BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (AUDITED)

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006



Mary Taylor, CPA Auditor of State

Board of Education Fairbanks Local School District 11158 State Route 38 Milford Center, Ohio 43045

We have reviewed the *Independent Auditor's Report* of the Fairbanks Local School District, Union County, prepared by Julian and Grube, Inc., for the audit period July 1, 2005 through June 30, 2006. Based upon this review, we have accepted these reports in lieu of the audit required by Section 117.11, Revised Code. The Auditor of State did not audit the accompanying financial statements and, accordingly, we are unable to express, and do not express an opinion on them.

Our review was made in reference to the applicable sections of legislative criteria, as reflected by the Ohio Constitution, and the Revised Code, policies, procedures and guidelines of the Auditor of State, regulations and grant requirements. The Fairbanks Local School District is responsible for compliance with these laws and regulations.

Mary Taylor, CPA Auditor of State

Mary Taylor

January 23, 2007



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Julian & Grube, Inc.

Serving Ohio Local Governments

333 County Line Rd. West, Westerville, OH 43082 Phone: 614.846.1899 Fax: 614.846.2799

Independent Auditor's Report

Board of Education Fairbanks Local School District 11158 State Route 38 Milford Center, OH 43045-9764

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Fairbanks Local School District, Union County, (the "District"), as of and for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2006, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the District's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Fairbanks Local School District, Union County, as of June 30, 2006, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows, where applicable, thereof and the respective budgetary comparisons for the general fund for the fiscal year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

As disclosed in Note 3 to the financial statements, net assets has been restated at July 1, 2005 due to errors and omissions in the amounts reported as capital assets in the prior year.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated November 30, 2006, on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* and should be considered in assessing the results of our audit.

Independent Auditor's Report Fairbanks Local School District Page 2

Julian & Sube, Ehre!

The management's discussion and analysis is not a required part of the basic financial statements but is supplementary information required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

Julian & Grube, Inc. November 30, 2006

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006

The management's discussion and analysis of Fairbanks Local School District's (the District) financial performance provides an overall review of the District's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2006. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the District's financial performance as a whole; readers should also review the basic financial statements and the notes to the basic financial statements to enhance their understanding of the District's financial performance.

Financial Highlights

Key financial highlights for 2006 are as follows:

- In total, net assets increased \$1,162,703. Net assets of governmental activities increased \$1,164,827, which represents a 30.04% increase from 2005. Net assets of business-type activities decreased \$2,124 from 2005.
- General revenues accounted for \$9,484,740, or 91.69%, of all revenues. Program specific revenues in the form of charges for services and sales, grants and contributions accounted for \$859,794, or 8.31%, of total revenues of \$10,344,534.
- The District had \$9,143,692 in expenses related to governmental activities; only \$823,779 of these expenses was offset by program specific charges for services, grants or contributions. General revenues supporting governmental activities (primarily taxes and unrestricted grants and entitlements) of \$9,484,740 were adequate to provide for the programs.
- The District's major governmental funds are the general fund and the building fund. The general fund had \$9,069,314 in revenues and \$8,169,027 in expenditures and other financing uses. The general fund's fund balance increased \$900,287 from a balance of \$1,048,437 to \$1,948,724.
- The building fund had \$11,424,945 in revenues and other financing sources. The building fund's fund balance increased \$11,424,945 to \$11,424,945.
- Net assets for the District's enterprise fund decreased \$2,124. The Fairbanks Elementary Extended Day Program (F.E.E.D. Program), a non-major enterprise fund, had \$36,015 in operating revenues and \$38,139 in operating expenses.

Using the Basic Financial Statements

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements and notes to those statements. These statements are organized so the reader can understand the District as a financial whole, an entire operating entity. The statements then proceed to provide an increasingly detailed look at specific financial activities.

The Statement of Net Assets and Statement of Activities provide information about the activities of the whole District, presenting both an aggregate view of the District's finances and a longer-term view of those finances. Fund financial statements provide the next level of detail. For governmental funds, these statements tell how services were financed in the short-term as well as what remains for future spending. The fund financial statements also look at the District's most significant funds with all other non-major funds presented in total in one column. In the case of the District, the general fund and building fund are by far the most significant funds, and the only governmental funds reported as major funds.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006

Reporting the District as a Whole

Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities

While this document contains the large number of funds used by the District to provide programs and activities, the view of the District as a whole looks at all financial transactions and asks the question, "How did we do financially during 2006?" The Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities answer this question. These statements include *all assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses* using the *accrual basis of accounting* similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. This basis of accounting will take into account all of the current year's revenues and expenses regardless of when cash is received or paid.

These two statements report the District's *net assets* and changes in those assets. This change in net assets is important because it tells the reader that, for the District as a whole, the *financial position* of the District has improved or diminished. The causes of this change may be the result of many factors, some financial, some not. Non-financial factors include the District's property tax base, current property tax laws in Ohio restricting revenue growth, facility conditions, required educational programs and other factors.

In the Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities, the District is divided into two distinct kinds of activities:

Governmental Activities - Most of the District's programs and services are reported here including instruction, support services, operation and maintenance of plant, pupil transportation and extracurricular activities.

Business-Type Activities - These services are provided on a charge for goods or services basis to recover all or a significant portion of the expenses of the goods or services provided. The District's F.E.E.D. Program operations are reported as business activities.

The District's statement of net assets and statement of activities can be found on pages 14-16 of this report.

Reporting the District's Most Significant Funds

Fund Financial Statements

The analysis of the District's major governmental funds and the analysis of the District's enterprise fund begin on page 10. Fund financial reports provide detailed information about the District's major funds. The District uses many funds to account for a multitude of financial transactions. However, these fund financial statements focus on the District's most significant funds. The District's only major governmental funds are the general fund and the building fund.

Governmental Funds

Most of the District's activities are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at year-end available for spending in future periods. These funds are reported using an accounting method called *modified accrual* accounting, which measures cash and all other *financial assets* that can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed *short-term* view of the District's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance educational programs. The relationship (or differences) between governmental *activities* (reported in the Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities) and governmental *funds* is reconciled in the financial statements. The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 17-21 of this report.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006

Proprietary Funds

Proprietary funds use the same basis of accounting as business-type activities; therefore, these statements will essentially match information provided in the statements for the District as a whole. The basic proprietary fund financial statements can be found on pages 22-24 of this report.

Reporting the District's Fiduciary Responsibilities

The District is the trustee, or fiduciary, for its scholarship programs. This activity is presented as a private-purpose trust fund. The District also acts in a trustee capacity as an agent for individuals. These activities are reported in an agency fund. All of the District's fiduciary activities are reported in separate Statements of Fiduciary Net Assets and Changes in Fiduciary Net Assets on pages 25 and 26. These activities are excluded from the District's other financial statements because the assets cannot be utilized by the District to finance its operations.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. These notes to the basic financial statements can be found on pages 27-53 of this report.

The District as a Whole

The Statement of Net Assets provides the perspective of the District as a whole. The table below shows the net assets for governmental activities and business-type activities fiscal years 2006 and 2005. Net assets were restated at June 30, 2005 (See Note 3.B for details).

Net Assets

	Governmental Activities		Business-Ty	pe Activities	Total		
	2006	Restated 2005	2006	2005	2006	Restated 2005	
<u>Assets</u>							
Current assets	\$ 18,352,218	\$ 6,127,410	\$ 3,017	\$ 6,896	\$ 18,355,235	\$ 6,134,306	
Capital assets, net	3,167,953	3,323,653			3,167,953	3,323,653	
Total assets	21,520,171	9,451,063	3,017	6,896	21,523,188	9,457,959	
Liabilities							
Current liabilities	4,460,330	4,939,778	2,166	3,921	4,462,496	4,943,699	
Long-term liabilities	12,017,328	633,599			12,017,328	633,599	
Total liabilities	16,477,658	5,573,377	2,166	3,921	16,479,824	5,577,298	
Net Assets							
Invested in capital							
assets, net of related debt	2,910,953	3,043,653	=	-	2,910,953	3,043,653	
Restricted	152,855	142,965	-	-	152,855	142,965	
Unrestricted	1,978,705	691,068	851	2,975	1,979,556	694,043	
Total net assets	\$ 5,042,513	\$ 3,877,686	\$ 851	\$ 2,975	\$ 5,043,364	\$ 3,880,661	

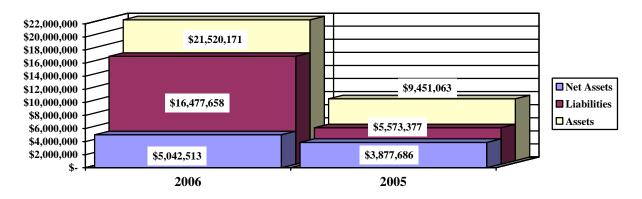
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006

Over time, net assets can serve as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. At June 30, 2006, the District's assets exceeded liabilities by \$5,043,364. \$5,042,513 of this total is in governmental activities, and \$851 is in business-type activities.

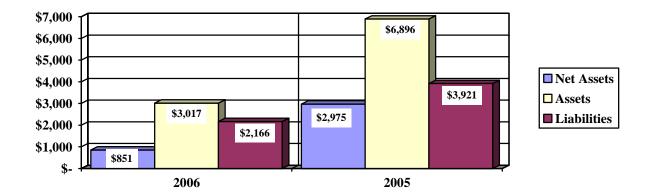
Capital assets reported on the government-wide statements represented 14.72% of total assets. Capital assets include land, land improvements, buildings and improvements, furniture and equipment and vehicles. Capital assets, net of related debt to acquire the assets at June 30, 2006, were \$2,910,953 in the governmental activities. These capital assets are used to provide services to students and are not available for future spending. Although the District's investment in capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources to repay the debt must be provided from other sources, since capital assets may not be used to liquidate these liabilities.

A portion of the District's net assets, \$152,855, represents resources that are subject to external restriction on how they may be used. In the governmental activities, the remaining balance of unrestricted net assets was \$1,978,708.

Governmental - Net Assets



Business-Type - Net Assets



MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006

The table below shows the change in net assets for governmental activities and business-type activities fiscal years 2006 and 2005:

Change in Net Assets

	Governmen	tal Activities	Business-Ty	pe Activities	T	otal
	2006	2005	2006	2005	2006	2005
Revenues						
Program revenues:						
Charges for services and sales	\$ 322,660	\$ 300,159	\$ 36,015	\$ 64,829	\$ 358,675	\$ 364,988
Operating grants and contributions	501,119	472,542	_	-	501,119	472,542
Capital grants and contributions	-	7,245	_	-	-	7,245
General revenues:						
Taxes	6,693,214	4,885,648	-	-	6,693,214	4,885,648
Grants and entitlements	2,575,268	2,377,749	-	-	2,575,268	2,377,749
Investment earnings	123,892	47,432	-	-	123,892	47,432
Other	92,366	82,808			92,366	82,808
Total revenues	10,308,519	8,173,583	36,015	64,829	10,344,534	8,238,412
Expenses						
Program expenses:						
Instruction:						
Regular	4,035,271	3,696,158	-	-	4,035,271	3,696,158
Special	654,049	592,963	-	-	654,049	592,963
Vocational	29,820	1,352	-	-	29,820	1,352
Other	23,466	-	-	-	23,466	-
Support services:						
Pupil	553,103	477,703	-	-	553,103	477,703
Instructional staff	458,067	394,827	-	-	458,067	394,827
Board of Education	60,914	48,457	-	-	60,914	48,457
Administration	762,153	807,740	-	-	762,153	807,740
Fiscal	292,624	299,758	-	-	292,624	299,758
Operations and maintenance	770,216	788,379	-	-	770,216	788,379
Pupil transportation	767,543	691,297	-	-	767,543	691,297
Central	6,770	2,324	-	-	6,770	2,324
Food service	180,545	185,611	-	-	180,545	185,611
Operation of non-instructional services	183,561	205,605	-	-	183,561	205,605
Extracurricular activities	301,268	248,665	-	-	301,268	248,665
Interest and fiscal charges	64,322	14,089	-	-	64,322	14,089
F.E.E.D. Program			38,139	57,627	38,139	57,627
Total expenses	9,143,692	8,454,928	38,139	57,627	9,181,831	8,512,555
Changes in net assets	1,164,827	(281,345)	(2,124)	7,202	1,162,703	(274,143)
Net assets at beginning of year - restated	3,877,686	4,159,031	2,975	(4,227)	3,880,661	4,154,804
Net assets at end of year	\$5,042,513	\$3,877,686	\$ 851	\$ 2,975	\$5,043,364	\$ 3,880,661

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006

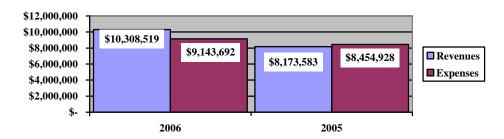
Governmental Activities

Net assets of the District's governmental activities increased \$1,164,827. Total governmental expenses of \$9,143,692 were offset by program revenues of \$823,779 and general revenues of \$9,484,740. Program revenues supported 9.01% of the total governmental expenses.

The primary sources of revenue for governmental activities are derived from property taxes, income taxes and grants and entitlements. These revenue sources represent 89.91% of total governmental revenue. Real estate property is reappraised every six years.

The graph below presents the District's governmental activities revenue and expenses for fiscal years 2006 and 2005.

Governmental Activities - Revenues and Expenses



MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006

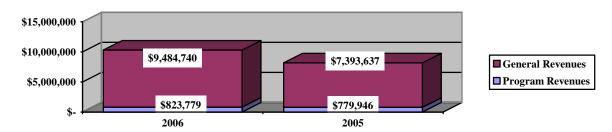
The Statement of Activities shows the cost of program services and the charges for services and grants offsetting those services. The following table shows, for governmental activities, the total cost of services and the net cost of services for 2006 and 2005. That is, it identifies the cost of these services supported by tax revenue and unrestricted State grants and entitlements.

Governmental Activities								
	T	otal Cost of Services 2006	Net Cost of Services 2006	To	otal Cost of Services 2005	1	Net Cost of Services 2005	
Program expenses:								
Instruction:								
Regular	\$	4,035,271	\$ 3,974,981	\$	3,696,158	\$	3,598,200	
Special		654,049	592,907		592,963		541,559	
Vocational		29,820	29,820		1,352		3	
Other		23,466	23,466		-		-	
Support services:								
Pupil		553,103	428,206		477,703		383,727	
Instructional staff		458,067	376,104		394,827		313,928	
Board of Education		60,914	60,914		48,457		48,457	
Administration		762,153	757,153		807,740		802,740	
Fiscal		292,624	292,624		299,758		299,758	
Operations and maintenance		770,216	770,216		788,379		788,379	
Pupil transportation		767,543	678,683		691,297		643,431	
Central		6,770	770		2,324		(3,676)	
Food service		183,561	10,989		185,611		30,541	
Operation of non-instructional services		301,268	245,040		205,605		42,710	
Extracurricular activities		180,545	13,718		248,665		171,136	
Interest and fiscal charges		64,322	64,322		14,089		14,089	
Total expenses	\$	9,143,692	\$ 8,319,913	\$	8,454,928	\$	7,674,982	

The dependence upon tax revenues during fiscal year 2006 for governmental activities is apparent, as 97.44% of 2006 instruction activities are supported through taxes and other general revenues. General revenue support for all governmental activities was 90.99% in 2006. The District's taxpayers as a whole are by far the primary support for District's students.

The graph below presents the District's governmental activities revenue for fiscal years 2006 and 2005.

Governmental Activities - General and Program Revenues



MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006

Business-Type Activities

Business-type activities include the F.E.E.D. Program operation. This program had operating revenues of \$36,015 and operating expenses of \$38,139 for fiscal year 2006. The District's business activities receive no support from tax revenues.

The District's Funds

The District's governmental funds (as presented on the balance sheet on page 17) reported a combined fund balance of \$13,416,793, which is higher than last year's balance of \$1,109,217. The schedule below indicates the fund balance and the total change in fund balance as of June 30, 2006 and 2005.

	Fund Balance	Fund Balance	Increase
	June 30, 2006	June 30, 2005	(Decrease)
General	\$ 1,948,724	\$ 1,048,437	\$ 900,287
Building	11,424,945	-	11,424,945
Other Governmental	43,124	60,780	(17,656)
Total	\$ 13,416,793	\$ 1,109,217	\$12,307,576

General Fund

The District's general fund balance increased \$900,287, due to revenues increasing faster than expenditures during 2006. The table that follows assists in illustrating the financial activities and fund balance of the general fund.

	2006	2005	Percentage
	Amount	Amount	Change
Revenues			
Taxes	\$ 6,265,001	\$ 4,882,221	28.32 %
Tuition	13,540	18,352	(26.22) %
Interest earnings	88,959	47,432	87.55 %
Intergovernmental	2,575,268	2,377,749	8.31 %
Other revenues	126,546	85,831	47.44 %
Total	\$ 9,069,314	\$ 7,411,585	22.37 %
Expenditures			
Instruction	\$ 4,545,857	\$ 4,087,738	11.21 %
Support services	3,375,242	3,419,599	(1.30) %
Extracurricular activities	199,406	172,136	15.84 %
Total	\$ 8,120,505	\$ 7,679,473	5.74 %

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006

General Fund Budgeting Highlights

The District's budget is prepared according to Ohio law and is based on accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements and encumbrances. The most significant budgeted fund is the general fund.

During the course of fiscal 2006, the District amended its general fund budget numerous times, none significant. The District uses site-based budgeting and the budgeting systems are designed to tightly control total site budgets but provide flexibility for site management.

For the general fund, final budgeted revenues and other financing sources were \$8,169,228, above original budgeted revenues estimates of \$8,046,681. Actual revenues and other financing sources for fiscal 2006 was \$8,656,194, which is \$486,966 higher than final budgeted revenues.

General fund original appropriations (appropriated expenditures including other financing uses) of \$8,390,102 were increased to \$8,515,277 in the final budget. The actual budget basis expenditures and other financing uses for fiscal year 2006 totaled \$8,261,420, which is \$253,857 lower than the final appropriations.

Capital Assets and Debt Administration

Capital Assets

At the end of fiscal 2006, the District had \$3,167,953 invested in land, land improvements, buildings and improvements, furniture and equipment and vehicles. This total amount was reported in governmental activities. See Note 3.B for restatement of capital assets at June 30, 2005. The following table shows fiscal 2006 balances compared to 2005:

Capital Assets at June 30 (Net of Depreciation)

	Government	tal Activities		
		Restated		
	2006	2005		
Land	\$ 80,849	\$ 80,849		
Land improvements	74,699	96,107		
Building and improvements	2,011,308	2,035,660		
Furniture and equipment	658,078	697,338		
Vehicles	343,019	413,699		
Total	\$ 3,167,953	\$ 3,323,653		

The overall decrease in capital assets of \$155,700 is due to depreciation expense of \$320,004 and disposals of \$1,598 (net of accumulated depreciation) exceeding capital outlay of \$165,902 in the fiscal year.

See Note 8 to the basic financial statements for additional information on the District's capital assets.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006

Debt Administration

At June 30, 2006 the District had \$257,000 in general obligation notes outstanding. Of this total, \$26,000 is due within one year and \$231,000 is due within greater than one year. The District entered into a bond anticipation note in the amount of \$11,400,000. The entire \$11,400,000 is due in one year. The following table summarizes the notes outstanding.

Outstanding Debt, at Year End

	Governmental Activities2006	Governmental Activities 2005
General obligation notes Bond anticipation note	\$ 257,000 11,400,000	\$ 280,000
Total	\$ 11,657,000	\$ 280,000

At June 30, 2006 the District's overall legal debt margin was \$14,810,473 with an unvoted debt margin of \$164,450.

See Note 9 to the basic financial statements for additional information on the District's debt administration.

Current Financial Related Activities

An emergency-operating levy of 9.5 mills (4.5 mill renewal with an increase of 4.9) was passed in November 2004, providing much needed revenue stability and growth for the Fairbanks Local School District. The District had entered into a deficit spending cycle in fiscal year 2004. This is a five-year property tax levy with an expiration of December 2009, providing \$1,399,000 per year towards District revenues. In addition, the District continues to benefit from a stable economy. Higher short-term interest rates have raised investment income, while income tax receipts continue to rise as well. The District further experienced revenue growth through state aid, mostly due to increases in student enrollment. On the expenditure side, health insurance premiums have leveled off for the present time, helping contain the overall growth in operational expenditures.

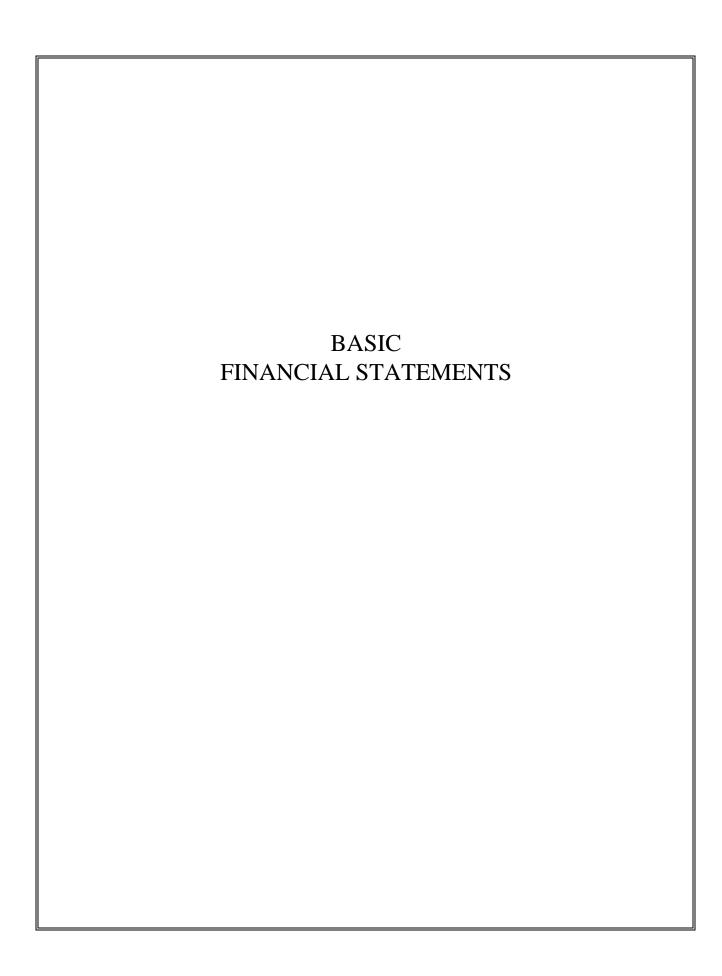
HB 66 made changes to the tax base for schools. The tangible personal property tax businesses contribute toward school revenues will be eliminated. This full elimination will be phased out over the next four years. The state will hold the district harmless from the loss during this four-year period, to a fiscal year 2004 level tangible personal property was providing approximately 10% towards total District revenues. No potential growth from this revenue source will be realized because of this change. In addition, the hold harmless payments will start being phased out in 2011. State aid revenues will also be negatively affected by recent changes, with a phasing out of the cost-of-doing business factor in the state funding formula. The above changes will have more impact on revenues for the longer term.

In summary, due to the levy passage in 2004, the District has current financial stability. Concerns continue for the longer term, as the reliance on local property taxes still exists. School funding in Ohio has not been resolved by the state, and questions remain about the future funding for Ohio Schools. And while demands for school services, requirements, and performance continue to grow, more financial resources will be required as well.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006

Contacting the District's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, and investors and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to show the District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information contact Mr. Aaron S. Johnson, Treasurer, Fairbanks Local School District, 1158 State Route 38, Milford Center, Ohio 43045.



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STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS JUNE 30, 2006

	 Governmental Activities	 Business-Type Activities	Total
Assets:			
Equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents Receivables:	\$ 13,580,060	\$ 3,017	\$ 13,583,077
Taxes	4,704,364	-	4,704,364
Intergovernmental	65,848	-	65,848
Materials and supplies inventory	1,841	-	1,841
Loans	105	-	105
Capital assets:			
Land	80,849	-	80,849
Depreciable capital assets, net	3,087,104	-	3,087,104
Capital assets, net	 3,167,953	 -	3,167,953
Total assets	21,520,171	 3,017	21,523,188
Liabilities:			
Accounts payable	89,317	-	89,317
Accrued wages and benefits	703,097	-	703,097
Pension obligation payable	200,233	1,839	202,072
Intergovernmental payable	77,079	327	77,406
Accrued interest payable	51,300	-	51,300
Deferred revenue	3,339,304	-	3,339,304
Long-term liabilities:			
Due within one year	11,489,447	-	11,489,447
Due in more than one year	 527,881	-	 527,881
Total liabilities	 16,477,658	 2,166	 16,479,824
Net Assets:			
Invested in capital assets, net			
of related debt	2,910,953	-	2,910,953
Restricted for:			
Capital projects	25,490	-	25,490
Debt service	9,988	-	9,988
State funded programs	7,155	-	7,155
Federally funded programs	18,917	-	18,917
Student activities	4,203	-	4,203
Set-asides	87,102	-	87,102
Unrestricted	 1,978,705	 851	 1,979,556
Total net assets	\$ 5,042,513	\$ 851	\$ 5,043,364

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006

				Program	Revenues	
	Expenses		S	arges for ervices nd Sales	Gr	perating ants and tributions
Governmental activities:						
Instruction:						
Regular	\$	4,035,271	\$	54,579	\$	5,711
Special		654,049		-		61,142
Vocational		29,820		-		-
Other		23,466		-		-
Support services:						
Pupil		553,103		-		124,897
Instructional staff		458,067		-		81,963
Board of education		60,914		-		-
Administration		762,153		-		5,000
Fiscal		292,624		-		-
Operations and maintenance		770,216		-		-
Pupil transportation		767,543		88,860		-
Central		6,770		· -		6,000
Operation of non-instructional		183,561		-		172,572
Extracurricular activities		301,268		56,228		-
Food service operations		180,545		122,993		43,834
Interest and fiscal charges		64,322		<u> </u>		<u> </u>
Total governmental activities		9,143,692		322,660		501,119
Business-type activities:						
Nonmajor enterprise:						
F.E.E.D. Program		38,139	-	36,015	-	
Total business-type activities		38,139		36,015		
Totals	\$	9,181,831	\$	358,675	\$	501,119
			Property t General School dis Grants and to specif Investmer Miscellan Total gene	Revenues: axes levied for: purposes strict income tax . d entitlements not r ic programs nt earnings eous eral revenues	estricted	·
			Net assets	s at beginning of y	ear (restated)

SEE ACCOMPANYING NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Net assets at end of year

Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Assets

G	overnmental Activities	 Business-Type Activities	Total
\$	(3,974,981)	\$ -	\$ (3,974,981)
	(592,907)	-	(592,907)
	(29,820)	-	(29,820)
	(23,466)	-	(23,466)
	(428,206)	-	(428,206)
	(376,104)	-	(376,104)
	(60,914)	-	(60,914)
	(757,153)	-	(757,153)
	(292,624)	-	(292,624)
	(770,216)	-	(770,216)
	(678,683)	-	(678,683)
	(770)	-	(770)
	(10,989)	-	(10,989)
	(245,040)	-	(245,040)
	(13,718) (64,322)	-	(13,718) (64,322)
	(8,319,913)	-	(8,319,913)
	<u>-</u>	 (2,124)	 (2,124)
	<u>-</u>	 (2,124)	 (2,124)
	(8,319,913)	 (2,124)	 (8,322,037)
	5,662,921	-	5,662,921
	1,030,293	-	1,030,293
	2,575,268	-	2,575,268
	123,892	-	123,892
	92,366	 <u> </u>	 92,366
	9,484,740	<u> </u>	 9,484,740
	1,164,827	(2,124)	1,162,703
	3,877,686	 2,975	 3,880,661
\$	5,042,513	\$ 851	\$ 5,043,364

BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2006

		General		Building	Gov	Other ernmental Funds	Go	Total overnmental Funds
Assets:								
Equity in pooled cash								
and cash equivalents	\$	1,970,337	\$	11,424,945	\$	97,676	\$	13,492,958
Receivables:		4.504.044						4.504.064
Taxes		4,704,364		-		-		4,704,364
Intergovernmental		34,250		-		31,598		65,848
Interfund receivable		12,476		-		-		12,476
Loans		105		-		1 041		105
Materials and supplies inventory		-		-		1,841		1,841
Restricted assets: Equity in pooled cash								
and cash equivalents		87,102						87,102
Total assets	\$	6,808,634	\$	11,424,945	\$	131,115	\$	18,364,694
Total assets	Φ	0,808,034	φ	11,424,943	Φ	131,113	Φ	10,304,094
Liabilities:								
Accounts payable	\$	77,088	\$	_	\$	12,229	\$	89,317
Accrued wages and benefits	Ψ	680,607	Ψ	_	Ψ	22,490	Ψ	703,097
Compensated absences payable		20,667		_		3,685		24,352
Pension obligation payable		190,493		-		9,740		200,233
Intergovernmental payable		73,772		-		3,307		77,079
Interfund payable		-		-		12,476		12,476
Deferred revenue		3,817,283		-		24,064		3,841,347
Total liabilities	' <u>-</u>	4,859,910		-		87,991		4,947,901
Fund Balances:								
Reserved for encumbrances		63,439		-		12,615		76,054
Reserved for materials and								
supplies inventory		-		-		1,841		1,841
Reserved for debt service		-		-		9,988		9,988
Reserved for property tax unavailable								450 450
for appropriation		458,459		-		-		458,459
Reserved for BWC refunds		87,102		-		-		87,102
Unreserved, undesignated, reported in:		1 220 724						1 220 724
General fund		1,339,724		-		10 125		1,339,724
Special revenue funds		-		11 424 045		18,135 545		18,135 11,425,490
Capital projects funds				11,424,945		343		11,423,490
Total fund balances		1,948,724		11,424,945		43,124		13,416,793
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	6,808,634	\$	11,424,945	\$	131,115	\$	18,364,694

RECONCILIATION OF TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUND BALANCES TO NET ASSETS OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES ${\tt JUNE~30,2006}$

Total governmental fund balances		\$ 13,416,793
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets are different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.		3,167,953
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current- period expenditures and therefore are deferred in the funds.		
Taxes Intergovernmental revenue	\$ 477,979 24,064	
Total		502,043
In the statement of activities interest is accrued on outstanding notes, whereas in governmental funds, interest expenditures are reported when due.		(51,300)
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds.		(31,300)
Compensated absences General obligation notes payable Bond anticipation note	 335,976 257,000 11,400,000	
Total		 (11,992,976)
Net assets of governmental activities		\$ 5,042,513

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006

	General Building		Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds	
Revenues:					
From local sources:					
Taxes	\$ 6,265,001	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 6,265,001	
Tuition	13,540	-	-	13,540	
Transportation fees	88,860	-	-	88,860	
Charges for services	-	-	122,993	122,993	
Earnings on investments	88,959	24,945	9,988	123,892	
Extracurricular	-	-	56,228	56,228	
Classroom materials and fees	-	-	41,039	41,039	
Other local revenues	37,686	-	54,680	92,366	
Intergovernmental - State	2,575,268	-	166,922	2,742,190	
Intergovernmental - Federal	<u> </u>		326,371	326,371	
Total revenue	9,069,314	24,945	778,221	9,872,480	
Expenditures: Current:					
Instruction:	3,901,766		41,931	3,943,697	
Regular	591,247	-	59.420	5,945,697 650,667	
Special	,	-	39,420	,	
Vocational	29,378	-	-	29,378	
Other	23,466	-	-	23,466	
Pupil	395,030	-	161,372	556,402	
Instructional staff	358,691	-	86,025	444,716	
Board of education	59,229	-	-	59,229	
Administration	745,006	-	15,725	760,731	
Fiscal	292,135	-	-	292,135	
Operations and maintenance	812,785	-	-	812,785	
Pupil transportation	712,272	-	-	712,272	
Central	94	-	6,676	6,770	
Operation of non-instructional services	-	-	183,301	183,301	
Extracurricular activities	199,406	-	85,753	285,159	
Food service operations	-	-	168,174	168,174	
Debt service:					
Principal retirement	-	-	23,000	23,000	
Interest and fiscal charges		<u> </u>	13,022	13,022	
Total expenditures	8,120,505	-	844,399	8,964,904	
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures.	948,809	24,945	(66,178)	907,576	
Other financing sources (uses):					
Issuance of bond anticipation note	-	11,400,000	-	11,400,000	
Transfers in	-	-	48,522	48,522	
Transfers (out)	(48,522)	-	-	(48,522)	
Total other financing sources (uses)	(48,522)	11,400,000	48,522	11,400,000	
Net change in fund balances	900,287	11,424,945	(17,656)	12,307,576	
Fund balances at beginning of year	1,048,437		60,780	1,109,217	
Fund balances at end of year	\$ 1,948,724	\$ 11,424,945	\$ 43,124	\$ 13,416,793	

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds		\$ 12,307,576
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:		
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. Depreciation expense exceeds capital outlay in the current period accordingly.		
Capital asset additions Current year depreciation	\$ 165,902 (320,004)	(154,102)
The net effect of various miscellaneous transactions involving capital assets (i.e., sales, disposals, trade-ins, and donations) is to decrease net assets.		(1,598)
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.		
Delinquent property taxes Intergovernmental	428,213 7,826	436,039
Repayment of note principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities on the statement of net assets.		23,000
The issuance of notes are recorded as an other financing source in the funds; however, in the statement of activities, they are not reported as revenues as they increase the liabilities on the statement of net assets.		(11,400,000)
Governmental funds report expenditures for interest when it is due. In the statement of activities, interest expense is recognized as the interest accrues, regardless of when it is due. The additional interest reported in the statement of activities is due to the accrued interest on notes.		(51,300)
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities, such as compensated absences do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.	_	5,212
Change in net assets of governmental activities	=	\$ 1,164,827

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) GENERAL FUND

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006

Revenues Final Actaon Revenues Tomolocal sources: \$5.346,520 \$5.427,945 \$7.575,040 \$2.025 Tution \$12,588 \$12,778 \$13,540 \$7.00 Earnings on investments \$2,095 \$3,954 \$8,959 \$0.00 Other local revenues \$3,420 \$3,939 \$2,575,268 \$14,873 Other local revenues \$2,393,936 \$2,430,395 \$2,575,268 \$14,873 Total revenues \$2,393,936 \$2,430,395 \$2,575,268 \$14,873 Total revenues \$2,393,936 \$2,430,395 \$2,575,268 \$14,873 Total revenues \$2,393,936 \$2,430,395 \$2,520,40 \$479,432 Total revenue \$2,393,936 \$2,303,50 \$14,673 Total revenue \$2,902,10 \$2,902,00 \$2,902 \$2,902 \$2,902 \$2,902 \$2,902 \$2,902 \$2,902 \$2,902 \$2,902 \$2,902 \$2,902 \$2,902 \$2,902 \$2,902 \$2,902 \$2,902 \$2,902 \$2,902		 Budgeted	Amo	unts		Fin	riance with al Budget Positive
Revenues: From local sources: Taxes \$ 5,346,520 \$ 5,427,945 \$ 5,751,504 \$ 323,559 Tution 12,587 12,778 13,540 762 Earnings on investments. 82,695 83,954 88,959 5,005 Transportation fees 51,155 51,934 55,030 3,096 Other local revenues 33,540 35,599 38,103 2,144 Intergovernmental - State 2,393,936 2,430,395 2,575,268 144,873 Total revenue 7,922,313 8,042,965 8,522,404 479,439 Current:		Original		Final	Actual		
Taxes \$ 5,346,520 \$ 5,427,945 \$ 5,751,504 706 Tuition 12,587 12,788 13,540 762 Earnings on investments. 82,695 83,954 88,959 5,005 Transportation fees 51,155 51,934 55,030 3,096 Other local revenues 35,420 35,959 2,380,305 2,414,873 Total revenue 7,922,313 8,042,965 8,522,404 479,439 Expenditures: Current: Expenditures: Expenditures: 3,932,072 3,935,079 3,835,231 117,848 Expenditures: 3393,972 399,850 387,930 11,994	Revenues:	 					<u> </u>
Tuition	From local sources:						
Tuition	Taxes	\$ 5,346,520	\$	5,427,945	\$ 5,751,504	\$	323,559
Earnings on investments. 82,695 83,954 88,959 5,005 Transportation fees 51,155 51,934 55,030 3,096 Other local revenues 35,420 35,959 38,103 2,144 Intergovernmental - State 2,393,936 2,430,395 2,575,268 144,873 Total revenue 7,922,313 8,042,965 8,522,404 479,439 Expenditures: Current: Current: Instruction: Regular 3,894,970 3,953,079 3,835,231 117,848 Special. 594,725 603,597 585,603 17,994 Vocational. 29,462 29,901 29,010 891 Other 23,698 24,052 23,335 717 Support services: Pupil . 393,972 399,850 387,930 11,906 Instructional staff 365,721 371,178 360,112 11,066 Board of education 63,045 <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>762</td>							762
Transportation fees 51,155 51,934 55,030 3,096 Other local revenues 35,420 35,959 38,103 2,144 Intergovernmental- State 2,393,936 2,430,395 2,575,268 144,873 Total revenue 7,922,313 8,042,965 8,522,404 479,439 Expeditures: Current: Instruction: Regular 3,894,970 3,953,079 3,835,231 117,848 Special 594,725 603,597 585,603 17,994 Vocational 29,462 29,901 29,010 891 Other 23,698 24,052 23,335 717 Support services: 29,862 29,901 29,010 891 Other 336,772 371,178 360,112 11,066 Board of education 63,045 63,986 62,078 1,998 Administration 774,076 785,625 762,204 23,421 Fiscal 299,871 304,325		82,695		83,954	88,959		5,005
Intergovernmental-State	•	51,155		51,934			3,096
Total revenue 7,922,313 8,042,965 8,522,404 479,439	Other local revenues	35,420		35,959	38,103		2,144
Total revenue 7,922,313 8,042,965 8,522,404 479,439	Intergovernmental - State	2,393,936		,	2,575,268		144,873
Current: Instruction: Regular 3,894,970 3,953,079 3,835,231 117,848 Special 594,725 603,597 585,603 17,994 Vocational 29,462 29,901 29,010 891 Other 23,698 24,052 23,335 717 Support services: Pupil 393,972 399,850 387,930 11,920 Instructional staff 365,721 371,178 360,112 11,066 Board of education 63,045 63,986 62,078 1,998 Administration 774,076 785,625 762,204 23,421 Fiscal 299,851 304,325 295,252 9,073 Operations and maintenance 872,718 885,739 859,333 26,406 Pupil transportation 713,629 724,276 702,684 21,592 Extracurricular activities 197,461 200,407 194,432 5,975 Total expenditures 8,223,328 8,346,015 8,097,204 248,811 Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures (301,015) (303,050) 425,200 728,250 Transfers in 95,852 97,312 103,113 5,801 Transfers (out) (153,997) (156,294) (151,635) 4,659 Advances in 22,542 22,886 24,250 1,364 Advances (out) (12,777) (12,968) (12,581) 387 Total other financing sources (uses) (42,406) (42,999) (30,426) 12,573 Vet change in fund balance (343,421) (346,049) 394,774 740,823 Fund balance at beginning of year 1,469,680 1,469,					 		
Current: Instruction: Regular 3,894,970 3,953,079 3,835,231 117,848 Special 594,725 603,597 585,603 17,994 Vocational 29,462 29,901 29,010 891 Other 23,698 24,052 23,335 717 Support services: Pupil 393,972 399,850 387,930 11,920 Instructional staff 365,721 371,178 360,112 11,066 Board of education 63,045 63,986 62,078 1,998 Administration 774,076 785,625 762,204 23,421 Fiscal 299,851 304,325 295,252 9,073 Operations and maintenance 872,718 885,739 859,333 26,406 Pupil transportation 713,629 724,276 702,684 21,592 Extracurricular activities 197,461 200,407 194,432 5,975 Total expenditures 8,223,328 8,346,015 8,097,204 248,811 Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures (301,015) (303,050) 425,200 728,250 Transfers in 95,852 97,312 103,113 5,801 Transfers (out) (153,997) (156,294) (151,635) 4,659 Advances in 22,542 22,886 24,250 1,364 Advances (out) (12,777) (12,968) (12,581) 387 Total other financing sources (uses) (42,406) (42,999) (30,426) 12,573 Vet change in fund balance (343,421) (346,049) 394,774 740,823 Fund balance at beginning of year 1,469,680 1,469,	F 14						
Instruction: Regular 3,894,970 3,953,079 5,85,603 17,994 Special 594,725 603,597 585,603 17,994 Vocational 29,462 29,901 29,010 891 Other 23,698 24,052 23,335 717 Support services: Pupil 393,972 399,850 387,930 11,920 Instructional staff 365,721 371,178 360,112 11,066 Board of education 63,045 63,986 62,078 1,908 Administration 774,076 785,625 762,204 23,421 Fiscal 299,851 304,325 295,252 9,073 Operations and maintenance 872,718 885,739 859,333 26,406 Pupil transportation 713,629 724,276 702,684 21,592 Extracurricular activities 197,461 200,407 194,432 5,975 Total expenditures 8,223,328 8,346,015 8,097,204 248,811 Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures 5,974 6,065 6,427 362 Transfers (nut) (133,997) (156,294) (151,635) 4,659 Advances in 22,542 22,886 24,250 1,364 Advances (out) (12,777) (12,968) (12,581) 387 Total other financing sources (uses) (24,406) (42,999) (30,426) 12,573 Net change in fund balance (343,421) (346,049) 394,774 740,823 Fund balance at beginning of year . 1,469,680 1,469,680 1,469,680 -	•						
Regular 3,894,970 3,953,079 3,835,231 117,848 Special 594,725 603,597 585,603 17,994 Vocational 29,462 29,901 29,010 891 Other 23,698 24,052 23,335 717 Support services: 717 393,972 399,850 387,930 11,920 Instructional staff 365,721 371,178 360,112 11,066 Board of education 63,045 63,986 62,078 1,908 Administration 774,076 785,625 762,204 23,421 Fiscal 299,851 304,325 295,252 9,073 Operations and maintenance 872,718 885,739 859,333 26,406 Pupil transportation 713,629 724,276 702,684 21,592 Extracurricular activities 197,461 200,407 194,432 5,975 Total expenditures (301,015) (303,050) 425,200 728,250 Chreactivities 8,2							
Special. 594,725 603,597 585,603 17,994 Vocational. 29,462 29,901 29,010 891 Other. 23,698 24,052 23,335 717 Support services: Temport services: Temport services: Temport services: 393,972 399,850 387,930 11,920 Instructional staff 365,721 371,178 360,112 11,066 Board of education 63,045 63,986 62,078 1,908 Administration. 774,076 785,625 762,204 23,421 Fiscal 299,851 304,325 295,252 9,073 Operations and maintenance. 872,718 885,739 859,333 26,406 Pupil transportation 713,629 724,276 702,684 21,592 Extracurricular activities. 197,461 200,407 194,432 5,975 Total expenditures (301,015) (303,050) 425,200 728,250 Other financing sources (uses): Refund of prior year expend		3 804 070		3 053 070	2 825 221		117 9/19
Vocational. 29,462 29,901 29,010 891 Other. 23,698 24,052 23,335 717 Support services: Pupil. 393,972 399,850 387,930 11,920 Instructional staff 365,721 371,178 360,112 11,066 Board of education 63,045 63,986 62,078 1,908 Administration. 774,076 785,625 762,204 23,421 Fiscal 299,851 304,325 295,252 9,073 Operations and maintenance. 872,718 885,739 859,333 26,406 Pupil transportation 713,629 724,276 702,684 21,592 Extracurricular activities. 197,461 200,407 194,432 5,975 Total expenditures 8,223,328 8,346,015 8,097,204 248,811 Excess of revenues over (under) 20,407 194,432 5,975 expenditures 5,974 6,065 6,427 362 Transfers in. 95,852 </td <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>. ,</td>							. ,
Other. 23,698 24,052 23,335 717 Support services: 717 393,972 399,850 387,930 11,920 Instructional staff 365,721 371,178 360,112 11,066 Board of education 63,045 63,986 62,078 1,908 Administration. 774,076 785,625 762,204 23,421 Fiscal 299,851 304,325 295,252 9,073 Operations and maintenance. 872,718 885,739 859,333 26,406 Pupil transportation 713,629 724,276 702,684 21,592 Extracurricular activities. 197,461 200,407 194,432 5,975 Total expenditures (301,015) (303,050) 425,200 728,250 Other financing sources (uses): Refund of prior year expenditure. 5,974 6,065 6,427 362 Transfers (out) (153,997) (156,294) (151,635) 4,659 Advances (out) (12,777) (12,968)		,		,	,		
Support services: Pupil. 393,972 399,850 387,930 11,920 Pupil. 365,721 371,178 360,112 11,066 Board of education 63,045 63,986 62,078 1,908 Administration. 774,076 785,625 762,204 23,421 Fiscal 299,851 304,325 295,252 9,073 Operations and maintenance. 872,718 885,739 859,333 26,406 Pupil transportation 713,629 724,276 702,684 21,592 Extracurricular activities. 197,461 200,407 194,432 5,975 Total expenditures (301,015) (303,050) 425,200 728,250 Other financing sources (uses): Refund of prior year expenditure. 5,974 6,065 6,427 362 Transfers in. 95,852 97,312 103,113 5,801 Transfers (out) (153,997) (156,294) (151,635) 4,659 Advances (out) (12,777) (12,968)		,					
Pupil. 393,972 399,850 387,930 11,920 Instructional staff 365,721 371,178 360,112 11,066 Board of education 63,045 63,986 62,078 1,908 Administration. 774,076 785,625 762,204 23,421 Fiscal 299,851 304,325 295,252 9,073 Operations and maintenance. 872,718 885,739 859,333 26,406 Pupil transportation 713,629 724,276 702,684 21,592 Extracurricular activities. 197,461 200,407 194,432 5,975 Total expenditures 8,223,328 8,346,015 8,097,204 248,811 Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures. (301,015) (303,050) 425,200 728,250 Other financing sources (uses): Refund of prior year expenditure. 5,974 6,065 6,427 362 Transfers in. 95,852 97,312 103,113 5,801 Transfers (out) (153,997)		23,076		24,032	23,333		/1/
Instructional staff 365,721 371,178 360,112 11,066 Board of education 63,045 63,986 62,078 1,908 Administration 774,076 785,625 762,204 23,421 Fiscal 299,851 304,325 295,252 9,073 Operations and maintenance 872,718 885,739 859,333 26,406 Pupil transportation 713,629 724,276 702,684 21,592 Extracurricular activities 197,461 200,407 194,432 5,975 Total expenditures 8,223,328 8,346,015 8,097,204 248,811 Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures (301,015) (303,050) 425,200 728,250 Other financing sources (uses): 8 8,223,328 8,346,015 8,097,204 248,811 Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures (301,015) (303,050) 425,200 728,250 Other financing sources (uses): 8,974 6,065 6,427 362 Transfers (out) (153,997) (156,2	**	393,972		399,850	387,930		11,920
Board of education 63,045 63,986 62,078 1,908 Administration. 774,076 785,625 762,204 23,421 Fiscal 299,851 304,325 295,252 9,073 Operations and maintenance. 872,718 885,739 859,333 26,406 Pupil transportation 713,629 724,276 702,684 21,592 Extracurricular activities. 197,461 200,407 194,432 5,975 Total expenditures 8,223,328 8,346,015 8,097,204 248,811 Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures. (301,015) (303,050) 425,200 728,250 Other financing sources (uses): Refund of prior year expenditure. 5,974 6,065 6,427 362 Transfers (out) (153,997) (156,294) (151,635) 4,659 Advances (out) (12,777) (12,968) 12,581 387 Total other financing sources (uses) (42,406) (42,999) (30,426) 12,573 Net change in fun		365,721		371,178	360,112		11,066
Fiscal 299,851 304,325 295,252 9,073 Operations and maintenance. 872,718 885,739 859,333 26,406 Pupil transportation 713,629 724,276 702,684 21,592 Extracurricular activities. 197,461 200,407 194,432 5,975 Total expenditures 8,223,328 8,346,015 8,097,204 248,811 Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures. (301,015) (303,050) 425,200 728,250 Other financing sources (uses): Refund of prior year expenditure. 5,974 6,065 6,427 362 Transfers io. 95,852 97,312 103,113 5,801 Transfers (out) (153,997) (156,294) (151,635) 4,659 Advances in. 22,542 22,886 24,250 1,364 Advances (out) (12,777) (12,968) (12,581) 387 Total other financing sources (uses) (42,406) (42,999) (30,426) 12,573 Net change in fund balance		63,045		63,986	62,078		1,908
Operations and maintenance. 872,718 885,739 859,333 26,406 Pupil transportation 713,629 724,276 702,684 21,592 Extracurricular activities. 197,461 200,407 194,432 5,975 Total expenditures 8,223,328 8,346,015 8,097,204 248,811 Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures. (301,015) (303,050) 425,200 728,250 Other financing sources (uses): Refund of prior year expenditure. 5,974 6,065 6,427 362 Transfers in. 95,852 97,312 103,113 5,801 Transfers (out) (153,997) (156,294) (151,635) 4,659 Advances in. 22,542 22,886 24,250 1,364 Advances (out) (12,777) (12,968) (12,581) 387 Total other financing sources (uses) (42,406) (42,999) (30,426) 12,573 Net change in fund balance (343,421) (346,049) 394,774 740,823 Fund balance at b	Administration	774,076		785,625	762,204		23,421
Pupil transportation 713,629 724,276 702,684 21,592 Extracurricular activities 197,461 200,407 194,432 5,975 Total expenditures 8,223,328 8,346,015 8,097,204 248,811 Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures (301,015) (303,050) 425,200 728,250 Other financing sources (uses): Refund of prior year expenditure 5,974 6,065 6,427 362 Transfers in 95,852 97,312 103,113 5,801 Transfers (out) (153,997) (156,294) (151,635) 4,659 Advances in 22,542 22,886 24,250 1,364 Advances (out) (12,777) (12,968) (12,581) 387 Total other financing sources (uses) (42,406) (42,999) (30,426) 12,573 Net change in fund balance (343,421) (346,049) 394,774 740,823 Fund balance at beginning of year 1,469,680 1,469,680 1,469,680 - Pri	Fiscal	299,851		304,325	295,252		9,073
Extracurricular activities. 197,461 200,407 194,432 5,975 Total expenditures 8,223,328 8,346,015 8,097,204 248,811 Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures. (301,015) (303,050) 425,200 728,250 Other financing sources (uses): 8,974 6,065 6,427 362 Refund of prior year expenditure. 5,974 6,065 6,427 362 Transfers in. 95,852 97,312 103,113 5,801 Transfers (out) (153,997) (156,294) (151,635) 4,659 Advances in. 22,542 22,886 24,250 1,364 Advances (out) (12,777) (12,968) (12,581) 387 Total other financing sources (uses) (42,406) (42,999) (30,426) 12,573 Net change in fund balance (343,421) (346,049) 394,774 740,823 Fund balance at beginning of year. 1,469,680 1,469,680 1,469,680 - Prior year encumbrances appropriated 89,674 89,674 <td>Operations and maintenance</td> <td>872,718</td> <td></td> <td>885,739</td> <td>859,333</td> <td></td> <td>26,406</td>	Operations and maintenance	872,718		885,739	859,333		26,406
Total expenditures 8,223,328 8,346,015 8,097,204 248,811 Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures (301,015) (303,050) 425,200 728,250 Other financing sources (uses): Refund of prior year expenditure 5,974 6,065 6,427 362 Transfers in 95,852 97,312 103,113 5,801 Transfers (out) (153,997) (156,294) (151,635) 4,659 Advances in 22,542 22,886 24,250 1,364 Advances (out) (12,777) (12,968) (12,581) 387 Total other financing sources (uses) (42,406) (42,999) (30,426) 12,573 Net change in fund balance (343,421) (346,049) 394,774 740,823 Fund balance at beginning of year 1,469,680 1,469,680 1,469,680 - Prior year encumbrances appropriated 89,674 89,674 89,674 -	Pupil transportation	713,629		724,276	702,684		21,592
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures. (301,015) (303,050) 425,200 728,250 Other financing sources (uses): Refund of prior year expenditure. 5,974 6,065 6,427 362 Transfers in. 95,852 97,312 103,113 5,801 Transfers (out) (153,997) (156,294) (151,635) 4,659 Advances in. 22,542 22,886 24,250 1,364 Advances (out) (12,777) (12,968) (12,581) 387 Total other financing sources (uses) (42,406) (42,999) (30,426) 12,573 Net change in fund balance (343,421) (346,049) 394,774 740,823 Fund balance at beginning of year. 1,469,680 1,469,680 1,469,680 - Prior year encumbrances appropriated 89,674 89,674 89,674 -	Extracurricular activities	197,461		200,407	194,432		5,975
expenditures. (301,015) (303,050) 425,200 728,250 Other financing sources (uses): Refund of prior year expenditure. 5,974 6,065 6,427 362 Transfers in. 95,852 97,312 103,113 5,801 Transfers (out) (153,997) (156,294) (151,635) 4,659 Advances in. 22,542 22,886 24,250 1,364 Advances (out) (12,777) (12,968) (12,581) 387 Total other financing sources (uses) (42,406) (42,999) (30,426) 12,573 Net change in fund balance (343,421) (346,049) 394,774 740,823 Fund balance at beginning of year. 1,469,680 1,469,680 1,469,680 - Prior year encumbrances appropriated 89,674 89,674 89,674 -	Total expenditures	8,223,328		8,346,015	8,097,204		248,811
expenditures. (301,015) (303,050) 425,200 728,250 Other financing sources (uses): Refund of prior year expenditure. 5,974 6,065 6,427 362 Transfers in. 95,852 97,312 103,113 5,801 Transfers (out) (153,997) (156,294) (151,635) 4,659 Advances in. 22,542 22,886 24,250 1,364 Advances (out) (12,777) (12,968) (12,581) 387 Total other financing sources (uses) (42,406) (42,999) (30,426) 12,573 Net change in fund balance (343,421) (346,049) 394,774 740,823 Fund balance at beginning of year. 1,469,680 1,469,680 1,469,680 - Prior year encumbrances appropriated 89,674 89,674 89,674 -	Excess of rayanues over (under)						
Other financing sources (uses): Refund of prior year expenditure. 5,974 6,065 6,427 362 Transfers in. 95,852 97,312 103,113 5,801 Transfers (out) (153,997) (156,294) (151,635) 4,659 Advances in. 22,542 22,886 24,250 1,364 Advances (out) (12,777) (12,968) (12,581) 387 Total other financing sources (uses) (42,406) (42,999) (30,426) 12,573 Net change in fund balance (343,421) (346,049) 394,774 740,823 Fund balance at beginning of year. 1,469,680 1,469,680 1,469,680 - Prior year encumbrances appropriated 89,674 89,674 89,674 -		(301.015)		(303.050)	425,200		728.250
Refund of prior year expenditure. 5,974 6,065 6,427 362 Transfers in. 95,852 97,312 103,113 5,801 Transfers (out) (153,997) (156,294) (151,635) 4,659 Advances in. 22,542 22,886 24,250 1,364 Advances (out) (12,777) (12,968) (12,581) 387 Total other financing sources (uses) (42,406) (42,999) (30,426) 12,573 Net change in fund balance (343,421) (346,049) 394,774 740,823 Fund balance at beginning of year. 1,469,680 1,469,680 1,469,680 - Prior year encumbrances appropriated 89,674 89,674 89,674 -	1	 (=	-	(= == ,== =)			
Transfers in. 95,852 97,312 103,113 5,801 Transfers (out) (153,997) (156,294) (151,635) 4,659 Advances in. 22,542 22,886 24,250 1,364 Advances (out) (12,777) (12,968) (12,581) 387 Total other financing sources (uses) (42,406) (42,999) (30,426) 12,573 Net change in fund balance (343,421) (346,049) 394,774 740,823 Fund balance at beginning of year 1,469,680 1,469,680 1,469,680 - Prior year encumbrances appropriated 89,674 89,674 89,674 -							
Transfers (out) (153,997) (156,294) (151,635) 4,659 Advances in. 22,542 22,886 24,250 1,364 Advances (out) (12,777) (12,968) (12,581) 387 Total other financing sources (uses) (42,406) (42,999) (30,426) 12,573 Net change in fund balance (343,421) (346,049) 394,774 740,823 Fund balance at beginning of year 1,469,680 1,469,680 1,469,680 - Prior year encumbrances appropriated 89,674 89,674 89,674 -		,		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	,		
Advances in. 22,542 22,886 24,250 1,364 Advances (out) (12,777) (12,968) (12,581) 387 Total other financing sources (uses) (42,406) (42,999) (30,426) 12,573 Net change in fund balance (343,421) (346,049) 394,774 740,823 Fund balance at beginning of year 1,469,680 1,469,680 1,469,680 - Prior year encumbrances appropriated 89,674 89,674 89,674 -		,		,			,
Advances (out) (12,777) (12,968) (12,581) 387 Total other financing sources (uses) (42,406) (42,999) (30,426) 12,573 Net change in fund balance (343,421) (346,049) 394,774 740,823 Fund balance at beginning of year 1,469,680 1,469,680 1,469,680 - Prior year encumbrances appropriated 89,674 89,674 89,674 -	* *				. , ,		,
Total other financing sources (uses) (42,406) (42,999) (30,426) 12,573 Net change in fund balance (343,421) (346,049) 394,774 740,823 Fund balance at beginning of year 1,469,680 1,469,680 1,469,680 - Prior year encumbrances appropriated 89,674 89,674 89,674 -		,		,	,		,
Fund balance at beginning of year 1,469,680 1,469,680 1,469,680 1,469,680 - Prior year encumbrances appropriated . 89,674 89,674 89,674 -							
Fund balance at beginning of year 1,469,680 1,469,680 1,469,680 - Prior year encumbrances appropriated 89,674 89,674 89,674 -	Total other financing sources (uses)	 (42,406)		(42,999)	 (30,426)		12,573
Prior year encumbrances appropriated 89,674 89,674	Net change in fund balance	(343,421)		(346,049)	394,774		740,823
Prior year encumbrances appropriated 89,674 89,674	Fund balance at beginning of year	1,469,680		1,469,680	1,469,680		_
Fund balance at end of year	~ ·	89,674		89,674	89,674		-
	Fund balance at end of year	\$ 1,215,933	\$	1,213,305	\$ 1,954,128	\$	740,823

STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS PROPRIETARY FUND JUNE 30, 2006

	Non-Major Enterprise Fund		
Assets:			
Current assets:			
Equity in pooled cash			
and cash equivalents	\$	3,017	
Total assets		3,017	
Liabilities:			
Current liabilities:			
Pension obligation payable		1,839	
Intergovernmental payable		327	
Total liabilities		2,166	
Net assets:			
Unrestricted		851	
Total net assets	\$	851	

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET ASSETS PROPRIETARY FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006

	Non-Major Enterprise Fund		
Operating revenues:			
Tuition and fees	\$	36,015	
Total operating revenues		36,015	
Operating expenses:			
Personal services		36,517	
Purchased services		65	
Materials and supplies		1,557	
Total operating expenses		38,139	
Change in net assets		(2,124)	
Net assets at beginning of year		2,975	
Net assets at end of year	\$	851	

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006

	Non-Major Enterprise Fund		
Cash flows from operating activities:		<u> </u>	
Cash received from tuition and fees	\$	36,015	
Cash payments for personal services	-	(38,272)	
Cash payments for purchased services		(65)	
Cash payments for materials and supplies		(1,557)	
Cush payments for materials and supplies		(1,557)	
Net cash used in			
operating activities		(3,879)	
operating activities.		(3,077)	
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents		(3,879)	
The decrease in easi and easi equivalents		(3,077)	
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year		6,896	
Cash and cash equivalents at organism of year	•	3,017	
Cash and Cash equivalents at end of year	φ	3,017	
Reconciliation of operating loss to			
net cash used in operating activities:			
Operating loss	\$	(2,124)	
Changes in liabilities:			
Decrease in intergovernmental payable		(50)	
Decrease in pension obligation payable		(1,705)	
Decrease in pension congution payable		(1,703)	
Net cash used in			
operating activities	\$	(3,879)	
obermen acatimes	Ψ	(3,07)	

STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET ASSETS FIDUCIARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2006

	Private-PurposeTrust		 Agency
Assets: Equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents	\$	66,393	\$ 35,706
Total assets		66,393	\$ 35,706
Liabilities: Accounts payable		- - -	\$ 71 105 35,530
Total liabilities		-	\$ 35,706
Net Assets: Held in trust for scholarships		66,393	
Total net assets	\$	66,393	

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET ASSETS FIDUCIARY FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006

	Private-Purpose Trust		
Additions: Interest	\$	2,171	
Total additions		2,171	
Deductions: Scholarships awarded		484	
Change in net assets		1,687	
Net assets at beginning of year		64,706	
Net assets at end of year	\$	66,393	

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NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006

NOTE 1 - DESCRIPTION OF THE SCHOOL DISTRICT

The Fairbanks Local School District (the "District") is a body politic and corporate established for the purpose of exercising the rights and privileges conveyed to it by the constitution and laws of the State of Ohio. The District is a local district as defined by Section 3311.02 of the Ohio Revised Code. The District operates under an elected Board of Education (5 members) and is responsible for the provision of public education to residents of the District.

The District ranks 495th largest by enrollment among the 613 public school districts in the State of Ohio. The District employes 67 certified employees and 48 non-certificated employees to provide services to approximately 990 students. The District cooperates with the Delaware-Union County Educational Service Center, a separate entity, for curricular services.

The District provides regular and special instruction. The District also provides support services for pupils, instructional staff, general and school administration, business and fiscal services, facilities acquisition and construction services, operation and maintenance of plant, student transportation, food services, extracurricular activities and non-programmed services.

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The basic financial statements of the District have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The District also applies Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) Statements and Interpretations issued on or before November 30, 1989, to its governmental and business-type activity and to its proprietary fund provided they do not conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements. The District has the option to also apply FASB Statements and Interpretations issued after November 30, 1989 to its business-type activities and enterprise fund, subject to this same limitation. The District has elected not to apply these FASB Statements and Interpretations. The District's significant accounting policies are described below.

A. Reporting Entity

The reporting entity has been defined in accordance with GASB Statement No. 14, "<u>The Financial Reporting Entity</u>" as amended by GASB Statement No. 39, "<u>Determining Whether Certain Organizations Are Component Units</u>". The reporting entity is composed of the primary government, component units and other organizations that are included to ensure that the basic financial statements of the District are not misleading. The primary government consists of all funds, departments, boards and agencies that are not legally separate from the District. For the District, this includes general operations, food services, and student related activities of the District.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

Component units are legally separate organizations for which the District is financially accountable. The District is financially accountable for an organization if the District appoints a voting majority of the organization's governing board and (1) the District is able to significantly influence the programs or services performed or provided by the organization; or (2) the District is legally entitled to or can otherwise access the organization's resources; or (3) the District is legally obligated or has otherwise assumed the responsibility to finance the deficits of, or provide financial support to the organization; or (4) the District is obligated for the debt of the organization. Component units may also include organizations that are fiscally dependent on the District in that the District approves the debt, the issuance of debt, or the levying of taxes. Based upon the application of these criteria, the District has no component units. The financial statements of the reporting entity include only those of the District (the primary government). The following organizations are described due to their relationship to the District.

JOINTLY GOVERNED ORGANIZATIONS

Metropolitan Educational Council (MEC)

The MEC is a not for profit educational council whose primary purpose and objective is to contribute to the educational services available to school districts in Franklin County and surrounding areas by cooperative action membership. The governing board consists of a representative from each of the Franklin County districts. Districts outside of Franklin County are associate members and each county selects a single district to represent them on the governing board. MEC is its own fiscal agent. The District does not have an ongoing financial interest in or ongoing financial responsibility for MEC. MEC provides computers services to the District.

Central Ohio Joint Vocational School District (COJVS)

The COJVS is a jointly governed organization of the District. The District's Board of Education appoints one member to the seven member Board of Education of COJVS. However, the financial statements of the COJVS are not included within the District's reporting entity as the District can not impose its will and there is no financial benefit, financial burden relationship or related party transactions between the District and COJVS.

INSURANCE PURCHASING POOLS

Ohio Association of School Business Officials Workers' Compensation Group Rating Program

The District participates in a group rating plan for workers' compensation as established under Section 4123.29 of the Ohio Revised Code. The Ohio Association of School Business Officials Workers' Compensation Group Rating Plan (the "GRP") was established through the Ohio Association of School Business Officials (OASBO) as a group purchasing pool. Refer to Note 10.B. for more detail.

B. Fund Accounting

The District uses funds to report its financial position and the results of its operations. A fund is a separate accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. Fund accounting is designed to demonstrate legal compliance and to aid financial management by segregating transactions related to certain school district activities or functions. Funds are classified into three categories: governmental, proprietary and fiduciary. Each category is divided into separate fund types.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Governmental funds focus on the sources, uses and balances of current financial resources. Expendable assets are assigned to the various governmental funds according to the purposes for which they may or must be used. Current liabilities are assigned to the fund from which they will be paid. The difference between governmental fund assets and liabilities is reported as fund balance. The following are the District's major governmental funds:

<u>General Fund</u> - The general fund is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The general fund balance is available for any purpose provided it is expended or transferred according to the general laws of Ohio.

<u>Building Fund</u> - This fund is used to account for transactions associated with building construction and improvements.

Other governmental funds of the District are used to account for (a) financial resources to be used for the acquisition, construction, or improvement of capital facilities other than those financed by proprietary and trust funds; and (b) for the accumulation of resources for, and the repayment of, general long-term debt principal, interest and related costs; (c) for grants and other resources whose use is restricted to a particular purpose; and (d) for food service and uniform school supplies operations.

PROPRIETARY FUNDS

Proprietary funds are used to account for the District's ongoing activities which are similar to those often found in the private sector where the determination of net income is necessary or useful to sound financial administration. The following is the District's only proprietary fund:

<u>Non-Major Enterprise Fund</u> - The enterprise funds are used to account for operations (a) that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises—where the intent of the governing body is that the costs (expenses, including depreciation) of providing goods or services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges; or (b) where the governing body has decided that periodic determination of revenues earned, expenses incurred, and/or net income is appropriate for capital maintenance, public policy, management control, accountability, or other purposes. The District has one enterprise fund to account for the Fairbanks Elementary Extended Day Program (F.E.E.D. Program). This enterprise fund is considered a nonmajor enterprise fund.

FIDUCIARY FUNDS

Fiduciary fund reporting focuses on net assets and changes in net assets. The fiduciary fund category is split into three classifications: investment trust funds, private-purpose trust funds and agency funds. Trust funds are used to account for assets held by the District under a trust agreement for individuals, private organizations, or other governments and are therefore not available to support the District's own programs. The private-purpose trust fund accounts for scholarship programs for students. Agency funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations. The agency fund accounts for student activities.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

C. Basis of Presentation and Measurement Focus

<u>Government-wide Financial Statements</u> - The statement of net assets and the statement of activities display information about the District as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the primary government, except for fiduciary funds. The statements distinguish between those activities of the District that are governmental and those that are considered business-type activities.

The government-wide statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. This is the same approach used in the preparation of the proprietary fund financial statements but differs from the manner in which governmental fund financial statements are prepared. Governmental fund financial statements therefore include a reconciliation with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide statements and the statements for governmental funds.

The government-wide statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each segment of the business-type activities of the District and for each function or program of the District's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program or department and are therefore clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipient of the goods or services offered by the program and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues which are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues of the District. The comparison of direct expenses with program revenues identifies the extent to which each business segment or governmental function is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the District.

<u>Fund Financial Statements</u> - Fund financial statements report detailed information about the District. The focus of governmental and enterprise fund financial statements is on major funds rather than reporting funds by type. Each major fund is presented in a separate column. Nonmajor funds are aggregated and presented in a single column. Fiduciary funds are reported by fund type.

The accounting and financial reporting treatment applied to a fund is determined by its measurement focus. All governmental funds are accounted for using a flow of current financial resources measurement focus. The financial statements for governmental funds are a balance sheet, which generally includes only current assets and current liabilities, and a statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances, which reports on the sources (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and uses (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) of current financial resources.

All proprietary funds are accounted for on a flow of economic resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, all assets and all liabilities associated with the operation of these funds are included on the statement of net assets. The statement of changes in fund net assets presents increases (i.e., revenues) and decreases (i.e., expenses) in net total assets. The statement of cash flows provides information about how the District finances and meets the cash flow needs of its proprietary activities.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operation. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

The private-purpose trust fund is reported using the economic resources measurement focus. The agency fund does not report a measurement focus it does not report operations.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

D. Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting determines when transactions are recorded in the financial records and reported on the financial statements. Government-wide financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Governmental funds use the modified accrual basis of accounting on the fund financial statements. Proprietary and fiduciary funds also use the accrual basis of accounting.

Revenues - Exchange and Non-exchange Transactions - Revenue resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, is recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On a modified accrual basis, revenue is recorded in the fiscal year in which the resources are measurable and become available. Available means that the resources will be collected within the current fiscal year or are expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current fiscal year. For the District, available means expected to be received within sixty days of fiscal year-end.

Nonexchange transactions, in which the District receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include property taxes, grants, entitlements and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied (See Note 6). Revenue from grants, entitlements and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are required to be used or the fiscal year when use is first permitted, matching requirements, in which the District must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose, and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the District on a reimbursement basis. On a modified accrual basis, revenue from nonexchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized.

Under the modified accrual basis, the following revenue sources are considered to be both measurable and available at fiscal year-end: property taxes available as an advance, interest, tuition and grants.

<u>Deferred Revenue</u> - Deferred revenue arises when assets are recognized before revenue recognition criteria have been satisfied.

Property taxes for which there is an enforceable legal claim as of June 30, 2006, but which were levied to finance fiscal year 2007 operations, have been recorded as deferred revenue. Grants and entitlements received before the eligibility requirements are met are also recorded as deferred revenue.

On governmental fund financial statements, receivables that will not be collected within the available period have also been reported as deferred revenue.

<u>Expenses/Expenditures</u> - On the accrual basis of accounting, expenses are recognized at the time they are incurred. The fair value of donated commodities used during the year is reported in the operating statement as an expense with a like amount reported as donated commodities revenue. Unused donated commodities are reported as donated commodities revenue.

The measurement focus of governmental fund accounting is on decreases in net financial resources (expenditures) rather than expenses. Expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred, if measurable. Allocations of cost, such as depreciation and amortization, are not recognized in governmental funds.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

E. Budgets

The District is required by state statute to adopt an annual appropriated cash basis budget for all funds. The specific timetable for fiscal year 2006 is as follows:

- 1. Prior to January 15, the Superintendent and Treasury submit to the Board of Education a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing the following July 1. The budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing for all funds. Public hearings are publicized and conducted to obtain taxpayers' comments. The expressed purpose of this budget document is to reflect the need for existing (or increased) tax rates.
- 2. By no later than January 20, the board-adopted budget is filed with the County Budget Commission for tax rate determination. The Union County Auditors office waived this requirement for fiscal 2006.
- 3. Prior to April 1, the Board of Education accepts, by formal resolution, the tax rates as determined by the Budget Commission and receives the Commission's Certificate of Estimated Resources which states the projected revenue of each fund. Prior to June 30, the District must revise its budget so that total contemplated expenditures from any fund during the ensuing year will not exceed the amount stated in the Certificate of Estimated Resources. The revised budget then serves as a basis for the appropriation measure. On or about July 1, the Certificate is amended to include any unencumbered balances from the preceding year as reported by the District Treasurer. The Certificate may be further amended during the year if projected increases or decreases in revenue are identified by the District Treasurer. The amounts reported as the original and final budgeted amount in the budgetary statement reflect the amounts set forth in the original and final Amended Certificate issued for fiscal year 2006.
- 4. By July 1, the Annual Appropriation Resolution is legally enacted by the Board of Education at the fund level of expenditures, which is the legal level of budgetary control. (State statute permits a temporary appropriation to be effective until no later than October 1 of each year). Resolution appropriations by fund must be within the estimated resources as certified by the County Budget Commission and the total of expenditures may not exceed the appropriation totals.
- 5. Any revisions that alter the total of any fund appropriation must be approved by the Board of Education. Although the legal level of control has been established at the fund level of expenditures, the District has elected to present the budgetary statement for the general fund at the fund and function level of expenditures in the basic financial statements.
- 6. Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year for all funds consistent with the general obligation bond indenture and other statutory provisions.
- 7. Appropriations amounts are as originally adopted, or as amended by the Board of Education through the year by supplemental appropriations which either reallocated, increased or decreased the original appropriated amounts. All supplemental appropriations included were legally enacted by the Board during fiscal 2006.
- 8. Unencumbered appropriations lapse at year-end. Encumbered appropriations are carried forward to the succeeding fiscal year and need not be reappropriated. Cash disbursements may not legally exceed budgeted appropriations at the fund level.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

As part of formal budgetary control, purchase orders, contracts and other commitments for the expenditure of monies are recorded as the equivalent of expenditures on the non-GAAP budgetary basis in order to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation and to determine and maintain legal compliance. On fund financial statements, encumbrances outstanding at year end (not already recorded in accounts payable) are reported as a reservation of fund balance for subsequent-year expenditures for governmental funds. A reserve for encumbrances is not reported on government-wide financial statements.

F. Cash and Investments

To improve cash management, cash received by the District is pooled. Monies for all funds, including proprietary funds, are maintained in this pool. Individual fund integrity is maintained through the District's records. Each fund's interest in the pool is presented as "Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents" on the financial statements.

During fiscal year 2006, investments were limited to US Government money markets, and investments in the State Treasury Asset Reserve of Ohio (STAR Ohio).

Except for nonparticipating investment contracts, investments are reported at fair value which is based on quoted market prices.

The District has invested funds in STAR Ohio during fiscal 2006. STAR Ohio is an investment pool managed by the State Treasurer's Office, which allows governments within the state to pool their funds for investment purposes. STAR Ohio is not registered with the SEC as an investment company, but does operate in a manner consistent with Rule 2a7 of the Investment Company Act of 1940. Investments in STAR Ohio are valued at STAR Ohio's share price which is the price the investment could be sold for on June 30, 2006.

Under existing Ohio statute, interest earnings are allotted to the general fund unless the Board of Education has, by resolution, specified funds to receive an allocation of interest earnings. Interest revenue credited to the general fund during fiscal 2006 amounted to \$88,959 which includes \$62,338 assigned from other District funds.

For purposes of the statement of cash flows and for presentation on the statement of net assets, investments of the cash management pool and investments with original maturities of three months or less at the time they are purchased by the District are considered to be cash equivalents. Investments with an initial maturity of more than three months are reported as investments.

An analysis of the District's investment account at year-end is provided in Note 4.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

G. Inventory

On government-wide and fund financial statements, inventories are presented at the lower of cost or market on a first-in, first-out basis and are expensed when used. Inventories are accounted for using the consumption method.

On fund financial statements, inventories of proprietary funds are stated at the lower of cost or market. For all funds, cost is determined on a first-in, first-out basis. Inventory consists of donated food and purchased food.

H. Capital Assets

General capital assets are those assets not specifically related to activities reported in the proprietary funds. These assets generally result from expenditures in the governmental funds. These assets are reported in the governmental activities column of the government-wide statement of net assets but are not reported in the fund financial statements.

All capital assets are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost) and updated for additions and retirements during the year. The District maintains a capitalization threshold of \$500. Donated capital assets are recorded at their fair market values as of the date received. The District does not possess any infrastructure. Improvements are capitalized; the costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an asset's life are not. Interest incurred during the construction of capital assets is also capitalized.

All reported capital assets except land are depreciated. Improvements are depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

	Governmental Activities Estimated Lives
Land improvements	20 years
Buildings and improvements	20 - 50 years
Furniture/equipment	5 - 20 years
Vehicles	8 years

I. Interfund Balances

On fund financial statements, receivables and payables resulting from short-term interfund loans are classified as "interfund receivables/payables." These amounts are eliminated in the governmental and business-type activities columns of the statement of net assets, except for the net residual amounts due between governmental and business-type activities, which are presented as internal balances. Loans between governmental funds and agency funds are reported as "loans receivable/payable" on the financial statements.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

J. Compensated Absences

Compensated absences of the District consist of vacation leave and severance liability to the extent that payments to the employee for these absences are attributable to services already rendered and are not contingent on a specific event that is outside the control of the District and the employee.

In accordance with the provisions of GASB Statement No. 16, "Accounting for Compensated Absences", a liability for vacation leave is accrued if a) the employees' rights to payment are attributable to services already rendered; and b) it is probable that the employer will compensate the employees for the benefits through paid time off or other means, such as cash payment at termination or retirement. A liability for severance is accrued using the vesting method; i.e., the liability is based on the sick leave accumulated at the balance sheet date by those employees who are currently eligible to receive termination (severance) payments, as well as those employees expected to become eligible in the future. For purposes of establishing a liability for severance on employees expected to become eligible to retire in the future, all employees with at least 10 years of service at any age were considered expected to become eligible to retire in accordance with GASB Statement No. 16. The District has also recorded a liability for all employees with at least 20 years of service.

The total liability for vacation and severance payments has been calculated using pay rates in effect at June 30, 2006, and reduced to the maximum payment allowed by labor contract and/or statute, plus any additional salary related payments.

The entire compensated absence liability is reported on the government-wide financial statements.

In the governmental fund financial statements, compensated absences are reported to the extent that a known liability for an employee's retirement/resignation has been incurred by fiscal year-end. These amounts are recorded in the account "compensated absences payable" in the fund from which the employees are paid. In proprietary funds, the entire amount of compensated absences is reported as a fund liability.

K. Accrued Liabilities and Long-Term Obligations

All payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations are reported in the government-wide financial statements, and all payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations payable from proprietary funds are reported on the proprietary fund financial statements.

In general, governmental fund payables and accrued liabilities that, once incurred, are paid in a timely manner and in full from current financial resources, are reported as obligations of the funds. However, compensated absences and future retirement obligations that will be paid from governmental funds are reported as a liability in the fund financial statements only to the extent that they are due for payment during the current year.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

L. Fund Balance Reserves

The District reserves those portions of fund equity which are legally segregated for a specific future use or which do not represent available expendable resources and therefore are not available for appropriation or expenditure. Unreserved fund balance indicates that portion of fund equity which is available for appropriation in future periods. Fund equity reserves have been established for encumbrances, materials and supplies inventory, debt service, property taxes unavailable for appropriation and Bureau of Workers' Compensation (BWC) refunds. The reserve for property taxes unavailable for appropriation represents taxes recognized as revenue under GAAP but not available for appropriation under state statute.

M. Net Assets

Net assets represent the difference between assets and liabilities. Net assets invested in capital assets, net of related debt consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowings used for the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. Net assets are reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through the enabling legislation or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments.

The District applies restricted resources first when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net assets are available.

N. Parochial Schools

Within the District boundaries, St. John Lutheran School and St. Paul Lutheran School operate as private schools. Current state legislation provides funding to the parochial schools. The monies are received and disbursed on behalf of the parochial schools by the Treasurer of the District, as directed by the parochial schools. The activity is reflected in a special revenue fund of the District.

O. Estimates

The preparation of the basic financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the basic financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

P. Restricted Assets

Assets are reported as restricted assets when limitations on their use change the normal understanding of the availability of the asset. Such constraints are either imposed by creditors, contributors, grantors, or laws of other governments or imposed by enabling legislation. Restricted assets include the amount required by state statute to be set-aside to create a reserve for certain BWC refunds. See Note 15 for details.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

Q. Operating Revenues and Expenses

Operating revenues are those revenues that are generated directly from the primary activity of the proprietary funds. For the District, these revenues are sales for the F.E.E.D. Program. Operating expenses are necessary costs incurred to provide the good or service that is the primary activity of the fund.

R. Interfund Activity

Transfers between governmental and business-type activities on the government-wide statements are reported in the same manner as general revenues.

Exchange transactions between funds are reported as revenues in the seller funds and as expenditures/expenses in the purchaser funds. Flows of cash or goods from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds and after nonoperating revenues/expenses in proprietary funds. Repayments from funds responsible for particular expenditures/expenses to the funds that initially paid for them are not presented on the financial statements.

S. Extraordinary and Special Items

Extraordinary items are transactions or events that are both unusual in nature and infrequent in occurrence. Special items are transactions or events that are within the control of the Board of Education and that are either unusual in nature or infrequent in occurrence. Neither type of transaction occurred during fiscal 2006.

NOTE 3 - ACCOUNTABILITY AND COMPLIANCE

A. Changes in Accounting Principles

For fiscal year 2006, the District has implemented GASB Statement No. 42, "<u>Accounting and Financial Reporting for Impairment of Capital Assets and for Insurance Recoveries</u>" GASB Statement No. 46, "<u>Net Assets Restricted by Enabling Legislation</u>", and GASB Statement No. 47, "<u>Accounting for Termination Benefits</u>".

GASB Statement No. 42 amends GASB Statement No. 34 and establishes accounting and financial reporting standards for impairment of capital assets and accounting requirements for insurance recoveries.

GASB Statement No. 46 defines enabling legislation and specifies how net assets should be reported in the financial statements when there are changes in such legislation. The Statement also requires governments to disclose in the notes to the financial statements the amount of net assets restricted by enabling legislation.

GASB Statement No. 47 establishes accounting standards for termination benefits.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006

NOTE 3 - ACCOUNTABILITY AND COMPLIANCE - (Continued)

The implementation of GASB Statement No. 42, GASB Statement No. 46 and GASB Statement No. 47 did not have an effect on the fund balances/net assets of the District as previously reported at June 30, 2005.

B. Restatement of Net Assets

Net assets of the governmental activities have been restated to correct for errors and omissions in the amounts reported as capital assets in the prior year (See Note 8). The correction of the capital asset balance had the following effect on net assets as previously reported:

	Go	Activities Activities
Net assets, June 30, 2005	\$	4,586,054
Adjustment for capital assets		(708,368)
Restated net assets, June 30, 2005	\$	3,877,686

C. Deficit Fund Balances

Fund balances at June 30, 2006 included the following individual fund deficits:

Nonmajor Funds	<u>Deficit</u>
Food Service Fund	\$ 7,989
Management Information Systems	98
Title VI-B	20,065
Drug Free School Grant	3,292

These funds complied with Ohio state law, which does not permit a cash basis deficit at fiscal yearend. The general fund is liable for any deficits in these funds and provides transfers when cash is required, not when accruals occur. The deficit fund balances result from adjustments for accrued liabilities.

NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

State statutes classify monies held by the District into three categories.

Active deposits are public deposits necessary to meet current demands on the treasury. Such monies must be maintained either as cash in the District treasury, in commercial accounts payable or withdrawable on demand, including negotiable order of withdrawal (NOW) accounts, or in money market deposit accounts.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006

NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - (Continued)

Inactive deposits are public deposits that the Board of Education has identified as not required for use within the current five year period of designation of depositories. Inactive deposits must either be evidenced by certificates of deposit maturing not later than the end of the current period of designation of depositories, or by savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts.

Interim deposits are deposits of interim monies. Interim moneys are those monies which are not needed for immediate use but which will be needed before the end of the current period of designation of depositories. Interim deposits must be evidenced by time certificates of deposit maturing not more than one year from the date of deposit or by savings or deposit accounts including passbook accounts.

Protection of District's deposits is provided by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC), by eligible securities pledged by the financial institution as security for repayment, by surety company bonds deposited with the Treasurer by the financial institution or by a single collateral pool established by the financial institution to secure the repayment of all public monies deposited with the institution.

Interim monies to be deposited or invested in the following securities:

- 1. United States Treasury Notes, Bills, Bonds, or any other obligation or security issued by the United States Treasury or any other obligation guaranteed as to principal and interest by the United States;
- 2. Bonds, notes, debentures, or any other obligations or securities issued by any federal government agency or instrumentality, including but not limited to, the Federal National Mortgage Association, Federal Home Loan Bank, Federal Farm Credit Bank, Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation, Government National Mortgage Association, and Student Loan Marketing Association. All federal agency securities shall be direct issuances of federal government agencies or instrumentalities;
- 3. Written repurchase agreements in the securities listed above provided that the market value of the securities subject to the repurchase agreement must exceed the principal value of the agreement by at least two percent and be marked to market daily, and that the term of the agreement must not exceed thirty days;
- 4. Bonds and other obligations of the State of Ohio;
- 5. No-load money market mutual funds consisting exclusively of obligations described in division (1) or (2) of this section and repurchase agreements secured by such obligations, provided that investments in securities described in this division are made only through eligible institutions;
- 6. The State Treasurer's investment pool (STAR Ohio);
- 7. Certain banker's acceptance and commercial paper notes for a period not to exceed one hundred eighty days from the purchase date in an amount not to exceed twenty-five percent of the interim monies available for investment at any one time: and,
- 8. Under limited circumstances, corporate debt interests rated in either of the two highest classifications by at least two nationally recognized rating agencies.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006

NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - (Continued)

Investments in stripped principal or interest obligations, reverse repurchase agreements and derivatives are prohibited. The issuance of taxable notes for the purpose of arbitrage, the use of leverage and short selling are also prohibited. An investment must mature within five years from the date of purchase unless matched to a specific obligation or debt of the District, and must be purchased with the expectation that it will be held to maturity. Investments may only be made through specified dealers and institutions. Payment for investments may be made only upon delivery of the securities representing the investments to the Treasurer or, if the securities are not represented by a certificate, upon receipt of confirmation of transfer from the custodian.

A. Cash on Hand

At year-end, the District had \$2,245 in undeposited cash on hand which is included on the financial statements of the District as part of "Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents."

B. Deposits with Financial Institutions

At June 30, 2006, the carrying amount of all District deposits was \$131,186. Based on the criteria described in GASB Statement No. 40, "<u>Deposits and Investment Risk Disclosures</u>", as of June 30, 2006, \$187,969 of the District's bank balance of \$389,813 was covered by Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation, while \$201,844 adhered to custodial risk.

Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of bank failure, the District's deposits may not be returned. All deposits are collateralized with eligible securities in amounts equal to at least 105% of the carrying value of the deposits. Such collateral, as permitted by the Ohio revised Code, is held in single financial institution collateral pools at Federal Reserve Banks, or at member banks of the federal reserve system, in the name of the respective depository bank and pledged as a pool of collateral against all of the public deposits it holds or as specific collateral held at the Federal Reserve Bank in the name of the District.

C. Investments

As of June 30, 2006, the District had the following investments and maturities:

		Investment Maturities
		6 months or
<u>Investment type</u>	Fair Value	less
US Government Money Market STAR Ohio	\$ 301,844 13,249,901	. ,
Total	\$ 13,551,745	\$ 13,551,745

Interest Rate Risk: As a means of limiting its exposure to fair value losses arising from rising interest rates and according to state law, the District's investment policy limits investment portfolio maturities to five years or less.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006

NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - (Continued)

Credit Risk: Standard & Poor's has assigned STAR Ohio an AAAm money market rating.

Concentration of Credit Risk: The District places no limit on the amount that may be invested in any one issuer. The following table includes the percentage of each investment type held by the District at June 30, 2006:

<u>Investment type</u>	Fair Value	% of Total
US Government Money Market STAR Ohio	\$ 301,844 13,249,901	2.23% <u>97.77</u> %
Total	\$ 13,551,745	100.00%

D. Reconciliation of Cash and Investment to the Statement of Net Assets

The following is a reconciliation of cash and investments as reported in the footnote above to cash and investments as reported on the statement of net assets as of June 30, 2006:

\$	131,186
	13,551,745
	2,245
\$	13,685,176
<u>.</u>	
\$	13,580,060
	3,017
	66,393
_	35,706
Φ	13,685,176
	<u>\$</u>

NOTE 5 - INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS

A. Interfund loans receivable/payable consisted of the following at June 30, 2006, as reported on the fund statements:

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	Amount
General	Nonmajor governmental funds	\$ 12,476

The primary purpose of the interfund balances is to cover costs in specific funds where revenues were not received by June 30. These interfund balances will be repaid once the anticipated revenues are received.

Interfund balances between governmental funds are eliminated on the government-wide financial statements; therefore, no internal balances at June 30, 2006 are reported on the Statement of Net Assets.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006

NOTE 5 - INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS - (Continued)

B. Interfund transfers for the year ended June 30, 2006, consisted of the following, as reported on the fund statements:

Transfers from general fund to:
Nonmajor governmental funds

Amount

\$48,522

Transfers are used to move revenues from the fund that statute or budget required to collect them to the fund that statute or budget requires to expend them and to use unrestricted revenues collected in the general fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations.

Interfund transfers between governmental funds are eliminated on the government-wide financial statements.

NOTE 6 - PROPERTY TAXES

Property taxes are levied and assessed on a calendar year basis while the District fiscal year runs from July through June. First half tax collections are received by the District in the second half of the fiscal year. Second half tax distributions occur in the first half of the following fiscal year.

Property taxes include amounts levied against all real, public utility and tangible personal property (used in business) located in the District. Real property tax revenue received in calendar 2006 represents collections of calendar year 2005 taxes. Real property taxes received in calendar year 2006 were levied after April 1, 2005, on the assessed value listed as of January 1, 2005, the lien date. Assessed values for real property taxes are established by state law at thirty-five percent of appraised market value. Real property taxes are payable annually or semi-annually. If paid annually, payment is due December 31; if paid semi-annually, the first payment is due December 31 with the remainder payable by June 20. Under certain circumstances, State statute permits alternate payment dates to be established.

Public utility property tax revenue received in calendar 2006 represents collections of calendar year 2005 taxes. Public utility real and tangible personal property taxes received in calendar year 2006 became a lien December 31, 2004, were levied after April 1, 2005 and are collected in 2006 with real property taxes. Public utility real property is assessed at thirty-five percent of true value; public utility tangible personal property currently is assessed at varying percentages of true value.

Tangible personal property tax revenue received during calendar 2006 (other than public utility property) represents the collection of 2006 taxes. Tangible personal property taxes received in calendar year 2006 were levied after April 1, 2006, on the value as of December 31, 2005. Tangible personal property is currently assessed at twenty-five percent of true value for capital assets and twenty-four percent of true value for inventory. Payments by multi-county taxpayers are due September 20. Single county taxpayers may pay annually or semi-annually. If paid annually, payment is due April 30; if paid semi-annually, the first payment is due April 30, with the remainder payable by September 20. Tangible personal property taxes paid by April 30 are usually received by the District prior to June 30.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006

NOTE 6 - PROPERTY TAXES - (Continued)

House Bill No. 66 was signed into law on June 30, 2005. House Bill No. 66 phases out the tax on tangible personal property of general businesses, telephone and telecommunications companies, and railroads. The tax on general business and railroad property will be eliminated by calendar year 2009, and the tax on telephone and telecommunications property will be eliminated by calendar year 2011. The tax is phased out by reducing the assessment rate on the property each year. The bill replaces the revenue lost by the District due to the phasing out of the tax. In calendar years 2006-2010, the District will be fully reimbursed for the lost revenue. In calendar years 2011-2017, the reimbursements will be phased out.

The District receives property taxes from Union County. The County Auditor periodically advances to the District its portion of the taxes collected. Second-half real property tax payments collected by the County by June 30, 2006, are available to finance fiscal year 2006 operations. The amount available to be advanced can vary based on the date the tax bills are sent.

Accrued property taxes receivable includes real property, public utility property and tangible personal property taxes which are measurable as of June 30, 2006 and for which there is an enforceable legal claim. Although total property tax collections for the next fiscal year are measurable, only the amount of real property taxes available as an advance at June 30 was levied to finance current fiscal year operations and is reported as revenue at fiscal year end. The portion of the receivable not levied to finance current fiscal year operations is offset by a credit to deferred revenue.

The amount available as an advance at June 30, 2006 was \$458,459 in the general fund. This amount has been recorded as revenue. The amount available as an advance at June 30, 2005 was \$373,584 in the general fund.

On a full accrual basis, collectible delinquent property taxes have been recorded as a receivable and revenue, while on a modified accrual basis the revenue has been deferred.

The assessed values upon which the fiscal year 2006 taxes were collected are:

		2005 Second Half Collections			2006 First Half Collections	
	-	Amount	Percent	-	Amount	Percent
Agricultural/Residential						
and Other Real Estate	\$	142,463,740	86.94	\$	148,417,280	90.25
Public Utility Personal		6,420,940	3.92		6,261,920	3.81
Tangible Personal Property		14,979,170	9.14	_	9,770,632	5.94
Total	\$	163,863,850	100.00	\$	164,449,832	100.00
Tax rate per \$1,000 of assessed valuation		\$36.80			\$40.90	

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006

NOTE 7 - RECEIVABLES

Receivables at June 30, 2006 consisted of taxes and intergovernmental grants and entitlements. All receivables are considered collectible in full due to the ability to foreclose for the nonpayment of taxes, the stable condition of state programs and the current year guarantee of federal funds. A summary of the items of receivables reported on the statement of net assets follows:

Governmental Activities

Taxes	\$ 4,704,364
Intergovernmental	 65,848
Total receivables	\$ 4,770,212

Receivables have been disaggregated on the face of the basic financial statements. All receivables are expected to be collected within the subsequent year.

NOTE 8 - CAPITAL ASSETS

A. The capital asset balances of the governmental activities have been restated by \$708,368 due to errors and omissions in the amounts previously reported. The restatement had the following effect on capital asset balances as previously reported:

			Restated	
	Balance	Balance		
	June 30, 2005	Adjustments	June 30, 2005	
Governmental Activities				
Capital assets, not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 892,222	\$ (811,373)	\$ 80,849	
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	892,222	(811,373)	80,849	
Capital assets, being depreciated:				
Land improvements	171,787	836,648	1,008,435	
Buildings/improvements	4,384,924	(25,273)	4,359,651	
Furniture/equipment	2,177,925	(468,237)	1,709,688	
Vehicles	964,366	1	964,367	
Total capital assets, being depreciated	7,699,002	343,139	8,042,141	
Less: accumulated depreciation	(4,559,203)	(240,134)	(4,799,337)	
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 4,032,021	\$ (708,368)	\$ 3,323,653	

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006

NOTE 8 - CAPITAL ASSETS - (Continued)

B. Capital asset activity for the fiscal year-ended June 30, 2006, was as follows:

	Restated			
	Balance			Balance
Governmental Activities	June 30, 2005	Additions	Deductions	June 30, 2006
Capital assets, not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 80,849	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 80,849
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	80,849			80,849
Capital assets, being depreciated:				
Land improvements	1,008,435	8,679	-	1,017,114
Building/improvements	4,359,651	82,125	-	4,441,776
Furniture/equipment	1,709,688	75,098	(2,508)	1,782,278
Vehicles	964,367			964,367
Total capital assets, being depreciated	8,042,141	165,902	(2,508)	8,205,535
Less: accumulated depreciation				
Land improvements	(912,328)	(30,087)	-	(942,415)
Building/improvements	(2,323,991)	(106,477)	-	(2,430,468)
Furniture/equipment	(1,012,350)	(112,760)	910	(1,124,200)
Vehicles	(550,668)	(70,680)		(621,348)
Total accumulated depreciation	(4,799,337)	(320,004)	910	(5,118,431)
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 3,323,653	<u>\$ (154,102)</u>	\$ (1,598)	\$ 3,167,953

Depreciation expense was charged to governmental functions as follows:

Instruction:		
Regular	\$	140,173
Special		784
Vocational		442
Support Services:		
Pupil		500
Instructional staff		10,875
Board of education		1,685
Administration		6,880
Fiscal		2,613
Operations and maintenance		57,284
Pupil transportation		70,426
Food service operations		12,233
Extracurricular	_	16,109
Total depreciation expense	\$	320,004

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006

NOTE 9 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

A. The District has issued energy conservation notes provide for energy improvements to various District buildings. The primary source of repayment of this obligation is through energy savings as a result of the improvements. Payments of principal and interest relating to this liability are recorded as expenditures in the debt service fund.

On June 15, 2006, the District issued \$11,400,000 in bond anticipation notes to begin various District building projects. The notes bore an annual interest rate of 4.50% and mature on November 14, 2006. In accordance with FASB Statement No. 6 "Classification of Short-Term Obligations Expected to Be Refinanced", the bond anticipation notes were classified as long-term obligations because they have been replaced with long-term bonds before the financial statements have been issued (see Note 16).

The following is a description of the District's notes outstanding as of June 30, 2006:

	Interest Rate	Issue Date	Maturity Date	itstanding e 30, 2005	=	Issued in 2006	Retired in 2006		Outstanding une 30, 2006
Bond anticipation note	4.50%	6/15/06	11/14/06	\$ -	\$	11,400,000	\$ -	\$	11,400,000
Energy conservation note	4.80%	6/1/99	12/01/13	 280,000			 (23,000)	_	257,000
Total				\$ 280,000	\$	11,400,000	\$ (23,000)	\$	11,657,000

B. The following is a summary of the District's future annual debt service requirements to maturity for the energy conservation notes:

Fiscal <u>Year Ending</u>	Principal on Notes	Interest on Notes	Total
2007	\$ 26,000	\$ 11,834	\$ 37,834
2008	28,000	10,525	38,525
2009	29,000	9,143	38,143
2010	30,000	7,712	37,712
2011	33,000	6,184	39,184
2012 - 2014	111,000	8,270	119,270
Total	\$ 257,000	\$ 53,668	\$ 310,668

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006

NOTE 9 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS - (Continued)

C. During the fiscal year 2006, the following changes occurred in governmental activities long-term obligations:

	_	Balance e 30, 2005	_	Additions	<u>Re</u>	eductions	Balance June 30, 2006	=	Amount Due in One Year
Governmental Activities:									
Bond anticipation note	\$	-	\$	11,400,000	\$	-	\$ 11,400,000	\$	11,400,000
Compensated absences payable		353,599		40,240		(33,511)	360,328		63,447
General obligation notes payable		280,000				(23,000)	257,000	_	26,000
Total governmental activities long-term liabilities	\$	633,599	\$	11,440,240	\$	(56,511)	\$ 12,017,328	\$	11,489,447

Compensated absences will be paid from the fund from which the employee is paid which, for the District, is primarily the general fund.

D. Legal Debt Margin

The Ohio Revised Code provides that voted net general obligation debt of the District shall never exceed 9% of the total assessed valuation of the District. The code further provides that unvoted indebtness shall not exceed 1/10 of 1% of the property valuation of the District.

The effects of these debt limitations at June 30, 2006 are a voted debt margin of \$14,810,473 an unvoted debt margin of \$164,450.

NOTE 10 - RISK MANAGEMENT

A. Property and Liability

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft or damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The District has addressed these various types of risk by purchasing a comprehensive insurance policy through the Ohio School Plan.

General liability insurance is maintained in the amount of \$1,000,000 for each occurrence and \$3,000,000 in the aggregate. Employee benefits liability is maintained in the amount of \$1,000,000 for each occurrence and \$3,000,000 in the aggregate. In addition, \$2,000,000 in excess coverage to the above amounts is further maintained.

The District maintains fleet insurance in the amount of \$2,000,000 for any one accident or loss.

The District maintains replacement cost insurance on buildings and contents in the amount of \$16,208,215. Property insurance also includes \$300,000 additional expense coverage.

Settled claims have not exceeded commercial coverage in any of the past three years. There has not been a significant reduction in insurance coverage from the prior year.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006

NOTE 10 - RISK MANAGEMENT - (Continued)

B. Worker's Compensation

The District participates in the Ohio Association of School Business Officials Workers' Compensation Group Rating Program (GRP), an insurance purchasing pool. The GRP's business and affairs are conducted by a three member Board of Directors consisting of the President, the President-Elect and the Immediate Past President of the Ohio Association of School Business Officials (OASBO). The Executive Director of the OASBO, or his designee, serves as coordinator of the program. Each year, the participating school districts pay an enrollment fee to the GRP to cover the costs of administering the program.

The intent of the GRP is to achieve the benefit of a reduced premium for the District by virtue of its grouping and representation with other participants in the GRP. The workers' compensation experience of the participating school districts is calculated as one experience and a common premium rate is applied to all school districts in the GRP. Each participant pays its workers' compensation premium to the state based on the rate for its GRP tier rather than its individual rate. Total savings are then calculated and each participant's individual performance is compared to the overall savings of the GRP. A participant will then either receive money from or be required to contribute to the "Equity Pooling Fund". This "equity pooling" arrangement insures that each participant shares equally in the overall performance of the GRP. The District was again placed in the Group II (Penalty Rated) program for 2006. This program does not provide (as stated above) a pooled savings for the district. Participation in the GRP is limited to school districts that can meet the GRP's selection criteria. The firm of Gates McDonald & Co. provides administrative, cost control, and actuarial services to the GRP.

C. Employee Medical Insurance

The District has established limited risk health, dental and life insurance programs for its employees. The District is a member of the Champaign, Delaware, Marion and Union County Insurance Consortium.

CORE Source, a third party administrator, services all claims submitted by employees. An excess coverage insurance policy covers individual claims in excess of \$150,000 and aggregate claims in excess of \$4,292,738.

NOTE 11 - PENSION PLANS

A. School Employees Retirement System

The District contributes to the School Employees Retirement System (SERS), a cost-sharing multiple employer defined benefit pension plan. SERS provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided by Chapter 3309 of the Ohio Revised Code. SERS issues a publicly available, stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained by writing to the School Employees Retirement System, 300 East Broad Street, Suite 100, Columbus, Ohio 43215-3746 or by calling (800) 878-5853. It is also posted on SERS' website, www.ohsers.org, under Forms and Publications.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006

NOTE 11 - PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

Plan members are required to contribute 10 percent of their annual covered salary and the District is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. The current District rate is 14 percent of annual covered payroll. A portion of the District's contribution is used to fund pension obligations with the remainder being used to fund health care benefits; for fiscal year 2006, 10.58 percent of annual covered salary was the portion used to fund pension obligations. For fiscal year 2005, 10.57 percent of annual covered salary was the portion used to fund pension obligations. For fiscal year 2004, 9.09 percent of annual covered salary was the portion used to fund pension obligations. The contribution requirements of plan members and employers are established and may be amended, up to statutory maximum amounts, by the SERS' Retirement Board. The District's required contribution for pension obligations to SERS for fiscal years ended 2006, 2005, and 2004 were \$125,168, \$119,394, and \$95,848; 46.49 percent has been contributed for fiscal year 2006 and 100 percent for fiscal years 2005 and 2004. \$66,980 represents the unpaid contribution for fiscal year 2006.

B. State Teachers Retirement System

The District participates in the State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio (STRS Ohio), a cost-sharing, multiple-employer public employee retirement system. STRS Ohio provides retirement and disability benefits to members and death and survivor benefits to beneficiaries. STRS Ohio issues a stand-alone financial report that may be obtained by writing to STRS Ohio, 275 E. Broad St., Columbus, OH 43215-3371 or by calling (614) 227-4090.

New members have a choice of three retirement plans, a Defined Benefit (DB) Plan, a Defined Contribution (DC) Plan and a Combined Plan. The DB plan offers an annual retirement allowance based on final average salary times a percentage that varies based on years of service, or an allowance based on member contributions and earned interest matched by STRS Ohio funds times an actuarially determined annuity factor. The DC Plan allows members to place all their member contributions and employer contributions equal to 10.5 percent of earned compensation into an investment account. Investment decisions are made by the member. A member is eligible to receive a retirement benefit at age 50 and termination of employment. The Combined Plan offers features of both the DC Plan and the DB Plan. In the Combined Plan, member contributions are invested by the member, and employer contributions are used to fund the defined benefit payment at a reduced level from the regular DB Plan. DC and Combined Plan members will transfer to the Defined Benefit Plan during their fifth year of membership unless they permanently select the DC or Combined Plan. Existing members with less than five years of service credit as of June 30, 2001, were given the option of making a one time irrevocable decision to transfer their account balances from the existing DB Plan into the DC Plan or the Combined Plan. This option expired on December 31, 2001. Benefits are established by Chapter 3307 of the Ohio Revised Code.

A DB or Combined Plan member with five or more years credited service who becomes disabled may qualify for a disability benefit. Eligible spouses and dependents of these active members who die before retirement may qualify for survivor benefits. Members in the DC Plan who become disabled are entitled only to their account balance. If a member dies before retirement benefits begin, the member's designated beneficiary is entitled to receive the member's account balance.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006

NOTE 11 - PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2006, plan members were required to contribute 10 percent of their annual covered salaries. The District was required to contribute 14 percent; 13 percent was the portion used to fund pension obligations. Contribution rates are established by the State Teachers Retirement Board, upon recommendation of its consulting actuary, not to exceed statutory maximum rates of 10 percent for members and 14 percent for employers. Chapter 3307 of the Ohio Revised Code provides statutory authority for member and employer contributions. The District's required contributions for fund pension obligations to STRS Ohio for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2006, 2005, and 2004 were \$503,645, \$461,404 and \$447,785; 82.35 percent has been contributed for fiscal year 2006 and 100 percent for fiscal years 2005 and 2004. \$88,883 represents the unpaid contribution for fiscal year 2006. Contributions to the DC and Combined Plans for fiscal year 2006 were \$19,376 made by the District and \$24,907 made by the plan members.

C. Social Security System

Effective July 1, 1991, all employees not otherwise covered by the SERS or the STRS have an option to choose Social Security or the SERS/ STRS. As of June 30, 2006, certain members of the Board of Education have elected Social Security. The District's liability is 6.2% of wages paid.

NOTE 12 - POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

The District provides comprehensive health care benefits to retired teachers and their dependents through the State Teachers Retirement System (STRS), and to retired non-certified employees and their dependents through the School Employees Retirement System (SERS). Benefits include hospitalization, physicians' fees, prescription drugs and reimbursement of monthly Medicare premiums. Benefit provisions and the obligations to contribute are established by the Systems based on authority granted by State statute. Both systems are funded on a pay-as-you-go basis.

STRS retirees who participated in the DB or combined plans and their dependents are eligible for health care coverage. The STRS Board has statutory authority over how much, if any, of the health care costs will be absorbed by STRS. All benefit recipients pay a portion of health care cost in the form of a monthly premium. By law, the cost of coverage paid from STRS funds is included in the employer contribution rate, currently 14 percent of covered payroll. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2006, the STRS Board allocated employer contributions equal to 1 percent of covered payroll to the Health Care Reserve Fund. For the District, this amount equaled \$38,742 for fiscal year 2006.

STRS pays health care benefits from the Health Care Stabilization Fund. At June 30, 2005 (the latest information available), the balance in the Health Care Stabilization Fund was \$3.3 billion. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2005 (the latest information available), net health care costs paid by STRS were \$254.780 million and STRS had 115,395 eligible benefit recipients.

For SERS, coverage is made available to service retirees with ten or more fiscal years of qualifying service credit, and to disability and survivor benefit recipients. All retirees and beneficiaries are required to pay a portion of their premium for health care. The portion is based on years of service, Medicare eligibility, and retirement status. Premiums may be reduced for retirees whose household income falls below the poverty level.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006

NOTE 12 - POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS - (Continued)

After the allocation for basic benefits, the remainder of the employer's 14 percent contribution is allocated to providing health care benefits. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2006, employer contributions to fund health care benefits were 3.42 percent of covered payroll, a decrease of 0.01 percent from fiscal year 2005. In addition, SERS levies a surcharge to fund health care benefits equal to 14 percent of the difference between a minimum pay and the member's pay, pro-rated for partial service credit. For fiscal year 2006, the minimum pay was established at \$35,800. However, the surcharge is capped at 2 percent of each employer's SERS salaries. For the 2006 fiscal year, the District paid \$58,182 to fund health care benefits, including the surcharge.

The surcharge, added to the unallocated portion of the 14 percent employer contribution rate, provides for maintenance of the asset target level for the health care fund. The target level for the health care reserve is 150 percent of annual health care expenses. Expenses for health care for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2005 (the latest information available) were \$178.221 million. At June 30, 2005 (the latest information available), SERS had net assets available for payment of health care benefits of \$267.5 million, which is about 168 percent of next years projected net health care costs of \$158.776 million. On the basis of actuarial projections, the allocated contributions will be insufficient in the long term, to provide for a health care reserve equal to at least 150 percent of estimated annual net claim costs. SERS has 58,123 participants currently receiving health care benefits.

NOTE 13 - BUDGETARY BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

While reporting financial position, results of operations, and changes in fund balance on the basis of GAAP, the budgetary basis as provided by law is based upon accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts and disbursements.

The Statement of Revenue, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget (Non-GAAP) and Actual presented for the general fund is presented on the budgetary basis to provide a meaningful comparison of actual results with the budget. The major differences between the budget basis and the GAAP basis are that:

- (a) Revenues are recorded when received in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when susceptible to accrual (GAAP basis);
- (b) Expenditures are recorded when paid in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when the liability is incurred (GAAP basis);
- (c) In order to determine compliance with Ohio law, and to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation, total outstanding encumbrances (budget basis) are recorded as the equivalent of an expenditure, as opposed to a reservation of fund balance for that portion of outstanding encumbrances not already recognized as an account payable (GAAP basis).

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006

NOTE 13 - BUDGETARY BASIS OF ACCOUNTING - (Continued)

The adjustments necessary to convert the results of operations for the year on the budget basis to the GAAP basis for the general fund is as follows:

Net Change in Fund Balance

	General Fund
Budget basis	\$ 394,774
Net adjustment for revenue accruals	546,910
Net adjustment for expenditure accruals	(126,612)
Net adjustment for other sources/uses	(18,096)
Adjustment for encumbrances	103,311
GAAP basis	\$ 900,287

NOTE 14 - CONTINGENCIES

A. Grants

The District receives significant financial assistance from numerous federal, state and local agencies in the form of grants. The disbursement of funds received under these programs generally requires compliance with terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements and is subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims resulting from such audits could become a liability of the District. However in the opinion of management, any such disallowed claims will not have a material effect on the financial position of the District.

B. Litigation

The District is involved in no material litigation as either plaintiff or defendant.

NOTE 15 - STATUTORY RESERVES

The District is required by state statute to annually set-aside in the general fund an amount based on a statutory formula for the purchase of textbooks and other instructional materials and an equal amount for the acquisition and construction of capital improvements. Amounts not spent by the end of the fiscal year or offset by similarly restricted resources received during the year must be held in cash at year end and carried forward to be used for the same purposes in future years. In prior years, the District was also required to set aside money for BWC refunds. At June 30, 2006, only the unspent portions of certain workers' compensation refunds continue to be a set-aside for BWC refunds.

The following cash basis information describes the change in the year end set-aside amounts for textbooks and capital acquisition and budget stabilization. Disclosure of this information is required by state statute.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006

NOTE 15 - STATUTORY RESERVES - (Continued)

	Textbooks/ Instructional Materials	Capital <u>Acquisition</u>	BWC Refunds	
Set-aside cash balance as of June 30, 2005 Current year set-aside requirement Qualifying disbursements	\$ (372,737) 135,337 (148,173)	\$ - 135,337 (218,803)	\$ 87,102 - -	
Total	\$ (385,573)	\$ (83,466)	\$ 87,102	
Carry forward balance to 2007	\$ (385,573)	\$ -	\$ 87,102	

The District had qualifying disbursements during the fiscal year that reduced the textbooks set-aside amount below zero. This amount may be used to reduce the set-aside requirement of future years. Although the District had qualifying disbursements during the year that reduced the capital acquisition set-aside amount to below zero, this extra amount may not be carried forward to future years.

A schedule of the governmental fund restricted assets at June 30, 2006 follows:

Amount restricted for BWC refunds	\$ 87,102
Total restricted	\$ 87,102

NOTE 16 – SIGNIFICANT SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

On August 16, 2006, the District issued \$11,460,062 in School Facilities Construction and Improvement Bonds. The issue includes current interest and capital appreciation bonds with an annual interest rate of 4.5% and a final maturity date of December 1, 2036.



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Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance With Government Auditing Standards

Board of Education Fairbanks Local School District 11158 State Route 38 Milford Center, OH 43045-9764

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Fairbanks Local School District, as of and for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2006 which collectively comprise the Fairbanks Local School District's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated November 30, 2006. As disclosed in Note 3 to the financial statements, net assets has been restated at July 1, 2005 due to errors and omissions in the amounts reported as capital assets in the prior year. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered Fairbanks Local School District's internal control over financial reporting in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting. Our consideration of the internal control would not necessarily disclose all matters in the internal control over financial reporting that might be material weaknesses. A material weakness is a reportable condition in which the design or operation of one or more of the internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that misstatements caused by error or fraud in amounts that would be material in relation to the financial statements being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions. We noted no matters involving the internal control over financial reporting and its operation that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, we noted certain matters involving the internal control over financial reporting that we have reported to the management of Fairbanks Local School District in a separate letter dated November 30, 2006.

Board of Education Fairbanks Local School District

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Fairbanks Local School District's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*. However, we noted a certain matter that we reported to the management of the District, in a separate letter dated November 30, 2006.

This report is intended solely for the information of the Board and management of the Fairbanks Local School District, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Julian & Grube, Inc. November 30, 2006

Julian & Lube, Ehre!



Mary Taylor, CPA Auditor of State

FAIRBANKS LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT UNION COUNTY

CLERK'S CERTIFICATION

This is a true and correct copy of the report which is required to be filed in the Office of the Auditor of State pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in Columbus, Ohio.

CLERK OF THE BUREAU

Susan Babbitt

CERTIFIED FEBRUARY 6, 2007