Note 1. Description of the School District and Reporting Entity

Reporting Entity

The Central Ohio Joint Vocational School District (the District) was organized in 1972 under Section 3311.18 of the Ohio Revised Code. The District is a fiscally independent political subdivision of the State of Ohio. The District is governed by a seven member Board of Education. Board of Education members are appointed from the membership of the following seven Boards of Education: Dublin City School District, Fairbanks Local School District, Hilliard City School District, Jefferson Local School District, Jonathan Alder Local School District, London City School District, and Madison-Plains Local School District. The District had been supported by a continuing operating levy passed in 1972 and by funds from the State of Ohio Joint Vocational School Foundation Program. At the request of the District's Board of Education, the Madison County Commissioners reduced the District's continuing operating mills from 1.1 mills to .5 mills effective January, 2003. The 1.1 mill support level could be reinstated by the county commissioners upon demonstration of need by the District.

The District provides job training leading to employment upon graduation from high school. The District fosters cooperative relationships with business and industry, professional organizations, participating school districts, and other interested, concerned groups and organizations to consider, plan and implement education programs designed to meet the common needs and interests of students.

A reporting entity is composed of the stand-alone government, component units, and other organizations that are included to ensure the financial statements are not misleading. For reporting purposes, the District consists of all funds, departments, boards and agencies that are not legally separate from the District. For the Central Ohio Joint Vocational School District, this includes general operations, food service, continuing education and student related activities of the District.

Component units are legally separate organizations for which the District is financially accountable. The District is financially accountable for an organization if the District appoints a voting majority of the organization's governing board and (1) the District is able to significantly influence the programs or services performed or provided by the organization; or (2) the District is legally entitled to or can otherwise access the organization's resources; the District is legally obligated or has otherwise assumed the responsibility to finance the deficits of, or provide financial support to, the organization; or the District is obligated for the debt of the organization. Component units may also include organizations that are fiscally dependent on the District in that the District approves the budget, issuance of debt, or the levying of taxes. The District has no component units.

The District participates in the Ohio School Boards Association Workers' Compensation Group Rating Plan, an insurance purchasing pool and with the Metropolitan Educational Council (MEC), a jointly governed organization. These organizations are presented in Notes 15 and 16 to the basic financial statements

Note 2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The financial statements of the District have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to government units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The District also applies Financial Accounting

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2004 (Continued)

Standards Board (FASB) statements and interpretations issued on or before November 30, 1989, to its governmental activities provided they do not conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements. The more significant of the District's accounting policies are described below.

A. Basis of Presentation

The District's basic financial statements consist of government-wide financial statements, including a statement of net assets and a statement of activities and fund financial statements which provide a more detailed level of financial information.

Government-wide Financial Statements

The statement of net assets and the statement of activities display information about the District as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the primary government, except for fiduciary funds.

The statement of net assets presents the financial condition of the governmental activities of the District at fiscal year-end. The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each program or function of the District's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program or department and therefore clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipient of the goods or services offered by the program, grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program and interest earned on grants that is required to be used to support a particular program. Revenues which are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues of the District with certain limited exceptions. The comparison of direct expenses with program revenues identifies the extent to which each governmental function is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the District.

Fund Financial Statements

During the year, the District segregates transactions related to certain District functions or activities in separate funds in order to aid financial management and to demonstrate legal compliance. Fund financial statements are designed to present financial information of the District at this more detailed level. The focus of governmental financial statements is on major funds. Each major fund is presented in a separate column. Nonmajor funds are aggregated and presented in a single column. Fiduciary funds are reported by type.

B. Fund Accounting

The District uses funds to maintain its financial records during the fiscal year. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. The funds of the District are reported in two categories: governmental and fiduciary.

Governmental Fund Types

Governmental funds are those through which most governmental functions typically are financed. Governmental fund reporting focuses on the sources, uses and balances of current financial resources. Expendable assets are assigned to the various governmental funds according to the purposes for which they may or must be used. Current liabilities are assigned to the fund from which they will be paid. The difference between governmental fund assets and liabilities is reported as fund balances. The District has one major governmental fund:

<u>General Fund</u> - This fund is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The General Fund balance is

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2004 (Continued)

available to the District for any purpose provided it is expended or transferred according to general laws of Ohio.

The other governmental funds of the District account for grants and other resources whose use is restricted to a particular purpose.

Fiduciary Fund Types

Fiduciary fund reporting focuses on net assets and changes in net assets. The District's fiduciary fund is an agency fund. An agency fund is purely custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and does not involve measurement of results of operations. The District's agency fund accounts for student activities and worker's compensation.

C. Measurement Focus/Basis of Accounting

Government-wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are prepared using a flow of economic resources measurement focus. All assets and all liabilities associated with the operation of the District are included on the statement of net assets. The statement of activities presents increases (i.e. revenues) and decreases (i.e. expenses) in total net assets.

Fund Financial Statements

All governmental funds are accounted for using a flow of current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities generally are included on the balance sheet. The statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances reflects on the sources (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and uses (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) of current financial resources. This approach differs from the manner in which the governmental activities of the government-wide financial statements are prepared. Governmental fund financial statements therefore include a reconciliation with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide statements and the fund statements for governmental funds.

D. Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting determines when transactions are recorded in the financial records and reported on the financial statements. Government-wide financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Governmental funds use the modified accrual basis of accounting; fiduciary funds use the accrual basis of accounting. Differences in the accrual and modified accrual basis of accounting arise in the recognition of revenue, the recording of deferred revenue and in the presentation of expenses versus expenditures.

Revenues - Exchange and Non-Exchange Transactions

Revenue resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, is recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On the modified accrual basis, revenue is recorded in the fiscal year in which the resources are measurable and become available. Available means that the resources will be collected within the current fiscal year or are expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current fiscal year. For the District, available means expected to be received within sixty days of the fiscal year-end.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2004 (Continued)

Nonexchange transactions, in which the District receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include property taxes, grants, entitlements and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from grants, entitlements and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are required to be used or the year when use is first permitted, matching requirements, in which the District must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose, and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the District on a reimbursement basis. On the modified accrual basis, revenue from nonexchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized.

Under the modified accrual basis, the following revenue sources are considered to be both measurable and available at year-end: property taxes available as an advance, tuition, grants, and fees.

Deferred Revenue

Deferred revenue arises when assets are recognized before revenue recognition criteria have been satisfied.

Property taxes for which there is an enforceable legal claim as of June 30, 2004, but which were levied to finance year 2005 operations, have been recorded as deferred revenue. Grants and entitlements received before the eligibility requirements are met are also recorded as deferred revenue.

On governmental fund financial statements, receivables that will not be collected within the available period have also been reported as deferred revenue.

Expenses/Expenditures

On the accrual basis, expenses are recognized at the time they are incurred.

The measurement focus of governmental fund accounting is on decreases in net financial resources (expenditures) rather than expenses. Expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred, if measurable. Allocations of cost, such as depreciation and amortization, are not recognized in governmental funds.

E. Cash and Investments

To improve cash management, cash received by the District is pooled. Monies for all funds are maintained in this pool. Individual fund integrity is maintained through the District's records. Interest in the pool is presented as "Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents". During the fiscal year all investments were limited to certificates of deposit, repurchase agreements, the State Treasury Asset Reserve of Ohio (STAR Ohio) and federal agency securities.

Nonparticipating investment contracts such as repurchase agreements and non-negotiable certificates of deposit are reported at cost. Except for non-participating investment contracts, investments are reported at fair value which is based on quoted market prices.

STAR Ohio is an investment pool managed by the State Treasurer's Office which allows governments within the State to pool their funds for investment purposes. STAR Ohio is not registered with the SEC as an investment company, but does operate in a manner consistent with Rule 2a7 of the Investment Company Act of 1940. Investments in STAR Ohio are valued at STAR

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2004 (Continued)

Ohio's share price which is the price the investment could be sold for on June 30, 2004. For the District, all investment earnings accrue to the General and Special Revenue Funds as authorized by board resolution.

Investments of the District's cash management pool and investments with an original maturity of three months or less at the time they are purchased by the District are presented on the financial statements as cash equivalents. Investments with an initial maturity of more than three months that were not purchased from the pool are reported as investments.

F. Inventories

Inventories are presented at cost which is determined on a first-in, first-out basis. Inventory is recorded as an expenditure/expense when used.

Inventories consist of donated and purchased food, and supplies held for resale, and materials and supplies for consumption.

G. Prepaid Items

Payments made to vendors for services that will benefit periods beyond June 30, 2004, are recorded as prepaid items.

H. Capital Assets

The District's only capital assets are general capital assets used in governmental activities. These assets generally result from expenditures in the governmental funds. These assets are reported in the governmental activities column of the government-wide statement of net assets but are not reported in the fund financial statements.

Capital assets are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost) and updated for additions and reductions during the year. Donated fixed assets are recorded at their fair market values on the date donated. The District maintains capitalization at \$500. The District does not have any infrastructure. Improvements are capitalized; the costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an asset's life are not.

All capital assets except land are depreciated. Improvements are depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

Description	Estimated Lives
Building and Building Improvements	15 – 30 years
Furniture and Fixtures	5 – 20 years
Vehicles	5 – 15 years
Equipment	8 – 20 years

I. Interfund Assets/Liabilities

On fund financial statements, receivables and payables resulting from short-term interfund loans or interfund services provided and used are classified as interfund receivables/payables. Interfund balances within governmental activities are eliminated on the government wide statement of net assets.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2004 (Continued)

J. Compensated Absences

Vacation benefits are accrued as a liability as the benefits are earned if the employees' rights to receive compensation are attributable to services already rendered and it is probable that the District will compensate the employees for the benefits through paid time off or some other means. The District records a liability for accumulated unused vacation time when earned for all employees with more than one year of service.

Sick leave benefits are accrued as a liability using the vesting method. The liability includes the employees who are currently eligible to receive termination benefits as well as those that are probable of receiving payments in the future. The amount is based on accumulated sick leave and employees' wage rates at fiscal year end, taking into consideration any limits specified in the District's termination policy. The District records a liability for accumulated unused sick leave for all employees after ten years of service.

K. Accrued Liabilities and Long-Term Obligations

All payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations are reported in the government-wide financial statements.

In general, governmental fund payables and accrued liabilities that, once incurred, are paid in a timely manner and in full from current financial resources, are reported as obligations of the funds. Capital leases are recognized as a liability on the fund financial statements when due.

L. Interfund Transactions

Transfers within governmental activities are eliminated on the government-wide financial statements.

Exchange transactions between funds are reported as revenues in the seller funds and as expenditures/expenses in the purchaser funds. Flows of cash or goods from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as Interfund transfers. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds. Repayment from funds responsible for particular expenditures/expenses to the funds that initially paid for them are not presented on the financial statements.

M. Fund Balance Reserves and Designations

The District reserves those portions of fund equity which are legally segregated for a specific future use or which do not represent available expendable resources and therefore are not available for appropriation or expenditure. Unreserved fund balance indicates that portion of fund equity which is available for appropriation in future periods. Fund balances are reserved for supplies inventory, encumbrances and future appropriations. The reserve for future appropriation represents the amount of the property taxes available for advance and recognized as revenue under generally accepted accounting principles but not available for appropriation under State statute. The District is prohibited by law from appropriating the advance, since it was not received, for the current fiscal year. The unreserved portions of fund equity reflected for the Governmental Funds are available for use within the specific purposes of those funds.

N. Net Assets

Net assets represent the difference between assets and liabilities. Net assets invested in capital assets, net of related debt consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2004 (Continued)

the outstanding balance of any borrowing used for the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. Net assets are reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the District or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments.

The District applies restricted resources when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net assets are available.

O. Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

Note 3. Cash and Investments

A. Cash

The investment and deposit of the District's monies is governed by the provisions of the ORC. In accordance with these statutes, the District is authorized to invest in United States and State of Ohio bonds, notes, and other obligations; bank certificates of deposit; banker acceptances; commercial paper notes rated prime and issued by United States corporations; repurchase agreements secured by United States obligations; and STAROhio. During fiscal year 2004, investments were limited to STAROhio, repurchase agreements, CDs, and federal agency securities. Earnings on investments are credited to the General Fund except earnings specifically related to the Capital Projects Fund, Enterprise Fund, and the Private Purpose Trust fund which is in compliance with ORC Section 3315.01. In fiscal 2004 investment income of \$228,214 was recorded in the Governmental funds.

STAROhio is an investment pool managed by the State Treasurer's Office which allows governments within the State to pool their funds for investment purposes. STAROhio is not registered with the Securities Exchange Commission as an investment company, but does operate in a manner similar to Rule 2a7 of the Investment Company Act of 1940. Investments in STAROhio are valued at STAROhio's share price which is the price the investment could be sold for on June 30, 2004.

According to state law, public depositories must give security for all public funds on deposit. These institutions may either specifically collateralize individual accounts in lieu of amounts insured by the FDIC, or may pledge a pool of government securities valued at least 105% of the total value of public monies on deposit at the institution. Repurchase agreements must be secured by the specific government securities upon which the repurchase agreements are based. These securities must be obligations of or guaranteed by the United States and mature or be redeemable within 5 years of the date of the related repurchase agreement. State law does not require security for public deposits and investments to be maintained in the District's name. During 2004, the District and public depositories complied with the provisions of these statutes.

B. Deposits with Financial Institutions

Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of a bank failure, the District's deposits may not be returned. All deposits are collateralized with eligible securities in amounts equal to at least

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2004 (Continued)

105% of the carrying value of the deposits. Such collateral, as permitted by the Ohio Revised Code, is held in single financial institution collateral pools at Federal Reserve Banks, or at member banks of the federal reserve system, in the name of the respective depository bank and pledged as a pool of collateral against all of the public deposits it holds or as specific collateral held at the Federal Reserve Bank in the name of the District.

At June 20, 2004, the carrying amount of all District deposits was \$ 3,526,871. Based on the criteria described in GASB Statement No. 40, *Deposits and Investment Risk Disclosures*, as of June 30, 2004, \$ 3,370,424 of the District's bank balance of \$ 3,670,424 was exposed to custodial risk as discussed above, while \$300,000 was covered by Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation.

C. Investments

As of June 30, 2004, the District had the following investments and maturities.

		Investment Maturities				
		6 months or	7 to 12	13 to 18	19 to 24	
Investment type	 Fair Value	less	months	months	months	
STAROhio	\$ 146,373	146,373	-	-	-	
FHLMC DN	3,965,728	1,992,107	1,973,621	-	-	
FHLB DN	981,046	-	981,046	-	-	
FNMA DN	4,465,353	2,984,457	1,480,896	-	-	
FHLB	3,677,127	-	991,872	991,802	1,693,453	
FNMA	991,491	-	-	991,491	-	
FFCB	 998,586		998,586			
	\$ 15,225,704	5,122,937	6,426,021	1,983,293	1,693,453	

Interest Rate Risk. As a means of limiting its exposure to fair value losses arising from rising interest rates and according to state law, the District's investment policy limits investment portfolio maturities to two years or less.

Credit Risk. Standard & Poor's has assigned StarOhio an AAAm money market rating. All of the District's other investments in were rated AAA and Aaa by Standard & Poor's and Moody's Investor Services, respectively.

Concentration of Credit Risk. The District places no limit on the amount that may be invested in any one issuer. The following table includes the percentage to total of each investment type held by the District at June 30, 2004:

Investment type		Fair Value	% to total
STAROhio	\$ 146,373		0.96%
FHLMC		3,965,728	26.05%
FHLB		4,658,173	30.59%
FNMA		5,456,844	35.84%
FFCB		998,586	<u>6.56</u> %
	\$	15,225,704	100.00%

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2004 (Continued)

Note 4. Property Tax

Property taxes are levied, assessed and collected on a calendar year basis, while the District's fiscal year runs from July through June. They include amounts levied against all real, public utility, and tangible personal property located in the District. Taxes collected on real property (other than public utility) in one calendar year are levied in the preceding calendar year on assessed values as of January 1 of that preceding year, the lien date. Assessed values are established by the County Auditor at 35 percent of appraised market value. All property is required to be revalued every six years. Real property taxes are payable annually or semiannually. If paid annually, payment is due January 20. If paid semi-annually, the first payment is usually due January 20, with the remainder payable June 20. Under certain circumstances, state statute permits alternate payment dates to be established.

Taxes collected from tangible personal property (other than public utility) in one calendar year are levied in the prior calendar year on assessed values during and at the close of the most recent fiscal year of the taxpayer that ended on or before December 31 of that calendar year. Tangible personal property used in business (except for public utilities) is currently assessed for taxation purposes at 25 percent of its true value. Amounts paid by multi-county taxpayers may be paid annually or semi-annually, the first payment is due April 30, with the remainder payable by September 20.

Public utility real and public utility personal property taxes collected in one calendar year are levied in the preceding calendar year on assessed values determined as of December 31 of the second year proceeding the tax collection year, the lien date. Real property is assessed at 35% of market value and personal property is assessed at 100 percent of market value. Public utility property taxes are payable on the same dates as real property taxes described previously.

The District receives property taxes from Madison, Franklin, Union, Delaware and Fayette Counties. Tax settlements are made each February and August for real property and each June and October for personal property taxes.

Accrued property taxes receivable includes the late personal property tax settlement, real property, public utility property, and tangible personal property taxes which were measurable as of fiscal year end, and for which there was an enforceable legal claim. Although, total property tax collections for the next fiscal year are measurable, only the amount available as an advance at June 30 is intended to finance current fiscal year operations and is reflected as revenue at fiscal year end. The receivable is offset by a credit to deferred revenue for that portion not intended to finance current year operations. The amount available as an advance at June 30, 2004 was \$553,973 in the General Fund. Accrued property taxes receivable also includes amounts for any late personal property tax settlements made by the Counties.

On the full accrual basis, collectible delinquent property taxes have been recorded as a receivable and revenue. On the modified accrual basis, the revenue is deferred.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2004 (Continued)

The full tax rate at the fiscal year ended June 30, 2004 for operations was \$.50 per \$1,000 of assessed valuation. The assessed values of real and tangible personal property on which the fiscal year 2004 taxes were collected were as follows:

Real Property - Commercial/Industrial	\$ 1,269,723,700
Real Property - Residential/Agricultural	3,556,912,000
Personal Property - General	 610,921,985
Total Assessment Vaue	\$ 5,437,557,685

Note 5. Receivables

Receivables at June 30, 2004 consisted of taxes, accounts (tuition and student fees), and intergovernmental grants and entitlements. All receivables are considered collectible in full due to the ability to foreclose for the nonpayment of taxes, the stable condition of State programs, and the current guarantee of federal funds.

A summary of the principal items of Intergovernmental Receivables follows:

	Amount	
Governmental Activities		
Other Governmental Funds:		
Adult Education	\$	24,028
Career Education		42,537
Food Service		2,537
Total Governmental Activities	\$	69,102

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2004 (Continued)

Note 6. Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the fiscal	year ended June 30, 2004, was as follows:

	Bal	ance			Balance	
	June 3	une 30, 2003 Additions		Disposals	June 30, 2004	
Capital Assets used in:						
Governmental Activities						
Nondepreciable capital assets-						
Land	\$	150,000	-	-	150,000	
Construction in progress		-	99,859		99,859	
Total nondepreciable capital assets		150,000	99,859		249,859	
Depreciable capital assets:						
Building and building improvements	11	1,217,662	-	-	11,217,662	
Furniture and equipment	4	1,524,951	250,913	246,615	4,529,249	
Vehicles		448,475	15,200		463,675	
Total depreciable capital assets	16	5,191,088	266,113	246,615	16,210,586	
Accumulated depreciation:						
Building and building improvements		5,036,401	373,921	-	5,410,322	
Furniture and equipment	2	2,387,516	233,983	160,358	2,461,141	
Vehicles		250,212	27,157		277,369	
Total accumulated depreciation	7	7,674,129	635,061	160,358	8,148,832	
Total depreciable capital assets, net	8	3,516,959	(368,948)	86,257	8,061,754	
Total governmental activities capital assets, net	- 8	3,666,959	(269,089)	86,257	8,311,613	

Depreciation expense was charged to governmental functions as follows:

Instructional:	
Regular	\$ 22,465
Special	1,199
Vocational	491,170
Adult/Continuing	7,494
Support services:	
Pupil	30,536
Instructional staff	24,804
Administration	21,130
Fiscal	1,925
Operation and maintenance of plant	31,040
Pupil transportation	528
Central	83
Other operation of non-instructional services	2,156
Extra curricular activities	 531
Total depreciation	\$ 635,061

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2004 (Continued)

Note 9. Long-Term Obligations

Changes in the District's long-term obligations during fiscal year 2004 were as follows:

		Balance ne 30, 2003	Additions	Reductions	Balance June 30, 2004	Amount due in One Year
Governmental Activities						
Compensated absences payable	\$	491,224	-	45,029	446,195	\$ 41,904
Capital Leases Payable		14,855	59,678	19,519	55,014	10,092
Total Governmental Activities Long-term Obligations	<u>\$</u>	506,079	59,678	64,548	501,209	<u>\$ 51,996</u>

Note 10. Capital Leases

During 2004, the District terminated three lease agreements on copiers which had an outstanding balance at June 30, 2004 of \$14,855. During 2004, the District also entered into four new lease agreements for copiers. Each lease meets the criteria of a capital lease as defined by Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 13, "Accounting for Leases", which defines a capital lease generally as one which transfers benefits and risks of ownership to the lessee. Principal payments in 2004 were \$4,664 on the new leases in the governmental funds.

The following is a schedule of the future minimum lease payments required under the capital lease and the present value of the minimum lease payments of June 30, 2004:

	Go۱	vernmental
Year	Activities	
2005	\$	15,392
2006		15,392
2007		15,392
2008		15,392
2009		7,702
Total		69,270
Less: Amount representing interest		(14,256)
Present Value of Net Minimum Lease Payments		55,014

Note 11. Interfund Assets/Liabilities

As of June 30, 2004, the General Fund had an interfund receivable in the amount of \$43,454. The Perkins Grant special revenue funds had interfund payables in the amount \$43,454, resulting from the provision of cash flow resources from the General Fund until the receipt of grant monies by the special revenue funds.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2004 (Continued)

Note 12. Defined Benefit Pension Plans

A. School Employees Retirement System

The District contributes to the School Employees Retirement System (SERS), a cost-sharing multiple employer defined benefit pension plan. SERS provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided by Chapter 3309 of the Ohio Revised Code. SERS issues a publicly available, stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained by writing to the School Employees Retirement System, 300 East Broad Street, Suite 100, Columbus, Ohio 43215-3476.

Plan members are required to contribute 10 percent of their annual covered salary and the District is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. The current District rate is 14 percent of annual covered payroll. A portion of the District's contribution is used to fund pension obligations with the remainder being used to fund health care benefits; for fiscal year 2004, 9.09 percent of annual covered salary was the portion used to fund pension obligations. For fiscal year 2003, 8.17 percent of annual covered salary was the portion used to fund pension obligations. The contribution requirements of plan members and employers are established and may be amended, up to a statutory maximum amount, by the SERS' Retirement Board. The District's required contributions for pension obligations to SERS for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2004, 2003, and 2002 were \$97,057, \$98,016 and \$95,743, respectively; 88.2 percent, 92.4 percent and 100 percent has been contributed for fiscal year 2004, 2003 and 2002, respectively.

B. State Teachers Retirement System

The District participates in the State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio (STRS Ohio), a cost-sharing, multiple-employer public employee retirement system. STRS Ohio provides retirement and disability benefits to members and death and survivor benefits to beneficiaries. STRS Ohio issues a stand-alone financial report that may be obtained by writing to STRS Ohio, 275 E. Broad St., Columbus, OH 43215-3371, by calling (614) 227-4090, or by visiting the STRS Ohio Web site at www.strsoh.org.

New members have a choice of three retirement plans, a Defined Benefit (DB) Plan, a Defined Contribution (DC) Plan, and a Combined Plan. The DB plan offers an annual retirement allowance based on final average salary times a percentage that varies based on years of service, or an allowance based on member contributions and earned interest matched by STRS Ohio funds times an actuarially determined annuity factor. The DC Plan allows members to place all their member contributions and employer contributions equal to 10.5% of earned compensation into an investment account. Investment decisions are made by the member. A member is eligible to receive a retirement benefit at age 50 and termination of employment. The Combined Plan offers features of both the DC Plan and the DB Plan. In the Combined Plan, member contributions are invested by the member, and employer contributions are used to fund the defined benefit payment at a reduced level from the regular DB Plan. DC and Combined Plan members will transfer to the Defined Benefit Plan during their fifth year of membership unless they permanently select the DC or Combined Plan. Existing members with less than five years of service credit as of June 30, 2001, were given the option of making a one time irrevocable decision to transfer their account balances from the existing DB Plan into the DC Plan or the Combined Plan. This option expired on December 31, 2001. Benefits are established by Chapter 3307 of the Ohio Revised Code.

A DB or Combined Plan member with five or more years credited service who becomes disabled may qualify for a disability benefit. Eligible spouses and dependents of these active members

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2004 (Continued)

who die before retirement may qualify for survivor benefits. Members in the DC Plan who become disabled are entitled only to their account balance. If a member dies before retirement benefits begin, the member's designated beneficiary is entitled to receive the member's account balance.

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2004, plan members were required to contribute 10 percent of their annual covered salaries. The District was required to contribute 14 percent; 13 percent was the portion used to fund pension obligations. For fiscal year 2003, the portion used to fund pension obligations was also 13 percent. Contribution rates are established by the State Teachers Retirement Board, upon recommendations of its consulting actuary, not to exceed statutory maximum rates of 10% for members and 14% for employers. Chapter 3307 of the Ohio Revised Code provides statutory authority for member and employer contributions. The District's required pension obligations to STRS for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2004, 2003, and 2002 were \$602,044, \$556,388 and \$571,938, respectively; 88.90 percent, 86.24 percent and 100 percent has been contributed for fiscal year 2004, 2003 and 2002, respectively.

C. Social Security System

Effective July 1, 1991, all employees not otherwise covered by the School Employees Retirement System or the State Teachers Retirement System have an option to choose Social Security or the School Employees Retirement System/State Teachers Retirement System. As of June 30, 2004, two of the District's Board of Education members elected Social Security. The Board's liability is 6.2 percent of wages paid.

Note 13. Postemployment Benefits

The District provides comprehensive health care benefits to retired teachers and their dependents through the State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio (STRS Ohio), and to retired non-certified employees and their dependents through the School Employees Retirement System (SERS). Benefits include hospitalization, physicians' fees, prescription drugs and reimbursement of monthly Medicare premiums. Benefit provisions and the obligations to contribute are established by the Systems based on authority granted by State statute. Both systems are on a pay-as-you-go basis.

All STRS Ohio benefit recipients and sponsored dependents are eligible for health care coverage. The STRS Ohio Board has statutory authority over how much, if any, of the health care costs will be absorbed by STRS Ohio. Most benefit recipients pay a portion of the health care cost in the form of a monthly premium. By law, the cost of coverage paid from STRS Ohio funds is included in the employer contribution rate, currently 14 percent of covered payroll. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2004, the STRS Ohio Board allocated employer contributions equal to 1 percent of covered payroll to the Health Care Reserve Fund. For the District, this amount equaled \$39,400 for fiscal year 2004.

STRS Ohio pays health care benefits from the Health Care Stabilization Fund. At June 30, 2003, (the latest information available) the balance in the Fund was \$2.8 billion. For the year ended June 30, 2003, net health care costs paid by STRS Ohio were \$352,301,000 and STRS Ohio had 108,294 eligible benefit recipients.

For SERS, coverage is made available to service retirees with ten or more fiscal years of qualifying service credit, and to disability and survivor benefit recipients. Effective January 1, 2004, all retirees and beneficiaries are required to pay a portion of their health care premium. The portion is based on years of service, Medicare eligibility and retirement status. A

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2004 (Continued)

safety net is in place for retirees whose household income falls below federal poverty levels. Premiums are reduced by 50% for those who apply.

After the allocation for basic benefits, the remainder of the employer's 14 percent contribution is allocated to providing health care benefits. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2004, employer contributions to fund health care benefits were 4.91 percent of covered payroll. In addition, SERS levies a surcharge to fund health care benefits equal to 14 percent of the difference between a minimum pay and the member's pay, pro-rated for partial service credit. For fiscal year 2004, the minimum pay was established at \$25,400. For the District, the amount contributed to fund health care benefits during the 2004 fiscal year equaled \$35,400.

The surcharge, added to the unallocated portion of the 14 percent employer contribution rate, provides for maintenance of the asset target level for the health care fund. The target level for the health care reserve is 150 percent of the annual health care expenses. Expenses for health care for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2004 were \$223,443,805 and the target level was \$335.2 million. At June 30, 2004, SERS had net assets available for payment of health care benefits of \$300.8 million. SERS has approximately 62,000 participants currently receiving health care benefits.

Note 14. Compensated Absences

The criteria for determining vacation and sick leave components are derived from negotiated agreements, Board policies and State laws. Only administrative and twelve month school support personnel accumulate vacation based on the following factors:

Vacation Days
10
15
20

All administrative personnel earn twenty days vacation annually.

Each employee earns sick leave at the rate of one and one-fourth days per month. Sick leave shall accumulate during active employment on a continuous year-to-year basis. Maximum sick leave accumulation for all employees is 260 days. Upon retirement, payment is made for 25 percent of the employee's balance based upon their years of service.

Note 15. Risk Management

A. General Risk

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets, errors and omissions, injuries to employees and natural disasters. The District has addressed these various types of risk by purchasing a comprehensive insurance policy through commercial carriers.

General liability insurance is maintained in the amount of \$1,000,000 for each occurrence and \$3,000,000 in the aggregate. In addition, the District maintains a \$2,000,000 umbrella liability policy.

The District maintains fleet insurance in the amount of \$1,000,000 for any one accident or loss.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2004 (Continued)

The District maintains replacement cost insurance on buildings and contents in the amount of \$33,265,100. The District maintains other property insurance for valuable papers, electronic data processing equipment, and mechanical, electrical and pressure equipment. Settled claims have not exceeded this commercial coverage in any of the past three years. There have been no significant reductions of coverage from the prior years.

B. Workers' Compensation-Public Entity Risk Pool

The District participates in the Ohio School Boards Association Workers' Compensation Group Rating Program (GRP), an insurance purchasing pool. The GRP's business and affairs are conducted by a three member Board of Directors consisting of the President, the President-Elect and the Immediate Past President of the Ohio School Boards Association (OSBA). The Executive Director of the OSBA, or his designee, serves as coordinator of the program. Each year, the participating school districts pay an enrollment fee to the GRP to cover the costs of administering the program.

The intent of the GRP is to achieve the benefit of a reduced premium for the District by virtue of its grouping and representation with other participants in the GRP. The workers' compensation experience of the participating school districts is calculated as one experience and a common premium rate is applied to all school districts in the GRP. Each participant pays its workers' compensation premium to the State based on the rate for the GRP rather than its individual rate. Total savings are then calculated and each participant's individual performance is compared to the overall savings percentage of the GRP.

A participant will then either receive money from or be required to contribute to the "Equity Pooling Fund". This "equity pooling" arrangement insures that each participant shares equally in the overall performance of the GRP. Participation in the GRP is limited to school districts that can meet the GRP's selection criteria. The firm of Gates McDonald & Co. provides administrative, cost control and actuarial services to the GRP.

C. Employee Insurance

The District provides life insurance and accidental death and dismemberment insurance to its employees through the Metropolitan Educational Council insurance purchasing program. The District has elected to provide employee medical/surgical benefits and dental through Medical Mutual of Ohio, a fully funded program.

Note 16. Jointly Governed Organizations

Metropolitan Educational Council - MEC is a not for profit educational council whose primary purpose and objective is to contribute to the educational services available to school districts in Franklin County and surrounding areas by cooperative action membership. The governing board consists of a representative from each of the Franklin County districts. Districts outside of Franklin County are associate members and each county selects a single district to represent them on the governing board. MEC is its own fiscal agent. The District does not have an ongoing financial interest in or ongoing financial responsibility for MEC. MEC provides computer services to the District.

Note 17. Contingencies

A. Grants

The District received financial assistance from federal and state agencies in the form of grants. The disbursement of funds received under these programs generally requires compliance with

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2004 (Continued)

terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements and are subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims resulting from such audits could become a liability of the general fund or other applicable funds. However, in the opinion of management, any such disallowed claims will not have a material adverse effect on the overall financial position of the District at June 30, 2004.

B. Litigation

There are currently no matters in litigation with the District as defendant.

Note 18. Statutory Reserves

The District is required by state law to set aside certain general fund revenue amounts, as defined, into various reserves. During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2004, the reserve activity was as follows:

	Capital			
		Textbook	Maintenance	
		Reserve	Reserve	Total
Set-Aside Cash Balance as of June 30, 2003	\$	-	-	-
Current Year Set-Aside Requirement		74,149	74,149	148,298
Qualifying Disbursements	_	(402,749)	(307,156)	(709,905)
Total		(328,600)	(233,007)	(561,607)
Cash Balance Carried Forward to Fiscal Year 2005	\$	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>

The District had offsets and qualifying disbursements during the year that reduced the set-aside amounts below zero. These amounts may be used to reduce the set-aside requirement of future years. Negative amounts, however, are not presented as being carried forward to the next fiscal year.

Note 19. School Funding Decision

On December 11, 2002, the Ohio Supreme Court issued its latest opinion regarding the State's school funding plan. The decision reaffirmed earlier decisions that Ohio's current school funding decision is unconstitutional.

The Supreme Court relinquished jurisdiction over the case and directed "...the Ohio General Assembly to enact a school funding scheme that is thorough and efficient...".

The District is currently unable to determine what effect, if any, this decision will have on its future State funding and on its financial operations.

Note 20. Fund Deficit / Accountability

The District's Carl D. Perkins Vocational Education Grant Fund had a GAAP basis deficit fund balance of \$1,324 at June 30, 2004. This deficit will be funded by future revenues.

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REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

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Central Ohio Joint Vocational School District

Budgetary Comparison Schedule General Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2004

REVENUES: Taxes Intergovernmental Interest Tuition and fees Miscellaneous TOTAL REVENUES	\$ Original Budget 2,454,442 2,271,377 201,500 23,000 10,500 4,960,819	Revised Budget 2,419,310 2,271,377 201,500 23,000 10,500 4,925,687	Actual 2,428,733 2,275,344 221,138 20,383 13,681 4,959,279	Variance Positive (Negative) 9,423 3,967 19,638 (2,617) 3,181 33,592
	.,,,,,,,,,	.,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		
EXPENDITURES: Current: Instructional services:				
Regular	1,294,600	1,294,600	924,227	370,373
Special	296,000	296,600	159,604	136,996
Vocational	5,656,500	5,877,900	3,129,910	2,747,990
Support services: Pupils	11,004,655	10,695,655	587,007	10,108,648
Instructional staff	1,185,765	1,185,765	594,468	591,297
Board of education	335,422	335,422	60,889	274,533
Administration	1,056,873	1,057,873	585,596	472,277
Fiscal	350,386	350,386	228,114	122,272
Operation & maintenance of plant	2,690,382	2,690,382	994,177	1,696,205
Pupil transportation	7,000	7,000	6,445	555
Central	351,300	351,300	243,183	108,117
Extracurricular	20,000	20,000	15,977	4,023
Capital outlay	815,000	815,000	425,202	389,798
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	25,063,883	24,977,883	7,954,799	17,023,084
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	(20,103,064)	(20,052,196)	(2,995,520)	(17,056,676)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):				
Transfers out	(75,000)	(125,000)	(90,000)	35,000
Advances in	-	-	60,622	60,622
Advances out	-	-	(49,644)	(49,644)
Other			385	385
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	(75,000)	(125,000)	(78,637)	46,363
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	(20,178,064)	(20,177,196)	(3,074,157)	(17,103,039)
Prior year encumbrances appropriated	132,363	132,363	132,363	-
FUND BALANCES AT BEGINNING OF YEAR	19,996,154	19,996,154	19,996,154	-
FUND BALANCE AT END OF YEAR	\$ (49,547)	(48,679)	17,054,360	(17,103,039)

See notes to required supplementary information.

CENTRAL OHIO JOINT VOCATIONAL SCHOOL DISTRICT

Notes to the Required Supplementary Information For the Year Ended June 30, 2004

NOTE A - BUDGETARY DATA

All funds, other than agency funds, are legally required to be budgeted and appropriated. The major documents prepared are the tax budget, the appropriation resolution and the certificate of estimated resources, all of which are prepared on the budgetary basis of accounting. The tax budget demonstrates a need for existing or increased tax rates. The certificate of estimated resources establishes a limit on the amount that the Board of Education may appropriate. The appropriations resolution is the Board's authorization to spend resources and sets annual limits on expenditures plus encumbrances at the level of control selected by the Board. The legal level of control has been established by the Board of Education at the object level for all funds. Any budgetary modifications at this level may only be made by the Board of Education.

The certificate of estimated resources may be amended during the year if projected increases or decreases in revenue are identified by the District's Treasurer. The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts in the budgetary statements reflect the amounts in the certificate of estimated resources when the original appropriations were adopted by fund. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts in the budgetary statements reflect the amounts in the final amended certificate in effect at the time the final appropriations were passed by the Board.

The appropriation resolution is subject to amendment by the Board throughout the year with the restriction that appropriations may not exceed estimated resources. The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts reflect the first appropriation resolution for the funds that covered the entire fiscal year, including amounts automatically carried forward from prior fiscal years. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts represent the final appropriations passed by the Board during the fiscal year.

NOTE B - RECONCILING BUDGET BASIS AND GAAP

The District prepares its budget on a basis of accounting that differs from generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). The actual column presented on the Budgetary Comparison Schedule – General Fund is prepared in accordance with the budget basis of accounting.

The major differences between the budgetary basis of accounting and GAAP are that:

- A. Revenues are recorded when received in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when susceptible to accrual (GAAP basis);
- B. Expenditures are recorded when encumbered (budget basis) as opposed to when the liability is incurred (GAAP basis);
- C. Encumbrances are recorded as the equivalent of expenditures (budget basis) as opposed to a reservation of fund balance (GAAP basis); and
- D. Investments are recorded at cost (budget basis) as opposed to fair value (GAAP basis).

A reconciliation of the General Fund results of operations at the end of the year on the GAAP basis to the budget basis follows:

Deficiency of revenues and other financing sources under expenditures and other financing uses (GAAP Basis) \$ (2,015,910)

Adjustments, net	
Revenue accruals	(324,527)
Expenditure accruals	195,371
Encumbrances	(929,091)
Excess of revenues and other financing sources over	
expenditures and other financing uses (Budget Basis)	\$ (3,074,157)



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE AND ON INTERNAL CONTROLS REQUIRED BY GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Board of Education Central Ohio Joint Vocational School District 7877 US Highway 42 South Plain City, Ohio 43064

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the Central Ohio Joint Vocational School District, Madison County, Ohio (the District) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2004, and have issued our report thereon dated January 28, 2005. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Compliance

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the District's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grants, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements and not to provide assurance on the internal control over financial reporting. Our consideration of the internal control over financial reporting would not necessarily disclose all matters in the internal control over financial reporting that might be material weaknesses. A material weakness is a condition in which the design or operation of one or more of the internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that misstatements in amounts that would be material in relation to the financial statements being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions. We noted no matters involving the internal control over financial reporting and its operation that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, we noted other matters involving internal control that we have reported to management of the District in a separate letter dated January 28, 2005.

This report is intended for the information and use of the audit committee, management, Board of Education, and federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Kennedy, Cottrell + Associates

January 28, 2005

Kennedy, Cottrell + associates LLC



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Facsimile 614-466-4490

CENTRAL OHIO JOINT VOCATIONAL DISTRICT MADISON COUNTY

CLERK'S CERTIFICATION

This is a true and correct copy of the report which is required to be filed in the Office of the Auditor of State pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in Columbus, Ohio.

CLERK OF THE BUREAU

Susan Babbitt

CERTIFIED MARCH 1, 2005