CITY OF NORTHWOOD, OHIO

AUDIT REPORT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2006



Mary Taylor, CPA Auditor of State

City Council City of Northwood 6000 Wales Rd. Northwood, OH 43619-1480

We have reviewed the *Independent Auditor's Report* of the City of Northwood, Wood County, prepared by James G. Zupka, CPA, Inc., for the audit period January 1, 2006 to December 31, 2006. Based upon this review, we have accepted these reports in lieu of the audit required by Section 117.11, Revised Code. The Auditor of State did not audit the accompanying financial statements and, accordingly, we are unable to express, and do not express an opinion on them.

Our review was made in reference to the applicable sections of legislative criteria, as reflected by the Ohio Constitution, and the Revised Code, policies, procedures and guidelines of the Auditor of State, regulations and grant requirements. The City of Northwood is responsible for compliance with these laws and regulations.

Mary Taylor, CPA Auditor of State

Mary Saylor

July 5, 2007



CITY OF NORTHWOOD, OHIO **AUDIT REPORT** FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2006

TABLE OF CONTENTS	<u>PAGE</u>
Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit	
of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance With Government Auditing Standards	1-2
Status of Prior Citations and Recommendations	3

JAMES G. ZUPKA, C.P.A., INC.

Certified Public Accountants 5240 East 98th Street Garfield Hts., Ohio 44125

Member American Institute of Certified Public Accountants

(216) 475 - 6136

Ohio Society of Certified Public Accountants

REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To Members of City Council City of Northwood, Ohio

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Northwood, Ohio, as of and for the year ended December 31, 2006, which collectively comprise the City of Northwood, Ohio's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated June 8, 2007. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the City of Northwood, Ohio's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Northwood, Ohio's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Northwood, Ohio's internal control over financial reporting.

A control deficiency exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect misstatements on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a control deficiency, or combination of control deficiencies, that adversely affects the City of Northwood, Ohio's ability to initiate, authorize, record, process, or report financial data reliably in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles such that there is more than a remote likelihood that a misstatement of the City of Northwood, Ohio's financial statements that is more than inconsequential will not be prevented or detected by the City of Northwood, Ohio's internal control.

A material weakness is a significant deficiency, or combination of significant deficiencies, that results in more than a remote likelihood that a material misstatement of the financial statements will not be prevented or detected by the City of Northwood, Ohio's internal control.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City of Northwood, Ohio's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

We noted certain matters that we reported to the City of Northwood, Ohio, in a separate letter dated June 8, 2007.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of management and City Council and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

James G. Zupka, CPA, Inc. Certified Public Accountants

June 8, 2007

CITY OF NORTHWOOD, OHIO STATUS OF PRIOR CITATIONS AND RECOMMENDATIONS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2006

The prior audit report, as of December 31, 2005, included no citations or management letter recommendations.

THE CITY OF NORTHWOOD, OHIO

WOOD COUNTY



COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2006





COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2006

Issued by:
Department of Finance
Toby Schroyer
Director



TABLE OF CONTENTS

CITY OF NORTHWOOD WOOD COUNTY, OHIO

I	Introdu	CTORY SECTION	
	A B C D	Letter of Transmittal List of Principal Officials City Organizational Chart Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting.	xvi xvii
Π	FINANC	IAL SECTION	
	A B C	Independent Auditor's Report	3
		Statement of Net Assets Statement of Activities Fund Financial Statements: Governmental Funds: Balance Sheet	13
		Reconciliation of Total Governmental Fund Balances to Net Assets of Governmental Activities	16
		Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances	18
		Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances to the Statement of Activities	20
		Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis):	
		General Fund	21
		Fiduciary Funds:	
		Statement of Assets and Liabilities	22
		Notes to the Basic Financial Statements	23

Combining and Individual Fund Statements and Schedules:	
Nonmajor Governmental Financial Statements:	
Combining Balance Sheet	52
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances	53
Combining Balance Sheet – Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds	54
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances – Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds	58
Combining Balance Sheet – Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds	62
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances – Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds	
Individual Schedules of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis):	
Major Governmental Funds:	
General Fund	64
Debt Service Fund:	
General Obligation Debt Fund	70
Capital Projects Fund:	
Capital Improvement Fund	71
Capital Replacement Fund	72
Nonmajor Governmental Funds:	
Special Revenue Funds:	
Street Construction, Maintenance and Repair Fund	73
Motor Vehicle License Tax Fund	74
State Highway Improvement Fund	75
Northwood Waste/Environmental Fund	76
Drug Fine Fund	77
Special Law Enforcement Fund	78
Enforcement and Education Fund	79
Computerized Research Fund	80
CHIP CDBG Fund	81
CHIP HOME Fund	82
CHIP OHTF Fund	83
Water Fund	84
Sanitary Sewer Operation, Maintenance and Repair Fund	85
Keep Northwood Beautiful Fund	86
Water Maintenance – Homecraft Fund	87

Capital Projects Funds:	
Recreation Parks Combined Fund	88
Fiduciary Funds – Agency Fund:	
Combining Statement of Changes in Assets and Liabilities	91
Capital Assets Used in the Operation of Governmental Funds:	
Schedule by Source	93
Schedule by Function and Activity	94
Schedule of Changes by Function and Activity	96
STATISTICAL SECTION	
Net Assets by Component - Last Three Years	S 2
Changes in Net Assets - Last Three Years	S 3
Fund Balances, Governmental Funds - Last Nine Years	S 4
Changes in Fund Balances, Governmental Funds - Last Nine Years	S 6
Income Tax Revenues by Source, Governmental Funds - Last Ten Years	S 10
Income Tax Collections - Current Year	S 13
Ratio of Outstanding Debt By Type - Last Nine Years	S 14
Ratios of General Bonded Debt Outstanding - Last Ten Years	S 16
Computation of Direct and Overlapping Debt Attributable to	
Governmental Activities - Current Year	S 19
Debt Limitations - Last Ten Years	S 20
Demographic and Economic Statistics - Last Ten Years	S 22
Principal Employers - Current Year and Eight Years Ago	
Full Time Equivalent Employees by Function - Last Ten Years	
Operating Indicators by Function - Last Ten Years	
Capital Asset Statistics by Function - Last Ten Years	



Introductory Section





City of Northwood, Ohio

6000 Wales Road

Northwood, Ohio 43619 Phone (419) 693-9328 Fax (419) 693-6705

May xx, 2007

Introduction

To the Honorable Mayor, Members of City Council and All Citizens of the City of Northwood, Ohio:

I am pleased to present the ninth Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the City of Northwood, Ohio for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2006. The report has been prepared in accordance with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP) established by statements of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB), other authoritative pronouncements and guidelines recommended by the Government Finance Officers Association (GFOA) of the United States and Canada, and audited in accordance with Generally Accepted Auditing Standards (GAAS) by James G. Zupka, CPA, Inc. GAAP requires a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis called the Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) to accompany the basic financial statements. This Letter of Transmittal (LOT) is designed to complement the MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it. The City's MD&A can be found immediately following the report of the independent auditors.

The Report

State law, along with Administrative Rules of the Auditor of State, requires all city governments to publish an Annual Report within 150 days of the close of each fiscal year. This report must present a complete set of financial statements presented in conformity with GAAP. Various City debt service *Trust Agreements* require Audited Annual Reports in accordance with GAAS. Pursuant to these requirements, we hereby issue the CAFR of the City of Northwood, Ohio, for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2006.

While there is no legal requirement for the preparation of a CAFR, it represents a commitment by the City, and its officers, to conform to nationally recognized standards of excellence in financial reporting. This report consists of management's representations concerning the finances of the City. Responsibility for both the accuracy of the presented data and the completeness and reliability of the presentation, including all disclosures, rests with City management.

Management of the City has established various internal controls designed to compile reliable information for the preparation of the City's financial statements in conformity with GAAP. Because the cost of internal controls should not outweigh their benefits, the City's various internal controls are designed to provide reasonable rather than absolute assurance that the financial statements will be free from material misstatement. We believe the data, as presented, is accurate in all material respects; that it is presented in a manner designed to fairly set forth the financial position and results of operations of the City; and that all disclosures necessary to enable the reader to gain an understanding of the City's financial activity have been presented.

The City's financial statements have been audited by the audit staff of James G. Zupka, C.P.A., Inc. The Auditor issued an unqualified opinion that the basic financial statements are presented fairly in conformity with GAAP, in all material respects, representing the financial position of the City as of December 31, 2006. The report from the Auditor is presented as the first component of the financial section of this report.

PROFILE OF THE CITY OF NORTHWOOD

Early History

In 1846, John Mossler built a log cabin on the east side of Plank Road, later named Goss Road and now called East Broadway. This road was made of logs, smoothed on one side by an adz and the curved side sunk into mud. The road was maintained with dirt and stone. There were no school boundary lines and children could attend any place of learning that was desirable.

In 1896 Edward Ross Ford purchased property along the Maumee River. In 1898, Mr. Ford built the Edward Ford Plate Glass Factory, which is now situated in the City of Rossford. He also built rows of homes for his employees because of a lack of transportation. At that time the people did not want to be part of Perrysburg and Lake Townships so they petitioned the Wood County Commissioners and the State of Ohio to establish a new township. Ross Township was formed, bound by the Maumee River on the West, Lucas County on the North, Ottawa County on the East and Lake and Perrysburg Townships on the South. The Village of Northwood was incorporated at a special election on August 7, 1962 and comprises all of Ross Township. Northwood acquired its name by residents submitting suggestions. Larry Brough, editor of the Rossford Township News, said it was located in the "Northern" most part of "Wood" County, hence, the name "Northwood" was selected. The Village of Northwood became a City on January 1, 1982 as designated by the State of Ohio after the voters passed the Charter of the City of Northwood on November 3, 1981.

Location

Located in northern Wood County, Northwood occupies approximately eight square miles and is bounded by Rossford on the West, Lucas County (Oregon and Toledo) on the North, Ottawa County on the East and Lake and Perrysburg Townships on the South. Three highways pass through the City including State Route 51 (locally known as Woodville Road) and Interstates 280 and 75. I-280 connects with the Ohio Turnpike six miles south of the City, while I-75 joins I-80/90 three miles south of Northwood. The City is also served by Norfolk Southern and the CSX Transportation railroads as well as the Toledo Express Airport located 20 miles west and Metcalf Field 3 miles south, providing lighted and paved runways for private aircraft.

Form of Government

The City of Northwood is a home-rule municipal corporation created under the laws of the State of Ohio operating under its own Charter. The current charter, which was adopted in 1981 and became effective in 1982, provides for a Council/Mayor form of government.

Legislative authority is vested in a seven member City Council. Four members are elected at-large to four-year terms and the other three members are also elected at-large to staggered four year terms, with each term of office beginning January 1st, following the November election. The Council sets compensation of City Officials and employees, enacts ordinances and resolutions relating to City services and tax levies, appropriating and borrowing funds, licensing and regulating business and trades as well as other municipal purposes. The presiding officer is the Mayor who has no vote unless there is a tie in the votes cast by the members of City Council. The Charter establishes certain administrative departments and the City Council may establish various divisions of those departments.

The City's chief executive officer is the Mayor. The Mayor appoints, subject to the approval of City Council, the City Administrator and all Directors of the City's departments. The City Administrator serves as the Chief Administrative Officer and may appoint or remove subordinate officers or employees of the City under the direct supervision of the Mayor.

The Clerk of Council/City Clerk is appointed by City Council. The City Treasurer's role is assumed by the Finance & Revenue Director, who is appointed by the Mayor and confirmed by City Council.

City Services

Police:

The Northwood Police Department is a full-time department with an authorized strength of 21 sworn full-time positions. Current staffing includes the Chief, a Captain, 5 sergeants, 14 patrol officers, a secretary, a part-time animal control officer, 2 part-time traffic camera operators, and 2 seasonal crossing guards. The City receives partial grant funding for DARE and Third Grade Safety Belt programs.

The department includes dispatching services for both police and fire and is staffed by 6 full-time dispatchers.

The Northwood Police Department serves the community in many different capacities. The police are involved in the protection of life and property, law enforcement and community education. Community service programs include D.A.R.E. (Drug Abuse Resistance Education), a Block Watch program, Wood County Youth Violence Prevention, Ohio Public Safety Department's Third Grade Safety Belt Program, A.L.E.I.A. (Area Law Enforcement Investigators Association), and Bike Patrol.

Fire:

The City maintains a paid on-call fire and emergency medical services operation. The Fire Chief is a full-time position with two part-time district chiefs appointed by City Council. The department provides fire suppression, fire prevention and inspection, and EMS services to the City of Northwood and its residents. Their equipment includes 3 ambulance units, 3 class-A pumpers, 2 mini pumpers, a paramedic unit, a 50ft. telesquirt, and 2 cruiser-type vehicles. Northwood has a Class 5 ISO rating.

Parks and Recreation:

The City owns three major parks. Nature Trails Park located on Curtice Road features a one mile walking or jogging trail that is partially wooded. Brentwood Park, located on Brentwood Road, features a shelter house, tennis courts, picnic facilities and playground equipment. Central Park, located on Wales Road, features a shelter house, picnic facilities, a baseball diamond, tennis courts and playground equipment. The City also has a Community Room within the Municipal Complex. Residents can rent the shelters and Community Room for various functions.

The City provides a Summer T-Ball, Softball and Baseball Recreation Program for boys and girls ages 6 to 16. The City contracts with the YMCA for a Residents Summer Swim Program and Senior Aquatics Program.

Public Works:

The Public Works Department maintains the 41 miles of streets in the City. The department's functions include repairs to City streets as well as cleaning and snow removal. Weekly refuse collection is provided through a contract with Waste Management, one of Northwood's largest employers. The Street Department provides a brush pick up service to the residents as well as a fall leaf collection and a Christmas tree recycling/mulching program. Tree maintenance and new tree plantings are planned each year.

Water and Wastewater:

The City of Northwood has separate water and wastewater services. The western portion of the City is served by water treated by the City of Toledo and purchased by the City of Northwood. The water is delivered through the distribution system owned and maintained by the City of Northwood. Wastewater treatment is provided by the City of Toledo on a contractual basis for this portion of the City. The eastern portion of the City is served by water treated by the City of Oregon and purchased through the Northwestern Water & Sewer District. The Northwestern Water & Sewer District also provides wastewater services.

The Reporting Entity

The accompanying basic financial statements comply with the provisions of Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 14, "The Financial Reporting Entity," in that the financial statements include all the organizations, activities, functions and component units for which the City (the reporting entity) is financially accountable. Financial accountability is defined as the appointment of a voting majority of the component unit's board, and either (1) the City's ability to impose its will over the component unit, or (2) the possibility that the component unit will provide a financial benefit to or impose a financial burden on the City.

Based on the foregoing, the reporting entity of the City has no component units but includes all funds, agencies, boards and commissions that are part of the primary government. The following services are provided by the City as authorized by its Charter: police and fire protection, emergency medical services, parks and recreation, planning and zoning, street maintenance and other governmental services. The City currently purchases water and wastewater treatment services from the City of Toledo and the Northwestern Water & Sewer District.

Accounting Controls

The City's budgetary accounting system was designed to provide reasonable assurance that:

- 1. The City's assets are protected against loss and unauthorized use or disposition; and
- 2. Reliable financial reports for preparing financial statements and providing accountability for assets are maintained.

The concept of reasonable assurance states that internal controls should be evaluated using the following criteria:

- 1. The expense associated with providing the internal controls should not exceed the benefits likely to be derived from their implementation; and
- 2. The evaluation of the offsetting costs and benefits involves estimates and judgment by the City administration and members of the finance office.

All internal control evaluations occur within this framework. It is the belief of the administrative and financial management personnel that the City's financial controls adequately safeguard existing assets and provide reasonable assurance of the proper recording of financial transactions.

Budgetary Controls

Detailed provisions for the City's budget, tax levies, and appropriations are set forth in the Ohio Revised Code and the City Charter. The Mayor, with the assistance of the Finance & Revenue Director, is required to submit to Council a tax budget of estimated revenues and expenditures for all funds, except agency funds for the succeeding fiscal year by the first council meeting in July. The budget is required to be adopted by the legislative body by July 15 and to be submitted to the County Budget Commission by July 20 of each year. The Mayor, with the assistance of the Finance & Revenue Director, is required by Charter to submit to Council, on or before December 15 of each fiscal year, an appropriation ordinance, based on the tax budget, for the next succeeding fiscal year. Council is required to adopt the appropriation ordinance (the budget) in its original form or with those revisions as it may find proper, within thirty days of the beginning of the fiscal year covered by such ordinance.

The City maintains budgetary control on a non-GAAP basis by fund and within each fund by department at major object levels, which include personal services, contractual services, supplies and materials, other expenditures, capital outlay, debt service and operating transfers. For management purposes, the major object level is further defined with budgeted amounts not to exceed the aggregate appropriated by Council.

Budgetary control is maintained by an encumbrance of purchase commitment amounts prior to the release of purchase orders to vendors. Requisitions for the expenditure of monies are submitted to the Finance & Revenue Director for approval, preparation of a purchase order and certification, after approval by the appropriate Department Director. The purchase order is reviewed for the availability of funds and the estimated expenditure is encumbered against the available appropriation. Encumbrances, which would exceed the available appropriation, are not approved or recorded until City Council authorizes additional appropriations. Unencumbered appropriations lapse at the end of each year.

The City's accounting system provides interim financial reports which detail year-to-date expenditures plus encumbrances versus the original appropriations plus any additional appropriations made to date. The reports permit the Finance & Revenue Director and other city officials to ascertain the status of each department's appropriations at any time during the year.

INFORMATION USEFUL IN ASSESSING ECONOMIC CONDITION

Economic Outlook

Located virtually at the crossroads of North America's most accessible highways, Northwood is at the center of it all. From Canada to Florida, I-75 connects the north and south. Interstate 80/90 bisects I-75 five miles south of Northwood, providing direct links between Northwest Ohio and the east and west coasts. Approximately 18 million people are within a two-hour driving radius of Wood County. Northwood is located within the Toledo metropolitan commercial truck zone, with access to the services of some 100 truck lines as well as air freight and parcel services. There is approximately 100 acres of property adjacent to Interstate 75 know as Access Pointe which offers opportunities for light industrial and office park developments.

Over \$6.7 million dollars were spent for new construction projects in Northwood in 2006. The number of permits for commercial, industrial and residential totaled 360. Two new commercial strip buildings were constructed. New commercial and industrial businesses consisted of China Wok, Hall Industrial Company, Faurecia, Oakley Sub Assembly, EdgeSeal Technologies, Joe's Hauling, Scott's Lawn Service and Thyssen Krupp Logistics. Treu House of Munch, Lifestyles for Ladies and Cupid's Closet constructed new facilities to meet their growing needs. Malcolm Meats completed Phase II as part of three phases of construction worth \$1.2 million while Johnson Controls and Oakley Sub Assembly constructed more parking area. Faurecia, Oakley Sub Assembly, EdgeSeal and Malcolm Meats created 255 new jobs in Northwood.

The City of Northwood has a J.E.D.Z. (Joint Economic Development Zone) agreement each with the Cities of Oregon and Rossford. The City of Northwood has established a Job Creation and Retention Grant Program (J.C.R.G.) as an economic development incentive tool. The City established a TIF (Tax Increment Financing) in 2006 for the issuance and sale of bonds to pay for construction improvements to the Route 280 interchange at Curtice Road which revolves around the construction of a new Menard's store on Curtice Road. The Cities of Oregon and Northwood have signed a cooperative tax sharing agreement and the Northwood and Oregon school systems have signed compensation agreements with Menard's.

The Planning Commission is working on formulating a new Central Business District and establishing an architectural standard for future construction in this area.

Unemployment Rates

According to the Ohio Bureau of Employment Services, the 2006 annual average unemployment rate for Wood County was 5.2%, which was lower than the state rate of 5.9% but higher than the national rate of 5.0%.

Employee Relations

The City has 51 full-time and 65 part-time employees. A statewide public employee collective bargaining law applies to public employee relations and collective bargaining. There are three bargaining units representing 38 full-time employees. The A.F.S.C.M.E. (American Federation of State, County and Municipal Employees) Local 755 Ohio represents 13 full-time employees. The O.P.B.A. (Ohio Patrolmen's Benevolent Association) represents 14 patrol officers and 6 police dispatchers. The FOP/OLC represents 5 sergeants.

The City negotiated in 2006 with A.F.S.C.M.E. for a 3-year term ending on March 31, 2009. The contract with O.P.B.A. was negotiated in 2005 for a 3-year term ending December 31, 2008. The City reached agreement with FOP/OLC in 2004 for a 3-year term ending June 30, 2007.

Major City Initiatives

During 2006, the City continued focusing on improving the quality of life and employment opportunities for its residents and taxpayers. The City pursued possible assistance such as federal, state and local grant funds. In 2006 the City received the following Police related grants; DARE, Alcohol Compliance, Bulletproof Vest, and D.U.I. Task Force. The City also received grants from Wood County Solid Waste, Wood County Recycling, Landfill Sponsorship, a Scrap Tire Grant, a Fire Training Grant, and an E.M.S Fire Grant.

During 2006, the City repaved Lawndale Drive, Rosedale Drive, East Andrus Road, and East Broadway. A continuous right turn was added at Oregon and Wales Road. The Hanson Street paving and drainage project was completed. Improvements were also completed on Curtice Road.

Continuing and Future Projects

The City has been awarded a Grant from the OPWC to pay for one-half the cost of Bradner & Williston Road Intersection Improvements. Ravenwood Sanitary and Storm Sewer Improvements will be completed in 2006. Renovations will be made to the Court office. Gould Street storm sewer replacement is being studied for 2006. Other street improvements are also scheduled.

Debt Administration

The debt service funds accumulate resources for the payment of principal, interest and associated administrative costs on the City's general obligation long-term debt. Resources are derived from property taxes (real and personal), income taxes, TIF payments and operating transfers. The total bonded debt of the City at December 31, 2006 was \$665,000. At December 31, 2006, the City had no long-term special assessment related debt. During the year the City retired \$65,000 in general obligation debt. General obligation bonds are retired from income tax collections.

During the year the City retired \$200,000 worth of notes payable. The City had no notes payable as of December 31, 2006.

Cash Management

Cash management is an integral component of the City's overall financial plan. The City attempts to earn a market rate of return consistent with providing the liquidity needed to pay obligations on a timely basis. Cash flow forecasting and the use of short-term investments, such as repurchase agreements, allows the City to earn interest on all funds. The City had its operating accounts at Sky Bank as of December 31, 2006.

The City's investments comply with Section 135.14 of the Ohio Revised Code, and the maximum maturity is limited to five years. Most investments mature within the current fiscal year. Interest earnings are allocated to funds based on the requirements of the Ohio Constitution, state statutes and local ordinances. As required by law, all deposits and repurchase agreements are covered by eligible collateral, while investment securities (treasuries and agency/instrumentality issues) are specifically permitted by the Ohio Revised Code and the City's investment policy.

Authorized investments are described in detail in Note 5 of the footnotes to the basic financial statements included within the financial section of this comprehensive annual financial report. The City currently has all excess collected balances not needed to cover daily check clearings transferred into a repurchase investment account at Sky Bank, Toledo, Ohio. All funds held in the repurchase investment account are collateralized with eligible securities as defined by Chapter 135 of Ohio Revised Code, held by the trust department at Sky Bank.

The City's cash resources had a balance of \$3,734,608 as of December 31, 2006.

The amount of interest earned for fiscal year 2006 was \$213,501. Interest earnings are credited to the Street Construction, Maintenance and Repair Fund, Motor Vehicle License Tax Fund, State Highway Improvement Fund, Northwood Waste and Environmental Fund, Special Law Enforcement Fund and the Sanitary Sewer Operation, Maintenance and Repairs Fund based on City ordinance. All other interest earnings are credited to the City's General Fund.

At December 31, 2006 the City had bank balances of \$3,734,205. Federal depository insurance covered \$100,000 of the bank balance. Ohio Law requires that deposits be placed in eligible banks or savings and loan associations located in Ohio. Any public depository in which the City places deposits must pledge as collateral eligible securities of aggregate market value equal to the excess of deposits not insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC). The securities pledged as collateral are pledged to a pool for each individual financial institution in amounts equal to at least 105% of the carrying value of all public deposits held by each institution. Obligations that may be pledged as collateral are limited to obligations of the United States and its agencies and obligations of any state, county, municipal corporation or other legally constituted authority of any other state, or any instrumentality of such county, municipal corporation or other authority.

The primary objectives of the City's investment program, in order of priority, are as follows:

- 1. Safety The safety of principal balances is the City's foremost objective and all investments are undertaken in a manner to insure the preservation of capital.
- 2. Liquidity All investments should be sufficiently liquid to meet all operating requirements that can be reasonably anticipated. Since all possible cash demands cannot be anticipated, the investment portfolio should consist of securities with active resale markets.
- 3. Yield Return on investment is of least importance compared to the safety and liquidity objectives described above. Investments are limited to low risk securities with the expectation of earning market value.

Risk Management

The City maintains comprehensive insurance coverage with private carriers for real property, building contents, fleet, and general liability coverage. The City also carries police professional and public official's liability insurance. The City provides a self-funded dental insurance program for its employees, which is funded through the general fund. See Note 16 to the basic financial statements for additional information.

The proactive approach that the administration employs in addressing its ongoing operations is reflected in the composition of the City's insurance protection package and its very favorable loss experience.

The City reduces exposure to risk through several initiatives. They include insurance coverages for vehicles, general liability, inland marine, building and contents and computer insurance, public officials and law enforcement liability coverages and boiler and machinery coverage.

The City contracted with Brooks Insurance Agency from January 1, 2006 through December 31, 2006 for various insurance coverages, as follows:

Type of Coverage	Coverage	Deductible
Auto Fleet Liability/Physical Damage	\$5,000,000	\$250/500
Law Enforcement Liability	\$5,000,000	\$5,000
General Liability	\$5,000,000	\$1,000
Prior Acts Coverage	\$5,000,000	\$5,000
Real & Personal Property	\$4,622,463	\$1,000
Emergency Medical Services Liability	\$5,000,000	\$5,000
Inland Marine Equipment	\$1,603,430	\$1,000
Boiler & Machinery Property Damage	\$5,000,000	\$1,000
Demolition/Increased Cost-Construction	\$500,000	\$1,000
Public Officials Liability	\$5,000,000	\$5,000
Valuable Papers	\$250,000	\$1,000
Business Income and Extra Expense	\$100,000	\$1,000
Employee Benefit Liability	\$5,000,000	\$0

AWARDS AND ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

Awards

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awards a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to those governments who qualify. To be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a governmental unit must prepare an easily readable and efficiently organized comprehensive annual financial report, whose contents conform to program standards. Such reports must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements. A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. I believe this, our ninth Comprehensive Annual Financial Report, meets the high standards set by the GFOA for a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting and we are submitting it to the GFOA.

Public Disclosure

The publication of this report represents an important achievement in the ability of the City of Northwood to provide significantly enhanced financial information and accountability to the citizens, its elected officials, City Administration and investors. In addition to the citizens of Northwood, the recipients of this report will include city, state and federal officials, schools, libraries, newspapers, investment banking firms, banks and rating agencies. The extensive effort to prepare and distribute this report is indicative of the continued efforts of the City of Northwood to improve its overall financial accounting, management and reporting capabilities.

Acknowledgements

The City of Northwood is proud to be submitting this GAAP financial report utilizing the guidelines recommended by GFOA. This report is the result of continued cooperation, and combined services of the Mayor, City Council, Administrative Officials, City employees, the Wood County Auditor's Office and the Auditor's Division of the State of Ohio.

Sincere appreciation and acknowledgement is extended to Donald J. Schonhardt & Associates, Inc, for their guidance in the preparation of this report.

Respectfully,

Toby A. Schroyer

Finance & Revenue Director

Joby a. Schozer

List of Principal Officials For the Year Ended December 31, 2006

Elected Official

Name	<u>Office</u>	Term Expires
Mark A. Stoner	Mayor	12/31/07
James D. Barton	City Council	12/31/09
David A. Gallaher	City Council	12/31/09
Connie S. Hughes	City Council	12/31/09
Randy Kozina	City Council	12/31/07
Jim Moore	City Council	12/31/07
Mike Myers	City Council, President	12/31/09
Richard B. Radocy	City Council	12/31/07

Administrative Personnel

		Term	
Name	<u>Office</u>	Expires	Surety
Brian Ballenger	Director of Law	09/30/07	
Pat Bacon	City Administrator	Indefinite	\$50,000 Bond
Gerald Herman	Chief of Police	Indefinite	
Tim Romstadt	Chief of Fire	Interim	
Craig Meier	Director of Public Service	Indefinite	
Toby Schroyer	Director of Finance	Indefinite	\$50,000 Bond
Paul Gercak	Director of Recreation	Indefinite	
Heather Sayler	Zoning Inspector	Indefinite	
Laura Schroeder	Clerk of Mayor's Courts	Indefinite	
C. Drew Griffith	Court Magistrate	Indefinite	

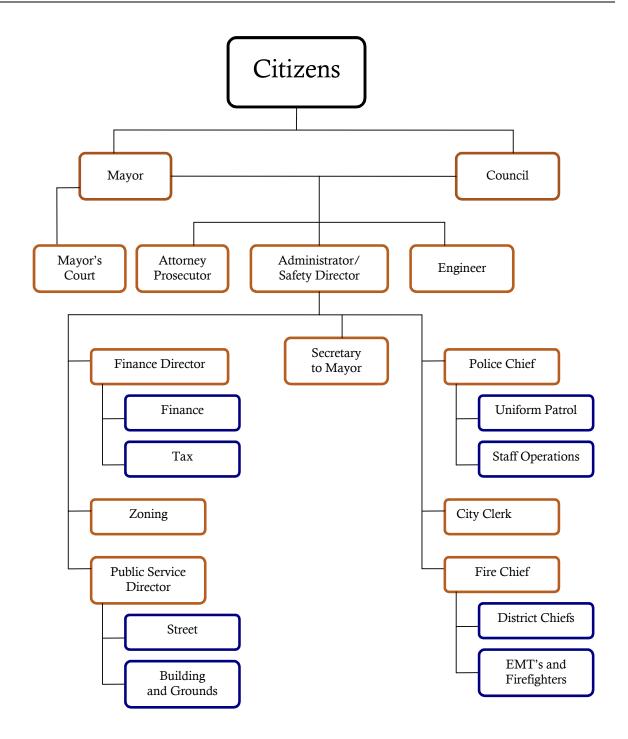
Applies to All Elected Officials

Public officials \$5 million/occurrence, \$7 million aggregate general liability. Term July 9, 2006 to July 9, 2007.

City Address:

City of Northwood 6000 Wales Road Northwood, Ohio 43619-1480 419-693-9327 FAX 419-693-6705

City Organizational Chart For the Year Ended December 31, 2006



Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

City of Northwood Ohio

For its Comprehensive Annual
Financial Report
for the Fiscal Year Ended
December 31, 2005

A Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting is presented by the Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada to government units and public employee retirement systems whose comprehensive annual financial reports (CAFRs) achieve the highest standards in government accounting and financial reporting.



President

Executive Director

FINANCIAL SECTION



JAMES G. ZUPKA, C.P.A., INC.

Certified Public Accountants 5240 East 98th Street Garfield Hts., Ohio 44125

Member American Institute of Certified Public Accountants

(216) 475 - 6136

Ohio Society of Certified Public Accountants

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To Members of City Council City of Northwood, Ohio The Honorable Mary Taylor Auditor of State State of Ohio

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Northwood, Ohio, as of and for the year ended December 31, 2006, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the City's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Northwood, Ohio, as of December 31, 2006, the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, the respective budgetary comparison for the general fund for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated June 8, 2007, on our consideration of the City of Northwood, Ohio's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* and should be considered in assessing the results of our audit.

The Management's Discussion and Analysis on pages 3 through 10 is not a required part of the basic financial statements but is supplementary information required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the required supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City of Northwood, Ohio's basic financial statements. The introductory section, combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements, individual fund schedules, and statistical section are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and individual fund schedules have been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements. In our opinion, this information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole. The introductory and statistical sections have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on them.

James G. Zupka, CPA, Inc. Certified Public Accountants

June 8, 2007

Unaudited

The discussion and analysis of the City of Northwood's financial performance provides an overall review of the City's financial activities for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2006. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the City's financial performance as a whole; readers should also review the notes to the basic financial statements and financial statements to enhance their understanding of the City's financial performance.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

Key financial highlights for 2006 are as follows:

- □ In total, net assets increased \$1,499,222, which represents a 18% increase from 2005.
- □ General revenues accounted for \$5.3 million in revenue or 75% of all revenues. Program specific revenues in the form of charges for services and grants and contributions accounted for 25% of total revenues of \$7.1 million.
- □ The City had \$5.6 million in expenses related to governmental activities; only \$1.8 million of these expenses were offset by program specific charges for services, grants or contributions. General revenues (primarily taxes) of \$5.3 million were adequate to provide for these programs.
- □ Among major funds, the general fund had \$4.8 million in revenues and \$4.5 million in expenditures. The general fund's fund balance increased \$250,124 to \$1,318,325.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This annual report consists of two parts – *management's discussion and analysis* and the *basic financial statements*. The basic financial statements include two kinds of statements that present different views of the City:

These statements are as follows:

- 1. <u>The Government-Wide Financial Statements</u> These statements provide both long-term and short-term information about the City's overall financial status.
- 2. <u>The Fund Financial Statements</u> These statements focus on individual parts of the City, reporting the City's operations in more detail than the government-wide statements.

The financial statements also include notes that explain some of the information in the financial statements and provide more detailed data.

Government-wide Statements

The government-wide statements report information about the City as a whole using accepting methods similar to those used by private-sector companies. The statement of net assets includes all of the government's assets and liabilities. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are accounted for in the statement of activities regardless of when cash is received or paid.

Unaudited

The two government-wide statements report the City's net assets and how they have changed. Net-assets (the difference between the City's assets and liabilities) is one way to measure the City's financial health or position.

- Over time, increases or decreases in the City's net assets are an indicator of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating, respectively.
- To assess the overall health of the City you need to consider additional nonfinancial factors such as property tax base, current property tax laws, conditions of the City's streets and continued growth within the City.

The government-wide financial statements of the City are divided into two categories:

- <u>Governmental Activities</u> Most of the City's programs and services are reported here including security of persons and property, public health and welfare services, leisure time activities, community environment, transportation and general government.
- <u>Business-Type Activities</u> These services are provided on a charge for goods or services basis to recover all of the expenses of the goods or services provided. The City has no business-type activities.

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide more detailed information about the City's most significant funds, not the City as a whole. Funds are accounting devices that the City uses to keep track of specific sources of funding and spending for particular purposes.

Governmental Funds – Most of the City's activities are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at year-end available for spending in future periods. These funds are reported using an accounting method called modified accrual accounting, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the City's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance City activities. The relationship (or differences) between governmental activities (reported in the Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities) and governmental funds is reconciled in the financial statements.

Fiduciary Funds – Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are *not* reflected in the government-wide financial statement because the resources of those funds are *not* available to support the City's own programs. All of the City's fiduciary activities are reported in separate Statements of Fiduciary Net Assets.

Unaudited

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE CITY AS A WHOLE

The following table provides a comparison of the City's net assets between 2006 and 2005:

	Governmental			
	Activi	ties		
	2006	2005		
Current and other assets	\$6,128,168	\$6,421,501		
Capital assets, Net	6,497,104	5,124,646		
Total assets	12,625,272	11,546,147		
Long-term debt outstanding	2,063,058	2,158,481		
Other liabilities	738,405	1,063,079		
Total liabilities	2,801,463	3,221,560		
Net assets				
Invested in capital assets,				
net of related debt	4,761,018	3,280,125		
Restricted	3,558,021	3,530,758		
Unrestricted	1,504,770	1,513,704		
Total net assets	\$9,823,809 \$8,324,5			

This space intentionally left blank.

Unaudited

Changes in Net Assets – The following table shows the changes in net assets for the fiscal year 2006 and 2005:

	Governmental		
	Activ	rities	
	2006	2005	
Revenues			
Program revenues:			
Charges for Services and Sales	\$1,047,862	\$1,322,150	
Operating Grants and Contributions	483,324	438,046	
Capital Grants and Contributions	263,996	117,445	
General revenues:			
Property Taxes	289,354	322,209	
Municipal Income Taxes	4,222,764	4,062,435	
Other Local Taxes	73,800	76,855	
Grants and Entitlements not Restricted			
to Specific Programs	471,649	1,132,148	
Investment Earnings	180,924	131,126	
Miscellaneous	74,378	84,502	
Total revenues	7,108,051	7,686,916	
Program Expenses			
Security of Persons and Property	2,774,120	2,945,787	
Public Health and Welfare Services	7,256	6,976	
Leisure Time Activities	81,343	88,266	
Community Environment	271,984	335,915	
Basic Utility Services	344,234	60,161	
Transportation	559,877	678,071	
General Government	1,526,552	1,448,482	
Interest and Fiscal Charges	43,463	161,557	
Total expenses	5,608,829	5,725,215	
Total Change in Net Assets	1,499,222	1,961,701	
Beginning Net Assets	8,324,587	6,362,886	
Ending Net Assets	\$9,823,809	\$8,324,587	

Governmental Activities

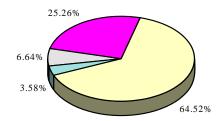
Net assets of the City's governmental activities increased by \$1,499,222. This was due primarily to an increase in capital grants and contributions, while decreasing operating expenses.

The City also receives an income tax, which is based on 1.5% of all salaries, wages, commissions and other compensation earned from residents living within the City and from nonresidents for work done or services performed or rendered in the City. Residents who work outside the City and are subject to a municipal income tax receive a 100% credit against the income tax liability due to Northwood.

Unaudited

Property taxes and income taxes made up 4.1% and 59.4% respectively of revenues for governmental activities for the City in fiscal year 2006. The City's reliance upon tax revenues is demonstrated by the following graph indicating 64.52% of total revenues from general tax revenues:

1
%
%
%
%
%



FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE CITY'S FUNDS

The City's governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of \$4,492,500, which is an increase from last year's balance of \$4,048,870. The schedule below indicates the fund balance and the total change in fund balance by major and nonmajor fund as of December 31, 2006 and 2005:

	Fund Balance	Fund Balance	Increase
	December 31, 2006	December 31, 2005	(Decrease)
General	\$1,318,325	\$1,068,201	\$250,124
General Obligation Debt Retirement	26,487	56,239	(29,752)
Capital Improvement	1,284,182	1,461,819	(177,637)
Capital Replacement	722,769	641,133	81,636
Other Governmental	1,140,737	821,478	319,259
Total	\$4,492,500	\$4,048,870	\$443,630

This space intentionally left blank.

Unaudited

General Fund – The City's General Fund balance increase is due to many factors. The tables that follow assist in illustrating the financial activities and balance of the General Fund:

	2006	2005	Increase
	Revenues	Revenues	(Decrease)
Property Taxes	\$251,435	\$232,820	\$18,615
Municipal Income Tax	2,965,991	2,803,514	162,477
Other Local Taxes	50,879	46,960	3,919
Intergovernmental Revenue	863,067	900,975	(37,908)
Charges for Services	50,303	14,019	36,284
Licenses and Permits	152,649	237,274	(84,625)
Investment Earnings	193,055	98,476	94,579
Special Assessments	69,282	66,822	2,460
Fines & Forfeitures	176,610	378,570	(201,960)
Donations	2,925	450	2,475
All Other Revenue	68,295	59,885	8,410
Total	\$4,844,491	\$4,839,765	\$4,726

General Fund revenues in 2006 increased slightly compared to revenues in fiscal year 2005. The most significant factor contributing to this increase was an increase in municipal income tax revenue compared to 2005.

	2006	2005	Increase
	Expenditures	Expenditures	(Decrease)
Security of Persons and Property	\$2,663,267	\$2,667,075	(\$3,808)
Public Health and Welfare Services	7,256	6,976	280
Leisure Time Activities	72,183	75,929	(3,746)
Community Development	133,371	130,467	2,904
Basic Utility Services	6,006	1,013	4,993
Transportation	195,760	212,564	(16,804)
General Government	1,438,234	1,322,298	115,936
Total	\$4,516,077	\$4,416,322	\$99,755

General Fund expenditures increased by \$99,755 or 2.2% over the prior year mostly due to increases in wages and health insurance premiums for the City's employees.

Unaudited

The General Obligation Debt Retirement Fund balance decreased by \$29,752 in 2006 due to principal and interest payments on the new Fire Station Bonds.

The Capital Improvements Fund balance decreased by \$177,637 to \$1,284,182 in 2006. This decrease was due to increased expenditures on infrastructure improvements.

The City's budget is prepared according to Ohio law and is based on accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements and encumbrances. The most significant budgeted fund is the General Fund.

During the course of fiscal year 2006 the City amended its General Fund budget several times, none significant.

For the General Fund, final budget basis revenue of \$5.0 million did not significantly change over the original budget estimates of \$4.8 million. The General Fund had an adequate fund balance to cover expenditures.

CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets

At the end of fiscal 2006 the City had \$6,497,104 net of accumulated depreciation invested in land, improvements, infrastructure, buildings and machinery and equipment. The following table shows fiscal year 2006 and 2005 balances:

		Governmental Activities		
	2006	2005		
Land	\$407,945	\$407,945	\$0	
Land Improvements	33,100	33,100	0	
Buildings and Improvements	3,459,743	3,459,743	0	
Machinery and Equipment	643,020	643,020	0	
Vehicles	2,021,020	1,922,367	98,653	
Infrastructure	2,701,453	1,166,019	1,535,434	
Less: Accumulated Depreciation	(2,769,177)	(2,507,548)	(261,629)	
Totals	\$6,497,104	\$5,124,646	\$1,372,458	

The primary increase occurred in infrastructure. This increase is the result of several street and sewer infrastructure projects.

As of December 31, 2006, the City had contractual commitments of \$184,930. This project is the new fire station. Additional information on the City's capital assets can be found in Note 10.

Unaudited

Debt

The following table summarizes the City's debt outstanding as of December 31, 2006 and 2005:

	2006	2005
Governmental Activities:		
General Obligation Bonds	\$665,000	\$730,000
Ohio Public Works Commission	117,365	126,755
Ohio Water Development Authority	953,730	987,766
Compensated Absences	326,963	313,960
Total Governmental Activities	\$2,063,058	\$2,158,481

State statutes limit the amount of unvoted general obligation debt the City may issue. The aggregate amount of the City's unvoted debt is also subject to overlapping debt restrictions with other political subdivisions. The actual aggregate amount of the City's unvoted debt, when added to that of other political subdivisions within the respective counties in which Northwood lies, is limited to 11.5 mills. At December 31, 2006, the City's outstanding debt was below the legal limit. Additional information on the City's long-term debt can be found in Note 14.

ECONOMIC FACTORS

The City's original budget for 2006 utilized conservative revenue estimates with limited increases in base operating costs. Original General Fund revenues were projected to be 6.8% less than the actual receipts for 2006. This difference was due to increases in intergovernmental revenue and fines and forfeitures collections.

General Fund expenditures were originally budgeted at 2.2% more than 2006 actual expenditures. Department requests were reduced from original submissions and only those items that management and City Council determined necessary were appropriated.

City Council continues to pursue new revenue sources, while reviewing the possibility of increasing existing sources, in addition to a continued review of reducing expenditures. A close watch of current economic conditions is ongoing to determine if increased revenues, or further reductions in expenditures, are necessary in order to maintain fiscal stability.

REQUESTS FOR INFORMATION

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, investors and creditors with a general overview of the City's finances and to show the City's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information contact the Finance Department by calling 419-693-9328 or writing to City of Northwood Finance Department, 6000 Wales Road, Northwood, Ohio 43619.



Statement of Net Assets December 31, 2006

	Governmental Activities
Assets:	
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 3,733,524
Receivables:	
Taxes	1,079,960
Accounts	338,328
Intergovernmental	783,547
Special Assessments	100,656
Inventory of Supplies at Cost	15,966
Prepaid Items	76,187
Capital Assets:	
Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated	407,945
Capital Assets Being Depreciated, Net	6,089,159
Total Assets	12,625,272
Liabilities:	
Accounts Payable	98,531
Accrued Wages and Benefits	314,639
Intergovernmental Payable	1,227
Claims Payable	464
Unearned Revenue	311,906
Accrued Interest Payable	11,638
Long-Term Liabilities:	
Due Within One Year	247,955
Due in More Than One Year	1,815,103
Total Liabilities	2,801,463
Net Assets:	
Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt	4,761,018
Restricted For:	
Capital Projects	2,249,126
Debt Service	122,205
Street Construction, Maintenance and Repair	289,796
Water/Sewer Maintenance and Repair	660,479
Other Purposes	236,415
Unrestricted	1,504,770
Total Net Assets	\$ 9,823,809

Statement of Activities For the Year Ended December 31, 2006

				N C	Pro	gram Revenues			F (et (Expense) devenue and Changes in Net Assets
				Charges for ervices and		Operating Grants and	Cap	oital Grants and	C	overnmental
		Expenses	30	Sales	(Contributions	Co	ntributions	G	Activities
Governmental Activities:	_	1	_		_					
Current:										
Security of Persons and Property	\$	2,774,120	\$	102,273	\$	35,223	\$	0	\$	(2,636,624)
Public Health and Welfare Services		7,256		0		0		0		(7,256)
Leisure Time Activities		81,343		9,290		0		0		(72,053)
Community Environment		271,984		21,355		108,074		98,199		(44,356)
Basic Utility Services		344,234		423,974		0		0		79,740
Transportation		559,877		13,628		340,027		165,797		(40,425)
General Government		1,526,552		477,342		0		0		(1,049,210)
Interest and Fiscal Charges		43,463		0		0		0		(43,463)
Total Governmental Activities		\$5,608,829		\$1,047,862	_	\$483,324		\$263,996		(3,813,647)
	Ge	neral Revenu	ies							
	Pro	perty Taxes								289,354
	Mι	ınicipal Incom	ne Tax	tes						4,222,764
	Otl	her Local Tax	es							73,800
	Gr	ants and Entitl	emen	ts not Restric	ted t	o Specific Progr	rams			471,649
	Inv	estment Earni	ings							180,924
	Mi	scellaneous								74,378
	То	tal General Re	evenue	es						5,312,869
	Ch	ange in Net A	ssets							1,499,222
	Ne	t Assets Begir	nning	of Year						8,324,587
	Ne	t Assets End o	of Yea	ır					\$	9,823,809

Balance Sheet Governmental Funds December 31, 2006

	General		Obli	General Obligation Debt Retirement		Capital nprovement
Assets:						
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	919,785	\$	26,487	\$	931,729
Receivables:						
Taxes		805,634		42,359		149,446
Accounts		174,769		0		40,913
Intergovernmental		409,255		61,030		165,797
Special Assessments		35,659		64,997		0
Interfund Loans Receivables		0		0		200,000
Inventory of Supplies, at Cost		6,245		0		0
Prepaid Items		73,401		0		0
Total Assets	\$	2,424,748	\$	194,873	\$	1,487,885
Liabilities:						
Accounts Payable	\$	41,867	\$	0	\$	25,945
Accrued Wages and Benefits Payable	φ	298,521	φ	0	φ	23,943
-				0		
Intergovernmental Payable		1,227 464		0		0
Claims Payable				-		
Interfund Loans Payable Deferred Revenue		0		0		0
		764,344		168,386		177,758
Total Liabilities		1,106,423		168,386		203,703
Fund Balances:						
Reserved for Encumbrances		0		0		52,141
Reserved for Prepaid Items		73,401		0		0
Reserved for Supplies Inventory		6,245		0		0
Reserved for Debt Service		0		26,487		0
Reserved for Interfund Loans Receivable		0		0		200,000
Undesignated/Unreserved in:						
General Fund		1,238,679		0		0
Special Revenue Funds		0		0		0
Capital Projects Funds		0		0		1,032,041
Total Fund Balances		1,318,325		26,487		1,284,182
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	2,424,748	\$	194,873	\$	1,487,885

Re	Capital Gov		Other overnmental Funds	Go	Total overnmental Funds
\$	656,824	\$	1,198,699	\$	3,733,524
	74,722		7,799		1,079,960
	0		122,646		338,328
	0		147,465		783,547
	0		0		100,656
	0		0		200,000
	0		9,721		15,966
	0		2,786		76,187
\$	731,546	\$	1,489,116	\$	6,328,168
¢	1 067	\$	28,752	\$	09 521
\$	1,967	Ф	16,118	Ф	98,531
	0		10,118		314,639 1,227
	0		0		1,227
	0		200,000		200,000
	6,810		103,509		1,220,807
	8,777		348,379		1,835,668
	0,777		346,379		1,833,008
	1,751		0		53,892
	0		2,786		76,187
	0		9,721		15,966
	0		0		26,487
	0		0		200,000
	0		0		1,238,679
	0		1,070,624		1,238,679
	721,018		57,606		1,810,665
Ф.	722,769	Ф.	1,140,737	Ф.	4,492,500
\$	731,546	\$	1,489,116	\$	6,328,168

Reconciliation Of Total Governmental Fund Balances To Net Assets Of Governmental Activities December 31, 2006

Total Governmental Fund Balances	\$ 4,492,500
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets are different because	
Capital Assets used in governmental activities are not resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.	6,497,104
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current- period expenditures and therefore are deferred in the funds.	908,901
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds.	(2,074,696)
Net Assets of Governmental Activities	\$ 9,823,809



Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds For the Year Ended December 31, 2006

Damana		General	Obli	General gation Debt etirement	Im	Capital provement
Revenues:	Ф	251 425	ф	02 241	ф	0
Property Taxes	\$	251,435	\$	83,341	\$	0
Municipal Income Tax		2,965,991		0		918,368
Other Local Taxes		50,879		0		0
Intergovernmental Revenues		863,067		4,695		126,646
Charges for Services		50,303		0		0
Licenses and Permits		152,649		0		33,100
Investment Earnings		193,055		0		0
Special Assessments		69,282		14,584		29,674
Fines and Forfeitures		176,610		0		152,668
Donations		2,925		0		0
All Other Revenue		68,295		0		3,999
Total Revenue		4,844,491		102,620		1,264,455
Expenditures:						
Current:						
Security of Persons and Property		2,663,267		0		0
Public Health and Welfare Services		7,256		0		0
Leisure Time Activities		72,183		0		0
Community Environment		133,371		0		0
Basic Utility Services		6,006		0		0
Transportation		195,760		0		0
General Government		1,438,234		0		0
Capital Outlay		0		0		1,250,092
Debt Service:						,,
Principal Retirement		0		108,426		0
Interest & Fiscal Charges		0		87,946		0
Total Expenditures		4,516,077		196,372		1,250,092
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues						
Over Expenditures		328,414		(93,752)		14,363
Other Financing Sources (Uses):						
Transfers In		0		64,000		0
Transfers Out		(80,000)		04,000		(192,000)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(80,000)		64,000		(192,000)
Net Change in Fund Balances		248,414		(29,752)		(177,637)
-						
Fund Balances at Beginning of Year		1,068,201		56,239		1,461,819
Increase (Decrease) in Inventory Reserve		1,710		0		0
Fund Balances End of Year	\$	1,318,325	\$	26,487	\$	1,284,182

		Other	Total
_	Capital	Governmental	Governmental
Re	eplacement	Funds	Funds
\$	0	\$ 0	\$ 334,776
	459,185	0	4,343,544
	0	22,921	73,800
	0	440,907	1,435,315
	0	375,502	425,805
	0	20,303	206,052
	0	20,446	213,501
	0	0	113,540
	0	18,705	347,983
	0	0	2,925
	0	0	72,294
	459,185	898,784	7,569,535
	0	6,549	2,669,816
	0	0	7,256
	0	0	72,183
	0	131,508	264,879
	0	332,966	338,972
	0	271,084	466,844
	0	25,196	1,463,430
	377,549	5,424	1,633,065
	0	0	108,426
	0	4,712	92,658
	377,549	777,439	7,117,529
	81,636	121,345	452,006
	0	300,000	264,000
			364,000
	0	(92,000)	(364,000)
	0	208,000	0
	81,636	329,345	452,006
	641,133	821,478	4,048,870
	0	(10,086)	(8,376)
\$	722,769	\$ 1,140,737	\$ 4,492,500
_			

Reconciliation Of The Statement Of Revenues, Expenditures And Changes In Fund Balances Of Governmental Funds To The Statement Of Activities For the Year Ended December 31, 2006

Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds	\$ 452,006
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because	
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlay exceeded depreciation in the current period.	1,384,034
Governmental funds only report the disposal of assets to the extent proceeds are received from the sale. In the statement of activities, a gain or loss is reported for each disposal. This is the amount of the loss on the disposal of capital assets net of proceeds received.	(11,576)
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.	(461,484)
The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, but has no effect on net assets. In addition, repayment of bond and capital lease principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net assets.	108,426
In the statement of activities, interest is accrued on outstanding bonds, whereas in governmental funds, an interest expenditure is reported when due.	49,195
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities, such as compensated absences, do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds.	(21,379)
Change in Net Assets of Governmental Activities	\$ 1,499,222

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) General Fund For the Year Ended December 31, 2006

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues:				
Property Taxes	\$ 243,000	\$ 265,000	\$ 251,435	\$ (13,565)
Municipal Income Tax	2,950,000	3,057,000	2,953,220	(103,780)
Other Local Taxes	50,000	59,000	52,164	(6,836)
Intergovernmental Revenue	738,500	873,500	862,937	(10,563)
Charges for Services	85,500	66,500	60,524	(5,976)
Licenses and Permits	187,500	169,500	151,348	(18,152)
Special Assessments	77,600	73,600	68,782	(4,818)
Investment Earnings	120,100	200,100	192,045	(8,055)
Fines and Forfeitures	240,000	203,000	176,610	(26,390)
Donations	1,000	3,000	2,925	(75)
All Other Revenues	103,700	81,700	63,238	(18,462)
Total Revenues	4,796,900	5,051,900	4,835,228	(216,672)
Expenditures:				
Current:				
Security of Persons and Property	2,801,900	2,801,900	2,722,968	78,932
Public Health and Welfare Services	8,000	8,000	7,256	744
Leisure Time Activities	87,600	78,600	72,359	6,241
Community Environment	138,500	137,500	133,382	4,118
Basic Utility Services	4,000	7,000	6,006	994
Transportation	209,400	209,400	199,717	9,683
General Government	1,456,190	1,518,190	1,439,268	78,922
Total Expenditures	4,705,590	4,760,590	4,580,956	179,634
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues				
Over (Under) Expenditures	91,310	291,310	254,272	(37,038)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):				
Transfers Out	(80,000)	(80,000)	(80,000)	0
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses):	(80,000)	(80,000)	(80,000)	0
Net Change In Fund Balance	11,310	211,310	174,272	(37,038)
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year	745,513	745,513	745,513	0
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$ 756,823	\$ 956,823	\$ 919,785	\$ (37,038)

Statement of Assets and Liabilities Fiduciary Funds December 31, 2006

	 Agency
Assets:	
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 1,084
Total Assets	 1,084
Liabilities:	
Due to Others	 1,084
Total Liabilities	\$ 1,084

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The City of Northwood, Ohio (the "City") is a charter municipal corporation operating under the charter and the laws of the State of Ohio. Northwood became a City on January 1, 1982. The City operates under a council/mayor form of government. Legislative power is vested in a seven-member council, including the President, each elected to four-year terms. The Mayor is elected to a four-year term and is the chief executive officer of the City. The Administrator is appointed by the Mayor with Council approval and handles the operational activities of the City's departments. All other City officials are appointed by the Mayor with Council approval.

The accompanying basic financial statements of the City present the financial position of the various fund types and the results of operations of the various fund types. The financial statements are presented as of December 31, 2006 and for the year then ended and have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) applicable to local governments. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (the GASB) is the standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles, which are primarily set forth in the GASB's Codification of Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards (GASB Codification).

A. Reporting Entity

The accompanying basic financial statements comply with the provisions of GASB Statement No. 14, "The Financial Reporting Entity," in that the financial statements include all organizations, activities, functions and component units for which the City (the primary government) is financially accountable. Financial accountability is defined as the appointment of a voting majority of a legally separate organization's governing body and either (1) the City's ability to impose its will over the organization, or (2) the potential that the organization will provide a financial benefit to, or impose a financial burden on, the City.

Based on the foregoing, the City's financial reporting entity has no component units but includes all funds, agencies, boards and commissions that are part of the primary government, which includes the following services: police protection, fire protection, ambulance transport, parks and recreation and street maintenance and repair, as well as a staff to provide administrative support (i.e., payroll processing, accounts payable and revenue collection) to the service providers.

B. Basis of Presentation - Fund Accounting

The accounting system is organized and operated on the basis of funds, each of which is considered a separate accounting entity. The operations of each fund are accounted for with a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, liabilities, fund equity, revenues and expenditures. The various funds are summarized by type in the basic financial statements. The following fund types are used by the City:

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

B. Basis of Presentation - Fund Accounting (Continued)

Governmental Funds

The governmental funds are those funds through which most governmental functions typically are financed. The acquisition, use and balances of the City's expendable financial resources and the related current liabilities are accounted for through governmental funds. The measurement focus is upon determination of "financial flow" (sources, uses and balances of financial resources). The following are the City's major governmental funds:

<u>General Fund</u> - This fund is used to account for all financial resources except those accounted for in another fund. The general fund balance is available to the City for any purpose provided it is expended or transferred according to the general laws of Ohio and the limitations of the City Charter.

<u>General Obligation Debt Retirement Fund</u> – This fund is used to account for the accumulation of resources for and the payment of, principal and interest on general obligation debt.

<u>Capital Improvement Fund</u> - This fund is used to account for 20% of the City's income tax collections which is used for capital projects financing or related capital expenditures attributable to various capital improvements

<u>Capital Replacement Fund</u> - This fund is used to account for 10% of the City's income tax collections which are designated for planned replacement of major capital items for various departments within the City.

The other governmental funds of the City account for grants and other resources whose use is restricted to a particular purpose.

Fiduciary Funds

Fiduciary fund reporting focuses on net assets and changes in net assets. The fiduciary category is split into four classifications: pension trust funds, investment trust funds, private-purpose trust funds and agency funds. Trust funds are used to account for assets held by the City under a trust agreement for individuals, private organizations or other governments and therefore not available to support the City's own programs. The agency funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve the measurement of results of operation. These funds operate on a full accrual basis of accounting. The City has one agency fund. This fund is used to account for monies received by the City in situations where the City's role is purely custodial in nature. The only agency fund is the Mayor's Court Fund, which accounts for monies that flow through the municipal court office.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

C. Basis of Presentation – Financial Statements

<u>Government-wide Financial Statements</u> – The statement of net assets and the statement of activities display information about the City as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the primary government, except for fiduciary funds. The statements distinguish between those activities of the City that are governmental and those that are considered business-type activities. The City has no activities considered business-type activities.

Interfund receivables and payables between governmental funds have been eliminated in the government-wide Statement of Net Assets. These eliminations minimize the duplicating effect on assets and liabilities within the governmental activities total column; however, the interfund services provided and used are not eliminated in the process of consolidation.

The government-wide statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. This differs from the manner in which governmental fund financial statements are prepared. Governmental fund financial statements therefore include a reconciliation with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide statements and the statements for governmental funds.

The government-wide statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function or program of the City's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program or department and therefore clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipient of the goods or services offered by the program and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues which are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues of the City, with certain limited exceptions. The comparison of direct expenses with program revenues identifies the extent to which each governmental function is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the City.

<u>Fund Financial Statements</u> – Fund financial statements report detailed information about the City. The focus of governmental fund financial statements is on major funds rather than reporting funds by type. Each major fund is presented in a separate column. Nonmajor funds are aggregated and presented in a single column. Fiduciary funds are reported by fund type.

The accounting and financial reporting treatment applied to a fund is determined by its measurement focus. All governmental fund types are accounted for using a flow of current financial resources measurement focus. The financial statements for governmental funds are a balance sheet, which generally includes only current assets and current liabilities, and a statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances, which reports on the sources (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and uses (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) of current financial resources.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

D. Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting represents the methodology utilized in the recognition of revenues and expenditures in the accounts and reported in the financial statements, and relates to the timing of the measurements made. The accounting and reporting treatment applied to a fund is determined by its measurement focus.

The modified accrual basis of accounting is followed by the governmental funds. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recorded when susceptible to accrual, i.e., both measurable and available. Revenue resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, is recorded on the modified accrual basis when the exchange takes place and the resources are available. The term "available" means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period, which for the City is 60 days after year end. Expenditures are recognized in the accounting period in which the fund liability is incurred, if measurable, except for unmatured interest on general long-term debt which is recognized when due.

Non-exchange transactions, in which the City receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include income taxes, property taxes, grants, entitlements and donations. Revenue from income taxes is recognized in the period in which the income is earned and is available. Revenue from grants, entitlements and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied and the revenue is available. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are required to be used or the year when use is first permitted, matching requirements, in which the City must provide local resources to be used for a specific purpose, and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the City on a reimbursement basis. Revenue considered susceptible to accrual at year end includes income taxes withheld by employers, interest on investments, and state levied locally shared taxes (including motor vehicle license fees and local government assistance). Other revenue, including licenses, permits, certain charges for services, income taxes other than those withheld by employers and miscellaneous revenues, is recorded as revenue when received in cash because it is generally not measurable until received.

The accrual basis of accounting is utilized for reporting purposes for the government-wide financial statements. Revenues are recognized when they are earned and expenses are recognized when they are incurred.

Special assessment installments including related accrued interest, which are measurable but not available at December 31, are recorded as deferred revenue. Property taxes measurable as of December 31, 2006, but which are not intended to finance 2006 operations and delinquent property taxes, whose availability is indeterminate, are recorded as deferred revenue as further described in Note 6.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

E. Budgetary Process

The budgetary process is prescribed by provisions of the Ohio Revised Code and entails the preparation of budgetary documents within an established timetable. The major documents prepared are the tax budget, the certificate of estimated resources and the appropriation ordinance, all of which are prepared on the budgetary basis of accounting. The certificate of estimated resources and the appropriation ordinance are subject to amendment throughout the year.

All funds, other than agency funds, are legally required to be budgeted and appropriated. An annual budget is not adopted for the Alcoa Project Fund (capital projects fund.) The legal level of budgetary control is by fund at the major object level (personal services, materials and supplies, contractual services, capital outlay, and transfers) by department. Budgetary control is maintained by not permitting expenditures to exceed appropriations at the major object level for each department within each fund without the approval of City Council. Budgetary modifications above the major object level by fund may only be made by ordinance of the City Council.

1. Tax Budget

The City Finance Director submits an annual tax budget for the following fiscal year to City Council by July 15 for consideration and passage. The adopted budget is submitted to the County Auditor, as Secretary of the County Budget Commission, by July 20 of each year for the period January 1 to December 31 of the following year.

2. Estimated Resources

The County Budget Commission reviews estimated revenue and determines if the budget substantiates a need to levy all or part of previously authorized taxes. The Budget Commission then certifies its actions to the City by September 1 of each year. As part of the certification process, the City receives an official certificate of estimated resources stating the projected receipts by fund. Prior to December 31, the City must revise its budget so that the total contemplated expenditures from any fund during the ensuing fiscal year do not exceed the amount available as stated in the certificate of estimated resources. The revised budget then serves as the basis for the annual appropriations measure. On or about January 1, the certificate of estimated resources is amended to include any unencumbered fund balances from the preceding year. The certificate may be further amended during the year if a new source of revenue is identified or if actual receipts exceed current estimates. The amounts reported on the budgetary statement reflect the amounts in the final amended official certificate of estimated resources issued during 2006.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

E. Budgetary Process (Continued)

3. Appropriations

A temporary appropriation ordinance to control expenditures may be passed on or about January 1 of each year for the period January 1 through March 31. An annual appropriation ordinance must be passed by April 1 of each year for the period January 1 through December 31. The appropriation ordinance establishes spending controls at the fund, department and object level, and may be modified during the year by ordinance of the City Council. During 2006, several supplemental appropriations were necessary to budget for unanticipated expenditures. Total fund appropriations may not exceed the current estimated resources as certified by the County Budget Commission. Expenditures may not legally exceed budgeted appropriations at the object level. Administrative control is maintained through the establishment of more detailed line-item budgets. The budgetary figures which appear in the "Combined Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances--Budget and Actual--General Fund" are provided on the budgetary basis to provide a comparison of actual results with the final budget, including all amendments and modifications.

4. Encumbrances

As part of formal budgetary control, purchase orders, contracts and other commitments for expenditures are encumbered and recorded as the equivalent of expenditures (budget basis) in order to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation and to determine and maintain legal compliance. However, on the GAAP basis of accounting, encumbrances do not constitute expenditures or liabilities and are reported as reservations of fund balances for governmental funds in the accompanying basic financial statements.

5. Lapsing of Appropriations

At the close of each fiscal year, the unencumbered balance of each appropriation reverts to the respective fund from which it was appropriated and becomes subject to future appropriations. The encumbered appropriation balance is carried forward to the subsequent fiscal year and need not be reappropriated.

6. Budgetary Basis of Accounting

The City's budgetary process accounts for certain transactions on a basis other than generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). The major differences between the budgetary basis and the GAAP basis lie in the manner in which revenues and expenditures are recorded. Under the budgetary basis, revenues and expenditures are recognized on a cash basis. Utilizing the cash basis, revenues are recorded when received in cash and expenditures when paid. Under the GAAP basis, revenues and expenditures are recorded on the modified accrual basis of accounting.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

E. Budgetary Process (Continued)

6. Budgetary Basis of Accounting (Continued)

The following table summarizes the adjustments necessary to reconcile the GAAP basis statements to the budgetary basis statements for the general fund:

Net Change In Fund Balance		
	General Fund	
GAAP Basis (as reported)	\$248,414	
Increase (Decrease):		
Accrued Revenues at		
December 31, 2006		
received during 2007	(660,973)	
Accrued Revenues at		
December 31, 2005		
received during 2006	651,710	
Accrued Expenditures at		
December 31, 2006		
paid during 2007	342,079	
Accrued Expenditures at		
December 31, 2005		
paid during 2006	(408, 132)	
2005 Prepaids for 2006	74,575	
2006 Prepaids for 2007	(73,401)	
Budget Basis	\$174,272	

F. Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include amounts in demand deposits. The City pools its cash for investment and resource management purposes. Each fund's equity in pooled cash and investments represents the balance on hand as if each fund maintained its own cash and investment account. See Note 5, "Pooled Cash, Cash Equivalents and Investments."

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

G. <u>Investments</u>

Investment procedures and interest allocations are restricted by provisions of the Ohio Constitution, the Ohio Revised Code and local ordinances. Interest revenue credited to the general fund during fiscal year 2006 amounted to \$193,055, which includes \$145,494 assigned from other City funds. In accordance with GASB Statement No. 31, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Certain Investments and for External Investment Pools", the City records all its investments at fair value except for nonparticipating investment contracts (repurchase agreements) which are reported at cost, which approximates fair value. All investment income, including changes in the fair value of investments, are recognized as revenue in the operating statements. Fair value is determined by quoted market prices. See Note 5, "Pooled Cash, Cash Equivalents and Investments."

H. Inventory

Inventories are stated at cost (first-in, first-out). The costs of inventory items are recorded as expenditures in the governmental funds when purchased.

I. Prepaid Items

Payments made to vendors for services that will benefit periods beyond December 31, 2006, are recorded as prepaid items using the consumption method. A current asset for the prepaid amount is recorded at the time of the purchase and an expenditure/expense is reported in the year in which services are consumed.

J. Capital Assets and Depreciation

Capital assets are defined by the City as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$15,000.

1. Property, Plant and Equipment - Governmental Activities

Governmental activities capital assets generally are acquired or constructed for governmental activities and are recorded as expenditures in the governmental funds and are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost for assets not purchased in recent years). These assets are reported in the Governmental Activities column of the Government-wide Statement of Net Assets, but they are not reported in the Fund Financial Statements. Infrastructure acquired prior to the implementation of GASB Statement No. 34, "Basic Financial Statements – and Management's Discussion and Analysis – for State and Local Governments", has not been reported. Only additions to infrastructure since the implementation of GASB Statement No. 34, "Basic Financial Statements – and Management's Discussion and Analysis – for State and Local Governments", have been reported.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

J. Capital Assets and Depreciation (Continued)

2. Depreciation

All capital assets are depreciated, excluding land and construction in progress. Depreciation has been provided using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Description	Estimated Lives (in years)
Buildings & Improvements	15 - 40
Machinery, Equipment, Furniture and Fixtures	5-10
Vehicles	5
Infrastructure	50

K. Long-Term Obligations

Long-term liabilities are being repaid from the following funds:

Obligation	Fund
General Obligation Bond	General Bond Retirement Fund
Ohio Water Development Authority Loans	General Bond Retirement Fund
Ohio Public Works Commission Loan	General Bond Retirement Fund
Compensated Absences	General Fund

L. Compensated Absences

In accordance with GASB Statement No. 16, "Accounting for Compensated Absences," vacation and compensatory time are accrued as liabilities when an employee's right to receive compensation is attributable to services already rendered and it is probable that the employee will be compensated through paid time off or some other means, such as cash payments at termination or retirement. Leave time that has been earned but is unavailable for use as paid time off or as some other form of compensation because an employee has not met the minimum service time requirement, is accrued to the extent that it is considered to be probable that the conditions for compensation will be met in the future.

Sick leave is accrued using the vesting method, whereby the liability is recorded on the basis of leave accumulated by employees who are eligible to receive termination payments as of the balance sheet date, and on leave balances accumulated by other employees who are expected to become eligible in the future to receive such payments.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

L. Compensated Absences (Continued)

For governmental funds, that portion of unpaid compensated absences that has matured and is expected to be paid using expendable, available resources is reported as an expenditure in the fund from which the individual earning the leave is paid, and a corresponding liability is reflected in the account "Compensated Absences Payable." In the government wide statement of net assets, "Compensated Absences Payable" is recorded within the "Due within one year" account and the long-term portion of the liability is recorded within the "Due in more than one year" account.

M. Net Assets

Net assets represent the difference between assets and liabilities. Net assets invested in capital assets, net of related debt consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowings used for the acquisition, construction of improvement of those assets. Net assets are reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the City or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments.

The City applies restricted resources when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net assets are available.

N. Pensions

The provision for pension cost is recorded when the related payroll is accrued and the obligation is incurred.

O. Interfund Activity

Exchange transactions between funds are reported as revenues in the seller funds and as expenditures/expenses in the purchaser funds. Flows of cash or goods from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds. Repayments from funds responsible for particular expenditures/expenses to the funds that initially paid for them are not presented on the financial statements.

P. Reservations of Fund Balance

Reserves indicate that a portion of fund balance is not available for expenditure or is legally segregated for a specific future use. Fund balances are reserved for interfund loans, inventory, prepaid items, debt service and encumbered amounts that have not been accrued at year end.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Q. Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

R. Extraordinary and Special Items

Extraordinary items are transactions or events that are both unusual in nature and infrequent in occurrence. Special items are transactions or events that are within the control of the City Council and that are either unusual in nature or infrequent in occurrence. Neither type of transaction occurred during fiscal year 2006.

NOTE 2 – CHANGES IN ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLES

For fiscal year 2006, the City has implemented GASB Statement No. 44, "Economic Condition Reporting: the Statistical Section", GASB Statement No. 46, "Net Assets Restricted by Enabling Legislation." and GASB Statement No. 47, "Accounting For Termination Benefits."

GASB Statement No. 44 provides guidance on the tables and narrative explanations in the statistical section. The implementation of GASB statement No. 44 did not have an effect on the financial statements of the City.

GASB Statement No. 46 defines enabling legislation and specifies how net assets should be reported in the financial statement when there are changes in such legislation. The Statement also requires governments to disclose in the notes to the financial statements that amount of net assets restricted by enabling legislation. The implementation of GASB statement No. 46 did not have an effect on the financial statements of the City.

GASB Statement No. 47 provides guidance on how employers should account for benefits associated with either voluntary or involuntary terminations. The implementation of GASB statement No. 47 did not have an effect on the financial statements of the City.

In 2004, the GASB issued Statement No. 45, "Accounting and Financial Reporting by Employers for Postemployment Benefits Other than Pensions", which addresses how State and Local governments should account for and report their costs and obligations related to postemployment health care and other non-pension benefits. Collectively, these benefits are commonly referred to as "other postemployment benefits", or OPEB. Statement No. 45 will not be effective for the City until 2008 and therefore, the City has not determined the impact, if any, that this statement will have on the financial statements.

NOTE 3 – RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

A. <u>Explanation of certain differences between the governmental fund balance sheet and the</u> government-wide statement of net assets

The governmental fund balance sheet includes a reconciliation between fund balance – total governmental funds and net assets of governmental funds as reported in the government-wide statement of net assets. The following is a detailed listing of those reconciling items that are net adjustments or a combination of several transactions:

Other long-term assets not available to pay for current-period expenditures:

Delinquent Income Tax Revenue	\$68,110
Delinquent Property Tax Revenue	64,937
Shared Revenues	535,122
Charges for Services	140,576
Special Assessment Revenue	100,156
	\$908,901

Long-Term liabilities not reported in the funds:

General Obligation Bonds Payable	(\$665,000)
Ohio Water Development Authority Loans	(953,730)
Ohio Public Works Commission Loan	(117,366)
Accrued Interest on Long-Term Debt	(11,637)
Compensated Absences Payable	(326,963)
	(\$2,074,696)

This space intentionally left blank.

NOTE 3 - RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

B. Explanation of certain differences between the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances and the government-wide statement of activities

The governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances includes a reconciliation between net changes in fund balances – total governmental funds and changes in net assets of governmental activities as reported in the government – wide statement of activities. The following is a detailed listing of those reconciling items that are net adjustments or a combination of several transactions:

Amount by which capital outlay exceeded depreciation in the current period:

Capital Outlay Depreciation Expense	\$1,698,539 (314,505) \$1,384,034
Governmental revenues not reported in the funds:	
Decrease in Delinquent Income Tax Revenue	(\$120,780)
Decrease in Delinquent Property Tax	(45,422)
Decrease in Shared Revenue	(216,346)
Decrease in Investment Earnings	(32,577)
Increase in Charges for Services	15,662
Decrease in Special Assessment Revenue	(62,021)
	(\$461,484)
Expenses not requiring the use of current financial resour	ces:
Increase in Compensated Absences Payable	(\$13,003)
Decrease in supplies inventory	(8,376)
•	(\$21,379)

NOTE 4 - COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY

Fund Deficits: The fund deficits at December 31, 2006 of \$2,096 in the CHIP CDBG Fund, \$12,663 in the CHIP HOME Fund and \$5,090 in the CHIP OHTF Fund (special revenue funds) were created by the recognition of expenditures on the modified accrual basis, which are greater than expenditures on a budgetary basis. Deficits do not exist under the budgetary basis of accounting. The general fund provides transfers when cash is required, not when accruals occur.

NOTE 5 - POOLED CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS AND INVESTMENTS

Cash resources of a majority of individual funds are combined to form a pool of cash and investments. Each fund type's portion of this pool is displayed on the combined balance sheet as "Cash and Cash Equivalents." Ohio law requires the classification of funds held by the City into three categories.

Category 1 consists of "active" funds - those funds required to be kept in a "cash" or "cash equivalent" status for immediate use by the City. Such funds must be maintained either as cash in the City treasury or in depository accounts payable or withdrawable on demand, including negotiable order of withdrawal (NOW) accounts.

Category 2 consists of "inactive" funds - those funds not required for use within the current five year period of designation of depositories. Inactive funds may be deposited or invested only as certificates of deposit maturing not later than the end of the current period of designation of depositories.

Category 3 consists of "interim" funds - those funds which are not needed for immediate use but which will be needed before the end of the current period of designation of depositories. Interim funds may be invested or deposited in the following securities:

- United States treasury notes, bills, bonds, or any other obligation or security issued by the United States treasury or any other obligation guaranteed as to principal or interest by the United States;
- Bonds, notes, debentures, or any other obligations or securities issued by any federal
 government agency or instrumentality, including but not limited to, the federal national
 mortgage association, federal home loan bank, federal farm credit bank, federal home loan
 mortgage corporation, government national mortgage association, and student loan marketing
 association. All federal agency securities shall be direct issuances of federal government
 agencies or instrumentalities;
- Written repurchase agreements in the securities listed above provided that the market value of
 the securities subject to the repurchase agreement must exceed the principal value of the
 agreement by at least two percent and be marked to market daily, and that the term of the
 agreement must not exceed thirty days;
- Interim deposits in eligible institutions applying for interim funds;
- Bonds and other obligations of the State of Ohio;
- No-load money market mutual funds consisting exclusively of obligations described in the
 first two bullets of this section and repurchase agreements secured by such obligations,
 provided that investments in securities described in this division are made only through
 eligible institutions, and
- The State Treasury Asset Reserve of Ohio (STAR Ohio).

NOTE 5 - POOLED CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

A. Deposits

Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of a bank failure, the City's deposits may not be returned. The City's policy is to place deposits with major local banks. All deposits, except for deposits held by fiscal and escrow agents or trustees, are collateralized with eligible securities. The securities pledged as collateral are pledged to a pool for each individual financial institution in amounts equal to at least 105% of the carrying value of all public deposits held by each institution. Collateral permitted by Chapter 135 of the ORC is limited to obligations of the United States and its agencies, bonds of any state, and bonds and other obligations of any country, municipal corporation or other legally constituted authority of the State of Ohio, or any instrumentality of such county, municipal corporation or other authority. Such collateral, as permitted by Chapter 135 of the ORC is held in single financial institution collateral pools at Federal Reserve Banks, or at member banks of the federal reserve system in the name of the respective depository bank and pledged as a pool of collateral against all of the public deposits it holds or as specific collateral held at a Federal Reserve Bank in the name of the City.

At year end the carrying amount of the City's deposits was \$3,734,608 and the bank balance was \$3,734,205. In addition, the City had \$700 petty cash on hand. Federal depository insurance covered \$100,000 of the bank balance and \$3,634,205 was uninsured. Of the remaining uninsured bank balance, the City was exposed to custodial risk as follows:

	Balance
Uninsured and collateralized with securities held by	
the pledging institution's trust department not in the City's name	\$3,634,205
Total Balance	\$3,634,205

NOTE 6 - TAXES

A. Property Taxes

Property taxes include amounts levied against all real estate and public utility property, and tangible personal property used in business and located in the City. Real property taxes (other than public utility) collected during 2006 were levied after October 1, 2005 on assessed values as of January 1, 2005, the lien date. Assessed values were established by the County Auditor at 35 percent of appraised market value. All property is required to be reappraised every six years and equalization adjustments made in the third year following reappraisal. The last revaluation was completed in 2005. Real property taxes are payable annually or semi-annually. The first payment is due January 20, with the remainder payable by June 20.

NOTE 6 – TAXES (Continued)

A. Property Taxes (Continued)

Taxes collected from tangible personal property (other than public utility) in one calendar year are levied in the prior calendar year on assessed values during and at the close of the most recent fiscal year of the taxpayer that ended on or before March 31 of that calendar year, and at the tax rates determined in the preceding year. Tangible personal property used in business (except for public utilities) is currently assessed for ad valorem taxation purposes at 25 percent of its true value. Amounts paid by multi-county taxpayers are due September 20 of the year assessed. Single county taxpayers may pay annually or semi-annually: the first payment is due April 30; the remainder payable by September 20.

Public utility real and tangible personal property taxes collected in one calendar year are levied in the preceding calendar year on assessed values determined as of December 31 of the second year preceding the tax collection year, the lien date. Certain public utility tangible personal property is currently assessed at 100 percent of its true value. Public utility property taxes are payable on the same dates as real property described previously.

The County Treasurer collects property taxes on behalf of all taxing districts in the County including the City of Northwood. The County Auditor periodically remits to the City its portion of the taxes collected.

The full tax rate for all City operations for the year ended December 31, 2006 was \$1.60 per \$1,000 of assessed value. The assessed value upon which the 2006 tax receipts were based was \$153,781,028. This amount constitutes \$126,645,240 in real property assessed value, \$4,117,240 in public utility assessed value and \$23,018,548 in tangible personal property assessed value.

Ohio law prohibits taxation of property from all taxing authorities in excess of 1% of assessed value without a vote of the people. Under current procedures, the City's share is .16% (1.60 mills) of assessed value.

B. Income Tax

The City levies a tax of 1.5% on all salaries, wages, commissions and other compensation and on net profits earned within the City as well as on incomes of residents earned outside the City. In the latter case, the City allows a credit of 100% of the tax paid to another municipality to a maximum of the total amount assessed.

Employers within the City are required to withhold income tax on employees compensation and remit the tax to the City either monthly or quarterly, as required. Corporations and other individual taxpayers are required to pay their estimated tax quarterly and file a declaration annually.

NOTE 7 - RECEIVABLES

Receivables at December 31, 2006 consisted of taxes, special assessments, accounts receivable and intergovernmental receivables.

NOTE 8 - TRANSFERS

Following is a summary of transfers in and out for all funds for 2006:

_	Transfers In:					
	General					
	Obligation	Other				
	Debt Retirement	Governmental				
Transfers Out:	Fund	Funds	Total			
General Fund	\$64,000	\$16,000	\$80,000			
Capital Improvement Fund	0	192,000	192,000			
Other Governmental Funds	0	92,000	92,000			
	\$64,000	\$300,000	\$364,000			

Transfers are used to (1) move revenues from the fund that statute or budget required to collect them to the fund that statute or budget requires to expend them, (2) move receipts restricted to debt service from the funds collecting the receipts to the debt service fund as debt service payments become due, and (3) use unrestricted revenues collected in the general fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorization.

NOTE 9 - INTERFUND RECEIVABLES AND PAYABLES

Interfund balances at December 31, 2006 consist of the following individual fund receivables and payables:

	Interfund Loan				
Fund	Receivable	Payable			
Capital Improvement	\$200,000	\$0			
Other Governmental Funds	0	200,000			
Totals	\$200,000	\$200,000			

The above internal balances are related to the Community Housing Improvement Program (CHIP) a federal program whereby the City pays to help residents make improvements to their home and properties and is in turn reimbursed by the federal government through federal grant monies.

NOTE 10 – CAPITAL ASSETS

A. Governmental Activities Capital Assets

Summary by category of changes in governmental activities capital assets at December 31, 2006:

Historical Cost:

	December 31,			December 31,
Class	2005	Additions	Deletions	2006
Capital assets not being depreciated:				
Land	\$407,945	\$0	\$0	\$407,945
Capital assets being depreciated:				
Land Improvements	33,100	0	0	33,100
Buildings and Improvements	3,459,743	0	0	3,459,743
Machinery and Equipment	643,020	0	0	643,020
Vehicles	1,922,367	163,105	(64,452)	2,021,020
Infrastructure	1,166,019	1,535,434	0	2,701,453
	7,224,249	1,698,539	(64,452)	8,858,336
Total Cost	\$7,632,194	\$1,698,539	(\$64,452)	\$9,266,281
Accumulated Depreciation:				
	December 31,			December 31,
Class	2005	Additions	Deletions	2006
Land Improvements	(\$33,100)	\$0	\$0	(\$33,100)
Buildings and Improvements	(1,016,589)	(71,694)	0	(1,088,283)
Machinery and Equipment	(388,546)	(48,714)	0	(437,260)
Vehicles	(1,049,840)	(153,928)	52,876	(1,150,892)
Infrastructure	(19,473)	(40,169)	0	(59,642)
Total Depreciation	(\$2,507,548)	(\$314,505) *	\$52,876	(\$2,769,177)
Net Value:	\$5,124,646			\$6,497,104

^{*} Depreciation expenses were charged to governmental functions as follows:

Security of Persons and Property	\$108,787
Leisure Time Activities	10,944
Community Environment	6,645
Basic Utility Services	6,286
Transportation	95,032
General Government	86,811
Total Depreciation Expense	\$314,505

NOTE 11 – DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS

All of the City's full-time employees participate in one of two separate retirement systems which are costsharing multiple employer defined benefit pension plans.

A. Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (the "Ohio PERS")

The following information was provided by the Ohio PERS to assist the City in complying with GASB Statement No. 27, "Accounting for Pensions by State and Local Government Employers."

All employees of the City, except full-time uniformed police officers and full-time firefighters, participate in one of the three pension plans administered by the Ohio PERS: the Traditional Pension Plan (TP), the Member-Directed Plan (MD), and the Combined Plan (CO). The TP Plan is a cost-sharing multiple employer defined benefit pension plan. The MD Plan is a defined contribution plan in which the member invests both member and employer contributions (employer contributions vest over five years at 20% per year). Under the MD Plan members accumulate retirement assets equal to the value of member and (vested) employer contributions plus any investment earnings thereon. The CO Plan is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan that has elements of both a defined benefit and defined contribution plan. Under the CO Plan employer contributions are invested by the retirement system to provide a formula retirement benefit similar in nature to the TP Plan. Member contributions, the investment of which is self-directed by the members, accumulate retirement assets in a manner similar to the MD Plan.

The Ohio PERS provides retirement, disability, survivor and death benefits and annual cost-of-living adjustments to members of the TP Plan and CO Plan. Members of the MD Plan do not qualify for ancillary benefits, including postemployment health care benefits. Chapter 145 of the Ohio Revised Code provides statutory authority to establish and amend benefits. The Ohio Public Employees Retirement System issues a stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the Ohio PERS. Interested parties may obtain a copy by making a written request to 277 East Town Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215-4642 or by calling (614) 222-5601 or 1-800-222-7377.

The Ohio Revised Code provides statutory authority for employee and employer contributions. For 2006, employee and employer contribution rates were consistent across all three plans (TP, MD and CO). The employee contribution rate is 9.0%. The 2006 employer contribution rate for local government employer units was 13.70%, of covered payroll, 9.20% to fund the pension and 4.5% to fund health care. The contribution requirements of plan members and the City are established and may be amended by the Public Employees Retirement Board. The City's contributions to the Ohio PERS for the years ending December 31, 2006, 2005, and 2004 were \$222,871, \$172,701 and \$161,926, respectively, which were equal to the required contributions for each year.

NOTE 11 – DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (Continued)

A. Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (the "Ohio PERS") (Continued)

The Ohio PERS provides postemployment health care benefits to age and service retirants with ten or more years of qualifying Ohio service credit under the TP and CO plans and to primary survivor recipients of such retirants. Health care coverage for disability recipients is also available. The health care coverage provided by the Ohio PERS is considered an Other Postemployment Benefit (OPEB) as described in GASB Statement No. 12. A portion of each employer's contribution to the Ohio PERS is set aside for the funding of post retirement health care. The Ohio Revised Code provides statutory authority requiring public employers to fund postemployment health care through their contributions to the Ohio PERS. The portion of the 2006 employer contribution rate (identified above) that was used to fund health care for the year 2006 was 4.5% of covered payroll which amounted to \$73,206.

The significant actuarial assumptions and calculations relating to postemployment health care benefits were based on the Ohio Public Employees Retirement System's latest actuarial review performed as of December 31, 2005. The individual entry age actuarial cost method of valuation is used in determining the present value of OPEB. The difference between assumed and actual experience (actuarial gains and losses) becomes part of unfunded actuarial accrued liability. All investments are carried at market value. For actuarial valuation purposes, a smoothed market approach is used. Under this approach assets are adjusted annually to reflect 25% of unrealized market appreciation or depreciation on investment assets annually, not to exceed a 12% corridor. The investment assumption rate for 2005 was 6.5%. An annual increase of 4.0% compounded annually, is the base portion of the individual pay increase assumption. This assumes no change in the number of active employees. Additionally, annual pay increases, over and above the 4.0% base increase, were assumed to range from 0.5% to 6.3%. Health care costs were assumed to increase 4.0% annually plus an additional factor ranging from .50% to 6% for the next 9 years. In subsequent years (10 and beyond) health care costs were assumed to increase 4% (the projected wage inflation rate).

Benefits are advanced-funded on an actuarially determined basis. The number of active contributing participants for the TP and CO Plans was 358,804. The actuarial value of the Ohio PERS net assets available for OPEB at December 31, 2005 is \$11.1 billion. The actuarially accrued liability and the unfunded actuarial accrued liability, based on the actuarial cost method used, were \$31.3 billion and \$20.2 billion, respectively.

The Health Care Preservation Plan (HCPP) adopted by the OPERS Retirement Board on September 9, 2004, will be effective January 1, 2007. In addition to the HCPP, Ohio PERS has taken additional action to improve the solvency of the Health Care Fund in 2005 by creating a separate investment pool for health care assets. As an additional component of the HCPP, member and employer contribution rates increased as of January 1, 2006, which will allow additional funds to be allocated to the health care plan

NOTE 11 – DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (Continued)

B. Ohio Police and Fire Pension Fund (the "OP&F Fund")

All City full-time police officers and full-time firefighters participate in the OP&F Fund, a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. The OP&F Fund provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost of living adjustments and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Contribution requirements and benefit provisions are established by the Ohio State Legislature and are codified in Chapter 742 of the Ohio Revised Code. The Ohio Police and Fire Pension Fund issues a stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the OP&F Fund. Interested parties may obtain a copy by making a written request to 140 East Town Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215-5164 or by calling (614) 228-2975.

Plan members are required to contribute 10.0% of their annual covered salary, while employers are required to contribute 19.5% and 24.0% respectively for police officers and firefighters. The City's contributions to the OP&F Fund for the years ending December 31, 2006, 2005, and 2004 were \$215,584, \$208,341 and \$197,619 for police and \$14,760, \$13,680 and \$12,843 for firefighters, respectively, which were equal to the required contributions for each year.

The OP&F Fund provides postemployment health care coverage to any person who received or is eligible to receive a monthly benefit check or is a spouse or eligible dependent child of such person. An eligible dependent child is any child under the age of 18 whether or not the child is attending school, or under the age of 22 if attending school on a full-time or two-thirds basis. The health care coverage provided by the OP&F Fund is considered an Other Postemployment Benefit (OPEB) as described in GASB Statement No. 12. The Ohio Revised Code provides that health care costs paid from the funds of the OP&F Fund shall be included in the employer's contribution rate. The Ohio Revised Code also provides statutory authority allowing the Fund's Board of Trustees to provide postemployment health care coverage to all eligible individuals from the employer's contributions to the OP&F Fund.

The portion of the 2006 covered payroll that was used to fund postemployment health care benefits was \$85,681 representing 7.75% of covered payroll for police and \$4,766 representing 7.75% of covered payroll for fire. Health care funding and accounting was on a pay-as-you-go basis. In addition, since July 1, 1992 most retirees have been required to contribute a portion of the cost of their health care coverage through a deduction from their monthly benefit payment. Beginning in 2001, all retirees and survivors have monthly health care contributions. As of December 31, 2005, the date of the last actuarial evaluation available, the number of participants eligible to receive health care benefits was 13,922 for police and 10,537 for firefighters. The OP&F Fund does not provide separate data on the funded status and funding progress of postemployment health care benefits. The Fund's total health care expenses for the year ended December 31, 2005 were \$108,039,449, which was net of member contributions of \$55,271,881.

NOTE 12 - COMPENSATED ABSENCES

In accordance with GASB Statement No. 16, "Accounting for Compensated Absences," vacation and compensatory time are accrued as liabilities when an employee's right to receive compensation is attributable to services already rendered and it is probable the employee will be compensated through paid time off or some other means, such as cash payments at termination or retirement. Leave time that has been earned but is unavailable for use as paid time off or as some other form of compensation because an employee has not met the minimum service time requirement, is accrued to the extent that it is considered to be probable that the conditions for compensation will be met in the future.

The costs of vacation and sick leave benefits are recorded as they are earned. Employees earn vacation leave at varying rates based upon length of service. Sick leave is earned at various rates as defined by City policy and union contracts. Employees are paid for 100 percent of earned, unused vacation leave upon termination. Any employee with more than ten years of full-time service with the City who elects to retire is entitled to receive one-fourth of the value of their accumulated unused sick leave up to a maximum of thirty to forty-five days.

At December 31, 2006, the City's accumulated, unpaid compensated absences amounted to \$326,963, which has recorded as a liability of the Governmental Activities.

NOTE 13 - NOTES PAYABLE

The Ohio Revised Code provides that notes including renewal notes issued in anticipation of the issuance of general obligation bonds may be issued and outstanding from time to time up to a maximum period of 20 years from the date of issuance of the original notes. The maximum maturity for notes anticipating general obligation bonds payable from special assessments is five years. Any period in excess of five years must be deducted from the permitted maximum maturity of the bonds anticipated, and portions of the principal amount of notes outstanding for more than five years must be retired in amounts at least equal to, and payable no later than, those principal maturities required if the bonds had been issued at the expiration of the initial five year period. Bond anticipation notes may be retired at maturity from the proceeds of the sale of renewal notes or of the bonds anticipated by the notes, or from available funds of the City or a combination of these sources.

		Balance			Balance
	Maturity	December 31,			December 31,
	Date	2005	Issued	(Retired)	2006
Special Assessment Notes:			_		
4.00% Street Improvements	2006	\$200,000	\$0	(\$200,000)	\$0

NOTE 14 - LONG-TERM DEBT

Long-term debt of the City at December 31, 2006 is as follows:

		Balance			Balance	Amounts
	Issue	December 31,			December 31,	Due Within
	Date	2005	Issued	(Retired)	2006	One Year
Governmental Activities:						
General Obligation Bond:						
4.20% Fire Station Improvement	2005	\$730,000	\$0	(\$65,000)	\$665,000	\$75,000
Ohio Public Works Commission Loan:						
0.00% Wales Road Pavement & Storm Drainage	1999	126,755	0	(9,390)	117,365	9,390
Ohio Water Development Authority (OWDA) Loans:						
5.88% Oregon Road Water Line	1997	689,996	0	(23,631)	666,365	25,021
5.66% Oregon Road Trunk						
Water Main Phase II	1998	297,770	0	(10,405)	287,365	10,994
Total OWDA Loans		987,766	0	(34,036)	953,730	36,015
Compensated Absences		313,960	326,963	(313,960)	326,963	127,550
Total Governmental Activities						
Long-Term Debt		\$2,158,481	\$326,963	(\$422,386)	\$2,063,058	\$247,955

The City's future long-term obligation funding requirements, including principal and interest payments as of December 31, 2006, follow:

	General Oblig	ation Bond	OWDA	OWDA Loans		Loan
Years	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest
2007	\$75,000	\$27,930	\$36,015	\$55,447	\$9,389	\$0
2008	75,000	24,780	38,108	53,354	9,389	0
2009	75,000	21,630	40,326	51,138	9,389	0
2010	80,000	18,480	42,668	48,794	9,389	0
2011	85,000	15,120	45,148	46,314	9,389	0
2012-2016	275,000	23,310	268,297	166,833	46,947	0
2017-2021	0	0	352,280	123,771	23,473	0
2022-2023	0	0	130,888	9,923	0	0
Totals	\$665,000	\$131,250	\$953,730	\$555,576	\$117,365	\$0

NOTE 15 - CONSTRUCTION COMMITMENTS

As of December 31, 2006 the City had the following commitments with respect to capital projects:

	Remaining	Expected
	Construction	Date of
Project	Commitment	Completion
Fire Station # 1	\$39,133	2007
Bradnor Road and Williston Road Intersection	145,797	2007
Total	\$184,930	

NOTE 16 - RISK MANAGEMENT

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; and natural disasters. The City purchases insurance coverage to provide employee health benefits and pays unemployment claims to the State of Ohio as incurred.

The City contracted with Brooks Insurance Agency from January 1, 2006 through December 31, 2006 for various insurance coverages, as follows:

Type of Coverage	Coverage	Deductible
Auto Fleet Liability/Physical Damage	\$5,000,000	\$250/500
Law Enforcement Liability	\$5,000,000	\$5,000
General Liability	\$5,000,000	\$0
Prior Acts Coverage	\$5,000,000	\$5,000
Real and Personal Property	\$4,622,463	\$1,000
Emergency Medical Services Liability	\$5,000,000	\$5,000
Inland Marine Equipment	\$1,603,430	\$1,000
Boiler and Machinery Property Damage	\$5,000,000	\$1,000
Demolition/Increased Cost-Construction	\$500,000	\$1,000
Public Officials Liability	\$5,000,000	\$5,000
Valuable Papers	\$250,000	\$1,000
Business Income and Extra Expense	\$100,000	\$1,000
Employee Benefit Liability	\$5,000,000	\$0

NOTE 16 - RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

The City provides a self-funded dental insurance program for its employees which is funded through the general fund. GASB Statement No. 10, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Risk Financing and Related Insurance Issues," as amended by GASB Statement No. 30 "Risk Management Omnibus," requires that a liability for claims be reported if information prior to issuance of the financial statements indicates that it is probable that a liability has been incurred at the date of the financial statements and the amount of the loss can be reasonably estimated.

Changes in the claims liability amount in fiscal 2006 were:

	Beginning of	Current Year Claims and	Claims	Balance at
Fiscal Year	Year Liability	Changes in Estimates	Payments	Year End
2004	\$2,124	\$24,817	(\$25,778)	\$1,163
2005	1,163	34,200	(33,681)	1,682
2006	1,682	30,656	(31,874)	464

Workers' compensation claims are covered through the City's participation in the State of Ohio's program. The City pays the State Workers' Compensation System a premium based upon a rate per \$100 of payroll. The rate is determined based on accident history and administrative costs.

There has been no significant reduction in insurance coverages from coverages in the prior year. In addition, settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverages in any of the past three fiscal years.

NOTE 17 - CONTINGENCIES

The City is a party to various legal proceeding, which seek damages or injunctive relief generally incidental to its operations and pending projects. The City's management is of the opinion that the ultimate disposition of various claims and legal proceedings will not have a material effect on the financial condition of the City.

The City has received several federal and state grants for specific purposes, which are subject to review and audit by the grantor agencies. Such audits could lead to requests for reimbursements to grantor agencies for expenditures disallowed under the terms of the grant. Based upon prior experience, City management believes such disallowances, if any, will be immaterial.



Combining and Individual F_{UND} Statements and Schedules

 $m{T}$ he following combining statements and schedules include the Major and Nonmajor Governmental Funds and Fiduciary Funds.

Nonmajor Governmental Funds

Special Revenue Funds

Special Revenue funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than amounts relating to major capital projects) that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes.

Street Construction, Maintenance and Repair Fund

To account for that portion of the state gasoline tax and motor vehicle registration fees designated for maintenance and repair of dedicated streets.

Motor Vehicle License Tax Fund

To account for county-levied motor vehicle registration fees designated for street construction, maintenance and repair.

State Highway Improvement Fund

To account for that portion of the state gasoline tax and motor vehicle registration fees designated for street maintenance and repair of state highways within the City.

Northwood Waste/Environmental Fund

To account for the portion of disposal fees designated by City Ordinance to be used for monitoring and related expenses associated with a privately owned and operated solid waste disposal site located within the City.

Drug Fine Fund

To account for proceeds from mandatory drug fines disbursed for law enforcement purposes.

Special Law Enforcement Fund

To account for proceeds received from the sale of property confiscated/forfeited during criminal related arrests. Expenditures are to be used solely for law enforcement purposes.

Enforcement and Education Fund

To account for financial resources used to educate and treat persons with alcohol related problems and to enhance law enforcement activities as a deterrent to the operation of motor vehicles while under the influence of alcohol.

Computerized Research Fund

To account for the acquisition, improvement, replacement and repair of the computerized research system of the Mayor's Court.

Community Housing Improvement Program (CHIP) - CDBG Fund

To account for financial resources used by the City to undertake home/building repair, planning and implementation cost, the fair housing program and general administration costs for residents of the City.

(Continued)

Special Revenue Funds

Community Housing Improvement Program (CHIP) - HOME Fund

To account for financial resources used by the City to undertake rehabilitation of homes, down payment assistance and general administration costs for residents of the City.

Ohio Housing Trust Program (CHIP) - OHTF Fund

To account for financial resources used by the City to undertake home/building repair and new construction costs for the residents of the City.

Water Fund

To account for water related fees and surcharges used for maintenance and repair of waterlines within the City.

Sanitary Sewer Operation, Maintenance and Repair Fund

To account for user charges collected by the City of Toledo for Northwood to be used for maintenance and repair of sanitary sewers.

Keep Northwood Beautiful Fund

To account for donations used to promote Northwood Clean-Up Day and for a recycling program.

Water Maintenance - Homecraft Fund

To account for water related fees used for construction, maintenance and repair of waterlines within the Homecraft area of the City.

Capital Projects Funds

The Capital Projects Funds are used to account for the financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities.

Recreation Parks Combined Fund

To account for funds received from tax on new residential and mobile homes to be used for the development, maintenance and operation of public owned recreational facilities.

Alcoa Project Fund

To account for revenues and expenditures related to the construction of a public access road built for the new Alcoa Automotive Structures Plant locating in Northwood. (The Balance Sheet is not presented because there are no assets or liabilities at year end. This fund only exists on a GAAP basis and is not part of the City's appropriated budget, therefore no budgetary schedule is presented.)

Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Governmental Funds December 31, 2006

	Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds		Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds		Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds	
Assets:	_		_		_	
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	1,141,093	\$	57,606	\$	1,198,699
Receivables (net of allowance						
for doubtful accounts):						
Taxes		7,799		0		7,799
Accounts		122,646		0		122,646
Intergovernmental		147,465		0		147,465
Inventory of Supplies, at Cost		9,721		0		9,721
Prepaid Items		2,786		0		2,786
Total Assets	\$	1,431,510	\$	57,606	\$	1,489,116
Liabilities:						
Accounts Payable	\$	28,752	\$	0	\$	28,752
Accrued Wages and Benefits Payable		16,118		0		16,118
Interfund Loans Payable		200,000		0		200,000
Deferred Revenue		103,509		0		103,509
Total Liabilities		348,379		0		348,379
Fund Balances:						
Reserved for Prepaid Items		2,786		0		2,786
Reserved for Supplies Inventory		9,721		0		9,721
Undesignated/Unreserved in:						
Special Revenue Funds		1,070,624		0		1,070,624
Capital Projects Funds		0		57,606		57,606
Total Fund Balances		1,083,131		57,606		1,140,737
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	1,431,510	\$	57,606	\$	1,489,116

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Nonmajor Governmental Funds For the Year Ended December 31, 2006

		Nonmajor tial Revenue Funds	Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds		Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds	
Revenues:						
Other Local Taxes	\$	16,421	\$	6,500	\$	22,921
Intergovernmental Revenues		438,407		2,500		440,907
Charges for Services		375,502		0		375,502
Licenses and Permits		20,303		0		20,303
Investment Earnings		20,446		0		20,446
Fines and Forfeitures		18,705		0		18,705
Total Revenue		889,784		9,000		898,784
Expenditures:						
Current:						
Security of Persons and Property		6,549		0		6,549
Community Environment		131,508		0		131,508
Basic Utility Services		332,966		0		332,966
Transportation		271,084		0		271,084
General Government		25,196		0		25,196
Capital Outlay		0		5,424		5,424
Debt Service:						
Interest & Fiscal Charges		0		4,712		4,712
Total Expenditures		767,303		10,136		777,439
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues						
Over Expenditures		122,481		(1,136)		121,345
Other Financing Sources (Uses):						
Transfers In		92,000		208,000		300,000
Transfers Out		(92,000)		0		(92,000)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		0		208,000		208,000
Net Change In Fund Balance		122,481		206,864		329,345
Fund Balances (Deficit) at Beginning of Year		970,736		(149,258)		821,478
Decrease in Inventory Reserve		(10,086)		0		(10,086)
Fund Balances End of Year	\$	1,083,131	\$	57,606	\$	1,140,737

Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds December 31, 2006

	Street Construction, Maintenance and Repair		Motor Vehicle License Tax		State Highway Improvement		Northwood Waste/ Environmental	
Assets:								
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	151,828	\$	6,938	\$	42,227	\$	14,171
for doubtful accounts):								
Taxes		0		7,799		0		0
Accounts		0		0		0		1,642
Intergovernmental		136,405		0		11,060		0
Inventory of Supplies, at Cost		9,721		0		0		0
Prepaid Items		2,786		0		0		0
Total Assets	\$	300,740	\$	14,737	\$	53,287	\$	15,813
Liabilities:								
Accounts Payable	\$	0	\$	0	\$	119	\$	0
Accrued Wages and Benefits Payable		10,944		0		688		2,405
Interfund Loans Payable		0		0		0		0
Deferred Revenue		90,937		5,199		7,373		0
Total Liabilities		101,881		5,199		8,180		2,405
Fund Balances:								
Reserved for Prepaid Items		2,786		0		0		0
Reserved for Supplies Inventory		9,721		0		0		0
Undesignated/Unreserved		186,352		9,538		45,107		13,408
Total Fund Balances		198,859		9,538		45,107		13,408
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	300,740	\$	14,737	\$	53,287	\$	15,813

Di	rug Fine	orcement	Enforcement and Education		Computerized Research		CHIP CDBG		СНІР НОМЕ	
\$	5,437	\$ 8,772	\$	7,899	\$	55,188	\$	97,904	\$	96,954
	0	0		0		0		0		0
	0	0		0		0		0		0
	0	0		0		0		0		0
	0	0		0		0		0		0
	0	 0		0		0		0		0
\$	5,437	\$ 8,772	\$	7,899	\$	55,188	\$	97,904	\$	96,954
\$	0	\$ 0	\$	0	\$	9,995	\$	0	\$	9,617
	0	0		0		0		100,000		100,000
	0	0		0		9,995		100,000		109,617
	0	0		0		0		0		0
	0	0		0		0		0		0
	5,437	8,772		7,899		45,193		(2,096)		(12,663)
	5,437	 8,772		7,899		45,193		(2,096)		(12,663)
\$	5,437	\$ 8,772	\$	7,899	\$	55,188	\$	97,904	\$	96,954

(Continued)

Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds December 31, 2006

					Sanitary Sewer Operation, Maintenance and		Keep Northwood	
	CHI	P OHTF		Water	Repair		Beautiful	
Assets:	_		_		_		_	
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	0	\$	272,934	\$	293,853	\$	59,882
for doubtful accounts):								
Taxes		0		0		0		0
Accounts		0		92,661		7,043		0
Intergovernmental		0		0		0		0
Inventory of Supplies, at Cost		0		0		0		0
Prepaid Items		0		0		0		0
Total Assets	\$	0	\$	365,595	\$	300,896	\$	59,882
Liabilities:								
Accounts Payable	\$	5,090	\$	3,931	\$	0	\$	0
Accrued Wages and Benefits Payable		0		2,048		33		0
Interfund Loans Payable		0		0		0		0
Deferred Revenue		0		0		0		0
Total Liabilities		5,090		5,979		33		0
Fund Balances:								
Reserved for Prepaid Items		0		0		0		0
Reserved for Supplies Inventory		0		0		0		0
Undesignated/Unreserved		(5,090)		359,616		300,863		59,882
Total Fund Balances		(5,090)		359,616		300,863		59,882
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	0	\$	365,595	\$	300,896	\$	59,882

Main	Vater tenance - mecraft	tal Nonmajor ecial Revenue Funds
\$	27,106	\$ 1,141,093
	0	7,799
	21,300	122,646
	0	147,465
	0	9,721
	0	 2,786
\$	48,406	\$ 1,431,510
\$	0	\$ 28,752
	0	16,118
	0	200,000
	0	103,509
	0	348,379
	0	2,786
	0	9,721
	48,406	1,070,624
	48,406	1,083,131
\$	48,406	\$ 1,431,510

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds For the Year Ended December 31, 2006

	Street				
	Construction,				
	Maintenance and	Motor Vehicle	State Highway	Northwood Waste/	
	Repair	License Tax	Improvement	Environmental	
Revenues:					
Other Local Taxes	\$ 0	\$ 16,421	\$ 0	\$ 0	
Intergovernmental Revenues	305,558	0	24,775	0	
Charges for Services	0	0	0	0	
Licenses and Permits	0	0	0	20,303	
Investment Earnings	10,221	2,045	2,045	2,045	
Fines and Forfeitures	0	0	0	0	
Total Revenue	315,779	18,466	26,820	22,348	
Expenditures:					
Current:					
Security of Persons and Property	0	0	0	0	
Community Environment	0	0	0	25,481	
Basic Utility Services	0	0	0	0	
Transportation	232,685	18,980	19,419	0	
General Government	0	0	0	0	
Total Expenditures	232,685	18,980	19,419	25,481	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues					
Over Expenditures	83,094	(514)	7,401	(3,133)	
Other Financing Sources (Uses):					
Transfers In	0	0	0	0	
Transfers Out	0	0	0	0	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	0	0	0	0	
Net Change In Fund Balances	83,094	(514)	7,401	(3,133)	
Fund Balances (Deficit) at Beginning of Year	125,851	10,052	37,706	16,541	
Decrease in Inventory Reserve	(10,086)	0	0	0	
Fund Balances (Deficit) End of Year	\$ 198,859	\$ 9,538	\$ 45,107	\$ 13,408	

 Special Law Drug Fine Enforcement		Enforcement and Education		nputerized esearch	СН	IIP CDBG	СН	СНІР НОМЕ	
\$ 0	\$	0	\$	0	\$ 0	\$	0	\$	0
0		0		0	0		44,714		54,191
0		0		0	0		0		0
0		0		0	0		0		0
0		2,045		0	0		0		0
2,077		1,909		701	14,018		0		0
 2,077		3,954		701	14,018		44,714		54,191
4,815		1,734		0	0		0		0
0		0		0	0		32,689		63,808
0		0		0	0		0		0
0		0		0	0		0		0
0		0		2,090	 23,106		0		0
4,815		1,734		2,090	23,106		32,689		63,808
(2,738)		2,220		(1,389)	(9,088)		12,025		(9,617)
0		0		0	0		0		0
0		0		0	0		0		0
 0		0		0	 0		0		0
(2,738)		2,220		(1,389)	(9,088)		12,025		(9,617)
8,175		6,552		9,288	54,281		(14,121)		(3,046)
 0		0		0	0		0		0
\$ 5,437	\$	8,772	\$	7,899	\$ 45,193	\$	(2,096)	\$	(12,663)

(Continued)

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds For the Year Ended December 31, 2006

	CHIP OHTF		V	Water		Sanitary Sewer Operation, Maintenance and Repair		Keep Northwood Beautiful	
Revenues:	-								
Other Local Taxes	\$	0	\$	0	\$	0	\$	0	
Intergovernmental Revenues		3,698		0		0		5,471	
Charges for Services		0		320,607		24,570		0	
Licenses and Permits		0		0		0		0	
Investment Earnings		0		0		2,045		0	
Fines and Forfeitures		0		0		0		0	
Total Revenue		3,698		320,607		26,615		5,471	
Expenditures:									
Current:									
Security of Persons and Property		0		0		0		0	
Community Environment		8,788		0		0		742	
Basic Utility Services		0		330,218		1,366		0	
Transportation		0		0		0		0	
General Government		0		0		0		0	
Total Expenditures		8,788		330,218		1,366		742	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues									
Over Expenditures		(5,090)		(9,611)		25,249		4,729	
Other Financing Sources (Uses):									
Transfers In		0		92,000		0		0	
Transfers Out		0		(92,000)		0		0	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		0		0		0		0	
Net Change In Fund Balances		(5,090)		(9,611)		25,249		4,729	
Fund Balances (Deficit) at Beginning of Year		0		369,227		275,614		55,153	
Decrease in Inventory Reserve		0		0		0		0	
Fund Balances (Deficit) End of Year	\$	(5,090)	\$	359,616	\$	300,863	\$	59,882	

Water Maintenance - Homecraft	Total Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds				
Φ 0	Φ 16.421				
\$ 0	\$ 16,421				
0	438,407				
30,325	375,502				
0	20,303				
0	20,446				
0	18,705				
30,325	889,784				
0	6,549				
0	131,508				
1,382	332,966				
0	271,084				
0	25,196				
1,382	767,303				
28,943	122,481				
0	92,000				
0	(92,000)				
0	0				
28,943	122,481				
19,463	970,736				
0	(10,086)				
\$ 48,406	\$ 1,083,131				

Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds December 31, 2006

	Recreation Park Combined		
Assets:			
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	57,606	
Total Assets	\$	57,606	
Liabilities:			
Fund Balances:			
Undesignated/Unreserved	\$	57,606	
Total Fund Balances		57,606	
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	57,606	

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds For the Year Ended December 31, 2006

	 ation Parks	Alc	coa Project	Total Nonmajor Capital Project Funds	
Revenues:					
Other Local Taxes	\$ 6,500	\$	0	\$	6,500
Intergovernmental Revenues	 2,500		0		2,500
Total Revenue	 9,000		0		9,000
Expenditures:					
Capital Outlay	5,424		0		5,424
Debt Service:					
Interest & Fiscal Charges	 0		4,712		4,712
Total Expenditures	 5,424		4,712		10,136
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues					
Over Expenditures	3,576		(4,712)		(1,136)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):					
Transfers In	 0		208,000		208,000
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	 0		208,000		208,000
Net Change In Fund Balances	3,576		203,288		206,864
Fund Balances (Deficit) at Beginning of Year	54,030		(203,288)		(149,258)
Fund Balances End of Year	\$ 57,606	\$	0	\$	57,606

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues:				
Property Taxes	\$ 243,000	\$ 265,000	\$ 251,435	\$ (13,565)
Municipal Income Taxes	2,950,000	3,057,000	2,953,220	(103,780)
Other Local Taxes	50,000	59,000	52,164	(6,836)
Intergovernmental Revenues	738,500	873,500	862,937	(10,563)
Charges for Services	85,500	66,500	60,524	(5,976)
Licenses and Permits	187,500	169,500	151,348	(18,152)
Investment Earnings	120,100	200,100	192,045	(8,055)
Special Assessments	77,600	73,600	68,782	(4,818)
Fines and Forfeitures	240,000	203,000	176,610	(26,390)
Donations	1,000	3,000	2,925	(75)
All Other Revenues	103,700	81,700	63,238	(18,462)
Total Revenues	4,796,900	5,051,900	4,835,228	(216,672)
Expenditures:				
Security of Persons and Property:				
Police Department:				
Personal Services	1,751,200	1,739,300	1,692,712	46,588
Materials and Supplies	75,600	83,300	78,156	5,144
Contractual Services	58,500	57,800	53,534	4,266
Other Expenditures	5,000	5,600	5,056	544
Capital Outlay	2,000	1,300	493	807
Total Police Department	1,892,300	1,887,300	1,829,951	57,349
Fire Department:				
Personal Services	435,300	435,400	429,983	5,417
Materials and Supplies	83,000	83,800	80,846	2,954
Contractual Services	29,500	28,100	27,125	975
Capital Outlay	1,500	2,000	1,978	22
Total Fire Department	549,300	549,300	539,932	9,368
Civil Defense:				
Contractual Services	2,400	2,400	2,243	157
Police and Fire Communications				
Personal Services	338,000	342,300	334,542	7,758
Materials and Supplies	5,000	4,700	2,716	1,984
Contractual Services	7,400	8,400	7,420	980
Total Police and Fire Communications	350,400	355,400	344,678	10,722
				(Continued)

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Street Lighting:				
Contractual Services	3,500	3,500	2,796	704
Railroad Lighting:				
Contractual Services	4,000	4,000	3,368	632
Total Security of Persons and Property	2,801,900	2,801,900	2,722,968	78,932
Public Health and Welfare Services:				
County Board of Health:				
Contractual Services	8,000	8,000	7,256	744
Total Public Health and Welfare Services	8,000	8,000	7,256	744
Leisure Time Activities:				
Parks and Playgrounds:				
Materials and Supplies	6,500	6,500	5,670	830
Contractual Services	30,700	24,200	20,722	3,478
Capital Outlay	2,500	0	0	0
Total Parks and Playgrounds	39,700	30,700	26,392	4,308
Recreation:				
Materials and Supplies	1,500	1,500	1,344	156
Contractual Services	18,500	18,500	17,655	845
Total Recreation	20,000	20,000	18,999	1,001
Baseball Programs:				
Personal Services	6,600	6,700	6,579	121
Materials and Supplies	10,550	10,650	10,344	306
Contractual Services	8,050	8,050	7,545	505
Other Expenditures	200	0	0	0
Total Baseball Programs	25,400	25,400	24,468	932
Special Events:				
Materials and Supplies	2,500	2,500	2,500	0
Total Leisure Time Acitivities	87,600	78,600	72,359	6,241

(Continued)

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Community Environment:				(c.egc)
Planning and Zoning:				
Personal Services	74,900	77,300	76,627	673
Materials and Supplies	3,100	3,500	3,295	205
Contractual Services	1,600	600	539	61
Capital Outlay	0	200	134	66
Total Planning and Zoning	79,600	81,600	80,595	1,005
Weed Control and Tree Care:				
Personal Services	28,000	27,900	27,719	181
Materials and Supplies	1,300	1,900	1,761	139
Contractual Services	9,600	9,100	8,680	420
Capital Outlay	2,000	2,000	1,991	9
Total Weed Control and Tree Care	40,900	40,900	40,151	749
Economic Development:				
Materials and Supplies	10,000	7,000	6,477	523
Insect Control:				
Personal Services	2,000	2,000	1,323	677
Materials and Supplies	6,000	6,000	4,836	1,164
Total Insect Control	8,000	8,000	6,159	1,841
Total Community Environment	138,500	137,500	133,382	4,118
Basic Utility Services:				
Hydrant Maintenance:				
Personal Services	3,000	6,000	5,319	681
Materials and Supplies	1,000	1,000	687	313
Total Basic Utility Services	4,000	7,000	6,006	994
Transportation:				
Street Maintenance and Repair:				
Personal Services	177,800	181,700	175,982	5,718
Materials and Supplies	21,500	21,800	19,799	2,001
Contractual Services	4,100	3,900	3,297	603
Total Street Maintenance and Repair	203,400	207,400	199,078	8,322
Sidewalks and Crossings:				
Personal Services	2,000	0	0	0
				(Continued)

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Traffic Signals and Signs:	Budget	T mar Budget	Tietaai	(Treguitre)
Personal Services	2,500	500	340	160
Materials and Supplies	1,000	1,000	299	701
Contractual Services	500	500	0	500
Total Traffic Signals and Signs	4,000	2,000	639	1,361
Total Transportation	209,400	209,400	199,717	9,683
General Government:				
Mayor:				
Personal Services	21,700	19,700	14,510	5,190
Materials and Supplies	1,700	1,900	1,423	477
Contractual Services	1,100	2,900	2,728	172
Total Mayor	24,500	24,500	18,661	5,839
Finance Director:				
Personal Services	282,900	286,600	283,595	3,005
Materials and Supplies	6,900	10,200	9,368	832
Contractual Services	15,300	13,300	9,956	3,344
Total Finance Director	305,100	310,100	302,919	7,181
City Administrator:				
Personal Services	139,000	141,400	139,720	1,680
Materials and Supplies	3,200	2,900	2,604	296
Contractual Services	1,100	1,000	724	276
Total City Administrator	143,300	145,300	143,048	2,252
Legal Administration:				
Personal Services	9,900	9,900	9,126	774
Materials and Supplies	2,500	3,500	3,425	75
Contractual Services	38,300	37,300	33,324	3,976
Total Legal Administration	50,700	50,700	45,875	4,825
City Cars:				
Materials and Supplies	600	600	548	52
City Council:				
Personal Services	58,600	58,900	58,432	468
Materials and Supplies	1,000	1,000	356	644
Contractual Services	800	500	298	202
Total City Council	60,400	60,400	59,086	1,314

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
City Clerk:				
Personal Services	58,900	59,700	58,741	959
Materials and Supplies	900	900	598	302
Contractual Services	11,000	4,800	2,470	2,330
Capital Outlay	500	900	894	6
Total City Clerk	71,300	66,300	62,703	3,597
Mayor's Court:				
Personal Services	173,100	221,800	218,250	3,550
Materials and Supplies	17,300	19,200	18,616	584
Contractual Services	33,600	33,000	32,545	455
Total Mayor's Court	224,000	274,000	269,411	4,589
Civil Service Commission:				
Personal Services	1,600	1,700	1,594	106
Materials and Supplies	300	300	220	80
Contractual Services	2,500	2,400	1,635	765
Total Civil Service Commission	4,400	4,400	3,449	951
Buildings and Grounds:				
Personal Services	107,000	107,900	101,532	6,368
Materials and Supplies	16,000	17,100	15,476	1,624
Contractual Services	29,200	27,200	26,413	787
Other Expenditures	500	500	439	61
Total Buildings and Grounds	152,700	152,700	143,860	8,840
General Miscellaneous:				
Contractual Services	63,600	39,600	24,921	14,679
Special Assessments:				
Personal Services	1,600	1,400	240	1,160
Contractual Services	65,990	65,990	58,348	7,642
Capital Outlay	3,000	3,200	1,400	1,800
Total Special Assessments	70,590	70,590	59,988	10,602

(Continued)

				Variance with Final Budget
	Original			Positive
	Budget	Final Budget	Actual	(Negative)
General Administrative:				
Personal Services	7,000	5,600	5,222	378
Materials and Supplies	9,000	8,600	8,063	537
Contractual Services	268,000	303,300	290,089	13,211
Other Expenditures	1,000	1,500	1,425	75
Total General Administrative	285,000	319,000	304,799	14,201
Total General Government	1,456,190	1,518,190	1,439,268	78,922
Total Expenditures	4,705,590	4,760,590	4,580,956	179,634
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues				
Over (Under) Expenditures	91,310	291,310	254,272	(37,038)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):				
Transfers Out	(80,000)	(80,000)	(80,000)	0
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(80,000)	(80,000)	(80,000)	0
Net Change In Fund Balance	11,310	211,310	174,272	(37,038)
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year	745,513	745,513	745,513	0
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$ 756,823	\$ 956,823	\$ 919,785	\$ (37,038)

GENERAL OBLIGATION DEBT RETIREMENT FUND

		Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual		Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
Revenues:									
Property Taxes	\$	90,000	\$	90,000	\$	83,341	\$	(6,659)	
Intergovernmental Revenues		5,000		5,000		4,695		(305)	
Special Assessments		18,000		18,000		14,584		(3,416)	
Total Revenues		113,000		113,000		102,620		(10,380)	
Expenditures:									
Debt Service:									
Principal Retirement		308,900		308,900		308,426		474	
Interest and Fiscal Charges		100,500		100,500		95,946		4,554	
Total Expenditures		409,400		409,400		404,372		5,028	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues									
Over (Under) Expenditures		(296,400)		(296,400)		(301,752)		(5,352)	
Other Financing Sources (Uses):									
Transfers In		272,000		272,000		272,000		0	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		272,000		272,000		272,000		0	
Net Change in Fund Balance		(24,400)		(24,400)		(29,752)		(5,352)	
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year		56,239		56,239		56,239		0	
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$	31,839	\$	31,839	\$	26,487	\$	(5,352)	

CAPITAL IMPROVEMENT FUND

		Original					Fin	iance with al Budget Positive
	Budget		Final Budget		Actual		(Negative)	
Revenues:								
Municipal Income Taxes	\$	914,000	\$	917,000	\$	895,878	\$	(21,122)
Intergovernmental Revenues		100,000		132,000		130,000		(2,000)
Licenses and Permits		50,000		91,700		91,700		0
Special Assessments		43,000		30,300		29,674		(626)
Fines and Forfeitures		200,000		168,000		162,517		(5,483)
Donations		5,000		0		0		0
All Other Revenues		30,000		3,000		3,000		0
Total Revenues		1,342,000		1,342,000		1,312,769		(29,231)
Expenditures:								
Capital Outlay:								
Security of Persons and Property		0		172,293		148,177		24,116
Transportation		1,548,900		1,458,900		1,099,431		359,469
General Government		158,400		198,400		131,756		66,644
Total Expenditures		1,707,300		1,829,593		1,379,364		450,229
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues								
Over (Under) Expenditures		(365,300)		(487,593)		(66,595)		420,998
Other Financing Sources (Uses):								
Transfers Out		(192,000)		(192,000)		(192,000)		0
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(192,000)		(192,000)		(192,000)		0
Net Change In Fund Balance		(557,300)		(679,593)		(258,595)		420,998
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year		991,648		991,648		991,648		0
Prior Year Encumbrances		122,293		122,293		122,293		0
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$	556,641	\$	434,348	\$	855,346	\$	420,998

CAPITAL REPLACEMENT FUND

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
Revenues:					
Municipal Income Taxes	\$ 457,000	\$ 477,000	\$ 447,940	\$ (29,060)	
All Other Revenues	10,000	0	0	0	
Total Revenues	467,000	477,000	447,940	(29,060)	
Expenditures:					
Capital Outlay	419,000	421,300	393,515	27,785	
Total Expenditures	419,000	421,300	393,515	27,785	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues					
Over (Under) Expenditures	48,000	55,700	54,425	(1,275)	
Other Financing Sources (Uses):					
Sale of Capital Assets	10,000	0	0	0	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	10,000	0	0	0	
Net Change in Fund Balance	58,000	55,700	54,425	(1,275)	
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year	582,166	582,166	582,166	0	
Prior Year Encumbrances	2,300	2,300	2,300	0	
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$ 642,466	\$ 640,166	\$ 638,891	\$ (1,275)	

STREET CONSTRUCTION, MAINTENANCE AND REPAIR FUND

		Original Budget	_ Fin	Final Budget		Actual	Fin F	iance with al Budget Positive (egative)
Revenues:						_	<u> </u>	
Intergovernmental Revenues	\$	300,000	\$	314,000	\$	308,688	\$	(5,312)
Investment Earnings		10,000		11,000		10,668		(332)
Total Revenues		310,000		325,000		319,356		(5,644)
Expenditures:								
Transportation:								
Street Maintenance and Repair:								
Personal Services		162,500		185,600		180,064		5,536
Materials and Supplies		6,500		8,400		7,069		1,331
Total Street Maintenance and Repair		169,000		194,000		187,133		6,867
Snow and Ice Removal:								
Personal Services		13,000		4,000		1,791		2,209
Materials and Supplies		52,500		25,000		9,131		15,869
Contractual Services		6,500		18,000		15,940		2,060
Total Snow and Ice Removal	·	72,000		47,000		26,862		20,138
Traffic Signals and Signs:								
Personal Services		6,000		6,000		5,602		398
Materials and Supplies		5,000		3,500		2,507		993
Contractual Services		8,000		9,500		9,368		132
Total Traffic Signals and Signs		19,000		19,000		17,477		1,523
Road Striping:								
Personal Services		3,000		3,000		2,723		277
Materials and Supplies		3,000		3,000		2,130		870
Total Road Striping		6,000		6,000		4,853		1,147
Total Expenditures		266,000		266,000		236,325		29,675
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues								
Over (Under) Expenditures		44,000		59,000		83,031		24,031
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year		68,797		68,797		68,797		0
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$	112,797	\$	127,797	\$	151,828	\$	24,031

MOTOR VEHICLE LICENSE TAX FUND

	Original Budget	al Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)		
Revenues:					U /	
Other Local Taxes	\$ 18,000	\$ 17,500	\$ 16,400	\$	(1,100)	
Investment Earnings	2,000	2,500	2,134		(366)	
Total Revenues	20,000	20,000	18,534		(1,466)	
Expenditures:						
Transportation:						
Materials and Supplies	5,000	5,000	5,000		0	
Contractual Services	15,000	15,000	13,980		1,020	
Total Expenditures	 20,000	20,000	18,980		1,020	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues						
Over (Under) Expenditures	0	0	(446)		(446)	
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year	7,384	7,384	7,384		0	
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$ 7,384	\$ 7,384	\$ 6,938	\$	(446)	

STATE HIGHWAY IMPROVEMENT FUND

SIA	IE IIIGIIWAI IWI K	JAEMENT FOND		
	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues:				
Intergovernmental Revenues	\$ 26,000	\$ 25,700	\$ 25,028	\$ (672)
Investment Earnings	2,000	2,300	2,134	(166)
Total Revenues	28,000	28,000	27,162	(838)
Expenditures:				
Transportation:				
Street Maintenance and Repair:				
Personal Services	10,600	10,600	9,474	1,126
Snow and Ice Removal:				
Materials and Supplies	8,200	8,200	8,200	0
Traffic Signals and Signs:				
Contractual Services	2,200	2,200	1,478	722
Total Expenditures	21,000	21,000	19,152	1,848
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues				
Over (Under) Expenditures	7,000	7,000	8,010	1,010
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year	34,217	34,217_	34,217_	0
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$ 41,217	\$ 41,217	\$ 42,227	\$ 1,010

NORTHWOOD WASTE/ENVIRONMENTAL FUND

n nome		Original Budget	Fin	al Budget		Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)		
Revenues:	A	25.000	Φ.	24.500	Φ.	20.102	•	(4.015)	
Licenses and Permits	\$	25,000	\$	24,500	\$	20,183	\$	(4,317)	
Investment Earnings		2,000		2,500		2,134		(366)	
Total Revenues		27,000		27,000		22,317		(4,683)	
Expenditures:									
Community Environment:									
Personal Services		24,000		25,600		24,867		733	
Materials and Supplies		2,000		400		332		68	
Total Expenditures		26,000		26,000		25,199		801	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues									
Over (Under) Expenditures		1,000		1,000		(2,882)		(3,882)	
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year		17,053		17,053		17,053		0	
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$	18,053	\$	18,053	\$	14,171	\$	(3,882)	

DRUG FINE FUND

		01111210						ance with
	Original							ositive
	F	Budget	Fina	l Budget		Actual	(N	egative)
Revenues:								
Fines and Forfeitures	\$	5,000	\$	5,000	\$	2,077	\$	(2,923)
Total Revenues		5,000		5,000		2,077		(2,923)
Expenditures:								
Security of Persons and Property:								
Materials and Supplies		0		100		59		41
Capital Outlay		6,000		5,900		4,756		1,144
Total Expenditures		6,000		6,000		4,815		1,185
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues								
Over (Under) Expenditures		(1,000)		(1,000)		(2,738)		(1,738)
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year		8,175		8,175		8,175		0
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$	7,175	\$	7,175	\$	5,437	\$	(1,738)

SPECIAL LAW ENFORCEMENT FUND

	riginal Budget	_ Fina	al Budget_	 Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
Revenues:		'		 		
Investment Earnings	\$ 2,000	\$	2,500	\$ 2,134	\$	(366)
Fines and Forfeitures	 3,000		2,500	 1,909		(591)
Total Revenues	5,000		5,000	4,043		(957)
Expenditures:						
Security of Persons and Property:						
Materials and Supplies	0		500	357		143
Contractual Services	0		1,500	1,377		123
Capital Outlay	4,000		2,000	0		2,000
Total Expenditures	4,000		4,000	1,734		2,266
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues						
Over (Under) Expenditures	1,000		1,000	2,309		1,309
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year	 6,463		6,463	 6,463		0_
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$ 7,463	\$	7,463	\$ 8,772	\$	1,309

ENFORCEMENT AND EDUCATION FUND

	Original Budget			al Budget		Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)		
Revenues:	¢.	2.000	ф	2.000	Ф	701	ф	(2.200)	
Fines and Forfeitures	\$	3,000	\$	3,000	\$	701	\$	(2,299)	
Total Revenues		3,000		3,000		701		(2,299)	
Expenditures:									
General Government:									
Materials and Supplies		8,000		8,000		2,090		5,910	
Total Expenditures		8,000		8,000		2,090		5,910	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues									
Over (Under) Expenditures		(5,000)		(5,000)		(1,389)		3,611	
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year		9,288		9,288		9,288		0	
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$	4,288	\$	4,288	\$	7,899	\$	3,611	

COMPUTERIZED RESEARCH FUND

	Ori Bu	Final Budget		Actual		Fin: P	ance with al Budget ositive egative)	
Revenues:								
Fines and Forfeitures	\$	18,000	\$	18,000	\$	14,018	\$	(3,982)
Total Revenues		18,000		18,000		14,018		(3,982)
Expenditures:								
General Government:								
Materials and Supplies		5,000		5,000		240		4,760
Contractual Services		3,000		3,000		0		3,000
Capital Outlay		18,000		19,250		14,228		5,022
Total Expenditures		26,000		27,250		14,468		12,782
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues								
Over (Under) Expenditures		(8,000)		(9,250)		(450)		8,800
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year		54,388		54,388		54,388		0
Prior Year Encumbrances		1,250		1,250		1,250		0
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$	47,638	\$	46,388	\$	55,188	\$	8,800

CHIP CDBG FUND

	Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual		Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
Revenues:								
Intergovernmental Revenues	\$	94,800	\$	94,800	\$	44,714	\$	(50,086)
Total Revenues		94,800		94,800		44,714		(50,086)
Expenditures:								
Community Environment:								
Capital Outlay		94,800		94,800		34,652		60,148
Total Expenditures		94,800		94,800		34,652		60,148
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues								
Over (Under) Expenditures		0		0		10,062		10,062
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year		87,842		87,842		87,842		0
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$	87,842	\$	87,842	\$	97,904	\$	10,062

CHIP HOME FUND

		110112		
	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues:				
Intergovernmental Revenues	\$ 378,400	\$ 378,400	\$ 54,191	\$ (324,209)
Total Revenues	378,400	378,400	54,191	(324,209)
Expenditures:				
Community Environment:				
Capital Outlay	378,400	378,400	54,191	324,209
Total Expenditures	378,400	378,400	54,191	324,209
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues				
Over (Under) Expenditures	0	0	0	0
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year	96,954	96,954	96,954	0
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$ 96,954	\$ 96,954	\$ 96,954	\$ 0

CHIP OHTF FUND

Davanuaga	Ori _: Bu	Fina	al Budget		Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)		
Revenues: Intergovernmental Revenues	\$	0	\$	3,698	\$	3,698	\$	0
Total Revenues	φ	0	ψ	3,698	ψ	3,698	Ψ	0
Expenditures:								
Community Environment:								
Capital Outlay		0		3,698		3,698		0
Total Expenditures		0		3,698		3,698		0
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues								
Over (Under) Expenditures		0		0		0		0
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year		0		0		0		0
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$	0	\$	0	\$	0	\$	0

WATER FUND

Payanuas		Original Budget	Fii	nal Budget	Actual		Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
Revenues:								
Charges for Services	\$	390,000	\$	390,000	\$	309,523	\$	(80,477)
Total Revenues		390,000		390,000		309,523		(80,477)
Expenditures:								
Basic Utility Services:								
Personal Services		38,000		38,000		27,370		10,630
Materials and Supplies		1,000		1,000		0		1,000
Contractual Services		24,000		24,000		11,657		12,343
Capital Outlay		205,000		308,667		287,373		21,294
Total Expenditures		268,000		371,667		326,400		45,267
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues								
Over (Under) Expenditures		122,000		18,333		(16,877)		(35,210)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):								
Transfers In		92,000		92,000		92,000		0
Transfers Out		(92,000)		(92,000)		(92,000)		0
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		0		0		0		0
Net Change in Fund Balance		122,000		18,333		(16,877)		(35,210)
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year		286,144		286,144		286,144		0
Prior Year Encumbrances		3,667		3,667		3,667		0
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$	411,811	\$	308,144	\$	272,934	\$	(35,210)

SANITARY SEWER OPERATION, MAINTENANCE AND REPAIR FUND

		Original Budget	Fin	al Budget		Actual	Fina P	ance with al Budget ositive egative)
Revenues:	_		_		_		_	
Charges for Services	\$	28,000	\$	27,500	\$	25,213	\$	(2,287)
Investment Earnings		2,000		2,500		2,134		(366)
Total Revenues		30,000		30,000		27,347		(2,653)
Expenditures:								
Basic Utility Services:								
Personal Services		12,000		12,000		716		11,284
Materials and Supplies		3,000		3,000		796		2,204
Contractual Services		7,000		7,000		0		7,000
Capital Outlay		10,000		10,000		0		10,000
Total Expenditures		32,000		32,000		1,512		30,488
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues								
Over (Under) Expenditures		(2,000)		(2,000)		25,835		27,835
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year		268,018		268,018		268,018		0
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$	266,018	\$	266,018	\$	293,853	\$	27,835

KEEP NORTHWOOD BEAUTIFUL FUND

D		Original Budget	Fina	al Budget		Actual	Fina P	ance with al Budget ositive egative)
Revenues: Intergovernmental Revenues	\$	6,000	\$	6,000	\$	5,471	\$	(529)
Total Revenues	Ψ	6,000	Ψ	6,000	Ψ	5,471	Ψ	(529)
Expenditures:								
Community Environment:								
Materials and Supplies		4,000		4,000		742		3,258
Capital Outlay		1,000		1,000		0		1,000
Total Expenditures		5,000		5,000		742		4,258
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues								
Over (Under) Expenditures		1,000		1,000		4,729		3,729
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year		55,153		55,153		55,153		0
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$	56,153	\$	56,153	\$	59,882	\$	3,729

WATER MAINTENANCE - HOMECRAFT FUND

VVIII 2	Original Budget	Fin	al Budget	 Actual	Fir	riance with nal Budget Positive Negative)
Revenues:						
Charges for Services	\$ 30,000	\$	30,000	\$ 19,250	\$	(10,750)
Total Revenues	30,000		30,000	19,250		(10,750)
Expenditures:						
Basic Utility Services:						
Personal Services	2,500		2,500	0		2,500
Contractual Services	3,000		3,000	0		3,000
Capital Outlay	 5,000		5,000	 1,382		3,618
Total Expenditures	10,500		10,500	 1,382		9,118
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues						
Over (Under) Expenditures	19,500		19,500	17,868		(1,632)
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year	 9,238		9,238	 9,238		0
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$ 28,738	\$	28,738	\$ 27,106	\$	(1,632)

RECREATION PARKS COMBINED FUND

		Original Budget	Fin	al Budget		Actual	Fir	riance with nal Budget Positive Negative)
Revenues: Other Local Taxes	¢	20,000	\$	20,000	¢	6.500	\$	(12.500)
	\$	20,000	Ф	20,000	\$	6,500	Ф	(13,500)
Intergovernmental Revenues		2,500		2,500		2,500		0
Donations		17,500		17,500		0		(17,500)
Total Revenues		40,000		40,000		9,000		(31,000)
Expenditures:								
Capital Outlay		0		5,424		5,424		0
Total Expenditures		0		5,424		5,424		0
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues								
Over (Under) Expenditures		40,000		34,576		3,576		(31,000)
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year		54,030		54,030		54,030		0
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$	94,030	\$	88,606	\$	57,606	\$	(31,000)



Fiduciary Fund

Fiduciary fund types are used to account for assets held by the City in a trustee capacity or as an agent for individuals, private organizations, other governmental units and/or other funds.

Agency Fund

Mayor's Court Fund

To account for the collection and distribution of court fines and forfeitures.

Statement Of Changes In Assets And Liabilities Agency Fund For the Year Ended December 31, 2006

	Balance December 31, 2005	Additions	Deductions	Balance December 31, 2006
Mayor's Court Fund		_	_	
Restricted Assets:	¢ <i>6</i> 71	¢222 £17	(\$222.104)	¢1.004
Cash with Fiscal Agent	\$671	\$233,517	(\$233,104)	\$1,084
Total Assets	\$671	\$233,517	(\$233,104)	\$1,084
Liabilities:				
Due to Others	\$671	\$233,517	(\$233,104)	\$1,084
Total Liabilities	\$671	\$233,517	(\$233,104)	\$1,084

$oldsymbol{C}_{APITAL}\,oldsymbol{A}_{SSETS}\,oldsymbol{U}_{SED}\,oldsymbol{I}_{N}\,oldsymbol{T}_{HE}$ Operation Of Governmental $oldsymbol{F}_{UNDS}$

Capital Assets Used in the Operation of Governmental Funds Schedule by Source December 31, 2006

Capital Assets:

Land	\$407,945
Land Improvements	33,100
Buildings and Improvements	3,459,743
Machinery, Equipment, Furniture and Fixtures	643,020
Vehicles	2,021,020
Infrastructure	2,701,453
Total Capital Assets	\$9,266,281

Investment in Capital Assets from:

Capital Projects Funds \$9,266,281

Capital Assets Used in the Operation of Governmental Funds Schedule by Function and Activity December 31, 2006

Function and Activity	Land	Land Improvements	Buildings and Improvements	Machinery, Equipment, Furniture and Fixtures
General Government:				
Finance	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$16,814
Administration	0	0	0	0
Public Land and Buildings	407,945	33,100	3,459,743	19,428
Total	407,945	33,100	3,459,743	36,242
Security of Persons and Property:				
Police	0	0	0	162,802
Fire	0	0	0	246,337
Total	0	0	0	409,139
<u>Transportation:</u>				
Street	0	0	0	90,760
Basic Utility Services:				
Storms, Sewers and Drains	0	0	0	0
<u>Leisure Time Activities:</u> Parks	0	0	0	59,149
Paiks	U	U	U	39,149
Community Environment:				
Brush Pickup	0	0	0	47,730
Total Capital Assets	\$407,945	\$33,100	\$3,459,743	\$643,020

Vehicles	Infrastructure	Total
\$0	\$0	\$16,814
18,724	0	18,724
82,247	24,500	4,026,963
100,971	24,500	4,062,501
276,459	0	439,261
961,923	0	1,208,260
1,238,382	0	1,647,521
681,667	2,067,150	2,839,577
0	484,066	484,066
0	125,737	184,886
0	0	47.720
	0	47,730
\$2,021,020	\$2,701,453	\$9,266,281

Capital Assets Used in the Operation of Governmental Funds Schedule Changes by Function and Activity For Year Ended December 31, 2006

Function and Activity	December 31, 2005	Additions	Deletions	December 31, 2006
General Government:				
Finance	\$16,814	\$0	\$0	\$16,814
Administration	18,724	0	0	18,724
Public Land and Buildings	4,026,963	0	0	4,026,963
Total	4,062,501	0	0	4,062,501
Security of Persons and Property:				
Police	442,495	61,218	(64,452)	439,261
Fire	1,183,541	24,719	0	1,208,260
Total	1,626,036	85,937	(64,452)	1,647,521
Transportation:				
Street	1,226,975	1,612,602	0	2,839,577
Basic Utility Services:				
Storms, Sewers and Drains	484,066	0	0	484,066
Leisure Time Activities:				
Parks	184,886	0	0	184,886
Community Environment:				
Brush Pickup	47,730	0	0	47,730
Total Capital Assets	\$7,632,194	\$1,698,539	(\$64,452)	\$9,266,281

STATISTICAL SECTION



STATISTICAL TABLES

This part of the City's comprehensive annual financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the city's overall financial health.

Contents	
Financial Trends These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the city's financial position has changed over time.	S 2 – S 9
Revenue Capacity These schedules contain information to help the reader understand and assess the factors affecting the city's ability to generate its most significant local revenue sources, the property tax and the income tax.	S 10 – S 13
Debt Capacity These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the city's current levels of outstanding debt and the city's ability to issue additional debt in the future.	S 14 – S 21
Economic and Demographic Information These schedules offer economic and demographic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the city's financial activities take place and to provide information that facilitates comparisons of financial information over time and among governments.	S 22 – S 25
Operating Information These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the city's financial report relates to the services the city provides and the activities it performs.	S 26 – S 31
Sources Note: Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the comprehensive annual financial reports for the relevant year. The city implemented GASB Statement 34 in 2004; schedules presenting government-wide information include information beginning in that year.	

Net Assets by Component Last Three Years (accrual basis of accounting)

	2004	2005	2006
Governmental Activities:			
Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt	\$2,709,009	\$3,280,125	\$4,761,018
Restricted	2,561,935	3,530,758	3,558,021
Unrestricted	1,091,942	1,513,704	1,504,770
Total Governmental Activities Net Assets	\$6,362,886	\$8,324,587	\$9,823,809
Primary Government:			
Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt	\$2,709,009	\$3,280,125	\$4,761,018
Restricted	2,561,935	3,530,758	3,558,021
Unrestricted	1,091,942	1,513,704	1,504,770
Total Primary Government Net Assets	\$6,362,886	\$8,324,587	\$9,823,809

Changes in Net Assets Last Three Years (accrual basis of accounting)

	2004	2005	2006
Expenses	2004		2000
Governmental Activities:			
Security of Persons and Property	\$2,687,303	\$2,945,787	\$2,774,120
Public Health and Welfare Services	7,919	6,976	7,256
Leisure Time Activities	83,270	88,266	81,343
Community Environment	454,832	335,915	271,984
Basic Utility Services	628,619	60,161	344,234
Transportation	481,056	678,071	559,877
General Government	1,456,201	1,448,482	1,526,552
Interest and Fiscal Charges	71,983	161,557	43,463
Total Primary Government Expenses	\$5,871,183	\$5,725,215	\$5,608,829
Program Revenues			
Governmental Activities:			
Charges for Services			
Security of Persons and Property	\$254,143	\$172,994	\$102,273
Leisure Time Activities	8,622	14,705	9,290
Community Environment	24,189	31,198	21,355
Basic Utility Services	378,804	467,475	423,974
Transportation	43,905	0	13,628
General Government	507,680	635,778	477,342
Operating Grants and Contributions	564,483	438,046	483,324
Capital Grants and Contributions	215,488	117,445	263,996
Total Governmental Activities Program Revenues	1,997,314	1,877,641	1,795,182
General Revenues and Other Changes in Net Assets			
Governmental Activities:			
Property Taxes	313,017	322,209	289,354
Municipal Income Taxes	4,062,903	4,062,435	4,222,764
Other Local Taxes	76,183	76,855	73,800
Grants and Entitlements not			
Restricted to Specific Programs	349,931	1,132,148	471,649
Investment Earnings	33,322	131,126	180,924
Miscellaneous	163,296	84,502	74,378
Total Primary Government	\$4,998,652	\$5,809,275	\$5,312,869
Change in Net Assets	\$1,124,783	\$1,961,701	\$1,499,222

Fund Balances, Governmental Funds Last Nine Years (modified accrual basis of accounting)

	1998	1999	2000	2001
General Fund			_	_
Reserved	\$92,558	\$113,657	\$45,985	\$44,759
Unreserved	599,617	459,760	491,096	616,503
Total General Fund	692,175	573,417	537,081	661,262
All Other Governmental Funds				
Reserved	103,525	257,908	106,800	209,498
Unreserved, Undesignated,				
Reported in:				
Special Revenue Funds	366,573	364,109	530,518	546,349
Capital Projects Funds	(341,383)	(139,210)	(387,004)	(109,427)
Total All Other Governmental Funds	128,715	482,807	250,314	646,420
Total Governmental Funds	\$820,890	\$1,056,224	\$787,395	\$1,307,682

2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	
\$78,250 464,882	\$72,369 466,752	\$67,303 590,583	\$79,110 989,091	\$79,646 1,238,679	
543,132	539,121	657,886	1,068,201	1,318,325	
74,116	64,771	137,056	397,302	292,886	
669,820	883,911	461,813	944,798	1,070,624	
292,325	990,530	1,339,196	1,638,569	1,810,665	
1,036,261	1,939,212	1,938,065	2,980,669	3,174,175	
\$1,579,393	\$2,478,333	\$2,595,951	\$4,048,870	\$4,492,500	

Changes in Fund Balances, Governmental Funds Last Nine Years (modified accrual basis of accounting)

	1998	1999	2000	2001
Revenues:				
Taxes	\$3,195,461	\$3,260,962	\$3,395,940	\$3,428,408
Intergovernmental Revenues	1,348,196	1,284,364	1,566,188	1,210,778
Charges for Services	47,145	46,147	205,864	103,350
Licenses, Permits and Fees	229,021	257,746	231,595	357,962
Investment Earnings	87,354	67,598	119,399	79,602
Special Assessments	87,335	84,055	81,469	80,034
Fines and Forfeitures	309,574	281,115	208,583	193,317
Donations	200,710	639	426,236	5,312
All Other Revenue	103,022	58,270	51,061	75,444
Total Revenue	5,607,818	5,340,896	6,286,335	5,534,207
Expenditures:				
Current:				
Security of Persons and Property	1,784,433	1,976,336	2,120,072	2,149,659
Public Health and Welfare Services	6,340	6,200	6,002	6,325
Leisure Time Activities	95,323	93,451	95,045	75,303
Community Environment	177,893	149,643	119,711	146,698
Basic Utility Services	66,372	42,194	61,485	48,769
Transportation	354,503	387,917	407,742	406,330
General Government	998,920	1,158,867	1,139,537	1,233,798
Capital Outlay	1,476,331	1,575,790	2,308,269	1,036,862
Debt Service:				
Principal Retirement	101,224	118,428	134,236	180,306
Interest and Fiscal Charges	117,880	139,667	130,695	125,222
Total Expenditures	5,179,219	5,648,493	6,522,794	5,409,272
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues				
Over Expenditures	428,599	(307,597)	(236,459)	124,935

2002	2003	2004	2005	2006
\$3,760,756	\$4,358,846	\$4,314,284	\$4,470,044	\$4,752,120
1,050,188	1,069,965	1,257,237	1,609,116	1,435,315
143,954	315,978	356,852	389,794	425,805
426,867	320,173	442,158	350,593	206,052
51,373	29,889	36,055	109,416	213,501
83,753	78,894	100,731	116,337	113,540
202,845	160,275	183,732	480,941	347,983
4,644	2,550	12,260	16,287	2,925
95,870	54,185	125,768	84,135	72,294
5,820,250	6,390,755	6,829,077	7,626,663	7,569,535
2,217,835	2,387,311	2,471,232	2,680,788	2,669,816
7,937	7,923	7,919	6,976	7,256
79,701	77,602	76,855	75,929	72,183
162,908	163,911	446,489	325,469	264,879
48,460	81,488	628,619	51,834	338,972
429,463	487,007	454,210	511,382	466,844
1,257,868	1,281,256	1,368,328	1,333,162	1,463,430
1,045,270	847,258	1,102,567	1,777,387	1,633,065
198,747	82,866	86,888	111,556	108,426
100,787	80,752	71,983	100,724	92,658
5,548,976	5,497,374	6,715,090	6,975,207	7,117,529
271,274	893,381	113,987	651,456	452,006
				(Continued)

Changes in Fund Balances, Governmental Funds Last Nine Years (modified accrual basis of accounting)

	1998	1999	2000	2001
Other Financing Sources (Uses):				
Sale of Capital Assets	6,800	2,802	12,876	3,232
Proceeds from Capital Leases	0	213,114	0	0
Ohio Public Works Commission Loan	0	187,790	0	0
Ohio Water Development Authority Loans	689,756	59,728	0	0
General Obligation Bonds Issued	0	0	0	0
Transfers In	373,674	345,313	1,020,384	627,681
Transfers Out	(373,674)	(345,313)	(1,020,384)	(627,681)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	696,556	463,434	12,876	3,232
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$1,125,155	\$155,837	(\$223,583)	\$128,167
Debt Service as a Percentage of Noncapital Expenditures	4.63%	5.25%	4.51%	7.13%

2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	
5,185	8,000	9,100	0	0	
0	0	0	0	0	
0	0	0	0	0	
0	0	0	0	0	
0	0	0	800,000	0	
411,410	324,000	229,000	289,000	364,000	
(411,410)	(324,000)	(229,000)	(289,000)	(364,000)	
5,185	8,000	9,100	800,000	0	
\$276,459	\$901,381	\$123,087	\$1,451,456	\$452,006	
6.00%	3.26%	2.91%	4.32%	3.85%	

Income Tax Revenues by Source, Governmental Funds Last Ten Years

Tax year	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001
Income Tax Rate	1.50%	1.50%	1.50%	1.50%	1.50%
Total Tax Collected	\$2,518,831	\$2,676,214	\$3,040,364	\$3,243,746	\$3,345,682
Income Tax Receipts					
Withholding Accounts	1,916,586	2,048,425	2,379,530	2,619,656	2,768,936
Percentage	76.1%	76.5%	78.3%	80.7%	82.8%
Business Accounts	363,769	392,896	404,758	371,890	305,272
Percentage	14.4%	14.7%	13.3%	11.5%	9.1%
Residential Accounts	238,477	234,892	256,076	252,199	271,474
Percentage	9.5%	8.8%	8.4%	7.8%	8.1%

Source: City Income Tax Department

_	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006
	1.50%	1.50%	1.50%	1.50%	1.50%
	\$3,571,190	\$4,046,253	\$4,127,618	\$4,304,522	\$4,478,459
	2,941,091	3,169,189	3,148,326	3,271,490	3,398,217
	82.4%	78.3%	76.3%	76.0%	75.9%
	358,442	602,134	694,875	764,568	808,377
	10.0%	14.9%	16.8%	17.8%	18.1%
	271,658	274,931	284,416	268,463	271,865
	7.6%	6.8%	6.9%	6.2%	6.0%



Income Tax Collections Current Year

		Calendar Y	Year 2006	
•			Local	
	Number	Percent of	Taxable	Percent of
	of Filers	Total	Income	Income
Top Ten	10	0.62%	\$3,251,434	4.46%
All Others	1,601	99.38%	69,664,510	95.54%
Total	1,611	100.00%	\$72,915,943	100.00%
Local Taxes Paid by Residen	ts		Tax Dollars	
Taxes Paid to Northwood		-	\$444,075	
Taxes Credited to Other Mur	nicipalities	_	649,664	
		_	\$1,093,739	

Source: City Income Tax Department

Ratio of Outstanding Debt By Type Last Nine Years

	1998	1999	2000	2001
Governmental Activities (1)				
General Obligation Bonds Payable	\$420,000	\$325,000	\$225,000	\$115,000
OPWC Loan Payable	0	187,790	178,400	169,010
OWDA Loans Payable	747,594	783,894	1,126,741	1,106,213
Capital Leases	0	213,114	174,743	134,355
Total Primary Government	\$1,167,594	\$1,509,798	\$1,704,884	\$1,524,578
Population (2)				
City of Northwood	6,124	6,124	5,471	5,484
Outstanding Debt Per Capita	\$191	\$247	\$312	\$278
Income (3)				
Personal (in thousands)	159,353	162,078	149,610	149,061
Percentage of Personal Income	0.73%	0.93%	1.14%	1.02%

Sources:

- (1) Finance Director's Office
- (2) US Bureau of Census, Population Division
- (3) US Department of Commerce, Bureau of Economic Analysis
 - (a) Per Capita Income is only available by County, Total Personal Income is a calculation

2002	2003	2004	2005	2006
\$0	\$0	\$0	\$730,000	\$665,000
154,925	145,535	136,145	126,755	117,365
1,079,062	1,050,332	1,019,932	987,766	953,730
91,844	47,098	0	0	0
			**********	***
\$1,325,831	\$1,242,965	\$1,156,077	\$1,844,521	\$1,736,095
5,484	5,484	5,484	5,493	5,493
\$242	\$227	\$211	\$336	\$316
151,836	159,031	161,635	166,811	166,811
0.87%	0.78%	0.72%	1.11%	1.04%

Ratios of General Bonded Debt Outstanding Last Ten Years

Year	1997	1998	1999	2000
Population (1)	6,009	6,124	6,124	5,471
Assessed Value (2)	\$96,248,421	\$95,043,201	\$125,343,232	\$130,617,313
General Bonded Debt (3) General Obligation Bonds	\$510,000	\$420,000	\$325,000	\$225,000
Resources Available to Pay Principal (4)	\$171,047	\$40,582	\$6,447	\$31,023
Net General Bonded Debt	\$338,953	\$379,418	\$318,553	\$193,977
Ratio of Net Bonded Debt to Estimated Actual Value	0.35%	0.40%	0.25%	0.15%
Net Bonded Debt per Capita	\$56.41	\$61.96	\$52.02	\$35.46

Source:

- (1) U.S. Bureau of Census of Population
- (2) Wood County Auditor
- (3) Includes all general obligation bonded debt supported by property taxes.
- (4) Includes only Debt Service funds available for general obligation bonded debt supported by property taxes.

2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006
5,484	5,484	5,484	5,484	5,493	5,493
\$130,325,470	\$139,227,495	\$138,941,800	\$141,109,588	\$153,781,028	\$149,509,617
¢115 000	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$720,000	\$665,000
\$115,000	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$730,000	\$665,000
\$59,646	\$48,818	\$43,481	\$71,677	\$56,239	\$26,487
\$55,354	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$673,761	\$638,513
0.04%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.44%	0.43%
\$10.09	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$122.66	\$116.24



Computation of Direct and Overlapping Debt Attributable to Governmental Activities December 31, 2006

Jurisdiction	Gross Debt Outstanding	Percentage Applicable to the City of Northwood	Amount Applicable to the City of Northwood
Direct:			
City of Northwood	\$665,000	100.00%	\$665,000
Overlapping:			
Northwood School District	1,707,483	100.00%	1,707,483
Wood County	7,237,825	5.33%	385,776
		Subtotal	2,093,259
		Total	\$2,758,259

Source: Wood County

Debt Limitations Last Ten Years

Collection Year	1997	1998	1999	2000
Total Debt				
Net Assessed Valuation	\$96,248,421	\$95,043,201	\$125,343,232	\$130,617,313
Legal Debt Limitation (%) (1)	10.50%	10.50%	10.50%	10.50%
Legal Debt Limitation (\$) (1)	10,106,084	9,979,536	13,161,039	13,714,818
City Debt Outstanding	0	1,430,000	1,225,000	1,025,000
Less: Applicable Debt Service Fund Amounts (2)	0	(41,579)	(6,447)	(31,023)
Net Indebtedness Subject to Limitation	0	1,388,421	1,218,553	993,977
Overall Legal Debt Margin	\$10,106,084	\$8,591,115	\$11,942,486	\$12,720,841
Unvoted Debt				
Net Assessed Valuation	\$96,248,421	\$95,043,201	\$125,343,232	\$130,617,313
Legal Debt Limitation (%) (1)	5.50%	5.50%	5.50%	5.50%
Legal Debt Limitation (\$) (1)	5,293,663	5,227,376	6,893,878	7,183,952
City Debt Outstanding	0	1,430,000	1,225,000	1,025,000
Less: Applicable Debt Service Fund Amounts (2)	0	(41,579)	(6,447)	(31,023)
Net Indebtedness Subject to Limitation	0	1,388,421	1,218,553	993,977
Overall Legal Debt Margin	\$5,293,663	\$3,838,955	\$5,675,325	\$6,189,975

⁽¹⁾ Direct Debt Limitation based upon Section 133, The Uniform Bond Act of the Ohio Revised Code.

Source: Finance Director's Office

⁽²⁾ City Debt Outstanding includes Non Self-Supporting General Obligation Bonds and Notes only. Enterprise Debt is not considered in the computation of the Legal Debt Margin.

2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006
\$130,325,470	\$139,227,495	\$138,941,800	\$141,109,588	\$153,781,028	\$149,509,617
10.50%	10.50%	10.50%	10.50%	10.50%	10.50%
13,684,174	14,618,887	14,588,889	14,816,507	16,147,008	15,698,510
815,000	600,000	400,000	300,000	930,000	665,000
(59,646)	(48,818)	(43,481)	(71,677)	(56,239)	(26,487)
755,354	551,182	356,519	228,323	873,761	638,513
\$12,928,820	\$14,067,705	\$14,232,370	\$14,588,184	\$15,273,247	\$15,059,997
\$130,325,470	\$139,227,495	\$138,941,800	\$141,109,588	\$153,781,028	\$149,509,617
5.50%	5.50%	5.50%	5.50%	5.50%	5.50%
7,167,901	7,657,512	7,641,799	7,761,027	8,457,957	8,223,029
815,000	600,000	400,000	300,000	930,000	665,000
(59,646)	(48,818)	(43,481)	(71,677)	(56,239)	(26,487)
755,354	551,182	356,519	228,323	873,761	638,513
\$6,412,547	\$7,106,330	\$7,285,280	\$7,532,704	\$7,584,196	\$7,584,516

Demographic and Economic Statistics Last Ten Years

Calendar Year	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001
Population (1)					
City of Northwood	6,009	6,124	6,124	5,471	5,484
Wood County	113,269	113,269	113,269	121,065	121,065
Income (2) (a)					
Total Personal (in thousands)	149,540	159,353	162,078	149,610	149,061
Per Capita	24,886	26,021	26,466	27,346	27,181
Unemployment Rate (3)					
Federal	5.4%	4.9%	4.5%	4.2%	3.8%
State	4.8%	4.6%	4.3%	4.3%	3.7%
Wood County	3.5%	3.3%	3.5%	3.2%	3.5%
Civilian Work Force Estimates (3)					
State	5,710,000	5,678,000	5,749,000	5,900,400	5,857,000
Wood County	64,800	65,500	67,100	67,700	68,400

Sources:

- (1) Ohio Department of Job and Family Services Estimate
- (2) US Department of Commerce, Bureau of Economic Analysis information is only available through 2005 for the presentation of 2006 statistics, the City is using the latest information available.
 - (a) Per Capita Income is only available by County, Total Personal Income is a calculation
- (3) State Department of Labor Statistics

2002	2003	2004	2005	2006
5,484	5,484	5,484	5,493	5,493
121,065	121,065	121,065	123,929	123,929
151,836	159,031	161,635	166,811	166,811
27,687	28,999	29,474	30,368	30,368
4.8%	5.8%	6.0%	5.5%	5.0%
4.3%	5.7%	6.1%	6.0%	5.9%
4.8%	5.4%	5.6%	5.6%	5.2%
5,828,000	5,915,000	5,875,300	5,900,400	5,971,500
67,600	68,000	66,800	67,000	68,400



- S 24 -

Principal Employers Current Year and Eight Years Ago

		2006	
		Number of	
Employer	Nature of Business	Employees	Rank
Norplas Industries	Automotive Parts	610	1
Sofres Intersearch Corp	Research	420	2
Hoover Universal	Automotive Parts	255	3
Interstate Brands	Bakery Distribution Center	250	4
Andersons	Retail	200	5
North American Science	Medical Equipment Testing	190	6
Northwood Board of Education	Education	155	7
Lear Corporation	Automotive Parts	130	8
Malcolm Meats	Meat Processing	120	9
Treu House of Munch	Beverage Distributor	100	10
Total		2,430	

		1998		
Employer	Nature of Business	Number of Employees	Rank	
National Family Opinion	Research	637	1	
Progressive Industries	Automotive Parts	250	2	
Alcoa Plant	Automotive Parts	173	3	
North American Science	Medical Equipment Testing	145	4	
Northwood Board of Education	Education	116	5	
Waste Management	Refuse Service / Landfill	106	6	
Norplas Industries	Automotive Parts	94	7	
TL Industries	Manufacturing	86	8	
Treu House of Munch	Beverage Distributor	83	9	
Interstate Brands	Bakery Distribution Center	77	10	
Total		1,767		

Source: City Income Tax Department

Full Time Equivalent Employees by Function Last Ten Years

	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002
Governmental Activities						
General Government						
Finance	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00
Legal/Court	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	3.00
Administration	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00
Maintenance	2.50	2.50	2.50	2.50	2.50	2.50
Security of Persons and Property						
Police	21.00	21.00	24.50	24.25	23.25	23.00
Dispatch	5.50	5.50	6.00	6.00	6.00	6.00
Fire	1.50	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00
Fire - Volunteers	45.00	45.00	46.00	48.00	41.00	41.00
Transportation						
Street	8.00	8.00	8.00	8.00	8.00	8.00
Leisure Time Activities						
Recreation/Seniors	0.50	0.50	0.50	0.50	0.50	0.50
Community Environment						
Service	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.50
Total Employees	94.00	94.50	99.50	101.25	93.25	94.50

Method: 1.00 for each full-time, 0.50 for each part-time and 0.25 for each seasonal employee

Source: Finance Director's Office

2003	2004	2005	2006	
5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00	
3.00	3.50	3.50	3.50	
2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	
2.50	2.50	2.50	2.50	
23.00	23.00	24.00	24.00	
6.00	6.00	6.00	6.00	
2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	
45.00	50.00	53.00	45.00	
8.00	8.00	8.00	8.00	
0.50	0.50	0.50	0.50	
1.50	1.50	1.50	1.50	
98.50	104.00	108.00	100.00	

Operating Indicators by Function Last Ten Years

	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002
Governmental Activities						
General Government						
Court						
Number of Criminal Cases	327	373	233	247	313	375
Number of Traffic Cases	1,917	1,826	1,766	2,410	2,405	2,501
Number of Open Cases	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
Permits						
Residential Zoning Permits	n/a	n/a	234	279	390	363
Commercial Zoning Permits	n/a	n/a	56	83	68	92
Industrial Zoning Permits	n/a	n/a	13	15	15	22
Security of Persons and Property						
Police						
Criminal/Juvenile Arrests	n/a	838	737	676	676	816
Traffic Citations Issued	n/a	1,414	1,300	1,983	2,428	2,562
Parking Tickets Written	n/a	52	58	62	62	194
Number of Calls Answered	n/a	n/a	5,223	5,109	7,404	10,440
Fire						
Number of Calls Answered	n/a	705	811	862	761	911
Number of Inspections	n/a	543	424	215	475	260

Source: Finance Director's Office

n/a = not available

2003	2004	2005	2006	
375	359	286	379	
1,969	1,932	1,832	1853	
n/a	166	221	302	
242	265	289	270	
63	73	92	57	
10	32	20	31	
728	642	519	571	
1,907	1,672	1,527	1,728	
265	286	229	122	
10,172	10,633	10,601	10,094	
922	849	804	751	
266	200	122	111	

Capital Asset Statistics by Function Last Ten Years

	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001
Governmental Activities					
General Government					
Public Land and Buildings					
Land (acres)	118	118	118	118	118
Buildings	5	5	5	5	5
Security of Persons and Property					
Police					
Stations	1	1	1	1	1
Vehicles	12	12	12	12	12
Fire					
Stations	1	1	1	1	1
Vehicles	12	12	12	12	12
Transportation					
Streets					
Streets (lane miles)	41	41	41	41	41
Intersections with Traffic Signals	16	16	16	16	16
Vehicles	9	9	9	9	9
Leisure Time Activities					
Recreation					
Park Areas (acres)	78	78	78	78	78
Shelter Houses	2	2	2	2	2
Parks	3	3	3	3	3
Playgrounds	2	2	2	2	2
Tennis Courts	4	4	4	4	4
Baseball/Softball Diamonds	2	2	2	2	2
Soccer Fields	0	0	0	0	0

Source: Finance Director's Office

2002	2003	2004	2005	2006
118	118	118	118	118
5	5	5	6	6
1	1	1	1	1
12	12	12	12	12
1	1	1	1	1
1	1	1	1	1
12	12	12	12	12
41	41	41	41	41
16	16	16	16	16
9	9	9	9	9
78	78	78	78	78
2	2	2	2	2 3
3	3	3	3	3
2	2	2	2	2
4	4	4	4	4
2	2	2	2	2
0	0	0	2	2





Mary Taylor, CPA Auditor of State

CITY OF NORTHWOOD

WOOD COUNTY

CLERK'S CERTIFICATION

This is a true and correct copy of the report which is required to be filed in the Office of the Auditor of State pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in Columbus, Ohio.

CLERK OF THE BUREAU

Susan Babbitt

CERTIFIED JULY 17, 2007