CITY OF MONROE

CINCINNATI REGION, BUTLER COUNTY

REGULAR AUDIT

JANUARY 1, 2005 THROUGH DECEMBER 31, 2005



City Council City of Monroe 233 Main Street P.O. Box 330 Monroe, Ohio 45050-0330

We have reviewed the *Independent Accountants' Report* of the City of Monroe, Butler County, prepared by BKD, LLP, for the audit period January 1, 2005 through December 31, 2005. Based upon this review, we have accepted these reports in lieu of the audit required by Section 117.11, Revised Code. The Auditor of State did not audit the accompanying financial statements and, accordingly, we are unable to express, and do not express an opinion on them.

Our review was made in reference to the applicable sections of legislative criteria, as reflected by the Ohio Constitution, and the Revised Code, policies, procedures and guidelines of the Auditor of State, regulations and grant requirements. The City of Monroe is responsible for compliance with these laws and regulations.

Betty Montgomery

BETTY MONTGOMERY Auditor of State

December 5, 2006





Independent Accountants' Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of the Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards

The Mayor and City Council City of Monroe, Ohio Monroe, Ohio

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Monroe, Ohio as of and for the year ended December 31, 2005, which collectively comprise its basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated June 2, 2006. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the Organization's internal control over financial reporting in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting. Our consideration of the internal control over financial reporting would not necessarily disclose all matters in the internal control that might be material weaknesses. A material weakness is a reportable condition in which the design or operation of one or more of the internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that misstatements caused by error or fraud in amounts that would be material in relation to the financial statements being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions. We noted no matters involving the internal control over financial reporting and its operation that we consider to be material weaknesses.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Organization's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed instances of noncompliance



or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards* and which are described in the accompanying schedule of findings and responses as items 05-1, 05-2 and 05-3.

We noted certain other matters that we reported to the Organization's management in a separate letter dated June 2, 2006

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the governing body and management and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

BKD, UP

June 2, 2006

City of Monroe, Ohio Schedule of Findings and Responses Year Ended December 31, 2004

Reference Number	Finding					
05-1	Criteria or Specific Requirement— Ohio Revised Code Section 5705.39 prohibits a City from appropriating amounts in excess of estimated resources plus available balances.					
	Condition—Appropriations were made in exceplus available balances	ess of estimated resources				
	Context— The following funds were in violati 5705.39.	on of ORC Section				
	Fund Type/Fund	Excess				
	Special Revenue Funds					
	Fire Operation and Maintenance	\$ 1,011,178				
	Taser	19,960				
	Fire 2000 Levy	76,999				
	Police Law Enforcement	439,867				
	Debt Service Fund	1,795,779				
	Capital Projects Funds					
	Capital Improvement	146,705				
	Enterprise Funds					
	Sewer Effect—Appropriations were in excess of reso balances	565,470 ources plus available				
	Cause—Prior year losses in certain funds resulted in large negative furbalances.					
	Recommendation—Management should develop a plan to eliminate large negative fund balances in the affected funds					
	Views of Responsible Officials and Planned C The City agrees with the citation. The City ha recovery plan with the State Financial Plannin Commission to eliminate the funds deficit.	s developed a fiscal				

City of Monroe, Ohio Schedule of Findings and Responses Year Ended December 31, 2005

Reference Number	Finding						
05-2	Criteria or Specific Requirement— Ohio Revised Code Section 5705.41(B) prohibits a City from having expenditures plus encumbrances in excess of appropriations at the end of the fiscal year.						
	Condition—Expenditures plus encumbrances were in excess of appropriations for certain funds at the end of 2005.						
Context— The following funds were in violation of ORC Section 5705.41.(B).							
	Fund Type/Fund	Exc	ess				
	Special Revenue Funds						
	Fire Operation and Maintenance	\$	120,390				
	1989 Fire Levy		497,356				
	Cemetery		20,255				
	Street Construction Fund	12,828					
	Debt Service Fund 51						
	Effect—The City was in violation of ORC Section 5705.41(B).						
	Cause— Transfers were made that were not revised in the budgetary information						
	Recommendation—Management should review the budgetary information, including encumbrances to ensure there encumbrances plus expenditures do not exceed appropriations.						
	Views of Responsible Officials and Planned Co Management agrees with the citation and will e such matters in the future.						

City of Monroe, Ohio Schedule of Findings and Responses Year Ended December 31, 2005

Reference Number	Finding						
05-3	Criteria or Specific Requirement—Ohio Revised Code Section 5705.10 prohibits a City from operating a fund with a deficit balance						
	Condition—Certain funds were operated with a deficit balance.						
	Context— The following funds were in violation of ORC Section 5705.10						
	Fund Type/Fund	Exce	ss				
	Special Revenue Funds						
	Fire Operation and Maintenance	\$	38,991				
	Debt Service Fund		1,375,241				
	Capital Projects Funds						
	Capital Improvement		137,267				
	Effect—The City is operating in violation of O	RC Section	n 5705.10				
	Cause—Overspending in certain funds in prior years resulted in large negative fund balances						
Recommendation— Management should develop a plan to elim large negative fund balances in the affected funds							
	Views of Responsible Officials and Planned Co Management agrees with the citation. The City recovery plan with the State Financial Planning Commission to eliminate the funds deficit.	has devel	oped a fiscal				

CITY OF MONROE, OHIO

COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT



FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2005

INTRODUCTORY



SECTION



CITY OF MONROE, OHIO

Comprehensive Annual Financial Report

For the Year Ended December 31, 2005

City of Monroe, Ohio Comprehensive Annual Financial Report For the Year Ended December 31, 2005

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INTRODUCTORY SECTION

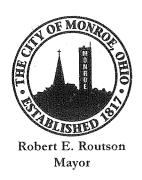
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CITY OF MONROE

Monroe, OH 45050 www.monroeohio.org

Monroe (513) 539-7374 Cincinnati (513) 779-4729 Fax (513) 539-6460

> William J. Brock City Manager

June 29, 2006

Citizens of Monroe Mayor and Members of City Council

We are pleased to submit the City of Monroe's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2005. The CAFR is presented in three sections:

- 1. The Introductory section includes the table of contents, this transmittal letter, a list of principal officials, the City's organizational chart and 2004 certificate of achievement for excellence in financial reporting.
- 2. The Financial section includes the basic financial statements and the combining and individual fund schedules, as well as the report of independent accountants on the financial statements.
- 3. The Statistical section includes a number of tables depicting the financial history of the City for the past ten years, as well as information on subjects such as overlapping governments and demographics.

Management's discussion and analysis (MD&A) immediately follows the report of independent accountant and provides a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis of the basic financial statements. MD&A complement this letter of transmittal and should be read in conjunction with it.

This report is a culmination of the efforts of many people. Responsibility for both the accuracy of the presented data and the completeness and fairness of the presentation, including all disclosures, rests with the City. We believe the data, as presented, is accurate in all material aspects, that it is presented in a manner designed to set forth fairly the financial position of the City's operations, and that all disclosures necessary to enable the reader to gain maximum understanding of the City's financial affairs have been included.

THE CITY OF MONROE

Monroe was settled in the early 1800s and named for President James Monroe who was in office at the time. The City is situated about 20 miles north of Cincinnati and 30 miles south of Dayton. It overlaps two counties—the northeast corner of Butler County and the western section of Warren County. In the early years, Monroe was mainly a farming community and a major stagecoach stop on the Miami Turnpike.

The City has experienced substantial changes during the past century. In ten years, from 1990-2000, the population grew from 4,372 to 7,133. It was in 1995 when Monroe's population first surpassed the 5,000 mark, enabling it to achieve City status. The City opted for a Council/Manager form of government with Council Members and the Mayor elected on a non-partisan basis.

Although once strictly a farming community, the City of Monroe now has a strong industrial base. Currently, the total percentage of land area in Monroe is significantly weighted towards light and heavy industrial acreage (60% industrial and commercial). The one percent income tax generated \$3,323,519 (budgetary basis) with the majority of that revenue derived from an established industrial workforce base. The City offers excellent access to the flourishing Interstate 75 corridor and holds 2,600 acres of prime green field industrial parcels ready for development with full utilities and road access.

CITY ORGANIZATION AND REPORTING ENTITY

The reporting entity includes the primary government and component units and is organized to ensure the financial statements of the City are not misleading. The primary government is composed of departments and funds that are not legally separate from the City. The government includes departments in the following areas: police and fire fighting, street repair and maintenance, planning and zoning, parks and recreation, water and sewer and community development. The Council and City Manager have direct responsibilities for these departments and supervise the staff essential to maintaining these functions.

Component units are also part of the reporting entity. These are legally separate organizations for which the City is financially accountable. The City is financially accountable for an organization if the City appoints a voting majority of the organization's governing board and (1) the City is able to significantly influence the programs or services performed or provided by the organization or (2) the City is entitled to or can otherwise access the organization's resources. In this case, the City is legally obligated or has otherwise assumed the responsibility to finance the deficits of, or provide financial support to; the organization or the City is obligated for the debt of the organization. Component units may also include organizations in which City approves the budget, the issuance of debt or the levying of taxes. The City has no component units.

The City is associated with the following jointly governed organizations: The Center for Local Governments and the Ohio-Kentucky-Indiana Regional Council of Governments, which are presented in Note 17 to the basic financial statements. The City is also a member of the Municipal League of Ohio Worker's Compensation Group Rating Plan, an insurance purchasing pool, which is presented in Note 18 to the basic financial statements.

ECONOMIC CONDITION AND MAJOR INITIATIVES

The City of Monroe has become one of the fastest growing communities in southwest Ohio. Monroe's population is currently estimated at 10,200 people in 2006 (above the 7,133 from the 2000 census) and its land area comprises approximately 15.5 square miles of territory. Approximately 60% of Monroe's total land area is zoned for industrial and commercial uses. Monroe is located midway between downtown Cincinnati and Dayton. Monroe is served by a full interchange at Interstate 75 as well as two 4-lane state highways, SR 4 and SR 63. Monroe is also served by two major rail lines providing rail served industrial sites. For more information on the local economy please refer to the economic factors discussed in the MD&A.

MAJOR INITIATIVES

The City of Monroe has several large infrastructure capital improvement projects in varying stages of development. The goal of Monroe's proactive infrastructure development plan is to ensure that our roadway and utility infrastructure can maintain its high level of service amidst the heavy demand caused by our rapid commercial and industrial growth.

Roadway Improvements

Monroe has State funding for 80% of an estimated \$4 million dollar roadway widening to State Route 63 from the Interstate 75 interchange and terminating at our eastern corporation limits. This widening project will increase the number of lanes while implementing traffic control devices in response to the anticipated growth of an 800-acre commercial and industrial park situated at the corner of Interstate 75 and State Route 63. The project will begin construction in March 2007.

The State Route 63 widening project will coincide with a State Department of Transportation sponsored project replacing the Interstate 75 bridge and making substantial improvements to the north and south bound ramps onto State Route 63. Construction on the bridge deck has begun and should be completed in 2007.

FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Accounting System and Budgetary Control

In developing and evaluating the City's accounting system, consideration was given to the adequacy of internal accounting controls. Internal accounting controls are designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding:

- 1. The safeguarding of assets against loss from unauthorized use or disposition.
- 2. The reliability of financial records for preparing financial statements and maintaining accountability of assets.

The concept of reasonable assurance is based on the assumption that the cost of the internal accounting controls should not exceed the benefits expected to be derived from their implementation.

Budgetary control is maintained by the encumbrance of purchase amounts prior to the release of purchase orders to vendors. Purchase orders are not issued when insufficient appropriations preclude the encumbrance of the amount of the purchase. Each department head is furnished a monthly budget report showing the status of the budget accounts for which he or she is responsible. The budget reports detail monthly transactions and summarizes the balances available to be spent from the allocated appropriations.

CASH MANAGEMENT

The City Finance Director is in charge of the City's cash management program. All City cash is pooled for investment purposes. Longer term investments consist of Certificates of Deposit insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or protected by either pledged collateral held in trust by the Federal Reserve Bank or pooled collateral, United States Agency Obligations and commercial paper. During 2005, the City earned \$181,134 in interest. A majority of the City's deposits are collateralized by pooled collateral. By law, financial institutions may establish a collateral pool to cover all public deposits. The face value of the pooled collateral must equal at least 110 percent of the public funds on deposit. Trustees, including the Federal Reserve Bank and designated third party trustees of the financial institutions hold the collateral. The City regularly reviews the market value of the pool to insure that adequate collateral is being provided.

RISK MANAGEMENT

The City is adequately insured in all areas including buildings, contents, vehicles, equipment and general liability. The City is also covered under Ohio Municipal League of Ohio Worker's Compensation Group Rating Plan. Every effort is made by the City Administration to monitor insurance costs and related risk to insure proper fiscal management in this area. A more detailed description of the City's insurance coverage may be found in Note 12 to the basic financial statements.

OTHER INFORMATION

Independent Audit

This report includes an unqualified audit report regarding the City's financial statements. BKD LLP conducted this year's audit. The Independent Accountant's Report on the basic financial statements and required supplementary information is included in the financial section of this report. The auditor's conclusions related specifically to internal controls and compliance with applicable laws and regulations are presented in a separate report, which may be obtained from their Cincinnati, Ohio office.

Awards

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the City of Monroe for its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2004. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, the City must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized Comprehensive Annual Financial Report, whose contents conform to program standards. This is the fifth consecutive year the City has received the award.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe our current report continues to conform to the Certificate of Achievement program requirements and we are submitted it to the GFOA.

Acknowledgements

A note of sincere appreciation is extended to many hardworking and committed people who have contributed their time and effort to prepare this report. The staff would like to thank our current Council Members for supporting our work this year. A special thank you is also extended to Mr. Sean Fraunfelter of Fraunfelter Accounting Services for his assistance, efforts, and guidance in the preparation of this CAFR.

City Manager

Respectfully submitted,

City Finance Director

Ulku Jo Barger

City of Monroe, Ohio

List of Principal Officials

December 31, 2005

OFFICE HELD

NAME OF OFFICIAL

City Manager

William Brock

Finance Director

Vickie Jo Barger

Law Director

K. Phillip Callahan

Mayor

Robert Routson

Vice Mayor

Steven Tannreutherl

Municipal Court Clerk

Rebecca Lewis

Police Chief

Gregory Homer

Fire Chief

Mark Neu

Tax Commissioner

Tracy Vanderman

Public Works Superintendent

Robert Takach

Director of Development

Jay T. Stewart

CITY COUNCIL MEMBERS

John Birch

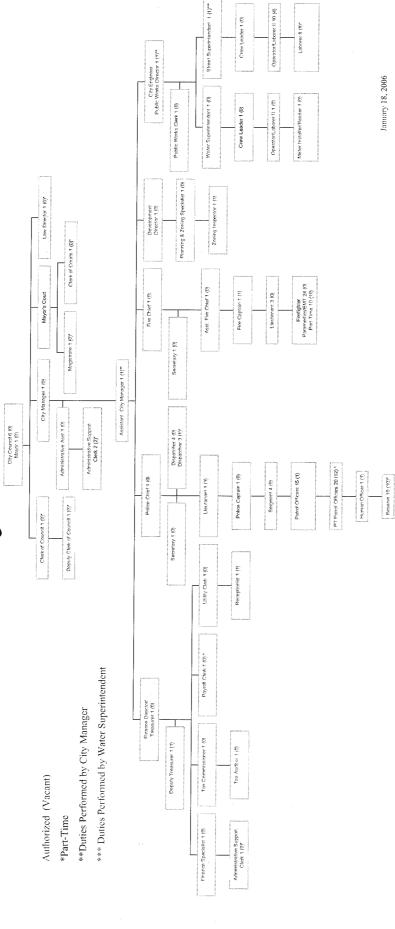
Robert Kelley

Suzi Rubin

Lora Stillman

Anna Hale

City of Monroe



January 18, 2006

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

City of Monroe, Ohio

For its Comprehensive Annual
Financial Report
for the Fiscal Year Ended
December 31, 2004

A Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting is presented by the Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada to government units and public employee retirement systems whose comprehensive annual financial reports (CAFRs) achieve the highest standards in government accounting and financial reporting.

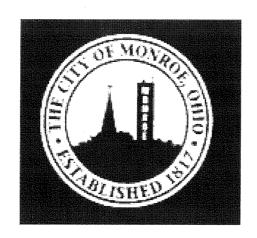
UNITED STATES PROPRIETE PR

President

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FINANCIAL



SECTION



Independent Accountants' Report on Financial Statements and Supplementary Information

The Mayor and City Council City of Monroe, Ohio Monroe, Ohio

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Monroe, Ohio as of and for the year ended December 31, 2005, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the City's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards for financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Monroe, Ohio as of December 31, 2005, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows, where applicable, thereof for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated June 2, 2006, on our consideration of the City's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* and should be considered in assessing the results of our audit.

The accompanying management's discussion and analysis and budgetary information as listed in the table of contents are not a required part of the basic financial statements but are supplementary information required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the required supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.



Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements. The introductory section, combining and individual fund statements and schedules and statistical section are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The combining and individual fund statements schedules have been subjected to the auditing procedure applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole. The introductory and statistical sections have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on them.

BKD, LLP

June 2, 2006

The discussion and analysis of the City of Monroe's financial performance provide an overall review of the City's financial activities for the year ended December 31, 2005. While the intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the City's financial performance as a whole, readers should also review the basic financial statements to enhance their understanding of the City's fiscal performance.

Financial Highlights

Key highlights for 2005 are as follows:

- □ The assets of the City exceeded its liabilities at the close of the year ended December 31, 2005, by \$42,342,274 (net assets). Of this amount, \$5,122,206 is classified as unrestricted in the enterprise activities.
- □ The City's total net assets increased by \$8,939,716, which represents a 26.76% increase from 2004. \$7,069,000 of that increase was developer contributed street infrastructure.
- ☐ At the end of the current fiscal year, the City's governmental funds reported a combined ending fund balance of \$1,990,213. Of this amount \$1,983,452 is available for spending (unreserved fund balance) on behalf of its citizens.
- At the end of the current fiscal year, unreserved fund balance for the general fund was \$1,146,500 or a little more than 20.37% of total general fund expenditures.
- The other major governmental funds: Fire 2000 Levy and Debt Service funds had ending fund balances of \$724,419 and (\$1,375,241), respectively. The deficit in the debt service fund is due to overspending in prior years. The City has implemented a fiscal recovery plan to eliminate the deficits and has eliminated the prior year special revenue fund deficits.

Using this Annual Financial Report

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements and notes to those statements. These statements are organized so the reader can understand the City of Monroe as a complete operating entity.

The Statement of Net Assets and Statement of Activities present both an aggregate view of the City's finances and longer-term view of those assets. Fund financial statements provide the next level of detail. For governmental activities, these statements tell how services were financed in the short-term as well as what dollars remain for future spending. The fund financial statements also look at the City's most significant funds with all other non-major funds presented in total in one column.

Reporting City of Monroe as a Whole

Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities

While this document contains information about the funds used by the City to provide services to our citizens, the view of the City as a whole looks at all financial transactions and asks the question, "How did we do financially during 2005?" The Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities answers this question. These statements include all assets and liabilities using the accrual basis of accounting similar to the accounting used by private sector companies. This basis of accounting considers all of the current year's revenues and expenses regardless of when the cash is received or paid.

These two statements report the City's net assets and the change in those assets. This change in net assets is important because it tells the reader whether, for the City as a whole, the financial position of the City has improved or diminished. However, in evaluating the overall position of the City, nonfinancial information such as changes in the City's tax base and the condition of City capital assets will also need to be evaluated.

In the Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities, the City is divided into two kinds of activities:

- Government Activities Most of the City's services are reported here including police, social services programs, administration, and all departments with the exception of our Water, Sewer, Garbage, Stormwater Management and Cemetery funds.
- Business-Type Activities These services have a charge based upon the amount of usage. The City charges fees to recoup the cost of the entire operation of our Water, Sewer, Garbage, Stormwater Management and Cemetery functions as well as all capital expenses associated with these facilities.
- Component units are legally separate entities that the City has voting control over or fiscal responsibility for the entity. The City has no component units.

Reporting City of Monroe's Most Significant Funds

Fund Financial Statements

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objects. The City, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the City can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds. Fund financial reports provide detailed information about the City's major funds. Based on restrictions on the use of monies, the City has established many funds which account for the multitude of services provided to our residents.

However, these fund financial statements focus on the City's most significant funds. In the case of Monroe, our major funds are the General, Fire 1989 Levy, Fire 2000 Levy, Debt Service, Water and Sewer funds.

Governmental Funds: Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on current sources and uses of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because of the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The City maintains a multitude of individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances for the major funds, which were identified earlier. Data from the other governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these nonmajor governmental funds is provided in the form of combining statements elsewhere in this report.

Proprietary Funds: The City maintains only one type of proprietary fund. Enterprise funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The City uses enterprise funds to account for its Water, Sewer, Garbage, Stormwater Management and Cemetery operations.

Fiduciary Funds: Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are not available to support the City's own programs. The City only maintains one agency fund has no measurement focus and uses the accrual basis of accounting.

Notes to the Financial Statements: The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the governmental-wide and fund financial statements.

Required Supplementary Information: The City is required to report the budgetary schedules for the General Fund and major special revenue funds along with the applicable accounting policies to develop those statements.

Government-wide Financial Analysis

As noted earlier, net assets may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the City, assets exceeded liabilities by \$46,278,191 (\$41,743,810 in governmental activities and \$4,534,381 in business type activities) as of December 31, 2005. By far, the largest portion of the City's net assets (83.94%) reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings, machinery, equipment and streets), less any related debt used to acquire those assets that are still outstanding. The City uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the City's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities. Table I provides a summary of the City's statement of net assets for 2005 compared to 2004.

	Governmental		Business-Type			
	Acti	vities	Activ	vities	To	otal
	2005	2004	2005	2004	2005	2004
Current and Other Assets	\$8,880,861	\$8,110,912	\$4,544,890	\$1,861,401	\$13,425,751	\$9,972,313
Capital Assets	45,467,227	39,576,464	4,302,332	4,293,528	49,769,559	43,869,992
Total Assets	54,348,088	47,687,376	8,847,222	6,154,929	63,195,310	53,842,305
1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	0.043.007	10 224 442	FF0.001	F7F 1 F7		
Long-term Liabilities	9,943,896	10,336,443	559,991	575,157	10,503,887	10,911,600
Other Liabilities	6,596,299	6,869,903	3,752,850	2,658,244	10,349,149	9,528,147
Total Liabilities	16,540,195	17,206,346	4,312,841	3,233,401	20,853,036	20,439,747
Nets Assets:						
Invested in Capital Assets,						
Net of Related Debt	36,129,538	31,947,148	(587,825)	(812,502)	35,541,713	31,134,646
Restricted	2,691,443	1,826,135	Ô	Ó	2,691,443	1,826,135
Unrestricted (Deficit)	(1,013,088)	(3,292,253)	5,122,206	3,734,030	4,109,118	441,777
Total Net Assets	\$37,807,893	\$30,481,030	\$4,534,381	\$2,921,528	\$42,342,274	\$33,402,558

An additional portion of the City's net assets represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. In the current fiscal year, this represented \$2,691,443 or 6,36% of net assets. The City's remaining unrestricted net asset was a negative balance.

The City experienced a 17% increase in total assets mainly due to the developer donations of right-of-way for subdivision constructed during 2005. Current asset also increased from the prior year as the City has worked to increase cash reserves from the lower levels in prior years.

For the liabilities, the City was able to reduce the overall debt burden on the City by 4% from the prior even though overall liabilities increased. The majority of the increase is the direct result of higher property taxes receivable and the offsetting unearned revenue.

Statement of Activities

	Governmer	ntal Activities	Business-T	ype Activities	7	- otal
	2005	2004	2005	2004	2005	2004
Revenues						
Program Revenues:						
Charges for Services	\$1,547,144	\$1,415,961	\$4,251,583	\$3,805,584	\$5,798,727	\$5,221,545
Operating Grants	564,110	609,432	115,056	241,365	679,166	850,797
Capital Grants	7,069,000	5,268,350	0	749,045	7,069,000	6,017,395
General Revenues:					,	.,,
Income Tax	3,345,238	2,791,808	0	0	3,345,238	2,791,808
Property Tax	2,361,985	2,661,305	0	0	2,361,985	2,661,305
Other Taxes	573,133	364,011	0	0	573,133	364,011
Unrestricted Grants						,
and Contributions	536,684	592,552	0	0	536,684	592,552
Investment earnings	180,184	38,624	950	0	181,134	38,624
Other Revenues	216,968	262,951	0	0	216,968	262,951
Total Revenues	16,394,446	14,004,994	4,367,589	4,795,994	20,762,035	18,800,988
Program Expenses			,			
Security of Persons and Property	4,540,694	4,486,282	0	0	4,540,694	4,486,282
Public Health and Welfare	108,616	53,679	0	0	108,616	53,679
Leisure Time Activities	7,560	10,968	. 0	0	7,560	10,968
Transportation	1,759,235	1,522,048	0	0	1,759,235	1,522,048
General Government	1,789,097	1,558,698	0	0	1,789,097	1,558,698
Intergovernmental	17,876	10,811	0	0	17,876	10,811
Interest and Fiscal Charges	375,973	384,403	0	0	375,973	384,403
Water	0	0	1,674,742	1,372,394	1,674,742	1,372,394
Sewer	0	0	1,073,010	1,190,572	1,073,010	1,190,572
Stormwater Management	0	0	46,082	89,250	46,082	89,250
Garbage	0	0	398,179	341,895	398,179	341,895
Cemetery	0	0	31,255	110,633	31,255	110,633
Total Expenses	8,599,051	8,026,889	3,223,268	3,104,744	11,822,319	11,131,633
Excess Before Transfers	7,795,395	5,978,105	1,144,321	1,691,250	8,939,716	7,669,355
Transfers	(468,532)	363,844	468,532	(363,844)	0	0
Change in Net Assets	7,326,863	6,341,949	1,612,853	1,327,406	8,939,716	7,669,355
Beginning Net Assets	30,481,030	24,139,081	2,921,528	1,594,122	33,402,558	25,733,203
Ending Net Assets	\$37,807,893	\$30,481,030	\$4,534,381	\$2,921,528	\$42,342,274	\$33,402,558
**					,,	7-0, .02,000

Governmental Activities

The primary focus of governmental activities is in the area of security of persons and property, which represents the police, fire and EMS services of the City. For 2005, total expenses were approximately \$4.54 million, representing 52.80% of governmental activity spending yielding a reliance on general revenues to fund the program of approximately \$3.89 million after direct support to their programs.

Continuing escalation in health insurance costs have affected all programs of the government. A primary goal of all programs is to continually review and monitor methods to seek self-sufficiency as public safety continues to increase expenditures. The leisure time activities was the most successful of all the programs as the activities paid for in this program are fee driven. Transportation was positive due to the developer contribution of infrastructure during the year.

Business-Type Activities

The City's business-type activities include the Water, Sewer, Stormwater Management, Gabage and Cemetery functions. All the business-type activities were able to report a positive net revenue for the year. The water function is clearly the most effective for the City with a positive net change of \$0.92 Million.

Financial Analysis of the City's Funds

As noted earlier, the City uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds: The focus of these City funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the City's financing requirements as well as its ability to meet the needs of its citizens. In particular, unreserved fund balance may serve as a useful measure of the City's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of the end of 2005, the City's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$1.99 Million. Approximately \$1.98 Million constitutes unreserved fund balance available for spending for citizens. The remainder of the balance is reserved to indicate that it has been spoken for already and not available to be spent for a variety of purposes, most notably to liquidate contracts and purchase orders from the prior year.

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the City. As of December 31, 2005, the unreserved general fund balance was \$1.14 Million with a total fund balance of \$1.15 Million. As a measure of liquidity, it is often useful to compare these numbers to total general fund expenditures and other financing uses. Unreserved fund balance represents approximately 18.02% of the total expenditures.

During 2005, the City's general fund decreased by \$.26 Million with revenues exceeding expenditures by \$0.16 Million. This is primarily due to the general fund's increased employee related costs in 2005. The City's other major governmental funds had ending funds balances and reported excess of revenues over expenditures and other financing sources and uses of:

	Ending	Percentage Change
Fund	Fund Balance	from Prior Year
Fire 2000 Levy	\$724,419	105.50%
Debt Service Fund	(1,375,241)	(65.44%)

The fire 2000 levy saw the fund balance increase as it held onto the revenue collections; whereas, in prior years the fund transferred cash reserve out to the fire operation and maintenance fund to cover operating costs of the fire department.

The debt service fund still is the critical fund for the City as it remains a large deficit. The City transferred funds from the general fund income tax and property tax revenues to offset the annual debt service requirements for the general obligation bonds.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

The City's budget is prepared according to Ohio law and the Charter of the City. The Budget is based on accounting for certain transaction on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements, and encumbrances. The most significant budgeted fund is the General Fund.

During the course of 2005, the City amended its total and general fund budget twice, the most significant noted below. All recommendations for the budget came from the City Manager after consultation with individual directors and the Finance Department before submission to City Council. The City Council also approves small interdepartmental budget changes that modify line items within departments within the same fund. With the General fund supporting a majority of our major activities such as public safety programs, as well as most legislative and executive activities, the General fund is monitored closely looking for possible revenue shortfalls or over spending by individual departments.

The City has no changes in original to final budget for projected revenues. The following table summarizes the major expenditures from original to final budget for 2005:

Description	Original Budget	Final Budget	Change
Expenditures:			
Security of Persons and Property	\$3,818,945	\$3,935,000	\$116,055
General Government	1,673,109	1,723,953	50,844
Other Expenditures	724,979	747,011	22,032
Total Expenditures	\$6,217,033	\$6,405,964	\$188,931

The City also increased the budgeted police costs by \$49,000 during the year for additional officers and related salary increases. The fire department reflected about \$67,000 more in personnel costs as the fire department expected to increase staff based on levies.

CITY OF MONROE, OHIO MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2005

The following table summarizes the major revenue sources and expenditures from final budget to actual results for 2005:

	Final		
Description	Budget	Actual	Change
Revenues:			
Property and Other Taxes	\$678,000	\$663,122	(\$14,878)
Income Taxes	3,150,000	3,323,519	173,519
Intergovernmental Revenue	368,800	395,8 4 2	27,042
Other Revenues	812,000	1,117,885	305,885
Total Revenues	5,008,800	5,500,368	491,568
Expenditures:			
Security of Persons/Property	3,935,000	3,432,628	502,372
General Government	1,723,953	1,622,703	101,250
Other Expenditures	747,011	535,789	211,222
Total Expenditures	6,405,964	5,591,120	814,844

The City was still conservative in income tax revenue projections with the final budget resulting in a significant variance with actual results. The City also received \$118,000 more in license and permit fee than was anticipated. With the increase in interest rates throughout the year, the City was able to generate more interest than prior years. The City had estimated \$20,000 and received over \$180,000 for the year.

The City's expenditures remained under budget as continued fiscal restraint was in play during the year. The City saved about \$46,000 in administration costs by eliminating duplication of services. The other reductions in expenditures is explained by the City examining each functional expense and determining if the budgeted line item was necessary as it continues to reduce the various fund deficits and move away from fiscal emergency status.

Capital Assets and Debt Administration

Capital Assets: The City's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities as of December 31, 2005, amounts to \$35.54 million (net of accumulated depreciation and related debt). This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings and systems, improvements, equipment and machinery, and street infrastructure.

Note 9 (Capital Assets) provides capital asset activity during 2005. The City has had extremely limited funding to provide for capital asset acquisition and construction. The majority of the increase in City assets was from developer contributions for local subdivision street infrastructure totaling \$7.07 million. For more information on the governmental and business-type capital assets see Note 9 in the notes to the financial statements.

Long-term Debt: At the end of 2005, the City had general obligation bonds outstanding of \$7.17 million in governmental activities. See Note 14 for further information on the City's long-term debt. The City did reissue \$4.32 million for the business-type activities. The City's general obligation debt was issued in 2003 as a combined issue consolidating individual obligations into one issue for the City to provide interest savings. For more information on the City's debt, please review Notes 14 and 15 in the notes to the financial statements.

CITY OF MONROE, OHIO MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2005

Economic Factors affecting the City

The City of Monroe has become one of the fastest growing communities in southwest Ohio. Monroe's population is currently estimated at 9,600 people in 2005 (above the 7,133 from the 2000 census) and its land area comprises approximately 16.1 square miles of territory. Monroe is located midway between downtown Cincinnati and Dayton. Monroe is served by a full interchange at Interstate 75 as well as two 4-lane state highways, SR 4 and SR 63. Monroe is also served by two major rail lines providing rail served industrial sites.

Monroe issued 248 residential (dwelling) building permits in 2005. Currently the City contains 18 approved residential subdivisions with an inventory of over 1,800 unbuilt dwelling units as of May 2006. Monroe also has 6 industrial subdivisions under development. Citywide, Monroe has approximately 3,300 acres of vacant industrial and commercially zoned land with direct access to all utilities and road frontage. In the year 2005, new construction brought the City's assessed valuation in excess of \$279,234,084. Monroe collected over \$3,300,000 in local income tax based on an earnings tax rate of 1% in 2005.

Monroe aggressively attracts and retains business using several different development financing mechanisms. All industrially zoned property within the City has the Rural Enterprise Zone tax incentive program and Community Reinvestment Area program in place. The City also utilizes Tax Increment Financing and special assessment financing to facilitate eligible industrial development. In 2005, Monroe approved over 108,000 sq. ft. of new commercial and industrial space while creating 318 new full time jobs.

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, creditors, investors and elected officials with a general overview of the City's finances and to show accountability for the money it receives. If you have any questions about this report or need additional information, contact the City of Monroe Finance Director, 233 Main Street, Monroe, Ohio 45050, (513) 539-7374 or visit the City website at www.Monroeohio.org.



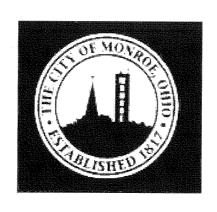
THE CITY OF MONROE STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS DECEMBER 31, 2005

	overnmental Activities	siness-Type Activities	 Total
Assets:			
Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 2,274,127	\$ 4,025,819	\$ 6,299,946
Investments	8,009	-	8,009
Receivables (net of allowance			
for doubtful accounts):			
Taxes-Real & Personal Property	3,456,456	_	3,456,456
Taxes-Municipal Income	309,681	-	309,681
Accounts	144,399	519,071	663,470
Special Assessments	1,766,887	-	1,766,887
Interest	4,165	_	4,165
Due from Other Governments	718,713	_	718,713
Bond Issuance Costs	198,424	_	198,424
Nondepreciable Assets:	170,121		170,121
Land	1,327,758	563,741	1 001 400
Land Improvements	232,100		1,891,499
'	232,100	150,409	382,509
Construction in Progress	-	238,601	238,601
Depreciable Assets:	(401 574	514000	7.005.574
Buildings and Improvements	6,491,576	514,000	7,005,576
Machinery and Equipment	2,428,009	1,663,773	4,091,782
Infrastructure: Streets	48,704,868	-	48,704,868
Infrastrucutre: Water Lines	-	3,284,989	3,284,989
Less: Accumulated Depreciation	 (13,717,084)	(2,113,181)	 (15,830,265
Total Assets	 54,348,088	8,847,222	 63,195,310
Liabilities:			
Accounts Payable	113,315	17,416	130,731
Contracts Payable	76,116	70,794	146,910
Accrued Wages and Benefits	131,195	12,022	143,217
Due to Other Governments	141,462	103,557	245,019
Internal Balances	847,042	(847,042)	213,017
Accrued Interest Payable	37,019	53,411	90,430
Matured Interest Payable	4,745	-	4,745
Unearned Revenue	4,709,296	_	4,709,296
Long-Term Liabilities due within 1 year	536,109	4,342,692	4,878,801
Long-Term Liabilities due over 1 year	9,943,896	559,991	10,503,887
Total Liabilities	16,540,195	4,312,841	20,853,036
NET ASSETS			
Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt	36,129,538	(587,825)	35 541 713
Restricted:	30,127,330	(367,623)	35,541,713
	(F2 172		/F0 170
Transportation	652,172	*	652,172
Protection of Citizens	1,204,920	-	1,204,920
Capital Improvements	766,489	-	766,489
Perpetual Care	67,862	-	67,862
Unrestricted (Deficit)	 (1,013,088)	 5,122,206	 4,109,118
Total Net Assets	 37,807,893	4,534,381	 42,342,274
Fotal Liabilities and Net Assets	\$ 54,348,088	\$ 8,847,222	\$ 63,195,310

THE CITY OF MONROE
STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2005

	-		Progr	Program Revenues					Net (E) Chai	Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Assets	nue and Assets	
			J	Operating		Capital			Prin	Primary Government	ment	
		Charges for	U	Grants and	U	Grants and	ြိ	Governmental	Bus	Business-Type		
Function/Programs	Expenses	Services	ပိ	Contributions	ပိ	Contributions	-	Activities	4	Activities		Total
Governmental Activities:												
Security of Persons and Property	\$ (4,540,694) \$	639,503	↔	20,995	G		69	(3.880.196)	€9	,	65	(3880 196)
Public Health and Welfare	(108,616)					•		(108.616)		,	·	(911/801)
Leisure Time Activities	(2,560)	180,810		,				173.250		٠		173 250
Transportation	(1,759,235)			543,115		7.069.000		5.852.880		1		5 857 880
General Government	(1,789,097)	726,831		•		•		(1.062.266)		,		(1 062 266)
Intergovernmental	(17,876)	1		•				(17.876)		,		(17,975)
Interest and Fiscal Charges	(375,973)	r		•		•		(375,973)				(375.973)
Total Governmental Activities	(8,599,051)	1,547.144		564,110		7,069,000		581,203		,		581,203
Business-Type Activities:												
Water	(1,674,742)	2,478,159		115,056		1				918.473		918 473
Sewer	(1,073,010)	1,162,147		•				,		89,137		89.137
Stormwater Management	(46,082)	151,470		1		•		1		105,388		105.388
Garbage	(398,179)	415,125		•		,		,		16,946		16.946
Cemetery	(31,255)	44,682		t		•		1		13,427		13.427
Total Business-Type Activities	(3,223,268)	4,251,583		115,056				-		1,143,371		1,143,371
Total	\$ (11,822,319) \$	5,798,727	\$	679,166	∞	7,069,000		581,203		1,143,371		1,724,574
	Bossess										-	
Incom	Income Taxes							3.345.238				3 345 738
Proper	Property Taxes							2,361,985		,		7 361 985
Estate	Estate Taxes							230,709		•		230,709
Franch	Franchise Fee Taxes							90,056		٠		90,056
Hotel	Hotel Taxes							95,149				95,149
Payme	Payment in Lieu of Taxes							65,573				65,573
Permis	Permissive Sale Taxes							91,646		1		91,646
Grants	Grants and Contributions not restricted to specific programs	restricted to spe	cific pro	grams				536,684		•		536,684
Unrest	Unrestricted investment earnings	ings						180,184		950		181,134
Miscel	Miscellaneous							216,968				216,968
Net Tra	Net Transfers							(468,532)		468,532		•
Total	Total General Revenues and Transfers	Transfers						6,745,660		469,482		7,215,142
ა	Changes in Net Assets							7,326,863		1,612,853		8,939,716
Net Ass	Net Assets-Beginning							30,481,030		2,921,528		33,402,558
Net Ass	Net Assets-Ending						€9-	37,807,893	₩.	4,534,381	\$	42,342,274

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements



THE CITY OF MONROE BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2005

	 	General	Fire 2000 Levy	 Debt Service	Go	Other overnmental Funds
Assets:						
Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	134,669	\$ 611,470	\$ -	\$	1,527,988
Investments		-	-	1,509		6,500
Receivables (net of allowance						
for doubtful accounts):						
Taxes-Real & Personal Property		725,400	784,391	-		1,946,665
Taxes-Municipal Income		309,681	-	-		-
Accounts		28,856	-	-		122,977
Interest		4,165	-	-		-
Special Assessments		-	-	1,722,738		44,149
Interfund Receivable		602,678	-	-		-
Due from Other Governments		425,337	 -	 -		293,376
Total Assets		2,230,786	 1,395,861	 1,724,247		3,941,655
Liabilities:						
Accounts Payable		46,547	-	•		66,768
Contracts Payable		2,445		_		73,671
Accrued Wages and Benefits		35,290		-		95,905
Due to Other Governments		24,519	-	_		116,943
Interfund Payable		-	-	1,385,722		63,998
Matured Interest Payable		-		4,745		-
Deferred Revenue		954,906	671,442	1,709,021		2,034,635
Matured Leave Payable		15,779	 -	 -		-
Total Liabilities		1,079,486	 671,442	 3,099,488		2,451,920
Fund Balances:						
Reserved for Encumbrances		4,800	-	-		1,961
Unreserved, reported in:						
General		1,146,500	-	-		~
Special Revenue		-	724,419			858,552
Debt Service (Deficit)		-		(1,375,241)		-
Capital Projects		-	 · -	 - '	***************************************	629,222
Total Fund Balances (Deficit)		1,151,300	724,419	(1,375,241)		1,489,735
Total Liabilities and fund balances	\$	2,230,786	\$ 1,395,861	\$ 1,724,247	\$	3,941,655

THE CITY OF MONROE BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2005

Total Governmental		
Funds		
	Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net	
	assets are different because:	
\$ 2,274,127		
8,009	Governmental Fund Balances at December 31, 2005	\$ 1,990,213
	Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial	
3,456,456	resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.	45,467,227
309,681		
151,833	Issuance Costs associated with governmental debt are not financial	
4,165	resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.	198,424
1,766,887		
602,678	Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current-period	
 718,713	expenditures and, therefore, are deferred in the funds.	653,274
 9,292,549	Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable are not due and payable	
	in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds.	 (10,501,245)
113,315	Net Assets of governmental activities	\$ 37,807,893
76,116		
131,195		
141,462		
1,449,720		
4,745		
5,370,004		
 15,779		
 7,302,336		
6,761		
0,701		
1,146,500		
1,582,971		
(1,375,241)		
629,222		
 1,990,213		
\$ 9,292,549		

THE CITY OF MONROE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2005

Revenues		General	2	Fire 000 Levy	D	ebt Service	G	Other overnmental Funds
Property and Other Taxes	Revenues:	 						
Property and Other Taxes 614,693 477,563 - 1,333.0 Intergovernmental 395,888 41,463 - 701,9 Charges for Services 207,237 499.0 Charges for Services 1618,133 180,8 Investment Earnings 158,028 - 31 22,1 Fines and Fortfeitures 70,737 8 8 Special Assessments 1615,666 36,1 All Other Revenues 55,044 1615,666 36,1 All Other Revenues 55,044 1615,666 36,1 All Other Revenues 55,464,998 519,026 161,597 2,960,6 Expenditures: Current: Security of Persons and Property 3,435,545 7,496 - 972,9 Public Health and Welfare 108,616 199,5 General Government 1,614,230 199,5 General Government 1,614,230 25,0 Cappet 1,614,230 25,0 Cappet 225,0 Debt Service: Principal Retirement 1,148 - 484,000 - 101,148 - 101,148 - 101,148 - 101,148 - 101,148 - 101,148 - 101,148 - 101,148 - 101,148 - 101,148 - 101,148 - 101,148 -	Income Taxes	\$ 3,345,238	\$	_	\$	_	\$	-
Intergovernmental 395,888	Property and Other Taxes	614,693		477,563		-		1,333,076
Licenses and Permits 618,133	Intergovernmental	395,888		41,463		-		701,946
Investment Earnings 158,028 - 31 22,1 Fines and Fortfeitures 70,737 -	Charges for Services	207,237		-		-		499,070
Fines and Fortfeitures 70,737 - 161,566 36,1 All Other Revenues 55,044 - 161,566 36,1 All Other Revenues 55,044 - 161,597 2,960,6 Expenditures: Current: Security of Persons and Property 3,435,545 7,496 - 972,9 Public Health and Welfare 108,616 - 1 Transportation 398,200 - 199,5 General Government 1,614,230 - 199,5 General Government 17,876 - 2 Intergovernmental 17,876 - 2 Debt Service: Principal Retirement 1,148 - 484,000 - 1 Interest and Fiscal Charges 1,348 - 369,947 - 1 Total Expenditures 5,625,892 7,496 853,947 1,397,41 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures (160,894) 511,530 (692,350) 1,563,162 Other Financing Sources (Uses): Inception of Capital Lease 25,844 - 50,77 Transfers - In 610,696 - 68,364 1,493,3 Transfers - Out (736,152) (139,630) 148,359 (301,0) Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (99,612) (139,630) 148,359 (301,0)	Licenses and Permits	618,133		•		_		180,810
Special Assessments	Investment Earnings	158,028		-		31		22,125
All Other Revenues 55,044 186,6 Total Revenues 5,464,998 519,026 161,597 2,960,6 Expenditures: Current: Security of Persons and Property 3,435,545 7,496 - 972,9 Public Health and Welfare 108,616 199,5 General Government 1,614,230 199,5 General Government 17,876 225,0 Intergovernmental 17,876 225,0 Debt Service: Principal Retirement 1,148 - 484,000 - 1 Interest and Fiscal Charges 1,348 - 369,947 Total Expenditures 5,625,892 7,496 853,947 1,397,41 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures (160,894) 511,530 (692,350) 1,563,141 Other Financing Sources (Uses): Inception of Capital Lease 25,844 50,77 Transfers - In 610,696 - 668,364 1,493,3 Transfers - Out (736,152) (139,630) (520,005) (1,845,1) Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (99,612) (139,630) 148,359 (301,0)	Fines and Fortfeitures	70,737		-		-		843
All Other Revenues 55,044 186,6 Total Revenues 5,464,998 519,026 161,597 2,960,6 Expenditures: Current: Security of Persons and Property 3,435,545 7,496 - 972,9 Public Health and Welfare 108,616 1972,9 Public Health and Welfare 108,616 199,5 General Government 1,614,230 199,5 General Government 17,876 2 Capital Outay 48,929 - 225,0 Debt Service: Principal Retirement 1,148 - 484,000 - 1 Interest and Fiscal Charges 1,348 - 369,947 Total Expenditures 5,625,892 7,496 853,947 1,397,41 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures (160,894) 511,530 (692,350) 1,563,167 Other Financing Sources (Uses): Inception of Capital Lease 25,844 - 5 50,77 Transfers - In 610,696 - 668,364 1,493,3 Transfers - Out (736,152) (139,630) (520,005) (1.845,1) Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (99,612) (139,630) 148,359 (301,07)	Special Assessments	-		_		161,566		36,107
Expenditures: Current: Security of Persons and Property 3,435,545 7,496 - 972,9 Public Health and Welfare 108,616 199,5 General Government 1,614,230 199,5 General Government 17,876 225,0 Intergovernmental 17,876 225,0 Debt Service: Principal Retirement 1,148 - 484,000 - 1 Interest and Fiscal Charges 1,348 - 369,947 - 1 Total Expenditures 5,625,892 7,496 853,947 1,397,4 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures (160,894) 511,530 (692,350) 1,563,16 Other Financing Sources (Uses): Inception of Capital Lease 25,844 50,77 Transfers - Out (736,152) (139,630) (520,005) (1,845,167) Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (99,612) (139,630) 148,359 (301,07)	All Other Revenues	55,044		-				186,644
Current: Security of Persons and Property 3,435,545 7,496 - 972,9 Public Health and Welfare 108,616 - - - - - Transportation 398,200 - - 199,5 - <	Total Revenues	 5,464,998		519,026		161,597		2,960,621
Security of Persons and Property 3,435,545 7,496 - 972,9 Public Health and Welfare 108,616 - - - - Transportation 398,200 - - 199,5 General Government 1,614,230 - - - - Intergovernmental 17,876 -	Expenditures:							
Public Health and Welfare 108,616 - <t< td=""><td>Current:</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></t<>	Current:							
Transportation 398,200 - - 199,5 General Government 1,614,230 - - - Intergovernmental 17,876 - - - - Capital Outlay 48,929 - - 225,0 Debt Service: Principal Retirement 1,148 - 484,000 - Interest and Fiscal Charges 1,348 - 369,947 - Total Expenditures 5,625,892 7,496 853,947 1,397,41 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures (160,894) 511,530 (692,350) 1,563,16 Other Financing Sources (Uses): Inception of Capital Lease 25,844 - - 50,77 Transfers - In 610,696 - 668,364 1,493,3 Transfers - Out (736,152) (139,630) (520,005) (1,845,1	Security of Persons and Property	3,435,545		7,496		-		972,901
General Government 1,614,230 - </td <td>Public Health and Welfare</td> <td>108,616</td> <td></td> <td>-</td> <td></td> <td>-</td> <td></td> <td>-</td>	Public Health and Welfare	108,616		-		-		-
Intergovernmental	Transportation	398,200		-		-		199,537
Capital Outlay 48,929 - - 225,0 Debt Service: Principal Retirement 1,148 - 484,000 - Interest and Fiscal Charges 1,348 - 369,947 - Total Expenditures 5,625,892 7,496 853,947 1,397,45 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures Over (Under) Expenditures (160,894) 511,530 (692,350) 1,563,16 Other Financing Sources (Uses): Inception of Capital Lease 25,844 - - 50,77 Transfers - In 610,696 - 668,364 1,493,3 Transfers - Out (736,152) (139,630) (520,005) (1,845,1 Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (99,612) (139,630) 148,359 (301,0)	General Government	1,614,230		-		-		-
Debt Service: Principal Retirement 1,148 - 484,000 - Interest and Fiscal Charges 1,348 - 369,947 - Total Expenditures 5,625,892 7,496 853,947 1,397,49 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues 0ver (Under) Expenditures (160,894) 511,530 (692,350) 1,563,10 Other Financing Sources (Uses): Inception of Capital Lease 25,844 - - 50,77 Transfers - In 610,696 - 668,364 1,493,3 Transfers - Out (736,152) (139,630) (520,005) (1,845,1 Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (99,612) (139,630) 148,359 (301,0)	Intergovernmental	17,876		-		~		-
Principal Retirement 1,148 - 484,000 - Interest and Fiscal Charges 1,348 - 369,947 - Total Expenditures 5,625,892 7,496 853,947 1,397,49 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues 0ver (Under) Expenditures (160,894) 511,530 (692,350) 1,563,160 Other Financing Sources (Uses): Inception of Capital Lease 25,844 - - 50,77 Transfers - In 610,696 - 668,364 1,493,3 Transfers - Out (736,152) (139,630) (520,005) (1,845,1) Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (99,612) (139,630) 148,359 (301,07)	Capital Outlay	48,929		-		-		225,020
Interest and Fiscal Charges 1,348 - 369,947 - Total Expenditures 5,625,892 7,496 853,947 1,397,45 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues 0ver (Under) Expenditures (160,894) 511,530 (692,350) 1,563,16 Other Financing Sources (Uses): Inception of Capital Lease 25,844 - - 50,77 Transfers - In 610,696 - 668,364 1,493,3 Transfers - Out (736,152) (139,630) (520,005) (1,845,1 Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (99,612) (139,630) 148,359 (301,02)	Debt Service:							
Total Expenditures 5,625,892 7,496 853,947 1,397,41 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures (160,894) 511,530 (692,350) 1,563,16 Other Financing Sources (Uses): Inception of Capital Lease 25,844 50,77 Transfers - In 610,696 - 668,364 1,493,3 Transfers - Out (736,152) (139,630) (520,005) (1,845,1) Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (99,612) (139,630) 148,359 (301,02)	Principal Retirement	1,148		-		484,000		-
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures (160,894) 511,530 (692,350) 1,563,16 Other Financing Sources (Uses): Inception of Capital Lease 25,844 50,77 Transfers - In 610,696 - 668,364 1,493,3 Transfers - Out (736,152) (139,630) (520,005) (1,845,1) Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (99,612) (139,630) 148,359 (301,07)	Interest and Fiscal Charges	 1,348		-		369,947		-
Over (Under) Expenditures (160,894) 511,530 (692,350) 1,563,16 Other Financing Sources (Uses): Inception of Capital Lease 25,844 - - 50,77 Transfers - In 610,696 - 668,364 1,493,3 Transfers - Out (736,152) (139,630) (520,005) (1,845,1) Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (99,612) (139,630) 148,359 (301,02)	Total Expenditures	 5,625,892		7,496		853,947		1,397,458
Other Financing Sources (Uses): 25,844 - - 50,77 Transfers - In 610,696 - 668,364 1,493,3 Transfers - Out (736,152) (139,630) (520,005) (1,845,1 Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (99,612) (139,630) 148,359 (301,02)	Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues							
Inception of Capital Lease 25,844 - - 50,77 Transfers - In 610,696 - 668,364 1,493,3 Transfers - Out (736,152) (139,630) (520,005) (1,845,1 Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (99,612) (139,630) 148,359 (301,02)	Over (Under) Expenditures	(160,894)		511,530		(692,350)		1,563,163
Transfers - In 610,696 - 668,364 1,493,3 Transfers - Out (736,152) (139,630) (520,005) (1,845,1 Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (99,612) (139,630) 148,359 (301,02)	Other Financing Sources (Uses):							
Transfers - Out (736,152) (139,630) (520,005) (1,845,1) Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (99,612) (139,630) 148,359 (301,02)	Inception of Capital Lease	25,844		-		-		50,776
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (99,612) (139,630) 148,359 (301,02)	Transfers - In	610,696		-		668,364		1,493,310
	Transfers - Out	 (736,152)		(139,630)		(520,005)		(1,845,115)
Net Change in Fund Balances (260,506) 371,900 (543,991) 1,262,13	Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	 (99,612)		(139,630)		148,359		(301,029)
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Net Change in Fund Balances	(260,506)		371,900		(543,991)		1,262,134
Fund Balances (Deficit) at Beginning of Year 1,411,806 352,519 (831,250) 227,60	Fund Balances (Deficit) at Beginning of Year	1,411,806		352,519		(831,250)		227,601
	Fund Balances (Deficit) at End of Year	\$ 1,151,300	\$	724,419	\$		\$	1,489,735

THE CITY OF MONROE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2005

	Total			
G	Governmental			
	Funds			
		Amounts reported in governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:		
\$	3,345,238			
	2,425,332	Net Change in Fund Balances - total governmental funds	\$	829,537
	1,139,297			
	706,307	Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities		
	798,943	the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation		
	180,184	expense. This is the amount by which capital outlays exceed depreciation in the current period.		5,890,763
	71,580			
	197,673	Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources		
	241,688	are not reported as revenues in the funds.		217,286
	9,106,242	The insurance of long town debt provides compart financial account to a compart of the Life of		
	7,106,242	The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the		
		repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction however, has any affect on net assets. Also, governmental funds		
		report the effect of issuance costs, premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued,		
	4,415,942	whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. This amount is		
	108,616	the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items.		40E 740
	597,737	and the cheet of chest and chest in the determine of long term debt and related items.		405,768
	1,614,230	Some items reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial		
	17,876	resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.		(16,491)
	273,949	:	***	(10,171)
		Change in net assets of governmental activities	\$	7,326,863
	485,148			,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
	371,295			
	7,884,793			
h-1				
	1,221,449			
	76,620			
	2,772,370			
	2,772,370 (3,240,902)			
	2,772,370			
	2,772,370 (3,240,902) (391,912)			
	2,772,370 (3,240,902)			
	2,772,370 (3,240,902) (391,912) 829,537			
	2,772,370 (3,240,902) (391,912)			



THE CITY OF MONROE STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS ENTERPRISE FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2005

BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES--ENTERPRISE FUNDS

	 50311	4LJJ-1	TI L ACTIVI	111.31	INTLICENSE	- OIN	
	Water		Sewer		Jonmajor nterprise Funds		Totals
Assets:	 					*	
Current Assets:		•					
Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 3,447,582	\$	431,239	\$	146,998	\$	4,025,819
Receivables (net of allowances							
for doubtful accounts)							
Accounts	257,724		160,313		101,034		519,071
Interfund	847,042		-		-		847,042
Total Current Assets	 4,552,348		591,552		248,032		5,391,932
Capital Assets:							
Nondepreciable Assets	952,751		-		-		952,751
Depreciable Assets	3,349,581		-		-		3,349,581
Total Capital Assets (net of							
(accumulated deprecation)	 4,302,332		-		-		4,302,332
Total Assets	 8,854,680		591,552		248,032		9,694,264
Liabilities							
Current Liabilities:							
Accounts Payable	12,198		-		5,218		17,416
Contracts Payable	2,445		-		68,349		70,794
Accrued Wages and Benefits	12,022		-		_		12,022
Due to Other Governments	31,877		71,068		612		103,557
Accrued Interest Payable	45,081		8,330		-		53,411
Revenue Anticipation Notes Payable	4,021,000		294,000		_		4,315,000
Loan Payable - Current	26,614				-		26,614
Total Current Liabilities	 4,151,237		373,398		74,179		4,598,814
Noncurrent Liabilities:							
Compensated Absences Payable	12,526		-		-		12,526
Loans Payable	548,543		=		_		548,543
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	 561,069		_		-		561,069
Total Liabilities	 4,712,306		373,398		74,179		5,159,883
Net Assets							
Invested in Capital Assets, Net							
of Related Debt	(587,825)		-		-		(587,825)
Unrestricted	4,730,199		218,154		173,853		5,122,206
Total Net Assets	 4,142,374		218,154		173,853		4,534,381
Total Net Assets and Liabilities	\$ 8,854,680	\$	591,552	\$	248,032	\$	9,694,264

THE CITY OF MONROE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET ASSETS ENTERPRISE FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2005

DI ICINIECC T	ADL V C.	ナハハナリア	EN ITED D	
DOSINESS-1	THE AC	11411162	·EIN : EKP	rise funds

	Water	Sewer	Nonmajor Enterprise Funds	Totals
Operating Revenues:				
Charges for Services	\$ 2,289,416	\$ 1,162,147	\$ 583,695	\$ 4,035,258
Sales	_		27,482	27, 4 82
Other Operating Revenues	188,743	-	100	188,843
Total Operating Revenues	2,478,159	1,162,147	611,277	4,251,583
Operating Expenses:				
Personal Services	336,295	122	612	337,029
Materials and Supplies	289,359	-	12,193	301,552
Contractual Services	670,449	1,069,072	458,653	2,198,174
Net Bad Debt Expense	(115)	(823)	137	(801)
Depreciation	229,797			229,797
Total Operating Expenses	1,525,785	1,068,371	471,595	3,065,751
Operating Income	952,374	93,776	139,682	1,185,832
Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses):				
Investment Earnings	570	380	-	950
Interest and Fiscal Charges	(144,940)	(4,633)	-	(149,573)
Deposit Refunds	(4,017)	(6)	(3,921)	(7,944)
Total Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses)	(148,387)	(4,259)	(3,921)	(156,567)
Income Before Transfers and Capital Contributions	803,987	89,517	135,761	1,029,265
Capital Contributions	115,056	-	-	115,056
Transfers In	-	700,000	-	700,000
Transfers Out	(101,468)	(30,000)	(100,000)	(231,468)
Total Transfers and Capital Contributions	13,588	670,000	(100,000)	583,588
Change in Net Assets	817,575	759,517	35,761	1,612,853
Total net assets - Beginning (Deficit)	3,324,799	(541,363)	138,092	2,921,528
Total net assets - Ending	\$ 4,142,374	\$ 218,154	\$ 173,853	\$ 4,534,381

THE CITY OF MONROE STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS ENTERPRISE FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2005

	BUSIN	ESS-TYPE ACTIVIT	TESENTERPRIS	E FU	NDS
			Nonmajor Enterprise		
	Water	Sewer	Funds		Totals
Cash Flows from Operating Activities:					
Cash Received from Customers	\$ 2,279,372	\$ 1,168,818	\$ 606,098	\$	4,054,288
Cash Paid for Employee Services and Benefits	(322,646)			,	(322,646)
Cash Paid to Suppliers for Goods and Services	(975,870)	(1,082,499)	(428,548)		(2,486,917)
Other Receipts	188,743		100		188,843
Other Payments	(1,765)	(6)	(3,921)		(5,692)
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities	1,167,834	86,313	173,729		1,427,876
Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities:					
Transfers-in from Other Funds	87,654	700,000	-		787,654
Transfers-out to Other Funds	(189,122)	(30,000)	(100,000)		(319,122)
Cash repaid for Long-Term Loan	-	(318,271)	,		(318,271)
Cash received from Short-Term Loan	1,543,703		-		1,543,703
Net Cash Provided by (Used In) NonCapital Financing Activities	1,442,235	351,729	(100,000)		1,693,964
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities:					
Capital Grant Contributions	115,056				115,056
Face Value from the Sale of Capital Debt	4,021,000	294,000			4,315,000
Acquisition and Construction of Capital Assets	(238,601)	21 1,000	_		(238,601)
Principal Paid on Revenue Anticipation Bonds	(4,201,000)	(294,000)	_		(4,495,000)
Principal Paid on Loans Payable	(24,102)		_		(24,102)
Interest Paid on All Debt	(134,357)	(7,183)	-		(141,540)
Net Cash (Used in) Capital					
and Related Financing Activities	(462,004)	(7,183)	•		(469, 187)
Cash Flows from Investing Activities:					
Interest Earnings	570	380			950
Net Cash Provided By Investing Activities	570	380	-		950
Net Increase in Cash and Cash Equivalents	2,148,635	431,239	73,729		2,653,603
Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Year	1,298,947	-	73,269		1,372,216
Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Year	\$ 3,447,582	\$ 431,239	\$ 146,998	\$	4,025,819
Reconciliation of Operating Income to					
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities:					
Operating Income	\$ 952,374	\$ 93,776	\$ 139,682	\$	1,185,832
Adjustment to Personal Co.					
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income					
to Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities: Depreciation Expense	220 707				
Other	229,797	- (0)	(2.021)		229,797
Change in Assets and Liabilities:	(1,765)	(6)	(3,921)		(5,692)
(Increase) Decrease in Accounts Receivable	(30,792)	5,848	(4 942)		(20.00()
(Increase) Decrease in Accounts Receivable	(13,913)	5,040	(4,942) 3,076		(29,886)
Increase in Contracts Payables	667	-	39,222		(10,837) 39,889
Increase in Accrued Wages and Benefits	3,460	-	37,222		37,007
Increase in Compensated Absences Payable	755	-	-		755
Increase (Decrease) in Due to Other Governments	27,251	(13,305)	612		14,558
Total Adjustments	215,460	(7,463)	34,047		242,044
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities	\$ 1,167,834	\$ 86,313	\$ 173,729	\$	1,427,876

THE CITY OF MONROE STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY ASSETS AND LIABILITIES FIDUCIARY FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2005

	,	Agency
Assets:		
Cash and Cash Equivalents		
in Segregated Accounts	\$	10,862
Total Assets	-	10,862
Liabilities:		
Accounts Payable		6,129
Intergovernmental Payable		1,080
Due to Others		3,301
Undistributed Monies		352
Total Liabilities	\$	10,862

Note I — Reporting Entity and Basis of Presentation

The City of Monroe is a home rule municipal corporation organized under the laws of the State of Ohio. The City operates under its own charter. The current charter, which provides for a Council/Manager form of government, was adopted in 1984. The seven-member Council is elected to four-year terms. Annually, the Council selects one of its members to serve as Mayor. The Council appoints the City Manager, Finance Director and Law Director.

The Reporting Entity

A reporting entity is comprised of the primary government, component units and other organizations that are included to ensure that the financial statements are not misleading. The primary government of the City consists of all funds and departments that are not legally separate from the City. Services provided include police and fire protection, street maintenance and repair force, planning and zoning departments, a parks and recreation system, a water and sewer system, and a community development department. A staff provides essential support (i.e., payroll processing, accounts payable, revenue collection) to these service providers. The Council and the City Manager have direct responsibility for these activities.

Component units are legally separate organizations for which the City is financially accountable. The City is financially accountable for an organization if the City appoints a voting majority of the organization's governing board and (I) the City is able to significantly influence the programs or services performed or provided by the organization; or (2) the City is legally entitled to or can otherwise access the organization's resources; the City is legally obligated or has otherwise assumed the responsibility to finance the deficits of, or provide financial support to, the organization; or the City is obligated for the debt of the organization. Component units may also include organizations that are fiscally dependent on the City in that the City approves the organization's budget, the issuance of its debt or the levying of its taxes. The City had no component units at December 31, 2005.

The Monroe Mayor's Court has been included in the City's financial statements as an agency fund. The clerk of court has a fiduciary responsibility for the collection and distribution of the court fees and fines.

The City is also associated with two jointly governed organizations, The Center for Local Governments and the Ohio-Kentucky-Indiana Regional Council of Governments, which are presented in Note 17 to the Basic financial statements. The City is also a member the Municipal League of Ohio Workers' Compensation Group Rating Plan, an insurance purchasing pool, which is presented in Note 18 to the basic financial statements.

Basis of Presentation - Fund Accounting

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net assets and the statement of activities) report information on all of the non-fiduciary activities of the primary government. The effect of inter-fund activity has been removed from these statements except interfund services provided and used in the normal course of business. Taxes and intergovernmental revenues normally support governmental activities. Business-type activities are supported by charges for services.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. *Direct expenses* are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. *Program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as *general revenues*.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, enterprise funds and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental and enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

Note 2 — SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of the City have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to government units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. Certain of the City's accounting policies are described as follows.

Measurement Focus Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the enterprise fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within sixty days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is expected to be liquidated with expendable, available resources. However, debt service expenditures, as well as compensated absences, are recorded only when payment is due.

Property taxes, income taxes, hotel taxes, licenses, state shared revenues, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. All other revenue items are considered measurable and available only when the City receives cash.

Fund Accounting

The City uses funds to maintain its financial records during the year. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. The City employs the use of three categories of funds: governmental, enterprise, and fiduciary.

Governmental Funds

Governmental funds are those through which most governmental functions typically are financed. Governmental funds reporting focuses on the sources, uses and balances of current financial resources. Expendable assets are assigned to the various governmental funds according to the purpose of which they may or must be used. Current liabilities are assigned to the fund from which they will be paid. The difference between governmental fund assets and liabilities is reported as fund balance.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

Enterprise Funds

Enterprise funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with an enterprise fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the City enterprise funds are charges to customers for sales and services. Operating expenses for enterprise funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

The City reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund

The general fund is the government's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

Fire 2000 Levy

To account for the property tax levied in 2000 for capital improvements and acquisitions.

Debt Service Fund

The debt service fund accounts for the retirement of specific general governmental short and long term obligations. All revenues derived from general or special levies, either within or exceeding the ten-mill limitation, which is levied for debt charges on bonds or loans, shall be paid in this fund.

The City reports the following major enterprise funds:

Water Fund

To account for activities of the City's water system.

Sewer Fund

To account for activities of the City's wastewater system.

Fiduciary Funds

Fiduciary fund reporting focuses on net assets and changes in net assets using the economic resources measurement focus and accrual basis of accounting. The fiduciary fund category is split into four classifications: private purpose trust funds, pension trust funds, investment trust funds and agency funds. The City maintains a Municipal Court agency fund, which accounts for funds that flow through the municipal court office. The City's agency fund is custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and does not involve the measurement of results of operations.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

Pursuant to GASB Statement No, 20, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Enterprise and Other Governmental Entities that Use Enterprise Fund Accounting, the City has elected to follow FASB Statements and Interpretations issued prior to December I, 1989, to the extent that those standards do not conflict with or contradict guidance of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board.

The City also has the option of following subsequent FASB guidance for their business-type and enterprise funds, subject to this same limitation. The City has elected not to apply those FASB Statements and Interpretations issued after November 30, 1989, to its enterprise funds.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

To improve cash management, all cash received by the City is pooled. Monies for all funds, including enterprise funds, except cash held by a trustee or fiscal agent and specific fund investments, are maintained in this pool. Each fund's interest in the pool is presented as "Equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents" on the fund balance sheet and statement of net assets. Individual fund integrity is maintained through the City's records. The City's Mayor's Court has its own checking accounts for collection and distribution of court fines and forfeitures that are presented on the statement of fiduciary net assets as "Cash and cash equivalents in segregated accounts." The City utilizes a financial institution to service bonded debt as principal and interest payments come due. The balance in this account is presented on the fund balance sheet and statement of net assets as "Cash with fiscal agent." The Debt Service and Capital Improvement capital projects fund expended more than their share of pooled cash and cash equivalents. These funds had negative cash balances at year-end that were eliminated by short-term loans from various city funds. These loans are classified as "Interfund receivables" and "Interfund payables."

For purposes of the statement of cash flows and for presentation on the fund balance sheet and statement of net assets, investments with original maturities of three months or less and funds within the cash management pool are considered to be cash equivalents. Except for non-participating investment contracts, investments are reported at fair value, which is based on quoted market prices. Non-participating investment contracts, such as certificates of deposit, are reported at cost. During fiscal year 2005, investments were limited to STAR Ohio and certificates of deposit.

STAR Ohio is an investment pool managed by the State Treasurer's Office, which allows governments within the State to pool their funds for investment purposes. STAR Ohio is not registered with the SEC as an investment company, but does operate in a manner consistent with Rule 2a7 of the Investment Company Act of 1940. Investments in STAR Ohio are valued at STAR Ohio's share price, which is the price the investment could be sold for on December 31, 2005.

Following Ohio statutes, the City Council has, by resolution, specified the funds to receive an allocation of interest earnings. Interest revenue credited to the general fund during 2005 amounted to \$158,028, which includes \$143,149, assigned from other City funds. Interest was also credited to the 1989 Fire Levy, Cemetery Trust and Longstreet Trust Special Revenue funds and Debt Service fund in the amounts of \$21,690; \$5; \$430 and \$31, respectively.

Interfund Assets/Liabilities

Receivables and payables resulting from transactions between funds for services provided or goods received are classified as "Due from other funds" or "Due to other funds" on the fund balance sheet. Short-term interfund loans for a negative cash balance in a fund are classified as "Interfund receivables" and "Interfund payables." These amounts are removed from the consolidated columns on the statement of net assets.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

Capital Assets and Depreciation

The accounting and reporting treatment applied to capital assets is determined by the ultimate use:

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks, and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the government as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$500 (amount not rounded) and an estimated useful life in excess of two years. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value on the date of donation.

Depreciation has been provided using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Description	Estimated Lives (Years)
Buildings and Building Improvements	40
Infrastructure – Streets	50
Infrastructure – Water Lines	20
Land improvements	20
Machinery, Equipment and Vehicles	5 – 20

Interfund Transactions

During the course of normal operations, the City has numerous transactions between funds. Interfund transactions are generally classified as follows:

Transfers are reported as "Other Financing Sources and Uses" in the governmental funds, as "Transfers In" by the recipient fund and "Transfers Out" by the disbursing fund on the fund financial statements. These transfers are consolidated within the governmental and business-type activities columns, and also from the "total" column on the statement of activities.

Transactions that would be treated as revenues and expenditures if the transactions involved organizations external to the City are similarly treated when involving other funds of the City.

Pensions

The provisions for pension costs are recorded when the related payroll is accrued and the obligation is incurred.

Compensated Absences

The City follows the provisions of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 16, "Accounting for Compensated Absences." Vacation and compensatory time benefits are accrued as a liability as the benefits are earned if the employees' rights to receive compensation are attributable to services already rendered and it is probable that the City will compensate the employees for the benefits through paid time off or some other means. The City records a liability for accumulated unused vacation time when earned for all employees with more than one year of service. The City records a liability for sick leave for employees with ten years of service. The employees are eligible to receive payment for one-quarter of the vested balance up to a maximum of 240 hours.

For governmental funds, the current portion of unpaid compensated absences is the amount normally due for payment during the current year. Matured leave payable in the fund financial statements represents the entire current portion. These amounts are reported in governmental funds only if they have matured, for example, as a result of employee resignations or retirements. The entire liability is reported on the government-wide statement of net assets. For enterprise funds, the entire liability is reflected in the fund balance sheet.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

Accrued Liabilities and Long-Term Obligations

In general, governmental fund payables and accrued liabilities are reported as obligations of the funds regardless of whether they will be liquidated with current resources. Payments made more than sixty days after year-end are considered not to have used current available financial resources. Bonds and capital leases are reported as a liability of the governmental activities on the statement of net assets.

Long-term debt and other obligations financed by enterprise funds are reported as liabilities in the appropriate enterprise funds and on the statement of net assets.

Long-term liabilities are being repaid from the following funds:

Obligation	Fund	
Compensated Absences	Will be paid by the fund from which the employee's salary is paid.	
General Obligation Bonds	Will be paid from the debt service fund.	
Loans Payable	Will be paid from the water fund, which is utilizing the water tower associated with the loan.	
Capital Leases Payable	Will be paid from the general and street special revenue funds.	
Special Assessment Bonds	Will be paid from the debt service fund.	

Reservations of Fund Balances

The City reserves fund balances for amounts that are legally segregated for a specific purpose or which are not available for current appropriation or expenditure because of their non-monetary nature or lack of liquidity. Unreserved fund balance indicates that portion of fund balance that is available for appropriation in future periods. Fund balances have been reserved for encumbrances.

Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

Restrictions

The City first applies restricted resources when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted balances are available.

Net Assets

Net assets represent the difference between assets and liabilities in the statement of net assets. Net assets invested in capital assets are calculated, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowing used for the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. Net assets are reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the City or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments. Unrestricted net assets are remaining assets less remaining liabilities that do not meet the definition of invested in capital asset, net of related debt or restricted net assets.

Unearned/Deferred Revenues

Unearned/deferred revenues arise when assets are recognized before revenue recognition criteria have been satisfied.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

Property taxes, for which there is an enforceable legal claim as of December 31, 2005, but which were levied to finance fiscal year 2006 operations, have been recorded as deferred revenues. Grants and entitlements received before the eligibility requirements are met are also recorded as deferred revenues.

On governmental fund financial statements, receivables that will not be collected within the available period have also been reported as deferred revenue.

Exchange/Non-Exchange Transactions

Revenues resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, is recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On a modified accrual basis, revenue is recorded in the fiscal year in which the resources are measurable and become available. Available means that the resources will be collected within the current fiscal year or are expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current fiscal year.

Non-exchange transactions, in which the City receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include property taxes, grants, entitlements and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from grants, entitlements and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are required to be used or the fiscal year when use is first permitted, matching requirements, in which the City must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose, and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the City on a reimbursement basis. On a modified accrual basis, revenue from non-exchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized.

Reconciliation of Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The governmental funds balance sheet includes a reconciliation between fund balance - total governmental funds and net assets - governmental activities as reported in the government-wide statement of net assets. One element of that reconciliation explains that "long-term liabilities, including bonds payable are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds." The details of this (\$10,501,245) difference are as follows:

(\$7,170,000)
(36,443)
(1,130,000)
(2,000,000)
(37,019)
(75,472)
(52,311)
(\$10,501,245)

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

Another element of that reconciliation explains that "capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the fund." The details of \$45,467,227 difference are as follows:

Capital Assets	\$59,184,311
Accumulated Depreciation	(13,717,084)
Net Adjustment to increase fund balance - total governmental funds to	
arrive at net assets - governmental activities	\$45,467,227

Another element of that reconciliation states that "Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlays exceeded depreciation in the current period." The details of this \$5,890,763 are as follows:

Net Adjustment - capital assets to increase fund balance - total governmental funds to arrive at net assets - governmental activities	\$5,890,763
Depreciation Expense	(1,296,767)
Loss on Disposal of Assets	(16,082)
Current Capital Additions	\$7,203,612

An element of that reconciliation states that "The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction however, has any affect of net assets. Also, governmental funds report the effect of issuance costs, premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. This amount is the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items." The details of this \$405,768 are as follows:

Principal paid on Long Term Debt	\$484,000
Impact of lease capitalization and principal reduction	(75,472)
Current Year Amortization of Issuance Costs	(10,443)
Current Year Amortization of Long Term Debt Discount	1,918
Change in Interest Payable	5,765
Net Adjustment - current financial resources focus to reduce fund balance - total governmental funds to arrive at net assets - governmental	
activities	\$405,768

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

Note 3 - Compliance and Accountability

Statutory Compliance

The following funds had appropriations in excess of estimated resources plus available balances for the year ended December 31, 2005:

Fund Type/Fund	Excess
Major Funds:	
Fire 2000 Levy	\$76,999
Debt Service Fund	845,237
Sewer	565,470
Nonmajor Funds:	
Fire Operation and Maintenance	1,011,178
Police Law Enforcement	439,867
TASER	19,960
Capital Improvement	146,705

The following funds had expenditures plus encumbrances in excess of appropriations at the end of the fiscal year ended December 31, 2005:

Fund Type/Fund/Function	Excess
Major Funds:	
Debt Service	\$517,415
Nonmajor Funds:	
Street Construction	12,828
Fire Operation and Maintenance	120,390
1989 Fire Levy	497,356
Cemetery	20,255

Fund Deficits

The following funds had fund balance deficits at December 31, 2005:

Fund Type/Fund	Fund Deficit
Major Funds:	
Debt Service	\$1,375,241
Nonmajor Funds:	
Fire Operation and Maintenance	38,991
Capital Improvement	137,267

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

The deficits in the fire operation and maintenance special revenue fund, debt service fund, and capital improvement capital projects fund resulted because the City expended resources from other pooled cash. The City continues working on correcting fund deficits through cost saving efficiencies developed during the prior year. The general fund provides transfers to cover deficit balances; however, this is done when cash is needed rather than when accruals occur.

Note 4 - Deposits and Investments

Policies and Procedures

The investment and deposit of City monies are governed by the Ohio Revised Code. State statutes classify monies held by the City into three categories.

Active deposits are public deposits necessary to meet current demands on the treasury. Such monies must be maintained either as cash in the City Treasury, in commercial accounts payable or withdrawable on demand, including negotiable order of withdrawal (NOW) accounts, or in money market deposit accounts.

Inactive deposits are public deposits that Council has identified as not required for use within the current two-year period of designation of depositories. Inactive deposits must either be evidenced by certificates of deposit maturing not later than the end of the current period of designation of depositories, or by savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts.

Interim deposits are deposits of interim monies. Interim monies are those monies which are not needed for immediate use but which will be needed before the end of the current period of designation of depositories. Interim deposits must be evidenced by time certificates of deposit maturing not more than one year from the date of deposit or by savings or deposit accounts including passbook accounts.

Protection of the City's deposits is provided by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC), by eligible securities pledged by the financial institution as security for repayment, by surety company bonds deposited with the Finance Director by the financial institution or by a single collateral pool established by the financial institution to secure the repayment of all public monies deposited with the institution.

State statute permits interim monies to be deposited in the following securities:

- 1. United States Treasury notes, bills, bonds, or any other obligations or security issued by the United States treasury or any other obligation guaranteed as to principal and interest by the United States;
- 2. Bond, notes, debentures, or any other obligations or securities issued by the federal government agency or instrumentality, including but not limited to, the Federal National Mortgage Association, Federal Home Loan Bank, Federal Farm Credit Bank, Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation, Government National Mortgage Association, and Student Loan Marketing Association. All federal agency securities shall be direct issuances of federal government agencies or instrumentalities;
- 3. Written repurchase agreements in the securities listed above provided that the market value of the securities subject to the repurchase agreement must exceed the principal value of the agreement by at least two percent and be marked to market daily, and that the term of the agreement must not exceed thirty days;
- 4. Bonds and other obligations of the State of Ohio;
- 5. No-load money market mutual funds consisting exclusively of obligations described in division (1) or (2) of this section and repurchase agreements secured by such obligations, provided that investments in securities described in this section are made only through eligible institutions; and

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

- 6. The State Treasurer's investment pool (STAR Ohio); and
- 7. Certain bankers' acceptances and commercial paper notes for a period not to exceed one hundred and eighty days in an amount not to exceed twenty-five percent of the interim moneys available for investment at any one time.

The City may also invest any monies not required to be used for a period of six months or more in the following:

- 1. Bonds of the State of Ohio:
- 2. Bonds of any municipal corporation, village, City, township, or other political subdivision of this State, as to which there is no default of principal, interest or coupons; and
- 3. Obligations of the City.

Investments in stripped principal or interest obligations, reverse repurchase agreements and derivatives are prohibited. The issuance of taxable notes for the purpose of arbitrage, the use of leverage and short selling are also prohibited. An investment must mature within five years from the date of purchase unless matched to a specific obligation or debt of the City, and must be purchased with the expectation that it will be held to maturity.

Investments may only be made through specified dealers and institutions. Payment for investments may be made only upon delivery of the securities representing the investments to the Finance Director or, if the securities are not represented by a certificate, upon receipt of confirmation of transfer from the custodian.

The following information classifies deposits and investments by categories of risk as defined in GASB Statement No. 3 "Deposits with Financial Institutions, Investments and Reverse Repurchase Agreements."

Deposits

At year-end, the carrying amount of the City's deposits was \$6,308,327 and the bank balance was \$6,650,325. \$320,088 of the City's deposits was insured by federal depository insurance. Based on criteria described in GASB Statement No. 40, "Deposits and Investment Risk Disclosures", as of December 31, 2005, \$6,330,237 of the City's bank balance of \$6,650,325 was exposed to custodial credit risk because it was uninsured and collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent, but not in the City's name.

The City has no deposit policy for custodial risk beyond the requirements of State statute. Ohio law requires that deposits be either insured or be protected by eligible securities pledged to and deposited either with the City or a qualified trustee by the financial institution as security for repayment, or by a collateral pool of eligible securities deposited with a qualified trustee and pledged to secure the repayment of all public monies deposited in the financial institution whose market value at all times shall be at least one hundred five percent of the deposits being secured.

Investments

As of December 31, 2005, the City had the following investments.

	Carrying and	Average Maturity
	Fair Value	(in years)
STAR Ohio	\$10,490	0.33

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

Interest Rate Risk - The City has no investment policy that addresses interest rate risk. State statute requires that an investment mature within five years from the date of purchase, unless matched to a specific obligation or debt of the City, and that an investment must be purchased with the expectation that it will be held to maturity.

Credit Risk - The City is not subject to any credit risk as there are no investments subject to credit risk. The City has no investment policy that would further limit its investment choices.

Custodial Credit Risk - For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the City will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The City has no investment policy dealing with investment custodial risk beyond the requirement in state statute that prohibits payment for investments prior to the delivery of the securities representing such investments to the treasurer or qualified trustee.

Concentration of Credit Risk - The City places no limit on the amount it may invest in any one issuer. The City currently is not subject to concentration of credit risk.

A reconciliation between classifications of cash and cash equivalents and investments on the basic financial statements and the classification of deposits and investments presented above per GASB Statement No. 3 is as follows:

	Cash and Cash Equivalents/Deposits	Investments
Equity in Pooled Cash – Basic Financial Statements	\$6,310,808	\$8,009
Investments:		
STAR Ohio	(10,490)	10,490
Certificate of Deposits	8,009	(8,009)
GASB Statement No. 3	\$6,308,327	\$10,490

Note 5 - Property Taxes

Property taxes include amounts levied against all real estate and public utility property, and tangible personal property used in business and located in the City. Real property taxes (other than public utility) collected during 2005 were levied after October I, 2004, on assessed values as of January I, 2004, the lien date. Assessed values were established by the County Auditor at 35% of appraised market value. All property is required to be revalued every six years. The last revaluation was completed for tax year 2003. Real property taxes are payable annually or semi-annually. If paid annually, payment is due January 31; if paid semi-annually, the first payment is due by February and the remainder payable in July. Under certain circumstances, state statute permits later payment dates to be established.

Taxes collected from tangible personal property (other than public utility) in one calendar year are levied in the prior calendar year on assessed values during and at the close of the most recent fiscal year of the taxpayer that ended on or before March 31 of that calendar year, and at the tax rates determined in the preceding year. Tangible personal property used in business (except for public utilities) is currently assessed for ad valorem taxation purposes at 25% of its true value. Amounts paid by multi-county taxpayers are due September 20 of the year assessed. Single county taxpayers may pay annually or semi-annually, the first payment is due April 30th; the remainder is payable by September 20th.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

Public utility real and tangible personal property taxes collected in one calendar year are levied in the preceding calendar year on assessed values determined as of December 31st of the second year preceding the tax collection year, the lien date. Certain public utility tangible personal property is currently assessed at 88% of its true value. Public utility property taxes are payable on the same dates as real property described previously.

The County Treasurer collects property taxes on behalf of all taxing districts in the County including the City. The County Auditor periodically remits to the City its portion of the taxes collected.

Category	Assessed Value
Real Property Tax	\$205,833,010
Tangible Personal Property	34,843,584
Public Utility Tangible Personal Property	16,172,430
Total	\$256,849,024

Ohio law prohibits taxation of property from all taxing authorities in excess of 1% of assessed value without a vote of the people. Under current procedures, the City's share is .985% (9.85 mills) of assessed value.

Note 6 - Income Tax

The City levies a municipal income tax of one percent on substantially all income earned within the City. In addition, the residents of the City are required to pay income tax on income earned outside of the City; however, the City allows a credit for income taxes paid to another municipality up to 100 percent of the City's current tax rate.

Employers within the City are required to withhold income tax on employee compensation and remit the tax to the City either monthly or quarterly. Corporations and other individual taxpayers are required to pay their estimated tax quarterly and file a declaration annually.

Income tax proceeds are to be used to pay the cost of administering the tax, general fund operations, capital improvements, debt service and other governmental functions when needed, as determined by Council. In 2005, the proceeds were allocated to the general fund. Income tax revenue for 2005 was \$3,345,238.

Note 7 - Receivables

Receivables at December 31, 2005, consisted of property and other taxes, income taxes, utility accounts (shown net of an allowance for uncollectible accounts), special assessments, interest on investments, and intergovernmental receivables and shared revenues arising from entitlements. A summary of due from other governments follows:

	Amount
MAJOR FUNDS	
General Fund	
Local Government Assistance	\$160,012
Estate tax	265,325
Total General Fund	425,337
NONMAJOR FUNDS	
Special Revenue Funds	
Street	
Gas Tax	147,226
Auto Registration Tax	74,622
Total Street Fund	221,848
State Highway	
Gas Tax	11,886
Auto Registration Tax	6,033
Total State Highway	17,919
Police Law Enforcement	
Monroe School Grant	8,323
Motor Vehicle License	
Permissive Tax	45,286
Total All Funds	\$718,713

Note 8 - Capital Assets

A summary of the changes in capital assets during the year ended December 31, 2005, follows:

	Balance 12/31/2004	Increases	Decreases	Balance 12/31/2005
Governmental Activities:	12/31/2001	mer cases	Decreases	12/31/2003
Capital Assets, not being depreciated:				
Land	\$1,327,758	\$0	\$0	\$1,327,758
Land Improvements	232,100	0	0	232,100
Total Capital Assets, not being depreciated	1,559,858	0	0	1,559,858
Capital Assets, being depreciated:				
Buildings and Building Improvements	6,491,576	0	0	6,491,576
Machinery, Equipment and Vehicles	2,695,639	134,612	(402,242)	2,428,009
Infrastructure – Streets	41,635,868	7,069,000	Ó	48,704,868
Total Capital Assets, being depreciated	50,823,083	7,203,612	(402,242)	57,624,453
Accumulated Depreciation				****
Buildings and Building Improvements	(1,148,940)	(176,524)	0	(1,325,464)
Machinery, Equipment and Vehicles	(441,835)	(155,549)	386,160	(211,224)
Infrastructure – Streets	(11,215,702)	(964,694)	0	(12,180,396)
Less Accumulated Depreciation	(12,806,477)	(1,296,767)	386,160	(13,717,084)
Total Capital Assets, being depreciated, net	38,016,606	5,906,845	(16,082)	43,907,369
Governmental Activities Capital Assets, Net	\$39,576,464	\$5,906,845	(\$16,082)	\$45,467,227
Business-Type Activities				
Capital Assets, not being depreciated				
Land	\$563,741	\$0	\$0	\$563,741
Land Improvements	150,409	0	0	150,409
Construction in Progress	0	238,601	0	238,601
Total Capital Assets, not being depreciated	714,150	238,601	0	952,751
Capital Assets, being depreciated				
Buildings and Building Improvements	514,000	0	0	514,000
Machinery and Equipment	1,663,773	0	0	1,663,773
Infrastructure – Water Lines	3,284,989	0	0	3,284,989
Total Capital Assets, being depreciated	5,462,762	0	0	5,462,762
Accumulated Depreciation				
Buildings and Building Improvements	(106,309)	(12,189)	0	(118,498)
Machinery and Equipment	(780,641)	(51,258)	0	(831,899)
Infrastructure – Water Lines	(996,434)	(166,350)	0	(1,162,784)
Less Accumulated Depreciation	(1,883,384)	(229,797)	0	(2,113,181)
Total capital Assets, being depreciated, net	3,579,378	(229,797)	0	3,349,581
Business-Type Activities Capital Assets, Net	\$4,293,528	\$8,804	\$0	\$4,302,332
	+ -, 0,020	40,001	ΨΟ	Ψ1,302,332

Depreciation expense was charged to governmental functions as follows:

Governmental Activities:	
Security of Persons and Property	\$134,523
Leisure Time Activities	7,560
Transportation, including depreciation of general	
infrastructure assets	1,029,323
General Government	125,361
Total Depreciation Expense - governmental activities	1,296,767
Business Type Activities:	
Water	229,797
Total Depreciation Expense – business-type activities	\$229,797

Note 9 - Defined Benefit Pension Plans

Public Employees Retirement System

The City contributes to the Public Employees Retirement System of Ohio (OPERS), a cost-sharing multiple-employer public employee retirement system administered by the Public Employees Retirement Board. OPERS provides basic retirement and disability benefits, annual cost of living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Benefits are established by Chapter 145 of the Ohio Revised Code. OPERS issues a stand-alone financial report that may be obtained by writing to the Public Employees Retirement System, 277 East Town Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215-4642, or by calling (614) 466-8025 or I-800-222- PERS (7377).

In 2004, OPERS expanded the retirement options for covered employees. OPERS administers three separate pension plans as described below:

- The Traditional Pension Plan (TP) a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan
- The Member-Directed Plan (MD) a defined contribution plan in which the member invests both member and employer contributions (employer contributions vest over five years at 20% per year). Under the Member-Directed Plan members accumulate retirement assets equal to the value of member and (vested) employer contributions plus any investment earnings thereon.
- The Combined Plan (CO) a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. Under the Combined Plan employer contributions are invested by the retirement system to provide a formula retirement benefit similar in nature to the Traditional Plan benefit. Member contributions, the investment of which is self-directed by the members, accumulate retirement assets in a manner similar to the Member-Directed Plan.

Plan members are required to contribute 8.5 percent of their annual covered salary to fund pension obligations. Contributions are authorized by State statute. The contribution rates are determined actuarially. The City's required contributions to OPERS for the years ended December 31, 2005, 2004, and 2003 were \$127,857, \$153,628, and \$105,330, respectively. The full amount has been contributed for 2004 and 2003. 96 percent has been contributed for 2005 with the remainder being reported as a liability within the respective funds.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

Police and Firemen's Disability and Pension Fund

The City contributes to the Ohio Police and Firemen's Disability and Pension Fund (Fund), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. The Fund provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Benefit provisions are established by the Ohio State Legislature and by Chapter 742 of the Ohio Revised Code. The Fund issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the Fund. That report may be obtained by writing to the Police and Firemen's Disability and Pension Fund of Ohio, 140 East Town Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215-5164.

Plan members are required to contribute 10 percent of their annual covered salary to fund pension obligations and the City is required to contribute 19.5 and 24 percent respectively for police officers and firefighters. Contributions are authorized by State statute. The City's required contributions to the Fund for the years ended December 31, 2005, 2004, and 2003 were \$316,410, \$448,925, and \$321,486, respectively. The full amount has been contributed for 2004 and 2003. 99 percent has been contributed for 2005 with the remainder being reported as a liability within the respective funds.

Note 10 - Post Employment Benefits

Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS)

The Public Employees Retirement System of Ohio (OPERS) provides postretirement health care coverage to age and service retirees with ten or more years of qualifying Ohio service credit and to primary survivor recipients of such retirees. Health care coverage for disability recipients is available. The health care coverage provided by the retirement system is considered an Other Postemployment Benefit (OPEB) as described in GASB Statement No. 12. A portion of each employer's contribution to OPERS is set aside for the funding of postretirement health care based on authority granted by State statute. The 2005 employer contribution rate was 13.55 percent of covered payroll; 4 percent was the portion that was used to fund health care for 2005.

For 2005, benefits are advanced-funded on an actuarially determined basis. The Ohio Revised Code provides the statutory authority requiring public employees to fund postretirement health care through their contributions to OPERS. OPEB are financed through employer contributions and investment earnings. The contributions allocated to retiree health and Medicare, along with investment income on allocated assets and periodic adjustments in health care provisions, are expected to be sufficient to sustain the program indefinitely. As of December 31, 2004, the estimated net assets available for future OPEB payments were \$10.8 billion. The actuarially accrued liability and the unfunded actuarial accrued liability based on the actuarial cost method used, were \$29.5 billion and \$18.7 billion, respectively. At December 31, 2005, the total number of benefit recipients eligible for OPEB through OPERS was 376,109. The City's actual contributions for 2005 that were used to fund OPEB were \$53,871.

Police and Firemen's Disability and Pension Fund

The Police and Firemen's Disability and Pension Fund (Fund) provides postretirement health care coverage to any person who received or is eligible to receive a monthly benefit check or is a spouse or eligible dependent child of such a person. An eligible dependent child is any child under the age of 18 whether or not the child is attending school or under the age of 22 if attending full-time or on a 2/3 basis.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

The health care coverage provided by the retirement system is considered an OPEB as described in GASB Statement No. 12. The Ohio Revised Code provides the authority allowing the Police and Firemen's Disability and the Fund's Board of Trustees to provide health care coverage and states that health care cost paid from the Police and Firemen's Disability and Pension Fund shall be included in the employer's contribution rate. Health care funding and accounting is on a pay-as-you-go basis. The total police employer contribution is 19.5 percent of covered payroll, of which 7.5 percent of covered payroll is applied to the postemployment health care program. The total firefighter employer contribution rate is 24 percent of covered payroll, of which 7.75 percent of covered payroll is applied to the postemployment health care program. In addition, since July 1, 1992, most retirees have been required to contribute a portion of the cost of their health care coverage through a deduction from their monthly benefit payment.

The number of participants eligible to receive health care benefits as of December 31, 2004. (the latest information available) was 13,812 for police and 10,528 for firefighters. The City's actual contributions for 2005 that were used to fund postemployment benefits were \$71,045 for police and \$99,434 for fire. The Fund's total health care expenses for the year ended December 31, 2004, were \$102,173,796, which was net of member contributions of \$55,665,341.

Note 11 - Other Employee Benefits

Compensated Absences

Accumulated Unpaid Sick Leave

City salaried employees earn sick leave at the rate of one day for each full month of employment with the City. City hourly employees earn three days of sick leave after six months of employment and an additional four days on the first of the calendar year following the six-month period. Each year the hourly employees receive seven days of sick leave. City employees can receive payment of accrued sick leave up to 240 hours after ten years with the City.

Accumulated Unpaid Vacation

City employees earn vacation leave at varying rates based upon length of service. The City employees earn one week of vacation after six months of employment. On January I following the completion of the six-month probation period, an additional week of vacation is earned. The employee earns two weeks for years two through nine, three weeks for years ten through nineteen and four weeks for twenty or more years. There are no maximum vacation days that can be accrued. Upon departure from City employment, an employee (or his or her estate) will be paid for unused vacation leave.

Health Care Benefits

The City provides life insurance and accidental death and dismemberment insurance to most employees through various life insurance companies. The City has elected to provide employee medical/surgical benefits through United Healthcare. Some employees share the cost of the dismemberment monthly premium with the City; the City pays the full premium on all other benefits. The premium varies with employee depending on the terms of the union contract. The City provides dental insurance to all employees through Superior.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

Note 12 - Risk Management

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; and injuries to employees and natural disasters. During 2005, the City contracted with MacDonald Insurance Agency for vehicle, property, equipment and machinery, police and professional and general liability insurance.

Equipment and machinery hold a \$1,000 deductible. Vehicle deductible levels vary with vehicles while property and general liability deductibles range from \$1,000 to \$2,000. The City carries a \$10,000 deductible for both police and professional liability insurance.

Coverage provided by the insurance agency follows:

Public Official Liability	\$1,000,000
Deductible	3,000
Automobile Liability	1,000,000
Deductible	1,000
Comprehensive General Liability — each occurrence	1,000,000
— Aggregate	2,000,000
Commercial Umbrella	2,000,000
Deductible	10,000
Employee Dishonesty	10,000
Theft	10,000

Settled claims have not exceeded this commercial coverage in any of the past three years. There was no significant decline in the level of coverage from the prior year.

For 2005, the City participated in the Municipal League of Ohio Workers' Compensation Group Rating Plan, (GRP), an insurance purchasing pool (Note 18). The intent of the GRP is to achieve the benefit of a reduced premium for the City by virtue of its grouping and representation with other participants in the GRP. The workers' compensation experience of the participating cities is calculated as one experience and a common premium rate is applied to all cities in the GRP. Each participant pays its workers' compensation premium to the State based on the rate for the GRP rather than its individual rate. Total savings are then calculated and each participant's individual performance is compared to the overall savings of the GRP. A participant will then either receive money from or be required to contribute to the "Equity Pooling Fund." This "equity pooling" arrangement insures that each participant shares equally in the overall performance of the GRP.

Participation in the GRP is limited to cities that can meet the GRP's selection criteria. The firm of Gates McDonald provides administrative, cost control and actuarial services to the GRP.

The City may withdraw from the GRP if written notice is provided sixty days prior to the prescribed application deadline of the Ohio Bureau of Workers' Compensation. However, the participant is not relieved of the obligation to pay any amounts owed to the GRP prior to withdrawal, and any participant leaving the GRP allows the representative of the GRP to access less experience for three years following the last year of participation.

The City pays the State Workers' Compensation System a premium based on a rate per \$100 of salaries.

Note 13 - Capital Leases

The City entered into capitalized leases for copy machines and a durapatcher during fiscal year 2005. Each lease meets the criteria of a capital lease as defined by Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 13, "Accounting for Leases," which defines a capital lease generally as one which transfers benefits and risks of ownership to the lessee. Capital lease payments have been reclassified and are reflected as debt service expenditures on the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds. These expenditures are reported as function expenditures on the budgetary statements.

Capital assets consisting of copiers and the durapatcher have been capitalized on the statement of net assets in the amount of \$76,620 book value. This amount represents the present value of the minimum lease payments at the time of acquisition. A corresponding liability was also recorded. Principal payments in fiscal year 2005 totaled \$1,148 in the general fund.

The assets acquired through capital leases are as follows:

	Governmental Activities		
Asset:			
Machinery, Equipment and Vehicles	\$76,620		
Less: Accumulated Depreciation	(0)		
Total	\$76,620		

The following is a schedule of the future long-term minimum lease payments required under the capital leases and the present value of the minimum lease payments as of December 31, 2005.

Fiscal Year Ending December 31	Capital Lease
2006	\$19,361
2007	19,361
2008	19,361
2009	19,361
2010	16,864
Total	94,308
Less: Amount Representing Interest	(18,836)
Present Value of Net Minimum Lease Payments	\$75,472

The annual debt service requirements to maturity for the capital lease paid from the General Fund and Street Fund are as follows:

	Governmental Activities			
Fiscal Year Ending December 31,	Principal	Interest	Total	
2006	\$13,012	\$6,349	\$19,361	
2007	14,163	5,198	19,361	
2008	15,450	3,911	19,361	
2009	16,892	2,469	19,361	
2010	15,955	909	16,864	
Total	\$75,472	\$18,836	\$94,308	

Note 14 -Long-Term Obligations

A summary of the changes in long-term obligations during the year ended December 31, 2005 follows:

	Balance I 2/3 I /2004	Increase	Decrease	Balance 12/31/2005	Due within one year
Governmental Activities					
Special Assessment Bonds					
6.70% 1991 Waterline Extension I	\$270,000	\$0	\$30,000	\$240,000	\$35,000
6.61% 1998 Waterline Extension II	112,000	0	7,000	105,000	7,400
5.625% 1988 Garver Road	75,000	0	15,000	60,000	20,000
5.25% — 5.75% 1993 American Way	82,000	0	7,000	75,000	8,000
4.45% — 5.70% 2002 Limited Edition	680,000	0	30,000	650,000	30,000
TOTAL — Special Assessment Bonds	1,219,000	0	89,000	1,130,000	100,400
Revenue Obligation Bonds		***************************************			
1999 Adjustable Rate Tax Incremental	2,000,000	0	0	2,000,000	0
General Obligation Bonds (Unvoted)					
2.00% - 5.25% 2004 VP Bonds	7,565,000	0	395,000	7,170,000	405,000
Less Deferred amounts - premium	38,361	0	1,918	36,443	1,918
TOTAL - General Obligation Bonds	7,603,361	0	396,918	7,206,443	406,918
Capital Leases Payable	0	76,620	1,148	75,472	13,012
Compensated Absences	49,906	306,555	288,371	68,090	15,779
TOTAL — Governmental Activities	10,872,267	383,175	775,437	10,480,005	536,109
Business-Type Activities					
5.02% 2004 Loan Payable	599,259	0	24,102	575,157	25,327
Compensated Absences	11,771	15,852	15,097	12,526	2,365
TOTAL – Business-Type Activities	611,030	15,852	39,199	587,683	27,692
TOTAL ALL ACTIVITIES	\$11,483,297	\$399,027	\$814,636	\$11,067,688	\$563,801

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

The Water Line Extension I special assessment bond was issued at an interest rate of 6.7 percent on October I, 1991. The debt was issued for the purpose of constructing a water line extension, a sewer line extension, street improvements and a storm water control system in order to provide police and fire access and sanitary facilities.

The Water Line Extension II special assessment bond was issued at an interest rate of 6.61 percent on January I, 1998. The debt was issued for the purpose of constructing a water line extension down three roads in the City.

The Garver Road special assessment bond was issued at an interest rate of 5.625 percent on July 5, 1988 for the purpose of improving the property along Garver Road in the City.

The American Way special assessment bond was issued at varying interest rates from 5.25 to 5.75 percent. The debt was issued on September 3, 1993 for the purpose of constructing a road extension.

The Limited Edition special assessment bond was issued at varying interest rates from 4.45 to 5.70 percent. The debt was issued on September 15, 2000 for the purpose of making improvements around the Mount Pleasant Retirement home area.

The special assessment bond issues are backed by the full faith and credit of the City. In the event that an assessed property owner fails to make payments, the City will be required to pay the related debt. The special assessment bonds will be paid from the debt service fund.

The adjustable rate tax incremental bonds were issued on March 1, 1996 at a 3.35% stated interest rate. The bonds were issued to finance the Interstate 75 Corridor project. The bonds are being repaid from service payments recorded in the Corridor 75 capital projects fund with a final maturity of December 1, 2018.

The various purpose general obligation bonds were issued at varying interest rates from 4 to 5.5 percent on December 1, 1999. The bonds were issued for numerous items in the City. The City refunded the bonds during 2004 with the issuance of various purpose general obligation bonds at varying interest rates from 2.00% to 5.25%. The 2004 Various Purpose Bonds are financed bond anticipation notes and repaid the outstanding balance on the capital leases in the special revenue funds.

The unvoted general obligation bond issues will be paid from property taxes out of the special revenue funds and the capital projects funds.

The capital leases will be paid from the general fund and the street fund based on each fund's prorated share of the obligations. The compensated absences will be paid from the fund from which the employees' salaries are paid.

The Loan payable was issued at an interest of 5.02% in December 2001 for the purpose of the paying the City's portion of a water tower used with the City of Middletown. The loans will be paid from the water fund charges for services. The loan matures on June 1, 2021.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

As of December 31, 2005, the City's legal debt margin (the ability to issue additional amounts of general obligation bonded debt) was \$19,799,148 for total debt and \$6,956,696 for unvoted debt. Principal and interest requirements to retire the City's long-term obligations outstanding at December 31, 2005 are:

GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES

General	Obl	igation	Bond	S
---------	-----	---------	------	---

Years	Principal	Interest	Total
2006	\$405,000	\$285,918	\$690,918
2007	410,000	277,818	687,818
2008	415,000	268,182	683,182
2009	425,000	256,770	681,770
2010	440,000	243,808	683,808
2011-2015	2,415,000	960,187	3,375,187
2016-2020	2,175,000	415,562	2,590,562
2021-2024	485,000	62,250	547,250
Totals	\$7,170,000	\$2,770,495	\$9,940,495

GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES

Special Assessment Bonds

Years	Principal	Interest	Total
2006	\$100,400	\$57,031	\$157,431
2007	100,700	59,109	159,809
2008	112,100	52,909	165,009 -
2009	92,600	45,992	138,592
2010	98,000	40,583	138,583
2011-2015	339,100	129,561	468,661
2016-2020	287,100	48,811	335,911
Totals	\$1,130,000	\$433,996	\$1,563,996

GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES

Revenue Bonds

Years	Principal	Interest	Total
2006	\$0	\$0	\$0
2007	0	0	0
2008	0	0	0
2009	150,000	670,000	820,000
2010	155,000	65,675	220,675
2011-2015	955,000	237,495	1,192,495
2016-2019	740,000	53,783	793,783
Totals	\$2,000,000	\$1,026,953	\$3,026,953

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES

		Loans Payable	
Years	Principal	Interest	Total
2006	\$25,327	\$28,614	\$53,941
2007	26,614	27,327	53,941
2008	27,967	25,975	53,9 4 2
2009	29,389	24,553	53,942
2010	30,833	23,059	53,892
2011-2015	179,619	90,089	269,708
2016-2020	230,152	39,557	269,709
2021	25,256	660	25,916
Totals	\$575,157	\$259,834	\$834,991

Note 15 - Short-Term Obligations

A summary of the short-term note transactions for the year ended December 31, 2005, follows:

Fund Type	Balance 12/31/2004	Increase	Decrease	Balance 12/31/2005
Business Type Activities:				
Water	\$4,195,000	\$4,021,000	\$4,195,000	\$4,021,000
Sewer	300,000	294,000	300,000	294,000
Total	\$4,495,000	\$4,315,000	\$4,495,000	\$4,315,000

Short-term notes outstanding at year-end consisted of the following issues:

Issue	Principal Outstanding	Annualized Rate
Enterprise Funds		
Water System Improvements	\$3,580,000	2.56%
Water System Improvements VP	441,000	4.25
Sewer System Improvements VP	294,000	4.25

These notes are generally issued in anticipation of long-term bond financing and will be refinanced until such a bond is issued. They are backed by the full faith and credit of the City and mature within one year.

CITY OF MONROE Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

Note 16 - Interfund Transactions

Interfund asset and liability balances at December 31, 2005, were as follows:

	Interfund		Transfers	Transfers
Fund	Receivable	Payable	In	Out
MAJOR FUNDS				
General Fund	\$602,678	\$0	\$610,696	\$736,152
Fire 2000 Levy	0	0	0	139,630
Debt Service	0	1,385,722	668,364	520,005
Water	847,042	0	0	101,468
Sewer	0	0	700,000	30,000
Total Major Funds	1,449,720	1,385,722	1,979,060	1,527,255
NONMAJOR FUNDS				
Governmental Funds				
Street	0	0	0	125,000
Fire Operation/Maintenance	0	0	1,285,892	254,228
Fire 1989 Levy	0	0	0	1,285,892
Police Law Enforcement	0	0	35,000	0
Street Lighting	0	0	18,500	0
Capital Improvement	0	63,998	153,918	179,995
Enterprise Funds				
Stormwater Management	0	0	0	60,000
Garbage	0	0	0	15,000
Cemetery	0	0	0	25,000
Total Nonmajor Funds	0	0	1,493,310	1,945,115
Total All Funds	\$1,449,720	\$1,449,720	\$3,472,370	\$3,472,370

The interfund balances relate to the payable funds expending more available funds than allocated to them. The City has implemented cost control programs and is monitoring the fund on a monthly basis. The funds pay back interfund loans as quickly as possible. The transfers are related to these various repayments and also cash allocation procedures employed by the City's financial management.

CITY OF MONROE Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

Note 17 - Jointly Governed Organizations

The Center for Local Governments, a jointly governed organization, was established to improve public service delivery by the cities, townships and villages in the Greater Cincinnati metropolitan area, especially among its member jurisdictions, through improved information exchange, cost reductions, shared resources, interjurisdictional collaboration, and new approaches to capital equipment and skills acquisition. The Board of Trustees consists of eight members made up of elected representatives from the participating governments. The City does not have any financial interest in or responsibility for the Center. The City made no financial contribution during 2005. Information can be obtained from the Center by writing to Director of the Center for Local Governments, 9600 Colerain Avenue, Cincinnati, Ohio 45251.

The Ohio-Kentucky-Indiana Regional Council of Governments (OKI), a jointly governed organization, was established to provide coordinated planning services to the appropriate federal, state and local governments, their political subdivisions, agencies, departments, instrumentalities, and special districts, in connection with the preparation and development of comprehensive and continuing regional transportation and development plans within the OKI Region. OKI members include Butler, Clermont and Warren Counties in Ohio, Boone, Campbell and Kenton Counties in Kentucky and Dearborn and Ohio Counties in Indiana. OKI also serves as an area wide review agency in conjunction with comprehensive planning within the OKI Region.

OKI contracts periodically for local funds and other support with the governing board of each of the governments who are members of OKI or with such other persons as may be appropriate to provide such funds and support. The support is based on the population of the area represented. A Board of Trustees was created for conducting the activities of the OKI. This Board consists of one elected official of each City and municipal corporation, one individual selected by each City planning agency or commission and one person selected by each planning agency or commission of each municipal corporation located in each member City. This Board of Trustees then selects not more than ten residents of the OKI Region. The total membership of the Board of Trustees shall not exceed 100. Any member of OKI may withdraw its membership upon written notice to OKI to be effective two years after receipt of the notice by OKI. The City made no financial contribution during 2005. To obtain financial information, write to Director of Finance and Administration of the Ohio-Kentucky-Indiana Regional Council of Governments at 920 Pete Rose Way Suite 420, Cincinnati, Ohio, 45202.

Note 18 - Insurance Purchasing Pool

For 2005, the City participated in the Municipal League of Ohio Workers' Compensation Group Rating Plan (GRP), an insurance purchasing pool. The GRP is intended to achieve lower workers' compensation rates while establishing safer working conditions and environments for the participants. The workers' compensation experience of the participating cities is calculated as one experience and a common premium rate is applied to all participants in the GRP. Each participant pays its workers' compensation premium to the State based on the rate for the GRP rather than its individual rate. In order to allocate the savings derived by formation of the GRP, and to maximize the number of participants in the GRP, the GRP's executive committee annually calculates the total savings that accrued to the GRP through its information. This savings is then compared to the overall savings percentage of the GRP. The GRP's executive committee then collects rate contributions from or pays rate equalization rebates to the various participants. Participation in the GRP is limited to cities that can meet the GRP's selection criteria. The firm of Gates McDonald provides administrative, cost control and actuarial services to the GRP. Each year, the City pays an enrollment fee to the GRP to cover the costs of administering the program. The City may withdraw from the GRP if written notice is provided sixty days prior to the prescribed application deadline of the Ohio Bureau of Workers' Compensation. However, the participant is not relieved of the obligation to pay any amounts owed to the GRP prior to withdrawal, and any participant leaving the GRP allows the representative of the GRP to assess less experience for three years following the last year of participation. The City paid \$45,168 during 2005.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

Note 19 - Contingent Liabilities

Litigation

The City is of the opinion that the ultimate disposition of claims and legal proceedings will not have a material effect, if any, on the financial condition of the City.

Federal and State Grants

For the period January I, 2005 to December 31, 2005, the City received federal and state grants for specific purposes that are subject to review and audit by grantor agencies or their designee. Such audits could lead to a request for reimbursement to the grantor agency for expenditures disallowed under the terms of the grant. Based on prior experience, the City believes such disallowance, if any, would be immaterial.

Note 20 - Fiscal Emergency Status

On August 12, 2004, the Ohio Auditor of State declared a state of fiscal emergency, as defined by Ohio Revised Code, for the City of Monroe. The City's deficit fund balances and treasury deficiency required the State auditor to declare the fiscal emergency which results in the appointment of a state commission to oversee the City's finances and assist in the development of a financial recovery plan. The commission will be responsible for approving the plan that eliminates the fiscal emergency conditions, balances the budget and avoids future deficits. The commission has widespread authority over the City, including oversight over revenue and expenditures and approval of any new debt issues.

Note 21 - Change in Accounting Principle and Accounting Statements

During fiscal year 2005, the City was required to implement GASB 40, "Deposit and Investment Risk Disclosures". The statement requires additional disclosures for credit risk, concentration risk and interest rate risk in relation to the City's investments. The City also had no impact from the implementation of GASB 42, "Accounting for Financial Reporting for Impairment of Capital Assets and for Insurance Recoveries."

The City also implemented GASB Technical Bulletin No. 2004-2 "Recognition of Pension and Other Postemployment Benefit Expenditure/Expense and Liabilities by Cost-Sharing Employers." The implementation of this bulletin had no impact on beginning fund balance or net assets.

The City also implemented GASB 44, "Economic Condition Reporting: Statistical Section". The statement requires additional statistical information disclosure for government wide statement information and additional fiscal year comparatives. The new statistical tables can be found in the supplemental section of the report.

Note 22 - Subsequent Events

The City issued \$3,000,000 in general obligation notes payable at a 4.50 percent interest on March 16, 2006. The notes are for the purpose of financing the cost of constructing improvements to the State Route 63 and related improvements. The note will be repaid from property tax revenues in debt service fund on March 15, 2007.





GF	N	R	Δ	 ΕI	П	NI	\Box

	Bud			Variance Positive
Revenues:	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)
Property and Other Taxes	\$678,000	\$678,000	6442 122	(#14.070)
Income Taxes	3,150,000	3,150,000	\$663,122 3,323,519	(\$14,878)
Charges for Services	170,000	170,000	215,490	173,519
Fines, Licenses, and Permits	600,000	600,000	695,870	45,490
Intergovernmental	368,800	368,800	395,842	95,870
Interest	20,000	20,000	153,863	27,042
Other	22,000	22,000	52,662	133,863
Total Revenues	5,008,800			30,662
		5,008,800	5,500,368	491,568
Expenditures:				
Current:				
General Government				
Council	17.075			
Personal Services	17,275	17,800	17,423	377
Other	7,665	7,898	7,898	0
Total Clerk and Council	24,940	25,698	25,321	377
Mayor's Court				
Personal Services	60,171	62,000	60,225	1,775
Other	16,013	16,500	14,023	2,477
Total Mayor's Court	76,185	78,500	74,248	4,252
Administrative Offices		,		
Personal Services	533,682	549,900	517,712	32,188
Other	140,724	145,000	130,929	14,071
Total Administrative Office	674,406	694,900	648,641	46,259
D				
Development Other	E (0 77	F77 200	E40 122	0.040
Other	560,177	577,200	569,132	8,068
Total Development	560,177	577,200	569,132	8,068
Treasurer				
Other	120,251	123,905	115,676	8,229
Total Treasurer	120,251	123,905	115,676	8,229
Income Tax Department				
Other	97,536	100,500	75,749	24,751
				21,731
Total Income Tax Department	97,536	100,500	75,749	24,751
City Manager's Office				
Other	119,615	123,250	113,936	9,314
Total Board of Zoning	119,615	123,250	113,936	9,314
-				
Total General Government	\$1,673,109	\$1,723,953	\$1,622,703	\$101,250 (continued)
	53			(continued)

CEN	ICC	RALI		
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	Ruc	lget		Variance Positive
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)
Security of Persons and Property Police Law Enforcement				(i regarive)
Personal Services	\$1,611,042	\$1,660,000	\$1,602,457	\$57,543
Total Police Law Enforcement	1,611,042	1,660,000	1,602,457	57,543
Fire Department				
Personal Services	2,207,903	2,275,000	1,830,171	444,829
Total Fire Department	2,207,903	2,275,000	1,830,171	444,829
Total Security of Persons and				
Property	3,818,945	3,935,000	3,432,628	502,372
Public Health and Welfare				
Grounds and Facilities Other	99,477	102,500	98,738	3,762
Total Public Health and Welfare	99,477	102,500	98,738	3,762
Transportation				
Transportation Administration	200.000	400.000		
Personal Services Other	388,203 10,555	400,000 10,876	389,327 6,763	10,673 4,113
Other	10,333	10,676	0,763	4,113
Total Transportation	398,758	410,876	396,090	14,786
Intergovernmental	17,469	18,000	17,876	124
Capital Outlay	209,275	215,635	23,085	192,550
Total Expenditures	6,217,033	6,405,964	5,591,120	814,844
Deficiency of Revenues Under Expenditures	(1,208,233)	(1,397,164)	(90,752)	1,306,412
Other Financing Sources (Uses):				
Sale of Capital Assets	2,000	2,000	211,052	209,052
Transfers - In	1,075,000	1,075,000	610,696	(464,304)
Transfers - Out	0	0	(736,152)	(736,152)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	1,077,000	1,077,000	85,596	(991,404)
Deficiency of Revenues and Other Financing Sources Under				
Expenditures and Other Financing Uses	(131,233)	(320,164)	(5,156)	315,008
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year	493,417	493,417	493,417	0
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated	0	6,583	6,583	0
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$362,184	\$179,836	\$494,844	\$315,008

See accompanying notes to the required supplementary information

City of Monroe, Ohio

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes In Fund Balance - Budget and Actual (Budgetary Basis)

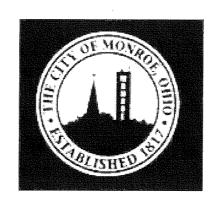
Major Governmental Funds

For the Year Ended December 31, 2005

FIRE 2000 LEVY FUND

Budg	et		Variance Positive
Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)
\$353,000	\$353,000	\$474,711	\$121,711
19,500	19,500	42,035	22,535
372,500	372,500	516,746	144,246
7 505	7 505	7 500	2
7,303	7,303	7,502	3
7,505	7,505	7,502	3
683,850	683,850	0	683,850
691,355	691,355	7,502	683,853
(318,855)	(318,855)	509,244	828,099
0	0	(139,630)	(139,630)
0	0	(139,630)	(139,630)
(318,855)	(318,855)	369,614	688,469
241,856	241,856	241,856	0
(\$76,999)	(\$76,999)	\$611,470	\$688,469
	\$353,000 19,500 372,500 7,505 7,505 683,850 691,355 (318,855) 0 0 (318,855)	\$353,000	Original Final Actual \$353,000 \$353,000 \$474,711 19,500 19,500 42,035 372,500 372,500 516,746 7,505 7,505 7,502 683,850 683,850 0 691,355 691,355 7,502 (318,855) (318,855) 509,244 0 0 (139,630) 0 0 (139,630) (318,855) (318,855) 369,614 241,856 241,856 241,856

See accompanying notes to the required supplementary information



Notes to the Required Supplementary Information

Note I - Budgetary Process

The budgetary process is prescribed by provisions of the Ohio Revised Code and entails the preparation of budgetary documents within an established timetable. The major documents prepared are the tax budget, the certificate of estimated resources, and the appropriation ordinance, all of which are prepared on the budgetary basis of accounting. The certificate of estimated resources and the appropriation ordinance are subject to amendment throughout the year with the legal restriction that appropriations cannot exceed estimated resources, as certified. All funds, other than agency funds, are legally required to be budgeted and appropriated. The primary level of budgetary control is at the object level (personal services and other expenditures) within each department. Budgetary modifications may only be made by ordinance of the City Council.

Tax Budget

A tax budget of estimated revenues and expenditures for all funds is submitted to the City Auditor, as Secretary of the City Budget Commission, by July 20 of each year, for the period January I to December 31 of the following year.

Estimated Resources

The City Budget Commission determines if the budget substantiates a need to levy all or part of previously authorized taxes and reviews estimated revenue. The Commission certifies its actions to the City by October I. As part of this certification, the City receives the official certificate of estimated resources, which states the projected revenue of each fund. Prior to December 3I, the City must revise its budget so that the total contemplated expenditures from any fund during the ensuing year will not exceed the amount stated in the certificate of estimated resources. The revised budget then serves as the basis for the appropriation ordinance. On or about January I, the certificate of estimated resources is amended to include unencumbered fund balances at December 3I of the preceding year. The certificate may be further amended during the year if the fiscal officer and the Budget Commission agree that the estimate needs to be increased or decreased. The amounts reported on the budgetary statements reflect the amounts in the final amended official certificate of estimated resources issued during 2005, while the original budget column reflects amounts in the original official certificate of estimated resources.

Appropriations

A temporary appropriation measure to control expenditures may be passed on or about January I of each year for the period from January I to March 31. The annual appropriation ordinance must be passed by April I of each year for the period January I to December 31. The appropriation ordinance fixes spending authority at the fund, department and object level. The appropriation ordinance may be amended during the year, as new information becomes available, provided that total fund appropriations do not exceed current estimated resources, as certified. The allocation of appropriations among departments and objects within a fund may be modified during the year by ordinance of City Council. During the year several supplemental appropriation measures were passed; however, none of them were significant. The budget figures that appear in the statements of budgetary comparisons represent the final appropriation amounts, including all amendments and modifications.

Notes to the Required Supplementary Information

Administrative control is maintained through the establishment of more detailed line-item budgets. The budgetary figures which appear in the "Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual (Budgetary Basis) – General Fund and major Special Revenue Funds are provided on the budgetary basis to provide a comparison of actual results with the final budget, including all amendments and modifications. Budget figures appearing in the statement of budgetary comparisons are based upon the following:

Initial Budget is the legally adopted amount of appropriation originally passed by City Council through the original appropriation ordinance.

Final Budget represents the final appropriation amounts, including all amendments and modifications.

Encumbrances

As part of formal budgetary control, purchase orders, contracts and other commitments for the expenditure of monies are recorded as the equivalent of expenditures on the non-GAAP budgetary basis in order to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation and to determine and maintain legal compliance. The Ohio Revised Code prohibits expenditures and encumbrances from exceeding appropriations.

Lapsing of Appropriations

At the close of each year, the unencumbered balance of each appropriation reverts to the respective fund from which it was appropriated and becomes subject to future appropriations. The encumbered appropriation balance is carried forward to the succeeding year and is not reappropriated.

Note 2 - Budget to GAAP Reconciliation

Budgetary Basis of Accounting

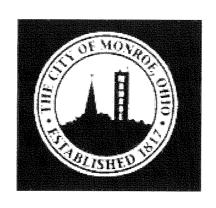
While reporting financial position, results of operations, and changes in fund balance on the basis of GAAP, the budgetary basis as provided by law is based upon accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements, and encumbrances. The Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances — Budget and Actual (Budget Basis) — Major Funds are presented on the budgetary basis to provide a meaningful comparison of actual results with the budget. The major differences between the budget basis and the GAAP basis are that:

- I. Revenues are recorded when received in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when susceptible to accrual (GAAP basis).
- 2. Expenditures/expenses are recorded when paid in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when the liability is incurred (GAAP basis).
- 3. Outstanding year end encumbrances are treated as expenditures (budget basis) rather than as a reservation of fund balance for governmental fund types (GAAP basis).

Notes to the Required Supplementary Information

The adjustments necessary to convert the results of operations for the year ended December 31, 2005, on the GAAP basis to the budget basis for the General Fund and Major Special Revenue funds are as follows:

	General	Fire 2000 Levy
GAAP Basis	(\$260,506)	\$371,900
Adjustments:		
Revenue Accruals	246,422	(2,280)
Expenditure Accruals	13,728	(6)
Encumbrances	(4,800)	0
Budget basis	(\$5,156)	\$369,614







	Bud	get		Variance Positive
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)
Revenues:				
Special Assessments	\$160,000	\$160,000	\$161,566	\$1,566
Other	3,000	3,000	0	(3,000)
Total Revenues	163,000	163,000	161,566	(1,434)
Expenditures:				
Debt Service:				
Principal Retirement	484,000	484,000	484,000	0
Interest and Fiscal Charges	367,196	367,196	364,605	2,591
Total Expenditures	851,196	851,196	848,605	2,591
Deficiency of Revenues				
Under Expenditures	(688,196)	(688,196)	(687,039)	1,157
Other Financing Sources (Uses):				
Transfers - In	690,000	690,000	668,364	(21,636)
Transfers - Out	0	0	(520,005)	(520,005)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	690,000	690,000	148,359	(541,641)
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues and				
Other Financing Sources Over (Under)				
Expenditures and Other Financing Uses	1,804	1,804	(538,680)	(540,484)
Fund Balances (Deficit) at Beginning of Year	(847,041)	(847,041)	(847,041)	0
Fund Balances (Deficit) at End of Year	(\$845,237)	(\$845,237)	(\$1,385,721)	(\$540,484)

CITY OF MONROE, OHIO NONMAJOR FUND DESCRIPTIONS DECEMBER 31, 2005

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

Street

To account for that portion of the state gasoline tax and motor vehicle registration fees designated for maintenance and repair of streets within the City.

State Highway

To account for that portion of the state gasoline tax and motor vehicle registration fees designated for maintenance and repair of state highways within the City.

Fire Operation and Maintenance

To account for the receipt of property taxes levied to maintain the fire department and the related expenses to provide the service to the residents of the City.

Fire 1989 Levy Fund

The fire 1989 levy fund accounts for property tax levied in 1989 for payment of a portion of general operating expenditures of the department and capital costs.

Police Law Enforcement

To account for monies received from the sale of forfeited goods and property that is spent on law enforcement.

Motor Vehicle License

To account for additional motor vehicle license taxes levied for routine street maintenance and repairs.

Enforcement and Education

To account for a portion of fines collected in DUI cases used to enforce DUI laws and teach the public about the dangers of driving under the influence.

Street Lighting

To account for an assessment received by the City to pay for street lighting.

Law Enforcement

To account for monies received from the sale of forfeited goods and property that is spent on law enforcement.

Longstreet Trust Fund

To account for monies that were donated for purposes of using the donation to repair and maintain the Long Street area.

Cemetery Trust Fund

To account for monies that were donated for the purposes of maintenance and cemetery improvements.

Fire Escrow Deposit

To account for monies that are recovered from insurance proceeds related to City fire damage and controlled disbursements to applicable residents.

CITY OF MONROE, OHIO NONMAJOR FUND DESCRIPTIONS DECEMBER 31, 2005

TASER Fund

To account for monies that are donated or received through grant proceeds for the purchase of tasers in the police department.

CAPITAL PROJECT FUNDS

Park Improvement

To account for user fees related to use of the City's various parks. Expenditures relate to the upkeep and maintenance of the parks.

Capital Improvement

To account for monies received primarily from transfers from the General Fund. Expenditures relate to the various capital improvement projects (i.e. street repairs) that are not financed through special revenue funds.

Corridor I-75

To account for monies received primarily from a special taxing district in the City's attempt to create a business district along the Interstate 75 corridor of State Route 63.

ENTERPRISE FUNDS

Garbage

To account for the provision of trash collection services to the residents and commercial users in the City.

Storm Water Management

To account for the collection of user charges and maintain the City's storm water system.

Cemetery

To account for the provision of cemetery plats and burials to the residents in the City.

THE CITY OF MONROE COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2005

		Nonmajor cial Revenue Funds	Nonmajor ital Projects Funds	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds		
Assets:			 	-		
Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments	\$	763,05 I	\$ 764,937	\$	1,527,988	
Investments		6,500	-		6,500	
Receivables (net of allowance						
for doubtful accounts):						
Taxes-Real & Personal Property		1,887,649	59,016		1,946,665	
Accounts		121,425	1,552		122,977	
Special Assessments		44,149	-		44,149	
Due from Other Governments	***************************************	293,376	 -		293,376	
Total Assets	\$	3,116,150	\$ 825,505	\$	3,941,655	
Liabilities:						
Accounts Payable		38,338	28,430		66,768	
Contracts Payable		28,832	44,839		73,671	
Accrued Wages and Benefits		95,905			95,905	
Due to Other Governments		116,943	-		116,943	
Interfund Payable		-	63,998		63,998	
Deferred Revenue		1,975,619	 59,016		2,034,635	
Total Liabilities		2,255,637	 196,283		2,451,920	
Fund Balances:						
Reserved for Encumbrances		1,961	_		1,961	
Unreserved, reported in:						
Special Revenue		858,552	-		858,552	
Capital Projects	-		629,222		629,222	
Total Fund Balances		860,513	629,222		1,489,735	
Total Liabilities and fund balances	\$	3,116,150	\$ 825,505	\$	3,941,655	

THE CITY OF MONROE COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2005

	Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds	Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds
Revenues:			
Property and Other Taxes	\$ 1,265,274	\$ 67,802	\$ 1,333,076
Intergovernmental	701,946	-	701,946
Charges for Services	499,070	-	499,070
Licenses and Permits		180,810	180,810
Investment Earnings	22,125	-	22,125
Fines and Fortfeitures	843	-	843
Special Assessments	36,107	-	36,107
All Other Revenues	185,276	1,368	186,644
Total Revenues	2,710,641	249,980	2,960,621
Expenditures:			
Current:			
Security of Persons and Property	972,901	_	972,901
Transportation	199,537	-	199,537
Capital Outlay	101,174	123,846	225,020
Total Expenditures	1,273,612	123,846	1,397,458
Excess of Revenues Over Expenditures	1,437,029	126,134	1,563,163
Other Financing Sources (Uses):			
Inception of Capital Lease	50,776	-	50,776
Transfers - In	1,339,392	153,918	1,493,310
Transfers - Out	(1,665,120	(179,995)	(1,845,115)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(274,952)	(26,077)	(301,029)
Net Change in Fund Balances	1,162,077	100,057	1,262,134
Fund Balances (Deficit) at Beginning of Year	(301,564)	529,165	227,601
Fund Balances at End of Year	\$ 860,513	\$ 629,222	\$ 1,489,735

THE CITY OF MONROE COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2005

		Street	 State Highway	e Operation Maintenance	 Fire 1989 Levy	olice Law forcement	Motor Vehicle License	orcement and ducation
Assets:								
Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments	\$	366,327	\$ 67,816	\$ 22,048	\$ 47,325	\$ 24,560	\$ 146,063	\$ 10,944
Investments		-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Receivables (net of allowance								
for doubtful accounts):								
Taxes-Real & Personal Property		-	-	515,106	702,522	670,021	-	-
Accounts		-	-	3,521	117,859	45	-	-
Special Assessments		-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Due from Other Governments		221,848	 17,919	 -	 	 8,323	45,286	 -
Total Assets	\$	588,175	\$ 85,735	\$ 540,675	\$ 867,706	\$ 702,949	\$ 191,349	\$ 10,944
Liabilities:								
Accounts Payable		16,634	257	12,126	103	9,218	-	-
Contracts Payable		-	-	-	_		28,832	-
Accrued Wages and Benefits		-	-	52,276	-	43,629		-
Due to Other Governments		4,897	-	70,751	-	41,295	-	-
Deferred Revenue		141,944	 11,490	 444,513	 724,980	 578,855	29,688	 -
Total Liabilities		163,475	 11,747	 579,666	 725,083	 672,997	58,520	 -
Fund Balances:								
Reserved for Encumbrances			-	-	-	1,784	-	-
Unreserved, reported in:								
Special Revenue (Deficit)		424,700	 73,988	 (38,991)	 142,623	 28,168	132,829	 10,944
Total Fund Balances (Deficit)		424,700	73,988	(38,991)	142,623	29,952	132,829	10.944
Total Liabilities and fund balances	\$	588,175	\$ 85,735	\$ 540,675	\$ 867,706	\$ 702,949	\$ 191,349	\$ 10,944
	-		 		 	 		

THE CITY OF MONROE COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2005

	Street Lighting	Lo	ongstreet Trust	Cemetery Trust		Law Enforcement		Fire Escrow Deposit		ASER Fund	Total	
\$	8,723	\$	61,335	\$ 27	\$	7,672	\$	•	\$	211	\$	763,051
	-		5,500	1,000		-		-		-		6,500
	-		-	_		-		_		-		1,887,649
	-		-	-		-		-		-		121,425
	44,149		-	-		-		-		_		44,149
	-		-	-		-		_		-		293,376
\$	52,872	\$	66,835	\$ 1,027	\$	7,672	\$	-	\$	211	\$	3,116,150
	_		_	_		_		_		_		38,338
	_		-	-		-		_		_		28,832
	-		-	_		_		_		_		95,905
	_		-	-		-		-				116,943
	44,149		_	-		-		-		-		1,975,619
				 	***************************************		***************************************		-			
	44,149		-	 -		-		-		-		2,255,637
	-		-	-		-		-		177		1,961
	8,723		66,835	1,027		7,672		-		34		858,552
-				 								
	8,723		66,835	1,027		7,672		-		211		860,513
\$	52,872	\$	66,835	\$ 1,027	\$	7,672	\$	-	\$	211	\$	3,116,150

THE CITY OF MONROE COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2005

	Street	State Highway	Fire Operation and Maintenance	Fire 1989 Levy	Police Law	Motor Vehicle License	Enforcement and Education
Revenues:	_	_					
Property and Other Taxes	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 333,859	\$ 467,836	\$ 463,579	\$ -	\$ -
Intergovernmental	467,528	37,807	18,746	32,781	54,895	87,737	-
Charges for Services	-	-	113,300	377,447	8,323	-	-
Investment Earnings	-	-	-	21,690	-	-	-
Fines and Fortfeitures	-	-	<u>.</u>	-	-	-	843
Special Assessments	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
All Other Revenues	24,146	-	23,955	443	116,772	-	-
Total Revenues	491,674	37,807	489,860	900,197	643,569	87,737	843
Expenditures:							
Current:							
Security of Persons and Property	-	-	391,218	12,059	315,059	169,435	-
Transportation	184,650	14,887	-	_	-	_	-
Capital Outlay	54,206	4,655	42,313	*	-	-	-
Total Expenditures	238,856	19,542	433,53)	12,059	315,059	169,435	-
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues							
Over (Under) Expenditures	252,818	18,265	56,329	888,138	328,510	(81,698)	843
Other Financing Sources (Uses):							
Inception of Capital Lease	50,776	-	-	_	-	-	~
Transfers - In	-	_	1,285,892	-	35,000	-	~
Transfers - Out	(125,000)	-	(254,228)	(1,285,892)	-	-	-
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(74,224)	-	1,031,664	(1,285,892)	35,000	_	-
Net Change in Fund Balances	178,594	18,265	1,087,993	(397,754)	363,510	(81,698)	843
Fund Balances (Deficit) at Beginning of Year	246,106	55,723	(1,126,984)	540,377	(333,558)	214,527	10,101
Fund Balances (Deficit) at End of Year	\$ 424,700	\$ 73,988	\$ (38,991)	\$ 142,623	\$ 29,952	\$ 132,829	\$ 10,944

THE CITY OF MONROE COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2005

	Street Lighting	 ongstreet Trust		metery Trust	Enf	Law Forcement		Escrow eposit	TASER Fund		 Total
\$	-	\$ -	\$		\$	-	\$	_	. \$	_	\$ 1,265,274
	-	-		-		2,452		-		-	701,946
	-	-		-		-		-		-	499,070
	-	430		5		-		-		-	22,125
	-	-		-		-		-		-	843
	36,107	-		-		-		-		-	36,107
	-	 -		-		-		-		19,960	 185,276
	36,107	 430		5		2,452		-		19,960	 2,710,641
	63,381	-		-		2,000		-		19,749	972,901
	-	-		-		-		-		-	199,537
	-	 		-		-		-			 101,174
and the second s	63,381	 -		-		2,000		~	***************************************	19,749	 1,273,612
	(27,274)	430		5		452		-		211	1,437,029
	-	-		-				-		-	50,776
	18,500	-		_		-		-		-	1,339,392
	-	 		-		-		_		-	 (1,665,120)
	18,500	 		-		-	W.4	-		-	 (274,952)
	(8,774)	430		5		452		-		211	1,162,077
	17,497	66,405		1,022		7,220		-		_	(301,564)
\$	8,723	\$ 66,835	\$	1,027	\$	7,672	\$	-	\$	211	\$ 860,513
			******					-			

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		_	_		١.	_	IΝ	$\boldsymbol{\mathcal{L}}$

				Variance
	Bud		_	Positive
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)
P. evenues:				
Revenues: Intergovernmental	\$290,000	\$290,000	\$454,778	\$164,778
Other	10,000	10,000	24,146	14,146
Circi		10,000	21,110	17,170
Total Revenues	300,000	300,000	478,924	178,924
Expenditures: Current: Transportation Street Maintenance and Repair				
Other	306,570	306,570	194,398	112,172
Total Transportation	306,570	306,570	194,398	112,172
Capital Outlay	3,430	3,430	3,430	0
Total Expenditures	310,000	310,000	197,828	112,172
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(10,000)	(10,000)	281,096	291,096
Other Financing Uses: Transfers - Out	0	0	(125,000)	(125,000)
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures and	(10,000)	(10,000)	157.007	1// 00/
Other Financing Uses	(10,000)	(10,000)	156,096	166,096
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year	210,231	210,231	210,231	0
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$200,231	\$200,231	\$366,327	\$166,096
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	Budget			Variance Positive
	Original	<u>Final</u>	Actual	(Negative)
Revenues:				
Intergovernmental	\$23,500	\$23,500	\$36,824	¢12.224
intel governmental	Ψ25,500	Ψ25,300	\$30,027	\$13,324
Total Revenues	23,500	23,500	36,824	13,324
Expenditures:				
Current:				
Transportation				
State Highway Maintenance				
Other	33,000	33,000	14,630	18,370
Total State Highway Maintenance	33,000	33,000	14,630	18,370
Capital Outlay	5,000	5,000	4,655	345
Total Expenditures	38,000	38,000	19,285	18,715
Fueres (Deficiency) of Bourses				
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(14,500)	(14,500)	17,539	22.020
Over (Onder) Experiated es	(11,500)	(14,500)	17,337	32,039
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year	50,277	50,277	50,277	0
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$35,777	\$35,777	\$67,816	\$32,039
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		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		. 0. 10
	Budget			Variance Positive
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)
Revenues:				
Property and Other Taxes	\$33,000	\$330,000	\$329,011	(\$989)
Charges for Services	47,500	47,500	113,300	65,800
Intergovernmental	34,000	34,000	26,479	(7,521)
Other	110,000	110,000	20,434	(89,566)
Total Revenues	224,500	521,500	489,224	(32,276)
Expenditures:				
Current:				
Security of Persons and Property				
Other	497,300	499,576	373,425	126,151
Total Security of Persons and Property	497,300	400 577	272 425	107 (51
rotal security of Persons and Property	477,300	499,576	373,425	126,151
Capital Outlay	50,000	50,000	42,313	7,687
Total Expenditures	547,300	549,576	415,738	133,838
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues				
Over (Under) Expenditures	(322,800)	(28,076)	73,486	101,562
Other Financing Sources (Uses):				
Transfers - In	100,000	100,000	1,285,892	1,185,892
Transfers - Out	0	0	(254,228)	(254,228)
-			(231,220)	(234,228)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	100,000	100,000	1,031,664	931,664
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues and Other				
Financing Sources Over (Under)				
Expenditures and Other Financing Uses	(222,800)	71,924	1,105,150	1,033,226
Fund Balance (Deficit) at Beginning of Year	(1,083,102)	(1,083,102)	(1,083,102)	0
Fund Balance (Deficit) at End of Year	(\$1,305,902)	(\$1,011,178)	\$22,048	\$1,033,226

For the Year Ended December 31, 2005

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	Budget			Variance Positive
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)
Revenues:				
Property and Other Taxes	\$393,000	\$393,000	\$468,448	\$75,448
Charges for Services	350,000	350,000	377,447	27,447
Intergovernmental	21,500	21,500	35,210	13,710
Interest	5,000	5,000	21,690	16,690
Other	6,000	6,000	443	(5,557)
Total Revenues	775,500	775,500	903,238	127,738
Expenditures: Current:				
Security of Persons and Property				
Other	18,500	18,500	11,964	6,536
Total Security of Persons and Property	18,500	18,500	11,964	6,536
Capital Outlay	800,000	800,000	0	800,000
Total Expenditures	818,500	818,500	11,964	806,536
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues				
Over (Under) Expenditures	(43,000)	(43,000)	891,274	934,274
Other Financing Uses:				
Transfers Out	(800,000)	0	(1,285,892)	(1,285,892)
Deficiency of Revenues Under				
Expenditures and Other Financing Uses	(843,000)	(43,000)	(394,618)	(351,618)
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year	441,943	441,943	441,943	0
Fund Balance (Deficit) at End of Year	(\$401,057)	\$398,943	\$47,325	(\$351,618)

	POLICE LAW ENFORCEMENT FUND						
	Bud	get		Variance Positive			
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)			
Revenues:							
Property and Other Taxes	\$415,000	\$415,000	\$468,448	\$53,448			
Intergovernmental	41,500	41,500	64,492	22,992			
Other	10,000	10,000	116,727	106,727			
•				100,727			
Total Revenues	466,500	466,500	649,667	183,167			
Expenditures:							
Current:							
Security of Persons and Property							
Other -	405,100	405,100	283,839	121,261			
Total Security of Persons and Property	405,100	405,100	283,839	121,261			
Capital Outlay	125,000	125,000	0	125,000			
Total Expenditures	530,100	530,100	283,839	246,261			
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues							
Over (Under) Expenditures	(63,600)	(63,600)	365,828	429,428			
Other Financing Sources:	_						
Transfers - In	. 0	0	35,000	35,000			
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues and Other							
Financing Sources Over (Under) Expenditures	(63,600)	(63,600)	400,828	464,428			
Fund Balance (Deficit) at Beginning of Year	(376,267)	(376,267)	(376,267)	0			
Fund Balance (Deficit) at End of Year	(\$439,867)	(\$439,867)	\$24,561	\$464,428			

MOTOR VEHICLE LICENSE FUND	MOTO	≀ VEHI	ICLE LI	CENS	E FUND
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				Variance
	Budget			Positive
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)
Revenues:				
Intergovernmental	\$75,000	\$75,000	\$89,064	\$14,064
Total Revenues	75,000	75,000	89,064	14,064
Expenditures:				
Current:				
Security of Persons and Property	121712	142.405	1.40.403	
Other _	121,713	162,495	140,603	21,892
Total Expenditures	121,713	162,495	140,603	21,892
Deficiency of Revenues				
Under Expenditures	(46,713)	(87,495)	(51,539)	35,956
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year	175,888	175,888	175,888	0
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated	21,713	21,713	21,713	0_
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$150,888	\$110,106	\$146,062	\$35,956

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	Budger			Variance
	Original	Final	Actual	Positive (Negative)
Revenues:				
Fines, Licenses, and Permits	\$300	\$300	\$843	\$543
Total Revenues	300	300	843	543
Expenditures:				
Capital Outlay	6,000	6,000	0	6,000
Total Expenditures	6,000	6,000	0	6,000
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(5,700)	(5,700)	843	6,543
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year	10,101	10,101	10,101	0
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$4,401	\$4,401	\$10,944	\$6,543

		TING FUND		
	Budge	et		Variance Positive
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)
Revenues:				
Special Assessments	\$65,000	\$65,000	\$36,107	(\$28,893)
Total Revenues	65,000	65,000	36,107	(28,893)
Expenditures: Current:				
Security of Persons and Property Other	70,000	70,000	65,759	4,241
Total Expenditures	70,000	70,000	65,759	4,241
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(5,000)	(5,000)	(29,652)	(24,652)
Other Financing Sources: Transfers - In	20,000	20,000	18,500	(1,500)
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues and Other Financing Sources Over (Under) Expenditures	15,000	15,000	(11,152)	(26,152)
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year	19,875	19,875	19,875	0
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$34,875	\$34,875	\$8,723	(\$26,152)

	LONGSTREET TRUST FUND						
	Buc	lget		Variance Positive			
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)			
Revenue:							
Interest	\$1,000	\$1,000	\$430	(\$570)			
Total Revenues	1,000	1,000	430	(570)			
Expenditures: Current: Public Health and Welfare							
Other	250	250	0	250			
Total Expenditures	250	250	0	250			
Excess of Revenues Over Expenditures	750	750	430	(320)			
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year	66,406	66,406	66,406	0			
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$67,156	\$67,156	\$66,836	(\$320)			

	CEMETERY TRUST FUND						
	Budge	et		Variance Positive			
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)			
Revenues:							
Interest	<u>\$0</u>	\$0	\$10	\$10			
Total Revenue	0	0	10	10			
Total Expenditures	0	0	0	0			
Excess of Revenues							
Over Expenditures	0	0	10	10			
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year	1,017	1,017	1,017	0			
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$1,017	\$1,017	\$1,027	\$10			

LAW	ENF	ORCE	MFNT	FUND

	Bud	get	The second secon	Variance Positive
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)
Revenues: Intergovernmental	\$0	\$0	\$2,452	\$2,452
Total Revenues	0	0	2,452	2,452
Expenditures: Current: Security of Persons and Property	0	2,000	2,000	
Other	0	2,000	2,000	0
Total Expenditures	0	2,000	2,000	0
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	0	(2,000)	452	2,452
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year	7,218	7,218	7,218	0
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$7,218	\$5,218	\$7,670	\$2,452

FIRE	ESCRO	W [DEPOS	IT Fl	JND
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	Bud	get		Variance Positive
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)
Total Revenue	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
Expenditures: Current: Security of Persons and Property				
Other	0	20,000	0	20,000
Total Expenditures	0	20,000	0	20,000
Deficiency of Revenues	•			
Under Expenditures	0	(20,000)	0	20,000
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year	0	0	0	0
Fund Balance (Deficit) at End of Year	<u>\$0</u>	(\$20,000)	<u>\$0</u>	\$20,000

City of Monroe, Ohio

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes In Fund Balance - Budget and Actual (Budgetary Basis)

Nonmajor Governmental Funds

	TASER FUND					
	Budget			Variance Positive		
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)		
<u>_</u>						
Revenues:						
Other	\$0_	\$0	\$19,960	\$19,960		
Total Revenue	0	0	19,960	19,960		
Expenditures:						
Current:						
Security of Persons and Property				_		
Other	0	19,960	19,749	211		
Total Expenditures	0	19,960	19,749	211		
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues						
Over (Under) Expenditures	0	(19,960)	211	20,171		
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year	0	0	0	0		
Fund Balance (Deficit) at End of Year	\$0	(\$19,960)	\$211	\$20,171		
,			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			

City of Monroe, Ohio Combining Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes In Fund Balance - Budget and Actual (Budgetary Basis) All Special Revenue Funds

	Budget			Variance Positive	
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)	
_					
Revenues:			•		
Property and Other Taxes	\$1,194,000	\$1,491,000	\$1,740,618	\$249,61	
Charges for Services	350,000	397,500	490,747	93,24	
Fines, Licenses, and Permits	300	300	843	5∠	
Intergovernmental	471,000	505,000	751,334	246,33	
Special Assessments	65,000	65,000	36,107	(28,89	
Interest	1,000	6,000	22,130	16,13	
Other	136,000	136,000	181,710	45,71	
Total Revenues	2,217,300	2,600,800	3,223,489	622,68	
Expenditures:					
Current:					
Transportation					
Street Maintenance and Repair					
Other	306,570	306,570	194,398	112,17	
State Highway Maintenance					
Other	33,000	33,000	14,630	18,37	
Total Transportation	339,570	339,570	209,028	130,54	
Security of Persons and Property					
Fire Operation and Maintenance					
Other	497,300	499,576	373,425	126,15	
Fire Levy		24.00			
Other	26,005	26,005	19,466	6,53	
Police Law Enforcement					
Other	526,813	607,555	444,191	163,36	
Street Lighting					
Other	70,000	70,000	65,759	4,24	
Law Enforcement					
Other	0	2,000	2,000		
Total Security of Persons and Property	1,120,118	1,205,136	904,841	300,29	
Public Health and Welfare					
Other	250	250	0	25	
Capital Outlay	1,673,280	1,673,280	50,398	1,622,88	
Total Expenditures	3,133,218	3,218,236	1,164,267	2,053,96	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues	•				
Over (Under) Expenditures	(915,918)	(617,436)	2,059,222	2,676,65	
Other Financing Sources (Uses):					
Transfers - In	120,000	120,000	1,339,392	1,219,39	
Transfers - Out	0	0	(1,804,750)	(1,804,75	
Fotal Other Financing Sources (Uses)	120,000	120,000	(465,358)	(585,35	
xcess (Deficiency) of Revenues and					
excess (Deficiency) of Revenues and Other Financing Sources Over (Under)					
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	(795,918)	(497,436)	1,593,864	2,091,30	
Other Financing Sources Over (Under)	(795,918) (234,557)	(497,436) (234,557)	1,593,864 (234,557)	2,091,300	
Other Financing Sources Over (Under) Expenditures and Other Financing Uses		, ,			

THE CITY OF MONROE COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2005

	Park			Capital	Corridor		
	Improvement		Improvement		l - 75	Total	
Assets:							
Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments	\$	468,709	\$		\$ 296,228	\$ 764,937	
Receivables (net of allowance							
for doubtful accounts):							
Taxes-Real & Personal Property		-		-	59,016	59,016	
Accounts		1,552		par	-	1,552	
Total Assets	\$	470,261	\$	-	\$ 355,244	\$ 825,505	
Liabilities:							
Accounts Payable		-		28,430	-	28,430	
Contracts Payable		-		44,839	***	44,839	
Interfund Payable		-		63,998		63,998	
Deferred Revenue		-		-	59,016	59,016	
Total Liabilities		***		137,267	59,016	196,283	
Fund Balances:							
Unreserved, reported in:							
Capital Projects (Deficit)		470,261		(137,267)	296,228	629,222	
Total Fund Balances (Deficit)		470,261		(137,267)	296,228	629,222	
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	470,261	\$		\$ 355,244	\$ 825,505	

THE CITY OF MONROE COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2005

Revenues:	Park Improvement		Capital Improvement		Corridor I - 75		Total Governmenta Funds	
	¢		•	2.222	•		_	
Property and Other Taxes Licenses and Permits	\$	100.010	\$	2,229	\$	65,573	\$	67,802
		180,810		-		-		180,810
All Other Revenues		1,368		-				1,368
Total Revenues		182,178		2,229	w	65,573	*******	249,980
Expenditures:								
Capital Outlay		7,132		116,714	**************************************	-		123,846
Total Expenditures	i.	7,132		116,714		-		123,846
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues								
Over (Under) Expenditures		175,046		(114,485)		65,573		126,134
Other Financing Sources (Uses):								
Transfers - In		_		153,918		-		153,918
Transfers - Out		_	-	(179,995)		-		(179,995)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		-		(26,077)		-	<u>. </u>	(26,077)
Change in Net Assets		175,046		(140,562)		65,573		100,057
Fund Balances at Beginning of Year		295,215		3,295		230,655		529,165
Fund Balances (Deficit) at End of Year	\$	470,261	\$	(137,267)	\$	296,228	\$	629,222

PARK IMPROVEMENT FUND	
	_

	Bud	get		Variance Positive
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)
Revenues:				
Fines, Licenses, and Permits	\$150,000	\$150,000	\$179,258	\$29,258
Other	0	0	1,368	1,368
Total Revenues	150,000	150,000	180,626	30,626
Expenditures:				
Capital Outlay	0	7,132	7,132	0
Total Expenditures	0	7,132	7,132	0
Excess of Revenues				
Over Expenditures	150,000	142,868	173,494	30,626
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year	295,215	295,215	295,215	0
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$445,215	\$438,083	\$468,709	\$30,626

	CAPITAL IMPROVEMENT FUND						
	Budget			Variance Positive			
·	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)			
Devenues							
Revenues: Property and Other Taxes	\$0	\$0	\$2,229	\$2,229			
Total Revenues	0	0	2,229	2,229			
Expenditures:							
Capital Outlay	650,000	650,000	43,445	606,555			
Total Expenditures	650,000	650,000	43,445	606,555			
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues							
Over (Under) Expenditures	(650,000)	(650,000)	(41,216)	608,784			
Other Financing Sources (Uses):							
Face Value from Sale of Notes	350,000	350,000	0	(350,000)			
Transfers - In	150,000	150,000	153,918	3,918			
Transfers - Out	0	0	(179,995)	(179,995)			
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	500,000	500,000	(26,077)	(526,077)			
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues and Other Financing Sources Over (Under)							
Expenditures and Other Financing Uses	(150,000)	(150,000)	(67,293)	82,707			
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year	3,295	3,295	3,295	0			
Fund Balance (Deficit) at End of Year	(\$146,705)	(\$146,705)	(\$63,998)	\$82,707			

	CORRIDOR 1-75 FUND							
	Budge	t		Variance Positive				
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)				
Revenues:								
Property and Other Taxes	\$81,050	\$81,050	\$65,573	(\$15,477)				
Total Revenues	81,050	81,050	65,573	(15,477)				
Expenditures: Debt Service								
Principal Retirement	81,050	81,050	0	81,050				
Total Expenditures	81,050	81,050	0	81,050				
Excess of Revenues								
Over Expenditures	0	0	65,573	65,573				
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year	230,655	230,655	230,655	0				

\$230,655

\$230,655

\$296,228

\$65,573

Fund Balance at End of Year

City of Monroe, Ohio

Combining Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes In Fund Balance - Budget and Actual (Budgetary Basis)

All Capital Project Funds For the Year Ended December 31, 2005

	Budget			Variance Positive
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)
Revenues:				
Property and Other Taxes	\$81,050	\$81,050	\$67,802	(\$13,248)
Fines, Licenses, Permits	150,000	150,000	179,258	29,258
Other	0	0	1,368	1,368
Total Revenues	231,050	231,050	248,428	17,378
Expenditures:				
Capital Outlay	650,000	657,132	50,577	606,555
Debt Service:			,	,
Principal Retirement	81,050	81,050	0	81,050
Total Expenditures	731,050	738,182	50,577	687,605
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues				
Over (Under) Expenditures	(500,000)	(507,132)	197,851	704,983
Other Financing Sources (Uses):				
Face Value from Sale of Notes	350,000	350,000	0	(350,000)
Transfers - In	150,000	150,000	153,918	3,918
Transfers - Out	0	0	(179,995)	(179,995)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	500,000	500,000	(26,077)	(526,077)
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues and Other Financing Sources Over (Under)				
Expenditures and Other Financing Uses	0	(7,132)	171,774	178,906
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year	529,165	529,165	529,165	0
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$529,165	\$522,033	\$700,939	\$178,906

THE CITY OF MONROE COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS NONMAJOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2005

BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES - ENTERPRISE FUNDS

	Sto	ormwater					
	Ma	nagement	. (Garbage	С	emetery	Totals
Assets:							
Current Assets:							
Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	62,765	\$	45,425	\$	38,808	\$ 146,998
Receivables (net of allowances							
for doubtful accounts)							
Accounts		25,060		75,974		-	101,034
Total Assets	\$	87,825	\$	121,399	\$	38,808	\$ 248,032
Liabilities							
Current Liabilities:							
Accounts Payable	\$	5,218	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 5,218
Contracts Payable		-		68,349		-	68,349
Due to Other Governments		490		122		-	612
Total Liabilities		5,708		68,471		-	74,179
Net Assets							
Unrestricted		82,117		52,928		38,808	173,853
Total Net Assets		82,117		52,928		38,808	173,853
Total Net Assets and Liabilities	\$	87,825	\$	121,399	\$	38,808	\$ 248,032

THE CITY OF MONROE COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET ASSETS NONMAJOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2005

BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES - ENTERPRISE FUNDS

		ormwater anagement		Garbage		Cemetery	Totals
Operating Revenues:	_						
Charges for Services	\$	151, 4 70	\$	415,125	\$	17,100	\$ 583,695
Sales		-		-		27,482	27,482
Other Operating Revenues		-		-		100	 100
Total Operating Revenues		151,470		415,125	wa	44,682	 611,277
Operating Expenses:							
Personal Services		490		122		-	612
Materials and Supplies		7,937		-		4,256	12,193
Contractual Services		37,645		397,838		23,170	4 58,653
Bad Debt Expense		(6)		143	·	-	 137
Total Operating Expenses		46,066	***************************************	398,103		27,426	 471,595
Operating Income		105,404		17,022		17,256	139,682
Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses):							
Deposit Refunds		(16)		(76)		(3,829)	 (3,921)
Total Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses)		(16)		(76)	P/4/4	(3,829)	 (3,921)
Income (Loss) Before Transfers		105,388		16,946		13,427	135,761
Transfers Out		(60,000)		(15,000)		(25,000)	 (100,000)
Change in Net Assets		45,388		1,946		(11,573)	35,761
Total Net Assets - Beginning		36,729		50,982		50,381	 138,092
Total Net Assets - Ending	\$	82,117	\$	52,928	\$	38,808	\$ 173,853

THE CITY OF MONROE COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS NONMAJOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2005

	BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES - ENTERPRISE FUNDS				NDS .			
		ormwater anagement		Garbage	C	Cemetery		Totals
Cash Flows from Operating Activities:								
Cash Received from Customers	\$	150,752	\$	410,602	\$	44,744	\$	606,098
Cash Paid to Suppliers for Goods and Services		(40,364)		(360,758)		(27,426)		(428,548)
Other Receipts		-		-		100		100
Other Payments		(16)	48.444	(76)		(3,829)		(3,921)
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities		110,372	-	49,768		13,589		173,729
Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities:								
Transfers-out to Other Funds		(60,000)		(15,000)		(25,000)		(100,000)
Net Cash Used for Noncapital Financing Activities		(60,000)		(15,000)		(25,000)		(100,000)
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents		50,372		34,768		(11,411)		73,729
Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Year		12,393		10,657		50,219		73,269
Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Year	\$	62,765	\$	45,425	\$	38,808	\$	146,998
Reconciliation of Operating Income to								
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities:								
Operating Income	\$	105,404	\$	17,022	\$	17,256	\$	139,682
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income								
to Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities:								
Other		(16)		(76)		(3,829)		(3,921)
Change in Assets and Liabilities:								• ,
(Increase) Decrease in Accounts Receivable		(724)		(4,380)		162		(4,942)
Increase (Decrease) in Accounts Payables		5,218		(2,142)		-		3,076
Increase in Contracts Payables		-		39,222		-		39,222
Increase in Due to Other Governments		490		122		-		612
Total Adjustments		4,968		32,746	***	(3,667)		34,047
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities	\$	110,372	\$	49,768	\$	13,589	\$	173,729

City of Monroe, Ohio Schedule of Revenues, Expenses and Changes In Fund Equity - Budget and Actual (Budgetary Basis) Water Fund

	Budge	ar.		Variance Positive
	Original Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)
Revenues:				
Charges for Services	\$2,150,000	\$2,509,601	\$2,279,372	(\$230,229)
Grants	0	0	115,056	115,056
Interest	0	0	570	570
Face Value from Sale of Notes	0	4,021,000	4,021,000	0
Other Operating Revenues	8,200	1,200	188,743	187,543
Total Revenues	2,158,200	6,531,801	6,604,741	72,940
Expenses:				
Personal Services	387,083	331,750	322,646	9,104
Contractual Services	970,025	831,361	676,346	155,015
Materials and Supplies	217,070	186,040	152,415	33,625
Deposits Refunded	5,834	5,000	1,765	3,235
Capital Outlay Debt Service:	336,737	288,601	385,712	(97,111)
Principal Retirement	0	4,225,105	4,225,100	5
Interest and Fiscal Charges	0	134,355	134,357	(2)
Total Expenses	1,916,750	6,002,212	5,898,341	103,871
Income before Transfers	241,450	529,589	706,400	176,811
Transfers - In	0	30,000	0	(30,000)
Transfers - Out	0	(30,000)	(101,468)	(71,468)
Change in Fund Equity	241,450	529,589	604,932	75,343
Fund Equity at Beginning of Year	3,924,692	3,924,692	3,924,692	0
Fund Equity at End of Year	\$4,166,142	\$4,454,281	\$4,529,624	\$75,343

City of Monroe, Ohio Schedule of Revenues, Expenses and Changes In Fund Equity - Budget and Actual (Budgetary Basis) Sewer Fund

				Variance
	Budg	get		Positive
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)
Revenues:				
Charges for Services	\$1,150,000	\$1,150,000	\$1,168,818	18,818
Face Value from Sale of Notes	0	300,000	294,000	(6,000)
Interest	0	0	380	380
Total Revenues	1,150,000	1,450,000	1,463,198	13,198
Expenses:				
Contractual Services	1,028,000	1,183,900	1,082,499	101,401
Deposits Refunded	0	0	6	(6)
Debt Service:				,
Principal Retirement	0	480,900	294,000	186,900
Interest and Fiscal Charges	0	7,400	7,183	217
Total Expenses	1,028,000	1,672,200	1,383,688	288,512
Income before Transfers	122,000	(222,200)	79,510	301,710
Transfers - In	0	0	700,000	700,000
Transfers - Out	0	(25,000)	(30,000)	(5,000)
Change in Fund Equity	122,000	(247,200)	749,510	996,710
Fund Equity (Deficit) at Beginning of Year	(318,270)	(318,270)	(318,270)	0
Fund Equity (Deficit) at End of Year	(\$196,270)	(\$565,470)	\$431,240	\$996,710

City of Monroe, Ohio Schedule of Revenues, Expenses and Changes In Fund Equity - Budget and Actual (Budgetary Basis) Stormwater Management Fund For the Year Ended December 31, 2005

				Variance		
	Budg	et		Positive		
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)		
Revenues:						
Charges for Services	\$140,000	\$140,000	\$150,752	\$10,752		
Total Revenues	140,000	140,000	150,752	10,752		
Expenses:						
Contractual Services	110,007	110,007	32,427	77,580		
Materials and Supplies	25,000	25,000	7,937	17,063		
Deposits Refunds	I,000	1,000	16	984		
Total Expenses	136,007	136,007	40,380	95,627		
Income before Transfers	3,993	3,993	110,372	106,379		
Transfers - Out	0	(10,000)	(60,000)	(50,000)		
Change in Fund Equity	3,993	(6,007)	50,372	56,379		
Fund Equity (Deficit) at Beginning of Year	(37,614)	(37,614)	(37,614)	0		
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated	50,007	50,007	50,007	0		
Fund Equity at End of Year	\$16,386	\$6,386	\$62,765	\$56,379		

City of Monroe, Ohio Schedule of Revenues, Expenses and Changes

In Fund Equity - Budget and Actual (Budgetary Basis) Garbage Fund

	Budge	· t		Variance Positive	
	Original Final		Actual	(Negative)	
Revenues:					
Charges for Services	\$390,000	\$390,000	\$410,602	\$20,602	
Total Revenues	390,000	390,000	410,602	20,602	
Expenses:	·				
Contractual Services	380,800	380,800	360,758	20,042	
Deposits Refunds	1,000	1,000	76	924	
Total Expenses	381,800	381,800	360,834	20,966	
Income before Transfers	8,200	8,200	49,768	(364)	
Transfers - Out	0	(5,000)	(15,000)	(10,000)	
Change in Fund Equity	8,200	3,200	34,768	31,568	
Fund Equity at Beginning of Year	10,657	10,657	10,657	0	
Fund Equity at End of Year	\$18,857	\$13,857	\$45,425	\$31,568	

City of Monroe, Ohio Schedule of Revenues, Expenses and Changes In Fund Equity - Budget and Actual (Budgetary Basis) Cemetery Fund

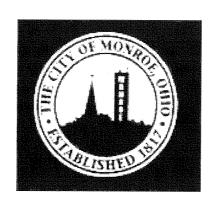
	D. L			Variance		
	Budget			Positive		
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)		
Revenues:						
Charges for Services	\$17,500	\$17,500	\$17,100	(\$400)		
Sales	21,000	21,000	27,644	6,644		
Other Operating Revenues	1,000	1,000	100	(900)		
Total Revenues	39,500	39,500	44,844	5,344		
Expenses:						
Contractual Services	24,000	24,000	23,170	830		
Materials and Supplies	6,000	6,000	4,256	1,744		
Deposit Refunds	4,000	4,000	3,829	171		
Total Expenses	34,000	34,000	31,255	2,745		
Income before Transfers	5,500	5,500	13,589	8,089		
Transfers - Out	(2,000)	(2,000)	(25,000)	(23,000)		
Change in Fund Equity	3,500	3,500	(11,411)	(14,911)		
Fund Equity at Beginning of Year	50,219	50,219	50,219	0		
Fund Equity at End of Year	\$53,719	\$53,719	\$38,808	(\$14,911)		

City of Monroe, Ohio Schedule of Revenues, Expenses and Changes In Fund Equity - Budget and Actual (Budgetary Basis) All Enterprise Funds

	Budget			Variance Positive
-	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)
Revenues:				
Charges for Services	\$3,847,500	\$4,207,101	\$4,026,644	(\$180,457)
Grants	0	0	115,056	115,056
Sales	21,000	21,000	27,644	6,644
Interest	0	0	950	950
Face Value from Sale of Notes	0	4,321,000	4,315,000	(6,000)
Other Operating Revenues	9,200	2,200	188,843	186,643
Total Revenues	3,877,700	8,551,301	8,674,137	122,836
Expenses:				
Personal Services	387,083	331,750	322,646	9,104
Contractual Services	2,512,832	2,530,068	2,175,200	354,868
Materials and Supplies	248,070	217,040	164,608	52,432
Deposits Refunded	11,834	11,000	5,692	5,308
Capital Outlay	336,737	288,601	385,712	(97,111)
Debt Service:				,
Principal Retirement	0	4,706,005	4,519,100	186,905
Interest and Fiscal Charges	0	141,755	141,540	215
Total Expenses	3,496,557	8,226,219	7,714,498	511,721
Income before Transfers	381,143	325,082	959,639	634,557
Transfers - In	0	30,000	700,000	670,000
Transfers - Out	0	(72,000)	(231,468)	(159,468)
Total Transfers	0	(42,000)	468,532	510,532
Change in Fund Equity	381,143	283,082	1,428,171	1,145,089
Fund Equity at Beginning of Year	3,629,684	3,629,684	3,629,684	0
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated	50,007	50,007	50,007	0
Fund Equity at End of Year	\$4,060,834	\$3,962,773	\$5,107,862	\$1,145,089

THE CITY OF MONROE SCHEDULE OF CHANGE IN FIDUCIARY ASSETS AND LIABILITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2005

	Balance December 31, 2004	Additions	Deletions	Balance
Student Activities	December 31, 2004	Additions	Deletions	December 31, 2005
Assets:				
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$10,174	\$10,862	\$10,174	\$10,862
Total Assets	\$10,174	\$10,862	\$10,174	\$10,862
<u>Liabilities:</u>				
Accounts Payable	\$7,434	\$6,129	\$7,434	\$6,129
Due to Other Governments	1,554	080,1	1,554	1,080
Due to Others	712	3,301	712	3,301
Undistributed Monies	474	352	474	352
Total Liabilities	\$10,174	\$10,862	\$10,174	\$10,862



STATISTICAL



SECTION

Net Assets by Component Last Two Years (accrual basis of accounting)

	2007	
	2005	2004
Governmental Activities		
Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt	\$36,129,538	\$31,947,148
Restricted	2,691,443	1,826,135
Unrestricted (Deficit)	(1,013,088)	(3,292,253)
Total Governmental Activities Net Assets	37,807,893	30,481,030
Business-Type Activities		
Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt	(587,825)	(812,502)
Unrestricted	5,122,206	3,734,030
Total Business-Type Activities Net Assets	4,534,381	2,921,528
Primary government		
Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt	35,541,713	31,134,646
Restricted	2,691,443	1,826,135
Unrestricted	4,109,118	441,777
Total Primary Government Net Assets	\$42,342,274	\$33,402,558

Changes in Net Assets
Last Two Years
(accrual basis of accounting)

	2005	2004
Program Revenues		
Governmental Activities:		
Charges for Services:		
Security of Persons and Property	\$ 639,503	\$ 750,807
Leisure Time Activities	180,810	220,320
General Government	726,831	444,834
Operating Grants and Contributions	564,110	609,432
Capital Grants and Contributions*	7,069,000	5,268,350
Total Governmental Activities Program Revenues	9,180,254	7,293,743
Business-Type Activities:		
Charges for Services:		
Water	2,478,159	2,125,254
Sewer	1,162,147	1,087,713
Stormwater Management	151,470	171,658
Garbage	415,125	378,350
Cemetery	44,682	42,609
Operating Grants and Contributions	115,056	241,365
Capital Grants and Contributions	0	749,045
Total Business-Type Activities Program Revenues	4,366,639	4,795,994
Total Primary Government Program Revenues	13,546,893	12,089,737
Expenses		
Governmental Activities:		
Security of Persons and Property	4,540,694	4,486,282
Public Health Services	108,616	53,679
Leisure Time Activities	7,560	10,968
Transportation	1,759,235	1,522,048
General Government	1,789,097	1,558,698
Intergovernmental	17,876	10,811
Interest and Fiscal Charges	375,973	384,403
Total Governmental Activities Expenses	8,599,051	8,026,889
Business-Type Activities:		
Water	1,674,742	1,372,394
Sewer	1,073,010	1,190,572
Stormwater Management	46,082	89,250
Garbage	398,179	341,895
Cemetery	31,255	110,633
Total Business-Type Activities Expenses	3,223,268	3,104,744

Changes in Net Assets (continued) Last Two Years

(accrual basis of accounting)

	2005	2004
Net (Expense)/Revenue Governmental Activities Business-Type Activities	\$ 581,203 1,143,371	\$ (733,146) 1,691,250
Total Primary Government Net Expense	\$ 1,724,574	\$ 958,104
General Revenues and Other Changes in Net Assets Governmental Activities: Taxes: Income Taxes Property Taxes Estate Taxes Franchise Fee Taxes Hotel Taxes	\$ 3,345,238 2,361,985 230,709 90,056 95,149	\$ 2,791,808 2,661,305 34,616 120,177
Payment in Lieu of Taxes Premissive Sales Taxes Grants and Entitlements not Restricted to Specific Programs Investment Earnings Miscellaneous Gain on Sale of Capital Assets Transfers	95,149 65,573 91,646 536,684 180,184 216,968 0 (468,532)	 58,931 66,472 83,815 592,552 38,624 51,899 211,052 363,844
Total Governmental Activities Business-Type Activities: Investment Earnings Miscellaneous Transfers	950 0 468,532	7,075,095 0 0 (363,844)
Total Business-Type Activities	469,482	 (363,844)
Total Primary Government	 7,215,142	 6,711,251
Change in Net Assets Governmental Activities Business-Type Activities	 7,326,863 1,612,853	 6,341,949 1,327,406
Total Primary Government Change in Net Assets	\$ 8,939,716	\$ 7,669,355

^{*} In 2004, the City received \$5,112,900 in donated infrastructure. In 2005, the City received \$7,069,000 in donated infrastructure.

Fund Balances, Governmental Funds Last Eight Years (modified accrual basis of accounting)

	2005	2004	2003	2002	2001	2000	1999	1998
General Fund Reserved Unreserved	\$4,800	\$6,583 1,405,223	\$0 1.341,495	\$0	\$58,365 1.597,105	\$118,050 1,123,629	\$54,921	\$77,999
Total General Fund	1,151,300	1,411,806	1,341,495	1,607,403	1,655,470	1,241,679	1,821,694	2,606,389
All Other Governmental Funds Reserved Undesignated, Reported in:	196'1	21,713	0	0	202,204	1,296,427	199,828	1,247,072
Special Revenue funds Debt Service funds Capital Projects funds	1,582,971 (1,375,241) 629,222	29.242 (831,250) 529,165	(1,560,947) (1,089,058) 253,789	(3,415,678) (661,327) 72,980	(3,258,658) (28,454) 10,925	(1,779,784) 627,481 46,606	480,429 568,217 (604,177)	(187,499) 685,709 (5,003,301)
Total All Other Governmental Funds	838,913	(251,130)	(2,396,216)	(4,004,025)	(3.073,983)	190,730	644,297	(3,258,019)
Total Governmental Funds	\$1,990,213	\$1,160,676	(\$1,054,721)	(\$2,396,622)	(\$1.418,513)	\$1,432,409	\$2,465,991	(\$651,630)

* The City converted to GASB 34 for the 2004 fiscal year. Information prior to 2004 is reported under the old method. Information prior to 1998 was not available

Changes in Fund Balances, Governmental Funds Last Eight Years (modified acceual basis of accounting)

Revenues	2005	2004	2003	2002	2001	2000	1999	1998
Income Taxes	\$3,345,238	\$2,791,808	\$2,891,413	\$2,341,842	\$2,456,779	\$2,085,001	\$2,168,042	\$1,821,890
Property and Other Taxes	2,425,332	2,793,454	1,098,020	1,301,347	2,114,226	1,634,291	1,512,377	1,385,205
Intergovernmental	1,139,297	1,281,053	1,690,446	1,639,891	1,298,110	856,883	833,176	795,949
Charges for Services	/06,307	683,024	429,184	345,398	154,848	122,531	40,132	3,415
Licenses and Permits	798,943	616,013	852,123	819,011	397,482	444,092	112,872	200,967
Investment Earnings	180,184	38,657	8,732	13,160	100,886	308,143	136,769	198,120
Fines and Forfeitures	71,580	62,073	0	0	0	0	0	0
Special Assessments	197,673	203,396	244,479	195,976	135,505	130,974	121,889	137,813
Miscellaneous	241,688	75,900	127,709	537,484	170,372	187,987	427,448	220,661
Total Revenues	9,106,242	8,545,378	7,342,106	7,194,109	6,828,208	5,769,902	5,352,705	4,764,020
Expenditures								
Current:								
Security of Persons and Property	4,415,942	4,279,918	3,690,212	3,988,629	4.172.209	4 261 368	2 943 531	2 438 484
Public Health and Welfare	108,616	53,679	196,073	52,541	211,458	138,936	2.079	33,335
Transportation	597,737	595,673	696,325	629,758	808,002	719,173	994,807	1.180.075
General Government	1,614,230	1,315,218	1,308,932	1,902,881	1,987,587	605,308	1,422,643	868,314
Leisure Time Activities	0	0	2,936	91,163	78,362	28,850	58,477	46,537
Basic Utility Services	0	0	0	15,302	17,402	7,112	0	0
Intergovernmental	17,876	10,811	0	0	0	0	0	0
Capital Outlay	273,949	108,156	676,750	983,672	1,549,043	2,241,541	1,336,158	2,168,982
Deal Scivice.	407	c c	() () () () () () () () () ()					
ri incipal iketirement Interest and Fiscal Charges	371,295	83,700 457,722	5,004,913 (a) 997,457	370,490 819,483	403,498 482,585	341,814 474,871	77,400	77,200 776,813
Total Expenditures	7,884,793	6,904,877	12,573,598	8,853,919	9,710,146	8,818,973	7,367,036	7,589,740
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	1,221,449	1,640,501	(5,231,492)	(1,659,810)	(2,881,938)	(3,049,071)	(2,014,331)	(2,825,720)
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Sale of Capital Assets	0	211,052	0	12,384	825	9,152	0	1,868
Inception of Capital Leases Face Value from the Sale of Bonds	76,620	0 0	0 565 000	00	0 0	642,316	0 000 021 3	0
Transfers In	2,772,370	1,640,614	2,532,932	4,268,105	1.071.255	4.744.697	2,170,000 2,886,044	0 1 368 307
Transfers Out	(3,240,902)	(1,276,770)	(2,546,932)	(3,598,788)	(1,153,199)	(4,307,033)	(2,923,092)	(1,380,307)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(391,912)	574,896	7,551,000	681,701	(81,119)	1,864,132	5,132,952	(10,132)
Net Change in Fund Balances	\$829,537	\$2,215,397	\$2,319,508	(\$978,109)	(\$2,963,057)	(\$1,184,939)	\$3,118,621	(\$2,835,852)
Debt Service as a Percentage of Noncapital Expenditures	12.7%	8.7%	101.8%	17.8%	12.2%	14.2%	11.2%	18.7%

^{*} The City converted to GASB 34 for the 2004 fiscal year. Information prior to 2004 is reported under the old method. Information prior to 1998 was not available

(a) In 2003, the City refunded general obligation bonds and retired general obligations notes related to the City Building and Firehouse, respectively.

Assessed Value and Actual Value of Taxable Property
Last Ten Years

PERCENTAGE OF ASSESSED VALUE	ESTIMATED TO ESTIMATED ACTUAL VALUE ACTUAL VALUE	456,801,169 35.89%	462,777,090 35.81%	504,160,692 35.34%	590,317,916 34.89%	596,367,076 34.80%	670,948,720 33.98%	756,653,649 34.09%	773,096,181 34.25%	758,437,052 34.25%	745,846,411	
TOTAL	ASSESSED EST	\$ 163,927,582 \$	165,731,706	178,151,737	205,957,072	207,545,278	227,968,634	257,939,138	264,771,478	259,747,588	256,849,024	
PUBLIC UTILITY PERSONAL	ESTIMATED ACTUAL VALUE	\$ 31,935,852	31,002,443	31,471,875	31,459,068	29,364,250	18,668,898	19,382,920	18,902,886	18,878,215	18,377,761	
PUBLIC UTI	ASSESSED E VALUE	3 \$ 28,103,550	1 27,282,150	3 27,695,250	3 27,683,980	25,840,540	16,428,630	17,056,970	16,634,540	16,612,830	16,172,430	
PERSONAL PROPERTY	ESTIMATED ACTUAL VALUE	2 \$ 128,788,288	5 126,715,704	7 149,845,988	173,275,048	167,462,512	187,579,336	3 171,625,872	158,307,152	157,108,352	139,374,336	
PERSON/	ASSESSED VALUE	\$ 32,197,072	31,678,926	37,461,497	43,318,762	41,865,628	46,894,834	42,906,468	39,576,788	39,277,088	34,843,584	
REAL PROPERTY	ESTIMATED ACTUAL VALUE	\$ 296,077,029	305,058,943	322,842,829	385,583,800	399,540,314	464,700,486	565,644,857	595,886,143	582,450,485	588,094,314	
REAL PF	ASSESSED VALUE	\$ 103,626,960 \$	106,770,630	112,994,990	134,954,330	139,839,110	164,645,170	197,975,700	208,560,150	203,857,670	205,833,010	
·	YEAR	9661	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	

SOURCE: Butler County Auditor's Office

Note: Includes Butler and Warren County Information

CITY OF MONROE, OHIO
Direct and Overlapping Property Tax Rates
Last Ten Years

ICT OTHER (1)	OPERATING	\$1.93	1.93	1.93	1.93	1.93	1.93	1.93	1.93	1.93	1.93
SCHOOL DISTRICT	OPERATING	\$37.03	36.63	36.56	35.33	34.98	43.36	41.88	40.68	40.68	40.68
BUTLER COUNTY	OPERATING	8.44	8.45	8.44	8.45	8.45	8.75	8.75	8.75	8.74	8.74
CITY OF MONROE	OPERATING	\$9.17	9.17	9.17	9.17	11.17	11.17	11.17	11.17	11.17	11.17
, MONTOS INOM	YEAR	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005

SOURCE: City of Monroe's Operating Budget

SOURCE: Butler County Auditor's Office

(1) Other includes Butler County Technology and Career Development School (JVS)

CITY OF MONROE, OHIO

Top Ten Principal Taxpayers

Real and Personal Property

Current Year and Five Years Ago

		2005)5			2000	
				% of Total			% of Total
		Assessed		Assessed	Assessed		Assessed
Name of Taxpayer		Valuation	Rank	Valuation	Valuation	Rank	Valuation
Cincinnati Gas and Electric Company	€	14,514,060	_	5.65%			0.00%
Ohio Presbyterian		7,575,870	2	2.95%	2,535,350	m	1.22%
Worhtington Steel		3,104,770	m	1.21%	3,041,960	2	1.47%
EPHS Investments LLC		2,782,620	4	1.08%	3,419,420		1.65%
Duke Realty Ohio		2,492,590	5	0.97%	2,512,740	4	1.21%
Dayton Technologies		2,307,840	9	0.90%	1,894,190	7	%16.0
Kohls Department Stores Inc.		1,846,220	7	0.72%			%000
Baker Monroe Properties LLC		1,665,180	8	0.65%			%00.0
Crystal Partners LLC		1,588,320	6	0.62%	1,110,250	10	0.53%
Precision Packaging and Services		1,586,430	10	0.62%			0.00%
Mount Plesant Nursing Home					2,097,160	5	1.01%
Sulzer EscherWyess, Inc.					2,049,760	9	0.99%
Drees, Inc.					1,179,810	9	0.57%
Teazak, Inc.					1,146,150	5	0.55%
Total	S	39,463,900		15.36%	\$ 20,986,790		10.11%
Total Assessed Valuation	\$	256,849,024			\$ 207,545,278		

Source: Butler County Auditor's Office

Note: The City did not prepare a Comprehensive Annual Financial Report prior to 2000. This is the lastest information available.

CITY OF MONROE, OHIO
Property Tax Levies and Collections
Last Ten Years

PERCENTAGE OF ACCUMULATED DELINQUENT TAXES TO TOTAL TAX LEVY	5.04%	7.10%	7.32%	9.20%	10.11%	5.87%	8.61%	21.90%	24.72%	21.48%
ACCUMULATED OUTSTANDING DELINQUENT TAXES	43,765	68,500	70,654	94,627	112,135	120.440	175,657	475,777	505,030	468,939
PERCENTAGE OF TOTAL TAX COLLECTIONS TO TAX LEVY	\$ %85'26	97.44%	%82'66	97.67%	98.42%	% <i>1</i> 26.77%	97.29%	89.77%	98.57%	92.24%
TOTAL TAX COLLECTIONS	830,090	940,002	962,584	1,004,285	1,091,599	2,252,521	1,985,374	1,950,276	2.014,012	2,014,012
DELINQUENT TAX COLLECTIONS	\$ 20,704	22,278	19,631	20,448	21,983	32,054	87.200	68,594	69,575	143.904
CURRENT TAX COLLECTIONS	809,386	917,724	942,953	983,837	919'690'1	2,220,467	1.898.174	1,830,899	1,944,437	2,075,690
TOTAL TAX LEVY	868,452 \$	964.737	964,738	1.028,258	1,109,108	2,052,000	2,040,591	2,172.608	2.043,265	2,183,502
COLLECTION VEAR	\$ 9661	1997	8661	6661	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005

Note: Includes only Butler County Information

SOURCE: Butler County Auditor's Office

Income Tax Statistics
Last Three Years

		ncome Average	es For Monroe	Гах Years 2002-20	04
Tax Year	Income Range Tax Year 2005	Number of Filers	Percent of Filers	Taxable Income	Percent of Taxable Income
2004	0-19,999	1,977	42.10 %	\$10,953,775	5.97 %
2004	20,000-49,999	1,029	21.91	35,880,194	19.57
2004	50,000-74,999	822	17.50	50,351,862	27.46
2004	75,000-99,999	532	11.33	44,811,999	24.44
2004	Over 100,000	336	7.16	41,355,775	22.56
	Total	4,696		183,353,605	
2003	0-19,999	1,952	43.40	10,359,191	6.30
2003	20,000-49,999	969	21.54	32,780,136	19.94
2003	50,000-74,999	808	17.96	47,784,144	29.06
2003	75, 000-99,999	492	10.94	40,591,990	24.69
2003	Over 100,000	277	6.16	32,897,200	20.01
	Total	4,498		164,412,661	
2002	0-19,999	1,749	42.54	9,481,211	6.35
2002	20,000-49,999	969	23.57	31,133,933	20.86
2002	50,000-74,999	721	17.54	43,533,899	29.17
2002	75,000-99,999	430	10.46	36,082,535	24.18
2002	Over 100,000	242	5.89	28,989,805	19.43

Source: The City income tax department.

Total

Note - The information is not available for current year and can't be determined before 2002

149,221,383

4,111

Ratios of General Bonded Debt Outstanding and Legal Debt Margin CITY OF MONROE, OHIO Last Nine Years

O memory Dougled Dala O. st	2005	2004	2003	2002	2001	2000	6661	1998	1997
General Obligation Notes/Bonds	\$7,170,000	\$7,565,000	\$7,565,000	\$6,275,000	\$6,645,000	\$6,810,000	\$5,843,600	\$5,671,600	\$1,400,000
Entermise Loons/Notes December	1,150,000	1,302,700	1,302,700	1,380,100	1,457,200	1,529,000	800,500	845,700	890.700
Revenue Obligation Bonds	7,000,000	2,282,195	5,282,195	5,520,131	5,490,908	1,780,000	1,840,000	1,895,000	1,850,000
Total	15,191,323	16,149,895	16.149.895	15.175.231	15 593 108	10 119 000	8 484 100	0 412 300	4 140 700
					2016275	10,117,000	0,404,100	0,412,300	4,140,700
Percentage of Estimated Actual Property Value	5.91%	6.22%	6.10%	5.88%	6.84%	4.88%	4.12%	4.72%	2.50%
Total Debt Per Capita	2,130	2,264	2,264	2,127	2,186	1,419	1,939	1,923	946
Less: Special Assessment Bonds	(1,130,000)	(1,302,700)	(1.302,700)	(1,380,100)	(1.457 200)	(1 529 000)	(800 500)	(845 700)	(002 000)
Enterprise Loans/Notes Payable Revenue Obligation Bonds	(4.891,323)	(5,282,195)	(5,282,195)	(5.520,131)	(5,490,908)	(1,780,000)	(1,840,000)	(1,895,000)	(1,850,000) (1,850,000)
				(20060005)	(000,000,000)				
Total Net Debt Applicable to Debt Limit	7,170,000	7,565,000	7,565,000	6,275,000	6,645,000	6,810,000	5,843,600	5,671,600	1,400,000
Overall Legal Debt Limit 10 1/2% of Assessed Valuation	26,969,148	27,273,497	27,801,005	27,083,609	23,936,707	21.792,254	21,625,493	18,705,932	17,401,829
Legal Debt Margin Within 10 1/2% Limitations	\$19,799,148	\$19,708,497	\$20,236,005	\$20,808,609	\$17,291,707	\$14,982,254	\$15,781,893	\$13,034,332	\$16,001,829
Legal Debt Margin as a Percentage of the Debt Limit	73.41%	72.26%	72.79%	76.83%	72.24%	68.75%	72.98%	%89′69	91.95%
Unvoted Debt Limitation 5 1/2% of Assessed Valuation	\$14,126,696	\$14,286,117	\$14,562,431	\$14,186,653	\$12,538,275	\$11,414,990	\$11,327,639	\$9.798,346	\$9.115,244
Total Debt Approved by Council	15,191,323	16,149,895	16,149.895	15,175,231	15,593,108	10,119,000	8,484,100	8,412,300	4,140,700
Less: Snerial Accessment Rands	(000 001 1)	000	600						
Special Assessment Bolius Enterprise Loans/Notes Payable Revenue Obligation Bonds	(1,130,000) (4,891,323) (2,000,000)	(1,302,700) (5,282,195) (2,000,000)	(1,302,700) (5,282,195) (2,000,000)	(1,380,100) (5,520,131) (2,000,000)	(1,457,200) (5,490,908) (2,000,000)	(1,529,000) (1,780,000) 0	(800,500) (1,840,000) 0	(845,700) (1,895,000) 0	(890.700) (1,850.000) 0
Net Debt Within 5 1/2% Limitations	7,170,000	7,565,000	7,565,000	6,275,000	6,645,000	6,810,000	5,843,600	5,671,600	1,400,000
Unvoted Legal Debt Margin Within 5 1/2% Limitations	\$6,956.696	\$6,721,117	\$6,997,431	\$7,911,653	\$5,893,275	\$4,604,990	\$5,484,039	\$4,126,746	\$7,715,244
Unvoted Legal Debt Margin as a Percentage of the Unvoted Debt Limitation	49.25%	47.05%	48.05%	55.77%	47.00%	40.34%	48.41%	42.12%	84.64%

Note: Details regarding the city's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements. The City only had information available as of fiscal year 1997.

Computation of Direct and Overlapping Debt December 31, 2005

JURISDICTION	_	IET DEBT STANDING (1)	PERCENTAGE APPLICABLE TO CITY OF MONROE (2)	OUNT APPLICABLE CITY OF MONROE
City of Monroe	\$	7,245,472	100.00%	\$ 7,245,472
Butler County		47,410,000	3.42%	1,621,422

The percentage of gross indebtedness of the City's overlapping political subdivisions was determined by dividing each overlapping subdivision's assessed valuation within the City by the subdivision's total assessed valuation.

- (1) Includes only general obligation bonded debt payable from property taxes less Debt Service balance.
- (2) The City is 16.1 square miles of Butler County's 470.20 square miles reported in the 2000 census.

SOURCE: Butler County Auditor's Office United States Census Bureau

CITY OF MONROE, OHIO
Ratio of Net General Obligation Debt
to Assessed Valuation and Net Bonded Debt per Capita
Last Ten Years

NET BONDED DEBT PER CAPITA	307	294	456	1,262	938	902	865	1,148	1,145	1,086	
RATIO OF NET BONDED N DEBT TO ASSESSED VALUATION	0.82%	0.78%	1.12%	2.68%	3.22%	2.82%	2.39%	3.09%	3.14%	3.02%	
NET BONDED DEBT	1,344,062	1,286,715	1,994,773	5,520,076	000,069,6	6,435,908	6,170,131	8,187,195	8,164,259	7,745,157	
	>				¥						
DEBT PAYABLE FROM ENTERPRISE REVENUES	1,305,000 \$	1,250,000	1,195,000	1,840.000	1,780,000	1,690,908	1,595,131	622,195	599,259	575,157	
_	↔										
DEBT SERVICE BALANCE	39,062 \$	36,715	731,973	654,476	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	
	↔						_	_		_	
GROSS BONDED DEBT (2)	A	Ą	67,800	3,025,600	4,910,000	4,745.000	4,575,000	7,565,000	7,565,000	7,170,000	
	NA (NA (_	_	_		_			
PERSONAL INCOME (1)	4,375 \$ 163,927,582 \$ 143,444,000	147,459,000	151,588,000	152,112,000	154,024,000	155,251,000	153,656,000	155,593,000	157,111,625	158,630.250	
	23	9(7:	2	∞	4	∞	∞	∞	4	
ASSESSED VALUE	163,927,58	165,731,706	178,151,737	205,957.072	207,545,278	227,968,634	257,939,138	264,771,478	259,747,588	256,849,024	
	↔										
POPULATION	4,375	4,375	4,375	4,375	7,133	7,133	7,133	7,133	7,133	7,133	
YEAR	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	

SOURCE: Population figures are taken from the 1990 and 2000 Census.

(2) Includes only General Obligation Bonds payable from Property Taxes

⁽¹⁾ The information is for Butler County as a whole since individual city is not available. Information for 2005 are estimated to increase at 0.97 percent.

Principal Employers
Current Year and Three Years Ago

20	05	
		Percentage of Total City
Employer	Employees	Employment
Kohl's Department Stores	549	3.35 %
Deceuninck North America LLC	409	2.50
Ohio Presbyterian Retirement	356	2.17
Monroe Local Schools	327	2.00
Precision Packaging	254	1.55
Krispy Kreme Doughtnut	237	1.45
Innatech LLC	234	1.43
Worthington Industries	223	1.36
Hawthorn Glen Nursing Center	189	1.15
Clark Cincinnati	172	1.05

Total	2,950	18.00 %
Total City Employees	16,391	

2002

		Percentage of Total City
Employer	Employees	Employment
Duration Dealers in a	160	2.0407
Precision Packaging	468	3.94%
Ohio Presbyterian Retirement	388	3.27%
Kohl's Department Stores	357	3.00%
Deceuninck North America LLC*	353	2.97%
Monroe Local Schools	315	2.65%
Xerox Corporation	255	2.15%
Worthington Industries	217	1.83%
West Chester Holdings	146	1.23%
Clark Cincinnati	139	1.17%
Baker Concrete Construction	95	0.80%
Total	2,733	23.00%
Total City Employees	11,883	

Source: Department of Income Tax

Note: The information is only available back to 2002.

^{*} Was Dayton Technologies Inc. in 2002

Full-Time Equivalent City Government Employees by Function/Program
Last Six Years

	2005	2004	2003	2002	2001	2000
Function/program						
General Government:						
Council	6.0	6.0	6.0	6.0	6.0	6.0
Mayor	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0
Finance	2.0	1.5	1.5	2.0	2.0	2.0
Law	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0
Purchasing/Adm. Services	5.0	5.0	4.5	5.0	8.0	6.0
Planning	2.0	0.5	1.5	2.0	2.0	2.5
Police	29.0	29.5	31.0	29.0	30.0	29.5
Fire	32.5	31.5	32.5	31.5	32.5	32.5
Engineering	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.0	1.0	1.0
Utilities:						
Administration	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0
Service	4.0	4.0	4.0	5.0	5.0	4.0
Service:						
Street Maintenance	8.0	7.0	7.0	8.0	11.0	8.5
Cemetery	1.0	1.0	1.0	2.0	1.0	1.0
Clerk of Courts	0.5	0.5	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0
T I	00.0	00.5	0.0			
Totals:	93.0	89.5	93.0	95.5	102.5	97.0

Source: City of Monroe, Finance Department

Method: Using 1.0 for each full-time employee, and 0.50 for each part-time and seasonal employee

^{*}Data before 2000 was not available

Demographic Statistics
Last Ten Years

		CCHOOL	UNEMPLOYMENT		OUNTY
YEAR	POPULATION (1)	SCHOOL ENROLLMENT (2)	RATE BUTLER COUNTY (3)		BANK EPOSITS
1996	4,375	9,780	3.6%	\$	800,556,000
1997	4,375	9,816	3.7		783,398,000
1998	4,375	9,656	3.3		815,435,000
1999	4,375	9,466	3.0		913,169,000
2000	7,133	9,260	2.3	1	,152,810,000
2001	7,133	1,466	2.6	1	,136,994,000
2002	7,133	1,381	3.7	1	,257,078,000
2003	7,133	1,245	4.0	1	,355,739,000
2004	7,133	1,506	4.9	1	,466,791,000
2005	7,133	1,685	5.0	3	,053,270,000

⁽¹⁾ SOURCE: U.S. Census, Census of population - 1990 and 2000 Federal Census

⁽²⁾ SOURCE: Middletown and Monroe Boards of Education (Only Monroe in 2001-2003)

⁽³⁾ SOURCE: Ohio Bureau Employment Services - research and statistics



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800-282-0370

Facsimile 614-466-4490

CITY OF MONROE

BUTLER COUNTY

CLERK'S CERTIFICATION

This is a true and correct copy of the report which is required to be filed in the Office of the Auditor of State pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in Columbus, Ohio.

CLERK OF THE BUREAU

Susan Babbitt

CERTIFIED DECEMBER 19, 2006