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Mary Taylor, CPA Auditor of State

INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT

Clermont County General Health District Clermont County 2275 Bauer Road, Suite 300 Batavia, Ohio 45103

To the Members of the Board:

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Clermont County General Health District, Clermont County, Ohio (the District), as of and for the year ended December 31, 2006, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the District's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to reasonably assure whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Clermont County General Health District, Clermont County, Ohio, as of December 31, 2006, and the respective changes in financial position thereof and the respective budgetary comparisons for the General Fund, Bio Terrorism Grant Fund, and WIC Administration Fund for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated September 7, 2007, on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. While we did not opine on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance, that report describes the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*. You should read it in conjunction with this report in assessing the results of our audit.

Management Discussion and Analysis is not a required part of the basic financial statements but is/are supplementary information accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires. We have applied certain limited procedures, consisting principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measuring and presenting the required supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

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Clermont County General Health District Clermont County Independent Accountants' Report Page 2

Mary Taylor

We conducted our audit to opine on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. The federal awards expenditure schedule is required by U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*, and is also not a required part of the basic financial statements. We subjected the federal awards expenditure schedule to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements. In our opinion, this information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Mary Taylor, CPA Auditor of State

September 7, 2007

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended December 31, 2006 Unaudited

The discussion and analysis of the General Health District's financial performance provides an overall review of the Health District's financial activities for the year ended December 31, 2006. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the Health District's financial performance as a whole. Readers should also review the basic financial statements and notes to the basic financial statements to enhance their understanding of the Health District's financial performance.

Financial Highlights

Key financial highlights for the year 2006 are as follows:

- The assets of the Health District exceeded its liabilities at the close of the year ended December 31, 2006, by \$937,447 (net assets). Of this amount, \$62,257 (unrestricted net assets) may be used to meet the Health District's ongoing obligations to citizens.
- The Health District's total net assets decreased by \$96,141, which represents a 9.3% decrease from 2005.
- At the end of the current year, the Health District's governmental funds reported a combined ending fund balance of \$613,738. Of this amount, \$514,122 is available for spending (unreserved fund balance) on behalf of Clermont County citizens.
- At the end of the current fiscal year, unreserved fund balance for the general fund was \$137,277, or 6.5% of total general fund expenditures and other financing uses.

Using the Basic Financial Statements

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements and notes to those statements. These statements are organized so the reader can understand the Health District as a financial whole or as an entire operating entity. The statements then proceed to provide an increasingly detailed look at specific financial activities and conditions.

The Statement of Net Assets and Statement of Activities provide information about the activities of the whole Health District, presenting both an aggregate view of the Health District's finances and a longer-term view of those assets. Major fund financial statements provide the next level of detail. For governmental funds, these statements tell how services were financed in the short-term as well as what dollars remain for future spending. The fund financial statements also look at the Health District's most significant funds with all other non-major funds presented in total in one column.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended December 31, 2006 Unaudited

Reporting the Health District as a Whole

Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities

While this document contains information about the funds used by the Health District to provide services to our citizens, the view of the Health District as a whole looks at all financial transactions and asks the question, "How did we do financially during 2006?" The Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities answer this question. These statements include all assets and liabilities using the accrual basis of accounting similar to the accounting used by the private sector companies. This basis of accounting takes into account all of the current year's revenues and expenses regardless of when the cash is received or paid.

These two statements report the Health District's net assets and the change in those assets. This change in net assets is important because it tells the reader whether, for the Health District as a whole, the financial position of the Health District has improved or diminished. However, in evaluating the overall position of the Health District, nonfinancial information such as the condition of the Health District's capital assets, the reliance on non-local financial resources for the operations and the need for continued growth will also need to be evaluated.

Reporting the Health District's Most Significant Funds

Fund Financial Statements

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objects. The Health District, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the Health District are governmental funds. Fund financial reports provide detailed information about the Health District's major funds.

Based on restrictions on the use of monies, the Health District has established many funds which account for the multitude of services provided. However, these fund financial statements focus on the Health District's most significant funds. In the case of the Clermont County Health District, our major funds are the General, Bioterrorism Grant and the WIC Administration. The analysis of the Health District's major funds begins on page 7.

Governmental Funds: Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on current sources and uses of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

It is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the Health District's near-term financial decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended December 31, 2006 Unaudited

The Health District maintains several individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances for the major funds, which were identified earlier. Data from the other governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation.

Notes to the Financial Statements: The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the governmental-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements begin on page 19 of this report.

Government-wide Financial Analysis

As noted earlier, net assets may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the Health District, assets exceeded liabilities by \$937,447 as of December 31, 2006.

Table 1 provides a summary of the Health District's net assets for 2006 compared to 2005.

Table 1
Net Assets
(In Thousands)

	Governmental Activities (Restated)				
	<u>2006</u> <u>20</u>				
Assets					
Current & Other Assets	\$1,149.8	\$1,208.8			
Capital Assets, Net	171.4	152.8			
Total Assets	1,321.2	1,361.6			
Liabilities					
Current & Other Liabilities	141.5	141.7			
Long-Term Liabilities					
Due Within One Year	31.5	88.7			
Due in More Than One Year	210.8	97.6			
Total Liabilities	383.8	328.0			
Net Assets					
Invested in Capital Assets Net of Debt	171.4	152.8			
Restricted:					
Other Purposes	703.8	603.3			
Unrestricted	62.3	277.5			
Total Net Assets	\$937.4	\$1,033.6			

The Health District's Liabilities increased approximately \$55,000 which can be attributed to an increase in compensated absences.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended December 31, 2006 Unaudited

Table 2 provides a summary of the changes in net assets for 2005 compared to 2006.

Table 2 Changes in Net Assets (In Thousands)

	<u>2006</u>	<u>2005</u>
Program Revenues:		
Charges for Services	\$2,060.5	\$2,185.1
Operating Grants and Contributions	1,644.0	1,490.2
General Revenues:		
Other	0.1	28.6
Total Revenues	3,704.6	3,703.9
Program Expenses		_
Health:		
Environmental Health	1,625.7	1,405.3
Community Health Services	953.0	1,071.6
Health Promotion and Planning	248.7	239.5
Administration	973.3	874.2
Total Expenses	3,800.7	3,590.6
Increase/Decrease in Net Assets	(\$96.1)	\$113.3

Governmental Activities

The Health District's governmental activities include Environmental Health, Community Health Services, Health Promotion and Planning and Administration. Major programs in Environmental Health include Food Service, Marina, Solid Waste, Manufactured Home Park, Private Water, Private Sewage, Swimming Pool, Infectious Waste and Plumbing Inspections. Environmental Health saw an increase in expenditures over \$220,000 in 2005 compared to 2006. This was due to the addition of an Environmental Technician, the additional purchase of a vehicle, and a change in the way the employee share of health benefits is managed financially.

Community Health Services includes the Communicable Disease Program for tracking and conducting disease surveillance and the Bureau for Children with Medical Handicaps Program which provides diagnostic and treatment programs that link families with providers. Community Health Services is also comprised of the Vision and Hearing program, providing no cost screenings to families, the Immunization Program, providing low cost immunizations for children and adults, Senior Safety Program, working to reduce injuries among senior citizens, the Pathways Program which assists pregnant teens, Help Me Grow Every Child Succeeds which provides newborn home visits, and Women, Infants and Children (WIC) who's goal is to improve the nutritional status of mothers, infants, and children during critical stages of growth and development. Major programs in Health Promotion and Planning are the Bioterrorism (Infrastructure) Program which ensures public health is ready and able to respond to major emergencies or terrorism events and the Safe Communities Program whose goal is to reduce the number of traffic fatalities.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended December 31, 2006 Unaudited

The Health District's strategy to secure the maximum amount of grants and contributions that are provided by the state and federal governments continues to be productive. Grants include Safe Communities, Bioterrorism (Infrastructure), Immunization, Preventive Health – Senior Safety, and Women, Infants, and Children (WIC). The Health District also holds a contract with Family and Children first Council to provide services for Every Child Succeeds and with Grant Vocational School for the Pathways program.

Financial Analysis of the Health District's Funds

As noted earlier, the Health District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds: The focus of the Health District's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the Health District's financing requirements. In particular, unreserved fund balance may serve as a useful measure of the Health District's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of July 1, 2006, the Health District no longer is a primary contractor with Family and Children First for the Help Me Grow Program which processed pass through funds to three contractors. The Health District will continue to receive funding as a subcontractor; however, the amount of money being received as pass through funds will be reduced by approximately \$335,000 for 2007.

As of the end of the current fiscal year, the Health District's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$613,738. Of this amount, \$514,122 constitutes unreserved fund balance, which is available for spending. The remainder of fund balance is reserved to indicate that it is not available for new spending (\$99,616). While the bulk of the governmental fund balances are not reserved in the governmental fund statements, they lead to restricted net assets on the Statement of Net Assets due to their being restricted for use for a particular purpose mandated by the source of the resources such as the state and federal governments.

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the Health District. At the end of the current fiscal year, unreserved fund balance of the general fund was \$137,277. As a measure of the general fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare unreserved fund balance to total fund expenditures. Unreserved fund balance represents 6.5% of the total general fund expenditures.

Expenditures exceeded revenues in the General Fund by \$174,451 in 2006. License and permit fees account for 49.7 % of revenues in the General Fund. Intergovernmental and Other revenues consist of money from the townships, villages, and the City of Milford. Environmental Health accounts for the majority, \$1,224,655 of expenditures in the General Fund.

The WIC Administration Special Revenue Fund accounts for federal grant monies for the Women, Infants and Children (WIC) program. WIC is a program for pregnant women, women who recently had a baby, breastfeeding moms, infants and children up to age five. WIC provides nutrition education and support, breastfeeding education and support, referrals to healthcare, immunization screenings and referrals, and supplemental foods. At the end of the current fiscal year the total fund balance was \$66,468.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended December 31, 2006 Unaudited

The Bioterrorism Special Revenue Fund accounts for federal grant monies for public health infrastructure and emergency planning efforts. The program is responsible for developing the Health District Emergency Operation Plan, and all supporting documents, and training and exercise programs. Planning and preparedness are collaborative efforts done on a local level with involvement of key partners in Clermont County as well as regional partners. At the end of the current fiscal year the ending fund balance was \$51,850. During 2006, \$4,125 in other revenue was received into the Bioterrorism Grant Fund. This was due to an unusual situation that occurred with a purchase that took place in 2005. An order for a portable vaccine cooler was placed with a company that required 50% of the purchase price up front. At the end of the grant fiscal year the unit was still anticipated being delivered and a check was issued but held for the remainder of the purchase price. The company ultimately went out of business and the money was returned to the fund in 2006. An alternative manufacturer for the product was found and two units were purchased for the price of one in 2006.

General Fund Budgeting Highlights

The Health District's budget is prepared according to Ohio Law in October two years prior to the fiscal year and adopted by the Board of Health by December of the same year. The budget is then approved by the Clermont County Budget Commission in May, the year prior to the fiscal year. The 2006 budget, for example, was prepared in October, 2004, adopted by the Board of Health by December, 2004, and approved by the budget commission in May of 2005. The budget is based on accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements, and encumbrances. The most significant budgeted fund is the General Fund.

During the course of 2006, the Health District amended its general fund budget numerous times, the most significant noted below. All recommendations for the budget were reviewed by the Clermont County Board of Health for adoption on the change. With the General Fund supporting many of our major activities, the General Fund is monitored closely looking for possible revenue shortfalls or over spending. A summary of noted differences and explanations:

- The Advances in of \$10,000 was to account for the pay back of the 2001 advance to the Every Child Succeeds Fund.
- Licensing and permits in the General Fund decreased by approximately \$90,000.
 Overall the number of building permits issued in 2006 compared to 2005 for Clermont County decreased by 33.7%. This has a direct impact on plumbing permits and water and waste permits at the Health District. In 2006 revenues from plumbing permits and water and waste permits decreased by 18% and 11% respectively compared to 2005.
- A change in the way the Health District's employee share of health benefits is managed accounts for the approximate \$50,000 increase in revenues and is included in the increase of approximately \$180,000 in expenditures in Environmental Health. In addition one additional vehicle purchase and the addition of an Environmental Technician accounts for the remainder of the increase in expenditures in Environmental Health.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended December 31, 2006 Unaudited

Capital Assets

The Health District's investment in capital assets for its governmental activities as of December 31, 2006, amounts to \$171,421 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes vehicles, furniture, and equipment.

Note 5 (Capital Assets) provides capital asset activity during 2006.

Major capital asset events during the current year included the following:

- The purchase of two trailers for emergency response.
- The purchase of four vehicles to be used by staff conducting inspections and home visits.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budget

Clermont County has experienced a downturn in residential growth in 2006 which correlates to a decrease in the number of permits and licenses. The Health District maintains a conservative approach to spending while maximizing its revenues. Current economic indicators show that the economy should remain at its current pace. The Health District has taken steps to compensate for the decrease in revenues as a result of down turned growth by eliminating the Environmental Technician that was added in 2006 and by increasing licensing and permit fees and fees for services to cover increased costs. The overall 2007 budget was reduced to more closely match revised revenue estimates. The Health District has eliminated the purchase of capital assets in 2007. In addition the Health District reduced staff by one through attrition and internal restructuring in 2007. The Health District's portion of state-based program revenue will be affected by the fiscal year 2008 State budget bill; however, public health funding appears to remain even in 2008.

All of these factors were considered in the preparation of the Health District's 2008 budget. In conjunction with current economic factors, the Health District has increased its 2008 budget by 3.09% to continue providing public health services.

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, creditors, and investors with a general overview of the Health District's finances and to show the Health District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have any questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact Joy Kohlem, Clermont County General Health District, Fiscal Officer, 2275 Bauer Rd., Batavia, Ohio 45103, (513)732-7499, (email at cchealth@co.clermont.oh.us) or visit the Health District website at www.clermonthealthdistrict.org.

Statement of Net Assets December 31, 2006

A005T0		vernmental Activities
ASSETS: Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	617,694
Accounts Receivable	φ	210
Intergovernmental Receivable		530,246
Prepaid Items		1,648
Capital Assets:		1,010
Furniture, Fixtures, and Equipment		483,694
Accumulated Depreciation:		,
Furniture, Fixtures, and Equipment		(312,273)
Total Assets		1,321,219
LIABILITIES:		_
Accounts Payable		26,458
Accrued Wages and Benefits		89,287
Intergovernmental Payable		25,711
Long-Term Liabilities:		_0,
Due Within One Year		31,473
Due in More Than One Year		210,843
Total Liabilities		383,772
		000,
NET ASSETS:		
Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt		171,421
Restricted for Grants		703,769
Unrestricted		62,257
Total Net Assets	\$	937,447
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Statement of Activities
For the Year Ended December 31, 2006

		Program	Net(Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Assets		
		Charges for	Operating		
		Services and	Grants and	Governmental	
	Expenses	Sales	Contributions	Activities	
Governmental Activities: Health: Environmental Health Community Health Services Health Promotion and Planning Administration Total Governmental Activities	\$ 1,625,699 952,951 248,720 973,354 \$ 3,800,724	\$ 1,497,553 460,151 4,925 97,851 \$ 2,060,480	\$ 0 579,135 281,373 783,524 \$ 1,644,032	\$ (128,146) 86,335 37,578 (91,979) (96,212)	
	71				
	71				
	Change in Net Ass	(96,141)			
	Net Assets Beginn	1,033,588			
	Net Assets End of	Year		\$ 937,447	

Balance Sheet Governmental Funds December 31, 2006

	General Fund		Bioterro General Fund Gran		WIC_ Administration		All Other Governmental Funds		<u>Total</u> <u>Governmental</u> <u>Funds</u>	
ASSETS: Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents Accounts Receivable Interfund Receivable Intergovernmental Receivable Prepaid Items	\$	202,556 210 99,594 0 609	\$	32,955 0 0 149,637 815	\$	35,282 0 0 373,503 0	\$	346,901 0 0 7,106 224	\$	617,694 210 99,594 530,246 1,648
Total Assets	\$	302,969	\$	183,407	\$	408,785	\$	354,231	\$	1,249,392
LIABILITIES: Accounts Payable Accrued Wages and Benefits Intergovernmental Payable Interfund Payable Deferred Revenue	\$	15,932 38,739 11,427 0 0	\$	1,347 4,869 735 30,000 94,606	\$	1,556 10,755 1,620 30,000 298,386	\$	7,623 34,924 11,929 39,594 1,612	\$	26,458 89,287 25,711 99,594 394,604
Total Liabilities		66,098		131,557		342,317		95,682		635,654
FUND BALANCES: Reserved: Reserved for Encumbrances Reserved for Advances Unreserved, Undesignated, Reported in: General Fund Special Revenue Funds		0 99,594 137,277 0		0 0 0 51,850		0 0 0 66,468		22 0 0 258,527		22 99,594 137,277 376,845
Total Fund Balances		236,871		51,850		66,468		258,549		613,738
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	302,969	\$	183,407	\$	408,785	\$	354,231	\$	1,249,392

Reconciliation of Total Governmental Fund Balances to Net Assets of Governmental Activities December 31, 2006

Total Governmental Fund Balances	\$ 613,738
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets are different because	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.	171,421
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current- period expenditures and therefore are deferred in the funds:	
Intergovernmental Revenues	394,604
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable and accrued interest payable, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds.	
Compensated Absences	 (242,316)
Net Assets of Governmental Activities	\$ 937,447

CLERMONT COUNTY GENERAL HEALTH DISTRICT
CLERMONT COUNTY
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances
Governmental Funds For the Year Ended December 31, 2006

	General Fund	Bioterrorism Grant	<u>WIC</u> Administration	All Other Governmental Funds	<u>Total</u> Governmental <u>Funds</u>
REVENUES: Charges for Services Licenses and Permits Intergovernmental Other	\$ 115,533 961,452 783,524 73,317	\$ 0 0 218,695 4,125	\$ 0 0 362,017 0	\$ 336,648 442,288 177,086 127,156	\$ 452,181 1,403,740 1,541,322 204,598
Total Revenues	1,933,826	222,820	362,017	1,083,178	3,601,841
EXPENDITURES: Current: Health: Environmental Health Community Health Services Health Planning and Promotion Administration	1,224,655 0 0 883,622	0 0 191,916 0	0 398,710 0 0	457,483 555,439 51,528 0	1,682,138 954,149 243,444 883,622
Total Expenditures	2,108,277	191,916	398,710	1,064,450	3,763,353
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(174,451)	30,904	(36,693)	18,728	(161,512)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES AND USES: Transfers In Proceeds from Sale of Capital Assets Transfers Out	0 32 (679)	0 0 0	0 0 0	679 0 0	679 32 (679)
Total Other Financing Sources and Uses	(647)	0	0	679	32
Net Change in Fund Balance	(175,098)	30,904	(36,693)	19,407	(161,480)
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year	411,969	20,946	103,161	239,142	775,218
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$ 236,871	\$ 51,850	\$ 66,468	\$ 258,549	\$ 613,738

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities
For the Year Ended December 31, 2006

Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds					
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because					
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlays exceeded depreciation in the current period. Capital asset additions Depreciation expense 64,991 (46,347)				
Excess of capital outlay over depreciations	<u>/_</u>	18,644			
Certain licenses and other revenues that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the fund.					
Intergovernmental revenue		102,710			
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require					
the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.					
Compensated Absences Payable		(56,015)			
Change in Net Assets of Governmental Activities	\$	(96,141)			

Statement of Revenues
Expenditures and Changes in
Fund Balance - Budget and Actual
(Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis)
For the Year Ended December 31, 2006

General Fund

	Original Budget			Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final budget Positive (Negative)	
Revenues:							
Charges for services	\$	75,000	\$	75,000	\$ 116,937	\$	41,937
Licenses and permits		1,080,000		1,051,924	963,770		(88,154)
Intergovernmental		781,466		781,466	783,524		2,058
Other revenues		25,136		25,136	 73,318		48,182
Total revenues		1,961,602		1,933,526	 1,937,549		4,023
Expenditures: Current:							
Administration		881,602		881,602	881,599		3
Environmental health		1,168,924		1,403,924	 1,222,762		181,162
Total expenditures	_	2,050,526	_	2,285,526	 2,104,361		181,165
(Deficiency) of revenues (under) expenditures		(88,924)		(352,000)	 (166,812)		185,188
Other financing sources:							
Advances in		0		0	10,000		10,000
Proceeds from the sale of capital assets		0		0	 32		32
Total other financing sources		0		0	 10,032		10,032
Net Change in Fund Balance		(88,924)		(352,000)	(156,780)		195,220
Fund balance at beginning of year		352,128		352,128	352,128		0
Fund balance at end of year	\$	263,204	\$	128	\$ 195,348	\$	195,220

Statement of Revenues Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) For the Year Ended December 31, 2006

Bioterrorism Grant Special Revenue Fund

	 Original Budget	S			Actual	Variance with Final budget Positive (Negative)		
Revenues:								
Intergovernmental	\$ 185,993	\$	222,554	\$	163,664	\$	(58,890)	
Other revenue	 0		0		4,125		4,125	
Total revenues	\$ 185,993	\$	222,554	\$	167,789	\$	(54,765)	
Expenditures:								
Current:								
Health planning and promotion	 148,574		226,679		190,280		36,399	
Total expenditures	 148,574		226,679		190,280		36,399	
Net Change in Fund Balance	37,419		(4,125)		(22,491)		(18,366)	
Fund balance at beginning of year	55,277		55,277		55,277		0	
Fund balance at end of year	\$ 92,696	\$	51,152	\$	32,786	\$	(18,366)	

Statement of Revenues Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) For the Year Ended December 31, 2006

WIC Administration Special Revenue Fund

	 Original Budget	 Final Budget	 Actual	F	ariance with inal budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues:					
Intergovernmental	\$ 384,551	\$ 505,748	\$ 389,518	\$	(116,230)
Total revenues	 384,551	 505,748	 389,518		(116,230)
Expenditures: Current:					
Community health services	 384,551	505,748	401,686		104,062
Total expenditures	384,551	505,748	 401,686		104,062
Net Change in Fund Balance	0	0	(12,168)		(12,168)
Fund balance at beginning of year	47,450	47,450	47,450		0
Fund balance at end of year	\$ 47,450	\$ 47,450	\$ 35,282	\$	(12,168)

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2006

Note 1 – Reporting Entity

A five-member Board of Health appointed by the District Advisory Council governs the Health District. The Board appoints a health commissioner and all employees of the Health District. The Health District's services include communicable disease investigations, immunization clinics, inspections, public health nursing services, the issuance of health-related licenses and permits and emergency response planning.

The Health District's management believes these basic financial statements present all activities for which the Health District is financially accountable.

As required by generally accepted accounting principles, the financial statements present the Health District (the primary government). The primary government includes all funds, departments and boards for which the Health District is financially accountable. The Health District does not have any component units.

Note 2 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The financial statements of the Health District have been prepared in conformity with the generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to government units. Generally accepted accounting principles include all relevant Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) pronouncements. In the government-wide financial statements, Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) pronouncements and Accounting Principles Board (APB) opinions issued on or before November 30, 1989, have been applied, unless those pronouncements conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements, in which case GASB prevails. Following are the more significant of the Health District's accounting policies.

A. Basis of Presentation

The Health District's basic financial statements consist of government-wide financial statements, including a statement of net assets and a statement of activities, and fund financial statements which provide a more detailed level of financial information.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The statement of net assets and the statement of activities display information about the Health District as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the primary government. Governmental activities generally are financed through payments from townships and villages, intergovernmental receipts or other nonexchange transactions.

The statement of net assets presents the financial condition of the governmental activities for the District at year end. The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each program or function of the Health District's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program or department and therefore clearly identifiable to a particular program.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2006

Note 2 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Program revenues include charges paid by the recipient of the goods or services offered by the program, grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operation of a particular program. Revenues which are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues of the Health District, with certain limited exceptions. The comparison of direct expenses with program revenues identifies the extent to which each governmental program is self-financing or draws from the general receipts of the Health District.

Fund Financial Statements

During the year, the Health District segregates transactions related to certain Health District functions or activities in separate funds in order to aid financial management and to demonstrate legal compliance. Fund financial statements are designed to present financial information of the Health District at this more detailed level. The focus of governmental fund financial statements is on major funds. Each major fund is presented in a separate column. Nonmajor funds are aggregated and presented in a single column.

B. Fund Accounting

The Health District uses funds to maintain its financial records during the year. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. The funds of the Health District are presented in one category; governmental.

Governmental Funds

Governmental funds are those through which all governmental functions of the Health District are financed. Governmental fund reporting focuses on the sources, use and balances of current financial resources. Expendable assets are assigned to the various governmental funds according to the purposes for which they may or must be used. Current liabilities are assigned to the fund from which they will be paid. The difference between governmental fund assets and liabilities is reported as fund balance. The following are the Health District's major governmental funds:

General Fund - The General Fund accounts for all financial resources, except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The General Fund balance is available to the Health District for any purpose provided it is expended or transferred according to the general laws of Ohio.

WIC Administration Special Revenue Fund – The WIC Administration Special Revenue Fund accounts for federal grant monies for the Women, Infants and Children program.

Bioterrorism Special Revenue Fund – The Bioterrorism Special Revenue Fund accounts for federal grant monies for public health infrastructure and emergency planning efforts.

The other governmental funds of the Health District account for grants and other resources whose use is restricted for a particular purpose.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2006

Note 2 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

C. Measurement Focus

Government-wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. All assets and liabilities associated with the operation of the District are included in the Statement of Net Assets. The Statement of Activity presents increases (i.e., revenue) and decreases (i.e., expenses) in total net assets.

Fund Financial Statements

All governmental funds are accounted for using a flow of current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities generally are included on the balance sheet. The statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances reports on the sources (i.e., revenue and other financing sources) and uses (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) of current financial resources. This approach differs from the manner in which the governmental activities of the government-wide financial statements are prepared. Governmental fund financial statements therefore include a reconciliation with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide statements and the statements for governmental funds.

D. Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting determines when transactions are recorded in the financial records and reported on the financial statements. Government-wide financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Governmental funds use the modified accrual basis of accounting. Differences in the accrual and the modified accrual basis of accounting arise in the recognition of revenue, the recording of deferred revenue, and in the presentation of expenses versus expenditures.

Revenues-Exchange and Non-Exchange Transactions

Revenue resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, is recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On a modified accrual basis, revenue is recorded in the fiscal year in which the resources are measurable and become available. Available means that the resources will be collected within the current fiscal year or are expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current fiscal year. For the Health District, available means expected to be received within thirty days of year-end.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2006

Note 2 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Non-exchange transactions, in which the Health District receives value without directly giving equal value in return include monies from villages, townships, and the City of Milford, grants, entitlements and donations. Revenue from township and village monies, grants, entitlements and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are required to be used or the year when use is first permitted, matching requirements, in which the District must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose, and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the District on a reimbursement basis.

On a modified accrual basis, revenue from non-exchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized.

Under the modified accrual basis, the following revenue sources are considered to be both measurable and available at year-end: grants and charges for services.

Deferred Revenue

Deferred revenue arises when assets are recognized before revenue recognition criteria have been satisfied.

Grants and entitlements received before the eligibility requirements are met are recorded as deferred revenue.

On governmental fund financial statements, receivables that will not be collected within the available period have also been reported as deferred revenue.

Expenses/Expenditures

On the accrual basis of accounting, expenses are recognized at the time they are incurred.

The measurement focus of governmental fund accounting is on decreases in net financial resources (expenditures) rather than expenses. Expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred, if measurable. Allocations of cost, such as depreciation and amortization, are not recognized in the governmental funds.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2006

Note 2 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

E. Budgetary Process

All funds, except agency funds, are legally required to be budgeted and appropriated. The major documents prepared are the budget, the certificate of estimated resources, and the appropriations resolution, all of which are prepared on the budgetary basis of accounting. The budget determines the amount of money that is needed from the townships, villages and the City of Milford. The certificate of estimated resources establishes a limit on the amount the Health District may appropriate. The appropriations resolution is the Health District's authorization to spend resources and sets annual limits on cash disbursements plus encumbrances at the level of control selected by the Health District. The legal level of control has been established by the Health District at the fund, department, and object level for all funds.

The certificate of estimated resources may be amended during the year if projected increases or decreases in receipts are identified by the Health District. The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts on the budgetary statements reflect the amounts on the certificate of estimated resources when the original appropriations were adopted. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts on the budgetary statements reflect the amounts on the amended certificated of estimated resources in effect at the time final appropriations were passed by the County Board of Health.

The appropriations resolution is subject to amendment throughout the year with the restriction that appropriations cannot exceed estimated resources. The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts reflect the first appropriation resolution for that fund that covered the entire year, including amounts automatically carried forward from prior years. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts represent the final appropriation amounts passed by the County Board of Health during the year.

F. Cash and Investments

The County Treasurer is the custodian for the Health District's cash and investments. The County's cash and investment pool holds the Health District's cash and investments, which are reported at the County Treasurer's carrying amount. Deposits and investments disclosures for the County as a whole may be obtained from the Clermont County Auditor, Linda L. Fraley, 101 E Main St. 2nd Floor, Batavia, Ohio 45103, www.clermontauditor.org, (513) 732-7150.

G. Prepaid Items

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items using the consumption method.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2006

Note 2 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

H. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include vehicles and equipment, are reported in the applicable governmental activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the District as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 (amount not rounded) and an estimated useful life in excess of three years. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized.

All reported capital assets are depreciated. Improvements are depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

<u>Assets</u>	<u>Years</u>
Vehicles	5-10
Furniture & Equipment	5-10

I. Interfund Transactions

On fund financial statements, receivables and payables resulting from interfund loans are classified as "interfund receivables/payables." These amounts are eliminated in the statement of net assets.

J. Compensated Absences

Vacation, personal and compensatory benefits are accrued as a liability as the benefits are earned if the employees' right to receive compensation are attributable to services already rendered and it is probable that the employer will compensate employees for the benefits through time off or some other means. Sick leave benefits are accrued using the vesting method. The liability is based on sick leave accumulated at December 31 by those employees who are currently eligible to receive termination payments and by those employees for whom it is probable they will become eligible to receive termination benefits in the future.

Ohio law requires that vacation time not be accumulated for more than three years plus current year accrual. Employees with a minimum of one year of service become vested in accumulated unpaid vacation time. Unused vacation is payable upon termination of employment. Unused sick time may be accumulated until retirement. Employees' eligible to retire under a District recognized retirement plan, with a minimum of ten years of service, are paid one-fourth of accumulated sick time upon retirement. Such payment may not exceed the value of thirty days of accrued but unused sick leave. All sick, vacation, personal and compensation payments are made at employees' current wage rates.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2006

Note 2 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

K. Accrued Liabilities and Long-Term Obligations

All payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations are reported in the government-wide financial statements.

In general, governmental fund payables and accrued liabilities that, once incurred, are paid in a timely manner and in full from current financial resources are reported as obligation of the funds. However, compensated absences and special termination benefits that will be paid from governmental funds are reported as a liability in the fund financial statements only to the extent that they are normally due for payment during the current year.

L. Net Assets

Net Assets represent the difference between assets and liabilities. Net assets are reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through enabling legislation adopted by the Board of Health or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, or laws or regulations of other governments. The Health District's policy is to first apply restricted resources when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted resources are available. Net assets restricted for other purposes are restricted by grantors and regulations of other governments.

M. Fund Balance Reserves

The Health District reserves any portion of fund balances which is not available for appropriation or which is legally segregated for a specific future use. Unreserved fund balance indicates that portion of fund balance which is available for appropriation in future periods. Fund balance reserves have been established for encumbrances and for interfund receivable.

N. Interfund Transactions

Exchange transactions between funds are reported as revenues in the seller funds and as expenditures/expenses in the purchaser funds. Flows of cash or goods from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds. Repayments from funds responsible for particular expenditures/expenses to the funds that initially paid for them are not presented on the financial statements.

O. Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2006

Note 3 - Budgetary Basis of Accounting

While the Health District is reporting financial position, results of operations and changes in fund balance on the basis of generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP), the budgetary basis as provided by law is based upon accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements and encumbrances. The Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) presented for the general and each major special revenue fund is presented in the Basic Financial Statements to provide a meaningful comparison of actual results with the budget. The major differences between the budget basis and GAAP basis are as follows:

- 1. Revenues are recorded when received in cash (budget) as opposed to when susceptible to accrual (GAAP).
- 2. Expenditures are recorded when paid in cash (budget) as opposed to when the liability is incurred (GAAP).
- 3. Advances in and advances out are operating transactions (Budget) as opposed to balance sheets transactions (GAAP).

The following table summarizes the adjustments necessary to reconcile the GAAP basis statements to the budgetary basis statements for the general fund and for the major special revenue funds.

Net Change in Fund Balance General and Major Special Revenue Funds

14/10

	General	Bioterrorism	Administration
GAAP Basis	\$ (175,098)	\$ 30,904	\$ (36,693)
Net Adjustment for Revenue Accruals	3,723	(55,031)	27,501
Net Adjustment for Expenditure Accruals	4,595	1,636	(2,976)
Net Adjustment for Advances	10,000	0	0
Budget Basis	\$ (156,780)	\$ (22,491)	\$ (12,168)

Note 4 - Receivables

Receivables at December 31, 2006 consisted of charges for services, interfund and intergovernmental receivables arising from grants. A summary of the items of intergovernmental receivables follows:

Bioterrorism Grant	\$ 149,637
WIC	373,503
IAP	5,494
PHHS Block Grant	1,612
Total	\$ 530,246

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2006

Note 5 - Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the year ended December 31, 2006, was as follows:

	Balance 12/31/2005	Additions	Reductions	Balance 12/31/2006
Governmental Activities				
Capital Assets being depreciated: Furniture, Fixtures, and Equipment Total Capital Assets at Historical cost	\$ 418,703	\$ 64,991	\$ 0	\$ 483,694
being depreciated	418,703	64,991	0	483,694
Less Accumulated Depreciation:				
Furniture, Fixtures, and Equipment	265,926	46,347	0	312,273
Total Accumulated Depreciation	265,962	46,347	0	312,273
Governmental Activities Capital Assets, Net	\$ 152,741	\$ 18,644	\$ 0	\$ 171,421

Depreciation expense was charged to governmental functions as follows:

Environmental Health	\$26,485
Community Health Services	1,700
Health Promotion and Planning	5,450
Administration	12,712
Total Depreciation Expense - Governmental Activities	\$46,347

Note 6 - Interfund Receivables/Payables

Individual fund interfund assets/liabilities balances as of December 31, 2006, related to the primary government were as follows:

	ASSET	LIABILITY
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	Interfund Receivable	Interfund Payable
General	\$99,594	
Bioterrorism Grant		\$30,000
WIC		30,000
Nonmajor Governmental Funds		39,594
TOTAL	\$99,594	\$99,594

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2006

Note 7 – Amendments to Original Appropriations Budget

Amendments beyond the object level must be approved by the Board of Health. In 2006, the original appropriation measure was increased and decreased by the Board with the net effect as follows: General Fund \$235,000 and Special Revenue Funds \$359,815.

Note 8 - Risk Management

The Health District is exposed to various risks of property and casualty losses, and injuries to employees.

The Health District insures against injuries to employees through the Ohio Bureau of Worker's Compensation.

The Health District belongs to the Public Entities Pool of Ohio (PEP), a risk-sharing pool available to Ohio local governments. The Pool provides property and casualty coverage for its members. PEP is a member of the American Public Entity Excess Pool (APEEP). Member governments pay annual contributions to fund PEP. PEP pays judgments, settlements and other expenses resulting from covered claims that exceed the members' deductibles.

Casualty Coverage

For an occurrence prior to January 1, 2006 PEP retains casualty risks up to \$250,000 per occurrence, including claim adjustment expenses. PEP pays a percentage of its contributions to APEEP. APEEP reinsures claims exceeding \$250,000, up to \$1,750,000 per claim and \$10,000,000 in the aggregate per year. For an occurrence on or subsequent to January 1, 2006, the Pool retains casualty risk up to \$350,000 per occurrence, including loss adjustment expenses. Claims exceeding \$350,000 are reinsured with APEEP in an amount not to exceed \$2,650,000 for each claim and \$10,000,000 in the aggregate per year. Governments can elect up to \$10,000,000 in additional coverage with the General Reinsurance Corporation, through contracts with PEP.

If losses exhaust PEP's retained earnings, APEEP provides *excess of funds available* coverage up to \$5,000,000 per year, subject to a per-claim limit of \$2,000,000 (for claims prior to January 1, 2006) or \$3,000,000 (for claims on or after January 1, 2006) as noted above.

Property Coverage

Through 2004, PEP retains property risks, including automobile physical damage, up to \$100,000 on any specific loss in any one occurrence. The Travelers Indemnity Company reinsures losses exceeding \$100,000 up to \$500 million per occurrence.

Beginning in 2005, Travelers reinsures specific losses exceeding \$250,000 up to \$600 million per occurrence. APEEP reinsures members for specific losses exceeding \$100,000 up to \$250,000 per occurrence, subject to an annual aggregate loss payment. Travelers provides aggregate stop-loss coverage based upon the combined members' total insurable value. If the stop loss is reached by payment of losses between \$100,000 and \$250,000, Travelers will reinsure specific losses exceeding \$100,000 up to their \$600 million per occurrence limit. The aggregate stop-loss limit for 2006 was \$1,901,127.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2006

Note 8 - Risk Management (continued)

The aforementioned casualty and property reinsurance agreements do not discharge the PEP's primary liability for claims payments on covered losses. Claims exceeding coverage limits are the obligation of the respective local government.

Property and casualty settlements did not exceed insurance coverage for the past three fiscal years.

Financial Position

PEP's financial statements (audited by other accountants) conform with generally accepted accounting principles, and reported the following assets, liabilities and retained earnings at December 31, 2006 and 2005.

Casualty Coverage	<u>2006</u>	<u>2005</u>
Assets	\$30,997,868	\$29,719,675
Liabilities	(15,875,741)	(15,994,168)
Retained earnings	<u>\$15,122,127</u>	<u>\$13,725,507</u>

Property Coverage	<u>2006</u>	<u>2005</u>
Assets	\$5,125,326	\$4,443,332
Liabilities	(863,163)	(1,068,245)
Retained earnings	<u>\$4,262,163</u>	<u>\$3,375,087</u>

At December 31, 2006 and 2005, respectively, casualty coverage liabilities noted above include approximately \$14.4 million and \$14.3 million of estimated incurred claims payable. The Casualty Coverage assets and retained earnings above also include approximately \$14.4 million and \$14.3 million of unpaid claims to be billed to approximately 447 member governments in the future, as of December 31, 2006 and 2005, respectively. These amounts will be included in future contributions from members when the related claims are due for payment. The Government's share of these unpaid claims collectible in future years is approximately \$50,000. This payable includes the subsequent year's contribution due if the Government terminates participation, as described in the last paragraph below.

Based on discussions with PEP the expected rates PEP charges to compute member contributions, which are used to pay claims as they become due, are not expected to change significantly from those used to determine the historical contributions detailed below. By contract, the annual liability of each member is limited to the amount of financial contributions required to be made to PEP for each year of membership.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2006

Note 8 - Risk Management (continued)

Contributions to PEP		
2004		\$23,546
2005		\$24,862
2006		\$25,772

After completing one year of membership, members may withdraw on each anniversary of the date they joined PEP. They must provide written notice to PEP 60 days in advance of the anniversary date. Upon withdrawal, members are eligible for a full or partial refund of their capital contributions, minus the subsequent year's contribution. Withdrawing members have no other future obligation to the pool. Also upon withdrawal, payments for all casualty claims and claim expenses become the sole responsibility of the withdrawing member, regardless of whether a claim was incurred or reported prior to the withdrawal.

Note 9 - Defined Benefit Pension Plans

Ohio Public Employees Retirement System

All full-time employees, other than teachers, participate in the Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS) which is a public employee retirement system created by the State of Ohio OPERS administers three separate pension plans as described below:

- The Traditional Pension Plan a cost sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan;
- The Member-Directed Plan a defined contribution plan in which the member invests both member and employer contributions (employer contributions vest over five years at 20 percent per year). Under the Member-Directed Plan members accumulate retirement assets equal to the value of member and vested employer contributions plus any investment earnings.
- The Combined Plan a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan.
 Under the Combined Plan, OPERS invests employer contributions to provide a formula
 retirement benefit similar in nature to the Traditional Pension Plan benefit. Member
 contributions, the investment of which is self-directed by the members, accumulate
 retirement assets in a manner similar to the Member-Directed Plan.

OPERS, provides retirement, disability, survivor and death benefits and annual cost of living adjustments to members of the Traditional Pension and Combined Plans. Members of the Member-Directed plan do not qualify for ancillary benefits. The authority to establish and amend benefits is provided in Chapter 145 of the Ohio Revised Code. OPERS, issues a stand-alone financial report. Interested parties may obtain a copy by writing to OPERS, 277 East Town Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215-4642 or by calling 614-222-6701 or 800-222-7377.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2006

Note 9 - Defined Benefit Pension Plans (continued)

The Ohio Revised Code provides statutory authority for employee and employer contributions. For 2006, member and employer contribution rates were consistent across all three plans. The employee contribution rate for 2006 was 9.0% for employees. The 2006 employer contribution rate was 13.70% of covered payroll. The Health District's contributions to PERS for the years ended December 31, 2006, 2005 and 2004 were \$306,100, \$261,258, and \$275,444 respectively, 100% has been contributed for the years 2006, 2005, and 2004.

Note 10 - Postemployment Benefits

Ohio Public Employees Retirement System

The Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS) provides postretirement health care coverage to qualifying members of both the Traditional and the Combined Plans. Members of the Member-Directed Plan do not qualify for post-employment health care coverage. In order to qualify for post-retirement health care coverage, age and service retirees must have 10 or more years of qualifying Ohio service credit. Health care coverage for disability recipients and primary survivor recipients is available. The health care coverage provided by the retirement system is considered an Other Post-employment Benefit (OPEB) as described in GASB Statement No. 12.

A portion of each employer's contribution to OPERS is set aside for the funding of post-retirement health care based on authority granted by state statute. The 2006 employer contribution rate was 13.7 % of covered payroll for employees not engaged in law enforcement, 4.5 % was the portion that was used to fund health care.

Assumptions and calculations were based on the System's latest Actuarial Review performed as of December 31, 2005. An entry age normal actuarial cost method of valuation is used in determining the present value of OPEB. The difference between assumed and actual experience (actuarial gains and losses) becomes part of unfunded actuarial accrued liability. All investments are carried at market value. For actuarial valuation purposes, a smoothed market approach is used. Under this approach assets are adjusted annually to reflect 25.00% of unrealized market appreciation or depreciation on investment assets. The investment assumption rate for 2005 was 6.5%. An annual increase of 4.00% compounded annually, is the base portion of the individual pay increase assumption. This assumes no change in the number of active employees. Additionally, annual pay increases, over and above the 4.00% base increase were assumed to range from .50% to 6.30%. Health care costs were assumed to increase at the project wage inflation rate plus an additional factor ranging from .50% to 6.00% for the next 9 years. In subsequent years health care costs were assumed to increase at 4.00%.

At December 31, 2006, the total number of active contributing participants was 369,214. The 2006 rate of 4.50% was the actuarially determined contribution requirements for OPERS. The number of active contributing participants in the December 31, 2005 actuarial valuation was 358,804. As of December 31, 2005, the net assets available for future OPEB were \$11.1 billion. The Health District's actual contributions for 2005 which were used to fund OPEB were \$100,544 for employees. The actuarially accrued liability and the unfunded actuarial accrued liability, based on the actuarial cost method used, were \$31.3 billion and \$20.2 billion, respectively.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2006

Note 10 - Postemployment Benefits (continued)

The Health Care Preservation Plan (HCPP) adopted by the OPERS Retirement Board on September 9, 2004, is effective on January 1, 2007. OPERS took additional actions to improve the solvency of the Health Care Fund in 2005 by creating a separate investment pool for health care assets. Member and employer contribution rates increased as of January 1, 2006, and January 1, 2007, which will allow additional funds to be allocated to the health care plan.

Note 11 - Other Employee Benefits

Health District employees have the option of participating in four state-wide deferred compensation plans created in accordance with the Internal Revenue Code Section 457. Under this program, employees elect to have a portion of their pay deferred until a future time. According to this plan, the deferred compensation is not available to employees until termination, retirement, death or unforeseeable emergency. The deferred pay and any income earned thereon is not subject to income tax until actually received by the employee. All amounts of compensation deferred under the plan, all property and rights purchased with those amounts, and all income attributable to those amounts, property or rights (until paid or made available to the employee or other beneficiary) must be held in a trust, custodial account, or annuity contract for the exclusive benefit of plan participants and their beneficiaries. Deferred amounts from the plan are not considered "made available" just because a trust, custodial account or annuity contract holds these amounts. The Plan Agreement states that the County and the plan administrators have no liability for losses under the plan with the exception of fraud or wrongful taking.

Note 12 - Contingent Liabilities

Amounts grantor agencies pay to the Health District are subject to audit and adjustment by the grantor, principally the federal government. Grantors may require refunding any disallowed costs. Management cannot presently determine amounts grantors may disallow. However, based on prior experience, management believes any refunds would be immaterial.

SCHEDULE OF FEDERAL AWARDS EXPENDITURES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2006

Federal Grantor/ Pass Through Grantor	Pass Through Entity	Federal CFDA	
Program Title	Number	Number	Disbursements
LLC DEDARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN CERVICES			
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES Passed Through Ohio Department of Health			
Preventive Health and Health Services Block Grant - Injury Prevention	N/A	93.991	34,678
Immunization Grants	N/A	93.268	31,495
Centers for Disease Control and Prevention; Investigations and	14//	00.200	01,100
Technical Assistance	N/A	93.283	190,111
TOTAL U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES			256,284
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION			
Passed Through Ohio Department of Public Safety			
State and Community Highway Safety Grant	N/A	20.600	50,479
TOTAL DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION			50,479
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE			
Passed Through Ohio Department of Health			
Special Supplemental Nutrition Program for Women, Infants,			
and Children (WIC Program)	N/A	10.557	401,686
TOTAL DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE			401,686
TOTAL			\$ 708,449

The accompanying notes to this schedule are an integral part of this schedule.

NOTES TO THE FEDERAL AWARDS EXPENDITURES SCHEDULE FISCAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2006

NOTE A - SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accompanying Federal Awards Expenditures Schedule (the Schedule) summarizes activity of the District's federal award programs. The schedule has been prepared on the cash basis of accounting

NOTE B - MATCHING REQUIREMENTS

Certain Federal programs require that the District contribute non-Federal funds (matching funds) to support the Federally-funded programs. The District has complied with the matching requirements. The expenditure of non-Federal matching funds is not included on the Schedule.



Mary Taylor, CPA Auditor of State

INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS REQUIRED BY GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Clermont County General Health District Clermont County 2275 Bauer Road, Suite 300 Batavia, Ohio 45103

To the Members of the Board:

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Clermont County General Health District, Clermont County, Ohio (the District), as of and for the year ended December 31, 2006, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated September 7, 2007. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our audit procedures for expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not to opine on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we have not opined on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over financial reporting.

A control deficiency exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect misstatements on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a control deficiency, or combination of control deficiencies, that adversely affects the District's ability to initiate, authorize, record, process, or report financial data reliably in accordance with its applicable accounting basis, such that there is more than a remote likelihood that the District's internal control will not prevent or detect a more-than-inconsequential financial statement misstatement.

A material weakness is a significant deficiency, or combination of significant deficiencies resulting in more than a remote likelihood that the District's internal control will not prevent or detect a material financial statement misstatement.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and would not necessarily identify all internal control deficiencies that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider material weaknesses, as defined above.

Clermont County General Health District Clermont County Independent Accountants' Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Required by *Government Auditing Standards* Page 2

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of reasonably assuring whether the District's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we tested its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could directly and materially affect the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and accordingly, we do not express an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters we must report under *Government Auditing Standards*.

We intend this report solely for the information and use of the audit committee, management, the Board, and federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities. We intend it for no one other than these specified parties.

Mary Taylor, CPA Auditor of State

Mary Saylor

September 7, 2007



Mary Taylor, CPA Auditor of State

INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH REQUIREMENTS APPLICABLE TO EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE IN ACCORDANCE WITH OMB CIRCULAR A-133

Clermont County General Health District Clermont County 2275 Bauer Road, Suite 300 Batavia, Ohio 45103

To the Members of the Board:

Compliance

We have audited the compliance of Clermont County General Health District, Clermont County, Ohio (the District), with the types of compliance requirements described in the U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) *Circular A-133, Compliance Supplement* that apply to its major federal program for the year ended December 31, 2006. The summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings identifies the District's major federal program. The District's management is responsible for complying with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to each major federal program. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the District's compliance based on our audit

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. Those standards and OMB Circular A-133 require that we plan and perform the audit to reasonably assure whether noncompliance occurred with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could directly and materially affect a major federal program. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the District's compliance with those requirements and performing other procedures we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our audit does not provide a legal determination on the District's compliance with those requirements.

In our opinion, the Clermont County General Health District complied, in all material respects, with the requirements referred to above that apply to its major federal program for the year ended December 31, 2006.

Internal Control Over Compliance

The District's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to federal programs. In planning and performing our audit, we considered the District's internal control over compliance with requirements that could directly and materially affect a major federal program in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on compliance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over compliance.

Corporate Centre of Blue Ash / 11117 Kenwood Rd. / Blue Ash, OH 45242 Telephone: (513) 361-8550 (800) 368-7419 Fax: (513) 361-8577 www.auditor.state.oh.us

Clermont County General Health District
Clermont County
Independent Accountants' Report on Compliance with Requirements
Applicable to Each Major Federal Program and Internal Control
Over Compliance in Accordance with OMB Circular A-133
Page 2

A control deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, when performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect noncompliance with a federal program compliance requirement on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a control deficiency, or combination of control deficiencies, that adversely affects the entity's ability to administer a federal program such that there is more than a remote likelihood that the entity's internal control will not prevent or detect more-than-inconsequential noncompliance with a federal program compliance requirement.

A material weakness is a significant deficiency, or combination of significant deficiencies, that results in more than a remote likelihood that the District's internal control will not prevent or detect material noncompliance with a federal program's compliance requirements.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

We intend this report solely for the information and use of the audit committee, management, the Board, federal awarding agencies, and pass-through entities. It is not intended for anyone other than these specified parties.

Mary Taylor, CPA Auditor of State

Mary Taylor

September 7, 2007

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS OMB CIRCULAR A -133 § .505 DECEMBER 31, 2006

1. SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

(d)(1)(i)	Type of Financial Statement Opinion	Unqualified
(d)(1)(ii)	Were there any material control weaknesses reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
(d)(1)(ii)	Were there any other significant deficiencies in internal control reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
(d)(1)(iii)	Was there any reported material noncompliance at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
(d)(1)(iv)	Were there any material internal control weaknesses reported for major federal programs?	No
(d)(1)(iv)	Were there any other significant deficiencies in internal control reported for major federal programs?	No
(d)(1)(v)	Type of Major Programs' Compliance Opinion	Unqualified
(d)(1)(vi)	Are there any reportable findings under § .510?	No
(d)(1)(vii)	Major Programs (list):	Special Supplemental Nutrition Program For Women, Infants, and Children (WIC) – CFDA #10.557
(d)(1)(viii)	Dollar Threshold: Type A\B Programs	Type A: > \$ 300,000 Type B: all others
(d)(1)(ix)	Low Risk Auditee?	Yes

2. FINDINGS RELATED TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS

None.

3	FINDINGS		OUESTIONED	COSTS	FOR FEDERAL	AWARDS
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None.



Mary Taylor, CPA Auditor of State

GENERAL HEALTH DISTRICT

CLERMONT COUNTY

CLERK'S CERTIFICATION

This is a true and correct copy of the report which is required to be filed in the Office of the Auditor of State pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in Columbus, Ohio.

CLERK OF THE BUREAU

Susan Babbitt

CERTIFIED SEPTEMBER 27, 2007