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Financial Statements

December 31, 2006



Mary Taylor, CPA Auditor of State

Members of Council City of Medina 132 North Elmwood Avenue Medina, Ohio 44258

We have reviewed the *Independent Auditor's Report* of the City of Medina, Medina County, prepared by Rea & Associates, Inc., for the audit period January 1, 2006 through December 31, 2006. Based upon this review, we have accepted these reports in lieu of the audit required by Section 117.11, Revised Code. The Auditor of State did not audit the accompanying financial statements and, accordingly, we are unable to express, and do not express an opinion on them.

Our review was made in reference to the applicable sections of legislative criteria, as reflected by the Ohio Constitution, and the Revised Code, policies, procedures and guidelines of the Auditor of State, regulations and grant requirements. The City of Medina is responsible for compliance with these laws and regulations.

Mary Taylor, CPA Auditor of State

Mary Taylor

July 16, 2007



City of Medina, Ohio

For the Year Ended December 31, 2006

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City of Medina, Ohio

For the Year Ended December 31, 2006

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June 22, 2007

To The Honorable Mayor and City Council City of Medina Medina County, Ohio

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Medina, Medina County, Ohio, as of and for the year ended December 31, 2006 which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the City's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

Except as discussed in the following paragraph, we conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

Because of the inadequacy of the accounting records, we were unable to obtain sufficient evidence regarding the amounts at which land and other capital assets, net of depreciation are recorded in the governmental activities and business-type activities in the accompanying statement of net assets at December 31, 2006 (stated at \$2,470,500, \$13,180,184, \$3,065,568, and \$24,777,466, respectively), and the amount of accumulated depreciation and depreciation expense recorded in the governmental activities and the business-type activities for the year ended (stated at \$12,231,530, \$1,208,141, \$20,124,757, and \$1,693,762, respectively). Due to our inability to obtain assurance on the amounts recorded as capital assets, we are also unable to obtain assurance as to the amounts recorded as Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt for the governmental activities and business-type activities (stated at \$13,123,299, and \$7,613,210, respectively). We were unable to satisfy ourselves regarding land and construction in progress and other capital assets net of depreciation, accumulated depreciation, depreciation expense, and Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt amounts by other auditing procedures.

City of Medina, Medina County, Ohio Independent Auditor's Report Page 2

In our opinion, except for the effects of such adjustment, if any, as might have been determined to be necessary had we been able to satisfy ourselves about land and other capital assets, net of depreciation, accumulated depreciation, depreciation expense, and invested in capital assets net of related debt, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Medina, as of December 31, 2006 and the respective changes in financial position and the cash flows where applicable, thereof, and the respective budgetary comparisons for the general fund, police special, and the stormwater/street fund, for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated June 22, 2007 on our consideration of the City of Medina's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* and should be considered in assessing the results of our audit.

Management's Discussion and Analysis on pages 3 through 12 is not a required part of the basic financial statements but is supplementary information required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the required supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it. As a result of our limited procedures, we believe Management's Discussion and Analysis does not conform to Governmental Accounting Standards Board guidelines, since as discussed in paragraph three, we were unable to satisfy ourselves about land and other capital assets, net of depreciation, accumulated depreciation, depreciation expense and invested in capital assets, net of related debt.

Lea & Associates, Inc.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended December 31, 2006

Our discussion and analysis of the City of Medina's financial performance provides an overview of the City's financial activities as of December 31, 2006.

Please read it in conjunction with the City's basic financial statements, which begin on page 13.

Financial Highlights

Key financial highlights for 2006 are as follows:

- The City's net assets increased \$6.2 million as a result of this year's operations. Net assets of our business-type activities decreased by approximately \$.8 million, or 3.4%, and net assets of governmental activities increased by \$7.0 million, or 20.8%.
- The City did not issue General Obligation Bonds in 2006 and continued reducing its overall outstanding debt obligations.
- Capital assets increased by \$.5 million in additional construction in progress and improvements to buildings and roads.

The Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities (on pages 13 and 14-15) provide information about the activities of the City as a whole and present a long-term view of the City's finances. Fund financial statements begin on page 16. For governmental activities, these statements tell how these services were financed in the short-term as well as what remains for future spending. Fund financial statements also report the City's operations in more detail than the government-wide statements by providing information about the City's most financially significant funds.

Reporting the City as a Whole

The Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities

Our analysis of the City as a whole begins on page 6. One of the most important questions asked about the City's finances is, "Is the City as a whole better off or worse off as a result of the year's activities?" The Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities report information about the City as a whole and about its activities in a way that helps answer this question. These statements include all assets and liabilities using the *accrual basis of accounting*, which is similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. Accrual of the current year's revenues and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid.

These two statements report the City's *net assets* and changes in them. You can think of the City's net assets, the difference between assets, what the citizens own, and liabilities, what the citizens owe, as one way to measure the City's financial health, or *financial position*. Over time, *increases or decreases* in the City's net assets are one indicator of whether its *financial health* is improving or deteriorating. You will need to consider other non-financial factors; however, such as changes in the City's property tax base, income tax base, and the condition of the City's capital assets (land, roads, building, water and sewer lines etc...) to assess the *overall health* of the City.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended December 31, 2006

In the Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities, we divide the City into two types of activities:

- Governmental Activities Most of the City's basic services are reported here, including the
 police, fire, street and highway maintenance, capital improvement, vehicle acquisition, parks and
 recreation, and general administrative. Income taxes, property taxes, undivided local government,
 ambulance user fees and state and federal grants finance most of these activities.
- Business-Type Activities The City charges a fee to customers to help cover all or most of the cost of certain services it provides. The City's water, sanitation and recreation center operations are reported here.

Reporting the City's Most Significant Funds

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide detailed information about the most significant funds, not the City as a whole. Some funds are required to be established by State law. However, City Council establishes many other funds to help it control and manage money for particular purposes or to show that it is meeting legal responsibilities for using certain taxes, grants, and other money. The City's three kinds of funds, governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary, use different accounting approaches.

Governmental funds - Most of the City's basic services are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at year end that are available for spending. These funds are reported using an accounting method called *modified accrual* accounting, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed *short-term view* of the City's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps one determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the City's programs. We describe the relationship (or differences) between governmental *activities* (reported in the Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities) and governmental funds in a reconciliation alongside the fund financial statements.

Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the general fund, special assessment bond fund, police special fund and stormwater/streets fund, all of which are considered to be major funds. Data from the other governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation.

The City adopts an annual appropriated budget for its general fund. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for the general fund to demonstrate compliance with this budget.

Our analysis of the City's major funds begins on page 10.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended December 31, 2006

Proprietary funds - When the City charges customers for the services it provides whether to outside customers or to other units of the City, these services are reported in proprietary funds. Proprietary funds are reported in the same way that all activities are reported in the Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities. In fact, the City's enterprise funds (a component of business type funds) are the same as the business-type activities we report in the government-wide statements but provide more detail and additional information, such as cash flows, for proprietary funds.

The proprietary fund financial statements begin on page 23.

Fiduciary Funds - These funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are not available to support the City's own programs. The accounting for the fiduciary funds is much like that used to proprietary funds.

The fiduciary fund financial statements begin on page 26.

Notes to the Financial Statements - The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements begin on page 29.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended December 31, 2006

The City as a Whole

Recall that the Statement of Net Assets provides the perspective of the City as a whole.

Table 1 provides a summary of the City's net assets for 2006 compared to 2005:

(Table 1) Net Assets

		nmental vities		ss-Type vities	Total		
	2006	2005	2006	2005	2006	2005	
Assets	© 22.226.015	Ф 20.152.292	f 16.252.462	£ 16,600,704	¢ 40 400 477	Ф 46.762.077	
Current and Other Assets	\$ 32,236,015	\$ 30,153,283	\$ 16,253,462	\$ 16,609,794	\$ 48,489,477	\$ 46,763,077	
Capital Assets, Net	15,650,684	13,702,441	27,843,034	29,322,616	43,493,718	43,025,057	
Total Assets	47,886,699	43,855,724	44,096,496	45,932,410	91,983,195	89,788,134	
Liabilities							
Current and Other							
Liabilities	4,416,596	6,553,213	555,230	518,302	4,971,826	7,071,515	
Long Term Liabilities							
Due Within One Year	664,507	1,118,908	1,020,482	1,101,779	1,684,989	2,220,687	
Due in More than One Year	2,234,966	2,590,240	19,317,737	20,287,733	21,552,703	22,877,973	
Total Liabilities	7,316,069	10,262,361	20,893,449	21,907,814	28,209,518	32,170,175	
Net Assets							
Invested in Capital							
Assets Net of Debt	13,123,299	10,833,627	7,613,210	8,153,764	20,736,509	18,987,391	
Restricted							
Capital Outlay	3,601,193	3,778,807	0	0	3,601,193	3,778,807	
Debt Service	4,771,363	3,831,872	0	0	4,771,363	3,831,872	
Police Operating	1,578,935	910,194	0	0	1,578,935	910,194	
Stormwater Construction and Repair	1,566,953	1,844,489	0	0	1,566,953	1,844,489	
Other	6,180,978	5,527,818	0	0	6,180,978	5,527,818	
Unrestricted (Deficit)	9,747,909	6,866,556	15,589,837	15,870,832	25,337,746	22,737,388	
Total Net Assets	\$ 40,570,630	\$ 33,593,363	\$ 23,203,047	\$ 24,024,596	\$ 63,773,677	\$ 57,617,959	

The City's *combined* net assets changed from a year ago, *increasing* from \$57.6 million to \$63.8 million. Looking at the net assets and net expenses of governmental and business-type activities separately, different stories emerge.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended December 31, 2006

Net assets in the City's governmental activities increased by 20.8% (\$40.6 million compared to \$33.6 million). Unrestricted net assets, the part of net assets that can be used to finance day-to-day operations without constraints established by debt covenants, enabling legislation, or other legal requirements increased from \$6.9 million at December 31, 2005, to \$9.7 million at the end of 2006. Restricted net assets, those restricted mainly for capital projects and special purposes such as street cleaning or maintenance increased by \$1.8 million. The investments in capital assets, net of debt category increased by \$2.3 million.

Net assets in the City's business-type activities decreased by 3.4% (\$23.2 million compared to \$24 million) in 2006. The City generally can only use these net assets to finance the continuing operations of the water, sewer, refuse operations and other business-type activities of the City.

Table 2 shows the changes in net assets for fiscal years 2006 and 2005. This will enable readers to draw further conclusions about the City's financial status and possibly project future problems.

City of Medina Medina County, Ohio Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended December 31, 2006

Table 2 **Change in Net Assets**

	Government	al Activities	Business-Ty	pe Activities	To	otal
	2006	2005	2006	2005	2006	2005
Revenues						
Program Revenues:						
Charges for Services	\$ 3,176,068	\$ 3,135,409	\$ 8,773,977	\$ 8,594,301	\$ 11,950,045	\$ 11,729,710
Operating Grants and Contributions	2,186,049	2,621,714	0	0	2,186,049	2,621,714
Capital Grants	67,744	15,424	0	0	67,744	15,424
Total Program Revenues	5,429,861	5,772,547	8,773,977	8,594,301	14,203,838	14,366,848
General Revenue:						
City Income Taxes	11,952,464	10,974,948	777,454	1,198,643	12,729,918	12,173,591
Property Taxes	3,140,249	3,052,755	0	0	3,140,249	3,052,755
Grants and Contributions	1,780,267	1,684,318	0	0	1,780,267	1,684,318
Interest and Investment Earnings	935,437	845,354	139,939	102,951	1,075,376	948,305
Other	181,171	139,393	23,975	78,917	205,146	218,310
Total General Revenues	17,989,588	16,696,768	941,368	1,380,511	18,930,956	18,077,279
Total Revenues	23,419,449	22,469,315	9,715,345	9,974,812	33,134,794	32,444,127
Program Expenses						
General Government	5,707,409	6,447,117	0	0	5,707,409	6,447,117
Security of Persons and Property	6,507,538	6,382,098	0	0	6,507,538	6,382,098
Public Health	135,463	121,847	0	0	135,463	121,847
Community Development	927,116	1,452,486	0	0	927,116	1,452,486
Transportation	1,933,168	2,033,268	0	0	1,933,168	2,033,268
Basic Utility	60,014	59,244	0	0	60,014	59,244
Leisure Time Activities	1,022,909	583,807	0	0	1,022,909	583,807
Interest on Long Term Debt	148,565	172,542	0	0	148,565	172,542
Water	0	0	4,833,245	5,162,825	4,833,245	5,162,825
Sanitation	0	0	2,942,849	2,974,708	2,942,849	2,974,708
Recreation Center	0	0	2,667,810	2,020,704	2,667,810	2,020,704
Airport	0	0	65,153	110,105	65,153	110,105
Storm Sewer	0	0	27,837	34,973	27,837	34,973
Total Expenses	16,442,182	17,252,409	10,536,894	10,303,315	26,979,076	27,555,724
Increase (Decrease) in Net Assets						
Before Transfers	6,977,267	5,216,906	(821,549)	(328,503)	6,155,718	4,888,403
Net Transfers	0	(145,005)	0	145,005	0	0
Change in Net Assets	\$ 6,977,267	\$ 5,071,901	\$ (821,549)	\$ (183,498)	\$ 6,155,718	\$ 4,888,403

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended December 31, 2006

Governmental Activities

The 1.25% income tax is the largest single source of revenue for the City. Income tax revenues are allocated based on City ordinance with the exception of the Street Maintenance and Repair Special fund portion which is decided by vote. In 2006, all costs of collecting the taxes and administering and enforcing the provisions were paid into the general fund. The remaining balance was allocated among General Fund, Parks and Recreation, Police Special, Fire Special, Stormwater/Street, General Purpose Capital, Fire Capital, Computer/Electronic Technology, Unanticipated Capital and Recreation Center.

The Statement of Activities shows the cost of program services and the charges for services and grants offsetting those services. Table 3 shows, for governmental activities, the total cost of services and the net cost of services. That is, it identifies the cost of these services supported by tax revenue and unrestricted State entitlements.

Table 3
Governmental Activities

		20	06					
	Total Cost		Net Cost			Total Cost		Net Cost
General Government	\$	5,707,409	\$	3,898,596	\$	6,447,117	\$	4,835,631
Security of Persons and Property		6,507,538		4,818,803		6,382,098		4,567,276
Public Health		135,463		130,047		121,847		119,145
Community Development		927,116		590,884		1,452,486		815,402
Transportation		1,933,168		471,722		2,033,268		458,383
Basic Utility		60,014		(4,204)		59,244		10,578
Lesiure Time		1,022,909		957,908		583,807		500,905
Interest and Fiscal Charges		148,565		148,565		172,542		172,542
Total Expenses	\$:	16,442,182	\$	11,012,321	\$	17,252,409	\$	11,479,862

The net cost shows the financial burden that was placed on the City's taxpayers by each of these functions. The increase in the net cost demonstrates the inability to recover the increased cost of the program under the current revenue policies.

When looking at sources of income to support governmental activities, it should be noted that the charges for services are only 13.6% of revenue. Revenues provided by sources other than city residents in the form of operating and capital grants comprise another 9.6%. The remaining revenues are primarily generated locally through property (13.4%) and income taxes (51.0%).

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended December 31, 2006

Business-Type Activities

The City's major Enterprise Funds consist of the Water Fund, the Sanitation Fund and the Recreation Center Fund. For a description of these funds, see accompanying Notes to the Basic Financial Statements.

The basic financial statements for the major funds are included in this report.

The City's Funds

Governmental Funds

Information about the City's major governmental funds begins on page 16. These funds are reported using the modified accrual basis of accounting. All Governmental funds had total revenues of \$24 million and expenditures of \$19.2 million. The General Fund balance increased \$1.8 million, the Special Assessment Bond Fund balance increased by less than \$1,000, the Police Special Fund increased \$.5 million and the Stormwater/Street Fund decreased \$.3 million.

Proprietary Funds

The City's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail.

Information about the City's major proprietary funds begins on page 23.

General Fund Budgeting Highlights

The budgetary process is prescribed by provisions of the Ohio Revised Code and the Codified Ordinance of the City and entails the preparation of budgetary documents within an established timetable. The major documents prepared are the Tax Budget, the Certificate of Estimated Resources and the Appropriation Ordinance: all are prepared on the budgetary basis of accounting. The Certificate of Estimated Resources and the Appropriations Ordinance are subject to amendment throughout the year with the legal restriction that appropriations cannot exceed estimated resources, as certified. All funds, other than agency funds, are legally required to be budgeted and appropriated. The legal level of budgetary control is at the object level within each department. Any budgetary modifications at this level may only be made by resolution of City Council.

Actual expenditures were less than final appropriations by \$1.5 million because some appropriations were not being spent. This occurred due to cost saving actions by City officials and appropriations for contingencies not realized and delayed implementation of projects for cost saving and other reasons. Actual revenues exceeded final budget revenues by \$.3 million due to improving economic climate between the time of the final estimate and the end of the year and other factors.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended December 31, 2006

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Capital Assets

At the end of 2006, the City had \$43.5 million invested in a broad range of capital assets, including police and fire equipment, land, buildings, park facilities, roads, bridges, and water and sewer lines (see below). This amount represents a net increase over last year. Table 4 shows fiscal year 2006 balances compared with 2005.

(Table 4) Capital Assets (Net of Depreciation)

	Governmen	tal Activities	Business-Ty	pe Activities	Total			
	2006 2005		2006	2005	2006	2005		
Land	\$ 1,077,742	\$ 1,021,974	\$ 3,065,568	\$ 3,065,568	\$ 4,143,310	\$ 4,087,542		
Construction in Progress	1,392,758	695,735	0	0	1,392,758	695,735		
Buildings and Improvements	6,572,734	6,802,163	13,149,096	14,067,068	19,721,830	20,869,231		
Furniture and Equipment	1,543,714	1,849,782	295,029	297,125	1,838,743	2,146,907		
Vehicles	778,447	603,441	143,815	147,838	922,262	751,279		
Infrastructure	4,285,289	2,729,346	11,189,526	11,745,017	15,474,815	14,474,363		
Totals	\$ 15,650,684	\$ 13,702,441	\$ 27,843,034	\$ 29,322,616	\$ 43,493,718	\$ 43,025,057		

This year's major capital asset activity included the following:

- A weigh station is being constructed and park improvements are in progress.
- Street improvements were made to Branch Road.

More detailed information about the City's capital assets is presented in Note 9 to the basic financial statements.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended December 31, 2006

Debt

At December 31, 2006, the City had \$19.7 million in General Obligation Bonds and \$1.7 million in Special Assessment Bonds.

	 Governmen	tal Ac	tivities	Business-Type Activities			Total				
	2006		2005	_	2006		2005		2006		2005
General Obligation Bonds:											
1987 Parking Improvement Bonds	\$ 16,200	\$	32,400	\$	0	\$	0	\$	16,200	\$	32,400
1991 Fire Station	725,000		725,000		0		0		725,000		725,000
1997 Street Improvements	80,000		160,000		0		0		80,000		160,000
Various Water Improvement Bonds	0		0		12,510,000		13,110,000		12,510,000		13,110,000
Recreation Center	 0		0		6,330,000		6,610,000		6,330,000		6,610,000
	821,200	_	917,400		18,840,000		19,720,000	_	19,661,200		20,637,400
Special Assessment Bonds:											
Various Street Improvements	1,692,385		1,890,058		0		0		1,692,385		1,890,058
Various Parking Improvements	13,800		27,600		0		0		13,800		27,600
Water Line	 0		0		18,615		20,942		18,615		20,942
	1,706,185		1,917,658	_	18,615		20,942	_	1,724,800		1,938,600
Total	\$ 2,527,385	\$	2,835,058	\$	18,858,615	\$	19,740,942	\$	21,386,000	\$	22,576,000

At December 31, 2006, the City had outstanding long-term debt obligations in the amount of \$2.5 million down from \$2.8 million in 2005 for the governmental activities which represents a 10.8% decrease. The City's business-type activities debt obligation as of December 31, 2006, was \$18.9 million down from \$19.7 million in 2005 which represents a decrease of 4.5%.

Other obligations include accrued vacation pay and sick leave. More detailed information about the City's long-term liabilities is presented in Note 13 of the basic financial statements.

Current Issues

The City continues to utilitze the additional resources made available by the voted allocation of income tax to the Stormwater/Streets Fund and improve various roads and railroad crossings.

Contacting the City's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, and investors and creditors with a general overview of the City's finances and to show the City's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact Keith H. Dirham, C.P.A., Director of Finance, 132 N. Elmwood Avenue, P.O. Box 703, Medina, Ohio, 44256-0703.

Statement of Net Assets December 31, 2006

	G	overnmental Activities	B	usiness-Type Activities	 Total
Assets					
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	23,834,596	\$	6,120,739	\$ 29,955,335
Cash with Fiscal Agent		12,203		0	12,203
Receivables:					
Accounts		72,559		1,226,402	1,298,961
Interest		704,217		0	704,217
Internal Balances		1,163,937		(1,163,937)	0
Internal Notes Receivable		(1,493,778)		1,493,778	0
Taxes		4,069,548		46,798	4,116,346
Intergovernmental		1,603,767		0	1,603,767
Special Assessments		2,178,257		0	2,178,257
Prepaid Items		90,709		30,867	121,576
Investment in Joint Venture		0		8,498,815	8,498,815
Land and Construction in Progress		2,470,500		3,065,568	5,536,068
Other Capital Assets, Net of Depreciation		13,180,184		24,777,466	 37,957,650
Total Assets		47,886,699		44,096,496	 91,983,195
Liabilities					
Accounts Payable		200,871		269,545	470,416
Accrued Salaries, Wages and Benefits		911,236		285,685	1,196,921
Accrued Interest Payable		12,203		0	12,203
Deferred Revenue		3,292,286		0	3,292,286
Long Term Liabilities:					
Due Within One Year		664,507		1,020,482	1,684,989
Due In More Than One Year		2,234,966		19,317,737	 21,552,703
Total Liabilities		7,316,069		20,893,449	 28,209,518
Net Assets					
Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt		13,123,299		7,613,210	20,736,509
Restricted for:					
Capital Outlay		3,601,193		0	3,601,193
Debt Service		4,771,363		0	4,771,363
Police Operating		1,578,935		0	1,578,935
Stormwater Construction and Repair		1,566,953		0	1,566,953
Other Purposes		6,180,978		0	6,180,978
Unrestricted		9,747,909		15,589,837	 25,337,746
Total Net Assets	\$	40,570,630	\$	23,203,047	\$ 63,773,677

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements.

Statement of Activities For the Fiscal Year Ended December 31, 2006

			Program Revenues				
	Expenses	Charges for Services and Sales	Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions			
Governmental Activities							
Current:							
General Government	\$ 5,707,409	\$ 1,571,996	\$ 236,817	\$ 0			
Security of Persons and Property	6,507,538	1,528,459	160,276	0			
Public Health	135,463	5,416	0	0			
Community Development	927,116	0	336,232	0			
Transportation	1,933,168	5,020	1,388,682	67,744			
Basic Utility	60,014	176	64,042	0			
Lesiure Time	1,022,909	65,001	0	0			
Interest and Fiscal Charges	148,565	0	0	0			
Total Governmental Activities	16,442,182	3,176,068	2,186,049	67,744			
Business-Type Activities							
Water	4,833,245	3,833,633	0	0			
Sanitation	2,942,849	3,100,613	0	0			
Recreation Center	2,667,810	1,833,055	0	0			
Airport	65,153	0	0	0			
Storm Sewer	27,837	6,676	0	0			
Total Business-Type Activities	10,536,894	8,773,977	0	0			
Totals	\$ 26,979,076	\$ 11,950,045	\$ 2,186,049	\$ 67,744			

General Revenues:

Property Taxes Levied for:

General Purposes

Other Purposes

Debt Service

Municipal Income Taxes Levied for: General Purposes

Other Purposes Capital Outlay

Grants and Entitlements not Restricted to

Specific Programs

Interest and Investment Earnings

Other

Total General Revenues

Change in Net Assets

Net Assets Beginning of Year

Net Assets End of Year

			Expense) Revenue anges in Net Assets			
G	Governmental Activities		Business-Type Activities	 Total		
\$	(3,898,596)	\$	0	\$ (3,898,596)		
	(4,818,803)		0	(4,818,803)		
	(130,047)		0	(130,047)		
	(590,884)		0	(590,884)		
	(471,722) 4,204		0	(471,722) 4,204		
	(957,908)		0	(957,908)		
	(148,565)		0	 (148,565)		
	(11,012,321)		0	(11,012,321)		
	0		(999,612)	(999,612)		
	0		157,764	157,764		
	0		(834,755) (65,153)	(834,755)		
	0		(21,161)	 (65,153) (21,161)		
	0		(1,762,917)	 (1,762,917)		
	(11,012,321)		(1,762,917)	 (12,775,238)		
	1,204,986		0	1,204,986		
	1,821,827		0	1,821,827		
	113,436		0	113,436		
	2,234,293		777,454	3,011,747		
	8,551,989		0	8,551,989		
	1,166,182		0	1,166,182		
	1,780,267		0	1,780,267		
	935,437		139,939	1,075,376		
	181,171	-	23,975	 205,146		
	17,989,588		941,368	 18,930,956		
	6,977,267		(821,549)	6,155,718		
	33,593,363		24,024,596	 57,617,959		
\$	40,570,630	\$	23,203,047	\$ 63,773,677		

Balance Sheet Governmental Funds December 31, 2006

	General		Special Assessment Debt Service		Police Special Fund		Stormwater/ Street Fund			Other Governmental Funds
Assets	_	=			_				_	
Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments	\$	4,678,131	\$	711,094 12,203	\$	1,883,378	\$	1,421,595 0	\$	15,140,398 0
Cash with Fiscal Agents Receivables:		0		12,203		U		Ü		Ü
Trade (Net of Allowance)		19,375		0		1,300		0		51,884
Interest		704,217		0		0		0		0
Taxes		1,446,228		0		263,238		146,243		2,213,839
Intergovernmental		797,828		0		0		0		805,939
Special Assessments		0		2,178,257		0		0		0
Due From Other Funds		1,270		0		0		0		1,163,937
Prepaid Items		33,553		0		0		0		57,156
Total Assets	\$	7,680,602	\$	2,901,554	\$	2,147,916	\$	1,567,838	\$	19,433,153
Liabilities and Fund Balance										
Liabilities		21.001				11.001				4.55.040
Accounts Payable	\$	21,994	\$	0	\$	11,934	\$	0	\$	166,943
Internal Notes Payable		0		0		0		0		1,493,778
Accrued Salaries, Wages and Benefits		284,277		0		384,844		885		241,230
Matured Interest Payable		0		12,203		0		0		0
Due to Other Funds Deferred Revenue		0 1,931,109		0		0		0		1,270
Deferred Revenue		1,931,109		2,178,257				<u> </u>		2,541,264
Total Liabilities		2,237,380		2,190,460		396,778		885		4,444,485
Fund Balance										
Reserved for Encumbrances		262,773		0		19,858		1,014,481		1,778,160
Unreserved, Undesignated, Reported In: General Fund		5,180,449		0		0		0		0
Special Revenue Funds		5,180,449		0		1,731,280		552,472		8,183,724
Debt Service Fund		0		711,094		1,731,280		0		709,830
Capital Projects Funds		0		0		0		0		4,316,954
Total Fund Balances		5,443,222		711,094		1,751,138		1,566,953		14,988,668
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	7,680,602	\$	2,901,554	\$	2,147,916	\$	1,567,838	\$	19,433,153

City of City, Medina County Reconciliation of Total Governmental Fund Balances to Net Assets Governmental Activities December 31, 2006

Total Governmental	Total Governmental Fund Balances		\$ 24,461,075
Funds	Amounts reported for governmental activities in the		
	statement of net assets are different because:		
\$ 23,834,596	Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial		
12,203	resources and therefore are not reported in the funds		15,650,684
72,559	Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current-		
704,217	period expenditures and therefore are deferred in the funds.		
4,069,548	Delinquent Property Taxes	\$ 83,162	
1,603,767	Intergovernmental	1,096,925	
2,178,257	Special Assessments	 2,178,257	3,358,344
1,165,207			
 90,709	Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and		
	payable in the current period and therefore are not reported		
\$ 33,731,063	in the funds.		
	General Obligation and Special Assessment Bonds	(2,527,385)	
	Compensated Absences	 (372,088)	 (2,899,473)
\$ 200,871	Net Assets of Governmental Activities		\$ 40,570,630
1,493,778			
911,236			
12,203			
1,270			
6,650,630			
9,269,988			
3,075,272			

5,180,449 10,467,476 1,420,924 4,316,954

24,461,075 33,731,063

City of Medina, Medina County Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended December 31, 2006

	 General	Special Assessment Debt Service	Police Special Fund	Stormwater/ Street Fund	Other Governmental Funds
Revenues					
Local Taxes	\$ 3,436,280	\$ 0	\$ 4,373,177	\$ 2,429,542	\$ 4,847,393
Intergovernmental Revenue	1,394,059	0	27,827	0	2,877,794
Fees Licenses and Permits	1,254,035	0	0	0	1,051,867
Special Assessments	0	324,669	0	0	0
Charges for Services	351,059	0	118,230	0	367,534
Interest Income	896,841	0	0	0	38,596
Rentals	33,343	0	0	0	0
Gifts and Donations	291	0	6,900	0	20,593
Miscellaneous	 44,616	0	61,671	25,066	22,034
Total Revenues	 7,410,524	324,669	4,587,805	2,454,608	9,225,811
Expenditures					
General Government	4,506,555	0	0	0	626,377
Security of Persons and Property	105,169	0	4,063,780	0	2,387,823
Public Health	129,696	0	0	0	4,973
Community Development	655,387	0	0	0	291,990
Transportation	0	0	0	159,943	954,616
Basic Utility	1,517	0	0	0	58,497
Lesiure Time	0	0	0	0	869,682
Capital Outlay Debt Service:	124,580	0	71,026	2,572,201	1,126,293
Principal Retirement	0	211,473	0	0	129,957
Interest and Fiscal Charges	 0	112,681	0	0	35,884
Total Expenditures	 5,522,904	324,154	4,134,806	2,732,144	6,486,092
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	1,887,620	515	452,999	(277,536)	2,739,719
Other Financing Sources (Uses)					
Transfers In	0	0	0	0	74,201
Transfers Out	 (74,201)	0	0	0	0
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	 (74,201)	0	0	0	74,201
Net Change in Fund Balance	1,813,419	515	452,999	(277,536)	2,813,920
Fund Balance/Net Assets Beginning of Year	 3,629,803	710,579	1,298,139	1,844,489	12,174,748
Fund Balance/Net Assets End of Year	\$ 5,443,222	\$ 711,094	\$ 1,751,138	\$ 1,566,953	\$ 14,988,668

City of Medina, Medina County Reconciliation of the Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities For the Year Ended December 31, 2006

	For the Year Ended Decem	ber 31, 2006			
Total Governmental	Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds			\$	4,803,317
 Funds	Amounts reported for governmental activities in the				
	statement of activities are different because:				
\$ 15,086,392	Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures.				
4,299,680	However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those				
2,305,902	assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as				
324,669	depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital				
836,823	outlays exceeded depreciation in the current period.				
935,437	Capital Asset Additions Net of Deletions	\$	3,156,384		
33,343	Current Year Depreciation		(1,208,141)		
27,784	Total				1,948,243
 153,387					
24.002.417	Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide				
 24,003,417	current financial resources are not reported as revenues				
	in the funds.		7.201		
5 122 022	Delinquent Property Taxes		7,201		
5,132,932	Intergovernmental		(317,232)		
6,556,772 134,669	Special Assessments Total		(273,937)		(583,968)
947,377	1 Otal				(383,908)
1,114,559	Repayment of bond principal is an expenditure in the governmental				
60,014	funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the				
869,682	statement of net assets.				
3,894,100	Bond Principal		307,673		
3,894,100	Loan Principal		33,756		
341,430	Total	-	33,730		341,429
148,565	Total				341,429
 140,303	Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not				
19,200,100	use the current financial resources and therefore are not reported				
 17,200,100	as expenditures in governmental funds.				
4,803,317	Compensated Absences				468,246
4,603,517	Compensated Absences				400,240
74,201	Change in Net Assets of Governmental Activities			\$	6,977,267
(74,201)	Change in 1101 125005 of Governmental retritles			4	0,777,207
 (74,201)					
0					
 0					
4,803,317					
.,,,					

19,657,758 24,461,075

City of Medina, Medina County

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual
General Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended December 31, 2006

	 Budgeted	udgeted Amounts			w	Variance with Final Budget Positive	
	 Original		Final	Actual		(Negative)	
Revenues							
Local Taxes	\$ 3,288,675	\$	3,445,148	\$ 3,430,987	\$	(14,161)	
Intergovernmental Revenue	1,143,165		1,189,506	1,153,570		(35,936)	
Fees Licenses and Permits	1,339,250		1,196,860	1,290,667		93,807	
Charges for Services	319,500		352,000	351,441		(559)	
Interest Income	325,660		450,000	700,092		250,092	
Rentals	0		0	33,343		33,343	
Gifts and Donations	0		0	291		291	
Miscellaneous	 12,600		37,600	27,193		(10,407)	
Total Revenues	 6,428,850		6,671,114	6,987,584		316,470	
Expenditures							
General Government	5,985,994		5,973,209	4,798,796		1,174,413	
Security of Persons and Property	231,491		231,491	127,502		103,989	
Public Health	217,030		217,525	130,000		87,525	
Community Development	972,903		1,012,903	748,993		263,910	
Basic Utility	1,190		1,190	20		1,170	
Capital Outlay	 36,500		36,500	124,580		(88,080)	
Total Expenditures	 7,445,108		7,472,818	5,929,891		1,542,927	
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(1,016,258)		(801,704)	1,057,693		1,859,397	
Other Financing Sources (Uses)							
Other Financing Sources	235,000		235,000	281,044		46,044	
Transfers Out	 0		0	(74,201)	(74,201)	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	 235,000		235,000	206,843		(28,157)	
Net Change in Fund Balance	(781,258)		(566,704)	1,264,536		1,831,240	
Fund Balance/Net Assets Beginning of Year (Restated)	2,581,970		2,581,970	2,581,970		0	
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated	 552,009		552,009	552,009		0	
Fund Balance/Net Assets End of Year	\$ 2,352,721	\$	2,567,275	\$ 4,398,515	\$	1,831,240	

City of Medina, Medina County

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual
Police Special Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended December 31, 2006

	 Budgeted	l Amou	nts		wi	Variance th Final Budget Positive
	 Original		Final	 Actual		(Negative)
Revenues Local Taxes Intergovernmental Revenue Charges for Services Gifts and Donations Miscellaneous	\$ 4,449,573 20,000 96,000 6,000 2,500	\$	4,458,073 20,000 96,000 6,000 2,500	\$ 4,378,893 38,035 119,070 5,700 61,671	\$	(79,180) 18,035 23,070 (300) 59,171
Total Revenues	 4,574,073		4,582,573	 4,603,369		20,796
Expenditures Security of Persons and Property Capital Outlay Total Expenditures Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	 4,422,230 60,000 4,482,230 91,843		4,416,304 103,538 4,519,842 62,731	4,011,107 71,026 4,082,133 521,236		405,197 32,512 437,709 458,505
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Other Financing Sources	 61,500		61,500	 0		(61,500)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	 61,500		61,500	 0		(61,500)
Net Change in Fund Balance	153,343		124,231	521,236		397,005
Fund Balance/Net Assets Beginning of Year	1,336,139		1,336,139	1,336,139		0
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated	 0		0	 0		0
Fund Balance/Net Assets End of Year	\$ 1,489,482	\$	1,460,370	\$ 1,857,375	\$	397,005

City of Medina, Medina County

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual
Stormwater/Street Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended December 31, 2006

	 Budgeted	l Amou	nts		with l	Variance Final Budget Positive
	 Original		Final	 Actual		Negative)
Revenues Local Taxes	\$ 2,476,707	\$	2,476,707	\$ 2,432,718	\$	(43,989)
Miscellaneous	 0		1,000	 25,066		24,066
Total Revenues	 2,476,707		2,477,707	 2,457,784		(19,923)
Expenditures Transportation Capital Outlay Principal Retirement	 0 1,030,119 0		189,886 3,988,839 0	 195,111 3,556,682 4,116		(5,225) 432,157 (4,116)
Total Expenditures	 1,030,119		4,178,725	 3,755,909		422,816
Net Change in Fund Balance	1,446,588		(1,701,018)	(1,298,125)		402,893
Fund Balance/Net Assets Beginning of Year	675,120		675,120	675,120		0
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated	 1,030,119		1,030,119	 1,030,119		0
Fund Balance/Net Assets End of Year	\$ 3,151,827	\$	4,221	\$ 407,114	\$	402,893

Statement of Net Assets Proprietary Funds December 31, 2006

	Business-Type Activities - Enterprise Funds					
	Water	Sanitation	Recreation Center	Nonmajor	Total	
Assets						
Current Assets Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments Receivables	\$ 4,612,771	\$ 521,560	\$ 730,529	\$ 255,879	\$ 6,120,739	
Trade (Net of Allowance) Internal Notes Receivable	656,719 1,039,762	563,007 491,861	0	6,676 0	1,226,402 1,531,623	
Taxes	0	0	46,798	0	46,798	
Notes Receivable Prepaid Items	12,760 8,498,815	11,137 0	6,970	0	30,867 8,498,815	
Total Currrent Assets	14,820,827	1,587,565	784,297	262,555	17,455,244	
Non-Current Assets						
Capital Assets Land	1,228,866	0	0	1,836,702	3,065,568	
Other Capital Assets, Net of Depreciation	16,788,192	243,207	7,132,833	613,234	24,777,466	
Total Non-Currrent Assets	18,017,058	243,207	7,132,833	2,449,936	27,843,034	
Total Assets	32,837,885	1,830,772	7,917,130	2,712,491	45,298,278	
Liabilities						
Current Liabilities Accounts Payable	94,794	111,274	63,477	0	269,545	
Internal Notes Payable	0	35,000	0	2,845	37,845	
Accrued Salaries, Wages and Benefits	90,348	77,981	117,356	0	285,685	
Due to Other Funds	1,163,937	0	0	0	1,163,937	
Total Current Liabilities	1,349,079	224,255	180,833	2,845	1,757,012	
Non-Current Liabilities						
Due Within One Year Due In More Than One Year	708,838 13,235,981	18,095 22,625	293,549 6,059,131	0	1,020,482 19,317,737	
Total Non-Current Liabilities	13,944,819	40,720	6,352,680	0	20,338,219	
Total Liabilities	15,293,898	264,975	6,533,513	2,845	22,095,231	
Net Assets						
Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt Unrestricted	4,117,234 13,426,753	243,207 1,322,590	802,833 580,784	2,449,936 259,710	7,613,210 15,589,837	
Officeriolea	13,420,733	1,322,390	360,764	259,710	13,367,637	
Total Net Assets	\$ 17,543,987	\$ 1,565,797	\$ 1,383,617	\$ 2,709,646	\$ 23,203,047	

City of Medina, Medina County
Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Assets
Proprietary Funds
For the Year Ended December 31, 2006

		Business-Type Activities - Enterprise Funds						
	Water	Sanitation	Recreation Center	Nonmajor	Total			
Operating Revenues								
Charges for Services	\$ 3,833,633	\$ 3,100,613	\$ 1,833,055	\$ 6,676	\$ 8,773,977			
Other	13,635	2,663	3,114	4,563	23,975			
Total Operating Revenues	3,847,268	3,103,276	1,836,169	11,239	8,797,952			
Operating Expenses								
Personal Services	944,871	971,732	1,311,432	0	3,228,035			
Contractual Service	13,932	1,553,576	101,180	0	1,668,688			
Materials and Supplies	1,913,663	265,218	799,750	7,949	2,986,580			
Depreciation	1,293,960	152,323	162,438	85,041	1,693,762			
Total Operating Expenses	4,166,426	2,942,849	2,374,800	92,990	9,577,065			
Operating Income (Loss)	(319,158)	160,427	(538,631)	(81,751)	(779,113)			
Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses)								
Municipal Income Tax	0	0	777,454	0	777,454			
Interest Income	127,114	11,875	0	950	139,939			
Interest Expense	(666,819)	0	(293,010)	0	(959,829)			
Total Non-Operating Revenues (Expenes)	(539,705)	11,875	484,444	950	(42,436)			
Change in Net Assets	(858,863)	172,302	(54,187)	(80,801)	(821,549)			
Net Assets at Beginning of Year	18,402,850	1,393,495	1,437,804	2,790,447	24,024,596			
Net Assets and the End of the Year	\$ 17,543,987	\$ 1,565,797	\$ 1,383,617	\$ 2,709,646	\$ 23,203,047			

City of Medina, Medina County Statement of Cash Flows

Statement of Cash Flows
Proprietary Funds
For the Year Ended December 31, 2006

	Business-Type Activities - Enterprise Funds								
		Water		Sanitation		Recreation Center	 Nonmajor		Total
Cash Flows From Operating Activities Cash Received from Customers Cash Paid for Goods and Services Cash Paid to Employees	\$	4,562,647 (2,005,729) (987,262)	\$	3,085,861 (1,871,358) (991,633)	\$	1,836,169 (858,337) (1,302,240)	\$ 4,563 (7,949) 0	\$	9,489,240 (4,743,373) (3,281,135)
Net Cash Provided By (Used For) Operating Activities		1,569,656		222,870		(324,408)	 (3,386)		1,464,732
Cash Flows From Non-Capital Financing Activities									
Income Tax Advances In		0 1,163,937		0		778,470 0	 0		778,470 1,163,937
Net Cash Provided By (Used For) Non-Capital Activities		1,163,937		0		778,470	 0		1,942,407
Cash Flows From Investing Activities Interest on Investments		127,114		11,875		0	 950		139,939
Net Cash Provided By (Used For) Investing Activities		127,114		11,875		0	 950		139,939
Cash Flows From Capital and Related Activities Payments for Capital Acquisitions Principal Payments on Debt Interest Paid on Bonds Net Cash Provided By (Used For) Capital and Related Financing Activities		(125,300) (659,027) (666,819) (1,451,146)		(88,880) 0 0 (88,880)		0 (280,000) (293,010) (573,010)	 0 0 0		(214,180) (939,027) (959,829) (2,113,036)
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents		1,409,561		145,865		(118,948)	(2,436)		1,434,042
Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Year		3,203,210		375,695		849,477	 258,315		4,686,697
Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Year	\$	4,612,771	\$	521,560	\$	730,529	\$ 255,879	\$	6,120,739
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided By (Used For) Operating Activities									
Operating Income (Loss)	\$	(319,158)	\$	160,427	\$	(538,631)	\$ (81,751)	\$	(779,113)
Adjustments: Depreciation Expense (Increase) Decrease in Assets:		1,293,960		152,323		162,438	85,041		1,693,762
Accounts Receivable		(22,684)		(17,415)		0	(6,676)		(46,775)
Due from Other Funds Prepaids		738,063 (12,760)		0 (11,137)		0 (6,970)	0		738,063 (30,867)
Increase (Decrease) in Liabilities:		(12,700)		(11,137)		(0,570)	U		(30,007)
Accounts Payable		(65,374)		(6,427)		49,563	0		(22,238)
Due to Other Funds		0		(35,000)		0	0		(35,000)
Accrued Salaries, Wages and Benefits		(42,391)		(19,901)		9,192	 0		(53,100)
Total Adjustments		1,888,814		62,443		214,223	 78,365		2,243,845
Net Cash Provided By (Used For) Operating Activities	\$	1,569,656	\$	222,870	\$	(324,408)	\$ (3,386)	\$	1,464,732

Statement of Fiduciary Net Assets Fiduciary Funds December 31, 2006

	Pu 	rivate rpose rust ntennial	 Agency
Assets Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents Cash in Segregated Accounts	\$	6,360 0	\$ 301,797 472,266
Total Assets	\$	6,360	\$ 774,063
Liabilities Undistributed Monies Total Liabilities	\$	0	\$ 774,063 774,063
Net Assets Held in Trust for Tricentennial	\$	6,360	

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements.

Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Assets Fiduciary Funds For the Year Ended December 31, 2006

	Pu 	rivate rpose Trust entennial
Additions Miscellaneous	\$	96
Deductions		0
Change in Net Assets		96
Net Assets Beginning of Year		6,264
Net Assets End of Year	\$	6,360

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Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2006

Note 1 – Description of the City and Reporting Entity

The City of Medina (the City) was organized in 1952 as a political body and corporation established for the purpose of exercising the rights and privileges conveyed to it by the constitution of the State of Ohio. The City operates under a charter as a home-rule municipal corporation under the laws of the State of Ohio. The City provides police and fire protection, emergency medical, parks and recreation, planning, zoning, street maintenance and repair, water distribution, refuse collection and general administrative services to the citizens of the City.

Reporting Entity

A reporting entity is comprised of the primary government, component units and other organizations that are included to ensure that financial statements are not misleading. A primary government consists of all funds, departments, boards and agencies that are not legally separate from the City. The primary government of the City includes City departments and agencies that provide the following services: police protection, fire fighting and prevention, street maintenance and repairs, building inspection, parks and recreation, water, and sanitation.

Component units are legally separate organizations for which the City is financially accountable. The City is financially accountable for an organization if the City appoints a voting majority of the organization's governing board; and (1) the City is able to significantly influence the programs or services performed or provided by the organization; or (2) the City is legally entitled to or can otherwise access the organization's resources; the City is legally obligated or has otherwise assumed the responsibility to finance the deficits of, or provide financial support to, the organization; or the City is obligated for the debt of the organizations. Component units may also include organizations for which the City authorizes the issuance of debt or the levying of taxes, or determines the budget. The City has no component units.

The City is a member of the Medina-Lorain Water Consortium, a joint venture. (See Note 16.)

Management believes the financial statements included in this report represent all of the funds of the City over which the City has the ability to exercise direct operating control.

Note 2 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The basic financial statements of the City have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to local governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The City also applies Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) Statements and Interpretations issued on or before November 30, 1989, to its governmental and business-type activities and its proprietary funds provided they do not conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements. The City has elected not to apply FASB pronouncements and interpretations issued after November 30, 1989, to its business type activities and enterprise funds. For the year ended December 31, 2006, the City has implemented Statement No. 42, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Impairment of Capital Assets and for Insurance Recoveries" and GASB Statement No. 46 "Net Assets Restricted by Enabling Legislation" and Statement No. 47 "Accounting for Termination Benefits."

Statement No. 42 establishes accounting and financial standards for impairment of capital assets and clarifies and establishes accounting requirements for insurance recoveries.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2006

Statement No. 46 establishes that any amount of the primary government's net assets at the end of the reporting period restricted by enabling legislation should be disclosed in the notes to the financial statements.

Statement No. 47 provides guidance to governmental employers for measuring, recognizing, and reporting liabilities and expenses/expenditures related to *all* termination benefits without limitation as to the period of time during which the benefits are offered.

There was no effect on fund balances as a result of the implementation of these new Standards.

The most significant of the City's accounting policies are described below.

Basis of Presentation

The City's basic financial statements consist of government-wide statements, including a statement of net assets and a statement of activities, and fund financial statements, which provide a more detailed level of financial information.

Government-wide Financial Statements

The Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities display information about the City as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the primary government, except for fiduciary funds. The statements distinguish between those activities of the City that are governmental and those that are considered business-type activities.

The Statement of Net Assets presents the financial condition of the governmental and business-type activities of the City at year-end. The Statement of Activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each program or function of the City's governmental activities and for the business-type activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program or department and therefore are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipient of the goods or services offered by the program, grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program and interest earned on grants that is required to be used to support a particular program. Revenues, which are not classified as program revenues, are presented as general revenues of the City, with certain limited exceptions. The comparison of direct expenses with program revenues identifies the extent to which each business segment or governmental function is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the City.

Fund Financial Statements

During the year, the City segregates transactions related to certain City functions or activities in separate funds in order to aid financial management and to demonstrate legal compliance. Fund financial statements are designed to present financial information of the City at this more detailed level. The focus of governmental and enterprise fund financial statements is on major funds. Each major fund is presented in a separate column. Nonmajor funds are aggregated and presented in a single column. Fiduciary funds are reported by type.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2006

Fund Accounting

The City uses funds to maintain its financial records during the year. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. There are three categories of funds: governmental, proprietary and fiduciary.

Governmental Funds

Governmental funds are those through which most governmental functions typically are financed. Governmental fund reporting focuses on the sources, uses and balances of current financial resources. Expendable assets are assigned to the various governmental funds according to the purposes for which they may or must be used. Current liabilities are assigned to the fund from which they will be paid. The difference between governmental fund assets and liabilities is reported as fund balance. The following are the City's major governmental funds:

General Fund - The general fund accounts for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The general fund balance is available to the City for any purpose provided it is expended or transferred according to the general laws of Ohio.

Special Assessment Debt Service – The special assessment fund accounts for financial resources whose use is restricted to retiring special assessment bond debt. These resources are primarily generated through special assessments.

Police Special Fund – The police special special revenue fund accounts for financial resources whose use is restricted to police department expenses. These resources are primarily generated through income tax.

Stormwater/Street Fund – The stormwater/street fund accounts for financial resources whose use is restricted to street projects. These resources are primarily generated through income tax.

The other governmental funds of the City account for grants and other resources whose use is restricted to a particular purpose.

Proprietary Funds

Proprietary fund reporting focuses on changes in net assets, financial position and cash flows. Proprietary funds are classified as enterprise.

Enterprise Funds - Enterprise funds may be used to account for any activity for which a fee is charged to external users for goods or services. The following are the City's major enterprise funds:

Water Fund – The water fund accounts for financial resources whose use is restricted to providing water service. These resources are primarily generated through charges for water service.

Sanitation Fund – The sanitation fund accounts for financial resources whose use is restricted to providing refuse collection. These resources are primarily generated through charges for sanitation services.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2006

Recreation Center Fund – The recreation center fund accounts for financial resources whose use is restricted to providing recreation service through the Medina Community Recreation Center. These resources are primarily generated through charges for Medina Community Recreation Center use and income tax.

Fiduciary Funds

Fiduciary fund reporting focuses on net assets and changes in net assets. The fiduciary fund category is split into four classifications: pension trust funds, investment trust funds, private-purpose trust funds and agency funds. Trust funds are used to account for assets held by the City under a trust agreement for individuals, private organizations, or other governments and are therefore not available to support the City's own programs. The City's agency funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations. The City's agency funds account for deposits held for contractors and developers. The private purpose trust fund accounts for money held in trust for the tricentennial.

Measurement Focus

Government-wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. All non fiduciary assets and all liabilities associated with the operation of the City are included on the Statement of Net Assets.

Fund Financial Statements

All governmental funds are accounted for using a flow of current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities generally are included on the balance sheet. The statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances reports on the sources (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and uses (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) of current financial resources. This approach differs from the manner in which the governmental activities of the government-wide financial statements are prepared. Governmental fund financial statements therefore include a reconciliation with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide statements and the statements for governmental funds.

Like the government-wide statements, all proprietary funds are accounted for on a flow of economic resources measurement focus. All assets and all liabilities associated with the operation of these funds are included on the statement of net assets. The statement of changes in fund net assets presents increases (i.e., revenues) and decreases (i.e., expenses) in total net assets. The statement of cash flows provides information about how the City finances and meets the cash flow needs of its proprietary activities.

Private purpose trust funds are reported using the economic resources measurement focus. Agency funds do not report a measurement focus as they do not report operations.

Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting determines when transactions are recorded in the financial records and reported on the financial statements. Government-wide financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Governmental funds use the modified accrual basis of accounting. Proprietary and fiduciary funds use the accrual basis of accounting. Differences in the accrual and modified accrual basis of

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2006

accounting arise in the recognition of revenue, the recording of deferred revenue and in the presentation of expenses versus expenditures.

Revenues - Exchange and Non-exchange Transactions

Revenue resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, is recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On a modified accrual basis, revenue is recorded in the fiscal year in which the resources are measurable and become available. Available means that the resources will be collected within the current fiscal year or are expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current fiscal year. For the City, available means expected to be received within sixty days of year-end. Non-exchange transactions, in which the City receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include income taxes, property taxes, grants, entitlements and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from income taxes is recognized in the period in which the income is earned. Revenue from property taxes is recognized in the year for which the taxes are levied (See Note 8). Revenue from grants, entitlements and donations is recognized in the year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are required to be used or the year when use is first permitted, matching requirements, in which the City must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose, and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the City on a reimbursement basis. On a modified accrual basis, revenue from non-exchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized. Under the modified accrual basis, the following revenue sources are considered to be both measurable and available at year end: income tax, state-levied locally shared taxes (including gasoline tax), fines and forfeitures, interest, grants, fees and rentals.

Deferred Revenue

Deferred revenue arises when assets are recognized before revenue recognition criteria have been satisfied. Property taxes for which there is an enforceable legal claim as of December 31, 2006, but which were levied to finance year 2007 operations, have been recorded as deferred revenue. Special assessments not received within the available period and grants and entitlements received before the eligibility requirements are met are also recorded as deferred revenue on modified accrual only. On governmental fund financial statements, receivables that will not be collected within the available period have also been reported as deferred revenue.

Expenses/Expenditures

On the accrual basis of accounting, expenses are recognized at the time they are incurred. The measurement focus of governmental fund accounting is on decreases in net financial resources (expenditures) rather than expenses. Expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred, if measurable. Allocations of cost, such as depreciation and amortization, are not recognized in governmental funds.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2006

Appropriations

A temporary appropriation ordinance to control expenditures may be passed on or about January 1 of each year for the period January 1 to March 31. An annual appropriation ordinance must be passed by April 1 of each year, for the period January 1 to December 31. The appropriation ordinance fixes spending authority at the object level. The appropriation ordinance may be amended during the year by action of Council, as new information becomes available, provided that total fund appropriations do not exceed current estimated resources, as certified. The allocation of appropriations among departments and objects within a fund may be modified during the year by an ordinance of council. During the year, several supplemental appropriation measures were passed, some of which were significant. The budget figures, which appear in the statements of budgetary comparisons, represent the final appropriation amounts, including all amendments and modifications.

Lapsing of Appropriations

At the close of each year, the unencumbered balance of each appropriation reverts to the respective fund from which it was appropriated and becomes subject to future appropriations. The encumbered appropriation balance is carried forward to the succeeding fiscal year and is not re-appropriated.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

To improve cash management, cash received by the City is pooled. Monies for all funds, except an amount in the special assessment bond retirement fund are maintained in this pool. Individual fund integrity is maintained through the City's records.

During 2006, investments included repurchase agreement, certificates of deposit and STAROhio.

Except for nonparticipating investment contracts, investments are reported at fair value, which is based on quoted market prices. Nonparticipating investment contracts such as nonnegotiable certificates of deposit are reported at cost.

STAROhio is an investment pool managed by the State Treasurer's Office, which allows governments within the State to pool their funds for investment purposes. STAROhio is not registered with the SEC as an investment company, but does operate in a manner consistent with Rule 2a7 of the Investment Company Act of 1940. Investments in STAROhio are valued at STAROhio's share price which is the price investments could be sold for on December 31, 2006.

Investment procedures are restricted by the provisions of the Ohio Revised Code. Interest revenue credited to the general fund during 2006 amounted to \$896,841, which includes \$734,445, assigned from other city funds.

For purposes of the statement of cash flows and for presentation on the statement of net assets/balance sheet, investments with an original maturity of three months or less and investments of the cash management pool are considered to be cash equivalents.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2006

Capital Assets

General capital assets are those assets not specifically related to activities reported in the proprietary funds. These assets generally result from expenditures in the governmental funds. These assets are reported in the governmental activities column of the government-wide statement of net assets but are not reported in the fund financial statements. Capital assets utilized by the proprietary funds are reported both in the business-type activities column of the government-wide statement of net assets and in the respective funds.

All capital assets are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost) and updated for additions and retirements during the year. Donated capital assets are recorded at their fair market values as of the date received. The City maintains a capitalization threshold of ten thousand dollars. The City's infrastructure consists of bridges, culverts, storm sewers, streets, traffic signals and water lines. Improvements are capitalized; the costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an asset's life are not. It is the policy of the City to not capitalize interest costs incurred as part of construction for enterprise funds.

All reported capital assets are required to be depreciated except for land and construction in progress. Improvements are depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets. Useful lives for infrastructure were estimated based on the City Engineer's interpretation of historical records of necessary improvements and replacement. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities
Description	Estimated Lives	Estimated Lives
Land	N/A	N/A
Construction in Progress	N/A	N/A
Improvements	10 - 20 Years	10 - 20 Years
Buildings and Structures	10 - 45 Years	10 - 45 Years
Vehicles, Furniture and Equipment	5 - 15 Years	5 - 15 Years
Infrastructure	10 - 50 Years	10 - 50 Years

Interfund Balances

On fund financial statements, long-term interfund loans are classified as "due to/from other funds". These amounts are eliminated in the governmental and business-type activities columns of the statement of net assets, except for any net residual amounts due between governmental and business-type activities, which are presented as internal balances.

Compensated Absences

The City reports compensated absences in accordance with the provisions of GASB No. 16, "Accounting for Compensated Absences." Vacation benefits are accrued as a liability as the benefits are earned if the employees' rights to receive compensation are attributable to services already rendered and it is probable that the employer will compensate the employees for the benefits through paid time off or some other means.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2006

Sick leave benefits are accrued as a liability using the termination method. An accrual for sick leave is made to the extent that it is probable that benefits will result in termination payments. The liability is an estimate based on the City's past experience of making termination payments.

The entire compensated absence liability is reported on the government-wide financial statements.

For governmental funds, the current portion of unpaid compensated absences is the amount that is normally expected to be paid using expendable available financial resources. These amounts are recorded in the account "matured compensated absences payable" in the fund from which the employees who have accumulated leave are paid. The noncurrent portion of the liability is not reported. In proprietary funds, the entire amount of compensated absences is reported as a fund liability.

Prepaid Items

Payments made to vendors for services that will benefit periods beyond December 31, 2006, are recorded as prepaid items using the consumption method. A current asset for the prepaid amount is recorded at the time of the purchase and an expenditure/expense is reported in the year in which services are consumed.

Accrued Liabilities and Long-Term Obligations

All payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations are reported in the government-wide financial statements, and all payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations payable from proprietary funds are reported on the proprietary fund financial statements.

In general, governmental fund payables and accrued liabilities that, once incurred, are paid in a timely manner and in full from current financial resources, are reported as obligations of the funds. However, claims and judgments and compensated absences that will be paid from governmental funds are reported as a liability in the fund financial statements only to the extent that they are due for payment during the current year. Bonds, capital leases and long-term loans are recognized as a liability on the fund financial statements when due.

Fund Balance Reserves

The City reserves those portions of fund balance which are legally segregated for a specific future use or which do not represent expendable resources and therefore are not available for appropriation or expenditure. As a result, encumbrances are recorded as a reservation of fund balance.

Net Assets

Net assets represent the difference between assets and liabilities. Net assets invested in capital assets, net of related debt consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowing used for the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. Net assets are reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through the enabling legislation or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments. The City reported no significant net asset balances restricted by enabling legislation. Net assets restricted for other purposes primarily include amounts to operate special programs including recreation, street construction and repair and operation of police and fire departments.

The City applies restricted resources first when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net assets are available.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2006

Operating Revenues and Expenses

Operating revenues are those revenues that are generated directly from the primary activity of the proprietary funds. For the City, these revenues are charges for services for water services, refuse collection, use of the recreation center, and storm water. Operating expenses are necessary costs incurred to provide the good or service that is the primary activity of the fund. All revenue and expenses not meeting these definitions are classified as nonoperating.

Contributions of Capital

Contributions of capital in proprietary fund financial statements arise from outside contributions of capital assets, tap-in fees to the extent they exceed the cost of the connection to the system, or from grants or outside contributions of resources restricted to capital acquisition and construction. There were no contributions of capital during 2006.

Interfund Activity

Transfers between governmental and business-type activities on the government-wide statements are reported in the same manner as general revenues.

Exchange transactions between funds are reported as revenues in the seller funds and as expenditures/expenses in the purchaser funds. Flows of cash or goods from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds and after nonoperating revenues/expenses in business-type activities. Interfund transfers are eliminated when reported in the entity wide financial statements for both the governmental and business-type activities. Transactions that constitute reimbursements to a fund for expenditures or expenses initially made from it that are properly applicable to another fund are recorded as expenditures/expenses in the reimbursing fund, and as a reduction of expenditures/expenses in the fund that is reimbursed.

Extraordinary and Special Items

Extraordinary items are transactions or events that are both unusual in nature and infrequent in occurrence. Special items are transactions or events that are within the control of the City Administration and that are either unusual in nature or infrequent in occurrence. Neither type of transaction occurred during 2006.

Estimates

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2006

Note 3 – Restatement of Prior Year Fund Balances/Net Assets

The following is a summary of an adjustment to the beginning balance of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual for the general fund which is needed to agree with the actual cash balances of the City.

	General Fund
Fund Balance, December 31, 2005 Adjustment	\$2,579,104 2,866
Restated Fund Balance, December 31, 2005	\$2,581,970

Note 4 – Fund Deficits

Fund balances at December 31, 2006 included the following individual fund deficits:

]	Deficit	
		Fund	
	<u>F</u>	Balance	
Nonmajor Governmental Funds:			
Grants Fund	\$	45,282	
State Law Enforcement		3,835	
FEMA Grant		1,270	
Cops in School		380	
CDBG		88,407	
Parking Fund		2,011	
Federal Airport Grant		47,176	
Special Assessment Capital		7,640	

The deficits in these nonmajor governmental funds resulted from adjustments for accrued liabilities. The general fund is liable for any deficit in these funds and will provide transfers when cash is required, not when accruals occur.

Note 5 – Deposits and Investments

State statutes classify monies held by the City into three categories.

Active deposits are public deposits necessary to meet current demands on the City treasury. Active monies must be maintained either as cash in the City treasury, in commercial accounts payable or withdrawable on demand, including negotiable order of withdrawal (NOW) accounts, or in money market deposit accounts.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2006

Inactive deposits are public deposits that Council has identified as not required for use within the current 5-year period of designation of depositories. Inactive deposits must either be evidenced by certificates of deposit maturing not later than the end of the current period of designation of depositories, or by savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts.

Interim deposits are deposits of interim monies. Interim monies are those monies, which are not needed for immediate use but which will be needed before the end of the current period of designation of depositories. Interim deposits must be evidenced by time certificates of deposit maturing not more than one year from the date of deposit or by savings or deposit accounts including passbook accounts.

Protection of the City's deposits is provided by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC), by eligible securities pledged by the financial institution as security for repayment, by surety company bonds with the City Finance Director by the financial institution or by a single collateral pool established by the financial institution to secure the repayment of all public monies deposited with the institution.

Interim monies may be invested in the following securities:

- 1. United States Treasury Notes, Bills, Bonds, or any other obligation or security issued by the United States Treasury or any other obligation guaranteed as to principal and interest by the United States;
- 2. Bonds, notes, debentures, or any other obligations or securities issued by any federal government agency or instrumentality, including, but not limited to, the Federal National Mortgage Association, Federal Home Loan Bank, Federal Farm Credit Bank, Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation, Government National Mortgage Association, and Student Loan Marketing Association. All federal agency securities shall be direct issuances of federal government agencies or instrumentalities;
- 3. Written repurchase agreements in the securities listed above provided that the market value of the securities subject to the repurchase agreements must exceed the principal value of the agreement by at least two percent and be marked to market daily, and that the term of the agreement must not exceed thirty days;
- 4. Bonds and other obligations of the State of Ohio and political subdivisions;
- 5. No-load money market mutual funds consisting exclusively of obligations described in division (1) or (2) of this section and repurchase agreements secured by such obligations, provided that investments in securities described in this division are made only through eligible institutions; and
- 6. The State Treasurer's investment pool (STAROhio)

Effective September 27, 1996, investments in stripped principal or interest obligations are no longer allowed to be purchased. Reverse repurchase agreements and derivatives are also prohibited. The issuance of taxable notes for the purpose of arbitrage, the use of leverage and short selling are also prohibited. An investment must mature within five years from the date of purchase unless matched to a specific obligation or debt of the City, and must be purchased with the expectation that it will be held to maturity.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2006

Deposits: The carrying value of the City's deposits totaled \$23,426,991 and the bank balances of the deposits totaled \$30,893,309. Of the bank balance \$800,000 was covered by depository insurance; and \$30,093,309 was uninsured and uncollateralized. Although the securities serving as collateral were held by the pledging institution in the pledging institution's name, and all State statutory requirements for the deposit of money had been followed, noncompliance with federal requirements could potentially subject the City to a successful claim by the FDIC.

Investments

Investments are reported at fair value. As of December 31, 2006, the City had the following investments:

		Investment			
				Maturity	_
Standard		Fair		Less than	Total
& Poor's	Investment	Value		One Year	Investments
AAAm	STAROhio	\$ 115,970	\$	115,970	1.6%
N/A	Repurchase Agreement	7,205,000		7,205,000	98.4%
		\$7,320,970	\$	7,320,970	100.0%

N/A - Underlying securities are exempt

Interest Rate Risk: The Ohio Revised Code generally limits security purchases to those that mature within five years of the settlement date. The City's policy indicates that the investments must mature within five years, unless matched to a specific obligation or debt of the City.

Credit Risk: The City's investments credit ratings are summarized above.

Concentration of Credit Risk: The City places no limit on the amount the City may invest in any one issuer. The investment percentages are listed above.

Note 6 – Budgetary Basis of Accounting

While the City is reporting financial position, results of operations and changes in fund balance on the basis of generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP), the budgetary basis as provided by law is based upon accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements and encumbrances. The Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual presented for the General Fund, Police Special Fund and Stormwater/Street Fund are presented on the budgetary basis to provide a meaningful comparison of actual results with the budget. The major differences between the budget basis and GAAP basis are as follows:

- 1. Revenues and other sources are recorded when received in cash (budget) as opposed to when susceptible to accrual (GAAP).
- 2. Expenditures/expenses and other uses are recorded when paid in cash (budget) as opposed to when the liability is incurred (GAAP).

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2006

- 3. Encumbrances are treated as expenditures (budget) rather than as a reservation of fund balance (GAAP).
- 4. Unreported cash (cash on hand) represents amounts received but not included as revenue on the budget basis operating statements. These amounts are included as revenue on the GAAP basis operating statement.

The following table summarizes the adjustments necessary to reconcile the GAAP basis statements to the budgetary basis statements for the General Fund, Police Special Fund and Stormwater/Street Fund.

Net Change in Fund Balance

	General		Police Special		Stormwater/ Street	
GAAP Basis (as reported)	\$	1,813,419	\$	452,999	\$	(277,536)
Adjustments:						
Net adjustment for revenue accruals		(422,940)		15,564		3,176
Other financing sources		281,044		0		0
Net adjustment for expenditure accruals		(127,371)		78,674		(9,284)
Encumbrances		(279,616)		(26,001)		(1,014,481)
Budget basis	\$	1,264,536	\$	521,236	\$	(1,298,125)
•					_	

Note 7 – Transfers and Interfund Balances

Transfers are used to move resources from the fund that statute or budget requires to collect them to the fund that statute or budget requires to expend them and unrestricted revenues collected in the general fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations; to segregate money for anticipated capital projects; to provide additional resources for current operations or debt service; and to return money to the fund from which it was originally provided once a project is completed.

Interfund transfers for the year ended December 31, 2006, consisted of the following:

Transfer Out	Transfer In	A	Amount		
General Fund	Other Governmental	\$	74,201		
		\$	74,201		

Interfund receivables and payables resulted from the time lag between the dates that (1) interfund goods and services are provided or reimbursable expenditures occur, (2) transactions are recorded in the accounting system, or (3) payments between funds are made.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2006

Interfund obligations for the year ended December 31, 2006, consisted of the following:

Due From Other Funds	Due To Other Funds Amour		Amount
General Fund	Other Governmental	\$	1,270
Other Governmental	Water Capital Enterprise Fund		1,163,937
		\$	1,165,207

The general purpose capital projects fund advanced to the water capital enterprise fund for a water project. As of December 31, 2006, all interfund payables outstanding are anticipated to be repaid in 2007.

Note 8 – Receivables

Receivables at December 31, 2006, consisted of taxes, interest, special assessments, trade (billings for user charged services) and intergovernmental receivables.

No allowances for doubtful accounts have been recorded because uncollectible amounts are expected to be insignificant.

Property Taxes

Property taxes include amounts levied against all real, public utility, and tangible personal property located in the City. Property tax revenue received during 2006 for real and public utility property taxes represents collections of the 2005 taxes. Property tax payments received during 2006 for tangible personal property (other than public utility property) is for 2005 taxes.

2006 real property taxes are levied after October 1, 2006, on the assessed value as of January 1, 2006, the lien date. Assessed values are established by State law at 35 percent of appraised market value. 2006 real property taxes are collected in and intended to finance 2007.

Public utility tangible personal property currently is assessed at varying percentages of true value; public utility real property is assessed at 35 percent of true value. 2006 public utility property taxes became a lien December 31, 2005, are levied after October 1, 2006, and are collected in 2007 with real property taxes.

2006 tangible personal property taxes are levied after October 1, 2005, on the value as of December 31, 2005. Collections are made in 2006. Tangible personal property assessments are 25 percent of true value for capital assets and 23 percent for inventory.

The full tax rate for all City operations for the year ended December 31, 2006 was \$5.6 per \$1,000 of assessed value. After adjustment of the rate for inflationary increases in property values, the effective tax rate was \$5.2 per \$1,000 of assessed valuation for real property classified as residential/agricultural and \$5.09 per \$1,000 of assessed valuation for all other real property. Real property owners' tax bills are further reduced by homestead and rollback deductions, when applicable. The amount of these homestead and rollback reductions is reimbursed to the City by the State of Ohio. The assessed values of real and tangible personal property upon which 2006 property tax receipts were based are as follows:

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2006

Real Property - 2006 Valuation			
Residential/agricultural	\$	405,624,760	70.39%
Commercial/industrial		170,660,710	29.61%
	\$	576,285,470	100.00%
	-		
Tangible Personal Property - 2005 Valuation			
General and public utilities	\$	70,743,134	

Real property taxes are payable annually or semiannually. If paid annually, the payment is due by December 31; if paid semiannually, the first payment is due December 31, with the remainder payable by June 20. Under certain circumstances, State statute permits later payment dates to be established.

Tangible personal property taxes paid by multi-county taxpayers are due September 20. Single-county taxpayers may pay annually or semiannually. If paid annually, payment is due April 30; if paid semiannually, the first payment is due April 30 with the remainder payable at September 20.

The County Treasurer collects property taxes on behalf of all taxing districts in the county. The County Auditor periodically remits to the City its portion of the taxes. Property taxes receivable represent real and tangible personal property taxes, public utility taxes and outstanding delinquencies, which are measurable as of December 31, 2006. Although total property tax collections for the next year are measurable, amounts to be received during the available period are not subject to reasonable estimation at December 31, nor are they intended to finance 2006 operations. The receivable is offset by deferred revenue.

Income Taxes

The City levies a municipal income tax on all salaries, wages, commissions and other compensation, and net profits earned within the City as well as incomes of residents earned outside of the City. Effective January 1, 2005, the income tax rate was 1.25 percent. The Central Collection Agency (CCA) is the City's agent for administering income tax collecting and accounting.

Employers within the City are required to withhold income tax on work done or services performed in the City by both residents and non-residents of the City. All individuals who work or conduct business in the City and do not have income tax withheld must file estimated tax returns using the 1.25% rate for 2006 and remit the tax to the City either monthly or quarterly, as required. All businesses located in or doing business in the City must file a net profit estimate for 2007 using the 1.25% rate.

All residents, 16 years of age and over, working outside the City are subject to the 1.25% tax less the credit allowed for taxes paid to another taxing community. Maximum credit allowed residents for taxes paid to another community is .19%.

Income tax revenues are allocated based on City ordinance with the exception of the Street Maintenance and Repair Special fund portion which is decided by vote. In 2006, all costs of collecting the taxes and administering and enforcing the provisions was paid from the general fund. The remaining balance was allocated among General Fund, Parks and Recreation, Police Special, Fire Special, Stormwater/Streets, General Purpose Capital, Fire Capital, Computer/Electronic Technology, Unanticipated Capital, and Recreation Center.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2006

Intergovernmental Receivables

A summary of intergovernmental receivables follows:

	 Amount	
Governmental Activities:		
Homestead/Rollback	\$ 134,093	
Estate Tax	233,234	
Auto Registration	102,000	
Gasoline Tax	141,039	
Permissive Tax	375,585	
Local Government	22,511	
Court Fees	428,057	
Services	17,909	
Grants	149,339	
Total	\$ 1,603,767	

Taxes Receivables

A summary of taxes receivables follows:

	 Amount		
Governmental Activities: Real Estate Tax Municipal Income Tax	\$ 3,375,448 694,100		
Total	\$ 4,069,548		
Business-Type Activities Municipal Income Tax	\$ 46,798		

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2006

Note 9 – Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the year ended December 31, 2006, was as follows:

	Balance 12/31/05	Additions	Reductions	Balance 12/31/06
Governmental Activities				
Capital Assets, not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 1,021,974	\$ 55,768	\$ 0	\$ 1,077,742
Construction in Progress	695,735	1,392,758	(695,735)	1,392,758
Total Capital Assets, not being depreciated	1,717,709	1,448,526	(695,735)	2,470,500
Capital Assets, being depreciated:				
Buildings	4,669,602	0	0	4,669,602
Improvements	5,741,442	243,420	0	5,984,862
Furniture and Equipment	5,117,217	90,454	0	5,207,671
Vehicles	4,573,791	358,531	0	4,932,322
Infrastructure				
Roads	2,841,934	1,711,188	0	4,553,122
Storm Sewers	30,051	0	0	30,051
Culverts	17,932	0	0	17,932
Traffic Signals	16,152	0	0	16,152
Total Capital Assets, being depreciated	23,008,121	2,403,593	0	25,411,714
Less Accumulated Depreciation:				
Buildings	(2,039,183)	(115,994)	0	(2,155,177)
Improvements	(1,569,698)	(356,855)	0	(1,926,553)
Furniture and Equipment	(3,267,435)	(396,522)	0	(3,663,957)
Vehicles	(3,970,350)	(183,525)	0	(4,153,875)
Infrastructure				
Roads	(167,738)	(151,771)	0	(319,509)
Storm Sewers	(3,364)	(1,202)	0	(4,566)
Culverts	(2,272)	(1,314)	0	(3,586)
Traffic Signals	(3,349)	(958)	0	(4,307)
Total Accumulated Depreciation	(11,023,389)	(1,208,141)	0	(12,231,530)
Total Capital Assets being depreciated, net	11,984,732	1,195,452	0	13,180,184
Governmental Activities Capital Assets, Net	\$ 13,702,441	\$ 2,643,978	\$ (695,735)	\$ 15,650,684

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2006

	Balance 12/31/05	Additions	Reductions	Balance 12/31/06
Business-Type Activities				
Capital Assets, not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 3,065,568	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 3,065,568
Capital Assets, being depreciated:				
Buildings	11,986,001	0	0	11,986,001
Improvements	13,435,965	74,794	0	13,510,759
Furniture and Equipment	3,430,371	102,386	0	3,532,757
Vehicles	2,230,834	37,000	0	2,267,834
Infrastructure:				
Water Lines	13,579,442	0	0	13,579,442
Storm Sewer	25,430	0	0	25,430
Total Capital Assets, being depreciated	44,688,043	214,180	0	44,902,223
Less Accumulated Depreciation:				
Buildings	(1,628,625)	(281,082)	0	(1,909,707)
Improvements	(9,726,273)	(711,684)	0	(10,437,957)
Furniture and Equipment	(3,133,246)	(104,482)	0	(3,237,728)
Vehicles	(2,082,996)	(41,023)	0	(2,124,019)
Infrastructure:				
Water Lines	(1,858,838)	(554,474)	0	(2,413,312)
Storm Sewer	(1,017)	(1,017)	0	(2,034)
Total Accumulated Depreciation	(18,430,995)	(1,693,762)	0	(20,124,757)
Total Capital Assets being depreciated, net	26,257,048	(1,479,582)	0	24,777,466
Business-Type Activities Capital Assets, Net	\$ 29,322,616	\$ (1,479,582)	\$ 0	\$ 27,843,034

Depreciation expense was charged to programs as follows:

Governmental Activities:	
General Government	\$ 812,676
Transportation	222,836
Security of Persons	162,662
Leisure	 9,967
Total	\$ 1,208,141
Business-Type Activities:	
Water	\$ 1,293,960
Sanitation	152,323
Recreation Center	162,438
Airport	57,204
Storm Water	 27,837
Total	\$ 1,693,762

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2006

Note 10 – Defined Benefit Pension Plans

All City full-time employees, other than Police and Firemen, participate in the Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS). OPERS administers three separate pension plans: The Traditional Pension Plan (TP), a cost sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan; the Member-Directed Plan (MD) – a defined contribution plan; and the Combined Plan (CO) – a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan that has elements of both a defined benefit and defined contribution plan.

OPERS provides retirement, disability, survivor and post-retirement health care benefits to qualifying members of both the Traditional and Combined plans; however, health care benefits are not statutorily guaranteed. Members of the Member-Directed Plan do not qualify for ancillary benefits, including post-employment health care coverage.

Benefits are established by Chapter 145 of the Ohio Revised Code. OPERS issues a standalone financial report which may be obtained by writing to the Ohio Public Employees Retirement System, 277 East Town Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215-4642 or by calling (614) 222-6705 or 1-800-222-7377.

Plan members were required to contribute 9.0% of their annual covered salary to fund pension obligations and the City is required to contribute 9.7% for the year 2006. Contributions are authorized by State statute. The contribution rates are determined actuarially. The City's required contributions to OPERS were \$973,735 for December 31, 2006 and \$928,133 and \$859,188 for years ended December 31, 2005 and 2004 respectively.

The City contributes to the Ohio Police and Firemen's Disability and Pension Fund (OP&F), a cost sharing multiple employer public employee retirement system administered by the OP&F's Board of Trustees. The PFDPF provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost of living adjustments and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Benefit provisions are established by the Ohio State Legislature and by Chapter 742 of the Ohio Revised Code. The OP&F issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial information and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained by writing to the Ohio Police and Firemen's Disability and Pension Fund, 140 East Town Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215-5164.

Police and firefighters are required to contribute 10% of their annual covered salary to fund pension obligations and for 2006 the City was required to contribute 11.75% for police and 16.25% for firefighters. Contributions are authorized by State statute. The City's contributions to the PFDPF for police and firefighters were \$444,080 and \$39,060 for the year ended December 31, 2005, \$430,854 and \$37,963 for the year ended December 31, 2004, and \$437,951 and \$36,239 for the year ended December 31, 2003. The full amount has been contributed for 2006, 2005, and 2004.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2006

Note 11– Postemployment Benefits

Ohio Public Employees Retirement System

In addition to providing pension benefits through Ohio Public Employee Retirement System ("System"), the System provides post retirement health care coverage to age and service retirees with ten or more years of qualifying Ohio Service Credit. Health care coverage for disability recipients and primary service recipients is also available. The Ohio revised code provides statutory authority for employee and employer contributions to the System. For 2006, member and employer contribution rates for all three plans for local government employer units were 13.7% of covered payroll; 4% was the portion that was used to fund health care for the year, which amounted to \$38,949.

The Other Post-Employment Benefit (OPEB) is a standardized disclosure measure of the present value of OPEB adjusted for the effects of payroll increases and health care premium increases. The measure, which is an actuarial present value of credited projected benefits, is intended to help users assess the System's funding status on a going-concern basis, assess progress made in accumulating sufficient assets to pay benefits when due. The system does not make separate measurements of assets and OPEB for individual employers.

The actuarially accrued liability and the unfunded actuarial accrued liability, based on the actuarial cost method used were \$31.3 billion and \$20.2 billion, respectively. As of December 31, 2005 (the latest information available), the actuarial value of the Retirement System's net assets available for future OPEB payments were \$11.1 billion. The number of statewide benefit recipients eligible for OPEB at December 31, 2006 was 369,214.

The Ohio Police and Fire Pension Fund (OP&F) provides post-retirement health care coverage to any person who receives or is eligible to receive a monthly benefit check or is a spouse or eligible dependent child of such person. An eligible dependent child is any child under the age of 18 whether or not the child is attending school or under the age of 22 if attending school full-time or on a 2/3 basis.

The health care coverage provided by the retirement system is considered an Other Post-employment Benefit (OPEB) as described in GASB Statement No. 12. The Ohio Revised Code provides the authority allowing the Ohio Police and Fire Pension Fund's board of trustees to provide health care coverage and states that health care costs paid from the Ohio Police and Fire Pension Fund shall be included in the employer's contribution rate. Health care funding and accounting is on a pay-as-you-go basis. The total police employer contribution is 19.5% of covered payroll and the total firefighter employer contribution rate is 24% of covered payroll, of which 7.75% of covered payroll was applied to the post-employment health care program during 2006. In addition, since July 1, 1993, most retirees and survivors were required to contribute a portion of the cost of their health care coverage through a deduction from their monthly benefit payment. Beginning in 2001, all retirees and survivors have monthly health care contributions.

The Ohio Revised Code provides the statutory authority allowing the Fund's Board of Trustees to provide health care coverage to all eligible individuals.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2006

The City's actual contributions for 2006 that were used to fund post-employment benefits were \$176,300 for police and \$12,616 for fire. The OP&F's total health care expense for the year ended December 31, 2005 (the latest information available) was \$108,039,449, which was net of member contributions of \$55,271,881. The number of OP&F participants eligible to receive health care benefits as of December 31, 2005, was 13,922 for police and 10,537 for firefighters.

Note 12 – Compensated Absences

The criteria for determining vacation and sick leave components are derived from negotiated contracts, City ordinances and State laws. Employees earn one to five weeks of vacation per year, depending upon length of service. Annual vacation eligibility is as of December 31 and unused vacation may be carried over for one year.

Employees that have used three weeks vacation and can not take off the remaining, they may receive payment for vacation that would have otherwise been lost. When an employee terminates employment with two weeks notice, they will receive a pro-ration of vacation time that they would receive the next year. When there is not two weeks notice, the employee will receive any vacation balance currently accrued.

Employees earn sick leave at the rate of 4.6 hours per 80 hours worked. Maximum sick leave accumulation is 120 days, unless approved by a department head. No sick leave is paid out at termination, but upon retirement, employees receive 37.5% of their sick leave balance not to exceed 360 hours.

Employees may elect to receive compensatory time off in lieu of overtime. Currently the maximum balance is 160 hours for police communications employees and 120 hours for other employees.

Compensated absences will be paid from the fund from which the person is paid. This is generally from the general, street maintenance and repair, fire special, cable tv, water, sanitation and recreation center funds.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2006

Note 13 – Long Term Obligations

General Obligation Bonds

Outstanding general obligation bonds consist of utility system and building construction issues. General obligation bonds have been issued for governmental and business-type activities.

General obligation bonds are direct obligations of the City for which its full faith, credit, and resources are pledged and are payable from taxes levied on all taxable property in the City.

General obligation bonds currently outstanding are as follows:

D.	Original	Maturity	T. (D.	Original
Purpose	Issue Date	Date	Interest Rates	Issue Amount
Governmental Activities Parking Improvements Fire Station Street Improvements	1987 1991 1997	2007 2011 2007	7.25% 3.00% to 10.00% 5.20%	\$ 307,800 2,710,350 800,000
Total	1991	2007	3.2070	\$ 3,818,150
Business-Type Activities				
Water Improvements	1995	2015	5.20% to 5.85%	1,000,000
Recreation Center	2001	2021	3.60% to 4.90%	4,920,000
Water Improvements	2001	2021	4.00% to 5.10%	8,355,000
Recreation Center	2002	2022	3.00% to 5.00%	2,035,000
Water Improvements	2002	2022	2.40% to 5.00%	6,080,000
Total				\$ 22,390,000

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for general obligation bonds are as follows:

	General Obligation Bonds											
Year Ending		Gov	ernm	ental Acti	vitie	es		Bus	ines	s-Type Activ	vitie	es
December 31,	I	Principal	I	nterest		Total		Principal		Interest		Total
	_		_		_		_		_		_	
2007	\$	241,200	\$	5,375	\$	246,575	\$	905,000	\$	861,298	\$	1,766,298
2008		145,000		0		145,000		940,000		828,498		1,768,498
2009		145,000		0		145,000		975,000		792,922		1,767,922
2010		145,000		0		145,000		1,005,000		754,625		1,759,625
2011		145,000		0		145,000		1,040,000		713,767		1,753,767
2012 - 2016		0		0		0		5,845,000		2,850,754		8,695,754
2017 - 2021		0		0		0		7,160,000		1,351,704		8,511,704
2022		0		0		0		970,000		48,500		1,018,500
Total	\$	821,200	\$	5,375	\$	826,575	\$	18,840,000	\$	8,202,068	\$	27,042,068

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2006

Special Assessment Bonds

Outstanding special assessment bonds consist of street and utility improvements which are payable from the proceeds of tax assessments against individual property owners. In the event the property owners fail to make their special assessment payments, the City is responsible for providing the resources to meet the annual principal and interest payments.

Special Assessment bonds currently outstanding are as follows:

Purpose	Original Maturity Issue Date Date Interest Rates		Lee	Original Issue Amount		
Fulpose	Issue Date	Date	Interest Kates	188	sue Amount	
Governmental Activities						
Parking Improvements	1987	2007	7.25%	\$	262,200	
Street Improvements	1995	2015	5.20%		880,000	
Street Improvements	1988	2008	4.75% to 5.50%		275,946	
Water Line (66.76%)	1988	2013	5.30% to 9.00%		53,037	
Street Improvements	1991	2011	6.625% to 6.80%		440,000	
Street Improvements	1992	2012	4.40% to 10.00%		780,000	
Street Improvements	1994	2014	5.40% to 5.75%		1,090,000	
Street Improvements	1998	2013	4.50%		127,000	
Total				\$	3,908,183	
Business-Type Activities						
Water Line (33.24%)	1988	2013	5.30% to 9.00%	\$	26,407	

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for special assessment bonds are as follows:

	Special Assessment Bonds											
Year Ending		Gov	vern	mental Activ	itie	S		Bus	ines	s-Type Activ	ities	3
December 31,		Principal		Interest		Total	P	rincipal		Interest		Total
2007	\$	227,473	\$	98,162	\$	325,635	\$	2,327	\$	994	\$	3,321
2008		218,673		84,715		303,388		2,327		868		3,195
2009		224,341		71,894		296,235		2,659		743		3,402
2010		234,341		58,925		293,266		2,659		599		3,258
2011		239,341		45,376		284,717		2,659		458		3,117
2012 - 2015		562,016		65,856		627,872		5,984		476		6,460
Total	\$	1,706,185	\$	424,928	\$	2,131,113	\$	18,615	\$	4,138	\$	22,753

Loans Payable

Water Tank

The City and the County joined to construct a water tank at the end of Avon Lake Municipal Utilities Eastern Transmission Line #2. This tank provides water for pumping facilities of the City and the County. OWDA funds were used to construct this tank. The City's portion of the loan with OWDA amounts to \$1,583,180 at an interest rate of 4.65%. Semi-annual payments are made to the County with the final payment due January 1, 2023.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2006

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for the loan are as follows:

	Loan Payable									
Year Ending	Business-Type Activities									
December 31,	Principal		Interest		Total					
2007	\$ 59,368	\$	63,079	\$	122,447					
2008	62,160		58,841		121,001					
2009	65,084		57,363		122,447					
2010	68,147		54,301		122,448					
2011	71,352		51,095		122,447					
2012 - 2016	410,377		201,859		612,236					
2017 - 2021	516,417		95,818		612,235					
2022	118,305		16,020		134,325					
Total	\$ 1,371,210	\$	598,376	\$	1,969,586					

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2006

Changes in Long Term Liabilities

Long term liability activity for the year ended December 31, 2006 was as follows:

	Balance			Balance	Due Within	
	01/01/06	Additions	Reductions	12/31/06	One Year	
Governmental Activities						
General Obligation Bonds						
Parking Improvements	\$ 32,400	\$ 0	\$ 16,200	\$ 16,200	\$ 16,200	
Fire Station	725,000	0	0	725,000	145,000	
Street Improvements	160,000	0	80,000	80,000	80,000	
Total General Obligation Bonds	917,400	0	96,200	821,200	241,200	
Special Assessment Bonds						
Water Line	42,058	0	4,673	37,385	4,673	
Parking Improvements	27,600	0	13,800	13,800	13,800	
Street Improvements	535,000	0	45,000	490,000	50,000	
Street Improvements	45,000	0	15,000	30,000	15,000	
Street Improvements	195,000	0	25,000	170,000	30,000	
Street Improvements	375,000	0	45,000	330,000	45,000	
Street Improvements	625,000	0	55,000	570,000	60,000	
Street Improvements	73,000	0	8,000	65,000	9,000	
Total Special Assessment Bonds	1,917,658	0	211,473	1,706,185	227,473	
Loan Payable	33,756	0	33,756	0	0	
Compensated Absences	840,334	160,087	628,333	372,088	195,834	
Total Governmental						
Long Term Liabilities	\$ 3,709,148	\$ 160,087	\$ 969,762	\$ 2,899,473	\$ 664,507	

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2006

	Balance 01/01/06	Additions	Reductions	Balance 12/31/06	Due Within One Year
Business-Type Activities					
General Obligation Bonds	\$ 500,000	\$ 0	\$ 50,000	\$ 450,000	\$ 50,000
Water Improvements Water Improvements	\$ 500,000 7,190,000	\$ 0	\$ 50,000 320,000	\$ 450,000 6,870,000	\$ 50,000 330,000
Water Improvements	5,420,000	0	230,000	5,190,000	240,000
Recreation Center	2,385,000	0	90.000	2,295,000	85,000
Recreation Center Recreation Center	4,225,000	0	190,000	4,035,000	200,000
Recreation Center	4,223,000		190,000	4,033,000	200,000
Total General Obligation Bonds	19,720,000	0	880,000	18,840,000	905,000
Special Assessment Bonds					
Water Line	20,942	0	2,327	18,615	2,327
Total Special Assessment Bonds	20,942	0	2,327	18,615	2,327
Loan Payable	1,427,910	0	56,700	1,371,210	59,368
Compensated Absences	220,660	50,491	162,757	108,394	53,787
Total Business-Type Activities					
Long Term Liabilities	\$ 21,389,512	\$ 50,491	\$ 1,101,784	\$ 20,338,219	\$ 1,020,482

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2006

Note 14 – Internal Notes Receivable/Payable

The City has non interest bearing internal notes receivable and notes payable which are used for various projects and are repaid with grant proceeds. The notes are not expected to be repaid within the next year.

Internal notes currently outstanding are as follows:

Purpose	Original Issue Date	Maturity Date	Interest Rates	Original Issue Amount		
Governmental Activities						
Cops in School	03/15/05	02/28/07	0%	\$	3,172	
Intensive Probation Service	06/29/06	06/29/07	0%		98,317	
2004 CHIP Grant	10/24/06	10/25/07	0%		462,933	
Airport Vision 100 Grant	04/28/06	04/24/07	0%		15,425	
2005 Weed Cutting	05/26/05	05/22/07	0%		1,769	
2005 CDBG	12/30/05	12/22/07	0%		92,000	
2006 CHIP/CDBG Grant	03/17/06	03/13/07	0%		130,500	
2006 Certified Local Govt Subgrant	05/22/06	05/08/07	0%		8,000	
2005 Ohio Small Cities CDBG	05/22/06	05/08/07	0%		10,000	
2006 Airport Note Sale	12/31/06	12/31/07	0%		82,256	
2006 Weed Cutting A	06/29/06	06/27/07	0%		5,000	
2006 Weed Cutting B	07/14/06	07/10/07	0%		5,000	
Abbeyville Rd Construction	06/29/06	06/26/06	0%		344,000	
Emergency Road Repair	09/29/06	09/25/07	0%		40,000	
Ohio Rail Commission Grant	10/25/06	10/25/07	0%		110,000	
Court Security Grant	12/22/06	12/11/07	0%		3,406	
2006 CDBG	12/12/06	12/11/07	0%		82,000	
Total				\$ 1,	493,778	
Business-Type Activities						
Sanitation Vehicle	08/22/06	08/22/07	0%		35,000	
2006 Airport Vision 100 Grant	06/20/06	06/12/07	0%		2,845	
Total				\$	37,845	

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2006

Internal note activity for the year ended December 31, 2006, consisted of the following:

	Balance 01/01/06		Additions	R	eductions	Balance 12/31/06
Governmental Activities						
2004 CDBG Grant	\$ 97,000	\$	97,000	\$	194,000	\$ 0
2005 CDBG Grant	92,000	·	0	·	0	92,000
2006 CDBG Grant	0		82,000		0	82,000
2006 CDBG Grant	0		130,500		0	130,500
2004 Weed Cutting	6,510		0		6,510	0
2005 Weed Cutting	5,000		5,000		8,231	1,769
2006 Weed Cutting	0		5,000		0	5,000
2006 Weed Cutting	0		5,000		0	5,000
Airport Vision 100 Grant	15,425		15,425		15,425	15,425
2006 Airport Note	0		150,000		67,744	82,256
Airport Hanger	143,250		0		143,250	0
Certified Local Government	20,000		0		20,000	0
CHIP Grant	150,957		0		150,957	0
CHIP Grant	465,375		462,933		465,375	462,933
Cops in School Grant	37,823		3,172		37,823	3,172
E. Union Reconstruction	95,000		0		95,000	0
E. Union Reconstruction Phase 2	165,000		0		165,000	0
Intensive Probation 7/05 - 6/06	93,113		115,039		109,835	98,317
Intensive Probation 7/06 - 6/07	0		54,313		54,313	0
Lake/Smith Intersection	251,000		0		251,000	0
N. Jefferson/E. Reagan Intersection	164,644		0		164,644	0
N. State/S. Broadway Railroad Crossing	81,977		34,338		116,315	0
Ohio Clean Trail Grant	309,767		309,767		619,534	0
Emergency Railroad Repair	0		40,000			40,000
Ohio Rail Commission	0		110,000			110,000
Court Security	0		21,875		18,469	3,406
2005 Ohio Small Cities Grant	0		10,000		0	10,000
2006 Certified Sub Grant	0		8,000		0	8,000
PUCO Grade Crossing	3,000		0		3,000	0
Abbeyville Reconstruction	0		344,000		0	344,000
Total Governmental Activities	 2,196,841		2,003,362		2,706,425	 1,493,778
Business-Type Activities						
Sanitation Vehicle	70,000		35,000		70,000	35,000
Airport Vision 100	2,845		2,845		2,845	2,845
Total Business-Type Activities	72,845		37,845		72,845	37,845
Internal Notes	\$ 2,269,686	\$	2,041,207	\$	2,779,270	\$ 1,531,623

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2006

A summary of the internal obligations by fund for the year ended December 31, 2006, are as follows:

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	 Amount
Water Fund	Other Governmental	\$ 1,004,762
Water Fund	Sanitation	35,000
Sanitation Fund	Other Governmental	489,016
Sanitation Fund	Airport	 2,845
Total		\$ 1,531,623

Note 15 – Risk Management

Property and Liability

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omission; injuries to employees and natural disasters. The City has policies for commercial property coverage, boiler and machinery coverage, police liability and an umbrella policy.

The City bonds the Finance Director, Clerk of Courts, and bailiffs.

Settled claims have not exceeded this commercial coverage in any of the past three years. There has not been significant reduction in coverage from the prior year.

Medical

The City provides health and dental benefits and life insurance to full time employees. Most employees are required to pay 5% of the medical insurance premium. Coverage is provided by a commercial insurance carrier and the City is not exposed to any risks related to health claims.

Note 16 - Investment in Joint Venture

The City is a member of the Medina-Lorain Water Consortium (the Consortium), which is a joint venture between the City of Avon Lake, the Rural Lorain County Water Authority, Medina County, and the City of Medina. The Consortium was created in 1999 for the purpose of construction, operation and maintenance of a water transmission line to serve the members of the Consortium, and for the purpose of bulk water delivery from the City of Avon Lake. There is an ongoing financial responsibility for all parties for the maintenance and repair of the project. The Consortium is governed by representatives of the member parties. The City of Avon Lake serves as the fiscal agent for the Consortium. As of December 31, 2006, the City's equity interest in the Consortium was \$8,498,815. Financial information can be obtained from Joe Newlin, City of Avon Lake Finance Director, 150 Avon Beldon Road, Avon Lake, Ohio 44012.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2006

Note 17 – Contingencies

Amounts received from grantor agencies are subject to audit and adjustment by the grantor, principally the federal government. Any disallowed costs may require refunding to the grantor. Amounts which may be disallowed, if any, are not presently determinable. However, based on prior experience, management believes such refunds, if any, would not be material.

The City is defendant in several lawsuits. The outcome of these suits is not presently determinable and council believes that the resolution of these matters will not materially affect the City's financial condition.

Note 18 – Recreation Center Joint Operating Agreement

On July 9, 2001, the City entered into a joint operating agreement and lease agreement with the Board of Education of the Medina City School District (the School Board) for the Medina Recreation Center (the Recreation Center).

City has been granted a leasehold interest in the Recreation Center for a term commencing on January 4, 2003 and expiring on June 30, 2052, with an option to renew for an indefinite number of additional five year terms. The lease required the City to prepay rent in the amount of \$7,500,000, which was fully paid in 2004. These payments have been treated by the City as a capital lease in accordance with Financial Statement Accounting Standards (FASB) #13.

In addition to the initial rent payment, the City is also required to pay annual rent of \$1 each year, and 47.5% of the Recreation Center's custodian, maintenance, and utility expenses which will be initially paid by the School Board and invoiced to the City on a monthly basis. The City and the School Board will also each be required to contribute \$100,000 a year, for the term of the lease, to separate Capital Improvement Funds which may be spent for upkeep of the facilities through mutual agreement of both parties upon the recommendation of an Advisory Committee. However, no contributions to the Capital Improvement Funds are required, by either party, for the first two years of operations, and contributions of only 30%, 60%, and 90% are required for the third, fourth and fifth years, respectively.

The Recreation Center's Advisory Committee will consist of eight members, in which two each will be appointed by the School Board and City and four by election. The Advisory Committee members may serve for an unlimited number of three year terms, and will be responsible for advising the City and School Board regarding scheduling, operating expenses and day-to-day operations of the Recreation Center, as well as, use of the Capital Improvement Funds.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2006

Note 19 – Contractual Commitments

As of December 31, 2006, the City had contractual commitments for the following:

	Contractual Commitment	Expended	Balance 12/31/06
City Wide Signal Project West Liberty Street Weigh Station Uptown Park Improvements	\$ 890,660 690,573 151,819	\$ 868,968 410,443 96,701	\$ 21,692 280,130 55,118
Total	\$ 1,733,052	\$ 1,376,112	\$ 356,940

Rea & Associates, Inc. ACCOUNTANTS AND BUSINESS CONSULTANTS

June 22, 2007

To the Honorable Mayor and City Council City of Medina Medina County, Ohio

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Medina as of and for the year ended December 31, 2006, and have issued our report thereon dated June 22, 2007, which was a qualified opinion due to the inadequacy of the capital assets records. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the City of Medina's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion of the effectiveness of the City of Medina's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Medina's internal control over financial reporting.

A control deficiency exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect misstatements on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a control deficiency, or combination of control deficiencies, that adversely affects the entity's ability to initiate, authorize, record, process, or report financial data reliably in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles such that there is more than a remote likelihood that a misstatement of the entity's financial statements that is more than inconsequential will not be prevented or detected by the entity's internal control.

City of Medina Internal Control-Compliance Report Page 2

A material weakness is a significant deficiency, or combination of significant deficiencies, that results in more than a remote likelihood that a material misstatement of the financial statements will not be prevented or detected by the entity's internal control.

Our consideration of the internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. We noted one matter involving the internal control over financial reporting and its operation that we consider to be a material weakness, which is disclosed in the accompanying schedule of findings as item 2006-001. We noted other matters involving the internal control over financial reporting, which we have reported to management of the City of Medina in a separate letter dated June 22, 2007.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City of Medina's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*. However, we noted certain immaterial instances that we have reported to management of the City of Medina in a separate letter dated June 22, 2007.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the City Council, management, Federal awarding agencies, and pass-through entities and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than those specified parties.

Lea & Associates, Inc.

Rea & Associates, Inc.

ACCOUNTANTS AND BUSINESS CONSULTANTS

June 22, 2007

To the Honorable Mayor and City Council City of Medina Medina, Ohio

> Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance with Requirements Applicable to Each Major Program and Internal Control Over Compliance in Accordance with OMB Circular A-133

Compliance

We have audited the compliance of the City of Medina with the types of compliance requirements described in the U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Circular A-133, *Compliance Supplement* that are applicable to its major federal program for the year ended December 31, 2006. The City of Medina's major federal program is identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. Compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to its major federal program is the responsibility of the City of Medina's management. Our responsibility it to express an opinion on the City of Medina's compliance based on our audit.

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. Those standards and OMB Circulars A-133 require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the City of Medina's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures, as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our audit does not provide a legal determination on the City of Medina's compliance with those requirements.

In our opinion, the City of Medina complied, in all material respects, with the requirements referred to above that are applicable to its major federal program for the year ended December 31, 2006. However, we noted a certain immaterial instance of noncompliance that we reported to management of the City of Medina in a separate letter dated June 22, 2007.

City of Medina Report on OMB Circular A-133 Compliance-Internal Control Page 2

Internal Control Over Compliance

The management of the City of Medina is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to federal programs. In planning and performing our audit, we considered the City of Medina's internal control over compliance with requirements that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on compliance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Medina's internal control over compliance.

A control deficiency in an entity's internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a control deficiency, or combination of control deficiencies, that adversely affects the entity's ability to administer a federal program such that there is more than a remote likelihood that noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is more than inconsequential will not be prevented or detected by the entity's internal control.

A material weakness is a significant deficiency, or combination of significant deficiencies, that results in more than a remote likelihood that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented or detected by the entity's internal control.

Our consideration of the internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. We did not identify and deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, we noted a certain immaterial instance of internal control over compliance that we reported to management of the City of Medina in a separate letter dated June 22, 2007.

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Medina as of and for the year ended December 31, 2006, and have issued our report thereon dated June 22, 2007, which was a qualified opinion due to the inadequacy of the capital assets records. Our audit was performed for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements taken as a whole. The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by OMB Circular A-133 and is not a required part of the financial statements of the City of Medina. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the financial statements taken as a whole.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the City Council, management and federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Reco **Policy Council, **Inc.**

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CITY OF MEDINA, OHIO Schedule of Federal Awards Expenditures For the Year Ended December 31, 2006

	Agency or		
Federal Grantor/Pass Through Grantor	Pass Through	Federal	
Program Title	Entity Number	CFDA Number	Disbursements
U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development			
Passed through the Ohio Department of Development:			
Community Development Block Grant	A-C-04-147-1	14.228	\$ 79,210
Community Development Block Grant	A-F-03-147-1	14.228	92
Community Development Block Grant	A-C-05-147-1	14.228	88,300
HOME Investment Partnership Program	A-C-04-147-2	14.239	303,008
Total U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development			470,610
U.S. Department of Justice:			
Direct Programs:		16.710	20.222
Public Safety Partnership and Community Policing Events		16.710	28,332
Passed through the Bureau of Justice Assistance:			
Bulletproof Vest Partnership Program	6131649	16.607	1,020
Total U.S. Department of Justice			29,352
U.S. Department of Transportation			
Direct Programs:			
Airport Improvement Program		20.106	104,758
Total U.S. Department of Transportation			104,758
Total Federal Financial Assistance			\$ 604,720

CITY OF MEDINA SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS OMB CIRCULAR A-133, Section .505 DECEMBER 31, 2006

1. SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

(d) (1) (i)	Type of Financial Statement Opinion	Qualified		
(d) (1) (ii)	Were there any material control weakness conditions reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	Yes		
(d) (1) (ii)	Were there any other significant deficiency conditions reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No		
(d) (1) (iii)	Was there any reported material non- compliance at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No		
(d) (1) (iv)	Were there any material internal control weakness conditions reported for major federal programs?	No		
(d) (1) (iv)	Were there any other significant deficiencies reported for major federal programs?	No		
(d) (1) (v)	Type of Major Programs' Compliance Opinion	Unqualified		
(d) (1) (vi)	Are there any reportable findings under Section .510?	No		
(d) (1) (vii)	Major Programs (list):	HOME Investment Partnerships Program CFDA #14.239		
(d) (1) (viii)	Dollar Threshold: Type A/B Programs	Type A: > \$300,000 Type B: All others		
(d) (1) (ix)	Low Risk Auditee?	No		

2. FINDINGS RELATED TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS

FINDING NUMBER 2006-001

Material Weakness

Capital Assets:

The City does not maintain comprehensive records to account for capital asset balances, additions, deletions, and accumulated depreciation. The City has also not determined, or has it recorded, the historical values for several parcels of land owned by the City.

City of Medina Medina County Schedule of Findings Page 2

FINDING NUMBER 2006-001 (Continued)

Material Weakness (Continued)

Capital Assets:(Continued)

The lack of a comprehensive capital asset accounting system could result in the overstatement or understatement of capital assets, related accumulated depreciation, depreciation expense, and investment in capital assets net of related debt.

We recommend that management:

- A. Develop a centralized policy and comprehensive procedures with appropriate documentation forms, including a form to be completed when capital assets are deleted, which would require approval by the Board of Control prior to the disposition of any capital assets. A copy of the documentation form should be routed to the Finance Department for input into a capital asset record by department and type of asset to permit the preparation of the financial statements. The system should also accurately reflect all current and accumulated depreciation.
- B. Determine and record in the capital asset records the historical cost of all land owned by the City.
- C. Perform a physical count of capital assets to obtain an accurate balance and then perform periodic physical counts at least annually.
- D. Maintain a detailed master capital asset list appropriately sorted which readily supports financial statement preparation.

Management feels that it is a cost - benefit issue in regards to the capital assets system. The cost of obtaining a revaluation of the capital assets, is not worth the benefit, but will be considered in future years. The initial cost of compliance would be significant, but the cost of keeping the system up-to-date should not be expensive.

3. FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR FEDERAL AWARDS

None were noted

CITY OF MEDINA SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS DECEMBER 31, 2006

Not Corrected, Partially Corrected, Significantly

Different Corrective Action Taken or Finding No Longer Valid

Finding Number Finding Summary Fully Corrected? Explain 2005-001 Implement controls over

5-001 Implement controls over
Capital Assets No Reissued as Finding 2006-001



Mary Taylor, CPA Auditor of State

CITY OF MEDINA

MEDINA COUNTY

CLERK'S CERTIFICATION

This is a true and correct copy of the report which is required to be filed in the Office of the Auditor of State pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in Columbus, Ohio.

CLERK OF THE BUREAU

Susan Babbitt

CERTIFIED JULY 26, 2007