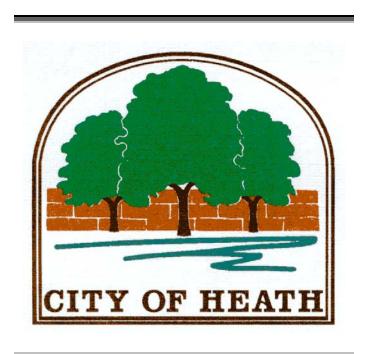
Licking County, Ohio



COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2006



Mary Taylor, CPA Auditor of State

City Council City of Heath 1287 Hebron Road Heath, Ohio 43056

We have reviewed the *Independent Auditors' Report* of the City of Heath, Licking County, prepared by Wolfe, Wilson & Phillips, Inc., for the audit period January 1, 2006 through December 31, 2006. Based upon this review, we have accepted these reports in lieu of the audit required by Section 117.11, Revised Code. The Auditor of State did not audit the accompanying financial statements and, accordingly, we are unable to express, and do not express an opinion on them.

Our review was made in reference to the applicable sections of legislative criteria, as reflected by the Ohio Constitution, and the Revised Code, policies, procedures and guidelines of the Auditor of State, regulations and grant requirements. The City of Heath is responsible for compliance with these laws and regulations.

Mary Taylor, CPA Auditor of State

Mary Saylor

July 2, 2007







COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2006

Prepared by the City Auditor's Department

Mr. Keith B. Alexander City Auditor



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Introductory Section





CITY OF HEATH

1287 Hebron Road ◆ Heath, Ohio 43056 Keith B. Alexander, City Auditor

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June 15, 2007

To the Council and the Citizens of the City of Heath, Ohio:

The City Auditor is pleased to present this Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the City of Heath (the City) for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2006. The report has been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) and guidelines recommended by the Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA).

INTRODUCTION

While there is no legal requirement for the preparation of this report, it represents a commitment by the City to conform to nationally recognized standards of excellence in financial reporting. Responsibility for both the accuracy of the presented data and the completeness and fairness of the presentation, including all disclosures, rests with the City. I believe the data, as presented, is accurate in all material respects; that it is presented in a manner designed to fairly set forth the financial position and results of operations of the City; and that all disclosures necessary to enable the reader to gain an understanding of the City's financial activity have been presented.

Generally Accepted Accounting Principles require that management provide a narrative introduction, overview and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements in the form of Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A). This letter of transmittal is designed to complement MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it. The City of Heath's MD&A can be found immediately following the Independent Auditors' Report.

The Reporting Entity

The accompanying basic financial statements comply with the provisions of Governmental Accounting Standards Board (the "GASB") Statement No. 14, "The Financial Reporting Entity," in that the financial statements include all the organizations, activities, functions and component units for which the City (the reporting entity) is financially accountable. Financial accountability is defined as the appointment of a voting majority of the component unit's board and either (1) the City's ability to impose its will over the component unit, or (2) the possibility that the component unit will provide financial benefit to or impose a financial burden on the City.

Based on the foregoing, the reporting entity of the City has no component units but includes the following services as authorized by its charter: police and fire protection, emergency medical response, parks and recreation, planning, zoning, street maintenance, utility billing, income tax collection and other governmental services.

The City of Heath

The City of Heath continues to be a growing community located twenty-five miles east of Ohio's capital city, Columbus. It is bounded on the north by the City of Newark, the county seat of Licking County. The City's elevation is approximately 830 feet above sea level. Its median temperatures are 75 degrees in summer and 30.2 degrees in winter. State highways 79 and 13 serve as the City's major transportation arteries. The east-west interstate highway I-70 that lies approximately 6 miles south also serves the City. Heath's 10.5 square mile area serves a residential population of 8,527 and an estimated daytime population of 45,000. The daytime population is concentrated in the area of the Central Ohio Aerospace and Technology Center, the Indian Mound Mall, and Southgate and Cross Creek Shopping Centers.

The City of Heath was named after Fletcher Heath an employee of the Pure Oil Company, which was located just west of the City. A railroad freight station located near the company was named the Heath Station. In 1951, when area residents voted to incorporate, they created the Village of Heath. The Village of Heath became Ohio's 196th city on April 28, 1965.

Historical areas in the City of Heath include the Davis-Shai House, the old Four Mile Lock (part of the Ohio Canal), Moundbuilders State Park, and the Forry Preserve. The latter two include prehistoric Hopewell Indian mound sites. In addition, the W. Thomas Huff Indian artifact collection is on display at city hall.

The City operates under a charter, first adopted by the voters in 1964 and opened for revision by a Charter Commission every ten years. The form of government provided in the Charter is known as the "Mayor-Council Plan". All elections are non-partisan. The Mayor and the Auditor are elected for overlapping terms every four years. The legislative body of Heath consists of a seven-member Council, three of whom are elected by Ward, and four of whom are elected At-Large for overlapping four year terms. City Council elects a president every two years to preside over meetings. In the event that the office of the Mayor shall become vacant the President of Council shall become Mayor and serve for the unexpired term of the Mayor. City Council appoints the Clerk of Council and the Mayor appoints the City Law Director.

Municipal Services

Police Services

The Heath Police Department was established in 1963 with a Chief and one full-time patrol officer. The department of today consists of eighteen sworn officers, ten reserve officers, five full time and five part time dispatchers, and two clerks. The department prides itself as a highly progressive, technically advanced, customer service oriented agency. The vehicle fleet consists of eight patrol cars equipped with state of the art wireless computers, and a D.A.R.E. truck that through a unique paint scheme and reflective graphics, creates a bold and highly visible look. The same paint and graphics package appears on the department's drag race car, a 1970 Dodge Dart used in anti-drug, anti-alcohol, and anti-street racing program that is owned and operated through *Beat the Heat*, a national non-profit organization. The department participates in several community service activities including the Drug Abuse Resistance Education (D.A.R.E.) program, and a Citizens Police Academy.

The Heath Police Department is an internationally accredited agency through the Commission on Accreditation for Law Enforcement Agencies (C.A.L.E.A.), an honor bestowed only on police agencies that meet their rigorous standards of excellence.

2006 Heath Police Department Statistics:		
Calls for Service:	15,469	
Offense Reports:	1,723	
Arrests:	589	
Accidents:	480	
Citations:	1.523	

Fire Services

The Heath Fire Department has served its community since 1951. The City of Heath is comprised of heavy industry, manufacturing, an airport, petroleum bulk storage, several shopping centers, and a shopping mall. The department currently operates out of two fire stations housing two structural engines, a rescue pumper, three medium duty Advanced Life Support (ALS) medic units, a Skyarm 100-foot aerial platform, a 4 X 4 utility truck, a Walter airport crash/foam truck, prevention car, and a command truck. Heath Fire also houses and responds the Licking County Haz-Mat truck #2, a water rescue trailer, and a foam response trailer with specialized firefighting equipment. Heath is a combination fire department protecting 12.5 square miles with 16 full-time firefighter/medics, including Fire Chief Mark Huggins. The department also has 25 volunteer firefighter EMT's with various certifications. The department operates a three-platoon system, working 24 hours, and off 48. Each shift is assigned a captain, a lieutenant, and three firefighter/medics. The department provides fire protection for a portion of Franklin Township, Licking County. The department responds to over 1900 fire and EMS call annually, and personnel are actively involved in fire prevention, inspections, industrial and commercial fire safety training, a junior fire-setter program, a smoke detector program, and community CPR training. Heath Fire operates under the Licking County mutual aid and automatic response agreement. In October of 2006, Heath implemented an EMS billing program with receipts going into the city's General Fund. The department is funded from the city's income tax based General Fund, as well as two permanent property tax levies.

Water and Wastewater Services

Water is treated by the City's municipal water plant located on Dorsey Mill Road and delivered through the distribution system, which is also owned and maintained by the City. Current flow through the plant averages 1.6 million gallons per day (MGD). Construction was completed to upgrade the water plant, which doubled the treatment capacity of the plant from 2 MGD to 4 MGD. The 1998 upgrade added a 500,000 gallon clear well to increase storage capacity to 2.38 million gallons. The upgrade also included a renovation of the laboratory making it one of only two labs in Licking County certified in bacteria testing. There are six employees involved in the production and distribution of water for the City.

Unlike most cities, Heath's drinking water comes from deep underground aquifers, instead of a less desirable surface source. The city water is softened to 100 mg/l making home water softeners unnecessary. In order to increase water volume to the city's southern portion, in 2003, additional water lines were added along Hebron Road south to Mid-Ohio Industrial Park.

The wastewater plant and collection system is owned and maintained by the City. The ten million dollar plant, completed in 1992, has a capacity of 1.75 MGD and with a peak flow of 7 MGD. Federal regulations have forced the operations of the plant to become more efficient and to produce a higher quality product, which has less negative impact on the environment. In 1998, the digesters were converted from anaerobic to more efficient aerobic digesters. A solids handling improvement project began in 2004, and was completed in 2005. It included several building improvements, and a new larger Rodiger belt press. The Utility Director, and four workers man the operation of the plant.

Street Department Services

The Heath Street Department Complex located at 550 Dog Leg Road consists of five buildings including office, garage, and storage facilities. The Department has two salt-water storage pools, one located at the Municipal Office Building and the other at the Heath Wastewater Plant, and a rock salt storage facility with the capacity to store 850 tons of rock salt. The Department is also responsible for several retaining ponds located in various areas of the City and a stone quarry.

The Street Department has a total of nine full-time employees including the Street Superintendent. The Department is responsible for maintenance and repair of approximately 86 miles of streets and highways in the City. The Department is also responsible for snow removal, storm sewer and catch basin maintenance and repair, traffic signal operation, road lines and markings, sign installation and maintenance, mowing and maintenance of extensive right-of-ways, crack sealing and asphalt repairs and the annual leaf pickup program.

The Department maintains a fleet of fourteen vehicles and ten pieces of heavy-duty equipment.

Building and Zoning Services

The Building and Zoning Department, which is staffed by two inspectors, is located in the municipal building. The department has a wide range of responsibilities including overseeing community development, maintaining the Land Use and Thoroughfare Plan, acting as the city representative to the local Metropolitan Planning Organization, maintaining the Geographic Information System, review of development plans, coordinating the Board of Zoning and Building Appeals and Planning Commission, issuance of zoning permits, inspections, enforcement of zoning and general ordinances, complaint investigation and resolution, flood plain administration, grant applications and administration, coordination of multi-jurisdictional projects, and special assignments as directed by the mayor.

Other general duties performed by the department include planning, securing funding and administering major construction projects such as road improvements and bridge replacements, acting as the city representative to the local Metropolitan Planning Organization, management of flood hazard areas and serving as liaison to the Bureau of the Census.

Additional information on the Building and Zoning Department, including fees, regulations, construction specifications, and demographics is available at www.heathohio.org under Government and Community Development.

Parks and Recreation Services

Heath Parks is comprised of over 376 acres of beautiful parkland, an indoor recreation and fitness center, a state-of-the-art municipal water park, and a historic facility used as both a cultural arts center and rental facility. Canal Lock Park, a one-acre park located along State Route 79, dates back to 1825 and commemorates the beginning of the Ohio & Erie Canal. Two relatively small parks – Dorsey Mill Park and The South Fork Well Field – are maintained as natural settings along the Licking River; a third small park, Kroger Park, provides green space on South 30th Street; and Hitchcock Park, a fourth small park located in the center of a residential area features 3.09 acres of green space, playground equipment, and outdoor shelter, a basketball court, and a picnic area.

Two larger premier city parks, Hoback and Geller, collectively comprise over 72 acres. Hoback Park, is located on Dorsey Mill Road, and contains five (5) Little League fields, a basketball court, picnic areas, children's play facility, restrooms, and an enclosed shelter. During the summer, the Heath Sertoma Club offers a well-rounded Little League program including farm and varsity baseball, and girls' farm and varsity softball and T-ball. The site features access to the South Fork Licking River and wooded areas for hiking.

John C. Geller Park offers variety with its changes in terrain, open lawns, and wooded areas. Noteworthy facilities include a two-mile walking path, open play areas, two softball fields, two sand volleyball courts, two outdoor shelters, a Viet-Nam Memorial, and handicap accessible children's play equipment. Area children flock to the park for snow sledding on one of the best hills in the county. Tree memorials provide ample shade in the summer. Geller Park is the focal point for many community events, such as Kids First! Fest, and the Star Spangled Celebration.

The Forry Preserve, the city's newest park, includes 250 acres of natural green-space along the Licking River. This beautiful hillside acreage includes abundant wildlife, and pre-historically significant Indian mounds. A trail-head, parking lot, and shelter house were added in 2004.

Heath's Walkway/Bikeway Corridor meanders along the Licking River, starting at Heath Middle School, going south to Irving-Wick Drive, then east to the River Oaks subdivision, and west to the Heath City Water Park. An abundance of plant and animal life, along with interpretive signs, rest areas, and a shelter house, give pedestrian and bike travelers plenty to see.

The city's first venture into indoor recreational programs occurred in 1998 with the opening of the Heath Community Recreation and Fitness Center. The facilities modern fitness equipment, free weights, sauna, Jacuzzi, tanning beds, cardio-vascular room, and general fitness class programming help keep participants of all ages "fit for life". The large gymnasium also offers ample opportunities for sports activities and community events.

The city's municipal pool complex is appropriately described as a "water park". Major renovation and expansion in 2002 featured a 660' LayZee River, two gigantic 30" slides, two drop slides, a SCS Interactive/Play System, 10-lane 50 meter Olympic pool, 12' diving well, concession stands, shade shelters, and basketball and volleyball courts. 2003 brought a parking lot expansion that increased spaces by 170 to help accommodate the over 100,000 seasonal visitors.

The Davis-Shai House, moved by the City of Heath on April 16th, 1996, not only serves as the city's oldest historic treasure, but also as a Licking County cultural arts center and rental facility. The Heath Community Arts Council manages day-to-day operations to include teas, Friday lunches, dinner theatres, music events, weddings, small private parties, corporate meetings, and a wide variety of cultural programming. The house's ambience brings back the "Victorian Christmas" each year, which features incredible holiday decorations, horse-drawn carriage rides, seasonal songs, and warm holiday feelings.

Recent accolades received by the Heath Parks Department include the Ohio Parks & Recreation (OPRA) Award of Merit in 2000 for the Heath Recreation and Fitness Center, OPRA and Downtown Ohio, Inc. First Place awards in 2001 for the Davis-Shai House; OPRA First Place award for the Heath History book, *Heath, Ohio: Hometown Memories*, and OPRA First Place Aquatic award for the Heath Municipal Pool in 2003

The Heath Parks Department has a staff of nine (8) full-time employees, including the Director of Parks and Recreation. Seasonal and part-time employees expand that number to about 100 during summer months. The Heath Community Arts Council, a not-for-profit organization, employs two full-time, one part time, but largely depends on more than 100 volunteers for its operation.

Income Tax Division

The Income Tax Division is under the direction of the Tax Commissioner, who is responsible for the collection and administration of the City's one and one-half percent earnings tax, and the hotel excise tax for the 7 hotels located in Heath. The Tax Division offers direct tax assistance to all taxpayers and businesses. Assistance is also provided for taxpayers using the on-line tax preparation tool offered on the City's web site at www.heathohio.org.

Administrative Services

The Administrative Services Department is under the direction of the City Auditor and is responsible for the functions of tax collection, utility billing, financial control, data processing, risk management and public information. This department provides essential support services to all departments and divisions of the City, as well as several direct services to residents and businesses. The Administrative Services Department consists of two divisions - the Tax Division and the Finance Division.

The Income Tax Division is under the direction of the Tax Commissioner who is responsible for the collection and administration of the City's one and one-half percent earnings tax and the hotel excise tax. There are now 7 hotels filing monthly excise reports.

The Finance Division is responsible for all areas of financial administration, including revenue recording, investments, debt service management, expenditure tracking, financial records, budgeting, financial reporting, utility billing and payroll/personnel administration.

Citywide, all personnel of the City of Heath are involved in Youth in Government Day. Each May, the two-day program allows students to serve as government officials, whereby, students are elected by their peers to various City offices. After the election, they visit City Hall to write mock ordinances and develop mock plans for the City. On the second day a mock council meeting is held and the students spend the day with their respective counterparts. The annual program provides the students an opportunity to see the operation of the City first hand and to visit all City departments.

Labor Relations

A statewide public employee collective bargaining law applies generally to public employee relations and collective bargaining. The employee profile is as follows:

Number of	
Employees	Employee Classification
80	Classified employees
9	Elected officials
6	Appointed employees

The City has entered into bargaining agreements with the Fraternal Order of Police, Ohio Labor Council, Inc., International Association of Firefighters Local 2930 and the American Federation of State, County and Municipal Employees, AFL-CIO, Ohio Council 8. Other employees are governed by legislative action of City Council. In the judgment of the City, its employee relations have been and are considered to be good.

Full-time employees are represented by the following bargaining units:

	Agreement	Number of
Bargaining Unit	Expiration Date	Employees Covered
Fraternal Order of Police, Ohio Labor Council	March 31, 2008	5
(Dispatchers)		
Fraternal Order of Police, Ohio Labor Council	March 31, 2008	16
(Sergeants/Patrol)		
International Association of Firefighters	April 17, 2008	15
Local 2930		
American Federation of State, County and		
Municipal Employees, AFL-CIO, Ohio Council 8	April 1, 2008	31

New police officers are not included in the union until their one-year probationary period is successfully completed. A reserve force of ten persons is authorized by order of the mayor. A thirty member volunteer fire department, operated by the Heath Firefighters Association, is authorized by City Ordinance.

The Administrative Section of the City of Heath Codified Ordinances provides for equal and similar treatment of employees employed by the city but not covered under a collective bargaining agreement. The following classifications are covered by the Administrative Section of the Heath Codified Ordinances:

- 9 Elected Officials
- 1 Appointed Clerk of Council
- 2 Appointed law advisors
- 3 Exempted classified employees
- 1 Appointed Secretary
- 1 Recreation Director
- 6 Department Heads

ECONOMIC OUTLOOK & MAJOR INITIATIVES

Consistent and evenly paced commercial, industrial, and residential growth continues to favor the City of Heath. During 2006, the Super Walmart expansion was completed as well as new strip centers on S. 30th Street, Hebron Road, and Central Parkway. Combined, these added over 130,000 square feet of commercial floor area plus approximately 150 retail employment positions. Construction began on a Sonics Restaurant, a Walgreen's Drug Store, and a Bob Evans Restaurant, with all planning openings in 2007 and adding an additional 60 employment positions. Also planned for 2007 will be a Hyundai Automobile Dealership which will be the first major new business to locate on the newly widened and improved State Route 79.

Remarkable growth was also seen in the industrial sector due to the availability of over 500 acres of developable ground serviced by a newly installed network of roads and utilities marketed by a highly aggressive and experienced development team consisting of representatives from the Port Authority, Chamber of Commerce, commercial realtors and development companies. In 2006, their combined efforts brought in two manufacturing companies, Samuel ManuTech and UniFas, which constructed over 150,000 square feet of manufacturing space and should by the end of 2007 employ over 100 skilled industrial workers. Another demonstration of how attractive Heath has become to national industry was the transfer from Texas by Boeing of a high-tech radar repair facility. That event too brought an additional number of highly technical positions.

Residential growth, though slowing both nationally and locally, still continued at a steady pace in Heath. Seventy single-family lots were created in two subdivisions, Fox Run and Linnwood Crossing; and plan review began for a forty-lot addition to The Woodlands.

From an infrastructure viewpoint, growth and improvements have been exceptional. The re-alignment of Heath and Dorsey Mill roads was completed, causing a significant improvement in traffic flow on State Route 79. The extension of Ridgeley Tract Road, which will connect State Route 79 and Thornwood Drive, and the extension of James Parkway to Kaiser Drive both began in 2006, and will be completed in 2007. Also started in 2006 and scheduled for completion in 2007 is the final leg of the bike path that will connect Hoback Park to the Heath Municipal Water Park. Plans are currently being prepared for utility improvements scheduled to be installed in 2007, including a sanitary sewer line extension to the Mid-Ohio Development Industrial Park and a 500,000 gallon water tower which will service Heath's west side. Looking further to the future, plans are well underway for the Thornwood Drive Improvement Project, and the State Route 79 Safety Improvement Project, which are expected to see construction commence in 2010.

In summary, the City of Heath has substantially benefited as a result of good planning, timing of projects, cooperation with development organizations, and also the ability to acquire grant funding.

Plans for 2007 include:

Parks:	Swimming pool caulking	\$70,000
Fire:	New 2007 Medic Unit	180,000
Police:	Turn-out gear & SCBA bottles	8,500
	Unmarked car with trade	15,000
	Marked car with 2 trades	25,000
	Communications computer upgrade	15,000
	Mobile radios (8)	37,000
Street	Annual paving	327,000
	(OPWC grant, License Tax, Capital Improvement)	
Wastewater	Generator for The Woodlands	24,000
Zoning	Irving-Wick Dr. bike tunnel (ODOT, Evans Foundation.)	355,000

FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Internal Control, Budgetary Control and the Accounting System

Development of the City's accounting system included substantial consideration of the adequacy of the internal accounting controls. Internal accounting controls are designed to provide reasonable, but not absolute assurance that:

- 1. The City's assets are protected against loss and unauthorized use or disposition; and
- 2. Reliable financial reports for preparing financial statements and providing accountability for assets are maintained.

The concept of reasonable assurance states that internal controls should be evaluated applying the following criteria:

- 1. The expense associated with providing the internal controls should not exceed the benefits likely to be derived from their implementation; and
- 2. The evaluation of the offsetting costs and benefits involves estimates and judgment by the City administration and the Auditor's Office.

All internal control evaluations occur within this framework. It is the belief of the administrative and financial management personnel that the City's financial controls adequately safeguard existing assets and provide reasonable assurance of the proper recording of financial transactions.

The City Auditor's Office is responsible for the auditing and analysis of all purchase orders for the City. The Auditor's Office personnel carefully review the purchase orders to ensure the availability of moneys in the proper funds and accounts prior to certification and subsequent payment of invoices. The City utilizes a fully automated accounting system, as well as an automated system of controls for fixed asset accounting, payroll, water billing and income tax. These systems ensure that the financial information generated is both accurate and reliable.

Budgetary control is maintained at the object level for each department within each fund via legislation approved by City Council. The various objects are:

- Personal services
- Contractual Services
- Other Expenditures
- Transfers

- Materials and Supplies
- Capital Outlay
- Debt Service Principal Interest

Lower levels within each major category are accounted for and reported internally. Such lower levels are referred to as line items of expenditure. Estimated amounts must be encumbered prior to final approval of purchase orders or other contracts to vendors. Encumbrances in excess of the available major expense category level appropriations are not approved unless additional appropriations are authorized. Unencumbered appropriations return (lapse) to the unappropriated balances in the individual funds at the end of each fiscal year, which coincides with the calendar year. Appropriations, initial and supplemental, must be authorized by City Council. Supplemental appropriations were made several times during the year, primarily for capital expenditures.

Risk Management

The City of Heath relied upon traditional insurance markets and conventional policies as a method of asset protection and overall risk management. The Clarendon National Insurance Company is the present primary carrier for the provision of underlying bodily injury, personal injury, property damage, automotive, and general liability coverage. Supplemental protection includes professional liability, honesty bonding and a comprehensive liability policy overlying most of the basic policies.

The City of Heath is committed to promoting and supporting a safe work environment for all City of Heath employees. The City of Heath's commitment to safety is further supported by the selection of a "Safety Employee of the Year" from the rank and file employees. The award is for commitment to safety, promotion of safety and support of the city safety programs.

An OSHA Safety Committee made up of employees appointed from each of the City of Heath Departments continues to function in the City of Heath. The committee members serve a one-year term and are charged with bringing any safety concerns or needs to the committee for discussion and/or action. Members of the committee elect a chairperson and all committee members have direct access to the Safety Director regarding matters of employee safety. The committee also plans, hosts and evaluates a bi-annual safety fair to provide safety education and information for all full-time, part-time, seasonal, casual, and temporary employees that provided handling of chemicals, vehicle maintenance, confined space response, equipment training, respirator training and general safety programs. Annual safety training is held each June for all summer employees as well as a bi-annual driver's training certification for all part-time fire department employees.

In addition to the specific areas of risk management noted above, the City requires attendance at monthly citywide safety meetings. The meetings provide video and written materials on various safety topics from hearing protection to drugs in the workplace. Additionally, each department is encouraged to hold quarterly safety meetings on topics specific to their department, including such general topics as fire extinguisher training, evacuation plans and fire drills.

The City of Heath has been a stable operation with unusually good claims and loss experience since its designation as a city in 1965.

Health Insurance

The City Council authorized a partially self-funded medical coverage program for City employees in 1993. The program is administered by Professional Claims Management of Canton, Ohio. The program provides that the City pay medical expenses of eligible employees and dependents in excess of established deductibles and/or co-pay amounts for agreed upon services and supplies during the calendar year. The City maintains a stop loss of \$30,000 per person per year with a \$2,000,000 lifetime per person maximum. Pre-existing conditions do apply to all new employees and co-pays apply for in-network and deductibles for out-of-network services. Utilization and peer review are contracted through the third party administrator.

Workers' Compensation

The City of Heath joined the Ohio Municipal League (OML) Worker's Compensation Pool in 1992. The pool groups similar municipal employers to gain a greater discount in worker's compensation premiums for City employees. Section 4123.29 of the Ohio Revised Code, and the rules promulgated thereunder, permit the establishment of the employer group-rating plan. Said plans pool and group the experience (payroll amounts and claims losses) of the participating employers in order to create a lower worker's compensation premium rate. The Ohio Municipal League (OML) as a sponsoring organization offers the plan to achieve lower worker's compensation premium rates for participants and to promote establishment of a safer working environment.

The OML Worker's Compensation Pool will accept member municipalities in good standing for participation if their claim losses are less than the Bureau's expected losses determined at the group level. No municipality is invited to participate whose claim losses are projected to exceed the Bureau's expected loss level for the effective date of the group rating year and/or the year after. Each participant must qualify annually to continue to be a group member. The OML reserves the right to implement equity pooling in any rating year to ensure equitable savings.

As part of the pool program the Ohio Bureau of Worker's Compensation has made it a statutory requirement that the group-rating program substantially improve accident prevention for all group participants. Each participant must, in good faith, comply with all federal, state and local occupation health and safety regulations and shall exert diligent efforts toward accident prevention.

Gates McDonald administers the program for the OML. Consulting services are available through Gates McDonald.

OTHER INFORMATION

Independent Audit

The basic financial statements of the City of Heath were audited by Wolfe, Wilson & Phillips, Inc. The auditor's unqualified opinion has been included in this report.

Awards

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the City of Heath, Ohio for its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2005. This was the eleventh year in a row the City received this award. The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awards a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to those governmental entities that qualify. To be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a governmental unit must prepare an easily readable and efficiently organized Comprehensive Annual Financial Report whose contents satisfy all program standards. The report must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) and applicable legal requirements respective to the reporting entity. A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. I believe this, our current report continues to conform to the high standards set by the GFOA for a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting and I am submitting it to GFOA. In addition, the Heath city auditor also received the Auditor of State's Award, for fiscal years 2002 and 2003. To be eligible, reporting entities must have had no citations reported in their annual audit. Less than 5% of all reporting entities are eligible for this award.

Public Disclosure

The publication of this report represents an important achievement in the ability of the City of Heath to provide significantly enhanced financial information and accountability to the citizens, its elected officials, City administration and investors. This report is indicative of the continued efforts of the City to improve its overall financial accounting, management and reporting capabilities.

In addition to the citizens of Heath, the recipients of this report will include city, state and federal officials, schools, libraries, newspapers, investment banking firms, banks and rating agencies. The report is made available to any person or organization that requests it. The extensive effort to prepare and distribute this report is indicative of the City Auditor's goal of full disclosure of the City's finances.

Acknowledgments

Sincere appreciation is extended to the individuals who have contributed their time and effort in gathering data for this report. I am indebted to the following staff members; Linda Richards, Assistant Auditor; Debbie Whitefield, Administrative Assistant; and our Department Heads for the extra effort they put forth in the preparation of this report.

Special acknowledgment is extended to the staff of Donald J. Schonhardt and Associates, Inc. for their guidance in the preparation of this report.

Special thanks to the members of Heath City Council and Mayor Daniel L. Dupps whose support is necessary for the City of Heath to conform to reporting requirements established for municipal governments to maintain the sound financial position that the City has enjoyed for many years.

Respectfully,

Keith B. Alexander City Auditor

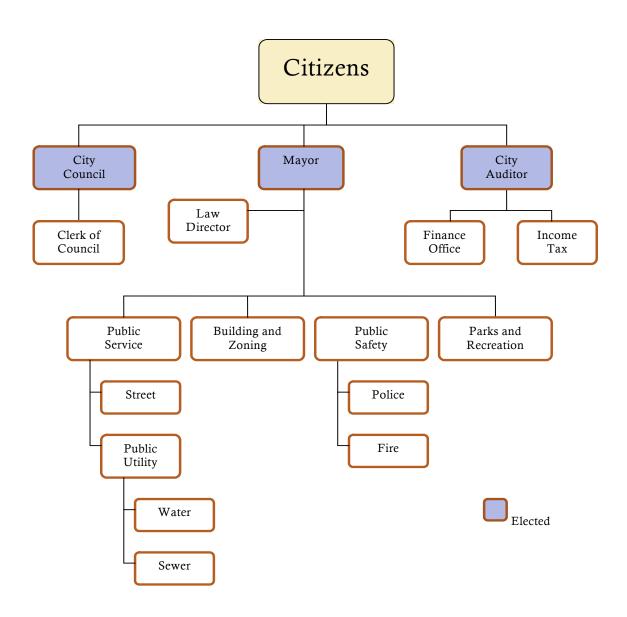
List of Principal Officials For the Year Ended December 31, 2006

ELECTED OFFICIALS	OFFICE	TERM EXPIRES	SURETY
Daniel L. Dupps	Mayor	12/31/09	
Keith B. Alexander	Auditor	03/31/08	В
Jeffrey Crabill	Council Member - Ward 3 Council President	12/31/09	
Richard Waugh	Council Member at Large President-Pro-Tem	12/31/07	
Dr. Ronald Krueger	Council Member at Large	12/31/07	
James W. Watercutter	Council Member - Ward 1	12/31/09	
Mary Kelley	Council Member - Ward 2	12/31/09	
Cledys Henry	Council Member at Large	12/31/07	
Tim Kelley	Council Member at Large	12/31/07	
ADMINISTRATIVE PERSONNEL	TITLE	TERM OF OFFICE	SURETY
Anne Gilbert	Income Tax Commissioner	Indefinite	A
Anthony Shepherd	Police Chief	Indefinite	
Kevin Vermillion	Police Lieutenant	Indefinite	
Mark Huggins	Fire Chief	Indefinite	
David Brenner	Utilities Director	Indefinite	
Robert Geller	Street and Parks Superintendent	Indefinite	
John Groff	Building and Zoning Inspector	Indefinite	
Richard Bindley	Law Director	Indefinite	
Jonathan Diernbach	Prosecutor	Indefinite	
Linda M. Richards	Assistant Auditor	Indefinite	
Lynn M. Hunt	Clerk of Council	Indefinite	
Debra R. Fleming	Mayor's Secretary/Administrative Assistant	Indefinite	
Deborah K. Whitefield	Administrative Assistant	Indefinite	
Rhonda White	Recreation Director	Indefinite	
Janice M. Wilkin	Communications/Marketing Director	Indefinite	
(A) \$100,000 (B) \$100,000	Fidelity and Deposit Company of Maryland Ohio Farmers Insurance Company	06/1/04 - Indefinite 06/1/04 - Indefinite	

City Address:

Heath City Hall 1287 Hebron Road Heath, Ohio 43056 http://www.heathohio.org

City Organizational Chart For the Year Ended December 31, 2006



Boards and Commissions

Parks and Recreation Board Civil Service Commission Air Pollution Control Board Board of Zoning and Building Appeals

Planning Commission Reuse Commission / Port Authority Charter Review Commission

Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

City of Heath Ohio

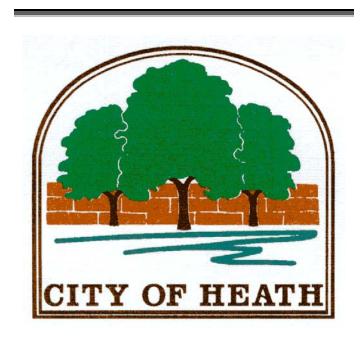
For its Comprehensive Annual
Financial Report
for the Fiscal Year Ended
December 31, 2005

A Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting is presented by the Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada to government units and public employee retirement systems whose comprehensive annual financial reports (CAFRs) achieve the highest standards in government accounting and financial reporting.



President

Executive Director



FINANCIAL SECTION



WOLFE, WILSON, & PHILLIPS, INC. CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

37 S. Seventh Street • Zanesville, Ohio 43701 (740) 453-9600 • FAX - (740) 453-9763 www.wwpcpa.com

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

Honorable Mayor and Members of City Council City of Heath Heath, Ohio 43056

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of The City of Heath as of and for the year ended December 31, 2006, which collectively comprise the City's financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the City's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in and Government Auditing Standards issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Heath as of December 31, 2006, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows, where applicable, and the respective budgetary comparison for the General Fund and Fire Levy Fund, thereof for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued a report dated May 1, 2007, on our consideration of the City of Heath's internal control structure over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards and should be read in conjunction with this report in considering the results of our audit.

Management's discussion and analysis is not a required part of the basic financial statements but is supplementary information required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

We conducted our audit to opine on the financial statements that collectively comprise City of Heath's basic financial statements. The Introductory Section, Combining Statements, Individual Fund Schedules and Statistical Section provide additional information and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. We subjected the Combining Statements and Individual Fund Schedules to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements. In our opinion, this information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

We did not subject the Introductory Section or Statistical Section to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on them.

Wolfe, Wilen, & Philip, Trac. Zanesville, Ohio May 1, 2007

Unaudited

The discussion and analysis of the City of Heath's financial performance provides an overall review of the City's financial activities for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2006. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the City's financial performance as a whole; readers should also review the transmittal letter, notes to the basic financial statements and financial statements to enhance their understanding of the City's financial performance.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

Key financial highlights for 2006 are as follows:

- □ In total, net assets increased \$2,852,039. Net assets of governmental activities increased \$2,183,933 which represents a 9.8% increase from 2005. Net assets of business-type activities increased \$668,106 or 4.7% from 2005.
- □ General revenues accounted for \$7.99 million in revenue or 52.6% of all revenues. Program specific revenues in the form of charges for services and grants and contributions accounted for 47.4% of total revenues of \$15.19 million.
- □ The City had \$9.11 million in expenses related to governmental activities; only \$3.4 million of these expenses were offset by program specific charges for services, grants or contributions. General revenues (primarily taxes) of \$7.89 million assisted in providing for these programs.
- □ Among major funds, the general fund had \$6.79 million in revenues and \$5.67 million in expenditures. The general fund's fund balance increased \$545,100 to \$3.23 million.
- □ Net assets for enterprise funds increased by \$.67 million. This increase resulted primarily from capital contributions.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This annual report consists of four parts – management's discussion and analysis, the basic financial statements, required supplementary information, and an optional section that presents combining statements for nonmajor governmental funds. The basic financial statements include two kinds of statements that present different views of the City:

These statements are as follows:

- 1. <u>The Government-Wide Financial Statements</u> These statements provide both long-term and short-term information about the City's overall financial status.
- 2. <u>The Fund Financial Statements</u> These statements focus on individual parts of the City, reporting the City's operations in more detail than the government-wide statements.

The financial statements also include notes that explain some of the information in the financial statements and provide more detailed data. The statements are followed by a section of required supplementary information that further explains and supports the information in the financial statements.

Unaudited

Government-wide Statements

The government-wide statements report information about the City as a whole using accepting methods similar to those used by private-sector companies. The statement of net assets includes all of the government's assets and liabilities. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are accounted for in the statement of activities regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The two government-wide statements report the City's net assets and how they have changed. Net-assets (the difference between the City's assets and liabilities) is one way to measure the City's financial health or position.

- Over time, increases or decreases in the City's net assets are an indicator of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating, respectively.
- To assess the overall health of the City you need to consider additional nonfinancial factors such as property tax base, current property tax laws, conditions of the City's streets and continued growth within the City.

The government-wide financial statements of the City are divided into two categories:

- <u>Governmental Activities</u> Most of the City's program's and services are reported here including security of persons and property, leisure time activities, community environment, basic utility services, transportation and general government.
- <u>Business-Type Activities</u> These services are provided on a charge for goods or services basis to
 recover all of the expenses of the goods or services provided. The City's water and sewer services are
 reported as business activities.

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide more detailed information about the City's most significant funds, not the City as a whole. Funds are accounting devices that the City uses to keep track of specific sources of funding and spending for particular purposes.

Governmental Funds – Most of the City's activities are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at year-end available for spending in future periods. These funds are reported using an accounting method called modified accrual accounting, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the City's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance educational programs. The relationship (or differences) between governmental activities (reported in the Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities) and governmental funds is reconciled in the financial statements.

Unaudited

Proprietary Funds – The City maintains two different types of proprietary funds. Enterprise funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The City uses two enterprise funds to account for water and sewer operations. Both of the enterprise funds are reported as major funds.

The internal service fund is an accounting device used to accumulate and allocate costs internally among the City's various functions. The City's internal service fund reports on the City's self-insurance programs for employee medical benefits.

Fiduciary Funds – Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are *not* reflected in the government-wide financial statement because the resources of those funds are *not* available to support the City's own programs. The accounting used for fiduciary funds is much like that used for proprietary funds. The City's fiduciary fund is a private purpose trust fund used to account for unclaimed monies.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE CITY AS A WHOLE

The following table provides a comparison of the City's net assets between December 31, 2006 and 2005:

	Governmental Activities		Business Activi	• •	Total		
	2006	2005	2006	2005	2006	2005	
Current and other assets	\$9,145,542	\$8,497,455	\$4,498,865	\$3,830,247	\$13,644,407	\$12,327,702	
Capital assets, Net	22,886,972	21,384,994	18,789,028	18,940,759	41,676,000	40,325,753	
Total assets	32,032,514	29,882,449	23,287,893	22,771,006	55,320,407	52,653,455	
Long-termdebt outstanding	5,529,572	5,658,923	8,169,177	8,447,650	13,698,749	14,106,573	
Other liabilities	2,021,643	1,926,160	248,943	121,689	2,270,586	2,047,849	
Total liabilities	7,551,215	7,585,083	8,418,120	8,569,339	15,969,335	16,154,422	
Net assets							
Invested in capital assets,							
net of related debt	18,092,381	16,428,030	10,723,136	10,598,772	28,815,517	27,026,802	
Restricted	3,371,442	3,455,361	0	0	3,371,442	3,455,361	
Unrestricted	3,017,476	2,413,975	4,146,637	3,602,895	7,164,113	6,016,870	
Total net assets	\$24,481,299	\$22,297,366	\$14,869,773	\$14,201,667	\$39,351,072	\$36,499,033	

Unaudited

Changes in Net Assets – The following table shows the changes in net assets for the fiscal year 2006 and 2005:

	Governmental		Busine	ss-type		
	Activ	vities	Activ	vities	To	otal
	2006	2005	2006	2005	2006	2005
Revenues:						
Program revenues:						
Charges for Services and Sales	\$854,242	\$975,642	\$3,716,055	\$3,752,990	\$4,570,297	\$4,728,632
Operating Grants and Contributions	522,557	605,977	0	0	522,557	605,977
Capital Grants and Contributions	2,023,759	153,096	79,381	132,480	2,103,140	285,576
Total Program Revenues	3,400,558	1,734,715	3,795,436	3,885,470	7,195,994	5,620,185
General revenues:						
Property Taxes	1,260,147	1,233,678	0	0	1,260,147	1,233,678
Income Taxes	5,487,407	4,833,456	0	0	5,487,407	4,833,456
Other Local Taxes	13,295	13,306	0	0	13,295	13,306
Intergovernmental Revenue, Unrestricted	736,664	609,450	0	0	736,664	609,450
Investment Farnings	333,854	191,143	97,856	20,949	431,710	212,092
Miscellaneous	63,559	78,959	0	0	63,559	78,959
Total General Revenues	7,894,926	6,959,992	97,856	20,949	7,992,782	6,980,941
Total Revenues	11,295,484	8,694,707	3,893,292	3,906,419	15,188,776	12,601,126
Program Expenses:						
Security of Persons and Property	4,518,609	4,329,101	0	0	4,518,609	4,329,101
Public Health and Welfare Services	54,000	52,500	0	0	54,000	52,500
Leisure Time Activities	1,294,137	1,294,346	0	0	1,294,137	1,294,346
Community Environment	289,516	293,980	0	0	289,516	293,980
Transportation	1,418,985	1,753,609	0	0	1,418,985	1,753,609
General Government	1,313,015	1,278,537	0	0	1,313,015	1,278,537
Interest and Fiscal Charges	223,289	235,853	0	0	223,289	235,853
Business Type Activities:						
Water	0	0	1,387,196	1,449,520	1,387,196	1,449,520
Sewer	0	0	1,837,990	1,853,411	1,837,990	1,853,411
Total expenses	9,111,551	9,237,926	3,225,186	3,302,931	12,336,737	12,540,857
Change in Net Assets before transfers	2,183,933	(543,219)	668,106	603,488	2,852,039	60,269
Transfers	0	33,166	0	(33,166)	0	0
Total Change in Net Assets	2,183,933	(510,053)	668,106	570,322	2,852,039	60,269
Beginning Net Assets	22,297,366	22,807,419	14,201,667	13,631,345	36,499,033	36,438,764
Ending Net Assets	\$24,481,299	\$22,297,366	\$14,869,773	\$14,201,667	\$39,351,072	\$36,499,033

Unaudited

Governmental Activities

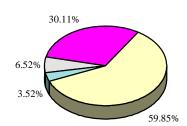
Net assets of the City's governmental activities increased by \$2,183,933. This was due primarily to an increase in virtually every revenue category. The largest increases occurred in capital contributions and income tax revenues.

The unique nature of property taxes in Ohio creates the need to routinely seek voter approval for operating funds. In general, the overall revenue generated by the levy will not increase solely as a result of inflation. As an example, a homeowner with a home valued at \$100,000 and taxed at 1.0 mill would pay \$35.00 annually in taxes. If three years later the home were reappraised and increased to \$200,000 (and this inflationary increase in value is comparable to other property owners) the effective tax rate would become .5 mills and the owner would still pay \$35.00.

The City also receives an income tax, which is based on 1.5% of all salaries, wages, commissions and other compensation earned from residents living within the City and from nonresidents for work done or services performed or rendered in the City.

Property taxes and income taxes made up 11.16% and 48.59% respectively of revenues for governmental activities for the City in fiscal year 2006. The City's reliance upon tax revenues is demonstrated by the following graph indicating 59.85% of total revenues from general tax revenues:

		Percent
Revenue Sources	2006	of Total
Intergovernmental Revenue, Unrestricted	\$736,664	6.52%
Program Revenues	3,400,558	30.11%
General Tax Revenues	6,760,849	59.85%
General Other	397,413	3.52%
Total Revenue	\$11,295,484	100.00%



Business-Type Activities

Net assets of the business-type activities increased by \$668,106. This increase was primarily the result of decreased expenditures in both the water and sewer funds.

Unaudited

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE CITY'S FUNDS

The City's governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of \$6,485,897, which is an increase from last year's balance of \$6,003,769. The schedule below indicates the fund balance and the total change in fund balance by fund type as of December 31, 2006 and 2005:

	Fund Balance	Fund Balance	Increase
	December 31, 2006	December 31, 2005	(Decrease)
General	\$3,233,934	\$2,688,834	\$545,100
Fire Levy	288,596	150,046	138,550
Capital Improvement Fund	1,571,105	1,984,121	(413,016)
Other Governmental	1,392,262	1,180,768	211,494
Total	\$6,485,897	\$6,003,769	\$482,128

General Fund – The City's General Fund balance increase is due to many factors. The tables that follow assist in illustrating the financial activities and balance of the General Fund:

	2006	2005	Increase
	Revenues	Revenues	(Decrease)
Taxes	\$5,555,515	\$4,993,278	\$562,237
Intergovernmental Revenue	666,651	533,689	132,962
Charges for Services	153,321	136,369	16,952
Licenses and Permits	33,701	35,896	(2,195)
Investment Earnings	306,057	155,297	150,760
Fines and Forfeitures	19,888	22,066	(2,178)
All Other Revenue	63,260	77,092	(13,832)
Total	\$6,798,393	\$5,953,687	\$844,706

General Fund revenues in 2006 increased approximately 14.2% compared to revenues in fiscal year 2005. The most significant factor contributing to this increase was higher income tax collections.

For the Year Ended December 31, 2006		Unaudited				
	2006	2005	Increase			
	Expenditures	Expenditures	(Decrease)			
Security of Persons and Property	\$3,339,846	\$3,169,184	\$170,662			
Public Health and Welfare Services	54,000	52,500	1,500			
Leisure Time Activities	724,190	746,579	(22,389)			
Community Environment	275,817	261,315	14,502			
General Government	1,272,527	1,233,082	39,445			
Debt Service:						
Principal Retirement	4,768	6,286	(1,518)			
Interest and Fiscal Charges	452	1,069	(617)			
Total	\$5.671.600	\$5,470,015	\$201.585			

General Fund expenditures increased by \$201,585 or 3.7% over the prior year due to primarily to increases in wages and benefits.

Fire Levy Fund – The balance of this fund increased by \$138,550 or 92.3% over the prior year due to a decrease in expenditures.

Capital Improvement Fund – The balance in this fund can fluctuate by 50% or more in a given year because this fund is utilized to account for the majority of the City's capital improvements. The level of funding and expenditures vary depending on the City's capital plans for the given year. During 2006, the fund balance decreased by 20.8% due to increased capital expenditures in the leisure time activity expenditure account.

GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

The City's budget is prepared according to Ohio law and is based on accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements and encumbrances. The most significant budgeted fund is the General Fund.

During the course of 2006, the City amended its General Fund budget several times. The increase in the final budgeted appropriations of \$462,192 and the positive variance with the final budget of \$343,936 was the result of carefully watchful spending.

For the General Fund, final budget basis revenue of \$6,449,428 increased by \$628,000 over the original budget estimates of \$5,821,428 primarily as a result of increased income tax and interest collections.

Unaudited

CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets

At the end of fiscal 2006 the City had \$41,676,000 net of accumulated depreciation invested in land, construction in progress, buildings, improvements other than buildings, machinery and equipment and infrastructure. Of this total, \$22,886,972 was related to governmental activities and \$18,789,028 to the business-type activities. The following table shows fiscal year 2006 and 2005 balances:

	Governm	Increase		
	Activit	ies	(Decrease)	
	2006	2005		
Land	\$6,091,222	\$5,938,722	\$152,500	
Construction in Progress	1,002,973	136,337	866,636	
Total Non-Depreciable Capital Assets	7,094,195	6,075,059	1,019,136	
Buildings	4,811,671	4,808,916	2,755	
Improvements Other Than Buildings	2,935,649	2,935,649	0	
Machinery and Equipment	6,414,154	6,408,463	5,691	
Infrastructure	15,395,600	13,854,254	1,541,346	
Less: Accumulated Depreciation	(13,764,297)	(12,697,347)	(1,066,950)	
Total Depreciable Capital Assets	15,792,777	15,309,935	482,842	
Totals	\$22,886,972	\$21,384,994	\$1,501,978	
	Business	Increase		
	Activit	ies	(Decrease)	
	2006	2005		
Land	\$397,374	\$397,374	\$0	
Construction in Progress	90,619	2,751,837	(2,661,218)	
Total Non-Depreciable Capital Assets	487,993	3,149,211	(2,661,218)	
Buildings	12,715,457	12,715,457	0	
Improvements Other Than Buildings	1,515,418	1,510,298	5,120	
Machinery and Eqiupment	4,872,272	4,855,236	17,036	
Infrastructure	14,962,368	11,771,869	3,190,499	
Less: Accumulated Depreciation	(15,764,480)	(15,061,312)	(703,168)	
Total Depreciable Capital Assets				
Total Depleciable Capital Assets	18,301,035	15,791,548	2,509,487	

Unaudited

The largest increases in governmental activities capital assets occurred in infrastructure. The primary reason for the increase in the infrastructure category relate to the City's repaving program and the dedication of new streets.

As of December 31, 2006, the City has contractual commitments of \$402,806 for various projects. Included in these projects are the State Route 79 safety improvements, SCADA upgrade, and the Irving Wick Dr. bike trail connector. Additional information on the City's capital assets can be found in Note 8.

Debt

At December 31, 2006, the City had \$7.05 million in bonds outstanding, \$385,000 due within one year. The following table summarizes the City's debt outstanding as of December 31, 2006 and 2005:

	2006	2005
Governmental Activities:		
General Obligation Bonds	\$4,715,000	\$4,950,000
Capital Leases	79,591	6,964
Compensated Absences	734,981	701,959
Total Governmental Activities	5,529,572	5,658,923
Business-Type Activities:		
General Obligation Bonds	2,330,000	2,475,000
OWDA Loans	5,735,892	5,866,987
Compensated Absences	103,285	105,663
Total Business-Type Activities	8,169,177	8,447,650
Totals	\$13,698,749	\$14,106,573

State statutes limit the amount of unvoted general obligation debt the City may issue. The aggregate amount of the City's unvoted debt is also subject to overlapping debt restrictions with other political subdivisions. The actual aggregate amount of the City's unvoted debt, when added to that of other political subdivisions within the respective counties in which Heath lies, is limited to ten mills. At December 31, 2006, the City's outstanding debt was below the legal limit. Additional information on the City's long-term debt can be found in Note 11.

Unaudited

ECONOMIC FACTORS

Income tax collections for 2006 were up slightly from 2005.

General Fund expenditures were budgeted at 5% less than 2006 actual expenditures. In an effort to reduce expenses, capital projects and capital acquisitions were dramatically reduced, and only those items that were really necessary were appropriated. Also affecting the General Fund and budget are the ever increasing costs associated with employee pay raises, and upwardly spiraling health insurance costs.

City Council continues to review the possibility of increasing existing revenue sources.

REQUESTS FOR INFORMATION

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, investors and creditors with a general overview of the City's finances and to show the City's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information contact the Auditor's Office by calling (740) 552-1420 or writing to City of Heath Auditor's Office, 1287 Hebron Rd., Heath, Ohio 43056.

Statement of Net Assets December 31, 2006

	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total
Assets:			
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 2,436,863	\$ 2,905,900	\$ 5,342,763
Investments	3,608,720	1,047,306	4,656,026
Receivables:			
Taxes	2,138,872	0	2,138,872
Accounts	7,043	442,696	449,739
Intergovernmental	542,211	0	542,211
Interest	62,771	0	62,771
Internal Balances	6,317	(6,317)	0
Inventory of Supplies at Cost	127,035	63,552	190,587
Prepaid Items	95,272	45,728	141,000
Restricted Assets:			
Cash and Cash Equivalents with Fiscal Agent	120,438	0	120,438
Non-Depreciable Capital Assets	7,094,195	487,993	7,582,188
Depreciable Capital Assets, Net	15,792,777	18,301,035	34,093,812
Total Assets	32,032,514	23,287,893	55,320,407
Liabilities:			
Accounts Payable	211,266	79,054	290,320
Accrued Wages and Benefits Payable	398,905	35,774	434,679
Intergovernmental Payable	1,476	0	1,476
Unearned Revenue	1,390,350	0	1,390,350
Accrued Interest Payable	19,646	134,115	153,761
Noncurrent liabilities:			
Due within one year	296,902	676,849	973,751
Due in more than one year	5,232,670	7,492,328	12,724,998
Total Liabilities	7,551,215	8,418,120	15,969,335
Net Assets:			
Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt	18,092,381	10,723,136	28,815,517
Restricted For:			
Capital Projects	2,150,414	0	2,150,414
Debt Service	214,383	0	214,383
Other Purposes	1,006,645	0	1,006,645
Unrestricted	3,017,476	4,146,637	7,164,113
Total Net Assets	\$ 24,481,299	\$ 14,869,773	\$ 39,351,072

Statement of Activities For the Year Ended December 31, 2006

			Program Revenues						
	Expenses			harges for ices and Sales		ating Grants Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions		
Governmental Activities:									
Security of Persons and Property	\$	4,518,609	\$	97,499	\$	0	\$	10,269	
Public Health and Welfare Services		54,000		0		0		0	
Leisure Time Activities		1,294,137		714,341		0		171,143	
Community Environment		289,516		25,829		0		0	
Transportation		1,418,985		16,573		522,557		1,842,347	
General Government		1,313,015		0	0			0	
Interest and Fiscal Charges		223,289		0		0		0	
Total Governmental Activities		9,111,551		854,242		522,557		2,023,759	
Business-Type Activities:									
Water		1,387,196		1,369,475		0		0	
Sewer		1,837,990		2,346,580		0		79,381	
Total Business-Type Activities		3,225,186		3,716,055		0		79,381	
Totals	\$	12,336,737	\$	4,570,297	\$	522,557	\$	2,103,140	

General Revenues:

Property Taxes

Municipal Income Taxes

Other Local Taxes

Intergovernmental Revenue, Unrestricted

Investment Earnings

Miscellaneous

Total General Revenues

Change in Net Assets

Net Assets Beginning of Year

Net Assets End of Year

Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Assets

Governmental Activities		Business-Type Activities		Total		
\$	(4,410,841)	\$ 0	\$	(4,410,841)		
Ψ	(54,000)	0	Ψ	(54,000)		
	(408,653)	0		(408,653)		
	(263,687)	0		(263,687)		
	962,492	0		962,492		
	(1,313,015)	0		(1,313,015)		
	(223,289)	0		(223,289)		
_	(5,710,993)	0	_	(5,710,993)		
	(0,710,770)		_	(0,710,770)		
	0	(17,721)		(17,721)		
	0	587,971		587,971		
	0	570,250		570,250		
	(5,710,993)	570,250	_	(5,140,743)		
				<u> </u>		
	1,260,147	0		1,260,147		
	5,487,407	0		5,487,407		
	13,295	0		13,295		
	736,664	0		736,664		
	333,854	97,856		431,710		
	63,559	0		63,559		
	7,894,926	97,856		7,992,782		
	2,183,933	668,106		2,852,039		
	22,297,366	14,201,667		36,499,033		
\$	24,481,299	\$ 14,869,773	\$	39,351,072		

Balance Sheet Governmental Funds December 31, 2006

	General		al Fire Levy		Capital Improvement		Other Governmental Funds		Total Governmental Funds	
Assets:										
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	439,180	\$	349,571	\$	247,806	\$	1,315,026	\$	2,351,583
Investments		2,246,024		0		1,303,577		59,119		3,608,720
Receivables:										
Taxes		1,308,247		597,601		20,739		212,285		2,138,872
Accounts		7,043		0		0		0		7,043
Intergovernmental		255,112		16,998		14,840		255,261		542,211
Interest		62,771		0		0		0		62,771
Inventory of Supplies, at Cost		65,880		0		0		61,155		127,035
Prepaid Items		76,821		952		0		17,499		95,272
Restricted Assets:										
Cash and Cash Equivalents with Fiscal Agent		0_		0_		0		120,438		120,438
Total Assets	\$	4,461,078	\$	965,122	\$	1,586,962	\$	2,040,783	\$	9,053,945
Liabilities:										
Accounts Payable	\$	56,722	\$	21,710	\$	11,953	\$	6,300	\$	96,685
Accrued Wages and Benefits Payable		190,541		41,330		0		167,034		398,905
Intergovernmental Payable		1,071		0		0		405		1,476
Deferred Revenue		978,810		613,486		3,904		474,782		2,070,982
Total Liabilities		1,227,144		676,526		15,857		648,521		2,568,048
Fund Balances:										
Reserved for Encumbrances		48,169		9,241		360,663		5,995		424,068
Reserved for Prepaid Items		76,821		952		0		17,499		95,272
Reserved for Supplies Inventory		65,880		0		0		61,155		127,035
Reserved for Debt Service		0		0		0		227,198		227,198
Undesignated, Unreserved in:										
General Fund		3,043,064		0		0		0		3,043,064
Special Revenue Funds		0		278,403		0		420,732		699,135
Capital Projects Funds		0		0		1,210,442		579,309		1,789,751
Permanent Fund		0		0		0		80,374		80,374
Total Fund Balances		3,233,934		288,596		1,571,105		1,392,262		6,485,897
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	4,461,078	\$	965,122	\$	1,586,962	\$	2,040,783	\$	9,053,945

Reconciliation Of Total Governmental Fund Balances To Net Assets Of Governmental Activities December 31, 2006

Total Governmental Fund Balances	\$ 6,485,897
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets are different because:	
Capital Assets used in governmental activities are not resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.	22,886,972
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current period expenditures and therefore are deferred in the funds.	680,632
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds.	(5,549,218)
The Internal Service Fund is used by management to charge the costs of insurance to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the internal service funds is included in governmental activities in the statement of net assets. This is the balance that is recorded in the governmental activities.	(22,984)
Net Assets of Governmental Funds	\$ 24,481,299

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds For the Year Ended December 31, 2006

Revenues:		General	F	ire Levy	In	Capital provement	Go	Other overnmental Funds	Go	Total overnmental Funds
Taxes	\$	5,555,515	\$	587,559	\$	163,267	\$	459,395	\$	6,765,736
Intergovernmental Revenues	Ψ	666,651	Ψ	67,935	Ψ	342,285	Ψ	481,498	Ψ	1,558,369
Charges for Services		153,321		07,733		0		530,554		683,875
Licenses and Permits		33,701		0		0		43,190		76,891
Investment Earnings		306,057		9,926		0		4,224		320,207
Fines and Forfeitures		19,888		0		0		21,723		41,611
All Other Revenue		63,260		0		28,223		23,941		115,424
Total Revenue		6,798,393		665,420		533,775		1,564,525		9,562,113
Expenditures:										
Current:										
Security of Persons and Property		3,339,846		526,870		24,736		449,175		4,340,627
Public Health and Welfare Services		54,000		0		0		0		54,000
Leisure Time Activities		724,190		0		466,719		397,569		1,588,478
Community Environment		275,817		0		1,712		0		277,529
Transportation		0		0		430,320		756,749		1,187,069
General Government		1,272,527		0		1,600		0		1,274,127
Debt Service:										
Principal Retirement		4,768		0		0		246,953		251,721
Interest and Fiscal Charges		452		0		0		221,427		221,879
Total Expenditures		5,671,600		526,870		925,087		2,071,873		9,195,430
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues										
Over Expenditures		1,126,793		138,550		(391,312)		(507,348)		366,683
Other Financing Sources (Uses):										
Capital Lease Issued		0		0		0		89,348		89,348
Transfers In		0		0		0		625,678		625,678
Transfers Out		(603,974)		0		(21,704)		0		(625,678)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(603,974)		0		(21,704)		715,026		89,348
Net Change in Fund Balance		522,819		138,550		(413,016)		207,678		456,031
Fund Balances at Beginning of Year		2,688,834		150,046		1,984,121		1,180,768		6,003,769
Increase in Inventory Reserve		22,281		0		0		3,816		26,097
Fund Balances End of Year	\$	3,233,934	\$	288,596	\$	1,571,105	\$	1,392,262	\$	6,485,897

Reconciliation Of The Statement Of Revenues, Expenditures And Changes In Fund Balances Of Governmental Funds To The Statement Of Activities For the Year Ended December 31, 2006

Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds	\$ 456,031
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because	
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlay exceeded depreciation.	1,512,443
Governmental funds only report the disposal of assets to the extent proceeds are received from the sale. In the statement of activities, a gain or loss is reported for each disposal. This is the amount of the loss on the disposal of capital assets net of proceeds received.	(10,465)
Revenues and transfers in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.	51,897
The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of principal of long-term debt consumes current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net assets.	162,373
In the statement of activities, interest is accrued on outstanding bonds, whereas in governmental funds, an interest expenditure is reported when due.	(1,410)
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities, such as change in inventory and compensated absences, do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds.	(6,925)
The Internal Service Fund, is used to charge the cost of services (e.g. insurance) to individual funds, is not included in the statement of activities. Governmental fund expenditures and related internal service fund revenues are eliminated. The net revenue (expense) of the City's Internal Service Fund is allocated among the governmental activities.	 19,989
Change in Net Assets of Governmental Activities	\$ 2,183,933

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) General Fund For the Year Ended December 31, 2006

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues:				
Taxes	\$ 5,028,116	\$ 5,330,616	\$ 5,545,943	\$ 215,327
Intergovernmental Revenue	461,262	582,762	600,050	17,288
Charges for Services	129,200	129,200	153,321	24,121
Licenses and Permits	30,850	30,850	33,701	2,851
Investment Earnings	136,000	300,000	361,793	61,793
Fines and Forfeitures	19,500	19,500	20,109	609
All Other Revenues	16,500	56,500	63,260	6,760
Total Revenues	5,821,428	6,449,428	6,778,177	328,749
Expenditures:				
Current:				
Security of Persons and Property	3,181,005	3,524,810	3,341,001	183,809
Public Health and Welfare Services	55,000	55,000	54,000	1,000
Leisure Time Activities	801,223	814,826	729,755	85,071
Community Environment	303,290	323,290	299,100	24,190
General Government	1,298,267	1,354,077	1,304,211	49,866
Total Expenditures	5,638,785	6,072,003	5,728,067	343,936
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues				
Over (Under) Expenditures	182,643	377,425	1,050,110	672,685
Other Financing Sources (Uses):				
Transfers Out	(575,000)	(603,974)	(603,974)	0
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses):	(575,000)	(603,974)	(603,974)	0
Net Change in Fund Balance	(392,357)	(226,549)	446,136	672,685
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year	2,174,836	2,174,836	2,174,836	0
Prior Year Encumbrances	60,043	60,043	60,043	0
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$ 1,842,522	\$ 2,008,330	\$ 2,681,015	\$ 672,685

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) Special Revenue Fund – Fire Levy Fund For the Year Ended December 31, 2006

	 Original Budget	_Fii	nal Budget	 Actual	Fin I	iance with al Budget Positive Vegative)
Revenues:	 			 		
Taxes	\$ 560,814	\$	560,814	\$ 587,559	\$	26,745
Intergovernmental Revenue	59,925		81,925	68,581		(13,344)
Investment Earnings	 2,000		8,000	 9,926		1,926
Total Revenues	622,739		650,739	666,066		15,327
Expenditures:						
Current:						
Security of Persons and Property	 515,222		551,292	 526,584		24,708
Total Expenditures	515,222		551,292	526,584		24,708
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues						
Over (Under) Expenditures	107,517		99,447	139,482		40,035
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year	161,236		161,236	161,236		0
Prior Year Encumbrances	 23,225		23,225	 23,225		0
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$ 291,978	\$	283,908	\$ 323,943	\$	40,035

Statement of Net Assets Proprietary Funds December 31, 2006

	Business-Type Activities Enterprise Funds					Governmental Activities -		
		W-4		C		T-4-1		rnal Service
ASSETS:		Water		Sewer		Total		Funds
Current assets:								
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	660,832	\$	2,245,068	\$	2,905,900	\$	85,280
Investments	*	0	-	1,047,306	-	1,047,306	-	0
Receivables:				, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		, ,		
Accounts		153,855		288,841		442,696		0
Inventory of Supplies at Cost		52,395		11,157		63,552		0
Prepaid Items		22,022		23,706		45,728		0
Total current assets		889,104		3,616,078		4,505,182		85,280
Noncurrent assets:								
Non-Depreciable Capital Assets		305,427		182,566		487,993		0
Depreciable Capital Assets, Net		9,372,458		8,928,577		18,301,035		0
Total noncurrent assets		9,677,885		9,111,143		18,789,028		0
Total Assets		10,566,989		12,727,221		23,294,210		85,280
LIABILITIES:								
Current Liabilities:								
Accounts Payable		19,077		59,977		79,054		114,581
Accrued Wages and Benefits Payable		22,435		13,339		35,774		0
Accrued Interest Payable		9,015		125,100		134,115		0
General Obligation Bonds Payable - Current		150,000		0		150,000		0
OWDA Loans Payable - Current		0		513,668		513,668		0
Compensated Absences Payable - Current		7,640		5,541		13,181		0
Total current liabilities		208,167		717,625		925,792		114,581
Noncurrent liabilities:								
General Obligation Bonds Payable		2,180,000		0		2,180,000		0
OWDA Loans Payable		0		5,222,224		5,222,224		0
Compensated Absences Payable		70,900		19,204		90,104		0
Total noncurrent liabilities		2,250,900		5,241,428		7,492,328		0
Total Liabilities		2,459,067		5,959,053		8,418,120		114,581
NET ASSETS:								
Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt		7,347,885		3,375,251		10,723,136		0
Unrestricted		760,037		3,392,917		4,152,954		(29,301)
Total net assets	\$	8,107,922	\$	6,768,168		14,876,090	\$	(29,301)
	Adjustment to ref	flect the conse	olidatio	on of internal				
	fund activitie	es related to t	he ente	erprise funds.		(6,317)		
	Net A	ssets of Busi	ness-ty	pe Activities	\$	14,869,773		

Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Assets Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended December 31, 2006

	Business-Type Activities Enterprise Funds				Governmental Activities - Internal Service		
		Water		Sewer	Total	Inte	rnal Service Funds
Operating Revenues:				-			
Charges for Services	\$	1,368,186	\$	2,335,116	\$ 3,703,302	\$	650,000
Other Operating Revenue		1,289		11,464	 12,753		148,920
Total Operating Revenues		1,369,475		2,346,580	3,716,055		798,920
Operating Expenses:							
Personal Services		537,508		399,638	937,146		774,822
Contractual Services		217,593		699,491	917,084		0
Materials and Supplies		167,383		81,617	249,000		0
Depreciation		353,091		400,603	 753,694		0
Total Operating Expenses		1,275,575		1,581,349	2,856,924		774,822
Operating Income		93,900		765,231	859,131		24,098
Non-operating Revenue (Expenses):							
Investment Earnings		0		97,856	97,856		0
Interest and Fiscal Charges		(113,893)		(258,478)	 (372,371)		0
Total Non-operating Revenues (Expenses)		(113,893)		(160,622)	(274,515)		0
Income (Loss) Before Transfers and Contributions		(19,993)		604,609	584,616		24,098
Capital Contributions		0		79,381	79,381		0
Change in Net Assets		(19,993)		683,990	663,997		24,098
Net Assets Beginning of Year		8,127,915		6,084,178	14,212,093		(53,399)
Net Assets End of Year	\$	8,107,922	\$	6,768,168	14,876,090	\$	(29,301)
Change in Net Assets - Total Enterprise Funds					663,997		
Adjustment to reflect the consolidation of internal							
fund	activit	ties related to th	e ente	erprise funds.	4,109		
Change	in Ne	t Assets - Busir	ess-ty	pe Activities	\$ 668,106		

Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended December 31, 2006

	Bus	Governmental- Activities		
	Water	Sewer	Total	Internal Service Fund
Cash Flows from Operating Activities:				
Cash Received from Customers	\$1,356,084	\$2,343,336	\$3,699,420	\$650,000
Cash Payments for Goods and Services	(388,778)	(782,856)	(1,171,634)	0
Cash Payments to Employees	(536,910)	(398,838)	(935,748)	(747,494)
Other Operating Cash Receipts	1,289	11,464	12,753	148,920
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities	431,685	1,173,106	1,604,791	51,426
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities:				
OWDA Loan Proceeds	0	167,995	167,995	0
Principal Paid on General Obligation Bonds	(145,000)	0	(145,000)	0
Acquisition and Construction of Assets	(24,541)	(491,942)	(516,483)	0
Principal Paid on Ohio Water Development Authority Loans	0	(299,090)	(299,090)	0
Interest Paid on All Debt	(114,412)	(133,378)	(247,790)	0
Net Cash Used for Capital and Related Financing Activities	(283,953)	(756,415)	(1,040,368)	0
Cash Flows from Investing Activities:				
Purchase of Investments	0	(22,904)	(22,904)	0
Receipts of Interest	0	70,451	70,451	0
Net Cash Provided by Investing Activities	0	47,547	47,547	0
Net Increase in Cash and Cash Equivalents	147,732	464,238	611,970	51,426
Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Year	513,100	1,780,830	2,293,930	33,854
Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Year	\$660,832	\$2,245,068	\$2,905,900	\$85,280
Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash				
Provided by Operating Activities:				
Operating Income	\$93,900	\$765,231	\$859,131	\$24,098
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income to				
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities:				
Depreciation Expense	353,091	400,603	753,694	0
Changes in Assets and Liabilities:				
(Increase) Decrease in Accounts Receivable	(12,102)	8,220	(3,882)	0
Decrease in Inventory	1,013	5,843	6,856	0
Increase in Prepaid Items	(4,393)	(811)	(5,204)	0
Decrease in Accounts Payable	(422)	(6,780)	(7,202)	27,328
Increase in Accrued Wages and Benefits Payable	1,602	2,174	3,776	0
Decrease in Compensated Absences Payable	(1,004)	(1,374)	(2,378)	0
Total Adjustments	337,785	407,875	745,660	27,328
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities	\$431,685	\$1,173,106	\$1,604,791	\$51,426

Schedule of Noncash Investing, Capital and Financing Activities:

During 2006, the Sewer Fund received \$79,381 of capital assets donated by developers. At December 31, 2006 the Sewer Fund had an outstanding liability of \$6,099 for the purchase of certain capital assets. The fair value of investments reported in the Sewer Fund increased by \$27,405 during 2006.

Statement of Net Assets Fiduciary Fund December 31, 2006

	Private Purpose Trust			
Assets:				
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 4,36	9		
Total Assets	4,36	9		
Liabilities:				
Total Liabilities		0		
Net Assets:				
Unrestricted	4,36	9		
Total Net Assets	\$ 4,36	9		

Statement of Changes in Net Assets Fiduciary Fund For the Year Ended December 31, 2006

	Private Purpose Trust		
Additions:	·		
Contributions	\$	738	
Total Additions		738	
Deductions: Total Deductions		0	
Change in Net Assets		738	
Net Assets at Beginning of Year		3,631	
Net Assets End of Year	\$	4,369	

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The City of Heath, Ohio (the "City") is a home rule municipal corporation created under the laws of the State of Ohio. Heath was first incorporated as a village on March 21, 1952 and achieved city status on April 28, 1965. The City currently operates under and is governed by its own Charter. The current Charter, which provides for a Mayor-Council form of government, was adopted in 1964.

The financial statements are presented as of December 31, 2006 and for the year then ended and have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) applicable to local governments. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles, which are primarily set forth in the GASB's Codification of Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards (GASB Codification).

A. Reporting Entity

The accompanying basic financial statements comply with the provisions of GASB Statement No. 14, "The Financial Reporting Entity," in that the financial statements include all organizations, activities, functions and component units for which the City (the primary government) is financially accountable. Financial accountability is defined as the appointment of a voting majority of a legally separate organization's governing body and either (1) the City's ability to impose its will over the organization or (2) the potential that the organization will provide a financial benefit to or impose a financial burden on the City.

Based on the foregoing, the City's financial reporting entity has no component units but includes all funds, agencies, boards and commissions that are part of the primary government, which include the following services: police and fire protection, emergency medical, parks, recreation, planning, zoning, street maintenance and other governmental services. In addition, the City owns and operates a water treatment and distribution system and a wastewater treatment and collection system which are reported as enterprise funds.

B. Basis of Presentation - Fund Accounting

The accounting system is organized and operated on the basis of funds, each of which is considered a separate accounting entity. The operations of each fund are accounted for with a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, liabilities, fund equity, revenues and expenditures (expenses). The following fund types are used by the City:

Governmental Funds - Governmental funds are those funds through which most governmental functions are typically financed. The acquisition, use and balances of the City's expendable financial resources and the related current liabilities (except those accounted for in the proprietary funds) are accounted for through governmental funds. The measurement focus is upon determination of "financial flow" (sources, uses and balances of financial resources). The following are the City's major governmental funds:

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

B. Basis of Presentation - Fund Accounting (Continued)

<u>General Fund</u> – This fund is used to account for all financial resources except those accounted for in another fund. The general fund balance is available to the City for any purpose provided it is expended or transferred according to the general laws of Ohio.

<u>Fire Levy Fund</u> – This fund is used to account for property tax collected and designated for the operations of the Fire Department.

<u>Capital Improvement Fund</u> – This fund is used to account for financial resources used for the major capital projects undertaken by the City.

Proprietary Funds - All proprietary funds are accounted for on an "economic resources" measurement focus. This measurement focus provides that all assets and all liabilities associated with the operation of these funds are included on the balance sheet. Proprietary fund type operating statements present increases (i.e., revenues) and decreases (i.e., expenses) in net total assets.

<u>Enterprise Funds</u> - These funds are used to account for operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises, whereby the intent of the governing body is that the costs (expenses, including depreciation) of providing goods or services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges. The City's two major enterprise funds are:

Water Fund – This fund is used to account for the operation of the City's water service.

<u>Sewer Fund</u> – This fund is used to account for the operation of the City's sanitary sewer service.

<u>Internal Service Fund</u> - This fund is used to account for health insurance services provided to other departments or agencies of the governmental unit on a cost-reimbursement basis.

Fiduciary Funds - Fiduciary fund reporting focuses on net assets and changes in net assets. The fiduciary category is split into four classifications: pension trust funds, investment trust funds, private-purpose trust funds and agency funds. Fiduciary funds are used to account for assets held by the City under a trust agreement for individuals, private organizations or other governments and therefore not available to support the City's own programs. The City's only fiduciary fund is a private-purpose trust that accounts for unclaimed monies.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

C. <u>Basis of Presentation – Financial Statements</u>

<u>Government-wide Financial Statements</u> – The statement of net assets and the statement of activities display information about the City as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the primary government, except for fiduciary funds. Internal Service fund activity is eliminated to avoid "doubling up" revenues and expenses; however, the interfund services provided and used are not eliminated in the process of consolidation. The statements distinguish between those activities of the City that are governmental and those that are considered business-type activities.

The government-wide statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. This is the same approach used in the preparation of the proprietary fund financial statements but differs from the manner in which governmental fund financial statements are prepared. Governmental fund financial statements therefore include a reconciliation with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide statements and the statements for governmental funds.

The government-wide statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each segment of the business-type activities of the City and for each function or program of the City's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program or department and therefore clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipient of the goods or services offered by the program and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues which are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues of the City, with certain limited exceptions. The comparison of direct expenses with program revenues identifies the extent to which each business segments or governmental function is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the City. Certain indirect costs have been included as part of the program expenses reported for the various functional activities.

<u>Fund Financial Statements</u> – Fund financial statements report detailed information about the City. The focus of governmental fund financial statements is on major funds rather than reporting funds by type. Each major fund is presented in a separate column. Nonmajor funds are aggregated and presented in a single column. Fiduciary funds are reported by fund type.

The accounting and financial reporting treatment applied to a fund is determined by its measurement focus. All governmental fund types are accounted for using a flow of current financial resources measurement focus. The financial statements for governmental funds are a balance sheet, which generally includes only current assets and current liabilities, and a statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances, which reports on the sources (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and uses (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) of current financial resources.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

C. Basis of Presentation – Financial Statements (Continued)

All proprietary fund types are accounted for on a flow of economic resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, all assets and all liabilities associated with the operation of these funds are included on the statement of net assets. The statement of changes in fund net assets presents increases (i.e., revenues) and decreases (i.e., expenses) in net total assets. The statement of cash flows provides information about how the City finances and meets the cash flow needs of its proprietary activities.

Fiduciary funds are reported using the economic resources measurement focus.

D. Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting represents the methodology utilized in the recognition of revenues and expenditures or expenses reported in the financial statements. The accounting and reporting treatment applied to a fund is determined by its measurement focus.

The modified accrual basis of accounting is followed by the governmental funds. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recorded when susceptible to accrual, i.e., both measurable and available. The term "available" means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period, which for the City is 60 days after year end. Expenditures are recognized in the accounting period in which the fund liability is incurred, if measurable, except for debt service and expenditures related to compensated absences which are recorded only when due.

Non-exchange transactions, in which the City receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include income taxes, property taxes, grants, entitlements and donations. Revenue from income taxes is recognized in the period in which the income is earned and is available. Revenue from grants, entitlements and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied and the revenue is available. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are required to be used or the year when use is first permitted, matching requirements, in which the City must provide local resources to be used for a specific purpose, and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the City on a reimbursement basis. Revenue considered susceptible to accrual at year end includes income taxes withheld by employers, interest on investments, and state levied locally shared taxes (including motor vehicle license fees and local government assistance). Other revenue, including licenses, permits, certain charges for services, income taxes other than those withheld by employers and miscellaneous revenues are recorded as revenue when received in cash because generally these revenues are not measurable until received.

Property taxes measurable as of December 31, 2006 but which are not intended to finance 2006 operations and delinquent property taxes, whose availability is indeterminate, are recorded as deferred revenue as further described in Note 5.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

D. Basis of Accounting (Continued)

The accrual basis of accounting is utilized for reporting purposes for the government-wide, the proprietary fund and the fiduciary fund financial statements. Revenues are recognized when they are earned and expenses are recognized when they are incurred.

Pursuant to GASB Statement No. 20, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Proprietary Funds and Other Governmental Entities that use Proprietary Fund Accounting," the City follows GASB guidance as applicable to proprietary funds and FASB Statements and Interpretations, Accounting Principles Board Opinions and Accounting Research Bulletins issued on or before November 30, 1989 that do not conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements. The City has elected not to apply FASB statements and interpretations issued after November 30, 1989 to its business-type activities and enterprise funds.

E. Budgetary Process

The budgetary process is prescribed by provisions of the Ohio Revised Code and entails the preparation of budgetary documents within an established timetable. The major documents prepared are the tax budget, the certificate of estimated resources and the appropriation ordinance, all of which are prepared on the budgetary basis of accounting. The certificate of estimated resources and the appropriation ordinance are subject to amendment throughout the year.

All funds are legally required to be budgeted and appropriated; however, only the General and Major Special Revenue Funds are required to be reported. The legal level of budgetary control is by fund at the major object level (personal services, materials and supplies, contractual services, etc.) by department. Budgetary modifications may only be made by ordinance of the City Council.

1. Tax Budget

By July 15, the Mayor submits an annual tax budget for the following fiscal year to City Council for consideration and passage. The adopted budget is submitted to the County Auditor, as Secretary of the County Budget Commission, by July 20 of each year for the period January 1 to December 31 of the following year.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

E. Budgetary Process (Continued)

2. Estimated Resources

The County Budget Commission determines if the budget substantiates a need to levy all or part of previously authorized taxes and reviews estimated revenue. The Budget Commission then certifies its actions to the City by September 1 of each year. As part of the certification process, the City receives an official certificate of estimated resources which states the projected receipts by fund. Prior to December 31, the City must revise its budget so that the total contemplated expenditures from any fund during the ensuing fiscal year do not exceed the amount available as stated in the certificate of estimated resources. The revised budget then serves as the basis for the annual appropriations measure. On or about January 1, the certificate of estimated resources is amended to include any unencumbered fund balances from the preceding year. The certificate may be further amended during the year if a new source of revenue is identified or actual receipts exceed current estimates. The amounts reported on the budgetary statement reflect the amounts in the final amended official certificate of estimated resources issued during 2006.

3. Appropriations

A temporary appropriation ordinance to control expenditures may be passed on or about January 1 of each year for the period January 1 through March 31. An annual appropriation ordinance must be passed by April 1 of each year for the period January 1 through December 31. The appropriation ordinance establishes spending controls at the fund, department and object level and may be modified during the year by Ordinance of City Council. Total fund appropriations may not exceed the current estimated resources certified by the County Budget Commission. Expenditures may not legally exceed budgeted appropriations at the object level. During 2006, several supplemental appropriations were necessary to budget for unanticipated expenditures. Administrative control is maintained through the establishment of more detailed line-item budgets. Funds may be moved from one line-item account to another within the same object without approval of City Council. The City Auditor maintains an accounting of the line-item expenditures to insure that the total expenditures within a department by object do not exceed approved appropriations. The allocation of appropriations among departments and objects within a fund may be modified during the year by an ordinance of City Council. The budgetary figures, which appear on the budgetary statements, are provided on the budgetary basis to provide a comparison of actual results with the final budget, including all amendments and modifications.

4. Lapsing of Appropriations

At the close of each fiscal year, the unencumbered balance of each appropriation reverts to the respective fund from which it was appropriated and becomes subject to future appropriations. The encumbered appropriation balance is carried forward to the subsequent fiscal year and need not be reappropriated.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

E. Budgetary Process (Continued)

5. Budgetary Basis of Accounting

The City's budgetary process accounts for certain transactions on a basis other than generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). The major differences between the budgetary basis and the GAAP basis lie in the manner in which revenues and expenditures are recorded. Under the budgetary basis, revenues and expenditures are recognized on a cash basis. Utilizing the cash basis, revenues are recorded when received in cash and expenditures when paid. Under the GAAP basis, revenues and expenditures are recorded on the modified accrual basis of accounting.

The following table summarizes the adjustments necessary to reconcile the GAAP basis statements to the budgetary basis statements for the general fund and for the major special revenue fund is shown below:

Net Change in Fund Balance					
	General Fund	Fire Levy Fund			
GAAP Basis (as reported)	\$522,819	\$138,550			
Increase (Decrease):					
Accrued Revenues at					
December 31, 2006					
received during 2007	(590,098)	(1,113)			
Accrued Revenues at					
December 31, 2005					
received during 2006	569,882	1,759			
Accrued Expenditures at					
December 31, 2006					
paid during 2007	248,334	63,040			
Accrued Expenditures at					
December 31, 2005					
paid during 2006	(217,215)	(37,289)			
2005 Prepaids for 2006	57,689	1,115			
2006 Prepaids for 2007	(76,821)	(952)			
Outstanding Encumbrances	(68,454)	(25,628)			
Budget Basis	\$446,136	\$139,482			

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

F. Cash and Cash Equivalents

During fiscal year 2006, cash and cash equivalents included amounts in demand deposits and the State Treasury Asset Reserve (STAR Ohio). STAR Ohio is a very liquid investment and is reported as a cash equivalent in the basic financial statements.

The City pools its cash for investment and resource management purposes. Each fund's equity in pooled cash and investments represents the balance on hand as if each had maintained its own cash and investment account. For purposes of the statement of cash flows, the proprietary funds consider their share of equity in STAR Ohio to be cash equivalents. (See Note 4, "Cash, Cash Equivalents and Investments.")

G. Investments

Investment procedures and interest allocations are restricted by provisions of the Ohio Constitution and the Ohio Revised Code. In accordance with GASB Statement No. 31, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Certain Investments and for External Investment Pools", the City reports its investments at fair value, except for nonparticipating investment contracts (certificates of deposit) which are reported at cost, which approximates fair value. All investment income, including changes in the fair value of investments, are recognized as revenue in the operating statements. Fair value is determined by quoted market prices.

The City has invested funds in the STAR Ohio during 2006. STAR Ohio is an investment pool managed by the State Treasurer's Office which allows governments within the State to pool their funds for investment purposes. STAR Ohio is not registered with the SEC as an investment company, but does operate in a manner consistent with Rule 2a7 of the Investment Company Act of 1940. Investments in STAR Ohio are valued at STAR Ohio's share price which is the price the investment could be sold for on December 31, 2006.

H. Inventory

Inventory is stated at cost (first-in, first-out) in the governmental funds and at the lower of cost or market in the proprietary funds. The costs of inventory items are recorded as expenditures in the governmental fund when purchased and as expenses in the proprietary funds when used.

I. Prepaid Items

Payments made to vendors for services that will benefit periods beyond December 31, 2006, are recorded as prepaid items using the consumption method. A current asset for the prepaid amount is recorded at the time of the purchase and an expenditure/expense is reported in the year in which services are consumed.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

J. Capital assets and Depreciation

Capital assets are defined by the City as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$1,000.

1. Property, Plant and Equipment - Governmental Activities

Governmental Activities capital assets are those not directly related to the business type funds. These generally are acquired or constructed for governmental activities and are recorded as expenditures in the governmental funds and are capitalized at cost or estimated historical cost for assets not purchased in recent years.

Estimated historical costs for governmental activities capital asset values were initially determined by identifying historical costs when such information was available. In cases where information supporting original cost was not obtainable, estimated historical costs were developed. For certain capital assets, the estimates were arrived at by indexing estimated current costs back to the estimated year of acquisition.

Capital assets include land, construction in progress, buildings, improvements other than buildings, machinery and equipment and infrastructure. Infrastructure is defined as long-lived capital assets that normally are stationary in nature and normally can be preserved for a significant number of years. Examples of governmental activities infrastructure include roads, curbs, sidewalks and storm sewers. These assets are reported in the Governmental Activities column of the Government-wide Statement of Net Assets, but they are not reported in the Fund Financial Statements.

2. <u>Property</u>, <u>Plant and Equipment – Business Type Activities</u>

Proprietary funds capital assets are stated at cost (or estimated historical cost), including interest capitalized during construction and architectural and engineering fees where applicable. Contributed capital assets are recorded at fair market value at the date received. Proprietary funds capital assets are similar to Governmental Activities capital assets with the exception of the infrastructure. Proprietary infrastructure consists of water and sewer lines. These assets are reported in both the Business-Type Activities column of the Government-wide Statement of Net Assets and in the respective funds.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

J. Capital Assets and Depreciation (Continued)

3. Depreciation

All capital assets are depreciated, excluding land and construction in progress.

Depreciation has been provided using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

	Governmental and
	Business-Type Activities
Description	Estimated Lives (in
	years)
Buildings	15 – 40
Improvements Other Than Buildings	50
Machinery and Equipment	5 - 10
Infrastructure	15 - 100

K. Long-Term Obligations

Long-term liabilities are being repaid from the following funds:

Obligation	Fund
General Obligation Bonds	Debt Service Fund Water Fund
Capital Leases	General Fund
Ohio Water Development Authority Loans	Sewer Fund
Compensated Absences	General Fund Street Construction, Maintenance and Repair Fund Fire Levy Fund Water Fund Sewer Fund

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

L. Compensated Absences

In accordance with GASB Statement No. 16, "Accounting for Compensated Absences," vacation and compensatory time are accrued as liabilities when an employee's right to receive compensation is attributable to services already rendered and it is probable that the employee will be compensated through paid time off or some other means, such as cash payments at termination or retirement. Leave time that has been earned but is unavailable for use as paid time off or as some other form of compensation because an employee has not met the minimum service time requirement, is accrued to the extent that it is considered to be probable that the conditions for compensation will be met in the future.

Sick leave is accrued using the vesting method, whereby the liability is recorded on the basis of leave accumulated by employees who are eligible to receive termination payments as of the balance sheet date, and on leave balances accumulated by other employees who are expected to become eligible in the future to receive such payments.

For governmental fund financial statements, compensated absences are recognized as a liability and expenditure to the extent payments come due each period upon the occurrence of employee resignations and retirements. These amounts are recorded in the fund from which the employees who have accumulated leave are paid. The noncurrent portion of the liability is not recorded. For proprietary funds, the entire compensated absences amount is reported as a fund liability.

M. Restricted Assets

Cash with fiscal agent is classified as restricted assets on the balance sheet because these funds are being held for specified purposes.

N. Pensions

The provision for pension costs are recorded when the related payroll is accrued and the obligation is incurred.

O. Operating Revenues and Expenses

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues are those revenues that are generated directly from the primary activity of the proprietary funds. For the City, these revenues are charges for services for water treatment and distribution and wastewater collection and treatment. Operating expenses are necessary costs incurred to provide the good or service that is the primary activity of the fund. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

P. Self-Funded Insurance

The City is self-funded for employee health care benefits. The program is administered by Aultra Admin Group, which provides claims review and processing services. Each City fund is charged for its proportionate share of covered employees. The City records a liability in accounts payable for incurred but unreported claims at year end based upon an analysis of historical claims and expenses.

Q. Interfund Activity

Exchange transactions between funds are reported as revenues in the seller funds and as expenditures/expenses in the purchaser funds. Flows of cash or goods from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds and after nonoperating revenues/expenses in proprietary funds. Flows of cash or goods from one fund to another with a requirement for repayment are reported as advances to/from other funds. Repayments from funds responsible for particular expenditures/expenses to the funds that initially paid for them are not presented on the financial statements.

R. Reservations of Fund Balance

Reservations of fund balance or net assets indicate that a portion of the balance is not available for expenditure or is legally segregated for a specific future use. Balances are reserved for inventories of materials and supplies, prepaid items, debt service and encumbered amounts that are not accrued at year end in the governmental funds.

S. <u>Net Assets</u>

Net assets represent the difference between assets and liabilities. Net assets invested in capital assets, net of related debt consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowings used for the acquisition, construction of improvement of those assets. Net assets are reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the City or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments. Net Assets restricted for Other Purposes include programs for street and highway improvements, state and federal grants for public safety and mandatory fines for various court programs.

The City applies restricted resources when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net assets are available.

NOTE 2 – RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

A. <u>Explanation of certain differences between the governmental fund balance sheet and the government-wide statement of net assets</u>

The governmental fund balance sheet includes a reconciliation between fund balance – total governmental funds and net assets of governmental funds as reported in the government-wide statement of net assets. The following is a detailed listing of those reconciling items that are net adjustments or a combination of several transactions:

Other long-term assets not available to pay for current-period expenditures:

Delinquent Income Tax Revenue	\$130,121
Delinquent Property Tax Revenue	57,228
Interest Income	62,771
Shared Revenues	430,512
	\$680,632

Long-Term liabilities not reported in the funds:

General Obligation Bonds Payable	(\$4,715,000)
Capital Leases Payable	(79,591)
Accrued Interest on Long-Term Debt	(19,646)
Compensated Absences Payable	(734,981)
	(\$5,549,218)

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NOTE 2 – RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

B. Explanation of certain differences between the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances and the government-wide statement of activities

The governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances includes a reconciliation between net changes in fund balances – total governmental funds and changes in net assets of governmental activities as reported in the government – wide statement of activities. The following is a detailed listing of those reconciling items that are net adjustments or a combination of several transactions:

Amount by which capital outlay exceeded depreciation in the current period:

Capital Outlay	\$2,696,866
Depreciation Expense	(1,184,423)
	\$1,512,443
Governmental revenues not reported in the funds:	
Increase in Delinquent Income Tax Revenue	\$45,170
Decrease in Delinquent Property Tax	(50,057)
Increase in Shared Revenue	43,137
Increase in Interest Income	13,647
	\$51,897

Net amount of long-term debt issuance and bond and lease principal payments:

General Obligation Bond Principal	\$235,000
Capital Lease Payments	16,721
Capital Lease Issued	(89,348)
	\$162,373

Expenses not requiring the use of current financial resources:

Increase in Compensated Absences Payable	(\$33,022)
Increase in supplies inventory	26,097
	(\$6,925)

NOTE 3 - COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY

Deficit Fund Equities - The fund deficits at December 31, 2006 of \$57,485 in the Fire Pension Fund, \$58,859 in the Police Pension Fund (special revenue funds) and of \$29,301 in the Self Insurance Fund (internal service fund) arise from the recognition of expenditures/expenses on the modified accrual/accrual basis that are greater than expenditures/expenses recognized on the budgetary/cash basis. Deficits do not exist under the budgetary/cash basis of accounting. Transfers are provided when cash is required, not when accruals occur.

NOTE 4 - CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS AND INVESTMENTS

Cash resources of several individual funds are combined to form a pool of cash and investments. In addition, investments are separately held by a number of individual funds. Statutes require the classification of funds held by the City into three categories.

Category 1 consists of "active" funds - those funds required to be kept in "cash" or "near cash" status for immediate use by the City. Such funds must be maintained either as cash in the City Treasury or in depository accounts payable or withdrawable on demand, including negotiable order of withdrawal (NOW) accounts.

Category 2 consists of "inactive" funds - those funds not required for use within the current five year period of designation of depositories. Inactive funds may be deposited or invested only as certificates of deposit maturing no later than the end of the current period of designation of depositories.

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NOTE 4 - CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

Category 3 consists of "interim" funds - those funds not needed for immediate use, but needed before the end of the current period of designation of depositories. Interim funds may be invested or deposited in the following securities:

- United States treasury notes, bills, bonds, or any other obligation or security issued by the United States treasury or any other obligation guaranteed as to principal or interest by the United States:
- Bonds, notes, debentures, or any other obligations or securities issued by any federal
 government agency or instrumentality, including but not limited to, the federal national
 mortgage association, federal home loan bank, federal farm credit bank, federal home
 loan mortgage corporation, government national mortgage association, and student loan
 marketing association. All federal agency securities shall be direct issuances of federal
 government agencies or instrumentalities;
- Written repurchase agreements in the securities listed above provided that the market value of the securities subject to the repurchase agreement must exceed the principal value of the agreement by at least two percent and be marked to market daily, and that the term of the agreement must not exceed thirty days;
- Interim deposits in eligible institutions applying for interim funds;
- Bonds and other obligations of the State of Ohio;
- No-load money market mutual funds consisting exclusively of obligations described in the first two bullets of this section and repurchase agreements secured by such obligations, provided that investments in securities described in this division are made only through eligible institutions, and
- The State Treasury Asset Reserve of Ohio (STAR Ohio).

A. Deposits

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of bank failure, the government's deposits may not be returned. Protection of City cash and deposits is provided by the federal deposit insurance corporation as well as qualified securities pledged by the institution holding the assets. Ohio Law requires that deposits be placed in eligible banks or savings and loan associations located in Ohio. Any public depository in which the City places deposits must pledge as collateral eligible securities of aggregate market value equal to the excess of deposits not insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC). The securities pledged as collateral are pledged to a pool for each individual financial institution in amounts equal to at least 105% of the carrying value of all public deposits held by each institution. Obligations that may be pledged as collateral are

NOTE 4 - CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

A. **Deposits** (Continued)

limited to obligations of the United States and its agencies and obligations of any state, county, municipal corporation or other legally constituted authority of any other state, or any instrumentality of such county, municipal corporation or other authority. Collateral is held by trustees including the Federal Reserve Bank and designated third party trustees of the financial institutions.

At year end the carrying amount of the City's deposits was \$5,438,762 and the bank balance was \$5,715,502. Federal depository insurance covered \$400,000 of the bank balance. Of the remaining uninsured bank balance, the District was exposed to custodial risk as follows:

	Dalance
Uninsured and collateralized with securities held by	
the pledging institution's trust department not in the City's name	\$5,315,502
Total Balance	\$5,315,502

B. Investments

The City's investments at December 31, 2006 were as follows:

		Investment Maturities (in Years)		
Fair Value	Credit Rating	less than 1	<u>1-3</u>	<u>3-5</u>
\$934,663	AAAm 1	\$934,663	\$0	\$0
1,662,432	AAA ¹	199,938	1,132,907	329,587
1,015,439	AAA ¹	591,186	320,434	103,819
834,017	AAA 1	99,771	416,933	317,313
117,845		0	0	117,845
\$4,564,396		\$1,825,558	\$1,870,274	\$868,564
	\$934,663 1,662,432 1,015,439 834,017 117,845	\$934,663 AAAm ¹ 1,662,432 AAA ¹ 1,015,439 AAA ¹ 834,017 AAA ¹ 117,845	Fair Value Credit Rating less than 1 \$934,663 AAAm 1 \$934,663 1,662,432 AAA 1 199,938 1,015,439 AAA 1 591,186 834,017 AAA 1 99,771 117,845 0	Fair Value Credit Rating less than 1 1-3 \$934,663 AAAm 1 \$934,663 \$0 1,662,432 AAA 1 199,938 1,132,907 1,015,439 AAA 1 591,186 320,434 834,017 AAA 1 99,771 416,933 117,845 0 0

- 1. Standard & Poor's
- 2. All are fully FDIC insured and therefore have an implied AAA credit rating

Interest Rate Risk – The Ohio Revised Code generally limits security purchases to those that mature within five years of settlement date.

Concentration of Credit Risk – The City places no limit on the amount the City may invest in one issuer. Of the City's total investments, 36.4% are FNMA, 22.3% are FHLB, 18.2% are FHLMC, 20.5% are STAR Ohio and 2.6% are US Treasury Notes.

Custodial Credit Risk – For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the City will not be able to recover the value of its investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party.

NOTE 4 - CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

C. Cash With Fiscal Agent

The City has uninsured and uncollateralized cash in the amount of \$120,438 being held by the Licking County Engineer. This cash is restricted in its use for various road improvement projects.

D. Reconciliation of Cash, Cash Equivalents and Investments

The classification of cash, cash equivalents and investments on the basic financial statements is based on criteria set forth in GASB Statement No. 9. STAR Ohio and certificates of deposit with an original maturity of three months or less are treated as cash equivalents. The classification of cash and cash equivalents (deposits) for purposes of this note are based on criteria set forth in GASB Statement No. 3.

A reconciliation between classifications of cash and investments on the financial statements and the classifications per items A and B of this note are as follows:

	Cash and Cash	
	Equivalents *	Investments
Per GASB Statement No. 9	\$5,347,132	\$4,656,026
Certificates of Deposit (with maturities of more than 3 months)	1,026,293	(1,026,293)
Investments: STAR Ohio	(934,663)	934,663
Per GASB Statement No. 3	\$5,438,762	\$4,564,396

^{*} Does not include cash with fiscal agent.

NOTE 5 - TAXES

A. Property Taxes

Property taxes include amounts levied against all real estate and public utility property, and tangible personal property located in the City and used in business. Real property taxes (other than public utility) collected during 2006 were levied after October 1, 2005 on assessed values as of January 1, 2005, the lien date. Assessed values were established by the County Auditor at 35 percent of appraised market value. All property is required to be reappraised every six years and equalization adjustments made in the third year following reappraisal. The last revaluation was completed in 2006. Real property taxes are payable annually or semi-annually. The first payment is due January 20; the remainder payable by June 20.

NOTE 5 - TAXES (Continued)

A. Property Taxes (Continued)

Taxes collected from tangible personal property (other than public utility) in one calendar year are levied in the prior calendar year on assessed values during and at the close of the most recent fiscal year of the taxpayer that ended on or before March 31 of that calendar year, and at the tax rates determined in the preceding year. Tangible personal property used in business (except for public utilities) is currently assessed for ad valorem taxation purposes at 25 percent of its true value. Amounts paid by multi-county taxpayers are due September 20 of the year assessed. Single county taxpayers may pay annually or semi-annually. The first payment is due April 30; the remainder payable by September 20.

Public utility real and tangible personal property taxes collected in one calendar year are levied in the preceding calendar year on assessed values determined as of December 31 of the second year preceding the tax collection year, the lien date. Certain public utility tangible personal property is currently assessed at 100 percent of its true value. Public utility property taxes are payable on the same dates as real property described previously.

The County Treasurer collects property taxes on behalf of all taxing districts in the County including the City of Heath. The County Auditor periodically remits to the City its portion of the taxes collected. The full tax rate for all City operations for the year ended December 31, 2006 was \$5.40 per \$1,000 of assessed value. The assessed value upon which the 2006 levy was based was \$281,821,460. This amount constitutes \$248,594,880 in real property assessed value, \$6,054,060 in public utility assessed value and \$27,172,520 in tangible personal property assessed value.

Ohio law prohibits taxation of property from all taxing authorities in excess of 1% of assessed value without a vote of the people. Under current procedures, the City's share is .540% (5.40 mills) of assessed value.

B. Income Tax

The City levies a tax of 1.5% on all salaries, wages, commissions and other compensation and on net profits earned within the City as well as on incomes of residents earned outside the City. In the latter case, the City allows a credit of 100% of the tax paid to another municipality to a maximum of the total amount assessed.

Employers within the City are required to withhold income tax on employee compensation and remit the tax to the City either monthly or quarterly, as required. Corporations and other individual taxpayers are required to pay their estimated tax quarterly and file a declaration annually.

NOTE 6 - RECEIVABLES

Receivables at December 31, 2006 consisted of taxes, interest, accounts receivables and intergovernmental receivables arising from shared revenues.

NOTE 7 - TRANSFERS

Following is a summary of transfers in and out for all funds for 2006:

Fund	Transfer In	Transfer Out
Governmental Activities:		
General Fund	\$0	\$603,974
Capital Improvement Fund	0	21,704
Other Governmental Funds	625,678	0
Totals	\$625,678	\$625,678

Transfers are used to move revenues from the funds that statute or budget requires to collect them to the funds that statute or budget requires to expend them; to segregate money for anticipated capital projects; to provide additional resources for current operations or debt service; to return money to the fund from which it was originally provided once a project is completed; and to transfer capital assets.

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NOTE 8 - CAPITAL ASSETS

A. Governmental Activities Capital Assets

Summary by category of changes in governmental activities capital assets at December 31, 2006:

Historical Cost:

	December 31,			December 31,
Class	2005	Additions	Deletions	2006
Non-Depreciable Capital Assets:				
Land	\$5,938,722	\$152,500	\$0	\$6,091,222
Construction in Progress	136,337	866,636	0	1,002,973
Subtotal	6,075,059	1,019,136	0	7,094,195
Depreciable Capital Assets:				
Buildings	4,808,916	2,755	0	4,811,671
Improvements other than Buildings	2,935,649	0	0	2,935,649
Machinery and Equipment	6,408,463	79,700	(74,009)	6,414,154
Infrastructure	13,854,254	1,595,275	(53,929)	15,395,600
Subtotal	28,007,282	1,677,730	(127,938)	29,557,074
Total Cost	\$34,082,341	\$2,696,866	(\$127,938)	\$36,651,269
Accumulated Depreciation:				
	December 31,			December 31,
Class	2005	Additions	Deletions	2006
Buildings	(\$1,921,808)	(\$113,793)	\$0	(\$2,035,601)
Improvements other than Buildings	(739,670)	(136,469)	0	(876,139)
Machinery and Equipment	(3,976,662)	(382,974)	73,187	(4,286,449)
Infrastructure	(6,059,207)	(551,187)	44,286	(6,566,108)
Total Depreciation	(\$12,697,347)	(\$1,184,423) *	\$117,473	(\$13,764,297)
Net Value:	\$21,384,994			\$22,886,972

^{*} Depreciation expenses were charged to governmental functions as follows:

Security of Persons and Property	\$252,116
Leisure Time Activities	194,451
Community Environment	44,676
Transportation	667,591
General Government	25,589
Total Depreciation Expense	\$1,184,423

NOTE 8 - CAPITAL ASSETS (Continued)

B. Business-Type Activities Capital Assets

Summary by Category at December 31, 2006:

Historical Cost:

	December 31,			December 31,
Class	2005	Additions	Deletions	2006
Non-Depreciable Capital Assets:				
Land	\$397,374	\$0	\$0	\$397,374
Construction in Progress	2,751,837	90,619	(2,751,837)	90,619
Subtotal	3,149,211	90,619	(2,751,837)	487,993
Depreciable Capital Assets:				
Buildings	12,715,457	0	0	12,715,457
Improvements Other Than Buildings	1,510,298	5,120	0	1,515,418
Machinery and Equipment	4,855,236	70,040	(53,004)	4,872,272
Infrastructure	11,771,869	3,190,499	0	14,962,368
Subtotal	30,852,860	3,265,659	(53,004)	34,065,515
Total Cost	\$34,002,071	\$3,356,278	(\$2,804,841)	\$34,553,508
Accumulated Depreciation:				
	December 31,			December 31,
Class	2005	Additions	Deletions	2006
Buildings	(\$4,057,576)	(\$321,278)	\$0	(\$4,378,854)
Improvements Other Than Buildings	(603,206)	(75,020)	0	(678,226)
Machinery and Equipment	(3,942,088)	(96,823)	53,004	(3,985,907)
Infrastructure	(6,458,442)	(263,051)	0	(6,721,493)
Total Depreciation	(\$15,061,312)	(\$756,172)	\$53,004	(\$15,764,480)
Net Value:	\$18,940,759			\$18,789,028

NOTE 9 – DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS

All of the City's full-time employees participate in one of two separate retirement systems which are costsharing multiple employer defined benefit pension plans.

A. Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (the "Ohio PERS")

The following information was provided by the Ohio PERS to assist the City in complying with GASB Statement No. 27, "Accounting for Pensions by State and Local Government Employers."

All employees of the City, except full-time uniformed police officers and full-time firefighters, participate in one of the three pension plans administered by the Ohio PERS: the Traditional Pension Plan (TP), the Member-Directed Plan (MD), and the Combined Plan (CO). The TP Plan is a cost-sharing multiple employer defined benefit pension plan. The MD Plan is a defined contribution plan in which the member invests both member and employer contributions (employer contributions vest over five years at 20% per year). Under the MD Plan members accumulate retirement assets equal to the value of member and (vested) employer contributions plus any investment earnings thereon. The CO Plan is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan that has elements of both a defined benefit and defined contribution plan. Under the CO Plan employer contributions are invested by the retirement system to provide a formula retirement benefit similar in nature to the TP Plan. Member contributions, the investment of which is self-directed by the members, accumulate retirement assets in a manner similar to the MD Plan.

The Ohio PERS provides retirement, disability, survivor and death benefits and annual cost-of-living adjustments to members of the TP Plan and CO Plan. Members of the MD Plan do not qualify for ancillary benefits, including postemployment health care benefits. Chapter 145 of the Ohio Revised Code provides statutory authority to establish and amend benefits. The Ohio Public Employees Retirement System issues a stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the Ohio PERS. Interested parties may obtain a copy by making a written request to 277 East Town Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215-4642 or by calling (614) 222-5601 or 1-800-222-7377.

The Ohio Revised Code provides statutory authority for employee and employer contributions. For 2006, employee and employer contribution rates were consistent across all three plans (TP, MD and CO). The employee contribution rate is 9.0%. The 2006 employer contribution rate for local government employer units was 13.70%, of covered payroll, 9.20% to fund the pension and 4.5% to fund health care. The contribution requirements of plan members and the City are established and may be amended by the Public Employees Retirement Board. The City's contributions to the Ohio PERS for the years ending December 31, 2006, 2005, and 2004 were \$397,566, \$354,470 and \$363,309, respectively, which were equal to the required contributions for each year.

NOTE 9 – DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (Continued)

A. Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (the "Ohio PERS") (Continued)

The Ohio PERS provides postemployment health care benefits to age and service retirants with ten or more years of qualifying Ohio service credit under the TP and CO plans and to primary survivor recipients of such retirants. Health care coverage for disability recipients is also available. The health care coverage provided by the Ohio PERS is considered an Other Postemployment Benefit (OPEB) as described in GASB Statement No. 12. A portion of each employer's contribution to the Ohio PERS is set aside for the funding of post retirement health care. The Ohio Revised Code provides statutory authority requiring public employers to fund postemployment health care through their contributions to the Ohio PERS. The portion of the 2006 employer contribution rate (identified above) that was used to fund health care for the year 2006 was 4.5% of covered payroll which amounted to \$130,587.

The significant actuarial assumptions and calculations relating to postemployment health care benefits were based on the Ohio Public Employees Retirement System's latest actuarial review performed as of December 31, 2005. The individual entry age actuarial cost method of valuation is used in determining the present value of OPEB. The difference between assumed and actual experience (actuarial gains and losses) becomes part of unfunded actuarial accrued liability. All investments are carried at market value. For actuarial valuation purposes, a smoothed market approach is used. Under this approach assets are adjusted annually to reflect 25% of unrealized market appreciation or depreciation on investment assets annually, not to exceed a 12% corridor. The investment assumption rate for 2005 was 6.5%. An annual increase of 4.0% compounded annually, is the base portion of the individual pay increase assumption. This assumes no change in the number of active employees. Additionally, annual pay increases, over and above the 4.0% base increase, were assumed to range from 0.5% to 6.3%. Health care costs were assumed to increase 4.0% annually plus an additional factor ranging from .50% to 6% for the next 9 years. In subsequent years (10 and beyond) health care costs were assumed to increase 4% (the projected wage inflation rate).

Benefits are advanced-funded on an actuarially determined basis. The number of active contributing participants for the TP and CO Plans was 358,804. The actuarial value of the Ohio PERS net assets available for OPEB at December 31, 2005 is \$11.1 billion. The actuarially accrued liability and the unfunded actuarial accrued liability, based on the actuarial cost method used, were \$31.3 billion and \$20.2 billion, respectively.

The Health Care Preservation Plan (HCPP) adopted by the OPERS Retirement Board on September 9, 2004, will be effective January 1, 2007. In addition to the HCPP, Ohio PERS has taken additional action to improve the solvency of the Health Care Fund in 2005 by creating a separate investment pool for health care assets. As an additional component of the HCPP, member and employer contribution rates increased as of January 1, 2006, which will allow additional funds to be allocated to the health care plan

NOTE 9 – DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (Continued)

B. Ohio Police and Fire Pension Fund (the "OP&F Fund")

All City full-time police officers and full-time firefighters participate in the OP&F Fund, a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. The OP&F Fund provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost of living adjustments and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Contribution requirements and benefit provisions are established by the Ohio State Legislature and are codified in Chapter 742 of the Ohio Revised Code. The Ohio Police and Fire Pension Fund issues a stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the OP&F Fund. Interested parties may obtain a copy by making a written request to 140 East Town Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215-5164 or by calling (614) 228-2975.

Plan members are required to contribute 10.0% of their annual covered salary, while employers are required to contribute 19.5% and 24.0% respectively for police officers and firefighters. The City's contributions to the OP&F Fund for the years ending December 31, 2006, 2005, and 2004 were \$209,348, \$207,341 and \$194,543 for police and \$241,120, \$256,342 and \$231,547 for firefighters, respectively, which were equal to the required contributions for each year.

The OP&F Fund provides postemployment health care coverage to any person who received or is eligible to receive a monthly benefit check or is a spouse or eligible dependent child of such person. An eligible dependent child is any child under the age of 18 whether or not the child is attending school, or under the age of 22 if attending school on a full-time or two-thirds basis. The health care coverage provided by the OP&F Fund is considered an Other Postemployment Benefit (OPEB) as described in GASB Statement No. 12. The Ohio Revised Code provides that health care costs paid from the funds of the OP&F Fund shall be included in the employer's contribution rate. The Ohio Revised Code also provides statutory authority allowing the Fund's Board of Trustees to provide postemployment health care coverage to all eligible individuals from the employer's contributions to the OP&F Fund.

The portion of the 2006 covered payroll that was used to fund postemployment health care benefits was \$83,202 representing 7.75% of covered payroll for police and \$77,862 representing 7.75% of covered payroll for fire. Health care funding and accounting was on a pay-as-you-go basis. In addition, since July 1, 1992 most retirees have been required to contribute a portion of the cost of their health care coverage through a deduction from their monthly benefit payment. Beginning in 2001, all retirees and survivors have monthly health care contributions. As of December 31, 2005, the date of the last actuarial evaluation available, the number of participants eligible to receive health care benefits was 13,922 for police and 10,537 for firefighters. The OP&F Fund does not provide separate data on the funded status and funding progress of postemployment health care benefits. The Fund's total health care expenses for the year ended December 31, 2005 were \$108,039,449, which was net of member contributions of \$55,271,881.

NOTE 10 – COMPENSATED ABSENCES

The City accrues a liability for accumulated unpaid sick, vacation, and compensatory time when earned by employees. Employees earn sick and vacation leave at varying rates based upon length of service. Upon retirement, an employee with ten or more years of service with the City will be compensated for their accumulated sick leave at a rate of 50% of the balance.

At December 31, 2006, the City's accumulated, unpaid compensated absences amounted to \$838,266. Of this amount, \$734,981 is recorded as Governmental Activities on the Entity Wide Statement of Net Assets (\$42,737 is reported as due within one year), \$103,285 is recorded as Business-type activities (\$13,181 is reported as due within one year).

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NOTE 11 - LONG-TERM DEBT AND OTHER LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

Long-term debt and other long-term obligations of the City at December 31, 2006 were as follows:

				Balance			Balance	Amounts
		Original		December 31,			December 31,	Due Within
	_	Liability		2005	Additions	(Reductions)	2006	One Year
Governmental Ac	tivities:							
General Obligat	ion Bonds:							
3.70 - 4.75%	Fire Station Improvement	\$1,900,000	2018	\$1,410,000	\$0	(\$85,000)	\$1,325,000	\$85,000
4.25 - 5.05%	Swimming Pool Improvement	1,850,000	2022	1,655,000	0	(70,000)	1,585,000	70,000
3.00 - 5.00%	2,035,000	2023	1,885,000	0	(80,000)	1,805,000	80,000	
Total G	eneral Obligation Bonds			4,950,000	0	(235,000)	4,715,000	235,000
	Capital Leases	117,512		6,964	89,348	(16,721)	79,591	19,165
	Compensated Absences			701,959	734,981	(701,959)	734,981	42,737
Total Governme	ental Long-Term Debt			\$5,658,923	\$824,329	(\$953,680)	\$5,529,572	\$296,902
Business Type A	ctivities:							
General Obligat	ion Bond:							
3.70 - 4.75%	Water Improvement	\$3,340,000	2018	\$2,475,000	\$0	(\$145,000)	\$2,330,000	\$150,000
Ohio Water Dev	velopment Authority Loans:							
5.00%	Loan SRF-112	6,558,290	2012	2,679,968	0	(194,256)	2,485,712	403,204
5.00%	Loan SRF-114	1,668,457	2010	529,802	0	(53,220)	476,582	110,464
3.76%	Loan SRF-4011	2,757,604	2018	2,657,217	167,995	(51,614)	2,773,598	0
Total O	WDA Loans			5,866,987	167,995	(299,090)	5,735,892	513,668
	Compensated Absences			105,663	103,285	(105,663)	103,285	13,181
Total Business	Type Long-Term Debt			\$8,447,650	\$271,280	(\$549,753)	\$8,169,177	\$676,849

Principal and interest requirements to retire long-term debt outstanding at December 31, 2006 were as follows:

	General Oblig	ation Bonds	OWDA Loans					
Years	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest				
2007	\$385,000	\$317,459	\$780,172	\$128,932				
2008	400,000	301,862	553,164	102,277				
2009	415,000	285,495	581,168	74,274				
2010	435,000	268,409	544,152	44,825				
2011	455,000	386,198	503,638	18,863				
2012-2016	2,580,000	839,387	2,773,598	378,026				
2017-2021	1,955,000	288,251	0	0				
2022-2023	420,000	27,360	0	0				
Totals	\$7,045,000	\$2,714,421	\$5,735,892	\$747,197				

NOTE 12 - CAPITAL LEASES

The City leases two copiers, a mailing machine, a dump truck and pick-up truck under capital leases. The cost of the equipment obtained under lease agreements (\$117,512) are included in the Governmental Activities capital assets as machinery and equipment. The liability for these leases are recorded on the Statement of Net Assets as due within one year and due in more than one year. The following is a schedule of future minimum lease payments under the capital leases together with the present value of the net minimum lease payments as of December 31, 2006:

Year Ending December 31,	Capital Leases
2007	\$22,439
2008	20,165
2009	20,165
2010	20,165
2011	5,622
Minimum Lease Payments	88,556
Less amount representing interest at the	
City's incremental borrowing rate of interest	(8,965)
Present value of minimum lease payments	\$79,591

NOTE 13 - RISK MANAGEMENT

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees and natural disasters. The City carries commercial insurance policies to cover comprehensive liability, official and employee errors and omissions, and property and equipment. There has been no significant reduction in insurance coverages from the prior year. In addition, settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverages in any of the past three fiscal years.

Workers' Compensation claims are covered through the City's participation in the State of Ohio's program. The City pays the State Workers' Compensation System a premium based upon a rate per \$100 of payroll. The rate is determined based on accident history and administrative costs. The City of Heath is a member of the Ohio Municipal League (OMB) Workers' Compensation Pool. The pool groups similar municipal employers to gain a greater discount in worker's compensation premiums for City employees. Section 4123.29 of the Ohio Revised Code, and the rules promulgated there under, permit the establishment of the employer group rating plan. Said plans pool and group the experience (payroll amounts and claims losses) of the participating employers in order to create a lower worker's compensation premium rate. The Ohio Municipal League (OMB) as a sponsoring organization offers the plan to achieve lower workers' compensation premium rates for participants and to promote establishment of a safer working environment.

NOTE 13 - RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

The City has a group health insurance program for employees and their eligible dependents. Premiums are paid into an internal service fund by all funds having compensated employees based on an analysis of historical claims experience, the desired fund balances and the number of active participating employees. The monies paid into the Self Insurance Fund (internal service fund) are available to pay claims and administrative costs. The plan is administered by a third party administrator, Aultra Administrative Group, which monitors all claim payments. Excess loss coverage, provided by the HCC Life Insurance Company, becomes effective after \$30,000 per year per specific claim. There is a lifetime maximum coverage per person of \$2,000,000.

The claims liability of \$114,581 reported in the fund at December 31, 2006 is based on the requirements of GASB Statement No. 10, which requires that a liability for claims be reported if information prior to the issuance of the financial statements indicates that it is probable that a liability has been incurred at the date of the financial statements and the amount of the loss can be reasonably estimated.

Changes in the fund's claims liability amount in fiscal years 2005 and 2006 were:

		Current Year		
	Beginning of	Claims and		Balance at
	Fiscal Year	Changes in	Claims	Fiscal
Fiscal Year	Liability	Estimates	Payments	Year End
2005	\$201,978	\$805,488	(\$920,213)	\$87,253
2006	87,253	774,822	(747,494)	114,581

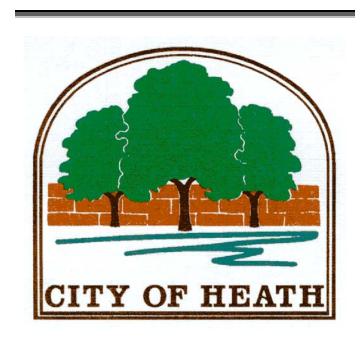
NOTE 14 - CONTINGENCIES

The City is a party to various legal proceedings, which seek damages or injunctive relief generally incidental to its operations and pending projects. The City's management is of the opinion that the ultimate disposition of various claims and legal proceedings will not have a material effect, if any, on the financial condition of the City.

NOTE 15 - CONSTRUCTION AND OTHER SIGNIFICANT COMMITMENTS

As of December 31, 2006, the City had the following significant contractual commitments outstanding:

	Remaining
	Contractual
Project	Commitment
State Route 79 Safety Improvements	\$229,727
Irvingwick Dr. Bike Trail Connection	82,460
SCADA Upgrade	73,500
James Parkway Sanitary Sewer Extension	17,119
Total	\$402,806



Combining and Individual F_{UND} Statements and Schedules

T he following combining statements and schedules include the Major and Nonmajor Governmental Funds.

Nonmajor Governmental Funds

Special Revenue Funds

Special Revenue Funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than amounts relating to expendable trusts or major capital projects) that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes.

Street Construction, Maintenance and Repair Fund

To account for state levied and controlled gasoline tax and motor vehicle license fees designated for local street construction, maintenance and repair.

State Highway Fund

To account for the portion of the state gasoline tax and motor vehicle license fees designated for construction, maintenance and repair of state highways within the City.

County \$5 Permissive License Tax Fund

To account for permissive license tax received from the County for a project approved by the county engineer, or transfers to finance the project until completion whereupon reimbursement will be received.

Swimming Pool Fund

To account for revenues and expenditures related to the operations of the Heath Municipal Pool.

Municipal Motor Vehicle License Tax Fund

To account for county-levied motor vehicle registration fees designated for street construction, maintenance and repair.

Fire Pension Fund

To account for taxes levied toward partial payment of the current and accrued liability for fire disability and pension.

Police Pension Fund

To account for taxes levied toward partial payment of the current and accrued liability for police disability and pension.

Law Enforcement Trust Fund

To account for funds received by the police department for contraband, per state statute.

Enforcement and Education Fund

To account for financial resources used to educate the public regarding laws governing the operation of motor vehicles while under the influence of alcohol.

D.A.R.E. Fund

To account for revenues and expenditures relative to D.A.R.E. activities.

(Continued)

Debt Service Fund

The Debt Service Funds are used to account for the accumulation of resources and payment of general obligation bond principal and interest from governmental resources and special assessment levies when the government is obligated in some manner for payment.

General Obligation Debt Service Fund

To account for resources that are used for payment of principal, interest and fiscal charges on general obligation debt.

Capital Projects Fund

The Capital Projects Funds are used to account for the financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities, other than those financed by proprietary or trust funds.

County Road Fund

To account for financial resources used for the planning and construction of a connector road from SR 79 to Thornwood Drive.

Irving-Wick Drive Improvement Fund

To account for financial resources used for the improvement of Irving Wick Drive.

Parks and Recreation Capital Improvement Fund

To account for financial resources used for the improvement of the City's parks and recreation facilities.

Mobile Technology Fund

To account for financial resources used to upgrade the computers utilized with the City's police cruisers.

Permanent Fund

The Permanent Fund is used to account for the financial resources that are legally restricted in that only the earnings, not the principal, may be used to support the City's programs.

Conn Memorial Trust Fund

To account for money left to the City by the Conn family in trust for the operation and maintenance of the John C. Geller Park.

Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Governmental Funds December 31, 2006

		Nonmajor cial Revenue Funds	Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds			nmajor Debt rvice Fund		nanent Fund n Memorial Trust	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds	
Assets:										
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	516,726	\$	579,309	\$	197,736	\$	21,255	\$	1,315,026
Investments		0		0		0		59,119		59,119
Receivables:										
Taxes		175,992		0		36,293		0		212,285
Intergovernmental		255,261		0		0		0		255,261
Inventory of Supplies, at Cost		61,155		0		0		0		61,155
Prepaid Items		17,499		0		0		0		17,499
Restricted Assets:										
Cash and Cash Equivalents with Fiscal Agent		120,438		0		0		0		120,438
Total Assets	\$	1,147,071	\$	579,309	\$	234,029	\$	80,374	\$	2,040,783
Liabilities:										
Accounts Payable	\$	6,300	\$	0	\$	0	\$	0	\$	6,300
Accrued Wages and Benefits Payable		167,034		0		0		0		167,034
Intergovernmental Payable		405		0		0		0		405
Deferred Revenue		467,951		0		6,831		0		474,782
Total Liabilities		641,690		0		6,831		0		648,521
Fund Balances:										
Reserved for Encumbrances		5,995		0		0		0		5,995
Reserved for Prepaid Items		17,499		0		0		0		17,499
Reserved for Supplies Inventory		61,155		0		0		0		61,155
Reserved for Debt Service		0		0		227,198		0		227,198
Undesignated/Unreserved		420,732		579,309		0		80,374		1,080,415
Total Fund Balances		505,381		579,309		227,198		80,374		1,392,262
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	1,147,071	\$	579,309	\$ 234,029		\$ 80,374		\$	2,040,783

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Nonmajor Governmental Funds For the Year Ended December 31, 2006

	Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds		Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds		major Debt vice Fund	Permanent Fund Conn Memorial Trust		Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds	
Revenues:									
Taxes	\$ 172,304	\$	0	\$	287,091	\$	0	\$	459,395
Intergovernmental Revenues	481,498		0		0		0		481,498
Charges for Services	528,425		0		0		2,129		530,554
Licenses and Permits	0		43,190		0		0		43,190
Investment Earnings	0		0		0		4,224		4,224
Fines and Forfeitures	21,723		0		0		0		21,723
All Other Revenue	 23,941		0		0		0		23,941
Total Revenue	 1,227,891		43,190		287,091		6,353		1,564,525
Expenditures:									
Current:									
Security of Persons and Property	427,561		21,614		0		0		449,175
Leisure Time Activities	397,569		0		0		0		397,569
Transportation	756,749		0		0		0		756,749
Debt Service:									
Principal Retirement	81,953		0		165,000		0		246,953
Interest and Fiscal Charges	 80,882		0		140,545		0		221,427
Total Expenditures	 1,744,714		21,614		305,545		0		2,071,873
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues									
Over Expenditures	(516,823)		21,576		(18,454)		6,353		(507,348)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):									
Capital Lease Issued	89,348		0		0		0		89,348
Transfers In	 575,000		50,678		0		0		625,678
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	 664,348		50,678		0		0		715,026
Net Change in Fund Balance	147,525		72,254		(18,454)		6,353		207,678
Fund Balances at Beginning of Year	354,040	5	07,055		245,652		74,021		1,180,768
Increase in Inventory Reserve	 3,816		0		0		0		3,816
Fund Balances End of Year	\$ 505,381	\$ 5	79,309	\$	227,198	\$	80,374	\$	1,392,262

Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds December 31, 2006

	Street nstruction, ntenance and Repair	State	e Highway	P	County \$5 ermissive cense Tax	Swimming Pool		
Assets:								
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 313,734	\$	\$ 74,048		15,543	\$	34,465	
Receivables:								
Taxes	0		0		0		0	
Intergovernmental	206,112		16,712		0		0	
Inventory of Supplies, at Cost	59,916		0		0		1,239	
Prepaid Items	9,647		0		0		7,773	
Restricted Assets:								
Cash and Cash Equivalents with Fiscal Agent	0		0		120,438		0	
Total Assets	\$ 589,409	\$	90,760	\$	135,981	\$	43,477	
Liabilities:								
Accounts Payable	\$ 4,990	\$	1,127	\$	0	\$	183	
Accrued Wages and Benefits Payable	21,296		0		0		2,995	
Intergovernmental Payable	405		0		0		0	
Deferred Revenue	 137,408		11,141		120,438		0	
Total Liabilities	164,099		12,268		120,438		3,178	
Fund Balances:								
Reserved for Encumbrances	5,995		0		0		0	
Reserved for Prepaid Items	9,647		0		0		7,773	
Reserved for Supplies Inventory	59,916		0		0		1,239	
Undesignated/Unreserved	349,752		78,492		15,543		31,287	
Total Fund Balances	425,310		78,492 15,			3 40,299		
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$ 589,409	\$	90,760	\$	135,981	\$	43,477	

	Iunicipal Motor Vehicle License Tax Fire Pension		Pol	ice Pension	En	Law forcement Trust		rcement and ducation		O.A.R.E.	Total Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds		
\$	973	\$	10,451	\$	15,680	\$	17,877	\$	16,948	\$	17,007	\$	516,726
	0		87,996		87,996		0		0		0		175,992
	27,183		2,559		2,559		136		0		0		255,261
	0		0		0		0		0		0		61,155
	0		0		0		0		0		79		17,499
	0		0		0		0		0		0		120,438
\$	28,156	\$	101,006	\$	106,235	\$	18,013	\$	16,948	\$	17,086	\$	1,147,071
\$	0	\$	0	\$	0	\$	0	\$	0	\$	0	\$	6,300
Ψ	0	Ψ	68,070	Ψ	74,673	Ψ	0	Ψ	0	Ψ	0	Ψ	167,034
	0		00,070		0		0		0		0		405
	18,122		90,421		90,421		0		0		0		467,951
	18,122		158,491		165,094		0		0		0		641,690
	0		0		0		0		0		0		5,995
	0		0		0		0		0		79		17,499
	0		0		0		0		0		0		61,155
	10,034		(57,485)		(58,859)		18,013		16,948		17,007		420,732
	10,034		(57,485)		(58,859)		18,013		16,948		17,086		505,381
\$	28,156	\$	101,006	\$	106,235	\$	18,013	\$	16,948	\$	17,086	\$	1,147,071

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds For the Year Ended December 31, 2006

		Street						
	Co	nstruction,			Co	unty \$5		
	Mair	ntenance and			Per	missive		
		Repair	State	State Highway		License Tax		nming Pool
Revenues:								
Taxes	\$	0	\$	0	\$	0	\$	0
Intergovernmental Revenues		419,102		33,982		0		0
Charges for Services		1,255		0		0		527,170
Fines and Forfeitures		0		0		0		0
All Other Revenue		2,054		0		0		5,675
Total Revenue		422,411		33,982		0		532,845
Expenditures:								
Current:								
Security of Persons and Property		0		0		0		0
Leisure Time Activities		0		0		0		397,569
Transportation		748,288		8,461		0		0
Debt Service:								
Principal Retirement		11,953		0		0		70,000
Interest and Fiscal Charges		2,590		0		0		78,292
Total Expenditures		762,831		8,461		0		545,861
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues								
Over Expenditures		(340,420)		25,521		0		(13,016)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):								
Capital Lease Issued		89,348		0		0		0
Transfers In		350,000		0		0		0
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		439,348		0		0		0
Net Change in Fund Balance		98,928		25,521		0		(13,016)
Fund Balances at Beginning of Year		321,004		52,971		15,543		54,877
Increase (Decrease) in Inventory Reserve	5,378			0		0	(1,562)	
Fund Balances End of Year	\$	425,310	\$	78,492	\$	15,543	\$	40,299

Municipal Motor Vehicle License Tax		Fir	Fire Pension		Police Pension		Law Enforcement Trust		Enforcement and Education		D.A.R.E.		Total Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds	
\$	0	\$	86,152	\$	\$ 86,152		0	\$	0	\$	0	\$	172,304	
	10,034		9,190		9,190		0		0		0		481,498	
	0		0		0		0		0		0		528,425	
	0		0		0		18,247		3,426		50		21,723	
	0		0		0		14,187		0		2,025		23,941	
	10,034		95,342		95,342		32,434		3,426		2,075		1,227,891	
	0		187,592		218,021		17,000		1,500		3,448		427,561	
	0		0		0		0		0		0		397,569	
	0		0		0		0		0		0		756,749	
	0		0		0		0		0		0		81,953	
	0		0		0		0		0		0		80,882	
	0		187,592		218,021		17,000		1,500		3,448		1,744,714	
	10,034		(92,250)		(122,679)		15,434		1,926		(1,373)		(516,823)	
	0		0		0		0		0		0		89,348	
	0		100,000		125,000		0		0		0		575,000	
	0		100,000		125,000		0		0		0		664,348	
	10,034		7,750		2,321		15,434		1,926		(1,373)		147,525	
	0		(65,235)		(61,180)		2,579		15,022		18,459		354,040	
	0		0		0		0		0		0		3,816	
\$	10,034	\$	(57,485)	\$	(58,859)	\$	18,013	\$	16,948	\$	17,086	\$	505,381	

Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds December 31, 2006

				Irvingwick Drive Improvement		Parks and Recreation Capital Improvement		obile nology	l Nonmajor ital Projects Funds
Assets:									
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	476,404	\$	20,315	\$	82,500	\$	90	\$ 579,309
Total Assets	\$	476,404	\$	20,315	\$	82,500	\$	90	\$ 579,309
Liabilities: Total Liabilities	\$	0	\$	0	\$	0	\$	0	\$ 0
Fund Balances:									
Undesignated/Unreserved		476,404		20,315		82,500		90	579,309
Total Fund Balances		476,404		20,315		82,500		90	579,309
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	476,404	\$	20,315	\$	82,500	\$	90	\$ 579,309

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds For the Year Ended December 31, 2006

	County Road	Irvingwick Drive Improvement	Parks and Recreation Capital Improvement	Mobile Technology	Total Nonmajor Capital Project Funds
Revenues:					
Licenses and Permits	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 43,190	\$ 0	\$ 43,190
Total Revenue	0	0	43,190	0	43,190
Expenditures:					
Current:					
Security of Persons and Property	0	0	0	21,614	21,614
Total Expenditures	0	0	0	21,614	21,614
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues					
Over Expenditures	0	0	43,190	(21,614)	21,576
Other Financing Sources (Uses):					
Transfers In	0	0	28,974	21,704	50,678
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	0	0	28,974	21,704	50,678
Net Change in Fund Balance	0	0	72,164	90	72,254
Fund Balances at Beginning of Year	476,404	20,315	10,336	0	507,055
Fund Balances End of Year	\$ 476,404	\$ 20,315	\$ 82,500	\$ 90	\$ 579,309

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues:				
Taxes	\$ 5,028,116	\$ 5,330,616	\$ 5,545,943	\$ 215,327
Intergovernmental Revenues	461,262	582,762	600,050	17,288
Charges for Services	129,200	129,200	153,321	24,121
Licenses and Permits	30,850	30,850	33,701	2,851
Investment Earnings	136,000	300,000	361,793	61,793
Fines and Forfeitures	19,500	19,500	20,109	609
All Other Revenues	16,500	56,500	63,260	6,760
Total Revenues	5,821,428	6,449,428	6,778,177	328,749
Expenditures:				
Security of Persons and Property:				
Police:				
Personal Services	1,264,887	1,314,887	1,300,722	14,165
Materials and Supplies	45,100	70,100	52,536	17,564
Contractual Services	144,600	177,100	143,514	33,586
Capital Outlay	7,000	20,330	17,530	2,800
Total Police	1,461,587	1,582,417	1,514,302	68,115
Communications:				
Personal Services	453,865	511,440	468,173	43,267
Contractual Services	46,825	46,825	37,192	9,633
Total Communications	500,690	558,265	505,365	52,900
Fire:				
Personal Services	976,197	1,126,197	1,078,680	47,517
Materials and Supplies	64,691	81,642	77,123	4,519
Contractual Services	112,340	110,789	100,531	10,258
Capital Outlay	500	500	0	500
Total Fire	1,153,728	1,319,128	1,256,334	62,794
Street Lighting:				
Contractual Services	65,000	65,000	65,000	0
Total Street Lighting	65,000	65,000	65,000	0
Total Security of Persons and Property	3,181,005	3,524,810	3,341,001	183,809
				(0 : 1)

(Continued)

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Public Health and Welfare Services:				
Health Department:				
Contractual Services	55,000	55,000	54,000	1,000
Total Public Health and Welfare Services	55,000	55,000	54,000	1,000
Leisure Time Activities:				
Parks:				
Personal Services	466,245	466,245	439,598	26,647
Materials and Supplies	48,048	48,048	31,869	16,179
Contractual Services	257,784	278,078	238,382	39,696
Other Expenditures	1,900	1,900	755	1,145
Capital Outlay	27,246	20,555	19,151	1,404
Total Leisure Time Activities	801,223	814,826	729,755	85,071
Community Environment:				
Planning and Zoning:				
Personal Services	142,320	142,320	139,656	2,664
Materials and Supplies	1,750	1,750	431	1,319
Contractual Services	139,415	159,415	145,024	14,391
Other Expenditures	250	250	100	150
Capital Outlay	19,555	19,555	13,889	5,666
Total Community Environment	303,290	323,290	299,100	24,190
General Government:				
Mayor:				
Personal Services	73,665	73,665	73,534	131
Materials and Supplies	385	385	308	77
Contractual Services	1,786	1,786	438	1,348
Total Mayor	75,836	75,836	74,280	1,556
City Council:				
Personal Services	37,800	37,800	37,800	0
Materials and Supplies	200	200	127	73
Contractual Services	2,524	2,524	717	1,807
Total City Council	40,524	40,524	38,644	1,880
				(Continued)

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Law Director:	Dudget	I mai Budget	7 ictuar	(regative)
Personal Services	107,565	107,565	107,565	0
Contractual Services	45,105	52,205	51,772	433
Total Law Director	152,670	159,770	159,337	433
Clerk of Council:				
Personal Services	38,193	38,193	38,116	77
Materials and Supplies	600	600	401	199
Total Clerk of Council	38,793	38,793	38,517	276
Auditor:				
Personal Services	42,500	42,500	42,500	0
Materials and Supplies	500	500	214	286
Contractual Services	1,450	1,450	843	607
Total Auditor	44,450	44,450	43,557	893
General Administrative:				
Personal Services	240,321	244,421	242,734	1,687
Materials and Supplies	6,506	6,506	3,832	2,674
Contractual Services	250,796	251,796	233,746	18,050
Other Expenditures	0	10	10	0
Capital Outlay	500	500	329	171
Total General Administrative	498,123	503,233	480,651	22,582
Court Fees:				
Contractual Services	16,980	40,980	38,500	2,480
Total Court Fees	16,980	40,980	38,500	2,480
Civil Service:				
Contractual Services	6,000	23,100	23,076	24
Total Civil Service	6,000	23,100	23,076	24
Safety/Service:				
Personal Services	67,781	66,781	65,550	1,231
Materials and Supplies	11,157	11,157	6,512	4,645
Contractual Services	73,903	74,903	72,986	1,917
Capital Outlay	4,500	4,500	3,701	799
Total Safety/Service	157,341	157,341	148,749	8,592
				(Continued)

				Variance with Final Budget
	Original			Positive
	Budget	Final Budget	Actual	(Negative)
Income Tax:				
Personal Services	227,825	227,825	222,253	5,572
Materials and Supplies	13,804	16,304	14,712	1,592
Contractual Services	15,921	15,921	12,079	3,842
Capital Outlay	10,000	10,000	9,856	144
Total Income Tax	267,550	270,050	258,900	11,150
Total General Government	1,298,267	1,354,077	1,304,211	49,866
Total Expenditures	5,638,785	6,072,003	5,728,067	343,936
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues				
Over (Under) Expenditures	182,643	377,425	1,050,110	672,685
Other Financing Sources (Uses):				
Transfers Out	(575,000)	(603,974)	(603,974)	0
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(575,000)	(603,974)	(603,974)	0
Net Change in Fund Balance	(392,357)	(226,549)	446,136	672,685
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year	2,174,836	2,174,836	2,174,836	0
Prior Year Encumbrances	60,043	60,043	60,043	0
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$ 1,842,522	\$ 2,008,330	\$ 2,681,015	\$ 672,685

				Variance with
	Original			Final Budget Positive
	Budget	Final Budget	Actual	(Negative)
Revenues:				
Taxes	\$ 560,814	\$ 560,814	\$ 587,559	\$ 26,745
Intergovernmental Revenues	59,925	81,925	68,581	(13,344)
Investment Earnings	2,000	8,000	9,926	1,926
Total Revenues	622,739	650,739	666,066	15,327
Expenditures:				
Security of Persons and Property:				
Fire:				
Personal Services	431,464	447,534	439,669	7,865
Materials and Supplies	4,000	4,000	0	4,000
Contractual Services	12,650	12,650	11,559	1,091
Capital Outlay	67,108	87,108	75,356	11,752
Total Expenditures	515,222	551,292	526,584	24,708
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues				
Over (Under) Expenditures	107,517	99,447	139,482	40,035
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year	161,236	161,236	161,236	0
Prior Year Encumbrances	23,225	23,225	23,225	0
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$ 291,978	\$ 283,908	\$ 323,943	\$ 40,035

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) Major Funds – Capital Project Fund – Capital Improvement Fund For the Year Ended December 31, 2006

	E:	1 D., d4		A -41	Fin F	iance with al Budget Positive
Dorramaga	FII	nal Budget		Actual	(1)	legative)
Revenues: Taxes	\$	150 500	\$	162,000	¢	3,409
	Ф	159,500 286,000	ф	162,909	\$	· ·
Intergovernmental Revenues		,		349,132		63,132
All Other Revenues		10,000	_	28,223	-	18,223
Total Revenues		455,500	_	540,264		84,764
Expenditures:						
Security of Persons and Property:						
Police:						
Contractual Services		5,915		5,863		52
Capital Outlay		19,361		19,361		0
Total Security of Persons and Property		25,276		25,224		52
Leisure Time Activities:						
Parks:						
Contractual Services		68,082		68,082		0
Capital Outlay		509,219		509,219		0
Total Leisure Time Activities		577,301		577,301		0
Basic Utility Services:						
Sewer:						
Contractual Services		17,119		17,119		0
Total Sewer		17,119		17,119		0
Total Basic Utility Services		17,119		17,119		0
Transportation:						
Streets Department:						
Contractual Services		545,232		545,232		0
Capital Outlay		178,000		157,720		20,280
Total Transportation		723,232		702,952		20,280
					(0	Continued)

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) Major Funds – Capital Project Fund – Capital Improvement Fund For the Year Ended December 31, 2006

			Variance with
	Final Budget	Actual	Final Budget Positive (Negative)
General Government:			
General Administrative:			
Capital Outlay	26,770	26,770	0
Total General Government	26,770	26,770	0
Total Expenditures	1,369,698	1,349,366	20,332
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues			
Over (Under) Expenditures	(914,198)	(809,102)	105,096
Other Financing Sources (Uses):			
Transfers Out	(21,704)	(21,704)	0
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(21,704)	(21,704)	0
Net Change in Fund Balance	(935,902)	(830,806)	105,096
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year	1,413,809	1,413,809	0
Prior Year Encumbrances	595,764	595,764	0
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$ 1,073,671	\$ 1,178,767	\$ 105,096

STREET CONSTRUCTION, MAINTENANCE AND REPAIR FUND

Variance with

	Fiı	nal Budget	 Actual	I	al Budget Positive Vegative)
Revenues:			 		
Intergovernmental Revenues	\$	388,324	\$ 422,363	\$	34,039
Charges for Services		0	1,255		1,255
All Other Revenues		0	2,054		2,054
Total Revenues		388,324	425,672		37,348
Expenditures:					
Transportation:					
Street Department:					
Personal Services		564,430	510,866		53,564
Materials and Supplies		154,536	76,065		78,471
Contractual Services		92,041	87,552		4,489
Capital Outlay		10,500	4,278		6,222
Total Expenditures		821,507	678,761		142,746
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues					
Over (Under) Expenditures		(433,183)	(253,089)		180,094
Other Financing Sources (Uses):					
Transfers In		350,000	 350,000		0
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		350,000	 350,000		0
Net Change in Fund Balance		(83,183)	96,911		180,094
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year		204,663	204,663		0
Prior Year Encumbrances		5,957	5,957		0
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$	127,437	\$ 307,531	\$	180,094

STATE HIGHWAY FUND

	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues:			
Intergovernmental Revenues	\$ 31,550	\$ 34,246	\$ 2,696
Total Revenues	31,550	34,246	2,696
Expenditures:			
Transportation:			
Street Department:			
Materials and Supplies	22,500	0	22,500
Contractual Services	8,600	8,595	5
Total Expenditures	31,100	8,595	22,505
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues			
Over (Under) Expenditures	450	25,651	25,201
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year	48,397	48,397	0
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$ 48,847	\$ 74,048	\$ 25,201

COUNTY \$5 PERMISSIVE LICENSE TAX FUND

	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues:			
Total Revenues	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0
Expenditures:			
Total Expenditures	0	0	0
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues			
Over (Under) Expenditures	0	0	0
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year	15,543	15,543	0
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$ 15,543	\$ 15,543	\$ 0

SWIMMING POOL FUND

~ · · -	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues:			
Charges for Services	\$ 525,990	\$ 527,170	\$ 1,180
All Other Revenues	5,675	5,675	0
Total Revenues	531,665	532,845	1,180
Expenditures:			
Leisure Time Activities:			
Swimming Pool:			
Personal Services	191,340	191,340	0
Materials and Supplies	68,500	58,618	9,882
Contractual Services	121,200	117,845	3,355
Capital Outlay	30,602	30,602	0
Total Leisure Time Activities	411,642	398,405	13,237
Debt Service:			
Principal Retirement	70,000	70,000	0
Interest and Fiscal Charges	78,292	78,292	0
Total Expenditures	559,934	546,697	13,237
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues			
Over (Under) Expenditures	(28,269)	(13,852)	14,417
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year	48,317_	48,317	0
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$ 20,048	\$ 34,465	\$ 14,417

MUNICIPAL MOTOR VEHICLE LICENSE TAX FUND

	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues:			
Intergovernmental Revenues	\$ 900	\$ 973	\$ 73
Total Revenues	900	973	73
Expenditures:			
Total Expenditures	0	0	0
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues			
Over (Under) Expenditures	900	973	73
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year	0	0	0
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$ 900	\$ 973	\$ 73

FIRE PENSION FUND

	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues:			
Taxes	\$ 82,379	\$ 86,152	\$ 3,773
Intergovernmental Revenues	12,337	9,267	(3,070)
Total Revenues	94,716	95,419	703
Expenditures: Security of Persons and Property: Fire:			
	107 145	107 141	4
Personal Services	187,145	187,141	4
Contractual Services	2,020	1,654	366
Total Expenditures	189,165	188,795	370
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues			
Over (Under) Expenditures	(94,449)	(93,376)	1,073
Other Financing Sources (Uses):			
Transfers In	100,000	100,000	0
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	100,000	100,000	0
Net Change in Fund Balance	5,551	6,624	1,073
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year	3,827	3,827	0
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$ 9,378	\$ 10,451	\$ 1,073

POLICE PENSION FUND

1021	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues:			
Taxes	\$ 82,379	\$ 86,152	\$ 3,773
Intergovernmental Revenues	12,337	9,267	(3,070)
Total Revenues	94,716	95,419	703
Expenditures: Security of Persons and Property: Police:			
Personal Services	205 970	205.966	4
	205,870	205,866	4
Contractual Services	2,020	1,654	366
Total Expenditures	207,890	207,520	370
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues			
Over (Under) Expenditures	(113,174)	(112,101)	1,073
Other Financing Sources (Uses):			
Transfers In	125,000	125,000	0
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	125,000	125,000	0
Net Change in Fund Balance	11,826	12,899	1,073
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year	2,781	2,781	0
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$ 14,607	\$ 15,680	\$ 1,073

LAW ENFORCEMENT TRUST FUND

	Fina	al Budget	 Actual	Fina P	ance with al Budget ositive egative)
Revenues:					
Fines and Forfeitures	\$	16,900	\$ 18,136	\$	1,236
All Other Revenues		13,700	 14,187		487
Total Revenues		30,600	32,323		1,723
Expenditures:					
Security of Persons and Property:					
Police:					
Materials and Supplies		600	0		600
Contractual Services		17,000	17,000		0
Other Expenditures		2,000	0		2,000
Capital Outlay		4,000	 0		4,000
Total Expenditures		23,600	 17,000		6,600
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues					
Over (Under) Expenditures		7,000	15,323		8,323
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year		2,554	2,554		0
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$	9,554	\$ 17,877	\$	8,323

ENFORCEMENT AND EDUCATION FUND

	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues:			
Fines and Forfeitures	\$ 1,500	\$ 3,426	\$ 1,926
Total Revenues	1,500	3,426	1,926
Expenditures:			
Security of Persons and Property:			
Police:			
Materials and Supplies	6,755	1,500	5,255
Capital Outlay	1,000	0	1,000
Total Expenditures	7,755	1,500	6,255
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues			
Over (Under) Expenditures	(6,255)	1,926	8,181
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year	15,022	15,022	0
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$ 8,767	\$ 16,948	\$ 8,181

D.A.R.E. FUND

				Fina	ance with al Budget ositive
	Fin	al Budget	Actual	(N	egative)
Revenues:					
Fines and Forfeitures	\$	0	\$ 50	\$	50
All Other Revenues		1,000	 2,025		1,025
Total Revenues		1,000	2,075		1,075
Expenditures:					
Security of Persons and Property:					
Police:					
Materials and Supplies		3,000	2,472		528
Contractual Services		1,600	 1,035		565
Total Expenditures		4,600	3,507		1,093
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues					
Over (Under) Expenditures		(3,600)	(1,432)		2,168
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year		18,439	 18,439		0
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$	14,839	\$ 17,007	\$	2,168

GENERAL OBLIGATION DEBT SERVICE FUND

	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues:			
Taxes	\$ 279,875	\$ 285,091	\$ 5,216
Total Revenues	279,875	285,091	5,216
Expenditures:			
Debt Service:			
Principal Retirement	165,000	165,000	0
Interest and Fiscal Charges	140,545	140,545	0
Total Expenditures	305,545	305,545	0
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues			
Over (Under) Expenditures	(25,670)	(20,454)	5,216
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year	218,190	218,190	0
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$ 192,520	\$ 197,736	\$ 5,216

COUNTY ROAD FUND

	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues:			
Total Revenues	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0
Expenditures:			
Total Expenditures	0	0	0
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues			
Over (Under) Expenditures	0	0	0
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year	476,404	476,404	0
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$ 476,404	\$ 476,404	\$ 0

IRVINGWICK DRIVE IMPROVEMENT FUND

	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues:			
Total Revenues	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0
Expenditures:			
Total Expenditures	0	0	0
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues			
Over (Under) Expenditures	0	0	0
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year	20,315	20,315	0
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$ 20,315	\$ 20,315	\$ 0

PARKS AND RECREATION CAPITAL IMPROVEMENT FUND

Variance with

	Fin	al Budget	Actual	Po	Budget sitive gative)
Revenues:					
Licenses and Permits	\$	43,100	\$ 43,190	\$	90
Total Revenues		43,100	 43,190		90
Expenditures:					
Total Expenditures		0	 0		0
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues					
Over (Under) Expenditures		43,100	43,190		90
Other Financing Sources (Uses):					
Transfers In		28,900	 28,974		74
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		28,900	28,974		74
Net Change in Fund Balance		72,000	72,164		164
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year		10,336	 10,336		0
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$	82,336	\$ 82,500	\$	164

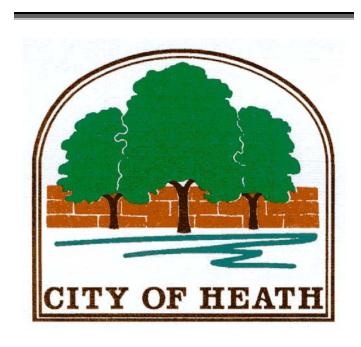
MOBILE TECHNOLOGY FUND

	Final Budget	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
Revenues:			
Total Revenues	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0
Expenditures:			
Security of Persons and Property:			
Police:			
Contractual Services	1,474	1,474	0
Capital Outlay	20,229	20,140	89
Total Expenditures	21,703	21,614	89
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues			
Over (Under) Expenditures	(21,703)	(21,614)	89
Other Financing Sources (Uses):			
Transfers In	21,704	21,704	0
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	21,704	21,704	0
Net Change in Fund Balance	1	90	89
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year	0	0	0
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$ 1	\$ 90	\$ 89

CONN MEMORIAL TRUST

Revenues:	_ Fin:	al Budget		Actual	Fina P	ance with al Budget ositive egative)
Charges for Services	\$	2,000	\$	2,129	\$	129
Investment Earnings		2,500	·	3,746		1,246
Total Revenues		4,500		5,875		1,375
Expenditures:						
Total Expenditures		0		0		0
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues						
Over (Under) Expenditures		4,500		5,875		1,375
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year		74,536		74,536		0
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$	79,036	\$	80,411	\$	1,375

$oldsymbol{C}_{APITAL}\,oldsymbol{A}_{SSETS}\,oldsymbol{U}_{SED}\,oldsymbol{I}_{N}\,oldsymbol{T}_{HE}$ Operation Of Governmental $oldsymbol{F}_{UNDS}$



Capital Assets Used in the Operation of Governmental Funds Schedule by Source December 31, 2006

Capital Assets:	
Land	\$6,091,222
Construction in Progress	1,002,973
Buildings	4,811,671
Improvements Other Than Buildings	2,935,649
Machinery and Equipment	6,414,154
Infrastructure	15,395,600
Total Capital Assets	\$36,651,269
Investment in Capital Assets:	
Assets Acquired Prior to 1990	\$161,599
General Fund	2,726,808
Special Revenue Funds	2,974,759
Capital Projects Funds	27,608,750
Proprietary Funds	11,922
Fiduciary Funds	23,507
Grants	517,737
Donations	2,626,187
Total Investment in Capital Assets	\$36,651,269

Capital Assets Used in the Operation of Governmental Funds Schedule by Function and Activity December 31, 2006

Function and Activity	Land	Construction Land in Progress		
General Government:				
Mayor	\$0	\$0	\$0	
City Council	0	0	0	
Clerk of Council	0	0	0	
City Auditor	0	0	0	
General Administration	258,188	0	762,040	
Safety/Service	0	0	20,125	
Income Tax	0	0	0	
Total General Government	258,188	0	782,165	
Security of Persons and Property:				
Police	0	0	40,000	
Communications	0	0	0	
Fire	39,890	0	1,983,545	
Occupational Safety and	0	0	0	
Health Administration	0	0	0	
Total Security of Persons and Property	39,890	0	2,023,545	
<u>Transportation:</u>				
Streets	5,080,438	471,747	294,622	
Community Environment:				
Zoning	0	45,543	0	
Leisure Time Activities:				
Parks	712,706	485,683	1,154,777	
Swimming Pool	0	0	556,562	
Total Leisure Time Activities	712,706	485,683	1,711,339	
Total Capital Assets	\$6,091,222	\$1,002,973	\$4,811,671	

Improvements Other Than Buildings	Machinery and Equipment	Infrastructure	Total
\$0	\$3,849	\$0	\$3,849
0	9,770	0	9,770
0	1,349	0	1,349
0	1,948	0	1,948
19,179	54,380	0	1,093,787
1,952	12,109	0	34,186
0	19,025	0	19,025
21,131	102,430	0	1,163,914
4,013	812,056	0	856,069
40,287	28,260	0	68,547
15,467	3,257,763	0	5,296,665
0	5,650	0	5,650
59,767	4,103,729	0	6,226,931
47,607	1,434,535	15,395,600	22,724,549
12,237	232,580	0	290,360
735,110	445,813	0	3,534,089
2,059,797	95,067	0	2,711,426
2,794,907	540,880	0	6,245,515
\$2,935,649	\$6,414,154	\$15,395,600	\$36,651,269

Capital Assets Used in the Operation of Governmental Funds Schedule Changes by Function and Activity For Year Ended December 31, 2006

Function and Activity	December 31, 2005	Transfers	Additions	Deletions	December 31, 2006
General Government:					
Mayor	\$3,849	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$3,849
City Council	9,770	0	0	0	9,770
Clerk of Council	3,827	(2,478)	0	0	1,349
City Auditor	1,948	0	0	0	1,948
General Administration	1,103,971	0	0	(10,184)	1,093,787
Safety/Service	34,186	0	0	0	34,186
Income Tax	20,373	0	0	(1,348)	19,025
Total General Government	1,177,924	(2,478)	0	(11,532)	1,163,914
Security of Persons and Property:					
Police	842,765	0	54,130	(40,826)	856,069
Communications	68,547	0	0	0	68,547
Fire	5,298,856	0	0	(2,191)	5,296,665
Occupational Safety and					
Health Administration	5,650	0	0	0	5,650
Total Security of Persons and Property	6,215,818	0	54,130	(43,017)	6,226,931
Transportation:					
Streets	20,678,363	0	2,116,072	(69,886)	22,724,549
Community Environment:					
Zoning	257,570	0	33,815	(1,025)	290,360
Leisure Time Activities:					
Parks	3,049,566	0	484,523	0	3,534,089
Swimming Pool	2,703,100	0	8,326	0	2,711,426
Total Leisure Time Activities	5,752,666	0	492,849	0	6,245,515
Total Capital Assets	\$34,082,341	(\$2,478)	\$2,696,866	(\$125,460)	\$36,651,269

STATISTICAL Section



STATISTICAL TABLES

This part of the City's comprehensive annual financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the City's overall financial health.

Contents	
Financial Trends These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the City's financial position has changed over time.	S 3 – S 11
Revenue Capacity These schedules contain information to help the reader understand and assess the factors affecting the City's ability to generate its most significant local revenue sources, the income tax and the property tax.	S 12 – S 23
Debt Capacity These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the City's current levels of outstanding debt and the City's ability to issue additional debt in the future.	S 24 – S 27
Economic and Demographic Information These schedules offer economic and demographic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the City's financial activities take place and to provide information that facilitates comparisons of financial information over time and among governments.	S 28 – S 27
Operating Information These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the City's financial report relates to the services the City provides and the activities it performs.	S 28 – S 33
Sources Note: Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the comprehensive annual financial reports for the relevant year. The City implemented GASB Statement 34 in 2003; schedules presenting government-wide information include information beginning in that year.	



Net Assets by Component Last Four Years (accrual basis of accounting)

	2003	2004	2005	2006
Governmental Activities:				
Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt	\$16,234,915	\$16,596,874	\$16,428,030	\$18,092,381
Restricted	3,866,353	3,931,719	3,455,361	3,371,442
Unrestricted	394,551	2,349,086	2,413,975	3,017,476
Total Governmental Activities Net Assets	\$20,495,819	\$22,877,679	\$22,297,366	\$24,481,299
Business-type Activities:				
Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt	\$10,048,081	\$10,509,634	\$10,598,772	\$10,723,136
Unrestricted	3,472,131	3,121,711	3,602,895	4,146,637
Total Business-type Activities Net Assets	\$13,520,212	\$13,631,345	\$14,201,667	\$14,869,773
Primary Government:				
Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt	\$26,282,996	\$27,106,508	\$27,026,802	\$28,815,517
Restricted	3,866,353	3,931,719	3,455,361	3,371,442
Unrestricted	3,866,682	5,470,797	6,016,870	7,164,113
Total Primary Government Net Assets	\$34,016,031	\$36,509,024	\$36,499,033	\$39,351,072

Source: City Auditor's Office

Changes in Net Assets Last Four Years (accrual basis of accounting)

	2003	2004	2005	2006
Expenses				
Governmental Activities:				
Security of Persons and Property	\$3,423,445	\$4,216,123	\$4,329,101	\$4,518,609
Public Health and Welfare Services	52,500	52,500	52,500	54,000
Leisure Time Activities	1,627,677	1,302,972	1,294,346	1,294,137
Community Environment	305,945	302,336	293,980	289,516
Basic Utility Services	568,416	204,435	0	0
Transportation	3,129,391	553,998	1,753,609	1,418,985
General Government	1,265,259	1,327,217	1,278,537	1,313,015
Interest and Fiscal Charges	239,360	252,654	235,853	223,289
Total Governmental Activities Expenses	10,611,993	8,212,235	9,237,926	9,111,551
Business-type Activities:				
Water	1,552,029	1,460,249	1,449,520	1,387,196
Sewer	2,018,104	2,077,666	1,853,411	1,837,990
Total Business-type Activities Expenses	3,570,133	3,537,915	3,302,931	3,225,186
Total Primary Government Expenses	\$14,182,126	\$11,750,150	\$12,540,857	\$12,336,737
Program Revenues				
Governmental Activities:				
Charges for Services				
Security of Persons and Property	\$50,839	\$60,280	\$101,573	\$97,499
Public Health and Welfare Services	0	0	0	0
Leisure Time Activities	649,573	595,849	713,325	714,341
Community Environment	21,265	32,401	33,563	25,829
Basic Utility Services	12,182	12,027	0	0
Transportation	25,725	11,377	120,282	16,573
General Government	0	2,351	6,899	0
Operating Grants and Contributions	424,147	537,300	605,977	522,557
Capital Grants and Contributions	341,305	2,243,026	153,096	2,023,759
Total Governmental Activities Program Revenues	1,525,036	3,494,611	1,734,715	3,400,558

(continued)

Changes in Net Assets Last Four Years (accrual basis of accounting)

	2003	2004	2005	2006
Business-type Activities:				
Charges for Services				
Water	1,222,532	1,095,740	1,297,785	1,369,475
Sewer	2,093,073	2,371,211	2,455,205	2,346,580
Capital Grants and Contributions	845,185	546,732	132,480	79,381
Total Business-type Activities Program Revenues	4,160,790	4,013,683	3,885,470	3,795,436
Total Primary Government Program Revenues	5,685,826	7,508,294	5,620,185	7,195,994
Net (Expense)/Revenue				
Governmental Activities	(9,086,957)	(4,717,624)	(7,503,211)	(5,710,993)
Business-type Activities	590,657	475,768	582,539	570,250
Total Primary Government Net (Expense)/Revenue	(\$8,496,300)	(\$4,241,856)	(\$6,920,672)	(\$5,140,743)
General Revenues and Other Changes in Net Assets				
Governmental Activities:				
Property Taxes	\$1,172,261	\$1,190,037	\$1,233,678	\$1,260,147
Municipal Income Taxes	4,839,079	4,765,042	4,833,456	5,487,407
Other Local Taxes	11,121	13,061	13,306	13,295
Intergovernmental Revenue, Unrestricted	781,533	623,050	609,450	736,664
Investment Earnings	123,662	106,428	191,143	333,854
Miscellaneous	58,858	40,204	78,959	63,559
Transfers	0	361,662	33,166	0
Total Governmental Activities	6,986,514	7,099,484	6,993,158	7,894,926
Business-type Activities:				
Investment Earnings	10,792	(2,973)	20,949	97,856
Transfers	0	(361,662)	(33,166)	0
Total Business-type Activities	10,792	(364,635)	(12,217)	97,856
Total Primary Government	\$6,997,306	\$6,734,849	\$6,980,941	\$7,992,782
Change in Net Assets				
Governmental Activities	(\$2,100,443)	\$2,381,860	(\$510,053)	\$2,183,933
Business-type Activities	601,449	111,133	570,322	668,106
Total Primary Government Change in Net Assets	(\$1,498,994)	\$2,492,993	\$60,269	\$2,852,039

Source: City Auditor's Office

Fund Balances, Governmental Funds Last Ten Years (modified accrual basis of accounting)

	1997	1998	1999	2000
General Fund				
Reserved	\$245,355	\$153,490	\$115,661	\$83,509
Unreserved	4,508,371	4,901,130	4,231,262	4,541,723
Total General Fund	4,753,726	5,054,620	4,346,923	4,625,232
All Other Governmental Funds				
Reserved	1,778,113	1,053,814	2,370,102	1,304,433
Unreserved, Undesignated,				
Reported in:				
Special Revenue Funds	818,628	931,013	1,901,744	1,447,770
Capital Projects Funds	1,916,702	4,067,659	3,133,582	4,030,491
Permanent Fund	0	0	0	0
Total All Other Governmental Funds	4,513,443	6,052,486	7,405,428	6,782,694
Total Governmental Funds	\$9,267,169	\$11,107,106	\$11,752,351	\$11,407,926

Source: City Auditor's Office

Our other choice is to restate all the pre Gasb 34 amounts by including any funds we've reclassified as governmental.

2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006
\$142,777 3,683,028	\$127,313 2,096,185	\$139,559 2,459,362	\$120,024 2,563,881	\$150,353 2,538,481	\$190,870 3,043,064
3,825,805	2,223,498	2,598,921	2,683,905	2,688,834	3,233,934
2,888,349	1,721,367	1,870,715	1,295,931	877,324	683,026
1,626,592	877,025	527,463	486,555	404,562	698,812
1,722,096	1,957,897	1,197,020	1,934,190	1,959,028	1,789,751
0	0	87,747	91,049	74,021	80,374
6,237,037	4,556,289	3,682,945	3,807,725	3,314,935	3,251,963
\$10,062,842	\$6,779,787	\$6,281,866	\$6,491,630	\$6,003,769	\$6,485,897

Changes in Fund Balances, Governmental Funds Last Ten Years (modified accrual basis of accounting)

	1997	1998	1999	2000
Revenues:				
Taxes	\$5,061,984	\$5,483,028	\$5,540,729	\$5,638,014
Intergovernmental Revenues	888,601	1,047,818	1,802,311	1,758,070
Charges for Services	133,188	200,654	320,045	314,930
Licenses and Permits	36,765	42,960	40,999	63,897
Investment Earnings	1,005,559	828,193	696,334	863,545
Fines and Forfeitures	55,242	54,447	37,983	47,028
All Other Revenue	56,143	244,071	131,060	208,067
Total Revenue	7,237,482	7,901,171	8,569,461	8,893,551
Expenditures:				
Current:				
Security of Persons and Property	3,484,930	4,021,883	3,266,024	3,113,404
Public Health and Welfare Services	50,000	52,500	52,500	52,500
Leisure Time Activities	555,381	744,484	765,123	1,063,805
Community Environment	266,905	247,784	275,314	642,751
Basic Utility Services	475,265	104,731	69,235	252,591
Transportation	1,421,046	1,224,876	2,068,313	2,599,485
General Government	865,532	930,780	1,205,090	1,008,258
Debt Service:				
Principal Retirement	180,000	1,505,000	290,000	265,563
Interest and Fiscal Charges	175,173	210,828	139,995	134,377
Total Expenditures	7,474,232	9,042,866	8,131,594	9,132,734
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues				
Over Expenditures	(236,750)	(1,141,695)	437,867	(239,183)

2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006
	_				
\$5,699,297	\$5,772,835	\$5,990,306	\$5,968,715	\$6,103,117	\$6,765,736
1,194,260	2,791,553	1,336,400	1,910,803	1,294,553	1,558,369
305,467	679,393	654,828	599,002	706,904	683,875
23,865	23,861	23,933	34,775	46,232	76,891
551,748	231,096	123,662	86,929	161,518	320,207
55,211	50,156	36,068	38,588	34,812	41,611
166,414	179,070	69,742	82,124	266,653	115,424
7,996,262	9,727,964	8,234,939	8,720,936	8,613,789	9,562,113
3,609,903	4,651,512	4,069,038	3,873,095	4,473,935	4,340,627
52,500	52,500	52,500	52,500	52,500	54,000
1,797,370	3,704,349	1,475,797	1,185,345	1,119,728	1,588,478
529,615	299,688	255,327	256,397	261,315	277,529
116,642	242,676	568,416	204,435	0	0
1,717,306	3,286,170	2,667,651	1,324,269	1,267,352	1,187,069
1,094,494	1,251,016	1,212,168	1,253,721	1,260,752	1,274,127
278,662	290,739	377,928	450,236	436,960	251,721
127,972	186,271	234,518	255,283	237,609	221,879
9,324,464	13,964,921	10,913,343	8,855,281	9,110,151	9,195,430
(1,328,202)	(4,236,957)	(2,678,404)	(134,345)	(496,362)	366,683
					(Continued)

Changes in Fund Balances, Governmental Funds Last Ten Years (modified accrual basis of accounting)

	1997	1998	1999	2000
Other Financing Sources (Uses):				
Sale of Capital Assets	11,370	13,484	992	3,327
Capital Leases Issued	0	0	0	0
Installment Loan Issued	0	0	228,000	95,165
General Obligation Bonds Issued	0	1,900,000	0	0
Refunding Bonds Issued	0	1,420,000	0	0
Payment to Escrow Agent	0	(258,000)	0	0
Transfers In	1,253,266	625,999	2,592,531	729,403
Transfers Out	(1,638,220)	(734,938)	(2,595,221)	(904,756)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(373,584)	2,966,545	226,302	(76,861)
Net Change in Fund Balance	(\$610,334)	\$1,824,850	\$664,169	(\$316,044)
Debt Service as a Percentage of Noncapital Expenditures	4.99%	23.42%	5.58%	4.58%

Source: City Auditor's Office

2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006
0	0	33,871	0	0	0
12,062	16,210	0	0	0	89,348
0	0	0	0	0	0
0	1,850,000	2,035,000	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	0
1,148,500	1,099,875	1,784,791	1,539,018	1,310,436	625,678
(1,259,310)	(1,995,649)	(1,784,791)	(1,177,356)	(1,277,270)	(625,678)
(98,748)	970,436	2,068,871	361,662	33,166	89,348
(\$1,426,950)	(\$3,266,521)	(\$609,533)	\$227,317	(\$463,196)	\$456,031
			_		
4.56%	3.54%	5.95%	8.66%	8.00%	5.43%

Income Tax Revenues by Source, Governmental Funds Last Ten Years

Tax year	1997	1998	1999	2000
Income Tax Rate	1.50%	1.50%	1.50%	1.50%
Estimated Personal Income (in thousands)	\$196,547	\$201,431	\$206,939	\$228,694
Total Tax Collected	\$4,410,056	\$4,530,381	\$4,528,079	\$4,721,023
Income Tax Receipts				
Withholding	3,614,902	3,737,132	3,827,094	3,915,674
Percentage	81.97%	84.74%	86.78%	88.79%
Corporate	559,899	567,265	462,434	535,403
Percentage	12.70%	12.86%	10.49%	12.14%
Individuals	235,255	225,984	238,551	269,946
Percentage	5.33%	5.12%	5.41%	6.12%

Source: City Income Tax Department

2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006
1.50%	1.50%	1.50%	1.50%	1.50%	1.50%
\$232,531	\$236,667	\$240,862	\$253,124	\$260,150	\$260,150
\$4,775,099	\$4,793,602	\$4,950,955	\$4,806,164	\$5,004,128	\$5,430,307
3,975,876	3,982,270	3,912,690	3,940,162	4,072,849	4,154,215
90.15%	90.30%	88.72%	89.34%	92.35%	94.20%
547,623	501,273	661,068	506,273	569,139	913,764
12.42%	11.37%	14.99%	11.48%	12.91%	20.72%
251,600	310,059	377,197	359,729	362,140	362,328
5.71%	7.03%	8.55%	8.16%	8.21%	8.22%



Income Tax Statistics Current Year and Nine Years Ago

	Calendar Year 2006					
Income Tax Filers	Number of Filers	Percent of Total	Taxable Income	Percent of Income	Income Tax Collections	Percent of Income
Top Ten	10	0.17%	\$154,941,866	42.80%	\$2,324,128	42.80%
All Others	5,959	99.83%	207,078,667	57.20%	3,106,180	57.20%
Total	5,969	100.00%	\$362,020,533	100.00%	\$5,430,308	100.00%

Calendar Year 1997

Income Tax Filers	Number of Filers	Percent of Total	Taxable Income	Percent of Income	Income Tax Collections	Percent of Income
Top Ten	10	0.21%	\$137,379,133	46.73%	\$2,060,687	46.73%
All Others	4,771	99.79%	156,622,000	53.27%	2,349,330	53.27%
Total	4,781	100.00%	\$294,001,133	100.00%	\$4,410,017	100.00%

Source: City Income Tax Department

Ratio of Outstanding Debt By Type Last Ten Years

	1997	1998	1999	2000
Governmental Activities (1)				
General Obligation Bonds Payable	\$1,425,000	\$3,240,000	\$2,950,000	\$2,715,000
Installment Loan Payable	0	0	114,000	178,238
Capital Leases	7,844	5,183	2,212	305
Business-type Activities (1)				
General Obligation Bonds Payable	0	3,340,000	3,230,000	3,115,000
Ohio Water Development Authority Loans	6,440,572	6,102,992	5,748,322	5,375,697
Installment Loan Payable	0	0	114,000	92,239
Total Primary Government	\$7,873,416	\$12,688,175	\$12,158,534	\$11,476,479
Population (2)				
City of Heath	8,100	8,100	8,100	8,527
Outstanding Debt Per Capita	\$972	\$1,566	\$1,501	\$1,346
Income (3)				
Personal (in thousands)	196,547	201,431	206,939	228,694
Percentage of Personal Income	4.01%	6.30%	5.88%	5.02%

Sources:

- (2) US Bureau of Census, Population Division
- (3) US Department of Commerce, Bureau of Economic Analysis
 - (a) Per Capita Income is only available by County, Total Personal Income is a calculation

2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006
\$2,475,000	\$4,075,000	\$5,775,000	\$5,370,000	\$4,950,000	\$4,715,000
139,576	98,837	55,910	10,674	0	0
10,859	23,893	18,868	13,250	6,964	79,591
2,995,000	2,875,000	2,745,000	2,610,000	2,475,000	2,330,000
4,984,208	4,572,900	4,370,769	5,636,654	5,866,987	5,735,892
70,842	48,373	24,777	0	0	0
\$10,675,485	\$11,694,003	\$12,990,324	\$13,640,578	\$13,298,951	\$12,860,483
8,527	8,527	8,527	8,527	8,527	8,527
\$1,252	\$1,371	\$1,523	\$1,600	\$1,560	\$1,508
232,531	236,667	240,862	253,124	260,150	260,150
4.59%	4.94%	5.39%	5.39%	5.11%	4.94%

Ratios of General Bonded Debt Outstanding Last Ten Years

Year	1997	1998	1999	2000
Population (1)	8,100	8,100	8,100	8,527
Assessed Value (2)	\$198,445,650	\$211,466,850	\$233,751,260	\$236,728,410
General Bonded Debt (3) General Obligation Bonds	\$1,425,000	\$6,580,000	\$6,180,000	\$5,830,000
Resources Available to Pay Principal (4)	\$405,909	\$460,635	\$576,752	\$730,272
Net General Bonded Debt	\$1,019,091	\$6,119,365	\$5,603,248	\$5,099,728
Ratio of Net Bonded Debt to Estimated Actual Value	0.51%	2.89%	2.40%	2.15%
Net Bonded Debt per Capita	\$125.81	\$755.48	\$691.76	\$598.07

Source:

- (1) U.S. Bureau of Census of Population
- (2) Licking County Auditor
- (3) Includes all general obligation bonded debt supported by property taxes.
- (4) Includes only Debt Service funds available for general obligation bonded debt supported by property taxes.

2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006
8,527	8,527	8,527	8,527	8,527	8,527
\$244,948,550	\$255,735,300	\$254,495,240	\$261,138,600	\$302,719,520	\$281,821,460
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\$5,470,000	\$6,950,000	\$8,520,000	\$7,980,000	\$7,425,000	\$7,045,000
\$839,512	\$995,128	\$757,865	\$494,931	\$245,652	\$227,198
\$4,630,488	\$5,954,872	\$7,762,135	\$7,485,069	\$7,179,348	\$6,817,802
1.89%	2.33%	3.05%	2.87%	2.37%	2.42%
\$543.04	\$698.35	\$910.30	\$877.81	\$841.95	\$799.55



Computation of Direct and Overlapping Debt Attributable to Governmental Activities December 31, 2006

Jurisdiction	Gross Debt Outstanding	Percentage Applicable to the City of Heath	Amount Applicable to the City of Heath
Direct:			
City of Heath	\$4,715,000	100.00%	\$4,715,000
Overlapping:			
Heath City School District	147,328	94.55%	139,299
Licking County	23,934,063	7.73%	1,850,103
		Subtotal	1,989,402
		Total	\$6,704,402

Source: Licking County

Debt Limitations Last Ten Years

Collection Year	1997	1998	1999	2000
Total Debt				
Net Assessed Valuation	\$198,445,650	\$211,466,850	\$233,751,260	\$236,728,410
Legal Debt Limitation (%) (1)	10.50%	10.50%	10.50%	10.50%
Legal Debt Limitation (\$) (1)	20,836,793	22,204,019	24,543,882	24,856,483
City Debt Outstanding (2)	1,425,000	3,240,000	2,950,000	2,715,000
Less: Applicable Debt Service Fund Amounts	(405,909)	(460,635)	(576,752)	(730,272)
Net Indebtedness Subject to Limitation	1,019,091	2,779,365	2,373,248	1,984,728
Overall Legal Debt Margin	\$19,817,702	\$19,424,654	\$22,170,634	\$22,871,755
Unvoted Debt				
Net Assessed Valuation	\$198,445,650	\$211,466,850	\$233,751,260	\$236,728,410
Legal Debt Limitation (%) (1)	5.50%	5.50%	5.50%	5.50%
Legal Debt Limitation (\$) (1)	10,914,511	11,630,677	12,856,319	13,020,063
City Debt Outstanding (2)	1,425,000	3,240,000	2,950,000	2,715,000
Less: Applicable Debt Service Fund Amounts	(405,909)	(460,635)	(576,752)	(730,272)
Net Indebtedness Subject to Limitation	1,019,091	2,779,365	2,373,248	1,984,728
Overall Legal Debt Margin	\$9,895,420	\$8,851,312	\$10,483,071	\$11,035,335

⁽¹⁾ Direct Debt Limitation based upon Section 133, The Uniform Bond Act of the Ohio Revised Code.

⁽²⁾ City Debt Outstanding includes Non Self-Supporting General Obligation Bonds and Notes only. Enterprise Debt is not considered in the computation of the Legal Debt Margin.

			-00.	-00-	
2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006
\$244,948,550	\$255,735,300	\$254,495,240	\$261,138,600	\$302,719,520	\$281,821,460
10.50%	10.50%	10.50%	10.50%	10.50%	10.50%
25,719,598	26,852,207	26,722,000	27,419,553	31,785,550	29,591,253
2,475,000	4,075,000	5,775,000	5,370,000	4,950,000	0
(839,512)	(955,128)	(757,865)	(494,931)	(245,652)	0
1,635,488	3,119,872	5,017,135	4,875,069	4,704,348	0
\$24,084,110	\$23,732,335	\$21,704,865	\$22,544,484	\$27,081,202	\$29,591,253
\$244,948,550	\$255,735,300	\$254,495,240	\$261,138,600	\$302,719,520	\$281,821,460
5.50%	5.50%	5.50%	5.50%	5.50%	5.50%
13,472,170	14,065,442	13,997,238	14,362,623	16,649,574	15,500,180
2,475,000	4,075,000	5,775,000	5,370,000	4,950,000	0
(839,512)	(955,128)	(757,865)	(494,931)	(245,652)	0
1,635,488	3,119,872	5,017,135	4,875,069	4,704,348	0
\$11,836,682	\$10,945,570	\$8,980,103	\$9,487,554	\$11,945,226	\$15,500,180
711,000,000	+ 10,5 .e,e 10	40,200,100	Ψ,,,εε.	÷11,> .0,220	+ 10,000,100

Demographic and Economic Statistics Last Ten Years

Calendar Year	1997	1998	1999	2000
Population (1)				
City of Heath	8,100	8,100	8,100	8,527
Licking County	128,300	128,300	128,300	145,491
Income (2) (a)				
Total Personal (in thousands)	196,547	201,431	206,939	228,694
Per Capita	24,265	24,868	25,548	26,820
Unemployment Rate (3)				
Federal	5.4%	4.9%	4.5%	4.2%
State	4.8%	4.6%	4.3%	4.3%
Licking County	3.8%	3.8%	3.6%	3.6%
Civilian Work Force Estimates (3)				
State	5,710,000	5,678,000	5,749,000	5,900,400
Licking County	71,800	72,800	72,500	73,100

Sources:

- (1) US Bureau of Census of Population
- (2) US Department of Commerce, Bureau of Economic Analysis information is only available through 2005 for the presentation of 2006 statistics, the City is using the latest information available.
 - (a) Per Capita Income is only available by County, Total Personal Income is a calculation
- (3) State Department of Labor Statistics

2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006
0.527	0.507	0.505	0.505	0.525	0.507
8,527	8,527	8,527	8,527	8,527	8,527
145,491	145,491	145,491	145,491	145,491	145,491
232,531	236,667	240,862	253,124	260,150	260,150
27,270	27,755	28,247	29,685	30,509	30,509
3.8%	4.8%	5.8%	6.0%	5.5%	5.0%
3.7%	4.3%	5.7%	6.1%	6.0%	5.9%
3.6%	4.7%	5.3%	5.9%	5.8%	5.1%
5,857,000	5,828,000	5,915,000	5,875,300	5,900,400	5,934,000
75,100	77,800	78,800	80,500	81,100	82,700



Principal Employers Current Year and Nine Years Ago

		2006	
Employer	Nature of Business	Number of Employees	Rank
Central Ohio Aerospace & Technology Center	Manufacturing	947	1
Arvin/Meritor	Manufacturing	582	2
Super Wal-Mart	Retail Sales	446	3
Kaiser Aluminum & Chemical Co.	Manufactiring	272	4
Heath Nursing Home	Health Care	240	5
Kroger	Retail/Grocery	194	6
Lowe's Home Center	Retail Sales	193	7
Englefield Oil	Petroleum Products	191	8
Heath City Schools	Education	174	9
Sears	Retail Sales	163	10
Total		3,402	
		1997	
Employer	Nature of Business	Number of Employees	Rank
Central Ohio Aerospace and Technology Center	Manufacturing	1,230	1
Rockwell/Meritor Heavy Vehicle Systems	Manufacturing	1,144	2
Kaiser Aluminum and Chemical Corportation	Manufacturing	315	3
Wal-Mart Stores	Retail Sales	225	4
Heath Nursing Home	Health Care	190	5
Heath City Schools	Education	181	6
Sears	Retail Sales	150	7
Englefield Oil	Petoleum Products	145	8
Alltell	Utility Company - Telephone	95	9
Mathews Ford	Automobile Sales and Service	80	10
Total		3,755	

Sources:

City of Heath Income Tax Department

Full Time Equivalent Employees by Function Last Ten Years

	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001
Governmental Activities					
General Government					
Mayor	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Auditor	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Council	7.00	7.00	7.00	7.00	7.00
Clerk of Council	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Legal	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00
Administration	2.75	2.75	3.25	3.25	3.00
Income Tax	4.25	4.50	4.50	5.00	5.00
Service	1.50	1.25	1.25	1.25	1.25
Security of Persons and Property					
Police	21.50	20.00	22.00	22.00	21.00
Fire	12.00	14.00	17.00	24.50	26.75
Communications	9.00	8.50	9.00	10.00	10.00
Transportation					
Street	11.25	10.00	11.00	11.00	11.00
Leisure Time Activities					
Recreation / Parks	5.50	4.25	4.75	6.25	9.75
Water Park	14.50	13.25	13.75	14.00	15.25
Community Environment					
Zoning	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00
Business-Type Activities					
Utilities					
Water	9.00	9.00	9.00	9.00	8.00
Sewer	10.00	10.00	10.00	9.25	9.00
Total Employees	115.25	111.50	119.50	129.50	134.00

Method: 1.00 for each full-time, 0.50 for each part-time and 0.25 for each seasonal employee

2002	2003	2004	2005	2006
1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
7.00	7.00	7.00	7.00	7.00
1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00
3.25	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.25
5.00	5.00	5.00	4.00	4.00
1.25	1.25	1.00	1.00	1.00
22.00	21.00	19.00	19.00	18.00
27.00	23.50	22.50	16.00	16.50
9.00	9.50	9.50	10.50	11.00
11.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	9.00
11.00	10.00	9.50	8.25	8.00
27.25	34.75	36.75	31.25	31.00
2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00
8.25	8.00	8.00	8.00	8.25
9.25	9.00	9.00	9.00	7.50
148.25	149.00	147.25	134.00	131.50

Operating Indicators by Function Last Ten Years

	1997	1998	1999	2000
Governmental Activities				
General Government				
Council				
Members	7	7	7	7
Number of Ordinances passed	118	131	122	88
Number of Resolutions passed	20	13	13	14
Security of Persons and Property				
Police				
Number of Traffic Citations Issued	1,411	1,207	843	1,296
Number of Arrests	428	405	598	712
Number of Accidents				
Fire				
Number of Calls	1,651	1,618	1,643	1,694
Number of Inspections	338	280	257	230
Transportation				
Street				
Number of Streets Resurfaced	14	18	20	3
Leisure Time Activities				
Recreation / Parks				
Number of Pool/Water Park Memberships Sold	321	299	338	461
Number of Rec Center Memberships Sold	N/A	73	190	2,123
Community Environment				
Number of Building Permits	148	226	219	184
Number of Building Inspections	122	204	196	167
Number of Board of Building and Zoning Appeal Cases	20	23	27	25
Business-Type Activities				
Water				
Number of Service Connections	2,990	3,050	3,050	3,225
Water Main Breaks				
Daily Average Consumption (thousands of gallons)	1,500	1,500	1,500	1,500
Maximun Daily Capacity (thousands of gallons)	1,800	1,800	1,800	1,800
Sewer				
Daily Average Sewage Treatment (thousands of gallons)	1,300	1,400	1,400	1,400

2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006
7	7	7	7	7	7
103	135	106	116	96	97
11	11	15	20	15	11
1,157	1,188	1,500	1,349	1,135	1,523
780	763	616	538	583	589
1,788	1,804	1,705	1,903	1,864	1,914
280	306	302	376	354	320
15	2	4	3	4	2
13	2	•	3	•	2
400	025	004	000	0.62	020
400 227	925 235	984 241	888 205	962 117	928 182
221	255	241	203	117	162
174	119	154	139	157	196
154	100	141	130	128	177
26	10	13	17	26	20
3,225	3,398	3,398	3,425	3,425	3,425
1,500	1,500	1,200	1,200	1,200	1,300
1,800	1,800	4,000	4,000	4,000	4,000
1,400	1,400	1,300	1,300	1,300	1,300

Capital Asset Statistics by Function Last Ten Years

	1997	1998	1999	2000
Governmental Activities				
General Government				
Public Land and Buildings				
Land (acres)	129	129	129	130
Buildings	21	21	21	21
Security of Persons and Property				
Police				
Stations	1	1	1	1
Patrol Vehicles	7	7	7	8
Fire				
Stations	2	2	2	2
Vehicles	12	12	10	10
Transportation				
Street				
Streets (lane miles)	86	86	86	86
Street Lights	654	654	654	654
Traffic Signals (Intersections)	14	14	14	14
Vehicles	14	14	14	14
Leisure Time Activities				
Recreation / Parks				
Land (acres)	129	129	129	129
Buildings	2	2	2	2
Parks	8	8	8	8
Playgrounds	3	3	3	3
Swimming Pools	1	1	1	1
Baseball/Softball Diamonds	7	7	7	7
Sand Volleyball Courts	2	2	2	2
Fitness and Recreation Center	0	1	1	1

2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006
130	130	130	136	132	132
21	21	21	22	23	23
1	1	1	1	1	1
8	8	8	8	8	8
2	2	2	2	2	2
10	10	9	9	9	10
86	86	87	87	87	87
654	654	660	660	705	707
14	14	17	17	17	18
14	14	14	14	14	14
129	358	358	366	376	376
2	2	2	2	2	2
8	9	9	10	11	11
3	3	3	3	3	3
1	1	1	1	1	1
7	7	7	7	7	7
2	2	2	2	2	2
1	1	1	1	1	1

(Continued)

Capital Asset Statistics by Function Last Ten Years

	1997	1998	1999	2000
Business-Type Activities				
Utilities				
Water				
Waterlines (Miles)	55	60	60	60
Pump Stations	5	5	5	4
Number of Hydrants	505	505	505	505
Average Daily Consumption	1,500,000	1,500,000	1,500,000	1,500,000
Storage Capacity (thousands of gallons)	2,165	2,165	2,165	2,165
Sewer				
Sewerlines (Miles)	74	80	80	80
Lift Stations	14	14	15	15
Storm Drains (Miles)	50	51	51	52
Number of Catch Basins				
Treatment Capacity (thousands of gallons)	1,750	1,750	1,750	1,750

2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006
60	62	67	71	74	79
4	4	4	4	5	5
505	529	540	560	588	594
1,500,000	1,500,000	1,200,000	1,200,000	1,200,000	1,400,000
2,165	2,165	2,165	2,165	2,165	2,165
00	02	0.6	101	105	110
80	82	96	101	105	110
15	16	16	18	19	19
52	52	52	52	52	60
1,750	1,750	1,750	1,750	1,750	1,750

WOLFE, WILSON, & PHILLIPS, INC. 37 SOUTH SEVENTH STREET ZANESVILLE, OHIO 43701

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS REQUIRED BY GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Honorable Mayor and Members of Council City of Heath Heath, Ohio 43056

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Heath as of and for the year ended December 31, 2006, and have issued our report thereon dated May 1, 2007. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the City of Heath's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our audit procedures for expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not to opine on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we have not opined on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over financial reporting.

A control deficiency exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect misstatements on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a control deficiency, or combination of control deficiencies, that adversely affects the City's ability to initiate, authorize, record, process, or report financial data reliably in accordance with its applicable accounting basis, such that there is more than a remote likelihood that the City's internal control will not prevent or detect a more-than-inconsequential financial statement misstatement.

A material weakness is a significant deficiency, or combination of significant deficiencies resulting in more than a remote likelihood that the City's internal control will not prevent or detect a material financial statement misstatement.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purposes described in the first paragraph of this section and would not necessarily identify all internal control deficiencies that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider material weaknesses, as defined above.

Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Required by Government Auditing Standards Page 2

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City of Heath's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*. However, we noted certain immaterial instances of noncompliance which we have reported to management of the City of Heath in a separate letter dated May 1, 2007.

This report is intended for the information of the Mayor, City Council, and the Auditor of State and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Wolfe. Wilson, & Phillips, Inc. Zanesville, Ohio May 1, 2007





Mary Taylor, CPA Auditor of State

CITY OF HEATH

LICKING COUNTY

CLERK'S CERTIFICATION

This is a true and correct copy of the report which is required to be filed in the Office of the Auditor of State pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in Columbus, Ohio.

CLERK OF THE BUREAU

Susan Babbitt

CERTIFIED JULY 17, 2007