BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (AUDITED)

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006

JOYCE BOYER, TREASURER



Mary Taylor, CPA Auditor of State

Board of Education Canal Winchester Local School District 290 Washington Street Canal Winchester, Ohio 43110

We have reviewed the *Independent Auditor's Report* of the Canal Winchester Local School District, Franklin County, prepared by Julian and Grube, Inc., for the audit period July 1, 2005 through June 30, 2006. Based upon this review, we have accepted these reports in lieu of the audit required by Section 117.11, Revised Code. The Auditor of State did not audit the accompanying financial statements and, accordingly, we are unable to express, and do not express an opinion on them.

Our review was made in reference to the applicable sections of legislative criteria, as reflected by the Ohio Constitution, and the Revised Code, policies, procedures and guidelines of the Auditor of State, regulations and grant requirements. The Canal Winchester Local School District is responsible for compliance with these laws and regulations.

Mary Taylor, CPA Auditor of State

Mary Taylor

March 1, 2007



BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006

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Julian & Grube, Inc.

Serving Ohio Local Governments

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Independent Auditor's Report

Board of Education Canal Winchester Local School District 290 Washington Street Canal Winchester, OH 43110

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Canal Winchester Local School District, Franklin County (the "District") as of and for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2006, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Canal Winchester Local School District's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and the significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Canal Winchester Local School District, Franklin County, as of June 30, 2006, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows, where applicable, thereof and the respective budgetary comparison for the General fund for the fiscal year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

As disclosed in Note 3 to the financial statements, beginning funds balances were restated in the Building and Debt Service fund due to improper recording of interest earned in 2005.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 15, 2006, on our consideration of the Canal Winchester Local School District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* and should be considered in assessing the results of our audit.

Board of Education Canal Winchester Local School District Page Two

Julian & Sube the!

The management's discussion and analysis is not a required part of the basic financial statements but is supplementary information required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the required supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. The accompanying schedule of receipts and expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by U. S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*, and is not a required part of the basic financial statements of the District. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Julian & Grube, Inc. December 15, 2006

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006

The discussion and analysis of Canal Winchester Local School District's (the "District") financial performance provides an overall review of the District's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2006. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the District's financial performance as a whole; readers should also review the basic financial statements and the notes to the basic financial statements to enhance their understanding of the District's financial performance.

Financial Highlights

Key financial highlights for 2006 are as follows:

- In total, net assets decreased \$68,112. Net assets of governmental activities decreased \$55,665, which represents a 0.38% decrease from 2005. Net assets of business-type activities decreased \$12,447 or 7.77% from 2005.
- General revenues accounted for \$28,551,774 in revenue or 87.15% of all revenues. Program specific revenues in the form of charges for services and sales, grants and contributions accounted for \$4,211,331 or 12.85% of total revenues of \$32,763,105.
- The District had \$31,587,512 in expenses related to governmental activities, the District also had a special item for the loss on sale of capital assets of \$408,057: \$3,406,475 of these expenses were offset by program specific charges for services, grants or contributions. General revenues supporting governmental activities (primarily taxes and unrestricted grants and entitlements) of \$28,543,489 were adequate to provide for these programs, but were not adequate to provide for the special item expense.
- The District's major governmental funds are the general fund, debt service fund and building fund. The general fund had \$25,667,566 in revenues and other financing sources and \$25,149,670 in expenditures and other financing uses. The fund balance of the general fund increased from \$4,292,183 to \$4,810,079.
- The debt service fund had \$6,642,669 in revenues and other financing sources and \$7,849,269 in expenditures. The fund balance of the debt service fund decreased from \$4,488,830 to \$3,282,230.
- The building fund had \$1,064,824 in revenues and \$6,297,417 in expenditures. The fund balance of the building fund decreased from \$32,205,905 to \$26,973,312.
- Net assets for the District's enterprise fund decreased \$12,447 or 7.77%. The food service fund net assets decreased from \$160,134 to \$147,687 on expenses of \$835,618 versus revenues (both operating and non-operating) of \$823,171.

Using this Financial Report

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements and notes to those statements. These statements are organized so the reader can understand the District as a financial whole, an entire operating entity. The statements then proceed to provide an increasingly detailed look at specific financial activities.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006

The *Statement of Net Assets* and *Statement of Activities* provide information about the activities of the whole District, presenting both an aggregate view of the District's finances and a longer-term view of those finances. Fund financial statements provide the next level of detail. For governmental funds, these statements tell how services were financed in the short-term as well as what remains for future spending. The fund financial statements also look at the District's most significant funds with all other nonmajor funds presented in total in one column. The District has three major funds: the general fund, debt service fund and building fund. The general fund is by far the most significant fund.

Reporting the District as a Whole

Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities

While this document contains the large number of funds used by the District to provide programs and activities, the view of the District as a whole looks at all financial transactions and asks the question, "How did we do financially during 2006?" The Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities answer this question. These statements include *all non-fiduciary assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses* using the *accrual basis of accounting* similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. This basis of accounting will take into account all of the current year's revenues and expenses regardless of when cash is received or paid.

These two statements report the District's *net assets* and changes in those assets. This change in net assets is important because it tells the reader that, for the District as a whole, the *financial position* of the District has improved or diminished. The causes of this change may be the result of many factors, some financial, some not. Non-financial factors include the District's property tax base, current property tax laws in Ohio restricting revenue growth, facility conditions, required educational programs and other factors.

In the Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities, the District is divided into two distinct kinds of activities:

Governmental Activities - Most of the District's programs and services are reported here including instruction, support services, operation and maintenance of plant, pupil transportation, and extracurricular activities.

Business-Type Activities - These services are provided on a charge for goods or services basis to recover all or a significant portion of the expenses of the goods or services provided. The District's food service program is reported as business activities.

The District's statement of net assets and statement of activities can be found on pages 16-18 of this report.

Reporting the District's Most Significant Funds

Fund Financial Statements

The analysis of the District's major governmental funds begins on page 10 and the analysis of the District's business-type activities enterprise funds begins on page 9. Fund financial reports provide detailed information about the District's major funds. The District uses many funds to account for a multitude of financial transactions. However, these fund financial statements focus on the District's most significant funds.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006

Governmental Funds

Most of the District's activities are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at year-end available for spending in future periods. These funds are reported using an accounting method called *modified accrual* accounting, which measures cash and all other *financial assets* that can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed *short-term* view of the District's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance educational programs. The relationship (or differences) between governmental *activities* (reported in the Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities) and governmental *funds* is reconciled in the financial statements. The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 19-23 of this report.

Proprietary Funds

The proprietary funds use the same basis of accounting as business-type activities; therefore, these statements will essentially match information provided in the statements for the District as a whole. The basic proprietary fund financial statements can be found on pages 24-26 of this report.

Reporting the District's Fiduciary Responsibilities

The District acts in a trustee capacity as an agent for individuals, private organizations, other governmental units and/or other funds. These activities are reported in an agency fund. The District's fiduciary activities are reported in a separate Statement of Fiduciary Net Assets on page 27. These activities are excluded from the District's other financial statements because the assets cannot be utilized by the District to finance its operations.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. These notes to the basic financial statements can be found on pages 28-59 of this report.

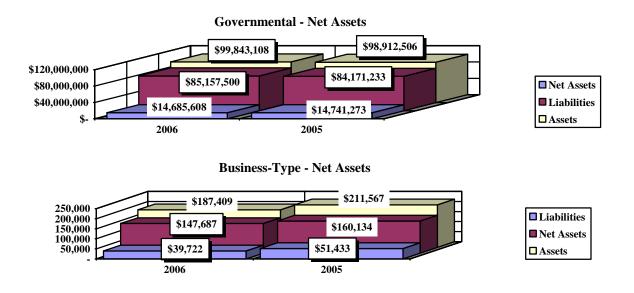
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006

The District as a Whole

The Statement of Net Assets provides the perspective of the District as a whole. The table below provides a summary of the District's net assets for 2006 and 2005.

Net Assets							
	Govern	mental	Business	s-Type			
	Activ	<u>vities</u>	Activ	<u>vities</u>	<u>Total</u>		
	<u>2006</u>	<u>2005</u>	<u>2006</u>	<u>2005</u>	<u>2006</u>	<u>2005</u>	
<u>Assets</u>							
Current assets	\$52,434,965	\$55,893,808	\$ 34,857	\$ 43,241	\$52,469,822	\$55,937,049	
Capital assets	47,408,143	43,018,698	152,552	168,326	47,560,695	43,187,024	
Total assets	99,843,108	98,912,506	187,409	211,567	100,030,517	99,124,073	
Liabilities							
Current liabilities	14,740,650	12,596,732	33,258	45,320	14,773,908	12,642,052	
Long-term liabilities	70,416,850	71,574,501	6,464	6,113	70,423,314	71,580,614	
Total liabilities	85,157,500	84,171,233	39,722	51,433	85,197,222	84,222,666	
Net Assets							
Invested in capital							
assets, net of related debt	10,098,353	8,963,598	152,552	168,326	10,250,905	9,131,924	
Restricted	4,594,310	4,874,151	-	-	4,594,310	4,874,151	
Unrestricted (deficit)	(7,055)	903,524	(4,865)	(8,192)	(11,920)	895,332	
Total net assets	\$14,685,608	\$14,741,273	\$ 147,687	\$ 160,134	\$14,833,295	\$14,901,407	

Total net assets decreased by \$68,112 due primarily to an overall decrease in capital assets and the corresponding special item loss on the sale of capital assets.



MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006

The table below shows the changes in net assets for fiscal years 2006 and 2005.

Change in Net Assets

	Governmental		Business		T 1		
	Activ	ities	Activ	rities	<u></u>	tal	
	2006	2005	2006	2005	2006	2005	
Revenues							
Program revenues:							
Charges for services and sales	\$ 854,002	\$ 827,448	\$ 536,729	\$ 499,046	\$ 1,390,731	\$ 1,326,494	
Operating grants and contributions	1,452,217	1,240,489	268,127	244,338	1,720,344	1,484,827	
Capital grants and contributions	1,100,256	21,210	-	-	1,100,256	21,210	
General revenues:							
Property taxes	12,957,494	12,713,595	-	-	12,957,494	12,713,595	
Income taxes	2,604,518	2,352,160	-	-	2,604,518	2,352,160	
Grants and entitlements	12,245,191	10,893,799	-	-	12,245,191	10,893,799	
Investment earnings	587,664	327,817	2,094	134	589,758	327,951	
Miscellaneous	148,622	319,028	6,161		154,783	319,028	
Total revenues	31,949,964	28,695,546	813,111	743,518	32,763,075	29,439,064	
Expenses							
Program expenses:							
Instruction:							
Regular	12,715,496	10,392,296	-	-	12,715,496	10,392,296	
Special	2,997,339	2,482,555	-	-	2,997,339	2,482,555	
Vocational	754,739	543,558	-	-	754,739	543,558	
Other	9,022	245	-	-	9,022	245	
Support services:							
Pupil	1,496,898	1,287,506	-	-	1,496,898	1,287,506	
Instructional staff	1,312,801	1,081,519	-	-	1,312,801	1,081,519	
Board of education	56,227	322,761	-	-	56,227	322,761	
Administration	2,089,593	1,957,134	-	-	2,089,593	1,957,134	
Fiscal	684,915	549,882	-	-	684,915	549,882	
Operations and maintenance	2,695,034	2,670,485	-	-	2,695,034	2,670,485	
Pupil transportation	2,177,511	1,549,372	-	-	2,177,511	1,549,372	
Central	316,936	294,257	-	-	316,936	294,257	
Operation of non-instructional services	14,478	14,478	-	-	14,478	14,478	
Extracurricular activities	907,432	873,926	-	-	907,432	873,926	
Interest and fiscal charges	3,359,091	1,821,515	-	<u>-</u>	3,359,091	1,821,515	
Food service			835,618	789,019	835,618	789,019	
Total expenses	31,587,512	25,841,489	835,618	789,019	32,423,130	26,630,508	
Changes in net assets before transfers	362,452	2,854,057	(22,507)	(45,501)	339,945	2,808,556	
Transfers	(10,060)	-	10,060	-	-	-	
Special item loss on sale of capital assets	(408,057)				(408,057)		
Changes in net assets	(55,665)	2,854,057	(12,447)	(45,501)	(68,112)	2,808,556	
Net assets at beginning of year	14,741,273	11,887,216	160,134	205,635	14,901,407	12,092,851	
Net assets at end of year	\$14,685,608	\$14,741,273	\$ 147,687	\$ 160,134	\$14,833,295	\$14,901,407	

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006

Governmental Activities

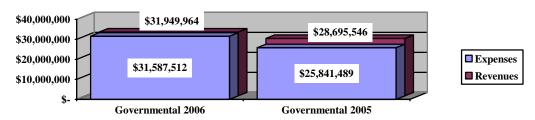
Net assets of the District's governmental activities decreased \$55,665. Total governmental expenses of \$31,587,512 were offset by program revenues of \$3,406,475, and general revenues of \$28,543,489. Program revenues supported 10.78% of the total governmental expenses.

The primary sources of revenue for governmental activities are derived from property taxes, income taxes and grants and entitlements. These revenue sources represent 88.03% of total governmental revenue. Real estate property is reappraised every six years.

The District's financial condition is solid as of the end of fiscal year 2006, but a trend of expenses exceeding revenues appears to have begun. This trend is expected to continue the next two years. The principle cause is stagnate growth in revenue, increases in student enrollment causing increases in personnel costs, coupled with major increases in special education costs and utility costs.

The graph below presents the District's governmental activities revenue and expenses for fiscal years 2006 and 2005.

Governmental Activities - Revenues and Expenses



The Statement of Activities shows the cost of program services and the charges for services and grants offsetting those services. The following table shows, for governmental activities, the total cost of services and the net cost of services for 2006 and 2005. That is, it identifies the cost of these services supported by tax revenue and unrestricted State grants and entitlements.

Governmental Activities

	Total Cost of	Net Cost of	Total Cost of	Net Cost of
	Services	Services	Services	Services
	2006	2006	2005	2005
Program expenses:				
Instruction:				
Regular	\$ 12,715,496	\$ 11,043,182	\$ 10,392,296	\$ 9,852,042
Special	2,997,339	2,619,303	2,482,555	2,096,959
Vocational	754,739	754,739	543,558	542,571
Other	9,022	39	245	245

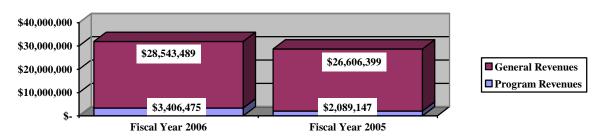
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006

	Total Cost of Services 2006	Net Cost of Services 2006	Total Cost of Services 2005	Net Cost of Services 2005
Support services:				
Pupil	\$ 1,496,898	\$ 1,034,689	\$ 1,287,506	\$ 930,930
Instructional staff	1,312,801	1,097,658	1,081,519	957,564
Board of Education	56,227	56,227	322,761	322,761
Administration	2,089,593	2,027,866	1,957,134	1,903,130
Fiscal	684,915	674,989	549,882	535,275
Operations and maintenance	2,695,034	2,652,594	2,670,485	2,670,485
Pupil transportation	2,177,511	2,083,964	1,549,372	1,462,898
Central	316,936	301,936	294,257	279,257
Operation of non-instructional services	14,478	14,478	14,478	(32,046)
Extracurricular activities	907,432	460,282	873,926	408,756
Interest and fiscal charges	3,359,091	3,359,091	1,821,515	1,821,515
Total expenses	\$ 31,587,512	\$ 28,181,037	\$ 25,841,489	\$ 23,752,342

The dependence upon tax revenues during fiscal year 2006 for governmental activities is apparent, as 87.50% of 2006 instruction activities are supported through taxes and other general revenues. The District's taxpayers, as a whole, are by far the primary support for District's students.

The graph below presents the District's governmental activities revenue for fiscal years 2006 and 2005.

Governmental Activities - General and Program Revenues



Business-Type Activities

Business-type activities include food service operations. This program had revenues of \$823,171 and expenses of \$835,618 for fiscal year 2006. Business-type activities decreased \$12,447 in fiscal year 2006. The District's business-type activities do not receive support from tax revenues. The activities of the enterprise fund are presented on pages 24-26.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006

The District's Governmental Funds

The District's governmental funds (as presented on the balance sheet on page 19) reported a combined fund balance of \$35,618,740, which is below last year's total of \$41,425,376. The June 30, 2005 fund balances have been restated as described in Note 3.B. to the basic financial statements. The schedule below indicates the fund balance and the total change in fund balance as of June 30, 2006 and 2005.

		Restated	
	Fund Balance	Fund Balance	
	June 30,2006	June 30, 2005	Increase
General	\$ 4,810,079	\$ 4,292,183	\$ 517,896
Debt Service	3,282,230	4,488,830	(1,206,600)
Building	26,973,312	32,205,905	(5,232,593)
Other Governmental	553,119	438,458	114,661
Total	\$ 35,618,740	\$ 41,425,376	\$ (5,806,636)

General Fund

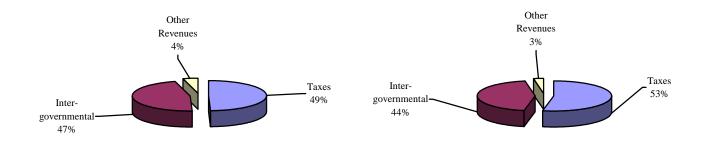
The District's general fund balance increased \$517,896 during 2006. This was due to several factors. Earnings on investments increased due to rising interest rates, and real estate taxes and state foundation revenues increased. In addition, the District didn't spend as much as anticipated on purchased services, including fuel due to fluctuating gas prices and a mild winter. The table that follows assists in illustrating the revenues of the general fund.

	2006 Amount	2005 Amount	Percentage <u>Change</u>
Revenues			 _
Taxes	\$ 12,663,211	\$ 12,727,174	(0.50) %
Intergovernmental	11,956,232	10,622,588	12.55 %
Other revenues	1,044,052	692,177	50.84 %
Total	\$ 25,663,495	\$ 24,041,939	6.74 %

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006

Revenues - Fiscal Year 2006

Revenues - Fiscal Year 2005

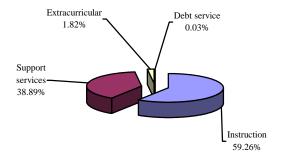


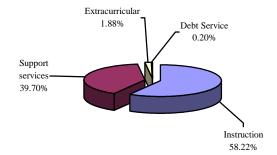
The table that follows assists in illustrating the expenditures of the general fund.

	2006	2005	Percentage
	Amount	Amount	Change
Expenditures			
Instruction	\$ 14,753,801	\$ 12,583,161	17.25 %
Support services	9,682,584	8,580,024	12.85 %
Extracurricular activities	453,580	406,008	11.72 %
Debt service	7,260	43,508	(83.31) %
Total	\$ 24,897,225	\$ 21,612,701	15.20 %

Expenditures - Fiscal Year 2006

Expenditures - Fiscal Year 2005





MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006

Debt Service Fund

The debt service fund had \$6,642,669 in revenues and other financing sources and \$7,849,269 in expenditures. The fund balance of the debt service fund decreased \$1,206,600 from \$4,488,830 to \$3,282,230.

Building Fund

The building fund had \$1,064,824 in revenues and \$6,297,417 in expenditures. The fund balance of the building fund decreased \$5,232,593 from \$32,205,905 to \$26,973,312.

General Fund Budgeting Highlights

The District's budget is prepared according to Ohio law and is based on accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements and encumbrances. The most significant budgeted fund is the general fund.

During the course of fiscal year 2006, the District amended its general fund budget several times. The District uses site-based budgeting and the budgeting systems are designed to tightly control total site budgets but provide flexibility for site management.

For the general fund, original budgeted revenues and other financing sources were \$24,512,682. Final budgeted revenues of \$24,582,171 were \$869,303, below actual revenues and other financing sources of \$25,451,474. Of this \$869,303 difference, actual earnings on investments and state foundation estimates were higher than anticipated.

General fund original appropriations (appropriated expenditures plus other financing uses) were \$26,226,150 and final appropriations were \$26,420,442. The actual budget basis expenditures and other financing uses for fiscal year 2006 totaled \$25,229,768, which was \$1,190,674 less than the final budget appropriations. The District spent less than anticipated on purchased services during fiscal year 2006.

Capital Assets and Debt Administration

Capital Assets

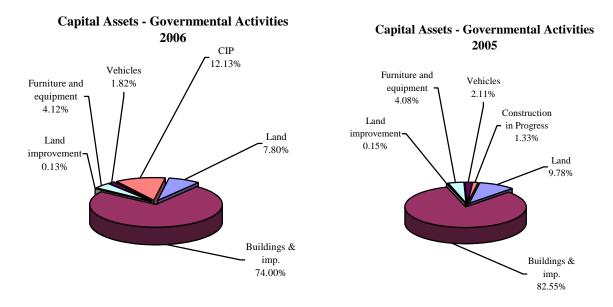
At the end of fiscal year 2006, the District had \$47,408,143 invested in land, land improvements, buildings and improvements, furniture and equipment, vehicles and construction in progress (CIP). The following table shows fiscal year 2006 balances compared to 2005:

Capital Assets at June 30 (Net of Depreciation)

		Governmental Activities		Bus	Business-Type Activities			Total				
	-	2006		2005	20	006	2	.005	_	2006	-	2005
Land	\$	3,698,648	\$	4,205,598	\$	-	\$	-	\$	3,698,648	\$	4,205,598
Land improvements		63,420		64,491		-		-		63,420		64,491
Buildings and improvements		35,081,326		35,512,529		-		-		35,081,326		35,512,529
Furniture and equipment		1,954,044		1,753,055	15	52,552	1	66,892		2,106,596		1,919,947
Vehicles		864,584		909,003		-		1,434		864,584		910,437
Construction in progress	_	5,746,121	_	574,022						5,746,121	_	574,022
Total	\$	47,408,143	\$	43,018,698	\$ 15	52,552	\$ 1	68,326	\$	47,560,695	\$	43,187,024

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006

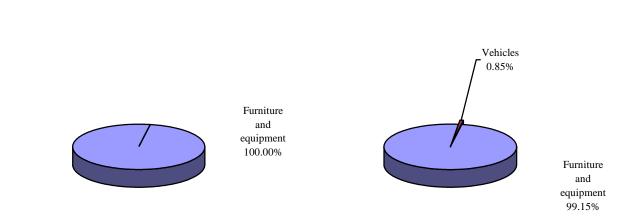
The following graphs show the breakdown of governmental activities capital assets by category for 2006 and 2005.



The following graphs show the breakdown of business-type activities capital assets by category for 2006 and 2005.

Capital Assets - Governmental Activities

2005



See Note 9 to the basic financial statements for detail on the District's capital assets.

Capital Assets - Business-Type Activities

2006

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006

Debt Administration

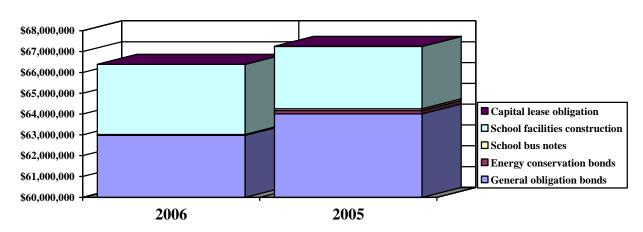
At June 30, 2006 the District had \$62,974,172 in general obligation bonds, \$43,000 in school bus notes and \$3,370,000 in school facilities construction and improvement notes outstanding. Of the total outstanding debt, \$3,784,147 is due within one year and \$62,603,025 is due within greater than one year. The following table summarizes the bonds, notes and lease obligations outstanding.

Outstanding Debt, at Year End

	Governmental Activities 2006	Governmental Activities 2005
General obligation bonds	\$ 62,974,172	\$ 64,004,768
Energy conservation bonds	-	163,781
School bus notes	43,000	84,000
School facilities construction		
and improvement notes	3,370,000	3,000,000
Capital lease obligation	_	7,260
Total	\$ 66,387,172	\$ 67,259,809

The following graphs show the breakdown of outstanding debt by category for 2006 and 2005.

Outstanding Debt



See Note 11 to the basic financial statements for detail on the District's debt administration.

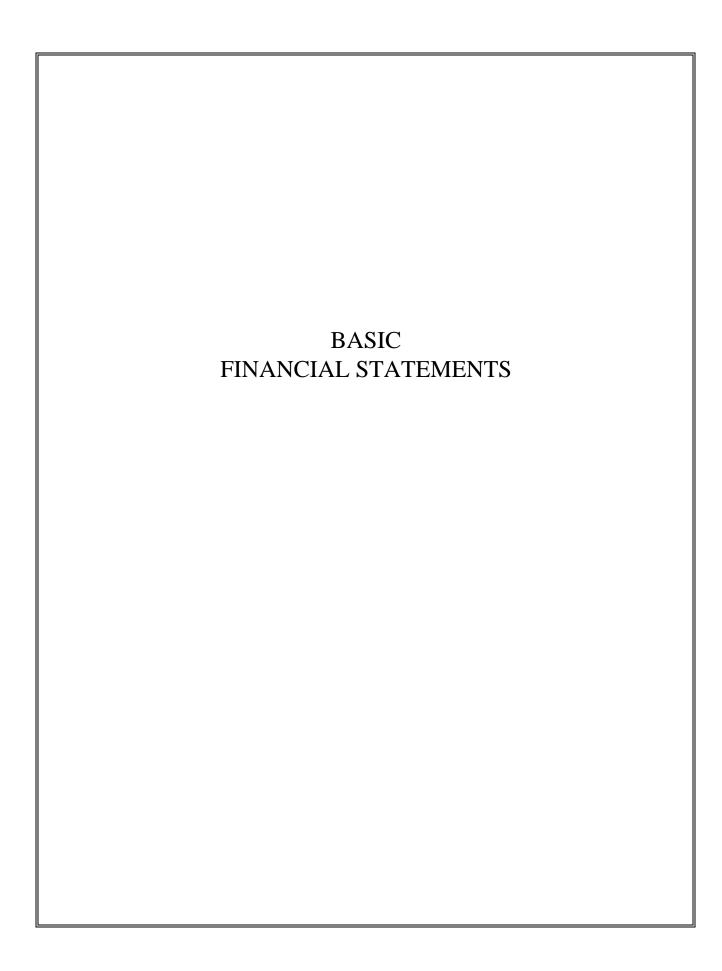
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006

Current Financial Related Activities

The first challenge facing the District is based in the local economy. The District has experienced significant growth over the last 10 years. If the growth patterns in student population change so additional or fewer students enter the District than currently anticipated, adjustments will have to be made to the financial models upon which assumptions have been made. Also, an economic slowdown could result in revenue forecasts having to be revised downward. Either of these scenarios could cause the District to scale down the educational program offerings or seek additional resources.

Contacting the District's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, investors and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to show the District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information contact: Ms. Joyce Boyer, Treasurer, Canal Winchester Local School District, 290 Washington Street, Canal Winchester, Ohio 43110.



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STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS JUNE 30, 2006

	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total
Assets:			
Equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents	\$ 36,463,1		\$ 36,475,637
Cash in segregated accounts	11,1		11,150
Cash with fiscal agent	624,1	71 -	624,171
Taxes	14,553,9		14,553,919
Accounts	32,5		32,596
Intergovernmental	86,2	26,132	112,388
Accrued interest	57,7	- 18	57,718
Internal loan	14,0	076 (14,076)	-
Materials and supplies inventory		- 10,299	10,299
Unamortized bond issue costs Capital assets:	591,9	-	591,944
Land and construction in progress	9,444,7	- '69	9,444,769
Depreciable capital assets, net	37,963,3	152,552	38,115,926
Capital assets, net	47,408,1		47,560,695
Total assets	99,843,1	08 187,409	100,030,517
Liabilities:			
Accounts payable	160,1		165,791
Contracts payable	1,401,6		1,401,667
Accrued wages and benefits	2,505,1	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	2,515,401
Pension obligation payable	529,4		546,293
Intergovernmental payable	166,2		166,704
Deferred revenue	9,384,4		9,384,412
Accrued interest payable	352,0		352,072
Matured bonds payable	10,0		10,000
Matured interest payable	230,4	50	1,150 230,418
Claims payable			
Due within one year	3,951,3		3,951,332
Due in more than one year	66,465,5	6,464	66,471,982
Total liabilities	85,157,5	39,722	85,197,222
Net Assets:			
Invested in capital assets, net	10.000	152.552	10.250.005
of related debt	10,098,3	152,552	10,250,905
Capital projects	1,165,9		1,165,985
Debt service	3,112,4		3,112,434
Classroom facilities	142,5		142,506
Locally funded programs		-	477
State funded programs	22,2		22,298
Federally funded programs	73,9		73,994
Student activities	39,6		39,610
Public school support	37,0		37,006
Unrestricted (deficit)	(7,0	55) (4,865)	(11,920)
Total net assets	\$ 14,685,6	508 \$ 147,687	\$ 14,833,295

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006

			Program Revenues							
		Expenses		Expenses		harges for ces and Sales	Operating Grants and Contributions		Capital Grants and Contributions	
Governmental activities:										
Instruction:										
Regular	\$	12,715,496	\$	270,865	\$	301,193	\$	1,100,256		
Special		2,997,339		-		378,036		-		
Vocational		754,739		-		-		-		
Other		9,022		-		8,983		-		
Support services:										
Pupil		1,496,898		-		462,209		-		
Instructional staff		1,312,801		-		215,143		-		
Board of education		56,227		-		-		-		
Administration		2,089,593		-		61,727		-		
Fiscal		684,915		-		9,926		-		
Operations and maintenance		2,695,034		42,440		-		-		
Pupil transportation		2,177,511		93,547		-		-		
Central		316,936		-		15,000		-		
Operation of non-instructional										
services		14,478		-		-		-		
Extracurricular activities		907,432		447,150		-		-		
Interest and fiscal charges		3,359,091								
Total governmental activities		31,587,512		854,002		1,452,217		1,100,256		
Business-type activities:										
Food service		835,618		536,729		268,127				
Total business-type activities		835,618		536,729		268,127				
Totals	\$	32,423,130	\$	1,390,731	\$	1,720,344	\$	1,100,256		
			~							

General Revenues:

Property taxes levied for:

Classroom facilities
Debt service
Income taxes levied for:
General purposes
Grants and entitlements not restricted
to specific programs
Investment earnings
Miscellaneous
Total general revenues
Special Item:
Loss on sale of capital assets
Total general revenues and special item
Transfers
Change in net assets
Net assets at beginning of year
Net assets at end of year

General purposes

Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Assets

	Governmental	anu	Business-Type	•	
•	Activities		Activities		Total
¢.	(11.042.192)	ď		¢	(11.042.192)
\$	(11,043,182)	\$	-	\$	(11,043,182)
	(2,619,303)		=		(2,619,303)
	(754,739)		=		(754,739)
	(39)		-		(39)
	(1,034,689)		-		(1,034,689)
	(1,097,658)		-		(1,097,658)
	(56,227)		-		(56,227)
	(2,027,866)		-		(2,027,866)
	(674,989)		-		(674,989)
	(2,652,594)		-		(2,652,594)
	(2,083,964)		=		(2,083,964)
	(301,936)		-		(301,936)
	(14,478)		-		(14,478)
	(460,282)		-		(460,282)
	(3,359,091)		<u> </u>		(3,359,091)
	(28,181,037)				(28,181,037)
	-		(30,762)		(30,762)
			(30,762)		(30,762)
	(28,181,037)		(30,762)		(28,211,799)
	(-) -))		(==)		(-) /
	10,119,284		-		10,119,284
	148,806		-		148,806
	2,689,404		-		2,689,404
	2,604,518		-		2,604,518
	12,245,191		-		12,245,191
	587,664		2,094		589,758
	148,622		6,161		154,783
	28,543,489		8,255		28,551,744
	(400 057)				(400 057)
	(408,057)	_	-		(408,057)
	28,135,432		8,255		28,143,687
	(10,060)		10,060		-
	(55,665)		(12,447)		(68,112)
	14,741,273		160,134		14,901,407
\$	14,685,608	\$	147,687	\$	14,833,295

BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2006

	General	Debt Service	Building	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Assets:					
Equity in pooled cash					
and cash equivalents	\$ 4,337,503	\$ 2,565,340	\$ 28,374,979	\$ 724,349	\$ 36,002,171
Cash in segregated accounts	-	11,150	-	-	11,150
Taxes	11,512,911	2,884,642	-	156,366	14,553,919
Accounts	32,284	-	-	312	32,596
Intergovernmental	-	-	-	86,256	86,256
Accrued interest	57,718	-	-	-	57,718
Interfund loans	86,256	-	-	-	86,256
Advances to other funds	15,000				15,000
Total assets	\$ 16,041,672	\$ 5,461,132	\$ 28,374,979	\$ 967,283	\$ 50,845,066
Liabilities:					
Accounts payable	\$ 153,777	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 6,342	\$ 160.119
Contracts payable	-	-	1,401,667	- 0,5 .2	1,401,667
Accrued wages and benefits	2,405,476	_	-	99.672	2,505,148
Pension obligation payable	511,708	_	_	17,693	529,401
Intergovernmental payable	160,440	_	_	5,823	166,263
Interfund loan payable	-	_	_	86,256	86,256
Deferred revenue	8,000,192	2,167,752	_	198,378	10,366,322
Matured bonds payable	0,000,172	10,000	_	-	10,000
Matured interest payable	_	1,150	_	_	1,150
Matured interest payable				 _	
Total liabilities	11,231,593	2,178,902	1,401,667	414,164	15,226,326
Fund Balances:					
Reserved for encumbrances	661,937	-	22,296,570	51,176	23,009,683
Reserved for debt service	-	2,565,340	-	-	2,565,340
for appropriation	2,593,076	716,890	_	38,744	3,348,710
Reserved for advances	15,000	710,070	_	50,744	15,000
Unreserved, undesignated, reported in:	,	_	_	_	,
General fund	1,540,066	-	-	-	1,540,066
Special revenue funds	-	-	-	143,627	143,627
Capital projects funds			4,676,742	319,572	4,996,314
Total fund balances	4,810,079	3,282,230	26,973,312	553,119	35,618,740
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ 16,041,672	\$ 5,461,132	\$ 28,374,979	\$ 967,283	\$ 50,845,066

RECONCILIATION OF TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUND BALANCES TO NET ASSETS OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES JUNE 30, 2006

Total governmental fund balances		\$ 35,618,740
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets are different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.		47,408,143
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current period expenditures and therefore are deferred in the funds. Taxes	\$ 858,856 80,756	
Intergovernmental revenue Interest revenue	42,298	
Total		981,910
An internal service fund is used by management to charge the costs of insurance to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the internal service fund are included in governmental activities in the statement of net assets, including internal		
balances are:		853,793
Accrued interest payable is not due and payable in the current period and therefore is not reported in the funds.		(352,072)
Unamortized premiums on bond issuance is not recognized in the funds.		(4,285,462)
Unamortized bond issuance costs are not recognized in the funds.		591,944
Unamortized deferred charges on refundings are not recognized in the funds.		837,487
Long-term liabilities, including bonds, leases and notes payable are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds.		
Compensated absences	(581,703)	
General obligation bonds payable	(62,974,172)	
Notes payable	(3,413,000)	
Total		 (66,968,875)
Net assets of governmental activities		\$ 14,685,608

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006

	General	Debt Service	Building	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Revenues:					
From local sources:					
Taxes	\$ 12,663,211	\$ 2,651,173	\$ -	\$ 147,741	\$ 15,462,125
Tuition	86,259	-	<u>-</u>	-	86,259
Transportation fees	93,547	_	_	_	93,547
Earnings on investments	461,190	96,990	1,064,824	4,450	1,627,454
Classroom materials and fees	184,606	-	-	-	184,606
Extracurricular	59,750	_	_	387,400	447,150
Other local revenues	158,700	_	_	67,571	226,271
Intergovernmental - State	11,956,232	273,204	_	425,845	12,655,281
Intergovernmental - Federal	,,,	,	_	1,000,559	1,000,559
Total revenue	25,663,495	3,021,367	1.064.824	2,033,566	31,783,252
	25,005,475	3,021,307	1,004,024	2,033,300	31,703,232
Expenditures:					
Current:					
Instruction:					
Regular	11,394,979	-	-	398,046	11,793,025
Special	2,622,049	-	-	349,919	2,971,968
Vocational	736,773	-	-	-	736,773
Other	-	-	-	9,022	9,022
Support Services:					
Pupil	1,022,116	-	-	467,729	1,489,845
Instructional staff	1,059,319	-	-	214,850	1,274,169
Board of education	56,227	-	-	-	56,227
Administration	2,022,810	-	-	61,105	2,083,915
Fiscal	548,200	127,716	-	15,638	691,554
Operations and maintenance	2,629,507	-	-	64,649	2,694,156
Pupil transportation	2,200,018	-	-	-	2,200,018
Central	144,387	-	-	15,000	159,387
Extracurricular activities	453,580	-	-	416,147	869,727
Facilities acquisition and construction	-	-	6,297,417	5,693	6,303,110
Debt service:					
Principal retirement	7,260	4,719,781	-	-	4,727,041
Interest and fiscal charges	-	3,001,772	-	-	3,001,772
Total expenditures	24,897,225	7,849,269	6,297,417	2,017,798	41,061,709
Evenes (deficiency) of revenues even					
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over	766 270	(4.927.002)	(5.222.502)	15.769	(0.279.457)
(under) expenditures	766,270	(4,827,902)	(5,232,593)	15,768	(9,278,457)
Other financing sources (uses):					
Transfers in	-	242,385	-	-	242,385
Transfers (out)	(252,445)	-	-	-	(252,445)
Sale of notes	-	3,370,000	-	-	3,370,000
Premium on notes	-	8,917	-	-	8,917
Sale of capital assets	4,071	-	-	98,893	102,964
Total other financing sources (uses)	(248,374)	3,621,302		98,893	3,471,821
Net change in fund balances	517,896	(1,206,600)	(5,232,593)	114,661	(5,806,636)
Fund balances at beginning of					
year (restated)	4,292,183	4,488,830	32,205,905	438,458	41,425,376
Fund balances at end of year	\$ 4,810,079	\$ 3,282,230	\$ 26,973,312	\$ 553,119	\$ 35,618,740

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds		\$	(5,806,636)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:			
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statemen of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlays exceeds depreciation expense in the current period. Capital asset additions	\$ 5,742,621		
Current year depreciation	(832,130)	_	
Total			4,910,491
Governmental funds only report the gain from the disposal of capital assets to the extent proceeds are received from the sale. In the			
statement of activities, a gain or loss is reported for each disposal			(521,046)
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds. Taxes	99,887		
Intergovernmental revenue Interest revenue	41,568 25,257		
Total	23,231	-	166,712
rotai			100,/12
Repayment of principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities on the statement of net assets			4,727,041
Proceeds of bonds and notes are recorded as revenue in the governmental funds, however, the proceeds increase long-term liabilities on the statement of net assets			(3,370,000)
Deferred charges are recognized as expenditures in the governmental funds, however they are amortized over the life of the issuance on the statement of activities			(60,548)
Premiums on debt issuances are recognized as revenues in the governmental funds however, they are amortized over the life of the issuance on the statement of activities			174,675
Bond issuance costs are recognized as expenditures in the governmental funds, however			
they are amortized over the life of the issuance on the statement of activities			(26,004)
In the statement of activities, interest is accrued on outstanding bonds, whereas ir governmental funds, interest is expensed when due Accrued interest	30,045		
Accreted interest on capital appreciation bonds	(484,404)	_	
Total			(454,359)
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities, such as compensated absences do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.			132,299
The internal service fund used by management to charge the costs of insurance to individua funds is not reported in the statement of activities. Governmental fund expenditures and the related internal service fund revenues are eliminated. The net revenue (expense) of			•
of the internal service fund, including internal balances, is allocated among governmenta activities.			71,710
		Φ.	·
Change in net assets of governmental activities		\$	(55,665)

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) GENERAL FUND

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006

Revenues: Final Actual Positive (Negative) Revenues: From local sources: Taxes \$ 12,194,631 \$ 12,229,200 \$ 12,363,402 \$ 134,202 Tuition 75,287 75,500 78,138 2,638 Transportation fees 84,760 85,000 75,707 (9,292) Earnings on investments 149,576 150,000 456,630 306,630 Extracurricular 58,833 59,000 59,750 750 Classroom materials and fees 164,534 165,000 184,969 19,966 Other local revenues 109,190 109,500 169,798 60,298 Intergovernmental - State 11,575,061 11,607,874 11,956,232 348,358 Total revenue 24,411,872 24,481,074 25,344,626 863,552 Expenditures: Current: Instruction: 8 11,645,882 11,680,317 11,342,113 338,204 Special 2,659,601 2,812,906
Revenues: From local sources: Taxes \$ 12,194,631 \$ 12,229,200 \$ 12,363,402 \$ 134,202 Tuition 75,287 75,500 78,138 2,638 Transportation fees 84,760 85,000 75,707 (9,293) Earnings on investments 149,576 150,000 456,630 306,636 Extracurricular 58,833 59,000 59,750 750 Classroom materials and fees 164,534 165,000 184,969 19,966 Other local revenues 109,190 109,500 169,798 60,298 Intergovernmental - State 11,575,061 11,607,874 11,956,232 348,358 Total revenue 24,411,872 24,481,074 25,344,626 863,552 Expenditures: Current: Instruction: 863,552 Regular 11,645,882 11,680,317 11,342,113 338,204 Special 2,659,601 2,812,906 2,720,377 92,525 Vocational 683,920 706,559 698,213 8,346 Suppor
From local sources: Taxes . \$ 12,194,631 \$ 12,229,200 \$ 12,363,402 \$ 134,202 Tuition . 75,287 75,500 78,138 2,638 Transportation fees . 84,760 85,000 75,707 (9,293) Earnings on investments . 149,576 150,000 456,630 306,630 Extracurricular . 58,833 59,000 59,750 750 Classroom materials and fees . 164,534 165,000 184,969 19,969 Other local revenues . 109,190 109,500 169,798 60,298 Intergovernmental - State . 11,575,061 11,607,874 11,956,232 348,358 Total revenue . 24,411,872 24,481,074 25,344,626 863,552 Expenditures: Current: Instruction: Regular . 11,645,882 11,680,317 11,342,113 338,204 Special . 2,659,601 2,812,906 2,720,377 92,529 Vocational . 683,920 706,559 698,213 8,346 Support services:
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Earnings on investments 149,576 150,000 456,630 306,636 Extracurricular 58,833 59,000 59,750 750 Classroom materials and fees 164,534 165,000 184,969 19,969 Other local revenues 109,190 109,500 169,798 60,296 Intergovernmental - State 11,575,061 11,607,874 11,956,232 348,358 Total revenue 24,411,872 24,481,074 25,344,626 863,552 Expenditures: Current: Instruction: Regular 11,645,882 11,680,317 11,342,113 338,204 Special 2,659,601 2,812,906 2,720,377 92,529 Vocational 683,920 706,559 698,213 8,346 Support services:
Extracurricular 58,833 59,000 59,750 750 Classroom materials and fees 164,534 165,000 184,969 19,969 Other local revenues 109,190 109,500 169,798 60,298 Intergovernmental - State 11,575,061 11,607,874 11,956,232 348,358 Total revenue 24,411,872 24,481,074 25,344,626 863,552 Expenditures: Current: Instruction: Regular 11,645,882 11,680,317 11,342,113 338,204 Special 2,659,601 2,812,906 2,720,377 92,529 Vocational 683,920 706,559 698,213 8,346 Support services:
Classroom materials and fees 164,534 165,000 184,969 19,969 Other local revenues 109,190 109,500 169,798 60,298 Intergovernmental - State 11,575,061 11,607,874 11,956,232 348,358 Total revenue 24,411,872 24,481,074 25,344,626 863,552 Expenditures: Current: Instruction: Regular 11,645,882 11,680,317 11,342,113 338,204 Special 2,659,601 2,812,906 2,720,377 92,529 Vocational 683,920 706,559 698,213 8,346 Support services:
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Current: Instruction: Regular
Instruction: Regular
Regular
Special. 2,659,601 2,812,906 2,720,377 92,529 Vocational. 683,920 706,559 698,213 8,346 Support services:
Vocational. 683,920 706,559 698,213 8,346 Support services:
Support services:
94/90/ 1010 \(\delta/\) \(\delt
Instructional staff 1,004,796 1,030,663 1,024,751 5,912 Board of education 392,816 366,162 61,649 304,513
Administration. 1,956,575 1,957,261 1,918,334 38,927 Fiscal 646,418 646,112 546,337 99,775
Operations and maintenance. 3,149,287 2,909,447 2,818,173 91,274 Pupil transportation. 2,238,762 2,265,434 2,163,654 101,780
Central
Extracurricular activities
Total expenditures
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over
(under) expenditures
Other financing sources (uses):
Refund of prior year expenditure 1,680 1,680
Refund of prior year receipt
Transfers in
Transfers (out)
Advances in
Advances (out)
Sale of capital assets
Contingencies
Total other financing sources (uses)
Net change in fund balance
Fund balance at beginning of year 2,946,617 2,946,617 2,946,617
Prior year encumbrances appropriated 384,513 384,513 -
Fund balance at end of year

STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS PROPRIETARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2006

	Business-Type Activities - Food Service		Governmental Activities - Internal Service Fund	
Assets:	-			
Current assets:				
Equity in pooled cash				
and cash equivalents	\$	12,502	\$	460,964
Cash with fiscal agent		-		624,171
Receivables:				
Intergovernmental		26,132		-
Materials and supplies inventory		10,299		
Total current assets		48,933		1,085,135
N.				
Noncurrent assets:				
Depreciable capital assets, net		152,552		
Total assets		201,485		1,085,135
Total abbets	-	201,103		1,000,100
Liabilities:				
Accounts payable		5,672		-
Accrued wages and benefits		10,253		-
Pension obligation payable		16,892		-
Intergovernmental payable		441		-
Advances from other funds		15,000		-
Claims payable				230,418
Total liabilities		48,258		230,418
Long-term liabilities:				
Compensated absences		6,464		-
•		<u> </u>	-	
Total liabilities		54,722		230,418
Net assets:				
Invested in capital assets		152,552		_
Unrestricted (deficit)		(5,789)		854,717
Total net assets		146,763	\$	854,717
Total net assets		140,703	Ψ	054,/1/
Adjustment to reflect the consolidation of the internal				
service fund activity related to enterprise funds.		924		
N. d. and de a Charles and de a dividire	_			
Net assets of business-type activities.	\$	147,687		

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET ASSETS PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006

	Business-Type Activities - Food Service	Governmental Activities - Internal Service Fund		
Operating revenues:				
Sales/charges for services	\$ 536,729	\$ 2,827,762		
Other	6,161			
Total operating revenues	542,890	2,827,762		
Operating expenses:				
Personal services	75,012	_		
Purchased services	681,493	_		
Materials and supplies	58,674	_		
Depreciation	14,581	_		
Claims expense	, <u>-</u>	2,760,717		
Total operating expenses	829,760	2,760,717		
Operating income (loss)	(286,870)	67,045		
Nonoperating revenues (expenses):				
Federal donated commodities	58,552	_		
Loss on disposal of capital assets	(1,193)	_		
Interest revenue	2,094	_		
Operating grants	209,575	-		
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	269,028			
Income (loss) before				
transfer	(17,842)	67,045		
Transfer in	10,060	<u> </u>		
Change in net assets	(7,782)	67,045		
Net assets at beginning of year		787,672		
Net assets at end of year		\$ 854,717		
Adjustment to reflect the consolidation of the internal				
service fund activities related to enterprise funds.	(4,665)			
Changes in net assets of business-type activities.	\$ (12,447)			

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006

	A	siness-Type ctivities - Food Service	A	overnmental Activities - ernal Service Fund
Cash flows from operating activities: Cash received from sales/charges for services Cash received from other operations Cash payments for personal services Cash payments for purchased services Cash payments for materials and supplies Cash payments for other claims	\$	538,204 6,161 (73,057) (695,159) (875)	\$	2,827,762 (449) - - (2,718,913)
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities		(224,726)		108,400
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities: Cash received from operating grants		223,934 10,060 (15,865) 218,129		- - -
Cash flows from investing activities: Interest received		2,094		<u> </u>
Net cash provided by investing activities		2,094		-
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents .		(4,503)		108,400
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	\$	17,005 12,502	\$	976,735 1,085,135
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities:				
Operating income (loss)	\$	(286,870)	\$	67,045
Adjustments: Depreciation		14,581 58,552		- -
Changes in assets and liabilities: Increase in materials and supplies inventory		(753) 1,475 (13,666) 1,651 (164) 117 351		- (449) - - - - 41,804
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	\$	(224,726)	\$	108,400

STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET ASSETS FIDUCIARY FUND JUNE 30, 2006

	Agency	
Assets:		
Equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents	\$	31,110
Total assets	\$	31,110
Liabilities:		
Due to students	\$	31,110
Total liabilities	\$	31,110

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006

NOTE 1 - DESCRIPTION OF THE SCHOOL DISTRICT

The Canal Winchester Local School District (the "District") is a body politic and corporate established for the purpose of exercising the rights and privileges conveyed to it by the constitution and laws of the State of Ohio. The District is a local District as defined by Section 3311.0 of the Ohio Revised code. The District operates under an elected Board of Education (5 members) and is responsible for the provision of public education to residents of the District.

Average daily membership (ADM) as of October 1, 2005 was 3,076. The district employed 219 full-time certified employees and 116 full-time non-certified employees. The District is supervised by the Franklin County Educational Center, a separate entity.

The District provides regular, vocational and special instruction. The District also provides support services for the pupils, instructional staff, general and school administration, business and fiscal services, facilities acquisition and construction services, operation and maintenance of plan, student transportation, food services, extracurricular activities and non-programmed services.

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The basic financial statements of the District have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The District also applies Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) Statements and Interpretations issued on or before November 30, 1989, to its governmental type activity and to its proprietary funds provided they do not conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements. The District has the option to also apply FASB Statements on Interpretations issued after November 30, 1989 to its business type activities and enterprise funds, subject to the same limitation. The District has elected not to apply these FASB Statements and Interpretations. The District's significant accounting policies are described below.

A. Reporting Entity

The reporting entity has been defined in accordance with GASB Statement No. 14, "<u>The Financial Reporting Entity</u>" as amended by GASB Statement No. 39, "<u>Determining Whether Certain Organizations Are Component Units</u>". The reporting entity is composed of the primary government, component units and other organizations that are included to ensure that the basic financial statements of the District are not misleading. The primary government consists of all funds, departments, boards and agencies that are not legally separate from the District. For the District, this includes general operations, food service and student related activities of the District.

Component units are legally separate organizations for which the District is financially accountable. The District is financially accountable for an organization if the District appoints a voting majority of the organizations' government board and (1) the District is able to significantly influence the programs or services performed or provided by the organization; or (2) the District is legally entitled to or can otherwise have access to the organizations' resources; (3) the District is legally obligated or has otherwise assumed the responsibility to finance the deficits of, or provide financial support to, the organization; or (4) the District is obligated for the debt of the organization. Component units may also include organizations that are fiscally dependent on the District in that the District approves the budget, the issuance of debt or the levying of taxes. Based upon the application of this criteria, the District has no component units. The basic financial statements of the reporting entity include only those of the District (the primary government). The following organizations are described due to their relationship to the District:

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

JOINTLY GOVERNED ORGANIZATIONS

Metropolitan Educational Council

MEC is a not-for-profit educational council whose primary purpose and objective is to contribute to the educational services available to school districts in Franklin County and surrounding areas by cooperative action membership. MEC is established under the Ohio Revised Code Chapter 167 as a regional council of governments. The governing board of MEC consists of a representative from each of the Franklin County districts. Districts outside of Franklin County are associate members and each county selects a single district to represent them on the governing board. MEC is its own fiscal agent. MEC provides computer services to the District.

The District has an equity interest that is explicit and measurable in that the joint venture agreement stipulates that the participants have a future claim to the net resources of MEC upon dissolution. MEC is not accumulating significant financial resources nor is it experiencing fiscal stress that may cause an additional financial benefit to or burden on members in the future.

Financial information can be obtained from the offices of the Director, Metropolitan Educational Council, 2100 City Gate Drive, Columbus, Ohio.

South Central Ohio Insurance Consortium

The South Central Ohio Insurance Consortium (SCOIC) is a Regional Council of Governments organized under Ohio Revised Code Chapter 167. The SCOIC's primary purpose and objective is establishing and carrying out a cooperative health program for its member organizations. The governing board consists of the superintendent or other designee appointed by each of the members of the SCOIC. The District does not have an ongoing financial interest in or ongoing financial responsibility for the SCOIC other than claims paid on behalf of the District for District Employees.

The District is not involved in the budgeting or the management of Parent-Teacher Organization or booster clubs. The District is also not responsible for any debt and has no influence over these organizations or clubs.

B. Fund Accounting

The District uses funds to report its financial position and the results of its operations. A fund is a separate accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. Fund accounting is designed to demonstrate legal compliance and to aid financial management by segregating transactions related to certain school district activities or functions. Funds are classified into three categories: governmental, proprietary and fiduciary. Each category is divided into separate fund types.

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Governmental funds focus on the sources, uses and balances of current financial resources. Expendable assets are assigned to the various governmental funds according to the purposes for which they may or must be used. Current liabilities are assigned to the fund from which they will be paid. The difference between governmental fund assets and liabilities is reported as fund balance. The following are the District's major governmental funds:

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

<u>General Fund</u> - The general fund is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The general fund balance is available for any purpose provided it is expended or transferred according to the general laws of Ohio.

<u>Debt Service Fund</u> - The debt service fund is used to account for the accumulation of resources and payment of general obligation bond and principal and interest from governmental resources when the government is obligated is some manner for payment. It is also used to account for the accumulation or resources and payment of general obligation bonds and notes payable.

<u>Building Fund</u> - This fund is used to account for monies received and expended in connection with the renovation and construction of District buildings.

Other governmental funds of the District are used to account for (a) financial resources to be used for the acquisition, construction, or improvement of capital facilities other than those financed by trust funds; and (b) for grants and other resources whose use is restricted to a particular purpose.

PROPRIETARY FUNDS

Proprietary funds are used to account for the District's ongoing activities which are similar to those often found in the private sector where the determination of net income is necessary or useful to sound financial administration. The following are the District's major proprietary funds:

<u>Enterprise Fund</u> - The enterprise fund is used to account for operations (a) that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises - where the intent of the governing body is that the costs (expenses, including depreciation) of providing goods or services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges; or (b) where the governing body has decided that periodic determination of revenues earned, expenses incurred, and/or net income is appropriate for capital maintenance, public policy, management control, accountability, or other purposes. The District has one enterprise fund to account for food service operations. The enterprise fund is considered a major fund.

<u>Internal Service Fund</u> - The internal service fund is used to account for the financing of goods or services provided by one department or agency to other departments or agencies of the District, or to other governments, on a cost-reimbursement basis.

FIDUCIARY FUNDS

<u>Fiduciary Funds</u> - Fiduciary fund reporting focuses on net assets and changes in net assets. The fiduciary fund category is split into four classifications: pension trust funds, investment trust funds, private-purpose trust funds and agency funds. Trust funds are used to account for assets held by the District under a trust agreement for individuals, private organizations, or other governments and are therefore not available to support the District's own programs. The District has no trust funds. Agency funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations. The District's agency fund accounts for student activities.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

C. Basis of Presentation and Measurement Focus

<u>Government-wide Financial Statements</u> - The statement of net assets and the statement of activities display information about the District as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the primary government, except for fiduciary funds. Internal service fund operating activity is eliminated to avoid overstatement of revenues and expenses.

The government-wide statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. This is the same approach used in the preparation of the proprietary fund financial statements but differs from the manner in which governmental fund financial statements are prepared. Governmental fund financial statements therefore include reconciliations with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide statements and the statements for governmental funds.

The government-wide statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each segment of the business-type activities of the District and for each function or program of the District's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program or department and are therefore clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipient of the goods or services offered by the program and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues which are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues of the District. The comparison of direct expenses with program revenues identifies the extent to which each business segment or governmental function is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the District.

<u>Fund Financial Statements</u> - Fund financial statements report detailed information about the District. The focus of governmental and enterprise fund financial statements is on major funds rather than reporting funds by type. Each major fund is presented in a separate column. Nonmajor funds are aggregated and presented in a single column. Internal service funds are combined and the totals are presented in a single column on the face of the proprietary fund statements. Fiduciary funds are reported by fund type.

The accounting and financial reporting treatment applied to a fund is determined by its measurement focus. All governmental fund types are accounted for using a flow of current financial resources measurement focus. The financial statements for governmental funds are a balance sheet, which generally includes only current assets and current liabilities, and a statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances, which reports on the sources (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and uses (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) of current financial resources.

All proprietary fund types are accounted for on a flow of economic resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, all assets and all liabilities associated with the operation of these funds are included on the statement of net assets. The statement of changes in fund net assets presents increases (i.e., revenues) and decreases (i.e., expenses) in net total assets. The statement of cash flows provides information about how the District finances and meets the cash flow needs of its proprietary activities.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operation. The principal operating revenues of the District's internal service fund is charges for sales and services. Operating expenses for internal service funds include the cost of sales and services and administrative expenses. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

Agency funds do not report a measurement focus as they do not report operations.

D. Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting determines when transactions are recorded in the financial records and reported on the financial statements. Government-wide financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting on the fund financial statements. Governmental funds use the modified accrual basis of accounting. Proprietary and fiduciary funds also use the accrual basis of accounting.

<u>Revenues - Exchange and Non-exchange Transactions</u> - Revenue resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, is recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On a modified accrual basis, revenue is recorded in the fiscal year in which the resources are measurable and become available. Available means that the resources will be collected within the current fiscal year or are expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current fiscal year. For the District, available means expected to be received within sixty days of fiscal year-end.

Nonexchange transactions, in which the District receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include property taxes, income taxes, grants, entitlements and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied (see Note 6). Revenue from grants, entitlements and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are required to be used or the fiscal year when use is first permitted, matching requirements, in which the District must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose, and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the District on a reimbursement basis. On a modified accrual basis, revenue from nonexchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized.

Under the modified accrual basis, the following revenue sources are considered to be both measurable and available at fiscal year-end: property taxes available as an advance, interest, tuition, grants and student fees

<u>Deferred Revenue</u> - Deferred revenue arises when assets are recognized before revenue recognition criteria have been satisfied. Property taxes for which there is an enforceable legal claim as of June 30, 2006, but which were levied to finance fiscal year 2007 operations, have been recorded as deferred revenue. Grants and entitlements received before the eligibility requirements are met are also recorded as deferred revenue.

On governmental fund financial statements, receivables that will not be collected within the available period have also been reported as deferred revenue.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

<u>Expenses/Expenditures</u> - On the accrual basis of accounting, expenses are recognized at the time they are incurred. The fair value of donated commodities used during the year is reported in the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances as an expenditure with a like amount reported as intergovernmental revenue. Unused donated commodities are reported as intergovernmental revenue.

The measurement focus of governmental fund accounting is on decreases in net financial resources (expenditures) rather than expenses. Expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred, if measurable. Allocations of cost, such as depreciation and amortization, are not recognized in governmental funds.

E. Budgets

The District is required by state statute to adopt an annual appropriated cash basis budget for all funds. The specific timetable for fiscal year 2006 is as follows.

- 1. Prior to January 15, the Superintendent and Treasurer submit to the Board of Education a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing the following July 1. The budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing for all funds. Public hearings are Publicized and conducted to obtain taxpayers' comments. The expressed purpose of this budget document is to reflect the need for existing (or increased) tax rates.
- 2. By no later than January 20, the board-adopted budget is filed with the Franklin County Budget Commission for tax rate determination.
- 3. Prior to March 1, the Board of Education accepts, by formal resolution, the tax rates as determined by the Budget Commission and receives the Commission's Certificate of Estimated Resources which states the projected revenue of each fund. Prior to June 30, the District must revise its budget so that total contemplated expenditures from any fund during the ensuing year will not exceed the amount stated in the Certificate of Estimated Resources. The revised budget then serves as a basis for the appropriation measure. On or about July 1, the Certificate is amended to include any unencumbered balances from the preceding year as reported by the District Treasurer. The Certificate may be further amended during the year if projected increases or decreases in revenue are identified by the District Treasurer. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amount in the budgetary statement reflect the amounts set forth in the original and final Amended Certificate issued for fiscal year 2006.
- 4. By October 1, the annual appropriation resolution is legally enacted by the Board of Education at the fund level of expenditures for all funds, which is the legal level of budgetary control. (State statute permits a temporary appropriation to be effective until no later than October 1 of each year.) Although the legal level of budgetary control was established at the fund level of expenditures, the District has elected to present budgetary statement comparisons at the fund and function level of expenditures. Resolution appropriations by fund must be within the estimated resources as certified by the County Budget Commission and the total of expenditures and encumbrances may not exceed appropriations totals.
- 5. All funds, other than agency funds, are legally required to be budgeted and appropriated. Short-term inter-fund loans are not required to be budgeted since they represent a temporary cash flow resource, and are not intended to be repaid.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

- 6. Any revisions that alter the total of any fund appropriation must be approved by the Board of Education.
- 7. Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year for all funds consistent with statutory provisions.
- 9. Appropriation amounts are as originally adopted, or as amended by the Board of Education throughout the year by supplemental appropriations, which either re-allocated or increase the original, appropriated amounts. The final budget figures, which appear in the statements of budgetary comparisons, represent the permanent appropriation amounts plus all supplemental appropriations legally enacted during the year.
- 10. At the close of each year, the unencumbered balance of each appropriation reverts to the respective fund from which it was appropriated and becomes subject to future appropriations. The encumbered appropriation balance is carried forward to the succeeding fiscal year and need not be reappropriated.

F. Cash and Investments

During fiscal year 2006, investments were limited to the State Treasury Asset Reserve of Ohio (STAR Ohio) and federal agency securities.

Except for nonparticipating investment contracts, investments are reported at fair value which is based on quoted market prices. Nonparticipating investment contracts, such as non-negotiable certificates of deposit, are reported at cost.

The District has invested funds in STAR Ohio during fiscal 2006. STAR Ohio is an investment pool managed by the State Treasurer's Office, which allows governments within the state to pool their funds for investment purposes. STAR Ohio is not registered with the SEC as an investment company, but does operate in a manner consistent with Rule 2a7 of the Investment Company Act of 1940. Investment in STAR Ohio are valued at STAR Ohio's share price which is the price the investment could be sold for on June 30, 2006.

Under existing Ohio statues all investment earnings are assigned to the general fund except for those specifically related to the auxiliary services fund, debt service fund and building fund authorized by board resolution. Interest revenue credited to the general fund during fiscal year 2006 amounted to \$461,190, which includes \$298,190 assigned from other District funds.

For presentation on the financial statements, investments of the cash management pool and investments with an original maturity of three months or less at the time they are purchased by the District are considered to be cash equivalents. Investments with an initial maturity of more than three months that are not purchased from the pool are reported as investments.

An analysis of the District's investments at year-end is provided in Note 4.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

G. Inventory

On government-wide and fund financial statements, inventories are presented at the lower of cost or market on a first-in, first-out basis and are expensed when used. Inventories are accounted for using the consumption method.

Inventory consists of supplies, donated food and purchased food.

H. Capital Assets

General capital assets are those assets not specifically related to activities reported in the proprietary funds. These assets generally result from expenditures in the governmental funds. These assets are reported in the governmental activities column of the government-wide statement of net assets but are not reported in the fund financial statements. Capital assets utilized by the proprietary funds are reported both in the business-type activities column of the government-wide statement of net assets and in the respective funds.

All capital assets are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost) and updated for additions and retirements during the year. Donated capital assets are recorded at their fair market values as of the date received. The District maintains a capitalization threshold of \$1,000. The District does not possess any infrastructure. Improvements are capitalized; the costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an asset life are not. Interest incurred during the construction of capital assets is also capitalized.

All reported capital assets except land and construction in progress are depreciated. Improvements are depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities
Description	Estimated Lives	Estimated Lives
Description	Estillated Lives	Estimated Lives
Buildings	15 - 100 years	N/A
Furniture and equipment	5 - 20 years	8 - 20 years
Vehicles	10 years	10 years

I. Interfund Balances

On fund financial statements, receivables and payables resulting from short-term interfund loans are classified as "interfund receivables/payables." These amounts are eliminated in the governmental type activities columns of the Statement of Net Assets.

J. Compensated Absences

Compensated absences of the District consist of vacation leave and severance liability to the extent that payments to the employee for these absences are attributable to services already rendered and are not contingent on a specific event that is outside the control of the District and the employee.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

In accordance with the provisions of GASB Statement No. 16, "Accounting for Compensated Absences", a liability for vacation leave is accrued if a) the employees' rights to payment are attributable to services already rendered; and b) it is probable that the employer will compensate the employees for the benefits through paid time off or other means, such as cash payment at termination or retirement. A liability for severance is accrued using the vesting method; i.e., the liability is based on the sick leave accumulated at June 30, 2006, by those employees who are currently eligible to receive termination (severance) payments, as well as those employees expected to become eligible in the future. For purposes of establishing a liability for severance on employees expected to become eligible to retire in the future, all employees with at least fifteen years of service were considered expected to become eligible to retire in accordance with GASB Statement No. 16.

The total liability for vacation and severance payments has been calculated using pay rates in effect at June 30, 2006, and reduced to the maximum payment allowed by labor contract and/or statute, plus any applicable additional salary related payments.

The entire compensated absence liability is reported on the government-wide financial statements.

For governmental fund financial statements, the current portion of unpaid compensated absences is the amount expected to be paid using expendable available resources. These amounts are recorded in the account "compensated absences payable" in the fund from which the employees who have accumulated unpaid leave are paid. The noncurrent portion of the liability is not reported. In proprietary funds, the entire amount of compensated absences is reported as a fund liability.

K. Accrued Liabilities and Long-Term Obligations

All payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations are reported in the government-wide financial statements, and all payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations payable from the internal service fund are reported on the proprietary fund financial statements.

In general, governmental fund payables and accrued liabilities that, once incurred, are paid in a timely manner and in full from current financial resources are reported as obligations of the funds. However, claims and judgments, compensated absences, and contractually required pension contributions that will be paid from governmental funds are reported as a liability in the fund financial statements only to the extent that they are due for payment during the current year. Bonds and other long-term obligations are recognized as a liability on the fund financial statements when due.

L. Fund Balance Reserves

The District reserves those portions of fund equity which are legally segregated for a specific future use or which do not represent available expendable resources and therefore are not available for appropriation or expenditure. Unreserved fund balance indicates that portion of fund equity which is available for appropriation in future periods. Fund equity reserves have been established for encumbrances, debt service, property tax unavailable for appropriation and advances. The reserve for property taxes unavailable for appropriation represents taxes recognized as revenue under GAAP but not available for appropriation under State statute.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

M. Restricted Assets

Assets are reported as restricted assets when limitations on their use change the normal understanding of the availability of the asset. Such constraints are either imposed by creditors, contributors, grantors, or laws of other governments or imposed by enabling legislation. See Note 18 for details.

N. Estimates

The preparation of the basic financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the basic financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

O. Net Assets

Net assets represent the difference between assets and liabilities. Net assets invested in capital assets, net of related debt consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowings used for the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. Net assets are reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the District or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments.

The District applies restricted resources when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net assets are available.

P. Operating Revenues and Expenses

Operating revenues are those revenues that are generated directly from the primary activity of the proprietary funds. For the District, these revenues are sales for food service and charges for services for self-insurance programs. Operating expenses are necessary costs incurred to provide the good or service that are the primary activity of the fund. Revenues and expenditures not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating.

Q. Contributions of Capital

Contributions of capital in proprietary fund financial statements arise from outside contributions of capital assets, or from grants or outside contributions of resources restricted to capital acquisition and construction. There were no capital contributions during fiscal year 2006.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

R. Interfund Activity

Exchange transactions between funds are reported as revenues in the seller funds and as expenditures/expenses in the purchaser funds. Flows of cash or goods from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds and after nonoperating revenues/expenses in proprietary funds. Repayments from funds responsible for particular expenditures/expenses to the funds that initially paid for them are not presented on the financial statements.

S. Unamortized Bond Issuance Costs/Bond Premium and Discount/Accounting Gain or Loss

On government-wide financial statements, bond issuance costs are deferred and amortized over the term of the bonds using the straight line method, which approximates the effective interest method. Unamortized bond issuance costs are recorded as an asset on the financial statements.

Bond premiums are deferred and accreted over the term of the bonds. Bond premiums are presented as an addition to the face amount of the bonds. Capital appreciation bond discounts are accreted over the term of the bonds.

For advance refunding resulting in the defeasance of debt, the difference between the reacquisition price and the net carrying amount of the old debt is deferred and amortized as a component of interest expense. This accounting gain or loss is amortized over the remaining life of the old debt or the life of the new debt, whichever is shorter, and is presented as an addition to or reduction of the face amount of the new debt.

On the governmental fund financial statements, issuance costs and bond premiums are recognized in the current period.

T. Extraordinary and Special Items

Extraordinary items are transactions or events that are both unusual in nature and infrequent in occurrence. Special items are transactions or events that are within the control of the Board of Education and that are either unusual in nature or infrequent in occurrence. During fiscal year 2006, The District sold 75.644 acres of land to the Village of Canal Winchester for a net loss of \$408,057, which is reported as a special item on the Statement of Activities.

U. Parochial Schools

World Harvest Church is within the District boundaries. Current state legislation provides funding to this parochial school. These monies are received and disbursed on behalf of the parochial school by the Treasurer of the District, as directed by the parochial school. The receipt and expenditure of these state monies by the District is reflected in a special revenue fund for financial reporting purposes.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006

NOTE 3 - ACCOUNTABILITY AND COMPLIANCE

A. Changes in Accounting Principles

For fiscal year 2006, the District has implemented GASB Statement No. 42, "<u>Accounting and Financial Reporting for Impairment of Capital Assets and for Insurance Recoveries,</u>" GASB Statement No. 46, "<u>Net Assets Restricted by Enabling Legislation</u>", and GASB Statement No. 47, "<u>Accounting for Termination Benefits</u>".

GASB Statement No. 42 amends GASB Statement No. 34 and establishes accounting and financial reporting standards for impairment of capital assets and accounting requirements for insurance recoveries.

GASB Statement No. 46 defines enabling legislation and specifies how net assets should be reported in the financial statements when there are changes in such legislation. The Statement also requires governments to disclose in the notes to the financial statements the amount of net assets restricted by enabling legislation.

GASB Statement No. 47 establishes accounting standards for termination benefits.

The implementation of GASB Statement No. 42, GASB Statement No. 46 and GASB Statement No. 47 did not have an effect on the fund balances/net assets of the District as previously reported at June 30, 2005.

B. Prior Period Adjustment

A prior period adjustment has been made to credit \$96,990 in earnings on investments from fiscal year 2005 in the Building fund rather than in the Debt Service fund. This prior period adjustment decreased the June 30, 2005, Debt Service fund balance from \$4,585,820 to \$4,488,830 and the June 30, 2005, Building fund balance increased from \$32,108,915 to \$32,205,905. The prior period adjustment did not have an effect on total governmental fund balance or net assets previously reported at June 30, 2005.

C. Deficit Fund Balances

Fund balances at June 30, 2006 included the following individual fund deficits:

	<u>D</u>	eficit_
Nonmajor Funds		
Summer Intervention	\$	70
Title I	1	2,334

These funds complied with Ohio state law, which does not permit a cash basis deficit at year-end. The general fund is liable for any deficits in these funds and provides transfers when cash is required, not when accruals occur. The deficit fund balances results from adjustments for accrued liabilities.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006

NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

State statutes classify monies held by the District into three categories.

Active deposits are public deposits necessary to meet current demands on the treasury. Such monies must be maintained either as cash in the District treasury, in commercial accounts payable or withdrawable on demand, including negotiable order of withdrawal (NOW) accounts, or in money market deposit accounts.

Inactive deposits are public deposits that the Board of Education has identified as not required for use within the current five year period of designation of depositories. Inactive deposits must either be evidenced by certificates of deposit maturing not later than the end of the current period of designation of depositories, or by savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts. Interim deposits are deposits of interim monies. Interim moneys are those monies which are not needed for immediate use but which will be needed before the end of the current period of designation of depositories. Interim deposits must be evidenced by time certificates of deposit maturing not more than one year from the date of deposit or by savings or deposit accounts including passbook accounts.

Protection of District's deposits is provided by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC), by eligible securities pledged by the financial institution as security for repayment, by surety company bonds deposited with the Treasurer by the financial institution or by a single collateral pool established by the financial institution to secure the repayment of all public monies deposited with the institution.

Interim monies to be deposited or invested in the following securities:

- 1. United States Treasury Notes, Bills, Bonds, or any other obligation or security issued by the United States Treasury or any other obligation guaranteed as to principal and interest by the United States;
- 2. Bonds, notes, debentures, or any other obligations or securities issued by any federal government agency or instrumentality, including but not limited to, the Federal National Mortgage Association, Federal Home Loan Bank, Federal Farm Credit Bank, Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation, Government National Mortgage Association, and Student Loan Marketing Association. All federal agency securities shall be direct issuances of federal government agencies or instrumentalities;
- Written repurchase agreements in the securities listed above provided that the market value of the securities subject to the repurchase agreement must exceed the principal value of the agreement by at least two percent and be marked to market daily, and that the term of the agreement must not exceed thirty days;
- 4. Bonds and other obligations of the State of Ohio;
- 5. No-load money market mutual funds consisting exclusively of obligations described in division (1) or (2) of this section and repurchase agreements secured by such obligations, provided that investments in securities described in this division are made only through eligible institutions;
- 6. The State Treasurer's investment pool (STAR Ohio);
- 7. Certain banker's acceptance and commercial paper notes for a period not to exceed one hundred eighty days from the purchase date in an amount not to exceed twenty-five percent of the interim monies available for investment at any one time: and,

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006

NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - (Continued)

Investments in stripped principal or interest obligations, reverse repurchase agreements and derivatives are prohibited. The issuance of taxable notes for the purpose of arbitrage, the use of leverage and short selling are also prohibited. An investment must mature within five years from the date of purchase unless matched to a specific obligation or debt of the District, and must be purchased with the expectation that it will be held to maturity. Investments may only be made through specified dealers and institutions. Payment for investments may be made only upon delivery of the securities resenting the investments to the Treasurer or, if the securities are not represented by a certificate, upon receipt of confirmation of transfer from the custodian.

A. Cash with Fiscal Agent

The District is self-insured through a fiscal agent. The money held by the fiscal agent cannot be identified as an investment or deposit, since it is held in a pool made up of numerous participants. The amount held by the fiscal agent at June 30, 2006 was \$624,171.

B. Cash in Segregated Accounts

At fiscal year-end, \$11,150 was on deposit in the District's debt service clearance account and included in the total amount of deposits reported below; however, this amount is not part of the internal cash pool reported on the balance sheet and statement of net assets as "Cash in Segregated Accounts".

C. Deposits with Financial Institutions

At June 30, 2006, the carrying amount of all District deposits was \$4,709,227. Based on the criteria described in GASB Statement No. 40, "Deposits and Investment Risk Disclosures", as of June 30, 2006, \$4,854,491 of the District's bank balance of \$4,954,491 was exposed to custodial risk as discussed below, while \$100,000 was covered by Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation.

Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of bank failure, the District's deposits may not be returned. All deposits are collateralized with eligible securities in amounts equal to at least 105% of the carrying value of the deposits. Such collateral, as permitted by the Ohio revised Code, is held in single financial institution collateral pools at Federal Reserve Banks, or at member banks of the federal reserve system, in the name of the respective depository bank and pledged as a pool of collateral against all of the public deposits it holds or as specific collateral held at the Federal Reserve Bank in the name of the District.

D. Investments

As of June 30, 2006, the District had the following investments and maturities:

		Investment	
		Maturity	
		6 months or	
Investment type	Fair Value	less	
FNMA DN	\$ 1,466,259	\$ 1,466,259	
FHLMC DN	1,944,453	1,944,453	
STAR Ohio	28,397,958	28,397,958	
	\$ 31,808,670	\$ 31,808,670	

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006

NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - (Continued)

The weighted average maturity of investments is .24 years.

Interest Rate Risk: As a means of limiting its exposure to fair value losses arising from rising interest rates and according to state law, the District's investment policy limits investment portfolio maturities to five years or less.

Credit Risk: The District's investments, except for STAR Ohio, were rated AAA and Aaa by Standard & Poor's and Moody's Investor Services, respectively. Standard & Poor's has assigned STAR Ohio an AAAm money market rating.

Concentration of Credit Risk: The District places no limit on the amount that may be invested in any one issuer. The following table includes the percentage of each investment type held by the District at June 30, 2006:

<u>Investment type</u>	Fair Value %	of Total
FNMA DN	\$ 1,466,259	4.61
FLMC DN	1,944,453	6.11
STAR Ohio	28,397,958	89.28
	\$ 31,808,670	100.00

E. Reconciliation of Cash and Investment to the Statement of Net Assets

The following is a reconciliation of cash and investments as reported in the footnote above to cash and investments as reported on the statement of net assets as of June 30, 2006:

Cash and Investments per footnote	
Carrying amount of deposits	\$ 4,709,227
Cash with fiscal agent	\$ 624,171
Investments	31,808,670
Total	\$ 37,142,068
Cash and investments per Statement of Net Assets	
Governmental activities	\$ 37,098,456
Business type activities	12,502
Agency fund	31,110
Total	\$ 37,142,068

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006

NOTE 5 - INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS

A. Interfund balances consisted of the following at June 30, 2006, as reported on the fund statements:

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	Amount
General	Nonmajor Governments	\$ 86.256

The primary purpose of the interfund balances is to cover costs in specific funds where revenues were not received by June 30. These interfund balances will be repaid once the anticipated revenues are received. All interfund balances are expected to be repaid within one year.

Interfund balances between governmental funds are eliminated on the government-wide financial statements; therefore, no internal balances at June 30, 2006 are reported on the Statement of Net Assets.

B. Long-term interfund balances, reported as advances to/from other funds on the fund financial statements, consisted of the following at June 30, 2006:

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	<u>Amount</u>
General	Food Service	\$ 15,000

The primary purpose of the long-term interfund balances is to cover costs in specific. These long-term interfund balances will be repaid once the anticipated revenues are received.

C. Interfund transfers for the year ended June 30, 2006, consisted of the following, as reported on the fund financial statements:

Transfers to Debt Service fund from:

General Fund \$ 242.385

Transfers to Food Service fund from:

General Fund 10,060

Transfers are used to move revenues from the fund that statute or budget required to collect them to the fund that statute or budget requires to expend them and to use unrestricted revenues collected in the general fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations.

NOTE 6 - PROPERTY TAXES

Property taxes are levied and assessed on a calendar year basis while the District fiscal year runs from July through June. First half tax collections are received by the District in the second half of the fiscal year. Second half tax distributions occur in the first half of the following fiscal year.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006

NOTE 6 - PROPERTY TAXES - (Continued)

Property taxes include amounts levied against all real, public utility and tangible personal property (used in business) located in the District. Real property tax revenue received in calendar 2006 represents collections of calendar year 2005 taxes. Real property taxes received in calendar year 2006 were levied after April 1, 2005, on the assessed value listed as of January 1, 2005, the lien date. Assessed values for real property taxes are established by state law at thirty-five percent of appraised market value. Real property taxes are payable annually or semi-annually. If paid annually, payment is due December 31; if paid semi-annually, the first payment is due December 31 with the remainder payable by June 20. Under certain circumstances, State statute permits alternate payment dates to be established.

Public utility property tax revenue received in calendar 2006 represents collections of calendar year 2005 taxes. Public utility real and tangible personal property taxes received in calendar year 2006 became a lien December 31, 2004, were levied after April 1, 2005 and are collected in 2006 with real property taxes. Public utility real property is assessed at thirty-five percent of true value; public utility tangible personal property currently is assessed at varying percentages of true value.

Tangible personal property tax revenue received during calendar 2006 (other than public utility property) represents the collection of 2006 taxes. Tangible personal property taxes received in calendar year 2006 were levied after April 1, 2005, on the value as of December 31, 2005. Tangible personal property is currently assessed at twenty-five percent of true value for capital assets and twenty-four percent of true value for inventory. Payments by multi-county taxpayers are due September 20. Single county taxpayers may pay annually or semi-annually. If paid annually, payment is due April 30; if paid semi-annually, the first payment is due April 30, with the remainder payable by September 20. Tangible personal property taxes paid by April 30 are usually received by the District prior to June 30.

The District receives property taxes from Franklin County. The County Auditor periodically advances to the District its portion of the taxes collected. Second-half real property tax payments collected by the County by June 30, 2006, are available to finance fiscal year 2006 operations. The amount available to be advanced can vary based on the date the tax bills are sent.

Accrued property taxes receivable includes real property, public utility property and tangible personal property taxes which are measurable as of June 30, 2006 and for which there is an enforceable legal claim. Although total property tax collections for the next fiscal year are measurable, only the amount of real property taxes available as an advance at June 30 was levied to finance current fiscal year operations and is reported as revenue at fiscal year end. The portion of the receivable not levied to finance current fiscal year operations is offset by a credit to deferred revenue.

The amount available as an advance at June 30, 2006 was \$2,593,076 in the general fund, \$716,890 in the debt service fund and \$38,744 in the nonmajor governmental funds. These amounts have been recorded as revenue. The amount available as an advance at June 30, 2005 was \$2,408,951 in the general fund, \$583,100 in the debt service fund and \$35,563 in the nonmajor governmental funds.

On a full accrual basis, collectible delinquent property taxes have been recorded as a receivable and revenue, while on a modified accrual basis the revenue has been deferred.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006

NOTE 6 - PROPERTY TAXES - (Continued)

The assessed values upon which the fiscal year 2006 taxes were collected are:

	2005 Second Half Collections	2006 First Half Collections
	Amount Percent	Amount Percent
Agricultural/residential		
and other real estate	\$ 313,712,120 87.78	\$ 364,693,210 90.89
Public utility personal	19,546,420 5.47	17,967,340 4.48
Tangible personal property	<u>24,125,031</u> <u>6.75</u>	18,575,380 4.63
Total	\$ 357,383,571 100.00	<u>\$ 401,235,930 </u>
Tax rate per \$1,000 of assessed valuation	\$ 61.00	\$ 61.25

NOTE 7 - INCOME TAX

The District levies a voted tax of .75 percent for general operations on the income of residents and of estates. The tax was effective on January 1, 1991, and is a continuing tax. Employers of residents are required to withhold income tax on compensation and remit the tax to the State. Taxpayers are required to file an annual return. The State makes quarterly distributions to the District after withholding amounts for administrative fees and estimated refunds. Income tax revenue is credited to the general fund and totaled \$2,604,518 in 2006.

NOTE 8 - RECEIVABLES

Receivables at June 30, 2006 consisted of taxes, accounts (billings for user charged services and student fees), accrued interest and intergovernmental grants and entitlements. All receivables are considered collectible in full due to the ability to foreclose for the nonpayment of taxes, the stable condition of state programs and the current year guarantee of federal funds. A summary of the principal items of receivables reported on the Statement of Net Assets follows:

Governmental Activities:

Taxes	\$ 14,553,919
Accounts	32,596
Intergovernmental	86,256
Accrued interest	57,718
Business-Type Activities:	
Intergovernmental	26,132

Receivables have been disaggregated on the face of the financial statements. All receivables are expected to be collected within one year.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006

NOTE 9 - CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2006, was as follows

Bal	ance at						Balance at
<u></u>	/30/05		Additions	<u> </u>	Disposals		06/30/06
Governmental Activities:							
Capital assets, not being depreciated: Land \$ 4 Construction in progress	4,205,598 574,022	\$	5,172,099	\$	(506,950)	\$	3,698,648 5,746,121
		\$	5,172,099	-	(506,950)		9,444,769
Capital assets, being depreciated: Land improvements Buildings and improvements Furniture and equipment 2	90,951 0,991,444 2,947,825	Ψ	450,622		- (61,629)		90,951 39,991,444 3,336,818
	,896,309		119,900		(4,176)	_	2,012,033
Total capital assets, being depreciated 44	,926,529		570,522		(65,805)		45,431,246
Furniture and equipment (1 Vehicles Total accumulated depreciation (6	(26,460) 4,478,915) ,194,770) (987,306) 6,687,451) 3,018,698	<u></u>	(1,071) (431,203) (235,537) (164,319) (832,130) 4,910,491	<u></u>	47,533 4,176 51,709 (521,046)		(27,531) (4,910,118) (1,382,774) (1,147,449) (7,467,872) 47,408,143
Governmental activities capital assets, net	,010,070	Ψ	4,710,471	Ψ	(321,040)	Ψ	47,400,143
Business-Type Activities: Capital assets, being depreciated: Furniture and equipment \$ Vehicles	345,394 2,601	\$	-	\$	- (2,601)	\$	345,394
Total capital assets being depreciated	347,995			-	(2,601)	_	345,394
Total capital assets being depreciated	347,773		<u>-</u>	_	(2,001)	_	343,374
Less accumulated depreciation: Furniture and equipment Vehicles	(178,502) (1,167)		(14,340) (241)		- 1,408		(192,842)
Total accumulated depreciation	(179,669)		(14,581)		1,408		(192,842)
Business-type activities capital assets, net \$	168,326	\$	(14,581)	\$	(1,193)	\$	152,552

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006

NOTE 9 - CAPITAL ASSETS - (Continued)

Depreciation expense was charged to governmental functions as follows:

<u>Instruction</u> :	
Regular	\$ 365,949
Special	40,854
Vocational	18,415
Support Services:	
Pupil	25,543
Instructional staff	33,561
Administration	70,044
Fiscal	5,337
Operations and maintenance	38,542
Pupil transportation	14,133
Central	160,773
Extracurricular activities	44,501
Operation of non-instructional services	14,478
Total depreciation expense	\$ 832,130

NOTE 10 - CAPITALIZED LEASE - LESSEE DISCLOSURE

In a prior year, the District entered into capitalized leases for multiple copiers. These lease agreements meet the criteria of capital lease as defined by FASB Statement No. 13, "Accounting for Leases", which defines a capital lease generally as one which transfers benefits and risks of ownership to the lessee. Capital lease payments have been reclassified and are reflected as debt service expenditures in the financial statements for the governmental funds. These expenditures are reported as function expenditures on the budgetary statements.

Capital assets consisting of equipment have been capitalized in the statement of net assets. This amount represents the present value of the minimum lease payments at the time of acquisition. A corresponding liability is recorded in the government-wide financial statements. The final principal payments in fiscal year 2006 totaled \$7,260 paid by the general fund. The District has no capital lease obligations outstanding at June 30, 2006.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006

NOTE 11 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

A. During the fiscal year 2006, the following changes occurred in governmental activities long-term obligations:

	Balance June 30, 2005	Additions	Reductions	Balance at June 30, 2006	Amounts Due in One Year
Governmental Activities:	Φ 64.004.760	Φ 404.404	Φ (1.515.000)	Φ (2.074.172	Ф 271 147
General obligation bonds:	\$ 64,004,768	\$ 484,404	\$ (1,515,000)	\$ 62,974,172	\$ 371,147
Energy conservation bonds School bus notes	163,781 84,000	-	(163,781)	43,000	43,000
School facilities construction	84,000	-	(41,000)	43,000	43,000
and improvement notes	3,000,000	3,370,000	(3,000,000)	3,370,000	3,370,000
Capital lease obligation	7,260	3,370,000	(7,260)	3,370,000	3,370,000
Compensated absences	752,590	152,153	(323,040)	581,703	167,185
Compensated absences	132,370	132,133	(323,040)	301,703	107,103
Total long tarm obligations					
Total long-term obligations, governmental activities	\$ 68,012,399	\$ 4,006,557	\$ (5,050,081)	\$ 66,968,875	\$ 3,951,332
governmental activities	\$ 00,012,399	\$ 4,000,337	\$ (3,030,081)	φ 00,900,873	\$ 5,951,552
Less: Unamoritized deferred					
charge on refunding	(898,035)			(837,487)	
Add: Unamoritized premium					
on refunding	4,460,137			4,285,462	
	\$ 71,574,501			\$ 70,416,850	
				· / /	
	Balance			Balance at	Due in
	June 30, 2005	Additions	Reductions	June 30, 2006	One Year
Business-Type Activities:					
Compensated absences	\$ 6,113	\$ 351	\$ -	\$ 6,464	
Total business-type activities					
long-term liabilities	\$ 6,113	\$ 351	\$ -	\$ 6,464	\$ -

B. General Obligation Bonds

The District has seven outstanding general obligation bond issues. These bonds were issued for general governmental activities, specifically; construction, and/or renovation of school buildings, and the advance refunding of previous issues. These general obligation bonds are direct obligations of the district for which its full faith, credit, and resources are pledged and payable from taxes levied on all taxable property in the school district. Accordingly, such unmatured obligations of the District are accounted for in the statement of net assets. Payments of principal and interest relating to these bonds are recorded as an expenditure in the District's debt service fund. The following is a summary of the District's general obligation bonds outstanding at June 30, 2006:

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006

NOTE 11 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS - (Continued)

General obligation bonds:	Balance at June 30, 2005	Additions	Reductions	Balance at June 30, 2006
Series 1993 refunding - capital appreciation bonds	\$ 94,860	\$ -	\$ (39,175)	\$ 55,685
Series 1993 refunding - accreted interest	711,501	117,856	(320,825)	508,532
6	806,361	117,856	(360,000)	564,217
			(300,000)	301,217
Series 1998 - current interest bonds	10,090,000		(225,000)	9,865,000
Series 1998 - current interest building acquisition bonds	65,000		(20,000)	45,000
Series 2000 - current interest bonds	880,000		(5,000)	875,000
Series 2001 - current interest bonds	8,535,000	-	(595,000)	7,940,000
Series 2001 - capital appreciation bonds	338,363	_	-	338,363
Series 2001 - accreted interest	380,895	78,902	-	459,797
	9,254,258	78,902	(595,000)	8,738,160
Series 2005 - refunding current interest bonds	4,410,000	-	(130,000)	4,280,000
Series 2005 - refunding capital appreciation bonds	255,000	-	-	255,000
Series 2005 - accreted interest	4,807	24,549	<u> </u>	29,356
	4,669,807	24,549	(130,000)	4,564,356
Series 2005 - refunding and school facilities				
construction current interest bonds	34,610,000	_	(180,000)	34,430,000
Series 2005 - capital appreciation bonds	3,600,000	-	-	3,600,000
Series 2005 - accreted interest	29,342	263,097		292,439
	38,239,342	263,097	(180,000)	38,322,439
Total general obligation bonds payable	\$ 64,004,768	\$ 484,404	\$ (1,515,000)	\$ 62,974,172

Series 1993 Refunding General Obligation Bonds

On June 23, 1993, the District issued general obligation bonds to advance refund the callable portion of the previously issued current interest general obligation bonds. The issuance proceeds were used to purchase securities which were placed in an irrevocable trust to provide resources for all future debt service payments on the refunded debt. On April 14, 2005, the District issued \$1,610,000 (Series 1995-A Refunding Bonds) to advance refund the callable portion of the current interest bonds. This refunded debt is considered defeased (in-substance) and accordingly, has been removed from the statement of net assets. The balance of the refunded current interest bonds at June 30, 2006, is \$1,610,000.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006

NOTE 11 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS - (Continued)

The Series 1993 refunding issue outstanding at June 30, 2006 is comprised of capital appreciation bonds, par value \$55,685. The capital appreciation bonds mature December 1, 2005 (effective interest 19.490%), December 1, 2006 (effective interest 19.435%), and December 1, 2007 (effective interest 19.435%) at a redemption price equal to 100% of the principal, plus accrued interest to the redemption date. The present value (as of issue date) reported in the statement of net assets at June 30, 2006 was \$564,217. Total accreted interest of \$508,532 has been included in the statement of net assets.

Series 1998-A General Obligation Bonds

On May 15, 1998, the District issued current interest general obligation bonds to finance the construction and equipping of a modular facility on the high school site for administrative services. The issue is made up of current interest bonds, bear an interest rate of 5.550% and mature on June 1, 2008. This issue is funded through revenue generated from .01 percent of the inside millage. The bonds have an outstanding balance of \$45,000 at June 30, 2006.

Series 1998-B General Obligation Bonds

On April 1, 1998, the District issued current interest general obligation bonds to finance the construction and equipping of a new elementary school and improving the site thereof. The issue is made up of current interest bonds, bear an interest rate of 5.300% and mature on December 1, 2025. On April 14, 2005, the District issued \$3,055,000 (Series 1995A Refunding Bonds) to advance refund the callable portion of the bonds. At June 30, 2006, the balance of the Series 1998-B General Obligation Bonds is \$9,865,000. The balance of the refunded bonds at June 30, 2006, is \$3,055,000.

Series 2000 General Obligation Bonds

On May 9, 2000, the District issued current interest general obligation bonds to finance the construction of a new intermediate building, an addition to the high school and renovations to the current intermediate building. The issue is made up of current interest bonds, bear an interest rate of 6.375% and mature on June 1, 2028. The bonds have an outstanding balance of \$875,000 at June 30, 2006.

Series 2001 General Obligation Bonds

On November 11, 2001, the District issued general obligation bonds to provide funds for the construction of a new intermediate building, an addition to the high school and renovations to the current intermediate building. On May 19, 2005, the District issued \$5,710,000 (Series 1995-B Refunding Bonds) to advance refund a portion of the callable portion of the current interest bonds. This refunded debt is considered defeased (in-substance) and accordingly, has been removed from the statement of net assets. The balance of the refunded bonds at June 30, 2006, is \$5,710,000.

This issue is comprised of both current interest bonds, par value \$7,940,000 outstanding at June 30, 2006, and capital appreciation bonds, par value \$338,363. The interest rate on the current interest bonds is 5.010%. The capital appreciation bonds mature on December 1, 2013 (effective interest 10.646%), December 1, 2014 (effective interest 10.847%), December 1, 2015 (effective interest 11.025%), December 1, 2016 (effective interest 11.185%) at a redemption price equal to 100% of the principal, plus accrued interest to the redemption date. The present value (as of issue date) reported in the statement of net assets at June 30, 2006 was \$798,160. A total of \$459,797 in accreted interest on the capital appreciation bonds has been included in the statement of net assets at June 30, 2006.

Interest payments on the current interest bonds are due on June 1 and December 1 of each year. The final maturity stated in the issue is December 1, 2028.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006

NOTE 11 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS - (Continued)

Series 2005-A Refunding General Obligation Bonds

On April 14, 2005, the District issued general obligation bonds to advance refund \$1,610,000 of the current interest Series 1993 Refunding Bonds and \$3,055,000 of the current interest Series 1998-B General Obligation Bonds. The refunded debt is considered defeased (in-substance) and accordingly, has been removed from the statement of net assets.

The refunding issue is comprised of both current interest bonds, par value \$4,280,000 at June 30, 2006, and capital appreciation bonds, par value \$255,000. The interest rate on the current interest bonds ranges from 3.00-5.00%. The capital appreciation bonds mature December 1, 2013 (effective interest 32.820%) and December 1, 2019 (effective interest 8.214%) at a redemption price equal to 100% of the principal, plus accrued interest to the redemption date. The present value (as of issue date) reported in the statement of net assets at June 30, 2006 was \$284,356. Total accreted interest of \$29,356 has been included in the statement of net assets.

Interest payments on the current interest bonds are due on June 1 and December 1 each year. The final maturity stated in the issue is December 1, 2016.

The reacquisition price exceeded the net carrying amount of the old debt by \$297,874. This amount is being netted against the new debt and amortized over the remaining life of the refunded debt, which is equal to the life of the new debt issued. This advance refunding was undertaken to reduce the combined total debt service payments over the next twelve years by 112,528 and resulted in an economic gain of \$132,223.

Series 2005-B School Facilities Construction and Advance Refunding Bonds

On May 1, 2005, the District issued general obligation bonds to advance refund the callable portion of the current interest Series 2001 General Obligation Bonds (principal \$5,710,000; interest rate 5.010%) and to finance the construction and equipping of new school facilities, constructing additions and renovations of existing school facilities, and acquiring land with the \$32,500,000 new money issue. The issuance proceeds of \$5,710,000 were used to purchase securities which were placed in an irrevocable trust to provide resources for all future debt service payments on the refunded debt. This refunded debt is considered defeased (in-substance) and accordingly, has been removed from the statement of net assets.

The debt issue is comprised of both current interest bonds, par value \$34,430,000 at June 30, 2006, and capital appreciation bonds, par value \$3,600,000. The interest rate on the current interest bonds ranges from 3.00%-5.00%. The capital appreciation bonds mature December 1, 2021 (effective interest 11.049%), December 1, 2029 (effective interest 6.942%), December 1, 2030 (effective interest 6.946%), December 1, 2031 (effective interest 6.939%), December 1, 2032 (effective interest 6.950%), December 1, 2033 (effective interest 6.915%) at a redemption price equal to 100% of the principal, plus accrued interest to the redemption date. The present value (as of issue date) reported in the statement of net assets at June 30, 2006 was \$3,892,439. Total accreted interest of \$292,439 has been included in the statement of activities.

The reacquisition price exceeded the net carrying amount of the old debt by \$604,731. This amount is being netted against the new debt and amortized over the remaining life of the refunded debt, which is equal to the life of the new debt issued. The advance refunding was undertaken to reduce total debt service payments over the next sixteen years by \$204,558 and resulted in an economic gain of \$172,746.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006

NOTE 11 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS - (Continued)

The following is a summary of the future debt service requirements to maturity for the general obligation bonds.

Current Interest Bonds				Capita	ıl A	ppreciation E	one	ds				
Year Ended	_	Principal	_	Interest	_	Total	P	Principal		Interest		Total
2007	\$	340,000	\$	3,296,868	\$	3,636,868	\$	31,147	\$	308,853	\$	340,000
2008		490,000		3,281,586		3,771,586		24,538		295,462		320,000
2009		730,000		3,256,117		3,986,117		-		-		-
2010		770,000		3,229,267		3,999,267		-		-		-
2011		875,000		3,196,162		4,071,162		-		-		-
2012 - 2016		5,600,000		11,137,964		16,737,964		499,673		1,715,327		2,215,000
2017 - 2021		12,430,000		8,433,591		20,863,591		93,690		586,310		680,000
2022 - 2026		22,995,000		6,332,564		29,327,564		260,000		1,215,000		1,475,000
2027 - 2031		13,205,000		1,019,940		14,224,940		1,470,000		6,440,000		7,910,000
2032 - 2034		-		-		-		1,870,000		9,995,000		11,865,000
Total	\$	57,435,000	\$	43,184,059	\$	100,619,059	\$ 4	4,249,048	\$	20,555,952	\$	24,805,000

C. Other Debt Obligations

H.B. Energy Conservation Bonds

The Board of Education has authorized the issuance of energy conservation bonds in the original amount of \$1,288,781 as authorized by House Bill 264. The bonds are to be paid by the debt service fund from energy expense savings. The bonds were dated July 15, 1996, matured in 2006, and bore an interest rate of 5.75%.

School Bus Notes

The District has issued notes in the amount of \$340,000 for the purchase of school buses. This financing is authorized by the Ohio Revised Code Section 133.15A and Ohio Revised Code Section 3327.08. The notes mature in 2007, with an interest rate of 5.38%.

The following is a summary of the future debt service requirements to maturity for the school bus notes:

Year Ended	Principal	Interest	Total		
2007	\$ 43,000	\$ 2,365	\$ 45,365		

School Facilities Construction and Improvement Notes

On December 22, 2004, the District issued \$3,000,000 in notes payable to finance various District building improvements. The notes matured December 21, 2005, and bore an interest rate of 2.75%.

On November 28, 2005, the District issued \$3,370,000 in notes payable to finance various District building improvements. The notes mature November 28, 2006 and bear an interest rate of 4.35%.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006

NOTE 11 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS - (Continued)

State Construction Loan

In 1991, the District received a \$3,816,425 interest free loan from the State of Ohio for the construction of classroom facilities. Pursuant to changes to Section 3318.082 ORC and Section 3318.06 as amended, the District may retain half of the half-mill locally for maintenance of classroom facilities constructed or renovated if the District's adjusted valuation per pupil is greater than the statewide median adjusted valuation per pupil. The District retained half of the half-mill locally as per the amendment. The state loan is exempt from debt limitations. Senate Bill 272, which became effective on September 14, 2000, relieved the District of making future payments on this loan.

NOTE 12 - COMPENSATED ABSENCES

The criteria for determining vested vacation and sick leave components are derived from negotiated agreements and State Laws. Only administrative and support personnel who are under a full year contract (11 and 12 months) are eligible for vacation time. The administrators accumulate vacation based upon the following schedule:

Eleven Month	Administrators	Twelve Month	Twelve Month Administrators			
Years Service	Vacation Days	Years Service	Vacation Days			
0 - 15	15	0 - 15	20			
16 - beyond	20	16 - beyond	25			

One to ten days may be carried over per year without Board approval up to a total of 35 days. Additional days carried over require Board approval.

Classified employees earn ten to twenty days of vacation per year, depending upon length of service. Classified employees may carry one to ten days over per year without Board approval to a total of twenty days. Additional days carried over require Board approval.

The classified personnel accumulate vacation based on the following schedule:

Years of Service	Vacation Days
0 - 5	10
6 - 10	12
11 - 15	15
16 - beyond	20

Accumulated, unused vacation time is paid to classified employees and administrators upon termination of employment.

Each employee earns sick leave at the rate of one and one-fourth days per month. Sick leave shall accumulate during active employment on a continuous year-to-year basis. Maximum sick leave accumulation for all employees is 210 days.

For all employees, retirement severance is paid to each employee retiring from the District at a per diem rate of the annual salary at the time of retirement if the employee has been employed by the District for a minimum of ten consecutive years at the time of retirement. Any employee receiving retirement severance pay shall be entitled to a dollar amount equivalent to one-fourth of all accumulated sick leave credited to that employee up to forty-five days.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006

NOTE 12 - COMPENSATED ABSENCES - (Continued)

Any employee receiving separation severance pay shall be entitled to a dollar amount equivalent to one-fourth of all accumulated sick leave credited to that employee up to forty-five days.

For certified and classified employees, separation severance is paid to each employee upon resignation from the District at a per diem rate of the annual salary at the time of retirement if the employee has been employed by the District for a minimum of fifteen consecutive years at the time of retirement.

NOTE 13 - RISK MANAGEMENT

A. Property and Liability

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets, errors and omissions, injuries to the employees and natural disasters. During fiscal year 2006, the District has contracted with commercial carriers for property and general liability insurance.

The District maintains replacement cost insurance on buildings and contents. General liability insurance is maintained in the amount of \$1,000,000 for each occurrence and \$5,000,000 in the aggregate. The District maintains fleet insurance in the amount of \$1,000,000 for any one accident or loss.

Settled claims have not exceeded this commercial coverage in any of the past three years. There has not been a significant reduction in insurance coverage from the prior year.

B. Worker's Compensation

For fiscal year 2006, the District participated in the Ohio School Boards Association Workers' Compensation Group Rating Plan (the "Plan), an insurance purchasing pool. The intent of the Plan is to achieve the benefit of a reduced premium for the District by virtue of its grouping and representation with other participants in the Plan. The workers' compensation experience of the participating school districts is calculated as one experience and a common premium rate is applied to all school districts in the Plan. Each participant pays its workers' compensation premium to the State based on the rate for the Plan rather than its individual rate. Total savings are then calculated and each participant's individual performance is compared to the overall savings percentage of the Plan. A participant will then either receive money from or be required to contribute to the "Equity Pooling Fund". This "equity pooling" arrangement insures that each participant shares equally in the overall performance of the Plan. Participation in the Plan is limited to school districts that can meet the Plans selection criteria. The firm of Gates McDonald & Co. provides administrative, cost control and actuarial services to the Plan.

C. Health Insurance

The District has established an internal service "self-insurance" fund, in conjunction with a formalized risk management program, in an effort to minimize risk exposure and control claims and premium costs. This self-insurance fund was established for the purpose of accumulating balances sufficient to self-insure basic medical, dental, vision, and prescription drug coverage and permit excess umbrella coverage for claims over a pre-determined level. Board and employee premium contributions are determined by negotiated agreement. Amounts are paid into this fund from the general fund, food service and certain special revenue funds (grants).

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006

NOTE 13 - RISK MANAGEMENT - (Continued)

Claims payments are made on an as-incurred basis, thus no "reserve" remains with the insurance carrier. Effective July 1, 1997, the district terminated the independent carrier full indemnity insurance for basic medical and prescription drug coverage and joined the South Central Ohio Insurance Consortium.

Expenses for claims are recorded as other expenses when it is probable that an asset has been impaired or a liability has been incurred and the amount of loss can be reasonably estimated. Liabilities include an amount for claims that have been incurred by not reported. Because actual claims liabilities depend on such complex factors as inflation, changes in legal doctrines, and damage awards, the process used in computing claims liability does not necessarily result in an exact amount. Claims liabilities are reevaluated periodically to take into consideration recently settled claims, the frequency of claims, and other economic and social factors. Liabilities for incurred losses to be settled by fixed or reasonably determinable payments over a long period of time are reported at their present value using expected future investment assumptions as determined by the third party administrator. These liabilities are reported at their present value of \$230,418, at June 30, 2006.

A summary of changes in self-insurance claims for the year ended June 30, 2006:

		2006	_	2005
Claim Liabilities at Beginning of Year	\$	188,614	\$	174,488
Incurred Claims	2,	760,717		2,047,230
Claims Paid	(2,	718,913)		(2,033,104)
Claim Liabilities at End of year	\$:	230,418	\$	188,614

SCOIC currently includes eleven member school districts and governmental entities. Contributions are determined by the consortium's Board of Directors and are remitted monthly to the consortium's fiscal agent, who then pays all incurred claims. Thus actual cash "reserves" are held by the fiscal agent.

Meritain Health, a third party administrator, services all health/medical claims submitted by employees. An excess coverage insurance policy covers individual claims in excess of \$50,000 and \$3,000,000 lifetime maximum, per employee consortium wide.

NOTE 14 - PENSION PLANS

A. School Employees Retirement System

The District contributes to the School Employees Retirement System (SERS), a cost-sharing multiple employer defined benefit pension plan. SERS provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided by Chapter 3309 of the Ohio Revised Code. SERS issues a publicly available, stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained by writing to the School Employees Retirement System, 300 East Broad Street, Suite 100, Columbus, Ohio 43215-3746 or by calling (800) 878-5853. It is also posted on SERS' website, www.ohsers.org, under Forms and Publications.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006

NOTE 14 - PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

Plan members are required to contribute 10 percent of their annual covered salary and the District is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. The current District rate is 14 percent of annual covered payroll. A portion of the District's contribution is used to fund pension obligations with the remainder being used to fund health care benefits; for fiscal year 2006, 10.58 percent of annual covered salary was the portion used to fund pension obligations. For fiscal year 2005, 10.57 percent of annual covered salary was the portion used to fund pension obligations. For fiscal year 2004, 9.09 percent of annual covered salary was the portion used to fund pension obligations. The contribution requirements of plan members and employers are established and may be amended, up to statutory maximum amounts, by the SERS' Retirement Board. The District's required contribution for pension obligations to SERS for fiscal years ended 2006, 2005, and 2004 were \$313,304, \$295,728, and \$222,686; 49.00 percent has been contributed for fiscal year 2006 and 100 percent for fiscal years 2005 and 2004. \$159,770 represents the unpaid contribution for fiscal year 2006 and is recorded as a liability within the respective funds.

B. State Teachers Retirement System

Plan members are required to contribute 10 percent of their annual covered salary and the District is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. The current District rate is 14 percent of annual covered payroll. A portion of the District's contribution is used to fund pension obligations with the remainder being used to fund health care benefits; for fiscal year 2006, 11.70 percent of annual covered salary was the portion used to fund pension obligations. For fiscal year 2005, 10.57 percent of annual covered salary was the portion used to fund pension obligations. For fiscal year 2004, 9.09 percent of annual covered salary was the portion used to fund pension obligations. The contribution requirements of plan members and employers are established and may be amended, up to statutory maximum amounts, by the SERS' Retirement Board.

New members have a choice of three retirement plans, a Defined Benefit (DB) Plan, a Defined Contribution (DC) Plan and a Combined Plan. The DB plan offers an annual retirement allowance based on final average salary times a percentage that varies based on years of service, or an allowance based on member contributions and earned interest matched by STRS Ohio funds times an actuarially determined annuity factor. The DC Plan allows members to place all their member contributions and employer contributions equal to 10.5 percent of earned compensation into an investment account. Investment decisions are made by the member. A member is eligible to receive a retirement benefit at age 50 and termination of employment. The Combined Plan offers features of both the DC Plan and the DB Plan. In the Combined Plan, member contributions are invested by the member, and employer contributions are used to fund the defined benefit payment at a reduced level from the regular DB Plan. DC and Combined Plan members will transfer to the Defined Benefit Plan during their fifth year of membership unless they permanently select the DC or Combined Plan. Existing members with less than five years of service credit as of June 30, 2001, were given the option of making a one time irrevocable decision to transfer their account balances from the existing DB Plan into the DC Plan or the Combined Plan. This option expired on December 31, 2001. Benefits are established by Chapter 3307 of the Ohio Revised Code.

A DB or Combined Plan member with five or more years credited service who becomes disabled may qualify for a disability benefit. Eligible spouses and dependents of these active members who die before retirement may qualify for survivor benefits. Members in the DC Plan who become disabled are entitled only to their account balance. If a member dies before retirement benefits begin, the member's designated beneficiary is entitled to receive the member's account balance.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006

NOTE 14 - PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2006, plan members were required to contribute 10 percent of their annual covered salaries. The District was required to contribute 14 percent; 13 percent was the portion used to fund pension obligations. Contribution rates are established by the State Teachers Retirement Board, upon recommendation of its consulting actuary, not to exceed statutory maximum rates of 10 percent for members and 14 percent for employers. Chapter 3307 of the Ohio Revised Code provides statutory authority for member and employer contributions. The District's required contributions for fund pension obligations to the DB Plan for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2006, 2005, and 2004 were \$1,447,087, \$1,349,240 and \$1,222,985; 82.52 percent has been contributed for fiscal year 2006 and 100 percent for fiscal years 2005 and 2004. Contributions to the DC and Combined Plans for fiscal year 2006 were \$19,740 made by the District and \$47,674 made by the plan members.

C. Social Security System

Effective July 1, 1991, all employees not otherwise covered by the SERS or the STRS have an option to choose Social Security or the SERS/STRS. As of June 30, 2006, certain members of the Board of Education have elected Social Security. The Board's liability is 6.2% of wages paid.

NOTE 15 - POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

The District provides comprehensive health care benefits to retired teachers and their dependents through the State Teachers Retirement System (STRS), and to retired non-certified employees and their dependents through the School Employees Retirement System (SERS). Benefits include hospitalization, physicians' fees, prescription drugs and reimbursement of monthly Medicare premiums. Benefit provisions and the obligations to contribute are established by the Systems based on authority granted by State statute. Both systems are funded on a pay-as-you-go basis.

STRS retirees who participated in the DB or combined plans and their dependents are eligible for health care coverage. The STRS Board has statutory authority over how much, if any, of the health care costs will be absorbed by STRS. All benefit recipients pay a portion of health care cost in the form of a monthly premium. By law, the cost of coverage paid from STRS funds is included in the employer contribution rate, currently 14 percent of covered payroll. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2006, the STRS Board allocated employer contributions equal to 1 percent of covered payroll to the Health Care Reserve Fund. For the District, this amount equaled \$111,314 for fiscal year 2006.

STRS pays health care benefits from the Health Care Stabilization Fund. At June 30, 2005 (the latest information available), the balance in the Health Care Stabilization Fund was \$3.3 billion. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2005 (the latest information available), net health care costs paid by STRS were \$254.780 million and STRS had 115,395 eligible benefit recipients.

For SERS, coverage is made available to service retirees with ten or more fiscal years of qualifying service credit, and to disability and survivor benefit recipients. All retirees and beneficiaries are required to pay a portion of their premium for health care. The portion is based on years of service, Medicare eligibility, and retirement status. Premiums may be reduced for retirees whose household income falls below the poverty level.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006

NOTE 15 - POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS – (Continued)

After the allocation for basic benefits, the remainder of the employer's 14 percent contribution is allocated to providing health care benefits. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2006, employer contributions to fund health care benefits were 3.42 percent of covered payroll, a decrease of 0.01 percent from fiscal year 2005. In addition, SERS levies a surcharge to fund health care benefits equal to 14 percent of the difference between a minimum pay and the member's pay, pro-rated for partial service credit. For fiscal year 2006, the minimum pay was established at \$35,800. However, the surcharge is capped at 2 percent of each employer's SERS salaries. For the 2006 fiscal year, the District paid \$160,209 to fund health care benefits, including the surcharge.

The surcharge, added to the unallocated portion of the 14 percent employer contribution rate, provides for maintenance of the asset target level for the health care fund. The target level for the health care reserve is 150 percent of annual health care expenses. Expenses for health care for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2005 (the latest information available) were \$178.221 million. At June 30, 2005 (the latest information available), SERS had net assets available for payment of health care benefits of \$267.5 million, which is about 168 percent of next years projected net health care costs of \$158.776 million. On the basis of actuarial projections, the allocated contributions will be insufficient in the long term, to provide for a health care reserve equal to at least 150 percent of estimated annual net claim costs. SERS has 58,123 participants currently receiving health care benefits.

NOTE 16 - BUDGETARY BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

While reporting financial position, results of operations, and changes in fund balance on the basis of GAAP, the budgetary basis as provided by law is based upon accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts and disbursements.

The Combined Statement of Revenue, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) presented for the general fund is presented on the budgetary basis to provide a meaningful comparison of actual results with the budget. The major differences between the budget basis and the GAAP basis are that:

- (a) Revenues and other financing sources are recorded when received in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when susceptible to accrual (GAAP basis);
- (b) Expenditures and other financing uses are recorded when paid in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when the liability is incurred (GAAP basis); and
- (c) In order to determine compliance with Ohio law, and to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation, total outstanding encumbrances (budget basis) are recorded as the equivalent of an expenditure, as opposed to a reservation of fund balance for that portion of outstanding encumbrances not already recognized as an account payable (GAAP basis).
- (d) Certain funds that are classified as part of the general fund (GAAP basis) are reported in other fund types on a cash basis (budget basis). These items are reflected as "fund reclassifications".

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006

NOTE 16 - BUDGETARY BASIS OF ACCOUNTING - (Continued)

The adjustments necessary to convert the results of operations for the year on the budget basis to the GAAP basis for the general fund is as follows:

Net Change in Fund Balance

	<u>Ge</u>	eneral Fund
Budget basis	\$	221,706
Net adjustment for revenue accruals		318,869
Net adjustment for expenditure accruals		(825,356)
Net adjustment for other sources/uses		14,380
Adjustment for encumbrances		788,297
GAAP basis	<u>\$</u>	517,896

NOTE 17 - CONTINGENCIES

A. Grants

The District receives significant financial assistance from numerous federal, state and local agencies in the form of grants. The disbursement of funds received under these programs generally requires compliance with terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements and is subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims resulting from such audits could become a liability of the general fund or other applicable funds; however, in the opinion of management, any such disallowed claims will not have a material effect on the financial position of the District at June 30, 2006.

B. Litigation

The District is not a party to legal proceedings at June 30, 2006.

NOTE 18 - STATUTORY RESERVES

The District is required by state law to set-aside certain general fund revenue amounts, as defined by statute, into various reserves. These reserves are calculated and presented on a cash basis. During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2006, the reserve activity was as follows:

	Textbooks	Capital <u>Maintenance</u>
Set-aside cash balance as of June 30, 2005	\$ (1,640,691)	\$ (32,132,475)
Current year set-aside requirement	402,999	402,999
Current year offsets	-	-
Qualifying disbursements	(508,455)	(349,331)
Total	\$ (1,746,147)	\$ (32,078,807)
Balance carried forward to FY 2007	\$ (1,746,147)	\$ (32,078,807)

These extra amounts are being carried forward to fiscal year 2007 for the Textbook and Capital maintenance set-asides.



CANAL WINCHESTER LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006

SUB GR	AL GRANTOR/ ANTOR/ AM TITLE	CFDA NUMBER	PASS-THROUGH GRANT NUMBER	(B) CASH FEDERAL RECEIPTS	OTHER FEDERAL RECEIPTS	(B) CASH FEDERAL DISBURSEMENTS	OTHER FEDERAL DISBURSEMENTS
PASSED	PARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE THROUGH THE EPARTMENT OF EDUCATION:						
Nutr	ition Cluster: Food Donation	10.550	N/A	\$ -	\$ 58,552	\$ -	\$ 58,552
(A),(C)	Total Food Donation	10.330	IVA	<u> </u>	58,552	-	58,552
(A), (D) (A), (D)	National School Lunch Program National School Lunch Program	10.555 10.555	046946-LLP4-2005 046946-LLP4-2006	67,612 149,463	-	67,612 149,463	-
	Total National School Lunch Program			217,075		217,075	
	Total U.S. Department of Agriculture and Nutrition Cluster			217,075	58,552	217,075	58,552
PASSED	PARTMENT OF EDUCATION THROUGH THE EPARTMENT OF EDUCATION						
	Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.010 84.010	046946-C1S1-2005 046946-C1S1-2006	13,373 255,613		30,820 213,009	
	Total Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies			268,986		243,829	
	Special Education_Grants to States Special Education_Grants to States	84.027 84.027	046946-6BSF-2005 046946-6BSF-2006	545,716		22,134 511,903	
	Total Special Education_Grants to States			545,716		534,037	
(E)	Safe and Drug-Free Schools and Communities_State Grants Safe and Drug-Free Schools and Communities_State Grants	84.186 84.186	046946-DRS1-2005 046946-DRS1-2006	(68) 12,071		12,071	
	Total Safe and Drug-Free Schools and Communities_State Grants			12,003		12,071	
	State Grants for Innovative Programs State Grants for Innovative Programs	84.298 84.298	046946-C2S1-2005 046946-C2S1-2006	4,023 10,007		5,632 10,007	
	Total State Grants for Innovative Programs			14,030		15,639	
	Education Technology State Grants Education Technology State Grants	84.318 84.318	046946-TJS1-2005 046946-TJS1-2006	271 2,826		956 2,173	
	Total Education Technology State Grants			3,097		3,129	
	Comprehensive School Reform Demonstration	84.332	046946-RFCC-2006	81,916		61,757	
(F)	Improving Teacher Quality State Grants Improving Teacher Quality State Grants	84.367 84.367	046946-TRS1-2005 046946-TRS1-2006	(5,372) 74,683		213 75,023	
	Total Improving Teacher Quality State Grants			69,311		75,236	
	Total U.S. Department of Education			995,059		945,698	
	Total Federal Financial Assistance			\$ 1,212,134	\$ 58,552	\$ 1,162,773	\$ 58,552

⁽A) Included as part of "Nutrition Grant Cluster" in determining major programs.

(B) This schedule was prepared on the cash basis of accounting.

(C) The Food Donation Program is a non-cash, in kind, federal grant. Commodities are valued at fair market prices.

(D) Commingled with state and local revenue from sales of lunches; assumed expenditures were made on a first-in, first-out basis.

(E) Amount of \$68 transferred to fiscal year 2006 grant based on Ohio Department of Education administrative action.

(F) Amount of \$5,372 transferred to fiscal year 2006 grant based on Ohio Department of Education administrative action.



Julian & Grube, Inc.

Serving Ohio Local Governments

333 County Line Rd. West, Westerville, OH 43082 Phone: 614.846.1899 Fax: 614.846.2799

Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance With Government Auditing Standards

Board of Education Canal Winchester Local School District 290 Washington Street Canal Winchester, Ohio 43110

We have audited basic financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Canal Winchester Local School District, Franklin County, (the "District") as of and for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2006, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated December 15, 2006. As disclosed in Note 3 to the financial statements, beginning funds balances were restated in the Building and Debt Service fund due to improper recording of interest earned in 2005. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting. Our consideration of the internal control would not necessarily disclose all matters in the internal control over financial reporting that might be material weaknesses. A material weakness is a reportable condition in which the design or operation of one or more of the internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that misstatements caused by error or fraud in amounts that would be material in relation to the financial statements being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions. We noted no matters involving the internal control over financial reporting and its operation that we consider to be material weaknesses.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the District's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*. However, we noted two immaterial instances of noncompliance that we have reported to the management of the Canal Winchester Local School District in a separate letter dated December 15, 2006.

Board of Education Canal Winchester Local School District

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This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Board and management of the Canal Winchester Local School District, federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Julian & Grube, Inc. December 15, 2006



Julian & Grube, Inc.

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Report on Compliance With Requirements Applicable to Its Major Federal Program and on Internal Control Over Compliance in Accordance With *OMB Circular A-133*

Board of Education Canal Winchester Local School District 290 Washington Street Canal Winchester, Ohio 43110

Compliance

We have audited the compliance of Canal Winchester Local School District, Franklin County (the "District") with the types of compliance requirements described in the *U. S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Circular A-133 Compliance Supplement* that are applicable to its major federal program for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2006. As disclosed in Note 3 to the financial statements, beginning funds balances were restated in the Building and Debt Service fund due to improper recording of interest earned in 2005. The District's major federal program is identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings. Compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts and grants applicable to its major federal program is the responsibility of the District's management. Compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts and grants applicable to its major federal program is the responsibility of the District's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the District's compliance based on our audit.

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and *OMB Circular A-133*, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. Those standards and *OMB Circular A-133* require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our audit does not provide a legal determination on the District's compliance with those requirements.

In our opinion, the Canal Winchester Local School District, Franklin County, complied, in all material respects, with the requirements referred to above that are applicable to its major federal program for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2006.

Board of Education Canal Winchester Local School District

Internal Control Over Compliance

The management of the District is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with requirements of laws, regulations, contracts and grants applicable to federal programs. In planning and performing our audit, we considered the District's internal control over compliance with requirements that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on compliance and to test and report on the internal control over compliance in accordance with *OMB Circular A-133*.

Our consideration of the internal control over compliance would not necessarily disclose all matters in the internal control that might be material weaknesses. A material weakness is a reportable condition in which the design or operation of one or more of the internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that noncompliance with applicable requirements of laws, regulations, contracts and grants caused by error or fraud that would be material in relation to a major federal program being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions. We noted no matters involving the internal control over compliance and its operation that we consider to be material weaknesses.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Board of Education and management of the Canal Winchester Local School District, federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Julian & Grube, Inc. December 15, 2006

Julian & Sube the

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS OMB CIRCULAR A-133 § .505 JUNE 30, 2006

	1. SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS					
(d)(1)(i)	Type of Financial Statement Opinion	Unqualified				
(d)(1)(ii)	Were there any material control weakness conditions reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No				
(d)(1)(ii)	Were there any other reportable control weakness conditions reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No				
(d)(1)(iii)	Was there any reported non-compliance at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No				
(d)(1)(iv)	Were there any material internal control weakness conditions reported for major federal programs?	No				
(d)(1)(iv)	Were there any other reportable internal control weakness conditions reported for major federal programs?	No				
(d)(1)(v)	Type of Major Programs' Compliance Opinion	Unqualified				
(d)(1)(vi)	Are there any reportable findings under § .510?	No				
(d)(1)(vii)	Major Program:	Special Education: Grants to States, CFDA #84.027				
(d)(1)(viii)	Dollar Threshold: Type A/B Programs	Type A: >\$300,000 Type B: all others				
(d)(1)(ix)	Low Risk Auditee?	Yes				

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS OMB CIRCULAR A-133 § .505 JUNE 30, 2006

2.	FINDINGS RELATED TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED
	TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS

None.

3. FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR FEDERAL AWARDS

None.



Mary Taylor, CPA Auditor of State

CANAL WINCHESTER LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT FRANKLIN COUNTY

CLERK'S CERTIFICATION

This is a true and correct copy of the report which is required to be filed in the Office of the Auditor of State pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in Columbus, Ohio.

CLERK OF THE BUREAU

Susan Babbitt

CERTIFIED MARCH 15, 2007