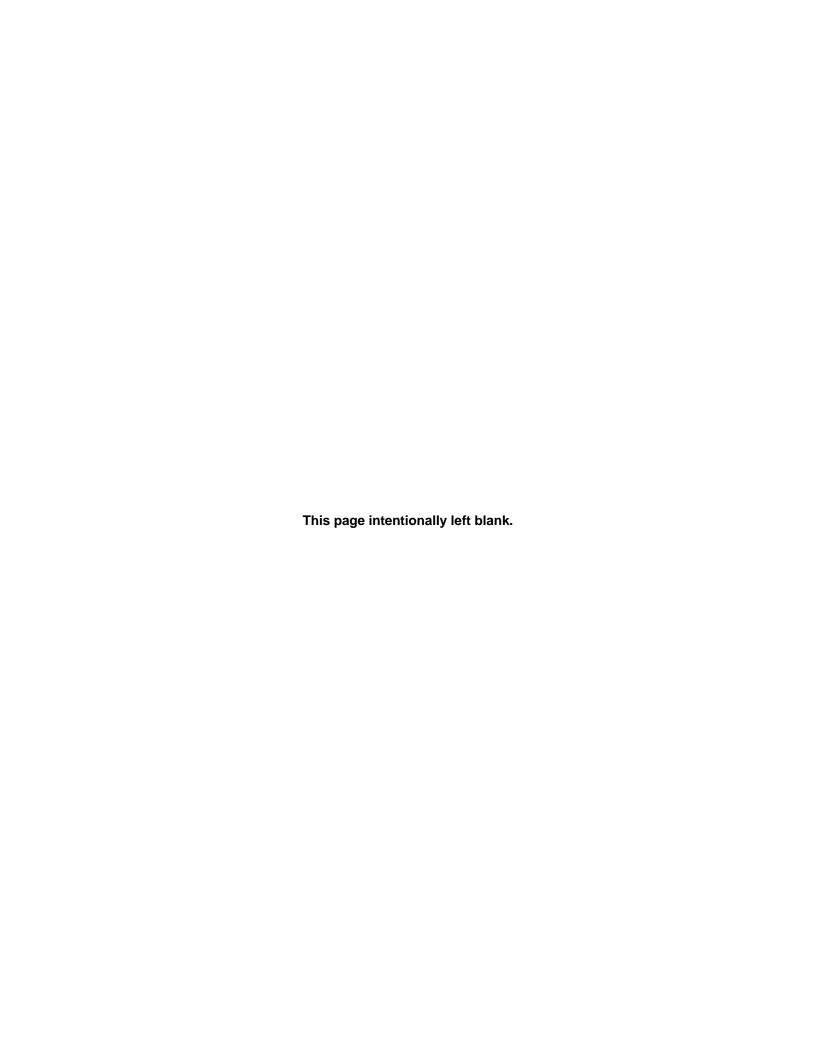




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INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT

Delphos City School District Allen County 234 North Jefferson Street Delphos, Ohio 45833

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Delphos City School District, Allen County (the District), as of and for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2005, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the District's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the District as of June 30, 2005, and the respective changes in financial position and the budgetary comparison for the General Fund, thereof for the fiscal year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

As described in Note 3, the District has implemented Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 40, "Deposits and Investment Risk Disclosure" and GASB Technical Bulletin 2004-2.

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated December 1, 2005, on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. While we did not opine on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance, that report describes the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards. You should read it in conjunction with this report in assessing the results of our audit.

Management's Discussion and Analysis is not a required part of the basic financial statements but is supplementary information accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires. We have applied certain limited procedures, consisting principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measuring and presenting the required supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

> One First National Plaza / 130 W. Second St. / Suite 2040 / Dayton, OH 45402 Telephone: (937) 285-6677 (800) 443-9274 Fax: (937) 285-6688 www.auditor.state.oh.us

Delphos City School District Allen County Independent Accountants' Report Page 2

Butty Montgomery

We conducted our audit to opine on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. The federal awards expenditure schedule is required by U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*, and is also not a required part of the basic financial statements. We subjected the federal awards expenditure schedule to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements. In our opinion, this information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Betty Montgomery Auditor of State

December 1, 2005

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2005 UNAUDITED

The discussion and analysis of Delphos City School District's (the School District) financial performance provides an overview of the School District's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2005. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the School District's financial performance as a whole.

HIGHLIGHTS

Key highlights for fiscal year 2005 are as follows:

During November 2004, the voters approved a 5.5 mill five-year operating levy. Collections began January 1, 2005. The tax will generate approximately \$910,000 annually.

During fiscal year 2005, the School District had no increase in formula aid funding as had occurred in fiscal year 2004 due to the drop in the three-year average daily enrollment by thirty-five students. The drop occurred for students enrolled at the Allen County Educational Service Center for which funding is now paid directly to the Educational Service Center.

The negotiations with the certified employees during the summer of 2003 required a salary increase of 3 percent for fiscal year 2005.

The employee share of medical insurance premiums increased during January 2005 from \$65 to \$85 for family plans and \$35 to \$45 for single plans.

USING THIS ANNUAL REPORT

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements and notes to those statements. The statements are organized so the reader can understand the School District's financial position.

The statement of net assets and the statement of activities provide information about the activities of the School District as a whole, presenting both an aggregate and a longer-term view of the School District.

Fund financial statements provide a greater level of detail. For governmental funds, these statements tell how services were financed in the short-term and what remains for future spending. Fund financial statements report the School District's most significant funds individually and the School District's non-major funds in a single column. The School District's major funds are the General Fund and the Permanent Improvement capital projects fund.

REPORTING THE SCHOOL DISTRICT AS A WHOLE

The statement of net assets and the statement of activities reflect how the School District did financially during fiscal year 2005. These statements include all assets and liabilities using the accrual basis of accounting similar to that which is used by most private-sector companies. This basis of accounting considers all of the current year's revenues and expenses regardless of when cash is received or paid.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2005 UNAUDITED (Continued)

These statements report the School District's net assets and changes in those assets. This change in net assets is important because it tells the reader whether the financial position of the School District as a whole has increased or decreased from the prior fiscal year. Over time, these increases and/or decreases are one indicator of whether the financial position is improving or deteriorating. Causes for these changes may be the result of many factors, some financial, some not. Non-financial factors can include changes in the School District's property tax base and the condition of the School District's capital assets. These factors must be considered when assessing the overall health of the School District.

In the statement of net assets and the statement of activities, all of the School District activities are reported as governmental activities. All of the School District's programs and services are reported here, including instruction, support services, non-instructional services, and extracurricular activities. These services are primarily funded by property tax revenues and from intergovernmental revenues, including federal and state grants and other shared revenues.

REPORTING THE SCHOOL DISTRICT'S MOST SIGNIFICANT FUNDS

Fund financial statements provide detailed information about the School District's major funds. The School District's major governmental funds are the General Fund and the Permanent Improvement capital projects fund. While the School District uses many funds to account for its financial transactions, these are the most significant.

Governmental Funds - The School District's governmental funds are used to account for the same programs reported as governmental activities on the government-wide financial statements. The School District's basic services are reported in these funds. The financial statements focus on how money flows into and out of the funds as well as the balances available for spending at fiscal year end. These funds are reported using the modified accrual basis of accounting which measures cash and all other financial assets that can be readily converted to cash. The governmental fund financial statements provide a detailed short-term view of the School District's operations.

Because the focus of the governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities on the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the School District's short-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to help make this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

Fiduciary Funds - Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the School District. Fiduciary funds are not reflected on the government-wide financial statements because the resources from these funds are not available to support the School District's programs. These funds use the accrual basis of accounting.

Notes to the Financial Statements - The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided on the government-wide and fund financial statements.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2005 UNAUDITED (Continued)

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

Table 1 provides a summary of the School District's net assets for fiscal year 2005 and fiscal year 2004.

Table 1 Net Assets

	Governmental Activities		
	2005	2004	
Assets			
Current and Other Assets	\$5,936,950	\$5,082,400	
Capital Assets, Net	4,338,024	4,246,972	
Total Assets	10,274,974	9,329,372	
Liabilities			
Current and Other Liabilities	6,138,903	5,154,469	
Long-Term Liabilities	645,188	914,667	
Total Liabilities	6,784,091	6,069,136	
Net Assets Invested in Capital Assets,			
Net of Related Debt	4,290,024	3,958,262	
Restricted	227,040	269,523	
Unrestricted (Deficit)	(1,026,181)	(967,549)	
Total Net Assets	\$3,490,883	\$3,260,236	

Current and other assets increased as a result of the additional 5.5 mill property tax levy. As this receivable is deferred, there is a corresponding increase in current and other liabilities.

Long-term liabilities decreased significantly. During fiscal year 2005, there was an adjustment to the repayment schedule for the physical education equipment capital lease which resulted in a one-time reduction in the capital lease liability of \$68,382. In addition to the one-time reduction in the capital lease liability, the capital lease for the physical education equipment was paid off.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2005 UNAUDITED (Continued)

Table 2 reflects the change in net assets for fiscal year 2005 and fiscal year 2004.

Table 2 Change in Net Assets

	Governmental Activities			
	2005	2004		
Revenues				
Program Revenues				
Charges for Services	\$1,007,136	\$885,540		
Operating Grants, Contributions, and Interest	1,973,007	1,763,544		
Capital Grants and Contributions	74,295	89,400		
Total Program Revenues	3,054,438	2,738,484		
General Revenues				
Property Taxes	4,797,299	4,320,485		
Payment in Lieu of Taxes	41,959	0		
Grants and Entitlements not				
Restricted to Specific Programs	2,615,436	2,532,759		
Interest	23,294	23,326		
Miscellaneous	13,104	27,729		
Total General Revenues	7,491,092	6,904,299		
Total Revenues	10,545,530	9,642,783		
Expenses				
Instruction:				
Regular	4,212,823	3,941,664		
Special	831,831	934,761		
Vocational	576,600	724,751		
Support Services:				
Pupils	427,494	397,524		
Instructional Staff	386,785	352,160		
Board of Education	20,149	23,131		
Administration	840,109	769,948		
Fiscal	291,209	267,510		
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	621,126	734,150		
Pupil Transportation	416,217	432,597		
Central	11,576	7,441		
Non-instructional Services	1,237,941	1,089,239		
Extracurricular Activities	435,224	429,552		
Intergovernmental	3,280	1,080		
Interest and Fiscal Charges	2,519	8,814		
Total Expenses	10,314,883	10,114,322		
Increase (Decrease) in Net Assets	\$230,647	(\$471,539)		

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2005 UNAUDITED (Continued)

Program revenues accounted for 29 percent of total revenues received in fiscal year 2005. This is very comparable to the prior fiscal year. These revenues consisted of tuition and fees, charges for providing lunches to students, transportation services to other school districts, and grants for specified purposes. Operating grants, contributions, and interest increased almost 12 percent as a result of additional federal monies for Title I and IDEA-B. The majority of general revenues consisted of property taxes and unrestricted grants and entitlements. These amounts were also very comparable to the prior fiscal year, except for property taxes which reflect the increase from the property tax levy.

Costs for providing instruction were 54 percent of total expenses for the School District. The actual costs of providing instruction remained comparatively the same as fiscal year 2004. The percentage of total expenses for support services, non-instructional, and extracurricular activities also remained relatively constant at 29 percent, 12 percent, and 4 percent, respectively. Support services includes costs associated with providing support to pupils and teachers, along with expenses relating to the administration, maintenance of buildings, and transportation of students. Non-instructional expenses consist of food services and of costs associated with Delphos St. Johns parochial school.

Governmental Activities

Table 3 indicates the total cost of services and the net cost of services for governmental activities. The statement of activities reflects the cost of program services and the charges for services, grants, and contributions offsetting those services. The net cost of services identifies the cost of those services supported by tax revenues and unrestricted state entitlements.

Table 3
Governmental Activities

	Total Cost of Services		Net Cost of	of Services
	2005	2004	2005	2004
Instruction:				
Regular	\$4,212,823	\$3,941,664	\$3,594,303	\$3,313,566
Special	831,831	934,761	161,721	443,517
Vocational	576,600	724,751	508,022	648,267
Support Services:				
Pupils	427,494	397,524	325,504	295,258
Instructional Staff	386,785	352,160	386,785	352,160
Board of Education	20,149	23,131	20,149	23,131
Administration	840,109	769,948	840,109	769,948
Fiscal	291,209	267,510	291,209	267,510
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	621,126	734,150	523,946	682,075
Pupil Transportation	416,217	432,597	173,468	186,280
Central	11,576	7,441	11,576	(4,559)
Non-instructional Services	1,237,941	1,089,239	160,444	81,779
Extracurricular Activities	435,224	429,552	257,410	307,012
Intergovernmental	3,280	1,080	3,280	1,080
Interest and Fiscal Charges	2,519	8,814	2,519	8,814
Total Expenses	\$10,314,883	\$10,114,322	\$7,260,445	\$7,375,838

The School District funds 76 percent of total instruction costs, 85 percent of support services costs, and 59 percent of extracurricular activities costs with property taxes and unrestricted grants and entitlements. This is compared to fiscal year 2004 with 79 percent of total instruction costs, 86 percent of support services costs, and 71 percent of extracurricular activities costs. Once again, this reveals how comparable fiscal year 2005 was to fiscal year 2004.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2005 UNAUDITED (Continued)

Several of the School District's programs receive substantial support through program revenues. For instance, special instruction received 76 percent of its funding through operating grants restricted to special education purposes. The transportation support services program received 57 percent of its resources from operating grants. Non-instructional services received 87 percent of its resources through user charges from cafeteria sales, state and federal subsidies, and donated commodities for food services. The School District also receives a large amount of operating grants for the number of students receiving their education through the parochial school which is reported within non-instructional services. Lastly, almost 41 percent of extracurricular activities expenses are covered by program revenues. This is primarily music and athletic fees, ticket sales, and gate receipts.

GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

The School District's governmental funds are accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting. The School District's major governmental funds are the General Fund and the Permanent Improvement capital projects fund. Revenues increased in the General Fund in fiscal year 2005 principally from receiving additional property tax revenues from the 5.5 mill operating levy that was passed in November 2004. Fiscal year 2005 reflects property tax collections beginning on January 1, 2005, related to this tax levy. Property tax revenues decreased in the Permanent Improvement capital projects fund due to reducing the voted mills by .25 mills. The reduction in the mills was made because the large projects were completed and the School District could provide voters a tax break. Costs decreased in the General Fund.

The General Fund's deficit fund balance occurred from wages and related pension costs due at fiscal year end being greater than available resources. The costs associated with basic operations continue to be closely monitored. At June 30, 2005, the School District had equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents, in the amount of \$22,783, compared to \$192,246 at June 30, 2004.

BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

The School District prepares an annual budget of revenues and expenditures for all funds of the School District for use by School District officials and department heads and prepares such other budgetary documents as are required by State statute, including the annual appropriations resolution which is effective the first day of July. The School District's most significant budgeted fund is the General Fund. During fiscal year 2005, the School District amended its General Fund budget as needed.

For the General Fund, final budgeted revenues increased 16 percent from the original budget amounts. The increase was generated from the passage of the 5.5 mill operating levy Actual revenues were within one percent of final budgeted revenues. The final appropriations increased 16 percent from the original budget. The majority of this increase was from the increase in wages from the negotiated agreement passed in the summer of 2003. Actual expenditures were \$866 less than final appropriations.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2005 UNAUDITED (Continued)

CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets - The primary increase in capital assets is from improvements made to the middle school and high school buildings. The School District performed a physical inventory and deleted several pieces of computer equipment that had been removed from service. Note 10 provides additional details regarding capital assets.

Debt - The School District has capital leases for the acquisition of an administration building and physical education equipment, in the amount of \$96,000 and \$192,710, respectively. These leases were paid from the Public School Support special revenue fund and the Permanent Improvement capital projects fund. During fiscal year 2005, the School District received a one-time reduction in their capital lease payments for the physical education equipment lease. The lease was paid off within the fiscal year.

The School District's long-term obligations also include compensated absences. Note 16 provides additional details regarding these obligations.

CURRENT ISSUES

The voters approved a 5.5 mill five-year operating levy on the November 2004 ballot, collections began January 1, 2005. Anticipated revenue to be generated from this levy is approximately \$910,000 annually. As part of the incentive to pass the new levy, the School District offered to reduce the permanent improvement levy by .25 mills.

After a property tax levy failed during August 2004, the School District reduced the school suspension position from a .6 contract to a substitute position, eliminated the Bowling Green media service, homework club, weekly report cards at the junior high school level, bus services for football games from the high school to the stadium, and several supplemental contracts based on participation numbers. None of these reductions were recovered when the property tax levy was approved in November 2004.

The new formula for basic aid will decrease the School District's funding by \$36,302 which is a continual decline in State funding that has also been experienced in the prior two fiscal years. Although the fiscal year 2006 assessed valuation increased over fiscal year 2005, the average daily membership decreased by another twenty-three students for fiscal year 2006.

Starting January 1, 2006, the School District will offer a reduced health care plan. If employees wish to continue with the First Care + Plan, the employee must pay each month the difference in the premium between the First Care + Plan and the reduced plan.

The School District is unique in that the public school has a population of approximately 1,100 students and the parochial school within the School District has a population of approximately 1,000 students, also made up of resident students. The significant number of students attending the parochial school reduces the School District's basic aid funding and other funding, such as parity aid and building funds. Therefore, the School District receives less State aid than other school districts of similar size.

REQUEST FOR INFORMATION

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the School District's finances for all those interested in our School District's financial well being. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional information should be directed to Brad Rosterfer, Treasurer, 234 North Jefferson Street, Delphos, Ohio 45833.

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STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS JUNE 30, 2005

	Governmental Activities
Assets	
Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$344,283
Accounts Receivable	490
Intergovernmental Receivable	27,223
Prepaid Items	141,819
Inventory Held for Resale	17,586
Materials and Supplies Inventory	21,456
Property Taxes Receivable	5,384,093
Nondepreciable Capital Assets	126,685
Depreciable Capital Assets, Net	4,211,339
Total Assets	10,274,974
Liabilities	
Accrued Wages and Benefits Payable	860,258
Accounts Payable	61,470
Matured Compensated Absences Payable	75,564
Special Termination Benefits Payable	72,345
Intergovernmental Payable	202,963
Deferred Revenue	4,866,303
Long-Term Liabilities	
Due Within One Year	64,207
Due in More Than One Year	580,981
Total Liabilities	6,784,091
Net Assets	
Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt	4,290,024
Restricted for:	
Capital Projects	18,181
Other Purposes	208,859
Unrestricted (Deficit)	(1,026,181)
Total Net Assets	\$3,490,883

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2005

			Program Revenues	3	Net (Expense) Revenue and Change in Net Assets
	Expenses	Charges for Services	Operating Grants, Contributions, and Interest	Capital Grants and Contributions	Governmental Activities
Governmental Activities					
Instruction:					(\$===)
Regular	\$4,212,823	\$522,922	\$95,598		(\$3,594,303)
Special	831,831	36,972	633,138	4.540	(161,721)
Vocational	576,600		67,066	1,512	(508,022)
Support Services:	407.404	00.500	45 404		(225 504)
Pupils Instructional Staff	427,494	86,569	15,421		(325,504)
Board of Education	386,785 20,149				(386,785)
Administration	840,109				(20,149) (840,109)
Fiscal	291,209				(291,209)
Operation and Maintenance	231,203				(231,203)
of Plant	621,126	430	96,750		(523,946)
Pupil Transportation	416,217	100	238,348	4,401	(173,468)
Central	11,576		200,010	1, 101	(11,576)
Noninstructional Services	1,237,941	256,705	820,792		(160,444)
Extracurricular Activities	435,224	103,538	5,894	68,382	(257,410)
Intergovernmental	3,280	,	,	,	(3,280)
Interest and Fiscal Charges	2,519				(2,519)
Total Governmental Activities	\$10,314,883	\$1,007,136	\$1,973,007	\$74,295	(7,260,445)
		General Rever Property Taxes General Purpo Permanent Im Payment in Lie Grants and Ent Interest Miscellaneous	s Levied for: oses nprovements	d to Specific Progra -	4,502,682 294,617 41,959 2,615,436 23,294 13,104
		Total General I	Revenues	-	7,491,092
		Change in Net	Assets		230,647
		Net Assets at E	Beginning of Year - Re	stated (Note 3)	3,260,236
		Net Assets at E	End of Year	=	\$3,490,883

BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2005

	General	Permanent Improvement	Other Governmental	Total
Assets				
Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$14,129	\$25,430	\$296,070	\$335,629
Accounts Receivable	192		298	490
Intergovernmental Receivable	7,472		19,751	27,223
Interfund Receivable			1,000	1,000
Prepaid Items	136,418		5,401	141,819
Inventory Held for Resale	5,373		12,213	17,586
Materials and Supplies Inventory	16,390		5,066	21,456
Restricted Assets				
Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents	8,654			8,654
Property Taxes Receivable	5,094,781	289,312		5,384,093
Total Assets	\$5,283,409	\$314,742	\$339,799	\$5,937,950
Liabilities and Fund Balances Liabilities				
Accrued Wages and Benefits Payable	\$755,114		\$105,144	\$860,258
Accounts Payable	23,337	21,866	16,267	61,470
Matured Compensated Absences Payable	74,905	,	659	75,564
Intergovernmental Payable	164,872		38,091	202,963
Interfund Payable	1,000			1,000
Deferred Revenue	4,614,855	277,379	8,485	4,900,719
Total Liabilities	5,634,083	299,245	168,646	6,101,974
Fund Balances				
Reserved for Property Taxes	479,926	11,933		491,859
Reserved for Bus Purchases	8,654	,		8,654
Reserved for Encumbrances	4,260		38,770	43,030
Unreserved, Reported in				
General Fund (Deficit)	(843,514)			(843,514)
Special Revenue Funds			131,180	131,180
Capital Projects Funds		3,564	1,203	4,767
Total Fund Balances (Deficit)	(350,674)	15,497	171,153	(164,024)
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$5,283,409	\$314,742	\$339,799	\$5,937,950

RECONCILIATION OF TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUND BALANCES TO NET ASSETS OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES JUNE 30, 2005

Total Governmental Fund Balances	(\$164,024)
Amounts reported for governmental activities on the statement of net assets are different because of the following:	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.	4,338,024
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current period expenditures and, therefore, are deferred in the funds: Intergovernmental Receivable 8,485 Property Taxes Receivable 25,931	. 34,416
Some liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds: Special Termination Benefits Payable (72,345) Capital Leases Payable (48,000) Compensated Absences Payable (597,188)	(717,533)
Net Assets of Governmental Activities	\$3,490,883

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2005

Revenues		General	Permanent Improvement	Other Governmental	Total
Payment in Lieu of Taxes 41,959 33,157 1,372,649 4,466,718 Intergovernmental 3,060,912 33,157 1,372,649 4,466,718 Interest 23,294 9,861 33,155 Tuition and Fees 559,894 256,705 Extracurricular Activities 190,537 190,537 Giffs and Donations 2,612 11,700 107,226 121,538 Miscellaneous 13,104 11,700 107,226 121,538 Miscellaneous 8,206,170 340,185 1,936,978 10,483,333 Expenditures 2		·			
Intergovernmental 1,060,912 33,157 1,372,649 4,466,718 Interest 23,294 9,861 33,155 1,010 33,155 33,104 33,105			\$295,328		
Interest 23,294 9,861 33,155 559,894 559,894 559,894 559,894 6	-	•			
Tuition and Fees 559,894 550,894 Charges for Services 256,705 296,705 296,705 226,705 296,705 296,705 296,705 3190,537 131,040 190,537 131,040 191,100 193,100 193,100 193,100 193,100 193,100 193,100 193,100 193,100 193,100 193,100 193,100 193,100 193,100 193,100 193,100 193,100 193,100 193,100	9		33,157		
Charges for Services 256,705 256,705 Extracurrioular Activities 2,612 11,700 107,226 121,537 Glifs and Donations 2,612 11,700 107,226 121,538 Miscellaneous 8,206,170 340,185 1,936,978 10,483,333 Expenditures Current: Instruction: 8,206,170 340,185 1,936,978 10,483,333 Expenditures Current: Instruction: 8,206,170 340,185 1,936,978 10,483,333 Expenditures Current: Instruction 4,106,069 77,549 4,183,618 88,618 80,618 831,253 Yocational 565,818 6,535 572,353 Support Services: Pupils 389,433 831,253 Yocational 565,818 6,535 572,353 Support Services: Pupils 338,804 96,172 434,976 Instructional Staff 362,759 6,033 36,789 20,149 44,148 <td< td=""><td></td><td>•</td><td></td><td>9,861</td><td></td></td<>		•		9,861	
Extracurricular Activities 190,537 190,537 Gifts and Donations 2,612 11,700 107,226 121,538 Miscellaneous 13,104 11,700 107,226 121,538 Miscellaneous 8,206,170 340,185 1,936,978 10,483,333 Expenditures Current: University Regular 4,106,069 77,549 4,183,618 Special 441,820 389,433 831,253 Vocational 565,818 6,535 572,353 Special 441,820 389,433 831,253 Vocational 565,818 6,535 572,353 Support Services: Pupils 38,804 96,172 434,976 Instructional Staff 362,759 6,030 368,789 Board of Education 20,149 4,418 817,461 Administration 813,043 4,418 817,461 Fiscal Charaction 277,14		559,894		050 705	
Gifts and Donations Miscellaneous 2,612 13,104 11,700 107,226 121,538 13,104 Miscellaneous 13,104 11,700 107,226 121,538 13,104 Total Revenues 8,206,170 340,185 1,936,978 10,483,333 Expenditures Current: Instruction: Regular Special 441,820 389,433 831,253 Vocational 565,818 6,535 572,353 Support Services: Pupils 338,804 96,172 434,976 Instructional Staff 362,759 6,030 368,789 Board of Education 20,149 4,418 817,461 Fiscal Operation and Maintenance of Plant Pupil Transportation 31,043 4,418 817,461 Fiscal Operation and Maintenance of Plant Pupil Transportation 368,707 38,213 60,997 Pupil Transportation 368,707 10,609 11,576 Kontractivities 272,174 10,827 114,627 397,628 Extracurricular Activities 272,174 10,827 114,627 397,628 Extracurricular Activities 272,194 10,827 <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>•</td> <td></td>				•	
Miscellaneous		0.640	11 700	•	
Expenditures 8,206,170 340,185 1,936,978 10,483,333 Expenditures Current: Current: Current: Secondary (1,000) 77,549 4,183,618 Special 441,820 389,433 831,253 Yocational 565,818 6,535 572,353 Support Services: Pupils 338,804 96,172 434,976 Instructional Staff 362,759 6,030 368,789 20,149 Administructional Staff 362,759 6,030 368,789 10,149 20,149 Administration 813,043 4,418 817,461 Fiscal 20,149 Administration 813,043 4,418 817,461 Fiscal 277,144 6,903 4,559 288,606 909 70,744 38,213 608,997 909 10,609 91,576 80,997 909 11,576 80,997 90,997 10,609 91,576 80,997 90,997 90,902 11,576 80,997 90,902 12,500,025 12,230,025 12,230,025 12,230,025 12,230,025 12,230,025 12,230,025 <			11,700	107,226	
Expenditures Current: Instruction: Regular 4,106,069 77,549 4,183,618 Special 4441,820 389,433 831,253 Vocational 565,818 6,535 572,353 Support Services: Pupils 338,804 96,172 434,976 Instructional Staff 362,759 6,030 368,789 Board of Education 20,149 20,149 20,149 Administration 813,043 4,418 817,461 Fiscal 277,144 6,903 4,559 288,606 Coperation and Maintenance of Plant 570,784 38,213 608,997 Pupil Transportation 368,707 368,707 368,707 Central 967 10,609 11,576 Extracurricular Activities 272,174 10,827 114,627 397,628 Capital Outlay 269,803 8,778 278,581 Intergovernmental 3,280 3,280 2,250 Extracuricular Activities 48,000 123,328 1,000 172,328 Intergovernmental 2,519	Miscellarieous	13,104			13,104
Current: Instruction: Regular 4,106,069 77,549 4,183,618 Special 441,820 389,433 831,253 Vocational 56,5818 6,535 572,353 Support Services: Pupils 338,804 96,172 434,976 Instructional Staff 362,759 6,030 368,789 Board of Education 20,149 20,149 Administration 813,043 4,418 817,461 Fiscal 277,144 6,903 4,559 288,606 Operation and Maintenance of Plant 570,784 38,213 608,997 Pupil Transportation 368,707 388,707 388,707 Central 967 10,609 11,576 Noninstructional Services 272,174 10,827 114,627 397,628 Capital Outlay 269,803 8,778 278,581 Intergovermental 3280 3,280 3,280 Debt Service: 48,000 123,328 1,000 172,328 <t< td=""><td>Total Revenues</td><td>8,206,170</td><td>340,185</td><td>1,936,978</td><td>10,483,333</td></t<>	Total Revenues	8,206,170	340,185	1,936,978	10,483,333
Current: Instruction: Regular 4,106,069 77,549 4,183,618 Special 441,820 389,433 831,253 Vocational 56,5818 6,535 572,353 Support Services: Pupils 338,804 96,172 434,976 Instructional Staff 362,759 6,030 368,789 Board of Education 20,149 20,149 Administration 813,043 4,418 817,461 Fiscal 277,144 6,903 4,559 288,606 Operation and Maintenance of Plant 570,784 38,213 608,997 Pupil Transportation 368,707 388,707 388,707 Central 967 10,609 11,576 Noninstructional Services 272,174 10,827 114,627 397,628 Capital Outlay 269,803 8,778 278,581 Intergovermental 3280 3,280 3,280 Debt Service: 48,000 123,328 1,000 172,328 <t< td=""><td>Expenditures</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></t<>	Expenditures				
Regular Special 4,106,069 77,549 4,183,618 Special 389,433 831,253					
Special 441,820 389,433 831,253 Vocational 565,818 6,535 572,353 Support Services: Pupils 338,804 96,172 434,976 Instructional Staff 362,759 6,030 368,789 Board of Education 20,149 20,149 Administration 813,043 4,418 817,461 Fiscal 277,144 6,903 4,559 288,606 Operation and Maintenance of Plant 570,784 38,213 608,997 Pupil Transportation 368,707 368,707 368,707 Central 967 10,609 11,576 Noninstructional Services 272,174 10,827 114,627 397,628 Capital Outlay 269,803 8,778 278,581 Intergovernmental 3,280 3,280 280 Debt Service: Principal Retirement 48,000 123,328 1,000 172,328 Interest and Fiscal Charges 8,186,238 413,380 1,991,228 10,590,846	Instruction:				
Vocational 565,818 6,535 572,353 Support Services: 338,804 96,172 434,976 Instructional Staff 362,759 6,030 368,789 Board of Education 20,149 20,149 Administration 813,043 4,418 817,461 Fiscal 277,144 6,903 4,559 288,606 Operation and Maintenance of Plant 570,784 38,213 608,997 Pupil Transportation 368,707 368,707 368,707 Central 967 10,609 11,576 Noninstructional Services 1,230,025 1,230,025 Extracurricular Activities 272,174 10,827 114,627 397,628 Capital Outlay 269,803 8,778 278,581 Intergovernmental 3,280 3,280 3,280 Debt Service: Principal Retirement 48,000 123,328 1,000 172,328 Interest and Fiscal Charges 8,186,238 413,380 1,991,228 10,590,846 Excess of	Regular	4,106,069		77,549	4,183,618
Support Services: Pupils 338,804 96,172 434,976 Instructional Staff 362,759 6,030 368,788 Board of Education 20,149 20,149 Administration 813,043 4,418 817,461 Fiscal 277,144 6,903 4,559 288,606 Operation and Maintenance of Plant 570,784 38,213 608,997 Pupil Transportation 368,707 368,707 368,707 Central 967 10,609 11,576 Noninstructional Services 1,230,025 1,230,025 Extracurricular Activities 272,174 10,827 114,627 397,628 Capital Outlay 269,803 8,778 278,581 Intergovernmental 3,280 3,280 3,280 Debt Service: Principal Retirement 48,000 123,328 1,000 172,328 Interest and Fiscal Charges 8,186,238 413,380 1,991,228 10,590,846 Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures 19,932 (73,195)	Special	441,820		389,433	831,253
Pupils 338,804 96,172 434,976 Instructional Staff 362,759 6,030 368,789 Board of Education 20,149 20,149 Administration 813,043 4,418 817,461 Fiscal 277,144 6,903 4,559 288,606 Operation and Maintenance of Plant 570,784 38,213 608,997 Pupil Transportation 368,707 368,707 368,707 Central 967 10,609 11,576 Noninstructional Services 272,174 10,827 114,627 397,628 Extracurricular Activities 272,174 10,827 114,627 397,628 Capital Outlay 269,803 8,778 278,581 Intergovernmental 3,280 3,280 Debt Service: 9 25,19 2,519 Principal Retirement 48,000 123,328 1,000 172,328 Interest and Fiscal Charges 8,186,238 413,380 1,991,228 10,590,846 Excess of Revenues Over	Vocational	565,818		6,535	572,353
Instructional Staff 362,759 6,030 368,789 Board of Education 20,149 20,140 20	Support Services:				
Board of Education 20,149 4,418 20,149 Administration 813,043 4,418 817,461 Fiscal 277,144 6,903 4,559 288,606 Operation and Maintenance of Plant 570,784 38,213 608,997 Pupil Transportation 368,707 368,707 368,707 Central 967 10,609 11,576 Noninstructional Services 1,230,025 1,230,025 1,230,025 Extracurricular Activities 272,174 10,827 114,627 397,628 Intergovernmental 269,803 8,778 278,581 Intergovernmental 3,280 3,280 Debt Service: Principal Retirement 48,000 123,328 1,000 172,328 Interest and Fiscal Charges 2,519 2,519		338,804		96,172	434,976
Administration 813,043 4,418 817,461 Fiscal 277,144 6,903 4,559 288,606 Operation and Maintenance of Plant 570,784 38,213 608,997 Pupil Transportation 368,707 368,707 368,707 Central 967 10,609 11,576 Noninstructional Services 272,174 10,827 114,627 397,628 Extracurricular Activities 272,174 10,827 114,627 397,628 Capital Outlay 269,803 8,778 278,581 Intergovernmental 3,280 3,280 3,280 Debt Service: Principal Retirement 48,000 123,328 1,000 172,328 Interest and Fiscal Charges 2,519 2,519 2,519 Total Expenditures 8,186,238 413,380 1,991,228 10,590,846 Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures 19,932 (73,195) (54,250) (107,513) Other Financing Sources (Uses) 25,000 25,000 25,000 <t< td=""><td>Instructional Staff</td><td>•</td><td></td><td>6,030</td><td>•</td></t<>	Instructional Staff	•		6,030	•
Fiscal Operation and Maintenance of Plant Operation and Maintenance of Plant Pupil Transportation 277,144 6,903 4,559 38,213 608,997 368,707 369,800 311,576 369,800 311,230,025 378,581 378,280 32,800 32,8					
Operation and Maintenance of Plant Pupil Transportation 570,784 38,213 368,997 368,707 368,707 368,707 368,707 368,707 368,707 368,707 10,609 11,576 11,576 Noninstructional Services 1,230,025 1,230,025 1,230,025 1,230,025 1,230,025 1,230,025 1,230,025 1,230,025 1,230,025 1,230,025 1,230,025 1,230,025 1,230,025 1,230,025 1,230,025 1,230,025 1,230,025 1,230,025 1,230,025 1,230,025 1,230,025 1,230,025 2,281 1,230,025 1,230,025 2,281 2,281 2,280 3,280 3,280 3,280 3,280 3,280 <t< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>•</td><td>•</td></t<>				•	•
Pupil Transportation Central 368,707 Central 368,707 (central) 368,707 (central) 368,707 (central) 368,707 (central) 368,707 (central) 10,609 (central) 11,576 (central) 11,576 (central) 11,576 (central) 11,576 (central) 11,576 (central) 12,30,025 (central) 1,230,025 (central) 27,858 (central) 3,280 (central)		•	6,903		•
Central Noninstructional Services 967 10,609 11,576 1,230,025 11,576 1,230,025 1,230,025 1,230,025 1,230,025 1,230,025 1,230,025 1,230,025 1,230,025 1,230,025 1,230,025 1,230,025 1,230,025 1,230,025 1,230,025 1,230,025 1,230,025 1,230,025 1,230,025 2,876,581 2,878,581 2,878 2,878,581 2,878 2,878,581 2,878 2,878 3,280 2,023 1,23,282 1,000 17,232 2,519 2,519 2,519 2,519				38,213	
Noninstructional Services					
Extracurricular Activities 272,174 10,827 114,627 397,628 Capital Outlay 269,803 8,778 278,581 Intergovernmental 3,280 3,280 Debt Service: 70,000 123,328 1,000 172,328 Interest and Fiscal Charges 2,519 2,519 2,519 Total Expenditures 8,186,238 413,380 1,991,228 10,590,846 Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures 19,932 (73,195) (54,250) (107,513) Other Financing Sources (Uses) 25,000 25,000 25,000 Transfers Out (25,000) 25,000 (25,000) Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (25,000) 25,000 (25,000) Changes in Fund Balances (5,068) (73,195) (29,250) (107,513) Fund Balances (Deficit) at Beginning of Year - Restated (Note 3) (345,606) 88,692 200,403 (56,511)		967			•
Capital Outlay 269,803 8,778 278,581 Intergovernmental 3,280 3,280 3,280 Debt Service: Principal Retirement 48,000 123,328 1,000 172,328 Interest and Fiscal Charges 2,519 1,000 172,328 Interest and Fiscal Charges 1,991,228 10,590,846 Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures 19,932 (73,195) (54,250) (107,513) Other Financing Sources (Uses) 19,932 (73,195) (54,250) (107,513) Other Financing Sources (Uses) (25,000) 25,000 (25,000) Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (25,000) 25,000 (25,000) Changes in Fund Balances (5,068) (73,195) (29,250) (107,513) Fund Balances (Deficit) at Beginning of Year - Restated (Note 3) (345,606) 88,692 200,403 (56,511)		070.474	40.007		
Intergovernmental 3,280 3,280 Debt Service: Principal Retirement 48,000 123,328 1,000 172,328 1,519 2,51		272,174			•
Debt Service: Principal Retirement Interest and Fiscal Charges 48,000 2,519 123,328 2,519 1,000 172,328 2,519 Total Expenditures 8,186,238 413,380 1,991,228 10,590,846 Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures 19,932 (73,195) (54,250) (107,513) Other Financing Sources (Uses) 25,000 25,000 25,000 Transfers In Transfers Out (25,000) 25,000 (25,000) Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (25,000) 25,000 (25,000) Changes in Fund Balances (5,068) (73,195) (29,250) (107,513) Fund Balances (Deficit) at Beginning of Year - Restated (Note 3) (345,606) 88,692 200,403 (56,511)			269,803	•	
Principal Retirement Interest and Fiscal Charges 48,000 123,328 1,000 172,328 Interest and Fiscal Charges 8,186,238 413,380 1,991,228 10,590,846 Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures 19,932 (73,195) (54,250) (107,513) Other Financing Sources (Uses) 25,000 25,000 Transfers In Transfers Out (25,000) 25,000 (25,000) Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (25,000) 25,000 (25,000) Changes in Fund Balances (5,068) (73,195) (29,250) (107,513) Fund Balances (Deficit) at Beginning of Year - Restated (Note 3) (345,606) 88,692 200,403 (56,511)				3,280	3,280
Interest and Fiscal Charges 2,519 2,519 Total Expenditures 8,186,238 413,380 1,991,228 10,590,846 Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures 19,932 (73,195) (54,250) (107,513) Other Financing Sources (Uses) 25,000 25,000 25,000 Transfers Out (25,000) 25,000 (25,000) Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (25,000) 25,000 (25,000) Changes in Fund Balances (5,068) (73,195) (29,250) (107,513) Fund Balances (Deficit) at Beginning of Year - Restated (Note 3) (345,606) 88,692 200,403 (56,511)		48 000	122 222	1 000	172 228
Total Expenditures 8,186,238 413,380 1,991,228 10,590,846 Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures 19,932 (73,195) (54,250) (107,513) Other Financing Sources (Uses) 25,000 25,000 25,000 Transfers Out (25,000) 25,000 (25,000) Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (25,000) 25,000 (29,250) (107,513) Changes in Fund Balances (5,068) (73,195) (29,250) (107,513) Fund Balances (Deficit) at Beginning of Year - Restated (Note 3) (345,606) 88,692 200,403 (56,511)	•	46,000	•	1,000	•
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures 19,932 (73,195) (54,250) (107,513) Other Financing Sources (Uses) 25,000 25,000 25,000 Transfers Out (25,000) 25,000 (25,000) Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (25,000) 25,000 Changes in Fund Balances (5,068) (73,195) (29,250) (107,513) Fund Balances (Deficit) at Beginning of Year - Restated (Note 3) (345,606) 88,692 200,403 (56,511)	interest and Fiscal Charges		2,519		2,313
(Under) Expenditures 19,932 (73,195) (54,250) (107,513) Other Financing Sources (Uses) 25,000 25,000 Transfers In Transfers Out (25,000) 25,000 Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (25,000) 25,000 Changes in Fund Balances (5,068) (73,195) (29,250) (107,513) Fund Balances (Deficit) at Beginning of Year - Restated (Note 3) (345,606) 88,692 200,403 (56,511)	Total Expenditures	8,186,238	413,380	1,991,228	10,590,846
(Under) Expenditures 19,932 (73,195) (54,250) (107,513) Other Financing Sources (Uses) 25,000 25,000 Transfers In Transfers Out (25,000) 25,000 Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (25,000) 25,000 Changes in Fund Balances (5,068) (73,195) (29,250) (107,513) Fund Balances (Deficit) at Beginning of Year - Restated (Note 3) (345,606) 88,692 200,403 (56,511)	Excess of Revenues Over				
Transfers In Transfers Out (25,000) 25,000 (25,000) Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (25,000) 25,000 Changes in Fund Balances (5,068) (73,195) (29,250) (107,513) Fund Balances (Deficit) at Beginning of Year - Restated (Note 3) (345,606) 88,692 200,403 (56,511)	(Under) Expenditures	19,932	(73,195)	(54,250)	(107,513)
Transfers In Transfers Out (25,000) 25,000 (25,000) Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (25,000) 25,000 Changes in Fund Balances (5,068) (73,195) (29,250) (107,513) Fund Balances (Deficit) at Beginning of Year - Restated (Note 3) (345,606) 88,692 200,403 (56,511)	Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Transfers Out (25,000) (25,000) Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (25,000) 25,000 Changes in Fund Balances (5,068) (73,195) (29,250) (107,513) Fund Balances (Deficit) at Beginning of Year - Restated (Note 3) (345,606) 88,692 200,403 (56,511)				25.000	25.000
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (25,000) 25,000 Changes in Fund Balances (5,068) (73,195) (29,250) (107,513) Fund Balances (Deficit) at Beginning of Year - Restated (Note 3) (345,606) 88,692 200,403 (56,511)	Transfers Out	(25,000)		•	·
Changes in Fund Balances (5,068) (73,195) (29,250) (107,513) Fund Balances (Deficit) at Beginning of Year - Restated (Note 3) (345,606) 88,692 200,403 (56,511)					<u> </u>
Fund Balances (Deficit) at Beginning of Year - Restated (Note 3) (345,606) 88,692 200,403 (56,511)	Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(25,000)		25,000	
Beginning of Year - Restated (Note 3) (345,606) 88,692 200,403 (56,511)	Changes in Fund Balances	(5,068)	(73,195)	(29,250)	(107,513)
Beginning of Year - Restated (Note 3) (345,606) 88,692 200,403 (56,511)	Fund Balances (Deficit) at				
Fund Balances (Deficit) at End of Year (\$350.674) \$15.497 \$171.153 (\$164.024)		(345,606)	88,692	200,403	(56,511)
(+101,01)	Fund Balances (Deficit) at End of Year	(\$350,674)	\$15,497	\$171,153	(\$164,024)

RECONCILIATION OF STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2005

Changes in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds		(\$107,513)
Amounts reported for governmental activities on the statement of activities are different because of the following:		
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, on the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlay exceeded depreciation in the current year: Depreciable Capital Assets Depreciation	320,000 (210,511)	109,489
The cost of the capital assets is removed from the capital asset account on the statement of net assets when disposed of resulting in a loss on disposal of capital assets on the statement of activities.		(18,437)
Revenues on the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in governmental funds: Property Taxes Intergovernmental	(2,424) 7,939	5,515
Repayment of principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities on the statement of net assets.		
Repayment of Principal Reduction of Lease	172,328 68,382	240,710
Some expenses reported on the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds:		
Special Termination Benefits Payable Compensated Absences Payable	(27,886) 28,769	883
Change in Net Assets of Governmental Activities	=	\$230,647

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET (NON-GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL GENERAL FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2005

	D 1 4 14			Variance with Final Budget
	Budgeted A		Actual	Over
Payanua	Original	Final	Actual	(Under)
Revenues Property Taxes	\$3,802,036	\$4,542,036	\$4,409,323	(¢122 712)
, ,				(\$132,713)
Intergovernmental	2,671,964	3,018,964	3,060,912	41,948
Interest	35,000	20,000	23,714	3,714
Tuition and Fees	472,000	533,000	563,994	30,994
Gifts and Donations	40,000	17,000	18,612	1,612
Miscellaneous	35,000	37,500	39,918	2,418
Total Revenues	7,056,000	8,168,500	8,116,473	(52,027)
Expenditures				
Current:				
Instruction:				
Regular	3,157,289	4,233,306	3,883,943	349,363
Special	349,300	349,628	404,626	(54,998)
Vocational	294,618	293,743	337,246	(43,503)
Other	486,160	656,160	565,222	90,938
Support Services:	,	,	,	•
Pupils	306,755	308,015	348,703	(40,688)
Instructional Staff	233,198	343,198	367,546	(24,348)
Board of Education	20,780	20,780	20,197	583
Administration	916,279	703,053	802,040	(98,987)
Fiscal	277,000	277,000	276,718	282
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	503,550	508,950	555,539	(46,589)
Pupil Transportation	302,300	302,300	372,701	(70,401)
Central	1,000	1,000	732	268
Extracurricular Activities	208,500	208,500	269,554	(61,054)
Capital Outlay	20,000	20,000	20,000	(01,004)
Debt Service:	20,000	20,000	20,000	
	48,000	48,000	48,000	
Principal Retirement	46,000	46,000	46,000	
Total Expenditures	7,124,729	8,273,633	8,272,767	866
Excess of Revenues				
Under Expenditures	(68,729)	(105,133)	(156,294)	(51,161)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Advances In	45,000	67,000		(67,000)
Advances Out	(75,000)	(54,000)		54,000
Transfers Out	(57,000)	(25,000)	(25,000)	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(87,000)	(12,000)	(25,000)	(13,000)
Changes in Fund Balance	(155,729)	(117,133)	(181,294)	(64,161)
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year	132,554	132,554	132,554	
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated	58,580	58,580	58,580	
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$35,405	\$74,001	\$9,840	(\$64,161)

STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET ASSETS FIIDUCIARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2005

	Private Purpose Trust	Agency
Assets		
Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$8,123	\$75,630
Liabilities Accounts Payable Intergovernmental Payable		3,172 135
Due to Students		72,323
Total Liabilities	0	\$75,630
Net Assets Held in Trust for Students	\$8,123	

STATEMENT OF CHANGE IN FIDUCIARY NET ASSETS PRIVATE PURPOSE TRUST FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2005

Gifts and Donations	\$4,925
Deductions Noninstructional Services	5,808
Change in Net Assets	(883)
Net Assets at Beginning of Year	9,006
Net Assets at End of Year	\$8,123

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NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2005

1. DESCRIPTION OF THE SCHOOL DISTRICT AND REPORTING ENTITY

Delphos City School District (School District) is organized under Article VI, Sections 2 and 3 of the Constitution of the State of Ohio. The School District operates under a locally-elected Board form of government consisting of five members elected at-large for staggered four year terms. The School District provides educational services as authorized by state and federal guidelines.

The School District was established in 1862 with the consolidation of existing land areas and school districts. The School District serves an area of approximately seventy-six square miles. It is located in Allen and Van Wert Counties, and includes all of the City of Delphos and portions of Marion and Washington Townships. The School District is the 462nd largest in the State of Ohio (among 612 school districts) in terms of enrollment. It is staffed by fifty-five classified employees, seventy-six certified teaching personnel, and six administrative employees who provide services to 1,128 students and other community members. The School District currently operates four instructional buildings, two bus garages, and one administrative building.

A. Reporting Entity

A reporting entity is composed of the primary government, component units, and other organizations that are included to insure the financial statements are not misleading. The primary government of the School District consists of all funds, departments, boards, and agencies that are not legally separate from the School District. For Delphos City School District, this includes general operations, food service, and student related activities of the School District.

Component units are legally separate organizations for which the School District is financially accountable. The School District is financially accountable for an organization if the School District appoints a voting majority of the organization's governing board and (1) the School District is able to significantly influence the programs or services performed or provided by the organization; or (2) the School District is legally entitled to or can otherwise access the organization's resources; the School District is legally obligated or has otherwise assumed the responsibility to finance the deficits of, or provide financial support to, the organization; or the School District is obligated for the debt of the organization. Component units may also include organizations that are fiscally dependent on the School District in that the School District approves the budget, the issuance of debt, or the levying of taxes. As of June 30, 2005, there were no component units of the Delphos City School District.

The following activity is included within the reporting entity:

Parochial School - Within the School District boundaries, Delphos St. Johns School is operated through the Toledo Catholic Diocese. Current State legislation provides funding to the parochial school. The money is received and disbursed on behalf of the parochial school by the Treasurer of the School District, as directed by the parochial school. The activity is reflected in a special revenue fund of the School District for financial reporting purposes.

The School District participates in four jointly governed organizations, three insurance pools, and is associated with a related organization. These organizations are the West Central Ohio Regional Professional Development Center, West Central Ohio Special Education Regional Resource Center, Northwest Ohio Area Computer Services Cooperative, Vantage Joint Vocational School, Ohio School Plan, Allen County Schools Health Benefit Plan, Ohio School Boards Association Workers' Compensation Group Rating Plan, and the Delphos Community Public Library. These organizations are presented in Notes 20, 21, and 22 to the basic financial statements.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2005 (Continued)

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The basic financial statements of Delphos City School District have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The School District also applies Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) statements and interpretations issued on or before November 30, 1989, to its governmental activities provided they do not conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements. Following are the more significant of the School District's accounting policies.

A. Basis of Presentation

The School District's basic financial statements consist of government-wide financial statements, including a statement of net assets and a statement of activities, and fund financial statements which provide a more detailed level of financial information.

1. Government-Wide Financial Statements

The statement of net assets and the statement of activities display information about the School District as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the primary government, except for fiduciary funds.

The statement of net assets presents the financial condition of the governmental activities of the School District at fiscal year end. The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each program or function of the School District's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program, or department and, therefore, clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipient of the goods or services offered by the program and grants, contributions, and interest that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues which are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues of the School District, with certain limited exceptions. The comparison of direct expenses with program revenues identifies the extent to which each governmental function is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the School District.

2. Fund Financial Statements

During the fiscal year, the School District segregates transactions related to certain School District functions or activities in separate funds in order to aid financial management and to demonstrate legal compliance. Fund financial statements are designed to present financial information of the School District at this more detailed level. The focus of governmental fund financial statements is on major funds. Each major fund is presented in a separate column. Non-major funds are aggregated and presented in a single column. Fiduciary funds are reported by type.

B. Fund Accounting

The School District uses funds to maintain its financial records during the fiscal year. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. The funds of the School District are divided into two categories, governmental and fiduciary.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2005 (Continued)

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

1. Governmental Funds

Governmental funds are those through which most governmental functions of the School District are financed. Governmental fund reporting focuses on the sources, uses, and balances of current financial resources. Expendable assets are assigned to the various governmental funds according to the purposes for which they may or must be used. Current liabilities are assigned to the fund from which they will be paid. The difference between governmental fund assets and liabilities is reported as fund balance.

The School District's major funds are the General Fund and Permanent Improvement capital projects fund.

General Fund - The General Fund is used to account for all financial resources, except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The General Fund balance is available to the School District for any purpose provided it is expended or transferred according to the general laws of Ohio.

Permanent Improvement Fund - The Permanent Improvement capital projects fund accounts for the acquisition, construction, or improvement of capital facilities.

The other governmental funds of the School District account for grants and other resources whose use is restricted to a particular purpose.

2. Fiduciary Funds

Fiduciary fund reporting focuses on net assets and changes in net assets. The fiduciary fund category is split into four classifications: pension trust funds, investment trust funds, private purpose trust funds, and agency funds. Trust funds are used to account for assets held by the School District under a trust agreement for individuals, private organizations, or other governments and are not available to support the School District's own programs. The School District's private purpose trust fund accounts for programs that provide college scholarships to students after graduation. Agency funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations. The School District's agency funds account for various student-managed activities.

C. Measurement Focus

1. Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are prepared using a flow of economic resources measurement focus. All assets and all liabilities associated with the operation of the School District are included on the statement of net assets. The statement of activities presents increases (e.g., revenues) and decreases (e.g., expenses) in total net assets.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2005 (Continued)

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

2. Fund Financial Statements

All governmental funds are accounted for using a flow of current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities are generally included on the balance sheet. The statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances reflects the sources (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and uses (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) of current financial resources. This approach differs from the manner in which the governmental activities of the government-wide financial statements are prepared. Governmental fund financial statements, therefore, include a reconciliation with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide statements and the fund financial statements for governmental funds.

The private purpose trust fund is accounted for using a flow of economic resources measurement focus.

D. Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting determines when transactions are recorded in the financial records and reported on the financial statements. Government-wide financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Governmental funds use the modified accrual basis of accounting; fiduciary funds use the accrual basis of accounting. Differences in the accrual and modified accrual basis of accounting arise in the recognition of revenue, the recording of deferred revenue, and in the presentation of expenses versus expenditures.

1. Revenues - Exchange and Non-exchange Transactions

Revenue resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, is recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On the modified accrual basis, revenue is recorded in the fiscal year in which the resources are measurable and become available. Available means the resources will be collected within the current fiscal year or are expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current fiscal year. For the School District, available means expected to be received within sixty days of fiscal year end.

Non-exchange transactions, in which the School District receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include property taxes, grants, entitlements, and donations. On the accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from grants, entitlements, and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the fiscal year when the resources are required to be used or the fiscal year when use is first permitted; matching requirements, in which the School District must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose; and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the School District on a reimbursement basis. On the modified accrual basis, revenue from non-exchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized.

Under the modified accrual basis, the following revenue sources are considered both measurable and available at fiscal year end: property taxes available as an advance, grants, interest, tuition, student fees, and charges for services.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2005 (Continued)

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

2. Deferred Revenues

Deferred revenues arise when assets are recognized before revenue recognition criteria has been satisfied.

Property taxes for which there was an enforceable legal claim as of June 30, 2005, but which were levied to finance fiscal year 2006 operations, are recorded as deferred revenue. Grants and entitlements received before the eligibility requirements are met are also recorded as deferred revenue.

On governmental fund financial statements, receivables that will not be collected within the available period are reported as deferred revenue.

3. Expenses/Expenditures

On the accrual basis, expenses are recognized at the time they are incurred.

The measurement focus of governmental fund accounting is on decreases in net financial resources (expenditures) rather than expenses. Expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred, if measurable. Allocations of cost, such as depreciation and amortization, are not recognized in governmental funds.

E. Budgetary Process

All funds, except agency funds, are legally required to be budgeted and appropriated. The major documents prepared are the revised tax budget, the certificate of estimated resources, and the appropriations resolution, all of which are prepared on the budgetary basis of accounting. The revised tax budget demonstrates a need for existing or increased tax rates. The certificate of estimated resources establishes a limit on the amount the Board of Education may appropriate. The appropriations resolution is the Board's authorization to spend resources and sets annual limits on expenditures plus encumbrances at the level of control selected by the Board. The legal level of control selected by the Board is the object level for the General Fund and Permanent Improvement capital projects fund and the fund level for all other funds. Any budgetary modifications at this level may only be made by resolution of the Board of Education. Budgetary allocations at the function level within the General Fund and Permanent Improvement capital projects fund and the function and object level in all other funds are made by the Treasurer.

The certificate of estimated resources may be amended during the fiscal year if projected increases or decreases in revenue are identified by the Treasurer. The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts on the budgetary statements reflect the amounts on the certificate of estimated resources when the original appropriations were adopted. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts on the budgetary statements reflect the amounts on the amended certificate of estimated resources in effect at the time final appropriations were passed by the Board.

The appropriations resolution is subject to amendment throughout the fiscal year with the restriction that appropriations cannot exceed estimated resources. The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts reflect the first appropriations resolution for that fund that covered the entire fiscal year, including amounts automatically carried forward from prior fiscal years. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts represent the final appropriation amounts passed by the Board during the fiscal year.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2005 (Continued)

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

F. Cash and Investments

To improve cash management, cash received by the School District is pooled. Monies for all funds are maintained in this pool. Individual fund integrity is maintained through School District records. Interest in the pool is presented as "Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents".

Following Ohio statutes, the Board of Education has, by resolution, specified the funds to receive an allocation of interest earnings. Interest revenue credited to the General Fund during fiscal year 2005 was \$23,294, which includes \$9,153 assigned from other School District funds.

G. Prepaid Items

Payments made to vendors for services that will benefit periods beyond June 30, 2005, are recorded as prepaid items using the consumption method. A current asset for the prepaid amount is recorded at the time of purchase and an expenditure/expense is reported in the year in which services are consumed.

H. Inventory

Inventory is presented at cost on a first-in, first-out basis and is expended/expensed when used. Inventory consists of administrative supplies and donated and purchased food.

I. Restricted Assets

Assets are reported as restricted when limitations on their use change the nature or normal understanding of the availability of the asset. Such constraints are either externally imposed by creditors, contributors, grantors, laws of other governments, or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Restricted assets in the General Fund include unexpended revenues restricted for bus purchases.

J. Capital Assets

All of the School District's capital assets are general capital assets resulting from expenditures in the governmental funds. These assets are reported in the governmental activities column on the government-wide statement of net assets but are not reported on the fund financial statements.

All capital assets are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost) and updated for additions and reductions during the fiscal year. Donated capital assets are recorded at their fair market value on the date donated. The School District maintains a capitalization threshold of one thousand five hundred dollars. The School District does not have any infrastructure. Improvements are capitalized. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an asset's life are not capitalized.

All capital assets, except land, are depreciated. Improvements are depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2005 (Continued)

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Description	Useful Lives
Land Improvements	5 - 30 years
Buildings and Building Improvements	10 - 100 years
Improvements Other Than Buildings	30 years
Furniture, Fixtures, and Equipment	5 - 30 years
Vehicles	15 years

K. Interfund Assets/Liabilities

On fund financial statements, outstanding interfund loans are reported as "Interfund Receivables/Pavables". Interfund balances are eliminated on the statement of net assets.

L. Compensated Absences

Vacation benefits are accrued as a liability as the benefits are earned if the employees' rights to receive compensation are attributable to services already rendered and it is probable the School District will compensate the employees for the benefits through paid time off or some other means. The School District records a liability for accumulated unused vacation time when earned for all employees with more than one year of service.

Sick leave benefits are accrued as a liability using the vesting method. The liability includes the employees who are currently eligible to receive termination benefits and those the School District has identified as probable of receiving payment in the future. The amount is based on accumulated sick leave and employees' wage rates at fiscal year end, taking into consideration any limits specified in the School District's termination policy. The School District records a liability for accumulated unused sick leave for all employees after fifteen years of service with the School District.

The entire compensated absences liability is reported on the government-wide financial statements.

On governmental fund financial statements, compensated absences are recognized as a liability and expenditure to the extent payments come due each period upon the occurrence of employee resignations and retirements. These amounts are recorded in the account "Matured Compensated Absences Payable" in the fund from which the employees who have accumulated unpaid leave are paid.

M. Accrued Liabilities and Long-Term Obligations

All payables, accrued liabilities, and long-term obligations are reported on the government-wide financial statements.

In general, governmental fund payables and accrued liabilities that, once incurred, are paid in a timely manner and in full from current financial resources are reported as obligations of the funds. However, compensated absences and special termination benefits that are paid from governmental funds are reported as liabilities on the fund financial statements only to the extent that they are due for payment during the current year. Capital leases are recognized as liabilities on the fund financial statements when due.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2005 (Continued)

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

N. Net Assets

Net assets represent the difference between assets and liabilities. Net assets invested in capital assets, net of related debt consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balance of any borrowing used for the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets. Net assets are reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the School District or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, or laws or regulations of other governments. Net assets restricted for other purposes include resources restricted for food service operations, music and athletic programs, and federal and state grants restricted to expenditure for specified purposes. The School District's policy is to first apply restricted resources when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net assets are available. The amount of net assets restricted by enabling legislation was \$14,735 as of June 30, 2005.

O. Fund Balance Reserves

The School District reserves those portions of fund balance which are legally segregated for a specific future use or which do not represent available expendable resources and, therefore, are not available for appropriation or expenditure. Unreserved fund balance indicates that portion which is available for appropriation in future periods. Fund balance reserves have been established for property taxes, bus purchases, and encumbrances.

The reserve for property taxes represents taxes recognized as revenue under generally accepted accounting principles but not available for appropriation under State statute.

P. Interfund Transactions

Transfers within governmental activities are eliminated on the government-wide financial statements.

Exchange transactions between funds are reported as revenues in the seller funds and as expenditures/expenses in the purchaser funds. Flows of cash or goods from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds. Repayments from funds responsible for particular expenditures/expenses to the funds that initially paid for them are not presented on the financial statements.

Q. Extraordinary and Special Items

Extraordinary items are transactions or events that are both unusual in nature and infrequent in occurrence. Special items are transactions or events that are within the control of management and are either unusual in nature or infrequent in occurrence.

R. Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2005 (Continued)

3. CHANGE IN ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLES, CORRECTION OF AN ERROR, AND RESTATEMENT OF FUND BALANCE/NET ASSETS

A. Change in Accounting Principles

For fiscal year 2005, the School District has implemented Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 40, "Deposit and Investment Risk Disclosure" and GASB Technical Bulletin 2004-2, "Recognition of Pension and Other Post-employment Benefit Expenditures/Expenses and Liabilities by Cost-Sharing Employers". GASB Statement No. 40 establishes and modifies the disclosure requirements related to investment risks. The implementation of this statement did not result in any change to the School District's financial statements.

GASB Technical Bulletin 2004-2 clarifies the application of accounting for employers' contractually required contributions to cost-sharing multiple employer pension and other postemployment benefit (OPEB) plans.

B. Correction of an Error

The School District incorrectly recorded the depreciation on a number of capital assets in prior years. As a result of this correction, accumulated depreciation decreased by \$1,105,501.

C. Restatement of Fund Balance/Net Assets

The restatement due to the implementation of GASB Technical Bulletin 2004-2 had the following effect on fund balance as previously reported.

	0	Permanent	Other	Governmental
	General	<u>improvement</u>	Governmental	<u>Funds</u>
Fund Balance (Deficit) June 30, 2004	(\$303,287)	\$88,692	\$220,508	\$ 5,913
GASB Technical Bulletin 2004-2	(42,319)	0	(20,105)	(62,424)
Adjusted Fund Balance (Deficit) June 30, 2004	(\$345,606)	\$88,692	\$200,403	(\$56,511)

The restatement due to the correction of an error resulted in an increase in net assets of \$1,105,501, from \$2,154,735 to \$3,260,236.

4. ACCOUNTABILITY AND COMPLIANCE

A. Accountability

At June 30, 2005, the General Fund and the Food Service, Auxiliary Services, and Miscellaneous Federal special revenue funds had deficit fund balances of \$350,674, \$5,649, \$16,121, and \$122, respectively, resulting from adjustments for accrued liabilities.

B. Compliance

The General Fund miscellaneous account had expenditures plus encumbrances in excess of appropriations, in the amount of \$1,044. The Miscellaneous Federal special revenue fund had expenditures plus encumbrances in excess of appropriations, in the amount of \$122. The School District will monitor budgetary transactions to avoid this situation in the future.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2005 (Continued)

5. BUDGETARY BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

While the School District is reporting financial position, results of operations, and changes in fund balances on the basis of generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP), the budgetary basis as provided by law is based upon accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements, and encumbrances. The Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual for the General Fund is presented on the budgetary basis to provide a meaningful comparison of actual results with the budget. The major differences between the budget basis and the GAAP basis are as follows:

- 1. Revenues are recorded when received in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when susceptible to accrual (GAAP basis).
- 2. Expenditures are recorded when paid in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when the liability is incurred (GAAP basis).
- 3. Encumbrances are treated as expenditures (budget basis) rather than as a reservation of fund balance (GAAP basis).

The adjustments necessary to reconcile the GAAP and budgetary basis statements for the General Fund are as follows:

Changes in Fund Balance

Increase (Decrease) Due To:	
Revenue Accruals:	
Accrued FY 2004, Received in	
Cash FY 2005 388,	,958
Accrued FY 2005, Not Yet	
Received in Cash (479,	,075)
Expenditure Accruals:	
Accrued FY 2004, Paid in	
Cash FY 2005 (1,069)	9,293)
Accrued FY 2005, Not Yet	
Paid in Cash 1,010),713
Cash on Hand at Beginning of Year 1,1	12
Cash on Hand at End of Year (69	92)
Prepaid Items (8,8	392)
Inventory Held for Resale (69)	93)
Materials and Supplies Inventory (6,1	13)
Encumbrances Outstanding at	
Fiscal Year End (Budget Basis) (12,2	251)
Budget Basis (\$181	,294)

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2005 (Continued)

6. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

Monies held by the School District are classified by State statute into three categories.

Active monies are public monies determined to be necessary to meet current demands upon the School District treasury. Active monies must be maintained either as cash in the School District treasury, in commercial accounts payable or withdrawable on demand, including negotiable order of withdrawal (NOW) accounts, or in money market deposit accounts.

Inactive deposits are public deposits the Board of Education has identified as not required for use within the current five year period of designation of depositories. Inactive deposits must either be evidenced by certificates of deposit maturing not later than the end of the current period of designation of depositories, or by savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts.

Interim deposits are deposits of interim monies. Interim monies are those monies which are not needed for immediate use but which will be needed before the end of the current period of designation of depositories. Interim deposits must be evidenced by time certificates of deposit maturing not more than one year from the date of deposit or by savings or deposit accounts, including passbook accounts.

Interim monies held by the School District may be deposited or invested in the following securities:

- 1. United States Treasury bills, bonds, notes, or any other obligation or security issued by the United States Treasury, or any other obligation guaranteed as to principal and interest by the United States:
- Bonds, notes, debentures, or any other obligation or security issued by any federal government agency or instrumentality including, but not limited to, the Federal National Mortgage Association, Federal Home Loan Bank, Federal Farm Credit Bank, Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation, Government National Mortgage Association, and Student Loan Marketing Association. All federal agency securities shall be direct issuances of federal government agencies or instrumentalities;
- Written repurchase agreements in the securities listed above provided the market value of the securities subject to the repurchase agreement must exceed the principal value of the agreement by at least 2 percent and be marked to market daily, and the term of the agreement must not exceed thirty days;
- 4. Bonds and other obligations of the State of Ohio or Ohio local governments;
- 5. Time certificates of deposit or savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts;
- 6. No-load money market mutual funds consisting exclusively of obligations described in division (1) or (2) and repurchase agreements secured by such obligations, provided that investments in securities described in this division are made only through eligible institutions;
- 7. The State Treasurer's investment pool (STAR Ohio):
- 8. Certain bankers' acceptances and commercial paper notes for a period not to exceed one hundred eighty days in an amount not to exceed 25 percent of the interim monies available for investment at any one time; and
- 9. Under limited circumstances, corporate debt interests rated in either of the two highest rated classifications by at least two nationally recognized rating agencies.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2005 (Continued)

6. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

Investments in stripped principal or interest obligations, reverse repurchase agreements, and derivatives are prohibited. The issuance of taxable notes for the purpose of arbitrage, the use of leverage, and short selling are also prohibited. An investment must mature within five years from the date of purchase, unless matched to a specific obligation or debt of the School District, and must be purchased with the expectation that it will be held to maturity. Investments may only be made through specified dealers and institutions.

A. Deposits

Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that in the event of bank failure, the School District will not be able to recover deposits or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. At fiscal year end, \$802,794 of the School District's bank balance of \$902,794 was exposed to custodial credit risk because it was uninsured and collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent, but not in the School District's name.

The School District has no deposit policy for custodial credit risk beyond the requirements of State statute. Ohio law requires that deposits be either insured or be protected by eligible securities pledged to and deposited either with the School District or a qualified trustee by the financial institution as security for repayment, or by a collateral pool of eligible securities deposited with a qualified trustee and pledged to secure the repayment of all public monies deposited in the financial institution whose market value at all times shall be at least one hundred five percent of the deposits being secured.

7. RECEIVABLES

Receivables at June 30, 2005, consisted of accounts (student fees and billings for user charged services), intergovernmental, interfund, and property taxes. All receivables are considered collectible in full due to the ability to foreclose for the nonpayment of taxes, the stable condition of State programs, and the current year guarantee of federal funds. All receivables are expected to be collected within one year.

A summary of the principal items of intergovernmental receivables follows:

	Amount
Governmental Activities	
General Fund	\$ 7,472
Other Governmental Funds	
Athletics	28
Summer Intervention	11,238
Title I	5,179
Title II A	1,782
Miscellaneous Federal	1,524
Total Other Governmental Funds	19,751
Total Intergovernmental Receivables	\$27,223

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2005 (Continued)

8. PROPERTY TAXES

Property taxes are levied and assessed on a calendar year basis, while the School District's fiscal year runs from July through June. First-half tax distributions are received by the School District in the second half of the fiscal year. Second-half tax distributions are received in the first half of the following fiscal year.

Property taxes include amounts levied against all real property, public utility property, and tangible personal (used in business) property located in the School District. Real property tax revenues received in calendar year 2005 represent the collection of calendar year 2004 taxes. Real property taxes received in calendar year 2005 were levied after April 1, 2004, on the assessed values as of January 1, 2004, the lien date. Assessed values for real property taxes are established by State statute at 35 percent of appraised market value. Real property taxes are payable annually or semiannually. If paid annually, payment is due December 31; if paid semiannually, the first payment is due December 31, with the remainder payable by June 20. Under certain circumstances, State statute permits alternate payment dates to be established.

Public utility property tax revenues received in calendar year 2005 represent the collection of calendar year 2004 taxes. Public utility real and tangible personal property taxes received in calendar year 2005 became a lien on December 31, 2003, were levied after April 1, 2004, and are collected with real property taxes. Public utility real property is assessed at 35 percent of true value; public utility tangible personal property is currently assessed at varying percentages of true value.

Tangible personal property tax revenues received in calendar year 2005 (other than public utility property) represent the collection of calendar year 2005 taxes. Tangible personal property taxes received in calendar year 2005 were levied after April 1, 2004, on the value as of December 31, 2004. Tangible personal property is currently assessed at 25 percent of true value for capital assets and 23 percent for inventory. Amounts paid by multi-county taxpayers are due September 20. Single county taxpayers may pay annually or semiannually. If paid annually, payment is due April 30; if paid semiannually, the first payment is due April 30, with the remainder payable by September 20. Tangible personal property taxes paid by April 30 are usually received by the School District prior to June 30.

The School District receives property taxes from Allen and Van Wert Counties. The County Auditors periodically advance to the School District its portion of the taxes collected. Second-half real property tax payments collected by the counties by June 30, 2005, are available to finance fiscal year 2005 operations. The amount available to be advanced can vary based on the date the tax bills are sent.

Accrued property taxes receivable represents real property, public utility property, tangible personal property, and outstanding delinquent taxes which were measurable as of June 30, 2005, and for which there was an enforceable legal claim. The entire receivable for property taxes has been deferred since the current taxes were not levied to finance fiscal year 2005 operations and the collection of delinquent taxes during the available period is not subject to reasonable estimation. On the full accrual basis, collectible delinquent property taxes have been recorded as revenue while the remainder of the receivable was deferred.

The amount available as an advance at June 30, 2005, was \$479,926 in the General Fund and \$11,933 in the Permanent Improvement capital projects fund. The amount available as an advance at June 30, 2004, was \$384,854 in the General Fund and \$9,085 in the Permanent Improvement capital projects fund.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2005 (Continued)

8. PROPERTY TAXES (Continued)

The assessed values upon which fiscal year 2005 taxes were collected are:

	2004 Second- Half Collections		2005 First- Half Collections	
	Amount	Percent	Amount	Percent
Real	\$134,512,720	81.30%	\$135,809,560	80.11%
Public Utility	4,878,000	2.95	4,930,200	2.91
Tangible Personal	26,063,060	15.75	28,791,380	16.98
Total Assessed Value	\$165,453,780	100.00%	\$169,531,140	100.00%
Tax rate per \$1,000 of assessed valuation	\$42.15		\$47.40	

The School District passed a 5.5 mill five-year operating levy in November 2004. Collection on the levy began January 1, 2005.

9. PAYMENT IN LIEU OF TAXES

According to State law, the School District has entered into agreements with two property owners under which the School District has granted property tax abatements to those property owners. The property owners have agreed to make payments to the School District which reflect all or a portion of the property taxes which the property owners would have paid if their taxes had not been abated. The agreements are for a ten year period. The property owners' contractually promise to make these payments in lieu of taxes until the agreement expires.

10. CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2005, was as follows:

	Balance at 6/30/04	Additions	Reductions	Balance at 6/30/05
Governmental Activities				
Non-depreciable Capital Assets				
Land	\$ 126,685	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 126,685
Depreciable Capital Assets				
Land Improvements	1,220,823	147,498	0	1,368,321
Buildings and Building Improvements	3,801,913	144,423	0	3,946,336
Improvements Other Than Buildings	20,930	0	0	20,930
Furniture, Fixtures, and Equipment	1,744,832	28,079	(208, 327)	1,564,584
Vehicles	760,926	0	0	760,926
Total Depreciable Capital Assets	7,549,424	320,000	(208,327)	7,661,097
Less Accumulated Depreciation				
Land Improvements	(\$873,173)	(\$34,772)	\$ 0	(\$ 907,945)
Buildings and Building Improvements	(1,325,333)	(45,343)	0	(1,370,676)
Improvements Other Than Buildings	(1,396)	(698)	0	(2,094)
Furniture, Fixtures, and Equipment	(919,644)	(82,387)	189,890	(812,141)
Vehicles	(309,591)	(47,311)	0	(356,902)
Total Accumulated Depreciation	(3,429,137)	(210,511)	189,890	(3,449,758)
Depreciable Capital Assets, Net	4,120,287	109,489	(18,437)	4,211,339
Governmental Activities Capital Assets, Net	\$4,246,972	\$109,489	(\$ 18,437)	\$4,338,024

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2005 (Continued)

10. CAPITAL ASSETS (Continued)

Depreciation expense was charged to governmental functions as follows:

Instruction:	
Regular	\$ 65,958
Special	3,412
Vocational	2,889
Support Services:	
Pupils	3,416
Instructional Staff	10,339
Administration	15,319
Fiscal	2,167
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	15,834
Pupil Transportation	48,044
Noninstructional Services	5,918
Extracurricular Activities	37,215
Total Depreciation Expense	\$210,511

11. INTERFUND ASSETS/LIABILITIES

At June 30, 2005, other governmental funds had an interfund receivable, in the amount of \$1,000, from the General Fund. This amount will to be repaid within one year.

12. RISK MANAGEMENT

The School District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. During fiscal year 2005, the School District contracted for the following insurance coverage.

Coverage provided by Ohio School Plan is as follows:

General Liability

 Per Occurrence
 \$1,000,000

 Aggregate
 3,000,000

 Excess Liability
 1,000,000

Coverage provided by Selective Insurance Company of South Carolina is as follows:

Building and Contents \$24,936,976 Automobile Liability 2,000,000

Settled claims have not exceeded this commercial coverage in any of the past three years, and there has been no significant reduction in insurance coverage from the prior fiscal year.

For fiscal year 2005, the School District participated in the Ohio School Plan (Plan), an insurance purchasing pool. Each participant enters into an individual agreement with the Plan for insurance coverage and pays annual premiums to the Plan based on the types and limits of coverage and deductibles selected by the participant.

The School District participates in the Allen County Schools Health Benefit Plan (Plan), a public entity shared risk pool consisting of ten school districts and the Allen County Educational Service Center. The School District pays monthly premiums to the Plan for employee medical and dental benefits. The Plan is responsible for the management and operations of the program and the payment of claims. Upon withdrawal from the Plan, a participant is responsible for the payment of all Plan liabilities to its employees, dependents, and designated beneficiaries accruing as a result of withdrawal.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2005 (Continued)

12. RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

The School District participates in the Ohio School Boards Association Workers' Compensation Group Rating Plan (Plan), an insurance purchasing pool. The intent of the Plan is to achieve the benefit of a reduced premium for the School District by virtue of its grouping and representation with other participants in the Plan. The workers' compensation experience of the participants is calculated as one experience and a common premium rate is applied to all participants in the Plan. Each participant pays its workers' compensation premium to the State based on the rate for the Plan rather than its individual rate. Total savings are then calculated and each participant's individual performance is compared to the overall savings percentage of the Plan. A participant will then either receive money from or be required to contribute to the "Equity Pooling Fund". This "equity pooling" arrangement insures that each participant shares equally in the overall performance of the Plan. Participation in the Plan is limited to participants that can meet the Plan's selection criteria. The firm of Gates McDonald & Co., provides administrative, cost control, and actuarial services to the Plan.

13. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS

A. State Teachers Retirement System

The School District contributes to the State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio (STRS), a cost-sharing multiple employer public employee retirement system administered by the State Teachers Retirement Board. STRS provides retirement and disability benefits to members and death and survivor benefits to beneficiaries. Benefits are established by Chapter 3307 of the Ohio Revised Code. STRS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. The report may be obtained by writing to the State Teachers Retirement System, 275 East Broad Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215-3771.

New members have a choice of three retirement plans, a Defined Benefit Plan (DBP), a Defined Contribution Plan (DCP), and a Combined Plan (CP). The DBP offers an annual retirement allowance based on final average salary multiplied by a percentage that varies based on years of service or on an allowance based on member contributions and earned interest matched by STRS funds multiplied by an actuarially determined annuity factor. The DCP allows members to place all of their member contributions and employer contributions equal to 10.5 percent of earned compensation into an investment account. Investment decisions are made by the member. A member is eligible to receive a retirement benefit at age fifty and termination of employment. The CP offers features of both the DBP and DCP. In the CP, member contributions are invested by the member and employer contributions are used to fund the defined benefit payment at a reduced level from the regular DBP. DCP and CP members will transfer to the DBP during their fifth year of membership unless they permanently select the DCP or CP. Existing members with less than five years of service credit as of June 30, 2001, were given the option of making a one time irrevocable decision to transfer their account balance from the existing DBP into the DCP or CP. This option expired on December 31, 2001.

A DBP or CP member with five or more years of credited service who becomes disabled may qualify for a disability benefit. Eligible spouses and dependents of these active members who die before retirement may qualify for survivor benefits. Members in the DCP who become disabled are entitled only to their account balance. If a member dies before retirement benefits begin, the member's designated beneficiary is entitled to receive the member's account balance.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2005 (Continued)

13. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (Continued)

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2005, plan members were required to contribute 10 percent of their annual covered salary and the School District was required to contribute 14 percent; 13 percent was the portion used to fund pension obligations. Contribution rates are established by STRS, upon recommendation of its consulting actuary, not to exceed statutory maximum rates of 10 percent for members and 14 percent for employers.

The School District's required contribution for pension obligations for the DBP for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2005, 2004, and 2003 was \$564,600, \$541,179, and \$528,524 respectively; 84 percent has been contributed for fiscal year 2005 and 100 percent has been contributed for fiscal years 2004 and 2003. Contributions for the DCP and CP for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2005, were \$1,706 made by the School District and \$8,637 made by plan members.

B. School Employees Retirement System

The School District contributes to the School Employees Retirement System of Ohio (SERS), a cost-sharing multiple employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the School Employees Retirement Board. SERS provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to members and beneficiaries. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided by Chapter 3309 of the Ohio Revised Code. SERS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. The report may be obtained by writing to the School Employees Retirement System, 300 East Broad Street, Suite 100, Columbus, Ohio 43215-3746.

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2005, plan members were required to contribute 10 percent of their annual covered salary and the School District was required to contribute an actuarially determined rate. The rate for fiscal year 2005 was 14 percent of annual covered payroll; 10.57 percent was the portion used to fund pension obligations. For fiscal year 2004, 9.09 percent of annual covered salary was the potion used to fund pension obligations. The contribution requirements of plan members and employers are established and may be amended, up to statutory maximum amounts, by the SERS Retirement Board. The School District's required contribution for pension obligations to SERS for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2005, 2004, and 2003 was \$92,336, \$77,335, and \$66,694, respectively; 44 percent has been contributed for fiscal years 2004 and 2003.

C. Social Security System

Effective July 1, 1991, all employees not otherwise covered by the State Teachers Retirement System or the School Employees Retirement System have an option to choose Social Security or the State Teachers Retirement System/School Employees Retirement System. As of June 30, 2005, all of the Board of Education members have elected Social Security. The Board's liability is 6.2 percent of wages paid.

14. POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

The School District provides comprehensive health care benefits to retired teachers and their dependents through the State Teachers Retirement System (STRS), and to retired classified employees and their dependents through the School Employees Retirement System (SERS). Benefits include hospitalization, physicians' fees, prescription drugs, and reimbursement of monthly Medicare premiums. Benefit provisions and the obligation to contribute are established by the Systems based on authority granted by State statute. Both systems are funded on a pay-as-you-go basis.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2005 (Continued)

14. POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

STRS retirees who participated in the Defined Benefit Plan or the Combined Plan and their dependents are eligible for health care coverage. The State Teachers Retirement Board has statutory authority over how much, if any, of the health care costs will be absorbed by STRS. All benefit recipients pay a portion of the health care cost in the form of a monthly premium. By law, the cost of coverage paid from STRS funds shall be included in the employer contribution rate, currently 14 percent of covered payroll. For fiscal year 2005, the Board allocated employer contributions equal to 1 percent of covered payroll to the Health Care Stabilization Fund. For the School District, this amount was \$43,562.

STRS pays health care benefits from the Health Care Stabilization Fund. The balance in the Fund was \$3.1 billion at June 30, 2004 (the latest information available). For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2004, net health care costs paid by STRS were \$268,739,000, and STRS had 111,853 eligible benefit recipients.

For SERS, coverage is made available to service retirees with ten or more years of qualifying service credit, and to disability and survivor benefit recipients. All members must pay a portion of their health care premium. The portion is based on years of service, Medicare eligibility, and retirement status. A safety net is in place for retirees whose household income falls below federal poverty levels. Premiums are reduced by 50 percent for those who apply.

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2005, employer contributions to fund health care benefits were 3.43 percent of covered payroll, a decrease of 1.48 percent from fiscal year 2004. In addition, SERS levies a surcharge to fund health care benefits equal to 14 percent of the difference between a minimum pay and the member's pay, pro-rated for partial service credit. For fiscal year 2005, the minimum pay was established at \$27,400. However, the surcharge is capped at 2 percent of each employer's SERS salaries. For the School District, the amount to fund health care benefits, including the surcharge, was \$47,435 for fiscal year 2005.

The surcharge, added to the unallocated portion of the 14 percent employer contribution rate, provides for maintenance of the asset target level for the health care fund. The target level for the health care reserve is 150 percent of annual health care expenses. Expenses for health care at June 30, 2004 (the latest information available), were \$223,443,805, and the target level was \$335.2 million. At June 30, 2004, SERS had net assets available for payment of health care benefits of \$300.8 million. SERS has approximately 62,000 participants currently receiving health care benefits.

15. OTHER EMPLOYEE BENEFITS

A. Compensated Absences

The criteria for determining vacation and sick leave benefits is derived from negotiated agreements and State laws. Classified employees earn ten to twenty days of vacation per year, depending upon length of service. All two hundred sixty day administrative personnel earn twenty days of vacation per contract period. Accumulated unused vacation time is paid to classified employees and administrators upon termination of employment. Teachers do not earn vacation time.

Teachers, administrators, and classified employees earn sick leave at a rate of one and one-fourth days per month. Sick leave may be accumulated up to a maximum of two hundred thirty-five days for all personnel. Upon retirement, payment is made for 25 percent of their accrued, but unused sick leave credit to a maximum of forty-eight days for all employees.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2005 (Continued)

15. OTHER EMPLOYEE BENEFITS (Continued)

B. Health Care Benefits

The School District offers employee medical and dental benefits through the Allen County Schools Health Benefit Plan. The employees share the cost of the monthly premium with the Board. The premium varies with each employee depending on the terms of the union contract. The School District provides life insurance and accidental death and dismemberment insurance to most employees through CoreSource. The School District provides vision insurance through Vision Services Plan.

C. Special Termination Benefits

The School District provides a special termination benefit to eligible certified and classified employees. A full-time employee with ten years of service with the School District and with less than 30.99 years of experience who elects to retire after the close of the school year in which they initially become eligible for retirement under the pension eligibility criteria will be paid an amount equal to the sick leave severance.

16. LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

Changes in the School District's long-term obligations during fiscal year 2005 were as follows:

	Balance at 6/30/04	Additions	Reductions	Balance at 6/30/05	Amounts Due Within One Year
Governmental Activities					
General Long-Term Obligations					
Capital Leases 0 - 4.75%	\$288,710	\$ 0	\$240,710	\$ 48,000	\$48,000
Compensated Absences Payable	625,957	33,123	61,892	597,188	16,207
Total Governmental Activities			•	•	
Long-Term Obligations	\$914,667	\$33,123	\$302,602	\$645,188	\$64,207

Capital leases will be paid from the General Fund.

Compensated absences will be paid from the General Fund and the Food Service and Auxiliary Services special revenue funds.

The School District's overall debt margin was \$15,257,803 with an unvoted debt margin of \$169,531 at June 30, 2005.

17. CAPITALIZED LEASES - LESSEE DISCLOSURE

The School District has entered into capitalized leases for a building and physical education equipment. The leases meet the criteria of a capital lease as defined by Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 13, "Accounting for Leases", which defines a capital lease generally as one which transfers benefits and risks of ownership to the lessee. Capital lease payments are reflected as debt service expenditures on the statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for governmental funds. Assets, consisting of a building and parking lot, have been capitalized in the amount of \$180,000 and \$60,000, respectively. The capital lease for the physical education equipment was fully paid during fiscal year 2005. Principal payments in fiscal year 2005 were \$172,328. During fiscal year 2005, there was an adjustment to the repayment schedule for the physical education equipment capital lease which resulted in a one-time reduction in the capital lease liability of \$68,382.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2005 (Continued)

17. CAPITALIZED LEASES - LESSEE DISCLOSURE

	Governmental Activities
Property under Capital Lease	\$240,000
Less Accumulated Depreciation	(44,350)
Present Value of Net Minimum Lease Payments	\$195,650

Future long-term minimum lease payments required under the capital lease are \$48,000 in principal and no interest to be paid in fiscal year 2006.

18. SET ASIDES

The School District is required by State statute to annually set aside, in the General Fund, an amount based on a statutory formula for the purchase of textbooks and other instructional materials, and an equal amount for the acquisition and construction of capital improvements. Amounts not spent by the end of the fiscal year or offset by similarly restricted resources received during the fiscal year must be held in cash at fiscal year end. These amounts must be carried forward and used for the same purposes in future years.

The following cash basis information identifies the changes in the fund balance reserves for textbooks and capital improvements during fiscal year 2005.

0--:4-1

	Textbooks	Capitai Improvements
Balance June 30, 2004	(\$299,805)	\$0
Current Year Set AsideRequirement	157,920	157,920
Qualifying Expenditures	(169,819)	0
Current Year Offsets	0	(157,920)
Balance June 30, 2005	(\$311,704)	\$0

The School District had qualifying expenditures during the fiscal year that reduced the textbook setaside amount below zero. This amount may be used to reduce the set aside requirement of future fiscal years.

19. INTERFUND TRANSFERS

During fiscal year 2005, the General Fund made transfers to the other governmental funds, in the amount of \$25,000, to subsidize the food service program.

20. JOINTLY GOVERNED ORGANIZATIONS

A. West Central Ohio Regional Professional Development Center

The West Central Ohio Regional Professional Development Center (Center) is a jointly governed organization among the school districts located in Allen, Auglaize, Hancock, Hardin, Mercer, Paulding, Putnam, and Van Wert Counties. The organization was formed to establish an articulated regional structure for professional development in which school districts, the business community, higher education, and other groups cooperatively plan and implement effective professional development activities that are tied directly to school improvement, and in particular, to improvements in instructional programs.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2005 (Continued)

20. JOINTLY GOVERNED ORGANIZATIONS (Continued)

The Center is governed by a fifty-two member board made up of representatives from the participating school districts, the business community, and two institutions of higher learning. The degree of control exercised by any participating school district is limited to its representation on the Board. Financial information can be obtained from Sandy Knudson, Hancock County Educational Service Center, 7746 County Road 140, Findlay, Ohio 45840.

B. West Central Ohio Special Education Regional Resource Center

The West Central Ohio Special Education Regional Resource Center (SERRC) is a jointly governed organization formed to initiate, expand, and improve special education programs and services for children with disabilities and their parents. The SERRC is governed by a fifty-two member board consisting of the superintendent from the fifty participating school districts, one representative from a non-public school, and one representative from Wright State University. The degree of control exercised by any participating school district is limited to its representation on the Board. Financial information can be obtained from Krista Hart, Hardin County Educational Service Center, 1 Court House Square, Suite 50, Kenton, Ohio 43326-2385.

C. Northwest Ohio Area Computer Services Cooperative

The School District is a participant in the Northwest Ohio Area Computer Services Cooperative (NOACSC), which is a computer consortium. NOACSC is an association of educational entities within the boundaries of Allen, Hancock, Mercer, Paulding, Putnam, and Van Wert Counties, and the Cities of St. Marys and Wapakoneta. The organization was formed for the purpose of applying modern technology with the aid of computers and other electronic equipment to administrative and instructional functions among member educational entities. The governing board of NOACSC consists of two representatives from each county elected by majority vote of all charter member educational entities within each county. During fiscal year 2005, the School District paid \$10,609 to NOACSC for various services. Financial information can be obtained from Michael Wildermuth, who serves as Director, 645 South Main Street, Lima, Ohio 45804.

D. Vantage Joint Vocational School

The Vantage Joint Vocational School (JVS) is a distinct political subdivision of the State of Ohio which provides vocational education. The JVS operates under the direction of a Board consisting of one representative from each of the twelve participating school districts' Board of Education. The Board possesses its own budgeting and taxing authority. The degree of control exercised by the School District is limited to its representation on the Board. Financial information can be obtained from Lori Davis, who serves as Treasurer, 818 North Franklin Street, Van Wert, Ohio 45891-1304.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2005 (Continued)

21. INSURANCE POOLS

A. Ohio School Plan

The School District participates in the Ohio School Plan (Plan), an insurance purchasing pool established under Section 2744.081 of the Ohio Revised Code. The Plan is an unincorporated nonprofit association of its members which enables the participants to provide for a formalized joint insurance purchasing program for maintaining adequate insurance protection and provides risk management programs and other administrative services. The Plan's business and affairs are conducted by a fifteen member board consisting of superintendents, treasurers, the president of Harcum-Hyre Insurance Agency, Inc., and a member of the Hylant Group, Inc. The Hylant Group, Inc. is the Plan's administrator and is responsible for processing claims. Harcum-Hyre Insurance Agency serves as the sales and marketing representative which establishes agreements between the Plan and its members. Financial information can be obtained from Harcum-Hyre Insurance Agency, 246 East Sycamore Street, Columbus, Ohio 43206.

B. Allen County Schools Health Benefit Plan

The School District participates in the Allen County Schools Health Benefit Plan (Plan), a public entity shared risk pool consisting of the school districts within Allen County and the Allen County Educational Service Center. The Plan is organized as a Voluntary Employee Benefit Association under Section 501(c)(9) of the Internal Revenue Code and provides medical and dental benefits to the employees of the participating school districts. Each participating school district's superintendent is appointed to a Board of Directors which advises the Trustee, Allen County Educational Service Center, concerning aspects of the administration of the Plan.

Each school district decides which plans offered by the Board of Directors will be extended to its employees. Participation in the Plan is by written application subject to acceptance by the Board of Directors and payment of the monthly premiums. Financial information can be obtained from Don Smith, who serves as Chairman, 204 North Main Street, Lima, Ohio 45801.

C. Ohio School Boards Association Workers' Compensation Group Rating Plan

The School District participates in a group rating plan for workers' compensation as established under Section 4123.29 of the Ohio Revised Code. The Ohio School Boards Association Workers' Compensation Group Rating Plan (Plan) was established through the Ohio School Boards Association (OSBA) as an insurance purchasing pool.

The Plan's business and affairs are conducted by a three member Board of Directors consisting of the President, the President-Elect, and the Immediate Past President of the OSBA. The Executive Director of the OSBA, or his designee, serves as coordinator of the Plan. Each year, the participants pay an enrollment fee to the Plan to cover the costs of administering the program.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2005 (Continued)

22. RELATED ORGANIZATION

The Delphos Community Public Library is a distinct political subdivision of the State of Ohio created under Chapter 3375 of the Ohio Revised Code. The Library is governed by a Board of Trustees appointed by the Delphos City School District Board of Education. The Board of trustees possesses its own contracting and budgeting authority, hires and fires personnel, and does not depend on the School District for operational subsidies. Although the School District serves as the taxing authority, its role is limited to a ministerial function. The determination to request approval of a tax, the rate, and the purpose are discretionary decisions made solely by the Board of Trustees. In May, 2003, a five year .6 mill levy was passed for operational purposes. Collection of the property tax began in calendar year 2004. Financial information can be obtained from the Delphos Community Public Library, Janet Bonifas, Clerk/Treasurer, 309 West Second Street, Delphos, Ohio 45833.

23. CONTINGENCIES

A. Grants

The School District received financial assistance from federal and state agencies in the form of grants. The expenditure of funds received under these programs generally requires compliance with terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements and is subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims resulting from such audits could become a liability of the General Fund or other applicable funds. However, in the opinion of management, any such disallowed claims will not have a material adverse effect on the overall financial position of the School District at June 30, 2005.

B. Litigation

There are currently no matters in litigation with the School District as defendant.

SCHEDULE OF FEDERAL AWARDS EXPENDITURES FOR YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2005

Pass Federal Grantor/ Through Federal Non-Cash **Pass Through Grantor Entity CFDA** Non-Cash **Program Title** Number Number Receipts Disbursements Disbursements Receipts **U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE** (Passed through Ohio Department of Education) **Nutrition Cluster:** Food Distribution Program N/A 10.550 \$50,331 \$50,331 National School Lunch Program 043885-LLP4-2004 10.555 24,458 24,458 National School Lunch Program 043885-LLP4-2005 10.555 97,868 97,868 Total National School Lunch 122,326 122,326 Total U.S. Department of Agriculture - Nutrition Cluster 122,326 50,331 122,326 50,331 **U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION** (Passed through Ohio Department of Education) Title I, Part A, IASA 043885-C1-S1 2004 84.010 11,613 21,181 Title I, Part A, IASA 043885-C1-S1 2005 84.010 136,240 106,706 Total Title I 147,853 127,887 Title VI-B, Special Education Grants to States 043885 6B-SF 2004 84.027 5,408 (9)Title VI-B, Special Education Grants to States 043885 6B-SF 2005 84.027 322,305 327,182 Total Title VI-B 327,173 327,713 043885 C2-S1 2003 84.298 15 043885 C2-S1 2004 84.298 (143)717 Title VI, Innovative Education Program Strategies 043885 C2-S1 2005 84.298 8,717 7,336 Total Title VI 8,574 8,068 043885 DR-S1 2004 1,971 **Drug Free Grant** 84.186 1,395 Drug Free Grant 043885 DR-S1 2005 84.186 7,628 6,288 Total Drug Free Grant 9,023 8,259 Technology Literacy 043885-TJS12004 84.318 (188)597 Technology Literacy 043885-TJS12005 84.318 2,650 1,620 Total Technology Literacy 2,462 2,217 Improving Teacher Quality 043885 TRS1 2004 84.367 4,436 043885 TRS1 2005 Improving Teacher Quality 84.367 37,254 34,389 **Total Improving Teacher Quality** 37,254 38,825 Total U.S. Department of Education 532,339 512,969 **Total Federal Assistance** \$654,665 \$50,331 \$635,295 \$50,331

See accompanying notes to the schedule of federal awards expenditures.

NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF FEDERAL AWARDS EXPENDITURES JUNE 30, 2005

NOTE A -- SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accompanying Schedule of Federal Awards Expenditures (the Schedule) summarizes activity of the Government's federal award programs. The schedule has been prepared on the cash basis of accounting.

NOTE B -- CHILD NUTRITION CLUSTER

Program regulations do not require the Government to maintain separate inventory records for purchased food and food received from the U.S. Department of Agriculture. This non-monetary assistance (expenditures) is reported in the Schedule at the fair market value of the commodities received.

Cash receipts from the U.S. Department of Agriculture are commingled with State grants. It is assumed federal monies are expended first.

NOTE C -- PROGRAM YEAR TRANSFERS

The negative receipt recorded on the schedule for CFDA #84.027, CFDA #84.298 and CFDA #84.318 represents a transfer between the 2004 and 2005 program years within the same CFDA #. These transfers are recorded as a negative receipt in the transferring fund/special cost center and a positive receipt in the receiving fund/special cost center.

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INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS REQUIRED BY GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Delphos City School District Allen County 234 North Jefferson Street Delphos, Ohio 45833

To the Board of Education:

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Delphos City School District (the District) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2005, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated December 1, 2005 wherein we noted that the District has implemented Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 40, "Deposits and Investment Risk Disclosure and GASB Technical Bulletin 2004-2. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in the Comptroller General of the United States' Government Auditing Standards.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting to determine our auditing procedures in order to express our opinions on the financial statements and not to opine on the internal control over financial reporting. Our consideration of the internal control would not necessarily disclose all matters in the internal control over financial reporting that might be material weaknesses. A material weakness is a reportable condition in which the design or operation of one or more of the internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that misstatements caused by error or fraud in amounts material to the financial statements we audited may occur and not be timely detected by employees when performing their assigned functions. We noted no matters involving the internal control over financial reporting and its operation that we consider material weaknesses. In a separate letter to the District's management dated December 1, 2005, we reported other matters involving internal control over financial reporting we did not deem reportable conditions.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of reasonably assuring whether the District's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we tested its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could directly and materially affect the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters we must report under *Government Auditing Standards*. In a separate letter to the District's management dated December 1, 2005, we reported other matters related to noncompliance we deemed immaterial.

One First National Plaza / 130 W. Second St. / Suite 2040 / Dayton, OH 45402 Telephone: (937) 285-6677 (800) 443-9274 Fax: (937) 285-6688

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Delphos City School District Allen County Independent Accountants' Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Required by *Government Auditing Standards* Page 2

We intend this report solely for the information and use of the audit committee, management, Board of Education, federal awarding agencies, and pass-through entities. It is not intended for anyone other than these specified parties.

Betty Montgomery

Butty Montgomery

Auditor of State

December 1, 2005



INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH REQUIREMENTS APPLICABLE TO MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAMS AND INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE IN ACCORDANCE WITH OMB CIRCULAR A-133

Delphos City School District Allen County 234 North Jefferson Street Delphos, Ohio 45833

Compliance

We have audited the compliance of Delphos City School District (the District) with the types of compliance requirements described in the *U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Circular A-133, Compliance Supplement* that apply to each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2005. The summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings identifies the District's major federal programs. The District's management is responsible for complying with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to each major federal program. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the District's compliance based on our audit.

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. Those standards and OMB Circular A-133 require that we plan and perform the audit to reasonably assure whether noncompliance occurred with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could directly and materially affect a major federal program. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the District's compliance with those requirements and performing other procedures we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our audit does not provide a legal determination on the District's compliance with those requirements.

In our opinion, the District complied, in all material respects, with the requirements referred to above that apply to each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2005. In a separate letter to the District's management dated December 1, 2005, we reported another matter related to federal noncompliance not requiring inclusion in this report.

Internal Control Over Compliance

The District's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to federal programs. In planning and performing our audit, we considered the District's internal control over compliance with requirements that could directly and materially affect a major federal program to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on compliance and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with OMB Circular A-133.

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Allen County
Independent Accountants' Report on Compliance with Requirements
Applicable to Each Major Federal Program and Internal Control Over Compliance
In Accordance with OMB Circular A-133
Page 2

Our consideration of the internal control over compliance would not necessarily disclose all matters in the internal control that might be material weaknesses. A material weakness is a reportable condition in which the design or operation of one or more of the internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that noncompliance with applicable requirements of laws, regulations, contracts and grants caused by error or fraud that would be material in relation to a major federal program being audited may occur and not be timely detected by employees when performing their assigned functions. We noted no matters involving the internal control over compliance and its operation that we consider to be material weaknesses.

We intend this report solely for the information and use of the audit committee, management, Board of Education, federal awarding agencies, and pass-through entities. It is not intended for anyone other than these specified parties.

Betty Montgomery Auditor of State

Butty Montgomery

December 1, 2005

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS OMB CIRCULAR A -133 .505 JUNE 30, 2005

1. SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

		•
(d)(1)(i)	Type of Financial Statement Opinion	Unqualified
(d)(1)(ii)	Were there any material control weakness conditions reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
(d)(1)(ii)	Were there any other reportable control weakness conditions reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
(d)(1)(iii)	Was there any reported material non- compliance at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
(d)(1)(iv)	Were there any material internal control weakness conditions reported for major federal programs?	No
(d)(1)(iv)	Were there any other reportable internal control weakness conditions reported for major federal programs?	No
(d)(1)(v)	Type of Major Programs' Compliance Opinion	Unqualified
(d)(1)(vi)	Are there any reportable findings under · .510?	No
(d)(1)(vii)	Major Programs (list):	CFDA #'s 10.550 & 10.555: Nutrition Cluster CFDA # 84.027: Title VI-B
(d)(1)(viii)	Dollar Threshold: Type A\B Programs	Type A: > \$ 300,000 Type B: all others
(d)(1)(ix)	Low Risk Auditee?	No

2. FINDINGS RELATED TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS

None

3. FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR FEDERAL AWARDS

None



88 East Broad Street P.O. Box 1140 Columbus, Ohio 43216-1140

Telephone 614-466-4514 800-282-0370

Facsimile 614-466-4490

DELPHOS CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT ALLEN COUNTY

CLERK'S CERTIFICATION

This is a true and correct copy of the report which is required to be filed in the Office of the Auditor of State pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in Columbus, Ohio.

CLERK OF THE BUREAU

Susan Babbitt

CERTIFIED DECEMBER 27, 2005