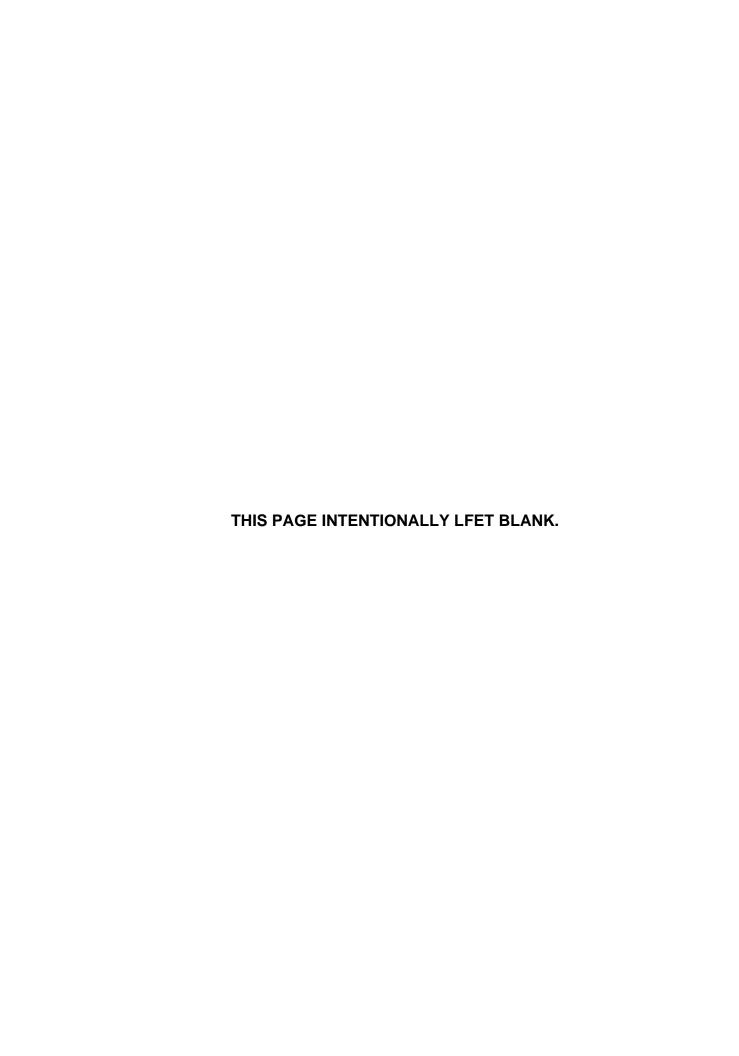




#### **TABLE OF CONTENTS**

Independent Accountants' Report	TITLE	PAGE
Changes in Fund Cash Balances - All Governmental Fund Types - For the Year Ended December 31, 2002	Independent Accountants' Report	1
Fund Cash Balances - All Proprietary and Similar Fiduciary Fund Types - For the Year Ended December 31, 2002	Changes in Fund Cash Balances - All Governmental Fund Types -	3
Federal Awards Expenditures Schedule	Fund Cash Balances - All Proprietary and Similar Fiduciary Fund Types -	4
Notes to the Federal Awards Expenditures Schedule	Notes to the Financial Statements	5
Independent Accountants' Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and On Compliance and Other Matters Required by <i>Government Auditing Standards</i>	Federal Awards Expenditures Schedule	13
On Compliance and Other Matters Required by Government Auditing Standards	Notes to the Federal Awards Expenditures Schedule	14
Applicable to Its Major Federal Program and on Internal Control Over Compliance in Accordance With OMB Circular A-133	Independent Accountants' Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and On Compliance and Other Matters Required by Government Auditing Standards	15
Schedule of Findings	Applicable to Its Major Federal Program and on Internal Control Over	17





# Mary Taylor, CPA Auditor of State

#### INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT

City of Campbell Mahoning County 351 Tenney Avenue Campbell, Ohio 44405

To the City Council:

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the City of Campbell, Mahoning County, (the City) as of and for the year ended December 31, 2002. These financial statements are the responsibility of the City's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to reasonably assure whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

Ohio Administrative Code Section 117-2-03 (B) requires the City to prepare its annual financial report in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. However, as discussed in Note 1, the accompanying financial statements and notes have been prepared on a basis of accounting in accordance with standards established by the Auditor of State for governmental entities that are not required to prepare annual reports in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. This basis of accounting is a comprehensive basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The accompanying financial statements and notes omit assets, liabilities, fund equities, and disclosures that, while material, cannot be determined at this time.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the combined fund cash balances and reserves for encumbrances for the City of Campbell, Mahoning County, as of December 31, 2002, and its combined cash receipts and disbursements for the year then ended on the basis of accounting described in Note 1.

The accompanying financial statements have been prepared assuming that the City will continue as a going concern. As described in Note 9 to the financial statements, the City has been declared to be in fiscal emergency under criteria established by Ohio Revised Code Chapter 118. This condition raises substantial doubt about the City's ability to continue as a going concern. Management's plans in regard to this matter are also discussed in Note 9. The financial statements do not include any adjustments that might result from the outcome of this uncertainty.

City of Campbell Mahoning County Independent Accountant's Report Page 2

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated May 17, 2007, on our consideration of the City's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. While we did not opine on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance, that report describes the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance, and the results of that testing. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*. You should read it in conjunction with this report in assessing the results of our audit.

We conducted our audit to opine on the City's financial statements. The Federal Awards Expenditures Schedule is required by U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*, and is not a required part of the financial statements. We subjected this schedule to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the City's financial statements. In our opinion, this information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the financial statements taken as a whole.

Mary Taylor, CPA Auditor of State

Mary Taylor

May 17, 2007

# COMBINED STATEMENT OF CASH RECEIPTS, CASH DISBURSEMENTS, AND CHANGES IN FUND CASH BALANCES - ALL GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2002

**Governmental Fund Types Totals** Capital Special (Memorandum General Revenue **Projects** Only) **Cash Receipts:** Property Tax and Other Local Taxes \$1,794,559 \$175,830 \$1,970,389 Intergovernmental Receipts 442,747 1,043,897 \$95,146 1,581,790 Charges for Services 62,263 16,266 78,529 Fines, Licenses, and Permits 70,788 262,575 191.787 Miscellaneous 145,883 12,123 14,700 172,706 **Total Cash Receipts** 2,637,239 1.318.904 109.846 4.065.989 **Cash Disbursements:** Current: Security of Persons and Property 1.785.003 23.749 38,869 1,847,621 **Public Health Services** 105,889 2,357 108,246 149,954 Leisure Time Activities 122,499 27,455 Community Environment 453,037 453,037 Basic Utility Services 83,300 83,300 Transportation 423,535 66,766 490,301 General Government 1,125,439 24,329 1,149,768 Debt Service: Principal Payments 47.113 58.561 105.674 Interest Payments 39,070 15,006 54,076 Financing and Other Debt-Service Related Capital Outlay 204,264 37,446 241,710 3,102,514 **Total Disbursements** 1,327,337 253,836 4,683,687 Total Receipts Over/(Under) Disbursements (465,275)(8,433)(143,990)(617,698)Other Financing Receipts/(Disbursements): Transfers-In 68.732 68.732 Other Financing Receipts 26,492 252,218 267.435 546,145 Transfers-Out (8,732)(60,000)(68,732)Other Financing (Disbursements) (21,204)(10,920)(32, 124)Total Other Financing Receipts/(Disbursements) 310,030 (3,444)207,435 514,021 Excess of Cash Receipts and Other Financing Receipts Over/(Under) Cash Disbursements and Other Financing Disbursements (103,677)(155, 245)(11,877)63,445 Fund Cash Balances January 1 (64,838)171,517 (18,967)87,712 (\$220,083) \$159,640 \$44,478 (\$15,965) Fund Cash Balances, December 31 Reserves for Encumbrances, December 31 \$600 \$600

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

# COMBINED STATEMENT OF CASH RECEIPTS, CASH DISBURSEMENTS, AND CHANGES IN FUND CASH BALANCES - ALL PROPRIETARY AND SIMILAR FIDUCIARY FUND TYPES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2002

	Proprietary Fund Type	Fiduciary Fund Type	
	Enterprise	Agency	Totals (Memorandum Only)
Operating Cash Receipts:			
Charges for Services	\$1,543,697		\$1,543,697
Miscellaneous	28,807	\$4,000	32,807
Total Operating Cash Receipts	1,572,504	4,000	1,576,504
Operating Cash Disbursements:			
Personal Services	587,461		587,461
Contractual Services	372,578	58,760	431,338
Supplies and Materials	290,061		290,061
Miscellaneous		4,000	4,000
Total Operating Cash Disbursements	1,250,100	62,760	1,312,860
Operating Income/(Loss)	322,404	(58,760)	263,644
Non-Operating Cash Receipts:			
Other Non-Operating Receipts		1,557,278	1,557,278
Total Non-Operating Cash Receipts		1,557,278	1,557,278
Non-Operating Cash Disbursements:			
Debt Service	338,563		338,563
Other Non-Operating Cash Disbursements	98,500	1,500,334	1,598,834
Total Non-Operating Cash Disbursements	437,063	1,500,334	1,937,397
Net Receipts Over/(Under) Disbursements	(114,659)	(1,816)	(116,475)
Fund Cash Balances, January 1	62,455	340,804	403,259
Fund Cash Balances, December 31	(\$52,204)	\$338,988	\$286,784

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2002

#### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### A. Description of the Entity

The City of Campbell, Mahoning County, (the City) is incorporated as a home rule municipal corporation under the laws of the State of Ohio. The City operates under a "Mayor-Director-Council Form of Government" and provides the following services: security of persons and property, park operations (leisure time activities), public health welfare, transportation (streets and highways), public improvements, community development, and general governmental services including water service.

The City's management believes these financial statements present all activities for which the City is financially accountable.

#### **B.** Basis of Accounting

Although required by the Ohio Administrative Code Section 117-2-03(B) to prepare its annual financial report in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the City chooses to prepare its financial statements and notes in accordance with standards established by the Auditor of State for governmental entities that are not required to prepare annual financial reports in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. This basis of accounting is similar to the cash receipts and disbursements basis of accounting. Receipts are recognized when received in cash rather than when earned, and disbursements are recognized when paid rather than when a liability is incurred. Budgetary presentations report budgetary expenditures when a commitment is made (i.e., when an encumbrance is approved).

These statements include adequate disclosure of material matters, in accordance with the basis of accounting described in the preceding paragraph.

#### C. Cash and Investments

Investments are reported as assets. Accordingly, purchases of investments are not recorded as disbursements, and sales of investments are not recorded as receipts. Gains or losses at the time of sale are recorded as receipts or disbursements, respectively.

Repurchase agreements and Armanda Treasury Money Market are valued at cost.

#### D. Fund Accounting

The City uses fund accounting to segregate cash and investments that are restricted as to use. The City classifies its funds into the following types:

#### 1. General Fund

The General Fund is the general operating fund. It is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

#### 2. Special Revenue Fund

These funds are used to account for proceeds from specific sources (other than from trusts or for capital projects) that are restricted to expenditure for specific purposes. The City had the following significant Special Revenue Funds:

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2002 (Continued)

#### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – (Continued)

Street Construction, Maintenance and Repair Fund - This fund receives gasoline tax and motor vehicle tax money for constructing, maintaining and repairing City streets.

Park and Recreational Fund -This fund receives income tax monies, charges for services and general fund transfers for the maintenance of parks, playgrounds, and recreational facilities.

Community Development Fund - This fund receives federal financial assistance for community housing improvement programs and community development.

#### 3. Capital Project Funds

These funds are used to account for receipts that are restricted for the acquisition or construction of major capital projects (except those financed through enterprise or trust funds). The City had the following significant capital project funds:

State Issue II Fund - This fund receives grant and loan proceeds from Ohio Public Works Commission and loan proceeds from the Ohio Water Development Authority. The moneys are being used for various water improvements.

Sales Tax Development Fund - This fund received sales tax monies from Mahoning County. The moneys are being used to clean storm sewer drains and various other improvements.

Infrastructure and Equipment Fund - This fund received proceeds from the sale of Anthem stock. The moneys are being used for various infrastructure projects and to purchase equipment.

#### 4. Enterprise Funds

These funds account for operations that are similar to private business enterprises where management intends that the significant costs of providing certain goods or services will be recovered through user charges. The City had the following significant Enterprise Funds:

Water Fund - This fund receives charges for services from residents to cover the cost of providing this utility.

Water Capital Improvement Fund - This fund receives utility surcharges for the retirement of Ohio Water Development Authority loans and Ohio Public Works Commission loans which were obtained for various water improvements, and for various water system capital improvements.

#### 5. Fiduciary Funds (Trust and Agency Funds)

Trust funds are used to account for resources restricted by legally binding trust agreements. If the agreement requires the City to maintain the corpus of the trust, the fund is classified as a nonexpendable trust fund. Other trust funds are classified as expendable. Funds for which the City is acting in an agency capacity are classified as agency funds. The City had the following significant fiduciary funds:

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2002 (Continued)

#### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

Mahoning County Sewer Collection Fund – This fund collects charges for sewer services provided by Mahoning County, and remits a percentage of the moneys collected to the County for services and pays the City for billing and administrative services.

*Municipal Court Fund* - This fund accounts for the operation of the Campbell Municipal Court solely in an agency capacity.

#### E. Budgetary Process

The Ohio Revised Code requires that each fund (except certain agency funds including the City's Municipal Court and Mahoning County Sewer Collection funds for which the City does not budget) be budgeted annually.

#### 1. Appropriations

Budgetary expenditures (that is, disbursements and encumbrances) may not exceed appropriations at the fund level of control, and appropriations may not exceed estimated resources. City Council must annually approve appropriation measures and subsequent amendments. The County Budget Commission must also approve the annual appropriation measure. Unencumbered appropriations lapse at year end.

#### 2. Estimated Resources

Estimated resources include estimates of cash to be received (budgeted receipts) plus unencumbered cash as of January 1. The County Budget Commission must also approve estimated resources.

#### 3. Encumbrances

The Ohio Revised Code requires the City to reserve (encumber) appropriations when commitments are made. Encumbrances outstanding at year end are carried over, and need not be reappropriated. The City did not encumber all commitments required by Ohio law. The budgetary presentations have been adjusted to include material items that should have been encumbered.

A summary of 2002 budgetary activity appears in Note 3.

#### F. Property, Plant and Equipment

Acquisitions of property, plant and equipment are recorded as disbursements when paid. These items are not reflected as assets on the accompanying financial statements.

#### G. Accumulated Leave

In certain circumstances, such as upon leaving employment, employees are entitled to cash payments for unused leave 
Unpaid leave is not reflected as a liability under the City's basis of accounting.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2002 (Continued)

#### 1. EQUITY IN POOLED CASH AND INVESTMENTS

The City maintains a cash and investments pool used by all funds. The Ohio Revised Code prescribes allowable deposits and investments. The carrying amount of cash and investments at December 31 was as follows:

	2002
Demand deposits	(\$90,081)
Total deposits	(90,081)
Repurchase agreements: First National Bank National City Bank Armada Treasury Money Market	326,709 550 33,641
Total investments	360,900
Total deposits and investments	\$270,819

**Deposits:** Deposits are either (1) insured by the Federal Depository Insurance Corporation or (2) collateralized by the financial institution's public entity deposit pool.

**Investments:** Written repurchase agreements in government securities provide that the market value of the securities subject to the repurchase agreement must exceed the principal value of the agreement by at least two percent and be marked to market daily, and that the term of the agreement must not exceed thirty days. The repurchase agreements are uninsured and unregistered, with securities held by the counterparty or by its trust department or agent but not in the City's name.

The City's investment portfolio also includes an uninsured and unregistered investment for which the security is held by the broker or dealer or by its trust department but not in the City's name. The financial institution maintains records identifying the City as owner of this security. Investment in money market funds are not evidenced by securities that exist in physical or book-entry form.

#### 3. BUDGETARY ACTIVITY

Budgetary activity for the year ending December 31, 2002 follows:

2002 Budgeted vs. Actual Receipts

	Budgeted		
Fund Type	Receipts	Receipts	Variance
General	\$3,140,639	\$2,958,189	(\$182,450)
Special Revenue	1,208,921	1,345,396	136,475
Capital Projects	517,000	377,281	(139,719)
Enterprise	1,658,220	1,572,504	(85,716)
Agency	57,000	30,975	(26,025)
Total	\$6,581,780	\$6,284,345	(\$297,435)

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2002 (Continued)

#### 3. BUDGETARY ACTIVITY – (Continued)

2002 Budgeted vs. Actual Budgetary Basis Expenditures

	Appropriation	Budgetary	
Fund Type	Authority	Expenditures	Variance
General	\$3,182,702	\$3,114,034	\$68,668
Special Revenue	1,301,930	1,357,273	(55,343)
Capital Projects	293,600	313,836	(20,236)
Enterprise	1,605,720	1,687,163	(81,443)
Agency	64,000	24,766	39,234
Total	\$6,447,952	\$6,497,072	(\$49,120)

Contrary to Ohio law, certified receipts were in excess of actual receipts while current appropriations exceeded the total actual receipts in the General fund, Street, Construction, Maintenance and Repair fund and Water fund for the period ending December 31, 2002. Also contrary to Ohio law, disbursements and encumbrances exceeded appropriations and prior year carryover encumbrances in the Community Development CHIP fund and the Infrastructure and Equipment fund for the period ending December 31, 2002. Moreover, contrary to Ohio law, prior certification was not presented for several expenditures. Furthermore, contrary to Ohio law, at December 31, 2002, the following funds had a cash deficit balance of: General fund \$220,083; Street, Construction Maintenance and Repair fund \$108,581; State Highway Improvement fund \$20,929; Recycling fund \$1,296; Area on Aging fund \$11,115, State Issue II fund \$31,986 and Water fund \$124,550.

#### 4. PROPERTY TAX

Real property taxes become a lien on January 1 preceding the October 1 date for which rates are adopted by City Council. The State Board of Tax Equalization adjusts these rates for inflation. Property taxes are also reduced for applicable homestead and rollback deductions. Homestead and rollback amounts are then paid by the State, and are reflected in the accompanying financial statements as Intergovernmental Receipts. Payments are due to the County by December 31. If the property owner elects to make semiannual payments, the first half is due December 31. The second half payment is due the following June 20.

Public utilities are also taxed on personal and real property located within the City.

Tangible personal property tax is assessed by the property owners, who must file a list of such property to the County by each April 30.

The County is responsible for assessing property, and for billing, collecting, and distributing all property taxes on behalf of the City.

#### 5. CITY INCOME TAX

The City levies a municipal income tax of 2.5% on all salaries, wages, commissions and other compensation, and net profits earned within the City. Residents whose income is earned outside the City are allowed a credit for tax paid to another municipality to a maximum of the total assessed.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2002 (Continued)

#### 5. CITY INCOME TAX – (Continued)

Employers within the City are required to withhold income tax on employee compensation and remit the tax to the City at least quarterly. Major employers are required to remit withholdings to the City at least monthly. Corporations and self-employed individual taxpayers are required to pay their estimated tax quarterly and file a declaration annually.

City Ordinance 89-8300 provides in part that ninety percent (90%) of the tax imposed is allocated to provide funds for the purpose of general municipal operations, maintenance, new equipment, extension and enlargement of municipal services and facilities, and capital improvements. The remaining ten percent (10%) is allocated for the maintenance of the parks, playgrounds, and recreational facilities.

#### 6. DEBT

Debt outstanding at December 31, 2002 was as follows:

	Principal	Interest Rate
Ohio Water Development Authority Loan	\$2,112,506	5.54%
Ohio Public Works Commission Loans	886,941	0.00%
Ohio Police & Fire Pension Fund Obligation	621,530	4.25%
Street Paving Project Loan	214,609	5.55%
Fire Truck Lease/Purchase Agreement	150,786	5.99%
Water Meter Replacement Lease/Purchase Agreement	46,614	5.75%
Telephone System Replacement Lease/Purchase Agreement	15,225	7.54%
Total	\$4,048,211	

The Ohio Water Development Authority (OWDA) loan relates to a water treatment system upgrade that was mandated by the Ohio Environmental Protection Agency. The OWDA had approved up to \$2,251,208 to the City for this project. The City has borrowed the full amount authorized and the scheduled payment amount below reflects this. The loan will be repaid in semiannual installments of \$84,241, including interest, over 25 years. The loan is collateralized by water receipts. The City has agreed to set utility rates sufficient to cover OWDA debt service requirements.

The City has two Ohio Public Works Commission (OPWC) loans that relate to water system improvements and water storage tank replacement, respectively. The OPWC has approved up to \$1,314,970 in loans to the City for these projects. The no interest loans will be repaid in semiannual installments of \$37,085 over periods ranging from 15 and 20 years. The City has borrowed the full amount authorized on these loans and the scheduled payment amount below reflects this. The loans are collateralized by water receipts.

The City incurred the Ohio Police and Fire Pension Fund obligation (OP&F) in 1968 to pay the State of Ohio's Police and Fire Pension Fund System difference between the accumulated assets maintained in the City's pension fund for it's Police and Firemen and the under provided actuarial pension liability at the time the City joined the System. This liability is a general obligation of the City.

The Street Paving Project loan for \$350,000 was issued during fiscal year 1999 for the purpose of paying the costs of improvements to various city streets including the paving thereof. The loan will be repaid in semiannual installments of \$30,317, including interest over a period of seven years. These notes are backed by the full faith, credit and revenue of the City.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2002 (Continued)

#### 6. DEBT – (Continued)

The Fire Truck Lease/Purchase Agreement was entered into to acquire a fire truck with an initial purchase price of \$263,515. The City will pay annual lease payments of \$35,786, including interest for a period of ten years, with an option to purchase the fire truck during this period by paying the remaining balance.

The Water Meter Replacement Lease/Purchase Agreement was entered into to acquire water meters totaling \$402,636. The City will pay semiannual payments of \$47,956, including interest for a period of five years, with an option to buy in the second through fifth year by paying the remaining balance.

The Telephone System Replacement Lease/Purchase Agreement was entered into to acquire a telephone system totaling \$30,654. The City will pay monthly payments of \$615, including interest for a period of five years, with an option to buy in the third through fifth year by paying the remaining balance.

Amortization of the above debt, including interest, is scheduled as follows:

Year ending December 31:	OWDA Loan	OPWC Loan	OP&F	Street Paving Project Loan
2003	\$168,482	\$74,170	\$35,476	\$60,634
2004	168,482	74,170	35,476	60,634
2005	168,482	74,170	35,476	60,634
2006	168,482	74,170	35,476	60,789
2007	168,482	74,170	35,476	
2008-2012	842,409	320,321	177,380	
2013-2017	842,409	195,770	177,380	
2018-2022	842,409		177,380	
2023-2027	336,964		177,380	
2028-2032			157,923	
Total	\$3,706,601	\$886,941	\$1,044,823	\$242,691

		Telephone
	Water Meter	System
Fire Truck	Replacement	Replacement
Lease /	Lease /	Lease /
Purchase	Purchase	Purchase
Agreement	Agreement	Agreement
\$35,786	\$47,956	\$7,378
35,786		7,378
35,786		1,841
35,786		
35,786		
\$178,930	\$47,956	\$16,597
	Lease / Purchase Agreement \$35,786 35,786 35,786 35,786 35,786	Fire Truck Lease / Purchase Agreement  \$35,786 35,786 35,786 35,786 35,786 35,786 35,786 35,786

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2002 (Continued)

#### 7. RETIREMENT SYSTEMS

The City's certified Fire Fighters and full-time Police Officers belong to the Ohio Police and Fire Pension Fund (OP&F). Other employees belong to the Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS). OP&F and OPERS are cost-sharing, multiple-employer plans. The Ohio Revised Code prescribes these plans' benefits, which include postretirement healthcare and survivor and disability benefits.

The Ohio Revised Code also prescribes contribution rates. For 2002, OP&F participants contributed 10% of their wages. For 2002, the City contributed to OP&F an amount equal to 19.5% of full-time police members' wages and 24% of full-time fire fighters' wages, respectively. For 2002, OPERS members contributed 8.5% of their gross salaries and the City contributed an amount equaling 13.55% of participants' gross salaries. In addition, the City contributes an additional 4.5% of full time employees' gross salaries. The City has paid all contributions required through December 31, 2002.

#### 8. RISK MANAGEMENT

The City has obtained commercial insurance for the following risks:

- Comprehensive property and general liability;
- Vehicles; and
- Errors and omissions.

The City also provides health insurance and dental and vision coverage to full-time employees through a private carrier.

#### 9. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

In accordance with Ohio Revised Code Chapter 118, the City was placed under fiscal emergency by the Auditor of State on June 10, 2004. The declaration of fiscal emergency resulted from the City's total unprovided portion of aggregate deficit funds as of December 31, 2003.

As of December 31, 2003, the following funds had deficit fund balances: General Fund (\$551,416), State Issue II Fund (\$31,986), Area on Aging Fund (\$22,538), Street, Construction, Maintenance & Repair Fund (\$171,461), State Highway Fund (\$39,292), Land Revitalization Fund (\$92), Water (\$111,789), and Court Legal Research Fund (\$3,226).

In accordance with Chapter 118, a Financial Planning and Supervision Commission was established on July 28, 2004 to oversee all fiscal decisions and activities of the City. The Commission is comprised of the Mayor of the City, Council President, three financial consultants from various corporations and/or organizations and two representatives from the State of Ohio. This Commission approved a financial recovery plan on December 14, 2004, which has been adopted by the City and the plan must be updated annually. Once the plan has been adopted, the City's discretion is limited in that all financial activity of the City must be in accordance with the plan.

# FEDERAL AWARDS EXPENDITURES SCHEDULE FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2002

FEDERAL GRANTOR Pass Through Grantor Program Title	Federal CFDA Number	Pass Through Entity Number	Disbursements
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HOUSING AND URBAN DEVELOPMENT Passed Through Ohio Department of Development:			
Community Development Block Grant / State's Program	14.228	A-C-00-101-1 A-F-01-101-1	\$452,968 51,232
Total U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development			\$504,200

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this schedule.

## NOTES TO THE FEDERAL AWARDS EXPENDITURES SCHEDULE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2002

#### **NOTE A - SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES**

The accompanying Federal Awards Expenditures Schedule (the Schedule) summarizes activity of the City's federal award programs. The schedule has been prepared on the cash basis of accounting.

#### NOTE B - COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT BLOCK GRANT (CDBG) REVOLVING LOAN PROGRAMS

The City has established a revolving loan program to provide low-interest loans to businesses to assist in expansion and/or modernization of equipment. The Federal Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD) grants money for these loans to the City passed through the Ohio Department of Development. The initial loan of this money is recorded as a disbursement on the accompanying Schedule. Loans repaid, including interest, are used to make additional loans. Such subsequent loans are subject to certain compliance requirements imposed by HUD, but are not included as disbursements on the Schedule.

These loans are collateralized by machinery and equipment and by mortgages on the property. At December 31, 2002, the gross amount of loans outstanding under this program was \$29,720.



# Mary Taylor, CPA Auditor of State

# INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS REQUIRED BY GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

City of Campbell Mahoning County 351 Tenney Avenue Campbell, Ohio 44405

To the City Council:

We have audited the financial statements of the City of Campbell, Mahoning County, (the City) as of and for the year ended December 31, 2002, and have issued our report thereon dated May 17, 2007, which noted the City prepares its financial statements on a basis of accounting other than that prescribed by Ohio Administrative Code Section 117-2-03 (B), and wherein we noted conditions raising substantial doubt about the City's ability to continue as a going concern. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*.

#### **Internal Control Over Financial Reporting**

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the City's internal control over financial reporting to determine our auditing procedures to express our opinion on the financial statements and not to opine on the internal control over financial reporting. However, we noted certain matters involving the internal control over financial reporting and its operation that we consider reportable conditions. Reportable conditions involve matters coming to our attention relating to significant deficiencies in the design or operation of the internal control over financial reporting that, in our judgment, could adversely affect the City's ability to record, process, summarize, and report financial data consistent with management's assertions in the financial statements. Reportable conditions are described in the accompanying schedule of findings as items 2002-004 and 2002-012.

A material weakness is a reportable condition in which the design or operation of one or more of the internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that misstatements caused by error or fraud in amounts material to the financial statements we audited may occur and not be timely detected by employees when performing their assigned functions. Our consideration of the internal control over financial reporting would not necessarily disclose all matters in the internal control that might be reportable conditions and, accordingly, would not necessarily disclose all reportable conditions that are also considered material weaknesses. We consider reportable condition 2002-004 listed above to be a material weakness. In a separate letter to the City's management dated May 17, 2007, we reported other matters involving internal control over financial reporting which we did not deem reportable conditions.

City of Campbell
Mahoning County
Independent Accountants' Report on Internal Control Over
Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters
Required by Government Auditing Standards
Page 2

#### **Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of reasonably assuring whether the City's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we tested its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could directly and materially affect the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed instances of noncompliance or other matters that we must report under *Government Auditing Standards* which are described in the accompanying schedule of findings as items 2002-001, 2002-002, 2002-003, and 2002-005 through 2002-011. In a separate letter to the City's management dated May 17, 2007, we reported other matters related to noncompliance we deemed immaterial.

The City's responses to the findings identified in our audit are described in the accompanying schedule of findings. We did not audit the City's responses and, accordingly, we express no opinion on them.

We intend this report solely for the information and use of management, City Council, and federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities. It is not intended for anyone other than these specified parties.

Mary Taylor, CPA Auditor of State

Mary Taylor

May 17, 2007



# Mary Taylor, CPA Auditor of State

# INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH REQUIREMENTS APPLICABLE TO ITS MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE IN ACCORDANCE WITH OMB CIRCULAR A-133

City of Campbell Mahoning County 351 Tenney Avenue Campbell, Ohio 44405

To the City Council:

#### Compliance

We have audited the compliance of the City of Campbell (the City) with the types of compliance requirements described in the U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Circular A-133, Compliance Supplement that apply to its major federal program for the year ended December 31, 2002. The summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings identifies the City's major federal program. The City's management is responsible for complying with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to each major federal program. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the City's compliance based on our audit.

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. Those standards and OMB Circular A-133 require that we plan and perform the audit to reasonably assure whether noncompliance occurred with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could directly and materially affect a major federal program. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the City's compliance with those requirements and performing other procedures we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our audit does not provide a legal determination on the City's compliance with those requirements.

In our opinion, the City of Campbell complied, in all material respects, with the requirements referred to above that apply to its major federal program for the year ended December 31, 2002. In a separate letter to the City's management dated May 17, 2007, we reported other matters related to federal noncompliance not requiring inclusion in this report.

#### **Internal Control Over Compliance**

The City's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to federal programs. In planning and performing our audit, we considered the City's internal control over compliance with requirements that could directly and materially affect a major federal program to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on compliance and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with OMB Circular A-133.

City of Campbell
Mahoning County
Independent Accountants' Report on Compliance with Requirements
Applicable to Its Major Federal Program and on Internal Control Over
Compliance in Accordance with OMB Circular A-133
Page 2

Our consideration of the internal control over compliance would not necessarily disclose all matters in the internal control that might be material weaknesses. A material weakness is a reportable condition in which the design or operation of one or more of the internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that noncompliance with applicable requirements of laws, regulations, contracts and grants caused by error or fraud that would be material in relation to a major federal program being audited may occur and not be timely detected by employees when performing their assigned functions. We noted no matters involving the internal control over compliance and its operation that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, we noted a matter involving the internal control over federal compliance not requiring inclusion in this report, that we reported to the City's management in a separate letter dated May 17, 2007.

We intend this report solely for the information and use of management, City Council, federal awarding agencies, and pass-through entities. It is not intended for anyone other than these specified parties.

Mary Taylor, CPA Auditor of State

Mary Taylor

May 17, 2007

#### SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS OMB CIRCULAR A -133 § .505 DECEMBER 31, 2002

#### 1. SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

(d)(1)(i)	Type of Financial Statement Opinion	Unqualified
(d)(1)(ii)	Were there any material control weakness conditions reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	Yes
(d)(1)(ii)	Were there any other reportable control weakness conditions reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	Yes
(d)(1)(iii)	Was there any reported material noncompliance at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	Yes
(d)(1)(iv)	Were there any material internal control weakness conditions reported for major federal programs?	No
(d)(1)(iv)	Were there any other reportable internal control weakness conditions reported for major federal programs?	No
(d)(1)(v)	Type of Major Programs' Compliance Opinion	Unqualified
(d)(1)(vi)	Are there any reportable findings under § .510?	No
(d)(1)(vii)	Major Programs (list):	Community Development Block Grants / State's Program CFDA #14.228
(d)(1)(viii)	Dollar Threshold: Type A\B Programs	Type A: > \$ 300,000 Type B: all others
(d)(1)(ix)	Low Risk Auditee?	No

# 2. FINDINGS RELATED TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS

#### **FINDING NUMBER 2002-001**

#### **Finding for Recovery**

City Council passed Ordinance No. 95-8923 on December 28, 1995, authorizing a clothing allowance for the Police Chief, Gus Sarigianopoulos, of \$500 per year. This Ordinance remained in effect for fiscal years 2002, 2003, 2004, and 2005. However, for the payroll checks issued 5/31/2002, 6/2/2003, 6/4/2004, and 6/2/2005, Mr. Sarigianopoulos was paid \$850 per year. As a result, an overpayment of \$350 occurred in each of these years for a total of \$1,400.

# FINDING NUMBER 2002-001 (Continued)

In addition, City Council passed Ordinance No. 01-9349 on November 21, 2001, authorizing longevity pay at \$2.75 per month for each year of service following the completion of seven years of service, to a maximum of \$600 per annum. This Ordinance remained in effect for fiscal year 2003. In addition, City Council passed Ordinance No. 03-9476 on December 17, 2003, that restated the longevity pay at \$2.75, and remained in effect for fiscal years 2004 and 2005. However, for the payroll checks issued 12/4/2003, 12/1/2004, and 12/1/2005, Mr Sarigianopoulos received longevity pay based on \$3.00 per month for each year of service instead of the authorized \$2.75. As a result, overpayments of \$54, \$84, and \$120, respectively, occurred for a total of \$258.

Furthermore, Mr. Sarigianopoulos received payments for hazardous duty pay for the payroll checks issued 12/5/2002, 12/4/2003, 12/3/2004, and 12/1/2005 in the amounts of \$300, \$600, \$600, and \$600, respectively. This benefit however, was not authorized by Council action. As a result, overpayments totaling \$2,100 occurred.

In accordance with the foregoing facts, and pursuant to Ohio Revised Code Section 117.28, a Finding for Recovery for public monies illegally expended is hereby issued against Gus Sarigianopoulos, Police Chief, in the amount of \$3,758, and the following Finance Directors and their bonding companies jointly and severally: Dennis Stephens / Ohio Farmers Insurance Company for \$1,654.00, and John Leskovyansky, Jr. / Travelers Casualty and Surety Company of America for \$2,104.00, and in favor of the City of Campbell General Fund, in the amount of \$3,758.

#### Officials' Response:

City Council passed Ordinance No. 07-0669 retroactively approved certain overpayments and reached agreement that other overpayments would be settled in full by the Police Chief having foregone clothing allowance payment in 2006, and agreeing to forgo payment in 2007, and 2008 with Mr. Sarigianopolous to resolve this mater.

#### **FINDING NUMBER 2002-002**

#### **Finding for Recovery**

Mr. George Ginnis, former Water Superintendent, received payments for a clothing allowance in payroll checks issued 5/31/2002, 12/2/2002, 6/2/2003, 12/1/2003, 6/4/2004, 12/1/2004, 6/2/2005, and 12/1/2005 in the amounts of \$175, \$175, \$175, \$175, \$175, \$200, \$175, and \$200, respectively; however, this benefit was not authorized by Council action. As a result, overpayments totaling \$1,450 occurred.

In accordance with the foregoing facts, and pursuant to Ohio Revised Code Section 117.28, a Finding for Recovery for public monies illegally expended is hereby issued against George Ginnis, former Water Superintendent, in the amount of \$1,450, and the following Finance Directors and their bonding companies jointly and severally: Dennis Stephens / Ohio Farmers Insurance Company for \$700.00, and John Leskovyansky, Jr. / Travelers Casualty and Surety Company of America for \$750.00, and in favor of the City of Campbell General Fund, in the amount of \$1,450.

#### Officials' Response:

City Council passed Ordinance No. 07-0669 retroactively approved the overpayments to Mr. Ginnis to resolve this mater.

#### **FINDING NUMBER 2002-003**

#### **Finding for Recovery**

City Council passed Ordinance No. 96-8943 on March 6, 1996, authorizing a clothing allowance for Nicholas Hrelec, Fire Chief, of \$400 per year. This Ordinance remained in effect for fiscal years 2003, 2004, and 2005. However, for the payroll checks issued 6/2/2003, 6/4/2004, and 6/2/2005, Mr. Hrelec was paid \$500 per year. As a result, an overpayment of \$100 occurred in each of these years for a total of \$300.

In accordance with the foregoing facts, and pursuant to Ohio Revised Code Section 117.28, a Finding for Recovery for public monies illegally expended is hereby issued against Nicholas Hrelec in the amount of \$300, and the following Finance Directors and their bonding companies jointly and severally: Dennis Stephens / Ohio Farmers Insurance Company for \$100.00, and John Leskovyansky, Jr. / Travelers Casualty and Surety Company of America for \$200.00, and in favor of the City of Campbell General Fund, in the amount of \$300.

#### Officials' Response:

City Council passed Ordinance No. 07-0669 retroactively approved the overpayments to Mr. Hrelec to resolve this mater.

#### **FINDING NUMBER 2002-004**

#### **Material Weakness**

In our examination of the City's financial reporting system, we noted the following:

- Monthly cash reconciliations included incorrect fund and depository balances, and various reconciling items, including deposits in transit, outstanding checks, cash on hand and other reconciling items that were incorrect or not supported;
- Nine checks we tested cleared the bank with check numbers that were different than the numbers reflected in the Disbursements Ledger:
- Outstanding checklist at December 31, 2002, contained twenty-four checks that were outstanding longer than one year;
- Nineteen receipts and disbursements we tested were reflected on the City's bank statements but not reflected in the Ledgers;
- Seven expenditures we tested cleared the bank at amounts that were different than the amounts posted to the Disbursements Ledger;
- The total amount of the City's Receipts and Expenditures Ledgers did not agree to the total amounts reflected in their Annual Financial Reports;
- Ninety-nine receipts and disbursements we tested were incorrectly or not posted to the Ledgers;

# FINDING NUMBER 2002-004 (Continued)

- Seventeen checks we tested were dated 2020 instead of 2002 and not reflected in the check register that was presented for audit;
- Beginning cash fund balance as reflected on the City's Annual Report did not agree to the prior year's ending cash fund balances in seven of the City's thirty-two funds;
- The City's cash fund balance exceeded its depository balance as of December 31, 2002 by \$10,920. The Finance Director adjusted the City's financial statements to correct this situation.

Council should carefully review these matters and create internal control over their financial reporting system which supports the integrity of the City's financial records. We recommend that Council consider the following procedures:

- The Finance Director should review the Cash Journal and Receipts and Expenditures Ledgers to
  ensure that transactions are posted to the appropriate fund and line-item, and that totals of the
  Cash Journal and Receipts and Expenditures Ledgers are compared for completeness and
  accuracy;
- The Finance Director should provide Council with accurate cash reconciliations with supporting documentation, if necessary. Council should document their review in the City's Record of Proceedings of its Council's meetings;
- The Finance Director should prepare analytics or a comparable mechanism to identify unusual and/or significant fluctuations in the Cash Journal and the Receipts and Expenditures Ledgers, and take corrective action, if necessary;
- The City should maintain all supporting documentation for receipts and disbursements in an organized fashion;
- Council should implement policies and procedures which would include reviewing the outstanding check list and remove any outstanding checks longer than six months. These outstanding checks should be voided, re-issued, or placed in an unclaimed money fund.

Also, we recommend the City's automated record keeping system be able to produce the following reports:

- Combined Statement of Cash Receipts, Disbursements and Changes in Fund Cash Balances;
- Combining Statement of Cash Receipts, Disbursements and Changes in Fund Cash Balances;
- Reconciliation of Inter-Fund Transactions;
- Schedule of Outstanding Debt;
- Cash Reconciliation;
- Comparison of Budget/Actual Receipts; and
- Comparisons of Disbursements and Encumbrances With Expenditure Authority.

The financial reports identified above provide Management with important data necessary to manage the City, and fundamental information in the audit of the City's financial statements.

# FINDING NUMBER 2002-004 (Continued)

This system should also include an Investment Ledger that is integrated with the City's primary accounting system, and enables the Finance Department to perform reconciliations between depository and investment balances and fund cash balances.

#### Officials' Response:

Procedures are in place to correct or overcome the weaknesses indicated.

#### **FINDING NUMBER 2002-005**

#### **Noncompliance Citation**

Ohio Revised Code § 117.38 provides that each public office shall file a financial report for each fiscal year. The Auditor of State may prescribe forms by rule or may issue guidelines, or both, for such reports. If the Auditor of State has not prescribed a rule regarding the form for the report, the public office shall submit its report on the form utilized by the public office. Ohio Administrative Code Section 117-2-03 further clarifies the requirements of Ohio Revised Code § 117.38.

Ohio Administrative Code Section 117-2-03 (B) requires the City to prepare its annual financial report in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

The City, however, prepares its financial statements in accordance with standards established by the Auditor of State for governmental entities not required to prepare annual reports in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The accompanying financial statements and notes omit assets, liabilities, fund equities, and disclosures that, while material, cannot be determined at this time. The City can be fined and various other legal administrative remedies may be taken against the City.

We recommend that the City prepare its annual financial report in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### Officials' Response:

The City is currently preparing GASB look-a-like statements to comply. However, due to the cost involved for a determination and appraisal of all City owned assets and City's Fiscal Emergency Status, the City may never be able to fully comply.

#### **FINDING NUMBER 2002-006**

#### **Noncompliance Citation**

Ohio Revised Code § 149.43 provides in part that "public record" means a record that is kept by any public office, including, but not limited to, state, county, city, village, township, and school district units. Furthermore division (B)(1) of this section states that all public records shall be promptly prepared and made readily available for inspection to any person at all reasonable times during regular business hours. Upon request, a public office or person responsible for public records shall make copies available at cost, within a reasonable period of time. In order to facilitate broader access to public records, public offices shall maintain public records in a manner that they can be made available for inspection in accordance with this division.

The City could not provide us with supporting documentation for check numbers 5676 and 5778, dated March 6, 2002 and April 8, 2002 in the amount of \$10,800 and \$6,088, respectively.

# FINDING NUMBER 2002-006 (Continued)

In addition, the City could not provide us with the following:

- Proof of publication related to the bidding of the Sanderson Avenue extension project;
- Purchase order related to the Sanderson Avenue extension project;
- Invoice related to the Sanderson Avenue extension project.

Furthermore, the City had significant delays in providing the following records:

- Various bank statements;
- Accurate cash reconciliations and supporting documentation thereto;
- Financial statements;
- Revenue and expense audit trail reports:
- Various cancelled checks:
- Various debt agreements and amortization schedules;
- Supporting documentation to determine the origin of several receipts received by the City;
- Supporting documentation for reserve for encumbrances;
- List of all disbursements over \$1,000 that were subject to competitive bidding procedures as per City Charter;
- Public official bonds and insurance policies.
- Voucher packages for several disbursements;
- Supporting documentation for the payments made to PERS and OP&F;
- 2002 Schedule of Federal Awards Expenditures;
- 2002 Grant agreements for the City's Community Housing Improvement Program Grant and Community Development Block Grant.

We recommend that the City maintain records in a manner which provides for timely response to all requested records.

#### Officials' Response:

The Director of Finance and the Clerk of Council (Mayor's Secretary) are developing procedures to better maintain records in a manner, which provides for improved filing and retrievability of records.

#### **FINDING NUMBER 2002-007**

#### **Noncompliance Citation**

Ohio Rev. Code § 5705.10(H) provides that money paid into any fund shall be used only for the purposes for which such fund is established. The existence of a deficit balance in any fund indicates that money from another fund or funds has been used to satisfy the obligations of the fund or funds carrying the deficit balance.

As of December 31, 2002, the City had the following deficit fund cash balance:

General	(\$220,082)
Street, Construction, Maintenance & Repair	
State Highway Improvement	(20,929)
Recycling	(1,296)
Area on Aging	(11,115)
State Issue II	(31,986)
Water	

# FINDING NUMBER 2002-007 (Continued)

In addition, the Escrow fund had cash fund balances of \$359 as of December 31, 2002; however, the fund had obligations that if satisfied would have created a deficit cash fund balance of (\$5,883).

We recommend the City monitor the status of their cash fund balances throughout the year to ensure that deficit spending does not occur.

#### Officials' Response:

The Director of Finance monitors the status of the cash fund balances to prevent incurring of deficits. Copies of monthly cash fund balance reports are provided to the Mayor and Council monthly as correspondence from the Director of Finance to Council at regular Council meetings.

#### **FINDING NUMBER 2002-008**

#### **Noncompliance Citation**

Ohio Revised Code § 5705.14, § 5705.15 and § 5705.16 provide that no transfer can be made from one fund of a subdivision to any other fund, except as follows:

- (A) The unexpended balance in a bond fund that is no longer needed for the purpose for which such fund was created shall be transferred to the sinking fund or bond retirement fund from which such bonds are payable.
- (B) The unexpended balance in any specific permanent improvement fund, other than a bond fund, after the payment of all obligations incurred in the acquisition of such improvement, shall be transferred to the sinking fund or bond retirement fund of the subdivision; provided that if such money is not required to meet the obligations payable from such funds, it may be transferred to a special fund for the acquisition of permanent improvements, or, with the approval of the court of common pleas of the county in which such subdivision is located, to the general fund of the subdivision.
- (C) The unexpended balance in the sinking fund or bond retirement fund of a subdivision, after all indebtedness, interest, and other obligations for the payment of which such fund exists have been paid and retired, shall be transferred, in the case of the sinking fund, to the bond retirement fund, and in the case of the bond retirement fund, to the sinking fund; provided that if such transfer is impossible by reason of the nonexistence of the fund to receive the transfer, such unexpended balance may be transferred to any other fund of the subdivision with the approval of the court of common pleas of the county in which such division is located.
- (D) The unexpended balance in any special fund, other than an improvement fund, existing in accordance with division (D), (F), or (G) of section 5705.09 or section 5705.12 of the Revised Code, may be transferred to the general fund or to the sinking fund or bond retirement fund after the termination of the activity, service, or other undertaking for which such special fund existed, but only after the payment of all obligations incurred and payable from such special fund.
- (E) Money may be transferred from the general fund to any other fund of the subdivision.
- (F) Moneys retained or received by a county under section 4501.04 (auto registration distribution fund), or division (A)(3) of section 5735.27 (gasoline excise tax fund) of the Revised Code may be transferred from the fund into which they were deposited to the sinking fund or bond retirement fund from which any principal, interest, or charges for which such moneys may be used is payable.

# FINDING NUMBER 2002-008 (Continued)

- (G) Moneys retained or received by a municipal corporation under section 4501.04 (motor vehicle license tax), or division (A)(1) or (2) of section 5735.27 (motor vehicle fuel excise taxes) of the Revised Code may be transferred from the fund into which they were deposited to the sinking fund or bond retirement fund from which any principal, interest, or charges for which such moneys may be used is payable.
- (H) (1) Money may be transferred from the county mental retardation and developmental disabilities general fund to the county mental retardation and developmental disabilities capital fund established under section 5705.091 of the Revised Code or to any other fund created for the purposes of the county board of mental retardation and developmental disabilities, so long as money in the fund to which the money is transferred can be spent for the particular purpose of the transferred money. The county board of mental retardation and developmental disabilities may request, by resolution, that the board of county commissioners make the transfer. The county board of mental retardation and developmental disabilities shall transmit a certified copy of the resolution to the board of county commissioners. Upon receiving the resolution, the board of county commissioners may make the transfer. Money transferred to a fund shall be credited to an account appropriate to its particular purpose.
  - (2) An unexpended balance in an account in the county mental retardation and developmental disabilities capital fund or any other fund created for the purposes of the county board of mental retardation and developmental disabilities may be transferred back to the county mental retardation and developmental disabilities general fund. The transfer may be made if the unexpended balance is no longer needed for its particular purpose and all outstanding obligations have been paid. Money transferred back to the county mental retardation and developmental disabilities general fund shall be credited to an account for current expenses within that fund. The county board of mental retardation and developmental disabilities may request, by resolution, that the board of county commissioners make the transfer. The county board of mental retardation and developmental disabilities shall transmit a certified copy of the resolution to the board of county commissioners. Upon receiving the resolution, the board of county commissioners may make the transfer.

Except in the case of transfers from the general fund, transfers can be made only by resolution of the taxing authority passed with the affirmative vote of two thirds of the members. Transfers from the general fund require a resolution passed by a simple majority of the board members (i.e., a two thirds vote is not required for general fund transfers though a resolution is required).

In addition to the transfers listed above, which are authorized in Ohio Revised Code Section 5705.14, the taxing authority of any political subdivision, with the approval of the Tax Commissioner and of the Court of Common Pleas, may transfer from one fund to another any public funds under its supervision, except the proceeds or balances of:

- loans.
- bond issues,
- special levies for the payment of loans or bond issues,
- the proceeds or balances of funds derived from any excise tax levied by law for a specified purpose, and
- the proceeds or balances of any license fees imposed by law for a specified purpose.

During fiscal year 2002, the City transferred \$60,000, \$6,232 and \$2,500 to the General fund from the Infrastructure and Equipment fund, Food Service fund, and Permissive Tax fund, respectively. Although these transfers were not made in accordance with the technical requirements noted above, the moneys transferred were used for the intended purpose of the transferor fund.

## FINDING NUMBER 2002-008 (Continued)

Unauthorized transfers could result in the expenditure of public funds not for their specified purpose.

We recommend the City transfer all public funds according to the provisions set forth in Ohio Revised Code Sections 5705.14, 5705.15 and 5705.16.

#### Officials' Response:

The City of Campbell is following the provisions of the Ohio Revised Code for transfers from fund to fund.

#### **FINDING NUMBER 2002-009**

#### **Noncompliance Citation**

Ohio Revised Code § 5705.36 provides in part that upon determination by the fiscal officer of a taxing district that the revenue to be collected by the district will be less than the amount included in the current official certificate, the fiscal officer shall certify the amount of the deficiency to the county budget commission, and if the commission determines that the fiscal officer's certification is reasonable, the commission shall certify an amended official certificate reflecting the deficiency. The intent of this statutory requirement is to require a taxing district to certify receipt amounts based on realistic projection of receipts and to require the fiscal officer to obtain a "reduction" certificate when it appears that budgetary resources will fall short of earlier estimates, reducing the possibility that deficit spending will incur.

The City's certified receipts were in excess of actual receipts, while the current appropriations exceeded the total actual receipts, while a deficit cash fund balance existed at year end in the following funds, respectively:

2002 Fund	certified receipts over actual receipts by	current appropriations over total actual receipts	deficit cash fund balance
General	\$166,286	\$209,619	\$220,082
Street, Construction, Maintenance & Repair	135,070	206,571	108,581
Water	138,670	128,962	124,550

We recommend the City obtain a reduced amended certificate of estimated resources, and subsequently reduce appropriations, if needed, when it becomes apparent that actual receipts will become less than the amounts estimated.

#### Officials' Response:

The City Of Campbell is more closely monitoring receipts to more realistically match certified receipts.

The City Of Campbell is making a serious attempt to keep appropriations within actual receipts and or carry over balances. However, it is difficult with a Charter provision that requires three readings of appropriations measures at regular Council Meetings in order to adopt or amend appropriations. Accordingly, estimates have to be made by the middle of November and submitted to Council before the second meeting in November, and can not be changed after the second reading.

#### **FINDING NUMBER 2002-010**

#### **Noncompliance Citation**

Ohio Revised Code § 5705.41(B) prohibits a subdivision from making an expenditure unless it has been properly appropriated.

Disbursements and encumbrances exceeded appropriations and prior year carryover encumbrances in the Community Development CHIP fund and the Infrastructure and Equipment fund by \$149,826 and \$103,191, respectively, for fiscal year 2002.

The Finance Director should not certify the availability of funds and should deny payment requests exceeding appropriations. The Finance Director may request Council to approve increased expenditure levels by increasing appropriations and amending estimated resources, if necessary.

#### Officials' Response:

The Director of Finance is attempting to monitor disbursement needs with appropriations to prevent expenditures from exceeding appropriations. Closer coordination is being developed with CDBG and CHIP managing consultants to more closely time and match expenditures with appropriations and revenue.

#### **FINDING NUMBER 2002-011**

#### **Noncompliance Citation**

Ohio Revised Code § 5705.41(D) prohibits a subdivision or taxing unit from making any contract or ordering any expenditure of money unless a certificate signed by the fiscal officer is attached thereto. The fiscal officer must certify that the amount required to meet any such contract or expenditure has been lawfully appropriated and is in the treasury, or in the process of collection to the credit of an appropriate fund free from any previous encumbrance. Further, contracts and orders for expenditures lacking prior certification shall be null and void.

There are several exceptions to the standard requirement stated above that a fiscal officer's certificate must be obtained prior to a subdivision or taxing authority entering into a contract or order involving the expenditure of money. The main exceptions are: "then and now" certificates, blanket certificates, and super blanket certificates, which are provided for in sections 5705.41(D)(1) and 5705.41(D)(3), respectively, of the Ohio Revised Code.

A. "Then and Now" Certificate – If the fiscal officer can certify that both at the time the contract or order was made ("then"), and at the time the fiscal officer is completing the certificate ("now"), that sufficient funds were available or in the process of collection, to the credit of a proper fund, properly appropriated and free from any previous encumbrances, the City can authorize the drawing of a warrant for the payment of the amount due. The City has thirty days from the receipt of the "then and now" certificate to approve payment by ordinance or resolution.

Amounts of less than \$1,000 (\$3,000 after April 7, 2003) may be paid by the fiscal officer without a resolution or ordinance upon completion of the "then and now" certificate, provided the expenditure is otherwise lawful. This does not eliminate any otherwise applicable requirement for approval of expenditures by the City.

# FINDING NUMBER 2002-011 (Continued)

- B. Blanket Certificate Fiscal officers may prepare "blanket" certificates not exceeding \$5,000 (an amount established by resolution or ordinance adopted by the legislative authority after September 26, 2003) against any specific line item account over a period not exceeding three months or running beyond the current fiscal year. The blanket certificates may, but need not, be limited to a specific vendor. Only one blanket certificate may be outstanding at one particular time for any particular line item appropriation.
- C. Super Blanket Certificate The City may also make expenditures and contracts for any amount from a specific line item appropriation account in a specified fund upon certification of the fiscal officer for most professional services, fuel, oil, food items, and any other specific recurring and reasonably predictable operating expense. This certificate is not to extend beyond the current year. More than one super blanket certificate may be outstanding at a particular time for any line item appropriation.

Forty seven out of fifty expenditures tested for fiscal year 2002, were not certified by the fiscal officer at the time the commitment was incurred, and there was no evidence the City followed the aforementioned exceptions. Failure to properly certify the availability of the funds can result in overspending funds and negative cash fund balances.

Unless the exceptions noted above are used, prior certification is not only required by statute, but is a key control in the disbursement process to assure that purchase commitments receive prior approval. To improve controls over disbursements and to help reduce the possibility of the City's funds exceeding budgetary spending limitations, we recommend the Finance Director certify that funds are or will be available prior to the obligation of the City. When prior certification is not possible, "then and now" certification should be used.

We recommend the City certify expenditures to which § 5705.41(D) applies. The most convenient certification method to authorize disbursements is to use purchase orders that include certification language required by § 5705.41(D). The fiscal officer should sign the certification at the time the City incurs a commitment, and only when the requirements of § 5705.41(D) are satisfied. The fiscal officer should post approved purchase commitments to the proper appropriation code, to reduce the available appropriation.

#### Officials' Response:

The Director of Finance has disseminated directives to reduce and eliminate individuals from committing the City to expenditures without prior, written, fiscal officer approval/certification. Additional, more stern procedures/directives will be publicly disseminated to obtain better compliance from "holdout" personnel and departments who think that Ohio Revised Code Section 5705.41(D) does not apply to them.

#### **FINDING NUMBER 2002-012**

#### **Reportable Condition**

We identified administrative charges of \$98,000 and \$20,000 assessed to the City's Water fund and Parks and Recreation fund, respectively, that were paid to the General Fund during fiscal year 2002.

The City did not have a formal directive on the Administrative Charges allocated for fiscal year 2002. In addition, the City did not provide supporting documentation on the computation of the Administrative Charges.

Failure to establish administrative cost allocation policies, which are reasonably based on actual activity, can result in over/under allocation of costs to segments. This over/under allocation of administrative costs impairs the usefulness of financial reports for making management decisions.

# FINDING NUMBER 2002-012 (Continued)

We recommend Council revisit this concern and create a control policy and/or procedures that provide support for administrative charges and the allocation thereof.

#### Officials' Response:

The City is following limitations on "administrative costs" imposed in appropriations ordinances and other control measures.

#### 3. FINDINGS FOR FEDERAL AWARDS

None

#### SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS OMB CIRCULAR A -133 § .315 (b) DECEMBER 31, 2002

Finding Number	Finding Summary	Fully Corrected ?	Not Corrected, Partially Corrected; Significantly Different Corrective Action Taken; or Finding No Longer Valid; <i>Explain</i> :	
2001-21150-001	Financial reporting system material weakness.	No	Not Corrected. This was reissued as Finding No. 2002-004.	
2001-21150-002	Ohio Administrative Code 117-2-03(B), City did not prepare its annual report in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.	No	Not Corrected. This was reissued as Finding No. 2002-005.	
2001-21150-003	Ohio Revised Code § 5705.10, deficit spending.	No	Not Corrected. This was reissued as Finding No. 2002-007.	
2001-21150-004	Ohio Revised Code § 5705.36, certified receipts in excess of actual receipts while appropriations exceeded total actual receipts resulted in a deficit spending.	No	Not Corrected. This was reissued as Finding No. 2002-009.	
2001-21150-005	Ohio Revised Code § 5705.39, total appropriations exceeded total estimated revenue available.	No	Not Corrected. We reported this Finding in the Management Letter.	
2001-21150-006	Ohio Revised Code § 5705.41(B), disbursements and encumbrances exceeded appropriations and carryover encumbrances.	No	Not Corrected. This was reissued as Finding No. 2002-010.	
2001-21150-007	Ohio Revised Code § 5705.41(D), failure to certify funds.	No	Not Corrected. This was reissued as Finding No. 2002-011.	
2001-21150-008	Administrative charges did not contain adequate approval nor supporting documentation.	No	Not Corrected. This was reissued as Finding No. 2002-012.	
2001-21150-009	No presence of an Audit Committee.	No	Not Corrected. We reported this Finding in the Management Letter.	



# Mary Taylor, CPA Auditor of State

**CITY OF CAMPBELL** 

**MAHONING COUNTY** 

#### **CLERK'S CERTIFICATION**

This is a true and correct copy of the report which is required to be filed in the Office of the Auditor of State pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in Columbus, Ohio.

**CLERK OF THE BUREAU** 

Susan Babbitt

CERTIFIED JULY 12, 2007