AUDIT REPORT

JANUARY 1, 2005 – DECEMBER 31, 2006

Wolfe, Wilson, & Phillips, Inc. 37 South Seventh Street Zanesville, Ohio 43701



Mary Taylor, CPA Auditor of State

Members of Council Clayton Township 6065 Township Road 162 New Lexington, Ohio 43764

We have reviewed the *Independent Auditors' Report* of Clayton Township, Perry County, prepared by Wolfe, Wilson & Phillips, Inc., for the audit period January 1, 2005 through December 31, 2006. Based upon this review, we have accepted these reports in lieu of the audit required by Section 117.11, Revised Code. The Auditor of State did not audit the accompanying financial statements and, accordingly, we are unable to express, and do not express an opinion on them.

Our review was made in reference to the applicable sections of legislative criteria, as reflected by the Ohio Constitution, and the Revised Code, policies, procedures and guidelines of the Auditor of State, regulations and grant requirements. Clayton Township is responsible for compliance with these laws and regulations.

Mary Taylor, CPA Auditor of State

Mary Saylor

July 12, 2007



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WOLFE, WILSON, & PHILLIPS, INC. 37 SOUTH SEVENTH STREET ZANESVILLE, OHIO 43701

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

Clayton Township Perry County 6065 Township Road 162 New Lexington, Ohio 43764

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, major funds and aggregate remaining fund information of Clayton Township, Perry County as of and for the years ended December 31, 2006 and 2005, which collectively comprised the Township's basic financial statements. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Township's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

As discussed in Note 2, the Township has prepared these financial statements and notes using the cash basis of accounting. This is a comprehensive accounting basis other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position-cash basis of the governmental activities, major funds and the aggregate remaining fund information of Clayton Township, Perry County, as of December 31, 2006 and 2005, and the respective changes in financial position-cash basis and the respective budgetary comparison for the General Fund and Gasoline Tax Fund, thereof for the years then ended in conformity with the basis of accounting Note 2 describes.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued a report dated June 15, 2007, on our consideration of Clayton Township's internal control structure over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards and should be read in conjunction with this report in considering the results of our audit.

Management's discussion and analysis is not a required part of the basic financial statements but is supplementary information the Government Accounting Standards Board requires. We have applied certain limited procedures, consisting principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measuring and presenting the required supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

Wolfe, Wilson, & Phillips, Inc. Zanesville, Ohio June 15, 2007

This discussion and analysis of the Clayton Township's financial performance provides an overall review of the Township's financial activities for the years ended December 31, 2006 and 2005, within the limitations of the Township's cash basis accounting. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the Township's financial performance as a whole; readers should also review the financial statements and notes to the basic financial statements to enhance their understanding of the Township's financial performance.

Highlights

Key highlights for 2006 and 2005 are as follows:

In 2005, the Township passed a resolution to charge a fee of 2 cents per ton of disposal, required to be paid by any and all facilities operating as Tunnel Hill Reclamation, LLC, a construction and demolition debris facility within the territorial boundaries of Clayton and Pike Townships.

In 2005 and 2006, the Township again oiled most Township roads.

In 2006, the Township paid off the loan for the International dump truck.

Using the Basic Financial Statements

This annual report is presented in a format consistent with the presentation requirements of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 34, as applicable to the Township's cash basis of accounting.

Report Components

The statement of net assets and statement of activities provide information about the cash activities of the Township as a whole. The statement of cash basis assets and fund balances, and the statement of cash receipts, disbursements and changes in fund cash balances, present financial information by fund, presenting funds with the largest balances or most activity in separate columns.

The notes to the basic financial statements are an integral part of the government-wide and fund financial statements and provide expanded explanation and detail regarding the information reported in the statements.

Basis of Accounting

The basis of accounting is a set of guidelines that determine when financial events are recorded. The Township has elected to present on a cash basis of accounting. This basis of accounting is a basis of accounting other than generally accepted accounting principles. Under the Township's cash basis of accounting, receipts and disbursements are recorded when cash is received or paid.

As a result of using the cash basis of accounting, certain assets and their related revenues (such as accounts receivable) and certain liabilities and their expenses (such as accounts payable) are not recorded in the financial statements. Therefore, when reviewing the financial information and discussion within this report, the reader must keep in mind the limitations resulting from the use of the cash basis of accounting.

Reporting the Government as a Whole

The statements of net assets and statements of activities for 2006 and 2005 reflect how the Township did financially within the limitations of the cash basis of accounting. The statement of net assets present the cash balances of the governmental activities of the Township at year-end. The statement of activities compares cash disbursements with program receipts for each governmental program. Program receipts include charges paid by the recipient of the programs services and grants and contributions restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. General cash receipts are all receipts not classified as program receipts. The comparison of cash disbursements with program receipts identifies how each governmental function draws form the Township's general receipts.

These statements report the Township's cash position and the changes in cash position. Keeping in mind the limitations of the cash basis of accounting, you can think of these changes as one way to measure the Township's financial health. Over time, increases or decreases in the Township's cash position is one indicator of whether the Township's financial health is improving or deteriorating. When evaluating the Township's financial condition, you should also consider other nonfinancial factors as well such as the Township's tax base, the extent of the Township's debt obligations, the reliance on non-local financial resources for operations and the need for continued growth in the major local revenue sources such as property and real estate taxes.

In the statement of net assets and the statement of activities, we divide the government into governmental activities. All of the Township's basic services are reported here, including road maintenance. Real estate and property taxes finance most of these activities. Benefits provided through governmental activities are not necessarily paid for by the people receiving them.

Reporting the Government's Most Significant Funds

Fund financial statements provide detailed information about the Township's major funds – not the Township as a whole. The Township establishes separate funds to better manage its many activities and to help demonstrate that money that is restricted as to how it may be used is being spent for the intended purpose.

Governmental Funds - All of the Township's activities are reported in governmental funds. The governmental fund financial statements provide a detailed view of the Township's governmental operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps determine whether there are more or less financial resources that can be spent to finance the Township's programs. The Township's significant governmental funds are presented on the financial statements in separate columns. The information for nonmajor funds (funds whose activity or balances are not large enough to warrant separate reporting) is combined and presented in total in a single column. The Township's major governmental funds for 2006 are the General Fund, Gasoline Tax Fund and Permanent Fund – Beard/Rockwell Cemetery Bequest. In 2005 the major funds are the General Fund, Gasoline Tax Fund and Permanent Fund – Beard/Rockwell Cemetery Bequest. The programs reported in governmental funds are related to those reported in the governmental activities section of the entity-wide statements. There are no reconciliations between the two reports as the township reports on the cash basis.

The Government as a Whole

Table 1 provides a summary of the Township's net assets for 2006 compared to 2005 on the cash basis:

Table 1 NET ASSETS

	Governmental Activities								
		2006		2005					
Assets									
Cash	\$	79,102	\$	68,405					
Total Assets	\$	79,102	\$	68,405					
Net Assets									
Restricted for:									
Permanent Funds:									
Expendable	\$	933	\$	755					
Non-Expendable		8,547		8,547					
Other Purposes		55,655		48,280					
Unrestricted		13,967		10,823					
Total Net Assets	\$	79,102	\$	68,405					

Table 2 reflects the changes in net assets in 2006 and 2005

Table 2 CHANGES IN NET ASSETS

	Governmental Activities							
		2006	2005					
Receipts:								
Program Receipts:								
Charges for Services	\$	3,875	6,025					
Operating Grants		102,430	85,476					
Total Program Receipts		106,305	91,501					
General Receipts;								
Property and Other Tax		47,556	48,870					
Other Taxes		4,910	-					
Grants and Entitlements								
not Restricted		26,239	31,473					
Interest		1,171	541					
Miscellaneous		7,731	6,039					
Total General Receipts		87,607	86,923					
Total Receipts		193,912	178,424					
Disbursements:								
General Government		51,008	50,481					
Public Safety		29,335	24,066					
Public Works		87,947	60,990					
Health		7,134	7,830					
Capital Outlay		585	-					
Debt Service:								
Principal		6,706	10,682					
Interest		500	1,448					
Total Disbursements		183,215	155,497					
Ingrange/(Dagrages)								
Increase/(Decrease) In Net Assets		10.607	22.027					
III Net Assets		10,697	22,927					
Net Assets, January 1		68,405	45,478					
Net Assets, December 31	\$	79,102	\$ 68,405					
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·						

Program receipts represent 55% and 51% of total receipts for 2006 and 2005, respectively. They are primarily comprised of restricted intergovernmental receipts such as motor vehicle license and gas tax money.

General receipts represent 45% and 49% of the Township's total receipts for 2006 and 2005, respectively. Local taxes represent 54% and 56% of the general receipts. Grants and entitlements make up the balance of general receipts. Other receipts are insignificant and somewhat unpredictable receipt sources.

Disbursements for general government represent the overhead costs of running the Township and the support services provided for the other Township activities.

The Government's Funds

Total governmental funds had receipts of \$193,912 and \$178,424 for 2006 and 2005 and disbursements of \$183,215 and \$155,497 for 2006 and 2005, respectively.

Fund Budgeting Highlights

The Township's budget is prepared according to Ohio law and is based upon accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts and disbursements. The most significant budgeted fund is the General Fund.

During 2006 and 2005, the Township made amendments to its appropriation budget and receipts budget to reflect changing circumstances. For 2006 actual receipts were greater than budgeted receipts and for 2005, actual receipts were greater than budgeted receipts.

Final budgeted disbursements for 2006 and 2005 were \$66,896 and \$62,171, respectively. Actual disbursements for 2006 and 2005 were \$55,392 and \$54,479, respectively. The Township kept spending close to budgeted amounts.

Capital Assets and Debt Administration

Capital Assets

The Township does not currently keep track of its capital assets and infrastructure in the accompanying financial statements, but records payments for capital assets as disbursements.

Debt

At December 31, 2006, the Township has a Promissory Note in the amount of \$10,180 with \$2,348 due within one year for the purchase of a new boom mower to be used for maintenance of Township roads and bridges. See footnote #9 for more detail.

Contacting the Government's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, investors, and creditors with a general overview of the Township's finances and to reflect the Township's accountability for the monies it receives. Questions concerning any of the information in this report or requests for additional information should be directed to Rebecca King, Fiscal Officer, 6065 Township Road 162, New Lexington, Ohio 43764.

STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS-CASH BASIS December 31, 2006

	Governmental Activities		
ASSETS:			
Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	79,102	
Total Assets	\$	79,102	
NET ASSETS:			
Restricted for:			
Permanent Funds:			
Expendable	\$	933	
Non-Expendable		8,547	
Other Purposes		55,655	
Unrestricted		13,967	
Total Net Assets	\$	79,102	

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES-CASH BASIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2006

	Dish	Cash oursements	Charges for Services and Sales		Operating Grants and Contributions		Capital Grants and Contributions		(Disb Rec Ch	Net ursements) eipts and anges in t Assets
Governmental Activities:										
General Government	\$	51,008	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	(51,008)
Public Safety		29,335		-				-		(29,335)
Public Works		87,947		-		102,430		-		14,483
Health		7,134		3,875		-		-		(3,259)
Capital Outlay		585		-		-		-		(585)
Debt Service:										
Pricipal		6,706		-		-		-		(6,706)
Interest		500								(500)
Total Governmental Activities	\$	183,215	\$	3,875	\$	102,430	\$		\$	(76,910)
			Prope Gen Other Grants Rest Interes	s and Entitl ricted to Sp			47,556 4,910 26,239 1,171 7,731			
			Total General Receipts							87,607
			Change in Net Assets							10,697
			Net A	ssets Begii	nning (of Year				68,405
			Net A	ssets End	of Yea	r			\$	79,102

STATEMENT OF CASH BASIS ASSETS AND FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS-CASH BASIS December 31, 2006

	(General	G	Sasoline Tax	Beard Ce	rmanent I/Rockwell emetery equest	Gov	Other ernmental Funds	Gov	Total ernmental Funds
ASSETS:		12.05=			_					
Equity in Pooled Cash and cash Equivalents	\$	13,967	\$	41,664	\$	8,753	\$	14,718	\$	79,102
Total Assets	\$	13,967	\$	41,664	\$	8,753	\$	14,718	\$	79,102
Fund Balances: Reserved:										
Reserved for Encumbrances	\$	234	\$	997	\$	-	\$	1,550	\$	2,781
Unreserved:										
General Fund		13,733		-		-		-		13,733
Special Revenue		-		40,667		-		13,168		53,835
Permanent		-	-	-		8,753		-		8,753
Total Fund Balances	\$	13,967	\$	41,664	\$	8,753	\$	14,718	\$	79,102

STATEMENT OF CASH RECEIPTS, DISBURSEMENTS AND CHANGES IN FUND CASH BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS-CASH BASIS December 31, 2006

	General		Gasoline Tax		Permanent Beard/Rockwell Cemetery Bequest		Other Governmental Funds		Total Governmental Funds	
CASH RECEIPTS			_				_		_	
Property and Other Local Taxes	\$	24,186	\$	-	\$	-	\$	23,370	\$	47,556
Charges for Services		-		-		-		2,275		2,275
Intergovernmental		30,326		90,852		-		18,186		139,364
Interest		744		213		163		51		1,171
Other		1,946						1,600		3,546
Total Receipts		57,202		91,065		163		45,482		193,912
CASH DISBURSEMENTS:										
Current:										
General Government		51,008		-		-		_		51,008
Public Safety		· -		-		-		29,335		29,335
Public Works		-		71,502		-		16,445		87,947
Health		3,050		-		-		4,084		7,134
Capital Outlay		-		585		-		-		585
Debt Service:										
Principal Retirement		-		6,706		-		-		6,706
Interest and Fiscal Charges				500						500
Total Disbursements		54,058		79,293				49,864		183,215
Excess of Receipts Over (Under) Disbursements		3,144		11,772		163		(4,382)		10,697
Other Financing Receipts/(Disbursements)										
Advances In		1,100		-		-		1,100		2,200
Advances Out		(1,100)						(1,100)		(2,200)
Total Other Financing Receipts/(Disbursements)										
Excess of Cash Receipts and Other Financing Receipts Over/(Under) Cash Disbursements And Other Financing Disbursements		3,144		11,772		163		(4,382)		10,697
Cash Fund Balances Beginning of Year		10,823		29,892		8,590		19,100		68,405
Cash Fund Balances End of Year	\$	13,967	\$	41,664	\$	8,753	\$	14,718	\$	79,102

STATEMENT OF CASH RECEIPTS, DISBURSEMENTS AND CHANGES IN FUND CASH BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL - BUDGET BASIS GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2006

	Budgeted	Amounts		Variance with Final Budget	
	Original	Final	Actual	Positive (Negative)	
CASH RECEIPTS					
Property and Other Local Taxes	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 24,186	\$ 24,186	
Intergovernmental	-	-	30,326	30,326	
Interest	-	-	744	744	
Interest			1,946	1,946	
Total Receipts			57,202	57,202	
CASH DISBURSEMENTS:					
Current:	50.254	52 000	51.040	(2.646)	
General Government Public Works	50,354 600	53,888 600	51,242	(2,646)	
Health	3,400	3,400	3,050	(600) (350)	
Capital Outlay	125	125	3,030	(125)	
Debt Service:	123	123		(123)	
Principal Retirement	1,000	1,000	_	(1,000)	
Interest and Fiscal Charges	200	200		200	
Total Disbursements	55,679	59,213	54,292	(4,521)	
Excess of Receipts Over (Under) Disbursements	(55,679)	(59,213)	2,910	62,123	
Other Financing Sources (Uses)					
Transfers Out	(1,100)	(1,100)	-	1,100	
Advances In	-	-	1,100	1,100	
Advances Out	(1,100)	(1,100)	(1,100)	-	
Other Financing Uses	(9,017)	(5,483)		5,483	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(11,217)	(7,683)		7,683	
Net Change in Fund Balances	(66,896)	(66,896)	2,910	69,806	
Cash Fund Balances Beginning of Year	10,823	10,823	10,823		
Cash Fund Balances End of Year	\$ (56,073)	\$ (56,073)	\$ 13,733	\$ 69,806	

STATEMENT OF CASH RECEIPTS, DISBURSEMENTS AND CHANGES IN FUND CASH BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL - BUDGET BASIS GASOLINE TAX FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2006

		Budgeted	Amou	ints			Variance with Final Budget		
	o	riginal		Final	Actual		Positive (Negative)		
CASH RECEIPTS									
Intergovernmental	\$	-	\$	-	\$	90,852	\$	90,852	
Interest						213		213	
Total Receipts						91,065		91,065	
CASH DISBURSEMENTS:									
Current:									
Public Works		81,150		81,150		72,084		9,066	
Capital Outlay		1,000		1,000		1,000		-	
Debt Service:									
Principal Retirement		16,185		16,185		6,613		9,572	
Interest and Fiscal Charges		1,600		1,600		593		1,007	
Total Disbursements		99,935		99,935		80,290		19,645	
Excess of Receipts Over (Under) Disbursements		(99,935)		(99,935)		10,775		110,710	
Cash Fund Balances Beginning of Year		29,892		29,892		29,892			
Cash Fund Balances End of Year	\$	(70,043)	\$	(70,043)	\$	40,667	\$		

STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS-CASH BASIS December 31, 2005

	Governmental Activities		
ASSETS:			
Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	68,405	
Total Assets	\$	68,405	
NET ASSETS:			
Restricted for:			
Permanent Funds:			
Expendable	\$	755	
Non-Expendable		8,547	
Other Purposes		48,280	
Unrestricted		10,823	
Total Net Assets	\$	68,405	

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES-CASH BASIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2005

	Cash oursements	Charges for Services and Sales		for Services Grants and		Capital Grants and Contributions		Rec Ch	Net ursements) eipts and anges in et Assets
Governmental Activities:									
General Government	\$ 50,481	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	(50,481)
Public Safety	24,066		-		-		-		(24,066)
Public Works	60,990		-		85,476		-		24,486
Health	7,830		6,025		-		-		(1,805)
Debt Service:									
Pricipal	10,682		-		-		-		(10,682)
Interest	 1,448								(1,448)
Total Governmental Activities	\$ 155,497	\$	6,025	\$	85,476	\$		\$	(63,996)
		Prope Ger	ral Receipt erty Taxes I neral Purpos s and Entitl			48,870			
		Res	tricted to S	pecific l	Programs				31,473
		Intere	est						541
		Misce	ellaneous						6,039
		Total	General Re	eceipts					86,923
		Change in Net Assets							22,927
		Net A	ssets Begi	nning o	f Year				45,478
		Net A	ssets End	of Year	•			\$	68,405

STATEMENT OF CASH BASIS ASSETS AND FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS-CASH BASIS December 31, 2005

	(General	G	asoline Tax	Beard Ce	manent I/Rockwell metery equest	Gov	Other ernmental Funds	Gov	Total ernmental Funds
ASSETS: Equity in Pooled Cash and cash Equivalents	\$	10,823	\$	29,892	\$	8,590	\$	19,100	\$	68,405
Total Assets	\$	10,823	\$	29,892	\$	8,590	\$	19,100	\$	68,405
Fund Balances:										
Unreserved: General Fund	\$	10,823	\$	-	\$	-	\$	_	\$	10,823
Special Revenue		´-		29,892		-		18,388		48,280
Permanent				<u>-</u>		8,590		712		9,302
Total Fund Balances	\$	10,823	\$	29,892	\$	8,590	\$	19,100	\$	68,405

STATEMENT OF CASH RECEIPTS, DISBURSEMENTS AND CHANGES IN FUND CASH BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS-CASH BASIS December 31, 2005

	G	Seneral	G	Sasoline Tax	Beard Ce	rmanent I/Rockwell emetery equest	Gov	Other ernmental Funds	Gov	Total ernmental Funds
CASH RECEIPTS			-			- 1				
Property and Other Local Taxes	\$	22,614	\$	_	\$	_	\$	26,256	\$	48,870
Charges for Services		-		-		-		450		450
Charges for Services		-		-		-		4,575		4,575
Intergovernmental		28,775		74,833		-		14,659		118,267
Interest		209		143		147		42		541
Other		4,133	-					1,000		5,133
Total Receipts		55,731		74,976		147		46,982		177,836
CASH DISBURSEMENTS:										
Current:										
General Government		50,481		-		-		-		50,481
Public Safety		-				-		24,066		24,066
Public Works		2		51,526		-		9,462		60,990
Health		3,255		-		250		4,325		7,830
Debt Service:				40.00						40.00
Principal Retirement		-		10,682		-		-		10,682
Interest and Fiscal Charges		141		1,307		<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>		1,448
Total Disbursements		53,879		63,515		250		37,853		155,497
Excess of Receipts Over (Under) Disbursements		1,852		11,461		(103)		9,129		22,339
Other Financing Receipts/(Disbursements)										
Transfers In		500		-		-		-		500
Transfers Out		-		-		-		(500)		(500)
Advances In		2,000		-		-		600		2,600
Advances Out		(600)		(2,000)		-		-		(2,600)
Other Financing Sources				104	-			484	-	588
Total Other Financing Receipts/(Disbursements)		1,900		(1,896)				584		588
Excess of Cash Receipts and Other Financing Receipts Over/(Under) Cash Disbursements						, ·		0.5.5		
And Other Financing Disbursements		3,752		9,565		(103)		9,713		22,927
Cash Fund Balances Beginning of Year		7,071		20,327		8,693		9,387		45,478
Cash Fund Balances End of Year	\$	10,823	\$	29,892	\$	8,590	\$	19,100	\$	68,405

STATEMENT OF CASH RECEIPTS, DISBURSEMENTS AND CHANGES IN FUND CASH BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL - BUDGET BASIS GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2005

		Budgeted	Amou	nts			Fina	ance with al Budget ositive
	Original		Final		Actual		(Negative)	
CASH RECEIPTS								
Property and Other Local Taxes	\$	24,230	\$	24,230	\$	22,614	\$	(1,616)
Intergovernmental		23,578		23,578		28,775		5,197
Interest		80		80		209		129
Other		4,000		4,000		4,133		133
Total Receipts		51,888		51,888		55,731		3,843
CASH DISBURSEMENTS:								
Current:								
General Government		53,964		53,724		50,481		(3,243)
Public Works		500		500		2		(498)
Health		4,000		4,000		3,255		(745)
Debt Service:								
Principal Retirement		2,100		2,100		-		(2,100)
Interest and Fiscal Charges		760		760		141		619
Total Disbursements		61,324		61,084		53,879		(5,967)
Excess of Receipts Over (Under) Disbursements		(9,436)		(9,196)		1,852		11,048
Other Financing Sources (Uses)								
Transfers In		500		500		500		-
Advances In		500		500		2,000		1,500
Advances Out		(500)		(500)		(600)		(100)
Other Financing (Uses)		(587)		(587)				587
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(87)		(87)		1,900		1,987
Net Change in Fund Balances		(9,523)		(9,283)		3,752		13,035
Cash Fund Balances Beginning of Year		6,831		6,831		6,831		-
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated		240		240		240		
Cash Fund Balances End of Year	\$	(2,452)	\$	(2,212)	\$	10,823	\$	13,035

STATEMENT OF CASH RECEIPTS, DISBURSEMENTS AND CHANGES IN FUND CASH BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL - BUDGET BASIS GASOLINE TAX FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2005

		Budgeted Amounts					Variance with Final Budget Positive	
	Original		Final		Actual		(Negative)	
CASH RECEIPTS								
Intergovernmental	\$	67,922	\$	67,922	\$	74,833	\$	6,911
Interest		20		20		143		123
Total Receipts		67,942		67,942		74,976		7,034
CASH DISBURSEMENTS:								
Current:								
Public Works		65,146		65,146		51,526		13,620
Debt Service:								
Principal Retirement		11,100		11,100		10,689		411
Interest and Fiscal Charges		1,300		1,300		1,300		
Total Disbursements		77,546		77,546		63,515		14,031
Excess of Receipts Over (Under) Disbursements		(9,604)		(9,604)		11,461		21,065
Other Financing Sources (Uses)								
Advances Out		(2,000)		(2,000)		(2,000)		-
Other Financing Sources		100		100		104		4
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(1,900)		(1,900)		(1,896)		4
Net Change in Fund Balances		(11,504)		(11,504)		9,565		21,069
Cash Fund Balances Beginning of Year		19,646		19,646		19,646		-
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated		681		681		681		
Cash Fund Balances End of Year	\$	8,823	\$	8,823	\$	29,892	\$	21,069

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

1. DESCRIPTION OF THE REPORTING ENTITY

Reporting Entity

The Township of Clayton, Perry County, is a body politic and corporate established to exercise the rights and privileges conveyed to it by the constitution and laws of the State of Ohio. The Township is directed by a publicly elected three-member Board of Trustees and a publicly elected Fiscal Officer.

The reporting entity is comprised of the primary government, component units and other organizations that were included to ensure that the financial statements are not misleading. The primary government consists of all funds, departments, boards and agencies that are not legally separate from the Township. The Township provides general government services, road and bridge maintenance, cemetery maintenance, fire protection and emergency medical services. The Township contracts with the Village of Crooksville, City of New Lexington and Reading Township to provide fire and emergency medical services.

The Township's management believes these financial statements present all activities for which the Township is financially accountable.

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

These financial statements are presented on a cash basis of accounting. This cash basis of accounting differs from accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP). Generally accepted accounting principles include all relevant Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) pronouncements, which have been applied to the extent they are applicable to the cash basis of accounting. In the government-wide financial statements, Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) pronouncements and Accounting Principles Board (APB) opinions issued on or before November 30, 1989, have been applied, to the extent they are applicable to the cash basis of accounting, unless those pronouncements, in which case GASB prevails. Following are more of the Township's accounting policies.

Basis of Presentation

The Township's basic financial statements consist of government-wide financial statements, including a statement of net assets and a statement of activities, and fund financial statements, which provide a more detailed level of financial information

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The statement of net assets and the statement of activities display information about the Township as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the primary government. The statements distinguish between those activities or the Township that are governmental and those that are considered business-type. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental receipts or other non-exchange transactions. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties for goods or service. The Township has no business-type activities.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Government-Wide Financial Statements (Continued)

The statement of net assets present the cash balance of the governmental activities of the Township at year-end. The statement of activities compares disbursements with program receipts for each of the Township's governmental activities. Disbursements are reported by function. A function is a group of related activities designed to accomplish a major service or regulatory program for which the Township is responsible. Program receipts include charges paid by the recipient of the programs goods or services, grants and contributions restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program and receipts of interest earned on grants that is required to be used to support a particular program. General receipts are all receipts not classified as program receipts, with limited exceptions. The comparison of direct disbursements with program receipts identifies the extent to which each governmental function is self-financing on a cash basis or draws from the Township's general receipts.

Fund Financial Statements

During the year, the Township segregates transactions related to certain Township functions or activities in separate funds to aid management and to demonstrate legal compliance. Fund financial statements are designed to present financial information of the Township at this more detailed level. The focus of governmental fund financial statements is on major funds. Each major fund is presented in a separate column. Non-major funds are aggregated and presented in a single column.

Fund Accounting

The Township uses fund accounting to maintain its financial records during the year. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. Funds are used to segregate resources that are restricted as to use. The funds of the Township are divided into one category: governmental.

Governmental Funds

The Township classifies funds financed primarily from taxes, intergovernmental receipts (e.g. grants), and other non-exchange transactions as governmental funds. The Township's major governmental funds are General Fund, Gasoline Tax Fund and Permanent Fund – Beard/Rockwell Cemetery Bequest. The General Fund is used to account for all financial resources, except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The General Fund balance is available to the Township for any purpose provided it is expended or transferred according to the general laws of Ohio. The Gasoline Tax Fund is used for maintenance and up keep of roads. The Permanent Fund – Beard/Rockwell Cemetery Bequest is used maintain the cemetery. The other governmental funds of the Township account for grants and other resources whose use is restricted to a particular purpose.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Basis of Accounting

The Township's financial statements are prepared using the cash basis of accounting. Except for modifications having substantial support, receipts are recorded in the Township's financial records and reported in the financial statements when cash is received rather when earned and disbursements are recorded when cash is paid rather than when a liability is incurred. Any such modifications made by the Township are described in the appropriate section in this note. There were no modifications having substantial support.

As a result of the use of this cash basis of accounting, certain assets and their related revenues (such as accounts receivable and revenue billed or provided services not yet collected) and certain liabilities (such as accounts payable and expenses for goods or services received but not yet paid, and accrued expenses and liabilities) are not recorded in these financial statements.

Budgetary Process

All funds are legally required to be budgeted and appropriated (except certain agency funds). The major documents prepared are the tax budget, the certificate of estimated resources, and the appropriations ordinance, all of which are prepared on the budgetary basis of accounting. The tax budget demonstrates a need for existing or increased tax rates. The certificate of estimated resources establishes a limit on the amount the township may appropriate.

The appropriations ordinance is the Township's authorization to spend resources and set limits on disbursements plus encumbrances at the level of control selected by the Township. The legal level of control has been established at the fund, department, and object level for all funds.

The certificate of estimated resources may be amended during the year if projected increases or decreases in receipts are identified by the Township Fiscal Officer. The amounts reported in the original budget on the budgetary statements reflect the amounts on the certificate of estimated resources when the original appropriations were adopted. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts on the budgetary statements reflect the amounts on the amended certificate of estimated resources in effect at the time final appropriations were passed by the Township.

The appropriations ordinance is subject to amendment throughout the year with the restriction that appropriations cannot exceed estimated resources. The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts reflect the first appropriation ordinance for that fund that covered the entire year, including amounts automatically carried forward from prior years. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts represent the final appropriation amounts passed by the Township during the year.

Cash and Investments

To improve cash management, cash received by the Township is deposited into an interest bearing checking account, which earns 0.60 percent interest. The Township also has four certificates of deposits, which earn 4.43 percent interest, respectively. In 2006 and 2005, interest credited to the General Fund was \$744 and \$209, respectively.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Restricted Assets

Cash and cash equivalents are reported as restricted when limitations on their use change the nature or normal understanding of their use. Such constraints are either imposed by creditors, contributors, grantors, or laws of other governments, or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. Amounts restricted for other purposes represents special revenue funds restricted to a specific use.

Inventory and Prepaid Items

The Township reports disbursements for inventories and prepaid items when paid. These items are not reflected as assets in the accompanying financial statements.

Accumulated Leave

In certain circumstances, such as upon leaving employment or retirement, employees are entitled to cash payments for unused leave. Unpaid leave is not reflected as a liability under the Township's cash basis of accounting.

Employer Contributions to Cost-Sharing Pension Plans

The Township recognizes the disbursement for their employer contributions to cost-sharing pension plans when they are paid. As described in Note 8, the employer contributions include portions for pension benefits and for postretirement health care benefits.

Long-Term Obligations

The Township's cash basis financial statements do not report liabilities for bonds or other long-term obligations. Proceeds of debt are reported when the cash is received and principal and interest payments are reported when paid. Since recording a capital asset when entering into a capital lease is not the result of a cash transaction, neither an other financing source nor a capital outlay expenditure are reported at inception. Lease payments are reported when paid.

Net Assets

Net assets are reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through enabling legislation or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, or laws or regulations of other governments. Net assets restricted for other purposes include gasoline tax receipts used for the upkeep of Township roads, road and bridge property taxes used for the upkeep of Township roads and bridges, and road district property taxes used for the upkeep of Township roads.

Capital Assets

Acquisitions of property, plant and equipment are recorded as disbursements when paid. These items are not reflected as assets in the accompanying financial statements.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Interfund Transactions

Exchange transactions between funds are reported as cash receipts in the seller funds and as cash disbursements in the purchaser funds. Flows of cash or goods from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds. Repayments from funds responsible for particular cash disbursements to the funds that initially paid for them are not presented on the financial statements. In the government-wide statements, transfers within governmental activities are eliminated.

3. CHANGE IN BASIS OF ACCOUNTING AND RESTATEMENT OF FUND EQUITY

Last audit period the Township reported fund financial statements by fund type using the regulatory basis of accounting as prescribed by the State Auditor's Office. This audit period the Township has implemented the cash basis of accounting. The fund financial statements now present each major fund in a separate column with non-major funds aggregated and presented in a single column, rather than a column for each fund type. There was no restatement of fund equity due to this change.

4. BUDGETARY BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

The budgetary basis as provided by law is based upon accounting for certain transactions on the basis of cash receipts, disbursements, and encumbrances. The Statement of Receipts, Disbursements and Changes in Fund Balance-Budget and Actual-Budgetary Basis presented for the General Fund is prepared on the budgetary basis to provide a meaningful comparisons of actual results with the budget. The differences between the budgetary basis and the cash basis is outstanding year-end encumbrances are treated as disbursements (budgetary basis) rather than as a reservation of fund balance (cash basis). The outstanding encumbrances at year-end for 2006 and 2005 were \$2,781 and \$0, respectively.

5. DEPOSITS

Monies held by the Township are classified by State into three categories.

Active monies are public monies determined to be necessary to meet current demands upon the Township treasury. Active monies must be maintained either as cash in the Township treasury, including negotiable order of withdrawal (NOW) accounts.

Inactive deposits are public deposits that the Township has identified as not required for use within the current five-year period of designation of depositories. Inactive deposits must either be evidenced by certificates of deposit maturing not later than the end of the current period of designation of depositories, or by savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts.

Interim deposits are deposits of interim monies. Interim monies are those monies which are not needed for immediate use but which will be needed before the end of the current period of designation of depositories.

Interim deposits must be evidenced by time certificates of deposit maturing not more than one year from the date of deposit or by savings or deposit accounts, including passbook accounts.

Interim monies held by the Township can be deposited or invested in the following securities:

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

5. DEPOSITS (Continued)

- 1. United States Treasury bills, bonds, notes, or any other obligation or security issued by the United States Treasury, or any other obligation guaranteed as to principal and interest by the United States;
- 2. Bonds, notes, debentures, or any other obligation or security issued by any federal government agency or instrumentality including but not limited to, the Federal National Mortgage Association, Federal Home Loan Bank, Federal Farm Credit Bank, Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation, Government National Mortgage Association, and Student Loan Marketing Association. All federal agency securities shall be direct issuance of federal government agencies or instrumentalities;
- Written repurchase agreements in the securities listed above provided the market value of the securities subject to the repurchase agreement must exceed the principal value of the agreement by at least 2 percent and be marked to market daily, and the term of the agreement must not exceed thirty days;
- 4. Bonds and other obligation of the State of Ohio or Ohio local governments;
- Time certificates of deposit or savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts;
- No-load money market mutual funds consisting exclusively of obligation described in division (1) or
 (2) and repurchase agreements secured by such obligations, provided that investments in securities described in this division are made only through eligible institutions;
- 7. The State Treasurer's investment pool (STAR Ohio).

Investments in stripped principal or interest obligations, reverse repurchase agreements, and derivatives are prohibited. The issuance of taxable notes for the purpose of arbitrage, the use of leverage, and short selling are also prohibited. An investment must mature within five years from the date of purchase, unless matched to a specific obligation or debt of the Township, and must be purchased with the expectation that it will be held to maturity. Investments may only be made through specified dealers and institutions.

Protection of the Township's deposits is provided by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC), by collateral pledged to the Township by the financial institution, or by a collateral pool established by the financial institution, to secure the repayment of all public monies deposited with the institution. U.S. Bank is the financial institution for Clayton Township.

Deposits:

At year ended December 31, 2006, the carrying amount of the Township's deposits was \$79,102 less investment balance of \$23,338 and, the bank balance was \$67,847. Of the bank balance, the entire amount was covered by federal depository insurance. At year ended December 31, 2005, the carrying amount of the Township's deposits was \$68,405 less investment balance of \$23,329 and, the bank balance was \$58,949. Of the bank balance, the entire amount was covered by federal depository insurance. Although the securities serving as collateral were held by the pledging financial institution's public entity deposit pool and all State statutory requirements for the deposit of money had been followed, non-compliance with federal requirements could potentially subject the Township to a successful claim by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

5. DEPOSITS (Continued)

Investments:

The Township's investments are required to be categorized to give an indication of the level of risk assumed by the Township at year-end. Category 1 includes investments that are insured or registered or for which the securities are held by the Township or its agent in the Township's name. The certificates of deposits are categorized as Category 1. The carrying values as of December 31, 2006 and 2005 are \$23,338 and \$23,329, respectively, which are valued at cost.

6. RISK MANAGEMENT

The Township is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees and natural disasters. During 2006 and 2005 the Township contracted with the Ohio Township Association Risk Management Authority (OTARMA), a risk sharing pool available to Ohio Townships. OTARMA provides property and casualty coverage for its members. OTARMA is a member of the American Public Entity Excess Pool (APEEP). Member governments pay annual contributions to fund OTARMA. OTARMA pays judgments, settlements, and other expenses resulting from covered claims that exceed the members' deductibles. Coverage provided by OTARMA is as follows:

Legal Liability \$2,000,000 Per Occurrence
Automobile Liability \$2,000,000 Per Occurrence
Wrongful Acts \$2,000,000 Per Occurrence
Automobile Damage \$66,830 Total Insured Liability
Property \$230,367 Total Insured Liability

There were no significant reductions in coverage from prior years and claims have not exceeded insurance coverage in any of the past three years. The Township pays the State Workers' Compensation System a premium based on a rate per \$100 of salaries. This rate is based on accident history and administrative costs.

Financial Position

OTARMA's financial statements (audited by other accountants) conform with generally accepted accounting principles, and reported the following assets, liabilities and retained earnings at December 31, 2005, the latest information available.

Casualty Coverage	2005	2004
Assets	\$ 30,485,638	\$ 30,687,203
Liabilities	(12,344,576)	(13,640,962)
Retained Earnings	\$ 18,141,062	\$ 17,046,241
Property Coverage	2005	2004
Assets	\$ 9,177,796	\$ 7,799,073
Liabilities	(1,406,031)	(753,906)
Retained Earnings	\$ 7,771,765	\$ 7,045,167

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

7. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN

Ohio Public Employees Retirement System

The Township participates in the Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS). OPERS administers three separate pension plans. The traditional plan is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. The member-directed plan is a defined contribution plan in which the member invests both member and employer contributions (employer contributions vest over five years at 20 percent per year). Under the member directed plan, members accumulate retirement assets equal to the value of the member and vested employer contributions plus any investment earnings.

The combined plan is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan that has elements of both a defined benefit and a defined contribution plan. Under the combined plan, employer contributions are invested by the retirement system to provide a formula retirement benefit similar to the traditional plan benefit. Member contributions, whose investment is self-directed by the member, accumulate retirement assets in a manner similar to the member directed plan.

Ohio Public Employees Retirement System

OPERS provides retirement, disability, survivor and death benefits and annual cost of living adjustments to members of the traditional and combined plans. Members of the member directed plan do not qualify for ancillary benefits. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided by Chapter 145 of the Ohio Revised Code. OPERS issues a stand-alone financial report that may be obtained by writing to OPERS, 277 East Town Street, Columbus, OH 43215-4642 or by calling (614) 222-6705 or (800) 222-7377.

For the years ended December 31, 2006 and 2005, the members in the traditional plan, were required to contribute 9.0 and 8.5 percent, respectively, of their annual covered salaries. The Township's contribution rate for pension benefits for 2006 and 2005, were 13.70 and 13.55 percent, respectively. The Ohio Revised Code provides statutory authority for member and employer contributions.

The Township's required contributions for pension obligations to the traditional and combined plans for the years ended December 31, 2006, 2005, and 2004 were \$8,749, \$8,288, and \$7,572, respectively. The full amount has been contributed for 2006, 2005 and 2004. Contributions to the member-directed plan for 2006 were \$8,749 made by the Township and \$5,748 made by the plan members.

Post Employment Benefits

Ohio Public Employees Retirement System

The Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS) provides postretirement health care coverage to age and service retirees with ten or more years of qualifying Ohio service credit with either the traditional or combined plans. Health care coverage for disability recipients and primary survivor recipients is available. Members of the member-directed plan do not qualify for postretirement health care coverage. The health car coverage provided by the retirement system is considered an Other Postemployment Benefit. A portion of each employer's contribution to the traditional or combined plans is set aside for the funding of postretirement health care based on authority granted by State Statute. The 2006 local government contribution rate was 13.70 percent of covered payroll, 4 percent of covered payroll was the portion that was used to fund health care.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

7. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (CONTINUED)

Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (Continued)

Benefits are advance-funded using the entry age normal actuarial cost method. Significant actuarial assumptions, based on OPERS's latest actuarial review performed as December 31, 2005, include a rate of return on investments of 6.5 percent, an annual increase in active employee total payroll of 4 percent compounded annually (assuming no change in the number of active employees) and an additional increase in total payroll of between .5 percent and 6.3 percent based on additional annual pay increases. Health care premiums were assumed to increase between .5 percent and 6 percent annually for the next eight years and 4 percent annually after ten years.

All investments are carried at market value. For actuarial valuation purposes, a smoothed market approach is used. Assets are adjusted to reflect 25 percent of unrealized market appreciation or depreciation on investment assets annually.

The number of active contributing participants in the traditional and combined plans was 376,109. OPERS's net assets available for payment of benefits at December 31, 2005, (the latest information available) were \$11.1 billion. The actuarially accrued liability and the unfunded actuarial accrued liability were \$31.1 billion and \$20.2 billion, respectively.

On September 9, 2004, the OPERS Retirement Board adopted a Health Care Preservation Plan (HCPP) with an effective date of January 1, 2007. The HCPP restructures OPERS's health care coverage to improve the financial solvency of the fund in response to increasing health care costs. Member and employer contribution rates increased as of January 1, 2006, which will allow additional funds to be allocated to the health care plan.

8. PROPERTY TAXES

Property taxes include amounts levied against all real property, public utility property, and tangible personal property located in the Township. Real property tax receipts received in 2006 represent the collection of 2005 taxes. Real property taxes received in 2006 were levied after October 1, 2005, on the assessed values as of January 1, 2005, the lien date. Assessed values for real property taxes are established by State statute at 35 percent of appraised market value. Real property taxes are payable annually or semiannually. If paid annually, payment is due December 31; if paid semiannually, the first payment is due December 31, with the remainder payable by June 20. Under certain circumstance, State statute permits alternate payment dates to be established.

Public utilities are also taxed on personal and real property located in the Township.

Tangible personal property tax is assessed by the property owners, who must be file a list of such property to the County by each April 30.

The County is responsible for assessing property, and for billing, collecting and distributing all property taxes on behalf of the Township.

The full tax rate for all Township operations for the year ended December 31, 2006, was \$4.20 per \$1,000 of assessed value. The assessed values of real property, public utility property, and tangible personal property upon which 2006 property tax receipts were based are as follows:

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

8. PROPERTY TAXES (CONTINUED)

Real Property	
Residential	\$ 11,971,900
Agriculture	3,250,070
Commercial/Industrial/Mineral	1,268,300
Public Utility Property	
Real	-
Personal	2,363,670
Tangible Personal Property	 73,350
Total Assessed Value	\$ 18,927,290

9. DEBT

Debt outstanding as of December 31, 2006 is as follows:

	Principal	Interest rate
Promissory Note – Boom Mower	\$ 10,180	5.143%

The promissory note was issued to finance the purchase of a new boom mower to be used for Township maintenance. The lender maintains a security interest in the boom mower as collateral.

The balance shown for total debt at December 31, 2004 was \$30,569. The balance should have been \$27,569.

Amortization of the above debt, including interest, is scheduled as follows:

Year	P	Principal		iterest
2007	\$	\$ 2,348		492
2008		2,470		370
2009		2,599		241
2010		2,763		77
Total	\$	10,180	\$	1,180

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

10. COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY

Contrary to Ohio Revised Code Section 5705.28, in 2005, the Township did not adopt a tax budget by July 15th, as required.

Contrary to Ohio Revised Code Section 5705.34, in 2006 and 2005, the Township did not pass an ordinance or resolution accepting the necessary tax levies by October 1st, as required.

Contrary to Ohio Revised Code Section 5705.36, in 2006 and 2005, the Township did not exclude nonexpendable trust principal balances from the unencumbered fund balances when obtaining certification of available revenue, as required.

Contrary to Ohio Revised Code Section 5705.36, in 2006, the Township did not obtain amended certificates of estimated resources, as required.

Contrary to Ohio Revised Code Section 5705.39, in 2006 and 2005, the Township had funds that were appropriated more than estimated resources.

WOLFE, WILSON, & PHILLIPS, INC. 37 SOUTH SEVENTH STREET ZANESVILLE, OHIO 43701

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS REQUIRED BY GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS.

Clayton Township Perry County 6065 Township Road 162 New Lexington, Ohio 43764

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Clayton Township as of and for the years ended December 31, 2006 and 2005, and have issued our report thereon dated June 15, 2007, wherein we noted the Township followed the cash basis of accounting, a comprehensive accounting basis other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the comptroller General of the United States.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered Clayton Township's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our audit procedures for expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not to opine on the effectiveness of the Township's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we have not opined on the effectiveness of the Township's internal control over financial reporting.

A control deficiency exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect misstatements on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a control deficiency, or combination of control deficiencies, that adversely affects the Township's ability to initiate, authorize, record, process, or report financial data reliably in accordance with its applicable accounting basis, such that there is more than a remote likelihood that the Township's internal control will not prevent or detect a more-than-inconsequential financial statement misstatement.

A material weakness is a significant deficiency, or combination of significant deficiencies resulting in more than a remote likelihood that the Township's internal control will not prevent or detect a material financial statement misstatement.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purposes described in the first paragraph of this section and would not necessarily identify all internal control deficiencies that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider material weaknesses, as defined above. We noted other matters that we have reported to management in a separate letter dated June 15, 2007.

Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Required by Government Auditing Standards Page 2

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Clayton Township's combined financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*. Also, we noted certain immaterial instances of noncompliance that we have reported to the management of Clayton Township in a separate letter dated June 15, 2007.

This report is intended for the information of the Board of Trustees and the Auditor of State and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Wolfe, Wilson, & Phillips, Inc. Zanesville, Ohio June 15, 2007



Mary Taylor, CPA Auditor of State

CLAYTON TOWNSHIP

PERRY COUNTY

CLERK'S CERTIFICATION

This is a true and correct copy of the report which is required to be filed in the Office of the Auditor of State pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in Columbus, Ohio.

CLERK OF THE BUREAU

Susan Babbitt

CERTIFIED JULY 26, 2007