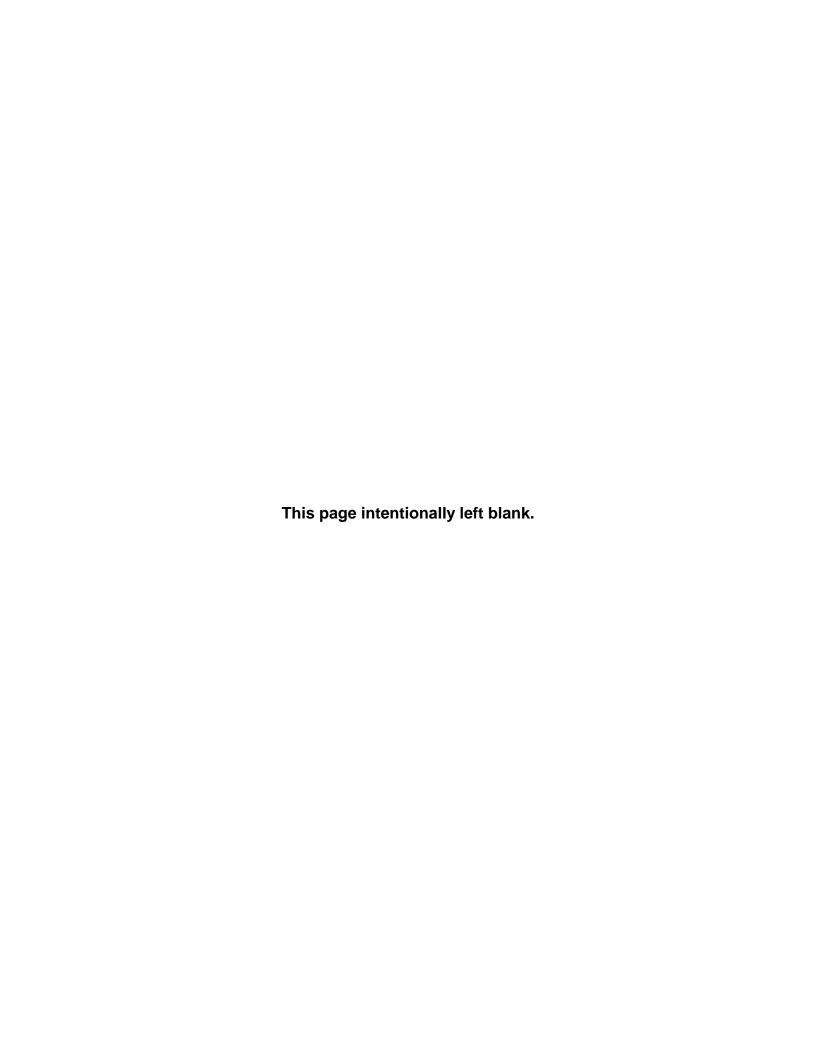




TABLE OF CONTENTS

TITLE	PAGE
Independent Accountants' Report	1
Management's Discussion and Analysis	3
Basic Financial Statements:	
Government-Wide Financial Statements:	
Statement of Net Assets	14
Statement of Activities	15
Fund Financial Statements:	
Balance Sheet – Governmental Funds	16
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds	18
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis)	
General Fund	20
Statement of Fiduciary Net Assets – Fiduciary Funds	21
Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Assets – Fiduciary Funds	22
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements	23
Schedule of Receipts and Expenditures of Federal Awards	49
Notes to the Schedule of Receipts and Expenditures of Federal Awards	50
Independent Accountants' Report on Compliance and on Internal Control Required by Government Auditing Standards	51
Independent Accountants' Report on Compliance with Requirements Applicable to its Major Federal Program and on Internal Control Over	
Compliance in Accordance with OMB Circular A-133	53
Schedule of Findings	55
Schedule of Prior Audit Findings	56





INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT

Claymont City School District Tuscarawas County 201 North 3rd Street Dennison, Ohio 44621

To the Board of Education:

We have audited the accompanying basic financial statements of the governmental activities, the major General Fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Claymont City School District, Tuscarawas County, Ohio, (the District) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2004, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the Table of Contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the District's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the major General Fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Claymont City School District, Tuscarawas County, Ohio, as of June 30, 2004, and the respective changes in financial position, and the respective budgetary comparison for the General Fund thereof for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 17, 2004, on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grants. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* and should be read in conjunction with this report in considering the results of our audit.

101 Central Plaza South / 700 Bank One Tower / Canton, OH 44702 Telephone: (330) 438-0617 (800) 443-9272 Fax: (330) 471-0001

www.auditor.state.oh.us

Claymont City School District Tuscarawas County Independent Accountants' Report Page 2

Management's Discussion and Analysis is not a required part of the basic financial statements but is supplementary information the Governmental Accounting Standards Board requires. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the required supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

We conducted our audit to form opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. The Schedule of Receipts and Expenditures of Federal Awards is presented for additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. We subjected this information to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements. In our opinion, it is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Betty Montgomery Auditor of State

Butty Montgomery

December 17, 2004

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2004

The discussion and analysis of the Claymont City School District's (the "District") financial performance provides an overall review of the District's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2004. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the District's financial performance as a whole; readers should also review the basic financial statements and the notes to the basic financial statements to enhance their understanding of the District's financial performance.

Financial Highlights

Key financial highlights for 2004 are as follows:

- In total, net assets of governmental activities decreased \$824,937 which represents a 3.31% decrease from 2003.
- General revenues accounted for \$14,944,230 in revenue or 83.61% of all revenues. Program specific revenues in the form of charges for services and sales, grants and contributions accounted for \$2,930,273 or 16.39% of total revenues of \$17,874,503.
- The District had \$18,699,440 in expenses related to governmental activities; only \$2,930,273 of these expenses was offset by program specific charges for services, grants or contributions. General revenues supporting governmental activities (primarily taxes and unrestricted grants and entitlements) of \$14,944,230 were not adequate to provide for these programs.
- The District's only major governmental fund is the general fund. The general fund had \$15,156,043 in revenues and other financing sources and \$14,700,884 in expenditures. During fiscal 2004, the general fund's fund balance increased \$455,159 from \$1,049,295 to \$1,504,454.

Using these Basic Financial Statements

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements and notes to those statements. These statements are organized so the reader can understand the District as a financial whole, an entire operating entity. The statements then proceed to provide an increasingly detailed look at specific financial activities.

The Statement of Net Assets and Statement of Activities provide information about the activities of the whole District, presenting both an aggregate view of the District's finances and a longer-term view of those finances. Fund financial statements provide the next level of detail. For governmental funds, these statements tell how services were financed in the short-term as well as what remains for future spending. The fund financial statements also look at the District's most significant funds with all other nonmajor funds presented in total in one column. In the case of the District, the general fund is by far the most significant fund, and the only governmental fund reported as a major fund.

Reporting the District as a Whole

Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities

While this document contains the large number of funds used by the District to provide programs and activities, the view of the District as a whole looks at all financial transactions and asks the question, "How did we do financially during 2004?" The Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities answer this question. These statements include *all assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses* using the *accrual basis of accounting* similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. This basis of accounting will take into account all of the current year's revenues and expenses regardless of when cash is received or paid.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2004

These two statements report the District's *net assets* and changes in those assets. This change in net assets is important because it tells the reader that, for the District as a whole, the *financial position* of the District has improved or diminished. The causes of this change may be the result of many factors, some financial, some not. Non-financial factors include the District's property tax base, current property tax laws in Ohio restricting revenue growth, facility conditions, required educational programs and other factors.

In the Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities, the Governmental Activities include the District's programs and services, including instruction, support services, operation and maintenance of plant, pupil transportation, extracurricular activities, and food service operations.

The District's statement of net assets and statement of activities can be found on pages 14-15 of this report.

Reporting the District's Most Significant Funds

Fund Financial Statements

The analysis of the District's major governmental fund begins on page 9. Fund financial reports provide detailed information about the District's major funds. The District uses many funds to account for a multitude of financial transactions. However, these fund financial statements focus on the District's most significant funds. The District's only major governmental fund is the general fund.

Governmental Funds

Most of the District's activities are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at year-end available for spending in future periods. These funds are reported using an accounting method called *modified accrual* accounting, which measures cash and all other *financial assets* that can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund financial statements provide a detailed *short-term* view of the District's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance educational programs. The relationship (or differences) between governmental *activities* (reported in the Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities) and governmental *funds* is reconciled in the basic financial statements. The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 16-20 of this report.

Reporting the District's Fiduciary Responsibilities

The District is the trustee, or fiduciary, for its scholarship programs. This activity is presented as a private-purpose trust fund. The District also acts in a trustee capacity as an agent for individuals or other entities. These activities are reported in an agency fund. All of the District's fiduciary activities are reported in separate Statements of Fiduciary Net Assets and Changes in Fiduciary Net Assets on pages 21 and 22. These activities are excluded from the District's other financial statements because the assets cannot be utilized by the District to finance its operations.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. These notes to the basic financial statements can be found on pages 23-48 of this report.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2004

The District as a Whole

The Statement of Net Assets provides the perspective of the District as a whole.

The table below provides a summary of the District's net assets for 2004 and 2003.

Net Assets

	Governmental Activities2004	Governmental Activities 2003
Assets		
Current and other assets	\$ 8,151,809	\$ 7,819,892
Capital assets	27,206,944	28,231,616
Total assets	35,358,753	36,051,508
Liabilities		
Current liabilities	5,442,050	5,294,387
Long-term liabilities	5,803,988	5,819,469
Total liabilities	11,246,038	11,113,856
Net Assets		
Invested in capital		
assets, net of related debt	22,283,693	23,274,408
Restricted	821,661	1,122,535
Unrestricted	1,007,361	540,709
Total net assets	\$ 24,112,715	\$ 24,937,652

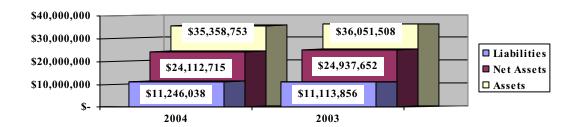
Over time, net assets can serve as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. At June 30, 2004, the District's assets exceeded liabilities by \$24,112,715. Of this total, \$1,007,361 is unrestricted in use.

At year-end, capital assets represented 76.95% of total assets. Capital assets include land, land improvements, buildings and improvements, furniture and equipment and vehicles. Capital assets, net of related debt to acquire the assets at June 30, 2004, were \$22,283,693. These capital assets are used to provide services to the students and are not available for future spending. Although the District's investment in capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources to repay the debt must be provided from other sources, since capital assets may not be used to liquidate these liabilities.

A portion of the District's net assets, \$821,661, represents resources that are subject to external restriction on how they may be used. The remaining balance of unrestricted net assets of \$1,007,361 may be used to meet the District's ongoing obligations to the students and creditors.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2004

Governmental Activities



The table below shows the change in net assets for fiscal years 2004 and 2003.

Change in Net Assets

Revenues	-	Governmental Activities 2004	Governmental Activities 2003	
Program revenues:				
Charges for services and sales	\$	1,198,390	\$ 608,474	
Operating grants and contributions		1,674,980	1,903,888	
Capital grants and contributions		56,903	30,663	
General revenues:				
Property taxes		3,604,348	3,555,629	
Grants and entitlements		11,216,522	10,565,082	
Investment earnings		44,294	47,559	
Other		79,066	73,449	
Total revenues	\$	17,874,503	\$ 16,784,744	

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2004

	Governmental Activities2004	Governmental Activities 2003		
Expenses				
Program expenses:				
Instruction:				
Regular	\$ 8,461,334	\$ 7,404,202		
Special	1,991,482	1,597,001		
Vocational	392,801	398,728		
Other	28,158	91,188		
Support services:				
Pupil	656,307	651,647		
Instructional staff	891,500	901,234		
Board of education	24,574	43,852		
Administration	1,355,829	1,360,799		
Fiscal	292,649	292,568		
Business	131,085	118,971		
Operations and maintenance	1,554,376	1,405,406		
Pupil transportation	704,543	674,599		
Central	420,965	407,374		
Food service operations	709,857	690,543		
Operations of non-instructional services	92,329	53,831		
Extracurricular activities	594,477	573,530		
Intergovernmental pass through	104,423	91,273		
Interest and fiscal charges	292,751	291,494		
Total expenses	18,699,440	17,048,240		
Change in net assets	\$ (824,937)	\$ (263,496)		

Governmental Activities

Net assets of the District's governmental activities decreased \$824,937. Total governmental expenses of \$18,699,440 were offset by program revenues of \$2,930,273 and general revenues of \$14,944,230. Program revenues supported 15.67% of the total governmental expenses.

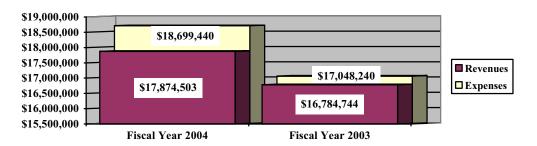
The primary sources of revenue for governmental activities are derived from property taxes, and grants and entitlements. These revenue sources represent 82.92% of total governmental revenue.

The largest expense of the District is for instructional programs. Instruction expenses totaled \$10,873,775 or 58.15% of total governmental expenses for fiscal 2004.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2004

The graph below presents the District's governmental activities revenue and expenses for fiscal year 2004.

Governmental Activities - Revenues and Expenses



The Statement of Activities shows the cost of program services and the charges for services and grants offsetting those services. The following table shows, for governmental activities, the total cost of services and the net cost of services. That is, it identifies the cost of these services supported by tax revenue and unrestricted State grants and entitlements.

Governmental Activities

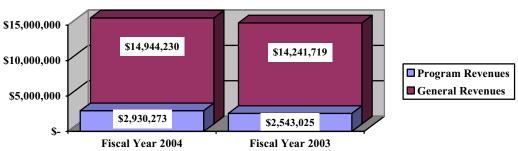
	Total Cost of Services 2004		N	Net Cost of Services 2004		otal Cost of Services 2003	Net Cost of Services 2003	
Program expenses								
Instruction:								
Regular	\$	8,461,334	\$	7,416,522	\$	7,404,202	\$	6,970,818
Special		1,991,482		1,489,668		1,597,001		959,338
Vocational		392,801		392,801		398,728		398,728
Other		28,158		28,158		91,188		91,188
Support services:								
Pupil		656,307		625,550		651,647		642,896
Instructional staff		891,500		759,314		901,234		743,912
Board of education		24,574		24,574		43,852		43,852
Administration		1,355,829		1,310,861		1,360,799		1,275,486
Fiscal		292,649		292,649		292,568		292,568
Business		131,085		131,085		118,971		118,971
Operations and maintenance		1,554,376		1,553,402		1,405,406		1,404,981
Pupil transportation		704,543		699,258		674,599		634,479
Central		420,965		332,447		407,374		206,925
Food service operations		709,857		51,404		690,543		116,466
Operations of non-instructional services		92,329		26,975		53,831		(21)
Extracurricular activities		594,477		331,482		573,530		311,221
Intergovernmental pass through		104,423		10,266		91,273		1,913
Interest and fiscal charges	_	292,751	_	292,751	_	291,494	_	291,494
Total expenses	\$	18,699,440	\$	15,769,167	\$	17,048,240	\$	14,505,215

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2004

The dependence upon tax and other general revenues for governmental activities is apparent, 85.78% of instruction activities are supported through taxes, grants and entitlements and other general revenues. For all governmental activities, general revenue support is 84.33%. Grants and entitlements, as a whole, are by far the primary support for the District's students.

The graph below presents the District's governmental activities revenue for fiscal year 2004.

Governmental Activities - General and Program Revenues



The District's Funds

The District's governmental funds (as presented on page 15) reported a combined fund balance of \$2,342,796, which is higher than last year's total of \$2,010,943. The schedule below indicates the fund balance and the total change in fund balance as of June 30, 2004 and 2003.

	Fund Balance June 30, 2004	Fund Balance June 30, 2003	Increase (Decrease)		
General Other Governmental	\$ 1,504,454 838,342	\$ 1,049,295 961,648	\$ 455,159 (123,306)		
Total	\$ 2,342,796	\$ 2,010,943	\$ 331,853		

General Fund

The District's general fund balance increased \$455,159. The increase in fund balance can be attributed to the additional phase in of 18% in Parity Aid as well as increased per pupil funding. The District also received increased funding in federal programs. The increase in tuition revenue is due to a change in accounting for open enrollment. The table that follows assists in illustrating the financial activities and fund balance of the general fund.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2004

	2004	2003	Increase	Percentage	
	Amount	Amount	(Decrease)	<u>Change</u>	
Revenues					
Taxes	\$ 3,133,573	\$ 3,098,510	\$ 35,063	1.13 %	
Tuition	588,338	3,945	584,393	14,813.51 %	
Earnings on investments	41,325	47,546	(6,221)	(13.08) %	
Intergovernmental	11,159,498	10,542,277	617,221	5.85 %	
Other revenues	124,968	141,625	(16,657)	(11.76) %	
Total	\$ 15,047,702	\$ 13,833,903	\$ 1,213,799	8.77 %	
T					
Expenditures					
Instruction	\$ 8,807,312	\$ 7,581,010	1,226,302	16.18 %	
Support services	5,472,372	5,488,596	(16,224)	(0.30) %	
Extracurricular activities	294,537	282,136	12,401	4.40 %	
Facilities acquisition and construction	600	1,725	(1,125)	(65.22) %	
Capital outlay	108,341	-	108,341	100.00 %	
Debt service	17,722		17,722	100.00 %	
Total	\$ 14,700,884	\$ 13,353,467	\$ 1,347,417	10.09 %	

General Fund Budgeting Highlights

The District's budget is prepared according to Ohio law and is based on accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements and encumbrances. The most significant budgeted fund is the general fund.

During the course of fiscal 2004, the District amended its general fund budget several times. For the general fund, final budgeted revenues and other financing sources were \$13,767,223, which is higher than the original budgeted revenues and other financing sources estimate of \$13,320,914. Actual revenues and other financing sources for fiscal 2004 were \$15,443,350.

General fund original appropriations (appropriated expenditures plus other financing uses) of \$15,578,041 were increased to \$16,077,458 in the final budget. The actual budget basis expenditures and other financing uses for fiscal year 2004 totaled \$15,789,646, which were \$287,812 lower than the final budget appropriations.

Capital Assets and Debt Administration

Capital Assets

At the end of fiscal 2004, the District had \$27,206,944 invested in land, land improvements, buildings and improvements, furniture and equipment, and vehicles. This entire amount is reported in governmental activities. The following table shows fiscal 2004 balances compared to 2003:

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2004

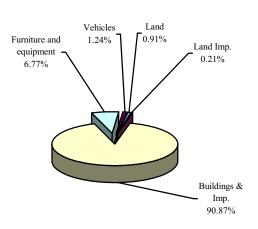
Capital Assets at June 30 (Net of Depreciation)

	Governmental Activities				
	2004	2003			
Land	\$ 247,253	\$ 247,253			
Land improvements	57,400	36,693			
Building and improvements	24,724,544	25,511,004			
Furniture and equipment	1,841,136	2,084,384			
Vehicles	336,611	352,282			
Total	\$ 27,206,944	\$ 28,231,616			

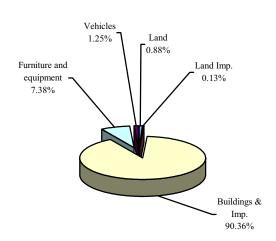
The overall decrease in capital assets of \$1,024,672 is primarily due to depreciation expense of \$1,273,284 exceeding capital outlays of \$248,612 in the fiscal year.

The graphs below present the District's capital assets for fiscal 2004 and fiscal 2003.

Capital Assets - Governmental Activities 2004



Capital Assets - Governmental Activities 2003



See Note 8 to the basic financial statements for additional information on the District's capital assets.

Debt Administration

At June 30, 2004 the District had \$4,827,747 in general obligation bonds (the issue is comprised of current issue bonds and capital appreciation bonds) and \$95,504 in capital lease obligations outstanding. Of this total, \$189,475 is due within one year and \$4,733,776 is due within greater than one year. The following table summarizes the bonds and capital lease obligations outstanding.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2004

Outstanding Debt, at Year End

	Governmental Activities2004	Governmental Activities 2003
Current interest bonds	\$ 4,635,000	\$ 4,790,000
Capital appreciation bonds	192,747	167,208
Capital lease obligations	95,504	
Total	<u>\$ 4,923,251</u>	\$ 4,957,208

At June 30, 2004 the District's overall legal debt margin was \$8,002,782 (including available funds of \$286,286) and an unvoted debt margin of \$139,380.

See Note 10 to the basic financial statements for detail on the District's debt administration.

Current Financial Related Activities

Due to the commitment of the Board and Administration, the District has carefully managed its general fund budgets in order to optimize the dollars available for educating the students it serves, and to minimize the need for additional millage. The general fund cash balance was \$3,001,953 at June 30, 2004.

Several significant legislative and judicial actions have occurred that will have a major impact on our District and the current cash balance. The Ohio Supreme Court ruled in March 1997 that the State of Ohio was operating an unconstitutional educational system, one that was neither "adequate" nor "equitable." The State has yet to develop, and may not have the ability to fully fund, a constitutional educational system.

AM. Sub. HB - 95, the budget approved by the State for Fiscal Years 2004 and 2005, reinforces the belief that the State cannot fully fund an "adequate" or "equitable" system. A major concern is the added fear that the State may have to reduce their funds for a second year due to lower than projected revenues, which will create several challenges for the District. In addition the legislature is eliminating or phasing out portions of the local tax base and may force the need for additional milage sooner than the five-year projection of 2008.

Regardless of what happens, the District will continue its commitment to operate an effective and efficient educational facility.

Contacting the District's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, investors and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to show the District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information contact Mrs. Susan Raymond, Treasurer, Claymont City School District, 201 N. 3rd Street, Dennison, Ohio 44621-1278.

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STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS JUNE 30, 2004

	Governmental Activities			
Assets:				
Equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents	\$	4,310,057		
Receivables:				
Taxes		3,635,053		
Accounts		10,722		
Intergovernmental		168,016		
Accrued interest		24		
Prepayments		3,905		
Materials and supplies inventory		24,032		
Capital assets:				
Land		247,253		
Depreciable capital assets, net		26,959,691		
Capital assets, net		27,206,944		
Total assets		35,358,753		
Liabilities:				
Accounts payable		72,374		
Retainage payable		133,784		
Accrued wages and benefits		1,785,741		
Pension obligation payable		357,565		
Intergovernmental payable		119,512		
Deferred revenue		2,953,915		
Accrued interest payable		19,159		
Long-term liabilities:		17,137		
Due within one year		333,903		
Due within more than one year		5,470,085		
Due within more than one year		3,470,083		
Total liabilities		11,246,038		
Net Assets:				
Invested in capital assets, net				
of related debt		22,283,693		
Restricted for:				
Capital projects		109,064		
Debt service		306,187		
Other purposes		406,410		
Unrestricted		1,007,361		
Total net assets	\$	24,112,715		

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2004

						am Revenues		R (t (Expense) evenue and Changes in Net Assets
				harges for Services		perating rants and	Capital ants and	C	.v.oummontol
		Expenses		services and Sales		rants and ntributions	ants and tributions		overnmental Activities
Governmental activities:		Lapenses		ina saics			 ti ibutions		retivities
Instruction:									
Regular	\$	8,461,334	\$	645,851	\$	342,058	\$ 56,903	\$	(7,416,522)
Special		1,991,482		_		501,814	´ -		(1,489,668)
Vocational		392,801		_		-	-		(392,801)
Other		28,158		-		-	_		(28,158)
Support services:		,							())
Pupil		656,307		-		30,757	_		(625,550)
Instructional staff		891,500		_		132,186	_		(759,314)
Board of education		24,574		_		-	_		(24,574)
Administration		1,355,829		1,000		43,968	_		(1,310,861)
Fiscal		292,649		_		-	_		(292,649)
Business		131,085		_		_	_		(131,085)
Operations and maintenance		1,554,376		400		574	_		(1,553,402)
Pupil transportation		704,543		4,561		724	_		(699,258)
Central		420,965		-		88,518	_		(332,447)
Operation of non-instructional services:						,			(==,)
Food service operations		709,857		283,583		374,870	_		(51,404)
Other non-instructional services		92,329		_		65,354	_		(26,975)
Extracurricular activities		594,477		262,995		, -	_		(331,482)
Intergovernmental pass-through		104,423		-		94,157	_		(10,266)
Interest and fiscal charges		292,751		-			 		(292,751)
Total governmental activities	\$	18,699,440	\$	1,198,390	\$	1,674,980	\$ 56,903	ī	(15,769,167)
				neral Revenue roperty taxes le		r:			
				General purpos					3,148,801
				Special revenue					60,063
				Debt service					395,484
				rants and entitl					,
				o specific prog					11,216,522
				vestment earni					44,294
				iscellaneous .	_				79,066
			То	otal general rev	venues				14,944,230
			Cha	nge in net asse	ets				(824,937)
			Net	assets at begin	ning of	year			24,937,652
			Net	assets at end o	of year .			\$	24,112,715

BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2004

	General		Other Governmental eral Funds		Total Governmental Funds		
Assets:							
Equity in pooled cash							
and cash equivalents	\$	2,780,987	\$	1,308,104	\$	4,089,091	
Taxes		3,163,316		471,737		3,635,053	
Accounts		10,632		90		10,722	
Intergovernmental		20,111		147,905		168,016	
Accrued interest		20,111		147,505		24	
Interfund loans		209,915		_		209,915	
Prepayments				-			
		3,905		24.022		3,905	
Materials and supplies inventory		-		24,032		24,032	
Restricted assets:							
Equity in pooled cash		220.066				220.066	
and cash equivalents		220,966			-	220,966	
Total assets	\$	6,409,856	\$	1,951,868	\$	8,361,724	
Liabilities:							
Accounts payable	\$	57,856	\$	14,518	\$	72,374	
Retainage payable		-		133,784		133,784	
Accrued wages and benefits		1,573,159		212,582		1,785,741	
Compensated absences payable		81,267		-		81,267	
Pension obligation payable		205,764		24,440		230,204	
Intergovernmental payable		108,878		10,634		119,512	
Interfund loan payable		-		209,915		209,915	
Deferred revenue		2,878,478		507,653		3,386,131	
Total liabilities		4,905,402		1,113,526		6,018,928	
Fund Balances:							
Reserved for encumbrances		850,250		213,672		1,063,922	
Reserved for materials and							
supplies inventory		-		24,032		24,032	
Reserved for prepayments		3,905		-		3,905	
Reserved for property tax unavailable							
for appropriation		284,838		42,997		327,835	
Reserved for debt service		-		248,833		248,833	
Reserved for capital acquisition		220,966		-		220,966	
Unreserved, undesignated, reported in:							
General fund		144,495		-		144,495	
Special revenue funds		_		223,045		223,045	
Capital projects funds				85,763		85,763	
Total fund balances		1,504,454		838,342		2,342,796	
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	6,409,856	\$	1,951,868	\$	8,361,724	

RECONCILIATION OF TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUND BALANCES TO NET ASSETS OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES JUNE 30, 2004

Total governmental fund balances		\$ 2,342,796
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets are different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.		27,206,944
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current- period expenditures and therefore are deferred in the funds. Taxes Intergovernmental revenue	\$ 353,303 78,913	
Total		432,216
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds. Compensated absences Pension obligation payable General obligation bonds payable Capital lease obligation Accrued interest payable	799,470 127,361 4,827,747 95,504 19,159	
Total		 (5,869,241)
Net assets of governmental activities		\$ 24,112,715

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2004

	General	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds	
Revenues:				
From local sources:				
Taxes	\$ 3,133,573	\$ 453,298	\$ 3,586,871	
Tuition	588,338	-	588,338	
Transportation Fees	4,561	-	4,561	
Charges for services	´ -	282,923	282,923	
Earnings on investments	41,325	2,969	44,294	
Extracurricular	· -	241,609	241,609	
Classroom materials and fees	54,389	3,014	57,403	
Other local revenues	66,018	72,432	138,450	
Other revenue	44,985		44,985	
Intergovernmental - State	11,027,287	468,930	11,496,217	
Intergovernmental - Federal	87,226	1,464,912	1,552,138	
Total revenue	15,047,702	2,990,087	18,037,789	
Expenditures:				
Current:				
Instruction:				
Regular	7,058,798	466,605	7,525,403	
Special	1,317,510	618,425	1,935,935	
Vocational	402,846	-	402,846	
Other	28,158	_	28,158	
Support services:	,		,	
Pupil	599,482	40,145	639,627	
Instructional staff	698,778	164,939	863,717	
Board of education	24,574	-	24,574	
Administration	1,252,781	62,698	1,315,479	
Fiscal	281,234	9,341	290,575	
Business	124,399	,,511	124,399	
Operations and maintenance	1,495,001	51,886	1,546,887	
Pupil transportation	681,404	698	682,102	
Central	314,719	112,960	427,679	
Operation of non-instructional services:	314,/19	112,900	427,079	
Food service operations		656,219	656,219	
Other non-instructional services	-	99,602	99,602	
Extracurricular activities	204.527			
	294,537	269,322 104,423	563,859	
Intergovernmental pass-through	-	,	104,423	
Facilities acquisition and construction	109 241	44,030	44,630	
Capital outlay	108,341	-	108,341	
Debt service:	12 927	155,000	177 927	
Principal retirement	12,837	155,000	167,837	
Interest and fiscal charges	4,885	262,197 3,118,490	267,082 17,819,374	
Total expenditures	14,700,004	3,110,490	17,019,374	
Excess of revenues				
over (under) expenditures	346,818	(128,403)	218,415	
Other financing sources:				
Proceeds of capital lease transaction	108,341	-	108,341	
Total other financing sources	108,341		108,341	
Net change in fund balances	455,159	(128,403)	326,756	
Fund balances at beginning of year	1,049,295	961,648	2,010,943	
Increase in reserve for inventory	-	5,097	5,097	
Fund balances at end of year	\$ 1,504,454	\$ 838,342	\$ 2,342,796	
2 - · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	· · ·			

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2004

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds	\$ 326,756
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:	
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which depreciation expense (1,273,284) exceeds capital outlays (248,612) in the current period.	(1,024,672)
Governmental funds report expenditures for inventory when purchased. However, in the statement of activities, they are reported as an expense when consumed.	5,097
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.	(163,286)
Repayment of bond principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net assets.	167,837
Proceeds of capital leases are recorded as revenue in the funds, however on the statement of activities, they are not reported as revenues as they increase the liabilities on the statement of net assets.	(108,341)
Governmental funds report expenditures for interest when it is due. In the statement of activities, interest expense is recognized as the interest accrues, regardless of when it is due. The additional interest reported in the statement of activities is due to the accrued interest on bonds and additional accumulated accreted interest on the capital appreciation bonds.	(25,669)
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities, such as compensated absences and pension obligations, do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.	(2,659)
Change in net assets of governmental activities	\$ (824,937)

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) GENERAL FUND

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2004

	Budgeted Amounts			Fi	riance with nal Budget Positive	
	Origin	ıal	Final	Actual		Negative)
Revenues:			 	 1101441		(tegative)
From local sources:						
Taxes	\$ 2,94	12,231	\$ 3,040,809	\$ 3,105,012	\$	64,203
Tuition	48	35,242	501,500	588,338		86,838
Transportation fees		-	-	4,561		4,561
Earnings on investments	3	33,865	35,000	41,325		6,325
Classroom materials and fees	1	14,514	15,000	54,390		39,390
Other local revenues		36,284	37,500	54,084		16,584
Other revenue		12,622	44,050	44,985		935
Intergovernmental - State		93,586	10,018,364	11,027,287		1,008,923
Intergovernmental - Federal		72,570	 75,000	 72,788		(2,212)
Total revenue	13,32	20,914	 13,767,223	 14,992,770		1,225,547
Expenditures:						
Current:						
Instruction:						
Regular	,	16,742	7,272,654	7,090,012		182,642
Special	,	25,832	1,368,337	1,356,711		11,626
Vocational)4,755	417,731	388,887		28,844
Other	3	37,338	38,535	28,583		9,952
Support services:			60 - 1-0	624 7 00		
Pupil		73,576	695,170	621,788		73,382
Instructional staff		35,522	810,705	735,399		75,306
Board of education		50,781	62,730	29,782		32,948
Administration		53,915	1,397,320	1,329,600		67,720
Fiscal)6,450 59,748	316,274 164,869	297,772 147,104		18,502 17,765
Business		56,428	1,915,943	1,798,703		17,763
Pupil transportation		18,174	875,366	804,137		71,229
Central		13,930	427,200	350,896		76,304
Extracurricular activities		04,269	314,024	303,006		11,018
Facilities acquisition and construction	50	581	600	600		-
Total expenditures	15.5	78,041	 16,077,458	 15,282,980		794,478
•		70,011	 10,077,100	 13,202,700		771,170
Excess of revenues under	(2.25	·= 105\	(2.210.225)	(200.210)		2 020 025
expenditures	(2,25	57,127)	 (2,310,235)	 (290,210)		2,020,025
Other financing sources (uses):						
Refund of prior year expenditure		-	-	20,999		20,999
Advances in		-	-	427,755		427,755
Advances (out)		-	-	(506,666)		(506,666)
Proceeds from sale of capital assets			 	 1,826		1,826
Total other financing sources (uses)				 (56,086)		(56,086)
Net change in fund balance	(2,25	57,127)	(2,310,235)	(346,296)		1,963,939
Fund balance at beginning of year	1,58	34,406	1,584,406	1,584,406		-
Prior year encumbrances appropriated		56,046	 856,046	 856,046		<u> </u>
Fund balance at end of year	\$ 18	33,325	\$ 130,217	\$ 2,094,156	\$	1,963,939

STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET ASSETS FIDUCIARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2004

	Private-Purpose Trust Scholarship			
			Agency	
Assets: Equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents	\$	7,398	\$	39,545
Total assets		7,398	\$	39,545
Liabilities: Accounts payable		- -	\$	4,118 35,427
Total liabilities		<u>-</u>	\$	39,545
Net Assets: Held in trust for scholarships		7,398		
Total net assets	\$	7,398		

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET ASSETS FIDUCIARY FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2004

		Private-Purpose Trust	
	Scholarship		
Additions:			
Interest	\$	89	
Total additions		89	
Deductions:			
Scholarships awarded		750	
Change in net assets		(661)	
Net assets at beginning of year		8,059	
Net assets at end of year	_ \$	7,398	

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2004

NOTE 1 - DESCRIPTION OF THE SCHOOL DISTRICT

Claymont City School District (the "District") is a body politic and corporate established for the purpose of exercising the rights and privileges conveyed to it by the constitution and laws of the State of Ohio.

The District ranks as the 223rd largest by total enrollment among the 613 public school districts in the state. The District is located within the City of Uhrichsville and the Village of Dennison, Ohio. It operates under a locally-elected five-member board and provides educational services as authorized and mandated by state and federal agencies. The Board controls the District's six instructional support facilities staffed by 96 classified employees and 163 certificated teaching personnel, and 13 administrators, who provide services to 2,267 students. The District operates three elementary schools, a 5th - 6th grade intermediate school, a 7th - 8th grade junior high, one 9th - 12th high school and one garage.

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The basic financial statements of the District have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The District also applies Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) Statements and Interpretations issued on or before November 30, 1989, to its governmental activities provided they do not conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements. The District's significant accounting policies are described below.

A. Reporting Entity

The reporting entity has been defined in accordance with GASB Statement No. 14, "<u>The Financial Reporting Entity</u>". The reporting entity is composed of the primary government, component units and other organization that are included to ensure that the basic financial statements of the District are not misleading. The primary government consists of all funds, departments, boards and agencies that are not legally separate from the District. For the District, this includes general operations, food service, preschool and student related activities of the District.

Component units are legally separate organizations for which the District is financially accountable. The District is financially accountable for an organization if the District appoints a voting majority of the organizations' government board and (1) the District is able to significantly influence the programs or services performed or provided by the organization; or (2) the District is legally entitled to or can otherwise access the organizations; resources; the District is legally obligated or has otherwise assumed the responsibility to finance the deficits of, or provide financial support to, the organization; or the District is obligated for the debt of the organization. Component units may also include organizations that are fiscally dependent on the District in that the District approves the budget, the issuance of debt or the levying of taxes. Based upon the application of this criteria, the District has no component units. The basic financial statements of the reporting entity include only those of the District (the primary government).

The following entities, which perform activities within the District's boundaries for the benefit of its residents, are excluded from the basic financial statements because the District is not financially accountable for these entities nor are they fiscally dependent on the District.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2004

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

City of Uhrichsville and the Village of Dennison

The City of Uhrichsville and the Village of Dennison are separate bodies politic and corporate. A mayor and council are elected independent of any District relationships, and administer the provision of traditional city services. Council acts as the taxing and budgeting authority for the City and for the Village.

The following organizations are described due to their relationship to the District:

JOINTLY GOVERNED ORGANIZATIONS

Buckeye Joint Vocational School District (JVSD)

The JVSD is a separate body politic and corporate, established by the Ohio Revised Code to provide for the vocational and special education needs of the students. The JVSD's Board of Education is comprised of representatives from the Board of each participating school district. The JVSD's Board is responsible for approving its own budgets, appointing personnel and accounting and finance related activities. The District's students may attend the vocational school. Each school district's control is limited to its representation on the JVSD's Board. During fiscal year 2004, no monies were paid to the JVSD by the District.

Ohio Mid-Eastern Regional Educational Services Agency (OME-RESA)

OME-RESA is a not-for-profit computer service organization whose primary function is to provide information technology services to it member school districts with the major emphasis being placed on accounting, payroll and inventory control services. Other areas of service provided by the OME-RESA include pupil scheduling, attendance and grade reporting, career guidance services, special education records, and test scoring.

The OME-RESA is one of 23 regional service organizations serving over 600 public school districts in the State of Ohio that make up the Ohio Educational Computer Network (OECN). These service organizations are known as Data Acquisition Sites. The OECN is a collective group of Data Acquisition Sites, authorized pursuant to Section 3301.075 of the Ohio Revised Code, and their member school districts. Such sites, in conjunction with the Ohio Department of Education (ODE), comprise a statewide delivery system to provide comprehensive, cost-efficient accounting and other administrative and instructional computer services for participating Ohio school districts.

Major funding for this network is derived from the State of Ohio. In addition, a majority of the software utilized by the OME-RESA is developed by the ODE.

The OME-RESA is owned and operated by 49 member school districts in 10 different Ohio counties. The member school districts are comprised of public school districts and county boards of education. Each member district pays an annual fee for services provided by OME-RESA. OME-RESA is governed by a board of directors, which is selected by the member districts. Each member district has one vote in all matters and each member district's control over budgeting and financing of OME-RESA is limited to its voting authority and any representation it may have on the board of directors.

The OME-RESA is located at 2023 Sunset Blvd., Steubenville, Ohio 43952. The Jefferson County Educational Service Center is one of OME-RESA's member districts, and acts in the capacity of fiscal agent for OME-RESA.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2004

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

Tuscarawas County Tax Incentive Review Council (TCTIRC)

The TCTIRC is a jointly governed organization, created as a regional council of governments pursuant to state statutes. TCTIRC has 22 members, consisting of 3 members appointed by the County Commissioners, 4 members appointed by municipal corporations, 6 members appointed by township trustees, 1 member from the county auditor's office and 8 members appointed by boards of education located within the County. TCTIRC reviews and evaluates the performance of each Enterprise Zone Agreement. This body is advisory in nature and cannot directly impact an existing Enterprise Zone Agreement; however, the council can make written recommendations to the legislative authority that approved the agreement. There is no cost associated with being a member of this council. The continued existence of the TRTIRC is not dependent on the District's continued participation and no equity interest exists.

PUBLIC ENTITY RISK POOLS

Ohio School Boards Association Workers' Compensation Group Rating Plan

The District participates in a group rating plan for workers' compensation as established under Section 4123.29 of the Ohio Revised Code. The Ohio School Boards Association Workers' Compensation Group Rating Plan (the Plan) was established through the Ohio School Boards Association (OSBA) as a group purchasing pool. The Plan's business and affairs are conducted by a three-member Board of Directors consisting of the President, the President-Elect, and the Immediate Past President of the OSBA. The Executive Director of the OSBA, or his designee, serves as coordinator of the Plan. Each year, the participating school districts pay an enrollment fee to the Plan to cover the costs of administering the program.

Stark County Schools Council of Governments

The Stark County Schools Council of Governments Health Benefit Plan is a shared risk pool, with participants from Stark, Summit and Portage Counties. The consortium is governed by an assembly, which consists of one representative from each participating District (usually the superintendent or designee). The assembly elects officers for two-year terms to serve on the Board of Directors. The assembly exercises control over the operation of the consortium. All consortium revenues are generated from charges for services. Financial information can be obtained by writing to Stark County Educational Service Center, 2100 38th Street, Canton, Ohio 44709.

RELATED ORGANIZATION

Claymont Public Library

The Claymont Public Library is a related organization to the District. The School Board members are responsible for appointing the trustees of the Public Library; however, the School Board cannot influence the Library's operation nor does the Library represent a potential financial benefit or burden to the District. Although the District does serve as the taxing authority and may issue tax relief related debt on behalf of the Library, its role is limited to a ministerial function. Once the Library determines to present a levy to voters, including the determination of the rate and duration, the District must place the levy on the ballot. The Library may issue debt and determines its own budget. Financial information can be obtained from the Claymont Public Library, 215 E. 3rd Street, Uhrichsville, Ohio 44683.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2004

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

B. Fund Accounting

The District uses funds to maintain its financial records during the year. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self balancing set of accounts. There are three categories of funds: governmental, proprietary and fiduciary. The District does not have proprietary funds.

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Governmental funds are those through which most governmental functions typically are financed. Governmental fund reporting focuses on the sources, uses and balances of current financial resources. Expendable assets are assigned to the various governmental funds according to the purposes for which they may or must be used. Current liabilities are assigned to the fund from which they will be paid. The difference between governmental fund assets and liabilities is reported as fund balance. The following is the District's major governmental fund:

<u>General Fund</u> - The general fund is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The general fund balance is available for any purpose provided it is expended or transferred according to the general laws of Ohio.

Other governmental funds of the District are used to account for (a) the accumulation of resources for, and payment of, general long-term principal, interest and related costs; (b) financial resources to be used for the acquisition, construction, or improvement of capital facilities other than those financed by trust funds; and (c) for grants and other resources whose use is restricted to a particular purpose.

FIDUCIARY FUNDS

Fiduciary fund reporting focuses on net assets and changes in net assets. The fiduciary fund category is split into four classifications: pension trust funds, investment trust funds, private-purpose trust funds and agency funds. Trust funds are used to account for assets held by the District under a trust agreement for individuals, private organizations, or other governments and are therefore not available to support the District's own programs. The District's only trust fund is a private-purpose trust which accounts for scholarship programs for students. The agency fund is custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and does not involve measurement of results of operations.

C. Basis of Presentation and Measurement Focus

<u>Government-wide Financial Statements</u> - The statement of net assets and the statement of activities display information about the District as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the primary government, except for fiduciary funds.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2004

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

The government-wide statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function or program of the governmental activities of the District. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program or department and therefore clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include amounts paid by the recipient of goods or services offered by the program and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues of the District.

The government-wide financial statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. All assets and all liabilities associated with the operation of the District are included on the statement of net assets.

<u>Fund Financial Statements</u> - Fund financial statements report detailed information about the District. The focus of governmental fund financial statements is on major funds rather than reporting funds by type. Each major fund is presented in a separate column, and all nonmajor funds are aggregated into one column. Fiduciary funds are reported by fund type.

All governmental funds are accounted for using a flow of current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities generally are included on the balance sheet. The statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances reports on the sources (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and uses (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) of current financial resources. This approach differs from the manner in which the governmental activities of the government-wide financial statements are prepared. Governmental fund financial statements therefore include a reconciliation with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide statements and the statements for governmental funds.

The private-purpose trust fund is reported using the economic resources measurement focus. The agency fund does not report a measurement focus as it does not report operations.

D. Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting determines when transactions are recorded in the financial records and reported on the financial statements. Government-wide financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Governmental funds use the modified accrual basis of accounting. Fiduciary funds use the accrual basis of accounting.

Revenues - Exchange and Non-exchange Transactions - Revenue resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, is recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On a modified accrual basis, revenue is recorded in the fiscal year in which the resources are measurable and become available. Available means that the resources will be collected within the current fiscal year or are expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current fiscal year. For the District, available means expected to be received within sixty days of fiscal year-end.

Nonexhange transactions, in which the District receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include property taxes, grants, entitlements and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied (see Note 6).

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2004

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

Revenue from grants, entitlements and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are required to be used or the fiscal year when use is first permitted, matching requirements, in which the District must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose, and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the District on a reimbursement basis. On a modified accrual basis, revenue from nonexchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized.

Under the modified accrual basis, the following revenue sources are considered to be both measurable and available at fiscal year-end: property taxes available as an advance, interest, tuition, grants, student fees and rentals.

<u>Deferred Revenue</u> - Deferred revenue arises when assets are recognized before revenue recognition criteria have been satisfied. Property taxes for which there is an enforceable legal claim as of June 30, 2004, but which were levied to finance fiscal year 2005 operations, have been recorded as deferred revenue. Grants and entitlements received before the eligibility requirements are met are also recorded as deferred revenue.

On governmental fund financial statements, receivables that will not be collected within the available period have also been reported as deferred revenue.

<u>Expenses/Expenditures</u> - On the accrual basis of accounting, expenses are recognized at the time they are incurred. The fair value of donated commodities used during the year is reported in the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances as an expenditure with a like amount reported as intergovernmental revenue.

The measurement focus of governmental fund accounting is on decreases in net financial resources (expenditures) rather than expenses. Expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred, if measurable. Allocation of cost, such as depreciation and amortization, are not recognized in governmental funds.

E. Budgets

The budgetary process is prescribed by provisions of the Ohio Revised Code and entails the preparation of budgetary documents within an established timetable. The major documents prepared are the Tax Budget, the Certificate of Estimated Resources, and the Appropriation Resolution, all of which are prepared on the budgetary basis of accounting. The Certificate of Estimated Resources and the Appropriations Resolution are subject to amendment throughout the year with the legal restriction that appropriations cannot exceed estimated resources, as certified.

All funds, other than agency funds, are legally required to be budgeted and appropriated. The primary level of budgetary control has been established by the Board of Education at the function level of expenditures for the general fund and the fund level of expenditures for all other funds. Any budgetary modifications at these levels may only be made by resolution of the Board of Education.

Advances in and advances out are not required to be budgeted since they represent a temporary cash flow resource and are intended to be repaid.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2004

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

TAX BUDGET

On July 25, 2002, the Tuscarawas County Budget Commission voted to waive the requirement that school districts adopt a tax budget as required by Section 5705.28 of the Ohio Revised Code, by January 15 and the filing by January 20. In order to complete other necessary documents, the Budget Commission now requires certain information to be filed by May 1. Information required includes the general fund five year forecast submitted to the Department of Education, projected revenues and expenditures line items for all levy funds, projected revenues and debt requirements (principal and interest) and amortization schedules for the debt service fund, and balances and total anticipated activity for all other funds

ESTIMATED RESOURCES

The Board of Education accepts, by formal resolution, the tax rates as determined by the County Budget Commission and receives the Commission's Certificate of Estimated Resources, which states the projected revenue of each fund. Prior to June 30, the District must revise its budget so that total contemplated expenditures from any fund during the ensuing year will not exceed the amount stated in the Certificate of Estimated Resources. The revised budget then serves as the basis for the appropriation measure. On or about July 1, the certificate is amended to include any unencumbered cash balances from the preceding year. The certificate may be further amended during the year if projected increases or decreases in revenue are identified by the District Treasurer. The amounts reported in the budgetary statements reflect the amounts in the final amended certificate issued during fiscal year 2004.

APPROPRIATIONS

Upon receipt from the County Auditor of an Amended Certificate of Estimated Resources based on final assessed values and tax rates or a certificate saying no new certificate is necessary, the Annual Appropriation Resolution must be legally enacted by the Board of Education at the function level of expenditures for the general fund and at the fund level of expenditures for all other funds, which is the legal level of budgetary control. Prior to the passage of the Annual Appropriation Resolution, the Board of Education may pass a temporary appropriation measure to meet the ordinary expenses of the District. The Appropriation Resolution must be within the estimated resources as certified by the County Budget Commission and the total of expenditures and encumbrances may not exceed the appropriation totals at any level of control. Any revisions that alter the appropriations at the legal level of control must be approved by the Board of Education. The Treasurer maintains budgetary information at the object level and has the authority to allocate appropriations at the object level in the general fund and function and object level in all other funds without resolution by the Board of Education.

The Board of Education may pass supplemental fund appropriations so long as the total appropriations by fund do not exceed the amounts set forth in the most recent Certificate of Estimated Resources. Supplemental appropriations were legally enacted by the Board during fiscal year 2004.

The budget figures, which appear in the statements of budgetary comparisons, represent the original appropriation amounts, including all supplemental appropriations. Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year for all funds other than agency funds, consistent with statutory provisions.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2004

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

LAPSING OF APPROPRIATIONS

At the close of each fiscal year, the unencumbered balance of each appropriation reverts to the respective fund from which it was appropriated and becomes subject to future appropriation. Encumbered appropriations are carried forward to the succeeding fiscal year and are not reappropriated.

F. Cash and Investments

To improve cash management, cash received by the District is pooled. Monies for all funds are maintained in this pool. Individual fund integrity is maintained through the District's records. Each fund's interest in the pool is presented as "Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents" on the basic financial statements.

During fiscal year 2004, investments were limited to the State Treasury Asset Reserve of Ohio (STAR Ohio). STAR Ohio is an investment pool managed by the State Treasurer's Office, which allows governments within the state to pool their funds for investment purposes. STAR Ohio is not registered with the SEC as an investment company, but does operate in a manner consistent with Rule 2a7 of the Investment Company Act of 1940. Investments in STAR Ohio are valued at STAR Ohio's share price, which is the price the investment could be sold for on June 30, 2004.

Under existing Ohio statute, the Board of Education has, by resolution, specified funds to receive an allocation of interest earnings. Interest revenue credited to the general fund during fiscal year 2004 amounted to \$41,325, which includes \$11,216 assigned from other District funds.

For presentation on the basic financial statements, investments of the cash management pool and investments with original maturities of three months or less at the time they are purchased by the District are considered to be cash equivalents. Investments with an initial maturity of more than three months are reported as investments.

An analysis of the Treasurer's investment account at year-end is provided in Note 4.

G. Inventory

On government-wide and fund financial statements, inventories are presented at the lower of cost or market on a first-in, first-out basis and are expensed when used. Inventories are accounted for using the consumption method.

Inventory consists of donated food and purchased food.

H. Capital Assets

General capital assets are those related to government activities. These assets generally result from expenditures in the governmental funds. These assets are reported in the governmental activities column of the government-wide statement of net assets but are not reported in the fund financial statements.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2004

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

All capital assets are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost) and updated for additions and retirements during the year. Donated capital assets are recorded at their fair market values as of the date received. The District maintains a capitalization threshold of \$5,000 for its general capital assets. Improvements are capitalized; the costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an asset's life are not.

All reported capital assets except land are depreciated. Improvements are depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

	Governmental
	Activities
<u>Description</u>	Estimated Lives
Land improvements	20 years
Buildings and improvements	25 - 50 years
Furniture and equipment	5 - 20 years
Vehicles	6 - 10 years

I. Interfund Balances

On fund financial statements, receivables and payables resulting from short-term interfund loans are classified as "interfund receivables/payables." These amounts are eliminated in the governmental activities column on the Statement of Net Assets.

J. Compensated Absences

GASB Statement No. 16, "Accounting for Compensated Absences", specifies the method used to accrue liabilities for leave benefits. Vacation benefits are accrued as a liability as the benefits are earned if the employees' rights to receive compensation are attributable to services already rendered and it is probable that the District will compensate the employees for the benefits through paid time off or some other means. The District records a liability for accumulated unused vacation time when earned for all employees with more than one year of service.

Sick leave benefits are accrued as a liability using the termination method. An accrual for earned sick leave is made to the extent that is probable that benefits will result in termination payments. The liability is an estimate based on the District's past experience of making termination payments.

The total liability for vacation and severance payments has been calculated using pay rates in effect at June 30, 2004, and reduced to the maximum payment allowed by labor contract and/or statute, plus any additional salary related payments.

The entire compensated absence liability is reported on the government-wide financial statements.

For governmental fund financial statements, compensated absences are recognized as liabilities and expenditures as payments come due each period upon the occurrence of employee resignations and retirements.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2004

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

K. Accrued Liabilities and Long-Term Obligations

All payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations are reported in the government-wide financial statements.

In general, governmental fund payables and accrued liabilities that, once incurred, are paid in a timely manner and in full from current financial resources, are reported as obligations of the funds. However, claims and judgments, compensated absences, and contractually required pension contributions that will be paid from governmental funds are reported as a liability in the fund financial statements only to the extent that they are due for payment during the current year. Bonds are recognized as a liability on the fund financial statements when due.

L. Fund Reserves

Reserved fund balances indicate that portion of fund equity which is not available for current appropriation or is legally segregated for a specific use. Fund balances are reserved for encumbrances, materials and supplies inventory, prepayments, tax advance unavailable for appropriation, debt service and capital acquisitions. The unreserved portions of fund equity reflected for the governmental funds are available for use within the specific purposes of those funds. The reserve for tax revenue unavailable for appropriation represents taxes recognized as revenue under GAAP but not available for appropriations under state statute.

M. Net Assets

Net assets represent the difference between assets and liabilities. Net assets invested in capital assets, net of related debt consist of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowings used for the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. Net assets are reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the District or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments.

The District applies restricted resources when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net assets are available.

N. Prepayments

Certain payments to vendors reflect the costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements. These items are reported as assets on the balance sheet using the consumption method. A current asset for the prepaid amounts is recorded at the time of the purchase and the expenditure/expense is reported in the year in which services are consumed.

O. Estimates

The preparation of the basic financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the basic financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2004

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

P. Restricted Assets

Restricted assets in the general fund represent cash and cash equivalents that are restricted in use by state statute. A fund balance reserve has also been established. See Note 17 for details.

Q. Interfund Activity

Exchange transactions between funds are reported as revenues in the seller funds and as expenditures/expenses in the purchaser funds. Flows of cash or goods from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds. Repayments from funds responsible for particular expenditures/expenses to the funds that initially paid for them are not presented on the basic financial statements.

R. Parochial and Private Schools

Within the District boundaries, the Immaculate Conception School and Rush Christian School is operated through the Columbus Catholic Diocese. Current state legislation provides funding to these parochial schools. These monies are received and disbursed on behalf of the parochial school by the Treasurer of the District, as directed by the parochial school. The fiduciary responsibility of the District for these monies is reflected in a non major governmental fund for financial reporting purposes.

S. Extraordinary and Special Items

Extraordinary items are transactions or events that are both unusual in nature and infrequent in occurrence. Special items are transactions or events that are within the control of the Board of Education and that are either unusual in nature or infrequent in occurrence. Neither type of transaction occurred during fiscal 2004.

NOTE 3 - ACCOUNTABILITY AND COMPLIANCE

Deficit Fund Balances

Fund balances at June 30, 2004 included the following individual fund deficits:

Nonmajor Funds	Deficit
Food Service	\$ 88,212
Miscellaneous State Grants	6,536
Job Training Partnership	3,722
Title VI-B	21,663
Title I	10,477
Drug Free Schools	30
Improving Teacher Quality	12,843

These funds complied with Ohio state law, which does not permit a cash basis deficit at year-end. The general fund is liable for any deficits in these funds and provides transfers when cash is required, not when accruals occur. The deficit fund balances result from adjustments for accrued liabilities.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2004

NOTE 4 - EQUITY IN POOLED CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

The District maintains a cash and investment pool used by all funds. Each fund type's portion of this pool is displayed on the financial statements as "Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents". Statutes require the classification of monies held by the District into three categories.

Active deposits are public deposits necessary to meet current demands on the treasury. Such monies must be maintained either as cash in the District treasury, in commercial accounts payable or withdrawable on demand, including negotiable order of withdrawal (NOW) accounts, or in money market deposit accounts.

Inactive deposits are public deposits the Board of Education has identified as not required for use within the current two-year period of designation of depositories. Inactive deposits must either be evidenced by certificates of deposit maturing not later than the end of the current period of designation of depositories, or by savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts.

Interim deposits are deposits of interim monies. Interim monies are those monies which are not needed for immediate use but which will be needed before the end of the current period of designation of depositories. Interim deposits must be evidenced by time certificates of deposit maturing not more than one year from the date of deposit or by savings accounts, including passbook accounts.

Protection of the District's deposits is provided by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC), by eligible securities pledged by the finance institution as security for repayment, by surety company bonds deposited with the Treasurer by the financial institution or by a single collateral pool established by the financial institution to secure the repayment of all public monies deposited with the institution.

Interim monies may be deposited or invested in the following securities:

- 1. United States Treasury Notes, Bills, Bonds, or any other obligation or security issued by the United States Treasury or any other obligation guaranteed as to principal or interest by the United States;
- 2. Bonds, notes, debentures, or any other obligations or securities issued by any federal government agency or instrumentality, including but not limited to, the Federal National Mortgage Association, Federal Home Loan Bank, Federal Farm Credit Bank, Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation, Government National Mortgage Association, and Student Loan Marketing Association. All federal agency securities shall be direct issuances of federal government agencies or instrumentalities;
- 3. Written repurchase agreements in the securities listed above provided that the market value of the securities subject to the repurchase agreement must exceed the principal value of the agreement by at least 2% and be marked to market daily, and that the term of the agreement must not exceed thirty days;
- 4. Bonds and other obligations of the State of Ohio;
- 5. No-load money market mutual funds consisting exclusively of obligations described in division (1) or (2) of this section and repurchase agreements secured by such obligations, provided that investments in securities described in this division are made only through eligible institutions;
- 6. The State Treasury Asset Reserve of Ohio (STAR Ohio);
- 7. Certain bankers' acceptances and commercial paper notes for a period not to exceed 180 days in an amount not to exceed 25% of the interim monies available for investment at any one time; and

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2004

NOTE 4 - EQUITY IN POOLED CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - (Continued)

8. Under limited circumstances, corporate debt instrument rated in either of the two highest rating classifications by at least two nationally recognized rating agencies.

Investments in stripped principal or interest obligations, reverse repurchase agreements and derivatives are prohibited. The issuance of taxable notes for the purpose of arbitrage, the use of leverage and short selling are also prohibited. An investment must mature within five years from the date of purchase unless matched to a specific obligation or debt of the District, and must be purchased with the expectation that it will be held to maturity. Investments may only be made through specified dealers and institutions. Payment for investments may be made only upon delivery of the securities representing the investments to the Treasurer or qualified trustee or, if the securities are not represented by a certificate, upon receipt of confirmation of transfer from the custodian.

Cash on Hand: At fiscal year-end, the District had \$2,100 in undeposited cash on hand, which is included on the financial statements of the District as part of "Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents."

The following information classifies deposits and investments by categories of custodial credit risk as defined in GASB Statement No. 3, "Deposits with Financial Institutions, Investments and Reverse Repurchase Agreements".

Deposits: At year-end, the carrying amount of the District's deposits was \$223,708 and the bank balance was \$403,541.

- 1. \$102,252 was covered by federal depository insurance or surety company bonds deposited with the District; and
- 2. \$301,289 was uninsured and unregistered as defined by GASB although it was secured by collateral held by third party trustees, pursuant to section 135.181 Ohio Revised Code, in collateralized pools securing all public funds on deposit with specific depository institutions; these securities not being in the name of the District. Although all State statutory requirements for the deposit of money had been followed, non-compliance with federal requirements would potentially subject the District to a successful claim by the FDIC.

Collateral is required for demand deposits and certificates of deposit in excess of all deposits not covered by federal depository insurance. Obligations that may be pledged as collateral are obligations of the United States and its agencies, obligations of the State of Ohio and its municipalities, and obligations of the other states. Obligations pledged to secure deposits must be delivered to a bank other than the institution in which the deposit is made. Written custodial agreements are required.

Investments: The District's investments are categorized below to give an indication of the level of custodial credit risk assumed by the entity at fiscal year-end. Category 1 includes investments that are insured or registered or securities held by the District. Category 2 includes uninsured and unregistered investments for which the securities are held by the counterparty's trust department or agent in the District's name. Category 3 includes uninsured and unregistered investments for which the securities are held by the counterparty or by its trust department, but not in the District's name.

The District had an investment of \$4,131,192 in STAR Ohio at June 30, 2004. STAR Ohio is not categorized because it is not evidenced by securities that exist in physical or book entry form.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2004

NOTE 4 - EQUITY IN POOLED CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - (Continued)

The classification of cash and cash equivalents and investments on the basic financial statements is based on criteria set forth in GASB Statement No. 9. A reconciliation between the classifications of cash and investments on the basic financial statements and the classification per GASB Statement No. 3 is as follows:

	Cash and Cash <u>Equivalents/Deposits</u>	Investments	
GASB Statement No. 9	\$ 4,357,000	\$ -	
Investments of the cash management pool:			
Investment in STAR Ohio	(4,131,192)	4,131,192	
Cash on hand	(2,100)		
GASB Statement No. 3	\$ 223,708	\$ 4,131,192	

NOTE 5 - INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS

Interfund balances at June 30, 2004 as reported on the fund statements, consist of the following individual interfund loans receivable and payable:

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	Amount
General	Nonmajor governmental funds	\$ 209.915

The primary purpose of the interfund balances is to cover costs in specific funds where revenues were not received by June 30. These interfund balances will be repaid once the anticipated revenues are received. All interfund balances are expected to be repaid within one year.

Interfund balances between governmental funds are eliminated on the government-wide financial statements; therefore, no internal balances at June 30, 2004 are reported on the Statement of Net Assets.

NOTE 6 - PROPERTY TAXES

Property taxes are levied and assessed on a calendar year basis while the District fiscal year runs from July through June. First half tax collections are received by the District in the second half of the fiscal year. Second half tax distributions occur in the first half of the following fiscal year.

Property taxes include amounts levied against all real, public utility and tangible personal property (used in business) located in the District. Real property tax revenue received in calendar 2004 represents collections of calendar year 2003 taxes. Real property taxes received in calendar year 2004 were levied after April 1, 2003, on the assessed value listed as of January 1, 2003, the lien date. Assessed values for real property taxes are established by State law at thirty-five percent of appraised market value. Real property taxes are payable annually or semi-annually. If paid annually, payment is due December 31; if paid semi-annually, the first payment is due December 31 with the remainder payable by June 20. Under certain circumstances, State statute permits alternate payment dates to be established.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2004

NOTE 6 - PROPERTY TAXES - (Continued)

Public utility property tax revenue received in calendar 2004 represents collections of calendar year 2003 taxes. Public utility real and tangible personal property taxes received in calendar year 2004 became a lien December 31, 2002, were levied after April 1, 2003 and are collected in 2004 with real property taxes. Public utility real property is assessed at thirty-five percent of true value; public utility tangible personal property currently is assessed at varying percentages of true value.

Tangible personal property tax revenue received during calendar 2004 (other than public utility property) represents the collection of 2004 taxes. Tangible personal property taxes received in calendar year 2004 were levied after April 1, 2004, on the value as of December 31, 2003. Tangible personal property is currently assessed at twenty-five percent of true value for capital assets and twenty-four percent of true value for inventory. Payments by multi-county taxpayers are due September 20. Single county taxpayers may pay annually or semi-annually. If paid annually, payment is due April 30; if paid semi-annually, the first payment is due April 30, with the remainder payable by September 20. Tangible personal property taxes paid by April 30 are usually received by the District prior to June 30.

The District receives property taxes from Tuscarawas County. The County Auditor periodically advances to the District its portion of the taxes collected. Second-half real property tax payments collected by the County by June 30, 2004, are available to finance fiscal year 2004 operations. The amount available to be advanced can vary based on the date tax bills are sent.

Accrued property taxes receivable includes real property, public utility property and tangible personal property taxes which are measurable as of June 30, 2004 and for which there is an enforceable legal claim. Although total property tax collections for the next fiscal year are measurable, only the amount of real property taxes available as an advance at June 30 was levied to finance current fiscal year operations and is reported as revenue at fiscal year end. The portion of the receivable not levied to finance current fiscal year operations is offset by a credit to deferred revenue.

The amount available as an advance at June 30, 2004 was \$284,838 in the general fund, \$5,544 in the special revenue funds and \$37,453 in the debt service fund. These amounts have been recorded as revenue. The amount available as an advance at June 30, 2003 was \$256,280 in the general fund, \$4,956 in the special revenue funds, and \$33,394 in the debt service fund.

On a full accrual basis, collectible delinquent property taxes have been recorded as a receivable and revenue, while on a modified accrual basis the revenue has been deferred.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2004

NOTE 6 - PROPERTY TAXES - (Continued)

The assessed values upon which the fiscal year 2004 taxes were collected are:

	2003 Second Half Collections		2004 First Half Collections	
	Amount	Percent _	Amount	Percent
Agricultural/Residential				
and Other Real Estate	\$ 109,033,650	77.05 \$	108,748,320	78.02
Public Utility Personal	8,753,920	6.19	8,808,060	6.32
Tangible Personal Property	23,724,620	16.76	21,824,098	15.66
Total	<u>\$ 141,512,190</u>	100.00 \$	139,380,478	100.00
Tax rate per \$1,000 of assessed valuation	\$ 31.80	\$	31.80	

NOTE 7 - RECEIVABLES

Receivables at June 30, 2004 consisted of taxes, accounts (billings for user charged services and student fees), accrued interest and intergovernmental grants and entitlements. All receivables are considered collectible in full due to the ability to foreclose for the nonpayment of taxes, the stable condition of state programs and the current year guarantee of federal funds. A summary of the principal items of receivables reported on the Statement of Net Assets follows:

Governmental Activities

Taxes	\$ 3,635,053
Accounts	10,722
Intergovernmental	168,016
Accrued interest	24
Total	\$ 3,813,815

Receivables have been disaggregated on the face of the basic financial statements. All receivables are expected to be collected within subsequent years.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2004

NOTE 8 - CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2004, was as follows:

	Balance 06/30/03	Additions	<u>Deductions</u>	Balance 06/30/04
Capital assets, not being depreciated: Land	\$ 247,253	\$ -	\$ -	<u>\$ 247,253</u>
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	247,253			247,253
Capital assets, being depreciated:				
Land improvements	258,039	27,715	-	285,754
Buildings and improvements	30,571,211	-	-	30,571,211
Furniture and equipment	3,677,456	160,228	_	3,837,684
Vehicles	1,059,751	60,669	(44,179)	1,076,241
Total capital assets, being depreciated	35,566,457	248,612	(44,179)	35,770,890
Less: accumulated depreciation				
Land improvements	(221,346)	(7,008)	-	(228,354)
Buildings and improvements	(5,060,207)	(786,460)	-	(5,846,667)
Furniture and equipment	(1,593,072)	(403,476)	_	(1,996,548)
Vehicles	(707,469)	(76,340)	44,179	(739,630)
Total accumulated depreciation	(7,582,094)	(1,273,284)	44,179	(8,811,199)
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 28,231,616	\$ (1,024,672)	\$ -	\$ 27,206,944

Depreciation expense was charged to governmental functions as follows:

<u>Instruction</u> :		
Regular	\$	969,996
Special		49,843
Vocational		14,757
Support Services:		
Pupil		5,405
Instructional staff		19,279
Administration		16,860
Business		3,142
Operations and maintenance		27,912
Pupil transportation		73,019
Central		5,496
Extracurricular activities		29,625
Food service operations	_	57,950
Total depreciation expense	\$	1,273,284

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2004

NOTE 9 - CAPITAL LEASES - LESSEE DISCLOSURE

During fiscal year 2004, the District entered into seven capitalized leases for copier equipment. These lease agreements meet the criteria of capital lease as defined by FASB Statement No. 13, "Accounting for Leases", which defines a capital lease generally as one which transfers benefits and risks of ownership to the lessee. Capital lease payments have been reclassified and are reflected as debt service expenditures in the financial statements for the governmental funds. These expenditures are reported as function expenditures on the budgetary statements.

The total principal amount of the leases is \$108,341. However, only six of the leases have met the District's capitalization threshold. Capital assets consisting of copier equipment have been capitalized in the amount of \$106,158. This amount represents the present value of the minimum lease payments at the time of acquisition. A corresponding liability is recorded in the government-wide financial statements. Principal payments in fiscal year 2004 totaled \$12,837 paid by the general fund.

The following is a schedule of the future long-term minimum lease payments required under the capital lease and the present value of the future minimum lease payments as of June 30, 2004:

Fiscal Year Ending June 30,	_Amount_
2005	\$ 25,976
2006	25,973
2007	25,973
2008	25,973
2009	8,252
Total minimum lease payments	112,147
Less amount representing interest	(16,643)
Total	\$ 95,504

NOTE 10 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

A. The District's long-term obligations during the year consist of the following:

	Balance Outstanding			Balance Outstanding	Amounts Due in
	06/30/03	Additions	Reductions	06/30/04	One Year
Capital lease obligation General obligation bonds Compensated absences	\$ - 4,957,208 862,261	\$ 108,341 25,539 35,953	\$ (12,837) (155,000) (17,477)	\$ 95,504 4,827,747 880,737	\$ 19,475 170,000 144,428
Total governmental activities	\$ 5,819,469	\$ 169,833	\$ (185,314)	\$ 5,803,988	\$ 333,903

B. On April 1, 1997, the District issued voted school improvement general obligation bonds for the purpose of improvements to the various school buildings. These bonds are general obligations of the District for which the full faith and credit of the District is pledged for repayment. Accordingly, such unmatured obligations of the District are accounted for in the statement of net assets. Payments of principal and interest relating to these bonds are recorded as expenditures in the debt service fund.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2004

NOTE 10 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS - (Continued)

This issue is comprised of both current interest bonds, par value \$4,790,000, and capital appreciation bonds, par value \$520,000. The interest rates on the current interest bonds range from 4.20% to 5.70%. The capital appreciation bonds mature on December 1, 2010 (effective interest 15.271%) and December 1, 2011 (effective interest 15.276%) at a redemption price equal to 100% of the principal, plus accrued interest to the redemption date. The present value (as of issue date) reported in the statement of net assets at June 30, 2004 was \$69,597. A total of \$123,150 in accreted interest on the capital appreciation bonds has been included in the statement of net assets at June 30, 2004.

Interest payments on the current interest bonds are due on June 1 and December 1 of each year. The final maturity stated in the issue is December 1, 2021.

The following is a summary of the District's future annual debt service requirements to maturity for general obligation bonds:

	Balance			Balance
	<u>July 1, 2003</u>	Appreciation	Reductions	June 30, 2004
Current interest bonds Capital appreciation bonds	\$ 4,790,000 <u>167,208</u>	\$ - 25,539	\$ (155,000)	\$ 4,635,000 192,747
Total G.O. bonds	\$ 4,957,208	\$ 25,539	<u>\$ (155,000)</u>	\$ 4,827,747

The following is a summary of the future debt service requirements to maturity for the general obligation bonds:

	Current Interest Bonds			Capital	Appreciatio	n Bonds
Year Ended	Principal	Interest	Total	Principal	Interest	Total
2005	\$ 170,000	\$ 254,030	\$ 424,030	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
2006	185,000	244,974	429,974	_	=	_
2007	200,000	235,010	435,010	-	=	_
2008	220,000	224,035	444,035	-	-	-
2009	230,000	212,165	442,165	-	-	-
2010 - 2014	775,000	942,503	1,717,503	69,597	450,403	520,000
2015 - 2019	1,635,000	591,235	2,226,235	-	-	-
2020 - 2022	1,220,000	106,876	1,326,876			
Total	\$ 4,635,000	\$ 2,810,828	\$ 7,445,828	\$ 69,597	<u>\$450,403</u>	\$ 520,000

C. Legal Debt Margin

The Ohio Revised Code provides that voted net general obligation debt of the District shall never exceed 9% of the total assessed valuation of the District. The code further provides that unvoted indebtness shall not exceed 1/10 of 1% of the property valuation of the District.

The effects of these debt limitations at June 30, 2004 are a voted debt margin of \$8,002,782 (including available funds of \$286,286) and an unvoted debt margin of \$139,380.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2004

NOTE 11 - EMPLOYEE BENEFITS

Compensated Absences

The criteria for determining vacation and sick leave components are derived from negotiated agreements and state laws. Classified and twelve-month administrative employees earn 10 to 20 days of vacation per fiscal year, depending upon length of service. Accumulated unused vacation time is paid to classified employees upon termination of employment. Teachers and other administrators do not earn vacation time. Teachers, administrators and classified employees earn sick leave at the rate of one and one-fourth days per month. Sick leave may be accumulated up to a maximum of 245 days for all employees. Upon retirement, payment is made for one-fourth of the total sick leave accumulation, up to a maximum of 168 days, plus ten (10%) percent of the remaining sick leave accumulation, up to a maximum of 50 days total, to classified employees. Certified employees receive one-fourth of their total sick leave accumulation, up to a maximum of 50 days.

NOTE 12 - RISK MANAGEMENT

A. Property and Liability

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft or damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. During fiscal year 2004, the District contracted with Indiana Insurance Co./Mid America Fire & Casualty for property insurance, boiler and machinery, inland marine coverage, fleet insurance and general liability coverage. Coverages under these policies are as follows:

Building and Contents (\$2,500 deductible)	\$62,279,123
Blanket Computer Coverage (\$250 deductible)	2,142,569
Audio/Visual Equipment Coverage (\$500 deductible)	588,095
Musical Instruments (\$500 deductible)	245,905
Public Employee Dishonesty-Westfield Co. (Romig Ins.)	2,500
Automobile Liability (\$100 deductible-comprehensive) (\$500 deductible-collision) -	,
Netherlands Ins. Co. (Kennedy)	1,000,000
School Leaders Errors and Omissions Liability (\$2,500 deductible):	, ,
Wrongful act	1,000,000
Aggregate limit	1,000,000
Sexual Misconduct and Molestation Liability:	
Each loss	1,000,000
Aggregate limit	1,000,000
General Liability:	
Per occurrence	1,000,000
Aggregate per year	2,000,000
Employee Benefits Liability (\$1,000 deductible)	
Each loss	1,000,000
Aggregate limit	3,000,000

Settled claims have not exceeded this commercial coverage in any of the past three years and there has been no significant reduction in coverage from the prior year.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2004

NOTE 12 - RISK MANAGEMENT - (Continued)

B. Life Insurance

The District provides life insurance and accidental death and dismemberment insurance to most employees. Life insurance is provided through Standard Life Insurance Company.

C. Medical, Dental and Vision Insurance

The District participates in the Stark County Council of Governments Health Benefit Plan, a risk sharing pool to provide medical/surgical benefits for employees. The plan provides a medical/surgical plan with a \$200 family and \$100 single deductible. Co-insurance pays 80% of usual, customary and reasonable charges with yearly maximum out-of-pocket expenses of \$500 per individual or \$1,000 for two or more family members. The Stark County Council has selected Mutual Health Services to provide third party administrative services in claims processing. Employees may elect to choose from two Preferred Provider Organizations (PPO) to increase the co-insurance from 80% to 90%. The provider organizations are: Aultcare and Super Med. A preferred provider drug program is also included in the insurance program. The employee pays a 20% co-payment to the provider and the remaining 80% is directly billed to the insurance company. Caremark serves as the preferred provider for the drug program. During fiscal year 2004, the District paid \$669.56 for family or \$275.62 for individual coverage per month to the Stark County Board of Education who serves as fiscal agent for the Health Benefits Plan. The premium is paid by the fund that pays the salary for the employee and is based on a rate determined by an actuary for the Health Benefits Plan.

The District also provides dental and vision benefits, which are administered by the Health Benefits Plan. Mutual Health Services serves as the third party administrator to provide claims processing services these plans. During fiscal year 2004, the premium for dental coverage was \$86.34 monthly for family coverage and \$35.00 for individual coverage. During fiscal year 2004, the premium for vision coverage was \$18.32 for family coverage and \$7.38 for individual coverage. The premiums for these coverages are also paid into the insurance pool.

D. Workers' Compensation

For fiscal year 2004, the District participated in the Ohio School Boards Association Workers' Compensation Group Rating Plan (GRP), an insurance purchasing pool (see Note 2.A.). The intent of the GRP is to achieve the benefit of a reduced premium for the District by virtue of its grouping and representation with other participants in the GRP. The workers' compensation experience of the participating school districts is calculated as one experience and a common premium rate is applied to all school districts in the GRP. Each participant pays its workers' compensation premium to the state based on the rate for the GRP rather than its individual rate. Total savings are then calculated and each participant's individual performance is compared to the overall savings of the GRP. A participant is required to pay a membership fee. Participation in the GRP is limited to school districts that can meet the GRP's selection criteria. The firm of Gates McDonald & Co. provides administrative, cost control and actuarial services to the GRP.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2004

NOTE 13 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS

A. School Employees Retirement System

The District contributes to the School Employees Retirement System of Ohio (SERS), a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. SERS provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided by State Statute Chapter 3309 of the Ohio Revised Code. SERS issues a publicly available, stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. The report may be obtained by writing to the School Employees Retirement System, 300 East Broad Street, Suite 100, Columbus, Ohio 43215-3476, or by calling (614) 222-5853.

Plan members are required to contribute 10% of their annual covered salary and the District is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. The current District rate is 14% of annual covered payroll. A portion of the District's contribution is used to fund pension obligations with the remainder being used to fund health care benefits. For fiscal year 2004, 9.09% of annual covered salary was the portion used to fund pension obligations. For fiscal year 2003, 8.17% of annual covered salary was the portion used to fund pension obligations. The contribution requirements of plan members and employers are established and may be amended, up to a statutory maximum amount, by the SERS' Retirement Board. The adequacy of the contribution rates is determined annually. The District's required contributions for pension obligation to SERS for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2004, 2003, and 2002 were \$262,549, \$151,808, and \$100,697, respectively; 48.78% has been contributed for fiscal year 2004 and 100% for the fiscal years 2003 and 2002. \$134,484, represents the unpaid contribution for fiscal year 2004.

B. State Teachers Retirement System

The District contributes to the State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio (STRS), a cost-sharing, multiple-employer public employee retirement system administered by the State Teachers Retirement Board. STRS provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death and survivor benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided by Chapter 3307 of the Ohio Revised Code. STRS issues a publicly available, stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. The report may be obtained by writing to the State Teachers Retirement System, 275 East Broad Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215-3771, or by calling (614) 227-4090.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2004

NOTE 13 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

New members have a choice of three retirement plans, a Defined Benefit (DB) Plan, a Defined Contribution (DC) Plan and a Combined Plan. The DB plan offers an annual retirement allowance based on final average salary times a percentage that varies based on years of service, or an allowance based on member contributions and earned interest matched by STRS Ohio funds times an actuarially determined annuity factor. The DC Plan allows members to place all their member contributions and employer contributions equal to 10.5% of earned compensation into an investment account. Investment decisions are made by the member. A member is eligible to receive a retirement benefit at age 50 and termination of employment. The Combined Plan offers features of both the DC Plan and the DB Plan. In the Combined Plan, member contributions are invested by the member, and employer contributions are used to fund the defined benefit payment at a reduced level from the regular DB Plan. DC and Combined Plan members will transfer to the Defined Benefit Plan during their fifth year of membership unless they permanently select the DC or Combined Plan. Existing members with less than five years of service credit as of June 30, 2001, were given the option of making a one time irrevocable decision to transfer their account balances from the existing DB Plan into the DC Plan or the Combined Plan. This option expired on December 31, 2001. Benefits are established by Chapter 3307 of the Ohio Revised Code.

A DB or Combined Plan member with five or more years credited service who becomes disabled may qualify for a disability benefit. Eligible spouses and dependents of these active members who die before retirement may qualify for survivor benefits. Members in the DC Plan who become disabled are entitled only to their account balance. If a member dies before retirement benefits begin, the member's designated beneficiary is entitled to receive the member's account balance.

Plan members are required to contribute 10% of their annual covered salary and the District is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. The current District rate is 14% of annual covered payroll. A portion of the District's contribution is used to fund pension obligations with the remainder being used to fund health care benefits. For fiscal years 2004 and 2003, 13% of annual covered salary was the portion used to fund pension obligations. Contribution rates are established by the State Teachers Retirement Board, upon recommendation of its consulting actuary, not to exceed statutory maximum rates of 10% for members and 14% for employers. Chapter 3307 of the Ohio Revised Code provides statutory authority for member and employee contributions. The District's required contributions for pension obligation to STRS for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2004, 2003, and 2002 were \$1,111,485, \$973,962, and \$703,319, respectively; 83.50% has been contributed for fiscal year 2004 and 100% for the fiscal years 2003 and 2002. \$183,362, represents the unpaid contribution for fiscal year 2004.

C. Social Security System

Effective July 1, 1991, all employees not otherwise covered by the School Employees Retirement System or the State Teachers Retirement System have an option to choose Social Security or the School Employees Retirement Systems/State Teachers Retirement System. As of June 30, 2004, certain members of the Board of Education have elected Social Security. The District's liability is 6.2% of wages paid.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2004

NOTE 14 - POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

The District provides comprehensive health care benefits to retired teachers and their dependents through STRS, and to retired non-certified employees and their dependents through SERS. Benefits include hospitalization, physicians' fees, prescription drugs, and partial reimbursement of monthly Medicare Part B premiums. Benefit provisions and the obligations to contribute are established by STRS and SERS based on authority granted by state statute. Both STRS and SERS are funded on a pay-as-you-go-basis.

The State Teachers Retirement Board has statutory authority over how much, if any, of the health care costs will be absorbed by STRS. Most benefit recipients pay a portion of the health care cost in the form of a monthly premium. By Ohio law, the cost of coverage paid from STRS funds shall be included in the employer contribution rate, currently 14% of covered payroll. For this fiscal year, the State Teachers Retirement Board allocated employer contributions equal to 1% of covered payroll to the Health Care Reserve fund. For the District, this amount equaled \$79,392 during fiscal 2004.

STRS pays health care benefits from the Health Care Reserve fund. The balance in the Health Care Reserve fund was \$2.8 billion at June 30, 2003 (the latest information available). For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2003 (the latest information available), net health care costs paid by STRS were \$352.301 million and STRS had 108,294 eligible benefit recipients.

For SERS, coverage is made available to service retirees with 10 or more years of qualifying service credit, and disability and survivor benefit recipients. Members retiring on or after August 1, 1989, with less than 25 years of service credit must pay a portion of their premium for health care. The portion is based on years of service up to a maximum of 75 percent of the premium.

For this fiscal year, employer contributions to fund health care benefits were 4.91% of covered payroll. In addition, SERS levies a surcharge to fund health care benefits equal to 14% of the difference between a minimum pay and the member's pay, pro-rated for partial service credit. For fiscal year 2004, the minimum pay has been established at \$25,400. The surcharge, added to the unallocated portion of the 14% employer contribution rate, provides for maintenance of the asset target level for the health care fund.

The target level for the health care reserve is 150% of annual health care expenses. Expenses for health care at June 30, 2003 (the latest information available) were \$204.931 million and the target level was \$307.4 million. At June 30, 2003, (the latest information available) SERS had net assets available for payment of health care benefits of \$303.6 million and SERS had approximately 50,000 participants receiving health care benefits. For the District, the amount to fund health care benefits, including surcharge, equaled \$129,785 during the 2004 fiscal year.

NOTE 15 - BUDGETARY BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

While reporting financial position, results of operations, and changes in fund balance on the basis of generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP), the budgetary basis as provided by law is based upon accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts and disbursements.

The Statement of Revenue, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) presented for the general fund is presented on the budgetary basis to provide a meaningful comparison of actual results with the budget. The major differences between the budget basis and the GAAP basis are that:

(a) Revenues are recorded when received in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when susceptible to accrual (GAAP basis);

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2004

NOTE 15 - BUDGETARY BASIS OF ACCOUNTING - (Continued)

- (b) Expenditures are recorded when paid in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when the liability is incurred (GAAP basis);
- (c) In order to determine compliance with Ohio law, and to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation, total outstanding encumbrances (budget basis) are recorded as the equivalent of an expenditure, as opposed to a reservation of fund balance for that portion of outstanding encumbrances not already recognized as an account payable (GAAP basis).

The adjustments necessary to convert the results of operations for the year on the budget basis to the GAAP basis for the general fund is as follows:

Net Change in Fund Balance

	<u>Ge</u>	eneral Fund
Budget basis	\$	(346,296)
Net adjustment for revenue accruals		54,932
Net adjustment for expenditure accruals		(325,701)
Net adjustment for other sources/uses		164,427
Adjustment for encumbrances		907,797
GAAP basis	\$	455,159

NOTE 16 - CONTINGENCIES

A. Grants

The District receives significant financial assistance from numerous federal, state and local agencies in the form of grants. The disbursement of funds received under these programs generally requires compliance with terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements and are subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims resulting from such audits could become a liability of the District. However in the opinion of management, any such disallowed claims will not have a material effect on the financial position of the District.

B. State School Funding Decision

On December 11, 2002, the Ohio Supreme Court issued its latest opinion regarding the state's school funding plan. The decision reaffirmed earlier decisions that Ohio's current school funding plan is unconstitutional.

The Supreme Court relinquished jurisdiction over the case and directed "...the Ohio General Assembly to enact a school funding scheme that is thorough and efficient...". The District is currently unable to determine what effect, if any, this decision will have on its future state funding and its financial operations.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2004

NOTE 17 - STATUTORY RESERVES

The District is required by state law to set-aside certain general fund revenue amounts, as defined by statute, into various reserves. These reserves are calculated and presented on a cash basis. During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2004, the reserve activity was as follows:

	Textbooks	Capital Acquisition
Set-aside cash balance as of June 30, 2003	\$ (19,387)	\$ 265,006
Current year set-aside requirement	269,719	269,719
Current year offsets	-	(66,571)
Qualifying disbursements	(274,046)	(247,188)
Total	\$ (23,714)	\$ 220,966
Cash balance carried forward to FY 2005	\$ (23,714)	\$ 220,966
A schedule of the restricted assets at June 30, 2004 follow	/S:	
Amount restricted for capital acquisition	\$ 220,966	

SCHEDULE OF RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2004

Federal Grantor/ Passed Through Grantor/ Program Title	Pass Through Grantor Number	Federal CFDA Number	Receipts	Non-Cash Receipts	Expenditures	Non-Cash Expenditures
U.S. Department of Agriculture						
(Passed through the State Department of Education)						
Nutrition Cluster:						
Food Distribution Program National School Breakfast Program National School Lunch Program	N/A N/A N/A	10.550 10.553 10.555	\$45,065 233,976	\$70,332	\$45,065 233,976	\$70,332
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture - Nutrition Cluster			279,041	70,332	279,041	70,332
U.S. Department of Labor (Passed Through Ohio Workforce Initiative Association)						
Workforce Initiative	2002 2003	17.998	18,717		4 17,894	
Total U.S. Department of Labor			18,717		17,898	
U.S. Department of Education (Passed Through the State Department of Education)						
State Library Program	2003	45.31			11,693	
Special Education Cluster:						
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	C1-S1 2003 C1-S1 2004	84.010	87,226 475,104		111,318 402,705	
Total Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies			562,330		514,023	
Special Education Grants to States	6B-SF 2003-P 6B-SF 2004	84.027	35,930 318,215		58,241 292,828	
Total Special Education Grants to States			354,145		351,069	
Total Special Education Cluster			916,475		865,092	
Safe & Drug Free Schools and Community State Grant	DR-S1 2003 DR-S1 2004	84.186	5,847 16,515		2,920 16,545	
Total Safe & Drug Free Schools and Community State Grant			22,362		19,465	
Innovative Educational Program Strategies	C2-S1-2003 C2-S1-2004	84.298	12,471 10,385		8,207 7,882	
Total Innovative Education Program Strategies			22,856		16,089	
Technology Literacy Challenge Funds Grants	TJ-S1-2003 TJ-S1-2004	84.318	16,136		263 16,880	
Total Technology Literacy Challenge Funds Grants			16,136		17,143	
Assistive Technology Program	AT-S1 2002	84.352	(36)		7,095	
Title VI-B Rural Education Grants	RU-S1-2004	84.358	41,512		37,602	
Title II-A Improving Teacher Quality State Grants	TR-S1-2003 TR-S1-2004	84.367	46,037 138,921		48,378 127,755	
Total Title II-A Improving Teacher Quality State Grants			184,958		176,133	
Total U.S. Department of Education			1,204,263		1,150,312	
U.S. Department of Health and Human Services (Passed Through Ohio Department of Mental Retardation and Developmental Disabilities)						
Medicaid Assistance Program		93.778	50,673		50,673	
Total			\$1,552,694	\$70,332	\$1,497,924	\$70,332

See Accompanying Notes to the Schedule of Receipts and Expenditures of Federal Awards.

NOTES TO THE SCHEDULE OF RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS JUNE 30, 2004

NOTE A – SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accompanying Schedule of Receipts and Expenditures of Federal Awards (Schedule) is a summary of the activity of the District's federal award programs. The Schedule has been prepared on the cash basis of accounting.

NOTE B - FOOD DISTRIBUTION

Nonmonetary assistance is reported in the Schedule at the fair market value of the commodities received and disbursed. Monies are commingled with state grants. It is assumed federal monies are expended first. At June 30, 2004, the District had no significant food commodities in inventory.

NOTE C - MEDICAL ASSISTANCE PROGRAM

Cash receipts from the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services for the Medical Assistance Program-CAFS are commingled with local funds. It is assumed federal monies are expended first.



INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT ON COMPLIANCE AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL REQUIRED BY GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Claymont City School District **Tuscarawas County** 201 North 3rd Street Dennison, Ohio 44621

To the Board of Education:

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the major General Fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Claymont City School District, Tuscarawas County, Ohio, (the District) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2004, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated December 17, 2004. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Compliance

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the District's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grants, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance that are required to be reported under Government Auditing Standards.

However, we noted certain immaterial instances of noncompliance that we have reported to management of the District in a separate letter dated December 17, 2004.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements and not to provide assurance on the internal control over financial reporting. However, we noted certain matters involving the internal control over financial reporting and its operation that we consider to be reportable conditions. Reportable conditions involve matters coming to our attention relating to significant deficiencies in the design or operation of the internal control over financial reporting that, in our judgment, could adversely affect the District's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial data consistent with the assertions of management in the financial statements. We noted no matters involving the internal control over financial reporting and its operation that we consider to be material weaknesses.

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Claymont City School District
Tuscarawas County
Independent Accountants' Report on Compliance and on Internal Control
Required by *Government Auditing Standards*Page 2

However, we noted other matters involving the internal control over financial reporting that do not require inclusion in this report, that we have reported to management of the District in a separate letter dated December 17, 2004.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the audit committee, management, Board of Education and federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Betty Montgomery Auditor of State

Butty Montgomeny

December 17, 2004



INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH REQUIREMENTS APPLICABLE TO ITS MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAMS AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE IN ACCORDANCE WITH OMB CIRCULAR A-133

Claymont City School District Tuscarawas County 201 North 3rd Street Dennison, Ohio 44621

To the Board of Education:

Compliance

We have audited the compliance of the Claymont City School District, Tuscarawas County, Ohio, (the District) with the types of compliance requirements described in the *U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Circular A-133, Compliance Supplement* that are applicable to its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2004. The District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying Schedule of Findings. Compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts and grants applicable to each of its major federal programs is the responsibility of the District's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the District's compliance based on our audit.

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. Those standards and OMB Circular A-133 require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance occurred with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on its major federal programs. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our audit does not provide a legal determination on the District's compliance with those requirements.

In our opinion, the District complied, in all material respects, with the requirements referred to above that are applicable to its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2004.

Internal Control Over Compliance

The management of the District is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with requirements of laws, regulations, contracts and grants applicable to federal programs. In planning and performing our audit, we considered the District's internal control over compliance with requirements that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on compliance and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with OMB Circular A-133.

101 Central Plaza South / 700 Bank One Tower / Canton, OH 44702 Telephone: (330) 438-0617 (800) 443-9272 Fax: (330) 471-0001 www.auditor.state.oh.us Claymont City School District
Tuscarawas County
Independent Accountants' Report on Compliance with Requirements
Applicable to its Major Federal Programs and on Internal Control Over
Compliance in Accordance with OMB Circular A-133
Page 2

Our consideration of the internal control over compliance would not necessarily disclose all matters in the internal control that might be material weaknesses. A material weakness is a condition in which the design or operation of one or more of the internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that noncompliance with applicable requirements of laws, regulations, contracts and grants that would be material in relation to a major federal program being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions. We noted no matters involving the internal control over compliance and its operation that we consider to be material weaknesses.

This report is intended for the information and use of the audit committee, management, Board of Education, and federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Betty Montgomery Auditor of State

Betty Montgomeny

December 17, 2004

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS OMB CIRCULAR A-133 § .505 JUNE 30, 2004

1. SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

(d)(1)(i)	Type of Financial Statement Opinion	Unqualified
(d)(1)(ii)	Were there any material control weakness conditions reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
(d)(1)(ii)	Were there any other reportable control weakness conditions reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
(d)(1)(iii)	Was there any reported material non- compliance at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
(d)(1)(iv)	Were there any material internal control weakness conditions reported for major federal programs?	No
(d)(1)(iv)	Were there any other reportable internal control weakness conditions reported for major federal programs?	No
(d)(1)(v)	Type of Major Programs= Compliance Opinion	Unqualified
(d)(1)(vi)	Are there any reportable findings under § .510?	No
(d)(1)(vii)	Major Programs (list):	Title VI-B – Special Education Cluster #84.027 and # 84.010 and Nutritution Cluster – CFDA #10.550, 10.553 and 10.558
(d)(1)(viii)	Dollar Threshold: Type A\B Programs	Type A: > \$300,000 Type B: all others
(d)(1)(ix)	Low Risk Auditee?	Yes

2. FINDINGS RELATED TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS

None.

3. FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR FEDERAL AWARDS

None.

SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS JUNE 30, 2004

			Not Corrected, Partially Corrected; Significantly Different Corrective Action Taken; or
Finding	Finding	Fully	Finding No Longer Valid;
Number	Summary	Corrected?	Explain:
2003-001	Athletics – Ticket recap sheets did not always foot and agree to amounts receipted.	Yes	Fully corrected.
2003-002	Student Activities – budgets were not prepared for all activities and records were not always complete.	No	Partially corrected. See the Management Letter.



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CLAYMONT CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT TUSCARAWAS COUNTY

CLERK'S CERTIFICATION

This is a true and correct copy of the report which is required to be filed in the Office of the Auditor of State pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in Columbus, Ohio.

CLERK OF THE BUREAU

Susan Babbitt

CERTIFIED FEBRUARY 15, 2005