

Village of Willshire Van Wert County, Ohio

Fiscal Emergency Analysis As of December 31, 2004, and November 30, 2005

Local Government Services

Village of Willshire

Fiscal Emergency Analysis

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Declaration of Fiscal Emergency

The Auditor of State performed a fiscal analysis of the Village of Willshire pursuant to Section 118.03 of the Ohio Revised Code. This analysis indicates and it is hereby declared that a fiscal emergency exists at the Village of Willshire as defined in Section 118.03(A)(5) and (6) of the Ohio Revised Code.

Accordingly, on behalf of the Auditor of State, this report is hereby submitted and filed with Karen Hunziker, Clerk/Treasurer of the Village of Willshire; Sharon Krall, Mayor of the Village of Willshire; Amos Stauffer, President Pro Tempore of Council for the Village of Willshire; Jennette Bradley, Treasurer of State; J. Kenneth Blackwell, Secretary of State; Bob Taft, Governor; Thomas W. Johnson, Director of the Office of Budget and Management; and the Van Wert County Budget Commission.

Betty Montgomery
Auditor of State

December 29, 2005

Fiscal Emergency Analysis

Introduction

As provided by Sections 118.021 and 118.04(A) of the Ohio Revised Code, Mayor Sharon Krall requested that a fiscal analysis be performed by the Auditor of State for the Village of Willshire, Van Wert County (the Village). The purpose of the analysis was to determine if the financial condition of the Village justifies the declaration of a fiscal watch or fiscal emergency.

A village is placed in fiscal emergency if any one of six conditions described in Section 118.03 of the Ohio Revised Code exists. The six conditions are: 1) default on a debt obligation; 2) failure to make payment of all payroll; 3) an increase in the minimum levy of the village which results in the reduction in the minimum levy of another subdivision; 4) significant past due accounts payable; 5) substantial deficit balances in village funds; and 6) a sizeable deficiency in the village's treasury when the balance is compared to the positive cash balances of the village's funds.

The year end conditions described under Conditions 4, 5, and 6, of this report shall not constitute a fiscal emergency if the Village clearly demonstrates to the satisfaction of the Auditor of State prior to the time of the Auditor of State's determination that the conditions no longer exist at the time of the determination.

This report identifies the procedures performed and the conclusions reached with respect to each condition as of December 31, 2004, and November 30, 2005, the date of determination.

Condition One - Default on Any Debt Obligation

Section 118.03(A)(1) of the Ohio Revised Code defines a fiscal emergency condition as:

The existence, at the time of the determination by the Auditor of State under Section 118.04 of the Revised Code, of a default on any debt obligation for more than thirty days.

A summary of the Village's outstanding debt is as follows:

Debt Issue	Interest Rate	Issued Date	Issued Amount
Mortgage Revenue Bonds USDA/RD	4.75%	3/24/99	\$209,000
Loans Payable	4.7570	3124177	Ψ202,000
OWDA Water Treatment Plant	2.00	5/04/90	778,298
OWDA Water Treatment Plant Construction	2.00	1/29/98	233,763
OPWC Wells and Water Treatment Plant Facilities	0.00	7/01/96	237,639
Note Payable			
Community First Bank	4.42	6/29/05	26,150

Fiscal Emergency Analysis

We obtained a list of outstanding debt from the 2004 audited financial statements, the authorizing legislation, and the amortization schedules to identify the last scheduled payments due before November 30, 2005 and reviewed the council minutes for debt issued since 2004. These payments were traced from the expenditure ledger to the checks issued to the paying agents and the bank statement to determine if the Village was meeting its debt obligations. The debt issues, the payment dates, and the amounts due are presented below:

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	Payment	Amount	Payments 30 Days Past Due at
Debt Issue	Date	Due	November 30, 2005
Mortgage Revenue Bonds USDA/RD	November 1, 2005	\$12,028	\$0
Loans Payable			
OWDA Water Treatment Plant	January 1, 2005	19,932	0
	July 1, 2005	19,932	0
OWDA Water Treatment Plant Construction	January 1, 2005	5,987	0
	July 1, 2005	5,987	0
OPWC Wells and Water Treatment Plant Facilities	January 1, 2005	5,941	0
	July 1, 2005	5,941	0
Note Payable			
Community First Bank	November 4, 2005	26,150	0

<u>Conclusion</u>: A fiscal emergency condition does not exist under Ohio Revised Code Section 118.03(A)(1). No default on any debt obligation for more than thirty days existed at November 30, 2005.

Condition Two - Payment of All Payroll

Section 118.03(A)(2) of the Ohio Revised Code, defines a fiscal emergency condition as:

The existence, at the time of the determination by the Auditor of State under Section 118.04 of the Revised Code, of a failure for lack of cash in the funds to make payment of all payroll to employees of the municipal corporation, county, or township in the amounts and at the times required by law, ordinances, resolutions, or agreements, which failure of payment has continued:

- a. For more than thirty days after such time for payment, or
- b. Beyond a period of extension, or beyond the expiration of ninety days from the original time for payment, whichever first occurs, if the time for payment has been extended for more than thirty days by the written consent of at least two-thirds of the employees affected by such failure to pay, acting individually or by their duly authorized representatives.

We reviewed the payroll records of the Village as of November 30, 2005. We reviewed the council minutes, ordinances, resolutions and had a discussion with the Clerk/Treasurer to determine the employees of the Village, pay rates, frequency of payroll, and whether any extensions for the payment of payroll exist. We reviewed the cash journal and payroll checks to determine whether Village employees had been paid within the time specified by Sections 118.03(A)(2)(a) and (b) of the Ohio Revised Code.

Fiscal Emergency Analysis

<u>Conclusion</u>: A fiscal emergency condition does not exist under Section 118.03(A)(2) of the Ohio Revised Code as of November 30, 2005. All employees have been paid in amounts and at the times required by Village ordinance.

Condition Three - Increase in Minimum Levy

Section 118.03(A)(3) of the Ohio Revised Code defines a fiscal emergency condition as:

An increase, by action of the county budget commission pursuant to division (D) of Section 5705.31 of the Revised Code, in the minimum levy of the municipal corporation, county, or township for the current or next fiscal year which results in a reduction in the minimum levies for one or more other subdivisions or taxing districts.

We confirmed with the Van Wert County Budget Commission whether there had been an increase, pursuant to division (D) of Section 5705.31 of the Ohio Revised Code, in the minimum levy of the Village for 2003, 2004 or 2005, which resulted in a reduction in the minimum levies for one or more other subdivisions or taxing districts. The confirmation received from the Van Wert County Budget Commission indicated that the Budget Commission had not taken any action in 2003, 2004, or 2005 to increase the inside millage of the Village.

<u>Conclusion</u>: A fiscal emergency condition does not exist under Section 118.03(A)(3) of the Ohio Revised Code. The Van Wert County Budget Commission has not taken any action to increase the inside millage of the Village by reducing another subdivision's inside millage.

Condition Four - Past Due Accounts Payable from the General Fund and All Funds

Section 118.03(A)(4) of the Ohio Revised Code, defines a fiscal emergency condition as:

The existence of a condition in which all accounts that, at the end of its preceding fiscal year, were due and payable from the general fund and that had either had been due and payable at least thirty days at the end of the fiscal year or to which a penalty has been added for failure to pay by the end of the fiscal year, including, but not limited to, final judgments, fringe benefits payments due and payable, and amounts due and payable to persons and other governmental entities and including any interest and penalties thereon, less the year end balance in the general fund, exceeded one-sixth of the general fund budget for that year, or in which all accounts that, at the end of its preceding fiscal year, were due and payable from all funds of the municipal corporation, county, or township and that either had been due and payable for at least thirty days at the end of the fiscal year or to which a penalty has been added for failure to pay by the end of the fiscal year, less the year end balance in the general fund and in the respective special funds lawfully available to pay such accounts, exceeded one-sixth of the available revenues during the preceding fiscal year, excluding nonrecurring receipts, of the general fund and of all special funds from which such accounts lawfully are payable. Accounts due and payable shall not include any account, or portion thereof, that is being contested in good faith.

We prepared a schedule of accounts payable as of December 31, 2004, for all funds that were due and payable for at least thirty days, or to which a penalty had been added for failure to pay as of December 31, 2004, including, but not limited to, final judgments, fringe benefits payments due and payable, and amounts due and payable to persons and other governmental entities, including any interest and penalties. There were no payables over thirty days past due in any fund.

Fiscal Emergency Analysis

<u>Conclusion:</u> A fiscal emergency condition does not exist under Section 118.03(A)(4) of the Ohio Revised Code. There were no accounts payable due from the general fund or any special funds which were at least thirty days past due at the end of the year.

Condition Five - Deficit Fund Balances

Section 118.03(A)(5) of the Ohio Revised Code defines a fiscal emergency condition as:

The existence of a condition in which the aggregate of deficit amounts of all deficit funds at the end of its preceding fiscal year, less the total of any year end balance in the general fund and in any special fund that may be transferred as provided in Section 5705.14 of the Revised Code to meet such deficit, exceeded one-sixth of the total of the general fund budget for that year and the receipts to those deficit funds during that year other than from transfers from the general fund.

We computed the adjusted aggregate sum of all deficit funds at December 31, 2004, by subtracting all accounts payable and encumbrances from the year-end cash fund balance of each fund. We then determined if the aggregate deficit fund balance exceeded one-sixth of the general fund budget and the receipts to those deficit funds. We then identified funds that may be transferred, as provided in Section 5705.14 of the Ohio Revised Code, to meet such deficits to arrive at the unprovided portion of the aggregate deficit.

Deficit Fund Balances Ohio Revised Code Section 118.03 (A)(5) As of December 31, 2004

Schedule I

Funds	Cash Fund Balances	Less Accounts Payable and Encumbrances	Adjusted Aggregate Sum of Funds with Deficit Balances	One-Sixth General Fund Budget/Fund Receipts	Unprovided Portion of Aggregate Deficit
General	(\$41,797)	\$0	(\$41,797)	\$20,692	(\$21,105)
Water Operating	(38,175)	0	(38,175)	16,926	(21,249)
Subtotal	(\$79,972)	\$0	(\$79,972)	\$37,618	(42,354)
Funds available for trans Total Unprovided Portion					(\$42,354)

Section 118.03(B) of the Ohio Revised Code, provides in part:

Any year end condition described in division (A)(5) of this section shall not constitute a fiscal emergency condition if the municipal corporation, county, or township clearly demonstrates to the satisfaction of the Auditor of State prior to the time of the Auditor of State's determination that such condition no longer exists at the time of the determination pursuant to Section 118.04 of the Revised Code. For the purpose of such demonstration, there shall be taken into account the positive balances at the time of such demonstration, rather than at the end of the fiscal year.

Fiscal Emergency Analysis

We computed the adjusted aggregate sum of all deficit funds at November 30, 2005, by subtracting all accounts payable and encumbrances from the year end cash fund balance of each fund. We then determined if the aggregate deficit fund balance exceeded one-sixth of the general fund budget and the receipts to those deficit funds. We then identified funds that may be transferred, as provided in Section 5705.14 of the Ohio Revised Code, to meet such deficits to arrive at the unprovided portion of the aggregate deficit.

Deficit Fund Balances Ohio Revised Code Section 118.03 (B) As of November 30, 2005

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Funds	Cash Fund Balances	Less Accounts Payable and Encumbrances	Adjusted Aggregate Sum of Funds with Deficit Balances	One-Sixth General Fund Budget/Fund Receipts	Unprovided Portion of Aggregate Deficit
General	(\$67,305)	\$0	(\$67,305)	\$20,013	(\$47,292)
Water Operating	(33,853)	0	(33,853)	19,349	(14,504)
Subtotal	(\$101,158)	\$0	(\$101,158)	\$39,362	(61,796)
Funds available for transfer from the General Fund Total Unprovided Portion of Aggregate Deficit Funds (\$61,796)					

<u>Conclusion</u>: Schedules I and II indicate that a fiscal emergency condition exists under Section 118.03(A)(5) and 118.03(B) of the Ohio Revised Code as of December 31, 2004, and November 30, 2005, respectively. The total unprovided portion of the aggregate deficit funds as of December 31, 2004, and November 30, 2005, are \$42,354 and \$61,796, respectively.

Condition Six - Treasury Deficiency

Section 118.03(A)(6) of the Ohio Revised Code, defines a fiscal emergency condition as:

The existence of a condition in which, at the end of the preceding fiscal year, moneys and marketable investments in or held for the unsegregated treasury of the municipal corporation, county, or township, minus outstanding checks and warrants, were less in amount than the aggregate of the positive balances of the general fund and those special funds the purposes of which the unsegregated treasury is held to meet, and such deficiency exceeded one-sixth of the total amount received into the unsegregated treasury during the preceding fiscal year.

Section 118.03(B) of the Ohio Revised Code, provides in part:

Any year end condition described in division (A)(6) of this section shall not constitute a fiscal emergency condition if the municipal corporation, county, or township clearly demonstrates to the satisfaction of the Auditor of State prior to the time of the Auditor of State's determination that such condition no longer exists at the time of the determination pursuant to Section 118.04 of the Revised Code. For the purpose of such demonstration, there shall be taken into account the moneys and marketable securities in the treasury of the municipal corporation, county, or township at the time of such demonstration that are in the case of division (A)(6) of this section, held to meet such positive balances.

Fiscal Emergency Analysis

We verified the Village's reconciled bank balance to its statement of cash position for all funds as of December 31, 2004, and as of November 30, 2005, which included subtracting reconciling factors to arrive at a treasury balance. We then determined the aggregate sum of all positive fund cash balances, the purpose of which the unsegregated treasury is held to meet, to determine the treasury deficit. We then subtracted from the treasury deficit one-sixth of the amount received into the treasury during 2004 and the estimated amount to be received into the treasury during 2005 to determine if a treasury deficiency exists.

Schedule III

Treasury Balance Ohio Revised Code Section 118.03(A)(6) As of December 31, 2004, and November 30, 2005

	Amounts at December 31, 2004	Amounts at November 30, 2005
Bank Cash Balance		
Community First Bank and Trust	\$113,988	\$99,108
Less Reconciling Factors For		
Outstanding Checks	(37,096)	(5,323)
Total Treasury Balance	76,892	93,725
Positive Fund Balances		
Street Maintenance	3,259	10,267
State Highway	16,434	17,992
State Permissive	18,520	17,049
Tree	1,072	1,506
FEMA	0	4,264
Fire	6,926	5,810
Fire Special	4,538	6,977
Cemetery	15,921	19,660
Fire Truck	19,614	23,153
Mausoleum	1,200	1,200
Cemetery Plot	997	0
Sewer	1,050	18,658
Utility Deposit	4,522	4,598
Water Improvement	12,484	12,484
Wastewater Improvement	50,292	50,292
Individual Cemetery Plot	0	3
Mausoleum	33	33
Cemetery Plot	2	997
Total Positive Fund Balances	156,864	194,943
Treasury Deficit	(79,972)	(101,158)
One-Sixth Treasury Receipts	62,318	60,802
Treasury Deficiency in Excess of One-Sixth Treasury Receipts	(\$17,654)	(\$40,357)

Fiscal Emergency Analysis

<u>Conclusion</u>: Schedule III indicates that a fiscal emergency condition exists under Section 118.03(A)(6) of the Ohio Revised Code as of December 31, 2004, and as of November 30, 2005. The treasury balance less the positive fund cash balances as of December 31, 2004, and November 30, 2005, exceeded one-sixth of the treasury receipts for the year by \$17,654 and \$40,357, respectively.

Summary

A fiscal emergency is the existence of at least one of the above defined conditions. This analysis indicates that a fiscal emergency exists at the Village of Willshire as defined in Sections 118.03 (A)(5) and 118.03(A)(6) of the Ohio Revised Code as presented in Schedules I, II, and III above as of December 31, 2004, and November 30, 2005.

Because the above procedures were not sufficient to constitute an audit made in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, we do not express an opinion on any of the specific accounts and fund balances referred to above. Had we performed additional procedures or had we made an audit of the financial statements in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, other matters might have come to our attention that would have been reported.



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VILLAGE OF WILLSHIRE VAN WERT COUNTY

CLERK'S CERTIFICATION

This is a true and correct copy of the report which is required to be filed in the Office of the Auditor of State pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in Columbus, Ohio.

CLERK OF THE BUREAU

Susan Babbitt

CERTIFIED DECEMBER 29, 2005