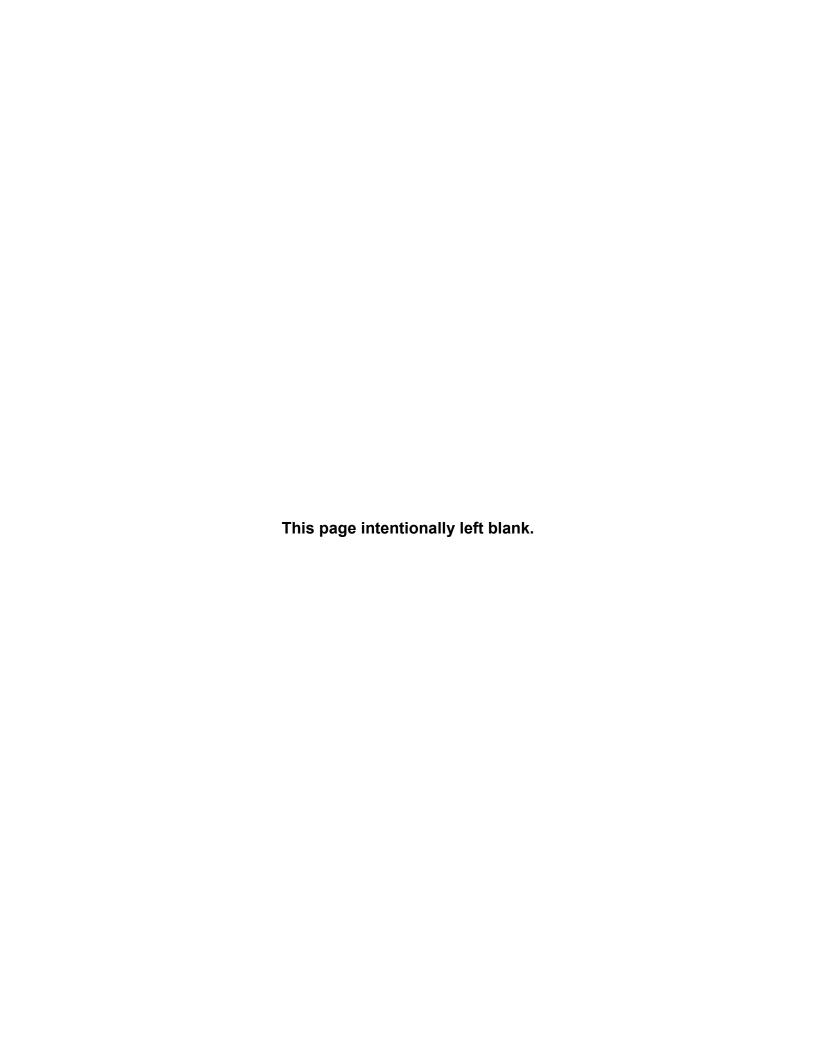




TABLE OF CONTENTS

| TITLE | PAGE |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------|
| Independent Accountants' Report | 1 |
| Combined Statement of Cash Receipts, Cash Disbursements, and Changes in Fund Cash Balances - All Governmental Fund Types - For the Year Ended December 31, 2003 | 3 |
| Combined Statement of Cash Receipts, Cash Disbursements, and Changes in Fund Cash Balances - All Governmental Fund Types - For the Year Ended December 31, 2002 | 4 |
| Notes to the Financial Statements | 5 |
| Independent Accountants' Report on Compliance and on Internal Control Required by Government Auditing Standards | 9 |
| Schedule of Findings | 11 |





INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT

Village of Leesville Carroll County P.O. Box 204 65 Lover's Alley Leesville, Ohio 44639

To the Village Council:

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the Village of Leesville, Carroll County, Ohio (the Village) as of and for the years ended December 31, 2003 and 2002. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Village's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation.

The Village's financial transactions were processed using the Auditor of State's Uniform Accounting Network (UAN). *Government Auditing Standards* considers this service to impair the independence of the Auditor of State to conduct the audit of the Village because the Auditor of State designed, developed, implemented, and, as requested, operates UAN. However, *Government Auditing Standards* permits the Auditor of State to audit and opine on this entity, because Ohio Revised Code § 117.101 requires the Auditor of State to provide UAN services, and Ohio Revised Code §§ 117.11(B) and 115.56 mandate the Auditor of State to audit Ohio Governments. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

As discussed in Note 1, the Village prepares its financial statements on the basis of accounting prescribed or permitted by the Auditor of State, which is a comprehensive basis of accounting other than generally accepted accounting principles.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the combined fund cash balances and reserves for encumbrances of the Village of Leesville, Carroll County, as of December 31, 2003 and 2002, and its combined cash receipts and disbursements for the years then ended on the basis of accounting described in Note 1.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated January 20, 2005 on our consideration of the Village's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grants. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* and should be read in conjunction with this report in considering the results of our audit.

Voinovich Government Center / 242 Federal Plaza W. / Suite 302 / Youngstown, OH 44503 Telephone: (330) 797-9900 (800) 443-9271 Fax: (330) 797-9949 www.auditor.state.oh.us Village of Leesville Carroll County Independent Accountants' Report Page 2

Betty Montgomery

This report is intended solely for the information and use of management, the Village Council and other official authorized to receive this report under Section 117.26, Ohio Revised Code, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Betty Montgomery Auditor of State

January 20, 2005

COMBINED STATEMENT OF CASH RECEIPTS, CASH DISBURSEMENTS, AND CHANGES IN FUND CASH BALANCES - ALL GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2003

| | Governmental Fund Types | | | |
|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------|------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------|--|
| | <u>General</u> | Special Revenue | Totals (Memorandum Only) | |
| Cash Receipts: Property Tax and Other Local Taxes Intergovernmental Receipts Earnings on Investments | \$3,078 20,247 219 | \$891 4,905 25 | \$3,969 25,152 244 | |
| Total Cash Receipts | 23,544 | 5,821 | 29,365 | |
| Cash Disbursements: Current: Security of Persons and Property Public Health Services Leisure Time Activities Transportation General Government Capital Outlay Total Cash Disbursements | 2,545 1,229 3,978 1,555 13,017 5,092 | 972 3,796 27 | 3,517 1,229 3,978 5,351 13,044 5,092 | |
| Total Receipts Over/(Under) Disbursements | (3,872) | 1,026 | (2,846) | |
| Fund Cash Balances, January 1 | 34,375 | 19,131 | 53,506 | |
| Fund Cash Balances, December 31 | \$30,503 | \$20,157 | \$50,660 | |
| Reserves for Encumbrances, December 31 | <u>\$85</u> | \$12 | \$97 | |

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

COMBINED STATEMENT OF CASH RECEIPTS, CASH DISBURSEMENTS, AND CHANGES IN FUND CASH BALANCES - ALL GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2002

| | Governmental Fund Types | | _ | |
|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------|----------------------|-------------------------------------------|--|
| | General | Special Revenue | Totals (Memorandum Only) | |
| Cash Receipts: Property Tax and Other Local Taxes Intergovernmental Receipts Earnings on Investments | \$3,319 20,483 549 | \$873 4,950 31 | \$4,192 25,433 580 | |
| Total Cash Receipts | 24,351 | 5,854 | 30,205 | |
| Cash Disbursements: Current: Security of Persons and Property Public Health Services Leisure Time Activities Transportation General Government | 2,574 588 4,929 8,232 16,592 | 2,702 3,376 26 | 5,276 588 4,929 11,608 16,618 | |
| Total Cash Disbursements | 32,915 | 6,104 | 39,019 | |
| Total Receipts Over/(Under) Disbursements | (8,564) | (250) | (8,814) | |
| Fund Cash Balances, January 1 | 42,939 | 19,381 | 62,320 | |
| Fund Cash Balances, December 31 | \$34.375 | \$19.131 | \$53.506 | |

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2003 AND 2002

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

A. Description of the Entity

The Village of Leesville, Carroll County, (the Village) is a body corporate and politic established to exercise the rights and privileges conveyed to it by the constitution and laws of the State of Ohio. The Village is directed by a publicly-elected six-member Council. The Village provides general government services and street repair and maintenance services. The Village contracts with the Leesville Volunteer Fire Department to provide fire protection services.

The Village's management believes these financial statements present all activities for which the Village is financially accountable.

B. Basis of Accounting

These financial statements follow the basis of accounting prescribed or permitted by the Auditor of State, which is similar to the cash receipts and disbursements basis of accounting. Receipts are recognized when received in cash rather than when earned, and disbursements are recognized when paid rather than when a liability is incurred. Budgetary presentations report budgetary expenditures when a commitment is made (i.e., when an encumbrance is approved).

These statements include adequate disclosure of material matters, as prescribed or permitted by the Auditor of State.

C. Cash and Investments

Investments are reported as assets. Accordingly, purchases of investments are not recorded as disbursements, and sales of investments are not recorded as receipts. Gains or losses at the time of sale are recorded as receipts or disbursements, respectively.

Certificates of deposit are valued at cost.

D. Fund Accounting

The Village uses fund accounting to segregate cash and investments that are restricted as to use. The Village classifies its funds into the following types:

1. General Fund

The General Fund is the general operating fund. It is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

2. Special Revenue Fund

These funds are used to account for proceeds from specific sources (other than from trusts or for capital projects) that are restricted to expenditure for specific purposes. The Village had the following significant Special Revenue Fund:

Street Construction, Maintenance and Repair Fund - This fund receives gasoline tax and motor vehicle tax money for constructing, maintaining and repairing Village streets.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2003 AND 2002 (Continued)

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

E. Budgetary Process

The Ohio Revised Code requires that each fund be budgeted annually.

1. Appropriations

Budgetary expenditures (that is, disbursements and encumbrances) may not exceed appropriations at the fund, function or object level of control, and appropriations may not exceed estimated resources. The Council must annually approve appropriation measures and subsequent amendments. The County Budget Commission must also approve the annual appropriation measure. Unencumbered appropriations lapse at year end.

2. Estimated Resources

Estimated resources include estimates of cash to be received (budgeted receipts) plus unencumbered cash as of January 1. The County Budget Commission must also approve estimated resources.

3. Encumbrances

The Ohio Revised Code requires the Village to reserve (encumber) appropriations when commitments are made. Encumbrances outstanding at year end are carried over, and need not be reappropriated. The Village did not encumber all commitments required by Ohio law.

A summary of 2003 and 2002 budgetary activity appears in Note 3.

F. Property, Plant and Equipment

Acquisitions of property, plant and equipment are recorded as disbursements when paid. These items are not reflected as assets on the accompanying financial statements.

2. EQUITY IN POOLED CASH

The Village maintains a cash pool used by all funds. The Ohio Revised Code prescribes allowable deposits and investments. The carrying amount of cash at December 31 was as follows:

| | 2003 | 2002 |
|-------------------------|----------|----------|
| Demand deposits | \$33,965 | \$36,987 |
| Certificates of deposit | 16,695 | 16,519 |
| Total deposits | \$50,660 | \$53,506 |
| • | | |

Deposits: Deposits are insured by the Federal Depository Insurance Corporation.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2003 AND 2002 (Continued)

3. BUDGETARY ACTIVITY

Budgetary activity for the years ending December 31, 2003 and 2002 follows:

2003 Budgeted vs. Actual Receipts

| | Budgeted | Actual | |
|-----------------|----------|----------|-----------|
| Fund Type | Receipts | Receipts | Variance |
| General | \$27,067 | \$23,544 | (\$3,523) |
| Special Revenue | 6,276 | 5,821 | (455) |
| Total | \$33,343 | \$29,365 | (\$3,978) |

2003 Budgeted vs. Actual Budgetary Basis Expenditures

| | Appropriation | Budgetary | |
|-----------------|---------------|--------------|----------|
| Fund Type | Authority | Expenditures | Variance |
| General | \$29,601 | \$27,501 | \$2,100 |
| Special Revenue | 6,404 | 4,807 | 1,597 |
| Total | \$36,005 | \$32,308 | \$3,697 |

2002 Budgeted vs. Actual Receipts

| Budgeted | Actual | _ |
|----------|-------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Receipts | Receipts | Variance |
| \$24,477 | \$24,351 | (\$126) |
| 6,136 | 5,854 | (282) |
| \$30,613 | \$30,205 | (\$408) |
| | Receipts \$24,477 6,136 | Receipts Receipts \$24,477 \$24,351 6,136 5,854 |

2002 Budgeted vs. Actual Budgetary Basis Expenditures

| | Appropriation | Budgetary | |
|-----------------|---------------|--------------|----------|
| Fund Type | Authority | Expenditures | Variance |
| General | \$39,901 | \$32,915 | \$6,986 |
| Special Revenue | 6,085 | 6,104 | (19) |
| Total | \$45,986 | \$39,019 | \$6,967 |

4. PROPERTY TAX

Real property taxes become a lien on January 1 proceeding the October 1 date for which rates are adopted by Village Council. The State Board of Tax Equalization adjusts these rates for inflation. Property taxes are also reduced for applicable homestead and rollback deductions. Homestead and rollback amounts are then paid by the State, and are reflected in the accompanying financial statements as Intergovernmental Receipts. Payments are due to the County by December 31. If the property owner elects to make semiannual payments, the first half is due December 31. The second half payment is due the following June 20.

Tangible personal property tax is assessed by the property owners, who must file a list of such property to the County by each April 30.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2003 AND 2002 (Continued)

4. PROPERTY TAX (Continued)

The County is responsible for assessing property, and for billing, collecting, and distributing all property taxes on behalf of the Village.

5. RETIREMENT SYSTEM

The Village's employees belong to the Public Employees Retirement System (PERS) of Ohio. PERS is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer plan. This plan provides retirement benefits, including postretirement healthcare, and survivor and disability benefits to participants as prescribed by the Ohio Revised Code.

Contribution rates are also prescribed by the Ohio Revised Code. For 2003 and 2002, PERS members contributed 8.5% of their wages. The Village contributed an amount equal to 13.55% of participants' gross salaries. The Village has paid all contributions required through December 31, 2003.

6. RISK MANAGEMENT

Commercial Insurance

The Village has obtained commercial insurance for the following risks:

- Comprehensive property and general liability;
- Public officials' liability
- · Vehicles; and
- Errors and omissions.

7. LEGAL COMPLIANCE

Contrary to Ohio Revised Code §§ 733.31(A), 733.25 and 731.43, all members of the Village's legislative authority, the Mayor and the Clerk/Treasurer have been appointed to their respective positions and have remained their positions through at least one general election but were not elected to the current term.



INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT ON COMPLIANCE AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL REQUIRED BY GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Village of Leesville Carroll County P.O. Box 204 65 Lover's Alley Leesville, Ohio 44639

To the Village Council:

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the Village of Leesville, Carroll County, Ohio, (the Village) as of and for the years ended December 31, 2003 and 2002, and have issued our report thereon dated January 20, 2005, wherein we noted that the Village's financial transactions were processed using the Auditor of State's Uniform Accounting Network (UAN). Government Auditing Standards consider this service to impair the independence of the Auditor of State to conduct the audit of the Village because the Auditor of State designed, developed and, as requested, operates UAN. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Compliance

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Village's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grants, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed instances of noncompliance that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*, which are described in the accompanying schedule of findings as items 2003-001 and 2003-002. We also noted certain immaterial instances of noncompliance that we have reported to management of the Village in a separate letter dated January 20, 2005.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the Village's internal control over financial reporting in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements and not to provide assurance on the internal control over financial reporting. Our consideration of the internal control over financial reporting would not necessarily disclose all matters in the internal control over financial reporting that might be material weaknesses. A material weakness is a condition in which the design or operation of one or more of the internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that misstatements in amounts that would be material in relation to the financial statements being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions. We noted no matters involving the internal control over financial reporting and its operation that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, we noted other matters involving the internal control over financial reporting that do not require inclusion in this report, that we have reported to management of the Village in a separate letter dated January 20, 2005.

Voinovich Government Center / 242 Federal Plaza W. / Suite 302 / Youngstown, OH 44503 Telephone: (330) 797-9900 (800) 443-9271 Fax: (330) 797-9949 www.auditor.state.oh.us Village of Leesville
Carroll County
Independent Accountants' Report on Compliance and on
Internal Control Required by *Government Auditing Standards*Page 2

This report is intended solely for the information and use of management and the Village Council, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Betty Montgomery

Betty Montgomeny

Auditor of State

January 20, 2005

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS DECEMBER 31, 2003 AND 2002

FINDINGS RELATED TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS

FINDING NUMBER 2003-001

Ohio Revised Code § 733.31(A) states that unless otherwise provided by law, vacancies arising in appointive and elective offices of villages shall be filled by appointment by the mayor for the remainder of the unexpired term, provided that:

- (1) Vacancies in the office of mayor shall be filled in the manner provided by Ohio Revised Code § 733.25; and
- (2) Vacancies in the membership of the legislative authority shall be filled in the manner provided by **Ohio Revised Code § 731.43**.

In the event of a vacancy in the office of village clerk/treasurer, the mayor may appoint a person to serve as an acting officer to perform the duties of the office until a permanent officer is appointed to fill the vacancy.

Ohio Revised Code § 733.25 states that when a mayor is absent from the village, or is unable for any cause to perform his duties, the president pro tempore of the legislative authority shall be acting mayor until a successor is elected and qualified to fill the unexpired term.

Ohio Revised Code §731.43(A)(1) provides that except as otherwise provided in division (A)(2) of this section, when the office of a member of the legislative authority of a village becomes vacant, the vacancy shall be filled by election by the legislative authority for unexpired term. If the legislative authority fails within thirty days to fill such vacancy, the mayor shall fill it by appointment.

All members of the Village's legislative authority, the Mayor and the Clerk/Treasurer have been appointed to their respective positions and have remained in the positions through at least one general election but were not elected to the positions for the current term. Village officials who have not been elected or appointed in accordance with Ohio Revised Code may lack the authority to assume the responsibilities and perform the duties associated with the position.

The Village officials should register with the Board of Elections as current office holders and should register to be on the ballot in the next general election.

FINDING NUMBER 2003-002

Ohio Revised Code § 5705.41(D) provides that no subdivision shall make any contract or give any order involving the expenditure of money unless there is attached thereto a certificate of the fiscal officer of the subdivision that the amount required to meet the obligation has been lawfully appropriated for such purpose and is in the treasury or in the process of collection to the credit of an appropriate fund free from any previous encumbrances. This certificate need be signed only by the subdivision's fiscal officer. Every contract made without such a certificate shall be void, and no warrant shall be issued in payment of any amount due thereon.

There are several exceptions to the standard requirement stated above that a fiscal officer's certificate must be obtained prior to a subdivision or taxing authority entering into a contract or order involving the expenditure of money. The main exceptions are: "then and now" certificates, blanket certificates, and super blanket certificates, which are provided for in sections 5705.41(D)(1) and 5705.41(D)(3), respectively of the Ohio Revised Code.

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS DECEMBER 31, 2003 AND 2002 (Continued)

1. Then and Now Certificate – If no certificate is furnished as required, upon receipt of the fiscal officer's certificate that a sufficient sum was, both at the time of the contract or order and at the time of the certificate, appropriated and free of any previous encumbrances, the Village may authorize the issuance of a warrant in payment of the amount due upon such contract or order by resolution within 30 days from the receipt of such certificate, if such expenditure is otherwise valid.

If the amount involved is less than \$1,000 (\$3,000 effective April 7, 2003) the fiscal officer may authorize payment through a Then and Now Certificate without affirmation of the Village Council if such expenditure is otherwise valid.

- 2. Blanket Certificate Fiscal officers may prepare "blanket" certificates for a certain sum of money not in excess of an amount established by resolution or ordinance adopted by a majority of the members of the legislative authority against any specific line item account over a period not running beyond the end of the current fiscal year. (Prior to September 26, 2003, blanket certificates were limited to \$5,000 and three months.) The blanket certificates may, but need not be, limited to a specific vendor. Only one blanket certificate may be outstanding at one particular time for any one particular line item appropriation.
- 3. Super Blanket Certificate The Village may also make expenditures and contracts for any amount from a specific line item appropriation in a specified fund upon certification of the fiscal officer for most professional services, fuel, oil, food items, and any other specific recurring and reasonably predictable operating expense. This certification is not to extent beyond the current year. More than one super blanket may be outstanding a particular time for any line item appropriation.

The Village did not certify or record the amount against the applicable appropriation accounts for 54% of the tested expenditures during 2003 and 42% during 2002. The Village did not utilize the certification exceptions described above for those expenditures lacking prior or simultaneous certification.

Failure to certify the availability of funds and encumber appropriations could result in overspending and negative cash balances. Unless the exceptions noted above are used, prior certification is not only required by statute but is a key control in the disbursement process to assure that purchase commitments receive prior approval. To improve controls over disbursements and to help reduce the possibility of the Village's funds exceeding budgetary spending limitations, the Clerk/Treasurer should certify that the funds are or will be available prior to obligation by the Village. When prior certification is not possible, "then and now" certification should be used.

The Village should certify purchases to which section Ohio Revised Code § 5705.41(D) applies. The most convenient certification method is to use purchase orders that include the certification language which Ohio Revised Code § 5705.41(D) requires to authorize disbursements. The fiscal officer should sign the certification at the time the Village incurs a commitment, and only when the requirements of Ohio Revised Code § 5705.41(D) are satisfied. The fiscal officer should post approved purchase commitments to the proper appropriation code, to reduce the available appropriation.



88 East Broad Street P.O. Box 1140 Columbus, Ohio 43216-1140

Telephone 614-466-4514 800-282-0370

Facsimile 614-466-4490

VILLAGE OF LEESVILLE CARROLL COUNTY

CLERK'S CERTIFICATION

This is a true and correct copy of the report which is required to be filed in the Office of the Auditor of State pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in Columbus, Ohio.

CLERK OF THE BUREAU

Susan Babbitt

CERTIFIED MARCH 24, 2005