# CITY OF CENTERVILLE CENTERVILLE, OHIO

# SUPPLEMENTAL REPORTS

DECEMBER 31, 2004

MR. MARK SCHLAGHECK, FINANCE DIRECTOR



City Council City of Centerville 100 West Spring Valley Road Centerville, Ohio 45458

We have reviewed the *Independent Auditor's Report* of the City of Centerville, Montgomery County, prepared by Julian & Grube, Inc., for the audit period January 1, 2004 through December 31, 2004. Based upon this review, we have accepted these reports in lieu of the audit required by Section 117.11, Revised Code. The Auditor of State did not audit the accompanying financial statements and, accordingly, we are unable to express, and do not express an opinion on them.

Our review was made in reference to the applicable sections of legislative criteria, as reflected by the Ohio Constitution, and the Revised Code, policies, procedures and guidelines of the Auditor of State, regulations and grant requirements. The City of Centerville is responsible for compliance with these laws and regulations.

Betty Montgomeny

BETTY MONTGOMERY Auditor of State

July 11, 2005



# CITY OF CENTERVILLE CENTERVILLE COUNTY, OHIO

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# JULIAN & GRUBE, INC.

"SERVING OHIO LOCAL GOVERNMENTS"

1445 Worthington Woods Boulevard Suite B Worthington, Ohio 43085 Telephone 614.846.1899 Facsimile 614.846.2799

# Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance With *Government Auditing Standards*

Members of Council and Mayor City of Centerville 100 West Spring Valley Road Centerville, Ohio 45458

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Centerville, Montgomery County, Ohio, (the "City") as of and for the year ended December 31, 2004, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated June 22, 2005. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

## Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the City's internal control over financial reporting in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting. Our consideration of the internal control would not necessarily disclose all matters in the internal control over financial reporting that might be material weaknesses. A material weakness is a reportable condition in which the design or operation of one or more of the internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that misstatements caused by error or fraud in amounts that would be material in relation to the basic financial statements being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions. We noted no matters involving the internal control over financial reporting and its operation that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, we noted other matters involving the internal control over financial reporting that do not require inclusion in this report that we have reported to the management of the City in a separate letter dated June 22, 2005.

Members of Council and Mayor City of Centerville

# Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of Council and the management of the City of Centerville, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Julian & Grube, Inc.

Julian & Sube the

June 22, 2005

**Comprehensive Annual Financial Report** 

For the Fiscal Year Ended December 31, 2004

Prepared by:

Department of Finance

Mark Schlagheck

Finance Director

Comprehensive Annual Financial Report For the Year Ended December 31, 2004

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# Introductory Section







June 24, 2005

Honorable Mayor, Members of City Council, and Citizens of Centerville, Ohio:

The comprehensive annual financial report of the City of Centerville, Ohio (the City) for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2004 is hereby submitted for your review. This report represents the commitment of the City to adhere to nationally recognized standards of excellence in financial reporting.

Management assumes full responsibility for the completeness and reliability of the information contained in this report, based upon a comprehensive framework of internal control that it has established for this purpose. Because the cost of internal control should not exceed anticipated benefits, the objective is to provide reasonable, rather than absolute, assurance that the financial statements are free of any material misstatements.

Management's discussion and analysis (MD&A) immediately follows the independent auditor's report and provides a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis of the basic financial statements. MD&A complement this letter of transmittal and should be read in conjunction with it.

#### History and Background

The City is located in Montgomery County in southwest Ohio, approximately twelve miles south of the City of Dayton. It was first settled in 1796, incorporated as a village in 1830, and became a city in 1968. The City operates under and is governed by its Charter, first adopted by voters in 1968 and which has been amended by the voters from time to time. The Charter provides for a Council-Manager form of government. Legislative authority is vested in a seven member Council, all of whom are elected at-large for four-year terms including the Mayor who is the presiding officer. The City's chief executive and administrative officer is the Manager, who is appointed by council to serve at its pleasure.

The City provides a wide variety of services, including police protection; the construction and maintenance of streets, sidewalks, stormwater drainage facilities, traffic signals and other infrastructure; residential waste collection; planning, zoning, building inspection and property inspection; and recreational activities including the city's municipal golf course, The Golf Club at Yankee Trace.

The City adopts an annual budget before December 31<sup>st</sup> for the upcoming fiscal year. This annual budget serves as the foundation for the City's financial planning and control. The budget is adopted at the fund level. Any modifications to a fund's appropriations require approval of City Council. In addition, a five year capital improvement program is adopted on an annual basis. This program serves as a plan for long range infrastructure improvements and capital purchases.

#### Economic Condition and Outlook

The City has a population of 23,133 according to the U.S. Census Bureau's 2003 estimate. Centerville is home to over 700 businesses. The City continues to see moderate growth in both residential and business development. In the recent past, several residential subdivisions have been under development. The largest of these developments is Yankee Trace which surrounds the City's golf facility, The Golf Club at Yankee Trace. When complete, the Yankee Trace development will include approximately 1,000 residential units.

Despite the slowest econo my in a decade, the City remains fiscally strong. Built on a diversified base of small businesses, Centerville was, and continues to be, well positioned to weather the economic downturn. In 2004, over sixty new businesses opened within the City. The employers with the largest workforce within Centerville include the school district, multiple retirement communities, a retail store, several auto dealerships and small manufacturers.

In May 2005, a major healthcare provider announced plans to construct a new facility in the City. Phase one of this new facility is expected to begin construction later in 2005 and has an estimated construction cost of \$73 million. This facility should create a significant amount of employment opportunities which will increase the income tax revenues of the City.

## Major Initiatives

- The municipal income tax rate remained at 1.75% for the twenty-third consecutive year, the municipal property tax rate remained at its lowest rate for the twenty-sixth year, and waste collection fees remained constant for the thirteenth year.
- The City maintained its municipal bond rating of Aa3 from Moody's Investor Services. This rating helps to lower the interest rate on any future bonds the City may issue.
- The Golf Club at Yankee Trace was rated by Golf Magazine as one of the "Top 50 Courses Under \$50." Golf Digest also named The Golf Club at Yankee Trace as one of their "Best Places to Play" based on the course's architectural merit.

- The City passed an ordinance prohibiting smoking in public buildings and places of employment. The ordinance, which took effect April 4, 2005, was the first of its kind in the Dayton area.
- Create the Vision, a community master plan for the City of Centerville and Washington Township, was adopted. The implementation of this plan will guide commercial and residential development in both communities for the next twenty-five years.
- Renovation of the Municipal Building was completed in 2004. This renovation provided improved working areas and allowed for the Building Inspection division to return to the Municipal Building for improved customer service.
- The City continued to set aside money for the construction of a new public works facility. By the end of 2004, \$4,000,000 was designated for this project for which construction is tentatively scheduled for 2006.
- The City received the Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting from the Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada for its 2003 comprehensive annual financial report, the highest recognition in governmental accounting and financial reporting.

#### **Independent Audit**

State statute requires an annual audit by the State Auditor's Office or, at the State Auditor's discretion, by an independent certified public accounting firm. The City and the State Auditor's Office selected the firm of Julian & Grube, Inc. to perform the 2004 audit of the City. Julian Grube, Inc. has issued an unqualified ("clean") opinion on the City of Centerville's financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2004. The independent auditor's report is located at the front of the financial section of this report.

#### Certificate of Achievement

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the City of Centerville, Ohio for its comprehensive annual financial report for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2003. This was the fourth consecutive year that Centerville has achieved this prestigious award. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a government unit must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized comprehensive annual financial report. This report must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe that our current comprehensive annual financial report continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program requirements and we are submitting it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

# Acknowledgements

The preparation of the comprehensive annual financial report was made possible by the dedicated services of the Department of Finance. Our sincere appreciation is extended to all members of the staff, whose efforts have made this report possible.

Respectfully submitted,

Gregory B. Horn Mark Schlagheck

Gregory B. Horn Mark Schlagheck
City Manager Finance Director



# Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

# City of Centerville, Ohio

For its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the Fiscal Year Ended December 31, 2003

A Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting is presented by the Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada to government units and public employee retirement systems whose comprehensive annual financial reports (CAFRs) achieve the highest standards in government accounting and financial reporting.

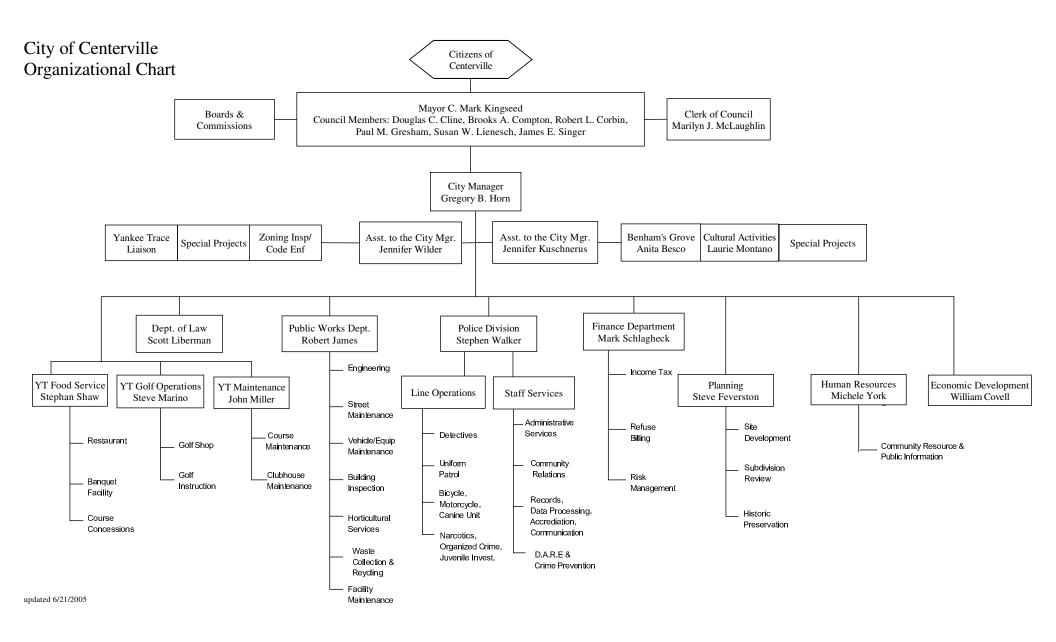
# List of Elected and Appointed Officials as of June 24, 2005

# **Elected Officials**

Mayor and Councilmember	
Deputy Mayor and Councilmember	Douglas C. Cline
Councilmember	James E. Singer
Councilmember	Susan W. Lienesch
Councilmember	Paul M. Gresham
Councilmember	Robert L. Corbin
Councilmember	Brooks A. Compton

# **Appointed Officials**

City Manager	Gregory B. Horn
Clerk of Council	Marilyn J. McLaughlin
Municipal Attorney	Scott A. Liberman
Chief of Police	Stephen E. Walker
Finance Director	Mark A. Schlagheck
Public Works Director	Robert A. James
City Engineer	K. Douglas Spitler
City Planner	
Head Golf Professional	Steven T. Marino
Golf Maintenance Superintendent	John C. Miller
Director of Food Service	Stephen L. Shaw
Assistant to the City Manager	Jennifer S.Wilder
Assistant to the City Manager	
Human Resources Manager	Michele N. York



# Financial Section

# JULIAN & GRUBE, INC.

"SERVING OHIO LOCAL GOVERNMENTS"

333 County Line Road West Westerville, Ohio 43082 Telephone 614.846.1899 Facsimile 614.846.2799

#### Independent Auditor's Report

Members of Council and Mayor City of Centerville 100 West Spring Valley Road Centerville, Ohio 45458

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Centerville, Montgomery County, Ohio, (the "City"), as of and for the year ended December 31, 2004, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the City's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the basic financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the basic financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and the significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall basic financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, the basic financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Centerville, Montgomery County, as of December 31, 2004, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows, where applicable, thereof and the respective budgetary comparison for the General fund for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated June 22, 2005, on our consideration of the City's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grants agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* and should be considered in assessing the results of our audit.

Members of Council and Mayor City of Centerville Page Two

The management's discussion and analysis is not a required part of the basic financial statements but is supplementary information required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements. The accompanying supplementary information, such as the introductory section, combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements, and statistical tables are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The relevant supplementary information, such as the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements have been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole. The relevant supplementary information, such as the introductory section and statistical tables have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on them.

Julian & Grube, Inc.

Julian & Sube the!

June 22, 2005

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended December 31, 2004 (Unaudited)

The management of the City of Centerville (City) provides the following information as an introduction, overview and analysis of the City's financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2004. Readers should consider the information presented here in conjunction with additional information that has been furnished in the letter of transmittal, which can be found on pages i-iv of this report.

# **Financial Highlights**

- The assets of the City exceeded its liabilities by \$67.94 million as of December 31, 2004. Of this amount, \$18.66 million (unrestricted net assets) may be used to meet the City's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.
- The net assets of the City increased by over \$0.88 million during the most recent fiscal year.
- As of December 31, 2004, the City's governmental funds report combined ending fund balances of \$17.4 million. Nearly 55% or \$9.52 million of this fund balance is available for spending at the City's discretion (unreserved, undesignated fund balance).

# **Overview of the Financial Statements**

This discussion and analysis are intended to serve as an introduction to the City's basic financial statements. The City's basic financial statements comprise three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

**Government-wide financial statements.** The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the City's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The Statement of Net Assets. This statement (page 16) reports all assets and liabilities of the City as of December 31, 2004. The difference between total assets and total liabilities is reported as "net assets". Over time, increases or decreases in net assets may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City is improving or deteriorating.

The Statement of Activities. This statement (page 17) presents information showing how the government's net assets changed during the most recent fiscal year. Changes in net assets are recorded in the period in which the underlying event takes place, which may differ from the period in which cash is received or disbursed. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave).

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended December 31, 2004 (Unaudited)

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the City that are primarily supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through users fees and charges (business-type activities). The governmental activities of the City include general government, public safety, transportation, community environment and recreation. The business-type activities include a golf course, restaurant and banquet facility and a waste collection operation.

**Fund Financial Statements.** These statements provide financial position and results of the City's major funds. A fund is an accounting entity created to account for a specific activity or purpose. Major funds of the City are the General Fund, the Special Assessment Bond Retirement Fund, the Capital Improvement Fund, the Waste Collection Fund, and the Golf Course Operations Fund. The creation of some funds is mandated by law and others are created by management to demonstrate financial compliance with budgetary or legal requirements. Funds are classified into three broad categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

Governmental funds. Governmental funds are used to account for "governmental-type" activities. Unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund statements use a "flow of financial resources" measurement focus. That is to say, the operating statement of a governmental fund attempts to answer the question "Are there more or less resources that can be spent in the near future as a result of events and transactions of the reporting period?" Increases in spendable resources are reported in the operating statement as "revenues" or "other financing sources." Decreases in spendable resources are reported as "expenditures" or "other financing uses." We describe the differences between governmental funds and governmental *activities* (reported in the Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities) in reconciliations presented beside the governmental fund financial statements on pages 18 - 21.

The City of Centerville maintains seventeen separate governmental funds. The governmental fund financial statements on pages 18 through 21 separately display the governmental funds considered to be major funds. All other governmental funds - the "non-major" funds - are combined into a single column. Detailed financial data for each of the non-major governmental funds is provided in combining statements in the supplementary information section of this report.

*Proprietary funds*. There are two types of proprietary funds. Enterprise funds are used to account for operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises for which either 1) the intent is that the costs (expenses, including depreciation) be recovered primarily through user charges, or 2) determination of net income is appropriate for management control, accountability or other purposes. Internal service funds are used to allocate the cost of providing certain centralized services to the other departments of the government entity that use the services. An internal service fund

# Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended December 31, 2004 (Unaudited)

is the appropriate accounting mechanism when it is the intent of the government to recover the full cost of providing the service through user charges to other departments.

Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The City's Waste Collection Fund and Golf Course Operations Fund are considered to be major funds and are displayed separately in the proprietary fund statements on pages 22 through 24. The City has one other proprietary fund, the activities of which are presented in one column for non-major funds. The City's two internal service funds are combined into a single column in the proprietary fund financial statements. Detailed financial data for those funds can be found in the combining statements in the supplementary information section of this report.

Fiduciary funds. Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the City government. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are not available to support the City's own programs. The accounting used for fiduciary funds is much like that used for proprietary funds. The basic fiduciary fund statement can be found on page 25 of this report.

**Notes to the Basic Financial Statements.** The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the basic financial statements can be found on pages 26 - 45 of this report.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended December 31, 2004 (Unaudited)

# **Government-wide Financial Analysis**

As noted earlier, net assets may serve over time as a useful indicator of the City's financial position. In the case of the City, assets exceeded liabilities by \$67.94 million as of December 31, 2004. The following table presents condensed information on net assets as of December 31, 2004 and 2003:

Net Assets (in millions)

	<b>Governmental</b>	<b>Activities</b>	<b>Business-Typ</b>	<u>e Activities</u> <u>Total</u>		<u>ıtal</u>	
	<u>2004</u>	<u>2003</u>	<u>2004</u>	<u>2003</u>	<u>2004</u>	<u>2003</u>	
Assets:							
Current and other							
assets	\$ 36.69	\$ 37.69	\$ 0.98	\$ 1.23	\$ 37.67	\$ 38.92	
Capital assets	<u>39.58</u>	<u>38.70</u>	<u>19.18</u>	<u>19.15</u>	<u>58.76</u>	<u>57.85</u>	
Total assets	76.27	76.39	<u>20.16</u>	<u>20.38</u>	96.43	96.77	
<u>Liabilities:</u>							
Long-term liabilities	25.72	26.61	0.15	0.14	25.87	26.75	
Other liabilities	2.23	2.53	0.39	0.43	2.62	2.96	
Total liabilities	<u>27.95</u>	<u>29.14</u>	0.54	0.57	28.49	29.71	
Net Assets:							
Invested in capital							
assets, net of debt	14.43	12.65	19.18	19.15	33.61	31.80	
Restricted	15.67	16.12	0.00	0.00	15.67	16.12	
Unrestricted	18.22	18.48	0.44	0.66	<u>18.66</u>	<u>19.14</u>	
Total net assets	<u>\$ 48.32</u>	<u>\$ 47.25</u>	<u>\$ 19.62</u>	<u>\$ 19.81</u>	<u>\$ 67.94</u>	<u>\$ 67.06</u>	

In total, net assets increased from \$67.06 million to \$67.94 million in 2004. Unrestricted net assets, which are available for future use as directed by City Council, decreased \$0.48 million or 2.51%. Unrestricted net assets of the City's governmental activities increased \$0.26 million while unrestricted net assets of the business-type activities decreased \$0.22 million.

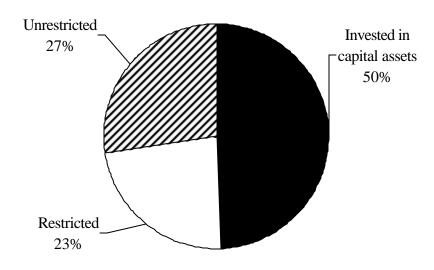
The component, "invested in capital assets, net of related debt," increased \$1.81 million from \$31.80 million at December 31, 2003 to \$33.61 million at December 31, 2004. Generally, this means capital asset additions and bond principal repayments were more than depreciation expense and net book value of disposals by \$1.81 million.

Restricted net assets are subject to external restrictions as to their use. This category decreased approximately \$0.45 million from \$16.12 million at December 31, 2003 to \$15.67 million at December 31, 2004. This decrease in restricted net assets was due primarily to the reduction in special assessment receivables.

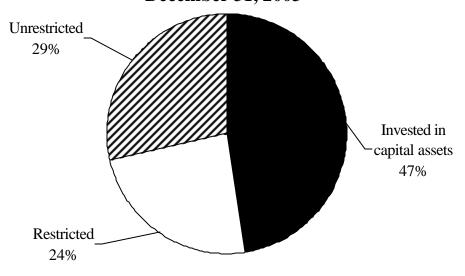
Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended December 31, 2004 (Unaudited)

The following pie charts graphically illustrate these year-to-year changes in the components of net assets.

# **December 31, 2004**



# **December 31, 2003**



# Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended December 31, 2004 (Unaudited)

The following table presents condensed information on the changes in net assets for the years ended December 31, 2004 and 2003.

# Changes in Net Assets (in millions)

	<b>Governmental activities</b>		Business-type activities		<u>Total</u>	
	<u>2004</u>	<u>2003</u>	<u>2004</u>	<u>2003</u>	<u>2004</u>	<u>2003</u>
Revenues						
Program revenues:						
Charges for services	\$ 1.39	\$ 1.32	\$ 4.70	\$ 4.70	\$6.09	\$6.02
Operating grants and						
contributions	1.26	1.12	-	-	1.26	1.12
Capital grants and						
contributions	0.20	0.13	-	-	0.20	0.13
General revenues:						
Income taxes	9.59	9.24	-	-	9.59	9.24
Property taxes	1.14	1.28	-	-	1.14	1.28
Estate taxes	0.98	0.96	-	-	0.98	0.96
Grants and other contributions						
not restricted to specific						
programs	0.87	0.94	0.06	-	0.93	0.94
Investment earnings	0.55	0.13	0.02	-	0.57	0.13
Gain on sale of capital assets	0.06	0.60	-	(0.05)	0.06	0.55
Miscellaneous	<u>0.01</u>	<u>0.12</u>			0.01	0.12
Total revenues	<u>16.05</u>	<u>15.84</u>	<u>4.78</u>	<u>4.65</u>	<u>20.83</u>	<u>20.49</u>
Expenses						
General government	4.28	5.23	-	-	4.28	5.23
Public safety	5.30	5.07	-	-	5.30	5.07
Community environment	0.22	0.23	-	-	0.22	0.23
Recreation	0.37	0.34	-	-	0.37	0.34
Transportation	3.16	3.13	-	-	3.16	3.13
Interest on long-term debt	1.26	1.06	-	-	1.26	1.06
Waste collection	-	-	1.24	1.23	1.24	1.23
Golf course operations	-	-	3.96	3.92	3.96	3.92
Other business-type activities	<del>_</del>		<u>0.16</u>	<u>0.13</u>	<u>0.16</u>	0.13
Total expenses	<u>14.59</u>	<u>15.06</u>	<u>5.36</u>	<u>5.28</u>	<u>19.95</u>	<u>20.34</u>
Excess before transfers	1.46	0.78	(0.59)	(0.63)	0.88	0.15
Transfers	(0.40)	(0.24)	<u>0.40</u>	<u>0.24</u>		
Change in net assets	<u>\$ 1.06</u>	<u>\$ 0.54</u>	<u>\$(0.19)</u>	<u>\$(0.39)</u>	<u>\$0.88</u>	<u>\$0.15</u>

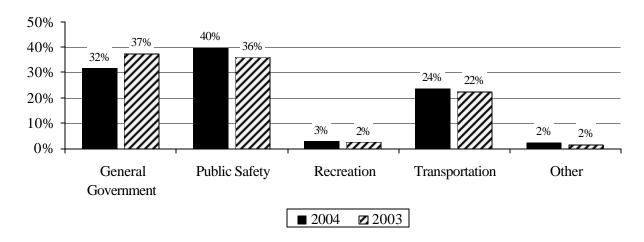
Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended December 31, 2004 (Unaudited)

The change in net assets was an increase of \$0.88 million for the year ended December 31, 2004 as compared to a increase of \$0.15 million for the prior year. Total revenues increased \$0.34 million or 1.66%. Total expenses decreased \$0.39 million or 1.92%.

Total revenues for governmental activities increased 1.33%. Income taxes, the largest governmental activities revenue source, increase \$0.35 million or 3.79%. Investment earnings increased \$0.42 million. Both of these increases are due, in part, to the improving economy. The gain on the sale of capital assets decreased by \$0.54 million which can be attributed to the one-time sale of assets in 2003.

Expenses of governmental activities break down as follows:

# **Governmental Expenses by Program**



Total governmental expenses decreased 3.12% or \$0.45 million. Public safety, consisting of the police division, comprises about 40% of governmental activities' expenses. Transportation, which consists of street repair and maintenance activities, accounts for about 24% of expenses. General government, consisting of the city management department, the finance department and the clerk of council's department among others, accounts for about 32% of expenses.

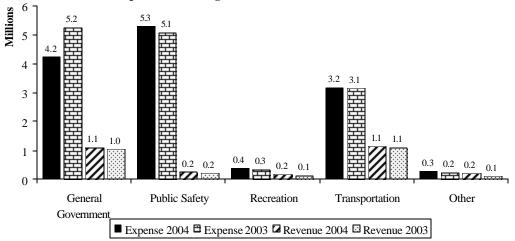
The Statement of Activities reports the expenses of each of the governmental activities programs and the related program revenue that offsets the cost of each program. The amount by which the cost of a particular program exceeds its program revenue represents the extent to which that program must be subsidized by general revenues, such as income taxes, property taxes and unrestricted contributions. The following table and graph summarize the net cost of each program:

# Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended December 31, 2004 (Unaudited)

# **Expenses and Program Revenue – Governmental Activities** (in millions)

	Year Ended December 31, 2004			Year Ended December 31, 2003		
		Program	Net program		Program	Net program
	<b>Expense</b>	<u>revenue</u>	<u>cost</u>	<b>Expense</b>	<u>revenue</u>	<u>cost</u>
General						
government	\$ 4.28	\$ 1.09	\$ (3.19)	\$ 5.23	\$ 1.05	\$ (4.18)
Public safety	5.30	0.24	(5.06)	5.07	0.21	(4.86)
Recreation	0.37	0.18	(0.19)	0.34	0.12	(0.22)
Transportation	3.16	1.15	(2.01)	3.13	1.08	(2.05)
Other	0.22	0.20	(0.09)	0.23	0.10	(0.13)
Total governmental						
activities	<u>\$ 13.33</u>	<u>\$ 2.86</u>	<u>\$ (10.47)</u>	<u>\$ 14.00</u>	<u>\$ 2.56</u>	<u>\$ (11.44)</u>

#### **Expenses and Program Revenue - Governmental Activities**



Overall, the net program cost of governmental activities decreased by \$0.97 million or 8.39%. General government's net program cost decreased by \$0.99 million or 23.64%. Public safety's net program cost increased by \$0.20 million over 2003.

Program expenses decreased \$0.67 million from 2003. A decrease of \$1.01 million was noted in general government due, in part, to a one-time expenditure related to the advance refunding of bonds in 2003.

Program revenue increased \$0.30 million from \$2.56 million to \$2.86 million. Each revenue category had a slight increase over 2003.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended December 31, 2004 (Unaudited)

#### **Business-type activities**

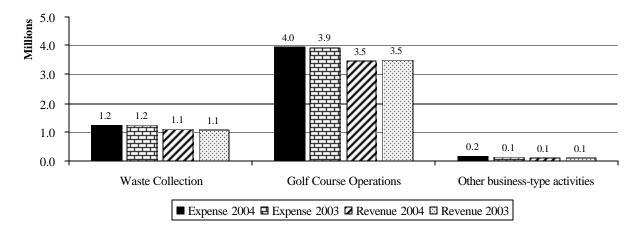
Business-type activities' net assets decreased \$0.19 million from \$19.81 million to \$19.62 million. The majority of this decrease was due to increased liabilities at year end.

It is the City's policy that the revenues of the City's business-type activities (waste collection and golf course operations) are expected to cover all program costs. The following table and graph summarize the expenses and program revenues for business-type activities:

# **Expenses and Program Revenue – Business-type Activities** (in millions)

	For Year Ended December 31, 2004			For Year Ended December 31, 2003		
	<b>Expense</b>	Program <u>revenue</u>	Net program cost	<b>Expense</b>	Program <u>revenue</u>	Net program cost
Waste collection Golf course	\$ 1.24	\$ 1.10	\$ (0.14)	\$ 1.23	\$ 1.08	\$ (0.15)
operations Other business-type	3.96	3.48	(0.48)	3.92	3.50	(0.42)
Activities Total business-type	0.16	0.12	(0.04)	0.13	0.12	(0.01)
Activities	<u>\$ 5.36</u>	<u>\$ 4.70</u>	<u>\$ (0.66)</u>	<u>\$ 5.28</u>	<u>\$ 4.70</u>	<u>\$ (0.58)</u>

## **Expenses and Program Revenues - Business-type Activities**



Program revenue and expenses for business-type activities remained relatively consistent from last year. Specifically, program revenues from golf course operations decreased \$0.02 million due to decreased course revenue such as greens fees and cart rentals. Program expenses for the golf course operations

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended December 31, 2004 (Unaudited)

increased \$0.04 million. Program expenses in waste collection increased \$0.01 million due to the overall increased costs of operation, primarily salaries and benefits.

The operating deficit in the waste collection activity is currently under review by management. The City is reviewing options to reverse the trend of operating deficits. Options under consideration include raising rates for service or contracting with a private company to provide waste collection service.

## Financial Analysis of the City's Funds

Governmental funds, as stated earlier, focus on spendable resources and near-term inflows and outflows of those resources. As such, fund balance measures net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year, subject to any stated restrictions on their use.

The combined fund balance of the City's governmental funds at December 31, 2004 was \$17.41 million as compared to \$17.51 million at December 31, 2003. (See the governmental funds' balance sheets on pages 18 - 19).

The General Fund is the primary operating fund of the City of Centerville, accounting for such activities as police protection, general government (administration, finance, engineering, building inspection), community environment (planning) and recreation. The General Fund balance increased \$0.95 million for the year ended December 31, 2004. Total general fund revenues increased \$0.63 million or 4.75%. Improving income tax revenue and increasing investment earnings were the primary reason for this increase.

The Special Assessment Debt Retirement Fund is used to account the receipt of special assessments and the payment of the associated special assessment debt. Revenues and expenses for this fund remain relatively stable from year to year unless additional special assessment debt is issued.

The Capital Improvements Fund is used to account for the various capital improvement projects of the City including streets, sidewalks, land acquisition, building construction and building improvements. The fund balance actually decreased by \$0.48 million in 2004. However, this decrease was planned and coincided with the completion of several capital improvement projects. Of the remaining fund balance, an additional \$1.0 million was designated for the future construction of a public works facility. As of December 31, 2004, \$4.0 million of the estimated \$5.0 million needed to complete this new facility had been designated.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended December 31, 2004 (Unaudited)

### **General Fund Budgetary Highlights**

General fund appropriations were decreased during 2004. Actual expenditures were \$0.40 million less than the final appropriations. In addition, actual revenues exceeded budgetary estimates by nearly \$0.31 million. Other financing uses exceeded budgetary estimates by \$0.40 million due to a transfer to the business-type activities.

## **Capital Asset and Debt Administration**

**Capital assets.** The City's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities as of December 31, 2004, amounts to \$58.77 million (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land and land improvements, buildings and other improvements, machinery and equipment, roads, highways and bridges. The total increase in the City's investment in capital assets for the current fiscal year was 1.6%.

Significant capital activity for the year included:

- Completed concrete repair (curb, pavement and sidewalk) and asphalt resurfacing at locations throughout the City totaling nearly \$1.0 million.
- Completed construction and widening of Social Row Road with a total project cost of nearly \$0.20 million
- Spent approximately \$0.59 million for the purchase of land to be used for the construction of a new public works facility.
- Completed the renovation of the municipal building with a total project cost of \$0.60 million.
- Spent over \$0.09 million for stormwater drainage improvements throughout the City.

Additional detail on the capital asset activity for the year ended December 31, 2004 is presented in the Notes to the Basic Financial Statements in note D on pages 35 - 36.

**Long-term Debt.** Ohio law restricts the amount of debt that a City may issue. The aggregate principal amount of unvoted "net indebtedness" may not exceed 5.5% of the assessed valuation for property tax purposes of all real and personal property located within the City. Certain debt with a repayment source other than general tax revenues, is excluded from the definition of net indebtedness. Under that definition, the City has no net indebtedness as of December 31, 2004, leaving a legal debt margin for unvoted debt of approximately \$31.46 million.

An additional statutory limitation restricts total indebtedness – both voted and unvoted – to 10.5% of the real and personal property assessed valuation. That limitation would restrict total City net indebtedness to \$60.06 million, leaving a total debt margin of approximately \$60.06 million.

## Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended December 31, 2004 (Unaudited)

The City maintains a "Aa" rating from Moody's Investors Service for general obligation debt.

A summary of debt outstanding at December 31, 2004 and 2003 is as follows:

	December 31, 2004	December 31, 2003
Governmental-type		
activities:		
General obligation bonds	\$ 18,405,000	\$ 19,125,000
Special assessment bonds	7,586,000	7,776,000
Total	<u>\$ 25,991,000</u>	\$ 26,901,000

Additional detailed data for all debt of the City of Centerville is presented in the Notes to the Basic Financial Statements in note I on pages 41 - 44 and in the Statistical Section of this report on pages 88 - 92.

#### **Requests for Information**

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, investors and creditors with an overview of the City's finances. If you have questions or need additional financial information, please contact Mark Schlagheck, Finance Director, City of Centerville, 100 W. Spring Valley Road, Centerville, Ohio 45458.



#### CITY OF CENTERVILLE STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS DECEMBER 31, 2004

	Governmental Activities			siness-type Activities		Total
ASSETS						
Pooled cash and cash equivalents	\$	3,844,082	\$	245,098	\$	4,089,180
Investments		12,383,746		491,707		12,875,453
Receivables (net):						
Taxes		4,129,452		-		4,129,452
Accounts		22,768		88,435		111,203
Intergovernmental		1,021,565		-		1,021,565
Interest		79,568		2,361		81,929
Special assessments		14,761,205		-		14,761,205
Internal balances		114,570		(114,570)		-
Inventory		35,120		248,198		283,318
Prepaid items		123,120		20,939		144,059
Deferred charges		169,898		-		169,898
Capital assets:						
Capital assets not subject to depreciation:						
Land and land improvements		3,691,548		15,166,876		18,858,424
Capital assets net of accumulated depreciation		35,892,392		4,015,771		39,908,163
Total assets	\$	76,269,034	\$	20,164,815	\$	96,433,849
LIABILITIES						
Accounts payable	\$	206,896	\$	101,631	\$	308,527
Accrued liabilities		411,635		66,477		478,112
Deferred revenue		1,504,377		203,375		1,707,752
Deposit liability		-		18,425		18,425
Accrued interest payable		98,992		-		98,992
Noncurrent liabilities:						
Due within one year		1,070,654		27,159		1,097,813
Due in more than one year		24,653,539		124,273		24,777,812
Total liabilities		27,946,093		541,340		28,487,433
NET ASSETS						
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt Restricted for:		14,431,202		19,182,647		33,613,849
Debt service		14,916,292		-		14,916,292
Other purposes		751,436		_		751,436
Unrestricted		18,224,011		440,828		18,664,839
Total net assets		48,322,941		19,623,475		67,946,416
Total liabilities and net assets	\$	76,269,034	\$	20,164,815	\$	96,433,849

#### CITY OF CENTERVILLE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2004

		I	Program Revenues	<u> </u>	Net (Expense) Re	evenue and Chang	ges in Net Assets
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total
Governmental Activities:							
General government	\$ 4,280,576	\$ 1,082,167	\$ -	\$ 3,513	\$ (3,194,896)		\$ (3,194,896)
Public safety	5,296,904	208,966	34,946	-	(5,052,992)		(5,052,992)
Community environment	225,372	200	-	200,657	(24,515)		(24,515)
Recreation	371,276	100,499	83,171	-	(187,606)		(187,606)
Transportation	3,158,165	1,434	1,143,936	-	(2,012,795)		(2,012,795)
Interest on long-term debt	1,260,351			<u> </u>	(1,260,351)		(1,260,351)
Total governmental activities	14,592,644	1,393,266	1,262,053	204,170	(11,733,155)		(11,733,155)
	-						
Business-type activities:							
Waste Collection	1,242,631	1,098,132	-	-		\$ (144,499)	(144,499)
Golf Course Operations	3,957,023	3,476,082	-	-		(480,941)	(480,941)
Yankee Trace Equipment Purchase		120,200				(42,561)	(42,561)
Total business-type activities	5,362,415	4,694,414				(668,001)	(668,001)
Total	\$ 19,955,059	\$ 6,087,680	\$ 1,262,053	\$ 204,170	(11,733,155)	(668,001)	(12,401,156)
	General revenues Taxes:						0.700.020
	Income taxe				9,590,830	-	9,590,830
	Property tax Estate taxes				1,135,886 983,949	-	1,135,886 983,949
		ntributions not res	triated to specific	programs	983,949 870,889	63,126	934,015
	Investment ea		uncted to specific	programs	546,099	21,800	567,899
		lisposal of capital	accetc		58,970	21,000	58,970
	Miscellaneous		assets		11,861	_	11,861
	Transfers	•			(400,000)	400,000	-
	Total gene	ral revenues and tr	ansfers		12,798,484	484,926	13,283,410
	(	Change in net asse	ts		1,065,329	(183,075)	882,254
	Net assets - begin				47,257,612	19,806,550	67,064,162
	Net assets - endir	•			\$ 48,322,941	\$19,623,475	\$ 67,946,416

#### CITY OF CENTERVILLE BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2004

		Special			
		Assessment	Non-major	Total	
		Debt	Capital	Governmental	Governmental
	General	Retirement	Improvements	Funds	Funds
ASSETS					
Pooled cash and cash equivalents	\$ 464,175	\$ 41,801	\$ 816,825	\$ 1,933,712	\$ 3,256,513
Investments	4,950,250	112,745	4,655,066	2,163,846	11,881,907
Receivables (net):	, ,	,,	, ,	,,.	, ,-
Taxes	4,129,452	-	-	_	4,129,452
Accounts	2,092	-	2,391	11,277	15,760
Intergovernmental	452,040	-	-	569,525	1,021,565
Interest	27,169	541	31,040	18,408	77,158
Special assessments		14,761,205	-	-	14,761,205
Due from other funds	165,072	-	-	111,579	276,651
Inventory	_	-	-	35,120	35,120
Prepaid items	110,501	_	-	12,619	123,120
•					
Total assets	\$ 10,300,751	\$ 14,916,292	\$ 5,505,322	\$ 4,856,086	\$ 35,578,451
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities:					
Accounts payable	\$ 115,785	\$ -	\$ 48,841	\$ 42,270	\$ 206,896
Accrued liabilities	370,612	-	-	41,023	411,635
Due to other funds	111,579	-	-	47,874	159,453
Deferred revenue	2,727,678	14,121,873	119,891	419,024	17,388,466
Total liabilities	3,325,654	14,121,873	168,732	550,191	18,166,450
Fund Balances:					
Reserved for:					
Debt service	-	794,419	-	2,558,845	3,353,264
Inventory	-	-	-	35,120	35,120
Prepaid items	110,501	-	-	12,619	123,120
Encumbrances	-	-	375,478	8,298	383,776
Unreserved, designated for capital projects	-	-	4,000,000	-	4,000,000
Unreserved, reported in:					
General fund	6,864,596	-	-	-	6,864,596
Special revenue funds	-	-	-	902,768	902,768
Capital projects funds			961,112	788,245	1,749,357
Total fund balances	6,975,097	794,419	5,336,590	4,305,895	17,412,001
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ 10,300,751	\$ 14,916,292	\$ 5,505,322	\$ 4,856,086	\$ 35,578,451

#### CITY OF CENTERVILLE RECONCILIATION OF TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUND BALANCES TO NET ASSETS OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES DECEMBER 31, 2004

Total governmental fund balances	\$ 17,412,001
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets are different because:	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.	38,640,708
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and therefore are deferred in the funds:	
Income taxes receivable Other taxes and intergovernmental receivables Special assessments Other receivables	980,034 750,886 14,121,873 31,296
Internal service funds are used to charge the costs of certain activities to individual funds.  The assets and liabilities of the internal service funds are included in governmental activities in the statement of net assets.	2,039,430
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore not reported in the funds:  Bonds payable Issuance premium (to be amortized as interest expense) Deferred charge on refunding Deferred charge for issuance costs (to be amortized as interest expense) Compensated absences Capital lease payable Accrued interest on long-term debt	(25,991,000) (329,176) 1,216,742 169,898 (571,455) (49,304) (98,992)
Net assets of governmental activities	\$ 48,322,941

#### CITY OF CENTERVILLE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2004

		Special			
		Assessment		Non-major	Total
		Debt	Capital	Governmental	Governmental
	General	Retirement	Improvements	Funds	Funds
REVENUES:			<u> </u>		
Local taxes	\$ 11,898,470	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 11,898,470
Intergovernmental revenues	1,138,791	Ψ -	Ψ -	1,190,393	2,329,184
Special assessments	1,130,771	637,844	_	-	637,844
Charges for services	35,187	-	_	1,434	36,621
Fines, licenses and permits	321,124	_	_	2,555	323,679
Investment income	183,143	11,047	174,959	151,024	520,173
Lot sales	103,143	11,047	174,737	52,963	52,963
Rent				824,160	824,160
Miscellaneous receipts and reimbursements	206,148	-	-	36,990	243,138
Wiscenaneous receipts and reinfoursements	200,148			30,990	243,138
Total revenues	13,782,863	648,891	174,959	2,259,519	16,866,232
EXPENDITURES:					
Current:					
General government	4,139,809	30,624		3,848	4,174,281
Public safety	5,105,684	30,024	_	13,557	5,119,241
Community environment	223,763	_	_	13,337	223,763
Recreation	459,762	_	_	14,158	473,920
Transportation	437,702	_	_	1,590,739	1,590,739
Capital outlay	120,934	_	2,051,089	648,734	2,820,757
Debt service:	120,934	-	2,031,069	040,734	2,820,737
Principal	34,382	190,000		720,000	944,382
Interest and other charges	2,559		-	720,000	*
interest and other charges	2,339	418,732		192,298	1,213,589
Total expenditures	10,086,893	639,356	2,051,089	3,783,334	16,560,672
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over					
(under) expenditures	3,695,970	9,535	(1,876,130)	(1,523,815)	305,560
()			(2,0.0,200)	(-,,)	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):					
Transfers in	-	-	1,400,000	950,000	2,350,000
Transfers out	(2,750,000)				(2,750,000)
Total other financing sources (uses)	(2,750,000)		1,400,000	950,000	(400,000)
	_	_	_	-	_
Net change in fund balances	945,970	9,535	(476,130)	(573,815)	(94,440)
Fund balances, beginning of year	6,029,127	784,884	5,812,720	4,879,710	17,506,441
Fund balances, end of year	\$ 6,975,097	\$ 794,419	\$ 5,336,590	\$ 4,305,895	\$ 17,412,001

# CITY OF CENTERVILLE RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2004

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds	\$ (94,440)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:	
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures.  However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense.  Capital asset additions  Current year depreciation	3,095,891 (2,027,219)
Governmental funds only report the disposal of assets to the extent proceeds are received from the sale. In the Statement of Activities, gain or loss is reported for each disposal. This is the amount of the loss on the disposal of capital assets. There were no proceeds.	-
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds:  Income taxes  Special assessments Investment income Other revenue	(39,050) (639,331) 25,926 (155,804)
Repayment of bond principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net assets.	944,382
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.  Interest payable Vacation and sick leave benefits Amortization of deferred charge on refunding	2,148 (8,306) (9,363)
Amortization of issuance costs Amortization of bond premiums	18,141 (67,053)
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities, such as the central garage, to individual funds. The net revenue (expense) of the internal	
service funds related to governmental activities is reported with governmental activities.	 19,407
Change in net assets of governmental activities	\$ 1,065,329

#### CITY OF CENTERVILLE STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS PROPRIETARY FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2004

				Governmental								
	C	Waste ollection		Golf Course Operations				Ion-major Enterprise Funds		Totals		ctivities - rnal Service Funds
ASSETS												
Current assets: Pooled cash and cash equivalents Investments	\$	48,122 491,707	\$	57,559 -	\$	139,417	\$	245,098 491,707	\$	587,569 501,839		
Receivables (net):												
Accounts		43,432		45,003		-		88,435		7,008		
Interest		2,361		<u>-</u>		-		2,361		2,410		
Inventory		-		248,198		-		248,198		-		
Prepaid items		8,285		12,654				20,939		<u>-</u>		
Total current assets		593,907		363,414		139,417		1,096,738		1,098,826		
Noncurrent assets: Capital assets: Capital assets not subject to depreciation: Land and land improvements		_		15,166,876		_	1	5,166,876		_		
Capital assets net of				10,100,070			-	2,100,070				
accumulated depreciation		1,532		3,699,301		314,938		4,015,771		943,232		
Total noncurrent assets		1,532		18,866,177		314,938		9,182,647	-	943,232		
Total Honeument assets		1,332		10,000,177		311,730		<u> </u>	_	713,232		
Total assets	\$	595,439	\$	19,229,591	\$	454,355	\$ 2	0,279,385	\$ 2	2,042,058		
LIABILITIES												
Current liabilities:												
Accounts payable	\$	23,007	\$	73,208	\$	5,416	\$	101,631	\$	-		
Accrued liabilities		23,197		43,280		-		66,477		-		
Due to other funds		-		117,198		-		117,198		-		
Deferred revenue		203,375		-		-		203,375		-		
Deposit liability				18,425				18,425		<u>-</u>		
Total current liabilities		249,579		252,111		5,416		507,106				
Noncurrent liabilities:												
Capital lease payable		-		8,906		-		8,906		-		
Compensated absences		94,623		47,903				142,526				
Total noncurrent liabilities		94,623		56,809				151,432				
Total liabilities		344,202		308,920		5,416		658,538		<u>-</u>		
NET ASSETS Invested in capital assets, net of												
related debt		1,532		18,866,177		314,938	1	9,182,647		943,232		
Unrestricted		249,705		54,494		134,001		438,200		1,098,826		
Total net assets		251,237		18,920,671		448,939	1	9,620,847		2,042,058		
Total liabilities and net assets	\$	595,439	\$	19,229,591	\$	454,355	\$ 2	0,279,385	\$ 2	2,042,058		
Adjustment to reflect the consolidation of Total net assets from above  Net assets of business-type activities	of interi	nal service fi	and a	activities relat	ed to	enterprise fund	_1	2,628 9,620,847 9,623,475				

# CITY OF CENTERVILLE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET ASSETS PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2004

	Business-type Activities							Governmental			
	Non-major								Activities -		
		Waste	(	Golf Course	E	interprise		Inte	ernal Service		
	(	Collection		Operations		Funds	Totals		Funds		
OPERATING REVENUES:											
Charges for services	\$	1,097,682	\$	3,418,968	\$	120,200	\$ 4,636,850	\$	294,270		
Other revenue		450	_	57,114		<del></del>	57,564		41,633		
Total operating revenues		1,098,132	_	3,476,082		120,200	4,694,414		335,903		
OPERATING EXPENSES:											
Salaries and wages		604,315		1,267,318		-	1,871,633		-		
Fringe benefits		181,452		267,399		-	448,851		-		
Purchased services		281,978		1,220,259		-	1,502,237		29,904		
Supplies and materials		65,933		803,300		11,300	880,533		4,689		
Other expenses		108,497		251,917		-	360,414		-		
Depreciation		1,014	_	146,492		151,461	298,967		338,248		
Total operating expenses		1,243,189	_	3,956,685		162,761	5,362,635		372,841		
Operating income (loss)		(145,057)	_	(480,603)		(42,561)	(668,221)		(36,938)		
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES):											
Investment income		20,115		-		1,685	21,800		24,633		
Interest expense		-		(351)		-	(351)		-		
Gain (loss) on disposal of assets			_	<del>-</del>		<u> </u>			32,283		
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)		20,115	_	(351)		1,685	21,449		56,916		
Income (loss) before contributions and transfers		(124,942)		(480,954)		(40,876)	(646,772)		19,978		
Capital contributions		_		63,126		-	63,126		-		
Transfers in			_	400,000			400,000				
Change in net assets		(124,942)		(17,828)		(40,876)	(183,646)		19,978		
Total net assets - beginning of year		376,179		18,938,499		489,815			2,022,080		
Total net assets - end of year	\$	251,237	\$	18,920,671	\$	448,939		\$	2,042,058		
Adjustment to reflect the consolidation of i Change in net assets of business-type activ		service fund	l ac	ctivities related	l to e	nterprise fund	\$ 571 \$ (183,075)				

#### CITY OF CENTERVILLE STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2004

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2004										
		Waste Collection		Golf Course Operations	Eı	Non-major nterprise Fund		Total	_	Governmental Activities- Internal Service Funds
Cash flows from operating activities:										
Cash received from customers Cash paid to employees Cash paid to suppliers of goods and services	\$	1,107,140 (611,606) (638,592)	\$	3,411,724 (1,305,717) (2,417,104)		120,200 - (5,884)	(	4,639,064 (1,917,323) (3,061,580)		328,895 - (34,841)
Other receipts		450		57,198		-	•	57,648		-
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities		(142,608)	_	(253,899)	_	114,316	_	(282,191)	_	294,054
Cash flows from non-capital financing activities: Transfers, net		<u>-</u>	_	400,000				400,000	_	<u>-</u>
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities: Purchase of property and equipment Proceeds from sale of property and equipment		-		(147,296)		(120,758)		(268,054)		(138,247) 20,100
Principal payments on capital lease		-		(2,085)		-		(2,085)		-
Interest payments on capital lease	_		_	(351)		<del>-</del>	_	(351)	_	<u>-</u>
Net cash used by capital and related financing activities		_		(149,732)		(120,758)		(270,490)		(118,147)
									_	
Cash flows from investing activities:										
Purchase of investments		(498,146)		-		-		(498,146)		(508,411)
Sale of investments Interest received		548,395 18,886		-		1,685		548,395 20,571		490,912 24,045
Net cash provided (used) by investing	_	10,000	_			1,005	_	20,371	-	24,043
activities		69,135		_		1,685		70,820		6,546
		<u> </u>			_	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		<u> </u>	_	<u> </u>
Increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		(73,473)		(3,631)		(4,757)		(81,861)		182,453
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year		121,595		61,190	_	144,174	_	326,959	_	405,116
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	\$	48,122	\$	57,559	\$	139,417	\$	245,098	\$	587,569
Reconciliation of operating income to net cash										
provided (used) by operating activities:	¢	(145.057)	Φ	(490, 602)	¢	(42.5(1)	¢.	(669.221)	d.	(26.029)
Operating income (loss) Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net	\$	(145,057)	\$	(480,603)	<b>3</b>	(42,561)	\$	(668,221)	\$	(36,938)
cash provided by operating activities:										
Depreciation		1,014		146,492		151,461		298,967		338,248
Change in operating assets and liabilities:										
(Increase) decrease in receivables		3,842		(4,604)		-		(762)		(7,008)
(Increase) decrease in prepaid items (Increase) decrease in inventories		11,376		1,753 (9,189)		-		13,129 (9,189)		-
Increase (decrease) in liabilities		(13,783)		92,252		5,416		83,885		(248)
Total adjustments		2,449	_	226,704	_	156,877	_	386,030	_	330,992
Net cash provided by operating activities	•	(142,608)	\$	(253,899)	\$	114,316	\$	(282,191)	\$	
rect cash provided by operating activities	φ	(142,000)	φ	(233,099)	Φ	114,310	φ	(202,171)	φ	274,034
Non-cash investing, capital and financing activities:										
Contribution of capital assets from government	\$	- (6.100)	\$	63,126		-	\$	63,126	\$	
Change in fair value of investments	\$	(6,439)	\$	-	\$	-	\$	(6,439)	\$	(6,572)

#### CITY OF CENTERVILLE STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET ASSETS FIDUCIARY FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2004

	Agency Funds	
ASSETS Pooled cash and cash equivalents	\$ 54,20	7
Receivables:	φ 54,20	,
Accounts	21,030	0
Total assets	\$ 75,23	<u>7</u>
LIABILITIES Undistributed monies	\$ 75,23	7

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended December 31, 2004

#### 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

#### A. Reporting Entity

The City of Centerville (City) is a political unit incorporated and established for the purpose of exercising the rights and privileges conveyed to it by the constitution and laws of the State of Ohio. The City was organized in 1968, and is a home rule municipal corporation under the laws of the State of Ohio. The City operates under a council-manager form of government as prescribed by City Charter. The City provides the following services: public safety (police), highways and streets, residential waste collection, recreation, public improvements, planning and zoning and general administrative services.

The financial reporting entity consists of (a) the primary government, (b) organizations for which the primary government is financially accountable, and (c) governmental organizations for which the primary government is not financially accountable, but for which the nature and significance of their financial relationship with the primary government are such that exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. Component units are legally separate organizations for which the elected officials of the primary government are financially accountable. In addition, component units can be governmental organizations for which the primary government is not financially accountable, but for which the nature and significance of their financial relationship with the primary government are such that exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. No separate government units meet the criteria for inclusion as a component unit.

#### **B.** Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

The statement of net assets and the statement of activities display information about the City as a whole. These statements distinguish between activities that are governmental in nature, which are normally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues; and business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent upon fees and charges for support. Interfund and internal service fund activities are generally eliminated to avoid the "doubling-up" effect on revenues and expenses. The government-wide financial statements do not include the assets and liabilities of the City's agency funds.

The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function of the City's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with program or a function and, therefore, are clearly

## Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended December 31, 2004 (continued)

identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include (a) charges paid by recipients of goods and services offered by the programs and (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental and proprietary funds are reported in separate columns in the fund financial statements. All other funds are aggregated and reported as non-major governmental or non-major proprietary funds.

#### C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized in the year for which they are levied.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the City considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Property taxes, income taxes and interest on investments are considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Only the portion of special assessments due within the current fiscal period is considered to be susceptible to accrual as revenue of the current period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the City.

The City reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund – A fund used to account for government resources not accounted for in

## Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended December 31, 2004 (continued)

any other fund. The fund balance is available to the City for any purpose provided it is expended or transferred according to the City Charter and/or the general laws of the State of Ohio.

Special Assessment Bond Retirement Fund – A fund provided to account for the payment of principal and interest on the City's special assessment debt.

Capital Improvements Fund – A fund provided to account for the various capital improvement projects of the City including streets, sidewalks, land acquisition and building improvements.

The City reports the following major proprietary funds:

*Waste Collection Fund* – A fund provided to account for the collection of fees relating to the collection of refuse by the City.

Golf Course Operations Fund – A fund provided to account for the operation of the City's municipal golf course, The Golf Club at Yankee Trace.

Additionally, the City reports the following fund types:

*Internal Service Funds* – Funds used to account for the financing of goods or services provided by one department to other departments of the City. These goods and services include vehicle purchase and payment of insurance deductibles.

Agency Fund – A fund used to account for assets held in a fiduciary capacity on behalf of others.

Private-sector standards of accounting and financial reporting issued prior to December 1, 1989, generally are followed in both the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements to the extent that those standards do not conflict with or contradict guidance of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. Governments also have the *option* of following subsequent private-sector guidance for their business-type activities and enterprise funds, subject to this same limitation. The City has elected not to follow subsequent private-sector guidance.

Amounts reported as program revenues include (1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, (2) operating grants and contributions, and (3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are

## Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended December 31, 2004 (continued)

reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the waste collection enterprise fund, the golf course operations enterprise fund and the City's internal service funds are charges to customers for sales and services. Operating expenses for enterprise funds and internal service funds include the cost of sales, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

**Agency Funds.** The agency funds, being custodial in nature, are merely "assets equal liabilities" and, thus, do not involve the measurement of results of operations. Agency funds are accounted for using the accrual basis of accounting.

#### D. Revenues – Exchange and Non-Exchange Transactions

Revenue resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, is recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On a modified accrual basis, revenue is recorded in the fiscal year in which the resources are measurable and become available. Available means that the resources will be collected within the current fiscal year or are expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current fiscal year. For the City, available means expected to be received within sixty days of year end.

Non-exchange transactions, in which the City receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include income taxes, property taxes, grants, entitlements and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from income taxes is recognized in the period in which the income is earned. Revenue from property taxes is recognized in the year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from grants, entitlements and donations is recognized in the year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are required to be used or the year when use is first permitted, matching requirements, in which the City must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose, and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the City on a reimbursement basis. On a modified accrual basis, revenue from non-exchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended December 31, 2004 (continued)

#### E. Assets, Liabilities and Net Assets or Equity

#### 1. Deposits and Investments

To improve cash management, cash received by the City is pooled. Individual fund integrity is maintained through City records. Each fund's interest in the pool is presented as "Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents" and "Investments" on the balance sheet.

All investments of the City are recorded at fair value, in accordance with GASB Statement No. 31, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Certain Investments and for External Investment Pools." The statement established accounting and reporting guidelines for government investments and investment pools.

For purposes of the statements of cash flows and for presentation on the statement of net assets/balance sheet, investments with an original maturity of three months or less and investments of the cash management pool are considered to be cash equivalents.

#### 2. Inventories and Prepaid Items

Inventories are valued at cost using the first-in/first-out (FIFO) method. Inventories of governmental funds are recorded as expenditures when consumed rather than when purchased.

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements.

#### 3. Capital Assets

Capital assets include land, improvements to land, buildings, building improvements, machinery, equipment, infrastructure and all other assets that are used in operations and that have initial useful lives extending beyond a single reporting period. Infrastructure is defined as long-lived capital assets that normally are stationary in nature and normally can be preserved for a significantly greater number of years than most capital assets. Examples of infrastructure include roads, bridges, sidewalks, and similar items.

The City defines capital assets as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$500 and an estimated useful life in excess of one year.

All capital assets are valued at historical cost, or estimated historical cost, if actual cost is not available. Donated capital assets are valued at their estimated fair market value at the time received. Interest on constructed capital assets is capitalized.

## Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended December 31, 2004 (continued)

When capital assets are purchased, they are capitalized and depreciated in the government-wide statements and the proprietary fund statements. Capital assets are recorded as expenditures of the current period in the governmental fund financial statements.

Depreciation is calculated using the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of the assets. Estimated useful lives of the various classes of depreciable capital assets are as follows:

	Estimated Useful
<u>Description</u>	Life (In Years)
Land improvements	10 to 25
Buildings and improvements	10 to 45
Machinery and equipment	3 to 20
Infrastructure	23 to 50

#### 4. Compensated Absences

It is the City's policy to permit employees to accumulate earned but unused vacation and sick pay benefits. There is no liability for unpaid accumulated sick leave since the City does not have a policy to pay any amounts when employees separate from service with the City. All vacation pay is accrued when incurred in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements. A liability for these amounts is reported in governmental funds only if they have matured, for example, as a result of employee resignations and retirements. The total liability for vacation leave payments has been calculated using pay rates in effect at the balance sheet date.

#### 5. Bond Discounts, Premiums and Issuance Costs

Bond discounts, premiums and issuance costs for government-wide statements and proprietary fund statements are deferred and amortized over the term of the bonds using the straight-line method since the results are not significantly different from the effective interest method. Bond discounts/premiums are presented as a reduction/ increase to the face amount of bonds payable whereas issuance costs are recorded as deferred charges.

The accounting gain/loss on refunded bonds (difference between the reacquisition price and the net carrying amount of the old debt) is amortized over the remaining life of the old debt or the life of the new debt, whichever is shorter.

#### 6. Reserves and Designations

Reserves are portions of fund equity that are not appropriable for expenditures/expenses or that are legally restricted to a specific future use, or both.

## Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended December 31, 2004 (continued)

Designations are tentative plans for financial resource use in a future period. Such plans or intentions are subject to change. They may never be legally authorized or result in expenditures.

#### 7. Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent liabilities at the date of the financial statements and reported amounts of revenues and expenditures/ expenses during the reporting period. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

#### 8. Interfund Activity

Transfers between governmental and business-type activities on the government-wide statements are reported in the same manner as general revenues.

Exchange transactions between funds are reported as revenues in the seller funds and as expenditures/expenses in the purchaser funds. Flows of cash or goods from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds and after non-operating revenues/expenses in proprietary funds. Repayments from funds responsible for particular expenditures/expenses to the funds that initially paid for them are not presented on the financial statements.

#### 2. Detailed Notes on All Funds

#### A. Pooled Cash and Investments

The City maintains a cash and investment pool that is available for use by all funds. Each fund type's portion of this pool is displayed on the combined balance sheet as "Pooled cash and cash equivalents" and "Investments."

**Deposits** - At December 31, 2004, the carrying amount of the City's cash deposits was \$4,143,387 and the bank balance was \$4,556,235. Of the bank balance, \$200,000 was covered by federal depository insurance and the remainder is insured or collateralized with securities held by the City or its safekeeping agent in the City's name.

## Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended December 31, 2004 (continued)

**Investments** – All investments are reported at fair value which is based on quoted market prices. The Ohio Revised Code and the City's investment policy authorize the City to invest in the State Treasury Asset Reserve of Ohio, certificates of deposit, repurchase agreements, United States treasury bills and notes, federal agency securities, bankers' acceptances and commercial paper of the highest rating. The above legislative investment policy applies to all funds and fund types. All deposits are made to authorized public depositories and contracts with such institutions are in accordance with the Ohio Revised Code and the City's investment policy.

The City invested funds in the State Treasury Asset Reserve of Ohio (STAR Ohio) during fiscal year 2004. STAR Ohio is an investment pool managed by the State Treasurer's Office, which allows governments within the State to pool their funds for investment purposes. STAR Ohio is not registered with the SEC as an investment company, but does operate in a manner consistent with Rule 2a7 of the Investment Company Act of 1940. The State operates the pool in accordance with ORC Section 135.45. Investments in STAR Ohio are valued at STAR Ohio's share price, which is the price the investment could be sold for on December 31, 2004.

The City's investments are categorized to give an indication of the level of risk assumed by the entity at year end. Category 1 includes investments that are insured or registered or for which the securities are held by the City or its agent in the City's name. Category 2 includes uninsured and unregistered investments for which the securities are held by the counterparty's trust department or agent in the City's name. Category 3 includes uninsured and unregistered investments for which the securities are held by the counterparty, or by its trust department or agent, but not in the City's name.

_	Category		_		
	_1	_2	<b>Uncategorzied</b>	Fair Value	
Federal Agency Securities		\$12,658,938		\$12,527,770	
Money Market Mutual Funds			\$347,683	347,683	
Subtotal -	Investments			12,875,453	
STAR Ohio (classifie and cas	ed as pooled cash sh equivalents)		571,654	571,654	
	Total			\$ <u>13,447,107</u>	

## Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended December 31, 2004 (continued)

#### **B.** Income Taxes

The City levies a 1.75% income tax on substantially all income earned within the City. Additional increases in the income tax rate require voter approval. City residents pay City income tax on income earned outside the City; however, a credit is allowed for income taxes paid to other municipalities. Filing is mandatory for all residents.

Employers within the City withhold income tax on employee compensation and remit at least quarterly. Corporations and other individual taxpayers pay estimated taxes quarterly and file an annual declaration.

#### C. Property Taxes

Property taxes include amounts levied against all real, public utility and tangible (used in business) property located in the City. Property taxes are levied each December 31<sup>st</sup> on the assessed value listed as of the prior December 31<sup>st</sup>. Assessed values are established for real property at 35 percent of true value, for public utility property at 100% of true value, and for tangible property at 25% of true value (excluding the first \$10,000 of value). Property market values are required to be updated every three years and revalued every six years. The last revaluation was completed in 2002.

The property tax calendar is as follows:

Levy date December 31, 2003
Lien date December 31, 2003
Tax bill mailed January 20, 2004
First installment payment due February 15, 2004
Second installment payment due July 15, 2004

The assessed values for the City at December 31, 2003, were as follows:

	Assessed
	Value
Real Estate	\$531,766,210
Tangible Personal Property	27,830,570
Public Utility Personal Property	12,432,310
Total	\$572,029,090

## Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended December 31, 2004 (continued)

The County Treasurer collects property taxes on behalf of all taxing districts in the County, including the City of Centerville. The County Auditor periodically remits to the City its portion of the taxes collected. Property taxes may be paid on either an annual or semi-annual basis.

## **D.** Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the year ended December 31, 2004 was as follows:

_	-				
Governmental Activities		Beginning			Ending
		Balance	Increases	<b>Decreases</b>	Balance
Capital assets not being depr	eciated:				
Land		\$ 3,104,582	\$ 586,966	\$ -	\$3,691,548
Construction in progress		123,240	<u>-</u> _	(123,240)	<u>-</u> _
	Subtotal	3,227,822	<u>586,966</u>	(123,240)	3,691,548
Capital assets being deprecia	ted:				
Building and improvements		7,620,729	896,807	(8,300)	8,509,236
Machinery and equipment		5,732,320	489,646	(223,340)	5,998,626
General infrastructure		40,515,119	1,404,830	-	41,919,949
	Subtotal	53,868,168	2,791,283	(231,640)	56,427,811
Less accumulated depreciation	on for:				
Building and improvements	v	932,431	192,974	(5,342)	1,120,063
Machinery and equipment		3,241,652	645,762	(217,609)	3,669,805
General infrastructure		14,218,819	1,526,732		<u>15,745,551</u>
	Subtotal	18,392,902	<u>2,365,468</u>	(222,951)	20,535,419
Net capital assets		<u>\$38,703,088</u>	<u>\$1,012,781</u>	(\$131,929)	\$39,583,940
Depreciation was charg	ed to gove	ernmental activi	ties as follows	:	
General government					\$ 153,425

General government	\$ 153,425
Public safety	378,701
Community environment	8,100
Recreation	45,361
Transportation	1,655,958
Total governmental activities depreciation expense	\$ <u>2,241,545</u>
Portion of internal service funds' depreciation included above	
allocable to business-type activities	123,923
Total additions to accumulated depreciation of governmental activities	\$ <u>2,365,468</u>

## Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended December 31, 2004 (continued)

Business-type Activities		Beginning Balance	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balance
Capital assets not being deprectand and land improvements	ciated:	\$ <u>15,166,876</u>	\$	\$	\$ <u>15,166,876</u>
Capital assets being depreciate	ed:				
Building and improvements		4,037,103	-	-	4,037,103
Machinery and equipment		1,433,784	<u>331,178</u>	<u>(58,900)</u>	1,706,062
S	Subtotal	5,470,887	331,178	<u>(58,900)</u>	5,743,165
Less accumulated depreciation	for:				
Building and improvements	jor.	678,766	89,711	-	\$768,477
Machinery and equipment		808,561	209,256	<u>(58,900)</u>	958,917
S	Subtotal	1,487,327	<u>298,967</u>	<u>(58,900)</u>	1,727,394
Net capital assets		<u>\$19,150,436</u>	<u>\$32,211</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	\$19,182,647
Depreciation was charged	d to busi	ness-type activi	ities as follows:		
Waste collection					\$ 1,014
Golf course operations					146,492
Other business-type activ	vities				151,461
Total business-type acti		epreciation expe	ense		\$ <u>298,967</u>
Portion of internal service					<del></del>
to business-type activiti		-			123,923
Total additions to accur	mulated	depreciation of	business-type	activities	\$ <u>422,890</u>

## Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended December 31, 2004 (continued)

#### E. Pension Plans

All City employees are covered by one of two pension plans: the Ohio Public Employees Retirement System and the Ohio Police and Fire Pension Fund.

#### 1. Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS)

OPERS administers three separate pension plans. (1) The Traditional Pension Plan (TP) – a cost sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. (2) The Member-Directed Plan (MD) – a defined contribution plan in which the member invests both member and employer contributions (employer contributions vest over five years at 20% per year). Members accumulate retirement assets equal to the value of member and (vested) employer contributions plus any investment earnings thereon. (3) The Combined Plan (CO) – a cost sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. Employer contributions are invested by the retirement system to provide a formula retirement benefit similar in nature to the Traditional Plan benefit. Member contributions, the investment of which is self-directed by the members, accumulate retirement assets in a manner similar to the Member-Directed Plan.

OPERS provides retirement, disability, survivor and death benefits and annual cost of living adjustments to members of the Traditional Plan and Combined Plans. Members of the Member-Directed Plan do not qualify for ancillary benefits. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided by state statute per Chapter 145 of the Ohio Revised Code. OPERS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the plan. That report may be obtained by writing to the Ohio Public Employees Retirement System, 277 East Town Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215 or by calling 1-800-222-7377.

The Ohio Revised Code provides statutory authority for employee and employer contributions. For 2004, member and employer contribution rates were consistent across all three plans (TP, MD, and CO). Plan members are required to contribute 8.5% of their annual covered salary and the City is required to contribute 13.55%. The City's required contributions to PERS for the years ended December 31, 2004, 2003 and 2002, were \$699,401, \$798,353, and \$656,053, respectively.

#### 2. Ohio Police and Fire Pension Fund (OP&F)

OP&F is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan which provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost of living adjustments, and death benefits to

## Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended December 31, 2004 (continued)

plan members and beneficiaries. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided by state statute per Chapter 742 of the Ohio Revised Code. The Ohio Police and Fire Pension Fund issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial information and required supplementary information for the plan. That report may be obtained by writing to OP&F, 140 East Town Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215-5164 or by calling (614) 228-2975.

The Ohio Revised Code provides statutory authority for employee and employer contributions. Plan members are required to contribute 10.0% of their annual covered salary, while the City is required to contribute 19.5% for police and 24.0% for firefighters. The City's contributions to the plan for police for the years ending December 31, 2004, 2003, and 2002 were \$525,285, \$507,615, and \$482,742, respectively. The unpaid contribution for 2004 was \$148,847, and is recorded as a liability within the respective fund.

#### F. Post-employment Benefits

In addition to the pension benefits described in Note E, both the Public Employees Retirement System of Ohio and the Police and Fire Pension Fund provide post-retirement health care coverage, commonly referred to as OPEB (other post-employment benefits). For both systems, the Ohio Revised Code provides the authority for public employers to fund postretirement health care through their contributions.

#### 1. Ohio Public Employees Retirement System

OPERS administers three separate pension plans, the Traditional Plan (TP), the Member-Directed Plan (MD) and the Combined Plan (CO), all of which are described in note E. OPERS provides post-retirement health care coverage to age and service retirees with ten or more years of qualifying Ohio service credit for members of both the TP and CO plans. Members of the MD plan do not qualify for post-employment health care coverage. Health care coverage for disability recipients and primary survivor recipients is available. The 2004 employer contribution rate was 13.55%, of which 4.0% was used to fund health care.

OPEB are advanced funded on an actuarially determined basis using the following assumptions. An entry age normal actuarial cost method of valuation is used in determining the present value of OPEB. The difference between assumed and actual experience becomes part of unfunded actuarial accrued liability. All investments are carried at market value. For actuarial valuation purposes, a smoothed market approach

## Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended December 31, 2004 (continued)

is used. Under this approach assets are adjusted annually to reflect 25% of unrealized market appreciation or depreciation on investment assets. The investment assumption rate for 2003 was 8.0%. Individual base pay was assumed to increase 4.0% compounded annually with no change in the number of active employees. Additionally, annual pay increases, over and above the 4.0% base increase, were assumed to range from 0.5% to 6.3%. Health care costs were assumed to increase at the projected wage inflation rate plus an additional factor ranging from 1.0% to 6.0% for the next 8 years. In subsequent years, health care costs were assumed to increase at 4.0%.

The number of active contributing participants to the TP and CO plans was 369,885 as of December 31, 2004, the date the latest actuarial review was performed. The actuarially determined accrued liability for OPEBs at December 31, 2003, are \$26.9 billion with net assets available for OPEB of \$10.5 billion, leaving an unfunded actuarial liability of \$16.4 billion.

On September 9, 2004 the OPERS Retirement Board adopted a Health Care Preservation Plan (HCPP) with an effective date of January 1, 2007. The HCPP restructures OPERS' health care coverage to improve the financial solvency of the fund in response to skyrocketing health care costs. Under the HCPP, retirees eligible for health care coverage will receive a graded monthly allocation based on their years of service at retirement. The Plan incorporates a cafeteria approach, offering a broad range of health care options that allow benefit recipients to use their monthly allocation to purchase health care coverage customized to meet their individual needs. If the monthly allocation exceeds the cost of the options selected, the excess is deposited into a Retiree Medical Account that can be used to fund future health care expenses.

#### 2. Ohio Police and Fire Pension Fund

The plan provides post-retirement health care coverage to any person who receives or is eligible to receive a monthly benefit check or is a spouse or eligible dependent child of such person. An eligible dependent child is any child under the age of 18 whether or not the child is attending school or under the age of 22 if attending school full-time or on a 2/3 basis.

Health care funding and accounting is on a pay-as-you-go basis. The Ohio Revised Code provides that health care costs paid shall be included in the employer's contribution rate. The 2003 employer contribution rate was 19.5% of covered payroll for Police and 24% of covered payroll for Fire of which 7.75% was used to fund health care. In addition, since July 1, 1992, most retirees and survivors were required to

## Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended December 31, 2004 (continued)

contribute a portion of the cost of their health care coverage through a deduction from their monthly benefit payment. Beginning in 2001, all retirees and survivors have monthly health care contributions.

The number of participants eligible to receive health care benefits as of December 31, 2003, the date of the last actuarial valuation available, was 13,662 for Police and 10,474 for Firefighters. The plan's total health care expenses for the year ended December 31, 2003 were \$150,853,148, which was net of member contributions of \$17,207,506.

#### G. Interfund Receivables, Payables & Transfers

The composition of interfund balances as of December 31, 2004, is as follows:

#### Internal balances:

Type	Governmental	Business-type	
	<u>Activities</u>	<u>Activities</u>	
Internal Service Allocation	\$(2,628)	\$2,628	
Due to / Due from Other Funds	<u>117,198</u>	( <u>117,198</u> )	
Total	\$ <u>114,570</u>	\$(114,570)	

#### *Due to / due from other funds:*

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	<u>Amount</u>
General	Recreational Projects	\$ 47,874
General	Golf Course Operations	117,198
Golf Course Debt Retirement	General	<u>111,579</u>
Total		\$ <u>276,651</u>

In 2004, rather than entering into a capital lease with a lending agency, the city financed the purchase of various machinery, furniture and equipment through the use of interfund advances. These advances are reported as interfund receivable and payables in their respective funds.

#### *Interfund transfers:*

<u>Fund</u>	<u>Transfer In</u>	Transfer Out
General	\$ 0	\$2,750,000
Capital Improvements	1,400,000	0
Non-major Governmental	950,000	0
Golf Course Operations	400,000	0
Total	\$ <u>2,750,000</u>	\$ <u>2,750,000</u>

## Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended December 31, 2004 (continued)

All interfund transfers are routine in nature and are to subsidize the operations of the applicable fund.

#### H. Capital Lease

The City has entered into a lease agreement as lessee for financing the acquisition of \$142,000 of machinery and equipment. The City has also financed the acquisition of \$11,160 of equipment for its Golf Course Operations by means of leases. These lease agreements qualify as capital leases for accounting purposes and, therefore, have been recorded at the present value of their future minimum lease payments as of the inception date.

The future minimum lease payments under the capital leases, together with the present value of the net minimum lease payments as of December 31, 2004, were as follows:

	Governmental	Golf Course
	Activities	Operations
2005	\$36,941	\$2,436
2006	5,904	2,436
2007	5,904	2,436
2008	<u>2,469</u>	2,234
Total minimum lease payments	51,218	9,542
Less: amount representing interest	<u>(1,914)</u>	<u>(636</u> )
Present value of minimum lease payments	\$ <u>49,304</u>	\$ <u>8,906</u>

#### I. Long-term Debt

Long-term liability activity for the year ended December 31, 2004, was as follows:

	Beginning				Ending	Due Within
	Balance	Additio	ons	Reductions	Balance	One Year
Governmental Activities:						
General Obligation Bonds:						
Capital Facilities-Series 2001,						
3.50% -5.125%	\$3,200,000	\$	0	\$ 85,000	\$ 3,115,000	90,000
Various Purpose Refunding-						
Series 2003, 2.00% -5.25%	15,925,000		0	635,000	15,290,000	650,000
Less deferred amounts:						
For issuance premium	347,317		0	18,141	329,176	0
On refunding	(1,283,795)		0	(67,053)	(1,216,742)	0
Total general obligation bonds	18,188,522		0	671,088	17,517,434	740,000

## Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended December 31, 2004 (continued)

<b>Special Assessment Bonds:</b>					
Street Improvement-Series 1987,					
6.375%	42,000	0	11,000	31,000	10,000
Street Improvement-Series 1990,					
7.90%	114,000	0	14,000	100,000	15,000
Street Improvement-Series 1994,					
5.40% -6.60%	250,000	0	15,000	235,000	20,000
Street Improvement-Series 1995,					
4.30% -5.625%	995,000	0	25,000	970,000	25,000
Street Improvement-Series 1998-					
1, 4.05% -5.35%	1,075,000	0	25,000	1,050,000	25,000
Street Improvement-Series 1998-					
2, 3.50% -5.00%	1,150,000	0	25,000	1,125,000	25,000
Street Improvement-Series 1999,					
4.20% -5.75%	1,485,000	0	25,000	1,460,000	25,000
Street Improvement-Series 2000,					
4.65% -5.75%	1,050,000	0	20,000	1,030,000	20,000
Street Improvement-Series 2001,					
3.70% -5.50%	975,000	0	20,000	955,000	20,000
Street Improvement-Series 2002,					
4.20% -5.30%	640,000	0	10,000	630,000	10,000
Total Special Assessment Bonds	7,776,000	0	190,000	7,586,000	195,000
Other:					
Capital leases	83,686	0	34,382	49,304	35,654
Compensated absences	563,149	413,795	405,489	<u>571,455</u>	100,000
Total Other	646,835	413,795	439,871	620,759	135,654
Total-Governmental Activities					
Long-term Liabilities	\$ <u>26,611,357</u>	\$ <u>413,795</u>	\$ <u>1,300,959</u>	\$ <u>25,724,193</u>	\$ <u>1,070,654</u>
Business-type Activities:					
Other:					
Capital leases	\$ 10,991	\$ 0	\$ 2,085	\$ 8,906	\$ 2,159
Compensated absences	137,502	<u>57,174</u>	<u>52,150</u>	142,526	<u>25,000</u>
Total-Business-type Activities					
Long-term Liabilities	\$ <u>148,493</u>	\$ <u>57,174</u>	\$ <u>54,235</u>	\$ <u>151,432</u>	\$ <u>27,159</u>

Outstanding general obligation bonds consist of street improvement, municipal and golf course and related structures and operational costs. General obligation bonds are direct obligations of the City for which its full faith, credit and resources are pledged and are payable from taxes levied on all taxable property in the government.

Special assessment bonds maturing through 2032 consist of street, sidewalk and curb improvement issues which are payable from the proceeds of assessments against individual property owners. These bonds are backed by the full faith and credit of the City. In the

## Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended December 31, 2004 (continued)

event of delinquencies related to special assessment bonds, the City is required to use other resources until foreclosure proceeds are received to satisfy debt service.

The general obligation bonds will be paid through the Unvoted Debt Retirement Fund and the Golf Course Debt Retirement Fund. The special assessment bonds will be paid through the Special Assessment Bond Retirement Fund. The capital leases will be paid through the General Fund. Compensated absences will be paid through the General Fund and the Street Construction and Maintenance Fund.

The following table summarizes the City's future long-term bond service requirements as of December 31, 2004:

Year Ending	<b>General Obligation</b>		Special A	ssessment
December 31:	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest
2005	740,000	776,623	195,000	409,420
2006	755,000	760,473	204,000	399,620
2007	765,000	744,023	206,000	389,279
2008	790,000	726,915	199,000	378,708
2009	825,000	695,565	214,000	368,489
2010-2014	4,575,000	3,000,332	1,198,000	1,662,378
2015-2019	5,470,000	1,939,475	1,335,000	1,327,995
2020-2024	3,655,000	685,350	1,725,000	926,934
2025-2029	830,000	52,313	1,950,000	410,323
2030-2032	0	0	360,000	26,380
Total	<u>\$18,405,000</u>	<u>\$9,381,069</u>	<u>\$7,586,000</u>	<u>\$6,299,526</u>

The Ohio Revised Code provides that the net debt of a municipal corporation, whether or not approved by the electors, shall not exceed 10.5% of the total value of all property in the municipal corporation as listed and assessed for taxation. In addition, the unvoted net debt of municipal corporations cannot exceed 5.5% of the total taxation value of property. The statutory limitations on debt are measured by a direct ratio of net debt to tax valuation and expressed in terms of a percentage. At December 31, 2004, the City had a legal debt margin for total debt of \$62,375,359 and a legal debt margin for unvoted debt of \$32,672,807.

In 2003, the City issued \$15,980,000 of general obligation refunding bonds to provide resources to purchase U.S. Government State and Local Governments Series securities that were placed in an irrevocable trust for the purpose of generating resources for all future debt service payments of \$14,685,000 of general obligation bonds. As a result, the refunded

## Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended December 31, 2004 (continued)

bonds are considered to be defeased and the liability has been removed from the governmental activities column of the statement of net assets. This advance refunding was undertaken to reduce total debt service payments over the next twenty-two years by \$449,198 and resulted in an economic gain of \$510,217.

To provide for the Bethany Lutheran Village Continuing Care Facility, the City has issued three series of Health Care Variable Rate Demand Revenue Bonds. These bonds are special limited obligations of the City, payable solely from and secured by a letter of credit. The bonds do not constitute a debt or pledge of the faith and credit of the City, the County or the State, and, accordingly, have not been reported in the accompanying financial statements. At December 31, 2004, Health Care Variable Rate Demand Revenue Bonds outstanding aggregated \$3,600,000.

#### J. Risk Management

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; and natural disasters. Effective September 1, 2004, the City joined the Miami Valley Risk Management Association, Inc. (MVRMA), a joint insurance pool. The pool consists of twenty municipalities who pool risk for property, crime, liability, boiler and machinery and public official liability.

The City pays an annual premium to MVRMA for this coverage. The agreement provides that MVRMA will be self-sustaining through member premiums and the purchase of excess and stop-loss insurance. The deductible per occurrence for all types of claims is \$2,500. During 2004, MVRMA's per occurrence retention limit for property was \$250,000, with the exception of boiler and machinery for which there was a \$5,000 per occurrence retention limit. Liability had a per occurrence retention limit of \$1,000,000. After the retention limits are reached, excess insurance will cover up to the limits stated below:

General liability \$7,000,000 per occurrence
Automobile liability \$7,000,000 per occurrence
Public officials liability \$7,000,000 per occurrence

Public officials liability \$7,000,000 per occurrence

Boiler and machinery

Property

Blanket coverage

Blanket coverage

Flood and earthquake \$25,000,000 per occurrence

There were no significant reductions in insurance coverage during the year in any category of risk. Settled claims did not exceed insurance coverage in each of the past three years.

## Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended December 31, 2004 (continued)

The City is a member of a workers' compensation group rating plan, which allows local governments to group the experience of employers for workers compensation rating purposes. The City pays the State Workers' Compensation System a premium based on salaries paid. The City also provides medical, dental and life insurance to all full time employees. In 2004, the City paid 100% of the premiums for the dental and life insurance coverages. In September 2004, employee began paying a portion of the medical insurance premium.

### **K.** Contingent Liabilities

Accounts received or receivable from grant agencies are subject to audit and adjustment by grantor agencies, principally the federal government. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the applicable funds. The amount, if any, of expenditures which may be disallowed by the grantor cannot be determined at this time although the City expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

The City is a defendant in various lawsuits. Although the outcome of these lawsuits is not presently determinable, it is the opinion of the City's counsel that resolution of these matters will not have an adverse effect on the financial condition of the government.

City of Centerville
Required Supplementary Information
Schedule of Revenue, Expenditures, & Changes in Fund Balances Budget and Actual - Budgetary (Non-GAAP) Basis
General Fund
For the Year Ended December 31, 2004

		Original Budget			Actual Budgetary Basis		Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
Revenues:	_				_			
Local Taxes	\$	11,620,400	\$	11,620,400	\$	11,600,715	\$	(19,685)
Intergovernmental revenues		847,230		847,230		1,081,587		234,357
Charges for services		29,700		29,700		35,187		5,487
Fines, licenses, and permits		268,800		268,800		318,003		49,203
Interest earned		110,000		110,000		173,044		63,044
Miscellaneous and reimbursements	_	237,000		237,000		211,207		(25,793)
Total revenues		13,113,130		13,113,130		13,419,743		306,613
Expenditures:								
Current:								
General government		4,645,509		4,518,509		4,191,220		327,289
Public safety		5,365,362		5,328,362		5,295,465		32,897
Community environment		272,858		257,858		227,604		30,254
Recreation		574,850		478,850		472,087		6,763
Total expenditures		10,858,579		10,583,579		10,186,376		397,203
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures		2,254,551		2,529,551		3,233,367		703,816
Other financing sources (uses):								
Transfers (out)		(2,350,000)		(2,350,000)		(2,750,000)		(400,000)
Total other financing sources (uses)		(2,350,000)		(2,350,000)		(2,750,000)		(400,000)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other financing								
sources over expenditures and other financing uses		(95,449)		179,551		483,367		303,816
Fund balance at beginning of year	_	5,084,043		5,084,043	_	5,084,043		
Fund balance at end of year	\$	4,988,594	\$	5,263,594	\$	5,567,410	\$	303,816

Notes to the Required Supplementary Information For the Fiscal Year Ended December 31, 2004

## 1. Basis of Budgeting

Basis of budgeting refers to when revenues and expenditures or expenses are recognized in the accounts. The City's budget for all funds is prepared on a cash-encumbrance basis by which transactions are recorded when cash is received or disbursed, or when a commitment has been recorded as an encumbrance against an applicable appropriation. All annual appropriations lapse at year-end to the extent they have not been expended or lawfully encumbered. Fund balances shown are unencumbered cash balances. This basis is utilized for all interim financial statements issued during the year.

The basis of budgeting differs from the accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) used for the City's year-end financial statements contained in the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR). Under that basis of accounting, revenues are generally recognized when the obligation to the City arises; the budget basis, however, recognizes revenue only when cash has been received. In the CAFR, expenditures are generally recognized in the period in which they are incurred. Under the budget basis, expenditures are recognized when cash has been disbursed or when an encumbrance has been placed against an appropriation.

Unencumbered appropriations lapse at year end. State law provides that, generally, no contract, agreement or other obligation involving the expenditure of money shall be entered into unless the Finance Officer first certifies that the money required for such contract, agreement, obligation or expenditure is in the treasury, or is anticipated to come into the treasury before the maturity of such contract (Ohio Revised Code 5705.41).

### 2. Budgets Process

The City follows procedures prescribed by State law in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements as follows:

- (1) The County Budget Commission has suspended the requirement to prepare a tax budget. In lieu of the tax budget, about January 1 of each year, the City will submit to the Budget Commission a report of estimated revenue and actual unencumbered cash balances by fund. Thereafter, the County Budget Commission will issue an Official Certificate of Estimated Resources.
- (2) Unencumbered appropriations lapse at year-end. No contract, agreement or other obligation involving the expenditure of money shall be entered into unless the Director of Finance first certifies that the money required for such contract, agreement, obligation or expenditure is in the treasury, or is anticipated to come into the treasury, before the maturity of such contract.

#### City of Centerville, Ohio

#### Notes to the Required Supplementary Information For the Fiscal Year Ended December 31, 2004 (continued)

(3) All funds of the City have annual budgets legally adopted by the City Council. The exception is that when the City receives federal or state grant funds to aid in paying the cost of any program, activity, or function of the City, the amount received is deemed appropriated for such purpose.

The City Manager acts as budget officer for the City and submits a proposed operating budget to the City Council on an annual basis. Public hearings are held to obtain taxpayer comments. The Council enacts the budget through passage of an ordinance. The appropriations ordinance controls expenditures at the fund level. The appropriation measure may only be amended or supplemented during the year by ordinance of the City Council. The allocation of appropriations among departments and objects within a fund may be modified with approval of the City Manager. Appropriations may not exceed estimated resources. During the year, supplemental appropriations were made. The appropriations and estimated revenue reported within the Schedule of Revenue, Expenditure, and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual – Budgetary (Non-GAAP) Basis reflect the final appropriations and estimated revenues as approved by City Council and the County Budget Commission, respectively, at December 31, 2004.

Encumbrance accounting, under which purchase orders, contracts and other commitments for the expenditure of monies are recorded in order to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation, is employed as an extension of formal budgetary control in the governmental funds. Encumbrances outstanding at year end are reported as reservations of fund balances, since they do not constitute expenditures or liabilities.

While reporting financial position, results of operations and changes in fund balances on the basis of accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP), the budgetary basis, as provided by law, requires accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts and disbursements.

Schedules of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual - Budget (Non-GAAP) Basis for the general fund, the special assessment debt retirement fund and the capital improvements fund are presented on the budgetary basis in the Required Supplementary Information to provide a meaningful comparison of actual results with the budget. The major differences between the budget basis and the GAAP basis are that:

- (1) Revenues are recorded when received in cash (budget) as opposed to when they are both measurable and available (GAAP).
- (2) Expenditures are recorded when paid in cash (budget) as opposed to when the liability is incurred (GAAP).
- (3) Encumbrances are recorded as the equivalent of expenditures (budget) as opposed to a reservation of fund balance (GAAP).

#### City of Centerville, Ohio

Notes to the Required Supplementary Information For the Fiscal Year Ended December 31, 2004 (continued)

#### 3. Reconciliation of Budget Basis to GAAP Basis

The adjustments necessary to convert the results of operations and fund balances at end of the year on the GAAP basis to the budget basis are as follows:

	General Fund
GAAP basis	\$ 615,830
Net adjustment for revenue accruals	(363,121)
Net adjustment for expenditure accruals	300,265
Net adjustment for encumbrances	(69,607)
Budget basis	<u>\$ 483,367</u>

#### City of Centerville Non-Major Fund Descriptions

#### **Non-Major Special Revenue Funds**

Special revenue funds account for revenue sources that are legally restricted to expenditure for specific purposes.

- Street Construction and Maintenance Fund A fund provided to account for the allocation of revenues derived from motor vehicle license fees and gasoline taxes. Expenditures are restricted by state law to maintenance and repair of streets within the City.
- State Highway Fund A fund provided to account for the allocation of revenues derived from motor vehicle license fees and gasoline taxes. Expenditures are restricted by state law for maintenance and repair of state highways within the City.
- **Permissive Tax Fund** A fund provided to account for permissive tax fees received from both the county and state. Expenditures are restricted to construction or permanent improvements of the streets and state highways within the City.
- **Law Enforcement Fund** A fund provided to account for the fines generated in the prosecution of those in possession of contraband and the proceeds gained from the sale of confiscated contraband.
- **Enforcement and Education Fund** A fund provided to account for fines imposed for the purpose of educating the public and enforcing the laws governing the operation of a motor vehicle while under the influence of alcohol.
- **Drug Law Fund** A fund provided to account for mandatory fines imposed for drug offense convictions.
- *Friends of Benham's Grove* A fund provided to account for the activities of the Friends of Benham's Grove.
- *Hospital Insurance Fund* A fund provided to account for the remaining balance of the City's self-insured health insurance plan. The City ceased self-insurance in 1995. The balance of this fund will be used to offset future health insurance costs of the City.
- **Police Operations Project Fund** A fund provided to account for various police related operations. This fund has been utilized to account for the transactions relating to the construction of a new police facility.

#### City of Centerville Non-Major Fund Descriptions

#### **Non-Major Debt Service Funds**

Debt service funds account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, general long-term debt principal, interest and related costs.

- *Unvoted Debt Retirement Fund* A fund provided to account for the payment of principal and interest on the City's unvoted general obligations.
- Golf Course Debt Retirement Fund A fund provided to account for the payment of principal and interest on the City's general obligation debt related to the Golf Club at Yankee Trace and its related facilities.

#### **Non-Major Capital Projects Funds**

Capital projects funds account for the acquisition of fixed assets or construction of major capital projects not being financed by proprietary funds.

- **Recreational Projects Fund (Golf Course Expansion Fund)** A fund provided to account for the costs related to the expansion of the golf course.
- Capital Equipment Purchase Fund A fund provided to account for the acquisition of major operating and office equipment.
- **Special Assessment Improvements Fund** A fund provided to account for the revenues and expenditures relating to various special assessment projects throughout the City.

#### CITY OF CENTERVILLE COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2004

	Non-major Special Revenue Funds	Non-major Debt Service Funds	Non-major Capital Projects Funds	Total Non-major Governmental Funds
ASSETS				
Pooled cash and cash equivalents	\$ 746,389	\$ 551,794	\$ 635,529	\$ 1,933,712
Investments	45,660	1,883,359	234,827	2,163,846
Receivables (net):				
Accounts	984	10,293	-	11,277
Intergovernmental	569,525	-	=	569,525
Interest	219	17,060	1,129	18,408
Due from other funds	-	111,579	-	111,579
Inventory	35,120	-	-	35,120
Prepaid items	12,619			12,619
Total assets	\$ 1,410,516	\$ 2,574,085	\$ 871,485	\$ 4,856,086
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES				
Liabilities:				
Accounts payable	\$ 6,904	\$ -	\$ 35,366	\$ 42,270
Accrued liabilities	41,023	-	-	41,023
Due to other funds	-	-	47,874	47,874
Deferred revenue	403,784	15,240		419,024
Total liabilities	451,711	15,240	83,240	550,191
Fund Balances:				
Reserved for:				
Debt service	-	2,558,845	-	2,558,845
Inventory	35,120	-	-	35,120
Prepaid Items	12,619	-	-	12,619
Encumbrances	8,298	-	-	8,298
Unreserved	902,768		788,245	1,691,013
Total fund balances	958,805	2,558,845	788,245	4,305,895
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ 1,410,516	\$ 2,574,085	\$ 871,485	\$ 4,856,086

### CITY OF CENTERVILLE COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2004

	Non-major Special Revenue Funds	Non-major Debt Service Funds	Non-major Capital Projects Funds	Total Non-major Governmental Funds
REVENUES:				
Intergovernmental revenues	\$ 1,190,393	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,190,393
Charges for services	1,434	-	-	1,434
Fines, licenses and permits	2,555	-	-	2,555
Investment income	14,438	117,244	19,342	151,024
Lot sales	-	52,963	-	52,963
Rent	-	824,160	-	824,160
Miscellaneous	36,475		515	36,990
Total revenues	1,245,295	994,367	19,857	2,259,519
EXPENDITURES:				
Current:				
General government	3,848	-	-	3,848
Public safety	13,557	-	-	13,557
Recreation	14,158	-	-	14,158
Transportation	1,590,739	-	-	1,590,739
Capital outlay	201,322	-	447,412	648,734
Debt service:				
Principal	=	720,000	=	720,000
Interest		792,298		792,298
Total expenditures	1,823,624	1,512,298	447,412	3,783,334
Deficiency of revenues over (under) expenditures	(578,329)	(517,931)	(427,555)	(1,523,815)
OTHER EINANGING COURCES (LICES).				
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): Transfers in	750,000	50,000	150,000	950,000
Total other financing sources (uses)	750,000	50,000	150,000	950,000
Net change in fund balances	171,671	(467,931)	(277,555)	(573,815)
Fund balances, beginning of year	787,134	3,026,776	1,065,800	4,879,710
Fund balances, end of year	\$ 958,805	\$ 2,558,845	\$ 788,245	\$ 4,305,895

#### CITY OF CENTERVILLE COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NON-MAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2004

(continued)

	Street Construction & Maintenance		State Highway		Permissive Tax		Law Enforcement		Enforcement & Education	
ASSETS										
Pooled cash and cash equivalents	\$	463,790	\$	42,474	\$	2,249	\$	61,150	\$	11,689
Investments		-		-		-		-		-
Receivables (net):										
Accounts		-		-		-		-		984
Intergovernmental		522,398		42,357		4,437		-		333
Interest		-		-		-		-		-
Due from other funds		-		-		-		-		-
Inventory		35,120		-		-		-		-
Prepaid items		12,619								
Total assets	\$	1,033,927	\$	84,831	\$	6,686	\$	61,150	\$	13,006
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities:										
Accounts payable	\$	3,747	\$	_	\$	-	\$	_	\$	407
Accrued liabilities		41,023		_		-		_		_
Deferred revenue		373,500		30,284						<u>-</u>
Total liabilities		418,270		30,284						407
Fund Balances:										
Reserved for:										
Inventory		35,120		-		-		-		-
Prepaid items		12,619		-		-		-		-
Encumbrances		175		-		-		-		18
Unreserved		567,743	_	54,547		6,686		61,150	-	12,581
Total fund balances		615,657		54,547		6,686		61,150		12,599
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	1,033,927	\$	84,831	\$	6,686	\$	61,150	\$	13,006

#### CITY OF CENTERVILLE COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NON-MAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2004

		Drug Law		Friends of Benham's Grove		Hospital	O	Police perations Project		Non-major Special Revenue ands Totals
ASSETS	•	505	Φ.	24 (50)	Φ.	<b>5</b> 0 < 1.1	Φ.	50 0 <b>5</b> 0	٨	<b>7</b> 45 <b>2</b> 00
Pooled cash and investments	\$	797	\$	24,670	\$	70,611	\$	68,959	\$	746,389
Investments		-		-		45,660		-		45,660
Receivables (net):										004
Accounts		-		-		-		-		984
Intergovernmental Interest		-		-		210		-		569,525
Due from other funds		-		-		219		-		219
Inventory		-		-		-		-		35,120
Prepaid items		-		-		-		-		12,619
riepaid items								<del></del>		12,019
Total assets	\$	797	\$	24,670	\$	116,490	\$	68,959	\$	1,410,516
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES										
Liabilities:										
Accounts payable	\$	-	\$	100	\$	-	\$	2,650	\$	6,904
Accrued liabilities		-		-		-		-		41,023
Deferred revenue			_					<u>-</u>		403,784
Total liabilities				100				2,650		451,711
Fund Balances:										
Reserved for:										
Inventory		-		-		-		-		35,120
Prepaid items		-		-		-		-		12,619
Encumbrances		-		-		-		8,105		8,298
Unreserved		797		24,570		116,490		58,204		902,768
Total fund balances		797		24,570		116,490		66,309		958,805
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	797	\$	24,670	\$	116,490	\$	68,959	\$	1,410,516

### CITY OF CENTERVILLE COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NON-MAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2004

(continued)

	Cons	Street truction & ntenance		State Highway		Permissive Tax	Law Enforcement	Enforcement & Education
REVENUES:								
Intergovernmental revenues	\$	934,612	\$	75,780	\$	180,001	\$ -	\$ -
Charges for services		1,434		-		-	-	-
Fines, licenses and permits		-		-		-	-	2,555
Investment income		7,751		430		903	814	135
Miscellaneous		100	_	<u>-</u>	_		2,720	9,989
Total revenues		943,897		76,210		180,904	3,534	12,679
EXPENDITURES:								
Current:								
General government		-		-		-	-	-
Public safety		-		-		-	3,000	6,968
Recreation		-		-		-	-	-
Transportation		1,541,109		49,630		-	-	-
Capital outlay				-	_	190,000		
Total expenditures		1,541,109	_	49,630		190,000	3,000	6,968
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over								
(under) expenditures		(597,212)		26,580		(9,096)	534	5,711
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):								
Transfers in		750,000		-	_	<del>-</del>		
Total other financing sources (uses)		750,000						
Net change in fund balances		152,788		26,580		(9,096)	534	5,711
Fund balances, beginning of year		462,869	_	27,967		15,782	60,616	6,888
Fund balances, end of year	\$	615,657	\$	54,547	\$	6,686	\$ 61,150	\$ 12,599

## CITY OF CENTERVILLE COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NON-MAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2004

	 Drug Law	Ве	iends of enham's Grove		Hospital Insurance	Op	Police erations Project	Non-major Special Revenue ands Totals
REVENUES:								
Intergovernmental revenues	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 1,190,393
Charges for services	-		-		-		-	1,434
Fines, licenses and permits	-		-		-		-	2,555
Investment income	11		311		2,638		1,445	14,438
Miscellaneous	 		19,466	_			4,200	 36,475
Total revenues	 11		19,777		2,638		5,645	 1,245,295
EXPENDITURES:								
Current:								
General government	-		-		3,848		-	3,848
Public safety	-		-		-		3,589	13,557
Recreation	-		14,158		-		-	14,158
Transportation	-		-		-		-	1,590,739
Capital outlay	 						11,322	 201,322
Total expenditures	 		14,158		3,848		14,911	 1,823,624
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over								
(under) expenditures	 11		5,619		(1,210)		(9,266)	 (578,329)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):								
Transfers in	 							 750,000
Total other financing sources (uses)	 							 750,000
Net change in fund balances	11		5,619		(1,210)		(9,266)	171,671
Fund balances, beginning of year	 786		18,951		117,700		75,575	787,134
Fund balances, end of year	\$ 797	\$	24,570	\$	116,490	\$	66,309	\$ 958,805

### City of Centerville Schedule of Revenue, Expenditures, & Changes in Fund Balances Budget and Actual - Budgetary (Non-GAAP) Basis Street Construction and Maintenance Fund For the Year Ended December 31, 2004

D		Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual Budgetary Basis	Final Budget Positive (Negative)		
Revenues:	ф	070.000	ф	070 000	Ф	0.62.200	Ф	(14.601)	
Intergovernmental revenues	\$	878,000 500	\$	878,000 500	\$	863,399 1,434	\$	(14,601) 934	
Charges for services Interest earned		7,000		7,000		6,736			
Miscellaneous and reimbursements		7,000		7,000		100		(264) 100	
Total revenues		885,500		885,500		871,669		(13,831)	
Expenditures:									
Current:									
Transportation		1,733,464		1,683,464		1,547,045		136,419	
Total expenditures		1,733,464		1,683,464		1,547,045		136,419	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures		(847,964)		(797,964)		(675,376)		122,588	
Other financing sources (uses):									
Transfers in		750,000		750,000		750,000			
Total other financing sources (uses)		750,000		750,000		750,000		-	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other financing									
sources over expenditures and other financing uses		(97,964)		(47,964)		74,624		122,588	
Fund balance at beginning of year		385,574	_	385,574		385,574		<u>-</u>	
Fund balance at end of year	\$	287,610	\$	337,610	\$	460,198	\$	122,588	

Variance with

#### City of Centerville Schedule of Revenue, Expenditures, & Changes in Fund Balances -Budget and Actual - Budgetary (Non-GAAP) Basis State Highway Fund

For the Year Ended December 31, 2004		Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual Budgetary Basis		riance with nal Budget Positive Negative)
Revenues:	Ф	71.000	Φ	71.000	Ф	60.011	Ф	(2.000)
Intergovernmental revenues	\$	71,000	\$	71,000	\$	68,911	\$	(2,089)
Interest earned		550		550	_	430		(120)
Total revenues		71,550		71,550		69,341		(2,209)
Expenditures:								
Current:								
Transportation		76,636	_	76,636		56,190		20,446
Total expenditures		76,636		76,636		56,190		20,446
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures		(5,086)		(5,086)		13,151		18,237
Fund balance at beginning of year		28,983	_	28,983	_	28,983		

23,897 \$

42,134 \$

#### City of Centerville

Fund balance at end of year

Schedule of Revenue, Expenditures, & Changes in Fund Balances -

Budget and Actual - Budgetary (Non-GAAP) Basis

Permissive Tax Fund

For the Year Ended December 31, 2004	Original Final Budget Budget					Actual Budgetary Basis	F	ariance with inal Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues:	ď	100 000	¢.	100 000	d.	100 222	φ	(7.7(0)
Intergovernmental revenues Interest earned	\$	188,000	\$	188,000	\$	, -	\$	(7,768)
		2,500	_	2,500		903		(1,597)
Total revenues		190,500		190,500		181,135		(9,365)
Expenditures:								
Capital outlay		190,000		190,000		190,000		-
Total expenditures		190,000		190,000		190,000		_
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures		500		500		(8,865)		(9,365)
Fund balance at beginning of year		11,114		11,114		11,114		<u>-</u>
Fund balance at end of year	\$	11,614	\$	11,614	\$	2,249	\$	(9,365)

#### Schedule of Revenue, Expenditures, & Changes in Fund Balances -

Budget and Actual - Budgetary (Non-GAAP) Basis

#### Law Enforcement Fund

For the Year Ended December 31, 2004  Revenues:		Original Budget				Actual Budgetary Basis	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
Interest earned	\$	1,100	\$	1,100	\$	814	\$	(286)
Miscellaneous and reimbursements	T	3,000	_	3,000	-	2,720	Ť	(280)
Total revenues		4,100		4,100		3,534		(566)
Expenditures:								
Current:				< 000		2 000		2 000
Public safety		6,000	_	6,000	_	3,000		3,000
Total expenditures		6,000		6,000		3,000		3,000
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures		(1,900)		(1,900)		534		2,434
Fund balance at beginning of year		60,617		60,617		60,617		
Fund balance at end of year	\$	58,717	\$	58,717	\$	61,151	\$	2,434

#### City of Centerville

Schedule of Revenue, Expenditures, & Changes in Fund Balances -

Budget and Actual - Budgetary (Non-GAAP) Basis

**Enforcement and Education Fund** 

For the Year Ended December 31, 2004		Original Budget	Final Budget		Actual Budgetary Basis	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)		
Revenues:	•	Buager	Duaget		Dusis	(1	(cguiive)	
Fines, licenses, and permits	\$	1,500	\$ 1,500	\$	2,287	\$	787	
Interest earned		110	110		135		25	
Miscellaneous and reimbursements		2,000	2,000		9,926		7,926	
Total revenues		3,610	3,610		12,348		8,738	
Expenditures:								
Current:								
Public safety		6,000	7,000		6,986		14	
Total expenditures		6,000	7,000		6,986		14	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures		(2,390)	(3,390)		5,362		8,752	
Fund balance at beginning of year		5,903	 5,903	_	5,903			
Fund balance at end of year	\$	3,513	\$ 2,513	\$	11,265	\$	8,752	

Schedule of Revenue, Expenditures, & Changes in Fund Balances -

Budget and Actual - Budgetary (Non-GAAP) Basis

**Drug Law Fund** 

For the Year Ended December 31, 2004		Original Budget		Final Budget	Actual Budgetary Basis	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues:	Φ.	1.0	Φ.	10		
Interest earned	\$	10	_	10	\$ 11	<u>\$ 1</u>
Total revenues		10		10	11	1
Expenditures:						
Current:						
Public safety	<u></u>			<u>-</u>		
Total expenditures		-		-	-	-
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures		10		10	11	1
Fund balance at beginning of year		785		785	785	
Fund balance at end of year	\$	795	\$	795	\$ 796	\$ 1

#### City of Centerville

 $Schedule\ of\ Revenue, Expenditures,\ \&\ Changes\ in\ Fund\ Balances\ -$ 

Budget and Actual - Budgetary (Non-GAAP) Basis

Friends of Benham's Grove Fund

For the Year Ended December 31, 2004		Original Budget	Final Budget	]	Actual Budgetary Basis	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
Revenues:		•••					
Interest earned	\$	300	\$ 300	\$	311	\$	11
Miscellaneous and reimbursements		26,000	 26,000		19,466		(6,534)
Total revenues		26,300	26,300		19,777		(6,523)
Expenditures:							
Current:							
Recreation		24,329	24,329		14,090		10,239
Total expenditures		24,329	24,329		14,090		10,239
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures		1,971	1,971		5,687		3,716
Fund balance at beginning of year		18,983	 18,983		18,983		<u>-</u>
Fund balance at end of year	\$	20,954	\$ 20,954	\$	24,670	\$	3,716

Schedule of Revenue, Expenditures, & Changes in Fund Balances -

Budget and Actual - Budgetary (Non-GAAP) Basis

Hospital Insurance Fund For the Year Ended Decer

For the Year Ended December 31, 2004		Original Final Budget Budget		Actual Budgetary Basis		Fir	riance with nal Budget Positive Vegative)	
Revenues:	Φ.	2 700	Φ.	2 700	Φ.	2.504	Φ.	0.4
Interest earned	\$	2,500	\$	2,500	\$	2,584	\$	84
Total revenues		2,500		2,500		2,584		84
Expenditures:								
Current:								
General government		-		20,000		3,848		16,152
Total expenditures		-		20,000		3,848		16,152
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures		2,500		(17,500)		(1,264)		16,236
Fund balance at beginning of year		118,134		118,134		118,134		
Fund balance at end of year	\$	120,634	\$	100,634	\$	116,870	\$	16,236

#### **City of Centerville**

Schedule of Revenue, Expenditures, & Changes in Fund Balances -

Budget and Actual - Budgetary (Non-GAAP) Basis

**Police Operations Project Fund** 

For the Year Ended December 31, 2004							Va	riance with
					Actual	Final Budget		
	Original Final Budget Budget					Budgetary		Positive
					Basis		(Negative)	
Revenues:								
Interest earned	\$	1,000	\$	1,000	\$	1,190	\$	190
Miscellaneous and reimbursements		4,000		4,000		4,200		200
Total revenues		5,000		5,000		5,390		390
Expenditures:								
Current:								
Public safety		11,030		11,030		3,589		7,441
Capital outlay		23,250		23,250		24,672		(1,422)
Total expenditures		34,280		34,280		28,261		6,019
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures		(29,280)		(29,280)		(22,871)		6,409
Fund balance at beginning of year		83,724		83,724		83,724		<u>-</u>
Fund balance at end of year	\$	54,444	\$	54,444	\$	60,853	\$	6,409

#### CITY OF CENTERVILLE COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NON-MAJOR DEBT SERVICE FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2004

	nvoted Debt tirement		olf Course Debt Letirement		Ion-major Debt Service nds Totals
ASSETS					
Pooled cash and cash equivalents	\$ 20,870	\$	530,924	\$	551,794
Investments	-		1,883,359		1,883,359
Receivables (net):					
Accounts	-		10,293		10,293
Interest	-		17,060		17,060
Due from other funds	 		111,579	_	111,579
Total assets	\$ 20,870	\$	2,553,215	\$	2,574,085
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities:					
Deferred revenue	\$ -	\$	15,240	\$	15,240
Total liabilities	 		15,240	_	15,240
Fund Balances: Reserved for:					
Debt service	 20,870	_	2,537,975		2,558,845
Total fund balances	 20,870		2,537,975		2,558,845
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ 20,870	\$	2,553,215	\$	2,574,085

### CITY OF CENTERVILLE COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NON-MAJOR DEBT SERVICE FUNDS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2004

REVENUES: Investment income Lot sales	Unvoted Debt Retirement  \$ 1,234	Golf Course Debt Retirement  \$ 116,010 52,963	Non-major Debt Service Funds Totals \$ 117,244 52,963
Rent	_	824,160	824,160
	-		
Total revenues	1,234	993,133	994,367
EXPENDITURES:			
Debt service:			
Principal	70,000	650,000	720,000
Interest and fiscal charges	43,579	748,719	792,298
Total expenditures	113,579	1,398,719	1,512,298
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	(112,345)	(405,586)	(517,931)
OTHER FINANCING USES:			
Transfers in	50,000		50,000
Total other financing uses	50,000		50,000
Net change in fund balances	(62,345)	(405,586)	(467,931)
Fund balances, beginning of year	83,215	2,943,561	3,026,776
Fund balances, end of year	\$ 20,870	\$ 2,537,975	\$ 2,558,845

### City of Centerville Schedule of Revenue, Expenditures, & Changes in Fund Balances Budget and Actual - Budgetary (Non-GAAP) Basis Unvoted Debt Retirement Fund For the Year Ended December 31, 2004

For the Year Ended December 31, 2004	ear Ended December 31, 2004  Original Final Budget Budget			]	Actual Budgetary Basis	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)		
Revenues:	Φ.	7.50	Φ.	7.50	Φ.	1.004	Φ.	40.4
Interest earned	\$	750	\$	750	\$	1,234	\$	484
Total revenues		750		750		1,234		484
Expenditures:								
Debt service:								
Principal		70,000		70,000		70,000		-
Interest and fiscal charges		43,550		44,000		43,579		421
Total expenditures		113,550		114,000		113,579		421
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures		(112,800)		(113,250)		(112,345)		905
Other financing sources (uses):								
Transfers in		50,000		50,000		50,000		-
Total other financing sources (uses)		50,000		50,000		50,000		-
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other financing								
sources over expenditures and other financing uses		(62,800)		(63,250)		(62,345)		905
Fund balance at beginning of year		83,216		83,216		83,216		
Fund balance at end of year	\$	20,416	\$	19,966	\$	20,871	\$	905

Schedule of Revenue, Expenditures, & Changes in Fund Balances -

Budget and Actual - Budgetary (Non-GAAP) Basis

Golf Course Debt Retirement Fund For the Year Ended December 31, 2004	Original Final Budget Budget		Actual Budgetary Basis		Fin I	iance with al Budget Positive Jegative)	
Revenues:							
Interest earned	\$	28,000	\$ 28,000	\$	99,374	\$	71,374
Sale of lots		100,000	100,000		102,171		2,171
Miscellaneous and reimbursements		824,160	 824,160		837,060		12,900
Total revenues		952,160	952,160		1,038,605		86,445
Expenditures:							
Debt service:							
Principal		650,000	650,000		650,000		-
Interest and fiscal charges		748,620	749,000		748,719		281
Total expenditures	<u></u>	1,398,620	 1,399,000		1,398,719		281
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures		(446,460)	(446,840)		(360,114)		86,726
Fund balance at beginning of year		2,887,597	 2,887,597		2,887,597		<u>-</u>

86,726

#### City of Centerville

Fund balance at end of year

Schedule of Revenue, Expenditures, & Changes in Fund Balances -

 $Budget\ and\ Actual\ \textbf{-}\ Budgetary\ (Non\text{-}GAAP)\ Basis$ 

pecial Assessment Debt Retirement Fund or the Year Ended December 31, 2004 Original Budget		Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual Budgetary Basis	Fina P	ance with al Budget ositive egative)
Revenues:		Ü	C			,
Special assessments	\$	641,240	\$ 641,240	\$ 639,741	\$	(1,499)
Interest earned		6,000	 6,000	11,939		5,939
Total revenues		647,240	647,240	651,680		4,440
Expenditures:						
Current:						
General government		37,000	37,000	30,624		6,376
Debt service:						
Principal		190,000	190,000	190,000		-
Interest and fiscal charges		418,740	418,740	418,732		8
Total expenditures		645,740	645,740	639,356		6,384
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures		1,500	1,500	12,324		10,824
Fund balance at beginning of year	_	143,698	 143,698	143,698		
Fund balance at end of year	\$	145,198	\$ 145,198	\$ 156,022	\$	10,824

#### CITY OF CENTERVILLE COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NON-MAJOR CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2004

		Recreational Projects		Capital Equipment Purchase		Special ssessment provements		on-major Capital Projects nds Totals
ASSETS								
Pooled cash and cash equivalents	\$	301,004	\$	37,208	\$	297,317	\$	635,529
Investments		19,269		82,144		133,414		234,827
Receivables (net): Interest		93		395		641		1 120
merest	_	93	_	393	_	041		1,129
Total assets	\$	320,366	\$	119,747	\$	431,372	\$	871,485
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities:								
Accounts payable	\$	_	\$	35,366	\$	_	\$	35,366
Due to other funds	<u> </u>	47,874	Ψ 	-		_	Ψ —	47,874
Total liabilities		47,874		35,366				83,240
Fund Balances:								
Unreserved		272,492		84,381	_	431,372		788,245
Total fund balances		272,492		84,381		431,372	_	788,245
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	320,366	\$	119,747	\$	431,372	\$	871,485

### CITY OF CENTERVILLE COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NON-MAJOR CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2004

TOR THE TEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 20	Rec	reational rojects		Equipment Assess		Special ssessment provements		Non-major Capital Projects ands Totals
REVENUES:								
Investment income Miscellaneous	\$	5,872	\$	3,524 515	\$	9,946 	\$ 	19,342 515
Total revenues		5,872		4,039		9,946	_	19,857
EXPENDITURES:								
Capital outlay		97,478	_	163,957		185,977	_	447,412
Total expenditures		97,478		163,957		185,977		447,412
Net change in fund balances		(91,606)		(159,918)		(176,031)		(427,555)
OTHER FINANCING USES: Transfers in				150,000			_	150,000
Total other financing uses				150,000			_	150,000
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other financing sources over/(under)								
expenditures and other financing uses		(91,606)		(9,918)		(176,031)		(277,555)
Fund balances, beginning of year		364,098		94,299		607,403	_	1,065,800
Fund balances, end of year	\$	272,492	\$	84,381	\$	431,372	\$	788,245

Schedule of Revenue, Expenditures, & Changes in Fund Balances -

Budget and Actual - Budgetary (Non-GAAP) Basis

Capital Improvements Fund
For the Year Ended December

For the Year Ended December 31, 2004		Original Budget	Final Budget		Actual Budgetary Basis	Fi	riance with nal Budget Positive Negative)
Revenues:		_	_				_
Interest earned	\$	125,000	\$ 125,000	\$	159,700	\$	34,700
Total revenues		125,000	125,000		159,700		34,700
Expenditures:							
Capital outlay		4,869,244	 4,119,244		2,720,062		1,399,182
Total expenditures		4,869,244	4,119,244		2,720,062		1,399,182
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures		(4,744,244)	(3,994,244)		(2,560,362)		1,433,882
Other financing sources (uses):							
Sale of fixed assets		485,000	485,000		-		(485,000)
Transfers in		1,400,000	 1,400,000		1,400,000		
Total other financing sources (uses)		1,885,000	1,885,000		1,400,000		(485,000)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other financing sources over expenditures and other financing uses		(2,859,244)	(2,109,244)		(1,160,362)		948,882
Fund balance at beginning of year	_	6,264,182	 6,264,182	_	6,264,182		
Fund balance at end of year	\$	3,404,938	\$ 4,154,938	\$	5,103,820	\$	948,882

#### **City of Centerville**

Schedule of Revenue, Expenditures, & Changes in Fund Balances -

Budget and Actual - Budgetary (Non-GAAP) Basis

**Recreational Projects Fund** 

For the Year Ended December 31, 2004  Revenues:				Final Budget	Actual Budgetary Basis	F	ariance with inal Budget Positive (Negative)
Interest earned	\$	5,000	\$	5,000	\$ 5,315	\$	315
Total revenues		5,000		5,000	 5,315		315
Expenditures:							
Capital outlay		50,174		110,174	49,604		60,570
Total expenditures		50,174		110,174	49,604		60,570
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures		(45,174)		(105,174)	(44,289)		60,885
Fund balance at beginning of year		364,814		364,814	 364,814		<u>-</u>
Fund balance at end of year	\$	319,640	\$	259,640	\$ 320,525	\$	60,885

#### **City of Centerville** Schedule of Revenue, Expenditures, & Changes in Fund Balances -Budget and Actual - Budgetary (Non-GAAP) Basis **Capital Equipment Purchase Fund**

For the	Year	Ended	December	31, 2004

For the Year Ended December 31, 2004		Original Final Budget Budget		Actual Budgetary Basis		Variance wi Final Budge Positive (Negative)		
Revenues:	Φ.	1.000	Φ.	1.000	Φ.	2 425	Φ.	2 425
Interest earned	\$	1,000	\$	1,000	\$	3,427	\$	2,427
Total revenues		1,000		1,000		3,427		2,427
Expenditures:								
Capital outlay		219,265		219,265		162,865		56,400
Total expenditures		219,265		219,265		162,865		56,400
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures		(218,265)		(218,265)		(159,438)		58,827
Other financing sources (uses):								
Sale of general capital assets		-		-		515		515
Transfers in		150,000		150,000		150,000		_
Total other financing sources (uses)		150,000		150,000		150,515		515
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other financing sources over expenditures and other financing uses		(68,265)		(68,265)		(8,923)		59,342
sources over experientures and other financing uses		(00,203)		(08,203)		(6,923)		33,342
Fund balance at beginning of year		95,793		95,793	_	95,793	_	
Fund balance at end of year	\$	27,528	\$	27,528	\$	86,870	\$	59,342

#### **City of Centerville**

Schedule of Revenue, Expenditures, & Changes in Fund Balances -

Budget and Actual - Budgetary (Non-GAAP) Basis

**Special Assessment Improvements Fund** 

For the Year Ended December 31, 2004  Revenues:		Original Final Budget Budget		Actual Budgetary Basis		Variance wi Final Budge Positive (Negative)		
Interest earned	\$	8,000	\$	8,000	\$	9,789	\$	1,789
Total revenues	Ψ	8,000	Ψ	8,000	Ψ	9,789	Ψ	1,789
Expenditures:								
Capital outlay		182,909		202,909		185,977		16,932
Total expenditures		182,909		202,909		185,977		16,932
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures		(174,909)		(194,909)		(176,188)		18,721
Fund balance at beginning of year		608,668		608,668		608,668		
Fund balance at end of year	\$	433,759	\$	413,759	\$	432,480	\$	18,721

#### CITY OF CENTERVILLE COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NON-MAJOR ENTERPRISE FUND DECEMBER 31, 2004

	Yankee Trace
	Equipment
A GOTOTOG	Purchase
ASSETS	
Current assets:	4 120 115
Pooled cash and cash equivalents	\$ 139,417
Total current assets	139,417
Noncurrent assets:	
Capital assets:	
Capital assets net of	
accumulated depreciation	314,938
Total noncurrent assets	314,938
Total assets	\$ 454,355
LIABILITIES	
Current liabilities:	
Accounts payable	\$ 5,416
Total current liabilities	5,416
NET ASSETS	
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	314,938
Unrestricted	134,001
Omesticied	134,001
Total net assets	448,939
Total liabilities and net assets	\$ 454,355

#### CITY OF CENTERVILLE COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET ASSETS - NON-MAJOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2004

	Yankee Trace Equipment Purchase				
OPERATING REVENUES:					
Charges for services	\$	120,200			
Total operating revenues		120,200			
OPERATING EXPENSES:					
Supplies and materials		11,300			
Depreciation		151,461			
Total operating expenses		162,761			
Operating income (loss)		(42,561)			
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES): Investment income		1,685			
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)		1,685			
Income (loss)		(40,876)			
Change in net assets		(40,876)			
Net assets, beginning of year		489,815			
Net assets, end of year	\$	448,939			

#### CITY OF CENTERVILLE COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS NON-MAJOR ENTERPRISE FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2004

	Yankee Trac	e
	Equipment	
	Purchase	
Cash flows from operating activities:		
Cash received from customers	\$ 120,20	00
Cash paid to suppliers of goods and services	(5,88	34)
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	114,31	16
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities: Purchase of property and equipment Proceeds from sale of property and equipment	(120,75	58) <u>-</u>
Net cash used by capital and related financing activities	(120,75	<u>58</u> )
Cash flows from investing activities:		
Interest received	1,68	35
Net cash provided (used) by investing		
activities	1,68	35
Increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	(4,75	57)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year	144,17	74
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	\$ 139,41	17
Reconciliation of operating income to net cash provided by operating activities:		
Operating income (loss)	\$ (42,56	51)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided by operating activities:	ψ (12,00	<u>/1</u> /
Depreciation	151,46	51
Change in operating assets and liabilities:		
Increase (decrease) in liabilities	5,41	16
Total adjustments	156,87	_
Net cash provided by operating income	\$ 114,31	_
recreasin provided by operating medific	Ψ 114,3	. 0

#### CITY OF CENTERVILLE COMBINING BALANCE SHEET INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2004

	Central Vehicle Purchase	Insurance Deductible	Internal Service Totals
ASSETS			
Current assets:			
Pooled cash and cash equivalents	\$ 465,02		\$ 587,569
Investments	357,53	144,304	501,839
Receivables (net):			
Accounts		- 7,008	7,008
Accrued interest	1,71	7 693	2,410
Total current assets	824,27	274,547	1,098,826
Noncurrent assets:			
Capital assets, net of			
accumulated depreciation	943,23		943,232
Total noncurrent assets	943,23	<u> </u>	943,232
Total assets	\$ 1,767,51	1 \$ 274,547	\$ 2,042,058
LIABILITIES			
Current liabilities:			
Accounts payable	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Total current liabilities			
Total liabilities			<u> </u>
NET ASSETS			
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	943,23	-	943,232
Unrestricted	824,27		1,098,826
Total net assets	1,767,51	1 274,547	2,042,058
Total liabilities and net assets	\$ 1,767,51	1 \$ 274,547	\$ 2,042,058

### CITY OF CENTERVILLE COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET ASSETS INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2004

		Central Vehicle Purchase	Insura Deduc		Internal Service Totals
OPERATING REVENUES:					
Charges for services	\$	294,270	\$	-	\$ 294,270
Other revenue				41,633	 41,633
Total operating revenues		294,270		41,633	 335,903
OPERATING EXPENSES:					
Purchased services		-		29,904	29,904
Supplies and materials		4,689		-	4,689
Depreciation		338,248	-		 338,248
Total operating expenses		342,937		29,904	 372,841
Operating income (loss)		(48,667)		11,729	 (36,938)
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES):					
Investment income		17,942		6,691	24,633
Gain (loss) on disposal of assets		32,283		-	 32,283
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)		50,225		6,691	 56,916
Income (loss)		1,558		18,420	19,978
Change in net assets		1,558		18,420	19,978
Net assets, beginning of year		1,765,953	2	256,127	 2,022,080
Net assets, end of year	\$	1,767,511	\$ 2	274,547	\$ 2,042,058

#### CITY OF CENTERVILLE COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2004

		Central				
		Vehicle	I	nsurance	To	tal Internal
	I	Purchase	D	eductible		Service
Cash flows from operating activities:						_
Cash received from customers	\$	294,270	\$	34,625	\$	328,895
Cash paid to suppliers of goods and services		(4,689)		(30,152)		(34,841)
Net cash provided by operating activities		289,581		4,473		294,054
Cash flows from capital and related financing activitie	s:					
Purchase of property and equipment		(138,247)		-		(138,247)
Proceeds from sale of property and equipment		20,100				20,100
Net cash used by capital and related						
financing activities		(118,147)	_	<u>-</u>		(118,147)
Cash flows from investing activities:						
Purchase of investments		(362,217)		(146,194)		(508,411)
Sale of investments		349,750		141,162		490,912
Interest received		17,522		6,523		24,045
Net cash provided (used) by investing						
activities	_	5,055		1,491		6,546
Increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		176,489		5,964		182,453
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year		288,538		116,578		405,116
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	\$	465,027	\$	122,542	\$	587,569
Reconciliation of operating income to net cash provided by operating activities:						
Operating income	\$	(48,667)	\$	11,729	\$	(36,938)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net	Ψ	(10,007)	Ψ	11,725	Ψ	(30,730)
cash provided by operating activities:						
Depreciation		338,248		_		338,248
Change in operating assets and liabilities:		,				
(Increase) decrease in receivables		_		(7,008)		(7,008)
Increase (decrease) in liabilities		_		(248)		(248)
Total adjustments		338,248		(7,256)		330,992
Net cash provided by operating income	\$	289,581	\$	4,473	\$	294,054
Non-cash investing, capital and financing activities:						
Change in fair value of investments	\$	(4,682)		(1,890)	\$	(6,572)

#### CITY OF CENTERVILLE COMBINING STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET ASSETS FIDUCIARY FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2004

	Agency Funds Totals				
ASSETS					
Pooled cash and cash equivalents Receivables:	\$	54,207			
Accounts		21,030			
Total assets	<u>\$</u>	75,237			
LIABILITIES Undistributed monies	\$	75,237			

#### CITY OF CENTERVILLE COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES AGENCY FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2004

	Balance at January 1, 2004			Additions		Additions Deductions						lance at ber 31, 2004
Agency Fund ASSETS												
Pooled cash and cash equivalents Receivables:	\$	47,418	\$	120,949	\$	114,160	\$ 54,207					
Accounts				21,030			 21,030					
Total assets	<u>\$</u>	47,418	\$	141,979	\$	114,160	\$ 75,237					
LIABILITIES Undistributed monies	\$	47,418	\$	75,237	\$	47,418	\$ 75,237					



# Statistical Section

**CITY OF CENTERVILLE, OHIO**General Fund Expenditures by Function Last Ten Years

	General	Public	Community		Cost of	Debt	
Year	Government	Safety	Environment	Recreation	Lots	Service	Total
2004	\$ 4,139,809	\$ 5,105,684	\$ 223,763	\$ 459,762	\$ -	\$ 36,941	\$ 9,965,959
2003	4,354,119	4,839,393	229,265	308,807	-	38,081	9,769,665
2002	4,139,483	4,491,363	228,481	331,551	171,111	39,677	9,401,666
2001	4,047,976	3,924,003	222,035	360,426	465,350	8,640	9,028,430
2000	3,664,056	3,611,464	203,051	347,284	760,450	18,699	8,605,004
1999	3,499,509	3,457,981	180,843	425,353	590,200	-	8,153,886
1998	3,208,842	3,308,311	429,639	320,375	510,750	-	7,777,917
1997	2,920,129	3,165,281	376,821	445,398	658,300	-	7,565,929
1996	3,270,535	2,781,713	401,333	223,938	442,650	-	7,120,169
1995	2,114,985	2,745,441	421,869	219,633	295,100	-	5,797,028

Source: Finance Department, City of Centerville

#### CITY OF CENTERVILLE, OHIO

General Fund Revenues by Source Last Ten Years

Year	Local Taxes		Inter- governmental		Charges for Services		Fines, Licenses and Permits		Interest Earned	
2004	\$	11,898,470	\$	1,138,791	\$ 35,187	\$	321,124	\$	183,143	
2003		11,625,368		919,061	25,988		308,815		17,697	
2002		11,408,207		879,998	44,284		286,748		241,961	
2001		11,287,865		870,597	30,452		318,403		186,372	
2000		11,275,083		816,120	35,933		321,238		333,983	
1999		10,724,323		799,672	29,543		259,743		183,762	
1998		9,035,221		2,346,212	32,720		316,182		153,393	
1997		8,192,543		1,294,834	45,922		304,547		103,703	
1996		6,309,085		1,371,518	51,313		301,666		83,314	
1995		4,660,356		1,390,470	60,819		215,428		83,953	

Source: Finance Department, City of Centerville

Sale of Lots		Miscellaneous			Total		
\$	-	\$	206,148	\$	13,782,863		
	-		260,995		13,157,924		
	716,204		182,514		13,759,916		
	939,214		118,180		13,751,083		
	1,519,020		155,583		14,456,960		
	1,143,604		166,592		13,307,239		
	1,011,566		329,040		13,224,334		
	1,244,689		175,650		11,361,888		
	806,656		176,737		9,100,289		
	533,917		155,324		7,100,267		

#### CITY OF CENTERVILLE, OHIO

Property Tax Levies and Collections Last Ten Years

									Percent of
					D	elinquent			Total Tax
Collection Total Tax		C	Current Tax Tax			Total Tax		Collections	
Year	Levy		Collections		C	Collections		Collections	To Tax Levy
		<u>,                                      </u>		_					
2004	\$	1,344,268	\$	1,366,151	\$	32,442	\$	1,398,593	104.04%
2003		1,322,681		1,305,596		22,126		1,327,722	100.38%
2002		1,185,463		1,168,410		27,344		1,195,754	100.87%
2001		1,168,383		1,149,444		25,006		1,174,450	100.52%
2000		1,150,828		1,132,106		26,776		1,158,882	100.70%
1999		1,088,920		1,063,995		13,037		1,077,032	98.91%
1998		1,113,734		1,109,067		23,236		1,132,303	101.67%
1997		1,138,357		1,123,686		24,423		1,148,109	100.86%
1996		1,036,472		1,023,907		23,457		1,047,364	101.05%
1995		1,018,282		998,222		20,327		1,018,549	100.03%

Source: County Auditor, Montgomery County, Ohio

Municipal Income Tax Receipts (Cash Basis) Last Ten Years

Year	Amount	% change
2004	\$ 9,250,830	0.37%
2003	9,216,377	3.56%
2002	8,899,240	0.04%
2001	8,895,896	2.75%
2000	8,657,970	4.53%
1999	8,282,809	3.53%
1998	8,000,116	14.25%
1997	7,002,375	7.97%
1996	6,485,425	4.88%
1995	6,183,755	0.16%

Source: Finance Department, City of Centerville

Assessed and Estimated Actual Value of Property Last Ten Years

Collection Year	Real	P	ublic Utility Personal	Tangible Personal	Total Assessed Value	(1) Estimated Value
2004	\$ 531,766,210	\$	12,432,310	\$ 27,830,570	\$ 572,029,090	\$ 1,644,781,934
2003	518,155,020		12,762,920	29,120,843	560,038,783	1,611,429,604
2002	459,488,570		12,490,310	29,655,641	501,634,521	1,445,640,584
2001	448,369,510		15,979,680	29,983,962	494,333,152	1,419,150,318
2000	441,096,120		16,878,640	28,910,686	486,885,446	1,395,097,645
1999	412,613,990		18,692,690	29,334,972	460,641,652	1,317,478,695
1998	398,544,910		17,534,230	25,019,921	441,099,061	1,258,704,688
1997	388,494,970		17,476,020	22,688,137	428,659,127	1,220,597,290
1996	351,180,550		17,477,930	21,395,490	390,053,970	1,108,816,244
1995	345,112,460		19,788,700	18,448,218	383,349,378	1,082,315,631

<sup>(1)</sup> This is calculated by dividing the assessed value by the assessment percentage. The percentages for 2000 were 35 percent for real property and public utility real, 88 percent for public utility tangible personal, and 25 percent for tangible personal and interexchange telecom public utility.

Property Tax Rates - Direct and Overlapping Governments (Per \$1,000 of Assessed Valuation) Last Ten Years

Collection Year	City of Centerville	Centerville City School District	Montgomery County	Washington Township	Washington- Centerville Public Library	Total
2004	\$2.35	\$60.75	\$18.24	\$7.90	\$3.03	\$92.27
2003	2.35	60.75	17.24	7.9	3.03	91.27
2002	2.35	60.75	17.24	7.9	1.63	89.87
2001	2.35	60.75	17.24	7.90	1.63	89.87
2000	2.35	55.85	16.64	7.90	1.63	84.37
1999	2.35	56.05	16.64	7.90	1.63	84.57
1998	2.51	56.48	16.64	7.40	1.63	84.66
1997	2.64	56.48	16.64	7.40	1.63	84.79
1996	2.64	56.48	16.64	7.40	1.63	84.79
1995	2.64	56.48	16.64	7.40	1.63	84.79

Principal Taxpayers December 31, 2004

Real Estate	2003 Real Property Assessed Valuation For Collection in 2004	Percentage of Total Assessed Valuation
Cross Pointe Associates	\$6,238,340	1.09%
Steeplechase Advisors Ltd.	4,754,130	0.83%
Roselawn Center LP	3,424,050	0.60%
Woods I LLC	2,742,290	0.48%
The Franciscan at St. Leonard	2,204,020	0.39%
Chevy Chase Park	2,028,290	0.35%
Oberer Holdings II	1,983,680	0.35%
Elder Beerman Stores	1,933,750	0.34%
Sexton Hillside Ltd.	1,683,560	0.29%
Manorcare Health Service	1,600,580	0.28%
Manoreare Hearth Service	1,000,300	0.2670
Public Utilities		
Dayton Power & Light Co.	\$5,807,240	1.02%
Ohio Bell Telephone Co.	4,848,190	0.85%
Vectren Energy Delivery	1,269,830	0.22%
Tangible Personal Property	<u></u>	
Voss Chevrolet, Inc.	\$4,221,020	0.74%
Bob Ross Buick, Inc.	3,825,520	0.67%
Planet Ford	2,195,510	0.38%
Time Warner Entertainment	1,684,350	0.29%
Tom Harrigan Chrysler	1,333,470	0.23%
Autorama, Inc.	1,274,790	0.22%
Dayton Wheel Concepts, Inc.	1,080,590	0.19%
Dimco Gray Company	939,200	0.16%
Elder Beerman Store, Inc.	801,670	0.14%
Stromag	773,910	0.14%
All Others	513,381,110	89.75%
Total Assessed Valuation	\$572,029,090	100.00%

Special Assessments Billings and Collections Last Ten Years

Collection Year	 Billed	Amount Collected	Percent Collected
2004	\$ 641,229	\$ 639,741	99.77%
2003	643,143	669,501	104.10%
2002	599,045	613,056	102.34%
2001	530,360	536,249	101.11%
2000	446,931	448,306	100.31%
1999	248,656	255,719	102.84%
1998	165,144	138,072	83.61%
1997	168,108	206,051	122.57%
1996	170,006	135,242	79.55%
1995	89,972	90,009	100.04%

Computation of Legal Debt Margins December 31, 2004

	Overall Debt Limit 10.50%		Total Unvoted Debt Limit 5.50%	
Total assessed property value	\$	572,029,090	\$	572,029,090
Debt limit		60,063,054		31,461,600
Total Outstanding Debt as of December 31, 2004	_			
Bonds		25,991,000		25,991,000
Less Exempt Debt	_			
General obligation bonds issued in anticipation of the collection of special assessments		7,586,000		7,586,000
General obligation bonds issued in anticipation of the collection of municipal income tax		18,405,000		18,405,000
Net Debt		-		-
Legal Debt Margin (1)	\$	60,063,054	\$	31,461,600

<sup>(1)</sup> The legal debt margin was determined without considering the fund balances in the Debt Service Funds.

Source: Finance Department, City of Centerville

Ratio of Annual Debt Service Expenditures for General Obligation Bonded Debt to Total General Fund Expenditures Last Ten Years

Year	Debt Principal and Interest		E	General Fund xpenditures	Ratio
2004	\$	1,512,298	\$	9,965,959	15.17%
2003		782,817		9,769,665	8.01%
2002		1,396,112		9,401,666	14.85%
2001		1,224,683		9,028,430	13.56%
2000		1,114,898		8,605,004	12.96%
1999		1,224,270		8,153,886	15.01%
1998		1,324,034		7,777,917	17.02%
1997		1,341,472		7,565,929	17.73%
1996		1,348,666		7,120,169	18.94%
1995		733,313		5,797,028	12.65%

Source: Finance Department, City of Centerville

Ratio of Net General Obligation Bonded Debt to Assessed Value and Net General Obligation Bonded Debt per Capita Last Ten Years

Collection Year	Population (1)	Assessed Value				Gross Bonded Debt (2)	ebt Service Monies vailable (3)
2004	23,133	\$	572,029,090	\$ 18,405,000	\$ 2,558,845		
2003	23,133		560,038,783	19,125,000	3,026,776		
2002	23,072		501,634,521	17,970,000	2,278,065		
2001	23,025		494,333,152	18,365,000	1,962,978		
2000	23,024		486,885,446	15,450,000	1,602,834		
1999	23,285		460,641,652	15,795,000	1,857,735		
1998	23,404		441,099,061	16,135,000	700,851		
1997	23,324		428,659,127	16,555,000	815,422		
1996	23,250		390,053,970	16,975,000	495,052		
1995	22,678		383,349,378	17,375,000	9,339,022		
1994	22,683		377,280,183	8,425,000	122,905		

Source:

- (1) U.S. Census Bureau Population Division
- (2) Excludes special assessment bonded debt.
- (3) Excludes debt service money available to pay special assessment bonded debt.

 Net Bonded Debt	Ratio of Net Bonded Debt to Assessed Valuation	Г	t Bonded Oebt Per Capita
\$ 15,846,155	2.77%	\$	685.00
16,098,224	2.87%		695.90
15,691,935	3.13%		680.13
16,402,022	3.32%		712.36
13,847,166	2.84%		601.42
13,937,265	3.03%		598.55
15,434,149	3.50%		659.47
15,739,578	3.67%		674.82
16,479,948	4.23%		708.81
8,035,978	2.10%		354.35
8,302,095	2.20%		366.01

Computation of Direct and Overlapping Bonded Debt - General Obligation Bonds December 31, 2004

Jurisdiction		Net Debt Outstanding	Percentage Applicable To City (1)		ount Applicable ty of Centerville
Direct:	\$	18,405,000	100.00%	\$	18,405,000
City of Centerville	Ф	18,403,000	100.00%	Φ	18,403,000
Overlapping:					
Centerville City School District		14,985,000	38.24%		5,730,264
Washington Township Park District		772,500	38.30%		295,868
Montgomery County		31,741,600	5.72%		1,815,620
Miami Valley Regional Transit Authority		10,210,000	5.72%		584,012
			Subtotal - Overlapping		8,425,764
Total Direct and Overlapping Debt				\$	26,830,764

Source: Ohio Municipal Advisory Council

<sup>(1)</sup> Calculated by the Ohio Municipal Advisory Council.

Demographic Statistics Last Ten Years

Year	Population (1)	School Enrollment (2)	Unemployment Rate Montgomery County (3)
2004	23,133	8,151	6.20%
2003	23,133	8,055	6.30%
2002	23,072	7,821	5.60%
2001	23,025	7,419	4.30%
2000	23,024	7,446	3.80%
1999	23,285	7,371	3.80%
1998	23,404	7,295	4.10%
1997	23,324	7,221	4.00%
1996	23,250	7,295	4.40%
1995	22,678	7,233	4.00%

Source: (1) U.S. Census Bureau Population Division

(2) Centerville City School District Board of Education

(3) Ohio Department of Job and Family Services

Property Value, Construction and Bank Deposits Last Ten Years

		Value of	County
	Property	Construction	Bank
Year	 Values (1)	 Permits (2)	 Deposits (3)
2004	\$ 1,519,332,029	\$ 31,129,252	\$ 250,930,000
2003	1,480,442,914	38,765,244	249,614,000
2002	1,312,824,486	45,299,041	241,447,000
2001	1,281,055,743	42,526,970	224,099,000
2000	1,260,274,629	33,166,657	191,473,000
1999	1,178,897,114	21,771,515	2,994,378,000
1998	1,138,699,743	24,276,587	3,264,705,000
1997	1,109,985,629	27,319,741	3,530,314,000
1996	1,003,373,000	38,751,513	3,899,145,000
1995	986,035,600	28,523,191	3,995,114,000

(1) Estimated actual real property values (public utility real property not included). Source: County Auditor, Montgomery County, Ohio

(2) Source: Public Works Department, City of Centerville

(3) Source: Federal Reserve Bank of Cleveland.
Decrease for 2000 due to bank restructuring. Deposits at year end no longer held in Montgomery County, but in Cuyahoga County.

Miscellaneous Statistics December 31, 2004

> Date Settled: 1796 Date Incorporated as a City: December 2, 1968 Form of Government: Council/Manager Land Area: 10.08 square miles Miles of Streets: 105 miles Number of Employees: Full-time 137 Part-time 31 Seasonal 95

Waste Collection:

Volume of waste 7,318 tons
Volume of recyclable 1,548 tons

The Golf Club at Yankee Trace:

Sworn police officers

Rounds of golf:

Championship course (18 holes) 35,877 Vintage course (9 holes) 10,983

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#### **CITY OF CENTERVILLE**

#### **MONTGOMERY COUNTY**

#### **CLERK'S CERTIFICATION**

This is a true and correct copy of the report which is required to be filed in the Office of the Auditor of State pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in Columbus, Ohio.

**CLERK OF THE BUREAU** 

Susan Babbitt

CERTIFIED AUGUST 4, 2005