Pike County

Single Audit

Fiscal Year Audited Under GAGAS: 2005

BALESTRA, HARR & SCHERER, CPAs, INC. 528 South West Street, P.O. Box 687 Piketon, Ohio 45661

> Telephone (740) 289-4131 Fax (740) 289-3639 www.bhspcpas.com



Auditor of State Betty Montgomery

Board of Trustees Western Local School District 7959 SR 124 Latham, Ohio 45646

We have reviewed the *Independent Auditor's Report* of the Western Local School District, Pike County, prepared by Balestra, Harr & Scherer, CPAs, Inc. for the audit period July 1, 2004 through June 30, 2005. Based upon this review, we have accepted these reports in lieu of the audit required by Section 117.11, Revised Code. The Auditor of State did not audit the accompanying financial statements and, accordingly, we are unable to express, and do not express an opinion on them.

Our review was made in reference to the applicable sections of legislative criteria, as reflected by the Ohio Constitution, and the Revised Code, policies, procedures and guidelines of the Auditor of State, regulations and grant requirements. The Western Local School District is responsible for compliance with these laws and regulations.

Betty Montgomery

BETTY MONTGOMERY Auditor of State

March 27, 2006

This Page is Intentionally Left Blank.

Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2005

TABLE OF CONTENTS

<u>PAGE</u>
Independent Auditor's Report1
Management's Discussion and Analysis
Basic Financial Statements:
Government-Wide Financial Statements:
Statement of Net Assets
Statement of Activities11
Fund Financial Statements:
Balance Sheet – Governmental Funds
Reconciliation of Total Governmental Funds Balances To Net Assets of Governmental Activities13
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances – Governmental Funds14
Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities15
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances – Budget and Actual (Budget Basis) – General Fund
Statement of Net Assets Governmental Activities – Internal Service Fund17
Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Assets Governmental Activities – Internal Service Fund
Statement of Cash Flows Governmental Activities – Internal Service Fund
Statement of Fiduciary Assets and Liabilities – Agency Funds20
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
Schedule of Federal Awards Receipts and Expenditures42
Notes to the Schedule of Federal Awards Receipts and Expenditures43
Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance With <i>Governmental</i> Auditing Standards
Report on Compliance With Requirements Applicable to Each Major Program and on Internal Control Over Compliance in Accordance With OMB Circular A-13345
Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs OMB Circular §.505

This Page is Intentionally Left Blank.

BALESTRA, HARR & SCHERER, CPAs, INC.

528 South West Street, P.O. Box 687

Piketon, Ohio 45661

Telephone (740) 289-4131 Fax (740) 289-3639 www.bhspcpas.com

Member American Institute of Certified Public Accountants

Ohio Society of Certified Public Accountants

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Members of the Board Western Local School District 7959 State Route 124 Latham, Ohio 45646

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Western Local School District (the District), Pike County, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2005, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the District's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these basic financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the basic financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, based on our audit, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the District, as of June 30, 2005, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows, where applicable, thereof, and the respective budgetary comparison for the general fund for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated January 17, 2006 on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* and should be considered in assessing the results of our audit.

The Management's Discussion and Analysis on pages 3-9 is not a required part of the basic financial statements but is supplementary information required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the required supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

Board of Education Western Local School District INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT Page 2

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the School District's basic financial statements. The accompanying schedule of federal awards receipts and expenditures is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by the U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations,* and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

As described in Note 3 to the basic financial statements, the District implemented Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement Number 40, *Deposit and Investment Risk Disclosures – An amendment of GASB statement No. 3*, GASB Statement Number 41, *Budgetary Comparison Schedules*, and GASB Technical Bulletin Number 2004, *Recognition of Pension and Other Postemployment Benefit Expenditures/Expenses and Liability by Cost-sharing Employers*.

Balistra, Harr & Scherur

Balestra, Harr & Scherer, CPAs, Inc. January 17, 2006

Western Local School District Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2005 Unaudited

The discussion and analysis of the Western Local School District's financial performance provides an overall review of the School District's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2005. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the School District's financial performance as a whole; readers should also review the notes to the basic financial statements and financial statements to enhance their understanding of the School District's financial performance.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

Key financial highlights for the fiscal year 2005 are as follows:

- Net assets of governmental activities decreased \$1,071,286.
- General revenues accounted for \$5,047,698 in revenue or 60% of all revenues. Program specific revenues in the form of charges for services, grants, and contributions, accounted for \$3,421,861 or 40% of total revenues of \$8,469,559.
- The School District had \$9,540,845 in expenses related to governmental activities; only \$3,421,861 of these expenses were offset by program specific charges for services, grants, contributions, and interest. General revenues of \$5,047,698 offset all but \$1,071,286 of the remaining cost for these programs.
- The School District has two major funds; the General Fund and the Classroom Facilities Capital Projects Fund. The General Fund had \$6,181,360 in revenues and \$5,692,092 in expenditures and other financing uses. The General Fund's balance increased \$489,268. The Classroom Facilities Capital Projects Fund had \$1,163,254 in revenues and \$5,050,934 in expenditures. The Classroom Facilities Capital Projects Fund's balance decreased by \$3,887,680.

USING THIS ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements and notes to those statements. These statements are organized so the reader can understand the Western Local School District as a financial whole, an entire operating entity. The statements then proceed to provide an increasingly detailed look at specific financial activities and conditions.

The Statement of Net Assets and Statement of Activities provide information about the activities of the whole School District, presenting both an aggregate view of the School District's finances and a longer-term view of those finances. Fund financial statements provide the next level of detail. For governmental funds, these statements tell how services were financed in the short-term as well as what remains for future spending. The fund financial statements also look as the School District's most significant funds with all other non-major funds presented in total in one column.

Western Local School District Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2005 Unaudited

Unauaii

Reporting the School District as a Whole

Statement of Net Assets and Statement of Activities

While this document contains information about the large number of funds used by the School District to provide programs and activities for students, the view of the School District as a whole looks at all financial transactions and asks the question, "How did we do financially during fiscal year 2005?" The Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities answer this question. These statements include all assets and liabilities using the accrual basis of accounting similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. This basis of accounting takes into account all of the current year's revenues and expenses regardless of when cash is received or paid.

These two statements report the School District's net assets and changes in those assets. This change in net assets is important because it tells the reader that, for the School District as a whole, the financial position of the School District has improved or diminished. The causes of this change may be the result of many factors, some financial, some not. Non-financial factors include the School District's property tax base, current property tax laws in Ohio restricting revenue growth, facility conditions, required educational programs, and other factors.

• In the Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities, all of the School District's programs and services are reported as governmental activities including instruction, support services, operation of non instructional services, and extracurricular activities.

Reporting the School District's Most Significant Funds

Fund Financial Statements

The analysis of the School District's major funds begins on page 6. Fund financial reports provide detailed information about the School District's major funds. The School District uses many funds to account for a multitude of financial transactions. However, these fund financial statements focus on the School District's most significant funds. The School District's major governmental funds are the General Fund and the Classroom Facilities Capital Projects Fund.

Governmental Funds Most of the School District's activities are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at fiscal year end available for spending in future periods. These funds are reported using an accounting method called modified accrual accounting, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the School District's general governmental operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance educational programs. The relationship (or differences) between governmental activities (reported in the Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities) and governmental funds is reconciled in the financial statements.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2005 Unaudited

THE SCHOOL DISTRICT AS A WHOLE

Recall that the Statement of Net Assets provides the perspective of the School District as a whole. Table 1 provides a summary of the School District's net assets for 2005 compared to 2004.

Table 1 Net Assets

	Governmental Activities			
	2005	2004*		
Assets				
Current and Other Assets	\$7,953,805	\$13,048,511		
Capital Assets	20,781,625	17,274,241		
Total Assets	28,735,430	30,322,752		
Liabilities				
Long-term Liabilities	1,107,195	1,114,666		
Other Liabilities	1,568,959	2,077,524		
Total Liabilities	2,676,154	3,192,190		
Net Assets				
Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Debt	20,016,625	16,479,241		
Restricted	1,544,944	6,403,094		
Unrestricted	4,497,707	4,248,227		
Total Net Assets	\$26,059,276	\$27,130,562		

* Restated – See Note 3

Total net assets of the District as a whole decreased \$1,071,286. The primary reason for the decline in current and other assets is due to the used of cash by the district for the completion of their classroom facilities project.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2005 Unaudited

Table 2 shows the changes in net assets for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2005 and 2004. Table 2

Changes in Net Assets

	Governmental Activities			
	 2005	2004*		
Revenues				
Program Revenues				
Charges for Services and Sales	\$437,372	\$405,181		
Operating Grants and Contributions	2,984,489	2,242,833		
Capital Grants and Contributions	0	401,450		
Total Program Revenues	 3,421,861	3,049,464		
General Revenues	 			
Property Taxes	322,004	765,813		
Grants and Entitlements	4,547,807	4,520,752		
Investment Earnings	159,131	136,294		
Miscellaneous	18,756	26,893		
Total General Revenues	 5,047,698	5,449,752		
Total Revenues	 8,469,559	8,499,216		
Program Expenses	 , ,	, ,		
Instruction:				
Regular	3,562,182	2,886,380		
Special	1,218,163	1,111,351		
Vocational	75,646	76,351		
Other	300,000	261,712		
Support Services:	,	,		
Pupil	324,992	343,802		
Instructional Staff	603,362	423,160		
Board of Education	11,540	16,335		
Administration	1,056,461	1,152,560		
Fiscal	223,688	212,041		
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	801,180	720,295		
Pupil Transportation	674,160	608,690		
Central	82,642	97,549		
Operation of Non-Instructional Services	378,213	340,008		
Extracurricular Activities	133,915	134,972		
Intergovernmental	47,451	60,046		
Interest and Fiscal Charges	47,250	48,599		
Total Expenses	 9,540,845	8,493,851		
Increase in Net Assets	 (1,071,286)	5,365		
Net Assets, Beginning of Year	27,130,562	27,125,197		
Net Assets, End of Year	26,059,276 \$			

* Restated – See Note 3

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2005 Unaudited

Over the past several years, the School District has remained in good financial position. The School District has added several staff members to accommodate the additional instructional and support staff related programs. The combined salaries and benefits as well as supplies have increased the expenses. The expenses for the School District have increased but are offset by revenues and fund balances.

The Statement of Activities shows the cost of program services and the charges for services, grants, contributions, and interest earnings offsetting those services. Table 3 shows the total cost of services and the net cost of services. That is, it identifies the cost of those services supported by tax revenue and unrestricted state entitlements.

	Total Cost	Net Cost	Total Cost	Net Cost	
	of Services	of Services	of Services	of Services	
	20	05	2004		
Program Expenses					
Instruction:					
Regular	\$3,562,182	\$2,686,929	\$2,886,380	\$2,390,280	
Special	1,218,163	302,133	1,111,351	334,050	
Vocational	75,646	71,550	76,351	72,744	
Other	300,000	284,203	261,712	248,948	
Support Services:					
Pupil	324,992	263,390	343,802	286,963	
Instructional Staff	603,362	189,250	423,160	217,682	
Board of Education	11,540	10,955	16,335	15,503	
Administration	1,056,461	923,035	1,152,560	757,607	
Fiscal	223,688	206,266	212,041	196,337	
Business	801,180	766,689	720,295	667,109	
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	674,160	279,498	608,690	200,336	
Pupil Transportation	82,642	3,233	97,549	19,526	
Operation of Non-Instructional Services	378,213	(5,005)	340,008	(75,733)	
Extracurricular Activities	133,915	105,812	134,972	71,929	
Intergovernmental	47,451	(1,997)	60,046	6,292	
Interest and Fiscal Charges	47,250	33,043	48,599	34,814	
Total	\$9,540,845	\$6,118,984	\$8,493,851	\$5,444,387	

Table 3 Governmental Activities

THE SCHOOL DISTRICT FUNDS

The School District's major funds are accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting. All governmental funds had total revenues and other financing sources of \$9,885,212 and expenditures and other financing uses of \$13,244,139. The School District remains financially stable in terms of healthy carryovers and our ability to pay bills.

The Classroom Facilities major capital projects fund had a decrease in fund balance of \$3,887,680. This decline is due to the completion of the construction project to build the elementary school.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2005 Unaudited

General Fund Budgeting Highlights

The School District's budget is prepared according to Ohio law and is based on accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements, and encumbrances. The most significant budgeted fund is the General Fund. During the course of fiscal year 2005, the School District amended its General Fund budget downward by \$946,395.

For the General Fund, final budgeted revenue was \$6,214,938, below original estimates of \$6,290,502. For the General Fund, appropriations were \$5,677,996, below original estimates of \$6,624,391. Of this \$946,395 difference, most was due to conservative budgeting by the District.

The School District's ending unobligated General Fund balance was \$4,891,312.

CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets

At the end of fiscal year 2005, the School District had \$20,781,625 invested in land and land improvements, buildings and improvements, furniture and equipment, vehicles, textbooks, and infrastructure. For additional information on capital assets, see Note 10 to the basic financial statements. Table 4 shows fiscal year 2005 balances compared to 2004.

Table 4

Capital Assets (Net of Depreciation)

	Governmental Activities				
	2005	2004*			
Land	\$364,219	\$364,219			
Construction in Progress	0	8,894,823			
Land Improvements	1,505,645	837,800			
Buildings and Improvements	17,902,351	6,512,189			
Furniture and Equipment	352,695	244,729			
Vehicles	397,187	420,481			
Library and Textbooks	149,147	0			
Infrastructure	110,381	0			
Totals	\$20,781,625	\$17,274,241			

* Restated – See Note 3

Changes in capital assets from the prior year resulted from additions, disposals and depreciation. The District had an appraisal completed for fiscal year 2005. The District also implemented a \$5,000 capital asset threshold. The threshold increase along with the completion of the classroom facilities project attributes to the significant change in assets.

Debt

At June 30, 2005, the School District had general obligation bonds outstanding of \$765,000. The bonds were issued for school construction. For additional information on debt, see Note 14 to the basic financial statements.

CONTACTING THE SCHOOL DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizen's, taxpayers, and investors and creditors with a general overview of the School District's finances and to show the School District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have any questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact Paula Branscomb, Treasurer at Western Local School District, 7959 State Route 124, Latham, Ohio 45646.

Statement of Net Assets

June 30,2005

	Governmental Activities
Assets	
Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$6,453,641
Accounts Receivable	5,420
Accrued Interest Receivable	91
Intergovernmental Receivable	350,811
Property Taxes Receivable	1,007,007
Restricted Assets:	
Cash and Cash Equivalents with Escrow Agents	136,835
Nondepreciable Capital Assets	364,219
Depreciable Capital Assets, Net	20,417,406
Total Assets	28,735,430
Liabilities	
Accounts Payable	15,256
Accrued Wages and Benefits Payable	558,067
Retainage Payable	136,835
Claims Payable	4,649
Deferred Revenue	622,836
Intergovernmental Payable	231,316
Long-Term Liabilities:	
Due Within One Year	72,008
Due In More Than One Year	1,035,187
Total Liabilities	2,676,154
Net Assets	
Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt	20,016,625
Restricted for:	
Capital Projects	894,799
Debt Service	314,636
Other Purposes	335,509
Unrestricted	4,497,707
Total Net Assets	\$26,059,276

Statement of Activities For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2005

		Progra	m Revenues	Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Assets
	Expenses	Charges for Services and Sales	Operating Grants and Contributions	Governmental Activities
Governmental Activities				
Instruction:	¢2.570.190	¢152 710	¢701.524	(\$2,686,020)
Regular	\$3,562,182	\$153,719	\$721,534	(\$2,686,929)
Special Vocational	1,218,163 75,646	69,127 4,096	846,903 0	(302,133)
Other	300,000	4,090	0	(71,550) (284,203)
Support Services:	500,000	13,777	0	(284,203)
Pupil	324,992	17,379	44,223	(263,390)
Instructional Staff	603,362	34,724	379,388	(189,250)
Board of Education	11,540	585	0	(10,955)
Administration	1,056,461	33,141	100,285	(923,035)
Fiscal	223,688	11,699	5,723	(206,266)
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	801,180	29,836	4,655	(766,689)
Pupil Transportation	674,160	29,839	364,823	(279,498)
Central	82,642	4,928	74,481	(3,233)
Operation of Non-Instructional				
Services	378,213	22,450	360,768	5,005
Extracurricular Activities	133,915	7,155	20,948	(105,812)
Intergovernmental	47,451	2,897	46,551	1,997
Interest and Fiscal Charges	47,250	0	14,207	(33,043)
Totals	\$9,540,845	\$437,372	\$2,984,489	(6,118,984)
	General Revenues Property Taxes Lev	ried for:		
	General Purposes	8		268,610
	Debt Service			47,880
	Classroom Facili Grants and Entitlem			5,514
	to Specific Pro	ograms		4,547,807
	Investment Earning	S		159,131
	Miscellaneous			18,756
	Total General Reve	nues		5,047,698
	Change in Net Asse	ts		(1,071,286)
	Net Assets Beginnin	ng of Year - As Restated	, See Note 3	27,130,562
	Net Assets End of Y	lear		\$26,059,276

Balance Sheet Governmental Funds June 30,2005

	General	Classroom Facilities	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Assets				
Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$4,942,903	\$712,007	\$766,264	\$6,421,174
Receivables:				
Property Taxes	838,114	0	168,893	1,007,007
Accounts	2,820	2,600	0	5,420
Accrued Interest	91	0	0	91
Interfund	44,646	0	0	44,646
Intergovernmental	0	0	350,811	350,811
Restricted Assets:				
Cash and Cash Equivalents with Escrow Agents	0	136,835	0	136,835
Total Assets	\$5,828,574	\$851,442	\$1,285,968	\$7,965,984
Liabilities and Fund Balances Liabilities				
	\$12,705	\$500	¢2.051	¢15.056
Accounts Payable			\$2,051	\$15,256
Accrued Wages and Benefits Payable	378,611	0	179,456	558,067
Interfund Payable	0	0	44,646	44,646
Retainage Payable	0	136,835	0	136,835
Intergovernmental Payable	182,275	0	49,041	231,316
Deferred Revenue	778,700	0	332,486	1,111,186
Total Liabilities	1,352,291	137,335	607,680	2,097,306
Fund Balances				
Reserved for Encumbrances	38,908	173,150	11,043	223,101
Reserved for Property Taxes	59,414	0	12,189	71,603
Unreserved, Undesignated, Reported in:				
General Fund	4,377,961	0	0	4,377,961
Special Revenue Funds	0	0	217,480	217,480
Debt Service Funds	0	0	256,884	256,884
Capital Projects Funds	0	540,957	180,692	721,649
Total Fund Balances	4,476,283	714,107	678,288	5,868,678
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$5,828,574	\$851,442	\$1,285,968	\$7,965,984

Reconciliation of Total Governmental Fund Balances to Net Assets of Governmental Activities June 30, 2005

Total Governmental Fund Balances		\$ 5,868,678
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets are different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.		20,781,625
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current period expenditures and therefore are deferred in the funds. Taxes Intergovernmental	312,568 175,782	
Total		488,350
An internal service fund is used by management to charge the cost of insurance to individuals. The assets and liabilities of the internal service fund are included in governmental activities in the statement of net assets.		27,818
Long-Term Liabilities, including bonds, and the long-term portion of compensated absences are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds.		
Compensated Absences General Obligation Bonds	(342,195) (765,000)	
Total		 (1,107,195)
Net Assets of Governmental Activities		\$ 26,059,276

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2005

Revenues Taxes Intergovernmental Investment Earnings Charges for Services Tuition and Fees Extracurricular Activities Gifts and Donations Miscellaneous	General \$574,663 5,189,287 115,389 1,000 290,191 750 444 9,636	Classroom Facilities \$0 1,119,855 40,799 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 2,600	Other Governmental Funds \$115,614 2,200,533 2,943 112,687 5,112 27,037 3,276 3,395	Total Governmental Funds \$690,277 8,509,675 159,131 113,687 295,303 27,787 3,720 15,631
Total Revenues	6,181,360	1,163,254	2,470,597	9,815,211
Expenditures Current: Instruction: Regular Special Vocational Other Support Services: Pupil Instructional Staff Board of Education Administration Fiscal Operation and Maintenance of Plant Pupil Transportation Central Operation of Non-Instructional Services Extracurricular Activities Intergovernmental Capital Outlay	$\begin{array}{c} 2,037,130\\ 647,013\\ 75,695\\ 300,000\\ \\ 281,252\\ 193,921\\ 11,920\\ 531,310\\ 219,431\\ 573,405\\ 608,349\\ 6,775\\ 270\\ 112,681\\ 0\\ 22,939\\ \end{array}$	$egin{array}{c} 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 440,089 \\ 0 \\ 220,766 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\$	$754,109 \\ 588,451 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 46,618 \\ 381,153 \\ 0 \\ 101,452 \\ 7,746 \\ 6,292 \\ 0 \\ 82,498 \\ 386,652 \\ 21,441 \\ 47,451 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 100,000 $	2,791,239 1,235,464 75,695 300,000 327,870 575,074 11,920 1,072,851 227,177 800,463 608,349 89,273 386,922 134,122 47,451 4,413,018
Debt Service: Principal	0	0	30,000	30,000
Interest and Fiscal Charges	0	0	47,250	47,250
Total Expenditures	5,622,091	5,050,934	2,501,113	13,174,138
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	559,269	(3,887,680)	(30,516)	(3,358,927)
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Operating Transfers In Operating Transfers Out	0 (70,001)	0 0	70,001	70,001 (70,001)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(70,001)	0	70,001	0
Net Change in Fund Balances	489,268	(3,887,680)	39,485	(3,358,927)
Fund Balances Beginning of Year	3,987,015	4,601,787	638,803	9,227,605
Fund Balances End of Year	\$4,476,283	\$714,107	\$678,288	\$5,868,678

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2005

Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds		\$ (3,358,927)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:		
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which depreciation exceeded capital outlays in the current period. Capital Asset Additions Current Year Depreciation Total	4,168,882 (661,498)	3,507,384
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds. Taxes Intergovernmental Total	(368,273) (977,379)	(1,345,652)
Repayments of bond principal are expenditures in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces liabilities in the statement of net assets and does not result in an expense in the statement of activities.		30,000
The internal service fund used by management to charge the costs of insurance to individual funds is not reported in the district-wide statement of activities. Governmental fund expenditures and the related internal service fund revenues are eliminated. The net revenue (expense) of the internal service fund is allocated among the governmental activities.		5,917
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Increase in Compensated Absences Decrease in Intergovernmental Payable	(22,529) 112,521	
Total		89,992
Net Change in Net Assets of Governmental Activities		\$ (1,071,286)

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes In Fund Balance - Budget and Actual (Budgetary Basis) General Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2005

	Budgeted Amounts					Final l	ice with Budget:
	Ori	ginal Budget	Fi	nal Budget	 Actual		itive ative)
Total Revenues and Other Sources Total Expenditures and Other Uses	\$	6,290,502 6,624,391	\$	6,213,974 5,678,273	\$ 6,213,974 5,678,273	\$	-
Net Change in Fund Balance		(333,889)		535,701	535,701		-
Fund Balance, July 1, 2004		4,188,551		4,188,551	4,188,551		-
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated		167,060		167,060	 167,060		-
Fund Balance, June 30, 2005	\$	4,021,722	\$	4,891,312	\$ 4,891,312	\$	

Statement of Net Assets Governmental Activities - Internal Service Fund June 30, 2005

ASSETS: Current Assets: Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$32,467
Total Assets	32,467
LIABILITIES: Current Liabilities: Claims Payable	4,649
Total Liabilities	4,649
NET ASSETS: Unrestricted	\$27,818

Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes In Net Assets Governmental Activities - Internal Service Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2005

Operating Revenues: Charges for Services	\$61,994
Total Operating Revenues	61,994
Operating Expenses:	
Purchased Services	4,935
Claims Expense	51,142
Total Operating Expenses	56,077
Change in Net Assets	5,917
Net Assets at Beginning of Year	21,901
Net Assets at End of Year	\$27,818

Statement of Cash Flows Governmental Activities - Internal Service Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2005

Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents Cash Flows from Operating Activities:	
Cash Received from Transaction with Other Funds	\$61,994
Cash Payments to Suppliers for Services	(4,935)
Cash Payments for Claims	(51,183)
Net Cash Used for Operating Activities	5,876
Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Year	26,591
Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Year	\$32,467
Reconcilitation of Operating Income to Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities	
Operating Income	\$5,917
Changes in Assets and Liabilities:	
Decrease in Claims Payable	(41)
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities	\$5,876

Statement of Fiduciary Assets and Liabilities Agency Funds June 30,2005

Assets Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$24,849
Total Assets	24,849
Liabilities	
Undistributed Monies	24,849
Total Liabilities	\$24,849

NOTE 1 - DESCRIPTION OF THE SCHOOL DISTRICT AND REPORTING ENTITY

Western Local School District (the "School District") is organized under Article VI, Sections 2 and 3 of the Constitution of the State of Ohio. The School District operates under a locally-elected Board form of government consisting of five members elected at-large for staggered four year terms. The School District provides educational services as authorized by State statute and/or federal guidelines.

The School District was established in 1934 through the consolidation of existing land areas and school districts. The School District serves an area of approximately 87 square miles. It is located in Pike County and includes Benton, Mifflin, Pebble, Perry, and Sunfish Townships. The School District is the 521st largest in the State of Ohio (among 611 school districts). It is staffed by 41 non-certificated employees and 67 certificated full-time teaching personnel who provide services to 905 students and other community members.

Reporting Entity:

A reporting entity is comprised of the primary government, component units, and other organizations that are included to ensure that the financial statements are not misleading. The primary government of the School District consists of all funds, departments, boards, and agencies that are not legally separate from the School District. For Western Local School District, this includes general operations, food service, and student related activities of the School District.

Component units are legally separate organizations for which the School District is financially accountable. The School District is financially accountable for an organization if the School District appoints a voting majority of the organization's governing board and (1) the School District is able to significantly influence the programs or services performed or provided by the organization; or (2) the School District is legally entitled to or can otherwise access the organization's resources; the School District is legally obligated or has otherwise assumed the responsibility to finance the deficits of, or provide financial support to, the organization; or the School District is obligated for the debt of the organization. Component units may also include organizations that are fiscally dependent on the School District in that the School District approves the budget, the issuance of debt, or the levying of taxes. The School District has no component units.

The following entities which perform activities within the School District's boundaries for the benefit of its residents are excluded from the accompanying financial statements because the School District is not financially accountable for these entities nor are they fiscally dependent on the School District.

- Village of Latham
- Parent Teacher Organization
- Ross Pike County Educational Service Center

The School District is associated with four organizations, three of which are defined as jointly governed organizations, and one as an insurance purchasing pool. These organizations are the South Central Ohio Computer Association, Pike County Joint Vocational School, the Coalition of Rural and Appalachian Schools, and the Ohio School Boards Association Workers' Compensation Group Rating Plan. These organizations are presented in Notes 15 and 16 to the basic financial statements.

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of the Western Local School District have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The School District also applies Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) statements and interpretations issued on or after November 30, 1989, to its governmental activities and proprietary funds provided they do not conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements. The more significant of the School District's accounting policies are described below.

A. Basis Of Presentation

The School District's basic financial statements consist of government-wide statements, including a statement of net assets and a statement of activities, and fund financial statements which provide a more detailed level of financial information.

Government-wide Financial Statements:

The statement of net assets and the statement of activities display information about the School District as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the primary government, except for fiduciary funds.

The statement of net assets presents the financial condition of governmental activities of the School District at year-end. The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each program or function of the School District's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program or department and therefore clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipient of the goods or services offered by the program and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues which are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues of the School District. The comparison of direct expenses with program revenues identifies the extent to which each business segment or governmental function is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the School District.

Fund Financial Statements:

During the year, the School District segregates transactions related to certain School District functions or activities in separate funds in order to aid financial management and to demonstrate legal compliance. Fund financial statements are designed to present financial information of the School District at this more detailed level. The focus of fund financial statements is on major funds rather than reporting funds by type. Each major fund is presented in a separate column. Non-major funds are aggregated and presented in a single column. Fiduciary funds are reported by fund type.

B. Fund Accounting

The School District uses funds to maintain its financial records during the fiscal year. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self balancing set of accounts. The funds used by this School District can be classified using three categories, governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary.

Governmental Funds

Governmental funds are those through which most governmental functions typically are financed. Governmental funds reporting focuses on the sources, uses and balances of current financial resources. Expendable assets are assigned to the various governmental funds according to the purpose for which they may or must be used. Current liabilities are assigned to the fund from which they will be paid. The difference between governmental fund assets and liabilities is reported as fund balance. The following are the School District's major governmental funds:

General Fund

The General Fund is the general operating fund of the School District and is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The General Fund is available to the School District for any purpose provided it is expended or transferred according to the school laws of Ohio.

Classroom Facilities Fund

The Classroom Facilities fund is a fund provided to account for monies received and expended in connection with contracts entered into by the school district and the Ohio Department of Education for the building and equipping of classroom facilities.

The other governmental funds of the School District account for grants and other resources, debt service, and capital projects, whose use is restricted to a particular purpose.

Proprietary Funds

Proprietary fund reporting focuses on the determination of operating income, changes in net assets, financial position, and cash flows. Proprietary funds are classified as enterprise or internal service; the Western Local School District has no Enterprise Funds.

Internal Service Fund

The internal service fund accounts for the financing of services provided by one department or agency to other departments or agencies of the Western Local School District on a cost reimbursement basis. The School District's only internal service fund accounts for the self-insurance program for employee dental claims.

Fiduciary Funds

Fiduciary fund reporting focuses on net assets and changes in net assets. The fiduciary fund category is split into four classifications: pension trust funds, investment trust funds, private purpose trust funds and agency funds. The School District's only fiduciary funds are agency funds. Agency funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations. In accordance with GASB 34, fiduciary funds are not included in the government-wide statements. The District's only agency funds are funds used to account for student-managed activities.

Measurement Focus

Government-wide Financial Statements - The government-wide financial statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. All assets and all liabilities associated with the operation of the School District are included on the statement of net assets. The Statement of Activities presents increases (i.e. revenues) and decreases (i.e. expenses) in total net assets.

Fund Financial Statements - All governmental funds are accounted for using a flow of current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities generally are included on the balance sheet. The statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances reports on the sources (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and uses (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) of current financial resources. This approach differs from the manner in which the governmental activities of the government-wide financial statements are prepared. Governmental fund financial statements therefore include a reconciliation with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide statements and the statements for governmental funds.

Like the government-wide statements, all proprietary fund types are accounted for on a flow of economic resources measurement focus. All assets and all liabilities associated with the operation of these funds are included on the statement of net assets. The statement of changes in fund net assets presents increases (i.e. revenues) and decreases (i.e. expenses) in net total assets. The statement of cash flows provides information about how the School District finances and meets the cash flow needs of the proprietary activity.

Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting determines when transactions are recorded in the financial records and reported on the financial statements. Government-wide financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. The fund financial statements are prepared using either the modified accrual basis of accounting for governmental funds or the accrual basis of accounting for proprietary and fiduciary funds. Differences in the accrual and modified accrual basis of accounting arise in the recognition of revenue, the recording of deferred revenue, and in the presentation of expenses versus expenditures.

Revenues-Exchange and Non-exchange Transactions

Revenue resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, is recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On a modified accrual basis, revenue is recorded in the fiscal year in which the resources are measurable and become available. Available means that the resources will be collected within the current fiscal year or are expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current fiscal year. For the School District, available means expected to be received within sixty days of fiscal year end.

Non-exchange transactions, in which the School District receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include property taxes, grants, entitlements and donations. Revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which taxes are levied. (See Note 7.) Revenue from grants is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are required to be used or the fiscal year when use is first permitted, matching requirements, in which the School District must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose, and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the School District on a reimbursement basis. On a modified accrual basis, revenue from non-exchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized.

Under the modified accrual basis, the following revenue sources are considered to be both measurable and available at fiscal year end: property taxes available as an advance, interest, tuition, grants, student fee and rentals.

Deferred Revenue

Deferred revenue arises when assets are recognized before revenue recognition criteria have been satisfied. Property taxes for which there is an enforceable legal claim as of June 30, 2005, but which were levied to finance fiscal year 2006 operations, have been recorded as deferred revenue. Grants and entitlements received before the eligibility requirements are met are also recorded as deferred revenue. On governmental fund financial statements, receivables that will not be collected within the available period have also been reported as deferred revenue.

Expenses/Expenditures

On the accrual basis of accounting, expenses are recognized at the time they are incurred. The measurement focus of governmental fund accounting is on decreases in net financial resources (expenditures) rather than expenses. Expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred, if measurable, except for (1) principal and interest on general long-term debt, which is recorded when due, and (2) the costs of accumulated unpaid vacation, personal leave and sick leave are reported as fund liabilities as payments come due each period upon the occurrence of employee resignations and retirements. Allocations of cost, such as depreciation and amortization, are not recognized in governmental funds.

C. Budgetary Process

All funds, other than the agency fund, are legally required to be budgeted and appropriated. The major documents prepared are the tax budget, the appropriation resolution, and the certificate of estimated resources, which are prepared on the budgetary basis of accounting. The tax budget demonstrates a need for existing or increased tax rates. The certificate of estimated resources establishes a limit on the amounts that the Board of Education may appropriate. The appropriation resolution is the Board's authorization to spend resources and set annual limits on expenditures plus encumbrances at a level of control selected by the Board. The legal level of control has been established by the Board of Education at the fund level. The Treasurer maintains budgetary information at the fund and object level and has the authority to allocate appropriations at the function and object level without resolution by the Board.

The certificate of estimated resources may be amended during the fiscal year if projected increases or decreases in revenue are identified by the School District Treasurer. The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts in the budgetary statement are based on estimates made before the end of the prior fiscal year. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts in the budgetary statement reflect the amounts in the amended certificate in effect when final appropriations for the fiscal year were passed.

The appropriation resolution is subject to amendment by the Board throughout the fiscal year with the restriction that appropriations may not exceed estimated revenues. The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts reflect the first appropriation for that fund that covered the entire fiscal year, including amounts automatically carried over from prior fiscal years. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts represent the final appropriation amounts passed by the Board during the fiscal year.

D. Cash and Cash Equivalents

To improve cash management, all cash received by the School District is pooled. Monies for all funds, including proprietary funds, are maintained in this pool. Individual fund integrity is maintained through School District records. Each fund's interest in the pool is presented as "Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents" on the balance sheet.

During fiscal year 2005, the District's investments were limited to funds invested in the State Treasury Assets Reserve of Ohio (STAR Ohio). STAR Ohio is an investment pool managed by the State Treasurer's Office which allows governments within the State to pool their funds for investment purposes. STAR Ohio is not registered with the SEC as an investment company, but does operate in a manner consistent with Rule 2a7 of the Investment Company Act of 1940. Investments in STAR Ohio are valued at STAR Ohio's share price which is the price the investment could be sold for on June 30, 2005.

Following Ohio statutes, the Board of Education has, by resolution, specified the funds to receive an allocation of interest earnings. Interest revenue credited during fiscal year 2005 amounted to \$115,389 to the General Fund, \$40,799 to the Classroom Facilities Major Fund and \$2,943 to the other Non-Major governmental funds.

For purposes of the statement of cash flows and for presentation on the balance sheet, investments of the cash management pool and investments with an original maturity of three months or less at the time they are purchased by the School District are considered to be cash equivalents.

E. Restricted Assets

Restricted assets in the general fund represent cash and cash equivalents whose use is limited by legal requirements. During fiscal year 2005, the School District held monies for the construction of new school buildings. Retainage amounts at June 30, 2005 have been restricted and are presented as "Cash & Cash Equivalents with Escrow Agents" on the balance sheet.

F. Capital Assets and Depreciation

All capital assets of the School District are general capital assets that are associated with governmental activities. General capital assets result from expenditures in the governmental funds. These assets are reported in the governmental activities column of the government-wide statement of net assets but are not reported in the fund financial statements.

All capital assets are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost) and updated for additions and retirements during the year. Donated fixed assets are recorded at their fair market values as of the date received. The School District maintains a capitalization threshold of \$5,000, which was increased from \$1,000 effective July 1, 2004. It is the School District's policy to capitalize interest incurred during construction.

Improvements are capitalized; the costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an asset's life are not. All reported capital assets except land and construction in progress, are depreciated. Depreciable capital assets are depreciated using the straight-line method over an estimated useful life of 50 years for buildings, 5 years for land improvements, 20 years for building improvements, 6 to 15 years for furniture and equipment, 5 to 10 years for vehicles, library books and textbooks and 50 years for infrastructure which consists of a sewer plant and sewer lines.

G. Interfund Activity

Exchange transactions between funds are reported as revenues in the seller funds and as expenditures/expenses in the purchaser funds. Flows of cash or goods from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds. Repayments from funds responsible for particular expenditures/expenses to the funds that initially paid for them are not presented on the financial statements.

H. Compensated Absences

Vacation benefits are accrued as a liability as the benefits are earned if the employees' rights to receive compensation are attributable to services already rendered and it is probable that the School District will compensate the employees for the benefits through paid time off or some other means. Sick leave benefits are accrued as a liability using the vesting method. The liability includes the employees who are currently eligible to receive termination benefits and those the School District has identified as probable of receiving payment in the future. The amount is based on accumulated sick leave and employees' wage rates at fiscal year end, taking into consideration any limits specified in the School District's termination policy.

The School District records a liability for accumulated unused vacation time when earned for all employees with more than one year of service. The School District records a liability for accumulated unused sick leave for all employees after 15 years of current service with the School District.

The entire compensated absence liability is reported on the government-wide financial statements.

On the governmental fund financial statements, compensated absences are recognized as liabilities and expenditures as payments come due each period upon the occurrence of employee resignations and retirements. These amounts are recorded in the account "matured compensated absences payable" in the fund from which the employee will be paid.

I. Accrued Liabilities and Long-Term Obligations

All payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations are reported in the government-wide financial statements.

In general, governmental fund payables and accrued liabilities, that, once incurred, are paid in a timely manner and in full from current financial resources, are reported as obligations of the funds. However, claims and judgements, compensated absences, contractually required pension contributions and special termination benefits that will be paid from governmental funds are reported as a liability in the fund financial statements only to the extent that they are due for payment in the current year. Bonds are recognized as a liability on the government-wide financial statements when due.

J. Fund Balance Reserves

The School District reserves those portions of fund equity which are legally segregated for a specific future use or which do not represent available expendable resources and therefore are not available for appropriation or expenditure. Unreserved fund balance indicates that portion of fund equity which is available for appropriation in future periods. Fund equity reserves have been established for encumbrances and property taxes.

The reserve for property taxes represents taxes recognized as revenue under accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America but not available for appropriations under State statute.

K. Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

L. Net Assets

Net assets represent the difference between assets and liabilities. Net assets invested in capital assets, net of related debt consist of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowings used for the acquisition, construction or improvements of those assets. Net assets are reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the School District or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws, or regulations of other governments. Net assets restricted for other purposes represent balances in special revenue funds for grants whose use is restricted by grant agreements.

The School District applies restricted resources when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net assets are available.

M. Interfund Assets/Liabilities

Short-term interfund loans are classified as "interfund receivables" and "interfund payables". These amounts are eliminated in the governmental activities column of the statement of net assets.

NOTE 3 – CHANGE IN ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLES AND RESTATEMENT OF NET ASSETS

For fiscal year 2005, the District has implemented Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 41, "Budgetary Comparison Schedules – Perspective Differences", GASB Statement No. 40, "Deposit and Investment Risk Disclosures", and GASB Technical Bulletin No. 2004-2, "Recognition of Pension and Other Postemployment Benefit Expenditures/Expenses and Liability by Cost-Sharing Employers." GASB 40 establishes and modifies disclosure requirements related to investment risks: credit risk (including custodial credit risk and concentrations of credit risk) and interest rate risk. This statement also establishes and modifies disclosure requirements for custodial credit risk on deposits. This statement applies to all state and local governments. GASB Technical Bulletin No. 2004-02 addresses the amount that should be recognized as an expenditure/expense and as a liability each period by employers participating in a cost-sharing multiple-employer pension and other post-employment benefit (OPEB) plans. The implementation of GASB Statement Nos. 41 and 40 and GASB Technical Bulletin No. 2004-2 had no affect on the District's financial statements.

Restatements: For fiscal year 2005, the District had an appraisal completed of their capital assets. In addition the District implemented a capitalization threshold change from \$1,000 to \$5,000. The appraisal had the following effect on the District's net assets as previously stated:

Net Assets June 30, 2004	\$2	28,977,989
Capital Assets	(1,847,427)
Restated Governmental Activities Net Assets June 30, 2004	\$2	27,130,562

NOTE 4 - ACCOUNTABILITY

At June 30, 2005, the Management Information System Special Revenue Fund had deficit fund balance of \$1,850 which was created by the application of accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The General Fund provides transfers to cover deficit balances; however, this is done when cash is needed rather than when accruals occur.

NOTE 5 - BUDGETARY BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

While the School District is reporting financial position, results of operations, and changes in fund balances on the basis of accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP), the budgetary basis as provided by law is based upon accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements, and encumbrances. The Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual (Budget Basis) presented for the General Fund is presented on the budgetary basis to provide a meaningful comparison of actual results with the budget.

The major differences between the budget basis and GAAP (modified accrual) basis are as follows:

- 1. Revenues are recorded when received in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when susceptible to accrual (GAAP basis).
- 2. Expenditures are recorded when paid in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when the liability is incurred (GAAP basis).
- 3. Encumbrances are treated as expenditures for all funds (budget basis) rather than as a reservation of fund balance for governmental fund types (GAAP basis).

NOTE 5 - BUDGETARY BASIS OF ACCOUNTING (continued)

The following table summarizes the adjustments necessary to reconcile the GAAP and budgetary basis statements for the General Fund.

Net Change in Fund Balance

	General
GAAP Basis	\$489,268
Revenue Accruals	32,614
Expenditure Accruals	65,421
Encumbrances	(51,602)
Budget Basis	\$535,701

NOTE 6 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

State statutes classify monies held by the School District into three categories.

Active deposits are public deposits necessary to meet current demands on the treasury. Such monies must be maintained either as cash in the School District Treasury, in commercial accounts payable or withdrawable on demand, including negotiable order of withdrawal (NOW) accounts, or in money market deposit accounts.

Inactive deposits are public deposits that the Board of Education has identified as not required for use within the current two year period of designation of depositories. Inactive deposits must either be evidenced by certificates of deposit maturing not later than the end of the current period of designation of depositories, or by savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts.

Interim deposits are deposits of interim monies. Interim monies are those monies which are not needed for immediate use but which will be needed before the end of the current period of designation of depositories.

Interim monies may be deposited or invested in the following securities:

- 1. United States treasury notes, bills, bonds, or other obligations of or security issued by the United States treasury or any other obligation guaranteed as to the payment of principal and interest by the United States;
- 2. Bonds, notes, debentures, or other obligations or securities issued by any federal government agency or instrumentality, including but not limited to, the federal national mortgage association, federal home loan bank, federal farm credit bank, federal home loan mortgage corporation, government national mortgage association, and student loan marketing association. All federal agency securities shall be direct issuances of federal government agencies or instrumentalities;
- 3. Written repurchase agreements in the securities listed above, provided that the market value of the securities subject to the repurchase agreement must exceed the principal value of the agreement by at least two percent and be marked to market daily, and that the term of the agreement must not exceed thirty days;
- 4. Bond and other obligations of the State of Ohio, its political subdivisions, or other units or agencies of this State or its political subdivisions;
- 5. Time certificates of deposit or savings or deposit accounts, including, but not limited to, passbook accounts;

NOTE 6 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (continued)

- 6. No-load money market mutual funds consisting exclusively of obligations described in division (1) or (2) and repurchase agreements secured by such obligations, provided that investments in securities described in this division are made only through eligible institutions; and
- 7. The State Treasurer's investment pool (STAR Ohio).
- 8. Securities lending agreements in which the District lends securities and the eligible institution agrees to exchange either securities described in division (1) or (2), or cash, or both securities and cash, equal value for equal value;
- 9. High grade commercial paper in an amount not to exceed five percent of the District's total average portfolio;
- 10. Bankers acceptances for a period not to exceed 270 days and in an amount not to exceed ten percent of the District's total average portfolio.

Protection of the School District's deposits is provided by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC), by eligible securities pledged by the financial institution as security for repayment, by surety company bonds deposited with the Treasurer by the financial institution, or by a single collateral pool established by the financial institution to secure the repayment of all public monies deposited with the institution.

Investments in stripped principal or interest obligations, reverse repurchase agreements and derivatives are prohibited. The issuance of taxable notes for the purpose of arbitrage, the use of leverage and short selling are also prohibited. An investment must mature within five years from the date of purchase unless matched to a specific obligation or debt of the School District, and must be purchased with the expectation that it will be held to maturity.

Investments may only be made through specified dealers and institutions. Payment for investments may be made only upon delivery of the securities representing the investments to the Treasurer or qualified trustee or, if the securities are not represented by a certificate, upon receipt of confirmation of transfer from the custodian.

The following information classifies deposits and investments by categories of risk as defined in GASB Statement No. 3, *Deposits with Financial Institutions, Investments (including Repurchase Agreements) and Reverse Repurchase Agreements.*

Deposits: The School District's deposits are required to be categorized to give an indication of the level of risk assumed by the School District at fiscal year end. Category 1 includes deposits that are insured or registered or for which the securities are held by the School District or its agent in the School District's name. Category 2 includes uninsured and unregistered deposits which are held by the counterparty's trust department or agent in the School District's name. Category 3 includes uninsured and unregistered deposits for which the securities are held by the counterparty, or by its trust department or agent but not in the School District's name. For deposits, custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the government's deposits may not be returned to it.

At fiscal year end, the carrying amount of the School District's deposits was \$1,108,877 and the bank balance was \$1,147,452. Of the bank balance, \$100,000 was covered by federal depository insurance (Category 1) and \$1,047,452 was uninsured and uncollateralized (Category 3). Although the securities serving as collateral were held by the pledging financial institution's trust department in the School District's name, and all State statutory requirements for the deposit of money had been followed, non-compliance with federal requirements could potentially subject the School District to a successful claim by the FDIC.

NOTE 6 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (continued)

Investments: The School District's investments are required to be categorized to give an indication of the level of risk assumed by the School District at fiscal year end. Category 1 includes investments that are insured or registered or for which the securities are held by the School District or its agent in the School District's name. Category 2 includes uninsured and unregistered investments which are held by the counterparty's trust department or agent in the School District's name. Category 3 includes uninsured and unregistered investments for which the securities are held by the counterparty, or by its trust department or agent but not in the School District's name. The School District's investments in STAR Ohio, an investment pool operated by the Ohio State Treasurer, are unclassified investments since they are not evidenced by securities that exist in physical or book entry form.

	Fair Value	Weighted Average Maturity (Yrs.)
STAR Ohio	\$5,506,448	0

Interest rate risk – Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. In accordance with the investment policy, the District manages it exposure to declines in fair values by limiting the weighted average maturity of its investment portfolio.

Credit Risk – Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. The District limits their investments to STAR Ohio and Certificates of Deposit. Investments in STAR Ohio were rated AAAm by Standard & Poor's.

Concentration of credit risk – Concentration of credit risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of a government's investment in a single issuer. The District does not have an investment policy which allows only investments in STAR Ohio and Certificates of Deposit. The District has invested 100 percent in STAR Ohio.

For an investment, Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the District will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. All of the District's securities are either insured and registered in the name of the District or at least registered in the name of the District.

The classification of cash and cash equivalents and investments on the financial statements is based on criteria set forth in GASB Statement No. 9, *Reporting Cash Flows of Proprietary and Nonexpendable Trust Funds and Governmental Entities That Use Proprietary Fund Accounting.*

A reconciliation between the classifications of cash and cash equivalents and investments on the financial statements and the classification of deposits and investments presented above per GASB Statement No. 3 is as follows:

	Cash and Cash Equivalents/Deposits	Investments
GASB Statement No. 9	\$6,615,325	\$0
Investment:		
STAR Ohio	(5,506,448)	5,506,448
GASB Statement No. 3	\$1,108,877	\$5,506,448

NOTE 7 - PROPERTY TAXES

Property taxes are levied and assessed on a calendar year basis while the School District fiscal year runs from July through June. First half tax collections are received by the School District in the second half of the fiscal year. Second half tax distributions occur in the first half of the following fiscal year.

Property taxes include amounts levied against all real, public utility and tangible personal property located in the School District. Property tax revenue received during calendar 2005 for real and public utility property taxes represents collections of calendar 2004 taxes. Property tax payments received during calendar 2005 for tangible personal property (other than public utility property) is for calendar 2005 taxes.

2005 real property taxes are levied after April 1, 2005, on the assessed value as of January 1, 2005, the lien date. Assessed values are established by State law at thirty-five percent of appraised market value. First half 2005 real property taxes are collected in and intended to finance fiscal year 2006.

Public utility tangible personal property currently is assessed at varying percentages of true value; public utility real property is assessed at thirty-five percent of true value. 2005 public utility property taxes became a lien December 31, 2004, are levied after April 1, 2005 and are collected in 2006 with real property taxes.

2005 tangible personal property taxes are levied after April 1, 2004 on the value as of December 31, 2004. Collections are made in 2005. Tangible personal property assessments are twenty-five percent of true value.

Real property taxes are payable annually or semiannually. If paid annually, payment is due December 31; if paid semiannually, the first payment is due December 31 with the remainder payable by June 20. Under certain circumstances, State statute permits alternate payment dates to be established.

Tangible personal property taxes paid by multi-county taxpayers are due September 20. Single county taxpayers may pay annually or semiannually. If paid annually, payment is due April 30; if paid semiannually, the first payment is due April 30, with the remainder payable by September 20.

The assessed values upon which fiscal year 2005 taxes were collected are:

	2004 Second- Half Collections		2005 First- Half Collections	
	Amount	Percent	Amount	Percent
Agricultural/Residential and Other Real Estate	\$27,671,730	86.68%	\$28,354,390	86.58%
Public Utility	3,198,450	10.02%	3,365,590	10.27%
Tangible Personal Property	1,052,230	3.30%	1,026,428	3.15%
Total Assessed Value	\$31,922,410	100.00%	\$32,746,408	100.00%
Tax rate per \$1,000 of assessed valuation	\$33.10		\$33.15	

The School District receives property taxes from Pike County. The County Auditor periodically advances to the School District its portion of the taxes collected. Second-half real property tax payments collected by the County by June 30, 2005, are available to finance fiscal year 2005 operations. The amount available to be advanced can vary based on the date the tax bills are sent.

NOTE 7 - PROPERTY TAXES (continued)

Accrued property taxes receivable represents delinquent taxes outstanding and real property, tangible personal property, and public utility taxes which became measurable as of June 30, 2005 and for which there is an enforceable claim. Although total property tax collections for the next fiscal year are measurable, only the amount available as an advance at June 30 is intended to finance current fiscal year operations. The receivable is therefore offset by a credit to deferred revenue for that portion not intended to finance current year operations. The amount available as an advance is recognized as revenue. The amount available as an advance at June 30, 2005, was \$59,414 in the General Fund and \$12,189 in the Non-Major funds.

NOTE 8 - RECEIVABLES

Receivables at June 30, 2005, consisted of property taxes, interest, tuition and fees, and intergovernmental grants. All receivables are considered collectible in full due to the ability to foreclose for the nonpayment of taxes, the stable condition of State programs, and the current fiscal year guarantee of federal funds. A summary of the principal items of intergovernmental receivables follows:

	Amount
Special Revenue Funds:	
Public Preschool	\$12,595
Reading Intervention	13,114
Title V	1,328
Drug Free Schools	6,325
Title VI-B	53,657
Title I	171,630
Title II-A	8,179
Misc. Federal Grants	83,983
Total Governmental Activities	<u>\$350,811</u>

NOTE 9 - RISK MANAGEMENT

The School District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. During fiscal year 2005, the School District contracted with Harcum-Hyre Insurance for property and fleet insurance, liability insurance, and inland marine coverage. Lorbach Insurance Agency provides public official bonds. Total coverage amounted to \$24,658,622 with a \$1,000 deductible.

Settled claims have not exceeded this commercial coverage in any of the past three years. There have been no significant reductions in coverage from the prior year.

For fiscal year 2005, the School District participated in the Ohio School Boards Association Workers' Compensation Group Rating Plan (GRP), an insurance purchasing pool (Note 16). The intent of the GRP is to achieve the benefit of a reduced premium for the School District by virtue of its grouping and representation with other participants in the GRP. The workers' compensation experience of the participating school districts is calculated as one experience and a common premium rate is applied to all school districts in the GRP. Each participant pays its workers' compensation premium to the State based on the rate for the GRP rather than its individual rate. Total savings are then calculated and each participant's individual performance is compared to the overall savings percentage of the GRP. A participant will then either receive money from or be required to contribute to the "Equity Pooling Fund". This "equity pooling" arrangement ensures that each participant shares equally in the overall performance of the GRP. Participation in the GRP is limited to school districts that can meet the GRP's selection criteria. The firm of Gates McDonald & Co. provides administrative, cost control and actuarial services to the GRP.

Western Local School District Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2005

NOTE 9 - RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)

Dental insurance is offered to employees through a self-insurance internal service fund. Coresource is the School District's third party administrator who informs the District of claim payments needed each week. Dominguez Consulting provides an actuarial study each year and advises the District as to any change needed in premium payments to the internal service fund. The claims liability of \$4,649 reported in the internal service fund at June 30, 2005 is based on an estimate provided by Coresource and the requirements of GASB Statement No. 10 Accounting and Financial Reporting for Risk Financing and Related Insurance Issues, which requires that a liability for unpaid claim costs, including estimates of costs relating to incurred but not reported claims, be reported. The estimate was not affected by incremental claims adjustments expenses and does not include other allocated or unallocated claim adjustment expenses.

Changes in claims activity for the past two fiscal years are as follows:

	Balance at Beginning of Year	Current Year Claims	Claims Payments	Balance at End of Year
2004	\$5,743	\$49,883	\$50,936	\$4,690
2005	4,690	51,142	51,183	4,649

NOTE 10 - CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital assets activity for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2005, was as follows:

	Restated Balance 6/30/04	Additions	Deletions	Ending Balance 6/30/05
Governmental Activities				
Capital Assets, Not Being Depreciated				
Land	\$364,219	\$0	\$0	\$364,219
Construction in Progress	8,894,823	0	(8,894,823)	0
Total Capital Assets, Not Being Depreciated	9,259,042	0	(8,894,823)	364,219
Capital Assets Being Depreciated				
Land Improvements	1,070,597	739,872	0	1,810,469
Buildings and Improvements	10,870,332	11,834,495	(2,682,893)	20,022,033
Furniture and Equipment	450,360	146,537	0	596,897
Vehicles	1,128,399	68,500	0	1,196,899
Library Books and Textbooks	209,678	162,706	0	372,384
Infrastructure	0	111,496	0	111,496
Total Capital Assets, Being Depreciated	13,729,366	13,063,705	(2,682,893)	24,110,178
Less Accumulated Depreciation:				
Land Improvements	(232,797)	(72,027)	0	(304,824)
Building and Improvements	(4,358,143)	(444,432)	2,682,893	(2,119,682)
Furniture and Equipment	(205,631)	(38,571)	0	(244,202)
Vehicles	(707,918)	(91,794)	0	(799,712)
Library Books and Textbooks	(209,678)	(13,559)	0	(223,237)
Infrastructure	0	(1,115)	0	(1,115)
Total Accumulated Depreciation	(5,714,167)	(661,498)	2,682,893	(3,692,772)
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated, Net	8,015,199	12,402,207	0_	20,417,406
Governmental Activities Capital Assets, Net	\$17,274,241	\$12,402,207	(\$8,894,823)	\$20,781,625

NOTE 10 - CAPITAL ASSETS (continued)

Depreciation expense was charged to government functions as follows:

Instruction:	
Regular	\$517,143
Support Services:	
Instructional Staff	8,572
Administration	4,848
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	15,403
Pupil Transportation	104,326
Non-Instructional Services	10,275
Extracurricular Activities	931
Total Depreciation Expense	\$661,498

NOTE 11 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS

A. School Employees Retirement System

The School District contributes to the School Employees Retirement System of Ohio (SERS), a cost-sharing multiple employer defined benefit pension plan. SERS provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided by State statute per Chapter 3309 of the Ohio Revised Code. SERS issues a publicly available, stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained by writing to the School Employees Retirement System, 300 East Broad Street, Suite 100, Columbus, Ohio 43215-3746 or by calling (614)222-5853.

Plan members are required to contribute 10 percent of their annual covered salary and the School District is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. The current rate is 14 percent of annual covered payroll. For fiscal year 2004, 9.09% was the portion allocated to fund pension obligations. The contribution requirements of plan members and employers are established and may be amended, up to a statutory maximum amount, by the SERS' Retirement Board. The School District's required contributions for pension obligations to SERS for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2005, 2004, and 2003 were \$100,131, \$145,824, and \$130,512, respectively. 8% has been contributed for fiscal year 2005 and 100% for the fiscal years 2004 and 2003. \$92,001 represents the unpaid contribution for fiscal year 2005.

B. State Teachers Retirement System

The School District contributed to the State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio (STRS Ohio), a cost-sharing multiple employer defined benefit pension plan. STRS Ohio is a statewide retirement plan for licensed teachers and other faculty members employed in the public schools of Ohio or any school, college, university, institution or other agency controlled, managed and supported in whole or in part, by the state or any political subdivision thereof. STRS Ohio provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death and survivor benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Benefits are established by Chapter 3307 of the Ohio Revised Code. STRS Ohio issues a publicly available, stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained by writing to the State Teachers Retirement System, 275 East Broad Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215-3371.

NOTE 11 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (continued)

Plan Options – Effective July 1, 2001, two new plan options were offered to selected members. New members have a choice of three retirement plan options. In addition to the Defined Benefit (DB) Plan, new members are offered a Defined Contribution (DC) Plan and a Combined Plan. The DC Plan allows members to allocate all their member contributions and employer contributions equal to 10.5% of earned compensation. The Combined Plan offers features of the DC Plan and the DB Plan. In the Combined Plan, member contributions are allocated by the member, and employer contributions are used to fund a defined benefit payment at a reduced level from the regular DB Plan. Contributions into the DC Plan and the Combined Plan are credited to member accounts as employers submit their payroll information to STRS Ohio, generally on a biweekly basis. DC and Combined Plan members will transfer to the Defined Benefit Plan during their fifth year of membership unless they permanently select the DC or Combined Plan.

DB Plan Benefits – Plan benefits are established under Chapter 3307 of the Revised Code. Any member may retire who has (i) five years of service credit and attained age 60; (ii) 25 years of service credit and attained age 55; or (iii) 30 years of service credit regardless of age. The annual retirement allowance, payable for life, is the greater of the "formula benefit" or the "money-purchase benefit" calculation. Under the "formula benefit," the retirement allowance is based on years of credited service and final average salary, which is the average of the member's three highest salary years. The annual allowance is calculated by using a base percentage of 2.2% multiplied by the total number of years of service credit is calculated at 2.5%. An additional one-tenth of a percent is added to the calculation of every year of earned Ohio service over 31 years (2.6% for 32 years, 2.7% for 33 years and so on) until 100% of final average salary is reached. For members with 35 or more years of Ohio contributing service, the first 30 years will be calculated at 2.5% instead of 2.2%. Under the "money-purchase benefit" calculation, a member's lifetime contributions plus interest at specified rates are matched by an equal amount from other STRS Ohio funds. This total is then divided by an actuarially determined annuity factor to determine the maximum annual retirement allowance.

DC Plan Benefits – Benefits are established under Sections 3307.80 to 3307.89 of the Revised Code. For members who select the DC Plan, all member contributions and employer contributions at a rate of 10.5% are placed in an investment account. The member determines how to allocate the member and employer money among various investment choices. A member is eligible to receive a retirement benefit at age 50 and termination of employment. The member may elect to receive a lifetime monthly annuity or a lump-sum withdrawal. Employer contributions into members' accounts are vested after the first anniversary of the first day of paid service. Members in the DC Plan who become disabled are entitled only to their account balance. If a member dies before retirement benefits begin, the member's designated beneficiary is entitled to receive the member's account balance.

Combined Plan Benefits – Member contributions are allocated by the member, and employer contributions are used to fund a defined benefit payment. A member's defined benefit is determined by multiplying 1% of the member's final average salary by the member's years of service credit. The defined benefit portion of the Combined Plan payment is payable to a member on or after age 60. The defined contribution portion of the account may be taken as a lump sum or converted to a lifetime monthly annuity at age 50.

Eligible faculty of Ohio's public colleges and universities may choose to enroll in either STRS Ohio or an alternative retirement plan (ARP) offered by their employer. Employees have 120 days from their employment date to select a retirement plan.

A retiree of STRS Ohio or another Ohio public retirement system is eligible for reemployment as a teacher following the elapse of two months from the date of retirement. Contributions are made by the reemployed member and employer during the reemployment. Upon termination of reemployment or age 65, whichever comes later, the retiree is eligible for a money-purchase benefit or a lump-sum payment in addition to the original retirement allowance.

Benefits are increased annually by 3% of the original base amount.

NOTE 11 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (continued)

The Defined Benefit and Combined Plans offer access to health care coverage to eligible retirees who participated in the plans and their eligible dependents. Coverage under the current program includes hospitalization, physicians' fees, prescription drugs and partial reimbursement of monthly Medicare Part B premiums. By Ohio law, health care benefits are not guaranteed.

A Defined Benefit or Combined Plan member with five or more years' credited service who becomes disabled may qualify for a disability benefit. Eligible spouses and dependents of these active members who die before retirement may qualify for survivor benefits. A death benefit of \$1,000 is payable to the beneficiary of each deceased retired member who participated in the Defined Benefit Plan. Death benefit coverage up to \$2,000 can be purchased by participants in the DB, DC or Combined Plans. Various other benefits are available to members' beneficiaries.

Plan members were required to contribute 10 percent of their annual covered salaries. The School District was required to contribute 14 percent. Contribution rates are established by STRS, upon recommendations of its consulting actuary, not to exceed statutory maximum rates of 10 percent for members and 14 percent for employers. The School District's required contributions for pension obligations to STRS for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2005, 2004, and 2003 were \$416,938, \$395,638, and \$432,300, respectively; 83% has been contributed for fiscal year 2005 and 100% for fiscal years 2004 and 2003. \$71,675 represents the unpaid contribution for fiscal year 2005 and is recorded as a liability within the respective funds.

NOTE 12 - POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

The School District provides comprehensive health care benefits to retired teachers and their dependents through the State Teachers Retirement System (STRS), and to retired non-certified employees and their dependents through the School Employees Retirement System (SERS). Benefits include hospitalization, physicians' fees, prescription drugs and reimbursement of monthly Medicare premiums. Benefit provisions and the obligations to contribute are established by the Systems based on authority granted by State statute. Both systems are on a pay-as-you-go basis.

All STRS benefit recipients and sponsored dependents are eligible for health care coverage. The STRS Board has statutory authority over how much, if any, of the health care costs will be absorbed by STRS. Most benefit recipients pay a portion of the health care cost in the form of a monthly premium. By law, the cost of coverage paid from STRS funds is included in the employer contribution rate, currently 14 percent of covered payroll. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2004, the STRS Board allocated employer contributions equal to 1 percent of covered payroll to the Health Care Reserve Fund. For the School District, this amount equaled \$31,554 for fiscal year 2005.

STRS pays health care benefits from the Health Care Reserve Fund. At June 30, 2004 the balance in the Fund was \$3.1 billion. For the year ended June 30, 2004, net health care costs paid by STRS were \$268,739,000 and STRS had 111,853 eligible benefit recipients.

The Ohio Revised Code gives SERS the discretionary authority to provide postretirement health care to retirees and their dependents. Coverage is made available to service retirees with ten or more fiscal years of qualifying service credit, disability and survivor benefit recipients. Members retiring on or after August 1, 1989, with less than twenty-five years of service credit must pay a portion of their premium for health care. The portion is based on years of service up to a maximum of 75% of the premium.

After the allocation for basic benefits, the remainder of the employer's 14% contribution is allocated to providing health care benefits. In addition, SERS levies a surcharge to fund health care benefits equal to 14 percent of the difference between a minimum pay and the member's pay, pro-rated for partial service credit. For fiscal year 2004, the minimum pay was established at \$24,500. The surcharge, added to the unallocated portion of the 14% employer contribution rate, provides for maintenance of the asset target level for the health care fund. For the School District, the amount contributed to fund health care benefits, including the surcharge, during the 2005 fiscal year equaled \$119,311.

NOTE 12 - POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (continued)

The target level for the health care reserve is 150 percent of the annual health care expenses. Expenses for health care for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2004 were \$223,443,805 and the target level was \$335.6 million. At June 30, 2004, SERS had net assets available for payment of health care benefits of \$300.8 million. SERS has approximately 62,000 participants currently receiving health care benefits.

NOTE 13 - EMPLOYEE BENEFITS

A. Compensated Absences

The criteria for determining vacation and sick leave components are derived from negotiated agreements and State laws. Classified employees earn ten to twenty days of vacation per fiscal year, depending upon length of service. Vacation days are credited to these employees on the anniversary of their employment and should be used within the next twelve months. Vacation may be accumulated up to a maximum of 59 days (60 days for the superintendent and treasurer). Accumulated, unused vacation time is paid to classified employees and administrators upon termination of employment. Teachers do not earn vacation time.

Teachers, administrators, and classified employees earn sick leave at the rate of one and one-fourth days per month. Sick leave may be accumulated up to a maximum of 225 days for all personnel. Upon retirement, payment is made for one-fourth of accrued, but unused sick leave credit to a maximum of 50 days.

B. Insurance Benefits

The School District provides life insurance and accidental death and dismemberment insurance to most employees through Metropolitan Life Insurance Company. The School District has elected to provide employee medical/surgical benefits, vision and prescription drug benefits through United Health Care of Ohio. The employees share the cost of the monthly premium with the Board. The premium varies with employee depending on the terms of the union contract.

C. Deferred Compensation

School District employees may participate in the Ohio Public Employees Deferred Compensation Plan. This plan was created in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 457. Participation is on a voluntary payroll deduction basis. The plan permits deferral of compensation until future years. According to the plan, the deferred compensation is not available until termination, retirement, death or an unforeseeable emergency.

NOTE 14 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

The changes in the School District's long-term obligations during fiscal year 2005 were as follows:

	Principal Outstanding 6/30/04	Additions	Deductions	Principal Outstanding 6/30/05	Due In One Year
1995 School Improvement General Obligation Bonds - 4.05% to 6.35%	\$795,000	\$0	\$30,000	\$765,000	\$30,000
Compensated Absences	319,666	342,195	319,666	342,195	42,008
Total General Long-Term Obligations	\$1,114,666	\$342,195	\$349,666	\$1,107,195	\$72,008

The 1995 School Improvement bonds were issued in the amount of \$920,000 in November, 1995 as a result of the School District being approved for a \$6,847,433 school facilities loan through the State Department of Education for the construction of a junior/senior high school building. The School District issued the general obligation bonds to provide a partial cash match for the school facilities loans. As a requirement of the loans, the School District was required to pass a 4.15 mill levy. The 4.15 mill levy, of which .5 mill was to be used for the retirement of the loan, with the balance of 3.65 mills to be used for the retirement of the 1995 bond issue, will be in effect for twenty-three years.

NOTE 14 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (continued)

On October 7, 1997, Western Local School District was notified by the Ohio School Facilities Commission that they would not be responsible for repaying the remainder of the \$6,847,433 classroom facilities loan to the State because the School District's adjusted valuation per pupil (currently 608 out of 611 schools) was less than the state-wide median adjusted valuation per pupil. In lieu of the repayment, the School District must set aside the funds that would have been used for repayment for facilities maintenance. As part of this process, the School District must submit a maintenance plan to the Ohio School Facilities Commission every five years until the twenty-three year period expires. If the School District's adjusted valuation per pupil increases above the state-wide median adjusted valuation during the twenty-three year period, the School District may become responsible for repayment of a portion of the State's contribution.

Compensated absences and the pension obligation will be paid from the fund from which the employees' salaries are paid.

The School District's overall legal debt margin was \$2,182,177 with an unvoted debt margin of \$32,746 at June 30, 2005.

Fiscal year Ending June 30,	Principal	Interest	Total
2006	\$30,000	\$45,750	\$75,750
2007	35,000	44,021	79,021
2008	40,000	41,940	81,940
2009	40,000	39,720	79,720
2010	45,000	37,361	82,361
2011-2015	310,000	137,278	447,278
2016-2018	265,000	26,194	291,194
Total	\$765,000	\$372,264	\$1,137,264

Principal and interest requirements to retire general obligation debt at June 30, 2005, are as follows:

NOTE 15 - JOINTLY GOVERNED ORGANIZATIONS

South Central Ohio Computer Association - The School District is a participant in the South Central Ohio Computer Association (SCOCA) which is a computer consortium. SCOCA is an association of public school districts within the boundaries of Highland, Adams, Pike, Scioto, Brown, Ross, Jackson, Vinton and Lawrence Counties. The organization was formed for the purpose of applying modern technology with the aid of computers and other electronic equipment to administrative and instructional functions among member school districts. The governing board of SCOCA consists of two representatives from each of the participating counties, two representatives of the school treasurers plus the fiscal agent. The School District paid SCOCA \$65,815 for services provided during the year. Financial information can be obtained from their fiscal agent, the Pike County Joint Vocational School District, Tonya Cooper, who serves as Treasurer, at P. O. Box 577, 175 Beaver Creek Road, Piketon, Ohio 45661.

The Pike County Joint Vocational School - The Pike County Joint Vocational School is a distinct political subdivision of the State of Ohio operated under the direction of a Board consisting of the Pike County Board of Education and two representatives from the Waverly City Schools Board of Education, which possesses its own budgeting and taxing authority. To obtain financial information write to the Pike County Joint Vocational School, Tonya Cooper, who serves as Treasurer, at P. O. Box 577,175 Beaver Creek Road, Piketon, Ohio 45661.

NOTE 15 - JOINTLY GOVERNED ORGANIZATIONS (continued)

Coalition of Rural and Appalachian Schools - The Coalition of Rural and Appalachian Schools is a jointly governed organization of over one hundred school districts in southeastern Ohio. The Coalition is operated by a board which is composed of fourteen members. The board members are composed of one superintendent from each county elected by the school districts within that county. The Council provides various services for school district administrative personnel; gathers data regarding conditions of education in the region; cooperates with other professional groups to assess and develop programs designed to meet the needs of member districts; and provides staff development programs for school district personnel. The Council is not dependent upon the continued participation of the School District and the School District does not maintain an equity interest in or a financial responsibility for the Council. The School District personnel \$300 to the Coalition for services provided during the year.

NOTE 16 - INSURANCE PURCHASING POOL

Ohio School Boards Association Workers' Compensation Group Rating Plan - The School District participates in the Ohio School Boards Association Workers' Compensation Group Rating Plan (GRP), an insurance purchasing pool. The GRP's business and affairs are conducted by a three member Board of Directors consisting of the President, the President-Elect and the Immediate Past President of the OSBA. The Executive Director of the OSBA, or his designee, serves as coordinator of the program. Each year, the participating school districts pay an enrollment fee to the GRP to cover the costs of administering the program.

NOTE 17 - SCHOOL FUNDING COURT DECISION

On December 11, 2002, the Ohio Supreme Court issued its latest opinion regarding the State's school funding plan. The decision reaffirmed earlier decisions that Ohio's current school-funding plan is unconstitutional. The Supreme Court relinquished jurisdiction over the case and directed "...the Ohio General Assembly to enact a school-funding scheme that is thorough and efficient..."

On March 4, 2003, the Plaintiffs filed a motion with the Common Pleas Court of Perry County requesting that such Court schedule and conduct a conference to address the State's compliance with the orders of such Court and the Supreme Court. On May 16, 2003, the Ohio Supreme Court granted a Writ of Prohibition as filed by the State and ordered the Common Pleas Court of Perry County to dismiss the motion for a compliance conference. The Ohio Supreme Court further stated again its ruling made on December 11, 2002.

The School District is currently unable to determine what effect, if any, this decision will have on its future State funding and on its financial operations.

NOTE 18 - CONTINGENCIES

Grants

The School District received financial assistance from federal and state agencies in the form of grants. The expenditure of funds received under these programs generally requires compliance with terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements and is subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims resulting from such audits could become a liability of the General Fund or other applicable funds. However, in the opinion of management, any such disallowed claims will not have a material adverse effect on the overall financial position of the School District at June 30, 2005.

NOTE 19 - SET-ASIDE CALCULATIONS AND FUND RESERVES

The School District is required by State statute to annually set aside in the general fund an amount based on a statutory formula for the purchase of textbooks and other instructional materials and an equal amount for the acquisition or construction of capital improvements. Amounts not spent by year-end or offset by similarly restricted resources received during the year must be held in cash at year-end and carried forward to be used for the same purposes in future years.

The following information describes the change in the year-end set-aside amounts for textbooks and capital acquisition. Disclosure of this information is required by State statute.

	Textbooks	Capital Acquisition
Set-aside Cash Balance as of June 30, 2004	\$0	\$0
Current year set-aside requirement	124,849	124,849
Current year offsets and Pr. Yr. Carry Over	(209,363)	(149,767)
Qualifying disbursements	(131,348)	(124,695)
Amount Carried Forward to FY 2006	(\$215,862)	(\$149,613)
Reserve Balance as of June 30, 2005	\$0	\$0

The School District had offset and qualifying disbursements during the year that reduced the set-aside amounts below zero in the Textbooks and Capital Acquisition Reserves, these extra amounts may be carried forward and used to reduce the set-aside requirements of future years.

NOTE 20 – INTERFUND ACTIVITY

Interfund Transfers and Balances

Transfers made during the year ended June 30, 2005, were as follows:

	Transfer From	Transfer To
Major Fund:		
General	\$70,001	\$0
Non Major Funds:		
EMIS	0	70,001
Total	\$70,001	\$70,001

Transfers were made to move unrestricted balances to support programs and projects accounted for in other funds.

Interfund balances at June 30, 2005, consist of the following individual fund receivables and payables, which are expected to be repaid during the 2006 fiscal year:

	Receivable	Payable
Major Fund:		
General	\$44,646	\$0
Non-Major Funds:		
Title VI-B	0	9,058
Reading Intervention	0	11,860
Title V	0	23,728
Total	\$44,646	\$44,646

During the year, the District's General Fund made advances to other funds in anticipation of intergovernmental grant revenue.

Western Local School District Pike County

Schedule of Federal Awards Expenditures For the Year Ended June 30, 2005

Federal Grantor/ Pass Through Grantor/ Program Title	Pass Through Entity Number	Federal CFDA Number	Rece	Non-Cash Receipts Receipts			Disbursements		Non-Cash Disbursements	
United States Department of Agriculttre										
Passed through Ohio Department of Education Nutrition Cluster:										
	NT A	10 550	¢		\$	12.062	¢		\$	12.062
Food Distribution Program	NA	10.550	\$	-	\$	42,063	\$	-	\$	42,063
National School Breakfast Program	05PU	10.553		65,314		-		65,314		-
National School Lunch Program	LLP4	10.555	1.	54,275		-		154,275		
Total United States Department of Agriculture - Nutrition Cluster			2	19,589		42,063		219,589		42,063
United States Department of Education										
Passed through Ohio Department of Education										
Special Education Cluster:										
Special Education Grants to States	6BSF	84.027	20	05,199		-		206,555		-
Total Special Education Cluster			20	05,199		-		206,555		-
Title I Grants to Local Education Agencies	C1S1	84.010	5'	26,047		_		552,590		_
Safe and Drug Free Schools and Communities State Grants	DRS1	84.186		12.164		-		12.075		-
School Grants for Innovative Programs	C2S1	84.298		3,786		-		3,203		-
Education Technology State Grants	TJS1	84.318		9,950		_		10,421		
Rural Education	RUS1	84.358		11,412		_		9,721		
Improving Teacher Quality State Grant	TRS1	84.367		85,327		_		93,445		_
Reading First State Grant	RSS1	84.357		02.679		_		420,580		_
Reading I list State Grant	RODI	01.557		02,017				120,500		
Total United States Department of Education			1,25	56,563		-		1,308,591		-
Total Federal Financial Assistance			\$ 1,47	76,152	\$	42,063	\$	1,528,180	\$	42,063

N/A = Pass through entity number could not be located. See Notes to the Schedule of Federal Awards Expenditures.

NOTE A - SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accompanying schedule of federal awards expenditures is a summary of the activity of the District's federal award programs. The schedule has been prepared on the cash basis of accounting.

NOTE B - FOOD DISTRIBUTIONS

Non monetary assistance is reported in the schedule at the fair market value of the commodities received and disbursed. Monies are commingled with State grants. It is assumed federal monies are expended first. At June 30, 2005, the District had no significant food commodities in inventory.

BALESTRA, HARR & SCHERER, CPAs, INC.

528 South West Street, P.O. Box 687

Piketon, Ohio 45661

Telephone (740) 289-4131 Fax (740) 289-3639 www.bhscpas.com

Member American Institute of Certified Public Accountants

Ohio Society of Certified Public Accountants

REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Board of Trustees Western Local School District 7959 State Route 124 Latham, OH 45646

We have audited the financial statements of Western Local School District (the District) and its governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information as of and for the year ended June 30, 2005, and have issued our report thereon dated January 17, 2006, in which we indicated the District adopted GASB Statement No. 40, GASB Statement Number 41, and GASB Technical Bulletin Number 2004. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting. Our consideration of the internal control over financial reporting would not necessarily disclose all matters in the internal control that might be material weaknesses. A material weakness is a reportable condition in which the design or operation of one or more of the internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that misstatements caused by error or fraud in amounts that would be material in relation to the financial statements being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions. We noted no matters involving the internal control over financial reporting and its operation that we consider to be material weaknesses.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the District's basic financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the audit committee, management, and members of the Board of Education and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Balistra, Harr & Scherur

Balestra, Harr & Scherer, CPAs, Inc.

January 17, 2006

BALESTRA, HARR & SCHERER, CPAs, INC.

528 South West Street, P.O. Box 687

Piketon, Ohio 45661

Telephone (740) 289-4131 Fax (740) 289-3639 www.harrscherer.com

Member American Institute of Certified Public Accountants

Ohio Society of Certified Public Accountants

Report on Compliance with Requirements Applicable to Each Major Program and on Internal Control Over Compliance in Accordance With OMB Circular A-133

Members of the Board Western Local School District 7959 State Route 124 Latham, Ohio 45646

Compliance

We have audited the compliance of the Western Local School District (the District) with the types of compliance requirements described in the U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Circular A-133, *Compliance Supplement* that are applicable to its major federal program for the year ended June 30, 2005. The District's major federal program is identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. Compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts and grants applicable to its major federal program is the responsibility of the District's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the District's compliance based on our audit.

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. Those standards and OMB Circular A-133 require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the District's compliance with those requirements.

In our opinion, the District complied, in all material respects, with the requirements referred to above that are applicable to its major federal program for the year ended June 30, 2005.

Western Local School District

Report on Compliance with Requirements Applicable to Each Major Program and on Internal Control Over Compliance in Accordance With OMB Circular A-133

Page 2

Internal Control Over Compliance

The management of the District is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with requirements of laws, regulations, contracts and grants applicable to federal programs. In planning and performing our audit we considered the internal control over compliance with requirements that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on compliance and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with OMB Circular A-133.

Our consideration of the internal control over compliance would not necessarily disclose all matters in the internal control that might be material weaknesses. A material weakness is a reportable condition in which the design or operation of one or more of the internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that noncompliance with applicable requirements of laws, regulation, contracts and grants caused by an error or fraud that would be material in relation to a major federal program being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions. We noted no matters involving the internal control over compliance and its operation that we consider to be material weaknesses.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the audit committee, management, members of the Board, and federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Balistra, Harr & Scherur

Balestra, Harr & Scherer, CPAs, Inc. January 17, 2006

WESTERN LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT PIKE COUNTY JUNE 30, 2005

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS OMB CIRCULAR A-133 SECTION .505

SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

(d)(1)(i)	Type of Financial Statement Opinion	Unqualified
(d)(1)(ii)	Were there any material control weakness conditions reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
(d)(1)(ii)	Were there any other reportable control weakness conditions reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
(d)(1)(iii)	Was there any reported noncompliance at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
(d)(1)(iv)	Were there any material internal control weakness conditions reported for major federal programs?	No
(d)(1)(iv)	Were there any other reportable internal control weakness conditions reported for major federal programs?	No
(d)(1)(v)	Type of Major Programs' Compliance Opinion	Unqualified
(d)(1)(vi)	Are there any reportable findings under section .510?	No
(d)(1)(vii)	Major Programs (list):	Reading First State Grants, CFDA#84.357
(d)(1)(viii)	Dollar Threshold: Type A\B Programs	Type A: > \$300,000 Type B: all others
(d)(1)(ix)	Low Risk Auditee?	Yes

WESTERN LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT PIKE COUNTY JUNE 30, 2005

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS OMB CIRCULAR A-133 SECTION .505

2. FINDINGS RELATED TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS

None.

3. FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR FEDERAL AWARDS

None.



88 East Broad Street P.O. Box 1140 Columbus, Ohio 43216-1140

Telephone 614-466-4514 800-282-0370 Facsimile 614-466-4490

WESTERN LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT

PIKE COUNTY

CLERK'S CERTIFICATION

This is a true and correct copy of the report which is required to be filed in the Office of the Auditor of State pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in Columbus, Ohio.

Susan Babbett

CLERK OF THE BUREAU

CERTIFIED APRIL 6, 2006