AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2004 AND 2003



Auditor of State Betty Montgomery

Board of Trustees Jackson Township, Wyandot County 14130 State Highway 37 Forest, Ohio 45843

We have reviewed the *Independent Auditor's Report* of Jackson Township, Wyandot County, prepared by E.S. Evans and Company, for the audit period January 1, 2003 through December 31, 2004. Based upon this review, we have accepted these reports in lieu of the audit required by Section 117.11, Revised Code. The Auditor of State did not audit the accompanying financial statements and, accordingly, we are unable to express, and do not express an opinion on them.

The financial statements in the attached report are presented in accordance with a regulatory basis of accounting prescribed or permitted by the Auditor of State. Due to a February 2, 2005 interpretation from the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants (AICPA), modifications were required to the *Independent Auditor's Report* on your financial statements. While the Auditor of State does not legally require your government to prepare financial statements pursuant to Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP), the AICPA interpretation requires auditors to formally acknowledge that you did not prepare your financial statements in accordance with GAAP. The attached report includes an opinion relating to GAAP presentation and measurement requirements, but does not imply the statements are misstated under the non-GAAP regulatory basis. The *Independent Auditor's Report* also includes an opinion on the financial statements using the regulatory format the Auditor of State permits.

Our review was made in reference to the applicable sections of legislative criteria, as reflected by the Ohio Constitution, and the Revised Code, policies, procedures and guidelines of the Auditor of State, regulations and grant requirements. Jackson Township, Wyandot County is responsible for compliance with these laws and regulations.

Betty Montgomery

BETTY MONTGOMERY Auditor of State

December 9, 2005

88 E. Broad St. / P.O. Box 1140 / Columbus, OH 43216-1140 Telephone: (614) 466-4514 (800) 282-0370 Fax: (614) 466-4490 www.auditor.state.oh.us This page was intentionally left blank.

TABLE OF CONTENTS

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT	- PAGE 1
COMBINED STATEMENT OF CASH RECEIPTS, CASH DISBURSEMENTS, AND CHANGES IN FUND CASH BALANCES – ALL GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES – FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2004	3
COMBINED STATEMENT OF CASH RECEIPTS, CASH DISBURSEMENTS, AND CHANGES IN FUND CASH BALANCES – ALL GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES – FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2003	4
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	5
REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS REQUIRED BY <u>GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS</u>	13
SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS	15

---00000----

This page was intentionally left blank.



E.S. Evans and Company

Certified Public Accountants and Consultants

205 West Elm Street • Lima, Ohio 45801 • Phone: (419) 223-3075 P.O. Box 298 • Lima, Ohio 45802 • Fax: (419) 222-8507 • E-mail: askus@esevans.com

Robert E. Wendel, CPA . Dan F. Clifford, CPA . E.S. Evans, CPA, PFS (1930-1999)

August 31, 2005

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Jackson Township Wyandot County, Ohio

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of Jackson Township, Wyandot County, (the Township) as of and for the years ended December 31, 2004 and 2003. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Township's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in <u>Government Auditing</u> <u>Standards</u> issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

As described more fully in Note 1, the Township has prepared these financial statements using accounting practices the Auditor of State prescribes or permits. These practices differ from accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP). Although we cannot reasonably determine the effects on the financial statements of the variances between these regulatory accounting practices and GAAP, we presume they are material.

Revisions to GAAP would require the Township to reformat its financial statement presentation and make other changes effective for the year ended December 31, 2004. Instead of the combined funds the accompanying financial statements present for 2004 (and 2003), the revisions require presenting entity wide statements and also to present its larger (i.e. major) funds separately for 2004. While the Township does not follow GAAP, generally accepted auditing standards require us to include the following paragraph if the statements do not substantially conform to the new GAAP presentation requirements. The Auditor of State permits, but does not require governments to reformat their statements. The Township has elected not to reformat its statements. Since the Township does not use GAAP to measure financial statement amounts, the following paragraph does not imply the amounts reported are materially misstated under the accounting basis the Auditor of State permits. Our opinion on the fair presentation of the amounts reported pursuant to its non-GAAP basis is in the second following paragraph. Jackson Township Wyandot County, Ohio August 31, 2005 Page 2

In our opinion, because of the effects of the matter discussed in the preceding two paragraphs, the financial statements referred to above for the year ended December 31, 2004 do not present fairly, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the financial position of the Township as of December 31, 2004, or their changes in financial position for the year then ended.

Also, in our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the combined fund cash balances and reserves for encumbrances of the Township as of December 31, 2004 and 2003, and its combined cash receipts and disbursements for the years then ended on the accounting basis Note 1 describes.

The aforementioned revision to generally accepted accounting principles also requires the Township to include Management's Discussion and Analysis for the year ended December 31, 2004. The Township has not presented Management's Discussion and Analysis, which accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America has determined is necessary to supplement, although not required to be part of, the financial statements.

In accordance with <u>Government Auditing Standards</u>, we have also issued our report dated August 31, 2005, on our consideration of the Township's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. While we did not opine on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance, that report describes the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance, and the results of that testing. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with <u>Government Auditing Standards</u>. You should read it in conjunction with this report in assessing the results of our audit.

EX Sur and lappang

COMBINED STATEMENT OF CASH RECEIPTS, CASH DISBURSEMENTS, AND CHANGES IN FUND CASH BALANCES - ALL GOVERNMENTAL <u>FUND TYPES</u>

For the Year Ended December 31, 2004

	_	Governmental Fund Types						Totals
	-	Special Capital			-	(Memorandum		
	-	General	-	Revenue	-	Projects	-	Only)
Cash Receipts:	¢	12 200	¢	6 070	¢		r	10 569
Local Taxes Licenses, Permits, and Fees	\$	13,289 280	Ф	6,279 1,500	Ф	-	\$	19,568 1,780
Intergovernmental Revenues		57,043		78,593		-		135,636
Interest Revenues		377		312		-		689
Miscellaneous	_	-	_	1,375	_	-	_	1,375
Total Cash Receipts	-	70,989	-	88,059	-	-	-	159,048
Cash Disbursements:								
Current - General Government		20.967						20.967
Public Safety		30,867 12,070		-		-		30,867 12,070
Public Works		-		68,287		-		68,287
Health		1,315		1,840		-		3,155
Capital Outlay	-	-	_	-	_	-	-	-
Total Cash Disbursements	-	44,252	-	70,127	-	-	-	114,379
Total Cash Receipts Over/(Under)								
Cash Disbursements		26,737		17,932		-		44,669
Other Financing Receipts:								
Other Financing Sources	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Excess of Cash Receipts and Other								
Financing Sources Over/(Under)								
Cash Disbursements		26,737		17,932		-		44,669
Fund Cash Balance - January 1, 2004	-	29,393	-	50,915	_	-	_	80,308
Fund Cash Balance - December 31, 2004	\$	56,130	\$	68,847	\$	-	\$	124,977
Reserve for Encumbrances, Dec. 31, 2004	\$	3,512	\$	1,102	\$	-	\$	4,614

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

_

COMBINED STATEMENT OF CASH RECEIPTS, CASH DISBURSEMENTS, AND CHANGES IN FUND CASH BALANCES - ALL GOVERNMENTAL <u>FUND TYPES</u>

For the Year Ended December 31, 2003

	Governmental Fund Types						Totals
	-	Special Capital				-	(Memorandum
	_	General	Revenue		Projects		Only)
Cash Receipts:	•		.	•		•	10.000
Local Taxes	\$	12,941 \$		\$	-	\$	19,086
Licenses, Permits, and Fees Intergovernmental Revenues		305 17,597	1,900 65,013		- 19,212		2,205 101,822
Interest Revenues		122	106		-		228
Miscellaneous		-	450		-		450
Total Cash Receipts	_	30,965	73,614	- ·	19,212	- ·	123,791
Cash Disbursements:							
Current -							
General Government		34,384	-		-		34,384
Public Safety Public Works		9,900	- 47,218		-		9,900 47,218
Health		3,342	1,989		-		5,331
Capital Outlay		625	10,300		19,212		30,137
Total Cash Disbursements	_	48,251	59,507		19,212		126,970
Total Cash Receipts Over/(Under)							
Cash Disbursements		(17,286)	14,107		-		(3,179)
Other Financing Receipts:							
Other Financing Sources	_	3,062			-		3,062
Excess of Cash Receipts and Other							
Financing Sources Over/(Under)							
Cash Disbursements		(14,224)	14,107		-		(117)
Fund Cash Balance - January 1, 2003	_	43,617	36,808		-	. .	80,425
Fund Cash Balance - December 31, 2003	\$_	29,393 \$	50,915	\$	-	\$	80,308
Reserve for Encumbrances, Dec. 31, 2003	\$_	<u> </u>	384	\$	-	\$	969

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2004 and 2003

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Description of the Entity

The constitution and laws of the State of Ohio establish the rights and privileges of Jackson Township, Wyandot County, (the Township), as a political and corporate body. A publicly-elected threemember Board of Trustees directs the Township. The Township provides general government services and road and bridge maintenance. The Township contracts with Jackson Township in Hardin County to provide fire protection services to it's' residents.

The Township's management believes the financial statements present all activities for which the Township is financially accountable.

Basis of Accounting

These financial statements follow the accounting basis prescribed or permitted by the Auditor of State. This basis is similar to the cash receipts and disbursements basis of accounting. Consequently, receipts are recognized when received rather than when earned, and disbursements are recognized when paid rather than when a liability is incurred. Budgetary presentations report budgetary expenditures when a commitment is made (i.e., when an encumbrance is approved).

These statements include adequate disclosure of material matters, as prescribed or permitted by the Auditor of State.

Cash and Investments

The Township maintains a checking account which is valued at cost.

Fund Accounting

The Township uses fund accounting to segregate cash and investments that are restricted as to use. The Township classifies its funds into the following types:

General Fund

The General Fund reports all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2004 and 2003

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies - (continued)

Fund Accounting - (continued)

Special Revenue Funds

The Special Revenue Funds account for proceeds from specific sources (other than for capital projects) that are restricted to expenditure for specific purposes. The Township had the following significant special revenue funds:

<u>Gasoline Tax Fund</u> – This fund receives gasoline tax money to pay for constructing, maintaining, and repairing Township roads.

<u>Motor Vehicle License Fund</u> – This fund receives motor vehicle license tax money to pay for constructing, maintaining, and repairing Township roads.

<u>Road and Bridge Fund</u> – This fund receives property tax money to pay for constructing, maintaining, and repairing Township roads and bridges.

<u>Cemetery Fund</u> – This fund receives money from fees and services to maintain the general upkeep of the cemeteries.

Capital Project Funds

The Capital Project Funds are used to account for receipts restricted to acquiring or constructing major capital projects (except those financed through enterprise or trust funds). The Township had the following significant capital project funds:

<u>Issue II Fund</u> – The Township received a grant from the State of Ohio through the Wyandot County Auditor for repaying of roads.

Budgetary Process

The Ohio Revised Code requires that each fund be budgeted annually.

Estimated Resources

Estimated resources include estimates of cash to be received (budgeted receipts) plus unencumbered cash as of January 1. The County Budget Commission must also approve estimated resources.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2004 and 2003

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies - (continued)

Budgetary Process - (continued)

Appropriations

Budgetary expenditures (that is, disbursements and encumbrances) may not exceed appropriations at the fund level of control, and appropriations may not exceed estimated resources. The Board of Trustees must annually approve appropriation measures and subsequent amendments. The County Budget Commission must also approve the annual appropriation measure. Appropriations lapse at year end.

Encumbrances

The Ohio Revised Code requires the Township to reserve (encumber) appropriations when commitments are made. Encumbrances outstanding at year end are carried over and need not be reappropriated. The Township did not encumber all commitments required by Ohio law.

A summary of 2004 and 2003 budgetary activity appears in Note 3.

Property, Plant and Equipment

The Township records disbursements for acquisitions of property, plant, and equipment when paid. The accompanying financial statements do not report these items as assets.

Accumulated Leave

In certain circumstances, such as leaving employment, employees are entitled to cash payments for unused leave. The financial statements do not include a liability for unpaid leave.

Note 2 - Equity in Pooled Cash

The Township maintains a cash pool used by all funds. The Ohio Revised Code prescribes allowable deposits and investments. The carrying amount of cash at December 31 was as follows:

	_	2004		2003
Demand Deposits	\$	124,977	\$	80,308
Total Deposits	\$	124,977	\$	80,308

Deposits are insured by the Federal Depository Insurance Corporation; or collateralized by the financial institution's public entity deposit pool.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2004 and 2003

Note 3 - Budgetary Activity

Budgetary activity for the years ending December 31, 2004 and 2003 follows:

2004 Budgeted vs. Actual Receipts							
		Budgeted		Actual			
Fund Type		Receipts		Receipts		Variance	
General	\$	66,884	\$	70,989	\$	4,105	
Special Revenue		61,872		88,059		26,187	
Capital Projects		-		-		-	
	\$	128,756	\$	159,048	\$	30,292	
	2004 Budgeted vs.	Actual Budgeta	ry B	asis Expenditure	es		
		Appropriation		Budgetary			
Fund Type		Authority		Expenditures		Variance	
General	\$	93,658	\$	47,764	\$	45,894	
Special Revenue		111,845		71,229		40,616	
Capital Projects				-		-	
	\$	205,503	\$	118,993	\$	86,510	
	0000 5						
	2003 Bu	idgeted vs. Actu	al R				
	2003 Bu	Budgeted	al R	Actual			
Fund Type		Budgeted Receipts		Actual Receipts		Variance	
General	2003 Bu	Budgeted Receipts 25,060	<u>al R</u> \$	Actual Receipts 34,027	\$	8,967	
General Special Revenue		Budgeted Receipts		Actual Receipts 34,027 73,614	\$	8,967 12,614	
General	\$	Budgeted Receipts 25,060 61,000	\$	Actual Receipts 34,027 73,614 19,212		8,967 12,614 19,212	
General Special Revenue		Budgeted Receipts 25,060		Actual Receipts 34,027 73,614	\$	8,967 12,614	
General Special Revenue	\$	Budgeted Receipts 25,060 61,000 - 86,060	\$ \$	Actual Receipts 34,027 73,614 19,212 126,853	\$	8,967 12,614 19,212	
General Special Revenue	\$	Budgeted Receipts 25,060 61,000 - 86,060 Actual Budgeta	\$ \$	Actual Receipts 34,027 73,614 19,212 126,853 asis Expenditure	\$	8,967 12,614 19,212	
General Special Revenue Capital Projects	\$	Budgeted Receipts 25,060 61,000 - 86,060 Actual Budgeta Appropriation	\$ \$	Actual Receipts 34,027 73,614 19,212 126,853 asis Expenditure Budgetary	\$	8,967 12,614 19,212 40,793	
General Special Revenue Capital Projects Fund Type	\$ \$ 2003 Budgeted vs.	Budgeted Receipts 25,060 61,000 - 86,060 Actual Budgeta Appropriation Authority	\$ \$ ry B	Actual Receipts 34,027 73,614 19,212 126,853 asis Expenditure Budgetary Expenditures	\$ es	8,967 12,614 19,212 40,793 Variance	
General Special Revenue Capital Projects Fund Type General	\$	Budgeted Receipts 25,060 61,000 - 86,060 Actual Budgeta Appropriation Authority 93,658	\$ \$	Actual Receipts 34,027 73,614 19,212 126,853 asis Expenditure Budgetary Expenditures 48,836	\$	8,967 12,614 19,212 40,793 Variance 44,822	
General Special Revenue Capital Projects Fund Type General Special Revenue	\$ \$ 2003 Budgeted vs.	Budgeted Receipts 25,060 61,000 - 86,060 Actual Budgeta Appropriation Authority	\$ \$ ry B	Actual Receipts 34,027 73,614 19,212 126,853 asis Expenditure Budgetary Expenditures 48,836 59,891	\$ es	8,967 12,614 19,212 40,793 Variance 44,822 51,954	
General Special Revenue Capital Projects Fund Type General	\$ \$ 2003 Budgeted vs.	Budgeted Receipts 25,060 61,000 - 86,060 Actual Budgeta Appropriation Authority 93,658	\$ \$ ry B	Actual Receipts 34,027 73,614 19,212 126,853 asis Expenditure Budgetary Expenditures 48,836	\$ es	8,967 12,614 19,212 40,793 Variance 44,822	

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2004 and 2003

Note 4 - Property Tax

Real property taxes become a lien on January 1 preceding the October 1 date for which the Board of Trustees adopts tax rates. The State Board of Tax Equalization adjusts these rates for inflation. Property taxes are also reduced for applicable homestead and rollback deductions. The State pays the Township amounts equaling these deductions. The Township includes these with Intergovernmental Receipts. Payments are due to the County by December 31. If the property owner elects to pay semiannually, the first half payment is due December 31. The second half payment is due the following June 20.

Public utilities are also taxed on personal and real property located within the Township.

Property owners assess tangible personal property tax. They must file a list of tangible property to the County by each April 30. The County is responsible for assessing property, and for billing, collecting, and distributing all property taxes on the Township's behalf.

Note 5 - Retirement Systems

Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS)

The Township's employees belong to the Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS). OPERS is a cost-sharing, multiple employer plan. The Ohio Revised Code prescribes the plan's retirement benefits, including postretirement healthcare and survivor and disability benefits.

The Ohio Revised Code also prescribes contribution rates. For 2004 and 2003, OPERS members contributed 8.5 percent of their gross salary. The Township contributed an amount equal to 13.55 percent of participants' gross salaries. The Township has paid all required contributions through December 31, 2004.

Note 6 - Risk Management

Risk Pool Membership

The Township belongs to the Ohio Township Association Risk Management Authority (OTARMA), a risk-sharing pool available to Ohio townships. OTARMA provides property and casualty coverage for its members. OTARMA is a member of the American Public Entity Excess Pool (APEEP). Member governments pay annual contributions to fund OTARMA. OTARMA pays judgments, settlements and other expenses resulting from covered claims that exceed the members' deductibles.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2004 and 2003

Note 6 - Risk Management - (continued)

Casualty Coverage

OTARMA retains casualty risks up to \$250,000 per claim, including loss adjustment expenses. OTARMA pays a percentage of its contributions to APEEP. APEEP reinsures claims exceeding \$250,000, up to \$1,750,000 per claim and \$5,000,000 in the aggregate per year. Townships can elect additional coverage, from \$2,000,000 to \$10,000,000 from the General Reinsurance Corporation.

If losses exhaust OTARMA's retained earnings, APEEP covers OTARMA losses up to \$5,000,000 per year, subject to a per-claim limit of \$2,000,000.

Property Coverage

OTARMA retains property risks, including automobile physical damage, up to \$100,000 on any specific loss in any one occurrence. The Travelers Indemnity Company reinsures losses exceeding \$100,000 up to \$500,000,000 per occurrence. APEEP's Guarantee Fund pays losses and loss adjustment expenses exceeding operating contributions.

The aforementioned casualty and property reinsurance agreements do not discharge OTARMA's primary liability for claims payments on covered losses. Claims exceeding coverage limits are the obligation of the respective township.

Financial Position

OTARMA's financial statements (audited by other accountants) conform with generally accepted accounting principles, and reported the following assets, liabilities, and retained earnings at December 31:

Casualty Coverage	2004	2003
Assets	\$ 30,687,203	\$ 27,792,223
Liabilities	(13,640,962)	(11,791,300)
Retained Earnings	\$ 17,046,241	\$ 16,000,923
Property Coverage	2,004	2,003
Assets	\$ 7,799,073	\$ 6,791,060
Liabilities	(753,906)	(750,956)
Retained Earnings	\$ 7,045,167	\$ 6,040,104

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2004 and 2003

Note 7 - Contractually Assumed Obligations

The Township had the following significant outstanding contractual commitments as of December 31, 2004:

Township share of a 2004 Issue II project: Kokosing Construction Company, Inc. \$17,865 This page was intentionally left blank.



E.S. Evans and Company

Certified Public Accountants and Consultants

205 West Elm Street • Lima, Ohio 45801 • Phone: (419) 223-3075 P.O. Box 298 • Lima, Ohio 45802 • Fax: (419) 222-8507 • E-mail: askus@esevans.com

Robert E. Wendel, CPA . Dan F. Clifford, CPA . E.S. Evans, CPA, PFS (1930-1999)

August 31, 2005

REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS REQUIRED BY <u>GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS</u>

Jackson Township Wyandot County, Ohio

We have audited the financial statements of the Jackson Township, Wyandot County, Ohio, (the Township) as of and for the years ended December 31, 2004 and 2003, and have issued our report thereon dated August 31, 2005, wherein we noted the Township followed accounting practices the Auditor of State prescribes rather that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. We conducted our audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in <u>Government Auditing Standards</u>, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered Jackson Township's internal control over financial reporting to determine our auditing procedures in order to express our opinion on the financial statements and not to opine on the internal control over financial reporting. Our consideration of the internal control would not necessarily disclose all matters in the internal control over financial reporting that might be material weaknesses. A material weakness is a condition in which the design or operation of one or more of the internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that misstatements caused by error or fraud in amounts material to the financial statements being audited may occur and not be timely detected by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions. We noted no matters involving the internal control over financial reporting and its operation that we consider material weaknesses. In a separate letter to Jackson Township's management dated August 31, 2005, we reported an other matter involving internal control over financial reporting we did not deem a reportable condition.

Jackson Township August 31, 2005 Page 2

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of reasonably assuring whether Jackson Township's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we tested its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could directly and materially affect the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed an instance of noncompliance or other matters that we must report under <u>Government Auditing Standards</u> which is described in the accompanying schedule of findings as 2005-001. In a separate letter to Jackson Township's management dated August 31, 2005, we reported an other matter related to noncompliance which we deemed immaterial.

We intend this report solely for the information and use of management of Jackson Township and the Auditor of State of Ohio. It is not intended for anyone other than these specified parties.

Ed Sum and lapsung

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS December 31, 2004 and 2003

FINDINGS RELATED TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS

Finding Number 2005-001 – Noncompliance

Chapter 5075 of the Revised Code sets forth a scheme that provides for a uniform budget and appropriation process in order to assure that a government entity expends no more that it expects to receive in revenue. In order to accomplish this end, all appropriations must be accounted to and from each appropriation fund. While federal and state loans and grants are deemed appropriated and in the process of collection so as to be available for expenditure, they must still be recorded. R.C. 5075.42. Thus, a mechanism is still required to account for receipt and expenditure. That mechanism is an amendment of, or a supplement to, the entity's estimated resources, or its appropriation measure, which shall comply with all provisions of law governing the taxing authority in making an original appropriation. R.C. 5705.40. An original appropriation measure must be passed by the taxing authority, and any amendment of, or supplement to, that measurer also requires legislative action. R.C. 5705.38.

In 2003 the Township was the beneficiary of \$19,212 of Issue II money through the Wyandot County Auditor. This activity was not recorded on the ledgers of the Township. Since the County paid the invoices, the Township did not receive this cash. However, Auditor of State Bulletin 2000-008 and 2002-004 prescribe recording these transactions as receipts and disbursements when the Township applies for a project and has administrative responsibilities. The accompanying financial statements were adjusted to reflect these amounts in a Capital Project Fund. These funds were not appropriated causing expenditures to exceed appropriations in the Capital Projects fund by \$19,212 in 2003, contrary to R. C. 5705.41(B) which requires all expenditures to be appropriated.

We recommend the Township record all benefits received from state or federal grants as a memo receipt and expenditure at the time acquired and expended on the Township's records and appropriate funds for the expenditures. In addition, Township management should review Auditor of State Bulletins 2000-008 and 2002-004.

<u>Township Response</u> – The Township Clerk will review the Auditor of State Bulletins referenced above in order to properly account for "on-behalf of" grants in the future.



Auditor of State Betty Montgomery 88 East Broad Street P.O. Box 1140 Columbus, Ohio 43216-1140 Telephone 614-466-4514 800-282-0370

Facsimile 614-466-4490

JACKSON TOWNSHIP

WYANDOT COUNTY

CLERK'S CERTIFICATION

This is a true and correct copy of the report which is required to be filed in the Office of the Auditor of State pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in Columbus, Ohio.

Susan Babbett

CLERK OF THE BUREAU

CERTIFIED DECEMBER 20, 2005