



**Auditor of State
Betty Montgomery**

PICKAWAY COUNTY
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**Auditor of State
Betty Montgomery**

INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT

Pickaway County
207 South Court Street
Circleville, Ohio 43113

To the Board of Commissioners:

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate discretely presented component units and remaining fund information of Pickaway County, Ohio, (the "County") as of and for the year ended December 31, 2005, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the County's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We did not audit the financial statements of the Brooks-Yates Center for Diversified Opportunities, Inc., which is a discretely presented component unit and represents .41% of the assets, 5.05% of the net assets and fund balances, and 5.75% of the revenues, of the aggregate discretely presented component units and remaining fund information. Other auditors audited those financial statements. They have furnished their report thereon to us and we base our opinion, insofar as it relates to the amounts included for the Brooks-Yates Center for Diversified Opportunities, Inc. on the report of the other auditors.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to reasonably assure whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit and the report of the other auditors provide a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, based on our audit and the report of the other auditors, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate discretely presented component units and remaining fund information of Pickaway County, Ohio, as of December 31, 2005, and the respective changes in financial position and where applicable, cash flows, thereof and the respective budgetary comparison for the General, Auto, License and Gas Tax, Job and Family Services, and Board of Mental Retardation funds for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

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In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated September 6, 2006, on our consideration of the County's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. While we did not opine on the internal control over financial reporting or compliance, that report describes the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*. You should read it in conjunction with this report in assessing the results of our audit.

Management's Discussion and Analysis is not a required part of the basic financial statements, but is supplementary information accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires. We have applied certain limited procedures, consisting principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measuring and presenting the required supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

We conducted our audit to opine on the financial statements that collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements. The federal awards expenditure schedule is required by U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*, and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. We subjected the federal awards expenditure schedule to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements. In our opinion, this information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.



Betty Montgomery
Auditor of State

September 6, 2006

PICKAWAY COUNTY

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2005 UNAUDITED

The discussion and analysis of Pickaway County's financial performance provides an overall review of the County's financial activities for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2005. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the County's financial performance as a whole. Readers should also review the financial statements and notes to those respective statements to enhance their understanding of the County's financial performance.

Financial Highlights

Key financial highlights for 2005 are as follows:

- The assets of the County exceeded its liabilities at December 31, 2005, by \$36,369,495.
- The net assets of governmental activities decreased \$213,367, which represents a 0.6 percent decrease from 2004, while the net assets of business-type activities increased \$92,253, which represents a 93.2 percent increase.
- For 2005, all revenues of the County totaled \$32,225,383. General revenues accounted for \$13,273,203 in revenue or 41.2 percent of all revenues. Program revenues in the form of charges for services and grants and contributions accounted for \$18,952,180 or 58.8 percent of all revenues.
- The County had \$32,115,464 in expenses related to governmental activities: only \$18,635,333 of these expenses was offset by program specific charges for services, grants and contributions. General revenues were \$13,266,764 of which \$9,991,561 was taxes with the remaining \$3,275,203 interest, grants, entitlements and miscellaneous revenues.
- As of December 31, 2005, the County's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$9,812,656 an increase of \$44,912 or 0.5 percent in comparison with the prior year.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements and notes to those statements. These statements are organized so the reader can understand Pickaway County as a financial whole or as an entire operating entity. The statements then proceed to provide a detailed look at specific financial conditions.

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the County's basic financial statements. The County's basic financial statements are comprised of three components: The government-wide financial statements, fund financial statements, and notes to the basic financial statements.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the County's finances, in a manner similar to private-sector businesses. The statement of net assets and the statement of activities provide information about activities of the County as a whole, presenting both an aggregate view of the County's finances and a longer-term view of those assets.

The statement of net assets presents information on all of the County's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net assets. Over time, increases and decreases in net assets may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the County is improving or deteriorating. The causes of this change may be the result of many factors, some financial, some not. Non-financial factors include the County's tax base, current property tax laws in Ohio restricting revenue growth, and the condition of the County's capital assets (roads, bridges, sewer lines, etc.). These factors need to be considered when assessing the overall health of the County.

PICKAWAY COUNTY

**MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2005
UNAUDITED
(Continued)**

The statement of activities presents information showing how the government's net assets changed during the recent fiscal year. All changes in net assets are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g. uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave).

In both of the government-wide financial statements, the County is divided into three distinct kinds of activities:

Governmental Activities - Most of the County's programs and services are reported here including human services, health, public safety, public works, community and economic development, conservation and recreation and general government (legislative and executive and judicial). These services are funded primarily by taxes and intergovernmental revenues including federal and state grants and other shared revenues.

Business-Type Activities - These services are provided on a charge for goods or services basis to recover all or most of the cost of the services provided. The countywide sewer operation and the Sheriff web check activity are reported here.

Component Units - The County's financial statements include financial data for the Pickaway County Airport Authority and Brook-Yates Center Diversified Opportunities, Inc. These component units are described in the notes to the basic financial statements. The component units are separate and may buy, sell, lease and mortgage property in their own name and can sue and be sued in their own name.

Fund Financial Statements

Fund financial reports provide detailed information about the County's major funds. The County uses many funds to account for a multitude of financial transactions. However, these fund financial statements focus on the County's most significant funds. The County's major governmental funds are the General, Auto, License and Gas Tax, Job and Family Services, and Board of Mental Retardation.

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objective. The County, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the County can be divided into one of three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

Governmental Funds - Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on current inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of the governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

PICKAWAY COUNTY

**MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2005
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(Continued)**

The County maintains a multitude of individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the major funds, which were identified earlier. Data from the other governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation.

Proprietary Funds - The County maintains two proprietary funds. It uses enterprise funds to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The County uses enterprise funds to account for its Countywide Sewer and Instant Web Check funds.

Fiduciary Funds - Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the County. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are not available to support the County's own programs. The accounting used for fiduciary funds is much like that used for proprietary funds. The County's fiduciary funds are private-purpose trust and agency.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements - The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

Government-Wide Financial Analysis

You may recall that the statement of net assets provides the perspective of the County as a whole. Table 1 provides a summary of the County's net assets for 2005 compared to 2004:

Table 1
Changes in Net Assets

	Governmental Activities		Business-Type Activities		Total	
	2005	2004	2005	2004	2005	2004
Assets:						
Current and Other Assets	\$20,050,976	\$19,620,304	\$121,392	\$65,417	\$20,172,368	\$19,685,721
Capital Assets, Net	27,767,460	27,438,912	2,014,481	1,544,588	29,781,941	28,983,500
Total Assets	47,818,436	47,059,216	2,135,873	1,610,005	49,954,309	48,669,221
Liabilities:						
Current Liabilities	7,650,346	6,780,990	29,661	35,160	7,680,007	6,816,150
Long-Term Liabilities	3,989,852	3,886,621	1,914,955	1,475,841	5,904,807	5,362,462
Total Liabilities	11,640,198	10,667,611	1,944,616	1,511,001	13,584,814	12,178,612
Net Assets:						
Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt	27,410,440	26,908,715	99,526	68,747	27,509,966	26,977,462
Restricted For:						
Roads and Bridges	3,132,877	0	0	0	3,132,877	0
Mental Retardation Services	1,301,617	0	0	0	1,301,617	0
Capital Projects	526,975	1,307,159	0	0	526,975	1,307,159
Other Purposes	3,928,522	7,725,527	0	0	3,928,522	7,725,527
Unrestricted	(122,193)	450,204	91,731	30,257	(30,462)	480,461
Total Net Assets	\$36,178,238	\$36,391,605	\$191,257	\$99,004	\$36,369,495	\$36,490,609

PICKAWAY COUNTY

**MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2005
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(Continued)**

Governmental current assets increased for the year ended 2005 when compared with 2004. The majority of the increase is due to an increase in intergovernmental receivables related to operating grants, gas tax and motor vehicle permissive tax monies.

Governmental capital assets increased due to improvements to roads and bridges and Business-type capital assets increased due to the addition of sanitary sewer lines during 2005.

The overall increase in current liabilities is due to an increase in deferred revenue, which includes property taxes for which there is an enforceable legal claim as of December 31, 2005, but which were levied to finance year 2006 operations. The increase in deferred revenue was offset by a decrease in claims payable, as the County is no longer self insured in 2005. In addition, there was a decrease in intergovernmental payables in the Job and Family Services Fund.

Net assets may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the County, overall, assets exceeded liabilities by \$36,369,495 (\$36,178,238 in governmental activities and \$191,257 in business-type activities) at the end of the 2005 year.

The County's net assets are reflected in three categories: invested in capital assets, net of related debt, restricted and unrestricted.

The County's largest portion of net assets relates to invested in capital assets, net of related debt. This accounts for 75.6 percent of net assets. The County uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the County's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since capital assets themselves cannot be used to pay these liabilities.

The County's smallest portion of net assets is unrestricted and carries a deficit balance at year end.

The remaining balance of \$8,889,991 or 24.4 percent is restricted assets. The restricted net assets are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used.

At the end of the current fiscal year, the County is able to report positive balances in just two categories of net assets, invested in capital assets, net of related debt and restricted assets.

Business-type current assets increased due to increases in charges for services revenues and operating grants and contributions, which increases cash and cash equivalents. Capital assets increased due to construction improvements to the Darby Township Sanitary Sewer System. Long-term liabilities increased due to an increase in loans from the Ohio Water Development Authority for the construction improvements to the Darby Township Sanitary Sewer System.

PICKAWAY COUNTY

**MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2005
UNAUDITED
(Continued)**

Table 2 shows the changes in net assets for 2005 compared to 2004.

Table 2
Net Assets

	Governmental Activities		Business-Type Activities		Total	
	2005	2004	2005	2004	2005	2004
<i>Program Revenues:</i>						
Charges for Services	\$3,318,728	\$3,372,897	\$304,436	\$176,752	\$3,623,164	\$3,549,649
Operating Grants & Contributions	14,695,003	14,302,401	0	0	14,695,003	14,302,401
Capital Grants & Contributions	621,602	183,403	12,411	7,841	634,013	191,244
<i>Total Program Revenues</i>	<u>18,635,333</u>	<u>17,858,701</u>	<u>316,847</u>	<u>184,593</u>	<u>18,952,180</u>	<u>18,043,294</u>
<i>General Revenues:</i>						
Property Taxes	4,446,072	4,666,820	0	0	4,446,072	4,666,820
Sales Taxes	5,545,489	5,538,136	0	0	5,545,489	5,538,136
Grants & Entitlements	1,134,908	1,064,164	0	0	1,134,908	1,064,164
Interest	385,756	214,170	0	0	385,756	214,170
Miscellaneous	1,754,539	1,557,903	6,439	204	1,760,978	1,565,948
<i>Total General Revenues</i>	<u>13,266,764</u>	<u>13,041,193</u>	<u>6,439</u>	<u>204</u>	<u>13,273,203</u>	<u>13,041,397</u>
<i>Total Revenues</i>	<u>31,902,097</u>	<u>30,899,894</u>	<u>323,286</u>	<u>184,797</u>	<u>32,225,383</u>	<u>31,084,691</u>
<i>Program Expenses:</i>						
<i>General Government:</i>						
Legislative & Executive	4,799,425	4,425,883	0	0	4,799,425	4,425,883
Judicial	1,736,180	1,731,062	0	0	1,736,180	1,731,062
Public Safety	6,453,906	6,444,894	0	0	6,453,906	6,444,894
Public Works	4,804,352	3,955,533	0	0	4,804,352	3,955,533
Health	4,058,235	4,042,253	0	0	4,058,235	4,042,253
Human Services	8,447,729	7,815,819	0	0	8,447,729	7,815,819
Conservation & Recreation	387,466	387,141	0	0	387,466	387,141
Community and Economic Development	1,315,458	1,089,599	0	0	1,315,458	1,089,599
Other	35,883	248,518	0	0	35,883	248,518
Interest & Fiscal Charges	76,830	83,672	0	0	76,830	83,672
Countywide Sewer	0	0	228,693	266,752	228,693	266,752
Instant Web Checks	0	0	2,340	99	2,340	99
<i>Total Program Expenses</i>	<u>32,115,464</u>	<u>30,224,374</u>	<u>231,033</u>	<u>266,851</u>	<u>32,346,497</u>	<u>30,491,225</u>
<i>Changes in Net Assets</i>	<u>(213,367)</u>	<u>675,520</u>	<u>92,253</u>	<u>(82,054)</u>	<u>(121,114)</u>	<u>593,466</u>
Net Assets at January 1	<u>36,391,605</u>	<u>35,716,085</u>	<u>99,004</u>	<u>181,058</u>	<u>36,490,609</u>	<u>35,897,143</u>
Net Assets at December 31	<u>\$36,178,238</u>	<u>\$36,391,605</u>	<u>\$191,257</u>	<u>\$99,004</u>	<u>\$36,369,495</u>	<u>\$36,490,609</u>

PICKAWAY COUNTY

**MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2005
UNAUDITED
(Continued)**

Governmental Activities

The most significant program expenses for the County are Human Services, Public Safety, Legislative and Executive, Public Works, and Health. These programs account for 88.9 percent of the total governmental activities. Human Services, which accounts for 26.3 percent of the total, represents costs associated with providing services for Workforce Investment Act, Child Support and Enforcement Assistance programs, Welfare programs, and Byrne program for families and individuals. These expenses reflect programs administered by Job and Family Services, Child Support Enforcement Agency and Children Services. Public Safety, which represents 20.1 percent of the total, represents costs mainly associated with the operation of the Sheriff's Department and County Jail. Legislative and Executive expenses, which is 14.9 percent of the total, represents costs associated with the general administration of county government including the County Commissioners, Auditor, Treasurer, Prosecutor and Recorder. Public Works, which accounts for 14.9 percent of the total, represents costs associated with the operation of the County Engineer in maintaining the County's roads and bridges. Health, which accounts for 12.6 percent of the total, primarily represents costs associated with the services provided by the Board of Mental Retardation. Funding for the most significant programs indicated above is from charges for services, operating grants, and in some instances property and sales taxes. The Job and Family Services, Child Support Enforcement Agency, and Children Services are basically funded with federal and state monies. The operation of the Sheriff's Department and County Jail is funded through General Fund general revenues and per diem charges to house prisoners from other jurisdictions. The Board of Mental Retardation is partially funded by a voted property tax levy. The most significant funding sources for the County Engineer are motor vehicle license fees and gasoline taxes.

As noted previously, the net assets for the governmental activities decreased \$213,367 or 0.6 percent. This change is unlike last year when net assets increased \$675,520 or 1.9 percent. Total revenues increased \$1,002,203 or 3.2 percent over last year and expenses increased \$1,891,090 or 6.3 percent over last year.

The major factors in the change in revenues are significant increases in program revenues for operating grants, capital grants and contributions, a decrease in general revenues for property taxes, and an increase in miscellaneous revenues. Operating grants increased \$392,602 or 2.7 percent, which is the result of increased grant funding in Job and Family Services, Special Children's Services, and Workforce Development. Capital grants and contributions increased \$438,199 or 238.9 percent, which is due to increases in Issue II funding from Ohio Public Works Commission. Miscellaneous revenues increased \$196,636 or 12.1% which is due to an increase in donations for public improvements for the Wal-Mart project and infrastructure costs for the extension of Court Street and construction of Sperry Drive. Property taxes decreased \$220,748 or 4.7 percent. This is due to the reduction of the personal property tax on business inventory based on area plant closures.

Expenses increased 6.3 percent during 2005. Several factors led to this increase. Legislative and Executive expenditures increased \$373,542 or 8.4 percent. This increase is due to increases in insurance coverage on county property, salaries and benefits, and health insurance. Public Works increased \$848,819 or 21.5 percent which is due to increases in Issue II funding from Ohio Public Works and which resulted in more expenditures on public works projects. Human Services increased \$631,910 or 8.1 percent which is the result of the increases in salaries and benefits in providing social services to the public and providing services under the Workforce Investment Act and other grant programs. Community and Economic Development expenditures increased \$225,859 or 20.7 percent. This increase is due to increases in providing services for persons eligible for community development block grants and contract expenses associated with the reconstruction of Crites Road and U.S. 23.

PICKAWAY COUNTY

**MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2005
UNAUDITED
(Continued)**

Table 3, for governmental activities, indicates the total cost of services and the net cost of services. The statement of activities reflects the cost of program services and the charges for services and sales, grants, and contributions offsetting those services. The net cost of services identifies the cost of those services supported by tax revenues and unrestricted intergovernmental revenues.

Table 3
Governmental Activities

	Total Cost of Services	Net Cost of Services	Total Cost of Services	Net Cost of Services
	2005	2005	2004	2004
<i>General Government:</i>				
Legislative and Executive	\$4,799,425	\$2,981,625	\$4,425,883	\$2,495,629
Judicial	1,736,180	990,219	1,731,062	1,112,807
Public Safety	6,453,906	5,144,966	6,444,894	5,073,640
Public Works	4,804,352	(154,146)	3,955,533	(891,843)
Health	4,058,235	1,830,751	4,042,253	2,386,120
Human Services	8,447,729	1,378,057	7,815,819	1,146,775
Conservation and Recreation	387,466	387,466	387,141	371,216
Economic Development and Assistance	1,315,458	808,480	1,089,599	339,139
Other	35,883	35,883	248,518	248,518
Interest and Fiscal Charges	76,830	76,830	83,672	83,672
Total Expenses	\$32,115,464	\$13,480,131	\$30,224,374	\$12,365,673

Of the \$32,115,464 total governmental activities expenses, \$18,635,333 or 58 percent was covered by direct charges to users of the services and intergovernmental grants. The majority of program revenues are grants, with the remaining portion consisting of fees and charges for services. These charges are for fees charged for real estate transfers, for the collection of property taxes throughout the County, for title fees and for court fees. Public Safety charges for services include items such as fees for boarding prisoners, patrolling subdivisions, and for special details. Health includes charges for services provided to clients of the Mental Retardation Board. For Public Works, the County Engineer has fully funded their operations.

Additional revenues were provided to the governmental activities by the state and federal governments for operations and capital improvements.

Business-Type Activities

In the past, program revenues had been adequate to cover the costs of operation for the County's business-type activities. This year, net assets increased by \$92,253 or 93.2 percent. For 2005, there was an increase in revenues and a decrease in expense, which was the result of increased activity due to new customers being added during the year.

Financial Analysis of the County's Funds

Governmental Funds - The focus of the County's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term receipts, disbursements, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the County's financial requirements. In particular, unreserved fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a County's net resources available for spending at the end of the calendar year.

PICKAWAY COUNTY

**MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2005
UNAUDITED
(Continued)**

As of the end of the current year, the County's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$9,812,656. Of this total, \$9,451,021 represents unreserved fund balance, which is available for appropriation at the government's discretion within certain legal constraints and purposes restrictions. The remainder of fund balance is reserved to indicate that it is not available for new spending. While a large amount of the governmental fund balances are not reserved in the governmental fund statements, they lead to restricted net assets on the statement of net assets due to their being restricted for use for a particular purpose mandated by the source of the resources such as the state or federal government or the local tax levy.

The General Fund is the primary operating fund of the County. At the end of the 2005, unreserved fund balance of the General Fund was \$2,609,212. Unreserved fund balance represents 22.2 percent of expenditures. This is one measurement of the General Fund's liquidity. The fund balance of the General Fund decreased by \$261,473. With revenues exceeding expenditures by \$209,295, the reason for the decrease is transfers made to subsidize several programs of the County.

The Auto, License and Gas Tax Fund balance increased by \$78,305, which is due to increased gasoline, license tax and grant funding. The Job and Family Services Fund balance increased by \$67,655, which is the result of increased Intergovernmental Revenue and providing services to the public. The Board of Mental Retardation Fund balance increased by \$377,557, which is the result of increased intergovernmental revenues.

Proprietary Fund - The County's significant proprietary fund is the Countywide Sewer Fund, which accounts for the providing of sewer services to several subdivisions. Net assets of the proprietary funds at year end were \$191,257, of which \$91,731 was unrestricted.

Budgetary Highlights - General Fund

By state statute, the Board of County Commissioners adopts the annual operating budget for the County. Essentially the budget is the County's appropriations, which are restricted by the amounts of anticipated revenues certified by the Budget Commission in accordance with the Ohio Revised Code.

The County had several revisions to the original appropriations approved by the County Commissioners. Overall these changes resulted in an increase from the original appropriations of 3.8 percent or \$487,118 in the General Fund. The majority of the increase occurred in the expenditure function. The majority of the increase occurred in the Other, and Transfers Out expenditure functions of \$74,728 and \$747,022 respectively. The increase in Other is due largely to the increase in miscellaneous insurance costs. The increase in Transfers Out is due to the County subsidizing Job and Family and Children Services programs and debt obligations. The County spent 95.3 percent of the amount appropriated in the General Fund during 2005.

The General Fund's budgeted revenue only decreased \$45,393 over the original amount during 2005. This is a result of Pickaway County's steady economic conditions. Fluctuations in growth and diversity have typically not occurred in Pickaway County, allowing departmental managers the ability to consistently predict revenues. The County does not increase its estimated revenues unless there are insufficient revenues to cover the total appropriations of the General Fund.

PICKAWAY COUNTY

**MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2005
UNAUDITED
(Continued)**

Capital Assets and Debt Administration

Capital Assets

The County's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities as of December 31, 2005 amounts to \$29,781,941 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings, improvements other than buildings, machinery and equipment, furniture and fixtures, vehicles, and infrastructure.

The most significant capital asset events during 2005 were improvements to the County's infrastructure, which included \$1,488,973 for the resurfacing of 20.4 miles of County roads, \$203,967 for the replacement of two bridges, and \$191,784 for replacing culverts throughout the County.

Business-type capital assets increased \$469,893 due to Construction in Progress to the Darby Township Sanitary Sewer System.

For more information regarding the County's capital assets, see Note 8 of the notes to the basic financial statements.

Debt

Outstanding special assessment bonds at December 31, 2005, totaled \$127,000 with \$6,000 being retired during the year. Special assessment bonds are backed by the full faith and credit of the County. In the event of payment default by the property owner, the County would be responsible for the debt service payments.

General obligation notes outstanding at December 31, 2005 were \$2,169,686 with \$289,612 being retired during the year. These notes relate to proceeds used for improvements to County's facilities, finance voting machine equipment, purchase of a building, and reconstruction of roads. Loans outstanding at December 31, 2005 were \$1,914,955 in loans from the Ohio Water Development Authority. This relates to proceeds used to complete renovations of the Darby Township Sanitary Sewer System. The Ohio Water Development Authority has approved this loan up to and not to exceed \$2,032,515 for this sewer project. Capital leases outstanding at December 31, 2005 were \$222,561, an increase of \$25,777. This relates to agreements to lease equipment and other assets. The County continues to monitor its outstanding debt. Information relative to the County's debt is identified in Note 9, 10, and 11 of the notes to the basic financial statements.

Economic Factors

The County's budget for the general fund in 2006 is conservative. Revenues are projected to come in just slightly above what was actually received in 2005. Appropriations for 2006 are expected to remain the same as the actual expenditures for 2005. The ending fund balance for 2006 is expected to remain at the same level as the ending balance for 2005.

Much of the reason for the conservative budget centers on the slow down in economic growth and uncertainty of the future economic climate. The County continues to have an unemployment rate that is slightly higher than the state and federal rates. The state legislature has continued to reduce the amounts for state based programs including local government, local government revenue assistance and state funded grant programs, which may require more local support in order to maintain the current level of service. Also included in the state reductions are the reduction of the personal property tax on business inventory and the elimination of the personal property tax exemption reimbursement from the state. Finally, the closure of Thompson Consumer Electronics has had a significant impact on personal property taxes collected in 2005 as well as the overall unemployment levels in the County. Demolition of that facility began in October 2005. The goal of the County is to find a reuse for the vacant land.

PICKAWAY COUNTY

**MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2005
UNAUDITED
(Continued)**

An increase in the amount of interest income earned by the County is projected based on a slight upward turn of the interest rates by the Federal Reserve. The County also saw a slight incline in sales tax revenue in 2005. This is a result of the construction of the Super Walmart facility and the additional retail stores and restaurants that have located to that plaza. Additional construction to that area began the end of 2005 with completion anticipated the fall of 2006. Land for an Intermodal facility in the northern end of the County has been purchased by Norfolk-Southern Railroad from private landowners. Construction that was anticipated to begin in the fall of 2005 has been delayed. It is anticipated to begin in the fall of 2006 and operation of the container freight yard is to begin in the winter of 2007. The County still remains in constant discussion with the City of Columbus in trying to form a Joint Economic Development District. The District would include Pickaway County's portion of Columbus Regional Airport Authority. The County is also still in discussion with the Solid Waste District of Central Ohio. They are looking at the possibility of bringing Agricultural Business to Pickaway County. A new Economic Development Director has been hired to assist in bringing business and industry to our County. Pickaway Progress Partnership (formerly CIC) began a fundraising campaign to market Pickaway County. The goal is to bring new business to the County, which would enhance our Sales Tax and Real Estate revenues.

The County's business-type activity is projected to operate at a similar level as in 2005. The rates charged remain unchanged and expenses for sewer operations are anticipated to remain stable.

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the County's finances for all those with an interest in the government's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report, request for additional financial information or about obtaining the separately issued financial statements of the County's component units should be addressed to Melissa A. Betz, Pickaway County Auditor, 207 S. Court Street, Circleville, Ohio 43113.

PICKAWAY COUNTY

STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS
DECEMBER 31, 2005

	Primary Government			Component Units	
	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total	Pickaway County Airport Authority	Brooks-Yates Center Diversified Opportunities, Inc.
Assets:					
Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$8,978,529	\$100,976	\$9,079,505	\$0	\$0
Cash and Cash Equivalents in Segregated Accounts	101,253	0	101,253	53,426	72,994
Materials and Supplies Inventory	436,446	0	436,446	0	14,291
Accrued Interest Receivable	105,666	0	105,666	0	0
Accounts Receivable	10,878	20,416	31,294	0	38,998
Intergovernmental Receivable	4,166,374	0	4,166,374	0	0
Sales Taxes Receivable	841,379	0	841,379	0	0
Property Taxes Receivable	5,189,057	0	5,189,057	0	0
Special Assessments Receivable	128,854	0	128,854	0	0
Prepaid Items	92,540	0	92,540	0	0
Due From Primary Government	0	0	0	0	5,879
Workers Compensation Deposit	0	0	0	0	610
Nondepreciable Capital Assets	1,346,505	1,965,231	3,311,736	0	0
Depreciable Capital Assets, Net	26,420,955	49,250	26,470,205	0	88,682
Total Assets	47,818,436	2,135,873	49,954,309	53,426	221,454
Liabilities:					
Accounts Payable	1,151,417	604	1,152,021	0	4,416
Accrued Wages and Benefits	1,040,925	1,762	1,042,687	0	14,560
Contracts Payable	4,151	27,295	31,446	0	0
Intergovernmental Payable	248,710	0	248,710	0	0
Matured Compensated Absences	40,746	0	40,746	0	0
Accrued Interest Payable	5,208	0	5,208	0	0
Deferred Revenue	5,012,465	0	5,012,465	0	0
Deposits Held and Due To Others	140,845	0	140,845	0	0
Due To Component Unit	5,879	0	5,879	0	0
<i>Long-Term Liabilities:</i>					
Due Within One Year	1,111,701	101,626	1,213,327	0	0
Due In More Than One Year	2,878,151	1,813,329	4,691,480	0	0
Total Liabilities	11,640,198	1,944,616	13,584,814	0	18,976
Net Assets:					
Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt	27,410,440	99,526	27,509,966	0	88,682
<i>Restricted for:</i>					
Road and Bridge Maintenance and Repair	3,132,877	0	3,132,877	0	0
Mental Retardation Services	1,301,617	0	1,301,617	0	0
Capital Projects	526,975	0	526,975	1,471	0
Other Purposes	3,928,522	0	3,928,522	0	0
Unrestricted	(122,193)	91,731	(30,462)	51,955	113,796
Total Net Assets	\$36,178,238	\$191,257	\$36,369,495	\$53,426	\$202,478

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements .

PICKAWAY COUNTY

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2005

	Program Revenues			
	Expenses	Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions
Primary Government:				
Governmental Activities:				
<i>Current:</i>				
<i>General Government:</i>				
Legislative and Executive	\$4,799,425	\$1,798,192	\$19,608	\$0
Judicial	1,736,180	598,446	147,515	0
Public Safety	6,453,906	440,262	868,678	0
Public Works	4,804,352	177,742	4,159,154	621,602
Health	4,058,235	152,216	2,075,268	0
Human Services	8,447,729	151,870	6,917,802	0
Conservation and Recreation	387,466	0	0	0
Community and Economic Development	1,315,458	0	506,978	0
Other	35,883	0	0	0
Interest and Fiscal Charges	76,830	0	0	0
<i>Total Governmental Activities</i>	<u>32,115,464</u>	<u>3,318,728</u>	<u>14,695,003</u>	<u>621,602</u>
Business-Type Activities:				
Countywide Sewer	228,693	301,064	0	12,411
Instant Web Checks	2,340	3,372	0	0
<i>Total Business-Type Activities</i>	<u>231,033</u>	<u>304,436</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>12,411</u>
<i>Total Primary Government</i>	<u>\$32,346,497</u>	<u>\$3,623,164</u>	<u>\$14,695,003</u>	<u>\$634,013</u>
Component Units:				
Pickaway County Airport Authority	\$117,024	\$79,247	\$10,000	\$29,220
Brooks-Yates Center Diversified Opportunities, Inc.	389,487	422,175	10,488	0
<i>Total Component Units</i>	<u>\$506,511</u>	<u>\$501,422</u>	<u>\$20,488</u>	<u>\$29,220</u>
General Revenues:				
<i>Property Taxes Levied for:</i>				
General Purposes				
Board of Mental Retardation				
<i>Sales Tax for:</i>				
General Purposes				
Capital Projects				
Grants and Entitlements not Restricted to Specific Programs				
Investment Earnings				
Miscellaneous				
<i>Total General Revenues</i>				
Changes in Net Assets				
<i>Net Assets at Beginning of Year, As Restated</i>				
<i>Net Assets at End of Year</i>				

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements

Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Assets				
Primary Government			Component Units	
Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total	Pickaway County Airport Authority	Brooks-Yates Center Diversified Opportunities, Inc.
(\$2,981,625)	\$0	(\$2,981,625)	\$0	\$0
(990,219)	0	(990,219)	0	0
(5,144,966)	0	(5,144,966)	0	0
154,146	0	154,146	0	0
(1,830,751)	0	(1,830,751)	0	0
(1,378,057)	0	(1,378,057)	0	0
(387,466)	0	(387,466)	0	0
(808,480)	0	(808,480)	0	0
(35,883)	0	(35,883)	0	0
(76,830)	0	(76,830)	0	0
(13,480,131)	0	(13,480,131)	0	0
0	84,782	84,782	0	0
0	1,032	1,032	0	0
0	85,814	85,814	0	0
(13,480,131)	85,814	(13,394,317)	0	0
0	0	0	1,443	0
0	0	0	0	43,176
0	0	0	1,443	43,176
2,433,675	0	2,433,675	0	0
2,012,397	0	2,012,397	0	0
5,155,599	0	5,155,599	0	0
389,890	0	389,890	0	0
1,134,908	0	1,134,908	0	0
385,756	0	385,756	220	261
1,754,539	6,439	1,760,978	3,571	4,282
13,266,764	6,439	13,273,203	3,791	4,543
(213,367)	92,253	(121,114)	5,234	47,719
36,391,605	99,004	36,490,609	48,192	154,759
<u>\$36,178,238</u>	<u>\$191,257</u>	<u>\$36,369,495</u>	<u>\$53,426</u>	<u>\$202,478</u>

PICKAWAY COUNTY

**BALANCE SHEET
GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2005**

	General	Auto, License and Gas Tax	Job and Family Services	Board of Mental Retardation	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Assets:						
Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$2,413,607	\$1,212,107	\$337,616	\$1,423,618	\$3,591,581	\$8,978,529
Cash and Cash Equivalents In Segregated Accounts	42,090	38	0	0	59,125	101,253
Materials and Supplies Inventory	39,080	388,486	2,311	0	6,569	436,446
Accrued Interest Receivable	105,666	0	0	0	0	105,666
Accounts Receivable	2,749	8,129	0	0	0	10,878
Interfund Receivable	37,806	0	0	0	0	37,806
Intergovernmental Receivable	824,472	1,994,629	545,533	115,145	686,595	4,166,374
Prepaid Items	80,036	0	9,916	1,870	718	92,540
Sales Taxes Receivable	769,743	0	0	0	71,636	841,379
Property Taxes Receivable	2,827,168	0	0	2,361,889	0	5,189,057
Special Assessments Receivable	0	0	0	0	128,854	128,854
Total Assets	\$7,142,417	\$3,603,389	\$895,376	\$3,902,522	\$4,545,078	\$20,088,782
Liabilities:						
Accounts Payable	\$302,978	\$178,616	\$347,989	\$49,544	\$272,290	\$1,151,417
Accrued Wages and Benefits	491,397	112,116	172,551	163,118	101,743	1,040,925
Contracts Payable	3,823	0	0	0	328	4,151
Matured Compensated Absences	31,035	3,257	1,521	4,933	0	40,746
Intergovernmental Payable	127,435	0	73,483	758	47,034	248,710
Interfund Payable	0	0	0	0	37,806	37,806
Due to Component Unit	0	0	0	5,879	0	5,879
Deferred Revenue	3,435,692	1,313,358	57,403	2,460,590	338,604	7,605,647
Deposits Held and Due To Others	140,845	0	0	0	0	140,845
Total Liabilities	4,533,205	1,607,347	652,947	2,684,822	797,805	10,276,126
Fund Balances:						
Reserved:						
Reserved for Encumbrances	0	175,363	0	0	88,717	264,080
Reserved for Debt Service	0	0	0	0	97,555	97,555
Unreserved, Undesignated, Reported in:						
General Fund	2,609,212	0	0	0	0	2,609,212
Special Revenue Funds	0	1,820,679	242,429	1,217,700	3,122,743	6,403,551
Capital Projects Funds	0	0	0	0	438,258	438,258
Total Fund Balances (Deficit)	2,609,212	1,996,042	242,429	1,217,700	3,747,273	9,812,656
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$7,142,417	\$3,603,389	\$895,376	\$3,902,522	\$4,545,078	\$20,088,782

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements

PICKAWAY COUNTY

**RECONCILIATION OF TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUND BALANCES TO
NET ASSETS OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2005**

Total Governmental Funds Balances		\$9,812,656
 <i>Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets are different because:</i>		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.		27,767,460
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and therefore are deferred in the funds:		
Property Taxes	288,817	
Intergovernmental Revenue	2,175,511	
Special Assessments	<u>128,854</u>	
Total		2,593,182
In the statement of activities, interest is accrued on outstanding debt, whereas in the governmental funds an interest expenditure is reported when due.		(5,208)
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable and notes payable, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds:		
Special Assessment Bonds	(127,000)	
General Obligation Notes	(2,169,686)	
Capital Leases Payable	(222,561)	
Compensated Absences Payable	<u>(1,470,605)</u>	
Total		<u>(3,989,852)</u>
<i>Net Assets of Governmental Activities</i>		<u><u>\$36,178,238</u></u>

PICKAWAY COUNTY

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES
GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2005

	General	Auto, License and Gas Tax	Job and Family Services	Board of Mental Retardation	All Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Revenues:						
Property Taxes	\$2,441,784	\$0	\$0	\$2,028,841	\$0	\$4,470,625
Sales Tax	5,155,599	0	0	0	389,890	5,545,489
Special Assessments	0	0	0	0	12,948	12,948
Charges for Services	2,037,486	102,412	0	52,609	923,006	3,115,513
Licenses and Permits	3,748	321	0	0	0	4,069
Fines and Forfeitures	138,901	0	0	0	52,022	190,923
Intergovernmental	1,219,844	3,869,753	4,747,592	2,008,523	5,064,978	16,910,690
Interest	372,702	0	0	0	13,054	385,756
Rent	76,693	0	0	0	0	76,693
Other	498,334	48,788	368,815	171,751	590,158	1,677,846
<i>Total Revenues</i>	<u>11,945,091</u>	<u>4,021,274</u>	<u>5,116,407</u>	<u>4,261,724</u>	<u>7,046,056</u>	<u>32,390,552</u>
Expenditures:						
<i>Current:</i>						
<i>General Government:</i>						
Legislative and Executive	3,869,618	0	0	0	486,478	4,356,096
Judicial	1,424,283	0	0	0	284,304	1,708,587
Public Safety	5,272,434	0	0	0	800,514	6,072,948
Public Works	96,074	3,913,331	0	0	593,419	4,602,824
Health	54,505	0	0	3,749,167	194,501	3,998,173
Human Services	469,105	0	5,260,161	0	2,561,583	8,290,849
Conservation and Recreation	360,892	0	0	0	19,628	380,520
Community and Economic Development	0	0	0	0	1,315,458	1,315,458
Other	35,883	0	0	0	0	35,883
Capital Outlay	57,477	0	0	0	1,276,818	1,334,295
<i>Debt Service:</i>						
Principal Retirement	83,509	26,278	14,999	98,343	198,602	421,731
Interest and Fiscal Charges	12,016	3,360	2,437	36,657	25,702	80,172
<i>Total Expenditures</i>	<u>11,735,796</u>	<u>3,942,969</u>	<u>5,277,597</u>	<u>3,884,167</u>	<u>7,757,007</u>	<u>32,597,536</u>
<i>Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures</i>	<u>209,295</u>	<u>78,305</u>	<u>(161,190)</u>	<u>377,557</u>	<u>(710,951)</u>	<u>(206,984)</u>
Other Financing Sources (Uses):						
Proceeds from the Sale of Notes	0	0	0	0	100,000	100,000
Inception of Capital Lease	151,896	0	0	0	0	151,896
Transfers In	82,007	0	228,845	0	475,826	786,678
Transfers Out	(704,671)	0	0	0	(82,007)	(786,678)
<i>Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)</i>	<u>(470,768)</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>228,845</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>493,819</u>	<u>251,896</u>
<i>Net Change in Fund Balances</i>	<u>(261,473)</u>	<u>78,305</u>	<u>67,655</u>	<u>377,557</u>	<u>(217,132)</u>	<u>44,912</u>
<i>Fund Balances (Deficit) at Beginning of Year, Restated</i>	<u>2,870,685</u>	<u>1,917,737</u>	<u>174,774</u>	<u>840,143</u>	<u>3,964,405</u>	<u>9,767,744</u>
<i>Fund Balances (Deficit) at End of Year</i>	<u>\$2,609,212</u>	<u>\$1,996,042</u>	<u>\$242,429</u>	<u>\$1,217,700</u>	<u>\$3,747,273</u>	<u>\$9,812,656</u>

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements .

PICKAWAY COUNTY

**RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES
IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2005**

Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds \$44,912

***Amounts reported for governmental activities in the
statement of activities are different because:***

Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which depreciation exceeded capital outlays in the current period:

Capital Asset Additions	2,912,876	
Depreciation	(2,192,538)	
Total		720,338

Governmental funds only report the disposal of capital assets to the extent proceeds are received from the sale. In the statement of activities, a gain or loss is reported for each disposal. (391,790)

Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds:

Property Taxes	(23,036)	
Intergovernmental Revenue	(459,177)	
Special Assessments	(4,725)	
Total		(486,938)

Repayment of principal of long-term liabilities (e.g. bonds, notes, leases) is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net assets. 421,731

Other financing sources in the governmental funds that increase long-term liabilities in the statement of net assets are not reported as revenues in the statement of activities:

Proceeds from Sale of Notes	(100,000)	
Inception of Capital Leases	(151,896)	
Total		(251,896)

In the statement of activities, interest is accrued on outstanding bonds, whereas in governmental funds, an interest expenditure is reported when due. 3,342

Compensated absences expense reported in the statement of activities does not require the use of current financial resources and therefore is not reported as an expenditure in the governmental funds. (273,066)

Change in Net Assets of Governmental Activities (\$213,367)

PICKAWAY COUNTY

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES
IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (BUDGET BASIS)
GENERAL FUND
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2005

	Budgeted Amounts			Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
	Original	Final	Actual	
Revenues:				
Property Taxes	\$2,315,836	\$2,552,000	\$2,441,784	(\$110,216)
Sales Tax	4,954,735	4,800,000	5,224,202	424,202
Charges for Services	1,930,323	1,599,510	2,035,305	435,795
Licenses and Permits	3,555	5,000	3,748	(1,252)
Fines and Forfeitures	126,722	111,600	133,614	22,014
Intergovernmental	1,208,407	1,224,535	1,274,127	49,592
Investment Earnings	317,966	277,400	335,259	57,859
Rent	72,737	63,000	76,693	13,693
Other	517,584	684,427	546,106	(138,321)
<i>Total Revenues</i>	<u>11,447,865</u>	<u>11,317,472</u>	<u>12,070,838</u>	<u>753,366</u>
Expenditures:				
<i>Current:</i>				
<i>General Government:</i>				
Legislative and Executive	4,160,939	4,009,754	3,787,754	222,000
Judicial	1,502,722	1,473,776	1,406,386	67,390
Public Safety	5,572,439	5,478,023	5,215,204	262,819
Public Works	102,130	97,228	95,583	1,645
Health	52,131	56,074	48,789	7,285
Human Services	496,561	466,093	464,728	1,365
Conservation and Recreation	385,613	360,892	360,892	0
Other	41,882	116,610	39,197	77,413
Capital Outlay	61,414	57,477	57,477	0
<i>Total Expenditures</i>	<u>12,375,831</u>	<u>12,115,927</u>	<u>11,476,010</u>	<u>639,917</u>
<i>Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures</i>	<u>(927,966)</u>	<u>(798,455)</u>	<u>594,828</u>	<u>1,393,283</u>
Other Financing Sources (Uses):				
Advances In	0	0	111,360	111,360
Advances Out	0	0	(73,505)	(73,505)
Transfers In	0	85,000	82,007	(2,993)
Transfers Out	0	(747,022)	(704,671)	42,351
<i>Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)</i>	<u>0</u>	<u>(662,022)</u>	<u>(584,809)</u>	<u>77,213</u>
<i>Net Change in Fund Balance</i>	<u>(927,966)</u>	<u>(1,460,477)</u>	<u>10,019</u>	<u>1,470,496</u>
<i>Fund Balance at Beginning of Year</i>	<u>2,403,588</u>	<u>2,403,588</u>	<u>2,403,588</u>	<u>0</u>
<i>Fund Balance at End of Year</i>	<u>\$1,475,622</u>	<u>\$943,111</u>	<u>\$2,413,607</u>	<u>\$1,470,496</u>

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements

PICKAWAY COUNTY

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES
 IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (BUDGET BASIS)
 AUTO, LICENSE AND GAS TAX FUND
 FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2005

	Budgeted Amounts		Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
	Original	Final		
Revenues:				
Charges for Services	\$103,647	\$91,000	\$105,537	\$14,537
Licenses and Permits	315	140	321	181
Intergovernmental	3,559,082	3,593,000	3,782,893	189,893
Other	41,096	20,000	41,846	21,846
<i>Total Revenues</i>	<u>3,704,140</u>	<u>3,704,140</u>	<u>3,930,597</u>	<u>226,457</u>
Expenditures:				
<i>Current:</i>				
Public Works	3,704,140	4,380,377	4,043,169	337,208
<i>Total Expenditures</i>	<u>3,704,140</u>	<u>4,380,377</u>	<u>4,043,169</u>	<u>337,208</u>
<i>Net Change in Fund Balance</i>	0	(676,237)	(112,572)	563,665
<i>Fund Balance at Beginning of Year</i>	1,149,319	1,149,319	1,149,319	0
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated	70,399	70,399	70,399	0
<i>Fund Balance at End of Year</i>	<u>\$1,219,718</u>	<u>\$543,481</u>	<u>\$1,107,146</u>	<u>\$563,665</u>

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements .

PICKAWAY COUNTY

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES
 IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (BUDGET BASIS)
 JOB AND FAMILY SERVICES FUND
 FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2005

	Budgeted Amounts		Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
	Original	Final		
Revenues:				
Intergovernmental	\$5,600,898	\$5,631,549	\$5,776,386	\$144,837
Other	357,610	431,115	368,815	(62,300)
<i>Total Revenues</i>	<u>5,958,508</u>	<u>6,062,664</u>	<u>6,145,201</u>	<u>82,537</u>
Expenditures:				
<i>Current:</i>				
Human Services	5,958,609	6,399,035	6,211,204	187,831
<i>Total Expenditures</i>	<u>5,958,609</u>	<u>6,399,035</u>	<u>6,211,204</u>	<u>187,831</u>
<i>Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures</i>	<u>(101)</u>	<u>(336,371)</u>	<u>(66,003)</u>	<u>270,368</u>
Other Financing Sources:				
Transfers In	0	228,845	228,845	0
<i>Total Other Financing Sources</i>	<u>0</u>	<u>228,845</u>	<u>228,845</u>	<u>0</u>
<i>Net Change in Fund Balance</i>	(101)	(107,526)	162,842	270,368
<i>Fund Balance at Beginning of Year</i>	<u>174,776</u>	<u>174,776</u>	<u>174,776</u>	<u>0</u>
<i>Fund Balance at End of Year</i>	<u>\$174,675</u>	<u>\$67,250</u>	<u>\$337,618</u>	<u>\$270,368</u>

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements

PICKAWAY COUNTY

**STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES
IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (BUDGET BASIS)
BOARD OF MENTAL RETARDATION FUND
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2005**

	Budgeted Amounts		Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
	Original	Final		
Revenues:				
Property Taxes	\$1,494,993	\$1,918,000	\$2,028,841	\$110,841
Charges for Services	38,766	60,000	52,609	(7,391)
Intergovernmental	1,721,883	1,125,000	1,990,423	865,423
Other	266,558	419,200	171,751	(247,449)
<i>Total Revenues</i>	<u>3,522,200</u>	<u>3,522,200</u>	<u>4,243,624</u>	<u>721,424</u>
Expenditures:				
<i>Current:</i>				
Health	4,061,613	4,320,025	3,737,342	582,683
<i>Debt Service:</i>				
Principal Retirement	95,128	98,343	98,343	0
Interest and Fiscal Charges	35,459	36,657	36,657	0
<i>Total Expenditures</i>	<u>4,192,200</u>	<u>4,455,025</u>	<u>3,872,342</u>	<u>582,683</u>
<i>Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures</i>	<u>(670,000)</u>	<u>(932,825)</u>	<u>371,282</u>	<u>1,304,107</u>
Other Financing Sources:				
Transfers In	0	68,000	0	(68,000)
<i>Total Other Financing Sources</i>	<u>0</u>	<u>68,000</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>(68,000)</u>
<i>Net Change in Fund Balance</i>	<u>(670,000)</u>	<u>(864,825)</u>	<u>371,282</u>	<u>1,236,107</u>
<i>Fund Balance Beginning of Year</i>	<u>1,052,338</u>	<u>1,052,338</u>	<u>1,052,338</u>	<u>0</u>
<i>Fund Balance End of Year</i>	<u>\$382,338</u>	<u>\$187,513</u>	<u>\$1,423,620</u>	<u>\$1,236,107</u>

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements

PICKAWAY COUNTY

STATEMENT OF FUND NET ASSETS
 PROPRIETARY FUNDS
 FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2005

	Business-Type Activities		
	Countywide Sewer District	Other Enterprise Fund	Total
Assets:			
<i>Current Assets:</i>			
Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$99,368	\$1,608	\$100,976
Accounts Receivable	20,416	0	20,416
<i>Total Current Assets</i>	<u>119,784</u>	<u>1,608</u>	<u>121,392</u>
<i>Noncurrent Assets:</i>			
Nondepreciable Capital Assets	1,965,231	0	1,965,231
Depreciable Capital Assets, Net	49,250	0	49,250
<i>Total Noncurrent Assets</i>	<u>2,014,481</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>2,014,481</u>
<i>Total Assets</i>	<u>2,134,265</u>	<u>1,608</u>	<u>2,135,873</u>
Liabilities:			
<i>Current Liabilities:</i>			
Accounts Payable	133	471	604
Accrued Wages and Benefits	1,762	0	1,762
Contracts Payable	27,295	0	27,295
OWDA Loans Payable	101,626	0	101,626
<i>Total Current Liabilities</i>	<u>130,816</u>	<u>471</u>	<u>131,287</u>
<i>Long-Term Liabilities:</i>			
OWDA Loans Payable	1,813,329	0	1,813,329
<i>Total Long-Term Liabilities</i>	<u>1,813,329</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>1,813,329</u>
<i>Total Liabilities</i>	<u>1,944,145</u>	<u>471</u>	<u>1,944,616</u>
Net Assets:			
Invested in Capital Assets	99,526	0	99,526
Unrestricted	90,594	1,137	91,731
<i>Total Net Assets</i>	<u>\$190,120</u>	<u>\$1,137</u>	<u>\$191,257</u>

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements

PICKAWAY COUNTY
STATEMENT OF REVENUES,
EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET ASSETS
PROPRIETARY FUNDS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2005

	Business - Type Activities		Total
	Countywide Sewer	Other Enterprise Fund	
Operating Revenues:			
Charges for Services	\$301,064	\$3,372	\$304,436
Other	6,439	0	6,439
<i>Total Operating Revenues</i>	<u>307,503</u>	<u>3,372</u>	<u>310,875</u>
Operating Expenses:			
Personal Services	19,943	0	19,943
Fringe Benefits	3,297	0	3,297
Contractual Services	194,487	2,340	196,827
Materials and Supplies	1,731	0	1,731
Depreciation	5,533	0	5,533
Other	3,702	0	3,702
<i>Total Operating Expenses</i>	<u>228,693</u>	<u>2,340</u>	<u>231,033</u>
<i>Operating Income</i>	<u>78,810</u>	<u>1,032</u>	<u>79,842</u>
Nonoperating Revenues:			
Capital Contributions	12,411	0	12,411
<i>Total Nonoperating Revenues</i>	<u>12,411</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>12,411</u>
<i>Change in Net Assets</i>	91,221	1,032	92,253
<i>Net Assets at Beginning of Year</i>	<u>98,899</u>	<u>105</u>	<u>99,004</u>
<i>Net Assets at End of Year</i>	<u>\$190,120</u>	<u>\$1,137</u>	<u>\$191,257</u>

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements

PICKAWAY COUNTY
STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS
PROPRIETARY FUNDS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2005

	Business - Type Activities		
	Countywide Sewer	Other Enterprise Fund	Total
Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents			
Cash Flows from Operating Activities:			
Cash Received from Customers	\$300,363	\$3,372	\$303,735
Cash Received from Other Revenues	6,439	0	6,439
Cash Payments to Employees for Services and Benefits	(23,113)	(1,944)	(25,057)
Cash Payments for Goods and Services	(202,598)	0	(202,598)
Cash Payments for Other Expenses	(3,702)	0	(3,702)
<i>Net Cash from Operating Activities</i>	<u>77,389</u>	<u>1,428</u>	<u>78,817</u>
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities:			
Cash Proceeds Received from OWDA Loans	540,740	0	540,740
Principal Paid on OWDA Loans	(101,626)	0	(101,626)
Payments for Acquisitions of Capital Assets	(475,426)	0	(475,426)
Cash Received from Tap In Fees	12,411	0	12,411
<i>Net Cash from Capital and Related Financing Activities</i>	<u>(23,901)</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>(23,901)</u>
<i>Net Increase in Cash and Cash Equivalents</i>	53,488	1,428	54,916
<i>Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Year</i>	<u>45,880</u>	<u>180</u>	<u>46,060</u>
<i>Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Year</i>	<u><u>\$99,368</u></u>	<u><u>\$1,608</u></u>	<u><u>\$100,976</u></u>
Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash from Operating Activities			
Operating Income	\$78,810	\$1,032	\$79,842
<i>Adjustments:</i>			
Depreciation	5,533	0	5,533
<i>(Increase) Decrease in Assets:</i>			
Accounts Receivable	(701)	0	(701)
<i>Increase (Decrease) in Liabilities:</i>			
Accounts Payable	(5,326)	0	(5,326)
Contracts Payable	(818)	396	(422)
Accrued Wages and Benefits	127	0	127
Interfund Payable	(236)	0	(236)
<i>Net Cash from Operating Activities</i>	<u><u>\$77,389</u></u>	<u><u>\$1,428</u></u>	<u><u>\$78,817</u></u>

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements

PICKAWAY COUNTY

**STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET ASSETS
FIDUCIARY FUNDS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2005**

	Private Purpose Trust	Agency
Assets:		
Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$2,363	\$2,614,876
Cash and Cash Equivalents in Segregated Accounts	0	525,462
Intergovernmental Receivable	0	3,391,404
Property Taxes Receivable	0	42,508,729
<i>Total Assets</i>	<u>2,363</u>	<u>\$49,040,471</u>
Liabilities:		
Intergovernmental Payable	0	\$48,389,155
Deposits Held and Due To Others	0	297,166
Undistributed Monies	0	354,150
<i>Total Liabilities</i>	<u>0</u>	<u>\$49,040,471</u>
Net Assets:		
Held in Trust for Other Individuals and Organizations	<u>2,363</u>	
<i>Total Net Assets</i>	<u>\$2,363</u>	

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements and accountant's report.

PICKAWAY COUNTY

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET ASSETS
FIDUCIARY FUND
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2005

	Private Purpose Trust
Additions	\$0
Deductions	0
<i>Change in Net Assets</i>	0
<i>Net Assets at Beginning of Year</i>	2,363
<i>Net Assets at End of Year</i>	<u>\$2,363</u>

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements and accountant's report.

PICKAWAY COUNTY

**NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2005**

NOTE 1 - DESCRIPTION OF PICKAWAY COUNTY AND REPORTING ENTITY

Pickaway County, Ohio (the County), was created in 1810. The County is governed by a board of three Commissioners elected by the voters of the County. Other officials elected by the voters of the County that manage various segments of the County's operations are the County Auditor, County Treasurer, Recorder, Clerk of Courts, Coroner, Engineer, Prosecuting Attorney, Sheriff, Probate Court Judge and a Common Pleas Court Judge. Although the elected officials manage the internal operations of their respective departments, the County Commissioners authorize expenditures as well as serve as the budget and taxing authority, contracting body and the chief administrators of public services for the entire County.

Reporting Entity

The reporting entity is comprised of the primary government, component units and other organizations that are included to ensure that the financial statements of the County are not misleading. The primary government consists of all funds, departments, boards and agencies that are not legally separate from the County. For Pickaway County, this includes the Pickaway County Board of Mental Retardation and Development Disabilities, Pickaway County Child Support Enforcement Agency, Pickaway County Job and Family Services and departments and activities that are directly operated by the elected County officials.

Component units are legally separate organizations for which the County is financially accountable. The County is financially accountable for an organization if the County appoints a voting majority of the organization's governing board and (1) the County is able to significantly influence the programs or services performed or provided by the organization; or (2) the County is legally entitled to or can otherwise access the organization's resources; the County is legally obligated or has otherwise assumed the responsibility to finance the deficits of, or provide financial support to, the organization; or the County is obligated for the debt of the organization. Component units may also include organizations for which the County approves the budget, the issuance of debt or levying of taxes.

Discretely Presented Components Units

The component unit columns in the basic financial statements identify the financial data of the County's component units, Brooks-Yates Center Diversified Opportunities, Inc. and Pickaway County Airport Authority. They are reported separately to emphasize that they are legally separate from the County.

Brooks-Yates Center Diversified Opportunities, Inc. - Brooks-Yates Center Diversified Opportunities, Inc. provides resources, support and opportunities to individuals with mental retardation and developmental disabilities of Pickaway

County through the provision of services, ownership and management of properties, purchase of supplies or equipment, receipt and disbursement of funds by fees, reimbursement or donations and any other method as deemed appropriate. An eleven-member board of trustees governs the organization with the existing board making any new appointments. The only restriction on board appointments is that there can never be a majority of board members being from Brooks-Yates Center MRDD Board. The superintendent of the Brooks-Yates Center MRDD Board serves as a non-voting ex-officio member and two members of the MRDD Board also serve as non-voting ex-officio members. All of Brooks-Yates Center Diversified Opportunities, Inc.'s activities are included in the financial statements which are presented as a component unit of Pickaway County. Brooks-Yates Center Diversified Opportunities, Inc. is included as a component unit as it would be misleading to omit it from the County's statements. Brooks-Yates Center Diversified Opportunities, Inc. operates on a fiscal year ending December 31. Separately issued financial statements can be obtained from Brooks-Yates Center Diversified Opportunities, Inc., located at 548 State Route 22 East, Circleville, Ohio 43113.

PICKAWAY COUNTY

**NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2005
(Continued)**

NOTE 1 - DESCRIPTION OF PICKAWAY COUNTY AND REPORTING ENTITY (Continued)

Pickaway County Airport Authority - Pickaway County Airport Authority (the Authority) operates on a fiscal year ending December 31. The five member Board for the Authority is appointed by the County Commissioners. The Commissioners also review the budget and have the ability to impose its will on the Authority. Pickaway County provides utilities and insurance for the Authority. During 2005, the County made \$10,000 in financial contributions either to or on behalf of the Authority. Financial information is included in the accompanying financial statements.

The County is associated with certain organizations that are defined as jointly governed organizations or related organizations. These organizations are presented in Notes 19 and 20 to the basic financial statements. These organizations are:

- Berger Hospital
- Paint Valley Mental Health Alcohol and Drug Addiction Board
- Ross, Pickaway, Highland, Fayette Joint Solid Waste Management District
- County Risk Sharing Authority (CORSA)
- Southern Ohio Council of Governments
- Pickaway County Library

As the custodian of public funds, the County Treasurer invests all public monies held on deposit in the County treasury. In the case of the districts listed below, the County serves as fiscal agent, but the districts are not fiscally dependent on the County. Accordingly, the activity of the following districts is presented as agency funds within the County's financial statements.

- Soil and Water Conservation District
- Pickaway County Health District

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of the County have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The County also applies Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) statements and interpretations issued on or before November 30, 1989, to its governmental activities and to its proprietary funds provided they do not conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements. The most significant of the County's accounting policies are described below.

A. Basis of Presentation

The County's basic financial statements consist of government-wide statements, including a statement of net assets and a statement of activities, and fund financial statements which provide a more detailed level of financial information.

Government-Wide Financial Statements - The statement of net assets and the statement of activities display information about the County as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the primary government and component unit, except for fiduciary funds. The statements distinguish between those activities of the County that are governmental and those that are considered business-type activities.

PICKAWAY COUNTY

**NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2005
(Continued)**

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

The statement of net assets presents the financial condition of the governmental and business-type activities and the component units of the County at year-end. The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each program or function of the County's governmental activities and for the single business-type activity and component units of the County. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program or department and therefore clearly identifiable to a particular function. The policy of the County is to not allocate indirect expenses to functions in the statement of activities. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipient of the goods or services offered by the program and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues which are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues of the County, with certain limited exceptions. The comparison of direct expenses with program revenues identifies the extent to which each business segment or governmental function is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the County.

Fund Financial Statements - During the year, the County segregates transactions related to certain County functions or activities in separate funds in order to aid financial management and to demonstrate legal compliance. Fund financial statements are designed to present financial information of the County at this more detailed level. The focus of governmental and enterprise fund financial statements is on major funds. Each major fund is presented in a separate column. Non-major funds are aggregated and presented in a single column. Fiduciary funds are reported by type.

B. Fund Accounting

The County uses funds to maintain its financial records during the year. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self balancing set of accounts. There are three categories of funds: governmental, proprietary and fiduciary.

Governmental Funds - Governmental funds are those through which most governmental functions typically are financed. Governmental fund reporting focuses on the sources, uses and balances of current financial resources. Expendable assets are assigned to the various governmental funds according to the purposes for which they may or must be used. Current liabilities are assigned to the fund from which they will be paid. The difference between governmental fund assets and liabilities is reported as fund balance. The following are the County's major governmental funds:

General Fund - This fund accounts for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The General Fund balance is available to the County for any purpose provided it is expended or transferred according to the general laws of Ohio.

Auto, License and Gas Tax Fund - This fund accounts for the County road and bridge maintenance, repair and improvement programs. Revenue sources include State grants, charges for services and license fees.

Job and Family Services Fund - This fund accounts for various Federal and State grants, as well as transfers from the General Fund that are used to provide public assistance to general relief recipients and to pay their providers of medical assistance and certain public social services.

Board of Mental Retardation Fund - This fund accounts for the operation of a school, workshop and resident homes for the mentally retarded and developmentally disabled. Revenue sources include a County-wide property tax levy and Federal and State grants.

PICKAWAY COUNTY

**NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2005
(Continued)**

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Other governmental funds of the County account for grants and other resources whose use is restricted for a particular purpose, and funding sources used for debt service and capital projects.

Proprietary Funds - Proprietary fund reporting focuses on the determination of operating income, changes in net assets, financial position and cash flows. Proprietary funds are classified as either enterprise or internal service. The County has no internal service fund.

Countywide Sewer Fund - Enterprise funds may be used to account for any activity for which a fee is charged to external users for goods or services. The Countywide Sewer Fund accounts for sewer services provided to individual users in several subdivisions of the County.

The Sheriff web check fund accounts for criminal background check services completed by the Sheriff's office for area businesses and governments.

Fiduciary Funds - Fiduciary fund reporting focuses on net assets and changes in net assets. The fiduciary fund category is split into four classifications: pension trust funds, investment trust funds, private-purpose trust funds and agency funds. Trust funds are used to account for assets held by the County under a trust agreement for individuals, private organizations, or other governments and are therefore not available to support the County's own programs. Agency funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations.

The County's fiduciary funds are a private-purpose trust fund and agency funds. The County's private-purpose trust fund is established to account for assets that are used by the Juvenile Court for the benefit of the children of the County. The County's agency funds account for assets held for political subdivisions in which the County acts as fiscal agent and for taxes, state-levied shared revenues, and fines and forfeitures that have been collected and which will be distributed to other political subdivisions.

C. Measurement Focus

Government-Wide Financial Statements - The government-wide financial statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. All assets and all liabilities associated with the operation of the County are included on the statement of net assets.

Fund Financial Statements - All governmental funds are accounted for using a flow of current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities generally are included on the balance sheet. The statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances reports on the sources (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and uses (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) of current financial resources. This approach differs from the manner in which the governmental activities of the government-wide financial statements are prepared. Governmental fund financial statements therefore include a reconciliation with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide statements and the statements for governmental funds.

Like the government-wide statements, all proprietary fund types are accounted for on a flow of economic resources measurement focus. All assets and all liabilities associated with the operation of these funds are included on the statement of net assets. The statement of changes in fund net assets presents increases (i.e., revenues) and decreases (i.e., expenses) in net total assets. The statement of cash flows provides information about how the County finances and meets the cash flow needs of its proprietary activities.

PICKAWAY COUNTY

**NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2005
(Continued)**

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

The private-purpose trust fund is reported using the economic resources measurement focus.

D. Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting determines when transactions are recorded in the financial records and reported on the financial statements. Government-wide financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Governmental funds use the modified accrual basis of accounting. Proprietary and fiduciary funds also use the accrual basis of accounting. Differences in the accrual and the modified accrual basis of accounting arise in the recognition of revenue, the recording of deferred revenue, and in the presentation of expenses versus expenditures.

Revenues - Exchange and Nonexchange Transactions - Revenue resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, is recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On a modified accrual basis, revenue is recorded in the fiscal year in which the resources are measurable and become available. Available means that the resources will be collected within the current fiscal year or are expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current fiscal year. For the County, available means expected to be received within sixty days of year-end.

Non-exchange transactions, in which the County receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include sales taxes, property taxes, grants, entitlements and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from sales taxes is recognized in the period in which the taxable sale takes place. Revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied (See Note 12). Revenue from grants, entitlements and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are required to be used or the year when use is first permitted, matching requirements, in which the County must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose, and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the County on a reimbursement basis. On a modified accrual basis, revenue from non-exchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized.

Under the modified accrual basis, revenue sources considered to be both measurable and available at year-end include delinquent property taxes, sales taxes, charges for services and fees, fines and forfeitures, state-levied locally shared taxes (including motor vehicle license fees and gasoline taxes), and grants.

Deferred Revenue - Deferred revenue arises when assets are recognized before revenue recognition criteria have been satisfied.

Property taxes for which there is an enforceable legal claim as of December 31, 2005, but which were levied to finance year 2006 operations, have been recorded as deferred revenue. Grants and entitlements received before the eligibility requirements are met are also recorded as deferred revenue.

On governmental fund financial statements, receivables that will not be collected within the available period have also been reported as deferred revenue.

PICKAWAY COUNTY

**NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2005
(Continued)**

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Expenses/Expenditures - On the accrual basis of accounting, expenses are recognized at the time they are incurred.

The measurement focus of governmental fund accounting is on decreases in net financial resources (expenditures) rather than expenses. Expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred, if measurable. Allocations of cost, such as depreciation and amortization, are not recognized in governmental funds.

E. Budgetary Process

All funds, except Jail Commissary (non-major special revenue), Law Enforcement - Prosecutor (non-major special revenue) and fiduciary funds, are legally required to be budgeted and appropriated. The major documents prepared are the tax budget, the certificate of estimated resources, and the appropriations resolution, all of which are prepared on the budgetary basis of accounting. The tax budget demonstrates a need for existing or increased tax rates. The certificate of estimated resources establishes a limit on the amount the County Commissioners may appropriate. The appropriations resolution is the County Commissioners' authorization to spend resources and sets annual limits on expenditures plus encumbrances at the level of control selected by the County Commissioners. The level of control has been established by County Commissioners at the object level within each department. Advances between funds are not required to be budgeted.

The certificate of estimated resources may be amended during the year if projected increases or decreases in revenue are identified by the County Auditor. The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts on the budgetary statements reflect the amounts when the original appropriations were adopted. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts on the budgetary statements reflect the amounts on the final amended certificate of estimated resources issued during 2005.

The appropriations resolution is subject to amendment throughout the year with the restriction that appropriations cannot exceed estimated resources. The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts reflect the first appropriation resolution for that fund that covered the entire year, including amounts automatically carried forward from prior years. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts represent the final appropriation amounts passed by the County Commissioners during the year.

F. Cash, Cash Equivalents, and Investments

To improve cash management, cash received by the County is pooled. Monies for all funds, including proprietary funds, are maintained in this pool. Individual fund integrity is maintained through the County's records. Each fund's interest in the pool is presented as "equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents".

Cash and cash equivalents that are held separately with the departments of the County, and not included in the County Treasury, are recorded as "cash and cash equivalents in segregated accounts".

During 2005, investments were limited to STAR Ohio, U.S. Government Securities, certificates of deposits, and other interest bearing accounts with local commercial banks.

PICKAWAY COUNTY

**NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2005
(Continued)**

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Investments are reported at fair value, except for nonnegotiable certificates of deposit which are reported at cost. Fair value is based on quoted market prices. STAR Ohio is an investment pool managed by the State Treasurer's Office which allows governments within the State to pool their funds for investment purposes. STAR Ohio is not registered with the SEC as an investment company, but does operate in a manner consistent with Rule 2a7 of the Investment Company Act of 1940. Investments in STAR Ohio are valued at STAR Ohio's share price which is the price the investment could be sold for on December 31, 2005.

Under existing Ohio statutes all investment earnings are assigned to the General Fund unless statutorily required to be credited to a specific fund. Interest revenue credited to the General Fund during 2005 amounted to \$372,702, which includes \$308,667 assigned from other County funds.

G. Inventory

On government-wide financial statements, inventories are presented at the lower of cost or market on a first-in, first-out basis and are expensed when used.

On fund financial statements, inventories of governmental funds are stated at cost. For all funds, cost is determined on a first-in, first-out basis. The cost of inventory items is recorded as an expenditure in the governmental funds.

H. Prepaid Items

Payments made to vendors for services that will benefit periods beyond December 31, 2005, are recorded as prepaid items using the consumption method by recording a current asset for the prepaid amount and reflecting the expenditure/expense in the year in which services are consumed.

I. Capital Assets

General capital assets are those assets not specifically related to activities reported in the proprietary funds. These assets generally result from expenditures in the governmental funds. These assets are reported in the governmental activities column of the government-wide statement of net assets but are not reported in the fund financial statements. Capital assets utilized by the enterprise fund are reported both in the business-type activities column of the government-wide statement of net assets and in the fund.

All capital assets are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost) and updated for additions and retirements during the year. Donated capital assets are recorded at their fair market values as of the date received. The County maintains a capitalization threshold of one thousand dollars. The County's infrastructure consists of roads, bridges, culverts and sanitary sewer lines. Improvements are capitalized; the costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an asset's life are not capitalized. Interest incurred during the construction of enterprise fund capital assets is also capitalized.

PICKAWAY COUNTY

**NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2005
(Continued)**

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

All capital assets are depreciated except for land and construction in progress. Improvements are depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets. Useful lives for infrastructure were estimated based on the County's historical records of necessary improvements and replacement. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

Description	Governmental Activities Estimated Lives	Business-Type Activities Estimated Lives
Buildings	30-40 years	N/A
Improvements Other Than Buildings	10-40 years	N/A
Machinery and Equipment	5-15 years	N/A
Furniture and Fixtures	10-20 years	N/A
Vehicles	5-10 years	N/A
Plant and Facilities	N/A	40 years
Infrastructure	10-60 years	70 years

J. Interfund Balances

On fund financial statements, receivables and payables resulting from short-term interfund loans are classified as "interfund receivables/payables." These amounts are eliminated in the governmental and business-type activities columns of the statement of net assets, except for any net residual amounts due between governmental and business-type activities, which are presented as internal balance. As of December 31, 2005, there were no internal balances reported on the statement of net assets.

K. Compensated Absences

The County reports compensated absences in accordance with the provisions of GASB Statement No. 16, "Accounting for Compensated Absences" as interpreted by Interpretation No. 6 of the GASB, "Recognition and Measurement of Certain Liabilities and Expenditures in Governmental Fund Financial Statements".

Vacation and compensatory time benefits are accrued as a liability as the benefits are earned if the employees' rights to receive compensation are attributable to services already rendered and it is probable that the employer will compensate the employees for the benefits through paid time off or some other means.

Sick leave benefits are accrued as a liability using the vesting method. The liability includes the employees who are currently eligible to receive termination benefits and those employees for whom it is probable will become eligible to receive payment in the future. The County has determined that employees with the County for ten or more years are probable to receive payment in the future. The liability is based on accumulated sick leave and employees' wage rates at year end.

The entire compensated absence liability is reported on the government-wide financial statements.

PICKAWAY COUNTY

**NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2005
(Continued)**

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

For governmental funds, the current portion of unpaid compensated absences is the amount that is normally expected to be paid using expendable available financial resources. These amounts are recorded in the account "compensated absences payable" in the fund from which the employees who have accumulated leave are paid. The noncurrent portion of the liability is not reported. In proprietary funds, the entire amount of compensated absences is reported as a fund liability.

L. Accrued Liabilities and Long-term Obligations

All payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations are reported on the government-wide financial statements, and all payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations payable from proprietary funds are reported on the proprietary fund financial statements.

In general, governmental fund payables and accrued liabilities that, once incurred, are paid in a timely manner and in full from current financial resources, are reported as obligations of the funds. However, compensated absences and contractually required pension contributions that will be paid from governmental funds are reported as a liability on the fund financial statements only to the extent that they are due for payment during the current year. Bonds, capital leases and long-term notes are recognized as a liability in the governmental fund financial statements when due.

M. Fund Balance Reserves

The County reserves those portions of fund equity which are legally segregated for a specific future use or which do not represent available, spendable resources and therefore are not available for appropriation or expenditure. Fund balance reserves have been established for encumbrances and debt service.

N. Net Assets

Net assets represent the difference between assets and liabilities. Net assets invested in capital assets, net of related debt, consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowing used for the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. Net assets are reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the County or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments. The County's policy is to first apply restricted resources when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net assets are available.

O. Operating Revenues and Expenses

Operating revenues are those revenues that are generated directly from the primary activity of the proprietary funds. For the County, these revenues are charges for services for sewer services and charges for background checks. Operating expenses are necessary costs incurred to provide the good or service that is the primary activity of the fund. Revenues and expenses not meeting these definitions are reported as nonoperating.

P. Interfund Transactions

Transfers between governmental and business-type activities on the government-wide statements are reported in the same manner as general revenues.

PICKAWAY COUNTY

**NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2005
(Continued)**

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Exchange transactions between funds are reported as revenues in the seller funds and as expenditures/expenses in the purchaser funds. Flows of cash or goods from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds and after nonoperating revenues/expenses in proprietary funds. Repayments from funds responsible for particular expenditures/expenses to the funds that initially paid for them are not presented on the financial statements.

Q. Extraordinary and Special Items

Extraordinary items are transactions or events that are both unusual in nature and infrequent in occurrence. Special items are transactions or events that are within the control of the County and that are either unusual in nature or infrequent in occurrence. Neither type of transaction occurred during 2005.

R. Estimates

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

NOTE 3 - BUDGETARY BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

While the County is reporting financial position, results of operations and changes in fund balance on the basis of generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP), the budget basis as provided by law is based upon accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements and encumbrances. The statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balance - budget and actual (budget basis) is presented for the General Fund and major special revenue funds on the budget basis to provide a meaningful comparison of actual results with the budget. The major differences between the budget basis and modified accrual GAAP basis are that:

1. Revenues are recorded when received in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when susceptible to accrual (GAAP basis).
2. Expenditures are recorded when paid in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when the liability is incurred (GAAP basis).
3. Encumbrances are treated as expenditures for all funds (budget basis) rather than as a reservation of fund balance.
4. Proceeds from and principal payments on short-term note obligations are reported on the operating statement (budget basis) rather than as balance sheet transactions (GAAP basis).

PICKAWAY COUNTY

**NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2005
(Continued)**

NOTE 3 - BUDGETARY BASIS OF ACCOUNTING (Continued)

The following table summarizes the adjustments necessary to reconcile the GAAP and budget basis statements for the General Fund and major special revenue funds:

	Net Change in Fund Balances (Deficits) / Excess of Revenues and Other Sources Over (Under) Expenditures and Other Uses			
	General	Auto, License and Gas Tax	Job and Family Services	Board of Mental Retardation
GAAP Basis	(\$261,473)	\$78,305	\$67,655	\$377,557
<i>Adjustments:</i>				
Net Adjustment for Revenue Accruals	125,374	(249,556)	1,028,794	(18,100)
Net Adjustment for Expenditure Accruals	259,786	58,679	(933,607)	11,825
Net Adjustment for Other Sources (Uses)	(113,669)	0	0	0
Budget Basis	\$10,018	(\$112,572)	\$162,842	\$371,282

NOTE 4 - ACCOUNTING CHANGE

Accounting Change

At December 31, 2004, the County restated the net assets in the governmental activities, removed the Internal Service fund, and restated the fund balance in Job and Family Services, due to the County no longer reporting their insurance activity in the self-insurance Internal Service Fund and the understatement of a receivable for an under-advance of funding from the State respectively. As a result, the County determined that net assets and intergovernmental receivables were understated in the Governmental Activities and fund balance unreserved, undesignated and intergovernmental receivables were understated in the Job and Family Services Fund

	<u>Governmental Activities</u>
Governmental Activities	
Net Assets at December 31, 2004	\$35,663,412
Adjustment Due to Internal Service Fund	166,840
Adjustment Due to Understated Intergovernmental Receivables Job and Family Services	561,353
Restated Net Assets at December 31, 2004	\$36,391,605

PICKAWAY COUNTY

**NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2005
(Continued)**

NOTE 4 - ACCOUNTING CHANGE – (Continued)

	Governmental Funds
	<hr/>
Job and Family Services Fund	
Fund Balance Unreserved, Undesignated at December 31, 2004	(\$386,579)
Adjustment Due to Understated Intergovernmental Receivables	561,353
	<hr/>
Restated Fund Balance Unreserved, Undesignated at December 31, 2004	\$174,774
	<hr/> <hr/>

New Accounting Pronouncement

The County implemented GASB Statement No. 40, "Deposit and Investment Risk Disclosures" for the year ended December 31, 2005. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 40 had some effect on the disclosure requirements, however, there was no effect on the net assets or fund balances of the County.

NOTE 5 - CASH, DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

Moneys held in the County Treasury are pooled for the purpose of investment management. The County is authorized to invest in those instruments identified in section 135.35 of the Ohio Revised Code. Specifically, these authorized instruments consist of:

1. United States treasury notes, bills, bonds or any other obligation or security issued by the United States treasury or any other obligation guaranteed as to principal or interest by the United States, or any book entry, zero-coupon security that is a direct obligation of the United States.
2. Bonds, notes, debentures, or any other obligations or securities issued by any federal government agency or instrumentality, including but not limited to, the federal national mortgage association, federal home loan bank, federal farm credit bank, federal home loan mortgage corporation, government national mortgage association, and student loan marketing association. All federal agency securities shall be direct issuances of federal government agencies or instrumentalities.
3. Written repurchase agreements in the securities listed above provide that the fair value of the securities subject to the repurchase agreement must exceed the principal value of the agreement by at least two percent and be marked to fair value daily, and that the term of the agreement must not exceed thirty days.
4. Bond and other obligations of the State of Ohio or its political subdivisions, provided that such political subdivisions are located wholly or partly within the County.
5. Time certificates of deposit or savings or deposit accounts, including, but not limited to, passbook accounts.

PICKAWAY COUNTY

**NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2005
(Continued)**

NOTE 5 - CASH, DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

6. No-load money market mutual funds consisting exclusively of obligations described in division (1) or (2) and repurchase agreements secured by such obligations, provided that investment in securities described in this division are made only through eligible institutions.
7. The State Treasurer's investment pool (STAROhio).
8. Securities lending agreements in which the County lends securities and the eligible institution agrees to exchange either securities described in division (1) or (2) or cash or both securities and cash, equal value for equal value.
9. Up to 25 percent of the County's total average portfolio in either (a) high grade commercial paper when the aggregate value of the notes does not exceed 10 percent of the aggregate value of the outstanding commercial paper of the issuing corporation, and the notes mature no later than 270 days after purchase or (b) bankers acceptances of banks insured by the FDIC when the obligations are eligible for purchase by the Federal Reserve System and mature no later than 180 days after purchase.
10. Up to 15 percent of the County's total average portfolio in high grade notes issued by the U.S. corporations, and the notes mature no later than two years after purchase.
11. High grade debt interests issued by foreign nations diplomatically recognized by the U.S. government. All interest and principal shall be denominated and payable in U.S. Funds. In the aggregate, this investment shall not exceed 1 percent of the County's total average portfolio and shall mature no later than five years after purchase.

Investments in stripped principal or interest obligations, except for federally issued or federally guaranteed stripped principal or interest obligations, reverse repurchase agreements and derivatives are prohibited. The issuance of taxable notes for the purpose of arbitrage, the use of leverage and short selling are also prohibited. An investment must mature within five years from the date of purchase unless matched to a specific obligation or debt of the County, and must be purchased with the expectation that will be held to maturity. Investments may only be made through specific dealers and institutions. Payment for investments may be made only upon delivery of the securities representing the investments to the treasurer or qualified trustee or, if the securities are not represented by a certificate, upon receipt of confirmation of transfer from the custodian.

Public depositories must give security for all public funds on deposit. These institutions may either specifically collateralize individual accounts in lieu of amounts insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC), or may pledge a pool of government securities valued at least 105% of the total value of public funds on deposit at the institution. Repurchase agreements must be secured by the specific government securities upon which the repurchase agreements are based. These securities must be obligations of or guaranteed by the United States and mature or be redeemable within five years of the date of the related repurchase agreement. State law does not require security for public deposits and investments to be maintained in the County's name. During the year 2005, the County complied with the provisions of these statutes.

PICKAWAY COUNTY

**NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2005
(Continued)**

NOTE 5 - CASH, DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

The amounts available for deposit and investment are as follows:

* Cash and Cash Equivalents: (carrying amounts)	
- Pooled	\$11,696,744
- Segregated	626,715
- Component Units	126,420
* Reconciling items (net) to arrive at bank balances of deposits	898,977
Total available for deposits and investments (Bank balance of deposit/carrying amount of investments)	\$13,348,856

The following information classifies the types of risk associated with deposit and investments as of December 31, 2005, as defined in GASB Statement No. 3, "Deposits with Financial Institutions, Investments and Reverse Repurchase Agreements" and GASB Statement No. 40, "Deposit and Investment Risk Disclosures." Additional disclosures for the component units are presented in Note 18.

Deposits

Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of a bank failure, the County's deposits may not be returned. All deposits are collateralized with eligible securities in amounts equal to at least 105% of the carrying value of the deposits. Such collateral, as permitted by the Ohio Revised Code, is held in single financial institution collateral pools at Federal Reserve Banks, or at member banks of the federal reserve system, in the name of the respective depository bank and pledged as a pool of collateral against all of the public deposits it holds or as specific collateral held at the Federal Reserve Bank in the name of the County.

As of December 31, 2005, the carrying amount of all County deposits was \$3,688,375. Based on the criteria described in GASB Statement No. 40, \$4,093,790 of the County's bank balance of \$4,693,790 was exposed to custodial risk as discussed above while \$600,000 was covered by FDIC. The \$4,093,790 exposed to custodial risk was uninsured, and collateral was held by pledging banks trust department but not in the County's name.

Investments

As of December 31, 2005, the County had the following investments and maturities:

Investment Type	Fair Value	Less Than One Year	More Than One Year
U.S. Government Securities	\$8,654,069	\$4,700,575	\$3,953,494
STAROhio	1,600,172	1,600,172	0
Total Investments	\$10,254,241	\$6,300,747	\$3,953,494

PICKAWAY COUNTY

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2005
(Continued)

NOTE 5 - CASH, DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

Interest Rate Risk - Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. As a means of limiting its exposure to fair value losses arising from rising interest rates and according to State law, the County limits investment portfolio matures to five years or less.

Credit Risk - Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. The County limits its investments to those authorized by State statute. Standard and Poor's has assigned a rating of "AAAm" to STAROhio and "AAA" to U.S. Government Securities.

Custodial Credit Risk - For investments, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in event of the failure of the counter party, the County will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities in the possession of an outside party. The County's policy provides that investments be held in the County's name. All of the County's investments are held in the County's name.

Concentration of Credit Risk - Concentration of credit risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of a government's investment in a single issuer. The County's policy minimizes concentration of credit risk by diversifying assets by issuer as necessary. The County's investments in U.S. Government Securities and the STAROhio account were 84.4% and 15.6%, respectively, of the County's total investments.

B. Component Units

Deposits and Investments

Cash and cash equivalents held by Brooks-Yates Center Diversified Opportunities, Inc. and the Pickaway County Airport Authority are classified as "cash and cash equivalents in segregated accounts."

(1) Brooks-Yates Center Diversified Opportunities, Inc.

At year end, the carrying amount of Brooks-Yates Center Diversified Opportunities, Inc. deposits was \$72,994 and the bank balance was \$76,399. All of the bank balance was covered by federal depository insurance. There are no statutory guidelines regarding the deposit and investment of funds by the non-profit corporation.

(2) Pickaway County Airport Authority

At year end, the carrying amount of the Pickaway County Airport Authority deposits was \$53,426 and the bank balance was \$53,446. The entire bank balance was covered by federal depository insurance.

PICKAWAY COUNTY

**NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2005
(Continued)**

NOTE 6 - INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS

Interfund balances at December 31, 2005, consist of the following receivables and payables:

	Interfund Receivables	Interfund Payable
General	\$37,806	\$0
Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds	0	37,806
Totals	\$37,806	\$37,806

All balances are scheduled to be collected in the subsequent year. All balances resulted from the time lag between the dates that (1) interfund goods and services are provided or reimbursable expenditures occur, (2) transactions are recorded in the accounting system, and (3) payments between funds are made.

A summary of interfund transfers for 2005 were as follows:

Transfers Out	Transfers In				Totals
	General	Job and Family Services	Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds	Nonmajor Debt Service Funds	
General	\$0	\$228,845	\$288,162	\$187,664	\$704,671
Non-major Special Revenue Funds	82,007	0	0	0	82,007
Totals	\$82,007	\$228,845	\$288,162	\$187,664	\$786,678

Transfers are used to (1) move revenues from the fund that statute or budget requires to collect them to the fund that statute or budget requires to expend them, (2) move receipts restricted to debt service from the funds collecting the receipts to the debt service fund as debt service payments become due, and (3) use unrestricted revenues collected in the general fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations.

In the year ended December 31, 2005, the County made transfers of \$288,162 from the General Fund to various Non-major Special Revenue Funds to subsidize the programs of those funds.

PICKAWAY COUNTY

**NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2005
(Continued)**

NOTE 7 - RECEIVABLES

Receivables at December 31, 2005 consisted of property taxes, sales taxes, accounts (billings for user charged services), interest, special assessments and intergovernmental grants. All receivables are considered fully collectible.

A summary of the principal items of intergovernmental receivable follows:

Governmental Activities

<i>General Fund:</i>	
Local Government Distributions	\$653,190
State Property Tax Reimbursements	118,242
Other Grants and Reimbursements	53,040
Total General Fund	<u>824,472</u>
<i>Auto, License and Gas Tax Fund:</i>	
Motor Vehicle License Tax	509,954
Gasoline Tax	836,829
Grants	647,846
Total Auto, License and Gas Tax Fund	<u>1,994,629</u>
<i>Job and Family Services Fund:</i>	
State and Federal Funding	545,533
<i>Board of Mental Retardation Fund:</i>	
State Property Tax Reimbursements	98,701
Federal Grants	16,444
Total Board of Mental Retardation Fund	<u>115,145</u>

PICKAWAY COUNTY

**NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2005
(Continued)**

NOTE 7 - RECEIVABLES (Continued)

<i>Non Major Special Revenue Funds:</i>	
Motor Vehicle Permissive Tax	96,156
Road and Bridge	2,864
Child Support Enforcement Agency	33,295
VOCA Grant	4,101
Immobilization and Impoundment	35
Dog and Kennel	50
Emergency Management	72,232
Haven House Byrne Memorial	11,336
Workforce Development	279,092
Housing and Urban Development Grants	24,459
Communications Technology Grant	66,328
Community Corrections Grant	57,330
Homeland Security Grant	39,317
Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds	686,595
Total Intergovernmental Receivable	\$4,166,374
Fiduciary Funds	
Agency Funds	<u><u>\$3,391,404</u></u>

PICKAWAY COUNTY

**NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2005
(Continued)**

NOTE 8- CAPITAL ASSETS

A summary of changes in general capital assets during 2005 were as follows:

	Balance January 1, 2005	Additions	Deletions	Balance December 31, 2005
Governmental Activities:				
<i>Nondepreciable Capital Assets:</i>				
Land	\$971,542	\$0	\$0	\$971,542
Construction in Progress	391,123	374,963	(391,123)	374,963
Total Nondepreciable Capital Assets	1,362,665	374,963	(391,123)	1,346,505
<i>Depreciable Capital Assets:</i>				
Buildings	17,679,056	0	0	17,679,056
Improvements Other Than Buildings	1,373,371	3,785	(1,213)	1,375,943
Machinery and Equipment	6,867,877	572,637	(70,685)	7,369,829
Furniture and Fixtures	1,568,964	9,910	(9,219)	1,569,655
Vehicles	2,920,461	66,857	0	2,987,318
Infrastructure	20,797,909	1,884,724	(627,800)	22,054,833
Total Depreciable Capital Assets	51,207,638	2,537,913	(708,917)	53,036,634
<i>Accumulated Depreciation:</i>				
Buildings	(7,100,000)	(426,259)	0	(7,526,259)
Improvements Other Than Buildings	(261,986)	(51,971)	546	(313,411)
Machinery and Equipment	(5,176,563)	(359,019)	70,685	(5,464,897)
Furniture and Fixtures	(1,037,908)	(79,475)	9,219	(1,108,164)
Vehicles	(2,025,598)	(159,290)	0	(2,184,888)
Infrastructure	(9,529,336)	(1,116,524)	627,800	(10,018,060)
Total Accumulated Depreciation	(25,131,391)	(2,192,538)	708,250	(26,615,679)
Depreciable Capital Assets, Net	26,076,247	345,375	(667)	26,420,955
Governmental Activities Capital Assets, Net	\$27,438,912	\$720,338	(\$391,790)	\$27,767,460

At December 31, 2005, capital assets include \$323,486 of machinery and equipment, \$52,630 of furniture and fixtures, and \$219,138 of vehicles under capitalized leases.

PICKAWAY COUNTY

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2005
(Continued)

NOTE 8- CAPITAL ASSETS (Continued)

For governmental activities, depreciation expense was charged to functions as follows:

Governmental Activities

<i>General Government:</i>	
Legislative and Executive	\$181,117
Judicial	34,050
Public Safety	435,157
Public Works	1,333,717
Health	75,529
Human Services	126,022
Conservation and Recreation	6,946
Governmental Activities Depreciation Expense	<u><u>\$2,192,538</u></u>

	Balance January 1, 2005	Additions	Deletions	Balance December 31, 2005
Business-Type Activities:				
<i>Nondepreciable Capital Assets:</i>				
Land	\$13,964	\$0	\$0	\$13,964
Construction in Progress	1,475,841	475,426	0	1,951,267
Total Nondepreciable Capital Assets	1,489,805	475,426	0	1,965,231
<i>Depreciable Capital Assets:</i>				
Plant and Facilities	376,966	0	0	376,966
Infrastructure	50,542	0	0	50,542
Total Depreciable Capital Assets	427,508	0	0	427,508
<i>Accumulated Depreciation:</i>				
Plant and Facilities	(343,375)	(4,811)	0	(348,186)
Infrastructure	(29,350)	(722)	0	(30,072)
Total Accumulated Depreciation	(372,725)	(5,533)	0	(378,258)
Depreciable Capital Assets, Net	54,783	(5,533)	0	49,250
Business-Type Activities Capital Assets, Net	<u><u>\$1,544,588</u></u>	<u><u>\$469,893</u></u>	<u><u>\$0</u></u>	<u><u>\$2,014,481</u></u>

PICKAWAY COUNTY

**NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2005
(Continued)**

NOTE 8 - CAPITAL ASSETS (Continued)

The business-type activities of the County are the sewer operations at various subdivisions throughout the County.

NOTE 9 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

The County's long-term obligations activity for the year ended December 31, 2005, was as follows:

Purpose	Outstandi ng January 1, 2005	Additions	Deletions	Outstandin g December 31, 2005	Amounts Due Within One Year
Governmental Activities:					
<i>General Obligation Notes Payable:</i>					
Energy Conservation 1995-2005 4.20-5.30%	\$95,000	\$0	\$95,000	\$0	\$0
Voting Equipment Acquisition 1995-2006 6.75%	78,250	0	39,125	39,125	39,125
MRDD Capital Improvement 2000-2030 3.32%	516,997	0	47,535	469,462	37,266
Jail Window/Downtown Annex Consolidation 2002-2007 4.50%	122,163	0	57,144	65,019	59,737
MRDD Capital Improvement 2002 - 2033 Variable Rate	576,888	0	50,808	526,080	38,846
TIF Note 2004-2035 5.5%	970,000	0	0	970,000	0
TIF Note 2005-2006 4%	0	100,000	0	100,000	0
<i>Special Assessment Bonds with Governmental Commitment:</i>					
Northwood Park Sanitary Sewer Improvement 1999-2019 6.00%	133,000	0	6,000	127,000	6,000
<i>Other Long-Term Obligations:</i>					
Compensated Absences	1,197,539	1,401,598	1,128,532	1,470,605	876,224
Capital Leases	196,784	151,896	126,119	222,561	54,503
Governmental Activities Long-Term Obligations	\$3,886,621	\$1,653,494	\$1,550,263	\$3,989,852	\$1,111,701

PICKAWAY COUNTY

**NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2005
(Continued)**

NOTE 9 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (Continued)

The Northwood Park Sanitary Sewer Improvement Bonds were issued in 1999 for \$157,160 with a 6.00% interest rate. The Northwood Park Sanitary Sewer Improvement Bonds were issued to finance improvements to the sewer system for the Northwood Park subdivision. These bonds will be repaid through the collection of special assessments on the benefiting property owners in the debt service funds. The County is obligated to the extent of the remaining balance, if the property owners were to default. The Energy Conservation Notes were issued in 1995 for \$770,000 with a current interest rate of 5.3% in 2005. The Energy Conservation Notes were issued to finance improvements to the County facilities to reduce energy consumption. The Voting Equipment Acquisition Notes were issued in 1996 for \$391,250 with a 5.625 interest rate. The Voting Equipment Acquisition Notes were issued to finance the acquisition of MicroVote System voting equipment. These notes will be repaid through the debt service fund.

The Jail Window/Downtown Annex Consolidation Notes were issued in 2002 for \$286,359 with a 4.5% interest rate. These notes were issued to consolidate an issuance for replacement of windows within the Jail complex and purchase of the County's Downtown Annex. These notes will be repaid through the debt service fund. Principal payment for the subsequent year are due January 7 of that year. The 2004 Tax Increment Financing Note was issued for \$970,000 with a 5.50% interest rate. The 2005 Tax Increment Financing Note was issued for \$100,000 with a 4.05% interest rate. These notes are issued in anticipation of bonds for financing of construction related to the reconstruction of Crites Road and U.S. 23. These notes will be repaid through the debt service fund.

The MRDD Capital Improvement Notes were issued in 2000 and 2002 for \$650,000 each. These issuances have a variable interest rate of 70% of the prime rate. These Capital Improvements Notes were issued to finance improvement to facilities utilized by the Pickaway County Mental Retardation and Developmental Disabilities Board for providing services to their clients. These issuances are reflected as long-term obligations because the County is legally obligated to pay for these notes. These notes will be repaid through the Board of Mental Retardation Fund.

The compensated absences liability will be paid from the fund from which the employees are paid. The capital leases will be repaid through the General Fund, Auto License and Gas Tax Fund, Job and Family Service Fund and other nonmajor special revenue funds. The amount of principal payments on the capital leases paid in 2005 amounted to \$139,077.

PICKAWAY COUNTY

**NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2005
(Continued)**

NOTE 9 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (Continued)

The following is a summary of the County's future principal and interest requirements for long-term obligations, including \$1,987,920 of interest:

For the Year Ended December 31,	Voting Equipment Acquisition Notes	MRDD Capital Improvement Notes	Jail Window/ Downtown Annex Notes
2006	\$41,326	\$54,000	\$65,235
2007	0	54,000	65,235
2008	0	54,000	0
2009	0	54,000	0
2010	0	54,000	0
2011 - 2015	0	270,000	0
2016 - 2020	0	270,000	0
2021 - 2025	0	270,000	0
2026 - 2030	0	252,000	0
2031 - 2034	0	0	0
Totals	<u>\$41,326</u>	<u>\$1,332,000</u>	<u>\$130,470</u>

PICKAWAY COUNTY

**NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2005
(Continued)**

NOTE 9 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (Continued)

For the Year Ended December 31,	MRDD Capital Improvement	2004 TIF Notes	2005 TIF Notes	Northwood Park Sanitary Sewer Improvement Bonds	Totals
2006	\$54,000	\$1,018,500	\$104,050	\$13,620	\$1,350,731
2007	54,000	0	0	13,260	186,495
2008	54,000	0	0	13,900	121,900
2009	54,000	0	0	13,480	121,480
2010	54,000	0	0	14,060	122,060
2011 - 2015	270,000	0	0	68,680	608,680
2016 - 2020	270,000	0	0	54,260	594,260
2021 - 2025	270,000	0	0	0	540,000
2026 - 2030	270,000	0	0	0	522,000
2031 - 2035	117,000	0	0	0	117,000
Totals	<u>\$1,467,000</u>	<u>\$1,018,500</u>	<u>\$104,050</u>	<u>\$191,260</u>	<u>\$4,284,606</u>

NOTE 10 - LOANS PAYABLE

The County's loan transactions for the year ending December 31, 2005, were as follows:

Purpose	Balance January 1, 2005	Additions	Deletions	Balance December 31, 2005	Amount Due Within One Year
Business - Type Activities:					
<i>OWDA Loans Payable</i>					
Darby Township Sewer Improvements, 0%	\$1,475,841	\$540,740	\$101,626	\$1,914,955	\$101,626
Business - Type Activities Loan Payable	<u>\$1,475,841</u>	<u>\$540,740</u>	<u>\$101,626</u>	<u>\$1,914,955</u>	<u>\$101,626</u>

The Ohio Water Development Authority (OWDA) Loan is related to Improvements to the Darby Township Sanitary Sewer System. The OWDA has granted an original loan amount of \$1,624,478 and a supplementary loan amount of \$408,037, for a maximum loan amount of \$2,032,515 for this project. The loan will be repaid in semiannual installments of \$40,612 effective January 1, 2005, over 20 years for the original loan amount with the final installment payable in July 1, 2024. The debt is to be repaid by user charges to consumers that use the system. The County must set rates in an amount that guarantees repayment of the debt construction. As of the date of this report this project has not been completed and once completed the final repayment schedule will be issued. This loan is to be a zero percentage interest rate for the life of the loan. The above amounts include expenditures of the amount of construction as of December 31, 2005.

PICKAWAY COUNTY

**NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2005
(Continued)**

NOTE 11 - CAPITALIZED LEASES - LESSEE DISCLOSURE

The County has entered into agreements to lease equipment and other assets. Such agreements are, in substance, lease purchases and are reflected as capital lease obligations in the basic financial statements. Capital lease payments are reflected as debt service in the basic financial statements for the governmental funds. New leases are, in substance, capital purchases and are reflected as current expenditures and proceeds from capital leases in the fund financial statements. The capital lease obligations reflected above as part of the long-term obligations represent the present value of the net future minimum lease payments on all capital leases.

The following is a schedule of the future minimum lease payments under lease obligations which have been capitalized as of December 31, 2005.

For the Year Ended December 31,	Capital Lease Obligations
2006	\$116,820
2007	109,643
2008	24,804
2009	4,221
2010	2,763
Total Minimum Lease Payments	258,251
Less: Amount Representing Interest	35,690
Present Value of Minimum Lease Payments	\$222,561

NOTE 12 - PROPERTY TAXES

Property taxes include amounts levied against all real, public utility, and tangible personal property located in the County. Taxes collected on real property (other than public utility) in one calendar year are levied in the preceding calendar year on assessed values as of January 1 of that preceding year, the lien date. Assessed values are established by the County Auditor at 35 percent of appraised market value. All property is required to be revalued every six years. The last revaluation was completed in 2005. Real property taxes are payable annually or semiannually. The first payment is due March 12, with the remainder payable by July 23.

Taxes collected from tangible personal property (other than public utility) in one calendar year are levied in the prior calendar year on assessed values during and at the close of the most recent fiscal year of the taxpayer that ended on or before March 31 of that calendar year, and at the tax rates determined in the preceding year. Tangible personal property used in business (except for public utilities) is currently assessed for ad valorem taxation purposes at 25 percent of its true value. Amounts paid by multi-county taxpayers are due October 13. Single county taxpayers may pay annually or semiannually. If paid annually, payment is due April 30; if paid semiannually, the first payment is due April 30, with the remainder payable by October 13.

PICKAWAY COUNTY

**NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2005
(Continued)**

NOTE 12 - PROPERTY TAXES (Continued)

Public utility real and tangible personal property taxes collected in one calendar year are levied in the preceding calendar year on assessed values determined as of December 31 of the second year preceding the tax collection year, the lien date. Certain public utility tangible personal property currently is assessed at 88 percent of its true value. Public utility property taxes are payable on the same dates as real property taxes described previously.

The County Treasurer collects property tax on behalf of all taxing districts within the County. The County Auditor periodically remits to itself its share of the taxes collected. The County records receipt of these taxes in various funds.

Accrued property taxes receivable represent delinquent taxes outstanding and real, tangible personal, and public utility taxes that were measurable and unpaid as of December 31, 2005. Although total property tax collections for the next fiscal year are measurable, amounts to be received during the available period are not subject to reasonable estimation at December 31 and are not intended to finance 2005 operations. The receivable is therefore offset by a credit to deferred revenue.

The full tax rate for all County operations for the year ended December 31, 2005, was \$3.00 per \$1,000 of assessed value. The assessed values of real and tangible personal property upon which 2005 property tax receipts were based are as follows:

Category	Assessed Value
<i>Real Estate:</i>	
Agriculture	\$101,535,770
Residential	559,461,140
Commercial	84,154,350
Industrial	29,981,630
Minerals	491,730
Public Utilities	551,810
<i>Personal Property:</i>	
General	96,379,475
Public Utilities	59,631,810
Total Assessed Values	<u>\$932,187,715</u>

PICKAWAY COUNTY

**NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2005
(Continued)**

NOTE 13 - PERMISSIVE SALES TAX

In 1988, in accordance with Sections 5739.02 and 5741.02 of the Revised Code, the County Commissioners, by resolution, imposed a one percent tax on all retail sales, except sales of motor vehicles, made in the County, and on the storage, use, or consumption in the County of tangible personal property, including automobiles. In December 2001, the County Commissioners, by resolution, imposed an additional one-half percent tax on all retail sales, except sales of motor vehicles, made in the County, and on the storage, use, or consumption in the County of tangible personal property, including automobiles. Vendor collections of the tax are paid to the State Treasurer by the twenty-third day of the month following collection. The State Tax Commissioner certifies to the State Auditor the amount of the tax to be returned to the County. The Tax Commissioner's certification must be made within forty-five days after the end of each month. The State Auditor then has five days in which to draw the warrant payable to the County. Proceeds of the tax were credited to the General Fund and the Capital Improvement Capital Projects Fund. Amounts that have been collected by the State and are to be received within the available period are accrued as revenue. Sales and use tax revenue for 2005 amounted to \$5,545,489.

NOTE 14 - ACCOUNTABILITY

The following funds had deficit fund balances as of December 31, 2005:

Non-major Special Revenue Funds:

P.C. Access Visitation Center Fund	\$848
Diversion Program Fund	365
Dog & Kennel Fund	18,639

The deficits in these funds are the result of the application of generally accepted accounting principles and the requirement to accrue liabilities when incurred. The General Fund is liable for any deficits in these funds and provides transfers when cash is required, not when accruals occur. These deficits do not exist on the cash basis.

NOTE 15 RISK MANAGEMENT

The County is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, theft or damage to, and destruction of assets, errors and omissions, injuries to employees and natural disasters. During 2005, the County contracted with County Risk Sharing Authority (CORSA), a jointly governed organization, for liability, property, and crime insurance. The CORSA program has a \$2,500 deductible.

PICKAWAY COUNTY

**NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2005
(Continued)**

NOTE 15 RISK MANAGEMENT - (Continued)

Coverages provided by the program are as follows:

Property:

Buildings & Contents (\$100,000 annual aggregate pool limit for flood and earthquake)	\$68,581,337
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Liability:

General Liability	\$1,000,000
Public Officials	6,000,000
Law Enforcement	1,000,000
Automobile	1,000,000
Uninsured/Underinsured Motorist	250,000
Faithful Performance and Employee Bond	1,000,000
Boiler and Machinery (each accident)	100,000,000

Settlement amounts on claims have not exceeded insurance coverage in any of the past three years. There have been no significant reductions in insurance coverage from the prior year.

The County purchases health, dental and vision insurances through the Franklin County Cooperative Health Benefits Program (FCCHBP). Insurance purchased through the FCCHBP is not considered limited risk health insurance. Workers' compensation benefits are provided through the State Bureau of Workers' Compensation. The County pays all elected officials' bonds by statute.

NOTE 16 - DEFINED BENEFIT RETIREMENT PLANS

A. Ohio Public Employees Retirement System

All Pickaway County employees, who are not certified teachers with the Board of Mental Retardation and Developmental Disabilities (MRDD), participate in the Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS). OPERS administers three separate pension plans. The Traditional Plan is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. The Member-Directed Plan is a defined contribution plan in which the member invests both member and employer contributions (employer contributions vest over five years at 20% per year). Under the Member-Directed Plan, members accumulate retirement assets equal to the value of the member and vested employer contributions plus any investment earnings. The Combined Plan is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit plan that has elements of both a defined benefit and a defined contribution plan. Under the Combined Plan, employer contributions are invested by the retirement system to provide a formula retirement benefit similar to the Traditional Plan benefit. Member contributions, whose investment is self-directed by the member, accumulate retirement assets in a manner similar to the member directed plan.

PICKAWAY COUNTY

**NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2005
(Continued)**

NOTE 16 - DEFINED BENEFIT RETIREMENT PLANS (Continued)

A. Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (Continued)

OPERS provides retirement, disability, survivor and death benefits and annual cost of living adjustments to members of the Traditional and Combined Plans. Members of the Member-Directed Plan do not qualify for ancillary benefits. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided by Chapter 145 of the Ohio Revised Code. OPERS issues a stand-alone financial report that may be obtained by writing to OPERS, 277 East Town Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215-4642, or by calling (614) 222-6701 or (800) 222-7377.

For the year ended December 31, 2005, the members of all three plans, except those in law enforcement, were required to contribute 8.5% of their annual covered salaries. Members participating in the Traditional Plan who were in law enforcement contributed 10.1% of their annual covered salary; members in public safety contributed 9%. The employer contribution rate for pension benefits for 2005 was 9.55%, except for those plan members in law enforcement or public safety. For those classifications, the employer pension contributions were 12.7% of covered payroll. The Ohio Revised Code provides statutory authority for member and employer contributions.

The County's required contributions for pension obligations to OPERS for the years ended December 31, 2005, 2004, and 2003 were \$1,324,776, \$1,273,017 and \$973,121 respectively; 96.4% has been contributed for 2005, and 100% has been contributed for 2004 and 2003. Of the 2005 amount, \$47,761 was unpaid at December 31, 2005 and is recorded as a liability in the basic financial statements.

B. State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio

The Pickaway County Board of Mental Retardation and Developmental Disabilities contributes for all certified teachers to the State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio (STRS), a cost-sharing multiple employer public employee retirement system administered by the State Teachers Retirement Board. STRS provides basic retirement benefits, disability, survivor, and health care benefits based on eligible service credit to members and beneficiaries. Benefits are established by Chapter 3307 of the Ohio Revised Code. STRS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. The report may be obtained by writing to the State Teachers Retirement System, 275 East Broad Street, Columbus, OH 43215-3771 or by calling (614) 227-4090.

New members have a choice of three retirement plans, a Defined Benefit (DB) Plan, a Defined Contribution (DC) Plan and a Combined Plan. The DB Plan offers an annual retirement allowance based on member contributions and earned interest matched by STRS Ohio funds times an actuarially determined annuity factor. The DC Plan allows members to place all their member contributions and employer contributions equal to 10.5% of earned compensation into an investment account. Investment decisions are made by the member. A member is eligible to receive a retirement benefit at age 50 and termination of employment. The Combined Plan offers features of both the DC Plan and the DB Plan. In the Combined Plan, member contributions are invested by the member, and employer contributions are used to fund the defined benefit payment at a reduced level from the regular DB Plan. DC and Combined Plan members will transfer to the Defined Benefit Plan during their fifth year of membership unless they permanently select the DC or Combined Plan. Existing members with less than five years of service credit as of June 30, 2002, were given the option of making a one time irrevocable decision to transfer their account balances from the existing DB Plan into the DC Plan or the Combined Plan. This option expired on December 31, 2002.

A DB or Combined Plan member with five or more years credited service who becomes disabled may qualify for a disability benefit. Eligible spouses and dependents of these active members who die before retirement may qualify for survivor benefits. Members in the DC Plan who become disabled are entitled only to their account balance. If a member dies before retirement benefits begin, the member's designated beneficiary is entitled to receive the member's account balance.

PICKAWAY COUNTY

**NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2005
(Continued)**

NOTE 16 - DEFINED BENEFIT RETIREMENT PLANS (Continued)

B. State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio (Continued)

Plan members are required to contribute 10% of their annual covered salary and the County is required to contribute 14%; 13% was the portion used to fund pension obligations. Contribution rates are established by STRS, upon recommendation of its consulting actuary, not to exceed statutory maximum rates of 10% for members and 14% for employers. The County's contributions for pension obligations to STRS for the fiscal years ended December 31, 2005, 2004, and 2003 were \$21,082, \$18,944, and \$17,115, respectively. These contributions were equal to the required contributions for each of these years.

Effective July 1, 1991, all employees not otherwise covered by the Public Employees Retirement System or the State Teachers Retirement System have an option to choose social security or the Public Employees Retirement System/State Teachers Retirement System. As of December 31, 2005, none of the elected officials had elected social security.

NOTE 17 - POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

A. Ohio Public Employees Retirement System

The Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS) provides post-retirement health care benefits to age and service retirees with ten or more years of qualifying Ohio service credit with either the traditional or combined plans. Health care coverage for disability recipients and primary survivor recipients is available. Members of the member-directed plan do not qualify for postretirement health care coverage. Health care coverage provided by OPERS is considered an Other Postemployment Benefit (OPEB) as described in GASB Statement No. 12, "Disclosure of Information on Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pension Benefits by State and Local Governmental Employers". A portion of each employer's contribution to the Traditional or Combined Plans is set aside for the funding of postretirement health care based on authority granted by State statute. The employer contribution rate 2005 was 13.55% of covered payroll for all employees, except those in law enforcement and public safety. The employer contribution rate for law enforcement and public safety was 16.7%. The portion of each contribution rate that was used to fund health care was 4%.

Benefits are advance-funded using the entry age normal actuarial cost method. Significant actuarial assumptions, based on OPERS's latest actuarial review performed as of December 31, 2004, include a rate of return on investments of 8%, an annual increase in active employee total payroll of 4% compounded annually (assuming no change in the number of active employees) and an additional increase in total payroll of between .50% and 6.3% based on additional annual pay increases. Health care premiums were assumed to increase 1% and 6% annually for the next eight years and 4% annually after eight years.

All investments are carried at market. For actuarial valuation purposes, a smoothed market approach is used. Assets are adjusted to reflect 25% of unrealized market appreciation or depreciation on investment assets annually.

At year-end, the number of active contributing participants in the Traditional and Combined Plans was 376,109. Actual employer contributions for 2005 that were used to fund postemployment benefits were \$539,476. The actual contribution and the actuarially required contribution amounts are the same. OPERS's net assets available for payment of benefits at December 31, 2004, (the latest information available) were \$10.8 billion. The actuarially accrued liability and the unfunded actuarial accrued liability were \$29.5 billion and \$18.7 billion, respectively.

PICKAWAY COUNTY

**NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2005
(Continued)**

NOTE 17 - POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (Continued)

A. Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (Continued)

On September 9, 2004, the OPERS Retirement Board adopted a Health Care Preservation Plan (HCPP) with an effective date of January 1, 2007. In addition to the HCCP, OPERS has taken additional action to improve the solvency of the Health Care Fund in 2005 by creating a separate investment pool for health care assets. As an additional component of the HCPP, member and employer contribution rates increased as of January 1, 2006, which will allow additional funds to be allocated to the health care plan.

B. State Teachers Retirement System

Comprehensive health care benefits are provided through the State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio (STRS) to retirees who participated in the Defined Benefit or Combined Plans and their dependents. Coverage under the current program includes hospitalization, physician's fees, prescription drugs, and partial reimbursement of monthly Medicare Part B premiums. The STRS Board has statutory authority over how much, if any, of the health care cost will be absorbed by STRS. All benefit recipients pay a portion of the health care cost in the form of a monthly premium. The STRS is funded on a pay-as-you-go basis.

All STRS benefit recipients and sponsored dependents are eligible for health care coverage. By law, health care benefits are not guaranteed and the cost of coverage paid from STRS funds is included in the employer contribution rate, currently 14% of covered payroll.

The STRS Board allocated employer contributions equal to 1% of covered payroll to the Health Care Stabilization Fund. For the County, this amount equaled \$1,622 for 2005.

STRS pays health care benefits from the Health Care Stabilization Fund. At June 30, 2005, the balance in the Health Care Stabilization Fund was \$3.3 billion. For the year ended June 30, 2005, net health care costs paid by STRS were \$254,780,000 and there were 115,395 eligible benefit recipients.

NOTE 18 - ADDITIONAL DISCLOSURES FOR DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNITS

A. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

Brooks-Yates Center Diversified Opportunities, Inc. uses fund accounting to report on their operations and uses the full accrual basis of accounting as set forth in SFAS No. 117 for non-profit corporations. Pickaway County Airport Authority uses fund accounting to report on their operations and uses the cash basis of accounting.

B. Budgetary Basis of Accounting

Budgetary information for the discretely presented component units is not presented because they are not included in the entity for which the "appropriated budget" is adopted and do not maintain separate budgetary financial records.

PICKAWAY COUNTY

**NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2005
(Continued)**

**NOTE 18 - ADDITIONAL DISCLOSURES FOR DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNITS
(Continued)**

C. Capital Assets

Property and equipment for the component units are stated at historical cost and are updated for the costs of additions and retirements during the year. Donated fixed assets have been recorded at the fair market value at the date of the gift.

The assets for Brooks-Yates Center Diversified Opportunities, Inc. are depreciated on a straight line basis using the following estimated useful lives:

Category	Estimated Life
Buildings	40 years
Leasehold Improvements	39 years
Machinery and Equipment	5-7 years

A summary of changes in capital assets during 2005 were as follows:

	Balance January 1, 2005	Additions	Deletions	Balance December 31, 2005
<i>Depreciable Capital Assets:</i>				
Leasehold Improvements	\$109,465	\$0	\$0	\$109,465
Machinery and Equipment	56,605	7,500	0	64,105
Vehicles	65,426	0	0	65,426
Total Depreciable Capital Assets	231,496	7,500	0	238,996
<i>Accumulated Depreciation:</i>				
Leasehold Improvements	(29,036)	(5,143)	0	(34,179)
Machinery and Equipment	(51,045)	(3,010)	0	(54,055)
Vehicles	(59,003)	(3,077)	0	(62,080)
Total Accumulated Depreciation	(139,084)	(11,230)	0	(150,314)
Capital Assets, Net	\$92,412	(\$3,730)	\$0	\$88,682

PICKAWAY COUNTY

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2005
(Continued)

NOTE 18 - ADDITIONAL DISCLOSURES FOR DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNITS
(Continued)

E. Long-Term Obligations

A summary of long-term obligations for the year ended December 31, 2005, was as follows:

Purpose	Outstanding January 1, 2005	Additions	Deletions	Outstanding December 31, 2005	Amounts Due Within One Year
<i>Long-Term Notes Payable:</i>					
<i>Bonds Payable:</i>					
Facilities Improvement 1994-2005 5.75%	\$10,893	\$0	\$10,893	\$0	\$0
Total Long-Term Obligations	\$10,893	\$0	\$10,893	\$0	\$0

NOTE 19 - JOINTLY GOVERNED ORGANIZATIONS

A. Berger Hospital

Berger Hospital is a jointly governed organization that provides diversified health care services to the community. The hospital is governed by a 9 member board: Pickaway County Commissioners appoint 4 members of the board, the City of Circleville appoints 4 members of the board and the final board member is the City of Circleville's Mayor. The Mayor is the President of the Board but does not have voting privileges unless there is a tie. The City of Circleville holds legal title to the Hospital. The degree of control exercised by the County is limited to its representation on the Board. Pickaway County does not have an ongoing financial interest in or an ongoing financial responsibility for the Hospital. During 2005, the County did not make any contributions to the Hospital. Complete financial statements can be obtained from the Berger Hospital, 600 N. Pickaway, Circleville, Ohio, 43113.

B. Paint Valley Mental Health Alcohol and Drug Addiction Board

The Paint Valley Mental Health Alcohol and Drug Addiction Board serves Pike, Fayette, Highland, Pickaway and Ross Counties and is a jointly governed organization that is responsible for developing, coordinating, modernizing, funding, monitoring and evaluating a community-based mental health and substance abuse program. The Board consists of eighteen members. The Director of the Ohio Department of Mental Health appoints four members and the Director of the Ohio Department of Alcohol and Drug Addiction Services appoints four members. The remaining members are appointed by the County Commissioners of Pike, Fayette, Highland, Pickaway, and Ross Counties in the same proportion as each County's population bears to the total population of the five counties combined. The Board receives revenue from the participating counties and receives federal and state funding through grant monies that are applied for and received by the Board of Trustees. Pickaway County cannot significantly influence operations of the Board, who has sole budgetary authority and controls surpluses and deficits. Pickaway County has no ongoing financial interest or responsibility. During 2005, Pickaway County contributed \$520,698 to the program.

PICKAWAY COUNTY

**NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2005
(Continued)**

NOTE 19 - JOINTLY GOVERNED ORGANIZATIONS (Continued)

C. Ross, Pickaway, Highland, Fayette Joint Solid Waste Management District

The County is a member of the Ross, Pickaway, Highland, Fayette Joint Solid Waste Management District, which is a jointly governed organization of the four-named counties. The purpose of the District is to make disposal of waste in the four-county area more comprehensive in terms of recycling, incinerating, and land filling. The District was created in 1989, as required by the Ohio Revised Code.

The Ross, Pickaway, Highland, Fayette Joint Solid Waste Management District is governed and operated through three groups. A twelve member board of directors, comprised of three commissioners from each county, is responsible for the District's financial matters. Financial records are maintained by the Ross County Auditor and Treasurer, and the Ross County Commissioners budget and finance the District with board approval. A twenty-nine member policy committee, comprised of seven members from each county and one at-large member appointed by the board of directors, is responsible for preparing the solid waste management plan of the District in conjunction with a twenty-three member Technical Advisory Council (members appointed by the policy committee). The District's sole revenue source is derived from a waste disposal fee for in-district and out-of-district waste. Although the counties contributed amounts to the District at the time of its creation, all contributions have since been returned to the respective counties and no future contributions by the counties are anticipated. Continued existence of the District is not dependent on the County's continued participation, no equity interest exists, and no debt is outstanding.

D. County Risk Sharing Authority (CORSA)

The County Risk Sharing Authority, Inc. (CORSA) is a jointly governed organization among forty-one counties in Ohio. CORSA was formed as an Ohio non-profit corporation for the purpose of establishing the CORSA Insurance/Self-Insurance Program, a group primary and excess insurance/self insurance and risk management program. Member counties agree to jointly participate in coverage of losses and pay all contributions necessary for the specified insurance coverages provided by CORSA. These coverages include comprehensive general liability, automobile liability, certain property insurance and public officials' errors and omissions liability insurance.

Each member County has one vote on all matters requiring a vote, to be cast by a designated representative. The affairs of the Corporation are managed by an elected board of not more than nine trustees. Only county commissioners of member counties are eligible to serve on the board. No county may have more than one representative on the board at any time. Each member county's control over the budgeting and financing of CORSA is limited to its voting authority and any representation it may have on the board of trustees. CORSA has issued certificates of participation in order to provide adequate cash reserves. The certificates are secured by the member counties' obligations to make coverage payments to CORSA. The participating counties have no responsibility for the payment of the certificates. The County does not have an equity interest in CORSA. The County's payment for insurance to CORSA in 2005 was \$211,515.

E. Southern Ohio Council of Governments

The County is a member of the Southern Ohio Council of Governments, which is a jointly governed organization created under the Ohio Revised Code Section 167.01. The governing body consists of a thirteen member board with each participating County represented by its Director of its Board of Mental Retardation and Development Disabilities. Member counties include: Adams, Athens, Brown, Fayette, Gallia, Highland, Jackson, Lawrence, Pickaway, Pike, Ross, Scioto and Vinton Counties. During 2005, the County contributed \$19,473 to this organization. Financial statements can be obtained from the Southern Ohio Council of Governments, 43 N. Paint St., Chillicothe, Ohio, 45601.

PICKAWAY COUNTY

**NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2005
(Continued)**

NOTE 20 - RELATED ORGANIZATIONS

A. Pickaway County Library

The Pickaway County District Library is statutorily created as a separate and distinct political subdivision of the State. Four trustees of the District Library are appointed by the County Commissioners, and three trustees are appointed by the judges of the Common Pleas Court. The board of trustees possesses its own contracting and budgeting authority, hires and fires personnel and does not depend on the County for operational subsidies. Due process is required to remove board members. No subsidies are provided by the County.

NOTE 21 - RELATED PARTY TRANSACTION

A. Brooks-Yates Center Diversified Opportunities, Inc.

Brooks-Yates Center Diversified Opportunities, Inc. a discretely presented component unit of Pickaway County, received contributions from the County for facilities, certain equipment, transportation and salaries for administration, implementation and supervision of its program. These contributions are reflected as operating revenues and operating expenses at cost or fair market value as applicable, in the basic financial statements. In 2005, these contributions were \$64,763.

NOTE 22 - CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

The County has received federal and state grants for specific purposes that are subject to review and audit by the grantor agencies or their designee. These audits could lead to a request for reimbursement to the grantor agency for expenditures disallowed under terms of the grant. Based on prior experience, the County Commissioners believe such disallowances, if any, will be immaterial.

Several claims and lawsuits are pending against the County. In the opinion of the County Prosecutor, any potential liability would not have a material effect on the County's financial condition.

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PICKAWAY COUNTY
FINANCIAL CONDITION

FEDERAL AWARDS EXPENDITURES SCHEDULE
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2005

Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/Program Title	Pass-Through Entity Number	Federal C.F.D.A. Number	Expenditures
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE			
<i>Passed through Ohio Department of Education:</i>			
<i>Child Nutrition Cluster</i>			
National School Breakfast Program	049080-05-P4 2004 & 2005	10.553	\$2,050
National School Lunch Program	049080-LL-P4-2004 & LL-P4-2005	10.555	3,579
TOTAL U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE-CHILD NUTRITION CLUSTER			5,629
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HOUSING AND URBAN DEVELOPMENT			
<i>Passed through the Ohio Department of Development:</i>			
Community Development Block Grant/State's Program	B-C-03-060-1	14.228	75,326
Community Development Block Grant/State's Program	B-F-03-060-1 & B-F-04-060-1	14.228	288,224
Total Community Development Block Grant State's Program			363,550
Home Investment Partnership Program	B-C-03-060-2	14.239	98,123
TOTAL U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HOUSING AND URBAN DEVELOPMENT			461,673
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF CRIMINAL JUSTICE			
Public Safety Partnership and Community Policing Grants	2003OMWX0276	16.710	13,631
Public Safety Partnership and Community Policing Grants	2004CKWX0133	16.710	2,319
Total Public Safety Partnership and Community Policing Grants			15,950
<i>Passed through the Ohio Office of Criminal Justice Services</i>			
Byrne Formula Grant	2003-DG-D02-7215	16.579	10,045
Byrne Formula Grant	2004-DG-D02-7463	16.579	28,664
Total Byrne Formula Grant			38,709
Local Law Enforcement Block Grants Program	2003-LE-LEBG-3478	16.592	6,015
<i>Passed through the Ohio Department of Youth Services</i>			
Juvenile Accountability Incentive Block Grant	2003-JB-008-B021	16.523	4,155
Juvenile Justice and Delinquency Prevention Allocation to States	2004-JJ-DP2-0051	16.540	19,310
Juvenile Justice and Delinquency Prevention Allocation to States	JJWC-027-04	16.540	3,072
Total Juvenile Justice and Delinquency Prevention Allocation to States			22,382
<i>Passed through Ohio Office of the Attorney General</i>			
Crime Victim Assistance	2003 VAGENE740	16.575	8,535
Crime Victim Assistance	2004VAGENE095T	16.575	34,846
Crime Victim Assistance	2004VAGENE501T	16.575	14,776
Crime Victim Assistance	2005VAGENE593	16.575	9,174
Crime Victim Assistance	2005 & 2006 VADSCE502	16.575	15,697
Crime Victim Assistance	2006 VADSCE095	16.575	19,816
Total Crime Victim Assistance Grant			102,844
TOTAL U.S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE			190,055
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF LABOR			
<i>Passed through Workforce Investment Board, Area 7</i>			
Unemployment Insurance	31-6400-083	17.225	100,732
<i>WIA Cluster</i>			
Workforce Investment Act-Adult	31-6400-083	17.258	79,288
Workforce Investment Act-Adult Administrative	31-6400-083	17.258	3,968
Workforce Investment Act-Adult Total			83,256
Workforce Investment Act-Youth	31-6400-083	17.259	56,373
Workforce Investment Act-Youth User Acceptance	31-6400-083	17.259	505
Workforce Investment Act-Youth Total			56,878
Workforce Investment Act-Dislocated Worker	31-6400-083	17.260	96,567
Workforce Investment Act-Dislocated Worker Veteran Short Term	31-6400-083	17.260	1,000
Workforce Investment Act-Dislocated Worker Rapid Response	31-6400-083	17.260	170,491
Workforce Investment Act-Dislocated Worker Administrative	31-6400-083	17.260	14,174
Workforce Investment Act-Dislocated Worker Total			282,232
TOTAL U.S. DEPARTMENT OF LABOR			523,098

**PICKAWAY COUNTY
FINANCIAL CONDITION
FEDERAL AWARDS EXPENDITURES SCHEDULE
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2005
(Continued)**

Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/Program Title	Pass-Through Entity Number	Federal C.F.D.A. Number	Expenditures
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION			
<i>Passed through Ohio Department of Transportation:</i>			
Highway Planning and Construction	PIC-PM/RPM - FY05	20.205	158,879
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY			
Surveys, Studies, Investigations and Special Purpose Grants	XP-96533601	66.606	17,251
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION			
<i>Passed through Ohio Department of Education</i>			
<i>Special Education Cluster</i>			
Special Education Grants to States	066191-6BSF-2005 & 066191-6BSF-2006	84.027	26,334
Special Education Preschool Grants	066191-PGS1-2005 & 066191-PGS1-2006	84.173	12,276
Total Special Education Cluster			38,610
Innovative Education Program Strategies	066191-C2S1-2005 & 066191-C2S1-2006	84.298	101
<i>Passed through Ohio Department of Health</i>			
Special Education Grants for Infants and Families with Disabilities	31-6400-083	84.181	44,003
TOTAL U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION			82,714
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES			
<i>Passed through the Ohio Department of Mental Retardation and Developmental Disabilities</i>			
Social Services Block Grant	31-6400-083	93.667	35,673
State Children's Insurance Program	31-6400-083	93.767	2,974
<i>Medical Assistance Program</i>			
Community Alternative Funding System	31-6400-083	93.778	495,357
Target Case Management	31-6400-083	93.778	163,173
Waiver Administration	31-6400-083	93.778	93,075
Day Habilitation	31-6400-083	93.778	14,462
Total Medical Assistance Program			766,067
TOTAL U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES			804,714
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HOMELAND SECURITY			
<i>Passed through the Ohio Department of Public Safety- Emergency Management Agency</i>			
State Domestic Preparedness Equipment Support Program	2003-HPP2-65-0153	97.004	21,072
State Domestic Preparedness Equipment Support Program	2004-GE-T4-0025	97.004	140,149
Total State Domestic Preparedness Equipment Support Program			161,221
Disaster Grants-Public Assistance (Presidentially Declared Disasters)	1580-DR-129-0C436	97.036	1,709
Disaster Grants-Public Assistance (Presidentially Declared Disasters)	DR-1580-OH	97.036	56,512
Total Disaster Grants-Public Assistance (Presidentially Declared Disasters)			58,221
<i>Homeland Security Grant Program Cluster</i>			
Emergency Management Performance Grants	2005-EM-T5-001	97.067	28,786
State Homeland Security Program	2005-GE-T5-0001	97.067	59,653
Total Homeland Security Grant Program Cluster			88,439
TOTAL U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HOMELAND SECURITY			307,881
Total Federal Awards Financial Assistance			\$2,551,894

The accompanying notes to this schedule are an integral part of this schedule

PICKAWAY COUNTY

NOTES TO THE FEDERAL AWARDS EXPENDITURE SCHEDULE FISCAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2005

NOTE A--SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accompanying Federal Awards Expenditure Schedule (the Schedule) summarizes activity of the County's federal award programs. The schedule has been prepared on the cash basis of accounting.

NOTE B—SUBRECIPIENTS

The County passes-through certain Federal assistance received from the Ohio Department of Development (ODOD) and Workforce Investment Board, Area 7 to other governments or not-for-profit agencies (subrecipients). As described in Note A, the County records expenditures of Federal awards to subrecipients when paid in cash.

The sub-recipient agencies have certain compliance responsibilities related to administering these Federal Programs. Under Federal Circular A-133, the County is responsible for monitoring subrecipients to help assure that Federal awards are used for authorized purposes in compliance with laws, regulations, and the provisions of contracts or grant agreements, and that performance goals are achieved.

NOTE C—MATCHING REQUIREMENTS

Certain Federal programs require that the County contribute non-Federal funds (matching funds) to support the Federally-funded programs. The County has complied with the matching requirements. The expenditure of non-Federal matching funds is not included on the Schedule.

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**Auditor of State
Betty Montgomery**

**INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER
FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS
REQUIRED BY *GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS***

Pickaway County
207 South Court Street
Circleville, Ohio 43113

To the Board of Commissioners:

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate discretely presented component units and remaining fund information of Pickaway County, Ohio, (the County) as of and for the year ended December 31, 2005, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated September 6, 2006, wherein we noted the financial statements of Brooks-Yates Center for Diversified Opportunities, Inc., one of the County's discretely presented component units, was audited by other auditors. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the County's internal control over financial reporting to determine our auditing procedures in order to express our opinions on the financial statements and not to opine on the internal control over financial reporting. Our consideration of the internal control would not necessarily disclose all matters in the internal control over financial reporting that might be material weaknesses. A material weakness is a reportable condition in which the design or operation of one or more of the internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that misstatements caused by error or fraud in amounts material to the financial statements we audited may occur and not be timely detected by employees when performing their assigned functions. We noted no matters involving the internal control over financial reporting and its operation that we consider material weaknesses. In a separate letter to the County's management dated September 6, 2006, we reported other matters involving internal control over financial reporting which we did not deem reportable conditions.

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www.auditor.state.oh.us

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of reasonably assuring whether the County's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we tested its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could directly and materially affect determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters we must report under *Government Auditing Standards*. In a separate letter to the County's management dated September 6, 2006, we reported other matters related to noncompliance we deemed immaterial.

We intend this report solely for the information and use of the audit committee, management, the Board of County Commissioners, federal awarding agencies, and pass-through entities. It is not intended for anyone other than these specified parties.

A handwritten signature in black ink that reads "Betty Montgomery". The signature is written in a cursive, flowing style.

Betty Montgomery
Auditor of State

September 6, 2006



**Auditor of State
Betty Montgomery**

**INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH REQUIREMENTS
APPLICABLE TO EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER
COMPLIANCE IN ACCORDANCE WITH OMB CIRCULAR A-133**

Pickaway County
207 South Court Street
Circleville, Ohio 43113

To the Board of Commissioners:

Compliance

We have audited the compliance of Pickaway County, Ohio, (the County) with the types of compliance requirements described in the U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Circular A-133, *Compliance Supplement* that apply to each of its major federal programs for the year ended December 31, 2005. The summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings identifies the County's major federal programs. The County's management is responsible for complying with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts and grants applicable to each major federal program. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the County's compliance based on our audit.

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. Those standards and OMB Circular A-133 require that we plan and perform the audit to reasonably assure whether noncompliance occurred with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could directly and materially affect a major federal program. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the County's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our audit does not provide a legal determination on the County's compliance with those requirements.

In our opinion, Pickaway County, Ohio, complied, in all material respects, with the requirements referred to above that are applicable to each of its major federal programs for the year ended December 31, 2005. In a separate letter to the County's management dated September 6, 2006, we reported another matter related to federal noncompliance not requiring inclusion in this report.

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Internal Control Over Compliance

The County's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with requirements of laws, regulations, contracts and grants applicable to federal programs. In planning and performing our audit, we considered the County's internal control over compliance with requirements that could directly and materially affect a major federal program to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on compliance and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with OMB Circular A-133.

Our consideration of the internal control over compliance would not necessarily disclose all matters in the internal control that might be material weaknesses. A material weakness is a reportable condition in which the design or operation of one or more of the internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that noncompliance with applicable requirements of laws, regulations, contracts and grants caused by error or fraud that would be material in relation to a major federal program being audited may occur and not be timely detected by employees when performing their assigned functions. We noted no matters involving the internal control over compliance and its operation that we consider to be material weaknesses.

We intend this report solely for the information and use of the audit committee, management, the Board of Commissioners, federal awarding agencies, and pass-through entities. It is not intended for anyone other than these specified parties.



Betty Montgomery
Auditor of State

September 6, 2006

PICKAWAY COUNTY
SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS
OMB CIRCULAR A -133 § .505
DECEMBER 31, 2005

1. SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

<i>(d)(1)(i)</i>	Type of Financial Statement Opinion	Unqualified
<i>(d)(1)(ii)</i>	Were there any material control weakness conditions reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
<i>(d)(1)(ii)</i>	Were there any other reportable control weakness conditions reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
<i>(d)(1)(iii)</i>	Was there any reported material non-compliance at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
<i>(d)(1)(iv)</i>	Were there any material internal control weakness conditions reported for major federal programs?	No
<i>(d)(1)(iv)</i>	Were there any other reportable internal control weakness conditions reported for major federal programs?	No
<i>(d)(1)(v)</i>	Type of Major Programs' Compliance Opinion	Unqualified
<i>(d)(1)(vi)</i>	Are there any reportable findings under § .510?	No
<i>(d)(1)(vii)</i>	Major Programs (list):	Crime Victim Assistance: CFDA #16.575 Highway Planning and Construction: CFDA #20.205 Medical Assistance Program: CFDA #93.778
<i>(d)(1)(viii)</i>	Dollar Threshold: Type A\B Programs	Type A: > \$ 300,000 Type B: all others
<i>(d)(1)(ix)</i>	Low Risk Auditee?	Yes

**2. FINDINGS RELATED TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS**

None.

3. FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR FEDERAL AWARDS

None.

PICKAWAY COUNTY

SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS
 OMB CIRCULAR A -133 § .315 (b)
 DECEMBER 31, 2005

<u>Finding Number</u>	<u>Finding Summary</u>	<u>Fully Corrected?</u>	Not Corrected, Partially Corrected; Significantly Different Corrective Action Taken; or Finding No Longer Valid; <i>Explain:</i>
2004-001	The County Treasurer did not accurately complete monthly bank reconciliations in a timely manner	No	Partially corrected – Treasurer is reconciled within \$1.56, bank reconciliations not timely. Reissued in Management Letter
2004-002	Federal Non-Compliance: The County Treasurer did not accurately complete monthly bank reconciliations in a timely manner	No	Partially corrected – Treasurer is reconciled within \$1.56, bank reconciliations not timely. Reissued in Management Letter



**Auditor of State
Betty Montgomery**

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FINANCIAL CONDITION

PICKAWAY COUNTY

CLERK'S CERTIFICATION

This is a true and correct copy of the report which is required to be filed in the Office of the Auditor of State pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in Columbus, Ohio.

Susan Babbitt

CLERK OF THE BUREAU

**CERTIFIED
OCTOBER 5, 2006**